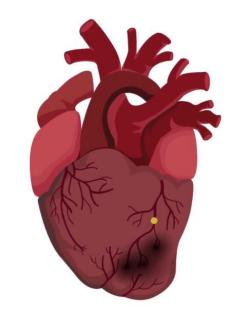


HEART AND PULSE

Parwana Muradi and Joanna Moustafa

CONTENT

- 1. General terms related to heart and pulse
- 2. Terms related to blood pressure
- 3. Terms denoting a normal pulse
- 4. Terms denoting abnormal/pathological pulses



GENERAL TERMS RELATED TO HEART AND PULSE

Pulsus, us, m

Latin, 4th declension, paradigm: ductus English: pulse

Pulsatio, onis, f Latin, 3rd declension, paradigm: dolor English: pulsation

Pulsans, ntis Latin 3rd declension English: pulsating

GENERAL TERMS RELATED TO HEART AND PULSE

Greek roots:

Sphygmo-

Meaning: pulse

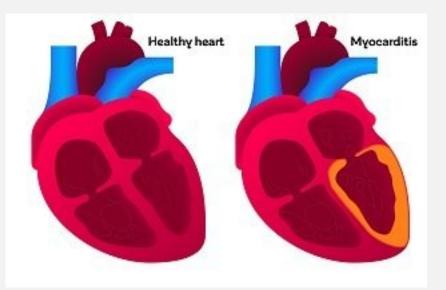
Example: sphygmometria (an instrument for measuring the strength of the pulse beat)

Card-

Meaning: heart

Example: myocarditis (inflammation of heart muscle



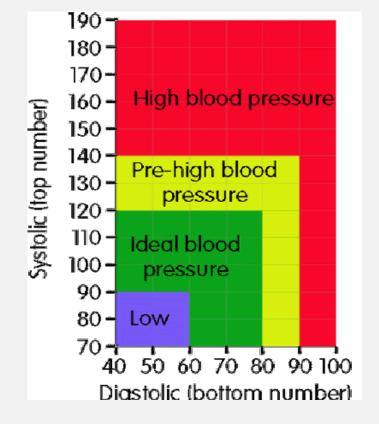


TERMS RELATED TO BLOOD PRESSURE

- normotensio, onis, f. / normotonia, ae, f
- Meaning: blood pressure within normal range

- hypotensio, onis, f. / hypotonia, ae, f.
- Meaning: low blood pressure
- Causes: pregnancy, heart problems, dehydration

- **hypertensio**, onis, f. / hypertonia, ae, f.
- Meaning: High blood pressure
- Causes: smoking, diet, stress



The greek roots used:

- -tensio
- Meaning: blood pressure
- -ton-
- Meaning: tone disorder

TERMS RELATED TO BLOOD PRESSURE

- tachycardia, ae, f.
- Meaning: heart rate faster than normal
- Causes: anemia, diabetes

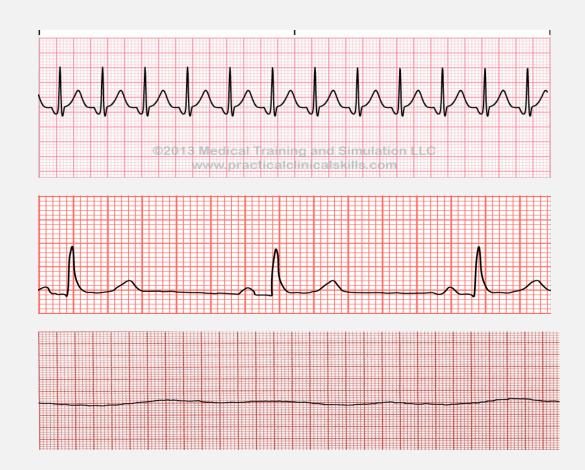
- bradycardia, ae, f.
- Meaning: heart rate slower than normal
- Causes: heart tissue damage, heart defect

- asystolia, ae, f.
- Meaning: absence of contraction of the heart

Greek roots used:

• Tachy- means fast

Brady- means slow



TERMS DENOTING NORMAL PULSES

• p. aequalis

Meaning: even, steady pulse concerning the amplitude

• p. regularis

Meaning: regular pulse concerning frequency

• p. plenus

Meaning: full pulse (occuring when the arteries are filled with blood properly)

• p. inaequalis

Meaning: uneven and usteady pulse (concerning the amplitude)

• p. Irregularis

Meaning: Irregular pulse (concerning frequency)

Associated with: arrhythmia, conductive heart dysfunction

• p. intermittens

Meaning: Discontinuation, long pauses occurring between pulse beats

• p. intercurrens

Meaning: Irregular pulse + heart extrasystole

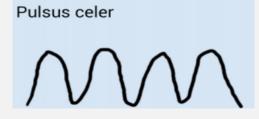
• p. celer or frequens

Meaning: Accelerated pulse, fast pulse Association: Side effect of many medications

• p. tardus or rarus

Meaning: Slow pulse, rare pulse

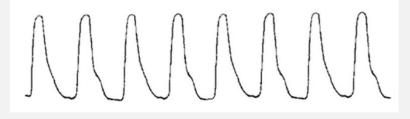
Association: Intoxication, lack of potassium and hypothyroidism





• p. fortis or magnus

Meaning: Abnormally strong pulse Associated with: anemia, hypertonia



• p. mollis or parvus

Meaning: Shallow and weak pulse Associated with: hypovolemic shock, cardiogenic shock

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• p. durus

Meaning: Hard pulse

Associated with: high blood pressure

• p. alternans

Meaning: Alternating, strong pulse and weak pulse

Associated with: Left ventricular dysfunction

• p. insensibilis

Meaning: Non-palpable pulse

Associated with: asystole, ventricular fibrillation

• p. filiformis

Meaning: Thready and wiry pulse

Associated with: circulation centralisation,



• p. vibrans

Meaning: Quavery pulse, difficult to palpate

Associated with: stenosis of vessels, arteriosclerosis

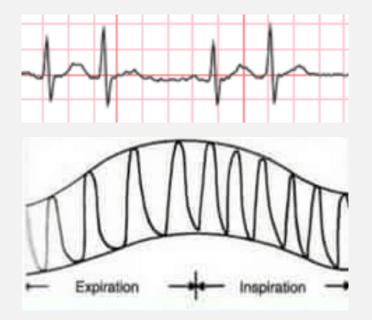
• p. bigeminus

Meaning: Normal pulse which is followed by a abnormal second pulse in short time, long pause

Associated with: electrolyte imbalance, mycardinfarction, cardiac conduction fail

• p. paradoxus

Meaning: A pulse that weakens abnormally during inspiration and is symptomatic of various abnormalities



• p. undosus

Meaning: Wavy pulse, uncertain - hits strong but retreats slowly (gentle)

Associated with: Low blood viscosity, excess of blood



THANK YOU FOR LISTENING