On a New Record of an Intertidal Chiton *Acanthochitona defilippii* (Tapparone-Canefri, 1874) (Mollusca: Polyplacophora) from Taiwan

Teng-Yang Yeh, Yu-Ting Cheng, and Pan-Wen Hsueh*

Department of Life Sciences, National Chung Hsing University, Taichung, Taiwan 402, R.O.C.

(Received November 7, 2005; Accepted December 16, 2005)

Abstract. An intertidal chiton, *Acanthochitona defilippii* (family Acanthochitonidae), is reported for the first time from Taiwanese waters. Morphological and ecological information of this species is also noted.

Key words: Acanthochitona defilippii, new record, Taiwan.

INTRODUCTION

Studies on the Polyplacophora of Taiwan and nearby islands were sporadically conducted in past decades. In total, 18 species were documented by those studies (Taki, 1938, 1962; Kuroda, 1941; Reigle, 1963; Habe, 1965; Wu, 1969, 1975; Lin, 1974; Wang and Tan, 1979; Chang et al., 1983; Lai and Ou-Yang, 1996; Wu et al., 2000; Lee, 2002, 2003; Yeh et al., 2005). Among them, six species were recorded from the Penghu Archipelago, Taiwan, namely Acanthopleura spinosa Bruguiere, 1792, Liolophura japonica (Lischke, 1873), L. loochooana (Broderip and Sowerby, 1873), Onithochiton hirasei Pilsbry, 1901, Chiton (not Rhyssoplax) komaiana Taki, Is & Iw, 1929, and Ischnochiton comptus (Gould, 1859), (Kuroda, 1941; Chang et al., 1992, 1993; Fong et al., 1993; Lai and Ou-Yang, 1996). The present study reports a newly recorded intertidal chiton, Acanthochitona defilippii (Tapparone-Canefri, 1874) from this geographic region. Specimens of the present study are deposited at the National Museum of Natural Science, Taichung, Taiwan. All specimens are described by measurements in millimeters (mm). Abbreviations: BL, body length; BW, body width.

Family Acanthochitonidae

Acanthochitona defilippii (Tapparone-Canefri, 1874) (Fig. 1A-I)

Acanthochitona defilippii (Tapparone-Canefri, 1874) (not seen); Is. & Iw. Taki, 1931: 219 (list); Higo et al., 1999: 29 (list); Saito, 2000: 23, pl. 11; Slieker, 2000: 100, pl. 38.

Materials examined: 4 specimens (BL x BW: 34.8 x 17.7, 30.5 x 21.6, 25.6 x 19.9, 24.8 x 18.3) (NMNS5007-001), south of Whale Cave (23°38.9'N, 119°30.9'E), Penghu County, rocky low intertidal, Coll. T.-Y. Yeh, 3 Apr. 2005.

Description: Animal of medium size, body elongate oval (Fig. 1A, B); valves small, head valve semicircular, posterior margin almost straight, slightly concave in central area, insertion plate with 5 slits (4 clearly and 1 barely visible; Fig. 1C), shape of intermediate valves varying from pentagonal to semicircular, jugal sinus absent, growth lines distinct, surface of jugum smooth, sutual laminae large and wing-like (Fig. 1D, E), tail valve semi-oval, with large wing-like sutual laminae whose lower outer margins reach posterior end of tail valve (Fig. 1F), girdle wide and fleshy, with 9 pairs of sutural tufts and numerous short spicules, colors of spines of sutural tufts varying from dark brown, green, to white (Fig. 1G-I).

Remarks: All 3 members of the genus Acanthochitona, A. defilippii, A. dissimilis, and A. achates, known as the "Japanese species", have also now been collected from Taiwanese waters (Slieker, 2000; Wu et al., 2000; Yeh et al., 2005). Acanthochitona dissimilis is most readily separated from the other 2 species by the presence of a leathery-like girdle and circular sutural tufts

^{*}Corresponding author. E-mail: pwhsueh@dragon.nchu.edu. tw

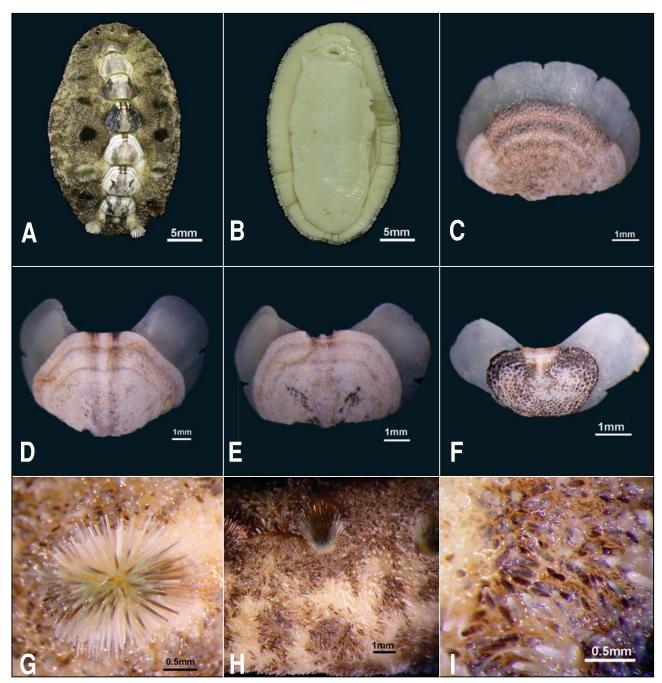


Fig. 1. *Acanthochitona defilippii* (Tapparone-Canefri, 1874). A, B, dorsal and ventral view (34.8 x 17.7 mm; NMNS5007-001); C-I, head, fifth, seventh, and tail valves, sutural tuft, girdle, and spicules on the girdle (24.8 x 18.3 mm; NMNS5007-001).

that are formed by extremely fine spicules with a silky sheen. *Acanthochitona defilippii* and *A. achates* have similar appearances, but the former species has a relatively wider girdle and shorter spicules on the girdle than those of the latter species.

Acanthochitona defilippii is commonly found in the rocky intertidal of central Honshû (Boso Peninsula, about 35 °N) to Kyûshû (about 31 °~34 °N) (Saito, 2000; Slieker, 2000). The finding of this species in the present study extends its southerly distribution to about 23 °N.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This study was supported by a grant (NSC92-2621-B-005-002) to P.-W. Hsueh. We also appreciate the logistic support from the National Museum of Natural Science.

REFERENCES

Chang, K.-M., T.-C. Lan, C.-R. Shih, J.-S. Jiang, and K.-Y. Lai. 1983. Marine shells of Taiwan (II). Pei-Yo 8: 3-25. (in Chinese).

- Chang, K.-H., H.-N. Yang, T.-H. Chen, R.-Q. Jan, C.-F. Dai, and M.-S. Jeng, 1992. Investigations on marine biota resources in waters of northern Penghu islands. Penghu Scenic Area Administration, Bureau of the Ministry of Transportation and Communications, Taipei, Taiwan. (in Chinese).
- Chang, K.-H., H.-N. Yang, T.-H. Chen, R.-Q. Jan, C.-F. Dai and M.-S. Jeng, 1993. Investigations on marine biota resources in the Inner Sea of Penghu islands. Penghu Scenic Area Administration, Bureau of the Ministry of Transportation and Communications, Taipei, Taiwan. (in Chinese).
- Ferreira, A.J. 1986. A revision of the genus *Acanthopleura* Guilding, 1829 (Mollusca: Polyplacophora). Veliger 28: 221-279.
- Fong, S.-C., M. H.-K. Mok, H.-Y. Chen, K. Soong and L.-L. Liu. 1993. Investigations on Marine biota resources in waters of southern Penghu islands. Penghu Scenic Area Administration, Bureau of the Ministry of Transportation and Communications, Taipei, Taiwan. (in Chinese).
- Habe, T. 1965. Shells of the Western Pacific in color. Vol. 2. Hoikusha Publishing Company, Osaka, Japan.
- Higo, S., P. Callomon, and Y. Gotō. 1999. Catalogue and bibliography of the marine shell-bearing Mollusca of Japan. Elle Scientific Publications, Osaka, Japan.
- Kaneko, S. 1948. Molluscan fauna from Lansu (Botel Tobago). Pt. I. Marine Shells. Bull. Oceanogr. Inst. Taiwan 4: 47-63.
- Kuroda, T. 1941. A catalogue of molluscan shells from Taiwan (Formosa), with description of new species. Mem. Faculty Sci. Agric. Taihoku Imp. Univ. 22: 65-216.
- Lai, K.-Y., and S.-C. Ou-Yang. 1996. Molluscan fauna of the Penghu Islands (Pescadores). Annu. Taiwan Mus. 39: 315-385. (in Chinese).

- Lee, Y.-C. 2002. Miscellaneous shells of Taiwan (II). Pei-yo 28: 32-53. (in Chinese).
- Lee, Y.-C. 2003. Miscellaneous shells of Taiwan (III). Pei-yo 29: 42-52. (in Chinese).
- Lin, C.-C. 1974. Mollusks of Lan-Yu (Orchid Island), and their zoogeography. Bull. Malacol. Taiwan, ROC 1: 42-63.
- Reigle, N.J. 1963. Notes on the mollusks of Lan-Yu, Taiwan. Q. J. Taiwan Mus. 16: 81-87.
- Saito, H. 2000. Family Acanthochitonidae. *In* T. Okutani (ed.), Marine mollusks in Japan. Tokai University Press, Tokyo. pp. 22-23.
- Slieker, F.J.A. 2000. Chitons of the world: an illustrated synopsis of recent Polyplacophora. L'Informatore Piceno, Ancona, Italy.
- Taki, Is. 1938. Report of the biological survey of Mutsu Bay (31). Studies on chitons of Mutsu Bay with general discussions on chitons of Japan. Sci. Rep. Tuhoku Imp. Univ. 12: 323-423.
- Taki, Is. 1962. A list of the Polyplacophora from Japanese islands and vicinity. Venus, Jpn. J. Malacol. 22: 29-53.
- Taki, Is., and Iw. Taki. 1931. Studies on Japanese chitons (6). Venus 11: 215-220, pl. VII.
- Wang, C.C., and T.S. Tan. 1979. Numerical analysis on intertidal mollusk fauna on rocky shore at northeastern part of Taiwan. Bull. Malacol. Taiwan, ROC 6: 47-65. (in Chinese).
- Wu, S.-K. 1969. Some chitons from Taiwan (Formosa). Malacol. Rev. 2: 103-111.
- Wu, S.-K. 1975. The chitons of Lanhsu, Taiwan. Bull. China Malacol. Soc. 2: 69-75.
- Wu, W.-L., P.-J. Chang, and Y.-C. Lee. 2000. The Malacofauna of Kinmem. Bull. Malacol. Taiwan, ROC 24: 47-52. (in Chinese).
- Yeh, T.-Y., Y.-T. Cheng, and P.-W. Hsueh. 2005. New records of intertidal chitons (Mollusca: Polyplacophora) from Taiwan. J. Nat'l Taiwan Mus. 58: 1-7.

臺灣產潮間帶石鼈之新記錄

葉騰陽 鄭羽廷 薛攀文

國立中興大學生命科學系

本文報導一種臺灣產潮間帶石鼈之新記錄, $Acanthochitona\ defilippii\ (family Acanthochitonidae)$ 。這種石鼈之外部型態與生態資訊亦一併於文中述及。

關鍵詞:Acanthochitona defilippii,新記錄種,臺灣。