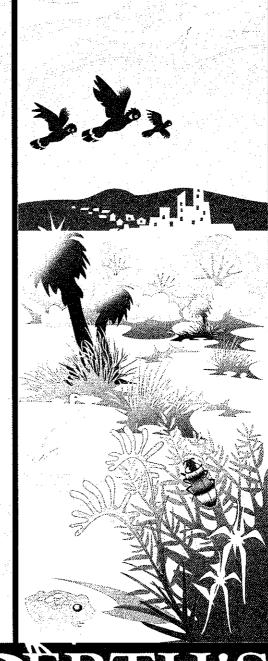
For Public Comment VOLUME 2 PART B

DEGEMBER 1998

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PERTH'S BUSHIPLAN

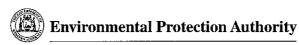




## PERTH'S BUSHPLAN

# VOLUME TWO PART B

PREPARED BY









DECEMBER 1998



### Perth's Bushplan is jointly prepared by the

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National Parks and Nature Conservation Authority – Department of Conservation and Land Management
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### 1. Introduction

The descriptions of the Bushplan Sites are grouped according to the major landform elements on which they are located (see Part A, section 4.3.1, Landform and Soils) and their location along estuaries, rivers and creeks, namely:

- 2.1 DANDARAGAN PLATEAU
- 2.2 FOOTHILLS AND PINJARRA PLAIN
- 2.3 BASSENDEAN DUNES
- 2.4 SPEARWOOD DUNES
- 2.5 QUINDALUP DUNES
- 2.6 ESTUARIES, RIVERS AND CREEKS

Within each group the Bushplan Sites are ordered from the north to the south of the Perth Metropolitan Region. When a Site contains a series

of major landform elements the Site is grouped with the predominant major landform element found in the Site.

Each group includes a series of tables outlining the regional information categories broadly associated with the major landform element. These tables include extractions from general tables in Part A, section 4.3. The general tables in Part A from which these extractions are made are listed below alongside the tables in Part B.

Section 2.6 — Estuaries, Rivers and Creeks — only contains Tables 2 and 3 as this group traverses all the major landform elements and the general tables from Volume 2, Part A are applicable.

Specific values associated with a particular major landform element are also discussed in these introductory sections. Information on these specific values related to individual Bushplan Sites is contained in each Site description.

Peri A = General Biblios	Part B - Extracted Tables
Table/I Geological-and Geomorphological systems	Table Ia: Geological and Geomorphological systems
Jable 2: Landform and Soils	Table 1 b: Landform and Soils (modified)
Table 8: Natural Wetland Groups	Table 2: Natural Wetland Groups
Table 5: Vegetation Complexes	Table 3: Vegetation Complexes
Table: 6, Floristic Community Types	Table 4: Floristic Community Types
Table (10) Threatened Ecological Communities	Table 5: Threatened Ecological Communities
Table 13: Significant Flora	Table 6: Significant Flora



### 2.1 DANDARAGAN PLATEAU



# 2.1 DANDARAGAN PLATEAU 2.1.1 INTRODUCTION

### Location, Landscape and Soils

The Dandaragan Plateau lies in the north-east corner but extends well beyond the Perth Metropolitan Region. Lying to the west of the Darling Scarp, the Dandaragan Plateau is geologically part of the Swan Coastal Plain and is separated from the other major landform elements identified on the Plain by the Gingin Scarp. The Dandaragan Plateau has lower relief than the Darling Plateau and is a wedge-shaped landform of about 200 metres in elevation.

Soils are predominantly deep grey or pale brown sands with outcropping laterite areas. At times the laterites are overlaid with sand (Tables 1.1a&b). Brown or red earthy sands are found along the valleys.

While a number of different wetlands are found on the Dandaragan Plateau outside the Perth Metropolitan Region, within the Region, the wetlands are predominantly creeks (Table 2.1).

### Remnant Bushland on the Dandaragan Plateau

Mapping of bushland in the Perth Metropolitan Region indicates that between 24 per cent and 40 per cent of the vegetation complexes associated with the Dandaragan Plateau (Table 3.1) remain as native vegetation. Past clearing on the Plateau has focused on the valleys where soils are most suitable for agriculture, the sandy slopes and lateritic ridges being least cleared. Recent clearing has been associated with smaller landholdings as a result of special rural subdivisions.

### Plant Communities and their Conservation on the Dandaragan Plateau

At the regional level two vegetation complexes (Table 3.1) have been identified on the Dandaragan Plateau and associated Gingin Scarp in the Perth Metropolitan Region. Four floristic community types (Table 4.1, one wetland type and three upland types) are the principal regional floristic groups expected to be found on the Dandaragan Plateau in the Perth Metropolitan Region.

The main vegetation associations are Woodlands to Open Forests dominated by Eucalyptus marginata, E. calophylla, E. wandoo and combinations of these; E. calophylla Woodland to Open Forest and Low Woodlands dominated by E. marginata, E. todtiana, Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii. Eucalyptus wandoo is associated with the lateritic soils. These Woodlands to Open Forests are characteristically associated with a species-rich understorey (Table 4.1). There are significant differences between the species on laterites and sands (Table 4.1). The bed and banks of the watercourses support a band of wetland vegetation dominated by Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla.

Several significant taxa are known from the Dandaragan Plateau in the Perth Metropolitan Region (Table 6.1). In addition the most southern population of *Macropidia fuliginosa* is found in the region. Other taxa associated with the Plateau are also expected to be at the southern extent of their range because the most southern extent of the Dandaragan Plateau is in the Perth Metropolitan Region. Further survey work would be expected to identify such taxa.

One of the Bushplan Sites on the Dandaragan Plateau was recognised by the EPA as containing 'Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Communities'in need of interim protection under the System 6 part System I Update (EPA 1994 GIS). This site (Bushplan Site 86) was identified by Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen (1992) and occurs at the junction of the Dandaragan Plateau, Pinjarra Plain and Darling Plateau.



## **Table 1.1a:** Geological and geomorphological systems of the Dandaragan Plateau. The general terms used in Perth's Bushplan for describing the major landform elements are in **bold italics**.

Major Geological Systems	Major Geomorphological	Detailed Geomorphological
(after Playford et al., 1976)	Systems (after: McArthur and	Units (after Churchward and
	Bettenay, 1960)	McArthur, 1980)
Dandaragan Plateau	Dandaragan Plateau	Mogumber
Gingin Scarp	Gingin Scarp	Reagan

**Table 1.1b:** Landform and soils on the Dandaragan Plateau showing the relationship between geomorphological systems, units identified in the Environmental Geology Maps and soils described on these maps on the Swan Coastal Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region. Column One can be used to cross-reference to groups shown in Table 1a.

Major Geomorphological Systems (after McArthur and Bettenay, 1960); * Detailed Geomorphological Units (after Churchward and McArthur, 1980)	Major Units in the Environmental Geology Maps (after various authors)	Soils associated with each unit	
Dandaragan Plateau *Mogumber	Colluvial sand Laterites Leederville Formation Osborne Formation	light grey or pale brown quartz sands, gravel or laterised granite pebbles associated with clayey sand, cemented laterite, pale brown quartz and felspar sands associated with siltstone	
Gingin Scarp *Reagan	Gingin Scarp	not distinguished, as above	

## Table 2.1: Natural Wetland Groups (Consanguineous Suites) on the Dandaragan Plateau (after Semeniuk, 1996)

Geomorphic setting	Primary wetlands	Stratigraphy	Origin of wetlands
Dandaragan Plateau of	Creeks & floodplains	Quartz sand	Fluvial incisión; surface
gently undulating to flat	grading into		runoff & depressions
surface with occasional	sumplands		receiving groundwater
broad gently sloping			discharge from slopes
valleys alternating with			
incised creeks			
	Dandaragan Plateau of gently undulating to flat surface with occasional broad gently sloping valleys alternating with	Dandaragan Plateau of Creeks & floodplains gently undulating to flat grading into surface with occasional broad gently sloping valleys alternating with	Dandaragan Plateau of Creeks & floodplains Quartz sand gently undulating to flat grading into surface with occasional sumplands broad gently sloping valleys alternating with



**Table 3.1:** Vegetation complexes (Heddle *et al.*, 1980) and percentage remaining as native vegetation (AgWA, 1998 GIS) on the Dandaragan Plateau in the Perth Metropolitan Region

Vegetation Complex	Native Vegetation (%)
Dandaragan Plateau	
MOGUMBER COMPLEX – SOUTH: Open woodland of Eucalyptus calophylla, with some admixture of E. marginata and a second storey of E. todtiana – Banksia attenuata – B. menziesii – B. Illicifolia.	40
Gingin Scarp	
REAGAN COMPLEX: Vegetation ranges from low open woodland of Banksia species – Eucalyptus todiana to closed heath depending on the depth of soil	24

## **Table 4.1:** Floristic community types identified on the Dandaragan Plateau (after Gibson et al., 1994, and DEP, 1996)

### Key

### Column 1: Floristic Community Type Codes

The numbers of the types additional to Gibson et al. (1994) are italicised if they are subsets of an existing group (in types 19, 20, 23 and 30) and italicised and preceded by 'S' if they are supplementary groups.

### Column 2: General Description of Floristic Community Types

Descriptions are based on generalised information from all plots in the group. Structural units are categorised into forest, woodlands, shrublands, sedgelands and herblands after Gibson et al. (1994).

### Column 3: Average Species Richness per Floristic Community Type

Average species richness per 10x10m plot less those species only occurring in a single plot. Some community types can have a high proportion of single records. Thus these estimates of average species richness are underestimates in some cases.

Supergroup 1 – Foothills/Pinjarra Plain	
\$8 Eucalyptus wandoo Woodlands (Scarp)	44.0
Supergroup 3 - Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes a	nd Dandaragan Plateau
S9 Banksia attenuata woodlands over dense low shrublands	38.9
\$10 Calothamnus sanguineus dense low shrublands on sandy laterit	tes 44.2
\$18 Eucalyptus marginata/E. calophylla woodlands on laterites	35.7





### Table 6.1: Significant flora of the Dandaragan Plateau in the Perth Metropolitan Region

### Key

(TL)

#### Column 1 Taxon

Names follow Gibson et al. (1994) and Atkins (1998) unless indicated otherwise: Taxa yet to be named have an attached reference collection number from the relevant collector. An 'ms' after the name indicates that this is a manuscript name which is yet to be published.

### Column 2 Major landform elements

= Darling Scarp Dandaragan Plateau D F = Foothills Pinjarra Plain Р Bassendean Dunes Spearwood Dunes Quindalup Dunes O. = Estuaries, Rivers and Creeks R interface of two units int (ML) Muchea Limestones = Tamala Limestones

### Column 3 Taxa dependent on seasonal waterlogging or inundation

= depends on waterlogging or W inundation of area W (aquatic) = depends on standing water

### Column 4 Conservation status (Atkins 1998)

R = Declared Rare Flora I =: Priority I: Poorly Known Taxa 2 = Priority 2 Poorly Known Taxa 3 = Priority 3: Poorly Known Taxa Priority 3: Poorly Known Taxa 4 = Priority 4: Rare Taxa

#### Column 5 Regional ecological preferences

e = taxa endemic to the Swan Coastal Plain taxa endemic to the Swan Coastal Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region

### Geographical Variation

- = populations at the northern or southern limit of their known geographic range
- d = populations disjunct from their known geographic range
- p = considered to be poorly reserved (applies to all Declared Rare Flora and Priority taxa)
- s = significant populations (applies to all Declared Rare Flora and Priority taxa)
- X = considered lost in the Perth Metropolitan Region.

Taxon		etland DRF/ axa Priority code	Significance code
Acacia: anomala	DS/D	R	p, s
Adenanthos cygnorum subsp. chamaephyton	D	3	p; s
Astroloma macrocaliyx	S/F/D		s, p
Astroloma microcalyx	S/Q		S
Banksia: micrantha	D	3	p, s, d
Baeckea sp. Chittering (R. Cranfield 1983)	D	1	p <sub>i</sub> s
Verticordia serrata subsp. lineáris	D	3	p, s

## DESCRIPTIONS: VALUE Y

### DANDARAGAN PLATEAU

### 2.1.2 DESCRIPTIONS

Bushplan Site No.		Bushplan Site Name	Page No.
79	22	Polinelli Road Bushland, Bullsbrook	11
80 82 87S	22, 23	 Jenkins Road North Bushland, Bullsbrook	12
87N	23	Morley Road Bushland, Bullsbrook	13
291	22, 30	Jenkins Road South Bushland, Bullsbrook	14
86	30	Burley Park and Adjacent Bushland, Bullsbrook	15

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### POLINELLI ROAD BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (PMR boundary to north)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 79

Map no. 22

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-IV NW

Area (ha): total 45.5; bushland 45.5

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

Zoning

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

MRS: Rural

Ownership Categories

TPS: General Rural, Landscape

Private (commercial organisation)

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose).

Street name

22, 23 Jenkins Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Dandaragan Plateau/Gingin Scarp

Laterite (Ql: G2, LA1)

Foothills

Colluvial Sand (Qs: S6)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Plateaus

Mogumber Complex — South (Dandaragan Plateau)

Scarps

Reagan Complex (Dandaragan Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek

Natural Wetland Groups (undefined areas included in boundary)

Dandaragan Plateau

Red Gully (Dp.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: not field-surveyed (aerial photography interpretation only)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus accedens or E. wandoo Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata Woodland to Open Forest

Wetlands: no known information

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Very Good, <10% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to north outside PMR; part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland

linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

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## DESCRIPTIONS ( SECOND

### JENKINS ROAD NORTH BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

**Boundary Definition:** bushland (part taken to cadastre)/vegetation complex (east BS87 southern portion) boundary (PMR boundary to north BS80) with unmapped bushland connection between BS80/BS82/BS87 southern portion

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 80, 82, 87 southern portion

Map no. 22, 23 Map sheet series ref. no. 2134–IV NW

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb) Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook) Area (ha): total 92.9; bushland 92.5 Zoning

MRS: Rural

TPS: Resource, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1 Chittering Rd; 9 Jenkins Rd

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial

organisation)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Dandaragan Plateau/Gingin Scarp

Colluvial Sand (Qs: S6) Laterite (Ql: G2, LA1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Plateaus

Mogumber Complex - South (Dandaragan Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*S9 Banksia attenuata woodlands over dense low shrublands

\*\$10 Calothamnus sanguineus dense low shrublands on sandy laterites

\*S18 Eucalyptus marginata/E. calophylla woodlands on laterites

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: north-south ridge with view west to Swan Coastal Plain, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, surveyed from roadside)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata subsp. thalassica Woodland to Open Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla and E. marginata subsp. thalassica over Banksia menziesii and B. attenuata Low Woodland; Dryandra sessilis var. sessilis Closed Scrub; Open Low Heath (sometimes with overstorey) dominated by Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis, Xanthorrhoea preissii, Allocasuarina humilis, Scholtzia involucrata

Vegetation Condition: >90% Pristine to Excellent, <10% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance associated with tracks

Total Flora: not known but variety of communities associated with species-rich shrublands

Significant Flora: Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3), Adenanthos cygnorum subsp. chamaephyton (3), Banksia micrantha (3), Verticordia serrata subsp. linearis (3); adjacent populations of Adenanthos cygnorum subsp. chamaephyton and Adenanthos cygnorum subsp. cygnorum

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east and then north outside the PMR (to BS87 northern portion) and south (BS291); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (clay), mining tenement (Midland Brick Pty Ltd) for clay

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Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

### MORLEY ROAD BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland/vegetation complex boundary (PMR boundary to north)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 87 northern portion

Map no. 22, 23

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-IV NW

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

Zoning MRS: Rural

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

TPS: Resource

Ownership Categories

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Area (ha): total 22.9; bushland 22.9

Street name 1 Chittering Rd

Private (commercial organisation)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Dandaragan Plateau/Gingin Scarp

Colluvial Sand (Qs: S6) Laterite (Ol: G2, LA1)

Quartz Mica-schist (Alb: Cm1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Plateaus

Mogumber Complex — South (Dandaragan Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*S8 Eucalyptus wandoo woodlands (Scarp)

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*S9 Banksia attenuata woodlands over dense low shrublands

\*S10 Calothamnus sanguineus dense low shrublands on sandy laterites

\*S18 Eucalyptus marginata/E. calophylla woodlands on laterites

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, surveyed from roadside)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus accedens Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata subsp. thalassica Woodland to Open Forest over Open Low Heath (sometimes with overstorey) dominated by Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis, Xanthorrhoea acanthostachya, Kingia australis

Vegetation Condition: >90% Pristing to Excellent, <10% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance associated with tracks

Total Flora: not known but variety of communities associated with species-rich shrublands

Significant Flora: Stylidium carlquistii (1), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3), Banksia micrantha (3); Macropidia fuliginosa (most southern population), Xanthorrhoea acanthostachya

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east and then south outside the PMR (to BS87 southern portion); part of fragmented and contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP

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Constraints: private land; under Priority Mineral Resource Area (clay), mining tenement (Midland Brick Pty Ltd) for clay

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

### JENKINS ROAD SOUTH BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: management/bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland group boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 291

Map no. 22, 30

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-IV NW,

2134-IV SW

Area (ha): total 325.4; bushland 320.6

Zoning MRS: Rural

TPS: General Rural, Landscape, Rural Residential Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

21, 22, 23, 40, 111 Morrissey Rd; 10, 11, 24, 80, 81 Jenkins Rd; 241 Friars Knoll Ct; 8 Wandena Rd; 57 Hornet Cove; M1154 Ashmere Dr; 7, 40, 41, 7440 street

not identified Crown Reserve

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb) Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), Not identified

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Dandaragan Plateau/Gingin Scarp

Laterite (Ql: G2, LA1)

Foothills

Colluvial Sand (Qs: S6)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Plateaus

Mogumber Complex — South (Dandaragan Plateau)

Scarps

Reagan Complex (Gingin Scarp, Dandaragan Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*S8 Eucalyntus wandoo woodlands (Scarp)

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*S9 Banksia attenuata woodlands over dense low shrublands

\*S10 Calothamnus sanguineus dense low shrublands on sandy laterites

\*S18 Eucalyptus marginata/E. calophylla woodlands on laterites

#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, surveyed from roadside)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus accedens Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata subsp. thalassica Woodland to Open Forest over Open Low Heath dominated by Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis, Xanthorrhoea acanthostachya, Kingia australia, patches of these heaths without overstorey; Banksia menziesii and B. attenuata Low Woodland with scattered Eucalyptus calophylla and/or E. marginata subsp. thalassica; E. wandoo and/or E. accedens Woodland over mixed Closed Low Heath

**Vegetation Condition:** >80% Pristine to Excellent, <20% Very Good to Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance associated with tracks and cleared patches

Total Flora: not known but variety of communities associated with species-rich shrublands

Significant Flora: Acacia anomala (R); Baeckea sp. Chittering (RJ Cranfield 1983) (1), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3); Xanthorrhoea acanthostachya

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Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation (condition does not warrant inclusion in the Bushplan Site) to the north (BS87 southern portion); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared

Rare Flora; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

### BURLEY PARK AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/vegetation complex boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 86

Map no. 30

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-IV SW

Other Names Area (ha): total 65.6; bushland: 65.2

Pearce 6; Submission Area 314; Location 105 (Keighery,

BK, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), Local

Government, State Government

Zoning

MRS: Rural TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

M857 Burley Rd; 2, 3 Smith Rd; 108 Dirk Rd; 0, 2,

3291 Chittering Rd

Crown Reserve

### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Dandaragan Plateau/Gingin Scarp

Laterite (Ql: G2)

Foothills

Colluvial Sand (Qs: S6)

Leederville Formation (Klb: ST1)

#### **VEGETATION AND FLORA**

Vegetation Complexes

Plateaus

Mogumber Complex — South (Dandaragan Plateau, most southern occurrence)

Scarps

Reagan Complex (Dandaragan Plateau, one of two most southern occurrences)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*S8 Eucalyptus wandoo woodlands (Scarp)

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*\$9 Banksia attenuata woodlands over dense low shrublands

\*S18 Eucalyptus marginata/E. calophylla woodlands on laterites

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands (eastern representation of this community type)

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek

Natural Wetland Groups (undefined areas included in boundary)

Darling Plateau

Walyunga (D.1)

December 1998

1998

Perth's Bushplan 15



Wetland Management Objectives: not assessed Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: very steep quartzite bluff and sand patches adjacent to a creek (small area within boundary) Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus accedens, E. calophylla and E. marginata Open Forest to Woodland; Allocasuarina humilis and Calytrix angulata Open Heath; Eucalyptus calophylla and E. marginata Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Eucalyptus marginata and E. accedens Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis and E. calophylla Woodland to Open Forest

Scattered Native Plants: adjacent canopy connection to Ki-it Monger Brook outside Bushplan Site

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Very Good, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Acacia anomala (R); Hakea sp. Walyunga (L. Pen s.n.)[aff. lasiantha] (2), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3); Brachysema praemorsa (disjunct, unusual form), Astroloma macrocalyx

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of fragmented and contiguous bushland/wetland linkages (Volume 2A, Map 8) Other Special Attributes: part of the Bullsbrook Bushland area recommended for inclusion in a regional park (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).



### 2.2 FOOTHILLS AND PINJARRA PLAIN



### 2.2 FOOTHILLS AND PINJARRA PLAIN (Eastern Side of the Swan Coastal Plain)

#### 2.2.1 INTRODUCTION

### Location, Landscape and Soils

The Foothills and the Pinjarra Plain lie on the east of the Swan Coastal Plain and are often collectively referred to as the 'eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain', sharing similar soils and plant communities. The Dandaragan Plateau is also included in the eastern side of the Plain by some studies (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992) but for the purposes of Perth's Bushplan it is grouped separately.

The gentle slopes of the foothills are predominantly light grey colluvial quartz sands, clays and silts with intrusions of gravel which may be at the surface or at depth (Table 1.2a&b). Creeklines are characterised by clays and sandy clays.

The Pinjarra Plain is a flat plain that rises gently to the east to meet the Foothills. The alluvial soils of the Pinjarra Plain are predominantly clays and silts (Table 1.2a&b). In places, low dunes of aeolian sands from the west or colluvial sands from the east may overlay the alluvial soils. In areas of the Pinjarra Plain deposits of ironstones (bog iron ore) and limestones (Muchea Limestones) have formed. At times the different soils and the ironstones and limestones interleave. The interleaving of layers, of very different permeability, contributes to complex drainage patterns that are often not apparent at the surface (Table 2.2). The other major factor contributing to the complexity of the patterns of seasonal inundation and waterlogging is extensive surface water run-off from the Darling Plateau as most of the creeks entering the flat Pinjarra Plain form ill-defined channels on the Plain. Before the extensive drainage system was instigated early this century most of the Pinjarra Plain would have been a vast seasonal wetland extending between the Foothills and the Bassendean Dunes.

### Remnant Bushland on the Eastern Side of the Plain

The eastern side of the Plain is characterised by high levels of clearing as the relatively fertile soils of the area have been selectively cleared for agriculture. In 1990 the Department of Conservation and Land Management estimated that the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain was 97 per cent cleared of vegetation. In the same year, J.S. Beard estimated that there was 'no virgin vegetation left' on the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain. The level of clearing on the eastern side of the Plain was greater than that on the Wheatbelt which was considered to be 93 per cent cleared (Beard 1990).

More mapping for the Perth Metropolitan Region indicates that between one per cent and 18 per cent of the vegetation complexes associated with the eastern side of the Plain remain as native vegetation (Table 3.2).

### Plant Communities and their Conservation on the Eastern Side of the Plain

At the regional level ten vegetation complexes (Table 3.2) are associated with the eastern side of the Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region. Two of these complexes are associated with the Foothills and the other six with the Pinjarra Plain.

The boundaries of the vegetation complexes associated with the Foothills and the Pinjarra Plain can be used to delineate the majority of the area of the eastern side of the Plain (Table 3.2 and Volume 1, Map 2). While the Southern River contains pockets of alluvial and colluvial soils which support plant communities characteristic of the eastern side of the Plain, the majority of the area of this complex supports communities associated with the Bassendean Dunes. This is to be expected as the Southern River Complex is characterised by being in the transition between the Pinjarra Plain and the Bassendean Dunes, Bushplan Sites in the Southern River Complex are described under section 3 — Bassendean Dunes. The Cannington Complex is also assocaited with the transition between the Pinjarra Plain and other major landform units but is grouped here as the vegetion remaining on the Cannington Complex is more closely allied with the communities of the Pinjarra Plain.

Twenty-two floristic community types (Table 4.2, 13 wetland types and nine upland types) are the principal regional floristic groups identified on the eastern side of the Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region.





Thirteen of the floristic community types associated with the eastern side of the Plain (Table 4.2) are considered to be threatened ecological communities (Table 5.2). Two other communities are also identified as threatened ecological communities, namely plant communities associated with Muchea Limestones and a faunal wetland ecological community. The wetland community is associated with tumulus springs.

A complex suite of vegetation associations has been identified on the eastern side of the Plain in response to changes in topography and soils, both surface and subsurface (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1991, 1993a, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Gibson et al. 1994, Trudgen and Keighery 1995, Keighery, BJ, 1996c, Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997a). The main associations are listed below.

### **Uplands**

The uplands are associated with woodlands to open forests over a very diverse understorey, some communities having the highest species diversity on the Plain (Table 4.2). The broad units and associated dominant species are:

### Open Forests and Woodlands

Eucalypts — Eucalyptus calophylla, E. wandoo, E. marginata, E. lanepoolei, E. haematoxylon
Sheoaks — Allocasuarina fraseriana
Banksias — Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. prionotes, B. ilicifolia, B. grandis
Others — Acacia saligna

### Shrublands

Jacksonia densiflora, Bossiaea eriocarpa, Daviesia triflora, D. nudiflora, D. physodes, Dryandra lindleyana subsp. lindleyana, Scaevola repens, Conostephium pendulum, Eriostemon spicatus, Gompholobium tomentosum, Hibbertia hypericoides, H. huegelii, Xanthorrhoea preissii, X. acanthostachya, Kingia australis, Acacia willdenowiana, A. sessilis, A. pulchella

### Herblands

Lomandra species, Conostylis aurea, C. setigera, Patersonia occidentalis, Dampiera linearis, Burchardia congesta, Haemodorum laxum, Drosera species, Stylidium piliferum

### Sedgelands

Mesomelaena tetragona, M. pseudostygia, Tetraria octandra, Alexgeorgea nitens, Cyathochaeta clandestina, C. avenacea, Loxocarya flexuosa

#### Grasslands

Austrodanthonia occidentalis, Neurachne alopecuroidea, Amphipogon turbinatus

#### Wetlands

The wetlands are associated with a variety of shrublands, herblands and sedgelands and, less commonly, forests. Some of the wetland communities have the highest wetland species diversity on the Plain (Table 4.2). These broad units and associated dominant species are:

#### Forests and Woodlands

Eucalypts — Eucalyptus calophylla, E. rudis Sheoaks — Casuarina obesa Melaleucas — Melaleuca preissiana, M. rhaphiophylla

#### Shrublands

Actinostrobus pyramidalis, Viminaria juncea, Melaleuca rhaphiophylla (shrub form), M. uncinata, M. teretifolia, M. viminea, M. lateritia (and M. huegelii on Muchea Limestones) Astartea aff. fascicularis, Hypocalymma angustifolium, Dryandra lindleyana subsp. lindleyana, Grevillea thelemanniana, Hakea varia, H. sulcata, Calytrix aurea, Verticordia densiflora, Pericalymma ellipticum, Halosarcia indica, Sarcocornia quinqueflora, Xanthorrhoea preissii, Kingia australis, Acacia lasiocarpa var. bracteolata

#### Herblands

Borya species, Burchardia multiflora, Lomandra species, Patersonia occidentalis, Drosera species, Stylidium utricularioides, S. longitubum, S. calcaratum, Polypompholyx multifida

### Sedgelands

Schoenus rigens, Mesomelaena tetragona, Cyathochaeta avenacea, Leptocarpus canus, L. aristatus, L. coangustatus, a variety of annual sedges including Centrolepis aristatus

### Grasslands

Neurachne alopecuroidea



Perth's Bushplan



These woodland and wetland communities are typified by large numbers of significant taxa (119 in Table 6.2). In the Perth Metropolitan Region these include six endemic taxa, 15 Declared Rare Flora and 52 Priority Flora. The communities of the eastern side of the Plain have the highest levels of species endemism on the Plain (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1991, 1993a, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Gibson et al. 1994, Keighery, BJ, 1996c, Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997) and some of the highest levels of species diversity. Many of the significant taxa (53 of the 119) and most of the endemic taxa (four of the six) are associated with species-rich wetland communities.

Communities of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain are also typified by the presence of many taxa also associated with the Darling Scarp and Plateau such as Hakea trifurcata, Grevillea bipinnatifida, G. wilsonii, Trymalium ledifolium, Diplopeltis huegelii, Eucalyptus lanepoolei and E. wandoo. Some of these taxa, or closely related taxa, are also found on the shallow sands over outcropping Tamala Limestone. These include Hakea trifurcata, Trymalium ledifolium and Diplopeltis huegelii. Other taxa characteristic of the plant communities of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain Pain are also found associated with the Spearwood Dunes. The communities associated with Muchea Limestones are typified by taxa normally found in the Spearwood Dunes such as Melaleuca huegelii, Eucalyptus decipiens, Austrostipa flavescens and Thysanotus arenarius (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1995). At times these are represented by closely related species rather than the same taxon such as Grevillea thelemanniana from wetlands on the Pinjarra Plain and Grevillea preissii from the Tamala Limestones.

In consideration of the diversity and complexity of the plant communities of the eastern side of the Plain, and the high levels of clearing, the two most recent regional studies of the Plain (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992 and Gibson et al. 1994) both made direct recommendations concerning the high conservation value of all remnants on the eastern side of the Plain, regardless of the size of the remnant. Following these two studies and further

evidence supporting the significance of remaining areas of bushland on the eastern side of the Plain, the Environmental Protection Authority recognised a number of bushland areas on the Swan Coastal Plain as being 'Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Communities' in need of interim protection, under the System 6 part System 1 Update (EPA 1994 GIS). While several of these areas were on geomorphic elements on the west of the Plain (see section 2.4) the majority were from the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain.

As a consequence of the increasing evidence for the conservation significance of the plant communities of the eastern side of the Plain and the high level of clearing, Perth's Bushplan has determined that remnant bushland on the eastern side of the Plain is in need of urgent recognition and protection. This need for recognition is encompassed in Recommendation 5.10 (Volume 1, Part 3).



**Table 1.2a:** Geological and geomorphological systems of the Foothills and Pinjarra Plain. The general terms used in Perth's Bushplan for describing the major landform elements are in **bold italics**.

Major Geological Systems (after Playford et al., 1976)	Major. Geomorphological Systems (after McArthur and Bettenay, 1960)	Detailed Geomorphological Units (after: Churchward and McArthur, 1980)	
Foothills	Ridge Hill Shelf, the <b>Foothills</b> of the Danling and Dandaragan plateaus	Forrestfield (on foothills of the Darling Plateau) Coonambidgee (on foothills of the Dandaragan Plateau)	
Guildford Formation	Pinjarra Plain	Guildford Beermuliah Yanga Cannington Serpentine Swan Dardanup Cannington# Vasse#	
Wetlands ( (within the Guildford Formation)	Not applicable	Herdsman	

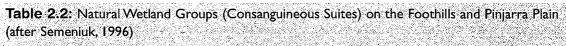
<sup>#</sup> Combined here under Pinjarra Plain for major landform elements, see Volume 2, Part A Tables 1 and 2

Table 1.2b: Landform and soils of the Foothills and Pinjarra Plain showing the relationship between geomorphological units, units identified in the Environmental Geology Maps and soils described on these maps on the Swan Coastal Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region. Column One can be used to cross-reference to groups shown in Table 1a.

Major Geomorphological Systems (after McArthur and Bettenay, 1960); *Detailed Geomorphological Units (after Churchward and McArthur, 1980)	Major Units in the Environmental Geology Maps (after various authors)	Soils: associated with each unit	
Foothills: *Forrestfield, on foothills of the Darling Plateau; Coonambidgee (on foothills of the Dandaragan Plateau)	Colluvial deposits Colluvial sand Yoganup Formation Ridge Hill Sandstone Armadale Shales	quartz sands with differing amounts of silt, gravel and clay, light grey quartz sands and white quartz sands	
Pinjarra Plain: *Guildford, Beermullah, Yanga, Serpentine, Swan, Dardanup, #Cannington, #Vasse	Guildford Formation Alluvial/colluvial deposit Alluvial/colluvial deposit (Pinjarra Plain over Ridge Hill)	clays with silts, sands and peat; also areas of ironstone at depth or surface associated with red-brown silts, and limestones, associated with clays and orange sands	
Wetlands – within the Pinjarra Plain, Bassendean Dunes, Spearwood Dunes, Quindalup Dunes: *Herdsman	Holocene swamp deposits	peats associated with clays, sands and silts in various proportions	

<sup>#</sup> Combined here under Pinjarra Plain for major landform elements, see Volume 2, Part A, Tables, 1, and 2





Name & locations	Geomorphic setting	Primary wetlands	Stratigraphy	Origin of wetlands
Keysbrook suite (P1) Alluvial fans along the foothills of the Darling Scarp occurring south of Forrestfield Lake & continuing as far south as Brunswick Junction	Alluvial fans & creeks of the Pinjarra Plain — gently undulating plain dissected by channels	Palusplains, floodplains, creeks	Clay overlying lateritic clay & sand	Sediment discharge to develop alluvial fans; groundwater seepage; & surface runoff from the plateau & ponding of precipitation
Ellen Brook suite (R3) Ellen Brook aréa	Pinjarra Plain	Creek, floodplain river	Clays & sandy clays overlying laterite & sandstones	Fluvial incision; sedimentation; surface runoff,
Bassendean — Pinjarra 1	transition OR Bassendean	with fluvial features		
Mungala suite (B/P2) Perth Airport surrounds Including Wright Lake	Transition between Bassendean Dunes & Pinjarra Plain. Underlying stratigraphy is a complex of sands, clays, calcrete & laterite. Wetlands lie along depressions at the distributary ends of the creeks or adjacent to intermittent disconnected drainage channels	Lakes; sumplands; floodplains & creeks	Variable: clays to clay overlying quartz; sand to quartz sand overlying laterite or calcrete	Alluvial fan distributaries of creeks terminate in wetlands already present in Bassendean sandplain, bringing water & sediment
Muchea suite (B/P3)  1. Western margin of Whitfield Brook e.g. Six Mile Swamp  2. Western margin of Ellen Brook	Complex transition between Bassendean Dunes & Pinjarra Plain. Wetlands lie along the depressions at the base of Bassendean Dunes & at the headwaters of the tributaries of creeks	Sumplands & floodplains	Complex & variable pattern of quartz sand, clays, laterite & calcrete	Discharge of groundwater into basins, flats & creeks. Ponding of rainwater & groundwater occurs over impermeable sediments
Bennett Brook suite (B/P4)  1. Ballajura: In Bennett Brook area west of West Swan  2. Balannup. In Southern River area north of Forrestdale Lake  3. Yangedi: In Serpentine River area west of Serpentine township	Bassendean Dune – with microscale creeks	Sumplands creeks palusplains floodplains	Quartz sands, or clay overlying quartz sand	Depressions which intersect the water table. Precipitation is ponded by clay lenses in the subsurface. Palusplains are situated between tributaries



**Table 3.2:** Vegetation complexes (Heddle *et al.*, 1980) and percentage remaining as native vegetation (AgWA, 1998 GIS) on the Foothills and Pinjarra Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region

Vegetation Complex	Native Vegetation (%)
Foothills (Ridge Hill Shelf)	
COONAMBIDGEE COMPLEX: Vegetation ranges from a low open forest and low woodland of Eucalyptus todtiana – Banksia attenuata – B. menziesii – B. Ilicifolia with localised admixtures of B. prionotes to an open woodland of E. calophylla – Banksia species	7
FORRESTFIELD COMPLEX: Vegetation ranges from open forest of Eucalyptus calophylla — E. wandoo — E. marginata to open forest of E, marginata — E. calophylla — Allocasuarina fraseriana — Banksia species. Fringing woodland of E. rudis in the gullies that dissect this landform.	9
Pinjarra Plain	
GUILDFORD COMPLEX: A mixture of open forest to tall open forest of Eucalyptus calophylla — E. wandoo — E. marginata and woodland of E. wandoo (with rare occurrences of E. láne-poolei). Minor components include: E. rudis — Melaleuca rhaphiophylla.	6
SWAN COMPLEX: Fringing woodland of Eucalyptus rudis – Melaleuca rhaphiophylla with localised occurrence of low open forest of Casuarina obesa and M. cuticularis.	EF
DARDANUP COMPLEX: Mosaic of vegetation types characteristic of adjacent vegetation complexes such as Serpentine River, Southern River and Guildford.	IS.
SERPENTINE RIVER COMPLEX: Closed scrub of Melaleuca species and fringing woodland of Eucalyptus rudis – M. rhaphiophylla along streams.	9
BEERMULLAH COMPLEX: Mixture of low open forest of Casuarina obesa and open woodland of Eucalyptus calophyllo – E. wandoo – E. marginata. Minor components include closed scrub of Melaleuca species and occurrence of Actinostrobus pyramidalis.	6
YANGA COMPLEX: Predominantly a closed scrub of Melaleuca species and low open forest of Casuarina obesa on the flats subject to inundation. On drier sites the vegetation reflects the adjacent vegetation complexes of Bassendean and Coonambidgee.	18
#CANNINGTON: COMPLEX: Mosaic of vegetation from adjacent vegetation complexes of Bassendean, Karrakatta, Southern River and Vasse:	1
#*VASSE COMPLEX: Mixture of the closed scrub of Melaleuca species fringing woodland of E. rudis — Melaleuca species and open forest of E. gomphocephala — E. marginata — E. calophylla.	
# Combined here under Pinjarra Plain for major landform elements, see Volume 2, Part A Table 5 * Also included in 2,6 ESTUARIES, RIVERS AND CREEKS	



**Table 4.2:** Floristic community types identified on the Foothills and Pinjarra Plain (after Gibson et al., 1994 and DEP, 1996)

#### Key

### **Column 1: Floristic Community Type Codes**

The numbers of the types additional to Gibson et al. are italicised if they are subsets of an existing group (in types 19, 20, 23 and 30) and italicised and preceded by 'S' if they are supplementary groups. '#' indicates uncommon on this landform,

### Column 2: General Description of Floristic Community Types

Descriptions are based on generalised information from all plots in the group. Structural units are categorised into forest, woodlands, shrublands, sedgelands and herblands after Gibson et al. (1994).

### Column 3: Average Species Richness per Floristic Community Type

Average species richness per 10x10m plot less those species only occurring in a single plot. Some community types can have a high proportion of single records. Thus these estimates of average species richness are underestimates in some cases.

Sup la	ergroup 1 – Foothills/Pinjarra Plain Eucalyptus haematoxylon – E. marginata woodlands on Whicher foothills	66.2
2	Southern wet shrubjands	50.3
<u>-</u> За	Eucalyptus calophylla – Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils	58.2
3b	Eucalyptus calophylla – E. marginata woodlands on sandy clay soils	57.3
3c	Eucalyptus calophylla – Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands	47.7
#\$8	Eucalyptus wandoo woodlands (Scarp)	44.0
Sup	ergroup 2 - Seasonal Wetlands	
5	Mixed shrub damplands	38.4
7 : 1	Herb rich saline shrublands in clay pans	44.8
8	Herb rich shrublands in clay pans	50,8
9	Dense shrublands on clay flats	34.8
10a	Shrublands on dry clay flats	45.9
4.1	Wet forests and woodlands	28.0
13	Deeper wetlands on heavy soils	16.9
15	Forests and woodlands of deep seasonal wetlands	16.8
S2 :	Northern Pericalymma ellipticum dense low shrublands	17.7
S5	Acacia saligna wetlands	23.3
56	Northern dense low shrublands	35.4
<b>S</b> 7	Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands	17.7
Supe	ergroup 3 – Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau	
20a	Banksia attenuata woodlands over species rich dense shrublands	64.5
20b	Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or Eucalyptus marginata woodlands	59.7
20c	Eastern shrublands and woodlands	60.4
2lc	Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands	38.5



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### Key

CR Critically Endangered

EN Endangered VÚ Vulnerable

### A. Floristic Community Types

### Supergroup 1 - Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

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ic Eucalyptus calophylla — Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands (CR

### Supergroup 2 - Seasonal Wetlands

7 Herb rich salin	e shrublands in clay i	oans "		orani karaji da kara	VU
8. Herb rich shru	blands in clay pans				VU
9 Dense shrubla	nds on clay flats				V∪
10a Shrublands on	dry clay flats				EN.
15 Forests and wo	oodlands of deep sea	sonal wetlands			VU
1.8 Shrublands on	calcareous silts				VU

### Supergroup 3 - Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20b Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or E. marginata woodlands	EN
200 Eastern polytisia ottariogite and ottariogital marginatur woodands	EN

20¢ Eastern shrublands and woodlands CR

### B: Restricted floristic community type mosaics

Muchea Limestones (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery, 1995)

### C: Freshwater communities

Communities of Tumulus Springs (Ahmat 1993, Jasinska and Knott 1994)

CŔ



### Table 6:2: Significant flora of the Pinjarra Plain and Foothills in the Perth Metropolitan Region

### Key

#### Column 1 Taxon

Names follow Gibson et al. (1994) and Atkins (1998) unless indicated otherwise. Taxa yet to be named have an attached reference collection number from the relevant collector. An 'ms' after the name indicates that this is a manuscript name which is yet to be published.

Column	2 Major landform elements
DS	= Darling Scarp
D	= Dandaragan Platéau
F	= Foothills
P	= Pinjarra Plain
В	= Bassendean Dunes
S	Spearwood Dunes
Q	= Quindalup Dunes
R	<ul> <li>Estuates, Rivers and Creeks</li> </ul>
int	<ul> <li>interface of two units</li> </ul>
(ML)	= Muchea Limestones
$\sigma$	Tamala l'imertener

### Column 3 Taxa dependent on seasonal waterlogging or inundation

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<b>AA7.</b>	(aquatic)	≚∷⊿å	nende or	ctandir	ig water	
1000	(aquaut)	7. V	Dei ida Oi	i Stacium	ig water	Ò,

### Column 4 Conservation status (Atkins 1998)

R =	Declared Rare Flora
17.3	Priority 1: Poorly Known Taxa
2 =	Priority 2: Poorly Known Taxa
3:7=	Priority 3: Poorly Known-Taxa
4 =	Priority 4: Rare Taxa

### Column 5 Regional ecological preferences

 e = taxa endemic to the Swan Coastal Plain
 E = taxa endemic to the Swan Coastal Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region

### **Geographical Variation**

- r = populations at the northern or southern limit of their known geographic range
- d = populations disjunct from their known geographic range
- p = considered to be poorly reserved (applies to all Declared Rare Flora and Priority taxa)
- s = significant populations (applies to all Declared Rare Flora and Priority taxa)
- X = considered lost in the Perth Metropolitan Region

Тахоп	Major landform element	Wetland taxa	DRF/ Priority code	Significance code
Acacia benthamii	unknown		2	p, s, E
Acacia lasiocarpa var bracteolata (long peduncle form)	P	7.0	1	p, s, e
Actinodium cunninghamii	P	W		X
Actinostrobus acuminatus	F/P			p, d
Allocasuarina lehmanniana	Q			S
Amperea protensa	. P	W.	2	p, s
Andersonia gracilis	P	W	R	P <sub>i</sub> S
Angianthus micropodioides	P		3	P <sub>i</sub> .S
Anthotium junciforme	Р	W	. 4	p, s
Aotus cordifolia	B/P	W	ĝ	p, s
Aponogeton hexatepalus	₽.\	W (aquatic)	4	p,s.,e
Aristida ramosa	F		ĺ	p, s, d





Table: 6.2: (continued)				
Asteridea gracilis	₽		1	p, s, d
Astroloma macrocalyx	S/F/D			s, p
Baeckea tenuifolia	₽		3	p, s, d
Blancoa canescens	int B/F			d, p
Boronia purdieana	S/B			r
Burchardia bairdii	int P/B	W		r
Beyeria cygnorum			2	p, s
Byblis gigantea	int B/P	W		d; p, r
Caesia micrantha (Large swamp form, BJK & NG 094)	P			e
Calandrinia sp. Kenwick (aff. composita, GJK 10905)	Р	W	1	
Calothamnus graniticus subsp. leptophyllus	F		4	p, s;
Calothamnus:rupestris	F		4	p, s,
Calytrix breviseta subsp. breviseta	P	W	R	p, s, E
Centrolepis caespitosa	P	W	R	p, s
Chamaesalla sp. Ellen Brook (GJK 12501)	P	W	. 3	p, s, e
Comesperma rhadinocarpum	P/B	W	2	p, s, d
Gonospermum huegelii	F			S
Conospermum triplinervium	S/B/P			S, p
Conospermum undulatum	F		R	p, s, E
Cyathochaeta teretifolia	B/P	W	3	p, s
Darwinia sp. 'Müchea' (BJK 2006)	P	W		s, p
Dasypogon obliquifolius	F/P			d
Dillwynia dillwynioides	B, int B/P	- W	3	p,s,e
Diuris purdiei	int B/P	W	R	p, s, e
Drosera bülbigena	, P	W		е
Droséra gigantea subsp. geniculata	B/P	W		s, e
Drośera macrantha (Swan coastal plain form, BJK & NG 228)	Р			е
Drosera occidentalis subsp. occidentalis	P	W	4	p, s
Dryandra kippistiana	F			d, r
Dryandra mimica	-F		R	p, s
Eleocharis keigheryi (sp. Kenwick GJK 5180)	P	W	R	p, s
Eremãea asterocarpa subsp. brachyclada	F		1	p, s, e



Table 6.2: (continued):				
Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre ms	Р	W	2	p, s, e
Eryngium subdecumbens ms	P	W		p, s, e
Eucalyptus lane poolei	F			Р
Eucalyptus mundijongensis (hybrid)	S/F			p, s
Glischrocaryon aureum	S/B/F			p
Gnephosis angianthoides	Riverine			d, s
Grevillea althoferorum	F		R	p, s, d
Grevillea curviloba subsp. curviloba	P (ML)	W	R	p, s, e
Grevillea obtusifolia	P	W		e, s
Grevillea: thelemanniana	P	W	4	р, s, Е
Haemodorum brevisepalum	Р			P
Haemodorum loratum	F.		3	p, s, d
Hakea conchifolia				S
Hakea myrtoides			3	p, s
Hakea sp. Walyunga (L. Pen sn) (aff. lasiantha)	R/F		2	p, s, r
Haloragis aculeolata	S (TL)/ P (ML)		2	p, s, e
Haloragis cordiger	B/P			ŝ
Haloragis tenuifolia	P	W	Ţ.,	p, s
Hensmania turbinata	В			r
Hydatella dioica	Р	W (aquatic)	R	p, s, e
Hydrocotyle lemnoides	Р	W (aquatic)	4	p, s
Isopogon asper	F/P			S
Isopogon drummondii	F		3	p, s, d
Jacksonia gracilis (previously aff. sericea or swamp form)	B/P			е
Johnsonia aff. pubescens (GJK 5249)	F/P			S
Kunzea littoricola ms	P/B	W		е
Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis	F		3	p, s
Laxmannia grandiflora	F			d
Lepidosperma rostrátum	P	W	R	p, s, E
Leptocarpus aff. crebriculmis	P			S
Leptocarpus sp. Forrestdale Lake	P	W		s, e



Table 6.2: (continued)				
Lepyrodia heleocharoides	F		- 3	, p, s
Leucopogon oliganthus	F			S
Lomandra spartea	F			. r
Macarthuria keigheryi	F		R	p,s,d
Melaleuca bractéosa	P	W		ď, p
Myriocephalus appendiculatus	Р	W	3	p <sub>i</sub> s
Myriocephalus, helichrysoides	P	W		e
Myriophyllum echinatum	P	W	3	X, e
Nemcia dilatata	F			S
Olax scalariformis	F/B		3 ·	p, s, d
Patersonia babianoides	F			S
Parsonsia diaphanophleba	R		4	, p, s
Pimelea imbricata var major	Ps	W.		S
Pithocarpa pulchella var. pulchella	F			p, s
Pityrodia bartlingii	F/P			r, d
Platysace ramosissima	F		3	P <sub>i</sub> S
Restio stenostachyus	B/P	W		е
Rhodanthe pyrethrum	Р	W	3	p, s, e
Schoenus aff. tenellus (BJK & NG 110)	Р	W		S
Schoenus benthamii	P	W	3	p, s
Schoenus capillifolius	P. W	/ (aquat	ic) 2	p, s
Schoenus: pennisetis.	Р	W	1	p, s
Schöenus sp. Bullsbrook (JJ Alford 915)	P	W	2	p,s.
Schoenus sp. Waroona (GJ Keighery 12235)	Р	W	3	p, s
Stachystemon áxilláris	F/P/B		.4	p, s
Stenanthemum humile	F			d
Stylidium longitubum	Р	W	3	p; s, e
Stylidium mimeticum	P/B	W	3	p,s
Stylidium rosee — alátum	Р	W		s, p
Stylidium utricularioides	Р	W		,e
Synaphea acutiloba	F/P *		3	p, s, e
Synaphea pinnata	F/P		- 3	p, s



Table 6.2: (continued)		
Tetraria australiensis	F	e
Trachymene coerulea	S (TL)/P	S
Trichocline sp. Treeton (BJK and NG S64)	P W 2	p, s
Trichocline spathulata	F/P	Ş
Tripterococcus paniculatus (sp. Cannington, AS George 16201)	B/P	p, s, e
Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi	P/B W 4	p, s
Verticordia nitens	B/F	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Verticordia plumosa var. pleiobotrya	P W R	p, s, E
Villarsia submersa	P W (aquatic) 4	p, s
Villarsia violifolia	P/B W (aquatic)	p, s
Xanthorrhoea acanthostachya	F/P	S
Xanthorrhoea drummondii	F/P	S



### FOOTHILLS AND PINJARRA PLAIN

### 2.2.2 DESCRIPTIONS

Bushplan Site No.	Bushplan Map No.	System 6	Bushplan Site Name	Page No.
81	22	* SANTA CARREST AND THE SANTA CARREST COMME	Wandena Road Bushland, Bullsbrook	37
2 in	21, 22		North East Ellen Brook Bushland, Bullsbrook	38
292	22, 30	M14	Bullsbrook Nature Reserve and Adjacent Bushland, Bullsbrook	39
100	29, 30		Neaves Road Creek, Bullsbrook	41
294	30, 36	M15	Pearce Aerodrome and Adjacent Bushland, Bullsbrook	42
1	30		Maroubra Avenue Bushland, Bullsbrook	44
8.8	30		Ashton Road Bushland, Bullsbrook	45
298	35		Della Road South Bushland, Bullsbrook	46
13	35		Sawpit Road Bushland, Bullsbrook	48
400	36	M17	Twin Swamps Nature Reserve and Adjacent Bushland, Bullsbrook	49
412	36		Walyunga Road Bushland, Bullsbrook	50
301	36, 42	M17	Ellenbrook Nature Reserve and Adjacent Bushland, Upper Swan	51
(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	48		Toodyay Road Bushland, Red Hill	52
306	48, 53		Talbot Road Bushland, Stratton/Swan View	54
309	53		Farrall Road Bushland, Stratton	55
311	52		South Guildford Bushland, Hazelmere	56
481	53		Stirling Crescent Bushland, Hazelmere	57
213	53, 59	M34	Bushmead Bushland, Swan	58
216	53		Adelaide Crescent Bushland, Helena Valley	60
466	59		Gooseberry Hill Road Bushland, Gooseberry Hill	61
122	53	-	Hawkevale Bushland, High Wycombe	62
217	59		Ridge Hill Road Bushland, Gooseberry Hill	64
316	59		Maida Vale Reserve and Adjacent Bushland, Maida Vale	65
45	58, 59		Poison Gully Bushland, High Wycombe	66
123	58, 59		Sultana Road West Bushland, High Wycombe	67
319	58	M53	Dundas Road Bushland, Forrestfield	68

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### DESCRIPTIONS

Bushplan Site No.	Bushplan Map No.	System 6	Bushplan Site Name	Page No.
Bushplan Site No.	Bushplan Map No.	System 6	Bushplan Site Name	Page No.
440	58	M53	Pioneer Park Bushland, Forrestfield	70
282 halladah	58		Tomah Road Bushland, Wattle Grove	71
11.00 A24	58, 63		McDowell Street Bushland, Welshpool	72
283	58, 63		Queens Park Bushland, Queens Park	73
456	62, 63		Nicholson Road Bushland, Langford/Thornlie	75
401	58, 59		Bougainvillea Avenue Bushland, Forrestfield	76
320 p	58, 59, 63, 64	·	Hartfield Park Bushland, Forrestfield	77
50 P	64		Welshpool Road Bushland, Wattle Grove	79
387	63	M69	Greater Brixton Street Wetlands, Kenwick	80
422	63	-	Kenwick Road Bushland, Kenwick	83
51	64		White Road Bushland, Orange Grove	84
53	64		Clifford Street Bushland, Maddington	85
124	69, 70	M76	Mary Carroll Park and Adjacent Bushland, Gosnells	86
61	70	`	Connell Avenue Bushland, Kelmscott	88
62	76, 77	,	Bob Blackburn Reserve Bushland, Armadale	89
264	77		Lambert Lane Bushland, Wungong	90
449	84	·-	Oscar Bruns Reserve, Wungong	91
65	83		Abernethy Road Bushland, Oakford	93
350 365 375	83, 84, 90, 96		Byford to Serpentine Rail/Road Reserves and Adjacent Bushland	94
321	83, 84		Brickwood Reserve and Adjacent Bushland, Byford	96
66 271 351	83, 84		Cardup Brook Bushland, Cardup/Peel Estate	98
352	83, 90	M83	Cardup Nature Reserve and Adjacent Bushland, Cardup	100
354 361	90, 91		Norman Road Bushland, Whitby/Cardup	102
12 0 CT 68 0	89		Jackson Road Bushland, Peel Estate	103
362	90		Roman Road Bushland, Whitby	105
360	89, 90, 91		Mundijong and Watkins Roads Bushland, Mundijong/Peel Estate	106
71.	97		Transit Road Bushland, Jarrahdale	107

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## DESCRIPTIONS (\*S. )

Bushplan Site No.	Bushplan Map No.	System 6	Bushplan Site Name	Page No.
369	94		Doghill Road Bushland, Baldivis	109
418	94		Folly Pool, Baldivis	110
419	94		Maramanup Pool, Baldivis	112
##51856. <b>7.4</b> ##518.6.4	95, 96		Rapids Road Bushland, Peel Estate	113
277	100		River, Stakehill and Harvey Roads Bushland, Karnup	114
468	96, 102		Serpentine National Park and Adjacent Bushland, Serpentine	115
7.6	102	M76	Kingsbury Drive Bushland, Keysbrook	117
426	102, 106		Myara Brook Bushland, Keysbrook	118
78 0	106		Page Road Bushland, Keysbrook	119

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### WANDENA ROAD BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 81

Map no. 22

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-IV NW

Area (ha): total 3.1; bushland 3.1

Other Names

Location 112 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Other Major Highways TPS: General Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

6 Great Northern Hwy; 0 street not identified

Ownership Categories

Private

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: S5)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1) (Qa: Ms1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Coonambidge Complex (Dandaragan Plateau, most southern occurrence)

Pinjarra Plain

Beermullah Complex (most northern occurrence)

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Dandaragan Plateau

Red Gully (Dp.1)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Ellen Brook (R.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (1.6ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Forest

Vegetation Condition: Very Good

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Mattiske Consulting Pty Ltd 1997 - Lambertia multiflora (most likely L. multiflora var.

darlingensis (3))

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A,

Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

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### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

### NORTH EAST ELLEN BROOK BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: management/bushland/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 2

Map no. 21, 22

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I NE, 2134-IV NW

Area (ha): total 51.5; bushland 50.8

Other Names

Submission Area 279, Location 110 (Keighery, BJ, and

Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Ownership Categories

Private, State Government

Zoning

MRS: Rural

TPS: General Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

(creekline lots not identified)

55 Railway Rd; 36, 38, 39, 40 Great Northern Hwy; 58,

11984 street not identified

Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)

Fluvial Channel with Seasonal Flow (Qpa: S11)

### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Beermullah Complex (at northern limit)

Yanga Complex (in area of southern limit)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

5 Mixed shrub damplands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands (eastern representation of this community type)

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Ellen Brook (R.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (25.2ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, river (Ellen Brook), vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Mill 01))

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# Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Closed Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest; Melaleuca sp. B Open Low Heath with Actinostrobus pyramidalis clumps; Herblands dominated by Borya sphaerocephala and Asteraceae species; Sedgelands dominated by Harperia lateriflora and mixed species

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Very Good, 25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance in woodland beside river

Total Flora: 36 native taxa, 12 weeds (plot-generated list, DEP 1996)

Significant Flora: Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi (4); Burchardia bairdiae, Agrostocrinum scabrum (non scabrid form, uncommon on the SCP), Darwinia sp. Muchea (BJK 2006) (uncommon taxon confined to Muchea area), Harperia lateriflora

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: canopy linkage to north and south along Ellen Brook; part of proposed Greenway 50 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain; contains 1828m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetland; under Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# BULLSBROOK NATURE RESERVE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: protected area/conservation wetland/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 292 Map no. 22, 30 Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-IV NW, 2134-IV SW System 6 (1983): M14 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Location 109 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992), part Bushplan Site - Bullsbrook Nature Reserve

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Ownership Categories

Private, Local Government, State Government, Not identified

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Dandaragan Plateau/Gingin Scarp

Laterite (Ol: G2)

Foothills

Colluvial Sand (Oc: S5)

Colluvial Sand (Qs: S6)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)

Wetlands (within the Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation Restricted, Rural, Other

Major Highways

TPS: General Rural, Recreation, Landscape

Area (ha): total 200.1; bushland 191.8

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

1, 3739, 7867 Morrissey Rd; 2 Great Northern Hwy; 1

street not identified

Crown Reserve

Reserve C1654 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)



# VEGETATION AND FLORA Vegetation Complexes

Scarps

Reagan Complex

Pinjarra Plain Beermullah Complex

# Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

5 Mixed shrub damplands

7 Herb-rich saline shrublands in clay pans

11 Wet forests and woodlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands (most northerly occurrence)

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands (eastern representation of this community type)

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain

Natural Wetland Groups (undefined areas included in boundary)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Ellen Brook (R.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (56.3ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Vulnerable (floristic community type 7)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek (seepage at base of eastern dunes), vegetated uplands

**Vegetation and Flora:** detailed survey (part Bushplan Site (Bullsbrook Nature Reserve) - Keighery, GJ, et al. 1997a); limited survey (part Bushplan Site - Alford 1996a, Chambers 1997a&b, Gibson et al. 1994 (Bull 01–12), Gray 1994a, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Keighery, GJ, et al. 1997a)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Woodland to Forest; Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Woodland with scattered Eucalyptus todtiana; Banksia ilicifolia, B. attenuata and B. menziesii Woodland; Xanthorrhoea drummondii, Calothamnus sanguineus, Daviesia nudiflora and Hakea stenocarpa Open Low Heath

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland; Melaleuca preissii Low Closed Forest; Shrublands dominated by Melaleuca rhaphiophylla, M. viminea, M. uncinata and Actinostrobus pyramidalis and combinations of these; Melaleuca scabra and Verticordia densiflora Open Low Heath; Mixed Open Heath; Mixed Herbland; Sedgeland dominated by Leptocarpus canus, L. aristatus, Anarthria laevis, Restio stenostachyus and Lepidosperma longitudinale and combinations of these; Lepidosperma longitudinale and Baumea vaginalis Sedgelands; Cyclosorus interruptus and Pteris vittata Fernland

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Very Good, <10% Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

**Total Flora:** 440 native taxa, 63 weeds (Keighery, GJ, et al. 1997a) (estimated >90% of flora of entire Bushplan Site)

Significant Flora: Keighery, GJ, et al. 1997a - Grevillea althoferorum (R) (southern limit of range, only secure population); Tripterococcus paniculatus ms (1), Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre ms (2) (northern limit of range), Schoenus sp. Bullsbrook (JJ Alford 915) (2) (only known location), Haemodorum loratum (3) (disjunct population), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3), Platysace ramosissima (3), Conostephium minus (4), Anthotium junciforme (4), Myriocephalus appendiculatus (3) (southern limit of range), Stylidium longitubum (3); Persoonia angustiflora and Grevillea obtusifolia (southern limit of ranges), Hakea cristata, Cyathochaeta avenacea and Pultenaea ericifolia (northern limit of ranges), Pteris vittata and Cyclosorus interruptus (disjunct populations), Podolepis gracilis (Swamp form), Eucalyptus marginata subsp. thalassica (only known population on the Swan Coastal Plain), co-occurrence of Hovea trisperma var. grandiflora and Hovea trisperma var. trisperma, Hakea cristata (only record on the Swan Coastal Plain), swamp and sand forms of Stirlingia latifolia, Eriostemon spicatus and Stylidium brunonianum, Tetratheca nuda (very uncommon on the Plain, confined to a few localities on the foothills of the Darling Range and Dandaragan Plateau)

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: canopy linkage to bushland to the east (BS291); part of proposed Greenway 66 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

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Other Special Attributes: part of the Bullsbrook Bushland area recommended for inclusion in a regional park (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); 'outstanding conservation value' (Keighery, GJ, et al. 1997a); part Bushplan Site — Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed, Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate (Gray 1994a, Chambers 1997a&b)

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Restricted Zoning and TPS Landscape Zoning and Recreation Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; Titanium mineralisation subject to Mining lease 70/423 (Westralian Sands Ltd)

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserve C1654 is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include parts for which — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# **NEAVES ROAD CREEK, BULLSBROOK**

Boundary Definition: management/bushland/conservation wetland boundary

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 100 Map no. 29, 30 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SE, 2134-IV SW

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 34.4; bushland 26.9

# Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

# Ownership Categories

Commonwealth Government, Private

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Railways

TPS: Landscape, General Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

5, 1478 West Rd; 3, 100, 101, 2136, 2820 Neaves Rd; 8, 89, 1723 Bingham Rd; 2, 1520 Railway Pde; 0, 1 street not identified

### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa:S10)

# VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Yanga Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean—Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Muchea (B/P.3)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Ellen Brook (R.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (7.2ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Connell 1995, DEP 1998 (surveyed from roadside), Mattiske Consulting Pty Ltd 1997)

Structural Units

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest with scattered M. preissiana and Eucalyptus rudis; Lepidosperma? gladiatum Sedgeland; Juncus pallidus Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: Good to Degraded (Connell 1995, Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the west; part of proposed Greenway 43 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# PEARCE AERODROME AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland group boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-IV SW Bushplan Site no. 294 Map no. 30, 36

System 6 (1983): M15 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Includes Pearce 2, Locations 101, 102, 106 - 108

(Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992) Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Ownership Categories

Commonwealth Government, Private (including commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 817.1; bushland 213.5

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Public Purpose-Commonwealth Government, Rural, Other Major Highways TPS: Landscape, General Rural, Recreation

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

(creekline lots not identified)

1, 111, 112, 158 Railway Pde; 1, 2, 3, 124, 125, 126, 127 Great Northern Hwy; 1, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 158 Turner Rd; 2 Butternab Rd; 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 91, 123, 124, 125, 158, 2736, 5304, 5462, 7162, 10788, 11518 street not identified

Crown Reserve



#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

## LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: S5) Colluvial Sand (Qs: S6)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1, S11)

#### **VEGETATION AND FLORA**

# Vegetation Complexes

Scarps

Reagan Complex (Dandaragan Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex (most northern occurrence)

Yanga Complex

Beermullah Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3c Eucalyptus calophylla — Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands

S8 Eucalyptus wandoo woodlands (Scarp)

# Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

8 Herb-rich shrublands in clay pans (some areas with overstorey of Wandoo, only such woodlands in very good condition on the Plain)

15 Forests and woodlands of deep seasonal wetlands

\*S5 Acacia saligna wetlands

S7 Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: artificial channel, river (Ellen Brook), creek (Ki-it Monger Brook), palusplain Natural Wetland Groups (undefined areas included in boundary)

Dandaragan Plateau

Red Gully (Dp.1)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Ellen Brook (R.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (41.6ha, 221m), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined, Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3c, Muchea Limestones — Degraded Condition, but survey limited), Vulnerable (floristic community types 8 and 15)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: Muchea Limestone, vegetated wetland, river, vegetated creekline and adjacent upland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Alford 1996b, DEP 1996 (xPearce 01-05), Keighery, BJ, 1995a, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Woodland with scattered Eucalyptus todtiana; Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Eucalyptus wandoo Tall Woodland

Wetlands: Casuarina obesa Woodland; Acacia saligna Low Woodland; Scattered Eucalyptus wandoo over Xanthorrhoea preissii, Acacia lasiocarpa var. bracteolata and Hypocalymma angustifolium Open Low Heath; Kunzea littoricola ms and densiflora Shrubland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Forest; Viminaria juncea Tall Shrubland; Pericalymma Open Heath, Melaleuca species Tall Open Scrub, Hakea trifurcata, Allocasuarina humilis and Xanthorrhoea preissii Open Heath; Borya scirpoidea Herbland; Mixed Herbland and Leptocarpus coangustatus Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eleocharis keigheryi Sedgelands (in claypans in the mown areas); Ellen Brook and Ki-it Monger Brook rarely with native understorey - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: >50% Very Good to Excellent, <50% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 170 native taxa (estimated and plot-generated list, estimated >50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Centrolepis caespitosa (R), Eleocharis keigheryi (R); Acacia lasiocarpa var. bracteolata (1), Schoenus capillifolius (2), Synaphea acutiloba (3) (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); Isopogon asper, Kunzea littoricola ms, Stylidium roseo-alatum, Astroloma macrocalyx, Myriocephalus helichrysoides

lan 43



Fauna: no systematic survey. One day in September 1996 assessment of birds (30) and amphibians (2) (J. Dell pers. comm.). Significant bird species: category 3 (3)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (BS296) and east (BS89); part of proposed Greenway 50, 66, 43 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A. Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Muchea Limestone area; part of the Bullsbrook Bushland area recommended for inclusion in a regional park (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); part Bushplan Site Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain; contains 5234m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed, Indicative Place of Register of the National Estate

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under TPS Recreation Zoning and Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# MAROUBRA AVENUE BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre/bushland group boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 89

Map no. 30

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-IV SW

Area (ha): total 16.8; bushland 10.2

Other Names Pearce 3 and Pearce 5; Location 100 (Keighery, BJ, and

Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Ownership Categories

Local Government, Commonwealth Government

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Other Major Highways TPS: Landscape, Residential 1, Residential Development, General Commercial, Recreation

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 200, 201 Great Northern Hwy; 81 Chittering Rd; 80 Maroubra Ave; 90 Second Ave

## SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Msg, S5)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)

# VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

3c Eucalyptus calophylla — Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands (most northern representation sampled)

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Weed dominated wetlands on heavy soils



WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain

Natural Wetland Groups (undefined areas included in boundary)

Darling Plateau Walyunga (D.1)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Ellen Brook (R.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (5.5ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3c)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Pearce 01-02), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus wandoo Open Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus wandoo Open Woodland; Hakea prostrata, Jacksonia sternbergiana, Daviesia horrida and

Xanthorrhoea preissii Shrubland, Hypocalymma angustifolium Open Low Heath; Sedgeland; Herbland

Vegetation Condition: >75% Very Good to Good, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: 84 native taxa, 19 weeds (plot-generated list, Gibson et al. 1994)

Significant Flora: Acacia lasiocarpa var. bracteolata (1)

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 66 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: part of the Bullsbrook Bushland area recommended for inclusion in a regional park (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetland; under TPS Recreation Zoning and Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The Bushplan Site be reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme and be purchased for Nature Reserve.

# ASHTON ROAD BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland group boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 88

**Map no.** 30

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-IV SW

Area (ha): total 21.7; bushland 20.4

Other Names

Pearce 4; Submission Area 314; Location 103

Commonwealth Government, Private, Not identified

(Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992) Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Ownership Categories

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Public Purpose-Commonwealth

Government, Urban Deferred

TPS: Rural, General Rural, Public Purposes

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 26, 8652, 8655, 11322 Chittering Rd; 12883 street

not identified

Crown Reserve



SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Dandaragan Plateau/Gingin Scarp

Osborne Formation (Ko: ST2)

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: S5) Colluvial Sand (Qs: S6)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Scarps

Reagan Complex (Dandaragan Plateau, one of two most southern occurrences)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex (in area of northern most location)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*S8 Eucalyptus wandoo woodlands (Scarp)

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands (eastern representation of this community type)

#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996; Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla and E. marginata Open Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla and E. wandoo Woodland to Open Forest; Eucalyptus marginata Woodland; scattered Eucalyptus calophylla over Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland; mixed Open Low Heath

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >60% Very Good to Excellent, <40 % Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance

Total Flora: 56 native taxa (estimated >50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Astroloma macrocalyx

Fauna: no known information Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: part of the Bullsbrook Bushland area recommended for inclusion in a regional park (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; under Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Deferred Zoning, General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

**Recommendation:** The Bushplan Site be reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme and be purchased for Nature Reserve.

# DELLA ROAD SOUTH BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 298 Map no. 35 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SE

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Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb) Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 10.3; bushland 10.1

Zoning MRS: Rural

TPS: Landscape, General Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

2294 Della South Rd; 1952 street not identified

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Yanga Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

**WETLANDS** 

Wetland Types: floodplain, creek Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Muchea (B/P.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (9.3ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Connell 1995, Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997)

Structural Units

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla, Eucalyptus wandoo Low Open Woodland; Jacksonia sternbergiana

Xanthorrhoea preissii Open Shrubland to Shrubland; Dasypogon bromeliifolius Low Open Shrubland Vegetation Condition: Excellent to Good (Connell 1995, Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south, east and west (BS399); part of a regionally significant contiguous

bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# SAWPIT ROAD BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 13

Map no. 35

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SE Area (ha): total 15.8; bushland 14.8

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

Zoning

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

MRS: Rural TPS: General Rural

Ownership Categories

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Private

Street name 5 Sawpit Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain Yanga Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, palusplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean—Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Muchea (B/P.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (12.2ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Connell 1995)

Structural Units: not surveyed

Vegetation Condition: Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east; part of proposed Greenway 41 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetland

Constraints: private land; General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

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# TWIN SWAMPS NATURE RESERVE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 400

**Map no.** 36

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-IV SW

System 6 (1983): Part M17 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Location 96 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

170.7 Zoning

MRS: Rural, Railways, Parks and Recreation

TPS: General Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Area (ha): total 179.6 (includes open water); bushland

Street name

23, 7897 Warbrook Rd; 34, 8307 Ellenbrook Rd

Crown Reserve

Reserve A27621 (Preservation of Fauna Short Necked

Tortoise)

Ownership Categories

Private, State Government, Not identified

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Ohw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Yanga Complex (in area of southern limit)

Beermullah Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Weed dominated wetlands on heavy soils

Wet forests and woodlands

15 Forests and woodlands of deep seasonal wetlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, palusplain

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean—Pinjarra transition

Muchea (B/P.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (95.9ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 3.6ha + 1.8ha =5.4ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Vulnerable (floristic community type 15)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (part Bushplan Site (Twin Swamps Nature Reserve) — Gibson et al. 1994 (Twin 01-08, 10-11, 13), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, 1996)

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site (Twin Swamps Nature Reserve) - Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Woodland to Open Forest dominated by Banksia menziesii and/or B. attenuata

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Closed to Open Forest; Acacia saligna Low Open Woodland; Melaleuca viminea Tall Open Scrub; Closed to Open Heath dominated by Melaleuca lateritia, M. teretifolia, Regelia ciliata and Astartea aff. fascicularis and combinations of these with scattered emergent Acacia saligna; Regelia ciliata and Pericalymma ellipticum Open Low Heath; Herblands; Sedgelands



Vegetation Condition: >90% Very Good to Good, <10% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 201 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, 1996) (estimated >70% expected flora) Significant Flora: Stylidium longitubum (3); Burchardia bairdiae, Kunzea littoricola ms

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant reptile species: Western Swamp Tortoise (Pseudemydura umbrina) (one of two remaining areas for this threatened species) (Burbidge and Kuchling 1994). Significant mammal species: Quenda (L. Mutter pers. comm. 1998)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 41 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: see Fauna; contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

ANCA Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Listed on the Register of the National Estate

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Western Swamp Tortoise Draft EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: private land

**Recommendation:** The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserve (27621) is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# WALYUNGA ROAD BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period) Map no. 36

Bushplan Site no. 412

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Ownership Categories

Private

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-IV SW

Area (ha): total 47.9; bushland 44.5

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

5, 7 Great Northern Hwy

Crown Reserve

# SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

# LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Darling Plateau (Darling Range)/Darling Scarp

Even-grained Granite (Ae, Aes: GR)

Conglomerate (PPG: CG)

# Foothills

Leederville Formation (Klb: ST1) (generally associated with the Dandaragan Plateau/ Gingin Scarp)

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Msg) Ridge Hill Sandstone (Qph: SS)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

# Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

# WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Darling Plateau

Walyunga (D.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: not assessed

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Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL Landscape Features: creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, surveyed from roadside)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Woodland; Eucalyptus wandoo Woodland with occasional E. calophylla; Eucalyptus wandoo Woodland; Dryandra sessilis Open Shrubland; Acacia pulchella, Hakea lissocarpha Open

Shrubland

Wetlands: no known information

Vegetation Condition: 60% Very Good, 35% Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east protected in the Walyunga National Park; part of proposed Greenway 50 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (clay), mining tenement 21/2541/1 (PJ & WP Consolaro) for sand

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# ELLENBROOK NATURE RESERVE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, UPPER SWAN

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 301 Map no. 36, 42 Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III NW, 2134-IV SW

System 6 (1983): Part M17 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

J and B Martyn Reserve, part Location 95 (Keighery, BJ,

and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Upper Swan)

Ownership Categories

Private (commercial organisation), Not identified

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1, S11) Wetlands (within the Pinjarra Plain) Holocene Swamp Deposits (Ohw: Cps)

Area (ha): total 71.9; bushland 60.7

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural, Other Major

Highways

TPS: Landscape, General Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

12, 7715 Lexia Ave

Crown Reserve

Reserve A27620 (Preservation of Fauna Short Necked

Tortoise)



# VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Yanga Complex (in area of southern limit)

# Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

3c Eucalyptus calophylla — Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands

# Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- 6 Weed dominated wetlands on heavy soils
- 8 Herb-rich shrublands in clay pans

# WETLANDS

Wetland Types: floodplain, palusplain, creek (Ellen Brook), river

Natural Wetland Groups

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Ellen Brook (R.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (38.4ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3c), Vulnerable (floristic community type 8)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (part Bushplan Site (Ellenbrook Nature Reserve) — Gibson et al. 1994 (Ellen 01–07), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); detailed survey (part Bushplan Site (Ellenbrook Nature Reserve) — Keighery, GJ, 1996)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Forest to Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Forest to Woodland; Eucalyptus rudis Open Forest; Viminaria juncea and Acacia saligna Tall Open Scrub; Kunzea littoricola ms and Verticordia densiflora Open Low Heath, sometimes with scattered emergent Eucalyptus rudis; Melaleuca lateritia Shrubland; Herbland dominated by Borya scirpoidea, Tribonanthes australis, Asteraceae and Stylidiaceae species and combinations of these; Neurachne alopecuroidea Open Grassland; Sedgelands dominated by Leptocarpus canus, Chorizandra enodis, Cyathochaeta avenacea; mixed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

**Vegetation Condition:** >50% Very Good to Excellent, <50% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 236 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, 1996) (estimated >60% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Eleocharis keigheryi (R), Hydatella dioica (R); Stylidium longitubum (1), Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre ms (2), Schoenus capillifolius (2), Chamaescilla sp. Ellen Brook (GJK 12501) (3), Myriocephalus appendiculatus (3), Rhodanthe pyrethrum (3), Stylidium mimeticum (3), Hydrocotyle lemnoides (4); Pimelea imbricata var. major

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant reptile species: Western Swamp Tortoise (*Pseudemydura umbrina*) (one of two remaining areas for this threatened species) (Burbidge and Kuchling 1994). Significant mammal species: Quenda (L Mutter pers. comm. 1998)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS296) and west (BS300); part of proposed Greenway 50 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain; contains 1046m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

ANCA Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Listed on the Register of the National Estate

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Western Swamp Tortoise Draft EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora and Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

**Recommendation:** The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserve A27620 is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).



# TOODYAY ROAD BUSHLAND, RED HILL

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 42

Map no. 48

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III NW

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb) Area (ha): total 4.2; bushland 3.9

Shire of Swan (Red Hill)

Zoning MRS: Rural

TPS: Landscape, No Zone

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 53 Dalgety Rd

Ownership Categories

Private

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Darling Plateau (Darling Range)/Darling Scarp

Even-grained Granite (Ae, Aes: M3)

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Smg)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3c Eucalyptus calophylla — Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek Natural Wetland Groups

Darling Plateau

Walyunga (D.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3c)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora limited survey (DEP 1998 (surveyed from roadside), Mattiske Consulting Pty Ltd 1997)

Structural Units

Uplands: Scattered Eucalyptus marginata over Mixed Open heath

Wetlands: Eucalyptus wandoo and E. rudis Woodland Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Excellent

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3)

Fauna: no known information Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain; National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; under TPS

Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).



# TALBOT ROAD BUSHLAND, STRATTON/SWAN VIEW

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 306 Map no. 48, 53 Map sheet series ref. no. 21

Other Names

Location 86 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)
Shire of Swan (Stratton, Swan View)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III NW, 2134-III SW

Area (ha): total 101.3; bushland 96.3

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban

TPS: Landscape, Residential Development, Residential

1, Public Purposes

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

5524 Talbot Rd; 10556, 11314 O'Connor Rd; 11313

Myles Rd; 11764 Blanchard Rd

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Darling Plateau (Darling Range)/Darling Scarp

Even-grained Granite (Ae, Aes: M3)

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Mgs2) Yoganup Formation (Qpr: S12)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf along base of Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

3c Eucalyptus calophylla — Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20c Eastern shrublands and woodlands (only significant area)

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Darling Plateau

Walyunga (D1)

Wetland Management Objectives: not assessed, Conservation (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993a)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Critically Endangered (floristic community types 3c, 20c)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands (slope with view to Plain), vegetated creek

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993a); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Talb 01-13), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993a)

Uplands: Eucalyptus wandoo Open Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla and E. wandoo Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla and E. marginata Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Open Low Woodland to Low Woodland; Adenanthos cygnorum and Allocasuarina humilis Open Shrubland; Hakea ruscifolia Open Shrubland; Hakea varia and H. ruscifolia Heath; Hakea trifurcata, H. undulata, Allocasuarina humilis and Beaufortia purpurea Open Heath

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland to Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Very Good, <10 % Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance associated with mining and tracks

Total Flora: 366 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993a) (estimated >90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Isopogon drummondii (3), Synaphea acutiloba (3), Synaphea pinnata (3), Hakea myrtoides (3), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3), Synaphea pinnata (3), Thysanotus glaucus (4); Trichocline

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spathulata, Lomandra spartea, Haemodorum brevisepalum, Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993a - Aristida contorta, Stylidium affine, Grevillea endlicheriana, Grevillea glabrata subsp. glabrata, Conospermum incurvum (most southern population in a reserve in the Perth Region)

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (How et al. 1996) for birds (47), native mammals (3), reptiles (13) and amphibians (7). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (4) and category 4 (3). Significant mammal species: Honey Possum. High frog diversity

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended to be managed as a flora conservation area (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain; recommended that 'to encompass and protect the Talbot Road woodlands, Swan Locations 11764 and 11313 and Reserve #23 953 are amalgamated into a single A-class Nature Reserve with vesting in the NPNCA.' (Markey 1997)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: Part Bushplan Site — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# FARRALL ROAD BUSHLAND, STRATTON

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 309 Other Names: not known Map no. 53

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III SW

Area (ha): total 1.6; bushland 1.6 Zoning

MRS: Urban Shire of Swan (Midvale)

TPS: Residential Development

Ownership Categories

Local Authorities (Suburb)

State Government, Private

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

14, 44 Farrall Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Swan River (R.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Multiple Use Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified



### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998)

Structural Units

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Low Forest to Woodland Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Degraded

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered

through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# SOUTH GUILDFORD BUSHLAND

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland group boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 311

Ownership Categories

Commonwealth Government

Map no. 52

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (South Guildford)

Area (ha): total 21.8; bushland 21.4

Zoning

MRS: Public Purposes-Commonwealth Government

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 7 Oueens Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred.

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

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Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (2.2ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 (surveyed from roadside), Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd.

1997)

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata and Allocasuarina fraseriana Woodland; Banksia menziesii and B. grandis Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland over Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata, Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland over Banksia ilicifolia

Vegetation Condition: >20% Excellent, <40% Very Good to Good, <15% Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance (surveyed from roadside)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 124 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a

regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland,

streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP: location of

conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# STIRLING CRESCENT BUSHLAND, HAZELMERE

Boundary Definition: bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 481

Shire of Swan (Hazelmere)

Ownership Categories

Government, Not identified

Map no. 53

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III SW Area (ha): total 36.7; bushland 31.5

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Controlled Access Highways

TPS: General Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

145, 148 Talbot Rd; 20, 111 Stirling Cr; 2, 3, 150 Lakes

Rd; 1, 4, 5, 20 street not identified

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

Private (including commercial organisation), State

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)



Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \* not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3a Eucalyptus calophylla - Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils (most northerly with BS319 and BS45)

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands (not sampled, types not inferred)

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*20c Eastern shrublands and woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain Natural Wetland Groups

Darling Plateau

Walyunga (D.1)

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined, Critically Endangered (floristic community types 3a and 20c)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998)

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland; scattered Eucalyptus calophylla over Caustis dioica

Sedgeland

Wetlands: scattered Eucalyptus calophylla over Herbland and Sedgeland

Vegetation Condition: >70% Very Good, <30% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Conospermum incurvum (most southern population known in the Perth Region)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: bushland linkage to north (across road) and to east (BS213); part of proposed Greenway 57 (Tingay, Alan

& Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria met for inclusion: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# BUSHMEAD BUSHLAND, SWAN

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre)/vegetation complex management boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 213

Map no. 53, 59

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III SW

Area (ha): total 247.7; bushland 127.6

System 6 (1983): part M34 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names Submission Area 284; Location 89 (Keighery, BJ, and

Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Mundaring (Helena Valley), Shire of Kalamunda (Gooseberry Hill)

Zoning

MRS: Public Purposes-Commonwealth Government, Urban, Rural, Parks and Recreation, Controlled Access Highways

TPS: Rural, Rural Landscape Living

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# DESCRIPTIONS ( St. 1)7 \

# Ownership Categories

Commonwealth Government, State Government, Local Government

# Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

0, 9 Midland Rd; 20, 6726 Ridge Hill Rd; 7900 Zig Zag Scenic Dr Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

#### LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Darling Plateau (Darling Range)/Darling Scarp

Laterite (Ql: G2, LA1)

Even-grained Granite (Ae, Aes: GR)

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Msg, Mgs2) Yoganup Formation (Qpr: S12) Ridge Hill Sandstone (Qph: SS)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Opa: Mgs1)

Bassendean Dunes
Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

# VEGETATION AND FLORA

# Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3c Eucalyptus calophylla — Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands (areas within boundaries degraded, not suitable to be identified as threatened ecological community)

# Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands

20c Eastern shrublands and woodlands (most southern representation but atypical)

# WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek Natural Wetland Groups

Darling Plateau

Walyunga (D.1)

Bassendean—Pinjarra transition

Mungala (B/P.2)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Swan River (R.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (4019.8m)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Critically Endangered (floristic community type 20c), Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: creek (Kadina Brook), vegetated uplands

**Vegetation and Flora:** detailed survey (Ecologia 1991); limited survey (DEP 1996 (Bushm 01-03), Markey 1997 (Bush 01, in adjacent bushland))

Structural Units: mapping (Ecologia 1991)

Uplands: Eucalyptus wandoo Woodland; Banksia attenuata and Allocasuarina fraseriana Open Woodland to Open Forest; Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis, Daviesia physodes and Isopogon drummondii Shrubland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Forest

Scattered Native Plants: Forest to Open Woodlands dominated by Eucalyptus calophylla, E. rudis, E. marginata and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla — regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: >70% Excellent to Very Good, <30% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 305 native taxa (Ecologia 1991) (estimated >75% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Isopogon drummondii (3), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3), Persoonia sulcata (3, Ecologia 1991); Blancoa canescens, Eremaea fimbriata, Pityrodia bartlingii, Dasypogon obliquifolius

# DESCRIPTIONS (Sec. 1977)

**Fauna:** structured survey by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (Harvey *et al.* 1997) for birds (19), native mammals (1), reptiles (8) and amphibians (5). Significant bird species: category 3 (1) and category 4 (2). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Ecologia 1991)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS216), south (BS217) and west (BS481); part of proposed Greenway 50 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: one of a few areas in the PMR where the Plain and the Plateau meet through naturally vegetated areas (canopy and some bushland); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain; probably contains *Eucalyptus wandoo* Woodland from '*Eucalyptus wandoo* woodland of community 1a' which is part of the only known example of this community type on the Ridge Hill Shelf and 'therefore requires secure protection'. (Markey 1997)

### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# ADELAIDE CRESCENT BUSHLAND, HELENA VALLEY

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 216

Ownership Categories

Private, Local Government

**Map no.** 53

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III SW

Area (ha): total 14.9; bushland 14.7

# Other Names

Location 88 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Mundaring (Helena Valley)

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape, Rural Landscape Living, Public Open

Space

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

2, 500, 10660 Helena Valley Rd; 5 Adelaide Cr Crown Reserve

# SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Darling Plateau (Darling Range)/Darling Scarp

Laterite (Ql: LA1)

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Msg)

Yoganup Formation (Qpr: S12)

Ridge Hill Sandstone (Qph: SS)

# VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek

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Natural Wetland Groups

Darling Plateau Walyunga (D.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (385.6m)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 (surveyed from roadside), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Mattiske Consulting Pty Ltd 1997)

Structural Units:

Uplands: Eucalyptus wandoo Low Open Woodland to Open Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland: Hakea lissocarpha, Acacia pulchella Open Heath

Wetlands: no known information

Vegetation Condition: 70% Excellent, <25% Very Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (BS213) and east; part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain; contains Ridge Hill Sandstone, a thin (10m) sequence of shoreline sandstone and conglomerate, forming a geomorphic feature which is a reference level for global eustatic sea level correlations. Deposits are remnants of the oldest and highest shoreline feature in the Perth basin, thought to have been formed during the early Pleistocene (Lemmon et al. 1979)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning and Public Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# GOOSEBERRY HILL ROAD BUSHLAND, GOOSEBERRY HILL

Boundary Definition: protected area/vegetation complex boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 466 Map no. 59 Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III SW

System 6 (1983): Part M34 Part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), only bushland described

Other Names

Location 90 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992);

Gooseberry Hill Regional Open Space Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Kalamunda (Gooseberry Hill, Maida Vale)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Area (ha): total 26.4; bushland 21.2

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Rural, Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 1181 Gooseberry Hill Rd; 17 Lascelles Pde; 50, 12446 Watsonia Rd; 34 June Rd

Crown Reserve



SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Darling Plateau (Darling Range)/Darling Scarp

Even-grained Granite (Ae, Aes: GR)

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Mgs2)
VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3c Eucalyptus calophylla — Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek
Natural Wetland Groups
Darling Plateau
Walyunga (D.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3c)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands, creek

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992; Markey 1997 (GBHR 01-03))

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla and E. marginata Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla and E. wandoo Woodland

Wetlands: scattered Eucalyptus wandoo over mixed Herbland; Eucalyptus rudis Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Very Good, <25% Good, with areas of severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Conospermum undulatum (R), Templetonia drummondii (4)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to east (continuation of the Darling Range Regional Park (DPUD 1993)); part of a

regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain); included in Darling Range Regional Park (MfP 1995); 'The Gooseberry Hill Regional Open Space contains significant remnants of the Ridge Hill Shelf floristic communities, including *Themeda australis* under *Eucalyptus rudis* woodland and a stand of *Conospermum undulatum*. Whilst this area will be incorporated into a National Park it requires careful management to remove the threat from weeds and disturbance.' (Markey 1997)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# HAWKEVALE BUSHLAND, HIGH WYCOMBE

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 122 Map no. 53 Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III SW

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Other Names

Activ; Location 81 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992);

Submission Area 148

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Kalamunda (High Wycombe)

Ownership Categories

Private (commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 10.6; bushland 10.3

Zoning

MRS: Urban TPS: Recreation/Open Space

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

7561 Kalamunda Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (greater than Bushplan Site — DEP 1996 (Activ 01-03), Keighery, BJ,

1995c, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Open Forest to Woodland; Open Low Forest to Low Woodland dominated by Eucalyptus marginata, Banksia attenuata or B. menziesii and combinations of these; all over species-rich low

Vegetation Condition: >80% Excellent, <20 % Very Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

associated with tracks

Total Flora: 136 native taxa (Keighery, BJ, 1995c, Submission no. 83) (estimated >65% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Conospermum undulatum (R); Isopogon drummondii (3), Lambertia multiflora. var. darlingensis (3); Dasypogon obliquifolius, Hakea conchifolia, Pityrodia bartlingii, Xanthorrhoea drummondii, Blancoa canescens, Stylidium crossocephalum (southern limit, very variable species of scientific interest), Eremaea fimbriata

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 57 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: recommended to be managed as a flora conservation area (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992): Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS): contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora; under TPS Recreation/Open Space Zoning, Planning Control Area No. 38

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: The Bushplan Site be reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme and be purchased for Nature Reserve.



# RIDGE HILL ROAD BUSHLAND, GOOSEBERRY HILL

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 217

Map no. 59

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III SW

Area (ha); total 11.6; bushland 11.6

Other Names: not known

Zoning

Local Authorities (Suburb) Shire of Kalamunda (Gooseberry Hill)

MRS: Rural

TPS: Special Rural

Ownership Categories Private, State Government

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

32, 12034 John Farrant Dr; 28, 29, 30, 31, 1763 Ridge

Hill Rd; 34, 43 Summerfield Pl; 19 Farrant St

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek Natural Wetland Groups

Darling Plateau

Walyunga (D.1) Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (108m)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland; Calothamnus quadrifidus Shrubland

Wetlands: no known information

Vegetation Condition: 50% Excellent, <40% Very Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS213) and east (Darling Range Regional Park (DPUD 1993)); part of proposed Greenway 50 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

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# MAIDA VALE RESERVE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, MAIDA VALE

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 316

Map no. 59

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III SW

Area (ha): total 35.9; bushland 15.0

Other Names

Submission Area 275, part Location 90 (Keighery, BJ,

and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Kalamunda (Maida Vale)

Ownership Categories

Private, State Government, Local Government

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Rural

TPS: Landscape, Public Building, Recreation/Open

Space, Special Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

201, 202, 203 Watsonia Rd; 8558, 11341, 11583

Kalamunda Rd: 8361 Casuarina Rd

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Mgs2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Maida 01–02))

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Open Woodland; Mesomelaena pseudostygia Sedgeland

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Very Good, <25% Good, with areas of severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: 90 native taxa, 4 weeds (plot-generated list only) (estimated <60% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Conospermum undulatum (R); Haemodorum loratum (3), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3), Templetonia drummondii (4); Xanthorrhoea acanthostachya, Dasypogon obliquifolius, Pityrodia

bartlingii

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 128 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora; under TPS Landscape Zoning and Recreation/Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning



Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# POISON GULLY BUSHLAND, HIGH WYCOMBE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 45

Map no. 58, 59

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III SW, 2034 II SE

Area (ha): total 13.1; bushland 11.6

Other Names

Locations 77 and 78 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Kalamunda (High Wycombe)

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Rural, Controlled Access Highways TPS: Landscape, Urban Development, High Wycombe Light Industry, Recreation/Open Space, Rural, Special

Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Ownership Categories

Street name

(creekline lots not identified)

0 Mack Pl; 12579 Milner Rd; 10051, 10273, 10368 Littlefield Rd; 12372 Brae Rd; 10999 Dundas Rd; 0 street

not identified Crown Reserve

State Government, Local Government, Not identified

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

Foothills

Yoganup Formation (Qpr: S12)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3a Eucalyptus calophylla — Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils (most northerly with BS319 and BS481)

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Darling Plateau

Walyunga (D.1)

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (2152.2m), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3a)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated upland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997, part Bushplan Site - Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units:

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla and E. wandoo Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla, E. marginata and Allocasuarina fraseriana Open Woodland

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Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Forest Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Poor

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Conospermum undulatum (R)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south; part of proposed Greenway 59 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning and Recreation/Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# SULTANA ROAD WEST BUSHLAND, HIGH WYCOMBE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 123 Map no. 58, 59 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE, 2134-III SW

Other Names

Location 75 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Kalamunda (High Wycombe, Forrestfield)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 15.2; bushland 15.1 (part area cleared

after bushland mapping)

Zoning MRS: Rural

WIKS: Kurai

TPS: Rural, Special Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 2, 479, 498, 499 Sultana Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Footbills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, sumpland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P 2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

# DESCRIPTIONS ( S. W.)

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands, vegetated wetlands

**Vegetation and Flora:** limited survey – part Bushplan Site (DEP 1996 (Sultana plot located outside BS), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Upland: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Open Low Forest to Woodland over species-rich Mixed Closed Heath to Open Low Heath

Wetland: Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland

**Vegetation Condition:** >80% Excellent to Pristine, <20% Very Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 73 native taxa (plot-generated list only) (estimated 50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Conospermum undulatum (R); Haemodorum loratum (3), Isopogon drummondii (3), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3); Dasypogon obliquifolius, Eremaea fimbriata, Xanthorrhoea drummondii, Banksia incana, Hakea conchifolia, Pityrodia bartlingii

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent canopy/bushland to the south and unmapped bushland to south-east to bushland along the Roe Highway; part of proposed Greenway 57 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: recommended to be managed for flora conservation, with a view to purchase by CALM (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora

Constraints: private land

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). For Lot numbers 497, 498 and 499 this may include: The Bushplan Site be reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme and be purchased for Nature Reserve.

# DUNDAS ROAD BUSHLAND, FORRESTFIELD

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 319 Map no. 58 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE

System 6 (1983): Part M53 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names

Reserve C29880 Forrestfield; Submission Area 92; Location 73 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Kalamunda (Forrestfield)

Zoning

MRS: Industrial, Public Purposes-Special Uses, Public Purposes-State Energy Commission, Controlled Access Highways

TPS: Landscape, Light Industry

Area (ha): total 65.6; bushland 58.1

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

0 Tonkin Hwy; 0 Reynolds Rd; 0, 9, 20, 30, 31, 32, 121, 181 Bedford Cr; Road; 0, 43, 44 Dawson Ave; 180, 10261, 10276, 11026 Dundas Rd; 10124, 10253 Roe Hwy; 10260 Harrison Rd; 9947 Berkshire Rd

Crown Reserve

# Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (commercial organisation), Local Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)



Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

- 2 Southern wet shrublands (most northern representation, only representation in PMR, disjunct from southern representations)
- 3a Eucalyptus calophylla Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils (most northerly representation with BS45 and BS481)

# Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands

#### **WETLANDS**

Wetland Types: palusplain, artificial channel, creek (not previously described, Keighery, BJ, 1994b)

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (27.8ha) and Conservation (unknown length) (Keighery, BJ, 1994b), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3a), Endangered (floristic community types 2 and 20a)

## SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated creek, wetlands and uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (M53 02-06), Gibson et al. 1994 (M53), Keighery, BJ, 1994b, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Tingay 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, 1994b, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Open Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; scattered Eucalyptus calophylla and Nuytsia floribunda over Caustis dioica Sedgeland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Woodland; scattered Hakea trifurcata clumps over H. incrassata, Acacia pulchella and Petrophile striata Low Shrubland; Stirlingia latifolia, Daviesia physodes, Allocasuarina humilis and Verticordia densiflora Open Low Heath

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Pericalymma ellipticum, Hakea sulcata and Stirlingia latifolia Open Low Heath

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Very Good, <10% Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 223 native taxa (Keighery, BJ, 1994b) (estimated >75% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Conospermum undulatum (R), Macarthuria keigheryi (R); Schoenus pennisetis (1), Isopogon drummondii (3), Schoenus benthamii (3), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3), Conostephium minus (4); Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi (4); Actinostrobus acuminatus, Dasypogon obliquifolius, Platysace juncea, Xanthorrhoea drummondii, Hakea conchifolia, Pityrodia bartlingii, Byblis gigantea, Drosera macrantha (Swan Coastal Plain form, BJK and NG 228), Isopogon asper

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenways 57, 117, 84 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: unusual combination of a series of rare, uncommon and restricted floristic community types; recommended to be managed as a flora conservation area (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); recommended to be declared as an A-class Nature Reserve for the protection of flora and fauna in Gibson *et al.* 1994; part Bushplan Site Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates *et al.* 1995); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation



# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Industrial Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include parts for which: The Bushplan Site be reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme and be purchased for National Park, Conservation Park, Nature Reserve or Regional Park.

# PIONEER PARK BUSHLAND, FORRESTFIELD

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to zoning) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 440

Map no. 58

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE

System 6 (1983): Part M53 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known
Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Kalamunda (Forrestfield)

Ownership Categories

Local Government, State Government

Area (ha): total 52.8; bushland 11.5

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Rural, Controlled Access Highways

TPS: Landscape, Recreation/Open Space

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 11239, 12588 Dawson Ave; 10125 Roe Hwy

Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)

Bassendean Dunes
Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Open Woodland; mixed Eucalyptus marginata, Allocasuarina fraseriana Woodland; Moodland; Moodland

**Vegetation Condition:** <50% Excellent to Very Good, >50% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Conospermum undulatum (R); Isopogon drummondii (3), Olax scalariformis (3)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

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SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared

Rare Flora; under TPS Landscape Zoning and Recreation/Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# TOMAH ROAD BUSHLAND, WATTLE GROVE

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 282

Map no. 58

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE

Other Names

Area (ha): total 7.2; bushland 5.6

Submission Area 274

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Kalamunda (Wattle Grove)

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Controlled Access

Highways

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

50 Tomah Rd; 51, 52 Saint John Rd

Ownership Categories

State Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Piniarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

Wetland Types: sumpland, palusplain, creek, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (1.2ha, 113.7m), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Le Provost et al. 1987)

Structural Units: mapping (Le Provost et al. 1987)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland



Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest with emergent Eucalyptus rudis; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia and Kunzea ericifolia Low Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Tall Closed Scrub; Melaleuca viminea Tall Closed Scrub; Lepidosperma longitudinale Sedgeland

Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (inferred from

Le Provost et al. 1987 and Submission no. 170d)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 123 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates

et al. 1995); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# McDOWELL STREET BUSHLAND, WELSHPOOL

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to zoning boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 424 Map

**Map no.** 58, 63

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE, 2034-II SE

Other Names

Location 69 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)
City of Canning (Welshpool)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Industrial, Controlled Access Highways TPS: Local Park and Recreation Area, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Area (ha): total 13.5; bushland 8.1

Street name

3332, 3333 Welshpool Rd; 3330 Banksia Rd; 3331

McDowell St Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain/Spearwood Dunes

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands AND/OR

\*23aCentral Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: artificial lake, dampland (not previously described, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2)

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Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (0.3ha) Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, possibly Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland to Open Forest; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana and Acacia saligna Low Open woodland

Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Conospermum triplinervium

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (BS283)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Local Park and Recreation Area Zoning and Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRS Industrial Zoning, MRD regional roads requirements

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# QUEENS PARK BUSHLAND, QUEENS PARK

Boundary Definition: protected area/Western Australian Planning Commission owned land boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period) Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE, 2034-II SE

Map no. 58, 63 Bushplan Site no. 283

Other Names

Part Submission Area 140, 31; Location 69 (Keighery,

BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Canning (Queens Park, East Cannington)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Private

(commercial organisation)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Area (ha): total 40.7 (includes open water); bushland

14.4

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape, Local Park and Recreation Area,

Residential

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1894 Gibbs St; 0, 101, 581 Welshpool Rd; 22 Wharf St

Crown Reserve



#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3a Eucalyptus calophylla — Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands AND/OR

\*20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 1ha

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3a), possibly Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996, Hames Sharley Australia 1993), detailed survey (Tauss 1997)

Structural Units: mapping Hames Sharley Australia 1993

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland to Forest; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland to Low

Forest, Jacksonia furcellata Shrubland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland and Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: within protected area Eucalyptus rudis Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest; some scattered and clumped trees in Completely Degraded area, habitat provided by drain into artificial leve

**Vegetation Condition:** >25% Very Good to Excellent, >70% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 167 native taxa (Tauss 1997) (estimated >85% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Macarthuria keigheryi (R) (Tauss 1997)

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north across Welshpool Road (BS424); part of proposed Greenways 88, 89 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

## SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, TPS Landscape Zoning and Local Park and Recreation Area Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# NICHOLSON ROAD BUSHLAND, LANGFORD/THORNLIE

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 456

Map no. 62, 63

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE

Area (ha): total 70.2; bushland 13.3

Other Names

Area of the Tom Bateman Sporting Complex, Gosnells remnant bushland areas 33 and 34 (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Gosnells (Thornlie, Langford)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Controlled Access

Highways

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

0, 1, 2, 3, 19, 34, 36 Nicholson Rd; 1, 5, 14, 55, 102 Cameron St; 1, 3, 5, 6, 20, 21, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35

Wilfred Rd; 2, 10 Woodmore Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs, Sc)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa:S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Herb-rich shrublands in clay pans

10a Shrublands on dry clay flats

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (6.3ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Endangered (floristic community type 10a), Vulnerable (floristic community type 8)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Trudgen and Keighery 1995 (Gosn 6-11))

Structural Units: mapping (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Uplands: Low Open Woodlands to Low Closed Forests dominated by combinations of Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. illicifolia and Allocasuarina fraseriana; Eucalyptus calophylla, E. marginata and Allocasuarina fraseriana Woodland to Open Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia, Eucalyptus marginata and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and E. todtiana Low Woodland to Low Open Forest

Wetlands: Low Open Woodlands to Low Woodlands dominated by combinations of Melaleuca preissiana, Eucalyptus todtiana, Allocasuarina fraseriana, Banksia attenuata and Nuytsia floribunda; Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland to Low Open Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Woodland to Low Open Forest; Melaleuca incana, M. viminea and M. rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and M. viminea

Low Open Woodland to Open Woodland; Regelia ciliata Closed Heath to Closed Tall Scrub; Pericalymma ellipticum Closed Heath; Astartea sp. Brixton Street and Regelia ciliata Shrubland to Open Heath; Hypocalymma angustifolium and Melaleuca sp. B Low Open Heath; Evandra pauciflora Closed Sedgeland

Vegetation Condition: >60% Very Good to Excellent, <40% Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Trudgen and Keighery 1995 - Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre ms (2), Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi (4); Jacksonia gracilis; at least 10 taxa characteristic of the eastern side of the SCP

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, TPS Landscape Zoning Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# BOUGAINVILLEA AVENUE BUSHLAND, FORRESTFIELD

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 401 Map no. 58, 59

Other Names

Agriculture Protection Board

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Kalamunda (Forrestfield)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Zoning

MRS: Urban

TPS: Public Building, Recreation/Open Space

Area (ha): total 13.3; bushland 5.4

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE, 2134-III SW

Street name

11858 Bougainvillea Ave

Crown Reserve

Reserve 29815 (Use and requirements of Agricultural

Protection Board and conservation)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

CALM Managed Land

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

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Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands

#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Robinson and Mawson 1992); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (APBF 01-02))

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Open Woodland; Banksia menziesii and B. attenuata Open Forest to Woodland over Mixed Open Heath; Mixed Open Heath

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent, <10% Pristine, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 182 native taxa (Robinson and Mawson 1992) (estimated >90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Conospermum undulatum (R); Haemodorum loratum (3), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3), Isopogon drummondii (3), Dryandra pteridifolia subsp. vernalis (3) (Robinson and Mawson 1992), Olax scalariformis (3) (Robinson and Mawson 1992); Dasypogon obliquifolius, Schoenus latitans, Xanthorrhoea drummondii, Eremaea fimbriata, Hakea conchifolia, Pityrodia bartlingii, Stenanthemum humile, Banksia incana

Fauna: multiple surveys for birds (55) (Mawson & Massam 1995). Good assemblage of resident and seasonal visitors. Significant bird species: category 1 (2), category 3 (4) and category 4 (7). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/ part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora and Scheduled Fauna; under TPS Recreation/Open Space Zoning; Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# HARTFIELD PARK BUSHLAND, FORRESTFIELD

**Boundary Definition:** protected area boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 320 Map no. 58, 59, 63, 64 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE, 2034-II SE, 2133-IV NW, 2134-III SW

Other Names

Submission Area 242; Location 68 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Kalamunda (Forrestfield, Wattle Grove)

.

Area (ha): total 176.9; bushland 73.6

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Controlled Access

Highways

Zoning

TPS: Landscape



# Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government

# Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

10 Hale Rd; 50, 51, 53 Welshpool Rd; 3894 Hartfield Rd; 3894 Bruce Rd

Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

#### LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1) (Qha: Ms4)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

# VEGETATION AND FLORA

## Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

# Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

S2 Northern Pericalymma ellipticum dense low shrublands (most southern representation)

# Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands (in area of most southern representation)

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, creek, artificial channel

# Natural Wetland Groups

# Darling Plateau

Walyunga (D.1)

# Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (68.4ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined, Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Hart 01-04), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Shire of Kalamunda 1996)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Shire of Kalamunda 1996)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla and E. marginata Low Forest; Eucalyptus calophylla Low Woodland; Low Woodlands dominated by Eucalyptus marginata, Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana and combinations of these; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis and E. calophylla Low Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana Open Low Woodland; Closed to Open Low Heath dominated by Hypocalymma angustifolium, Pericalymma ellipticum, Hakea sulcata and combinations of these with scattered clumps of Actinostrobus pyramidalis and Beaufortia squarrosa; scattered clumps of Melaleuca viminea over Leptocarpus coangustatus Closed Sedgeland

**Vegetation Condition:** >75% Excellent to Very Good, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Shire of Kalamunda 1996)

Total Flora: 119 native taxa, 8 weeds (plot-generated list only) (DEP 1996)

**Significant Flora**: Conospermum undulatum (R); Isopogon drummondii (3), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3), Stachystemon axillaris (4), Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi (4); Beaufortia squarrosa, Dasypogon obliquifolius, Hakea conchifolia, Xanthorrhoea drummondii

Fauna: structured survey by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (Harvey et al. 1997) for birds (25), native mammals (1), reptiles (11) and amphibians (3). Significant bird species: category 4 (3). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)



Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (canopy across road to BS387) and west; part of proposed Greenways 115, 84, 116 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended to be managed as a flora conservation area (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); majority Bushplan Site Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates *et al.* 1995); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# WELSHPOOL ROAD BUSHLAND, WATTLE GROVE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 50

**Map no.** 64

Map sheet series ref. no. 2133-IV NW

Other Names Location 67 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Kalamunda (Wattle Grove)

Ownership Categories

Private, State Government

Zoning MRS: Rural

TPS: Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Area (ha): total 5.1; bushland 4.7

Street name

1 Welshpool Rd; 15, 2611, 2615 Schofield Rd; 707

Gavour Rd Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Mgs2)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

**Foothills** 

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands (in area of most southern representation)

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

# CANAL PROPERTY ON THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Mattiske Consulting Pty Ltd 1997)

Structural Units: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella and Nuytsia floribunda Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >65% Excellent to Very Good, <35% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Conospermum undulatum (R), Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella (2), Isopogon drummondii (3), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3); Dasypogon obliquifolius, Hakea conchifolia, Xanthorrhoea acanthostachya

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north through road reserve and canopy to the Darling Range Regional Park (DPUD 1993) and south; part of proposed Greenway 116 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora; under TPS Landscape Zoning; Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# GREATER BRIXTON STREET WETLANDS, KENWICK

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre)/management boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 387

**Map no.** 63

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE

Area (ha): total 180.9; bushland 126.7

System 6 (1983): M69 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Brixton Street Wetlands, Kenwick Swamp/Yule Brook Reserve, Submission Areas 16 and 227, Locations 62-65

(Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Kalamunda (Wattle Grove), City of Gosnells (Kenwick)

Zoning

MRS: Public Purposes-Special Uses, Parks and Recreation, Railways, Controlled Access Highways TPS: Landscape, Residential A, Residential B, Rural,

Shops and Local Business, Watercourses

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# Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Private (including Street name commercial organisation)

# Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

(Creekline lots not identified)

9, 10, 11, 48, 77, 78 Bickley Rd; 1, 12, 13, 15, 17, 19, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31 Boundary Rd; 14, 16, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 Brook Rd; 134, 135, 139, 140 Brentwood Rd; 9 Albany Hwy; 1, 35, 37, 47 Brixton St; 106 Wanaping Rd; 36, 340, 341 Welshpool Rd; 0 Tonkin Hwy; 342, 343 street not identified

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

#### LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs, Sc)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

#### Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

#### Floristic Community Types

# Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

3a Eucalyptus calophylla — Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils

# Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- Herb-rich saline shrublands in clay pans
- Herb-rich shrublands in clay pans

10a Shrublands on dry clay flats (most northern representation, except for outlier at Lake Pinjar)

# Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

# WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, palusplain, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (155.9ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3a), Endangered (floristic community type 10a), Vulnerable (floristic community types 7, 8)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland (including claypans), creek (Yule Brook), vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996, Gibson et al. 1994 (Brix 01-05, Yule 0-05), part Bushplan Site — Hames Sharley Australia 1991a, Mattiske and Assoc. 1992); detailed survey (part Bushplan Site — Goble-Garratt 1991, Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1991, Keighery, GJ, 1993a, Keighery, BJ, and Keighery 1995, Keighery, BJ, 1995b, Keighery, BJ, 1995d, Speck and Baird 1984)

Structural Units: mapping (Goble-Garratt 1991, Hames Sharley 1991a, Mattiske and Assoc. 1992, Speck and Baird 1984)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Forest to Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Viminaria juncea Tall Shrubland; Melaleuca Tall Shrublands to Closed Tall Scrub dominated by Melaleuca viminea, Melaleuca rhaphiophylla, M. uncinata, M. cuticularis and



combinations of these; Actinostrobus pyramidalis Closed Tall Scrub to Shrubland; Closed Heaths to Shrublands dominated by Regelia ciliata, Kunzea recurva, Melaleuca lateritia, Pericalymma ellipticum and Astartea sp. Brixton; Verticordia species and Calytrix breviseta subsp. breviseta Low Open Heath; mixed Open Low Heaths to Shrublands; Halosarcia indica Low Shrubland; Herblands dominated by Borya species, Tribonanthes species, Stylidium species and others in combination; Sedgelands dominated by Leptocarpus canus, L. aristatus, L. coangustatus, Restio tremulus, Cyathochaeta avenacea, Lepidosperma rostratum and combinations of these; Amphibromus neesii Grassland

Scattered Native Plants: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland; Melaleuca viminea and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Closed Tall Scrub - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Very Good, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: >518 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, 1993a) (estimated >80% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Eleocharis keigheryi (R), Andersonia gracilis (R), Calytrix breviseta subsp. breviseta (R), Diuris purdiei (R), Lepidosperma rostratum (R), Hydatella dioica (R), Acacia lasiocarpa var. bracteolata (1), Schoenus pennisetis (1), Comesperma rhadinocarpum (2), Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre ms (2), Baeckea tenuifolia (3), Chamaescilla sp Ellen Brook (GJK 12501) (3), Stylidium mimeticum (3), Rhodanthe pyrethrum (3), Haemodorum loratum (3), Triglochin stowardii (2), Schoenus capillifolius (2), Schoenus benthamii (3), Schoenus sp Waroona (GJK 12235) (3), Synaphea acutiloba (3), Trichocline sp. Treeton (BJK and NG 564) (3), Anthotium junciforme (4), Aponogeton hexatepalus (4), Grevillea thelemanniana (4), Hydrocotyle lemnoides (4), Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi (4), Villarsia submersa (4); Pimelea imbricata var. major, Stylidium roseo-alatum; at least 80 significant taxa are found on the Bushplan Site of which 30 are restricted in their natural distribution, 16 are endemic to the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain, 45 are normally associated with the Darling Scarp or Plateau and 15 are at the southern or northern limit of their ranges

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science for birds (41) (Dell 1995), native mammals (1), reptiles (19) and amphibians (5) (How and Dell 1994). Significant bird species: category 3 (1) and category 4 (4). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D). Significant reptile species: Rosenberg's Goanna (Varanus rosenbergi), Gould's Goanna (V. gouldii), legless lizard (Pletholax gracilis) and a dragon (Tympanocryptis adelaidensis)

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy to the east (across Welshpool Road to Hartfield Park) and west; part of proposed Greenways 84, 116, 120 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Outstanding flora diversity with at least 518 native taxa (a third of the taxa recorded for the Swan Coastal Plain); nominated for Register of the National Estate; recommended to be managed as a flora gonservation area (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); recommended to be designated as the Yule Brook Nature Reserve (Conservation Council of WA 1994); an area of long-term research studies and a reference area for identification of flora of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain; Planning Control Area (WAPC/142 24–9–1996); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); majority Bushplan Site Category One and Two Areas Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Interim List of the Register of the National Estate

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Planning Control Area No. 35

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the University of Western Australia-managed reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body. The remainder of the Bushplan Site to be reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme and be purchased for National Park, Conservation Park, Nature Reserve or Regional Park.



# KENWICK ROAD BUSHLAND, KENWICK

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to zoning) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 422

Map no. 63

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 1.1; bushland 0.8 Zoning

Local Authorities (Suburb) City of Gosnells (Kenwick)

MRS: Urban

TPS: Civic and Cultural, Parks and Recreation,

Residential A

Ownership Categories

Local Government

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 7, 51 Kenwick Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*7 Herb-rich saline shrublands in clay pans

\*8 Herb-rich shrublands in clay pans

Wetland Types: sumpland (includes types not previously described, DEP 1998)

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (DEP 1998)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Vulnerable (floristic community types 7, 8)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora

Structural Units: limited survey (DEP 1998)

Wetlands: Viminaria juncea Tall Shrubland; Verticordia densiflora Low Open Heath; Sedgelands dominated by

Leptocarpus canus, L. aristatus, L. coangustatus and Eleocharis keigheryi

Vegetation Condition: >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Eleocharis keigheryi (R), Aponogeton hexatepalus (4)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the west (cleared 1997)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed



#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation.

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under TPS Parks and Recreation Zoning

Constraints: under MRS Urban zoning

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# WHITE ROAD BUSHLAND, ORANGE GROVE

**Boundary Definition:** bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 51

Map no. 64

Map sheet series ref. no. 2133-IV NW

Area (ha): total 7.8; bushland 4.3

Other Names

Location 59 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); part Gosnells remnant bushland area 59 (Trudgen and Keighery

1995)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Gosnells (Orange Grove)

Ownership Categories

Private

Zoning

MRS: Rural TPS: Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

27, 28, 29, 30 White Rd

# SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Yoganup Formation (Qpr: S12)

# VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands (most southern representation)

## WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997, Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland over species-rich Open Heath

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Very Good

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Conospermum undulatum (R), Isopogon drummondii (3), Lambertia multiflora var.

darlingensis (3)

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# DESCRIPTIONS (SALIDIA)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (worthy of protection) and east; part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# CLIFFORD STREET BUSHLAND, MADDINGTON

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 53

Map no. 64

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE, 2133-IV NW

Other Names

Location 60 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Gosnells (Maddington)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Controlled Access Highways

Area (ha): total 8.26; bushland 7.74

TPS: Landscape, Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

108, 109, 110, 4069 Clifford St

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3b Eucalyptus calophylla — E. marginata woodlands on sandy clay soils

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*20b Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (2.2ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

5



# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Endangered (floristic community type 20b), Vulnerable (floristic community type 3b)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992; Mattiske Consulting Pty Ltd 1997)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Mixed Open

Shrubland; Eucalyptus calophylla and Eucalyptus wandoo Woodland

Wetlands: Mixed Open Shrubland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >60% Excellent to Very Good, <40% Good to Degraded, with severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Conospermum undulatum (R), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates

et al. 1995); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared

Rare Flora, conservation category wetland; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# MARY CARROLL PARK AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, GOSNELLS

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 124 Map no. 69, 70 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE. 2133-IV NW

System 6 (1983): M76 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names

Location 51 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); Gosnells

remnant bushland area 28 (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Gosnells (Gosnells)

Ownership Categories

Local Government, Private (commercial organisation)

Zoning MRS: Urban

TPS: Landscape, Residential A, Residential B, Parks and

Area (ha): total 21.4 (includes open water); bushland

Recreation, Public Purposes

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

91 Barcombe Wy; 108, 2460 Eudoria St; 2499, 3933 May St; 3188 Verna St; 2096 Clara St; 3, 2899, 3934 Percy St; 23 Coulston Way; 418 street not identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

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Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*12 Melaleuca teretifolia and/or Astartea aff. fascicularis shrublands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2) Bennet Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (13.5ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetlands, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Trudgen and

Keighery 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990)

Uplands: Banksia menziesii and B. attenuata Low Open Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Open Forest to Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Closed Forest to Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla and Melaleuca preissiana Woodland; M. teretifolia Closed Scrub to High Open Shrubland; Baumea articulata Sedgeland

Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 2 visits, and others for birds (46). Important feeding area for large assemblage of waterbirds including Blue-billed, Musk and Hardhead Ducks. Significant bird species: category 3 (5) and category 4 (2)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: 'Wetland of special note' (Payne 1993b), Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Parks and Recreation Zoning and Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

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# CONNELL AVENUE BUSHLAND, KELMSCOTT

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 61

Map no. 70

Map sheet series ref. no. 2133-IV NW

Area (ha): total 20.4; bushland 19.9

Other Names

Submission Area 243 and 273; Location 48 (Keighery,

BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb) City of Armadale (Kelmscott)

Ownership Categories State Government

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

290 Connell Ave: 290 Turner Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Oc: Csg) Yoganup Formation (Opr: S12)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain Swan Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred (wetland unit unable to be inferred)

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*S8 Eucalyptus wandoo woodlands (Scarp)

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*20b Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland (includes wetlands not previously described, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined, Endangered (floristic community type 20b)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands, vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata and Allocasuarina fraseriana Woodland; Eucalyptus wandoo Low Open Woodland; Jacksonia sternbergiana Open Scrub

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland over Melaleuca preissiana Open Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla High Open Shrubland

Vegetation Condition: >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25 % Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella (2)

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland east to the Darling Range Regional Park (DPUD 1993) and west, bushland/canopy to the Canning River (BS246); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: One of a few areas in the PMR where the Plain and the Darling Scarp and Plateau meet through naturally vegetated areas; recommended to be managed as a flora conservation area (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); included in Darling Range

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Regional Park (MfP 1995); Category Two Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological systems or natural processes, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This Bushplan Site is reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme — it should be made a Crown Reserve with a conservation purpose.

# BOB BLACKBURN RESERVE BUSHLAND, ARMADALE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE, 2133-IV SW Bushplan Site no. 62 Map no. 76, 77

Area (ha): total 5.2; bushland 5.1 Other Names

Submission Area 166; Location 41 (Keighery, BJ, and

Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Armadale (Armadale)

Ownership Categories

Local Government, State Government

Zoning MRS: Urban

TPS: Residential, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

3560 Williams Rd; 32 Champion Dr; 3560 Challis Rd

Crown Reserve

# SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

# VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or Eucalyptus marginata woodlands \*20b

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Endangered (floristic community type 20b)



SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla, E. marginata and Banksia attenuata Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25% Good, with areas of severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (S. Wallace pers. com.)
Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: part Bushplan Site Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; under TPS

Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# LAMBERT LANE BUSHLAND, WUNGONG

**Boundary Definition:** bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland group boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 264

Map no. 77

Map sheet series ref. no. 2133-IV SW

Area (ha): total 15.1; bushland 8.3

Other Names

Submission Area 269; Location 5 (Keighery, BJ, and

Trudgen 1994)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Armadale (Armadale, Brookdale)

Zoning

MRS: Rural TPS: Landscape, Parks and Recreation, Public Purposes,

Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

106 Stone St; 49, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93,

94, 95, 96, 97 Wilson St; 98 Lambert L

Crown Reserve

Ownership Categories Local Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg)

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#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

3a Eucalyptus calophylla - Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain Kevsbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (11.8ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3a)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated upland, vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Lamb 01-02), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Upland: Eucalyptus calophylla and E. lanepoolei Low Open Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla and E. lanepoolei

Low Open Woodland; mixed Open Low Heath

Wetlands: no known information

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Very Good, <10% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance

Total Flora: 107 native taxa (plot-generated list only)

Significant Flora: Synaphea acutiloba (3); Lomandra spartea, Eucalyptus lane-poolei

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenways 12, 144 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); recommended to be managed as a flora conservation area (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain; part Bushplan Site Category One Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance. General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation,

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning and Parks and Recreation Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (shale)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# OSCAR BRUNS RESERVE, BYFORD

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to zoning) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)



#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 449

Map no. 84

Other Names

Location 2 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Darling Downs)

Ownership Categories

Not identified

Map sheet series ref. no. 2133-IV SW

Area (ha): total 1.3; bushland 1.3 (based on boundary

being determined to match bushland)

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Other Major Highways TPS: Landscape, Public Open Space

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

61 South Western Hwy

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3c Eucalyptus calophylla — Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands

\*S8 Eucalyptus wandoo woodlands (Scarp)

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined, Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3c)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla and E. wandoo Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >50% Very Good to Good, <50% Degraded to Good, with areas of severe localised

disturbance associated with past mining activity

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3); at least six taxa associated with the Darling

Scarp and eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A,

Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP, Swan and Canning

Rivers EPP; under TPS Landscape Zoning and Public Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (shale)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).



# ABERNETHY ROAD BUSHLAND, OAKFORD

Boundary Definition: management boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 65

Map no. 83

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE

Other Names

Area (ha): total 28.7; bushland 11.8

Submission Area 282; Location 8 (Keighery, BJ, and

Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Oakford)

Zoning MRS: Rural

TPS: Special Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

0, 2 Abernethy Rd

Ownership Categories

Private

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa: S10)

Lagoonal and estuarine Deposits (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Lagoonal deposits in Bassendean dunes (Qpw: S9)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Beermullah Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3a Eucalyptus calophylla -- Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*8 Herb-rich shrublands in clay pans

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Multiple Use, also Conservation and Resource Enhancement (DEP 1998)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3a), Vulnerable (floristic community type 8)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996, DEP 1998, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Forest to Woodland

Wetlands: Actinostrobus pyramidalis and Melaleuca Tall Shrublands to Tall Open Scrub dominated by Melaleuca viminea, Melaleuca lateriflora, Melaleuca uncinata, Melaleuca lateritia and combinations of these; Closed to Open Heath dominated by Kunzea recurva, Regelia ciliata and Pericalymma ellipticum; Open Low Heath to Low Shrubland dominated by Verticordia plumosa var. pleiobotrya or Baeckea tenuifolia; Herblands dominated by Borya species, Tribonanthes species, Stylidium species and others in combination; Sedgelands dominated by Leptocarpus aristatus, L. canus and L. coangustatus or combinations of these; Lepidosperma longitudinale Sedgeland; Baumea juncea Sedgeland



Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Forest to Woodland, Casuarina obesa Low Open Woodland — regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: >50% Good, <50 % Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Verticordia plumosa var. pleiobotrya (R), Eryngium subdecumbens ms (1), Baeckea tenuifolia (3)

Fauna: no known information Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Declared Rare Flora

Constraints: private land

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# BYFORD TO SERPENTINE RAIL/ROAD RESERVES AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND

Boundary Definition: management boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 350, 365, Map no. 83, 84, 90, 96 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE, 2033-II

375

Other Names

Bushplan Site includes Bella Cumming Reserve, Paul

Robinson Park and Lambkin Reserve

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Byford, Mundijong,

Serpentine)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), Commonwealth Government, Local Government, State

Government, Not identified

**CALM Managed Land** 

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs) (Qha: Msc1) Alluvial/Colluvial Deposits (Qpo: FS1) Zoning

MRS: Urban, Rural, Parks and Recreation, Railways, Other Major Highways, Urban Deferred, Controlled

Area (ha): total 169.6; bushland 33.1

Access Highways

NE, 2133-IV SW

**TPS:** Residential, Landscape, Commercial, Rural, Special Rural, Public Open Space, Public And

Community Purposes

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

106 Soldiers Rd; 0, 37, 38, 41, 103 South Western Hwy; 7 Richardson St; 122 Tonkin St; 778 Hall Rd; Crown;

1839 street not identified

Crown Reserve

Reserve 32352 (Preservation of Flora)

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#### Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa: S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Spc)

# VEGETATION AND FLORA

# Vegetation Complexes

# Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

# Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Beermullah Complex (unmapped bushland, most southern occurrence)

# Floristic Community Types \*not sampled, types inferred

# Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

- \*3a Eucalyptus calophylla Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils
- \*3b Eucalyptus calophylla E. marginata woodlands on sandy clay soils
- \*3c Eucalyptus calophylla Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands

# Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- \*2 Southern wet shrublands
- \*8 Herb-rich shrublands in clay pans
- \*9 Dense shrublands on clay flats
- \*10a Shrublands on dry clay flats

# Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*20b Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

Wetland Types: dampland, palusplain, creek, artificial channel

# Natural Wetland Groups

### Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

# Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

# Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Goegrup (R.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (65.3ha, 64.8m), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use, not assessed

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

# THREATENED COMMUNITIES

Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3a, 3c), Endangered (floristic community type 2, 10a, 20b), Vulnerable (floristic community type 3b, 8, 9)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL (Bushplan Site described in parts)

Soldiers Road (BS350, BS365 - road and rail reserve from Byford to Serpentine)

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site — Byford to Mundijong, Keighery, BJ, 1996c)

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — Byford to Mundijong, Keighery, BJ, 1996c)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Forest to Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella, E. calophylla and E. lanepoolei Low Forest to Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella, Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Forest to Woodland; Pericalymma ellipticum Open Heath; mixed Open Heath; Viminaria juncea Tall Shrubland; Melaleuca viminea, Melaleuca lateriflora and Viminaria juncea Open Scrub

Scattered Native Plants: areas of canopy only or few scattered native plants - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: >50% Excellent to Very Good, <50% Good to Completely Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (mapped in Keighery, BJ, 1996c from Byford to Mundijong)

Total Flora: 144 native taxa (Keighery, BJ, 1996c) (estimated >60% expected flora based on Byford to Mundijong area)



Significant Flora: Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre (2), Anthotium junciforme (4), Drosera occidentalis (4), Aristida ramosa (1), Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella (2)

Bella Cumming Reserve (part BS350 in Mundijong Townsite)

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, BJ, 1996c); limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, 1996c)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata, Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. grandis and Allocasuarina fraseriana

Woodland to Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: Excellent to Very Good (Keighery, BJ, 1996c)

Total Flora: 102 native taxa (Keighery, BJ, 1996c) (estimated 85% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

# Lambkin Reserve and bushland in Paul Robinson Park/Serpentine Golf Course (BS375)

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1996); limited survey (DEP 1996 (xLamb 01), DEP 1998)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1996)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella and E. calophylla Woodland

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest; Kunzea recurva and Pericalymma ellipticum Open to Closed Low Heath: Herbland; Sedgeland

Vegetation Condition: >60% Very Good to Excellent, <40% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 136 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1996) (>85% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Tetraria australiensis (R), Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella (2), Lomandra sonderi Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east (BS361, BS354, BS362 and BS371) and west (BS321, BS352 and BS371); part of proposed Greenways 120, 81, 82, 92 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); BS350 and BS365 are part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Soldiers Road recognised as an important flora road by the Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale 1992, Keighery, BJ, 1996c); contains a north—south transect of plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Public Open Space Zoning and Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning and Urban Deferred Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (shale and clay)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# BRICKWOOD RESERVE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, BYFORD

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 321 Map no. 83, 84 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE, 2133-IV SW

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Other Names

Location 10 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992) Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Byford)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), Not identified

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

3a Eucalyptus calophylla — Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetland

Dense shrublands on clay flats (most northerly representation)

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20b Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (17.7ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3a), Endangered (floristic community type 20b)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site - Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993a); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Brick 01-08), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993a, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla and E. marginata Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland; Melaleuca viminea, M. lateriflora and Viminaria juncea Scrub; Pericalymma ellipticum Closed Low Heath; mixed Herbland; Leptocarpus coangustatus and Lepidosperma longitudinale Sedgeland

Vegetation Condition: >80% Excellent to Very Good, <20% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 309 native taxa, 24 weeds (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993a) (estimated >90% expected flora) Significant Flora: Schoenus pennisetis (1), Trichocline sp. Treeton (BJK & NG 561) (2), Stylidium mimeticum (3), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3), Drosera occidentalis (4), Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi (4); Isopogon asper, Stylidium utricularioides, Johnsonia sp. (GJK 5249) (one of three known populations), Eucalyptus lane-poolei (one of the few patches on the Swan Coastal Plain), Jacksonia gracilis

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban

TPS: Landscape, Rural, Public Open Space, Public and

Community Purposes

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

104 Soldiers Rd; 48, 104, 106, 107, 108 Turner Rd

Crown Reserve 17490 (Recreation)

# DESCRIPTIONS (SECTION)

Fauna: multiple and structured survey by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (Harvey et al. 1997) for birds (28), native mammals (2), reptiles (12) and amphibians (5). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (1), category 4 (4) including the Painted Button-quail. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D and Harvey et al. 1997)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east (BS350); part of proposed Greenway 92 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); recommended to be managed as a flora conservation area (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel Inlet-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Public Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site to be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# CARDUP BROOK BUSHLAND, CARDUP/PEEL ESTATE

**Boundary Definition:** BS66 - bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary; BS271 - bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary; BS351 - management boundary

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 66, 271, 351 Map no. 83, 84 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE, 2133-IV SW

# Other Names

Location 7 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

# Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Byford, Cardup)

MRS: Urban, Urban Deferred, Rural, Controlled Access

Highways

Zoning

TPS: Rural, Special Rural, Special Use, Public Open

Space, Drainage Purposes, Landscape

Area (ha): total 50.0; bushland 42.0

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

# Street name

(Creekline lots not identified)

236 Orton Rd; 7 Orton Rd; 8 Leaver Wy; 0, 1, 2, 3, 345,

521 South Western Hwy; 0, 1 Nettleton Rd; 0, 10, 50,

521 street not identified

Crown Reserve

# Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State

Government, Commonwealth Government, Not identified

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg)

Yoganup Formation (Qpr: S12)

Armadale Shale (Pa: SH)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs) (Qha: Msc1)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

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# DESCRIPTIONS (SAND)

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

#### **VEGETATION AND FLORA**

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain

**Guildford Complex** 

Beermullah Complex

Floristic Community Types \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3b Eucalyptus calophylla — E. marginata woodlands on sandy clay soils

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*20b Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

\*21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (13.2ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use, not assessed

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Endangered (floristic community type 20b), Vulnerable (floristic community type 3b)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

#### **BS271**

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, Tingay, Alan & Assoc. 1998)

Structural Units: mapping (Tingay, Alan & Assoc. 1998)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla and E. marginata subsp. elegantella Woodlands; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland

Wetlands: Woodlands dominated by Eucalyptus rudis, E. calophylla and E. wandoo

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis, E. calophylla and/or E. wandoo Woodland - included at the subdivision stage as buffer for creekline bushland

**Vegetation Condition:** >20% Excellent to Very Good, <70% Very Good to Good, with Degraded patches and areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 155 native taxa, 7 weeds (DEP 1998, Tingay, Alan & Assoc. 1998)

Significant Flora: DEP 1998 — Aristida ramosa (1), Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella (2); at least 17 taxa representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain found in the Site

Linkage: part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### **BS351**

Landscape Features: creek

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus calophylla and E. marginata Open Woodland - part of a regionally

significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage

#### **BS66**

Landscape Features: creek

Vegetation and Flora: not known

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenways 129, 92 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed



#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Public Open Space Zoning and Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning and Urban Deferred Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (shale), mining tenements 29/248/1, 29/248/2, 29/698/2 (Bristile)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# CARDUP NATURE RESERVE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND CARDUP

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 352

Map no. 83, 90

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE, 2033-II NE

System 6 (1983): M83 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Reserve C2457 Mundijong; Location 11 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Cardup)

Ownership Categories

Private, State Government

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural TPS: Rural, Special Rural, Landscape

Area (ha): total 89.7; bushland 86.2

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

701, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708 Bushlark Cl; 17, 146,

154 Cardup Siding Rd; 1 Soldiers Rd

Crown Reserve

Reserve 2457 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

3b Eucalyptus calophylla — E. marginata woodlands on sandy clay soils

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

6 Weed dominated wetlands on heavy soils

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20b Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands



#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, creek, sumpland (wetland not previously described, Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993a)

#### Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Multiple Use, Conservation (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993a), not

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Endangered (floristic community type 20b), Vulnerable (floristic community type 3b)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated upland, vegetated wetland, creek

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site (Cardup Nature Reserve), Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993a); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Card 01-13), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993a, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Woodlands dominated by Eucalyptus calophylla and/or E. marginata; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and B. grandis Woodland to Open Forest with scattered to co-dominant Xylomelum occidentale and Nuytsia floribunda; Allocasuarina humilis, Hakea ruscifolia, Hibbertia hypericoides Low Shrubland

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Low Woodland; Mesomelaena tetragona and Hypolaena exsulca Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Very Good, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 253 native taxa, 47 weeds (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993b) (estimated >90% expected flora) Significant Flora: Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre ms (2), Lambertia multiflora var. darlingensis (3), Drosera macrantha (BJK and NG 228), Johnsonia aff. pubescens (GJK 5249), Johnsonia sp. (GJK 5249) (southern limit of distribution, known from only two other bushland areas), Dasypogon obliquifolius (most southern record), Dasypogon obliquifolius, D. bromeliifolius (co-occurrence of these two Dasypogon species is not common on the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain)

Fauna: multiple and structured survey by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (Harvey et al. 1997) for birds (37), native mammals (1), reptiles (14) and amphibians (4). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (6) and category 4 (6). Significant mammal species: Quenda

Linkage: adjacent canopy to the north and bushland east (BS350); part of proposed Greenways 129, 120 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A,

Other Special Attributes: Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain; National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: private land

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserve 2457 is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).



# NORMAN ROAD BUSHLAND, WHITBY/CARDUP

Boundary Definition: BS354 - management boundary; BS361 - bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 354, 361 Map no. 90, 91 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NE, 2133-III NW

Other Names

Submission Area 187; Locations 16, 17 and 18

(Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Whitby, Cardup)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation)

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Urban Deferred, Parks and Recreation,

Other Major Highways

TPS: Landscape, Special Use, Rural

Area (ha): total 248.8; bushland 113.6

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

29, 60 Robertson Rd; 22 Perrett Rd; 23 South Western

Hwy; 21 Norman Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: FS1, Cs)

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg) Yoganup Formation (Qpr: S12)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

1a Eucalyptus haematoxylon — E. marginata woodlands on Whicher foothills (most northern occurrence, disjunct)

3b Eucalyptus calophylla — E. marginata woodlands on sandy clay soils

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20b Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, creek, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Darling Plateau

Little Dardanup (D.2)

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (0.1ha), Multiple Use and Conservation (length unknown,

DEP 1996), not assessed

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Endangered (floristic community type 20b), Vulnerable (floristic community type 3b)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

BS354

Landscape Features: vegetated upland, vegetated creek

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Norm 01-07), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

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Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Forest to Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella Open Forest to open Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland; Eucalyptus lanepoolei and E. marginata Open Forest

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Forest to Woodland (occasional Eucalyptus rudis)

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Very Good. <10% Good

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus calophylla and E. lanepoolei Open Forest to Woodland - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Total Flora: 155 native taxa, 18 exotic taxa (plot-generated list only)

Significant Flora: Drakaea elastica (R), Tetraria australiensis (R), Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella (2), Lambertia multiflora vat. darlingensis (3); Xanthorrhoea acanthostachya, Patersonia babianoides, Dryandra kippistiana, Eucalyptus lanepoolei, Lomandra spartea, Trichocline spathulata

Fauna: multiple and structured survey by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (Harvey et al. 1997) for birds (20), native mammals (3), reptiles (11) and amphibians (4). Significant birds Scarlet Robin, Weebill, Yellowrumped and Western Thornbills and Splendid Fairy-wren. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (4) and category 4 (1). Significant mammal species: Pygmy Possum and Mardo

#### BS361

Landscape Features: vegetated upland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996)

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus calophylla and E. lanepoolei Open Forest to Woodland over scattered native shrubs and herbs - regionally significant vegetation

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy along BS350 Byford to Serpentine Rail/Road Reserve, east along creek line to Darling Range Regional Park (DPUD 1993); part of proposed Greenways 92, 120 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: part BS354 Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

## Opportunities and/or constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of Declared Rare Flora and Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Deferred Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (shale), Titanium mineralisation subject to Exploration licence E70/323 (Westralian Sands Ltd)

Recommendation: Part of this Bushplan Site is already reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme and should be set aside as a Conservation Park or Nature Reserve. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# JACKSON ROAD BUSHLAND, PEEL ESTATE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/wetland (Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 68

Map no. 89

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NE

Other Names

Locations 13 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Oldbury)

**Area** (ha): total 24.7 (possibly includes open water);

bushland 19.3

Zoning

MRS: Rural

TPS: Rural, Drainage Purposes, Landscape



Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation)

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

1, 11, 70, 71 Jackson Rd; 1, 2 Bird Rd; 54, 57 King Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: CS, Sc)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Spc)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Serpentine River Complex (most northern occurrence)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - Central and South

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, palusplain, sumpland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 13.9 + 1.4 = 15.3 ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: possibly includes open water, vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997)

Structural Units

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Open Forest Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Degraded

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south and west; part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland

linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP, Swan Coastal Plain

Lakes EPP; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

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**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# ROMAN ROAD BUSHLAND, WHITBY

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 362

Map no. 90

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NE

Area (ha): total 10.5; bushland 8.4

Other Names

Location 20 (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992), part

Submission Area 180

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Mundijong)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), Not

identified

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Urban Deferred TPS: Landscape, Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 2 Roman Rd; 548 Galvin Rd; 1 Keirnan St; 10 street

not identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: CS)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3a Eucalyptus calophylla — Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils

\*3c Eucalyptus calophylla — Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*20b Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (2.7ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3a, 3c), Endangered (floristic community type 20b)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Forest to Woodland; Banksia species Low Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Forest to Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >90% Very Good to Good, <25% Degraded

Total Flora: not known



Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north and west (BS350); part of proposed Greenway 120 (Tingay, Alan &

Associates 1997a), part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not Listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetland; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning and Urban Deferred Zoning

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# MUNDIJONG AND WATKINS ROADS BUSHLAND, MUNDIJONG/PEEL ESTATE

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre)/management boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 360 Map no. 89, 90, 91 Map sheet series in

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NE, 2133-III NW Area (ha): total 150.1; bushland 73.8 (some not

Submission Area 281, Location 21 and 22 (Keighery, BJ, mapped)

and Trudgen 1992), Watkins Rd Reserve

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Mundijong, Mardella,

Oldbury)

Other Names

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Urban, Urban Deferred, Parks and Recreation, Railways, Controlled Access Highways, Controlled Access Highway-Subject to Review, Other

Major Highways

TPS: Farmlet, Landscape, Rural, Public Open Space,

Local Roads, Public Purposes

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

42, 43, 101 Duckpond Rd; 1, 1724, 2145 Mundijong Rd; 61, 139, 199, 200, 408, 410 South Western Hwy; 410 Watkins Rd; 139 Galvin Rd; 46 Adams St; 217 Cockram

St; 144, 1724, 55 street not identified

Crown Reserve

Reserve 23012 (Conservation of Flora)

# Ownership Categories

Private, State Government, Commonwealth Government, Not identified

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg)

Yoganup Formation (Qpr: S12) Armadale Shale (Pa: SH)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: CS, C2) (Qha: Msc1)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

# DESCRIPTIONS (SELI)

#### **VEGETATION AND FLORA**

# Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types \*not sampled, types inferred

# Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

- 3a Eucalyptus calophylla Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils (Mundijong Rd)
- 3c Eucalyptus calophylla Xanthorrhoea preissii woodlands and shrublands (Mundijong Rd)
- \*S8 Eucalyptus wandoo woodlands (Scarp) (Watkins Rd)

# Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- \*2 Southern wet shrublands (Watkins Rd)
- 8 Herb-rich shrublands in clay pans (Mundijong Rd)
- 9 Dense shrublands on clay flats (Mundijong Rd)
- \*10aShrublands on dry clay flats (Watkins Rd)

# Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*20b Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or Eucalyptus marginata woodlands (Watkins Rd)

#### WETLANDS

December 1998

Wetland Types: palusplain, artificial channel, creek, sumpland

Natural Wetland Groups

Darling Plateau

Little Dardanup (D.2)

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (49.7ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 2.5ha

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined, Critically Endangered (floristic community types 2, 3a, 3c, 10a, 20b), Vulnerable (floristic community types 8, 9)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL (described in two parts)

Mundijong Road (from intersection Duckpond and Mundijong Roads, east to Watkins Road)

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Duck 0-03, Mud 02-09), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992, Keighery, GJ, et al. 1995, Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale 1992); detailed survey (Keighery, BJ, 1996c, Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997a)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, 1996c, Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997a)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Forest to Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Forest to Woodland; Casuarina obesa Forest to Woodland; Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Woodland to Forest; Melaleuca Open Heath to Shrubland dominated by Melaleuca viminea, Melaleuca uncinata, M. lateriflora and combinations of these; Actinostrobus pyramidalis Closed Tall Scrub to Shrubland; Viminaria juncea High Shrubland; Melaleuca viminea Tall Shrubland; Pericalymma ellipticum Heath; Regelia ciliata Heath; mixed Low Open Heath; Herblands dominated by Borya species, Tribonanthes species, Stylidium species and others in combination; Sedgelands dominated by Leptocarpus canus, L. aristatus, L. coangustatus, Cyathochaeta avenacea, Chorizandra enodis and combinations of these; Themeda triandra Grassland

Scattered Native Plants: scattered areas of Woodland to Forest dominated by Eucalyptus calophylla, Casuarina obesa and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest to Woodland

**Vegetation Condition:** >50% Excellent to Very Good, <50% Good to Completely Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Keighery, BJ, 1996c, Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997)

Total Flora: 253 native taxa (Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997a) (estimated 90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Verticordia plumosa var. pleiobotrya (R, only known from the Mundijong area), Tetraria australiensis (R), Acacia lasiocarpa. var. bracteolata (1), Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre (2), Myriophyllum echinatum (3), Stylidium mimeticum (3), Stylidium longitubum (3), Baeckea tenuifolia (3), Anthotium junciforme (4), Aponogeton hexatepalus (4); Angianthus drummondii — preissianus — micropodioides Group, Podolepis gracilis (Swamp form), Pogonolepis stricta 'long bract form', Drosera micrantha subsp. micrantha (Swan Coastal Plain form), Themeda triandra (normally occurring in Wandoo



Woodland, here occurring in Marri Woodland), Leptocarpus aff. crebriculmis (BJK and NG 236), Kennedia stirlingii (most western record), Trichocline spathulata; including 74 taxa that are characteristic of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain, at least 12 taxa that are endemic to the eastern side of the Plain

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS350), south (BS365) and east; part of proposed Greenways 82, 1020, 129, 120 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: identified since the early 1990s in a series of reports as being a regionally significant roadside remnant (Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale 1992; Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992; Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1992; Keighery, GJ, et al. 1995; Keighery, BJ, 1996c; Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997b); part Bushplan Site Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

Watkins Road Nature Reserve and bushland to east and north (corner South West Highway and Watkins Road)

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated upland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Low Open Woodland; Eucalyptus wandoo Woodland; Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata and B. grandis Low Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata Low Woodland

Wetlands: scattered Melaleuca preissiana in Viminaria juncea and Hakea trifurcata Tall Shrubland to Tall Open Shrubland; Pericalymma ellipticum Closed Heath; Melaleuca Low Woodland; Lepidosperma longitudinale Sedgeland

**Vegetation Condition:** >50% Excellent to Good, <50% Good to Completely Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Tetraria australiensis (R)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: fragmented bushland/canopy linkage to east (Darling Range Regional Park (DPUD 1993))

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning and Public Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning and Urban Deferred Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (clay and shale), Titanium mineralisation subject to Exploration licence E70/323 (Westralian Sands Ltd)

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserve 23012 is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# TRANSIT ROAD BUSHLAND, JARRAHDALE

**Boundary Definition:** bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 71 Other Names: not known Map no. 97

Map sheet series ref. no. 2133-III NW

Area (ha): total 3.2; bushland 3.1

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# DESCRIPTIONS ( SOUTH OF THE SERVICE OF THE SERVICE

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Mardella)

Ownership Categories

Private

Zoning MRS: Rural

TPS: Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

99 South Western Hwy

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg) Yoganup Formation (Qpr: S12)

VEGETATION AND FLORA Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3b Eucalyptus calophylla — E. marginata woodlands on sandy clay soils

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Vulnerable (floristic community type 3b)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands Vegetation and Flora: not known

Structural Units: limited survey (Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla, Allocasuarina fraseriana, Banksia grandis and Eucalyptus marginata Woodland

Vegetation Condition: Excellent (Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: non recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east; BS71 part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage

(Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (shale)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered

through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# DOGHILL ROAD BUSHLAND, BALDIVIS

Boundary Definition: management/bushland taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 369

Map no. 94

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NW

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 59.1; bushland 58.8



Local Authorities (Suburb)
City of Rockingham (Baldivis)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation)

Zoning MRS: Rural

TPS: Rural, Local Roads

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 2, 300, 301, 302 Saint Albans Rd; 8, 17, 20, 1101,

1104 Doghill Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Dardanup Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types unable to be inferred

**WETLANDS** 

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: aerial photography interpretation (Connell 1995, DEP 1998)

Structural Units

Uplands: Scattered Eucalyptus marginata over Banksia species Low Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south, east and west

Other Special Attributes: mapped within the boundaries of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP

Constraints: private land

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered

through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

**FOLLY POOL, BALDIVIS** 

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre/zoning boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 418

Map no. 94

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NW

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 9.39 (includes open water); bushland

7.69



Local Authorities (Suburb)
City of Rockingham (Baldivis)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Controlled Access Highways TPS: Public Purposes, Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 1361 Baldivis Rd Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mc2, C2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Serpentine River Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, palusplain, artificial channel, principal channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 6.9ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998)

Structural Units

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland over Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest; Baumea sp. Sedgelands;

Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Degraded

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 137 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a), part of a

regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: mapped within the boundaries of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed, Indicative Place on Register of the National Estate

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.



## MARAMANUP POOL, BALDIVIS

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre/zoning boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 419

Map no. 94

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NW

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 17.5 (includes open water); bushland

13.8

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Zoning MRS: Rural

City of Rockingham (Baldivis)

TPS: Public Purposes

Ownership Categories

State Government

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 1360 Young Rd

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mc2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Serpentine River Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, palusplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 5.6ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora not surveyed from aerial photography interpretation, expected to be similar to BS418

Vegetation Condition: Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 137 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a

regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: mapped within the boundaries of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed, Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary

EPP/SPP, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

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Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

## RAPIDS ROAD BUSHLAND, PEEL ESTATE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 74

Map no. 95, 96

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NE

Area (ha): total 33.183; bushland 33.183

Other Names

Part Location 32 (Keighery and Trudgen 1992)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Serpentine)

Zoning

MRS: Rural

TPS: Rural, Drainage Purposes

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 834 Rapids Rd

Ownership Categories

Private

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa: S10)

## **VEGETATION AND FLORA**

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

3a Eucalyptus calophylla — Kingia australis woodlands on heavy soils

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Herb-rich saline shrublands in clay pans

10a Shrublands on dry clay flats

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

(not sampled, types not inferred)

## WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (2.1ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Critically Endangered (floristic community type 3a), Endangered (floristic community type 10a), Vulnerable (floristic community type 7)

## SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated upland, vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (surveyed from roadside, Punr 01-03, in roadside verge), Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Banksia Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Melaleuca viminea and Viminaria juncea Tall Open Scrub; Open Low Heath dominated by Regelia ciliata, Hakea sulcata, Pericalymma ellipticum, Astartea aff, fascicularis,

Kunzea micrantha, Verticordia densiflora and combinations of these sometimes with scattered clumps of Actinostrobus pyramidalis; Herblands dominated by Stylidium species and Asteraceous species; Sedgelands dominated by Lepyrodia macra, Leptocarpus canus, L. aristatus and Lepidosperma longitudinale

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

**Vegetation Condition:** <60% Very Good to Excellent, >40% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 100 native taxa (plot-generated list only)

Significant Flora: Acacia lasiocarpa var. bracteolata (1), Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre ms (2), Stylidium mimeticum (3), Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi (4); Stylidium roseo-alatum, Pimelea imbricata var. major, Myriocephalus helichrysoides, Conospermum huegelii

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy to the west

Other Special Attributes: recommended to be managed for flora conservation (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetland

Constraints: private land

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

## RIVER, STAKEHILL AND HARVEY ROADS BUSHLAND, KARNUP

Boundary Definition bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

## SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 277

Map no. 100

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SW

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 36.7 (includes open water); bushland 27.4

Zoning

Local Authorities (Suburb)
City of Rockingham (Karnup)

MRS: Rural, Parks and Recreation, Controlled Access

esty of Rookingham (reachap)

Highways, Public Purposes-Special Uses **TPS:** Landscape, Public Purposes, Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1319, 1334 Stakehill Rd

Crown Reserve

Reserve 37090 (Explosives and Forestry Purposes)

Ownership Categories State Government

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: C2)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes



Pinjarra Plain

Serpentine River Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, floodplain

Natural Wetland Groups

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Goegrup (R.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (25.4ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 0.4ha and 7.5ha (total 7.9ha)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Connell 1995)

Structural Units: not known

Vegetation Condition: Very Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A,

Other Special Attributes: mapped within the boundaries of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP, Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

## SERPENTINE NATIONAL PARK AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, SERPENTINE

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre)/vegetation complex boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 468

Map no. 96, 102

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NE, 2033-II SE

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 4.9; bushland 4.9

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Zoning

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Serpentine)

MRS: Rural, Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape, Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 2118 Hart Rd

Crown Reserve

CALM Managed Land

State Government

Ownership Categories

Reserve 28862 (National Park)



## SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg)

Pinjarra Plain

Alluvial/Colluvial Deposit (Qa: FS1)

## VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types:

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

3b Eucalyptus calophylla — E. marginata woodlands on sandy clay soils

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek Natural Wetland Groups

Darling Plateau

Little Dardanup (D.2)

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Goegrup (R.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: not assessed Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

## THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Vulnerable (floristic community type 3b)

## SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Serp 01-04))

Structural Units

Uplands: Woodlands dominated by Eucalyptus calophylla or E. marginata subsp. elegantella sometimes over Eucalyptus lanepoolei Low Woodland over species-rich Mixed Open Low Heaths.

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland

Vegetation Condition: Excellent

Total Flora: not known

**Significant Flora**: Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella (2), Lambertia multiflora var darlingensis (3); Xanthorrhoea acanthostachya, Isopogon asper, Eucalyptus lanepoolei, Nemcia dilatata

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east; part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

## SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Part Bushplan Site Listed on the Register of the National Estate

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

## Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (shale)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).



## KINGSBURY DRIVE BUSHLAND, KEYSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland/vegetation complex boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 76

Map no. 102

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SE

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 40.6; bushland 40.6

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Zoning MRS: Rural TPS: Rural

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Keysbrook)

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Ownership Categories

Street name

Private

2, 10, 12 South Western Highway; 11 Kingsbury Dr

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Darling Plateau (Darling Range)/Darling Scarp

Even-grained Granite (Ae, Aes: GR)

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Scg)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred.

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands, NS ridge with extensive views across the Swan Coastal Plain

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Connell 1995, DEP 1998, surveyed from roadside)

Structural Units:

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodlands with scattered clumps of E. wandoo and occasional E. lanepoolei

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: Excellent (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Eucalyptus lanepoolei and most northern record of E. haematoxylon in adjacent bushland

to north and north east

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east forming linkage to Darling Range Regional Park (DPUD 1993); part of a

regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain or Scarp; One of a few areas in the PMR where the Plain and the Plateau meet through naturally vegetated

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Constraints: Bushplan Site private land

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).



## MYARA BROOK BUSHLAND, KEYSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to zoning boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 426

Map no. 102, 106

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SE

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Keysbrook)

Area (ha): total 10.3; bushland 8.7

Zoning

MRS: Rural

TPS: Public Open Space, Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 72, 73 Elliott Rd Crown Reserve

Ownership Categories

State Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (6.3ha, 1008.6m), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Connell 1995, DEP 1998)

Structural Units

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Forest Vegetation Condition: Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 140 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

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Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Public Open Space Zoning and Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

## PAGE ROAD BUSHLAND, KEYSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 78

Map no. 106

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SE

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb) Area (ha): total 1.2; bushland 1.2 Zoning

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Keysbrook)

MRS: Rural

Ownership Categories

TPS: Rural

Private

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1 South Western Hwy

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

3b Eucalyptus calophylla — E. marginata woodlands on sandy clay soils

WETLANDS

Mapped wetland but no wetland areas evident on survey (DEP 1996)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Vulnerable (floristic community type 3b)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands, vegetated wetlands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Page 01))

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella Open Woodland over species-rich Mixed Open Low Heath

Wetlands: no known information

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent

Total Flora: 58 native taxa (plot-generated list only)

Significant Flora: Tetraria australiensis (R); Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella (2), Calothamnus

graniticus subsp. leptophyllus (4); Nemcia dilatata, Patersonia babianoides, Xanthorrhoea acanthostachya

Fauna: no known information Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: recommended to be managed for flora conservation (Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# DESCRIPTIONS OF THE PROPERTY O

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands

Constraints: private land

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The conservation values of the Bushplan Site to be protected through one or more of a range of complementary mechanisms to encourage and secure conservation management on private lands, the specific approach to be determined in consultation/negotiation with the land owner(s), but generally to include conservation covenants/management agreements.

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# 2.3 BASSENDEAN DUNES



# 2.3 BASSENDEAN DUNES 2.3.1 INTRODUCTION

## Location, Landscape and Soils

The Bassendean Dunes lie in the centre of the Swan Coastal Plain and are the oldest of the three aeolian dune systems. The dunes of the Bassendean system are generally of low relief, often with broad swales or relatively flat sand sheets between the low dunes. The tallest dunes, of up to 80 metres, occur in the north of the Perth Metropolitan Region, in the area east of Lake Pinjar.

Soils are predominantly deep grey leached quartz sands (Table 1.3a&b). To the west the Bassendean Dunes overlay the Pinjarra Plain and wetlands which interleave the dunes or sand sheets have a clay base (Table 2.3). Towards the west the wetlands are generally associated with peaty sands formed between the dunes (Table 2.3). As a consequence a diversity of wetlands occurs within the Bassendean Dunes (five natural groups, Table 2.3). In addition distinctive wetlands occur where the Bassendean Dunes and Pinjarra Plain interface (two natural groups) and where the Spearwood and Bassendean Dunes interface.

## Remnant Bushland on the Bassendean Dunes

Until recently the Bassendean Dunes were characterised by low levels of clearing, the infertile sands being unsuitable for agriculture or forestry. The predominant land use was low-level grazing, the interleaving wetlands being the focus for more intensive grazing or horticulture. In recent times, with the expansion of urban areas, these dunes have proved suitable for housing lands.

Recent mapping of native vegatation in the Perth Metropolitan Region indicates that between 13 per cent and 100 per cent of the vegetation complexes associated with the Bassendean Dunes only remain as native vegetation (Table 3.3). The Herdsman, which traverses two major landform elements — the Bassendean and Spearwood Dunes — has 31 per cent remaining. The Pinjar Complex, which is confined to the Perth Metropolitan Region, has 25 per cent of its area remaining as native vegetation.

# Plant Communities and their Conservation on the Bassendean Dunes

At the regional level four vegetation complexes (Table 3.3) are confined to the Bassendean Dunes and three others are associated with the Bassendean Dunes. Two of these complexes are confined to the Perth Metropolitan Region — the Pinjar and Bassendean Central and South transition. Nineteen floristic community types (Table 4.3, including 13 wetland groups and six upland groups) are the principal regional floristic groups identified on the Bassendean Dunes in the Perth Metropolitan Region. The most species-rich of the woodlands — floristic community type 23a — is virtually confined to the Perth Metropolitan Region.

Ten plant and faunal communities associated with the area of the Bassendean Dunes are identified as threatened ecological communities (Table 5.3). The nine threatened plant communities are not common within the Bassendean Dunes, generally being associated with the Pinjarra Plain and Foothills. They are found on the clay-based wetlands of the Pinjar Complex and on the Muchea Limestones, clay-based wetlands and sands of the interface of the Bassendean Dunes and Pinjarra Plain, principally within the Southern River Complex. The tenth group is a faunal wetland community associated with tumulus springs.

A diverse suite of vegetation associations has been identified on the Bassendean Dunes. The main associations are listed below.

#### **Uplands**

The main upland associations are low forests to low woodlands associated with a very diverse understorey (Table 4.3). These broad units and associated dominant species are:

#### Forests and Woodlands

Eucalypts — Eucalyptus marginata, E. todtiana, E. calophylla

Sheoaks — Allocasuarina fraseriana

Banksias — Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia, B. grandis

Others — Nuytsia floribunda, Acacia saligna

#### Shrublands

Adenanthos cygnorum, Bossiaea eriocarpa, Hovea





trisperma, Leucopogon conostephioides, Daviesia physodes, Dryandra lindleyana subsp. lindleyana, Petrophile linearis, Stirlingia linearis, Scholtzia involucrata, Calytrix flavescens, Conostephium pendulum, Gompholobium tomentosum, Hibbertia hypericoides, H. huegelii, Xanthorrhoea preissii, Acacia pulchella

#### Herblands

Phlebocarya ciliata, Lomandra species, Conostylis aculeata, C. juncea, Patersonia occidentalis, Dampiera linearis, Burchardia congesta, Drosera species, Stylidium bulbiferum, S. repens, S. piliferum

#### Sedgelands

Schoenus curvifolius, Lyginia barbata, Lepidosperma angustatum, Loxocarya flexuosa

#### Grasslands

Austrodanthonia occidentalis, Amphipogon turbinatus

#### Wetlands

These broad units and associated dominant species are:

## Open Forests and Woodlands

Eucalypts — Eucalyptus rudis, E. calophylla Banksias — Banksia ilicifolia, B. littoralis Melaleucas — Melaleuca preissiana, M. rhaphiophylla Others — Acacia saligna

## Shrublands

Kunzea ericifolia, Regelia ciliata, Hypocalymma angustifolium, Hakea varia, Pericalymma ellipticum,

Melaleuca teretifolia, Xanthorrhoea preissii, Acacia pulchella

#### Herblands

Phlebocarya ciliata, Conostylis juncea, Patersonia occidentalis, Drosera species, Stylidium repens, S. bulbiferum, Villarsia species

## **Sedgelands**

Baumea vaginalis, B. articulata, B. juncea, Lyginia barbata, Hypolaena exsulca, Evandra pauciflora, Lepidosperma longitudinale, Loxocarya pubescens, Restio stenostachyus, Juncus pallidus

## Grasslands

Amphipogon debilis

The woodland communities of the Bassendean Dunes have high levels of species diversity (Table 3.3). Forty-three significant taxa are associated with the Dunes in the Perth Metropolitan Region (Table 6.3). These include five Declared Rare Flora and 13 Priority Flora taxa. A few species such as *Lysinema elegans* are endemic to the Bassendean Dunes but extend beyond the Perth Metropolitan Region.

The area of Bassendean Dunes vegetation remaining on the Swan Coastal Plain is comparatively large when compared with the area remaining vegetated of the other major landform elements. With appropriate planning and protection the plant communities and flora of the Bassendean Dunes will be able to be protected in areas of sufficient size and diversity to allow for the continuation of natural processes.



**Table 1.3a:** Geological and geomorphological systems of the Bassendean Dunes. The general terms used in Perth's Bushplan for describing the major landform elements are in **bold italics**.

Major Geological Systems (after Playford et <i>al.</i> , 1976)	Major Geomorphological Systems (after McArthur and Bettenay, 1960)	Detailed Geomorphological Units (after Churchward and McArthur, 1980)
Bassendean Sand	Bassendean Dunes	Bassendean
Bassendean Sand /Guildford Formation	Not applicable	Southern River#
Wetlands (within the Guildford Formation, Bassendean Sand, Tamala Limestone)	Not applicable	Herdsman

<sup>#</sup> Combined here under Bassendean Dunes for major landform elements, see Volume 2, Part A Tables I and 2

**Table 1.3b:** Landform and soils of the Bassendean Dunes showing the relationship between geomorphological units, units identified in the Environmental Geology Maps and soils described on these maps on the Swan Coastal Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region. Column One can be used to cross-reference to groups shown in Table 1a.

Major Geomorphological Systems (after McArthur and Bettenay, 1960); *Detailed Geomorphological Units (after Churchward and McArthur, 1980)	Major Units in the Environmental Geology Maps (after various authors)	Soils associated with each unit
Bassendean Dunes: *Bassendean, #Southern River	Bassendean Sands and Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation	light grey quartz sands and light grey quartz sands over silty sands
Wetlands – within the Pinjarra Plain, Bassendean Dunes, Spearwood Dunes, Quindalup Dunes (Herdsman)	Holocene swamp deposits	peats associated with clays, sands and silts in various proportions

<sup>#</sup> Combined here under Bassendean Dunes for major landform elements, see Volume 2A Tables 1 and 2



 Table 2.3: Natural Wetland Groups (Consanguineous Suites) on the Bassendean Dunes

 (after Semeniuk, 1996)

- Name & locations	Geomorphic setting	Primary wetlands	Stratigraphy	Origin of wetlands
Bassendean Dunes				
Lake Pinjar suite (BT) Lake Pinjar area	Bassendean Dunes with higher undulating dunes on the western margin of the wetland	Sumpland:	Quartz sand sheet overlying clay sheet on Bassendean Sand	Coalesced Bassendean Dune wetlands; meteoric water & discharge water from Gnangara Mound ponded by clay bed
Gnangara suite (B2) East of Wanneroo includes Lake Gnangara & Lake Jandabüp	Bassendean Dunes with slightly higher undulating dunes on western margin of this area. Wetlands enclosed by saddles or ridges	Lakes & sumplands & occasional damplands	Diatom mud, peaty sand, & clay overlying quartz sand. Hardpans (ferricreted quartz sand) at level of water table	Groundwater wetlands. Large lakes appear as coalesced smaller basins. Drainage is impeded by thin clay diatom mud or ferricrete layers superimposed on, or within the quartzose Bassendean sand
Jandakot suite (B3)  I. Nine Mile Swamp area  2. Spade Lake to Caladenia Lake area  3. Bindiar area  4. Gnangara Pine Forest area  5. Jandakot area  6. West Benger area	Bassendean Dunes comprised of low dunes & depressions	Damplands & sumplands	Peat or peaty sand or humic sand overlying quartz sand	Groundwater surfacing or near surface in depressions to develop water table basins
Riverdale suite (B4)  I. West of Gingin, north & south of Gingin Brook 2: "East Pinjar Lake area	Bassendean Dunes comprised of low regularly undulating dunes	Sumplands	Clay, peat or peaty sand overlying quartz sand	Wetlands occur in regularly spaced depressions as parallel microscale interdunal swales to form linear, parallel chains, recharge by precipitation & groundwater rise, often maintained by ponding on a clay or peat bed
Bennett Brook suite (B/P4)  I Ballajura: In Bennett Brook area west of West Swan.  2: Balannup: In Southern River area north of Forrestdale Lake  3. Yangedi: In Serpentine River area west of Serpentine township	Bassendean Dunes – with microscale creeks	Sumplands creeks palusplains floodplains	Quartz sands, or clay overlying quartz sand	Depressions which intersect the water table. Precipitation is ponded by clay lenses in the subsurface. Palusplains are situated between tributaries



Table: 2.3: (continued):				
Name & locations	Geomorphic setting	Primary wetlands	Stratigraphy	Origin of wetlands
Pinjarra Plain – Bassen	dean Dunes transition OR	Bassendean with fluvial	features	
Mungala suite (B/P2) Perth Airport surrounds including Wright Lake	Transition between Bassendean Dunes & Pinjarra Plain. Underlying stratigraphy is a complex of sands clays calcrete & laterite. Wetlands lie along depressions at the distributary ends of the creeks or adjacent to intermittent disconnected drainage channels	Lakes & sumplands floodplains, & creeks	Variable: clays to clay overlying quartz sand to quartz sand overlying laterite or calcrete	Alluvial fan distributaries of creeks terminate in wetlands already present in Bassendean sandplain, bringing water & sediment
Muchea suite (B/P3)  I. Western margin of Whitfield Brook e.g. Six Mile Swamp.  2. Western margin of Ellen Brook	Complex transition between Bassendean Dunes & Pinjarra Plain. Wetlands lie along the depressions at the base Bassendean Dunes & at the headwaters of the tributaries of creeks	Sumplands Floodplains	Complex & variable pattern of quartz sand, clays, laterite & calcrete	Discharge of groundwater into basins, flats & creeks, Ponding of rainwater & groundwater occurs over impermeable sediments
Bassendean – Spearwo	ood Dunes Interface			
Bibra suite (SBI-):  I. Linear belt extending south from Bidaminna to Caladenia Cave  2. Linear belt extending from Murdoch to Wellard, in a N/S orientation approximately  5-7km east of the coast	Spearwood Dunes & Bassendean Dunes contact depression Continuous high dune ridges to the west & a series of discontinuous hollows & hills with lower relief to the east	Lakes & sumplands in a north-south oriented chain	Mud, peat, or peaty sand overlying Bassendean Sand	Contact depressions with groundwater impounded against Spearwood Dune ridge



**Table 3.3:** Vegetation complexes (Heddle et al., 1980) and percentage remaining as native vegetation (AgWA, 1998 GIS) on the Bassendean Dunes in the Perth Metropolitan Region

Vegetation Complex	Native Vegetation (%)
Bassendean Dunes	
BASSENDEAN COMPLEX – NORTH: Vegetation ranges from a low open forest and low open woodland of <i>Banksia</i> species – <i>Eucalyptus todtiana</i> to low woodland of <i>Melaleuca</i> species and sedgelands which occupy the moister sites.	54
BASSENDEAN COMPLEX – CENTRAL AND SOUTH: Vegetation ranges from woodland of Eucalyptus marginata – Allocasuarina fraseriana – Banksia species to low woodland of Melaleuca species, and sedgelands on the moister sites. This area includes the transition of E. marginata to E. todtiana in the vicinity of Perth.	24
BASSENDEAN COMPLEX - NORTH - TRANSITION VEGETATION COMPLEX: A transition complex of low open forest and low woodland of <i>Banksia</i> species - <i>Eucalyptus todtiana</i> on a series of high sand dunes. The understorey species reflect similarities with both the Bassendean-North and Karrakatta-North vegetation complexes.	72
BASSENDEAN COMPLEX – CENTRAL AND SOUTH – TRANSITION VEGETATION COMPLEX: Woodland of Eucolyptus marginata – E. calophylla with well defined second storey of Allocasuarina fraseriana and Banksia grandis on the deeper soils and a closed scrub on the moister sites. The understorey species reflect similarities with the adjacent vegetation complexes.	100
Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain/Spearwood Dunes	
SOUTHERN RIVER COMPLEX: Open woodland of Eucalyptus calophylla — E. marginata — Banksia species with fringing woodland of E. rudis — Melaleuca rhaphiophylla along creek beds.	17
Wetlands	
*HERDSMAN COMPLEX: Sedgelands and fringing woodland of Eucalyptus rudis — Melaleuca species	31
PINJAR COMPLEX: Vegetation ranges from woodland of Eucalyptus marginata — Banksia species to a fringing woodland of E. rudis — Melaleuca preissiana and sedgelands.	25
* Also included in 2.4 SPEARWOOD DUNES	

# **Table 4.3:** Floristic community types identified on the Bassendean Dunes (after Gibson et al., 1994, and DEP, 1996)

## Key

#### Column 1: Floristic Community Type Codes

The numbers of the types additional to Gibson et al. (1994) are italicised if they are subsets of an existing group (in types 19, 20, 23 and 30) and italicised and preceded by 'S' if they are supplementary groups.

#### Column 2: General Description of Floristic Community Types

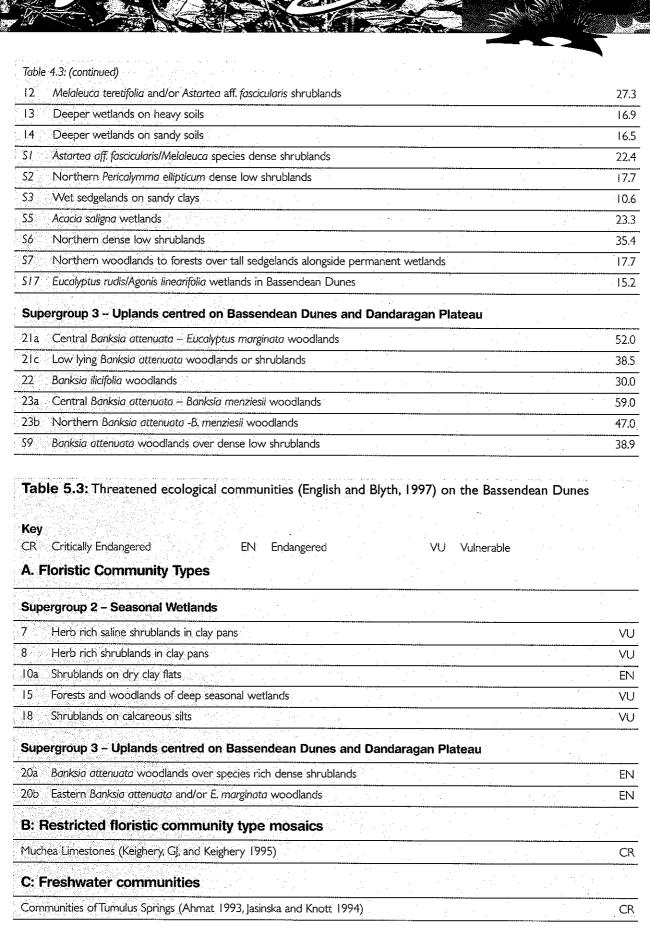
Descriptions are based on generalised information from all plots in the group. Structural units are categorised into forest, woodlands, shrublands, sedgelands and herblands after Gibson et al. (1994).

## Column 3: Average Species Richness per Floristic Community Type

Average species richness per 10×10m plot less those species only occurring in a single plot. Some community types can have a high proportion of single records. Thus these estimates of average species richness are underestimates in some cases.

Sup	ergroup 2 – Seasonal Wetlands	
4	Melaleuca preissiana damplands	
- 5	Mixed shrub damplands	38.4
H	Wet forests and woodlands	28.0







## Table 6.3: Significant flora of the Bassendean Dunes in the Perth Metropolitan Region

#### Key

#### Column 1 Taxon

Names follow Gibson (1994) and Atkins (1998) unless indicated otherwise. Taxa yet to be named have an attached reference collection number from the relevant collector. An 'ms' after the name indicates that this is a manuscript name which is yet to be published.

#### Column 2 Major landform elements

DS = Darling Scarp
D = Dandaragan Plateau
F = Foothills
P = Pinjarra Plain
B = Bassendean Dunes
S = Spearwood Dunes
Q = Quindalup Dunes
R = Estuaries, Rivers and Creeks
int = interface of two units
(ML) = Muchea Limestones
(TL) = Tamala Limestones

## Column 3 Taxa dependent on seasonal waterlogging or inundation

W = depends on waterlogging or inundation of area
W (aquatic) = depends on standing water

#### Column 4 Conservation status (Atkins 1998)

R = Declared Rare Flora
1 = Priority I: Poorly Known Taxa
2 = Priority 2: Poorly Known Taxa
3 = Priority 3: Poorly Known Taxa
4 = Priority 4: Rare Taxa

#### Column 5 Regional ecological preferences

 e = taxa endemic to the Swan Goastal Plain
 E = taxa endemic to the Swan Goastal Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region

#### **Geographical Variation**

- populations at the northern or southern limit of their known geographic range
- d = populations disjunct from their known geographic range
- p. = considered to be poorly reserved (applies to all Declared Rare Flora and Priority taxa)
- s = significant populations (applies to all Declared Rare Flora and Priority taxa)
- X = considered lost in the Perth Metropolitan Region

Taxon	Major landform element	Wetland taxa	DRF/ Priority code	Significance code
Acacia benthamii	S/B		2	p, s, E
Aotus cordifolia	B/P	W	3	p. 5
Blancoa, canescens	int B/F			ď,p
Boronia crenulata van gracilis	B			е
Boronia capitata subsp. gracilis	В		2	p,s
Boronia purdieana	S/B			r.
Burchardia (bairdii	int P/B	- W.		r
Byblis gigantea	int B/P	W		d,p,r
Caladenia huegelii	В		R	p, s
Comesperma rhadinocarpum	P/B	W	2 - 2	p, s, d
Conospermum triplinervium	S/B/P			s, p
Conostephium minus	В		4	p, s
Conostylis aculeata subsp. cygnorum	S/B			е



Table 6.3 (continued)		Secretary of the		
Cyathochaeta teretifolia	B/P	· W	3	p, s
Dillwynia dillwynioides	B, int B/P	W	3	p, s, e
Diuris purdiei	int B/P	W	R	p, s, e
Drakaea elastica	В		R	p, s, e
Drakaea micrantha	В		' R	p, s
Drosera gigantea subsp. geniculata	B/P	W		s, e
Epiblema grandiflorum var cyanea ms	В	W	R	p, s
Eremaea fimbriata	В			, r
Eremaea purpurea	В			d, p
Evandra pauciflora	В			je -
Glischrocaryon aureum	S/B/F			ρ
Halorágis cordiger	B/P			S
Hensmanja turbinata	В			r
Jacksonia gracilis ms (previously aff. sericea or swamp form)	B/P			е
Kunzea littoricola ms	P/B	W		· e
Leucopogon kingianus	В			S
Lysinema elegans	В			e
Macarthuria apetala	В		10,000	S
Olax scalariformis	F/B		3	p, s, d
Platysace juncea	B/F			Р
Pterostylis frenchii ms	S/B			e,r,s,p
Restio stenostachyus	B/P	W		е
Stachystemon axillaris	F/P/B	Carrier Santa	4	p, s
Stylidium crossocephalum.	В			r
Stylidium mimeticum.	P/B	. w	3	p, s
Thysanotus glaucus	В		4	p,s
Tripterococcus paniculatus (sp. Cannington, AS George 1 6201)	B/P	1 / Marin 1 / Ma	30 p. [6.	p, s, e
Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi	P/B	W	4	p, s
Verticordia nitens	B/F			S
Villarsia violifolia	P/B - W	(aquatic)	en de la companya de La companya de la co	p, u



## **BASSENDEAN DUNES**

## 2.3.2 DESCRIPTIONS

Bushplan.	Bushplan	System	Bushplan Site Name	Page No.
Site No.	Map No.	6		105
380-	10, 11, 15, 16, 19, 20, 27	M5	Rosella Road Bushland, Bullsbrook	135
94	15		State Forest 65 - Pinjar Plantation North Bushland, Yanchep	137
285 286			•	
96 99 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 126 427 432 434 433 441 448 450 452 459	20, 27, 28, 33	M8	State Forest 65 - Gnanagara Plantation Bushland, Pinjar	138
461 382	19, 20, 26, 27	M8	Lake Pinjar and Adjacent Bushland, Pinjar	139
398	27, 28, 33		Chitty Road Bushland, Pinjar	141
462	27, 28, 29		Department of Defence - Muchea Air Weapons Range Bushland, Pinjar	142
97	29		Kirby Road Bushland, Bullsbrook	144
141 146	33		Numbat Road Bushland, Mariginiup	145
399 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	28, 29, 33, 34, 35, 40, 41	M9	Melaleuca Park and Adjacent Bushland, Bullsbrook/Lexia	146
6	35 _		Cooper Road Water Reserve and Adjacent Bushland, Bullsbrook	148
324	33, 39	M8	Jandabup Lake and Adjacent Bushland, Jandabup/Mariginiup	150
326	33, 39		Hawkins Road Bushland, Jandabup/Gnangara	151
30,0	35, 36, 41, 42		Maralla Road Bushland, Ellenbrook/Upper Swan	153
23	41	<u></u>	Cardinal Drive Bushland, Ellenbrook	155_
22	41	3.50	Egerton Mound Spring and Adjacent Bushland, Ellenbrook	156
193	39, 40	M8	Gnangara Lake and Adjacent Bushland, Gnangara/Lexia	158
192° 195	40, 41		Wetherell Road Bushland, Lexia/Ellenbrook	160
196	39, 40, 46		Gnangara Road Bushland, Landsdale/Cullacabardee	161
198	46	3.610	Beechboro Road Bushland, Cullacabardee/Ballajura	162
304	40, 41, 46, 47	M13	Whiteman Park, Whiteman/West Swan	163
480	46		Victoria Road Bushland, Malaga/Beechboro	165
200	47	[	Caversham Airbase Bushland, West Swan/Whiteman	166

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Bushplan Site No.	Bushplan Map No.	System 6	Bushplan Site Name	Page No.
307	46		Lightning Swamp and Adjacent Bushland, Noranda	168
280	50, 51	M40	Dianella Open Space	169
386	52, 58	M52	Perth Airport and Adjacent Bushland	170
4.8	57		Kensington Bushland, Kensington	173
228	61	<u> </u>	Blue Gum Reserve, Brentwood/Mount Pleasant	174
337	61	M73	Booragoon Lake, Booragoon	175
339	61		Piney Lake Reserve, Winthrop	176
244	67	M93	North Lake and Bibra Lake, North Lake/Bibra Lake	177
254	67	M93	South Lake	179
256	67, 74	M93	Yangebup and Little Rush Lakes, Yangebup	181
391	74	M93	Thomsons Lake Nature Reserve and Adjacent Bushland, Beeliar	182
392	74	M93	Harry Waring Marsupial Reserve, Wattleup	184
393	74	M93	Wattleup Lake and Adjacent Bushland, Wattleup/Mandogalup	186
	68		Ken Hurst Park, Leeming	187
388	67, 68	M94	Jandakot Airport, Jandakot	188
389	68		Acourt Road Bushland, Banjup	190
. 467	68		Gosnells Golf Course Bushland, Canning Vale	191
472	68		Canning Vale Prison Bushland	192
253	68		Harrisdale Swamp and Adjacent Bushland, Forrestdale	193
125	69	l	Holmes Street Bushland, Southern River/Huntingdale	195
1.2	0,7		Tionnes outeet Dusmand, Southern River/Ituninguale	1 193
413	69		Balannup Lake and Adjacent Bushland, Southern	197
			River/Forrestdale	17'
340	69		Phoebe Street Bushland, Southern River	198
464	69		Matison Street Bushland, Southern River	199
465	69		Passmore Street Bushland, Southern River	201
458	67, 74		Tea Tree Close Bushland, Jandakot	202
390	68, 74, 75		Fraser Road Bushland, Banjup	203
262	75		Piarra Nature Reserve, Forrestdale	205
263	74, 75		Banjup Bushland, Banjup	206
342	69, 75, 76		Anstey/Keane Dampland and Adjacent Bushland, Forrestdale	208
344	75		Dennis De Young Reserve and Gibbs Road Swamp Bushland,	209
		!	Banjup/Forrestdale	20)
345	75, 76	M95	Forrestdale Lake and Adjacent Bushland, Forrestdale	211
347	82, 82	M96	Wandi Nature Reserve and Anketell Road Bushland,	213
A CANADI GEORGIA	ŕ		Wandi/Oakford	2.5
268	81		Mandogalup Road Bushland, Mandogalup	214
269	81		The Spectacles	216
270	81		Sandy Lake and Adjacent Bushland, Anketell	217
348	82	M99	Modong Nature Reserve and Adjacent Bushland, Oakford	219
273	81, 82	M98	Casuarina Prison Bushland	220
7.0	89		Duckpond Bushland, Peel Estate	222
353	89	M100	Banksia Road Nature Reserve, Peel Estate	223
368	89, 95	M105	Lowlands Bushland - Eastern Block, Peel Estate	224
372	94	M105	Lowlands Bushland - Western Block (Hymus Swamp), Peel	226
			Estate	
37.6	94, 99, 100		Baldivis Road Bushland, Baldivis	227
378	100		Henderson Road Bushland, Peel Estate	229
77	100, 101,		Yangedi Swamp, Keysbrook	230
	104, 105			

## ROSELLA ROAD BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: protected area with bushland/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (PMR boundary to north) (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 380

Map no. 10, 11, 15, 16, 19, 20, 27

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I

NW, 2034-I SW, 2035-II SW

System 6 (1983): Part M5, part M8, part C13 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Submission Area 288, part Department of Defence Muchea Air Weapons Range, part State Forest 65, part Yeal Nature Reserve

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Pinjar, Yanchep), Shire of Chittering (Muchea), Shire of Gingin (Yeal)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Not identified

CALM Managed Land

Zoning MRS: Rural, State Forest, Public Purposes-Commonwealth Government, Public Purposes-State

**Energy Commission** 

TPS: Rural, Water Supply, Landscape

Area (ha): total 8101.6; bushland 8001.6

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

12522 Payne St; 2425, 2592, 2634, 3414, 3415, 3516, 3417, 3418 Higgins Rd; 11191 Perry Rd; Crown; 5608, 5610, 10986, 11620, 12522 street not identified Crown Reserve

Reserve 42450 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna and Water), State Forest 65

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood and Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Ohw: Cps, S4)

Lagoonal and estuarine Deposits (within the Bassendean Dunes)

Lagoonal Deposits in Bassendean Dunes (Qpw: S9)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — North
Bassendean Complex — North Transition (restricted complex, contains significant area)

Bassendean Complex — Central and South Transition (restricted complex, contains significant area, most southern occurrence)

Spearwood Dunes (revised vegetation complex boundaries exclude all Karrakatta except, possibly, on yellow sand north of Lake Pinjar, in the southwest corner of Bushplan Site: McArthur and Mattiske 1985)

Karrakatta Complex — North (most southern occurrence)

Karrakatta Complex — North Transition (restricted complex, contains significant area, most northern occurrence)

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South (restricted complex, contains significant area)

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Mixed shrub damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

23b Northern Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, creek



Natural Wetland Groups: undefined areas included in boundary

Bassendean Dunes

Pinjar (B.1) Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (319.3ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: tall dunes, open water, vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

**Vegetation and Flora:** limited survey (McArthur & Mattiske 1985, Trudgen 1996; part Bushplan Site — DEP 1996 (Pinj 14), Gibson *et al.* 1994 (Pline 05–07, RAAF 02–03, Sint 01, Waterrd 01), Havel 1968 (Plots 2, 3, 32, 33, 39, 68, 82, 86; adjacent to Plots 1, 31, 36, 37, 38, 54))

Structural Units: mapping (McArthur and Mattiske 1985)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Eucalyptus todtiana Low Open Forest to Low Woodland, with Banksia ilicifolia, Eucalyptus calophylla or Nuytsia floribunda; Eucalyptus calophylla and E. marginata Open Forest, with Banksia grandis; Closed Heaths to Low Shrublands dominated by Eremaea pauciflora, Melaleuca aff. scabra, Xanthorrhoea preissii, Conospermum species, Verticordia nitens and other species

Wetlands: Closed Forests to Low Woodlands of Eucalyptus rudis, Melaleuca preissiana, M. rhaphiophylla, Banksia littoralis or B. ilicifolia and combinations; Closed Tall Scrub to Low Shrublands dominated by Agonis linearifolia, Astartea aff. fascicularis, Pericalymma ellipticum, Kunzea ericifolia, Melaleuca species and others or combinations of these; Herblands dominated by Phlebocarya ciliata and other herbs such as Patersonia occidentalis often in combination with a variety of sedges; Sedgelands of Baumea articulata, B. species or Lepidosperma longitudinale or Leptocarpus species

**Vegetation Condition:** >90% Pristine to Excellent, <10% Very Good, with areas of localised disturbance along tracks

Total Flora: not known (estimated >200 native taxa and >30 weed species)

Significant Flora: the following are recorded from State Forest 65 and would be expected in the Bushplan Site — Stachystemon axillaris (4), Conostephium minus (4); Verticordia nitens, Boronia purdieana, Astroloma xerophyllum, Stylidium crossocephalum, Leucopogon kingianus

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (BS382 and BS96) and north/east outside of PMR; part of proposed Greenway 37 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains the northernmost major stands of Jarrah (also smaller areas in adjacent Gingin Water Reserve) (McArthur and Mattiske 1985); contains the steepest area of Bassendean Dunes identified on the Plain, >10m in relief adjacent to the most eastern area of the Pinjar Complex (McArthur and Mattiske 1985); recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); part Bushplan Site proposed to become State Forest in Forest Management Plan 1994-2003 (CALM 1994); included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

## SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Part Bushplan Site listed on the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Planning Control Area No. 29, Crown Reserve

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of CALM managed lands (Reserve 42450 and State Forest 65) is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site to be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — in parts, the existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation, and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body; For those parts that are Vacant Crown Land, the Bushplan Site be reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme and be purchased for National Park, Conservation Park, Nature Reserve or Regional Park.



## STATE FOREST 65 — PINJAR PLANTATION, NORTH BUSHLAND, PINJAR

Boundary Definition: protected area with bushland boundaries (remnants in pine plantation)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 94, 285, 286

Other Names: not known

Map no. 15 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I NW

Area (ha): total 87.9; bushland 87.9 (3 remnants from

3.3 to 53.4 ha)

Zoning

MRS: State Forests TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

5608 street not identified

State Forest 65

Local Authorities (Suburb) Shire of Wanneroo (Yanchep)

Ownership Categories

State Government

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — North

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, unable to infer types

Supergroup 3 - Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

Supergroup 4 - Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (McArthur and Mattiske 1985)

Structural Units: mapping (McArthur and Mattiske 1985)

Uplands: Dryandra sessilis, Melaleuca huegelii and Grevillea sp. Open Shrubland to Open Heath; Banksia

attenuata and Banksia menziesii Low Open Forest to low Woodland

Vegetation Condition: Very Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: the Heath/Shrubland limestone vegetation is the easternmost occurrence of its type and

warrants further field study Fauna: no known information

water a known information

Linkage: no adjacent native vegetation

Other Special Attributes: included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; under TPS Landscape Zoning Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. This site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values.

7

## STATE FOREST 65 — GNANGARA PLANTATION BUSHLAND, PINJAR

Boundary Definition: protected area with bushland (Bushplan Sites 96, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 107, 126, 432, 433, 441, 450, 459); protected area with bushland/conservation category wetland (Bushplan Sites 99, 106, 108, 427, 448, 452, 461); protected area with conservation category wetland (BS434) (BS434 - areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland; remnants in pine plantation.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 96, 99, 101-108, Map no. 20, 27, 28, 33 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I NW. 2034-I SW, 2034-I SE

> 0.6 to 6.2 ha) Zoning

Street name

State Forest 65

MRS: State Forests TPS: Landscape

Area (ha): total 32.7; bushland 31.5 (21 remnants from

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

5607 Perry Rd; 5607 Ziatas Rd; 5607 Kirby Rd

126, 427, 432-434, 441, 442,

448, 450, 452, 459, 461 Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Pinjar), Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (commercial organisation)

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - North

Wetlands

Pinjar Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, unable to infer types

Supergroup 2 — Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 3 - Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, sumpland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Gnangara (B.2)

Jandakot (B.3)

Riverdale (B.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (BS99 4.5ha, BS106 2.4ha, BS108 1.1ha, BS427 1.2ha, BS432 0.5ha, BS434 0.7ha, BS452 0.6ha), Resource Enhancement (BS96, BS101-102, BS104-105, BS107, BS126, BS461, BS459, BS448, BS450, BS461), Multiple Use (BS103)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetlands, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (McArthur and Mattiske 1985, Trudgen 1996)

Structural Units: only broad regional information is generally given for Bushplan Site descriptions for

combined remnants in pine plantation Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: Very Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: the Heath/Shrubland limestone vegetation is the easternmost occurrence of its type and

warrants further field study Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation south (BS398) of BS434, south (BS459) of BS448, south (BS398) of BS126, north (BS380) of BS96 and north (BS448) of BS459; BS96 is part of contiguous; and BS126 and BS434 are parts of contiguous and fragmented bushland/wetland (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

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SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. This site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values.

## LAKE PINJAR AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, PINJAR

Boundary Definition: Conservation wetland/protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland group boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 382 Map no. 19, 20, 26, 27 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I NW, 2034-I SW System 6 (1983): Part M8 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names

Part Submission Area 233

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Pinjar, Neerabup)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Private (including commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 1285.4 (includes open water); bushland

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural

TPS: Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

3, 4, 1896, 1897, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1981, 2493, 2494 Perry Rd; 5, 1747, 1978, 1979 Anderson Rd; 101, 102 Ziatas Rd; 2698, 2702 Old Yanchep Rd; 1, 23, 2692, 2694, 2704, 10823 Pinjar Rd;

2703, 5455 Nisa Rd; 22 street not identified

Crown Reserve

## SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood and Bassendean Dune interface)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps, S4)

## VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - North

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Pinjar Complex (restricted complex, largest intact area; boundaries modified from Heddle et al. 1980 in McArthur and Mattiske 1985; area reduced south but is an occurrence in RAAF land to the east, most northern occurrence)

#### Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- Mixed shrub damplands
- 10a Shrublands on dry clay flats (most northerly and only sampled occurrence off the Pinjarra Plain)
- 12 Melaleuca teretifolia and/or Astartea aff. fascicularis shrublands (most northerly occurrence)
- S1 Astartea aff. fascicularis/Melaleuca species dense shrublands (most northerly occurrence)



S2 Northern Pericalymma ellipticum dense low shrublands

S3 Wet sedgelands on sandy clays

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, creek, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Pinjar (B.1)

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (1107.5ha) Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 3ha + 160ha = 163ha (total)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Pinj 01-13, 15), McArthur and Mattiske 1985, Trudgen 1993a)

Structural Units: mapping (McArthur and Mattiske 1985, Trudgen 1993a)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Forest to Low Woodland with scattered Eucalyptus todtiana and E. marginata; Banksia attenuata and B. ilicifolia Low Open Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Open Forest to Open Woodland; Acacia saligna, Exocarpos sparteus and Viminaria juncea Low Open Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana and Banksia ilicifolia Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Open Scrub to Tall Open Shrublands dominated by Melaleuca teretifolia or Hakea varia; Closed Heath to Low Open Heath dominated by Hypocalymma angustifolium, Pericalymma ellipticum; Kunzea ericifolia Open Scrub to Closed Scrub; Herblands dominated by Stylidium species; Closed to Open Sedgelands dominated by Leptocarpus aristatus, Lepidosperma longitudinale and combinations of Baumea articulata, Lepyrodia muirii and Leptocarpus scariosus

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >80% Excellent to Very Good with Pristine areas, <20% Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 170 native taxa, 15 weed species (plot-generated list only, DEP 1996)

Significant Flora: Tripterococcus paniculatus (1), Stylidium longitubum (3), Anthotium junciforme (4); Stylidium utricularioides, Burchardia bairdiae, Boronia purdieana, Hensmania turbinata, Stylidium crossocephalum, Verticordia nitens, Epiblema grandiflora (large populations in wetlands)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS380), east (BS380 and BS398) and south (BS295); part of proposed Greenway 17 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous and fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: majority recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); contains nine floristic community types in a unique combination; contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

## SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed; Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Planning Control Area No. 29, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). Parts of the Bushplan Site are already reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme and may become National Park, Conservation Park, Nature Reserve or Regional Park.

# DESCRIPTIONS (VOICE)

## CHITTY ROAD BUSHLAND, PINJAR

Boundary Definition: protected area with bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

928.5

Zoning

TPS: Landscape

State Forest 65

Area (ha): total 1046.8 (includes open water); bushland

MRS: State Forests, Rural, Public Purposes-

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

5607 Perry Rd; 5607 Ziatas Rd; 5607 Kirby Rd

Commonwealth Government

## SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 398

Map no. 27, 28, 33 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SE, 2034-I SW

Other Names

State Forest East of Lake Pinjar, part Submission Area

288

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Pinjar), Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Ownership Categories

State Government

CALM Managed Land
SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - North

Bassendean Complex — North Transition

Wetlands

Pinjar Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

\*23b Northern Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek, dampland, sumpland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Pinjar (B.1)

Gnangara (B.2)

Jandakot (B.3)

Riverdale (B.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (108.9ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 (observations from roadside), McArthur and Mattiske 1985, Trudgen 1996)

Structural Units: mapping (McArthur and Mattiske 1985)

Uplands: Eucalyptus todtiana, Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii Low Woodland with occasional Nuytsia floribunda and Banksia ilicifolia; Very Open Woodland of Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata, B. ilicifolia and Nuytsia

floribunda over mixed Shrubland dominated by Xanthorrhoea preissii, Verticordia nitens, Regelia inops, Hypocalymma angustifolium

Wetlands: Regelia inops Open Heath with occasional Xanthorrhoea sp. and occasional emergent Banksia illicifolia; Regelia inops Closed Heath with emergent trees of Melaleuca preissiana and Eucalyptus rudis; Mixed Open Low Heath dominated by Hypocalymma angustifolium and Dasypogon bromeliifolius, Hypocalymma angustifolium Low Shrubland, Phlebocarya ?ciliata. Open Herblands

Vegetation Condition: >60% Pristine to Excellent, >20% Very Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: the following are recorded from State Forest 65 and would be expected in the Bushplan Site — Stachystemon axillaris (4), Conostephium minus (4); Verticordia nitens, Boronia purdieana, Hensmania turbinata, Astroloma xerophyllum, Stylidium crossocephalum, Leucopogon kingianus

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation to east (BS462 and BS399); part of proposed Greenways 37, 42 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8) Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Planning Control Area No. 29 Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of the CALM managed area of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. Part of this site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site to be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE — MUCHEA AIR WEAPONS RANGE BUSHLAND, PINJAR

Boundary Definition: management boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 462 Other Names: not known Map no. 27, 28, 29

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook), Shire of Wanneroo (Pinjar),

Shire of Chittering (Muchea)

Ownership Categories

Not identified, Private, State Government

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034–I SE, 2034–I SW Area (ha): total 1789.7; bushland 1759.3

Zoning

MRS: State Forests, Public Purposes-Commonwealth Government

TPS: Landscape, Water Supply

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

2723, 3353, 3848, 4784, 9019, 12522 Kirby Rd; 12522

Neaves Rd; 3399 Payne Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)



## VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - North

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

\*S2 Northern Pericalymma ellipticum dense low shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

\*23b Northern Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, palusplain

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean—Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Muchea (B/P.3)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Riverdale (B.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (45.6ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

## SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Connell 1995, McArthur and Mattiske 1985)

Structural Units: mapping (McArthur and Mattiske 1985)

Uplands: Banksia species Low Open Woodland

Wetlands: Banksia species Low Open Woodland with occasional emergent Eucalyptus calophylla and Melaleuca preissiana; Melaleuca preissiana, M. rhaphiophylla and Eucalyptus rudis Low Open Forest to Closed Forest;

Open to Closed Sedgelands

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: Excellent (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation to the south (BS399), east (BS97) and west (BS398); part of a regionally

significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: part recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen

1996)

## SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

## KIRBY ROAD BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 97

Map no. 29

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SE

Area (ha): total 440.9; bushland 440.7

Other Names

part Submission Area 288

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

Zoning

MRS: Public Purposes-Commonwealth Government,

Rural

TPS: Landscape, General Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

1, 2, 3, 88, 2017, 2154 Bingham Rd; 1546 Old West Rd;

1, 4 Neaves Rd; 1662 Gaston Rd; 1432 street not

identified

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Yanga Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — North

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

\*S2 Northern Pericalymma ellipticum dense low shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

\*23b Northern Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, sumpland, palusplain, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Muchea (B/P.3)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Ellen Brook (R.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (29.3ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined, Critically Endangered (communities of Tumulus Springs)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 (viewed from fenceline), McArthur and Mattiske 1985,

Trudgen 1996)

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#### Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia attenuata Low Woodland with occasional Nuytsia floribunda, Allocasuarina fraseriana, Eucalyptus calophylla and Banksia ilicifolia; Mixed Banksia attenuata, B. ilicifolia Low Open Forest, occasionally with emergent Banksia menziesii and Eucalyptus calophylla; Adenanthos cygnorum Tall Open Shrubland; Mixed Xanthorrhoea? preissii, Dasypogon bromeliifolius Open Low Heath

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland to Low Forest; Astartea aff. fascicularis Shrubland; Astartea aff. fascicularis and Hypocalymma angustifolium Shrubland with occasional emergent trees of Melaleuca preissiana; Kunzea ericifolia Tall Shrubland to Closed Scrub with occasional emergent Eucalyptus calophylla; Regelia inops and Astartea aff, fascicularis Open Heath; Hypocalymma angustifolium Shrubland with emergent Xanthorrhoea preissii; Xanthorrhoea preissii Shrubland; Hypocalymma angustifolium Open Low Heath

Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation to the south and west (BS462); part of proposed Greenway 43 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

## SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care. control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

## NUMBAT ROAD BUSHLAND, MARIGINIUP

Boundary Definition: protected area with bushland (BS14); protected area with bushland/conservation wetland boundary (BS146) (remnants in pine plantation)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 141, 146 Map no. 33

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Mariginiup, Jandabup)

Ownership Categories

State Government

CALM Managed Land

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SW

Area (ha): total 66.6; bushland 64.4

Zoning

MRS: State Forests TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

65 street not identified

State Forest 65

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - North

Bassendean Complex - North Transition



Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (4.4ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, McArthur and Mattiske 1985, Trudgen 1996)

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. ilicifolia, B. menziesii Low Woodland; Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata Low

Open Woodland

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Forest over Astartea aff. fascicularis Open Shrubland; Melaleuca

preissiana Low Open Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >40% Excellent, >40% Very Good, <15% Good, with areas of severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent native vegetation

Other Special Attributes: included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997); majority recommended for

protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. This site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values.

## MELALEUCA PARK AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK/LEXIA

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary (mostly associated with protected area) (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 399

Map no. 28, 29, 33, 34, 35, 40, 41

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I

SE, 2034--I SW, 2034--II NE

System 6 (1983): M9 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

M9, part Submission Areas 117 and 288

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook, Ellenbrook, Lexia)

Area (ha): total 4234.9 (includes open water); bushland

4150.9

Zoning

MRS: State Forests, Rural, Parks and Recreation,

Controlled Access Highways

TPS: General Rural, Landscape



Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (including commercial organisation), Not identified

CALM Managed Land

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

5607 Asher Rd; 5607 Neaves Rd; 1570, 2294, 3231 Della South Rd; 3232 Raphael Rd; 65, 1588, 1645, 1846, 2084, 2235 Warbrook Rd; 1920, 5607 Cooper Rd; 65, 1497 Wise Rd; 70 Maralla Rd; 1556, 1558, 1564, 1653, 1952, 1999, 2253, 2254, 2794, 2828, 11937,

12188 street not identified

Crown Reserve State Forest 65

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Yanga Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex --- North

Bassendean Complex — North Transition (restricted complex, contains significant area)

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Melaleuca preissiana damplands

S2 Northern Pericalymma ellipticum dense low shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

23b Northern Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, floodplain, creek, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Muchea (B/P.3)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Riverdale (B.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (245.4ha), Resource Enhancement

**Lakes EPP**: 5.9ha + 3.4ha + 1ha + 1.1ha = 12.4ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: tall dune, open water, vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (part Bushplan Site — DEP 1998 (viewed from fenceline); EPA and WAWA 1990, Gibson et al. 1994 (MELA 01-03, 05-10; ELE 15-16; WARB 01-04), Griffin 1994 (MP 01-11; SF 01-04), Havel 1968 (Transect 3 and Plots 8, 9, 72), Heddle 1980 (Neaves Transect), McArthur and Mattiske 1985, Muir 1983, Trudgen 1996), detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, 1996)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, McArthur and Mattiske 1985)

Uplands: Low Open Forests to Low Open Woodlands of Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii or B. ilicifolia or combinations of them, sometimes with Eucalyptus todtiana, Eucalyptus marginata, Nuytsia floribunda or Melaleuca preissiana over mixed Open Heaths to Low Shrublands, sometimes with Verticordia nitens, Adenanthos cygnorum, Xanthorrhoea preissii, Eremaea pauciflora or species of Leucopogon or Hibbertia

Wetlands: Open Forests to Low Open Woodlands of Eucalyptus rudis, Melaleuca preissiana, M. rhaphiophylla or Banksia littoralis or combinations of them; Closed Heaths to Low Shrublands of Astartea aff. fascicularis, Hypocalymma angustifolium, Regelia ciliata, Pericalymma ellipticum or Pultenaea reticulata or combinations of them; Herblands dominated by Phlebocarya ciliata and other herbs such as Patersonia occidentalis often in



combination with a variety of sedges; Sedgelands of Baumea articulata, other Baumea species, Juncus pallidus and Lepidosperma species.

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >5% Pristine, >85% Excellent to Very Good, <10% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 272 native taxa (estimated >60% expected flora, Keighery, GJ, 1996)

Significant Flora: Caladenia huegelii (R), Conostephium minus (4), Stachystemon axillaris (4); Boronia purdieana, Verticordia nitens, Astroloma xerophyllum, Eremaea purpurea, Hensmania turbinata, Stylidium crossocephalum, Burchardia bairdiae

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys for reptiles (26) and amphibians (8) (How & Dell 1994). Significant reptile species: legless lizard (Pletholax gracilis), dragon (Tympanocryptis adelaidensis), skinks (Ctenotus gemmula, Egernia napoleonis and Acritoscincus trilineatum), Black-headed Snake (Rhinoplocephalus gouldii) and Black-striped Snake (Simoselaps calonotos). Good assemblage of insectivorous birds including Splendid Fairy-wren and nectarivorous birds (J. Dell pers. comm.)

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation to the north (BS462), east (BS6, BS298 and BS300) and the west (BS398); part of proposed Greenways 41, 37, 42 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous and fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: part recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); 'contains the most important example remaining in State Forest of the coastal vegetation type characteristic of the Bassendean Dune System' (DCE 1983); part of catchment for Ellenbrook and Egerton wetlands and mound springs (BS300 and BS93); part Bushplan Site proposed to become Nature Reserve in Forest Management Plan 1994-2003 (CALM 1994); included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

## SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

## Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements, Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (sand), mining tenement M70/238 (Rocla Ltd) for sand and silica

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of the CALM managed area of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. The majority of this site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site to be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

## COOPER ROAD WATER RESERVE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, BULLSBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 6

Map no. 35

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SE Area (ha): total 114.4; bushland 113.8

Other Names: not known

Zoning

Local Authorities (Suburb)

MRS: Rural

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

TPS: General Rural

Ownership Categories

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Private.

Street name

2717, 3020 street not identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

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Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes Pinjarra Plain

Yanga Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - North

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

\*S2 Northern Pericalymma ellipticum dense low shrublands

\*S17 Eucalyptus rudis/Agonis linearifolia wetlands in Bassendean Dunes

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

\*23b Northern Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

Wetland Types: sumpland, palusplain, floodplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Muchea (B/P.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (49.5ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 (surveyed from roadside), McArthur and Mattiske 1985, Muir 1983, Trudgen 1996)

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii Low Woodland with occasional Nuytsia floribunda, Banksia littoralis and Eucalyptus todtiana

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Closed Forest with occasional Eucalyptus patens over Agonis linearifolia Tall Shrubland; Hypocalymma angustifolium and Astartea aff, fascicularis Closed Heath with emergent Xanthorrhoea preissii; Sedgelands to Closed Sedgelands

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: 90% Pristine to Excellent, <10% Very Good

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Verticordia nitens

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation to the north, east and west (BS399); part of proposed Greenway 37 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).



## JANDABUP LAKE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, JANDABUP/MARIGINIUP

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 324 Map no. 33, 39 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034–I SW, 2034–II NW

System 6 (1983): Part M8 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Part Submission Area 233

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Jandabup, Mariginiup)

Ownership Categories

Private, State Government

Area (ha): total 508.8 (includes open water); bushland

107.5

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural

TPS: Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 4, 9, 11, 16, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 510, 511, 700, 7118, 10377, 12142 Franklin Rd; 13, 17, 32, 2783, 3310 Hawkins Rd; 4, 5, 100, 1383, 1947 Townsend Rd; 31, 36, 400, 402, 403, 404, 1635, 9222,

10416 Trichet Rd; 100, 1713, 11065 Rousset Rd

Crown Reserve

Reserve 7349 (Conservation of Fauna)

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood/Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Pinjar Complex (most southern occurrence)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*\$3 Wet sedgelands on sandy clays

\*S17 Eucalyptus rudis/Agonis linearifolia wetlands in Bassendean Dunes

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, sumpland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Gnangara (B.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (298.9ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 346ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetlands, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 (including observations from roadside), EPA and WAWA 1990, McArthur and Mattiske 1985, Trudgen 1993a, WAWA 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, McArthur and Mattiske 1985, Trudgen 1993a)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Closed Forest; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Forest; Acacia saligna Tall Open Scrub

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Open Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Viminaria juncea Tall Open Scrub; Astartea aff. fascicularis and Regelia ciliata Open Heath with

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emergent scattered Melaleuca preissiana; Villarsia sp. Herbland; Closed Sedgeland to Sedgeland dominated by Baumea articulata, B. preissii, B. juncea, Lepyrodia muirii and Leptocarpus scariosus

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition

Uplands: <80% Excellent to Very Good, >20% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance Wetland: <70% Excellent to Pristine, >30% Very Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance **Significant Flora:** Utricularia biflora (only record for WA, considered a weed in Marchant et al. 1987 but could be native). U. dichotoma (only record for the Swan Coastal Plain, otherwise Stirlings/south coast)

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 5 visits, for birds (76). Significant populations of Blue-billed, Musk, Australasian Shoveler and Pink-eared ducks and insectivorous passerine birds. Significant bird species: category 1 (2), category 2 (3), category 3 (8) and category 4 (3). High species richness of aquatic invertebrates (Davis *et al.* 1993, Balla and Davis 1993)

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation to the south (outside of Perth's Bushplan), east and west; part of proposed Greenways 15, 16 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: 'most diverse sedge and macrophyte vegetation of all the Bassendean dune wetlands studied in the area ... appears to be the most pristine of the wetlands within the wetland suite to which it belongs' (WAWA 1995, p124–125); part recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Part Bushplan Site - Not Listed, Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate; part Bushplan Site - Listed on the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserve 7349 is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site to be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

## HAWKINS ROAD BUSHLAND, JANDABUP/GNANGARA

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 326

Map no. 33, 39

Other Names

East of Lake Jandabup, part Submission Area 298

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Jandabup, Gnangara)

Ownership Categories

Local Government, Private (including commercial organisation), State Government

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SW, 2034-II NW

Area (ha): total 334.5; bushland 313.9

Zoning

MRS: State Forests, Rural, Parks and Recreation

TPS: Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 9, 11, 17, 1577 Sydney Rd; 1534 Wirrega Rd; 7 Joyce Rd; 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 16, 19, 20, 22 Pine

Crest Wy; 7, 65, 1792 street not identified

State Forest 65





#### **VEGETATION AND FLORA**

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - North

Bassendean Complex — Central and South (most northern occurrence)

Bassendean Complex — North Transition

Wetlands

Pinjar Complex

Floristic Community Types \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

\*14 Deeper wetlands on sandy soils

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

\*23b Northern Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

#### REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Gnangara (B.2)

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (9.9ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Data Deficient (floristic community type 14)

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Trudgen 1993a; part Bushplan Site — Gibson et al. 1994 (Wirr 02), Trudgen 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (Trudgen 1993a)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, Eucalyptus todtiana and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Forest; Banksia attenuata and B. ilicifolia Low Woodland; Adenanthos cygnorum Tall Open Shrubland; Low Shrublands to Open Heaths dominated by Stirlingia latifolia, Leucopogon conostephioides, Acacia pulchella, Conospermum stoechadis, Hibbertia hypericoides, Calytrix fraseri and Xanthorrhoea preissii and combinations of these

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana and Banksia ilicifolia Low Woodland to Open Forest; Mixed Tall Shrubland; Astartea aff. fascicularis Open Heath to Closed Tall Scrub; Pultenaea reticulata Open Scrub, Pericalymma ellipticum Shrubland; Hypocalymma angustifolium Low Open Heath; Cyathochaeta avenacea Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

**Vegetation Condition:** mapping (Trudgen 1993a) >30% Excellent to Pristine, <40% Very Good to Good and <30% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 96 native taxa (estimated >50% expected flora) (part Bushplan Site — Trudgen 1995)

Significant Flora: Verticordia nitens (Trudgen 1995)

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation to the south and west; part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); part Bushplan Site included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

## SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning Constraints; private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of CALM managed area of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. Part of this site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and



enhance their conservation values. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site to be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

## MARALLA ROAD BUSHLAND, ELLENBROOK/UPPER SWAN

Boundary Definition: protected area/ bushland taken to cadastre/bushland group/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 300

Map no. 35, 36, 41, 42

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SE,

2034-II NE, 2134-III NW, 2134-IV SW Area (ha): total 648.1 (includes open water); bushland

Other Names

Ellenbrook Bushland Conservation Area, part Submission 641.5 Areas 116 and 117

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Ellenbrook, The Vines, Upper Swan)

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural, Urban, Controlled Access Highways, Public Purposes-Special Uses,

Railways, State Forests

TPS: Landscape, Special Rural, General Rural, Special Purpose, No Zone

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

(Creekline lots not identified)

1, 46, 47, 75, 76, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85 Maralla Rd; 1, 5 Lexia Ave

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Crown Reserve

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (including commercial organisation), Local Government, Not identified

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Opa: Mgs1, S11)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Ohw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex (none in Site)

Swan Complex

Yanga Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — North (most southern occurrence)

Bassendean Complex — North Transition (restricted complex)

## Floristic Community Types: \* not sampled, types inferred

## Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- Melaleuca preissiana damplands
- \*5 Mixed shrub damplands
- 18 Shrublands on calcareous silts
- S2 Northern Pericalymma ellipticum dense low shrublands
- S3 Wet sedgelands on sandy clays
- S5 Acacia saligna wetlands (restricted type, known from two localities, this is the only area in the PMR)
- S6 Northern dense low shrublands (most southerly occurrence)
- S17 Eucalyptus rudis/Agonis linearifolia wetlands in Bassendean Dunes

## Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

- 21a Central Banksia attenuata Eucalyptus marginata woodlands
- 21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands
- 22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands
- 23b Northern Banksia attenuata B. menziesii woodlands (most southerly occurrence)
- S9 Banksia attenuata woodlands over dense low shrublands (most southerly and only occurrence)



#### REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, palusplain, floodplain, creek, river

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Muchea (B/P.3)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Ellen Brook (R.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (221.6ha, 3235.3m), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 2.2ha + 0.6ha + 63.5ha + 7.2ha + 33.9ha + 0.8ha = 108ha (total)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined, Vulnerable (floristic community type 18)

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: tall dune, open water, vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site — Weston et al. 1993); limited survey (part Bushplan Site — Dames and Moore 1990 and 1992c)

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — Weston et al. 1993)

Uplands (mainly Bassendean Sands): Low Closed Woodlands to Low Open Woodlands of Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii or B. ilicifolia and combinations of them, sometimes with Eucalyptus todtiana, E. calophylla or E. marginata; E. calophylla Woodland

Wetlands: Low Closed Forests and Closed Forests to Woodlands of Eucalyptus rudis, Melaleuca preissiana, M. rhaphiophylla, Banksia littoralis or Acacia saligna and combinations; Closed Tall Scrub to Low Shrubland of Agonis linearifolia, Astartea aff. fascicularis, Pericalymma ellipticum, Acacia saligna, Melaleuca viminea, Kunzea recurva, Regelia ciliata or others and in combination; Mixed Herblands of species of Utricularia, Stylidium, Drosera and other small plants; Herblands dominated by Phlebocarya ciliata and other herbs such as Patersonia occidentalis often in combination with a variety of sedges; Sedgelands of Baumea articulata, Baumea species, Lepidosperma longitudinale, Carex appressa and Harperia lateriflora

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Very Good, <10% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 427 native taxa, 50 weeds (Weston et al. 1993) (area greater than that of the Bushplan Site, estimated <10% not in Site, estimated >85% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Caladenia huegelii (R), Grevillea curviloba subsp. curviloba (R), Haloragis tenuifolia (1), Eryngium subdecumbens ms (1), Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre ms (2), Aotus cordifolia (3), Anthotium junciforme (4), Conostephium minus (4), Stachystemon axillaris (4); Astroloma macrocalyx, Burchardia bairdii, Blancoa canescens, Boronia purdieana, Conospermum triplinervium, Kunzea littoricola ms, Darwinia sp. Muchea (BJK 2006), Eremaea purpurea, Hibbertia perfoliata, Leucopogon kingianus, Levenhookia preissii, Macarthuria apetala, Restio stenostachyus, Verticordia nitens; significant groups of species: 4 species of Mesomelaena recorded in Site; >30 species characteristic of heavy soils on the eastern side of the coastal plain

Fauna: limited surveys by Watkins, Bamford and Bamford (1993) for birds (57), native mammals (3), reptiles (31) and amphibians (9). Significant bird species: category 3 (13) and category 4 (10). Significant populations of Scarlet Robin, Hooded Robin, Golden Whistler, Splendid Fairy-wren, Western, Yellow-rumped and Broad-tailed Thornbills, and Australian Sittella. Significant mammal species: Quenda and Western Brush Wallaby. Significant reptile species: Spiny-tailed Gecko (Diplodactylus spinigerus), a dragon (Tympanocryptis adelaidensis), skink lizards (Ctenotus gemmula and Lerista christinae) and Black-striped Snake (Simoselaps calonotus)

**Linkage:** adjacent native vegetation to the north and south outside of the Bushplan Site, east (BS301) and west (BS399); adjacent bushland north available; part of proposed Greenways 37, 41, 68, 50 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a), part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains diversity of floristic community types (13) and mapped vegetation types (19) (Weston et al. 1993); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain; outstanding flora diversity (>380 native species recorded for Bushplan Site), (i) an exceptionally large number of significant flora, (ii) high conservation value for vegetation (Weston et al. 1993, p. 74) including: (a) a variety of wetlands in near-pristine condition (b) many other vegetation types in excellent or better condition and (c) a series of vegetation types on a range of landform/soil complexes that are in conjunction (a conjunction which does not exist elsewhere in the PMR except possibly in Locations 1500 and 2766, north of Muchea); a relatively rich fauna compared to bushland remnants closer to Perth (Bowman Bishaw Gorham 1993, p.32); National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; contains part of the channels (Saw Pit Gully and Ellen Brook) recommended for conservation by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1992); contains part of the area recommended for conservation by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1992); contains 4010m of regionally significant river and 728m of regionally significant creek (WRC 1996a GIS)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate



#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Western Swamp Tortoise Draft EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (clay, sand)

Recommendation: The Bushplan Site is already reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme and should be purchased for National Park, Conservation Park, Nature Reserve or Regional Park,

## CARDINAL DRIVE BUSHLAND, ELLENBROOK

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre/conservation wetland boundary (boundary possibly subject to investigation)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 23

Map no. 41

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE

Other Names

Area (ha): total 84.5; bushland 82.9

Part Submission Area 116

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Ellenbrook, The Vines)

Zoning

MRS: Urban Deferred, Urban, Rural TPS: Special Purpose, Landscape

Ownership Categories

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Private (commercial organisation); State Government

Street name

3 Bordeaux L; 3 Cardinal Dr; 408 Millhouse Rd

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa: S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Yanga Complex (most southern occurrence)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - North

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex (most northern occurrence)

#### Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Mixed shrub damplands

\*18 Shrublands on calcareous silts

\*S2 Northern Pericalymma ellipticum dense low shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*23b Northern Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

25 Southern Eucalyptus gomphocephala — Agonis flexuosa woodlands (atypical member of this type associated with Muchea Limestones)

REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, palusplain

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Muchea (B/P.3)



Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (25.8ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined, Critically Endangered (Muchea Limestones), Vulnerable (floristic community type 18)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: Muchea Limestone, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: DEP 1996 (Vines 01-02)

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — Weston et al. 1993)

Uplands: Low Closed Woodlands to Low Open Woodlands of Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii or B. ilicifolia and

combinations of these, sometimes with Eucalyptus calophylla; Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland

Wetlands: Low Closed Forests and Closed Forests to Woodlands of Eucalyptus calophylla, E. rudis, Melaleuca preissiana, M. rhaphiophylla, Banksia littoralis or Acacia saligna and combinations of these; Closed Tall Scrubs to Tall Shrublands of Acacia saligna, Melaleuca rhaphiophylla, M. viminea and M. huegelii or combinations of these; Open Heaths to Low Shrublands of Astartea aff. fascicularis and/or Pericalymma ellipticum; Mixed Herblands of species of Stylidium, Drosera and Asteraceae species; Sedgelands of Baumea species and Lepidosperma longitudinale

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

**Vegetation Condition:** >90% Excellent to Very Good, <10% Good to Degraded areas, with of severe localised disturbance associated with tracks

**Total Flora:** 427 native taxa, 50 weeds (Weston *et al.* 1993) (area greater than that of Bushplan Site, estimated <20% not in Site, estimated >85% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Grevillea curviloba subsp. curviloba (R) (largest population known in a bushland area, estimated to be less than 200 plants in the wild of this species), Haloragis tenuifolia (1), Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre (2), Stylidium longitubum (3), Conospermum triplinervium; at least five taxa typical of Muchea Limestones (Grevillea curviloba subsp. curviloba, Melaleuca huegelii, Austrostipa flavescens, Anthocercis littorea, Daucus glochidiatus); at least nine taxa typical of the heavy soils of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

Fauna: no systematic survey, known species list supplied in Watkins et al. (1993) for birds (57), native mammals (3), reptiles (31) and amphibians (9). Significant bird species: category 3 (10) and category 4 (10). Significant mammal species: Western Brush Wallaby and Quenda (Friend 1996 D). Significant reptile species: a legless lizard (Pletholax gracilis), Black-headed Snake (Rhinoplocephalus gouldii) and Black-striped Snake (Simoselaps calonotus). Linkage: adjacent native vegetation to the north, south and west (connects to BS300 and BS22); part of proposed Greenway 37 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: contains diversity of floristic community types (7) and mapped vegetation types (10, Weston et al. 1993); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain the area; contains the only intact area of Muchea Limestone communities known in the PMR and the largest known population of Grevillea curviloba subsp. curviloba which is only found on soils associated with Muchea Limestones; National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; contains part of the area recommended for conservation by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1992)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning and Urban Deferred Zoning, General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

## EGERTON MOUND SPRING AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, ELLENBROOK

**Boundary Definition:** bushland taken to cadastre/conservation wetland boundary (part Bushplan Site, wetlands, subject to Ministerial Condition No. 372, 18 November 1994)

# DESCRIPTIONS ( SALVIVA)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 22

Map no. 41

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE

Area (ha): total 35.5; bushland 33.9

Other Names

Submission Area 115

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Ellenbrook)

Ownership Categories

Private (commercial organisation)

Zoning

MRS: Urban

TPS: Special Purpose

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

148 Millhouse Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — North

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*S17 Eucalyptus rudis/Agonis linearifolia wetlands in Bassendean Dunes

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*23b Northern Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, sumpland, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Muchea (B/P.3)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (21.2ha, 12m), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined, Critically Endangered (Communities of Tumulus Springs)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1994a); limited survey (Jasinska and Knott 1994, G.J. Keighery pers. comm.)

Structural Units: mapping (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1994a)

Uplands (Bassendean Sands): Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland with Eucalyptus todtiana; E. calophylla and E. marginata Woodlands to Open Forests, with Banksia attenuata, B. ilicifolia or B. grandis or combinations of them

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Closed Forest to Open Forest, often with Melaleuca preissiana and Banksia littoralis; Melaleuca preissiana Low Woodland to Low Open Woodland, Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Closed Forest, often with Eucalyptus rudis; Closed Heaths to Open Low Heaths of Agonis linearifolia, Astartea aff. fascicularis, Hypocalymma angustifolium or Pericalymma ellipticum; Sedgelands of Baumea articulata or Cyathochaeta teretifolia

**Vegetation Condition:** >90% Excellent to Very Good, <10% Good to Degraded, with small areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 168 native taxa, approximately 30 species of weeds expected (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1994a, with additions from Jasinska and Knott 1994 and G.J Keighery pers. comm., WA Wildflower Society pers.

DESCRIPTIONS OF THE PROPERTY O

comm.) (area greater than that of Bushplan Site, estimated <20% not in Bushplan Site, estimated >75% expected native flora of Bushplan Site)

Significant Flora: Cyathochaeta teretifolia (3), Aotus cordifolia (3), Conostephium minus (4); Verticordia nitens, taxa uncommon on the Swan Coastal Plain found in association with permanent freshwater seepages or springs - Hibbertia perfoliata, Lycopodium serpentinum, Goebelobryum unguiculatum, Hyalolepidozia longiscypha

Fauna: structured survey by Tingay, Alan and Associates (1994d) for birds (38), native mammals (3), reptiles (9) and amphibians (6). Significant bird species: category 3 (3) and category 4 (2). Significant mammal species: Honey Possum and Quenda (Friend 1996 D). Significant reptile species: a legless lizard (*Pletholax gracilis*), Black-headed Snake (*Rhinoplocephalus gouldii*) and Black-striped Snake (*Simoselaps calonotus*). Contains a rich and diverse aquatic invertebrate fauna (Jasinska and Knott 1994)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to north (outside BS); part of proposed Greenway 37 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: the only Ellen Brook mound spring studied by Jasinska and Knott (1994) without degraded vegetation and with a new, monotypic genus of amphipod discovered in 1994; only known occurrence of the club moss Lycopodium serpentinum and the leafy liverworts Goebelobryum unguiculatum and Hyalolepidozia longiscypha in the PMR dependent on water regime in spring; National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; contains part of the area recommended for conservation by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1992)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

## Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). (Note: Part Bushplan Site, wetlands, subject to Ministerial Condition No. 372, 18 November 1994.)

## GNANGARA LAKE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, GNANGARA/LEXIA

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 193 Map no. 39, 40 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE, 2034-II NW System 6 (1983): Part M8 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Part Submission Area 233

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Gnangara)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State

Government, Local Government

Area (ha): total 301.8 (includes open water); bushland 162.3

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, State Forests

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 50, 2470 Alexander Dr; 51, 883, 970 Gnangara Rd; 5199, 7817, 7818, 11838, 12417 Sydney Rd; 65 Steel

Rd; Crown; 0 street not identified

Crown Reserve

State Forest 65

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)



#### Wetlands (within the Spearwood/Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - North

Bassendean Complex -- Central and South

Bassendean Complex — North Transition

## Floristic Community Types

#### Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

S3 Wet sedgelands on sandy clays

\$17 Eucalyptus rudis/Agonis linearifolia wetlands in Bassendean Dunes

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

#### REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Gnangara (B.2)

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (117.3ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 124.3ha

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed. Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Gnan 01-03), EPA and WAWA 1990, Trudgen 1993a, WAWA 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, Trudgen 1993a)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, Eucalyptus todtiana Low Open Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata Open Forest; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. ilicifolia, B. menziesii. Nuvtsia floribunda and Eucalvotus todtiana Low Open Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Open Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest to Closed Forest; Mixed Closed Herbland: Mixed Closed Sedgeland; Closed Sedgelands of Baumea articulata and B. juncea

Vegetation Condition; mapping (Trudgen 1993a) >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25% Good to Degraded. with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 170 native taxa, 15 weeds (plot-generated list only) (estimated >50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Cyathochaeta teretifolia (3)

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 2 visits, for birds (50). Significant populations of Musk Duck and insectivorous passerine birds including Splendid Fairy-wren and Western Thornbill. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 2 (3), category 3 (5) and category 4 (4)

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation to the north, south (BS196) and west; part of proposed Greenway 22, 14 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Indicative Place on Register of the National Estate Database; recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed; Indicative Place on register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species; part Bushplan Site included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand), mining tenement M70/163 (Boral Resources)

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of CALM managed lands within this Bushplan Site is endorsed. Part of this site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996)



within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site to be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

## WETHERELL ROAD BUSHLAND, LEXIA/ELLENBROOK

Zoning

MRS: State Forests

TPS: Landscape

Street name

65 Gnangara Rd Crown Reserve

State Forest 65

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Area (ha): total 44.3; bushland 40.7

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 192, 195 Map no. 40, 41

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Ellenbrook)

Ownership Categories

State Government

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South
Bassendean Complex — North Transition (most southern occurrence)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 viewed from fenceline)

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia menziesii, B. ilicifolia, B. attenuata, Eucalyptus todtiana Low Open Forest with emergent E. calophylla; Allocasuarina fraseriana Woodland over Banksia ilicifolia, Eucalyptus todtiana, Nuytsia floribunda

mixed Low Open Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: 5% Excellent, <60% Very Good, >30% Good, with areas of severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent native vegetation (BS399 across road to north); part of proposed Greenways 22, 14 (Tingay,

Alan & Associates 1997a); part of contiguous and fragmented bushland/wetland linkages (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

160 Perth's Bushplan



Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (sand), mining tenement M70/238 (Rocla Ltd) for sand and silica

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. This site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values.

## GNANGARA ROAD BUSHLAND, LANDSDALE/CULLACABARDEE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 196 Map no. 39, 40, 46

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE, 2034-II NW Area (ha): total 362.9; bushland 281.9

Part Submission Area 299, Telecommunication Centre

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Landsdale), Shire of Swan

(Cullacabardee)

Ownership Categories

Commonwealth Government, State Government

MRS: Public Purposes-Special Uses, Rural, Important

Regional Roads

TPS: General Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 10 Gnangara Rd; 5, 55 Park St

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex --- Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, palusplain

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Bassendean Dunes

Gnangara (B.2)

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (27.5ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996, 1998, fenceline observations; Mattiske Consulting Pty Ltd 1997)

December 1998



#### Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla and E. marginata Woodland; Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata and B. ilicifolia Low Woodland; Banksia menziesii and B. attenuata Low Woodland; Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata Low Open Forest with scattered emergent Eucalyptus calophylla; Xanthorrhoea brunonis Open Low Heath with Verticordia nitens and Stirlingia latifolia

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana and Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Verticordia nitens Open Heath with scattered emergent Banksia ilicifolia, B. menziesii and Melaleuca preissiana; Mixed M. preissiana, Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii Low Open Forest, with scattered emergent trees of Eucalyptus calophylla; Closed to Open Low Heaths dominated by Astartea aff. fascicularis, Hypocalymma angustifolium and Pericalymma ellipticum; Mixed Sedgelands of Lyginia barbata and Loxocarya flexuosa

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: 80% Excellent, 15% Very Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Verticordia nitens

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation to the north (BS193 across a road), south (BS198 across a road) and east; part of proposed Greenways 14, 22 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

## BEECHBORO ROAD BUSHLAND, CULLACABARDEE/BALLAJURA

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period) Map no. 46

Bushplan Site no. 198

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Cullacabardee, Ballajura)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE

Area (ha): total 497.2; bushland 458.1

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Landscape, General Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 2, 125, 126 Hepburn Ave; 51, 52, 123, 124, 10042

Marangaroo Dr; 1, 1000 street not identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South



Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

\*23aCentral Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, palusplain

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean—Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennet Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (91.2ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora

Structural Units: limited survey (DEP 1996, Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland over Low Woodlands to Low Open Woodlands dominated by Melaleuca preissiana and Banksia ilicifolia; Low Woodland dominated by Allocasuarina fraseriana, Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii with scattered Eucalyptus todtiana

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Forest to Open Woodland over Melaleuca preissiana Open Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla and Acacia saligna Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: <10% Excellent, >90% Very Good to Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Significant Flora: Verticordia nitens

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation to the north (BS196 across road), south and east (BS304 across road); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in study of Shire of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

## WHITEMAN PARK, WHITEMAN/WEST SWAN

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/bushland boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 304 Map no. 40, 41, 46, 47 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE

System 6 (1983): M13, part M41 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names

Area (ha): total 2514.9; bushland 1416.2

Mussel Pool



Zoning

St; 1, 99 street not identified

Local Authorities (Suburb)
Shire of Swan (Whiteman, West Swan)

Ownership Categories State Government, Private MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural
TPS: Landscape, General Rural
Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),
Street name
2, 3 Woollcott Ave; 3 Dulwich St; 54, 626 Cranleigh St;
1, 20 Harrow St; 20 Gnangara Rd; 11, 21, 22, 58 Park

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1) (Qha: Mc1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - Central and South

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

S17 Eucalyptus rudis/Agonis linearifolia wetlands in Bassendean Dunes

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, floodplain, palusplain, sumpland, lake, creek, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (336.5ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Arnold et al. 1991, part Bushplan Site — Jackson et al. 1975), Mattiske & Associates 1989; limited survey (DEP 1996 (White 03-08), Gibson et al. 1994 (White 01-02), Griffin 1994 (WIS 01-02))

Structural Units: mapping (Arnold et al. 1991, Jackson et al. 1975; Mattiske & Associates 1989)

Uplands (mainly Bassendean Sands): Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland to Low Open Woodland, often with E. marginata, Melaleuca preissiana, Banksia ilicifolia or B. grandis and combinations of these, and generally over Verticordia nitens or mixed Open Low Heath to Low Shrubland; Low Open Forest to Low Open Woodland dominated by Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia, Allocasuarina fraseriana or Eucalyptus todtiana and combinations of these

Wetlands: Open Forest to Low Open Forest of Eucalyptus rudis, Melaleuca preissiana, M. rhaphiophylla or Banksia littoralis and combinations; Heaths and Shrublands of Melaleuca lateritia, Astartea aff. fascicularis, Pericalymma ellipticum and others; Sedgelands of Baumea ?vaginata, Lepidosperma longitudinale, Cyathochaeta teretifolia and other species

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >70% Very Good to Excellent, <30% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance



Total Flora: 340 native taxa, 76 weeds (Mattiske & Associates 1989; with additions from DEP 1996 (White 03-08), Gibson et al. 1994 (WHITE 01-02); and pers. comm. D. Bright, H. Gratte, J. Wann, T. Comber, A. Brown, Native Orchid Group, WA Wildflower Society) (estimated >85% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Cyathochaeta teretifolia (3), Aotus cordifolia (3), Isopogon drummondii (3) (Mattiske & Associates 1989). Stachystemon axillaris (4), Conostephium minus (4), Verticordia lindlevi subsp. lindlevi (4): Astroloma xerophyllum, Eremaea fimbriata, Verticordia nitens, Conospermum triplinervium, Boronia purdieana, Burchardia bairdiae, Drosera macrantha (swamp form)

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Jackson et al. (1975) and Arnold et al. (1991) for birds (103), native mammals (6), reptiles (30) and amphibians (8). Rich assemblage of insectivorous and nectarivorous birds. Significant bird species: category 1 (2), category 3 (13) and category 4 (13). Significant mammal species: Ash-grey Mouse, Honey Possum, Quenda and Western Brush Wallaby. Rich reptile assemblage including a dragon (Tympanocryptis adelaidensis), Black-headed Snake (Rhinoplocephalus gouldii), a gecko (Diplodactylus alboguttatus), skink lizards (Bassiana trilineata and Ctenotus gemmula) and Rosenberg's Monitor (Varanus rosenbergii). Significant reptile species: Black-striped Snake (Simoselaps calonotos)

**Linkage:** adjacent native vegetation to the south (BS305) and west; part of proposed Greenway 41, 22, 39, 21, 40. 33 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: rich and diverse flora and fauna, with a relatively large number of significant species, including the largest known stands of the significant sedge Cyathochaeta teretifolia; contains part of the channel (Bennett Brook) recommended for conservation by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1992); contains area of significant undeveloped remnant vegetation and/or regional open space identified by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1992); contains 956m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed.

## VICTORIA ROAD BUSHLAND, MALAGA/BEECHBORO

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 480

Map no. 46

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Malaga, Beechboro)

Area (ha): total 21.2; bushland 20.6

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE

MRS: Industrial, Controlled Access Highways TPS: Highway Service, Industrial Development,

Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

20, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299 Victoria Rd; 21 Truganina Rd; 16, 17 Della Rd;

1 street not identified

#### Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (including commercial organisation)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Opa: Mgs1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

December 1998





## Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain/Spearwood Dunes

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*S2 Northern Pericalymma ellipticum dense low shrublands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland Natural Wetland Groups Bassendean Dunes Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (7.9ha) Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands, vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, surveyed from roadside)

Structural Units

Uplands: Low Open Forest to Low Open Woodland dominated by Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia or Allocasuarina fraseriana and combinations of these

Wetlands: Heaths and Shrublands of Astartea aff. fascicularis, Pericalymma ellipticum and others; Sedgelands of Lepidosperma longitudinale, Leptocarpus species and other species

Vegetation Condition: >70% Excellent to Very Good, <30% Good with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland west and north; part of proposed Greenway 39 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: part of a complex group of wetlands

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria met for inclusion: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRS Industrial Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

## CAVERSHAM AIRBASE BUSHLAND, WEST SWAN/WHITEMAN

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 200

Map no. 47

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE Area (ha): total 139.4; bushland 97.0

Other Names

Submission Area 199

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (West Swan)

Ownership Categories

Commonwealth Government

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1 Harrow St

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#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

## Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- S1 Astartea aff. fascicularis/Melaleuca species dense shrublands
- S2 Northern Pericalymma ellipticum dense low shrublands
- S7 Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

#### REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, sumpland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands, vegetated wetlands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Cavs 02, 06-07, 09-11))

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Woodland to Open Woodland over Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Tall Woodland

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and Eucalyptus rudis Closed Forest; Melaleuca preissiana Low Woodland; Hypocalymma angustifolium and Pericalymma ellipticum Open Low Heath

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >60% Very Good, <40% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: 110 native taxa, 33 weeds (plot-generated list only) Significant Flora: Kunzea littoricola ms, Burchardia bairdiae

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent native vegetation to the north and west; part of proposed Greenway 40 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: contains area of significant undeveloped remnant vegetation and/or regional open space identified by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1992)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include parts for which — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for



conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

## LIGHTNING SWAMP AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, NORANDA

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 307

Map no. 46

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE

Other Names

Area (ha): total 74.1; bushland 72.6

Submission Area 178

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Noranda), City of Bayswater (Noranda)

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Controlled Access

Highways

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

56 Malaga Rd; 1, 42 Reid Hwy; 44 Crimea St; 1 Nannup

Mews; 100 street not identified; Crown

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private, Local Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Ohw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (0.7ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

**Vegetation and Flora:** limited survey (DEP 1996 (Light 01–04))

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland with scattered Eucalyptus todtiana; Low Open Forest to Low Woodland dominated by Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia or Nuytsia floribunda and combinations of these; Phlebocarya ciliata Herblands

Wetland: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Open Forest; Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >80% Very Good to Excellent, <20% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 112 native, 13 weeds (plot-generated list only, DEP 1996)

Significant Flora: Macarthuria apetala, Astroloma xerophyllum

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Fauna: limited survey by Murdoch University (1996) for birds (29), reptiles (5) and amphibians (4). Significant

bird species: category 3 (4) and category 4 (3)

Linkage: no adjacent native vegetation; part of proposed Greenway 39 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

## DIANELLA OPEN SPACE

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Map no. 50, 51 Bushplan Site no. 280 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE, 2034-II SW

System 6 (1983): M40 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names

M40 Dianella Open Space

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Stirling (Dianella)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Area (ha): total 38.7; bushland 16.0

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

201 Alexander Dr; 9506 Morley Dr

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex -- Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: artificial lake, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups (undefined areas included in boundary)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (0.9ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified



#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetlands, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Dian 01–02))

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland with scattered emergent trees of Eucalyptus marginata

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Low Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >70% Very Good to Excellent, <30% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 77 native taxa, 10 weeds (plot-generated list only) (estimated >50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (How et al. 1996) for birds (29), reptiles (13) and amphibians (4). Significant bird species: category 4 (2). Significant reptile species: a gecko (Diplodactylus polyophthalmus)

Linkage: no adjacent native vegetation; part of proposed Greenway 29 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: National Trust of Australia (WA) classification

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### PERTH AIRPORT AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE Bushplan Site no. 386 Map no. 52, 58 System 6 (1983): M52 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Perth Airport, South Guildford), Shire of Kalamunda (High Wycombe), City of Belmont (Forrestfield, Perth Airport)

632.3 Zoning

MRS: Public Purposes-Commonwealth Government, Railways, Controlled Access Highways, Important Regional Roads, Public Purposes-Special Uses

Area (ha): total 771.4 (includes open water); bushland

TPS: Landscape

## DESCRIPTIONS ( SALVIVA)

#### Ownership Categories

Commonwealth Government, State Government

#### Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

12001 Queens Rd; 1, 2, 54, 55, 56, 12001 Kalamunda Rd; 0, 1, 2, 3, 7, 382, 384, 385, 386, 387, 389, 392, 394, 395, 396, 422, 423, 425, 426, 462, 464, 471, 472, 500, 501, 548, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 824, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 847, 850, 852, 853, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 873, 874, 875, 876, 1349, 6246, 8794, 8795, 8898, 10570, 11872 Horrie Miller Dr; 0 Dundas Rd; 1 Waterhall Rd; 0, 164, 710, 1307, 1380 Wittenoom Rd; 1, 3, 476, 477, 808, 809 Grogan Rd; 0, 1, 2, 6, 8681, 10488 street not identified

Crown Reserve

## SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

#### LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes and Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

#### Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex --- Central and South

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

#### Floristic Community Types \*not sampled, types inferred

## Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- 4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands
- 5 Mixed shrub damplands
- 7 Herb-rich saline shrublands in clay pans
- \*11 Wet forests and woodlands
- 12 Melaleuca teretifolia and/or Astartea aff. fascicularis shrublands
- \*15 Forests and woodlands of deep seasonal wetlands

## Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands

20b Eastern Banksia attenuata and/or Eucalyptus marginata woodlands (most northerly occurrence)

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, sumpland, dampland, palusplain, artificial channel, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

## Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Mungala (B/P.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (229ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 30.4ha

## THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Endangered (floristic community types 20a, 20b), Vulnerable (floristic community types 7, 15)

## SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetlands, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1994c); limited survey (DEP 1996 (Perth 01-10), Keighery, BJ, 1995e, DEP 1998)

Structural Units: mapping (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1994c)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata Woodland; Eucalyptus rudis Woodland; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Woodland; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and B. ilicifolia Woodland

Wetlands: Banksia littoralis Low Woodland to Forest; Melaleuca preissiana Low Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and Eucalyptus rudis Forest; Jacksonia sternbergiana Closed Tall Scrub to Tall Shrubland; Jacksonia furcellata Open Shrubland; Adenanthos cygnorum Shrubland; Kunzea ericifolia Tall Shrubland; Hakea varia Closed Heath; Regelia ciliata Shrubland; Astartea aff. fascicularis Closed Heath; Pericalymma ellipticum Shrubland; Melaleuca teretifolia Open to Closed tall Scrub; Melaleuca viminea Open Heath; Mixed Open Heath; Acacia saligna Shrubland to Open Tall Scrub; Sedgelands of Leptocarpus species, Baumea articulata and Typha domingensis

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

**Vegetation Condition:** >60% Excellent to Very Good, <40% Good to Degraded (mapping Tingay, Alan & Associates 1994c)

Total Flora: 295 native taxa (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1994c, DEP 1996) (estimated >70% expected flora) Significant Flora: Conospermum undulatum (R); Eucalyptus marginata subsp. elegantella (1), Tripterococcus paniculatus ms (1), Myriophyllum echinatum (3), Stylidium longitubum (3), Haemodorum loratum (3), Conostephium minus (4), Villarsia submersa (4), Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi (4); Platysace juncea, Byblis gigantea, Conospermum triplinervium (hybrids with C. undulatum), Levenhookia preissii (rarely recorded on the Swan Coastal Plain), Cheilanthes austrotenuifolia (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1994c, uncommon on the Plain, associated with communities that are heavily cleared), Verticordia nitens (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1994c, only currently recorded population south of Gnangara in the Perth Metropolitan Region), Villarsia violifolia (uncommon on Plain); 34 taxa associated with eastern side of the Plain, possible location for Macarthuria keigheryi (R)

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by RAOU, Western Australian Museum of Natural Science and others for birds (87), native mammals (2), reptiles (20) and amphibians (8) (How and Dell 1994, RAOU (1996 D), Tingay, Alan & Associates 1994b). Significant bird species: category 3 (2) and category 4 (7). Munday Swamp is in the top 6% of wetlands for breeding waterbirds (Jaensch et al. 1993). Significant mammal species: Quenda and Echidna. Significant reptile species: 1970 record of Western Swamp Tortoise. Rich frog assemblage typical of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain. Only two other areas match the vertebrate species richness in the Perth Metropolitan Region. The only significant populations of two WA endemic fish, the western Pygmy Perch (Edelia vittata) and Western Minnow (Galaxis occidentalis) in the PMR (Robson and Charter 1989). Munday Swamp has an unusually rich and diverse invertebrate fauna (82 species), including several rare species

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenways 111, 26, 123, 124 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Munday Swamp and adjacent lands and lands to the north are considered to be of Aboriginal heritage value (Australian Archaeological Survey Consultants 1995); a number of uplands and wetlands are suitable for Western Swamp Tortoise release (Kuchling and Burbidge 1996); Munday Swamp, Runway Swamp, Link Road Swamp and sumplands east of the main runway are wetlands of national significance (ANCA 1996); National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; contains a substantial sweep of soils and communities from eastern to central Plain (Bassendean Sands); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim list of the Register of the National Estate; Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia.

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora and Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements, requirements for domestic and international airport

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owners. This may include parts for which: The conservation values of the Bushplan Site to be protected through one or more of a range of complementary mechanisms to encourage and secure conservation management on private lands; The specific approach to be determined in consultation/negotiation with the land owner(s), but will generally include conservation covenants/management agreements.



## KENSINGTON BUSHLAND, KENSINGTON

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre and zoning)boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 48

Map no. 57

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE

Area (ha): total: 9.2; bushland: 9.1

Other Names

Submission Area 212

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Victoria Park (Kensington)

Zoning

MRS: Urban TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 705 Anketell St Crown Reserve

Ownership Categories

Local Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex -- Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Cranfield and Parker 1992); limited survey (DEP 1996 (Kens 01))

Structural Units: mapping (Cranfield and Parker 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata, B. menziesii and B. attenuata Forest to Woodland; Banksia menziesii and B.

attenuata Woodland; mixed Low Shrubland

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Very Good, <25% Good to Degraded

Total Flora: 146 native taxa, 60 weeds (estimated >90% expected flora) (Cranfield and Parker 1992)

Significant Flora: Cranfield and Parker 1992 - Dodonaea hackettiana (4)

Fauna: multiple and structured survey by Turpin (1990, 1991) for birds (20), reptiles (14) and amphibians (1). Significant bird species: category 1 (2) and category 4 (2). One of only two known localities south of the Swan

River for the gecko Diplodactylus alboguttatus

Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: managed by the City of Victoria Park as a bushland reserve

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna; Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.



## BLUE GUM RESERVE, BRENTWOOD/MOUNT PLEASANT

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 228

Map no. 61

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW

Other names: not known

-

Area (ha): total 9.9 (includes open water); bushland 2.9

Local Authorities (Suburb)

MRS: Urban

City of Melville (Brentwood, Mt Pleasant)

TPS: Landscape, Local Open Space

Ownership Categories

Landscape, Local Open Space

Local Government, State Government

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

1604 2201 C

1694, 2381 Canning Ave; 488, 3423 Moolyeen Rd; 3451

Disney St Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Lagoonal and estuarine Deposits (within the Quindalup Spearwood Bassendean Dunes Pinjarra Plain)

Lagoonal and estuarine deposits (Vasse) (Qhg: Sm2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (5.6ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 5.7 ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (City of Melville 1992, EPA and WAWA 1990, Keighery, BJ, 1996a)

Structural Units: limited survey (City of Melville 1992, EPA and WAWA 1990)

Uplands: Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata and B. ilicifolia Low Woodland, with scattered Allocasuarina fraseriana and Eucalyptus marginata

Wetlands: Mixed Melaleuca rhaphiophylla, M. preissiana and Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Low Closed Forest; Eucalyptus rudis Low Open Forest; Acacia saligna Tall Open Scrub

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland — regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: >60% Good to Very Good, <40% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 62 native taxa, 19 weeds (City of Melville 1992) (estimated >75% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

**Fauna:** surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 5 visits, and Street (1992) for birds (73). Significant populations of Bluebilled and Hardhead Ducks and Dusky Moorhen. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 2 (2), category 3 (6) and category 4 (4)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992a)

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#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetland; under TPS Landscape Zoning and Local Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed.

## **BOORAGOON LAKE, BOORAGOON**

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to zoning boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 337

Map no. 61

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW

System 6 (1983): M73 Part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation

described

Other names: not known

9.9

Area (ha): total 13.3 (includes open water); bushland

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Melville (Booragoon)

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Other Major Highways

Ownership Categories State Government, Local Government TPS: Landscape, Local Open Space, Public Use Reserve

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1672, 2306 Leach Hwy; 681 Aldridge Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7) (near interface of Bassendean and Spearwood Dunes)

Wetlands (near the Spearwood/Bassendean Dune interface)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Msp)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - Central and South (near interface of Bassendean Complex - Central and South and

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*12 Melaleuca teretifolia and/or Astartea aff. fascicularis shrublands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (12.1ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 8.9ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands



Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Smith 1985a); limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, Smith 1985a)

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Closed Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Closed Forest; Melaleuca teretifolia

Closed Tall Scrub; Polypogon Closed Heath; mixed Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Pteridium esculentum Fernland

Vegetation Condition: >50% Good to Very Good, <50% Degraded, with areas of severe localised

disturbance (Weston 1993)

Total Flora: 34 native taxa, 6 weeds (estimated >90% of expected flora, (Smith 1985a))

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 5 visits, and Smith (1985a) for birds (53) and limited survey by Smith (1985a) for reptiles (1). Significant populations of Blue-billed, Musk, and Hardhead Ducks and Dusky Moorhen. Major breeding colony of Little Pied Cormorants. Significant bird species: category 3 (6) and category 4 (2)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A,

Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992a)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed; Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetland; under TPS Landscape Zoning and Local Open Space Zoning

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed.

## PINEY LAKE RESERVE, WINTHROP

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 339

Map no. 61

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW

Other names

Submission Area 14

State Government

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Melville (Winthrop)

Ownership Categories

Area (ha): total: 68.208 (includes open water);

bushland 31.934

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

2 street not identified

Crown Reserve

## SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (near the Spearwood Bassendean Dune interface)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Msp)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex --- Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands



WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (16ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 19.8ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Ecoscape and Landmarc 1992, Rodda 1986); limited survey (Le Provost et al. 1985b, Weston 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (Ecoscape and Landmarc 1992, Le Provost et al. 1985b, Rodda 1986)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla, E. marginata, Banksia attenuata Open Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Low Woodland; Acacia saligna Closed Scrub; Adenanthos cygnorum Low Shrubland

Wetlands: Banksia littoralis and Melaleuca preissiana Open Woodland to Low Forest; Melaleuca preissiana, M. rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Baumea articulata and Typha domingensis Sedgeland with emergent shrubs of Astartea aff. fascicularis

Scattered Native Plants: Macrozamia riedlei Open Shrubland

Vegetation Condition: >30% Very Good to Excellent, <20% Good, 50% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Weston 1993)

Total Flora: 111 native taxa (estimated >80% expected flora) (Rodda 1986, Ecoscape and Landmarc 1992)

Significant Flora: Aotus cordifolia (3) (Rodda 1986)

Fauna: limited survey by Rodda (1986) for birds (60), native mammals (2), reptiles (3) and amphibians (6). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (10) and category 4 (4). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenways 97, 103 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992a)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP. Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Recommendation: The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed.

## NORTH LAKE AND BIBRA LAKE, NORTH LAKE/BIBRA LAKE

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 244

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Map no. 67

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW

System 6 (1983): Part M93 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 398.5 (includes open water); bushland 127.2

Zoning

City of Cockburn (North Lake, Bibra Lake)

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Controlled Access

Highways, Urban

TPS: Landscape, Residential



Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Private (commercial organisation)

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

0, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 552, 2121 Progress Dr; 37, 72, 2550 Farrington Rd; 552 Gwilliam Dr; 53, 2033 Bibra Rd; 0, 20, 35, 100 Bibra Dr; 38, 39 Dixon Rd; 0, 1, 2, 3, 39, 40, 65, 387, 485 Hope Rd; 50 Parkway Rd; 10, 100, 536, 2016 Forrest Rd; 1 North Lake Rd; Closed; 0, 59, 303, 304 street not identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood/Bassendean Dune interface)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Mps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

11 Wet forests and woodlands

\*12 Melaleuca teretifolia and/or Astartea aff. fascicularis shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, sumpland

Natural Wetland Groups

Spearwood-Bassendean interface

Bibra (S/B.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (235ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 3ha, 6.6ha and 31.4ha (41ha total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

North\_Lake

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (part Bushplan Site - DEP 1996 (Beel 01-03), EPA and WAWA 1990,

Newman 1976, Weston 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, Cockburn Wetlands Committee 1976)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Open Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low

Open Forest, with emergent Eucalyptus marginata

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis, Melaleuca preissiana, M. rhaphiophylla and Banksia ilicifolia Forest to Woodland, with Kunzea ericifolia, Acacia saligna and Agonis linearifolia; Melaleuca teretifolia Tall Shrubland; Baumea articulata and \*Typha orientalis Sedgelands

**Vegetation Condition:** >60% Very Good to Excellent, >30% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Weston 1993)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: limited survey (Weston 1993), Aotus cordifolia (3); Jacksonia gracilis, Villarsia violifolia Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 16 visits, for birds (71). Significant populations of Australasian Shoveler, Hardhead and Blue-billed, Musk, and Pink-eared Ducks. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (9) and category 4 (4). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

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Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south (BS254) and west; part of proposed Greenway 89 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### Bibra Lake

Landscape Features: open water, permanent salt lake, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990, Keighery, BJ, 1996a, Newman 1976, Weston 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, Newman 1976)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Forest, with Eucalyptus marginata

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis, Melaleuca preissiana and M. rhaphiophylla Open Forests; Melaleuca teretifolia Low Closed Forest or Closed Tall Scrub; Closed Sedgeland

Remnant Vegetation: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >20% Good to Very Good, <80% Degraded, with areas of severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Dodonaea hackettiana (4)

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 56 visits, for birds (112). Significant populations of Australasian Shoveler, Hardhead and Blue-billed, Musk, and Pink-eared Ducks. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 2 (4), category 3 (14) and category 4 (8). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: bushland linkage to north (across road); part of proposed Greenway 103 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992a)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim list of the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed.

## **SOUTH LAKE**

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary (at times open water mapped as bushland)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 254 Map no. 67

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW

System 6 (1983): Part M93 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 42.5 (includes open water); bushland 34.5

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Zoning

TPS: Landscape

City of Cockburn (Bibra Lake)

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Important Regional Roads

or contident (Bible Lane)

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Ownership Categories
State Government, Local Government

Street name

0, 304 North Lake Rd; 21 Forrest Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Ots: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood/Bassendean Dune interface)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Mps)

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#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

## Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South (at interface of Bassendean Complex — Central and South and Karrakatta Complex — Central and South)

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South (interface)

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

\*12 Melaleuca teretifolia and/or Astartea aff. fascicularis shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau AND/OR

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland Natural Wetland Groups

Spearwood—Bassendean interface

Bibra (S/B.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 22.2 ha

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990, Keighery, BJ, 1996a, Newman 1976, Weston 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, Newman 1976)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata and E. calophylla Open Forest; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open

Forest, with Eucalyptus marginata

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Low Closed Forest; Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca preissiana Open Forest, with Acacia saligna and Melaleuca teretifolia Tall Scrub; Melaleuca sp. Low Open Forest to Low Woodland; Acacia saligna Low Woodland; Mixed Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >50% Good to Very Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance (mapping,

Weston 1993)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 103 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a

regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992a)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim list of the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed.



## YANGEBUP AND LITTLE RUSH LAKES, YANGEBUP

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 256

Map no. 67, 74

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW, 2033-I SW

System 6 (1983): Part M93 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Cockburn (Yangebup, Success)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (commercial organisation),

Local Government

Area (ha): total 183.6 (includes open water); bushland

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban

TPS: Parks and Recreation, Public Purposes, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Parkes St; 1, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15, 677 Yangebup Rd; 8 Hammond Rd; 298 Pioneer Dr; 299 Pelican Rmbl; 2882 Grassbird Loop, 2 Dotterel Wy; 334

Forrest Rd; 334 Orchard Rd; 4107, 27950 street not

identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood/Bassendean Dune interface)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Ms5)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South (at interface of Bassendean Complex — Central and South and Karrakatta Complex — Central and South)

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

\*12 Melaleuca teretifolia and/or Astartea aff. fascicularis shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau AND/OR

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, sumpland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Spearwood-Bassendean interface

Bibra (S/B.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (100.3ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 90.3ha + 8.3ha = 98.6ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed



#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Ecoscape 1994b); limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990, Keighery, BJ, 1996a, Murdoch University 1988, Newman 1976, Weston 1993; part Bushplan Site (Reserve 11) (Semeniuk, V&C 1997a)

Structural Units: mapping (Ecoscape 1994b, EPA and WAWA 1990, Murdoch University 1988, Newman 1976)

Uplands: Eucalyptus gomphocephala, E. marginata and E. calophylla Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland with Eucalyptus marginata

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Open Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and Eucalyptus rudis Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana and Banksia ilicifolia Low Woodland; Melaleuca teretifolia Low Woodland to Tall Open Scrub; Acacia saligna Tall Shrubland; Sedgelands to Closed Sedgelands dominated by Baumea articulata or \*Typha orientalis

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

**Vegetation Condition:** <20% Excellent to Very Good, >80% Good to Completely Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (mapping, Ecoscape 1994b, Weston 1993)

**Total Flora:** 140 natives, 68 weeds (Ecoscape 1994b), part Bushplan Site (Reserve 11) - Semeniuk, V&C 1997a (estimated >80% expected native flora)

Significant Flora: Weston 1993 — Dodonaea hackettiana (4) (Little Rush Lake)

Fauna: multiple surveys by RAOU (1996 D) for birds (93) and limited survey by Murdoch University (1988) for native mammals (3), reptiles (21) and amphibians (6). Important permanent waterbody for feeding and wetland area for breeding. Counts of Pink-eared ducks and Blue-billed ducks represent the second highest numbers of these species for 300 wetlands in south western Australia. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 2 (8), category 3 (15) and category 4 (6). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (BS391) and west; part of proposed Greenways 103, 96 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992a)

## SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Parks and Recreation Zoning and Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed.

## THOMSONS LAKE NATURE RESERVE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, BEELIAR

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 391 Map no. 74 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SW

System 6 (1983): Part M93 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names

Part Submission Area 18

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Cockburn (Success)

Area (ha): total 744.0 (includes open water); bushland 366.7

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Urban Deferred,

Rural, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Local Road, R.O.W., P.A.W., Rural, Landscape



#### Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (including commercial organisation), Local Government, Not identified

#### Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

2726 Lorimer Rd; 1, 755, 764, 2253, 2726 Wedge Rd; 760 Gadd St; 751, 752, 753, 754, 4107, 4360, 4361, 4362, 4363 Senecio L; 51, 433, 677, 777 Hammond Rd; 9 Yangebup Rd; 764, 765, 766, 768, 769, 770, 771, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2256 Branch Crcs; Drain; 303, 2253, 2725, 4267 street not identified

Crown Reserve

Reserve 15556 (Fauna Conservation and Research and Drainage)

#### CALM Managed Land

## SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood/Bassendean Dune interface)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps, Ms5)

## VEGETATION AND FLORA

## Vegetation Complexes

## Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South (at or near interface of Bassendean Complex — Central and South and Karrakatta Complex — Central and South)

#### Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

#### Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

## Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

## Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

\*12 Melaleuca teretifolia and/or Astartea aff. fascicularis shrublands

## Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, dampland, sumpland, creek, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Spearwood-Bassendean interface

Bibra (S/B.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (367.4ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 33.0ha + 13.9ha + 237.3ha = 284.2ha (total)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

## SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Crook and Evans 1981, EPA and WAWA 1990, Gibson et al. 1994 (Thom 01-02), Newman 1976, Weston 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (Crook and Evans 1981, EPA and WAWA 1990, Newman 1976)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Low Open Forest; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Forest and Low Woodland with Eucalyptus marginata and E. todtiana; mixed Low Heath

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis, Melaleuca preissiana and M. rhaphiophylla Open Forests to Low Woodland; Eucalyptus todtiana and Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Forest to Low Woodland; Acacia sp. Closed to Open Tall Scrub; Melaleuca teretifolia Low Open Forest; Baumea articulata and Typha sp. Closed Sedgelands

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed



Vegetation Condition: >30% Excellent, >50% Very Good to Good, <20% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 199 native taxa (Crook and Evans 1981) (estimated > 80% expected taxa)

Significant Flora: Dodonaea hackettiana (4); Lysinema elegans

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 23 visits, for birds (105). Important feeding area for large assemblage and population levels of trans-equatorial wading birds protected under the JAMBA/CAMBA treaties. Significant populations of Australasian Shoveler, Hardhead, Blue-billed, Musk, and Pink-eared ducks. Significant bird species: category 1 (2), category 2 (10), category 3 (17) and category 4 (7). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS256, across road), south (BS392, across road), east and west; part of proposed Greenways 91, 103, 93 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Wetlands of International Importance (RAMSAR); Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Interim List of the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning and Urban Deferred Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site (Reserve 15556) for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed.

## HARRY WARING MARSUPIAL RESERVE, WATTLEUP

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 392 Map no. 74 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SW

System 6 (1983): Part M93 All System area bushland, total area described

Other Names Banganup Lake

Local Authorities (Suburb) City of Cockburn (Wattleup)

Ownership Categories

State Government

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)
Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)
Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps, Ms5)

Area (ha): total 280.1 (includes open water); bushland 271.6

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Parks and Recreation

Restricted

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

2130 Frankland Ave; 2017 Pearse Rd

Crown Reserve

Nature Reserve 29241 (Research and Conservation of

Flora and Fauna)

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#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South (at interface of Bassendean Complex — Central and South and Karrakatta Complex — Central and South)

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

# Floristic Community Types

# Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

5 Mixed shrub damplands

11 Wet forests and woodlands

# Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

# Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

#### **WETLANDS**

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Spearwood-Bassendean interface

Bibra (S/B.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (53.8ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 34.4ha

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Clay 1980, Weston and Clay 1980); limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990, Gibson et al. 1994 (Harry 01-06), Weston 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (Clay 1980, EPA and WAWA 1990)

Uplands — Bassendean and Spearwood Dunes not distinguished: Eucalyptus marginata Open Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Woodland to Low Closed Forest

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis, Melaleuca preissiana and Banksia littoralis Low Woodland to Low Closed Forest; Banksia attenuata and B. ilicifolia Low Woodland; Baumea articulata Sedgeland to Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Melaleuca Low Woodland (EPA and WAWA 1990)

Vegetation Condition: >70% Excellent to Very Good, 30% Good to Degraded (Weston 1993)

Total Flora: 282 native species (Weston and Clay 1980) (estimated >75% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Aotus cordifolia (3), Dodonaea hackettiana (4); Boronia crenulata (Weston and Clay 1980)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS391 across road), south (BS393), east and west; part of proposed Greenways 93, 91 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992a); at interface of Bassendean and Spearwood Dunes

### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and Parks and Recreation Restricted Zoning and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (limestone)

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DESCRIPTIONS (SOUTH)

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this area (Reserve 29241) for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed.

# WATTLEUP LAKE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, WATTLEUP/MANDOGALUP

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 393

Map no. 74

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SW

System 6 (1983): Part M93 Part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation described

Other Names

Sayer Rd Swamp, Submission Area 225

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Kwinana (Mandogalup), City of Cockburn

(Wattleup)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 22.2 (includes open water); bushland

18.9

Zoning

MRS: Rural

TPS: Lakes and Drainage, Local Road, R.O.W.,

P.A.W., Rural, Rural A

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

3, 500 Mandogalup Rd; 59, 63, 64, 86 Wattleup Rd; 57,

58 Pearse Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7) (at or near interface of Spearwood and Bassendean Dunes)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood/Bassendean Dunes interface)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps, Ms5)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - Central and South (at interface of Bassendean Complex - Central and South and

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South)

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

\*12 Melaleuca teretifolia and/or Astartea aff. fascicularis shrubland uplands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, lake

Natural Wetland Groups

Spearwood-Bassendean interface

Bibra (S/B.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (2.3ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 3ha + 9.3ha = 12.3ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Cockburn Wetlands Committee 1976, DEP 1998 fenceline survey, EPA and WAWA 1990, Weston 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (Cockburn Wetlands Committee 1976, EPA and WAWA 1990)

Uplands - Bassendean and Spearwood Dunes not distinguished: Eucalyptus gomphocephala, E. calophylla and E. marginata Open Woodland over mixed Banksia species

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Low Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest to Low Forest; Melaleuca preissiana and M. rhaphiophylla Low Closed Forest; Melaleuca teretifolia Closed Tall Scrub; Baumea articulata Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland; Eucalyptus rudis Open Woodland

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# DESCRIPTIONS (Value) (1)

Vegetation Condition: Part of Bushplan Site only (adjacent to Wattleup Lake) >25% Good, <75% Degraded to Completely Degraded (Weston 1993)

Total Flora: 17 native species (Cockburn Wetlands Committee 1976) (estimated <60% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS392) and south; part of a regionally significant contiguous

bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of

conservation category wetlands; under Planning Control Area No. 39

Constraints: private land

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# KEN HURST PARK, LEEMING

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to zoning) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 245

Map no. 68

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE

Area (ha): total 58.6; bushland 52.7

Other Names

Submission Area 17

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Melville (Leeming), City of Cockburn (Jandakot)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Railways, Controlled Access Highways

TPS: Landscape, Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

0 Dundee St; 3 Clifton Rd; 0 Johnston Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: \$8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed



# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Murdoch Branch Wildflower Society of WA 1992); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Hurst 01-04))

Structural Units: mapping (Murdoch Branch Wildflower Society of WA 1992)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Forest to Low Woodland with scattered Eucalyptus todtiana; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Forest to Low Open Woodland with scattered Nuvtsia floribunda and Banksia ilicifolia

Wetlands: Banksia attenuata and B. ilicifolia Low Open Forest to Low Woodland; Regelia inops Open Heath; Melaleuca preissiana Low Woodland with Banksia littoralis sometimes a co-dominant

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Very Good, <10% Good to Degraded

Total Flora: 214 native taxa (Murdoch Branch Wildflower Society of WA 1992) (estimated >85% expected

Significant Flora: Caladenia huegelii (R); Murdoch Branch Wildflower Society of WA (1992) — Lysinema elegans, Stylidium preissii (only known record on Swan Coastal Plain), Stylidium squamellosum (unusual in the PMR), Drosera zonaria

Fauna: structured survey by Dell and Cooper (1995) for birds (33), native mammals (3), reptiles (17) and amphibians (4). Significant mammal species: Quenda and Western Brush Wallaby. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (3) and category 4 (4)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north and south (BS388); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora and Scheduled Fauna; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# JANDAKOT AIRPORT, JANDAKOT

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre boundary

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 388 Map no. 67, 68 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE, 2033-I NW

System 6 (1983): M94 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Part Submission Area 13

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Cockburn (Jandakot), City of Canning (Canning Vale)

MRS: Public Purposes-Commonwealth Government, Rural, Rural-Water Protection, Railways, Public Purposes-Special Uses, Important Regional Roads TPS: Landscape, Local Park and Recreation Area, Public

Purposes

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

Area (ha): total 649.7; bushland 410.9

0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 588 Hope Rd; 2 Roe Hwy; 74, 500 Johnston Rd; 77 Jandakot Rd

Crown Reserve

#### Ownership Categories

Commonwealth Government, Local Government, Private (commercial organisation)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)



Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps) (Qrw: Sp1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

5 Mixed shrub damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

23a Central Banksia attenuata -- B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean - Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennet Brook (B/P.4)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Dames and Moore 1993, Martinick 1989); limited survey (DEP 1996

Structural Units: mapping (Dames and Moore 1993, Martinick 1989)

Uplands: scattered Eucalyptus marginata over Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, Allocasuarina fraseriana and Eucalyptus todtiana Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Nuytsia floribunda Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Forest to Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana Low Woodland; scattered Melaleuca preissiana over Banksia attenuata and B. ilicifolia Low Open Forest; Pericalymma ellipticum Open Low Heath

Vegetation Condition: >85% Excellent to Very Good, <15 % Very Good to Good

Total Flora: 149 native taxa (DEP 1996, Martinick 1989) (estimated <50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Leucopogon kingianus, Lysinema elegans (significant population), Astroloma xerophyllum, Hensmania turbinata

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (How et al. 1996) and Dames and Moore (1993) for birds (56), native mammals (5), reptiles (19) and amphibians (4). Significant populations of Splendid Fairy-wren, Grey Shrike-thrush. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (9) and category 4 (7). Significant mammal species: Honey Possum, Quenda and Western Brush Wallaby. Significant reptile species: skink lizards (Lerista lineata and Acritoscincus trilineatum) and Black-headed Snake (Rhinoplocephalus gouldii)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS245, across road), east (BS389), south and west; part of proposed Greenway 105 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of fragmented and potential bushland/wetland linkages (Volume 2A, Map 8)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna; under TPS Landscape Zoning and Local Park and Recreation Area Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements, Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (sand); requirements for domestic airport



**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owners. This may include parts for which: The conservation values of the Bushplan Site to be protected through one or more of a range of complementary mechanisms to encourage and secure conservation management on private lands; The specific approach to be determined in consultation/negotiation with the land owner(s), but will generally include conservation covenants/management agreements.

# ACOURT ROAD BUSHLAND, BANJUP

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to cadastre and zoning boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 389

Map no. 68

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE Area (ha): total 305.9; bushland 295.2

Odlan Name

Other Names

Ownership Categories

Part Submission Area 13

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Canning (Canning Vale), City of Cockburn

Private (commercial organisation), State Government

(Banjup, Jandakot)

Zoning MRS: R

MRS: Rural, Parks and Recreation

TPS: Local Road, R.O.W., P.A.W., Rural, Special

Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

125, 130, 437 Fraser Rd; 5 Acourt Rd; 600, 707 street

not identified Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp1, Sp2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (124.3ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site - Goble-Garratt 1993); limited survey (part Bushplan

Site - Trudgen 1990)

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Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — Goble-Garratt 1993, Trudgen 1990)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and B. ilicifolia Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata, Allocasuarina fraseriana, Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and B. ilicifolia Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca preissiana Woodland; mixed Open Low Heath; Melaleuca teretifolia Shrubland; Pericalymma ellipticum Open Heath; Regelia ciliata and Melaleuca lateritia Shrubland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and Kunzea ericifolia Tall Open Scrub

Vegetation Condition: >80% Excellent to Very Good, <20% Good to Completely Degraded (part Bushplan Site — Goble-Garratt 1993, Trudgen 1990)

Total Flora: 117 native taxa (part Bushplan Site — Goble-Garratt 1993) (estimated >50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Tripterococcus paniculatus ms (1)

Fauna: limited survey by Wood and Grieve (1994) for native mammals (2). Significant species: Quenda

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south (BS390), east (BS472, across road) and west (BS388); part of proposed Greenway 105 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: majority included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General and Priority Mineral Resource Area (sand), mining tenement (NLG Sand Supplies) for sand

Recommendation: The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed.

# GOSNELLS GOLF COURSE BUSHLAND, CANNING VALE

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 467

Map no. 68

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE

Area (ha): total 7.5; bushland 7.3

Other Names Gosnells remnant bushland area 1 (Trudgen and Keighery

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Canning (Canning Vale)

Ownership Categories Local Government

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Private Recreation

TPS: Landscape, Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 590 Campbell Rd Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa:S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands



WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennet Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Uplands: Low Open Woodlands to Low Open Forest dominated by combinations of Banksia attenuata, B.

menziesii, B. ilicifolia, Allocasuarina fraseriana and Eucalyptus todtiana

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana, Allocasuarina fraseriana and Eucalyptus marginata Low Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Excellent (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: majority Bushplan Site in Middle Canning Catchment Study — 'hydrological

modelling assumes no urban development in this area' (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# CANNING VALE PRISON BUSHLAND

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland group boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 472

Ownership Categories

State Government

Map no. 68

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 52.7; bushland 49.2

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Zoning

City of Canning (Canning Vale)

MRS: Urban, Parks and Recreation, Important Regional

Roads, Public Purposes-Prison

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 479 Campbell Rd

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

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# VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland

Natural Wetland Groups (undefined areas included in boundary)

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennet Brook (B/P.4)
Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (3.4ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, roadside inspection)

Uplands: Low Open Woodlands to Low Open Forest dominated by combinations of Banksia attenuata, B.

menziesii, B. ilicifolia, Allocasuarina fraseriana and Eucalyptus todtiana

Wetlands: possibly Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: Very Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Caladenia huegelii (R)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, east (BS253, across road) and west (BS389, across road); part of a

regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: majority Bushplan Site Category Two Area Middle Canning Catchment Study

(Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (sand) **Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# HARRISDALE SWAMP AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, FORRESTDALE

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/bushland taken to boundary cadastre (currently subject to Environmental Impact Assessment)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 253 Map no. 68 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE



102.4

Rd

Zoning

Street name

TPS: Landscape, Rural

Area (ha): total 114.7 (includes open water); bushland

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Important Regional

4, 5, 6, 388 Wright Rd; 2, 7, 8, 9 Warton Rd; 3 Ranford

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Other Names

Green's Swamp, Submission Area 252, Part Submission

Area 13

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Armadale (Forrestdale)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp1, Sp2)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain/Spearwood Dunes

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (28.5ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 9.2ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Trudgen 1990; part Bushplan Site — DEP 1998)

Structural Units: general mapping (Trudgen 1990)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland to Low Open Forest with scattered Allocasuarina fraseriana, Eucalyptus marginata and Nuytsia floribunda; Banksia menziesii, B. ilicifolia and Eucalyptus marginata Low Open Forest; Banksia ilicifolia, B. attenuata and Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Forest

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana and M. rhaphiophylla Woodland with scattered Banksia littoralis and Eucalyptus rudis; Eucalyptus rudis and M. rhaphiophylla Woodland with scattered M. preissiana and Banksia littoralis; Melaleuca preissiana and Nuytsia floribunda Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana Low Very Open Woodland; Kunzea ericifolia Closed Tall Scrub; Regelia ciliata Closed Heath to Closed Tall Scrub; Pericalymma ellipticum Closed Heath; Hypocalymma angustifolium and Melaleuca sp. B; Low Open Heath; Baumea and Leptocarpus species Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >60% Pristine to Very Good, <40% Good to Completely Degraded (Trudgen 1990)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Caladenia huegelii (R); Astroloma xerophyllum, Blancoa canescens, Hensmania turbinata (poorly conserved south of the river)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south, east and west (BS472, across road); part of proposed Greenway 104 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)



Other Special Attributes: majority Bushplan Site included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995); 'wetland of special note' (Payne 1993a), Green's Swamp potential breeding place for the Freckled Duck (Payne 1993a); part Bushplan Site Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al.

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (sand) Recommendation: The care, control and management of parts of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Jandakot Regional Park is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# HOLMES STREET BUSHLAND, SOUTHERN RIVER/HUNTINGDALE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 125

Map no. 69

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE

Other Names

Submission Area 215; part Gosnells remnant bushland area 6 (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Gosnells (Southern River, Huntingdale)

Area (ha): total 149.8; bushland 132.5

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), Local Government, State Government, Not identified

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Rural, Urban Deferred, Important Regional Roads, Private Recreation, Public Purposes-High School

TPS: Rural, Landscape, Parks and Recreation,

Residential A

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 1586, 1587, 1604, 1605, 1645 Holmes St: 1578 Warton Rd; 0, 1, 1596, 1600, 1601, 1602, 1614, 1646, 1647, 1648 Balfour St; 10, 12, 1585, 1588 Harpenden St; 1592, 1595 Gay St; 1607, 1610 Lakey St; 1603, 1606, 1611, 1612, 1613 Barrett St; Road

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Orw: Sp1, Sp2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Melaleuca preissiana damplands

S3 Wet sedgelands on sandy clays (most southerly occurrence)

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (95.8ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Trudgen and Keighery 1995 (Gosn 2-5, 12-13); part Bushplan Site DEP 1998)

Structural Units: mapping (Trudgen and Keighery 1995 (Gosn 2-5, 12-13))

Uplands: Low Open Woodlands to Low Closed Forests dominated by combinations of Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia and Allocasuarina fraseriana; Eucalyptus calophylla, E. marginata and Allocasuarina fraseriana Woodland to Open Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia, Eucalyptus marginata and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Eucalyptus todtiana Low Woodland to Low Open Forest

Wetlands: Low Open Woodlands to Low Woodlands dominated by combinations of Melaleuca preissiana, Eucalyptus todtiana, Allocasuarina fraseriana, Banksia attenuata and Nuytsia floribunda; Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland to Low Open Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Woodland to Low Open Forest; Melaleuca incana, M. viminea and M. rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and M. viminea Low Open Woodland to Open Woodland; Regelia ciliata Closed Heath to Closed Tall Scrub; Pericalymma ellipticum Closed Heath; Astartea sp. Brixton Street and Regelia ciliata Shrubland to Open Heath; Hypocalymma angustifolium and Melaleuca sp. B; Low Open Heath; Evandra pauciflora Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >80% Excellent (some areas considered Pristine, Trudgen and Keighery 1995), <20% Very Good to Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: > 200 taxa (estimated, DEP 1997)

Significant Flora: Diuris purdiei (R), Caladenia huegelii (R), Acacia lasiocarpa var. bracteolata (1), Schoenus benthamii (3); Astroloma xerophyllum, Villarsia violifolia, Levenhookia preissii, Jacksonia gracilis, Blancoa canescens, Hensmania turbinata (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Fauna: multiple surveys (Submission no. 169) for birds (61). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (11) and category 4 (2). Good assemblage of ducks and waterbirds, including 15 breeding species. Breeding site for Freckled Duck (Payne 1993 b). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north and west; part of proposed Greenway 104 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended to be protected with the purpose of conservation of nature and recreation compatible with the conservation of nature in study of bushland in the City of Gosnells (Trudgen and Keighery 1995), majority Bushplan Site Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora and Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under TPS Parks and Recreation Zoning and Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning and Urban Deferred Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). Note that environmental conditions apply to part of Bushplan Site (Lots 1588 and 10 Harpenden St)



# BALANNUP LAKE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, SOUTHERN RIVER/FORRESTDALE

Zoning

Street name

Crown Reserve

Roads

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE

TPS: Rural, Landscape, General Rural

Southern River Rd; 506 Balannup Rd

Area (ha): total 80.2 (includes open water); bushland

MRS: Rural, Parks and Recreation, Important Regional

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

1, 1625, 1626, 1627, 1628 Ranford Rd; 1630, 1631,

1632, 1769 Furley Rd; 1771, 1772 Matison St; 1770

Reserve 1821 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland part taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 413

Map no. 69

Other Names

Submission Area 213 and 241; part Gosnells remnant bushland area 17 (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Gosnells (Southern River), City of Armadale (Forrestdale)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government, Local Government, Not identified

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp1, Sp2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

\*12 Melaleuca teretifolia and/or Astartea aff. fascicularis shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (32ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 7.1 ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Submission no. 164b, Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Nuytsia floribunda Low Woodland; Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata, Allocasuarina fraseriana and Eucalyptus todtiana Low Woodland; Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata, Nuytsia floribunda and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Woodland to Low Open Forest; Banksia menziesii and B. ilicifolia Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia and Eucalyptus todtiana Low Open Woodland to Low Woodland; Eucalyptus todtiana and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Woodland



Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana, Allocasuarina fraseriana, Nuytsia floribunda, Eucalyptus marginata and E. todtiana Low Open Woodland; Allocasuarina fraseriana, Melaleuca preissiana, Eucalyptus todtiana and Nuytsia floribunda Low Open Woodland to Low Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana, Allocasuarina fraseriana and Nuvtsia floribunda Low Open Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest; Melaleuca teretifolia Tall Open Scrub; Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland; Pericalymma ellipticum Open Heath to Closed Heath; Regelia ciliata Open Heath; Juncus pallidus and Phalaris sp. Sedgeland/Grassland

Vegetation Condition: >80% Excellent to Very Good, <20% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Blancoa canescens

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north and south (BS342); part of proposed Greenway 142 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: 'wetland of special note' (Payne 1993a, 1993b); important waterbird habitat (Submission no. 164b), Scopewest site; recommended to be protected with the purpose of conservation of nature and recreation compatible with the conservation of nature in study of bushland in the City of Gosnells (Trudgen and Keighery 1995); Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995); part Bushplan Site included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological systems or natural processes, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning,

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The care, control and management of parts of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Jandakot Regional Park is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# PHOEBE STREET BUSHLAND, SOUTHERN RIVER

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 340

Map no. 69

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE

Area (ha): total 8.2; bushland 8.2

Other Names

Part Gosnells remnant bushland area 47 (Trudgen and

Keighery 1995)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Gosnells (Southern River)

Ownership Categories

Private, Not identified

Zoning

MRS: Urban Deferred, Rural

TPS: Landscape, Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1 Phoebe St; 2, 3, 4, 5 Matison St

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain/Spearwood Dunes

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Mixed shrub damplands



# Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean - Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennet Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (3.5ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Uplands: Allocasuarina fraseriana, Eucalyptus todtiana and Nuytsia floribunda Low Open Woodland; Eucalyptus decipiens Open Mallee Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Open to Tall Open Woodland; Xanthorrhoea preissii and Eremaea pauciflora Open Heath; Adenanthos cygnorum Tall Open Shrubland to Tall Shrubland

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana and Nuytsia floribunda Low Open Woodland; Evandra pauciflora Sedgeland

Vegetation Condition: >50% Excellent to Very Good, <50% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Jacksonia gracilis

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the west part of proposed Greenway 142 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: bushland recommended to be protected with the purpose of conservation of nature and recreation compatible with the conservation of nature in study of bushland in the City of Gosnells (Trudgen and Keighery 1995); majority Bushplan Site Category Two Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995)

## SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation,

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Deferred Zoning

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# MATISON STREET BUSHLAND, SOUTHERN RIVER

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 464

Other Names

Map no. 69

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE Area (ha): total 41.9; bushland 34.8

Submission Area 216; Gosnells remnant bushland area 19

(Trudgen and Keighery 1995)
Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Gosnells (Southern River)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation)

Zoning

MRS: Urban Deferred, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Landscape, Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1793, 1795, 1796, 1797, 1798 Matison St; 1799, 1800, 1801, 1802 Passmore St; 1803, 1804 Holmes St

99



### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain/Spearwood Dunes

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, creek, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean — Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennet Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (27.5ha, 843m)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Uplands: Low Open Forest to Low Open Woodland dominated by Allocasuarina fraseriana, Banksia menziesii, B. ilicifolia, Nuytsia floribunda and Eucalyptus todtiana and combinations of these; Xanthorrhoea preissii and Eremaea pauciflora Open Heath; Adenanthos cygnorum Tall Open Shrubland to Tall Shrubland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland over Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland; Regelia ciliata and Pericalymma ellipticum Open Heath to Closed Heath

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >65% Excellent to Very Good, >30% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Trudgen and Keighery 1995 —Fimbristylis velata (uncommon, poorly collected)

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy to Southern River; part of proposed Greenway 142 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: bushland recommended to be protected with the purpose of conservation of nature and recreation compatible with the conservation of nature in study of bushland in the City of Gosnells (Trudgen and Keighery 1995); Bushplan Site Category One Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995); one of only two large areas of bushland on the Southern River (BS255 and BS464)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria met for inclusion: Representation of ecological communities, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Deferred Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).



# PASSMORE STREET BUSHLAND, SOUTHERN RIVER

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 465

Map no. 69

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE Area (ha): total 15.4; bushland 13.7

Other Names

Submission Area 216; Gosnells remnant bushland area

46/49 (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Gosnells (Southern River)

Ownership Categories

Private

Zoning MRS: Rural TPS: Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

2 Furley Rd; 4, 31, 1782 Phoebe St

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa: S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 1: Foothills/Pinjarra Plain

\*3 Eucalyptus calophylla woodlands

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- \*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands
- Mixed shrub damplands
- Herb-rich shrublands in clay pans
- \*15 Forests and woodlands of deep seasonal wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean - Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennet Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (11.8ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Vulnerable (floristic community types 3, 8 and 15), possible occurrence of Critically Endangered Shrublands and Woodlands on Muchea Limestone communities, the most southern known location of Eucalyptus decipiens (an indicator of Muchea Limestone communities) on the eastern side of the Plain in the PMR having been found adjacent to this Site

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, river, creek, vegetated uplands, possible Muchea Limestones

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Trudgen and Keighery 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (Trudgen and Keighery 1995) Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open to Tall Open Woodland

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland often with the co-dominants Allocasuarina fraseriana, Banksia grandis, Nuytsia floribunda; Jacksonia furcellata, Viminaria juncea, Nuytsia floribunda and Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland; Viminaria juneea Tall Open Shrubland to Low Woodland Melaleuca Shrubland to Tall Shrubland dominated by Melaleuca viminea, M. uncinata and M. rhaphiophylla and combinations of these; Melaleuca pauciflora Open Shrubland to Open Heath; Kunzea recurva Low Open Shrubland; Pericalymma ellipticum Open Shrubland; Sedgeland dominated by Gahnia trifida, Leptocarpus coangustatus and Lepidosperma longitudinale and combinations of these

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed



Vegetation Condition: >65% Excellent to Very Good, >30% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Rhodanthe pyrethrum (3), Trudgen and Keighery 1995 — Acacia benthamii (2), Trichocline sp. Treeton (BJK and NG 564) (2), Stylidium longitubum (3), Anthotium junciforme (4), Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi (4); Podolepis gracilis Swamp Form (GJK 13126), Jacksonia gracilis

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south; part of proposed Greenway 142 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: encompasses five floristic community types; bushland recommended to be protected with the purpose of conservation of nature and recreation compatible with the conservation of nature in study of bushland in the City of Gosnells (Trudgen and Keighery 1995); Bushplan Site Category Two Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria met for inclusion: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of conservation category wetlands

Constraints: private land

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# TEA TREE CLOSE BUSHLAND, JANDAKOT

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland group boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 458 Other Names: not known Map no. 67, 74

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW, 2033-I SW

Area (ha): total 44.7 (includes open water); bushland

23.8

Local Authorities (Suburb) Zoning

City of Cockburn (Jandakot)

Ownership Categories

MRS: Parks and Recreation Restricted, Important

Regional Roads TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), State Government, Private (commercial organisation)

Street name

40, 505 Tea Tree Cl; 0, 10, 227, 228, 231 Forrest Rd; 228 North Lake Rd; 12 Beeliar Dr; 1 Poletti Rd; 0.

27950 street not identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Ms5)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands



WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland

Natural Wetland Groups Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 1.9 ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora limited survey (DEP 1998)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus todtiana Low Woodland with occasional Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata and Nuytsia floribunda

Wetlands: Banksia littoralis Low Open Woodland, Melaleuca preissiana Closed Forest; Melaleuca ?incana Closed Tall Scrub

Scattered Native Plants: Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland — regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: Excellent to Very Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance.

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east and west; part of proposed Greenways 96, 95 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; under MRS Parks and Recreation Restricted Zoning and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). (Those parts of the Bushplan Site reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme should be made a Crown Reserve with a conservation purpose).

# FRASER ROAD BUSHLAND, BANJUP

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 390

Map no. 68, 74, 75

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE, 2033-I SE,

2033-I SW

Area (ha): total 198.7; bushland 171.7

Other Names

Part Submission Area 13

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Cockburn (Banjup)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State

Government, Local Government

Zoning

MRS: Rural-Water Protection, Parks and Recreation, Important Regional Roads, Public Purposes-Special Uses TPS: Landscape, Rural, Local Road, R.O.W., P.A.W. Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

2, 4, 136, 140, 594, 614 Armadale Rd; 532 Warton Rd;

131 Fraser Rd

Crown Reserve

n **203** 



SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

# **VEGETATION AND FLORA**

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - Central and South

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*23aCentral Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey — part Bushplan Site (Bowman Bishaw Gorham 1990; Meney 1996; Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1997a, Trudgen 1990)

Structural Units: mapping -- part Bushplan Site (Bowman Bishaw Gorham 1990; Trudgen 1990)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland to Low Open Forest with scattered Allocasuarina fraseriana; Eucalyptus marginata, E. todtiana and Nuytsia floribunda; Banksia menziesii, B. ilicifolia and Eucalyptus marginata Low Open Forest; Eucalyptus gomphocephala, E. calophylla and E. marginata Woodland with occasional Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana

Wetlands: Mixed Melaleuca rhaphiophylla, Eucalyptus rudis Woodland with occasional Melaleuca preissiana and Banksia littoralis; Melaleuca preissiana, M. rhaphiophylla Woodland with occasional Eucalyptus rudis and Banksia ilicifolia; Hypocalymma angustifolium, Pericalymma ellipticum and Astartea aff. fascicularis Open Heath to Shrubland; Baumea spp. and Leptocarpus spp. Sedgeland

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent, <25% Very Good to Completely Degraded (Trudgen 1990)

**Total Flora:** part Bushplan Site — 106 native taxa (Reserve 1820 from Meney 1996 and Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1997a) (estimated >50% expected flora of the Bushplan Site)

Significant Flora: Caladenia huegelii (R)

**Fauna:** limited survey by MJ and AR Bamford (Meney 1996) for birds (26), mammals (3) and reptiles (5). Significant bird species: category 3 (5) and category 4 (3). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Meney 1996 and Friend 1996 D) and Echidna. Significant reptile species: Rosenberg's Monitor (*Varanus rosenbergii*)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS389), south (BS344 over road) east and west; part of proposed Greenway 105 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: part Bushplan Site included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995); part Bushplan Site Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

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December 1998



Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements, General and Priority Mineral Resource Area (sand), mining tenements M70/693 (Homeswest Calcil), M70/357 (Rocla), M70/751 (Peat Resources) and index no. 23/6 (no tenement listed, Boral Casil Ltd)

Recommendation: The care, control and management of parts of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Jandakot Regional Park is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# PIARRA NATURE RESERVE, FORRESTDALE

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 262

Map no. 75

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE

Other Names

Part Submission Area 13

35.823 Zoning

Local Authorities (Suburb)

MRS: Parks and Recreation

City of Armadale (Forrestdale)

Ownership Categories

TPS: Landscape

Local Government

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Area (ha): total 41.897 (includes open water); bushland

Street name 606 Mason Rd

Crown Reserve

Reserve 36594 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp1, Sp2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4) Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (14ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 2.3ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Trudgen 1990, DEP 1998)

Structural Units: general mapping (Trudgen 1990)

Uplands: Banksia menziesii, B. ilicifolia and Eucalyptus marginata Low Open Forest



Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest to Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana and M. rhaphiophylla Woodland with scattered Banksia littoralis and Eucalyptus rudis; Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Woodland with scattered Melaleuca preissiana and Banksia littoralis; Myrtaceous Closed Heaths; Baumea and Leptocarpus species Sedgeland

Vegetation Condition: >80% Pristing to Very Good, <20% Very Good, with areas of severe localised

disturbance (general mapping, Trudgen 1990)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information, Freckled Duck breeding site

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south and east; part of proposed Greenway 142 (Tingay, Alan &

Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995); Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995); 'wetland of special note' (Payne 1993a)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site (Reserve 36594) for conservation purposes within Jandakot Regional Park is endorsed.

# BANJUP BUSHLAND, BANJUP

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to zoning/cadastre/boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 263

Map no. 74, 75

Ma

Other Names

Part Submission Area 13, includes Buckingham, Bosworth and Emma Treeby Reserves

Local Authorities (Suburb) City of Cockburn (Banjup, Atwell)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), Commonwealth Government, State Government, Local Government Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE, 2033-I SW Area (ha): total 141.2 (includes open water); bushland

Area (ha): total 141.2 (includes open water); bushland 103.9

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural-Water Protection TPS: Lakes and Drainage, Local Road, R.O.W., P.A.W., Parks and Recreation, Public Purposes Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

209 Beenyup Rd; 206, 577, 643 Gibbs Rd; 0 Tapper Rd; 418 Liddelow Rd; 541, 543 Bartram Rd; 541, 626, 638 Harper Rd; 37816 Gutteridge Rd

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Ms5) (Qrw: Sp1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South



Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

\*S3 Wet sedgelands on sandy clays

# Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata - B. menziesii woodlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (61.6ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 2ha + 1.2ha + 3.8ha = 7ha (total)

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, 1992b), limited survey (DEP 1998, Trudgen 1990); part Bushplan Site - Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1997a)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, GJ, 1992b, Trudgen 1990; part Bushplan Site - Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1997)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata Low Woodland with scattered B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia and Eucalyptus todtiana

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Tall Open woodland; Melaleuca preissiana Low Woodland over mixed Low Open Heath; Melaleuca cuticularis Low Open Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest to Tall Open Scrub; Tall Scrub dominated by Melaleuca viminea and combinations of M. rhaphiophylla, M. viminea and M. polygaloides; Pericalymma ellipticum and Calothamnus lateralis Heath; Hypocalymma angustifolium Open Low Heath; Sedgelands dominated by Restio stenostachyus, Baumea juncea or B. articulata or Baumea juncea and B. articulata

Vegetation Condition: >80% Excellent, <20% Good to Completely Degraded (Trudgen 1990)

Total Flora: 201 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, 1992b) (estimated >75% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Keighery, GJ, 1992b — Tripterococcus paniculatus ms (1), Phyllota gracilis (3), Macarthuria apetala, Restio stenostachyus (largest known occurrence in intact bushland), Gonocarpus pithyoides

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south, east and west; part of proposed Greenway 96 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: majority included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Parks and Recreation Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of parts of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Jandakot Regional Park is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).



# ANSTEY/KEANE DAMPLAND AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, FORRESTDALE

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland/conservation wetland boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 342

Map no. 69, 75, 76

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE, 2033-I SE

Other Names

Hale Rd Bushland, Part Submission Areas 13 and 246 combined

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Armadale (Forrestdale)

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Parks and Recreation, Industrial

Area (ha): total 368.1: bushland 311.6

TPS: General Industry, General Rural, Public Purposes,

Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 68, 70, 12, 100, 102 Anstey Rd; 63, 66 101 Keane Rd; 2 Forest Rd; 65, 67, 69 Hale Rd; 70 Ranford Rd; 20 Armadale Rd

Crown Reserve

# Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government, Local Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp1, Sp2)

### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands

\*8 Herb-rich shrublands in clay pans

\*10a Shrublands on dry clay flats

\* S2 Northern Pericalymma ellipticum dense low shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21cLow lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (235ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined, Endangered (floristic community type 10a), Vulnerable (floristic community type 8)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site — Keighery, GJ, 1992a, Weston 1989a and 1990); limited survey (Trudgen 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (Weston 1989a and 1990); general mapping (Trudgen 1990)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland to Low Open Forest, with scattered Eucalyptus marginata, E. todtiana and Nuytsia floribunda

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Low woodland; Kunzea ericifolia Tall Open Scrub; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and M. viminea Tall Open Scrub; Melaleuca teretifolia, M. viminea, M. incana, M. uncinata, M. lateriflora and



M. lateritia Open Heath; Actinostrobus pyramidalis Tall Open Shrubland; Regelia ciliata Closed to Open Heath; Pericalymma ellipticum Closed to Open Heath; mixed Heath; Evandra pauciflora Sedgeland; mixed Herbland; (Many of the wetland communities are typical of the Pinjarra Plain and occur together in the area as a mosaic.)

**Vegetation Condition:** >75% Excellent to Pristine, <25% Very Good to Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Trudgen 1990)

Total Flora: 381 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, 1992a) (estimated >70% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Diuris purdiei (R) (Weston 1989a), Jacksonia sericea (3), Tripterococcus paniculatus ms (1), Stylidium mimeticum (3), Stylidium longitubum (3) (Keighery, GJ, 1992a), Villarsia submersa (4), Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi (4), Drosera occidentalis (4) (Keighery, GJ, 1992a); Banksia telmatiaea, Restio stenostachyus, Beaufortia squarrosa, Stylidium utricularioides, Pityrodia uncinata (southernmost population, Keighery, GJ, 1992a), Dysphania glomulifera subsp. glomulifera (one of two populations on the Swan Coastal Plain, Keighery, GJ, 1992a), Evandra pauciflora, Myriocephalus helichrysoides (Weston 1990), M. isoetes, Blancoa canescens (Weston 1990)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS413 across road), east and west; part of proposed Greenway 142 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: majority included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995); 'wetland of special note' (Payne 1993a); majority Bushplan Site Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995); one of the most plant species diverse areas on the Swan Coastal Plain in the PMR, currently considered second to BS387); contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Industrial Zoning

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of parts of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Jandakot Regional Park is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# DENIS DE YOUNG RESERVE AND GIBBS ROAD SWAMP BUSHLAND, BANJUP/FORRESTDALE

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 344

Map no. 75

Other Names

Part Submission Area 13

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Cockburn (Banjup), City of Armadale (Forrestdale)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government, Local Government

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE

Area (ha): total 472.8 (includes open water); bushland 289.8

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural, Rural-Water Protection, Important Regional Roads

TPS: General Rural, Landscape, Public Purposes Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

27950 Armadale Rd; 27, 30, 36, 38, 39, 428, 429, 430 Taylor Rd; 34, 461, 27950, Forrest Rd; 452 Bartram Rd; 3, 4, 9, 33 Nicholson Rd; 414, 425, 431, 531 Oxley Rd; 424 Liddelow Rd; 1, 33, 426, 427, 466, 534 Gibbs Rd; 303, 600 street not identified

Crown Reserve



SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp1, Sp2)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain/Spearwood Dunes

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands (Denis De Young Reserve)

22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands (Denis De Young Reserve)

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean—Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (190ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 7.7ha + 16.2ha + 0.2ha = 24.1ha (total)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site (Denis De Young Reserve — Keighery, GJ, 1992b); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Dejong 01-02), part Bushplan Site — Keighery, GJ, 1994)

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, GJ, 1992b and 1994)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata Low Woodland with scattered

B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia and Eucalyptus todtiana

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Low Woodland to Forest sometimes over Baumea juncea Sedgeland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest, Pericalymma ellipticum, Astartea aff, fascicularis, Aotus intermedia and Calothamnus lateralis Closed Heath; Pericalymma ellipticum Closed Heath; Baumea juncea and B. articulata

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >60% Excellent to Very Good, <40% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 158 native taxa (part Bushplan Site — Keighery, GJ, 1992b) (estimated >60% expected flora) Significant Flora: Keighery, GJ, 1992b — Phyllota gracilis (3), Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi (4);

Macarthuria apetala

Fauna: limited survey (Submission no. 168g) for birds (34), native mammals (2), reptiles (7) and amphibians (1). Important breeding area for Freckled and Pink-eared ducks, Black Swan, Little Pied Cormorant, Eurasian Coot and Dusky Moorhen. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS390), south, east and west; part of proposed Greenways 105, 96, 110 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: majority included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995); 'wetland of special note' (Payne 1993a); part Bushplan Site Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Not Listed; Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate





#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP, Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The care, control and management of parts of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Jandakot Regional Park is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# FORRESTDALE LAKE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, FORRESTDALE

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 345

Ownership Categories

Map no. 75, 76

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE

System 6 (1983): M95 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Submission Area 256

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Armadale (Forrestdale, Brookdale)

Private, State Government, Local Government

344.5 Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural, Important Regional

Area (ha): total 658.2 (includes open water); bushland

Roads, Controlled Access Highways TPS: Landscape, Rural, General Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

75, 382 Forrest Rd; 11, 13, 276, 277, 278, 303, 381, 400, 500 Oxley Rd; 1 Nicholson Rd; 2, 12 Rowley Rd; 2, 3, 4, 5, 264 Lake Rd; 7, 8, 265, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 405, 454, 459 Commercial Rd; 266, 267 Swamp Rd; 378, 379, 380 Stirling Rd; 111 street not

identified

Crown Reserve

CALM Managed Land

Reserve 24781 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Opa: Cs, Sc)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp1, Sp2)

Lagoonal and Estuarine Deposits (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Lagoonal and Estuarine Deposits (Vasse) (Ohg: LS5) Lagoonal deposits in Bassendean Dunes (Qpw: S9)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex



#### Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- 4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands
- 8 Herb-rich shrublands in clay pans
- 10a Shrublands on dry clay flats
- 12 Melaleuca teretifolia and/or Astartea aff. fascicularis shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

- 21a Central Banksia attenuata Eucalyptus marginata woodlands
- 21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, dampland, sumpland, palusplain, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (446.8ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 220.5ha + 0.7ha + 2.7ha + 1.8ha + 0.8ha + 1.8ha + 22.7ha = 251ha (total)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Endangered (floristic community type 10a), Vulnerable (floristic community type 8)

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (part Bushplan Site — EPA and WAWA 1990, Gibson et al. 1994 (FL 01-10), Keighery, GJ, 1992a, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Structural Units: mapping (CALM 1987, Keighery, BJ, and Trudgen 1992)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Open Forest to Woodland with Nuytsia floribunda; Banksia littoralis and B. menziesii Open Forest to Woodland with Nuytsia floribunda

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana and M. rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest with patches of Eucalyptus rudis; Melaleuca preissiana Open Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Closed Forest; Melaleuca uncinata, M. polygaloides and M. viminea Closed Heath; Regelia ciliata Closed Heath; Melaleuca teretifolia and M. viminea Open Heath; mixed Closed Herbland; Hypolaena exsulca, Lyginia barbata and Schoenus curvifolius Closed Sedgeland; Leptocarpus canus Sedgeland; Closed Sedgelands dominated by Baumea articulata, \*Typha orientalis and Bolboschoenus caldwellii

Scattered Native Plants: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Closed Forest to Low Open Woodland, Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Open Forest to Woodland, scattered native shrubs

**Vegetation Condition** (bushland): >50% Excellent to Very Good, <50% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 312 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, 1992a) (estimated >75% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Diuris purdiei (R), Drakaea elastica (R), Acacia lasiocarpa subsp. bracteolata (1) (Keighery, GJ, 1992a), Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre ms (2), Stylidium mimeticum (3) (Keighery, GJ, 1992a), Villarsia submersa (4), Drosera occidentalis (4), Verticordia lindleyi subsp. lindleyi (4) (Keighery, GJ, 1992a), Anthotium junciforme (4) (Keighery, GJ, 1992a); Pimelea imbricata var. major, Villarsia violifolia, Burchardia bairdiae, Leptocarpus sp. Forrestdale Lake, Myriocephalus helichrysoides

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), numerous visits, and CALM (1987) for birds (135), native mammals (4), reptiles (15) and amphibians (7). Important feeding area for exceptionally wide variety of waterbirds and a large assemblage (21 species) and population level of trans-equatorial wading birds protected under the JAMBA/CAMBA treaties. Significant bird species: category 1 (2), category 2 (21), category 3 (16) and category 4 (9). Significant mammal species: Quenda and Western Brush wallaby. Significant reptile species: Swamp Skink (Acritoscincus trilineatum), Lined Skink (Lerista lineata) and Crowned Snake (Notechis coronatus)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south, east and west; part of proposed Greenways 110, 134, 85, 96, 142 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: 'wetland of special note' (Payne 1993a); majority Bushplan Site Category One and Two Areas, Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995); National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Wetlands of International Importance (RAMSAR); Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia, Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species; Not listed; Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP, Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora and Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserve 24781 is endorsed. Parts of the Bushplan Site are already reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme, and should be added to Forrestdale Lake Nature Reserve. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# WANDI NATURE RESERVE AND ANKETELL ROAD BUSHLAND, WANDI/OAKFORD

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 347

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE, 2033-I SW Map no. 81, 82

System 6 (1983): M97 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Magenup Swamp, Part Submission Area 13

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Kwinana (Wandi, Oakford), Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Oakford)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government, Local Government, Not identified

Area (ha): total 558.1 (includes open water); bushland 412.3

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural-Water Protection

TPS: Special Rural, Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

1, 5, 30, 31, 102, 154, 202 Anketell Rd; 106 Nicholson Rd; 116, 1333 De Haer Rd; 107 Thomas Rd; 48, 1354 Leslie Rd; 8, 700 street not identified

Crown Reserve

Reserve 36110 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna and Water)

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Opa: Sc)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp1, Sp2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands

\*12 Melaleuca teretifolia and/or Astartea aff. fascicularis shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)



Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (37.7ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 12.4ha + 0.7ha + 3.7ha + 2.2ha = 19ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site — Keighery, GJ, 1992c, Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993b (Wandi NR), Weston 1989b (Lots 106 &107)); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Wand 01), Trudgen 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (Trudgen 1990, Weston 1989b (Lots 106 &107))

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia, Allocasuarina fraseriana and Eucalyptus todtiana Low

Woodland; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and B. ilicifolia Low Woodland

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Forest; Pericalymma ellipticum Closed Heath; Astartea aff. fascicularis Closed Heath; Sedgelands of Restio stenostachyus and Lepidosperma longitudinale

Scattered Native Plants: scattered trees and clumps of Eucalyptus calophylla and Melaleuca preissiana

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Very Good, <25% Very Good to Degraded (mapping Trudgen

Total Flora: 158 native taxa in Wandi Nature Reserve (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993b) (estimated >90%

expected flora for Banksia Woodland)

Significant Flora: Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993b — Eucalyptus todtiana (southernmost in a reserve), Brachyloma preissii; Weston 1989b — Restio stenostachyus, Cyrtostylis sp. (an uncommon species in Bassendean Sands)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south, east and west; part of proposed Greenway 110 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: majority of Bushplan Site included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate (Wandi Nature Reserve)

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand, clay)

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of part of this Bushplan Site (Reserve 36110) for conservation purposes within Jandakot Regional Park is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# MANDOGALUP ROAD BUSHLAND, MANDOGALUP

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 268

**Map no.** 81

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SW

Other names: not known

•

Area (ha): total 99.6; bushland 95.9

Local Authorities (Suburb) Town of Kwinana (Mandogalup) Zoning

MRS: Rural, Parks and Recreation, Important Regional

Ownership Categories

TPS: Rural A, Rural B, Landscape

Local Government, Private (including commercial organisation)

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

5 Norkett Rd; 89 Mandogalup Rd; 24 Hope Valley Rd; 1 street not identified

Crown Reserve

214 Perth's Bushplan

December 1998



# SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Ms5)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex --- Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*25 Southern Eucalyptus gomphocephala — Agonis flexuosa woodlands

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

# WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

# THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 roadside observations)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Low Open woodland over scattered E. marginata, Banksia attenuata and B. grandis; Mixed Eucalyptus marginata, Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. grandis Open Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii Low Open Forest with scattered emergent trees of Eucalyptus gomphocephala

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Open Forest over Melaleuca rhaphiophylla, M. preissiana, Banksia littoralis Low

Open Forest

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland to Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent, >20% Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (BS269 across road), east and west; part of proposed Greenway 93 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# DESCRIPTIONS SOLVER

# THE SPECTACLES

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 269

Map no. 81

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SW

Other Names

Submission Area 6

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Kwinana (The Spectacles)

349.7 **Zoning** 

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Railways

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 1138, 1139, 1140, 1141, 1142, 1143, 1144, 1145, 1146, 1147, 1148, 1149, 1162, 1163, 1164, 1165 Mclaughlan Rd; 633, 634 Hope Valley Rd; 77, 78, 79, 80, 1150, 1190, 1191, 1193, 1194, 1195, 1196, 1197, 1198, 1295, 1302 Anketell Rd; 1, 7, 1151, 1152, 1153, 1154, 1155, 1156, 1157, 1158, 1159, 1203 Johnson Rd; 1, 2, 3, 4, 1296, 1297, 1298,

Area (ha): total 422.4 (includes open water); bushland

1299 Thomas Rd; 1192 Spectacles Dr

Crown Reserve

#### Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8) (at interface of Bassendean and Spearwood Dunes)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood/Bassendean Dunes interface)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Ms5)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South (at interface of Bassendean Complex — Central and South and Karrakatta Complex — Central and South)

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex - Central and South

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, principal channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Spearwood-Bassendean interface

Bibra (S/B.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (166.7ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 62.1ha + 14.1ha = 76.2ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed



# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water (fresh), vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990, Glossop 1979, Weston 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, Glossop 1979) Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla and Banksia attenuata Low Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and M. teretifolia Low Closed Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest to Low Closed Forest; Baumea articulata Closed

Sedgeland; Mixed Sedgeland; Leptocarpus Open Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Melaleuca preissiana Low Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla and Banksia attenuata Low Woodland - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: >60% Excellent to Very Good, <40% Good to Degraded (Weston 1993)

Total Flora: 104 native taxa, 8 weeds (estimated >75% expected flora) (Glossop 1979)

Significant Flora: Dodonaea hackettiana (4)

Fauna: multiple surveys by RAOU (1996 D) for birds. Equal highest number of breeding waterfowl (12 species) and equal 14th wetland for highest number of species (33) during RAOU wetland survey in 1990-92 (Storey et al.

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS268 across road), south (BS272 across road), east (across Freeway) and west; part of proposed Greenways 93, 100 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992a)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate; Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land

Recommendation: The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed.

# SANDY LAKE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, ANKETELL

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to cadastre/conservation wetland boundary

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 270

Map no. 81

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SW

Other Names

Part Submission Area 13

201.4

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Zoning

Town of Kwinana (Anketell)

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural, Rural-Water

Protection, Important Regional Roads, Controlled Access

Area (ha): total 228.4 (includes open water); bushland

Highways

TPS: Rural A, Park Recreation and Drainage, Landscape Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

5, 8, 9 Thomas Rd; 12, 13, 14, 100, 1190, 1191, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1195, 1196, 1197, 1198 Treeby Rd; 10 street not identified

# Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)



Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood/Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps, Ms5)

# VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands \*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (63.4ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 5.4ha

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

# SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Dames and Moore 1988b, DEP 1998 fenceline survey; part Bushplan Site — Hart Simpson and Associates 1989, Trudgen 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (Dames and Moore 1988b, part Bushplan Site — Hart Simpson and Associates 1989, Trudgen 1990)

Uplands — Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland to Low Open Forest, with scattered emergent Eucalyptus gomphocephala or E. marginata.

Uplands — Bassendean Dunes: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland to Low Open Forest, with scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata and scattered Allocasuarina fraseriana, Nuytsia floribunda and rarely, Eucalyptus todtiana

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and Eucalyptus rudis Low Forest to Woodland occasionally with scattered Melaleuca preissiana and Banksia littoralis; Melaleuca preissiana and M. rhaphiophylla Woodland with scattered Banksia littoralis and Eucalyptus rudis; Myrtaceous Closed Heaths dominated by Kunzea ericifolia and Melaleuca thymoides; Closed Sedgelands to Sedgelands dominated by Baumea articulata or Lepidosperma longitudinale

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >80% Very Good to Excellent, <20% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance associated with localised clearing

Total Flora: 250 native taxa (estimated from Hart, Simpson and Associates 1989, expected to be >80% flora) Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: limited survey by Hart, Simpson and Associates (1989) for birds (29), native mammals (2), reptiles (7) and amphibians (1). Significant bird species: category 3 (3) and category 4 (3). Significant mammal species: Quenda Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (across road), east and west (BS269, across freeway); part of proposed Greenway 110 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: part included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

# DESCRIPTIONS (SALVIVI)

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Jandakot Regional Park is endorsed.

# MODONG NATURE RESERVE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, OAKFORD

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 348

Map no. 82

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE

System 6 (1983): M99 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 241.8; bushland 234.2

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Oakford)

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural, Rural-Water

Protection, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

112, 1348 Thomas Rd; 795 Anketell Rd; 22, 23

Cumming Rd; 42 Orton Rd

Crown Reserve

Reserve 25886 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Sc)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands

11 Wet forests and woodlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (113.8ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

,



#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (part Bushplan Site — Crook 1980, Keighery, GJ, 1996 (Modong Nature Reserve), Gibson et al. 1994 (Modo 01–06))

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Banksia attenuata Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. ilicifolia Low Open Forest

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana and Banksia attenuata Low Woodland; Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca preissiana Low Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland; Pericalymma ellipticum and Hypocalymma angustifolium Open Heath

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Pristine, <10% Very Good to Good (Gibson et al. 1994, Trudgen

1990)

Total Flora: 197 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, 1996) (estimated <80% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Stylidium mimeticum (3); Macarthuria apetala, Evandra pauciflora, Hensmania turbinata, Burchardia bairdii (most southern population)

Fauna: structured surveys by WA Society of Amateur Herpetologists (unpublished) for reptiles (25) and amphibians (3). Significant reptile species: legless lizards (*Pletholax gracilis* and *Pygopus lepidopodus*), Lined Skink (*Lerista lineata*), Swamp Skink (*Acritoscincus trilineatum*), Black Monitor (*Varanus tristis*) and Rosenberg's Monitor (*V. rosenbergii*). Good assemblage of insectivorous and nectarivorous birds (J. Dell pers. comm.). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, east and west; part of proposed Greenway 110 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: majority included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995); 'key site representing the vegetation and habitats typical of the Bassendean Dune System' (Crook 1980)

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed, Indicative Place of Register of the National Estate

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site (Reserve 25886) for conservation purposes within Jandakot Regional Park is endorsed.

# CASUARINA PRISON BUSHLAND, CASUARINA

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 273

Map no. 81, 82

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE, 2033-I SW

System 6 (1983): M98 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

#### Other Names

State Government

Part Submission Area 13 and Submission Area 222

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Kwinana (Casuarina)

Ownership Categories

Area (ha): total 118.2; bushland 116.9

#### Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural, Rural-Water

Protection, Public Purposes-Prison

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

63, 126, 702 Orton Rd

Crown Reserve

# SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)



### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

### Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (1.3ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Cas 01-04), Trudgen 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (Trudgen 1990)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. ilicifolia and Eucalyptus marginata Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata and

B. ilicifolia Low Open Forest

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana and Nuytsia floribunda Low Open Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana Woodland

over Banksia littoralis Low Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Pristine, <10% Very Good to Good Total Flora: 104 native taxa (plot-generated list only) (>50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Lysinema elegans (one of two known significant populations south of Gnangara),

Burchardia bairdiae, Drosera gigantea subsp. geniculata ms, Hensmania turbinata

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (across road), south, east (across road) and west; part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: part Bushplan Site included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995)

### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The care, control and management of parts of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Jandakot Regional Park is endorsed. For the remainder of the Bushplan Site — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.



### DUCKPOND BUSHLAND, PEEL ESTATE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 70

Map no. 89

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NE

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 23.8; bushland 23.5

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Oldbury)

TPS:

Ownership Categories

Private

Zoning MRS: Rural TPS: Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

41, 45 Duckpond Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Multiple Use Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 roadside survey, Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata, Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Woodland to Open Forest, with occasional B. ilicifolia; Xanthorrhoea preissii, Macrozamia riedlei and Hibbertia hypericoides Open Shrubland

Wetlands: no known information

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >50% Excellent, >45% Very Good to Good, with areas of severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south and east; part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: mapped within area of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed



### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

### BANKSIA ROAD NATURE RESERVE, PEEL ESTATE

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 353 Map no. 89 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NE

System 6 (1983): M100 All System area bushland, total area described

Other Names

Reserve C28167, Part Submission Area 13

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Oldbury), Town of

Kwinana (Casuarina)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Area (ha): total 32.9; bushland 32.3

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural

TPS: Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

26 Coyle Rd; 442 Banksia Rd

Crown Reserve

Reserve 28167 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

13 Deeper wetlands on heavy soils

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (1.9ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, 1996), limited survey (Crook 1980, Gibson et al. 1994 (Bank 01–04), Trudgen 1990)



Structural Units: mapping (Crook 1980)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland with scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and B. ilicifolia Low Woodland, with scattered Eucalyptus marginata, Melaleuca preissiana and Nuytsia floribunda

Wetlands: Hypocalymma angustifolium and Astartea aff. fascicularis Open Heath with scattered low Melaleuca

preissiana

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent, <10% Very Good (Gibson et al. 1994, Trudgen 1990)

Total Flora: 150 (Keighery, GJ, 1996) (estimated >75% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Boronia crenulata, Gyrostemon subnudus (southernmost population on Swan Coastal Plain, Keighery, GJ, 1996)

Fauna: limited survey by Crook (1980) for birds (25) and mammals (1). Significant bird species: category 3 (3) and category 4 (2)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, east and west

Other Special Attributes: included in Jandakot Botanic Park Proposal (MfP 1995)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site (Reserve 28167) for conservation purposes within Jandakot Regional Park is endorsed.

### LOWLANDS BUSHLAND — EASTERN BLOCK, PEEL ESTATE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 368 Map no. 89, 95

System 6 (1983): Part M105 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Lowlands — eastern block; Lowlands Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Mardella)

Ownership Categories

Private

Area (ha): total 1064.5 (includes open water); bushland

1034.1 **Zoning** 

MRS: Rural TPS: Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NE

Street name

3 Mundijong Rd; 2 Roe Rd; 1 street not identified

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs, C2) (Qha: Msc1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Spc,)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Dardanup Complex (most northern occurrence)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South





### Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

### Floristic Community Types

### Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- 4 Melaleuca preissiana damplands
- 5 Mixed shrub damplands
- 11 Wet forests and woodlands

### Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

- 21a Central Banksia attenuata Eucalyptus marginata woodlands
- 21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands
- 23a Central Banksia attenuata B. menziesii woodlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, palusplain, creek

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain Kevsbrook (P.1)

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Goegrup (R.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (16.8ha, 1393m), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 4.9 ha

### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, creek, river, vegetated uplands

**Vegetation and Flora:** detailed survey (Keighery, BJ, et al. 1995); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Rowe 01–02, Low 01, 04, 6a–10b, 12a–14a))

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, et al. 1995)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Woodlands to Forest with scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata and E. calophylla and with Xylomelum occidentale, Allocasuarina fraseriana, Banksia grandis and B. ilicifolia being sometimes co-dominants in the Banksia layer; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Woodlands to Forests; Jacksonia sternbergiana Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Woodland over Kunzea ericifolia Closed Tall Scrub

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana, Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Woodland to Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Tall Shrubland; Eucalyptus rudis Forest to Woodland; Woodlands over Sedgelands, where the dominants may be Melaleuca preissiana, Eucalyptus calophylla and E. rudis

Scattered Native Plants: Areas of Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii, Eucalyptus marginata, E. rudis and E. calophylla Forest to Woodland occur within areas that have been cleared for pasture — regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

**Vegetation Condition:** >80% Excellent to Very Good, <20% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 335 native taxa (Keighery, BJ, et al. 1995) (estimated >90% expected flora of BS372 and BS368) Significant Flora: Caladenia huegelii (R), Drakaea elastica (R); Keighery, BJ, et al. 1995 — Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. palustre ms, (2), Stylidium longitubum (3), Dillwynia dillwynioides (3), Stylidium mimeticum (3), Conostephium minus (4, southernmost population); Drosera gigantea subsp. geniculata ms, Stylidium utricularioides, Stylidium roseo-alatum, Boronia crenulata, Johnsonia aff. pubescens (GJK 5249), Evandra pauciflora, Eucalyptus gomphocephala (unusual record, normally confined to coastal Quindalup and Spearwood Dunes).

Fauna: multiple surveys by RAOU (1996 D) for birds (88). Good assemblage of insectivorous birds. Significant bird species: Golden Whistler, Yellow Robin and Yellow-plumed Honeyeater. Significant mammal species: Quenda, Western Brush Wallaby, Brush-tailed Wambenger and Water Rat

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south, east (BS371, canopy) and west; part of proposed Greenway 81 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes Farm buildings within the property are on the Register of the National Estate; rare example of intact riverine communities (Keighery, BJ, et al. 1995); large area of mature Banksia Woodland habitat that has not been subject to periodic logging or burning; mature examples of Eucalyptus marginata, Eucalyptus rudis and Banksia species in woodlands; largest privately owned bushland area in the PMR managed for conservation; contains 4820m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)





### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of Register of the National Estate

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands

Constraints: Bushplan Site private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

**Recommendation:** The private ownership and management intent of the Bushplan Site is endorsed. Appropriate mechanisms to support and reinforce existing management for conservation and provide long-term security to be applied in consultation with the land owner(s).

### LOWLANDS BUSHLAND — WESTERN BLOCK (HYMUS SWAMP), PEEL ESTATE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 372 Map no. 94 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NW

System 6 (1983): Part M105 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names
White Gum Block; Lowlands — western block;

Lowlands, Hymus Swamp

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Hopeland)

Ownership Categories

Private

Area (ha): total 141.5; bushland 133.6

MRS: Rural

TPS: Rural

Zoning

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 807 River Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Dardanup Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

11 Wet forests and woodlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21c Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, palusplain, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Goegrup (R.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (114.6ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified





### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, BJ, et al. 1995); limited survey (Dames and Moore 1988b, Gibson et al. 1994 (Hymus 01–06))

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, BJ, et al. 1995)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Woodland over Kunzea ericifolia Closed Tall Scrub; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Woodlands to Forest with scattered emergent Eucalyptus calophylla; Banksia attenuata, B. ilicifolia, Nuytsia floribunda Low Open Forest

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana, M. rhaphiophylla Low Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Forest; mixed Herbland; Restio stenostachyus Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: areas of Eucalyptus gomphocephala, E. rudis and E. calophylla Forest to Woodland occur within areas that have been cleared for pasture — regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: >60% Very Good to Excellent, <40% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 335 native taxa (Keighery, BJ, et al. 1995) (estimated >90% expected flora of BS372 and 368)

Significant Flora: Keighery, BJ, et al. 1995 — Stylidium longitubum (3), Dillwynia dillwynioides (3), Stylidium mimeticum (3); Drosera gigantea subsp. geniculata ms, Stylidium utricularioides, Eucalyptus gomphocephala (unusual record, normally confined to coastal Quindalup and Spearwood Dunes)

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland in the south, east and west; part of proposed Greenway 81 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: mature examples of Eucalyptus gomphocephala, E. rudis, Banksia ilicifolia and Melaleuca preissiana in woodlands

### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands

Constraints: private land; General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

Recommendation: The private ownership and management intent of the Bushplan Site is endorsed. Appropriate mechanisms to support and reinforce existing management for conservation and to provide long-term security to be applied in consultation with the land owner(s).

### BALDIVIS ROAD BUSHLAND, BALDIVIS

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre/zoning) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 376

**Map no.** 94, 99, 100

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SW, 2033-II NW

### Other Names

Karnup Nature Reserve included in Bushplan Site, Part Submission Area 245

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Rockingham (Baldivis)

Area (ha): total 157.8 (includes open water); bushland 133.0

### Zoning

MRS: Rural, Parks and Recreation, Important Regional

Roads

TPS: Rural, Special Rural, Local Roads, Landscape

27

Ownership Categories Private, State Government Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

1, 2, 41 Karnup Rd; 33, 101 Foster Rd; 200, 201, 1095 Baldivis Rd; 42 Sixty Eight Rd; 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221 Wicksteed Cl; 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 210, 211 Diogenes Ct

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: C2, Mc2)

Bassendean Dunes
Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Serpentine River Complex

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex -- Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred (partial coverage)

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands — not sampled, type not inferred

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain Keysbrook (P.1)

Bassendean Dunes

Gnangara (B.2)

Spearwood Dunes

Stakehill (S.4)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Goegrup (R.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Multiple Use Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands, vegetated wetlands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 part roadside observations)

Structural Units

Uplands: Scattered Eucalyptus marginata over Mixed Open Forest of E. calophylla, Allocasuarina fraseriana, Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. grandis; Eucalyptus calophylla Low Open Forest over Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana; scattered Eucalyptus calophylla and E. marginata over Low Open Forest over Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland

Wetlands: isolated patches of Low Closed Forest dominated by either Eucalyptus rudis or Melaleuca rhaphiophylla

**Vegetation** Condition: >20% Excellent, >40% Very Good, >25% Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: not surveyed

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east and west; part of proposed Greenway 83 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

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### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

### HENDERSON ROAD BUSHLAND, PEEL ESTATE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 378

Map no. 100

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SW

Other Names

Area (ha): total 154.9 (includes open water); bushland

129.1

Submission Area 220

Zoning

Local Authorities (Suburb)

MRS: Rural

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Hopeland)

TPS: Rural, Public Open Space, Landscape

Ownership Categories

State Government

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

2, 399, 400 Henderson Rd; 1 River Rd; 164 Yangedi Rd

Crown Reserve

### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Ohw: Cps)

### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

### Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Melaleuca preissiana damplands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, palusplain, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (35.3ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 3.9ha + 1.3ha = 5.2ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed



### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Kailis 01-03), part Bushplan Site — Hart Simpson and Associates 1990, part Bushplan Site — Masters and Associates 1992)

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Forest to Low Woodland

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >50% Excellent to Very Good, <50% Good to Completely Degraded, with areas of

severe localised disturbance **Total Flora:** 89 native taxa (plot-generated list only)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south and east; part of proposed Greenway 140 (Tingay, Alan &

Associates 1997a)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP, Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Public Open Space Zoning and Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; Titanium mineralization subject to mining lease applications M70/729 and M70/740

and exploration licences E70/785 and E70/838 (Baxter joint venture)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

### YANGEDI SWAMP, KEYSBROOK

Boundary Definition: management/bushland (part to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 77

Map no. 100, 101, 104, 105 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SE,

2033 II SW

Other Names

Submission Area 219

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Keysbrook)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 447.283 (includes open water);

bushland 364.954

Zoning

MRS: Rural

TPS: Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 2 Elliott Rd; 2 Hopeland Rd; 77, 80 Yangedi Rd

### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps) (Qrw: Sp1, Sp2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

# DESCRIPTIONS OF THE PROPERTY O

### Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

15 Forests and woodlands of deep seasonal wetlands

S1 Astartea aff. fascicularis/Melaleuca species dense shrublands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, palusplain, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (51ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 5.7ha + 5.5ha = 11.2ha (total)

### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined, Vulnerable (floristic community type 15)

### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Yang 01-03), part Bushplan Site — Hart Simpson and Associates 1990, part Bushplan Site — Masters and Associates 1992)

### Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and B. ilicifolia Low Open Forest

Wetlands: Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Forest; Melaleuca uncinata, M. viminea and M. lateritia Tall Open Scrub; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Tall Shrubland; Regelia ciliata Open Heath; mixed Herbland; Lepidosperma longitudinale Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: within bushland mapped, <20% includes Eucalyptus rudis Woodland

**Vegetation Condition:** >50% Very Good to Excellent, <30% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 110 native taxa (plot-generated list only)

**Significant** Flora: Stylidium longitubum (3); Myriocephalus helichrysoides, Stylidium utricularioides, Macarthuria apetala (most southern location)

Fauna: no known information Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal

### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).





## 2.4 SPEARWOOD DUNES





### 2.4 SPEARWOOD DUNES

### 2.4.1 INTRODUCTION

### Location, Landscape and Soils

The Spearwood Dunes are of aeolian origin, being intermediate in age to the older Bassendean Dunes to the east and the younger Quindalup Dunes to the west. This dune system is characterised by a series of limestone-capped 'peaks' such as Reabold Hill, Shire View Hill and Mount Brown, forming the most prominent hills on the Swan Coastal Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region. The Tamala Limestones, which outcrop on these hills and in other lower rises and hills, are generally overlaid by yellow to brown sands. Low dunes and swales of shallow pale grey sands over yellow sands are also characteristic of the Spearwood Dunes (Table 1.4a&b). The wetlands of the Spearwood Dunes (Table 2.4) are associated with peats and carbonate sands and occasionally clays overlaying sands.

## Remnant Bushland on the Spearwood Dunes

While relatively large areas of the Spearwood Dunes remain as bushland, historically, clearing on this dune system has been more widespread than on the Bassendean Dunes. The soils of the Spearwood Dunes are comparatively more fertile than the Bassendean Dunes and have a greater ability to hold nutrients. As a consequence the Spearwood Dunes have been cleared for pine plantations and the areas in and around the wetlands have been a focus for horticulture (principally market gardens). The uncleared dunes have been subject to substantial grazing pressure throughout their range. The inhospitable terrain of the areas with outcropping limestone has protected these areas from grazing. However they are a focus for mining, some hills having been totally removed.

Recent mapping for the Perth Metropolitan Region (Table 3.4) indicates that between 18 per cent and 79 per cent of the vegetation complexes associated with the Spearwood Dunes remain as native vegetation.

## Plant Communities and their Conservation on the Spearwood Dunes

At the regional level five vegetation complexes (Table 3.4) are confined to the Spearwood Dunes and two others are, at times, associated with the Spearwood Dunes in the Perth Metropolitan Region. Fifteen floristic community types (Table 4.4) are the principal regional floristic groups identified on the Spearwood Dunes and three of these are considered to be confined to the Perth Metropolitan Region.

Floristic community type 20a (Table 5.4) has been determined a threatened ecological community. A faunal wetland ecological community has also been distinguished as threatened (Table 5.4). This wetland community is associated with the caves around Yanchep.

A Bushplan Site in the Spearwood Dunes was recognised by the EPA as containing 'Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Communities' in need of interim protection under the System 6 part System I Update (EPA 1994 GIS). This Site (Bushplan Site 293) contains an area of floristic community type 26a and was identified by Gibson et al. (1994). Weston and Gibson (1997) have recommended that floristic community type 26a be determined a threatened ecological community.

A large variety of vegetation associations has been identified on the Spearwood Dunes. As areas with exposed limestone (Tamala Limestones after Table 1.4a) support a distinctive suite of vegetation associations, the Spearwood Dunes vegetation associations are considered under two headings. The Bushplan Site descriptions follow this format.

# Sands derived from Tamala Limestones Uplands

The main upland associations are forests to open woodlands associated with a diverse understorey (Table 4.4) and shrublands. These broad units and associated dominant species are:

### Open Forests and Woodlands

Eucalypts — Eucalyptus marginata, E. gomphocephala, E. decipiens Sheoaks — Allocasuarina fraseriana





Banksias — Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. prionotes, B. grandis

### Shrublands

Daviesia triflora, D. nudiflora, D. decurrens, Leucopogon propinquus, Hardenbergia comptoniana, Phyllanthus calycinus, Conostephium pendulum, Gompholobium tomentosum, Melaleuca acerosa, Hibbertia hypericoides, H. racemosa, Xanthorrhoea preissii, Macrozamia riedlei

### Herblands

Burchardia congesta, Lomandra maritima, Sowerbaea laxiflora, Conostylis aculeata, C. setigera, Daucus glochidiatus, Dianella revoluta

### Sedgelands

Schoenus grandiflorus, Mesomelaena pseudostygia, Loxocarya flexuosa, Lepidosperma angustatum

### Grasslands

Austrostipa flavescens, Austrodanthonia occidentalis

### Wetlands

The main wetland associations are forests to woodlands (Table 4.4) and sedgelands. These broad units and associated dominant species are:

### Open Forests and Woodlands

Eucalypts — Eucalyptus calophylla (wetland margins), E. rudis, E. gomphocephala Banksias — Banksia littoralis

### Sedgelands

Baumea articulata, B. juncea, Lepidosperma longitudinale, Gahnia trifida, Juncus pallidus

### Tamala Limestones

### **Uplands**

The main upland associations are mallees, scrubs, shrublands and heaths dominated by a variety of shrubs interleaved with herbs and sedges. These broad units and associated dominant species are:

### Mallees

Eucalyptus argutifolia, E. foecunda, E. petrensis

### Shrublands

Leucopogon parviflorus, Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, D. lindleyana subsp. lindleyana, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium, Grevillea preissii, Hakea trifurcata, Templetonia retusa, Gompholobium tomentosum, Melaleuca acerosa, M. huegelii, Hibbertia spicata subsp. leptotheca, Acacia truncata, A. lasiocarpa var. lasiocarpa

### Herblands

Opercularia vaginata

### Sedgelands

Loxocarya flexuosa, Lepidosperma angustatum

#### Grasslands

Austrostipa flavescens, Austrodanthonia occidentalis

Wetlands are not typically associated with outcropping limestone. However, a wetland community has been identified on the Tamala Limestone coastal cliffs (Bushplan Site 346, floristic community type 16).

Thirty-seven significant taxa are associated with the Spearwood Dunes in the Perth Metropolitan Region (Table 6.4). These include two species of Declared Rare Flora and 11 of Priority Flora. A number of taxa are confined to the Spearwood Dunes, two of these, *Hibbertia spicata* subsp. *leptotheca* and *Jacksonia sericea*, being endemic to the Perth Metropolitan Region.

Twelve significant taxa are associated with shallow soils over outcropping Tamala Limestone (Table 6.4, after Keighery, GJ, 1990a and Griffin 1993). Other taxa not listed in Table 6.4 also show the same ecological preferences, for example: Caladenia longicauda subsp. calcigena ms, Conostylis pauciflora subsp. euryrhipes, Rhagodia baccata subsp. dioica, Grevillea crithmifolia, G. preissii, Petrophile serruriae subsp. nov., Nemcia reticulatum, Beyeria cygnorum, Alyogyne huegelii var. glabrata, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium, Diplopeltis huegelii var. huegelii, Diplolaena angustifolia, Baeckea robusta, Hemiandra pungens, Hemigenia barbata, Stylidium bulbiferum and S. junceum. Interestingly some of these taxa have closely related taxa or forms of the same taxa on the eastern side of the Plain and the Darling Scarp (see section 2.2).



**Table 1.4a:** Geological and geomorphological systems of the Spearwood Dunes. The general terms used in Perth's Bushplan for describing the major landform elements are in **bold italics**.

Major Geological Systems (after Playford et al. 1976)	Major Geomorphological Systems (after McArthur and Bettenay, 1960)	Detailed Geomorphological Units (after Churchward and McArthur, 1980)
Tamala Limestone and sands derived from Tamala Limestone	Spearwood Dunes	Cottesloe Karrakatta
Wetlands (within the Guildford Formation, Bassendean Sand, Tamala Limestone)	Not applicable	Herdsman
Lagoonal and estuarine deposits (within the Guildford Formation, Bassendean Sand, Tamala Limestone)	Not applicable	Yoongarillup

<sup>#</sup> Combined here under Spearwood Dunes for major landform elements, see Volume 2, Part A, Tables 1 and 2; Vasse combined under Pinjarra Plain for major landform elements, see 2.2 FOOTHILLS AND PINJARRA PLAIN

**Table 1.4b:** Landform and soils of the Spearwood Dunes showing the relationship between geomorphological systems, units identified in the Environmental Geology Maps and soils described on these maps on the Swan Coastal Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region. Column One can be used to cross-reference to groups shown in Table 1a.

Major Geomorphological Systems (after McArthur and Bettenay, (1960); *Detailed Geomorphological Units (after Churchward and McArthur, 1980)	Major Units in the Environmental Geology Maps (after various authors)	Soils associated with each unit
Spearwood Dunes: *Cottesloe, Karrakatta, #Yoongarillup	Sands derived from Tamala Limestone Tamala Limestone	pale grey to pale yellow sands; limestone and associated light yellowish brown sands; silts, sands and calcareous deposits in various associations
Wetlands – within the Pinjarra Plain, Bassendean Dunes, Spearwood Dunes, Quindalup Dunes: *Herdsman	Holocene swamp déposits	peats associated with clays, sands and silts in various proportions

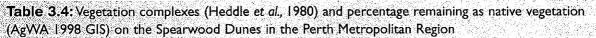
<sup>#</sup> Combined here under Spearwood Dunes for major landform elements, see Volume 2, Part A, Tables 1 and 2



Table 2.4:						
after Semei						

Name & locations	Geomorphic setting	Primary wetlands	Stratigraphy	Origin of wetlands
Spearwood Dunes				
Yanchep suite (\$\)i) Between Yanchep to the north & Kingsley to the south in a linear belt about 5km inland from the coast	Spearwood Dunes Unit - area of parallel, coastal dune ridges, up to 40- 60m above MSL, & associated segmented depressions	Lakes & sumplands	Thin layer of peat overlying grey to yellow sand.	Wetlands occur in depressions between limestone ridges fed by discharge from limestone & groundwater table rise; basins are young karst features
Balçatta suite (S2) In a 5 × 1.0km area north of the Swan River estuary about 3km inland from the coast	Spearwood Dunes Unit/area of hills & depressions within the limestone dune ridges	Sumplands [& lakes subsequent to clearing of vegetation eg Carine Swamp]	Variable: peat overlying yellow sand, to peat & day overlying thick yellow sand	Wetlands occur in depressions between hills possibly old (mature) karst features
Coogee suite (53) In a linear belt 1-2km inland from the coast, east of Woodman Point	Spearwood Dunes Unit – inter dune ridge depression overlying limestone	Lakes & sumplands	Carbonate mud overlying limestone	Carbonate mud filled depressions now acting to pond meteoric water
Stakehill suite (S4) Linear, belt extending from Wattleup to Mandurah	Spearwood Dunes Unit ranging from ridges of limestone outcropping to ridges of yellow sand overlying limestone	Lakes & sümplands	Carbonate mud & peat overlying yellow sand	Carbonate mud & peat filled depressions probably originally karst depressions superimposed on palaeotopographic features
Spearwood – Bassendean	Dunes Interface			
Bibra suite (SBI)  I. Linear belt extending south from Bidaminna to Caladenia Cave  2. Linear belt extending from Murdoch to Wellard, in a N/S orientation approximately.  5.7km east of the coast	Spearwood-Dunes & Bassendean Dunes contact depression. Continuous high dune ridges to the west & a series of discontinuous hollows & hills with lower relief to the east.	Lakes & sumplands in a north-south oriented chain	Mud, peat, or peaty sand overlying Bassendean Sand	Contact depressions with groundwater impounded against Spearwood Dune ridge





Vegetation Complex	Native Vegetation (%)
Spearwood Dunes	
KARRAKATTA COMPLEX – NORTH: Predominantly low open forest and low woodland of Banksia species Eucalyptus todtiana, less consistently open forest of E. gomphocephala – E. todtiana – Banksia species	20
KARRAKATTA COMPLEX — NORTH — TRANSITION VEGETATION COMPLEX: A transition complex of low open forest and low woodland of <i>Banksia</i> species — <i>Eucalyptus todtiana</i> on the transition zone of a series of high sand dunes between Bassendean-North and Karrakatta-North.	79
KARRAKATTA COMPLEX — CENTRAL AND SOUTH: Predominantly open forest of Eucalyptus gomphocephala — E. marginata — E. calophylla and woodland of E. marginata — Banksia species	18
COTTESLOE COMPLEX - NORTH: Predominantly low open forest and low woodland of Banksia attenuata - 8 menziesii - Eucalyptus todtiana; closed heath on the limestone outcrops.	70
COTTESLOE COMPLEX — CENTRAL AND SOUTH: Mosaic of woodland of Eucalyptus gomphocephala and open forest of E. gomphocephala — E. marginata — E. calophylla; closed heath on the limestone outcrops.	36
Wetlands	
HERDSMAN COMPLEX: Sedgelands and fringing woodland of Eucalyptus rudis — Melaleuca species	31
Marine (lagoonal and estuarine) Deposits	
YOONGARILLUP COMPLEX Woodland to tall woodland of Eucalyptus gomphocephala with Agonis . flexuasa in the second storey. Less consistently an open forest of E. gomphocephala – E. marginata – E. calap	hylla. 72

# **Table 4.4:** Floristic community types identified on the Spearwood Dunes (after Gibson et al., 1994 and DEP 1996)

### Kev

### Column 1: Floristic Community Type Codes

The numbers of the types additional to Gibson et al. (1994) are italicised if they are subsets of an existing group (in types 19, 20, 23 and 30) and italicised and preceded by 'S' if they are supplementary groups.

### Column 2: General Description of Floristic Community Types

Descriptions are based on generalised information from all plots in the group. Structural units are categorised into forest, woodlands, shrublands, sedgelands and herblands after Gibson et al. (1994).

### Column 3: Average Species Richness per Floristic Community Type

Average species richness per 10x10m plot less those species only occurring in a single plot. Some community types can have a high proportion of single records. Thus these estimates of average species richness are underestimates in some cases.

Supergroup 2 - Seasonal Wetlands	- <del>18</del>
[1] Wet forests and woodlands	28.0
1/3 Deeper wetlands on heavy soils	16.9
14. Deeper wetlands on sandy soils	16.5
1,6 Highly saline seasonal wetlands	[1.2]
17 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla – Gahnia trifida	seasonal wetlands 13:4
\$7 Northern woodlands to forests over tal	ll sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands 17.7



20a	Banksia attenuata woodlands over species rich dense shrublands	64.5
2la	Central Banksia attenuata – Eucalyptus marginata woodlands	52.0
59	Banksia attenuata woodlands over dense low shrublands	38.9
Supe	ergroup 4 – Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes	38.9
24	Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands	48.1
25	Southern Eucalyptus gomphocephala — Agonis flexuosa woodlands	
26a	Melaleuca huegelii – M. acerosa shrublands of limestone ridges	49.6
26b	Woodlands and mallees on limestone	49.8
27	Species poor mallees and shrublands on limestone	37.3
123 HQ	Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata – Eucalyptus species woodlands	55.1

### Table 5.4: Threatened ecological communities (English and Blyth, 1997) on the Spearwood Dunes

### **KEY**

Critically Endangered Endangered CR

Vulnerable

### A. Floristic Community Types

### Supergroup 3 - Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species rich dense shrublands

EΝ

### B: Restricted floristic community type mosaics (not applicable)

### C: Freshwater communities

Aquatic root mat community of caves of the Swan Coastal Plain (Jasinska 1991, Jasinska and Knott 1995)



 Table 6.4: Significant flora of the Spearwood Dunes in the Perth Metropolitan Region

### Key

### Column 1 Taxon

Names follow Gibson et al. (1994) unless indicated otherwise. Taxa yet to be named have an attached reference collection number from the relevant collector. An 'ms' after the name indicates that this is a manuscript name which is yet to be published.

### Column 2 Major landform elements

DS =	Darling Scarp
Ď =	Dandaragan Plateau
`F =	Foothills
'P =	Pinjarra Plain
В =	Bassendean Dunes
S =	Spearwood Dunes
`Q =	Quindalup Dunes
,R ====================================	Estuaries, Rivers and Creeks
√int y y =	
(ML) =	Muchea Limestones
(TL) =	Tamala Limestones

## Column 3 Taxa dependent on seasonal waterlogging or inundation

NATION OF THE PARTY OF THE PART	<ul> <li>depends on waterlogging c</li> </ul>
12 10 Sept. 19	
100	inundation of area
W (aquatic)	) = depends on standing water
YY (acquatic	Coperios on standing water

### Column 4 Conservation status (Atkins 1998)

R =	Declared Rare Flora	
	Priority 1: Poorly Known Taxa	
2 =	Priority 2: Poorly Known Taxa	
3 =	Priority 3: Poorly Known Taxa	
4 =	Priority 4: Rare Taxa	•

### Column 5 Regional ecological preferences

e = taxa endemic to the Swan Coastal Plain
E = taxa endemic to the Swan Coastal Plain in the Perth
Metropolitan Region

### **Geographical Variation**

- r = populations at the northern or southern limit of their known geographic range
- d = populations disjunct from their known geographic range
- p = considered to be poorly reserved (applies to all Declared Rare Flora and Priority taxa)
- s = significant populations (applies to all Declared Rare Flora and Priority taxa)
- X = considered lost in the Perth Metropolitan Region

Taxon	Major Wetland landform taxa element	DRF/ Priority code	Significance code
Acacia alata van tetrantha	S (TL)		S
Acacia benthamii	Ś/B	2	p, s, E
Acacia littorea	S/Q		d
Alyogyne huegelii var. glabrata	Q/S		Ś
Astroloma macrocalýx	S/F/D		s, p
Astroloma microcalyx	S/Q		S.
Boronia purdieana	S/B		i v r
Carpobrotus modestus	Q/S		S
Conospermum triplinervium	S/B/P		s, p
Conostylis aculeata subsp. cygnorum	S/B		е
Craspedia sp. (JPT 277)			S
Diplolaena angustifolium	Q/S		* P
Diuris micrantha	S W	R	p, s



Table 6.4: (continued)			
Eucalyptus argutifolia	S	R	p, s
Eucalyptus foecunda	S		P-
Eucalyptus mundijongensis (hybrid)	S/F	l l	P <sub>i</sub> \$
Eucalyptus petrensis	S		p, s
Glischrocaryon aureum	S/B/F		P
Haloragis aculeolata	S (TL)/ P (ML)	2	p <sub>í</sub> .s, e
Hibbertia spicata subsp. leptotheca	S (TL)	3	p, s, E
Jacksonia sericea	S	3	p, s, E
Kennedia coccinea	Q/S (TL)		S
Lasiopetalum membranaceum	S/Q	2	p, s.
Lechenaultia linarioides	S/Q		P
Lepidium pseudohyssopifolium	S		p, s, d
Lepidium pseudotasmanicum	S	4	X
Melaleuca cardiophylla	S (TL)		ŗ
Melaleŭca lanceolata	Q/S		d, s
Melaleuca sp. Yanchep (GJK 11242)	S (TL)	2 ·	p, s, e
Pimelea cálcicola	S (TL)		5
Sarcozona bicarinata (Carpobrotus sp. Hepburn (GJK 11518))	S/Q	3	p, s, e
Senecia ramosissimus	S (TL) V	V	r
Schoenus latitans	S·(TL)		r, p
Stylidium maritimum	· S (TL)/Q	3	p; s; e
Trachymene coerulea	S (TL)/P		S
Veronica aff. cálycina (BJK & NG 235)	S		s, p
Wilsonia humilis	S (TL)		P



### SPEARWOOD DUNES

### 2.4.2 DESCRIPTIONS

Bushplan	Bushplan	System	Bushplan Site Name	Page No.
Site No.	Map No.	6	antano del Circo. El proprio de proposito de la comocana de la comocana de la comocana de la comocana de la co La proprio de la comocana de la com	
284	7, 8, 13	M1	South-West Link from Wilbinga to Yanchep National Park	245
396	8, 13, 14		East Link from Wilbinga to Yanchep National Park	246
127 128	8, 13		State Forest 65 — Yanchep Plantation Bushland, Yanchep	247
288	13, 14, 17, 18	M3	Yanchep National Park and Adjacent Bushland	248
381	8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 18	M4	Ridges and Adjacent Bushland, Yanchep/Nowergup	250
1. 408 409 410 411 414	14, 15, 18, 19		State Forest 65 — Pinjar Plantation Central Bushland, Yanchep	252
415 129	18		Bernard Road Bushland, Carabooda	253
4.0	18		Link between Yanchep and Neerabup National Parks	254
130			Hopkins Road Bushland, Nowergup	255
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303	38, 44	141/	Whitfords Avenue Bushland, Craigie/Padbury	274
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# DESCRIPTIONS (SALVIZ)

### SOUTH-WEST LINK FROM WILBINGA TO YANCHEP NATIONAL PARK

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 284

Map no. 7, 8, 13

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-IV NE, 2035-III,

2035-III SW

System 6 (1983): Part M1 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Two Rocks)

Area (ha): total 629.4; bushland 550.6

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

203, 401 Mitchell Pl; 201, 202 street not identified

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (commercial organisation)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS2)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene Dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: LS4)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex - North

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

26b Woodlands and mallees on limestone

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

**WETLANDS** 

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: tall dune, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Tokyu 02-04); Tingay, Alan & Associates 1991c)

Structural Units

Uplands-Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Eucalyptus todtiana Open

Forest; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland

Uplands-Tamala Limestone: Melaleuca acerosa, Calothamnus quadrifidus and Gompholobium tomentosum Open Low Heath

Safety Bay Sands (oldest dunes): Mixed Open Low Heath

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland to Open Forest

Vegetation Condition: >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25% Good

Total Flora: not surveyed

Significant Flora: Eucalyptus argutifolia (R)

Fauna: structured survey by Tingay, Alan & Associates (1991b) of a larger area incorporating this site recorded birds (66), native mammals (6), reptiles (24) and amphibians (3). Significant bird species in the larger area: category 1 (1), category 3 (10) and category 4 (9). Significant mammal species in the larger area: Coastal Dunnart, Honey Possum and Western Brush Wallaby

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS406), south, east and west (south and east through bushland to BS396 and BS288); part of proposed Greenways 37, 2 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)



### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed, Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems
Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Declared Rare Flora; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This Bushplan Site is already reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme — it should be made a reserve with a conservation purpose.

### EAST LINK FROM WILBINGA TO YANCHEP NATIONAL PARK

**Boundary Definition:** protected area with bushland/bushland boundary (PMR boundary to the north) (large remnant within pine plantation)

### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 396

Map no. 8, 13, 14

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-IV NE, 2035-III

SE

Area (ha): total 484.4; bushland 480.5

### Other Names

Part State Forest 65

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Two Rocks, Yanchep), Shire of

Gingin (Wilbinga)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State

Government, Not identified

CALM Managed Land

Zoning

MRS: State Forests, Controlled Access Highways

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

5611 Wanneroo Rd; 400, 5611 street not identified

State Forest 65

### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

### LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1, LS2)

### VEGETATION AND FLORA

### Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex - North

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: only broad regional information is generally given for Bushplan Site descriptions for remnants in pine plantation

Vegetation Condition: 90% Excellent, <10% Very Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS406), south (BS288), east (BS381), west; part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

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Other Special Attributes: majority recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; under TPS

Landscape Zoning

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (limestone)

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. This site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values.

### STATE FOREST 65 - YANCHEP PLANTATION BUSHLAND, YANCHEP

Boundary Definition: protected area with bushland boundary (remnants within pine plantation)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 127, 128 Map no. 8, 13 Map sheet series ref. no.

Other Names: not known

Map sheet series ref. no. 2035-III SE, 2034-IV NE Area (ha): total 8.1; bushland total 8.1 (2 remnants,

from 1.8 to 6.3 ha)

Zoning

MRS: State Forests

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

5611 street not identified

State Forest 65

Local Authorities (Suburb) Shire of Wanneroo (Yanchep)

Ownership Categories

State Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

CALM Managed Lands

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — North

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

**WETLANDS** 

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: only broad regional information is generally given for Bushplan Site descriptions for combined remnants in pine plantation

Vegetation Condition: Very Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed



### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; under TPS Landscape Zoning Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. This site lies within the proposed Gnangara Park (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values.

### YANCHEP NATIONAL PARK AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND

2706.7

Zoning

Street name

Crown Reserve

Headquarters)

TPS: Rural, Landscape

11544, 11545 street not identified

Area (ha): total 2896.7 (includes open water); bushland

MRS: Urban Deferred, Parks and Recreation, State Forests, Rural, Controlled Access Highways

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

11, 16, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, M1503, 12249 Pipidinny Rd; 8240 Yanchep Beach Rd; 307 Shearwater Ave; 106, 107, 313, 314 Mitchell Fwy; 317 Mitchell Pl; 104,

Reserve 9868 (National Park), 29246 (Forest Department

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Map no. 13, 14, 17, 18 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-IV NE Bushplan Site no. 288

System 6 (1983): M3 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Loch McNess System

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Yanchep, Two Rocks, Carabooda, Eglinton)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (commercial organisation), Not identified

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1, LS2)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene Dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: LS4)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — North (one of two most northern occurrences)

Cottesloe Complex --- Central and South

Quindalup Dunes

**Ouindalup Complex** 

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex (most northern occurrence)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*19b Woodlands over sedgelands in Holocene dune swales

(equivalent to 19 Gibson et al. 1994, English and Blyth 1997)

Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23c North-eastern Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

26a Melaleuca huegelii — M. acerosa shrublands of limestone ridges

26b Woodlands and mallees on limestone

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\*27 Species poor mallees and shrublands on limestone

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

30b Quindalup Eucalyptus gomphocephala and/or Agonis flexuosa woodlands (outlier, most occurrences Bunbury and south)

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, sumpland, river, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Spearwood Dunes

Yanchep (S.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (272.8ha, 829.6m), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 267.2ha

### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined, Critically Endangered (Aquatic mat community of the Swan Coastal Plain), Critically Endangered (floristic community type 19, as defined by Gibson et al. 1994)

### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, tall dune, open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, 1993b), limited survey (part Bushplan Site — CALM 1989, Ecologia 1997; EPA and WAWA 1990, Gibson et al. 1994 (Yan 01-03), Griffin 1994 (Yan 2, 4-6), Keighery, GJ, 1996 D (Pip 01), McComb and McComb 1967, Weston and Gibson 1997 (R1); WAWA 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (CALM 1989, Ecologia 1997; EPA and WAWA 1990; McComb and McComb 1967; Smith 1989)

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Forest to Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata Open Forest to Woodland — both generally over or mixed with Banksia Low Open Forest and Low Woodland and often with Eucalyptus calophylla or Allocasuarina fraseriana; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Forest to Low Woodland, often with Allocasuarina fraseriana, Eucalyptus marginata, E. todtiana, Banksia grandis or Nuytsia floribunda

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Hakea trifurcata and Calothamnus quadrifidus Closed Tall Scrub to Open Heath; Melaleuca acerosa Closed to Open Heath; Melaleuca sp. Yanchep (GJK 11242), M. huegelii and Dodonaea aptera Closed Tall to Open Heath

Quindalup Dunes

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Safety Bay Sands (oldest dunes): Mixed Open Low Heath

Wetlands from Quindalup and Spearwood Dunes: Eucalyptus rudis Open Forest to Low Woodland; Banksia littoralis Low Open Forest to Low Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Closed Forest to Low Woodland; Typha domingensis/orientalis Closed Sedgeland; mixed Low Shrubland; Closed to Open Sedgeland which is mixed or is dominated by Schoenoplectus validus, Baumea articulata, Lepidosperma drummondii, L. gladiatum, Baumea laxa or B. juncea; mixed Open Low Heath

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >90% Very Good to Excellent, <10% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

**Total Flora:** 462 native taxa, 131 weeds (more than Bushplan Site (BS288 and part BS381 after area of CALM 1989) — Keighery, GJ, 1993b plus 22 part Bushplan Site records, including from McComb and McComb 1967; estimated <10% not in Bushplan Site) (estimated >90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Stylidium maritimum (3), Conostylis pauciflora subsp. euryrhipis (3), Hibbertia spicata subsp. leptotheca (3); Eucalyptus petrensis, Melaleuca cardiophylla, Alyogyne huegelii var. glabrata, Pimelea calcicola, Trachymene coerulea, Astroloma microcalyx, Ricinocarpos glaucus, Lechenaultia linarioides, Acacia alata var. tetrantha, Diplopeltis huegelii subsp. huegelii, Senecio ramosissimus, Veronica aff. calycina (BJK and NG 235) rare or uncommon on coastal plain in PMR — Craspedia variabilis, Senecio ramosissimus (most northern population known), Actinodium leucocephalus (particularly rare on western side of Plain), and the ferns Adiantum aethiopicum, Anogramma leptophylla, Cheilanthes austrotenuifolia, Pteris vittata; species typical of Tamala Limestone taxa - Melaleuca sp. Yanchep (GJK 11242), Melaleuca huegelii, Grevillea preissii, Diplopeltis huegelii, Eucalyptus foecunda, Pimelea calcicola, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium, Stylidium junceum (limestone variant), Astroloma microcalyx, Caladenia longicauda subsp. calcigena ms, Petrophile serruriae subsp. nov. (GJK 11421), Hibbertia spicata subsp. leptotheca

Fauna: (area described also includes BS381) surveyed by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (Storr and Johnstone 1988) and RAOU (1996 D), 8 visits, for birds (134). Structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science and CALM for native mammals (15) (Burbidge et al. in prep.), reptiles (47) (How and Dell 1994) and fish (2) (Sarti and Allen 1978). Significant populations of Splendid Fairy-wren, Southern Emu-wren, Broadtailed, Western and Yellow-rumped Thornbills, Weebill, White-browed Scrubwren, Scarlet Robin, Golden Whistler, Grey Shrike-thrush and several honeyeater species. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (13) and category 4 (8). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D), Western Brush Wallaby, Ash Grey Mouse and Echidna



Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS396), south, east (BS381) and west (through bushland to BS289); part of proposed Greenways 37, 2, 38 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); contains at least eight regional floristic groups, one group (limestone floristic community type 26a) has been recommended as a 'critically threatened community' (Weston and Gibson 1997); Koala Caves contain an abundance of terrestrial fossils and could provide information for the period between 6,000 and 80,000-1,000,000 years ago from which there are no outcropping marine deposits (Lemmon et al. 1979).

### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Listed on the Register of the National Estate

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Deferred Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, General and Priority Mineral Resource Area (limestone)

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserves 9868, 29246 is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

### RIDGES AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, YANCHEP/NOWERGUP

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Map no. 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 18 Bushplan Site no. 381 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I NW, 2034-IV NE, 2035-III SE

System 6 (1983): part M3, M4 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Yanchep, Nowergup)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Area (ha): total 3014.1; bushland 3004.9

Zoning

MRS: State Forest, Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

11544 Old Yanchep Rd; 65, 5608, 5609, 5611 street not

identified

Crown Reserve

State Forest 65, Reserve 9868 (National Park)

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood/Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex - North

Cottesloe Complex — North (one of two most northern occurrences)

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South (most northern occurrence)





### Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

14 Deeper wetlands on sandy soils

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

23b Northern Banksia attenuata — Banksia menziesii woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

26a Melaleuca huegelii — M. acerosa shrublands of limestone ridges

26b Woodlands and mallees on limestone

27 Species poor mallees and shrublands on limestone

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek; sumpland and dampland (includes wetlands not previously described, CALM 1989, Gibson et al. 1994)

Natural Wetland Groups: not defined

Wetland Management Objectives: not defined; Conservation (area not determined, these wetlands not previously described)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, 1993b); limited survey (CALM 1989, Gibson et al. 1994 (Yan 4-6, 8-22), Griffin 1994 (Par 01)

Structural Units: mapping (CALM 1989)

Bassendean Dunes

Uplands - Banksia attenuata and Nuytsia floribunda Low Open Woodland

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata Open Forest to Open Woodland; Low Open Woodlands to Low Woodlands dominated by Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia, B. grandis, Allocasuarina fraseriana and Nuytsia floribunda and combinations of these; Conospermum stoechadis Open Heath; mixed Open Heath

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Closed to Open Heath dominated by *Melaleuca huegelii*, *Melaleuca* sp. Yanchep (GJK 11242), *Thomasia cognata*, *Dryandra sessilis* var. cygnorum and *Hakea trifurcata*; *Eucalyptus petrensis* Shrub Mallee; *Eucalyptus foecunda* Shrub Mallee; *Eucalyptus decipiens* Tree Mallee

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland; Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Forest

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Pristine, <10% Very Good

Total Flora: 294 native taxa, 32 weeds (plot-generated list only, Gibson et al. 1994 and Griffin 1994; see

BS288 for total for BS288 and part BS381)

Significant Flora: Eucalyptus argutifolia (R), Sarcozona bicarinata (3), Conostylis pauciflora subsp. euryrhipis (3), Stylidium maritimum (3), Melaleuca sp. Yanchep (GJK 11242) (2), Conostephium minus (4), Diplolaena angustifolia, Verticordia nitens, Stylidium crossocephalum, Eucalyptus foecunda; species typical of Tamala Limestones — Grevillea preissii, Eucalyptus argutifolia, E. petrensis, E. foecunda, Diplopeltis huegelii, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium, Stylidium maritimum, S. junceum (limestone variant), Astroloma

microcalyx

Fauna: (area described also includes BS288) surveyed by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (Storr and Johnstone 1978) and RAOU (1996 D), 8 visits, for birds (134). Structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science and CALM recorded native mammals (15) (Burbidge et al. in prep.) and reptiles (47) (How and Dell 1994). Significant populations of Splendid Fairy-wren, Southern Emu-wren, Broad-tailed, Western and Yellow-rumped thornbills, Weebill, White-browed Scrubwren, Scarlet Robin, Golden Whistler, Grey Shrike-thrush and several honeyeater species. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (13) and category 4 (8). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D) and Western Brush Wallaby

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south and west (BS288, BS396); part of proposed Greenway 37 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: transition area between vegetation of Spearwood and Bassendean Dunes systems; majority of Bushplan Site included in boundaries considered in the Yanchep National Park Management Plan (CALM 1989); proposed to become National Park in Forest Management Plan 1994-2003 (CALM 1994); recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); part Bushplan Site recommended to be declared as an A-class Nature Reserve for the protection of flora and fauna in Gibson et al. 1994; contains seven regional floristic groups, one group (floristic community type 26a) having been recommended as a 'critically threatened community' (Weston and Gibson 1997); included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)



### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed, Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under General and Priority Mineral Resource Area (limestone), mining tenement M70/142 (Swan Portland Cement) for limestone cement and M70/698, M70/699, M70/700, M70/701, M70/702 (WA Limestone) for limestone (subject to reapplication)

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. This site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values.

### STATE FOREST 65 — PINJAR PLANTATION CENTRAL BUSHLAND, YANCHEP

Boundary Definition: protected area with bushland boundary (remnants in pine plantation)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 1, 408-411, 414, 415 Map no. 14, 15, 18, 19 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I

Zoning

NW, 2034-IV NE

Area (ha): total 456.4; total bushland 456.3 (7

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

State Forest 65, Reserve 39414 (Quarry - limestone)

remnants, from 3.7 to 218.8 ha)

65, 10654 street not identified

MRS: State Forests

TPS: Landscape

Street name

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Yanchep)

Ownership Categories

State Government

**CALM Managed Land** 

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1, LS2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South (most northern occurrence)

Cottesloe Complex - North

Cottesloe Complex -- Central and South

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred.

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (McArthur and Mattiske 1985)

Structural Units: mapping (McArthur and Mattiske 1985)

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Open to Closed Heath dominated by Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Melaleuca

huegelii and Grevillea species

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December 1998



Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Banksia species Woodland with scattered emergent Eucalyptus gomphocephala and E. marginata; Banksia spp. Woodland with scattered Eucalyptus todtiana and E. marginata

Vegetation Condition: Very Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997); majority recommended for

protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; under TPS

Landscape Zoning

Constraints: under General and Priority Mineral Resource Area (limestone)

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. This site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values.

### BERNARD ROAD BUSHLAND, CARABOODA

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 129

Map no. 18

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-IV NE

Area (ha); total 102.8; bushland 102.3

Other Names

Submission Area 290

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Carabooda)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (including commercial

organisation)

Zoning MRS: Rural

TPS: Rural, Landscape, No zone

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

50, 6268 Bernard Rd; 6155, 6265, 6266 Wanneroo Rd

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

\*26b Woodlands and mallees on limestone

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, vegetated uplands

# DESCRIPTIONS (SALVI)

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, WAWA 1995)

Structural Units

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland to Forest over Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland

Uplands- Tamala Limestone: Shrublands to Closed Heaths dominated by one or more combinations of *Melaleuca huegelii*, *M. acerosa* and *Dryandra sessilis* var. cygnorum

**Vegetation Condition:** >70% Very Good to Excellent, <30% Good to Completely Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Sarcozona bicarinata (3); typical Tamala Limestone taxa - Melaleuca huegelii, Grevillea preissii, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium, Petrophile serruriae subsp. nov. (GJK 11421)

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, east and south-west (BS130, across road); part of proposed Greenway 2 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: adjacent to Coogee Swamp and Springs (Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Baumea articulata Sedgeland) which have a significant aquatic invertebrate fauna and are a significant bird breeding area (WAWA 1995); contains historical cave (important fossils) and other karst features (Bastian 1998; Submission no. 176d); recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); consolidates the linkage between Yanchep and Neerabup National Parks

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (limestone), mining tenement M70/139 (Swan Portland Cement, operator Menchetti) for limestone cement

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

### LINK BETWEEN YANCHEP AND NEERABUP NATIONAL PARKS

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 130

Map no. 18

Map sheet series ref. no. 1034-IV NE

Area (ha): total 94.5; bushland: 94.3

Part Submission Area 291 reserves between Yanchep and

Neerabup National Parks

Other Names

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Carabooda, Alkimos)

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Controlled Access Highways, Important Regional Roads, Other Major

Highways

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

102 Romeo Rd; M1482, 4144, 6282, 6283, 6284, 6285,

6286, 11989 Wanneroo Rd

Crown Reserve

### Ownership Categories

State Government, Commonwealth Government, Private (commercial organisation)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1, LS2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex - Central and South



Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site - Ecologia 1997); limited survey (Submission No. 176e)

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — Ecologia 1997)

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Woodlands dominated by Eucalyptus gomphocephala, E. marginata, Banksia attenuata Low Woodlands

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Heaths to Low Shrublands dominated by Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Xanthorrhoea preissii, Scaevola thesioides and Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium

Vegetation Condition: >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25% Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance associated with track development

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: typical Tamala Limestone taxa - Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium

Fauna: limited survey by Ecologia (1997) recorded birds (41), native mammals (4), reptiles (17) and amphibians (3). Significant bird species: category 1 (2), category 3 (16) and category 4 (13). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D). Significant reptile species: dragon (Tympanocryptis adelaidensis), Clawless Gecko (Crenadactylus ocellatus) and Black Monitor (Varanus tristis)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north-east (BS129, across road) and west; part of proposed Greenway 2 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements, General and Priority Mineral Resource Area (limestone)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This Bushplan Site is already reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme — it should be made a reserve with a conservation purpose.

### HOPKINS ROAD BUSHLAND, NOWERGUP

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 290

Map no. 19, 26

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I NW, 2034-I SW

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 437.6; bushland 406.9

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Zoning

MRS: State Forests

Shire of Wanneroo (Yanchep) TPS: Landscape

December 1998

# DESCRIPTIONS ( SALVI)

Ownership Categories State Government Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name 65, 3050 Wesco Rd Crown Reserve State Forest 65

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*26b Woodlands and mallees on limestone

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997, WAWA 1995)

Structural Units: limited mapping (WAWA 1995)

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Woodlands dominated by Eucalyptus marginata, Banksia attenuata and B. grandis; Banksia species Woodland with emergent Eucalyptus gomphocephala; Banksia spp. Woodland with scattered Eucalyptus todtiana and E. marginata

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Closed Heath dominated by Xanthorrhoea preissii, Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Melaleuca huegelii and M. acerosa

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: Excellent (Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Eucalyptus argutifolia (R); typical Tamala Limestone taxa - Melaleuca huegelii

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (to BS293) and west; part of proposed Greenways 32, 17 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997); recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (limestone), mining tenements M70/126, M70/266 (Vigeo Pty Ltd) for limestone road base for building stone, M70/341 (Limestone Resources Aust Pty Ltd Carabooda Limestone) for limestone dimension stone, M70/339 (Limestone Building Block) for Limestone, M70/13 (Limestone Building Block Co. Pty Ltd) for limestone, M70/138 (Swan Portland Cement and Perth Limestone Resources) for limestone dimension stone

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. This site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values.

### STATE FOREST 65 — PINJAR PLANTATION SOUTH BUSHLAND, NOWERGUP/YANCHEP/NEERABUP

Boundary Definition: protected area with bushland (95, 134-137, 139, 140, 417, 444, 446, 451, 455); protected area with bushland group (425, 428), protected area with bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland group (444); protected area with bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland (457) boundaries (134 - Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include the unmapped bushland; remnants in pine plantation)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 95, 134–137, 139, 140, 417, 425, Map no. 19, 26 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I NW, 2034-I SW 428, 444, 446, 451, 455, 457

Zoning

TPS: Landscape

Street name

Crown Reserve

State Forest 65

Area (ha): total 94.4; bushland total 61.5 (15

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

65, 5665 street not identified; 3050 Wesco Rd; 2514,

MRS: State Forests, Parks and Recreation

remnants, from 1.3 to 7.5 ha)

12748 Wattle Ave: 4 Mather Dr

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Nowergup, Yanchep, Neerabup)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government

CALM Managed Lands

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: S4)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Pinjar Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred.

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, sumpland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Pinjar (B.1)

Gnangara (B.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (BS425 2.7ha, BS451 1.5ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: only broad regional information is generally given for Bushplan Site descriptions for combined remnants in pine plantation

Vegetation Condition: Very Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information



Linkage: generally no adjacent bushland except for - south of BS135 (BS293), north and south of BS428 (BS444, area outside Bushplan Site), north and south of BS444 (BS457, BS428), south of BS455 (BS457), north and south of BS457 (BS455, BS444)

Other Special Attributes: part Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (limestone)

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. This site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values.

# NEERABUP NATIONAL PARK, LAKE NOWERGUP NATURE RESERVE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, NEERABUP

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 383 Map no. 18, 25, 26, 31, 32 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034–I SW, 2034–IV NE, 2034–IV SE, 2034–IV SE

System 6 (1983): M6 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Neerabup, Carabooda, Nowergup, Clarkson, Tamala Park), City of Joondalup (Kinross, Neerabup)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (including commercial organisation), Local Government

Area (ha): total 1858.3 (includes open water); bushland 1717.2

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural, Urban, Other Major Highways, Important Regional Road, Public Purposes-Water Authority of WA

TPS: Rural, Landscape, Parks and Recreation.

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

1, 2, 3, 12, 14, 3323, 6270, 6764, 6765, 9245, 10313, 11533, 11607 Wanneroo Rd; 10313 Lukin Dr; 52, 3323, 9538, 9630 Burns Beach Rd; 19, 3323 Connolly Dr; 3, 4 Gibbs Rd; 11 Joondalup Dr; Crown; 12, 52, 70, 13712, 12520 street not identified

Crown Reserve

Reserve 27575 (National Park), Reserve 24581 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORM AND SOIL

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1, LS2)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

#### Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*S7 Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

\*26a Melaleuca huegelii — M. acerosa shrublands of limestone ridges

\*27 Species poor mallees and shrublands on limestone

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, sumpland Natural Wetland Groups Spearwood Dunes

Yanchep (S.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (66.7ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: <53.1ha + 1.8ha + 0.8ha + <10.9ha = 57.5ha (total)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site, Neerabup NP — Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997b); limited survey (part Bushplan Site, Lake Nowergup NR — EPA and WAWA 1990, Gibson et al. 1994 (Neer 1-11, 20-23); part Bushplan Site, Neerabup NP —Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991a)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997b, Semeniuk, V&C Research

Group 1991a)

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland to Open Forest; Eucalyptus marginata Woodland to Forest generally over Banksia woodland; Woodlands dominated by Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, Allocasuarina fraseriana and Nuytsia floribunda and combinations of these; Jacksonia sternbergiana Low Forest

Uplands - Tamala Limestones: Shrublands to Open Low Heath dominated by Xanthorrhoea preissii, Hakea trifurcata, Calothamnus quadrifidus, Melaleuca acerosa, Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Melaleuca huegelii and Acacia lasiocarpa and combinations of these

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Open Forest; Eucalyptus rudis and Banksia littoralis Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Closed Forest to Low Woodland; Acacia saligna Low Open Forest; Typha Closed Sedgeland; Baumea articulata Closed Sedgeland; mixed Closed Sedgeland to Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >85% Very Good to Excellent, <15% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 315 native taxa, 66 weeds (estimated >85% expected flora) (Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997b plus four records from EPA and WAWA 1990)

Significant Flora: Lepidium pseudohyssopifolium (1), Jacksonia sericea (3), Stylidium maritimum (3), Hibbertia spicata subsp. leptotheca (3, endemic to Tamala Limestone); Conostylis candicans subsp. calcicola, Ricinocarpus glaucus, Hemiandra pungens (dune form), Alyogyne huegelii var. glabrata, Baeckea robusta subsp. nov. (perhaps a local variant of a widespread species), Nemcia reticulatum (coastal form), Grevillea crithmifolia, Hakea lissocarpha, Persoonia comata (at southern end of range), Petrophile serruriae subsp. nov., Leptomeria empetriformis, Glischrocaryon aureum, Lechenaultia linarioides; typical Tamala Limestone Taxa: (Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997b) — Grevillea preissii, Diplopeltis huegelii, Eucalyptus foecunda, Pimelea calcicola, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium, Stylidium junceum (limestone variant), Astroloma microcalyx, Caladenia longicauda subsp. calcigena ms, Schoenus lanatus, Petrophile serruriae subsp. nov (GJK 11421), Leptomeria empetriformis

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 9 visits, and Dell et al. (1998) for birds (56), CALM (1993) for native mammals (4) and by B. Maryan and D. Robinson (pers. comm.) for reptiles (19) and amphibians (2). Significant populations of insectivorous passerine birds including Splendid Fairy-wren, Broad-tailed, Western and Yellowrumped thornbills, Weebill, White-browed Scrubwren, Scarlet Robin, Golden Whistler and Grey Shrike-thrush. Lake Nowergup has large numbers of waterfowl (D. Lamont pers. com. IN: EPA 1990). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (12) and category 4 (7). Significant mammal species: Honey Possum and Western Brush Wallaby. Significant reptile species: Carpet Python (Morelia spilota)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south (BS299, across road), east and west (BS323, through bushland to BS397); part of proposed Greenways 36, 2, 5, 42 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)



Other Special Attributes: contains six regional floristic groups; recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); includes core of areas recommended for conservation by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1991a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning and Parks and Recreation Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (limestone), mining tenement M70/717 (General Building Co. Pty Ltd) for limestone roadbase

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserves 27575, 24581 is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include parts for which: The Bushplan Site be reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme, purchased and added to Neerabup National Park.

# NEERABUP LAKE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, NEERABUP

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 384 Map no. 25, 26, 32

Other Names

Submission Area 293

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Neerabup)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State

Government

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SW, 2034-IV SE

Area (ha): total 400.3 (includes open water); bushland

242.4

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 10, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 27, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 43, 44, 46, 47, 1221, 9804, 12227 Wanneroo Rd;

105 Flynn Dr; 6, 10824 Lake Rd; 1, 12, 43, 10214,

10601 Wattle Ave Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1, LS2)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex --- Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*\$7 Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands





\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, creek Natural Wetland Groups Spearwood Dunes Yanchep (S.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (1153.8m), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 91 2ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, open water, vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, EPA and WAWA 1990, McArthur and Mattiske 1985, WAWA 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, McArthur and Mattiske 1985)

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Forest to Open Woodland Uplands - Tamala Limestone: mixed Closed Heath to Closed Low Heath; Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum Heath Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Closed Forest to Open Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Closed Forest to Low Open Forest: Acacia saligna Low Open Forest to Woodland, Typha species Open to Closed Sedgeland; Baumea articulata Closed Sedgeland to Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala and E. marginata

Vegetation Condition: <50% Very Good, >% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south, east (BS293) and west; part of proposed Greenway 2 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: part Bushplan Site recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); contains karst features including Orchestra Shell Cave (Submission No. 176g; Bastian 1998); aboriginal heritage place (Submission No. 176g)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (limestone)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This Bushplan Site is already reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme — it should be made a reserve with a conservation purpose.

# SHIRE VIEW HILL AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, NOWERGUP/NEERABUP

Boundary Definition: protected area/management/bushland boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 293

Map no. 26

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SW Area (ha): total 269.8; bushland 268.1

Other Names

Submission Area 292

Zoning

Local Authorities (Suburb) Shire of Wanneroo (Nowergup, Neerabup)

MRS: Industrial, Rural, State Forest

TPS: Rural, Landscape



Street name

Crown Reserve

State Forest 65

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

21 Flynn Dr; 2695, 6217 street not identified

8, 2514, 2522, 5204, 8505 Wattle Ave; 2522 Wesco Rd;

# Ownership Categories

Private (commercial organisation), State Government, Local Government, Not identified

**CALM Managed Land** 

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

26a Melaleuca huegelii - M. acerosa shrublands of limestone ridges

27 Species poor mallees and shrublands on limestone

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland (includes wetlands not previously described, DEP 1996)

Natural Wetland Groups:

Bassendean Dunes (includes wetlands not previously described, DEP 1996)

Pinjar (B.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (includes wetlands not previously described, DEP 1996)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, vegetated uplands, vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (SVH 01-02), DEP 1996)

Structural Units

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland with scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata, E. gomphocephala and E. todtiana; mixed Open Heath

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Melaleuca acerosa and M. huegelii Closed Heath; Eucalyptus petrensis Shrub Mallee; Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum Closed Heath

Wetland: Melaleuca preissiana Low Open Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: not applicable

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent, <25% Very Good to Good, with areas of severe localised

disturbance associated with tracks, pine plots and quarries

Total Flora: 73 native taxa, 18 weeds (part Bushplan Site, plot-generated list only plus several dominants)

Significant Flora: possibly Eucalyptus argutifolia (R) (recorded from north of Shire View Hill); Stylidium maritimum (3); Podolepis canescens (unusual form with white flowers, only record on the Swan Coastal Plain in the PMR), Acacia alata var. tetrantha; Typical Tamala Limestone Taxa - Melaleuca huegelii, Eucalyptus petrensis, Grevillea preissii, Stylidium maritimum, Acacia alata var. tetrantha

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant reptile species: Carpet python (*Morelia spilota*) (Submission no. 176f) Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS135); south and west (BS384); part of proposed Greenway 32 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Man 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); contains five regional floristic groups, one group (floristic community type 26a) having been recommended as a 'critically threatened community' (Weston and Gibson 1997); Shire View Hill is one of the tallest limestone peaks on the Plain; part Bushplan Site included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

# DESCRIPTIONS ( SALVI)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora and Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Industrial Zoning, Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (limestone), mining tenement M70/138 (Swan Portland Cement and Perth Limestone Resources) for limestone dimension stone

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management of the CALM managed area of this Bushplan Site is endorsed. This part of the site lies within the proposed 'Gnangara Park' (concept announced by Cabinet in 1996) within which areas of remnant native vegetation, such as this Bushplan Site, should be managed in the future to retain and enhance their conservation values. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site to be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# FLYNN DRIVE BUSHLAND, NEERABUP

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to zoning)/management boundary (Part Bushplan Site, part Lots 1, 2001 Flynn Dr, subject to Ministerial Condition No. 280, 21 August 1992.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 295

Map no. 26, 27, 32 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SW

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Neerabup, Carramar, Cockman)

Zoning
MRS: Urban, Rural, Industrial, Parks and Recreation,

Area (ha): total 118.1; bushland 112.6

Shire of wanneroo (Neeradup, Carramar, Cockman)

Important Regional Roads
TPS: Landscape, Residential Development, Rural
Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Private

Street name
1, 2001, 2477 Flynn Dr; 4, 40, 41 Mather Dr; 505

Crown Reserve

Pederick Rd; 11598 Pinjar Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Opa: S10)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Lagoonal and Estuarine Deposits (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Lagoonal and Estuarine Deposits (Vasse) (Qhg: S4)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Cottesloe Complex -- Central and South

Wetlands

Pinjar Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*22 Banksia ilicifolia woodlands

\*23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Ouindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland Natural Wetland Groups Bassendean Dunes

> Pinjar (B.1) Gnangara (B.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (2ha) Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands, vegetated wetlands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Pinj 0), 1998, part Bushplan Site — Bowman Bishaw Gorham 1992b, WAWA 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — Bowman Bishaw Gorham 1992b, WAWA 1995)

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Low Woodland to Low Open Forest dominated by Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii with scattered to co-dominant Eucalyptus todtiana, E. marginata, Nuytsia floribunda and Allocasuarina fraseriana; Adenanthos cygnorum Tall Closed Scrub to Tall Shrubland; Hibbertia hypericoides, Daviesia triflora and Leucopogon conostephioides Open to Closed Low Heath

Wetlands: no known information

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Very Good, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Conostephium minus (4); Boronia purdieana

Fauna: no systematic survey. Location for rare native bee (Hylaeus globuliferus) (Pawluck, Richard and Associates

1995)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS382, across road), south and west; part of proposed Greenway 17 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996).

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Planning Control Area No. 29, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRS Industrial Zoning, MRD regional road requirements **Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). (Note: Part Bushplan Site, part Lots 1, 2001 Flynn Dr subject to Ministerial Condition No. 280, 21 August 1992.)

# LITTLE COOGEE FLAT, PINJAR

Boundary Definition: bushland boundary (remnant in pine plantation)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 443 Map no. 33

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034 I SW

System 6 (1983): Part M8 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Area (ha): total 5.6; bushland 5.6

Local Authorities (Suburb) Zoning

MRS: Rural, State Forests TPS: Landscape, Rural

Shire of Wanneroo (Pinjar)

Other Names: not known

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Ownership Categories State Government

Street name 1706 Ziatas Rd

Crown Reserve

# DESCRIPTIONS (NO. 1)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Wetlands

Pinjar Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland Natural Wetland Groups Bassendean Dunes

Gnangara (B.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (3.9ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: not field-surveyed (aerial photography interpretation only)

Structural Units: only broad regional information is generally given for Bushplan Site descriptions for

remnants in pine plantation

Vegetation Condition: Very Good

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of contiguous fragmented potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A,

Map 8)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed, Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning. Crown Reserve

Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# YELLAGONGA REGIONAL PARK, WANNEROO/WOODVALE/KINGSLEY

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 299

Map no. 32, 38, 39, 44, 45

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034--I SW,

2034-II NW

System 6 (1983): M7 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Area (ha): total 1252.4 (includes open water); bushland

Contains Lake Joondalup and Lake Goollelal

380.9



Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Joondalup (Woodvale, Edgewater, Joondalup, Wanneroo, Kingsley)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government, Local Government, Not identified

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1, LS2)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp1)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types:

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

S7 Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

25 Southern Eucalyptus gomphocephala — Agonis flexuosa woodlands

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, sumpland, river

Natural Wetland Groups

Spearwood Dunes

Yanchep (S.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (779.7ha), not assessed Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 638.1ha + 63.7ha + 8.2ha = 710ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Important Regional Roads, Parks and

Recreation, Central City Area

TPS: Landscape, Residential Development

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

9695, 9697, 10743 Edgewater Dr; 6, 23, 25, 26, 33, 34, 35, 37, 137, 138, 139, 141, 322, 505 Scenic Dr; 3, 28, 36, 73 Ariti Ave; 0, 1, 3, 7, 8, 16, 92, 100, 303, 2701, 31048 Ocean Reef Rd; 7, 8 Church St; 4, 9, 51, 12050 Joondalup Dr; 24 Pinelli Rd; 2, 21708 Crowther Rd; 143, 591 Banyandah Bvd; 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 15, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 30, 31, 40, 50, 51, 58, 59, 60, 64, 65, 66, 73, 75, 76, 79, 82, 80, 81, 83, 84, 91,100, 101, 120, 121, 122, 132, 304, 709, 3709, 9471, 10146 Wanneroo Rd; 2, 3, 6, 455, 8202, 11264 Lakeside Dr; 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 20, 21, 22, 28, 29 Drovers Pl; 1, 2, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 52, 100 Goollelal Dr; 20, 43, 50, 709 Bindaree Tce; 0 Plover Way; 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 82 Lakeway Dr; 0, 38, 39, 40, 42, 44, 45, 46 Della Rd; 23, 26, 29, 30, 35, 37, 43, 53, 54, 55, 56, 69, 75 Duffy Tce; 1, 48, 49, 50, 51, 61, 62, 74 Hocking Rd; 49 Mooro St; 0, 2, 36, 72, 78, 80, 101 Woodvale Dr; 10872 Castlegate Wy; 26, 27, 34, 36 Poinciana Pl; 4 San Rosa Rd; 9698 Birdland Ct; 412 Boas Ave; 305 Hepburn Ave; 0 Whitfords Ave; 70, 31048 street not identified

Crown Reserve

Reserve 31048 (Recreation and Conservation of Flora and Fauna), 21708 (Protection of Flora and Fauna), 43290 (Conservation Park), 21176 (Forestry Purposes Pine Seedling Orchard)



Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Yela 01-03), DPUD 1992b, EPA and WAWA 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (DPUD 1992b, EPA and WAWA 1990)

Uplands: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Closed Forest to Woodland; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Tall Open Forest over Banksia grandis Low Open Forest; Eucalyptus calophylla Closed to Open Forest; Banksia attenuata and Eucalyptus marginata Woodland; Mixed Eucalyptus marginata, E. calophylla and Banksia attenuata Open Forest Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Scattered Open Forest to Low Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open to Low Closed Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and Banksia littoralis Open Forest; Closed to Open Sedgeland dominated by Schoenoplectus validus, Baumea articulata; B. juncea, \*Typha orientalis, Juncus pallidus and Lepidosperma longitudinale or combinations of Schoenoplectus validus and Baumea articulata; Mixed Herbland (on dry lake

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

**Total Flora:** 86 native taxa, 24 weeds (plot-generated list only, DEP 1996)

Significant Flora: Jacksonia sericea (3); Persicaria lapathifolia (in Herblands on dry lake bed only record in

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 86 visits, and by Bamford and Bamford (1990) for birds (122). Significant populations of Blue-billed Duck, Musk Duck, Hardhead, Splendid and Variegated Fairy-wrens, Broad-tailed, Western and Yellow-rumped thornbills, Weebill, Scarlet Robin, Golden Whistler and Grey Shrike-thrush. Significant bird species: category 1 (3), category 2 (5), category 3 (17) and category 4 (8). Limited survey for native mammals (6), reptiles and amphibians (6) (DPUD 1991). Significant mammal species: Western Brush Wallaby and Echidna, Quenda (Friend 1996 D). Native fish species: Native Goby (Pseudogobius olorum) and Pygmy Perch (Edelia vittata) (WAWA 1995)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS383, across road), east (BS164, across road) and west; part of proposed Greenways 42, 2, 6, 11 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); Included within Yellagonga Regional Park (DPUD, 1992b)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

ANCA Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Listed on the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The care, control and management of this area for conservation purposes within Yellagonga Regional Park is endorsed.

# CONTI ROAD BUSHLAND, WANNEROO

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/management boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 164

Map no. 32

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SW

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 32.9; bushland 30.9

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Zoning

Shire of Wanneroo (Ashby)

MRS: Urban, Urban Deferred

TPS: Rural

Ownership Categories Private, Local Government, State Government

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

9, 8027, 10668 Wanneroo Rd; 8121 Conti Rd; 7746

Ashley Rd; 500 Carosa Rd; Closed

Crown Reserve



SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex - Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Depot 01); Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997)

Structural Units

Uplands: Mixed Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Eucalyptus marginata Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla

Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus marginata Woodland

Vegetation Condition: Excellent to Good (Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997)

Total Flora: 38 native taxa (Gibson et al. 1994 (Depot 01); Mattiske Consulting Pty. Ltd. 1997) (estimated

>20% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy to the north, south and west (BS299, across road); part of proposed Greenway 2 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning and Urban Deferred Zoning, General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). For existing crown reserve part of Bushplan Site: The existing care, control and management of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# CAPORN STREET BUSHLAND, MARIGINIUP

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre and zoning) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 469 Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Mariginiup)

Map no. 32

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SW

Area (ha): total 11.1; bushland 10.6

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Landscape, Rural



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Ownership Categories

State Government

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

38 Edward St Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex - Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type not inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998)

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and B. illicifolia Low Open Forest to Low Woodland with emergent Eucalyptus marginata; Eucalyptus marginata, Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii Low Open Forest to Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Open Forest to Woodland; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. illicifolia and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Forest to Low Woodland with emergent Eucalyptus marginata

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >60% Excellent to Very Good, <10% Degraded to Completely Degraded, with areas

of severe localised disturbance Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy to the south and east

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria met for inclusion: Representation of ecological communities, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# GARDEN PARK BUSHLAND, WANNEROO

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre and zoning boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 470 Other Names: not known **Map no. 33** 

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SW

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Area (ha): total 5.9; bushland 5.1 Zoning

Shire of Wanneroo (Wanneroo)

MRS: Rural

TPS: Special Rural

Ownership Categories

State Government

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name 10857 Casuarina Wy

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex - Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, fenceline survey)

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and B. illicifolia Low Open Forest to Low Woodland with emergent Eucalyptus marginata; Eucalyptus marginata, Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii Low Open Forest to Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Open Forest to Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent to Very Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north and east

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria met for inclusion: Representation of ecological communities, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under Crown Reserve

Constraints: under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

### HIGH ROAD BUSHLAND, WANNEROO

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre and zoning)/bushland group boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period) Map no. 39

Bushplan Site no. 471 Other Names: not known

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NW Area (ha): total 45.0; bushland 41.8

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Zoning

Shire of Wanneroo (Wanneroo)

MRS: Urban, Rural, Public Purposes-Water Authority

of WA

TPS: Landscape, Parks and Recreation, Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

10135 Chicquita Pl; 2, 6904 Belgrade Rd; 10130

Benmuni Rd; 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34 Elliot Rd

Crown Reserve

Ownership Categories

Private, State Government, Local Government



#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7) Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps) (not mapped under Wetlands or vegetation observed)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex - Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, surveyed from roadside)

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia illicifolia, B. attenuata Low Open Woodland; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland to Open Low Forest sometimes with scattered emergent trees of Eucalyptus marginata; Banksia attenuata Low Open Woodland with emergent trees of Eucalyptus gomphocephala

Vegetation Condition: >80% Excellent to Very Good, <15% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south, east and west

Other Special Attributes: majority recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland

(Trudgen 1996)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria met for inclusion: Representation of ecological communities, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under TPS Parks and Recreation Zoning and Landscape Zoning,

Crown Reserve Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# MARIGINIUP LAKE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, MARIGINIUP

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 147 Map no. 32, 33 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-I SW

System 6 (1983): Part M8 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names

Mariginiup Lake, part Submission Area 233

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Mariginiup)

Area (ha): total 217.4 (includes open water); bushland

53.5

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape



Ownership Categories State Government, Private Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

3, 39, 102, 103, 302, 303 Pinjar Rd; 5, 6, 10, 11, 1395, 11142 Ranch Rd; 10916 Rowley Pl; 14, 400, 1133 Honey St; 40, 44 Caporn St; 42, 44, 88 Wade St; 101 Lake St; 46, 104 Tapping St; 46, 47 Wells St; 50 street not identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes) Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Pinjar Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, sumpland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups Bassendean Dunes

Gnangara (B.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (162.5ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 138.4ha + 21.5ha = 159.9ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990), McArthur and Mattiske 1985, Trudgen 1993a, WAWA 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, McArthur and Mattiske 1985, Trudgen 1993a)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Open Woodland to Open Forest; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Woodland to Low Open Forest; Acacia saligna Low Shrubland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus calophylla and E. rudis Closed Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Closed Forest; Baumea articulata Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus marginata Open Woodland

**Vegetation Condition:** >40% Very Good to Excellent; <60% Degraded to Completely Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Trudgen 1993a)

Total Flora: not known

Significant flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy to the north, south and west; part of proposed Greenways 16, 17 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed; Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve



Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# WOODVALE NATURE RESERVE, WOODVALE

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 407

Map no. 38

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NW

Area (ha): total 37.5; bushland 35.6

System 6 (1983): Part M7 all System area bushland, total area described

Other Names

CALM Woodvale

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Joondalup (Woodvale)

Ownership Categories

Not identified

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

7812 Ocean Reef Rd

Crown Reserve

CALM Managed Land Reserve 30809 (Research and Conservation of Flora and

Fauna)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

**Vegetation and Flora:** detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, and Langley 1994); limited survey (Gibson *et al.* 1994 (Woody 01–02))

Structural Units

Uplands: Low Woodland dominated by Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana which is, at times, dominated by Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >80% Very Good, <20% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 170 native taxa, 37 weeds (Keighery, GJ, and Langley 1994) (estimated >80% expected flora) Significant Flora: Jacksonia sericea (3); Ricinocarpus glaucus

Fauna: structured surveys by CALM (How & Dell 1994) for reptiles (18) and amphibians (4). Significant reptile species: gecko (*Diplodactylus polyophthalmus*), Black Monitor (*Varanus tristis*) and Carpet Python (*Morelia spilota*). Good assemblage of insectivorous and nectarivorous birds (J. Dell pers. comm.). Significant mammal species: Ouenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenways 6, 10 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)



SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation

Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserve 30809 is endorsed.

# WHITFORDS AVENUE BUSHLAND, CRAIGIE/PADBURY

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre and zoning)boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 303

Map no. 38, 44

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NW

Area (ha): total 252.6; bushland 215.1

Other Names Submission Areas 146 and 159 Pinnaroo, Beenyup,

Hepburn Conservation Reserve and Submission Area 160 Craigie bushland; Hepburn Heights; Pinnaroo Cemetery;

Craigie Open Space

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Joondalup (Craigie, Padbury)

Zoning

MRS: Public Purposes-Water Authority, Urban, Parks and Recreation, Controlled Access Highways, Important Regional Roads, Public Purposes-Special Uses

TPS: Landscape, Residential Development, Special Development A, Special Zone

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

8850 Copperhead Ave; 9205, 11898, 11899, 11900 Hepburn Ave; 9976 Holleton Tce; 9067, 9959, 10270,

10989 Leviathan Wy; 8278 Mitchell Fwy; 8889, 9067, 9097, 11401 Whitfords Ave; 9097, 9959, 11398

Pinnaroo Dr; 10988 Stanley Pl; 10084, 12649 street not

identified

Crown Reserve

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Not identified

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene Dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S2, LS4)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex -- Central and South

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

26b Woodlands and mallees on limestone

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

29a Coastal shrublands on shallow sands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed



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### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, tall dune, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site, Hepburn Heights — Keighery, GJ, 1991b, Tingay, Alan & Associates 1991a; Craigie Open Space — Allen et al. 1994); limited survey (DEP 1996 (Hepb 01-03), (Pinn 01-03); Pinnaroo Cemetery — Foulds 1987)

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site, Craigie Open Space — Allen et al. 1994; part Bushplan Site - Hepburn Heights, Pinnaroo Cemetery and Craigie Open Space: Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991a; part Bushplan Site — Hepburn Heights and Pinnaroo Cemetery — Tingay, Alan & Associates 1991a)

Ouindalup Dunes

Uplands: Melaleuca acerosa and Acacia lasiocarpa Open Low Heath; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland; Banksia prionotes Woodland

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Open Forest to Woodland dominated by Eucalyptus marginata, E. calophylla or E. gomphocephala; Low Woodland to Open Low Woodland dominated by Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. prionotes or Allocasuarina fraseriana and combinations of these (these areas may contain scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata or E. gomphocephala); Acacia saligna Shrubland; Acacia rostellifera Shrubland

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus decipiens Low Woodland; Acacia rostellifera Shrubland; Acacia truncata Shrubland; Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum Closed Heath; Lepidosperma gladiatum Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >70% Very Good to Excellent, <30% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 235 native taxa, 66 weeds (compiled from Allen et al. 1994, Foulds 1987, Keighery, GJ, 1991b, Tingay, Alan and Associates 1991a) (estimated >85% of expected flora)

Significant Flora: Sarcozona bicarinata (3), Jacksonia sericea (3); Lechenaultia linarioides, Ricinocarpus glaucus, Callitris preissii (most northern population on the Plain); typical Tamala Limestone taxa; Grevillea preissii, Diplopeltis huegelii, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science and Edith Cowan University (Allen et al. 1994) for birds (36), native mammals (3), reptiles (19) and amphibians (2) (How et al. 1996). Significant bird species: category 3 (6) including Grey Shrike-thrush, Weebill, Yellow-rumped and Western thornbills and Splendid Fairy-wren, and category 4 (2). Significant mammal species: Western Brush Wallaby, Quenda (Friend 1996 D). Significant reptile species: Two-striped Snake (Simoselaps bimaculata) and Half-ringed Snake (S. semifasciata)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); contains Quindalup/Spearwood Dunes System interface; Quindalup Dunes at 9kms from the coast; part Bushplan Site recommended for conservation by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1991a); part of proposed Greenways 10, 11 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate

## SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include -- The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# SHEPHERDS BUSH RESERVE, KINGSLEY

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 39 Map no. 38, 44 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NW

Other Names: not known Area (ha): total 16.9; bushland 15.2



Local Authorities (Suburb)
City of Joondalup (Kingsley)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Not identified

Zoning MRS: Urban

TPS: Residential Development

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

661, 10878 Barridale Dr; 7265, 10406, 10930, 10931

Shepherds Bush Dr; 397 Newhaven Pl

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Tingay, Alan and Associates 1991a; DEP 1996)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Open Forest to Woodland; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland over Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum or Jacksonia furcellata Shrubland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Woodland with scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata and E. gomphocephala

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >75% Very Good to Good, <25% Degraded, with areas of severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: not surveyed

Fauna: no known information Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996).

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# BADGERUP LAKE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, WANNEROO

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland group boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 327 Map no. 39 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NW

276 Perth's Bushplan



System 6 (1983): Part M8 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Wanneroo)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private, Local Government

Area (ha): total 147.0 (includes open water); bushland

Zoning

MRS: Important Regional Roads, Parks and Recreation,

Rural

TPS: Rural, Landscape, Special Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 14, 1676, 12151 Mary St; 4, 774, 11921, 12421 Badgerup Rd; 66, 67 Nicholas Rd; 37 Elliot Rd; 10843 Jambanis Rd; 672, 740, 2451, 9375, 1687, 1688, 10842, 12727 Benmuni Rd; 196, 197 Shillington Wy; 2384, 2385 Stafford Wy; 8162 street not identified

Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

Spearwood Dunes (near interface of Bassendean and Spearwood Dunes)

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)
Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South (near interface of Bassendean Complex — Central and South and Karrakatta Complex — Central and South)

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Gnangara (B.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (28.5ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 8.7ha + 17.6ha = 26.3ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: mapping (DEP 1998 (part surveyed from roadside), EPA and WAWA 1990, Trudgen 1993a)

Structural Units: limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990, Trudgen 1993a)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Open Forest to Closed Forest; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, Eucalyptus todtiana and Nuytsia floribunda Low Open Woodland to Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Forest; Banksia menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Woodland to Low Open Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and B. illicifolia Low Open Woodland to Low Open Forest; Stirlingia latifolia, Allocasuarina humilis, Gompholobium tomentosa Low Shrubland; Stirlingia latifolia, Hibbertia hypericoides and Xanthorrhoea preissii Shrubland; Hibbertia racemosa and Hakea prostrata Low Shrubland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Closed Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Closed Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, Melaleuca preissiana, Eucalyptus todtiana and Nuytsia floribunda Low Open Woodland to Low Woodland; Isolepis nodosus Closed Sedgeland; Baumea juncea Closed Sedgeland; mixed Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: <60% Very Good, >40% Good with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Jacksonia sericea (3)

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Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south, east and west; part of proposed Greenway 15 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed, Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements, Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# STARLIGHT GROVE BUSHLAND, GNANGARA/WANGARA

**Boundary Definition:** bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland group boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 463

Map no. 39

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

ırb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Wangara, Gnangara)

Shire of Wanneroo (Wangara, Ghangara)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (commercial organisation)

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034–II NW Area (ha): total 34.7; bushland 30.9

Loning

MRS: Industrial, Rural, Important Regional Roads TPS: General Industry, Landscape, Rural, Special Rural Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

2 Callaway St; 6, 7 Sydney St

## SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)
Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred.

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes AND/OR

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Gnangara (B.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (0.2ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetlands, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, from adjacent land holding)



Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Open Forest to Closed Forest; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open

Forest

Wetlands: not known

Vegetation Condition: Excellent (area greater than Bushplan Site, Mattiske Consulting Pty Ltd 1997)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south, east and west

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of conservation category wetland; under TPS

Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRS Industrial zoning, MRD regional road requirements, General and Priority

Mineral Resource Area (sand)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

# DECOURCEY WAY BUSHLAND, MARANGAROO

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 328 Map no. 45 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NW

System 6 (1983): M12 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names

Marangaroo Golf Course

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Marangaroo, Madeley)

Ownership Categories

Local Government, State Government

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Important Regional

Roads

TPS: Rural, Residential Development

Area (ha): total 32.8; bushland 32.8

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

11139 Brookland Cr; 500, 12651 street not identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Golf 01))

Structural Units: Banksia attenuata Low Woodland with scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata over

species-rich Mixed Low Open Heath



**Vegetation Condition:** >75% Very Good, <25% Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance **Total Flora:** 56 native taxa, 7 weeds (plot-generated list only) (estimated >50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science for birds (28), native mammals (1), reptiles(13) and amphibians (1) (How et al. 1996). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (1) and category 4 (1)

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy to the east; part of proposed Greenway 11 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: recommended to be declared as an A-class Nature Reserve for the protection of flora and fauna in Gibson et al. 1994; recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# LANDSDALE ROAD BUSHLAND, LANDSDALE

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 199

Map no. 45

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NW

Other Names: Landsdale Road Conservation Park

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Darch)

Ownership Categories

Area (ha): total 16.23; bushland 15.78

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Parks and Recreation

TPS: Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

10143 Landsdale Rd

Crown Reserve

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SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

State Government

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Land01), Landsdale Farm School 1995)

Structural Units





Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland with scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata over species-rich Mixed Low Open Heath

Vegetation Condition: >90% Excellent, <10% Very Good

Total Flora: 95 native taxa, 4 weeds (compiled from Gibson et al. 1994 D, Landsdale Farm School 1995)

(estimated >50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Cyathochaeta clandestina (uncommon on west of the Plain in the PMR)

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science for birds (25), native mammals (2), reptiles (19) and amphibians (2) (How et al. 1996). Significant bird species: category 1 (1) and category 4 (1). Significant mammal species: Quenda and Western Brush Wallaby. Significant reptile species: Blackstriped Snake (Simoselaps calonotos). Rich reptile assemblage including Western Blue Tongue (Tiliqua occipitalis), Black Monitor (Varanus tristis) and a skink (Morethia lineoocellata)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south and west; part of proposed Greenway 11 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: recommended to be declared as an A-class Nature Reserve for the protection of flora and fauna in Gibson et al. 1994; recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

# Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# WARWICK OPEN SPACE

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to cadastre boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

# SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 202

Map no. 44, 45

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NW

System 6 (1983): M11 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb) City of Joondalup (Warwick, Hamersley) Area (ha): total 74.1; bushland 58.1

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Other Major Highways, Important Regional Roads, Public Purposes-High School

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1 Erindale Rd: 145 Beach Rd

Crown Reserve

# Ownership Categories

Local Government, State Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (City of Wanneroo 1995a, Gibson et al. 1994 (Wari 01-02))

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland over Banksia attenuata Low Open Woodland; Eucalyptus

marginata and Banksia attenuata Woodland Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: mapping (City of Wanneroo 1995a) >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25% Good to

Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 118 native taxa, 31 weeds (compiled from Gibson et al. 1994D and City of Wanneroo 1995a)

(estimated >80% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Jacksonia sericea (3)

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science for birds (23) and reptiles (12) (How et al. 1996). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (2), category 4 (1). Breeding site for Brown Goshawk, Rainbow Bee-eater, Grey Butcherbird and several hollow-nesting species. The gecko, Diplodactylus polyopthalmus, is rare elsewhere on the Swan Coastal Plain. Important site for Western Jewel Butterfly and Sciron Skipper (Williams et al. pers. comm.)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenways 12, 34 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

### KOONDOOLA OPEN SPACE

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 201 Map no. 45, 46

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE, 2034-II NW

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Koondoola); City of Stirling

(Koondoola)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Area (ha): total 135.1; bushland 123.5

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

4, 86, 8899 Waddington Cr; 4 Marangaroo Dr; 0, 2, 109 Alexander Dr; 0, 1 Beach Rd

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

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Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex --- Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

20a Banksia attenuata woodlands over species-rich dense shrublands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennet Brook (B/P.4) Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (2.3ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Endangered (floristic community type 20a)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: tall dune, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (City of Wanneroo 1995b, Coalition for Wanneroo's Environment 1993, Gibson et al. 1994 (Koon 01-02), Wake 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (City of Wanneroo 1995b)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland to Low Open Woodland with scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata, Eremaea pauciflora, Melaleuca scabra and Leocopogon conostephioides Shrubland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca preissiana Woodland; Astartea aff. fascicularis Heath over Baumea articulata and Juncus pallidus Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: mapping (City of Wanneroo 1995b)

>75% Excellent to Very Good with <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 175 native taxa, 17 weeds (estimated >70% expected flora, Wake 1995)

Significant Flora: Jacksonia sericea (3); Verticordia drummondii (poorly conserved in the PMR, E. George pers. comm.), Verticordia nitens (most western occurrence in the PMR)

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Crypto Environmental Surveyors (1996) for birds (34), native mammals (2), reptiles (21) and amphibians. Significant bird species: category 1 (1) including Carnaby's Cockatoo, category 3 (2) including Western Thornbill and Splendid Fairy-wren, and category 4 (6). Significant mammal species: Quenda and Western Brush Wallaby. Important site for Western Jewel Butterfly and Sciron Skipper (Williams et al. pers. comm.)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (BS385, across road) and west; part of proposed Greenways 13, 14 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: recommended to be declared as an A-class Nature Reserve for the protection of flora and fauna in Gibson et al. 1994; recommended for protection in study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); Threatened or Poorly Reserved Plant Community (EPA 1994 GIS); National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification

# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed, Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation



Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# STAR SWAMP RESERVE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, NORTH BEACH/WATERMAN

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 204 Map no. 44 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NW

System 6 (1983): M35 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)
City of Stirling (Waterman, North Beach)

Ownership Categories
State Government, Not identified

Area (ha): total 96.8 (includes open water); bushland 94.4

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape, Public Use Reserves

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

4, 16, 17, 19 Marmion Ave; 709 Hope St; 710, 711, 712

North Beach Rd; 2 Beach Rd

Crown Reserve.

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland

Natural Wetland Groups

Spearwood Dunes

Balcatta (S.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (3.1ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 3.1ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

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**Vegetation and Flora:** detailed survey (Bell *et al.* 1979; Loneragan *et al.* 1984; Loneragan 1987; Pigott 1994; part Bushplan Site: Watson and Bell 1981); limited survey (part Bushplan Site: DEP 1996 (Star 01–03); EPA and WAWA 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (Bell et al. 1979; Loneragan 1987; EPA and WAWA 1990; DEP 1996 (Star 01-03))

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Tall Open Forest to Open Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata and E. gomphocephala Open Forest to Woodland (in NW corner); Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Forest to Low Open Woodland

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Melaleuca huegelii and Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum Open Heath to Low Open Heath

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Closed Forest

Scattered Native Plants: (canopy only) not assessed (probably <10%)

**Vegetation Condition:** >50% Very Good to Good, <50% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 247 native taxa, 105 weeds (Loneragan 1987, plus P. Pigott and D. Pike pers. comm. and part Bushplan Site records DEP 1996D (Star 01–03)) (estimated >90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Jacksonia sericea (3), Conostephium minus (4); Glischrocaryon aureum, Pimelea calcicola, Ricinocarpos glaucus, Lechenaultia linarioides, Astroloma microcalyx, Trachymene coerulea, Trichocline spathulata; typical Tamala Limestone taxa — Grevillea preissii, Trymalium ledifolium, Melaleuca huegelii, Petrophile serruriae subsp. nov. (GJK 11421), Pimelea calcicola (pink)

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 21 visits, and Loneragan (1987) for birds (66), reptiles (11) and amphibians (4). Good assemblage of small insectivores including Splendid Fairy-wren, White-winged Fairy-wren, Weebill, Broad-tailed, Western and Yellow-rumped thornbills. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (9) and category 4 (4). Significant reptile species: Bardick (*Echiopsis curtus*), Carpet Python (*Morelia spilota*). High number of Jewel Beetles (Buprestidae) (Loneragan 1987)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south; part of proposed Greenways 4, 7, 39 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of fragmented and potential bushland/wetland linkages (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: The National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; noted as 'a valuable ecological remnant of...the Spearwood Dune Systems...also an important link in a series of wetland Nature Reserves' (Loneragan 1987)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# CARINE SWAMPS, CARINE

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 203 Map no. 44 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NW

System 6 (1983): M37 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)
City of Stirling (Carine)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Area (ha): total 90.5 (includes open water); bushland

33.1

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Controlled Access

Highways

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

10, 27 Beach Rd; 11 Duffy Rd



## SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex --- Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

**WETLANDS** 

Wetland Types: sumpland, river, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Spearwood Dunes

Balcatta (S.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (29.55ha, 235.8m) Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 22.4ha + 4.8ha = 27.2ha (total)

## THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetlands, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Dames & Moore 1988a, EPA and WAWA 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (Dames & Moore 1988a, EPA and WAWA 1990)

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Forest

Wetlands: Melaleuca sp. Low Closed Forest to Low Woodland; Baumea sp. Closed Sedgeland; mixed Closed

Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >75% Good to Very Good, <25% Degraded, with areas of severe localised

disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 25 visits, for birds (90) and for amphibians (6) (Dames & Moore 1988a). Good assemblage of ducks including Hardhead, Australasian Shoveler, Blue-billed and Musk Duck, and small insectivores including Splendid Fairy-wren, White-winged Fairy-wren, Weebill, Broad-tailed, Western and Yellow-rumped thornbills. Significant bird species: category 1 (2), category 2 (2), category 3 (12) and category 4 (4). Long-necked Tortoise (Chelodina longicollis) (Dames & Moore 1988a)

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy to the north; part of proposed Greenways 39, 9 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.





# LAKE GWELUP RESERVE, GWELUP

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 212 Map no. 44, 49 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NW, 2034-II NW System 6 (1983): M39 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation

described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)
City of Stirling (Gwelup, Karrinyup)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 74.6 (includes open water); bushland 19.9

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Urban Deferred

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

8694, 9951 Lagonda Dr; 9507 Karrinyup Rd; 9185, 9754 Segrave St; 11, 9201 Wanstead St; 784 Huntriss Rd; 523 Finnerty St; 7, 8 Porter St; 6 Pascoe St; 700 street not

identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Otl: LS1)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland, lake, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Spearwood Dunes

Balcatta (S.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (37.9ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 30.8ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Halpern Glick Maunsell 1992); limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990; Halpern Glick Maunsell 1992)

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Low Woodland to Open Forest; Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland; Eucalyptus gomphocephala and E. calophylla Open Woodland; Acacia saligna Tall Open Shrubland to Open Tall Scrub

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Open Forest, associated with Eucalyptus calophylla and Acacia saligna; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus calophylla, E. rudis and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Woodland; Eucalyptus gomphocephala and E. calophylla Open Woodland

**Vegetation Condition:** >20% Excellent to Very Good, <45% Good to Degraded, >35% Completely Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Halpern Glick Maunsell 1992)

Total Flora: 77 native taxa (Halpern Glick Maunsell 1992) (>50% expected flora)

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Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 16 visits, and others for birds (111). Good assemblage of ducks including Hardhead, Australasian Shoveler, Blue-billed, Pink-eared and Musk Duck. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (12) and category 4 (6)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north; part of proposed Greenways 9, 8 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning and Urban Deferred Zoning, MRD regional road

requirements

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# REID HIGHWAY BUSHLAND, MIRRABOOKA/MALAGA

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period) Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE, 2034-II NW

Bushplan Site no. 385 Map no. 45, 46

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Stirling (Mirrabooka, Malaga), Shire of Swan

(Malaga)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Not identified

Area (ha): total 130.5; bushland 96.1

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Controlled Access Highways, Parks and

Recreation, Important Regional Roads TPS: Landscape, Private Institutions

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

0, 1, 41, 48, 90, 112, 302, 499, 4779, 9251, 11591 Alexander Dr; 1, 13, 16, 17, 60, 303, 1000 Camboon Rd; 7553 Truganina Rd; 1, 4, 5, 12, 13, 91 Agett Rd; 3, 4, 5, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 214, 239, 240, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 4773 Victoria Rd; 0 Boyare Ave; 3, 200, 243, 244, 4775, 8904 Northwood Dr; 253, 8902 Mirrabooka Ave; 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 241, 242, 985 Australis Ave; 197, 205, 206, Rheingold Pl; 0, 1, 34, 35 Reid Hwy; 498 Woodbine Tce; 0 street not identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Ots: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)





#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau AND/OR

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland

Natural Wetland Groups Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (part Bushplan Site -- DEP 1996)

Structural Units

Uplands: Low Woodland dominated by Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii with scattered Eucalyptus todtiana

Wetlands: not known

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: Very Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Gyrostemon ramulosus (uncommon in the PMR)

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS201, across road) and south (across road); part of proposed Greenways 14, 39 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of fragmented and potential bushland/wetland linkages (Volume 2A,

Map 8)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

# COTTONWOOD CRESCENT, DIANELLA

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 43

Map no. 50

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SW

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

Area (ha): total 12.1; bushland 11.3
Zoning

MRS: Urban, Parks and Recreation, Public Purposes-

City of Stirling (Dianella) MRS

High School

TPS: Landscape, Special Use



Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (commercial organisation)

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

50, 10471, 10770 Cottonwood Cr; 9 Osborne Rd; 10977 Dianella Dr

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

23a Central Banksia attenuata — B. menziesii woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Tele 01))

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia menziesii and B. attenuata Low Open Woodland to Woodland with scattered Banksia ilicifolia, Allocasuarina fraseriana and Nuytsia floribunda; Allocasuarina humilis, Jacksonia densiflora and Eremaea pauciflora Open Heath

Vegetation Condition: >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance

Total Flora: 73 native taxa, 7 weeds (plot-generated list only and adjacent records, estimated >50% expected

flora)

Significant Flora: Cyathochaeta clandestina (most western population in the PMR)

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (How et al. 1996) for birds (27), native mammals (1), reptiles (15) and amphibians (2) (How et al. 1996). Significant bird species: category 1 (1) and category 4 (1). Significant mammal species: Western Grey Kangaroo. Significant reptile species: a skink (Morethia lineoocellata)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Diversity, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Planning Control Area No. 30, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### HERDSMAN LAKE

Boundary Definition: protected area/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 281 Map no. 49, 50 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SW

System 6 (1983): M43 part System area bushland, only bushland described



Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Stirling (Herdsman, Churchlands, Glendalough)

Ownership Categories

Private (commercial organisation), Local Government, State Government, Not identified

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, insufficient vegetation

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups Spearwood Dunes

Balcatta (S.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (307.5ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 252.3ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990)

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland; Melaleuca sp. Low Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest, Baumea articulata Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland and Melaleuca sp. Low Woodland - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: <10% Good, >90% Degraded to Completely Degraded

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 51 visits, for birds (107), limited survey for reptiles (7) (J. Dell pers. comm.). Good assemblage of ducks and other waterfowl including Hardhead, Australasian Shoveler, Blue-billed, Pink-eared and Musk ducks and Dusky Moorhen. Important feeding site for birds of prey, including Swamp Harrier, and aerial insectivores, including Tree Martin and Welcome Swallow (J. Dell pers. comm.). Significant bird species: category 1 (2), category 2 (6), category 3 (9), and category 4 (4). Significant reptile species: Mourning Skink (Egernia luctuosa). Important research and teaching site

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenways 19, 23 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: to become the Herdsman Lake Regional Park (State Government Cabinet Minute 5 May 1997)

Area (ha): total 311.3 (includes open water); bushland 22.6

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 2, 3, 83, 84, 85, 86, 113, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 137, 138, 139, 452, 501 Lakeside Rd; 3, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405 421, 470, Selby St; 1, 29, 41, 82, 303, 460, 1003, 1005, 1007 Pearson St; 1, 2, 3, 12, 109, 304, 461, 468, 475, 477, 483, 484 Jon Sanders Dv; 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 12, 15, 50, 200, 430, 458, 462, 463, 493, 496, 604, 605, 607 Moondine Dr; 13, 8059 Herdsman Pde; 352 Bishop Riley Wy; 54, 393, 450, 480, 484, 1005 street not identified Crown Reserve

Reserve 31906 (Environmental Education and Conservation of Flora and Fauna)





# SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

ANCA Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Listed on the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

# SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this area for conservation purposes within Herdsman Lake Regional Park is endorsed.

# BOLD PARK AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, CITY BEACH

Boundary Definition: protected area/management/bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 312

Map no. 49, 55

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SW

System 6 (1983): M47 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Cambridge (City Beach, Floreat), City of Nedlands (Mt Claremont)

Ownership Categories

Local Government, State Government, Private (commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 511.1 (includes open water); bushland 362.1

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Important Regional

Roads, Public Purposes-High School

TPS: Development, Landscape, Special Use

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

0, 1 Brockway Rd; 0 The Boulevard; 1, 8424 Kalinda Dr; 1 Elphin St; 1911 Stephenson Ave; 1 Yaringa Way; 1 Alderbury St; 1911 street not identified

Crown Reserve

# SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S2)

Wetlands (within the Quindalup/Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Ohw: Cps)

# VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes (near the interface with the Quindalup Complex)

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Cottesloe Complex - Central and South

#### Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

25 Southern Eucalyptus gomphocephala — Agonis flexuosa woodlands

27 Species poor mallees and shrublands on limestone

29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

30a2 Woodlands and shrublands on Holocene dunes

S11 Northern Acacia rostellifera — Melaleuca acerosa shrublands





WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, sumpland Natural Wetland Groups Spearwood Dunes

Balcatta (S.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (12ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 18.2ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: coastal dunes, inland dunes, limestone ridge, open water, vegetated wetlands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site – Keighery, GJ, et al. 1990, Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c, Kinhill Engineers Pty Ltd 1987, Mitchell McCotter and Ecoscape 1993); limited survey (part Bushplan Site — Dames and Moore 1986, Griffin 1993, 1994 (plots SW 01-11), Gibson et al. 1994 (plots Bold 01-04), Keighery, GJ, 1996 D (plots M46 01-02))

Structural Units: mapping (Keighery, GJ, et al. 1990, Mitchell McCotter and Ecoscape 1993, Kinhill Engineers Pty Ltd 1987)

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Forest to Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland; Eucalyptus decipiens Low Woodland; Eucalyptus gomphocephala and E. marginata Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata and E. calophylla Woodland; Closed Low Heaths and Closed to Open Heaths dominated by Acacia truncata, Melaleuca acerosa, Calothamnus quadrifidus, Allocasuarina humilis and combinations of these

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Closed Low Heaths, Closed to Open Heaths and Tall Scrub dominated by Acacia truncata, Melaleuca acerosa, Calothamnus quadrifidus, Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Grevillea crithmifolia, Acacia lasiocarpa; A. xanthina and combinations of these; Eucalyptus foecunda Closed Shrub Mallee

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland; Bolboschoenus caldwellii Sedgelands; Mixed Herblands (on dry lake bed) Ouindalup Dunes

Uplands - Safety Bay Sands: Oldest dunes - Open Heaths dominated by Melaleuca acerosa, Acacia rostellifera, Chamelaucium uncinatum, Calothamnus quadrifidus, Olearia axillaris, Acacia xanthina and combinations of these over Herblands dominated by Lomandra sp.; Agonis flexuosa Low Closed Forest

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata and E. calophylla Woodland — regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: >60% Very Good to Excellent, <40% Good to Degraded

Total Flora: 268 native taxa, 134 weeds (compilation by Gibson et al. 1994D, Keighery, GJ, et al. 1990, Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c, Mitchell McCotter and Ecoscape 1993) (estimated 90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Beyeria cygnorum (2), Jacksonia sericea (3), Hibbertia spicata subsp. leptotheca (3), Stylidium maritimum (3); Keighery, GJ, et al. 1990 — most southern populations of Chamelaucium uncinatum, Melaleuca cardiophylla, Allocasuarina lehmanniana, Gyrostemon ramulosus (uncommon on the Plain, poorly reserved), most northern population of Agonis flexuosa; Fimbristylis vittata (uncommon on the Plain, a species of the dry lake bed community), typical of Tamala Limestone taxa: Astroloma microcalyx, Grevillea crithmifolia, Grevillea preissii, Beyeria cygnorum, Melaleuca cardiophylla, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium, Diplopeltis huegelii var. huegelii, Stylidium junceum (limestone variant), Pimelea calcicola

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science for birds (106), native mammals (1), reptiles (33) and amphibians (3) (How and Dell 1990, How et al. 1996). Significant populations of Blue-billed Duck, Musk Duck, Hardhead, Splendid and Variegated Fairy-wrens and a large assemblage of honeyeaters. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 2 (6), category 3 (13) and category 4 (8). Many burrowing and fossorial reptiles including five species of snakes of the genus Simoselaps

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (BS315, part across road); part of proposed Greenways 19, 20 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Quindalup/Spearwood Dune System interface, significant fauna habitat, rich in reptiles and birds; National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed; Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

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Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed.

# UNDERWOOD AVENUE BUSHLAND, SHENTON PARK

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 119

Map no. 55

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SW

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Nedlands (Shenton Park)

Area (ha): total: 32.1; bushland 31.5

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Development

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

0, 4 Underwood Ave Crown Reserve

Ownership Categories

State Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: tall dune, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996, surveyed from roadside)

Structural Units

Uplands: Woodland dominated by Eucalyptus marginata or E. gomphocephala over Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland generally with scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata or E. gomphocephala and sometimes with scattered emergent Eucalyptus calophylla

**Vegetation Condition:** >50% Very Good, <50% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance **Significant Flora:** not surveyed

Fauna: limited survey by J. Dell (pers. comm.) for birds (12) and reptiles (3)

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy to the south; part of proposed Greenway 20 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; under Crown Reserve Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

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#### SHENTON BUSHLAND, SHENTON PARK

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 218

Map no. 55

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SW

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Nedlands (Karrakatta)

Area (ha): total 20.9; bushland 19.7

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Public Purposes-Hospital, Public

Purposes-Commonwealth Government TPS: Landscape, Light Industry

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 12019 Lemnos St Crown Reserve

Ownership Categories

Local Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Ots: S7)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Ecoscape 1994a), limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Shent 01))

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata Woodland over Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland with scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata and with occasional emergent E. gomphocephala

Scattered Native Plants: from above communities - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

**Vegetation Condition:** >50% Very Good to Excellent, <50% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 109 native taxa, 40 weeds (estimated >90% expected flora, Wildflower Society and CALM in Ecoscape 1994a)

Significant Flora: Jacksonia sericea (3)

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys for birds (32) and reptiles (17) and amphibians (3) (O. Berry and P. Berry, pers comm.). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (3) and category 4 (3). Rich reptile assemblage for the size of reserve. Significant reptile species: Gould's Varanus (Varanus gouldii)

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy to the north, south, east and west; part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### KINGS PARK

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 317

Map no. 56

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SW

System 6 (1983): M49 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Perth (West Perth)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), Local

Government, Not identified

Area (ha): total 406.3; bushland 320.8 (267 — Anon.

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

0, 3, 59, 61, 62 Mounts Bay Rd; 1, 2, 4, 5 Bellevue Tce;

50 Mount St; 7 Cliff St

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qha: S14) (not naturally vegetated)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Otl: LS1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Marine (lagoonal and estuarine) Deposits

Vasse Complex (not vegetated)

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*27 Species poor mallees and shrublands on limestone (scarp)

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: artificial lake

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: river — limestone cliff, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site — Baird 1977; Bennett 1988, 1995); limited survey (Anon. 1993; Beard 1967; Kings Park and Botanic Garden 1995; part Bushplan Site — Gibson et al. 1994 (King 01-02); Main and Serventy 1957; Mattiske 1987)

Structural Units: mapping (Anon. 1993; Bennett 1988; Mattiske 1987)

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone. Eucalyptus marginata Open Forest to Woodland with Banksia menziesii and Xanthorrhoea preissii; Eucalyptus gomphocephala, E. marginata, E. calophylla Woodland with Banksia grandis and Hibbertia hypericoides; Eucalyptus marginata, Banksia ilicifolia Open Forest to Woodland with Xanthorrhoea preissii, Mesomelaena pseudostygia; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland; all of these structural units have eucalypts with Allocasuarina fraseriana, Banksia attenuata and at least one other Banksia species.



Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Melaleuca huegelii Mixed Closed Heath with Grevillea preissii and Templetonia retusa

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala, E. calophylla, E. marginata Open Forest to Woodland; 10% to 20% of Park

**Vegetation Condition:** >15% Excellent, <85% Very Good to Good, with small areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 293 native taxa, 172 weeds (estimated >95% expected flora) (Bennett 1995)

Significant Flora: Acacia benthamii (2), A. alata, Lasiopetalum membranaceum (2), Jacksonia sericea (3), Dodonaea hackettiana (4); Callitris preissii, Conospermum triplinervium, Gnephosis angianthoides (= Calocephalus angianthoides, not recently recorded, probably associated with sandy flats beside the river, see BS368), Trachymene coerulea, Astroloma macrocalyx, Ricinocarpos glaucus, Lechenaultia linarioides, Grevillea preissii, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium, Glischrocaryon aureum; rare or uncommon on coastal plain in PMR — Pterostylis picta (only occurrence in PMR), Caladenia attingens subsp. attingens, Amyema miquelii, Cartonema philydroides and the fern Anogramma leptophylla; typical Tamala Limestone taxa — Melaleuca huegelii, Grevillea preissii, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium, Caladenia longicauda subsp. calcigena ms, Petrophile serruriae subsp. nov. (GJK 11421)

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (unpublished) and others (eg. Recher and Serventy 1991) for birds (61) and by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science (How et al. 1993) for native mammals (1), reptiles (25) (How and Dell 1994), and amphibians (4). Significant birds: Carnaby's Cockatoo, Weebill, Broad-tailed, Western and Yellow-rumped thornbills and Australian Sittella. Good assemblage of nectar feeders. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (8) and category 4 (8). Significant reptile species: a skink (Cyclodomorphus celatus). Important research and teaching site for assessment of faunal changes

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenways 20, 24 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve Constraints: private land

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of this Bushplan Site is endorsed.

#### LAKE CLAREMONT, CLAREMONT/SWANBOURNE

**Boundary Definition:** protected area boundary (native vegetation after EPA and WAWA 1990; Lantzke et al. 1989)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 220 Map no. 55 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SW

System 6 (1983): M48 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation described

Other Names

Butlers Swamp

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Claremont (Claremont, Swanbourne)

Ownership Categories

Local Government, State Government, Private (commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 56.7 (includes open water); bushland 0 (note comment under Boundary Definition)

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

150 Gloucester St; 1, 2 Narla Rd; 101, 151 Fern St; 58, 60 Strickland St; 1, 5, 6, 7, 6223 Stirling Rd; 0, 50, 1366, 7813 Davies Rd; 8 Alfred Rd; 1063 Devon Rd; 51, 2563 Lakeway St

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

7

DESCRIPTIONS TO SELECTIONS OF THE PROPERTY OF

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene Dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S2)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, insufficient vegetation

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland Natural Wetland Groups Spearwood Dunes

Balcatta (S.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (16.3ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 15.8ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990; Lantzke et al. 1989)

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Closed Forest

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland to Open Forest; Eucalyptus gomphocephala and Agonis flexuosa Open Woodland - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: 25% Good, <75% Degraded to Completely Degraded (Lantzke et al. 1989)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 6 visits, and Lantzke et al. (1989) for birds (57). Good assemblage of ducks including Hardhead, Australasian Shoveler, Blue-billed, Pink-eared and Musk ducks and several JAMBA/CAMBA species. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 2 (4) category 3 (6) and category 4 (2)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### HARRY SANDON PARK, ATTADALE

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre and zoning) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 226 Map no. 60 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW System 6 (1983): M63 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

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Other names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb) City of Melville (Attadale)

Ownership Categories

Local Government

Area (ha): total 4.4; bushland 4.2

Zoning MRS: Urban

TPS: Landscape, Local Open Space

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 2, 8550 Haig Rd Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qha: Sm1)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Sand 01))

Structural Units

Uplands: Banksia menziesii and B. attenuata Low Open Forest with scattered Eucalyptus calophylla

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Very Good, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance

Total Flora: 58 native taxa (plot-generated list only) (estimated <50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Conospermum triplinervium

Fauna: limited survey for birds (15) (S. Cavicchiolo pers. comm.). Significant bird species: category 1 (1) and

category 4 (1)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Constraints: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled

Fauna; under TPS Landscape Zoning and Local Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Opportunities: under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of this reserve is endorsed.

#### **WIRELESS HILL PARK, ARDROSS**

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 336 Map no. 61 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW

System 6 (1983): M64 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb) City of Melville (Ardross, Alfred Cove)

Ownership Categories
Local Government, State Government

Zoning
MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Other Major
Highways
TPS: Landscape
Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Area (ha): total 40.6; bushland 35.2

Street name 0, 223, 8404 Canning Hwy; 8534 Almondbury Rd Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS Spearwood Dunes Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

VEGETATION AND FLORA Vegetation Complexes Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

**Spearwood Dunes**Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types
Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes
28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS
No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

**Vegetation and Flora:** detailed survey (Smith, V, 1985b, Wildflower Society of WA (Inc.) Murdoch Branch 1995D); limited survey (DEP 1996 (Wire 01–02))

Structural Units: mapping (Smith, V 1985b)

Uplands: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland over E. marginata, Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland; Xanthorrhoea preissii, Macrozamia riedlei and Stirlingia latifolia Open Heath to Shrubland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

**Vegetation Condition:** >70% Very Good to Good, <30% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

**Total Flora:** 180 native taxa, 21 weeds (Wildflower Society of WA (Inc.), Murdoch Branch 1995D) (estimated >90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Jacksonia sericea (3); Conospermum triplinervium, Astroloma macrocalyx

Fauna: limited survey by Smith, V, 1985b for reptiles (10). Significant reptile species: a gecko (Diplodactylus alboguttatus)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 97 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of this reserve is endorsed.



#### SIR FREDERICK SAMSON PARK, SAMSON

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre and zoning boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 59 Map no. 66 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW

System 6 (1983): M72 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names

Submission Area 174

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Fremantle (Samson)

Ownership Categories

Local Government, State Government

Area (ha): total 14.0; bushland 12.6

Zoning

MRS: Urban

TPS: Open Space

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

629 Sellenger Ave; 578, 630, 2465 McCombe Ave

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex --- Central and South Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (City of Fremantle 1989 and 1995; DEP 1996 (Sams 01); Submission

Structural Units: mapping (City of Fremantle 1995)

Uplands: Open Forest to Woodland dominated by Eucalyptus calophylla, E. marginata and E. gomphocephala and combinations of these generally over Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland; Xanthorrhoea preissii, Allocasuarina humilis, Macrozamia riedlei Low Shrubland; Anigozanthos manglesii and Thysanotus species Very Open Herbland

Scattered Native Plants: Open Forest to Woodland dominated by Eucalyptus calophylla, E. marginata and E. gomphocephala and combinations of these - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of the Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: 80% Very Good, 20% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance Total Flora: 100 native taxa, 55 weeds (Appleby 1997 from City of Fremantle 1989, M. O'Byrne pers. comm., M. Appleby and DEP 1996) (estimated >80% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: limited surveys for birds (39), native mammals (1) and reptiles (8) (City of Fremantle 1989 and Tony Baird pers. comm.). Significant bird species: category 1 (2), category 3 (3) and category 4 (3)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna; under TPS Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### MANNING LAKE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, HAMILTON HILL/SPEARWOOD

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 247 Map no. 66 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033–I NW

System 6 (1983): Part M92 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Part Submission Area 336

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Cockburn (Spearwood, Hamilton Hill)

Ownership Categories

Local Government, State Government

Area (ha): total 86.7 (includes open water); bushland

50.6 Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

65 Cockburn Rd; 10, 61, 63, 64, 2010 Azelia Rd; 62 Gorham Wy; 7, 9, 28 Davilak Ave; 127 Glenister Rd; 128, 129 Janson Rd; 15, 46, 980 Southend Rd; 11

Hamilton Rd

Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Lagoonal and Estuarine Deposits (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Lagoonal and Estuarine Deposits (Vasse) (Qhg: Sm2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*17 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla — Gahnia trifida seasonal wetlands (effectively most northern occurrence)

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

**WETLANDS** 

Wetland Types: lake

Natural Wetland Groups

Spearwood Dunes

Coogee (S.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (10.8ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 10.1ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands, limestone ridge

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990, Keighery, BJ, 1996a, Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1997a, Weston 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, Semeniuk, V&C Research Group1997a)

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Acacia rostellifera Closed Scrub; Melaleuca huegelii Shrubland; Closed Heaths dominated by Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum or Melaleuca acerosa; Mixed Low Shrubland; Alyogyne huegelii var. glabrescens Shrubland

17 fl4



Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest; Acacia saligna Low Open Forest to Low Woodland; Halophyte Low Shrubland, Closed Sedgeland to Sedgeland dominated by Gahnia trifida, Scirpus sp. or Juncus kraussii

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus decipiens Tree Mallee; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland — regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection Vegetation Condition: >50% Good, <50% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Weston 1993)

**Total Flora:** 36 native taxa, 17 weeds (Keighery, BJ, 1996a, Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1997a) (estimated <50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Alyogyne huegelii var. glabrescens (one of few populations in the PMR, most southern except for outlying populations in Yalgorup National Park); typical Tamala Limestone taxa — Melaleuca huegelii, Grevillea preissii, Pimelea calcicola

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 1 visit, for birds (29). Significant birds species: category 1 (1) and category 3 (3)

Linkage: adjacent bushland, native vegetation on the south and west; part of a regionally significant potential bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992a)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this area for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed.

#### MARKET GARDEN SWAMPS, SPEARWOOD/MUNSTER

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland group boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site nos. 429, 435 Map no. 66, 73 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SW, 2033-I NW System 6 (1983): Part M92 Part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other names

Market Garden Swamps No. 1, 2 and 3 Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Cockburn (Munster, Spearwood)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government, Local Government

Area (ha): total 42.2; bushland 34.9 (includes open water)

Zoning

MRS: Urban

TPS: Rural, Residential, Commercial, Lakes and

Drainage, Local Road, R.O.W., P.A.W. Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose Street name

3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 23 Fawcett Rd; 16, 17, 18, 19, 23 Rockingham Rd; 25, 501 Troode St; 36, 4089, 4090, 4106 Garden Rd; 17 Hamilton Rd; 4062 Watercress Gdns; 177 Okra St; 641, 4100 Blato Pl; 186, 4367 Kotisina Gdns; 299 Pennlake Dr; 2007, 2008, 4237 street not identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: M6)



#### **VEGETATION AND FLORA**

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*16 Highly saline seasonal wetlands

\*17 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla — Gahnia trifida seasonal wetlands (in area of most northern occurrence)

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland Natural Wetland Groups Spearwood Dunes

Coogee (S.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Resource Enhancement Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 8.3ha + 7.7ha = 16ha (total)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Ecoscape 1995b); limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (Ecoscape 1995b, EPA and WAWA 1990)

Uplands: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Forest; Xanthorrhoea preissii Shrubland

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest; Melaleuca cuticularis Low Woodland to Low Open Forest;

Suaeda australis Low Open Shrubland; Juncus kraussii and Gahnia trifida Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >50% Excellent to Very Good, <50% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance (Weston 1993)

Total Flora: 21 native taxa (estimated <80% expected flora, Ecoscape 1995b)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: limited survey by Ecoscape (1995b) for birds (32), native mammals (1), reptiles (7) and amphibians (3). Significant bird species: category 2 (1), category 3 (1) and category 4 (1). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D and Ecoscape 1995b)

Linkage: adjacent bushland canopy south BS435 (BS261, across road); part of proposed Greenway 109 (Tingay,

Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992a)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; under Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### LAKE COOGEE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, MUNSTER

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to cadastre boundary

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 261 Map no. 73 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033–I SW

System 6 (1983): Part M92 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other names: not known

Area (ha): total 69.9 (includes open water); bushland

5.4





Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Cockburn (Munster)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government, Local Government

MRS: Urban, Parks and Recreation, Important Regional

TPS: Landscape, Local Road, R.O.W., P.A.W.,

Residential

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

2, 26, 55, 702, 703, 704, 2149 Fawcett Rd; 27, 28 Coogee Rd; 500, 501, 502, 503, 2124 Mayor Pl; 100,

101 street not identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORM AND SOIL

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Otl: LS1)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: M6)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*16 Highly saline seasonal wetlands

\*17 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla — Gahnia trifida seasonal wetlands

Wetland Types: lake, sumpland

Natural Wetland Groups

Spearwood Dunes

Coogee (S.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (53ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 55.5ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water (salt), vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990, Weston 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990)

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestones: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata Woodland; Eucalyptus decipiens Open Tree Mallee; Melaleuca acerosa and Phyllanthus calycinus Open Heath; Xanthorrhoea preissii Tall open Shrubland

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Open Forest; Melaleuca cuticularis Low Woodland to Low Closed Forest; Mixed Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Low Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >10% Good, <90% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Weston 1993)

**Total Flora:** 71 native taxa (estimated >50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 5 visits, for birds (71). Significant birds species: category 1 (1), category 3 (9) and category 4 (7). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS435, across road); part of proposed Greenway 109 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

Other Special Attributes: included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992a); largest area of nonestuarine Melaleuca cuticularis Low Woodland to Low Closed Forest in the PMR

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate



#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (limestone)

Recommendation: The care, control and management of this area for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed.

#### BROWNMAN SWAMP, MT BROWN LAKE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, HENDERSON/NAVAL BASE

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 346 Map no. 73, 80

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SW System 6 (1983): M91 and part M92 Part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation described

#### Other Names

Henderson Regional Open Space, Lake Mt Brown Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Cockburn (Henderson), Town of Kwinana (Naval Base)

#### Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government, Local Government, Not identified

Area (ha): total 616.2 (includes open water); bushland 557.8

#### Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Industrial, Controlled Access Highways, Public Purposes-Special Uses, Important Regional Roads-subject to review TPS: General Industry, Park, Recreation and Drainage,

Landscape, Local Road, R.O.W., P.A.W.

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

1, 13, 14 Russell Rd; 15 Anderson Rd; 0, 5, 7, 16, 17, 99, 652, 1740, 1841, 1868, 2855, 3000 Rockingham Rd; 2132, 2133, 2802, 2842, 3015 Cockburn Rd; 225 Sutton Rd; 303, 2905 Crane St; 150 Possner Way; 2625 Gemma Rd; 2842, 2905, 2922, 2938, 40123 street not identified Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

#### LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Ots: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Otl: LS1)

Ouindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Ohs: S13)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Ohw: M6)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

**Ouindalup Dunes** 

Becher (Qu.2)

#### Floristic Community Types

#### Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- 16 Highly saline seasonal wetlands
- Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Gahnia trifida seasonal wetlands (in area of most northerly occurrence)

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands





29a Coastal shrublands on shallow sands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland Natural Wetland Groups Spearwood Dunes

Coogee (S.3) Stakehill (S.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (95ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 26.6ha + 17.5ha + 17.4ha = 61.5 (total)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, tall dune, open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands, limestone cliff — ocean

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site M91 — Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c); limited survey (part Bushplan Site — Cockburn Wetlands Committee 1976, EPA and WAWA 1990, Gibson *et al.* 1994 (MTB 01–05) (Navb 01–04), Semeniuk, V&C Research 1997b)

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — EPA and WAWA 1990, Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1997a)

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Mixed Open Woodland of Eucalyptus gomphocephala, E. marginata and E. calophylla; E. marginata Low Woodland over Banksia attenuata Low Open Woodland; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and B. grandis Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Acacia pulchella and Jacksonia furcellata Open Shrubland to Tall Open Scrub

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Tree Mallee dominated by Eucalyptus foecunda or E. decipiens; Shrublands dominated by Acacia rostellifera or A. cyclops; Tall Open Scrub to Closed Tall Scrub dominated by Melaleuca huegelii and/or Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum; Melaleuca acerosa, Hibbertia hypericoides and Acacia cochlearis Open Heath; Mixed Closed Low Heath; Open Low Heath dominated by Grevillea vestita, Frankenia pauciflora or Acanthocarpus preissii; Lepidosperma gladiatum Sedgeland

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Closed Forest; Melaleuca teretifolia Low Open Forest; Frankenia pauciflora and Sarcocornia quinqueflora Closed Low Heath; Sedgelands dominated by Gahnia trifida or Baumea juncea

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland

**Vegetation Condition:** >80% Very Good, <20% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Weston 1993)

**Total Flora:** 145 native taxa, 74 weeds (compiled from Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c and Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1997b) (estimated >75% of expected flora)

Significant Flora: Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c—Wilsonia backhousei and Lawrencia spicata (normally associated with saline wetlands), Lavatera plebeia var. tomentosa and Wilsonia humilis (normally confined to offshore islands; Lavatera plebeia var. tomentosa is the only mainland record), Kennedia coccinea (becoming increasingly uncommon on the western margins of the Plain), Hemigenia barbata (uncommon on the Plain, associated with Tamala Limestones, most southern population known); typical Tamala Limestone taxa — Melaleuca huegelii, Grevillea preissii, Eucalyptus foecunda, Pimelea calcicola, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium, Hibbertia spicata subsp. leptotheca

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south, east and west; part of proposed Greenways 90, 1 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: majority included in Beeliar Regional Park Proposal (DPUD 1992a); Keighery, BJ, (1996) in an assessment of the Beeliar Wetlands recognised the importance of the Site in containing landscape, vegetation, flora and wetlands typical of the Spearwood Dunes in a contiguous sequence from the coast inland to the wetlands, the presence of vegetated limestone cliffs in this sequence being unique in the PMR; Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1997b) in a study of 22 bushland reserves in the City of Cockburn found in relation to this Bushplan Site that the value of the four reserves (Coastal Reserve M91, Henderson Regional Open Space, Brownman Swamps, Lake Mt Brown) outweighed the value of the other separate reserves. Together the four reserves stand as an uncommon example of diversity of landforms and vegetation in the Spearwood Dunes — they illustrate the graduation of habitats in the Spearwood System from swale to ridge crest and from hinterland to coast, they provide a viable fauna refuge, the upland areas provide a buffer to the wetlands, and the two wetlands remain hydrologically linked; Brownman Swamp and Mt Brown Lake contain significant invertebrate fauna, Mt Brown Lake being the best example of its type (J. Davis pers. comm.).

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate



#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, TPS Landscape Zoning, Park Recreation and Draining Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Industrial Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (limestone)

Recommendation: The care, control and management of parts of this area for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### MANDOGALUP ROAD BUSHLAND, HOPE VALLEY

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 267

Map no. 74, 81

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SW

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb) Area (ha): total 15.9; bushland 15.7 Zoning

Town of Kwinana (Hope Valley)

Ownership Categories

MRS: Rural TPS: Rural A

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Private

Street name 614 Mandogalup Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 roadside observations)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata, Banksia attenuata and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Forest with scattered emergent trees of Eucalyptus gomphocephala; Jacksonia sternbergiana Tall Open Scrub

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >50% Very Good, >40% Excellent, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

**Linkage:** adjacent bushland to the east

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities

Opportunities and/or Constraints



Constraints: private land

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### SICKLEMORE ROAD BUSHLAND, PARMELIA/CASUARINA

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland part taken to cadastre/bushland group boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 272 Map no. 81, 88 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033–I SW, 2033–II NW

Other Names

Bushland between Barney Swamp and Freeway

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Kwinana (Casuarina, Orelia, Parmelia)

Ownership Categories

Private, State Government, Local Government, Not identified

Area (ha): total 103.7; bushland 84.8

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Railways,

Important Regional Roads

TPS: Landscape, No Zone, Park Recreation and

Drainage, Residential, Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1134, 1136, 1137, 1200, 1346, 1347 Thomas Rd; 27, 1202 Sicklemore Rd; 1205, 1217 Johnson Rd; 7 Bertram Rd; 1403 Nottingham Pwy; 1135 street not identified

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa:S10)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Ms5)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*5 Mixed shrub damplands

\*11 Wet forests and woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Spearwood—Bassendean interface

Bibra (S/B.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (2.4ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed



#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, survey from roadside)

Structural Units

Uplands: Mixed Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland with emergent

Eucalyptus marginata

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest; Melaleuca preissiana Low Woodland to Low Open Forest over Agonis linearifolia Closed Tall Scrub; Banksia ilicifolia, B. attenuata, B. menziesii Low Woodland over patches of Kunzea ericifolia; Melaleuca viminea Tall Open Scrub; Lepidosperma longitudinale Closed Sedgeland

Vegetation Condition: <40% Excellent, >30% Very Good, >30% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Diuris micrantha (R), Caladenia huegelii (R); Aponogeton hexatepalus (4)

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS269, across road) and east; part of proposed Greenway 93 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: part Bushplan Site to be included in Beeliar Regional Park (State Government

Cabinet Minute 5 May 1997)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, TPS Landscape Zoning, Park Recreation and Draining Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of parts of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Beeliar Regional Park is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### PARMELIA AVENUE BUSHLAND, PARMELIA

Boundary Definition: bushland taken to cadastre and zoning boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 67

Map no. 88

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NW

Area (ha): total 12.1; bushland 11.2

Other Names

Bollard Bullrush Swamp

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Kwinana (Parmelia)

Ownership Categories

Not identified

Zoning MRS: Urban

TPS: Residential, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 9 Parmelia Ave Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

310 Perth's Bushplan

December 1998



#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*25 Southern Eucalyptus gomphocephala — Agonis flexuosa woodlands

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: tall dune, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 (survey from fenceline), EPA and WAWA 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990)

Uplands: Mixed Eucalyptus gomphocephala, E. calophylla Open Woodland; Banksia attenuata, B. grandis Low Open Woodland; Mixed Low Shrubland dominated by Macrozamia riedlei and Acacia pulchella with scattered

Acacia saligna and Jacksonia furcellata
Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >90% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south and east; part of a regionally significant contiguous

bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunity: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraint: under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### LEDA AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, LEDA

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre and zoning) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 349

Map no. 80, 87, 88

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033–I SW, 2033–II

System 6 (1983): M104 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Submission Area 224

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Kwinana (Baldivis, Kwinana Beach, Postans, Medina, Calista, Leda, Wellard, East Rockingham), City of Rockingham (Baldivis, East Rockingham)

Area (ha): total 1257.038 (includes open water); bushland: 1054.231

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Rural, Parks and Recreation, Railways, Controlled Access Highways, Important Regional Roads, Public Purposes-Special Uses

TPS: Special Residential, Rural, Park Recreation and Drainage, Rural A, No Zone, Landscape, Local Roads

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# DESCRIPTIONS (\*SANITAL)

#### Ownership Categories

State Government, Commonwealth Government, Local Government, Private (including commercial organisation), Not identified

#### Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

127, 176, 220 Abercrombie Rd; 49, 63, 348 Rockingham Rd; 50, 220, 303, 304, 306, 314 Thomas Rd; 617 Tasker Rd; 166 Chalk Hill Rd; 1084 Tucker St; 115 Seabrook Way; 0, 75, 76, 271, 290, 1842, 1876 Wellard Rd; 8 Westbrook St; 977, 978 Gentle Rd; 1, 89, 90, 268, 855 Mandurah Rd; 1, 94, 158, 187, 855 Mead Rd; 165, 332, 1355, 1724, 2170, 2173 Millar Rd; 254 Blacksmith Dr; 277, 331 Gilmore Ave; 330 Cessford CL; 318 Thomas Rd; 7, 44, 64, 201, 339, 1724 street not identified Crown Reserve

Nature Reserve 33581 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)

#### **CALM Managed Land**

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S13)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood and Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Serpentine River Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Quindalup Dunes
Ouindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

17 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla — Gahnia trifida seasonal wetlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

25 Southern Eucalyptus gomphocephala — Agonis flexuosa woodlands

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands (most southerly occurrence sampled)

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain

Keysbrook (P.1)

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Muchea (B/P.3)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Spearwood-Bassendean interface

Bibra (S/B.1)

Spearwood Dunes

Stakehill (S.4)

Quindalup

Becher (Qu.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (109.9ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 11.7ha + 4.4ha + 6.4ha + 0.5ha + 3.3ha + 3.6ha = 29.9ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed



#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands, dune crest

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Leda 01-04), EPA and WAWA 1990, Gibson et al. 1994 (Well 01-02), Weston 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990)

Uplands: Eucalyptus marginata, E. gomphocephala and Allocasuarina fraseriana Woodland; Banksia menziesii, Eucalyptus marginata and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. grandis Low Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland with scattered emergent Eucalyptus gomphocephala; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Forest; Acacia saligna Low Open Forest

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Low Open Forest to Low Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest to Low

Closed Forest; Mixed Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >70% Excellent to Very Good, <20% Good, 10% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Weston 1993)

Total Flora: 129 native species and 31 weeds (estimated >60% expected flora) (DEP 1996 (Leda 01-04). Gibson et al. 1994 (Well 01-02))

Significant Flora: Glischrocaryon aureum (uncommon in the PMR)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Western Brush Wallaby known to occur (Halpern Glick Maunsell Pty Ltd and Tingay, Alan & Associates 1991). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south (BS356, across road), east and west; part of proposed Greenways 100, 110, 99, 93 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed, Indicative Place on Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel - Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, TPS Landscape Zoning, Park Recreation and Drainage Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (limestone, sand and clay), mining tenement 28/966 (ILDA leased to WA Limestone) for limestone sand and M70/556 (CSR Readymix)

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserve (33581) is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### STAKEHILL SWAMP, BALDIVIS

Boundary Definition: bushland/conservation wetland boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 275

Map no. 93, 99

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NW, 2033-II SW

Other Names Submission Area 262 Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Rockingham (Baldivis)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 186.3 (includes open water); bushland 176.8

Zoning MRS: Rural

TPS: Rural, Local Roads

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

596, 599, 786, 787, 788, 789, 803 Stakehill Rd; 155, 156, 593, 594, 595, 597, 598, 755, 756, 778, 782 Jarvis Rd; 101, 733, 759, 760, 763, 775 Mandurah Rd; 7, 8, 9,

732 Sixty Eight Rd; 154, 592, 754, 779, 849, 919

Eighty Rd



SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Otl: LS1)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cs1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*17 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla — Gahnia trifida seasonal wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland

Natural Wetland Groups

Spearwood Dunes

Stakehill (S.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (166.1ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 89ha + 1.9ha + 2.1ha + 30.4ha = 123.4ha (total)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998 roadside observations, EPA and WAWA 1990, Semeniuk,

V&C Research Group 1991b)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b)

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Open to Closed Forest sometimes over Juncus kraussii Sedgeland; Melaleuca

teretifolia Closed Heath; Sedgeland of either Baumea articulata or B. juncea

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: wetland — >90% Excellent to Very Good, 10% Good to Degraded, with areas of

severe localised disturbance (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north

Other Special Attributes: Wetland of 'regional significance' (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b, 1991e)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (limestone)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### CHURCHER SWAMP, BALDIVIS

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 75

Map no. 99

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SW



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Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb) City of Rockingham (Baldivis)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 24.6 (includes open water); bushland

24.3 **Zoning** 

MRS: Rural

TPS: Rural, Local Roads

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 29 Eighty Rd; 8, 9 Stakehill Rd; 27, 28 Churcher Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)
Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Scp)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*17 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla — Gahnia trifida seasonal wetlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*25 Southern Eucalyptus gomphocephala — Agonis flexuosa woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland Natural Wetland Groups Spearwood Dunes Stakehill (S.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (16.7ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 11.3ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland

**Vegetation and Flora:** limited survey (DEP 1998 roadside observations, Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b)

Structural Units: mapping (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b)

Uplands: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Very Open Woodland; Mixed Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata, B. ilicifolia and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Woodlands

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Closed Forest occasionally with emergent Eucalyptus rudis; Mixed Sedgelands

Vegetation Condition: >60% Excellent, >25% Very Good to Good, 15% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: not surveyed

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north and west (areas of bushland to the north are incorrectly mapped)

Other Special Attributes: Wetland of 'regional significance' (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b, 1991e)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetland

lan **315** 



Constraints: private land

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### CASSIA DRIVE BUSHLAND, KARNUP

Boundary Definition: bushland (part taken to cadastre)/management boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 278

Map no. 99

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Rockingham (Karnup)

Ownership Categories

Private

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SW Area (ha): total 54.2; bushland 53.9

Zoning

MRS: Urban Deferred, Rural, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Special Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

10 Fletcher Rd; 877, 878 Stakehill Rd

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

\*21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*25 Southern Eucalyptus gomphocephala — Agonis flexuosa woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: dune crest, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora limited survey (DEP 1998 roadside observations, Mattiske Consulting Pty Ltd 1997)

Structural Units

Uplands: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland; Eucalyptus gomphocephala and E. marginata Open Woodland to Closed Forest; Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana Low Open Woodland to Low

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala and E. marginata Low Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: Very Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Mattiske Consulting Pty Ltd 1997)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: not surveyed

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland canopy to the north, south, east and west

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Deferred Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

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#### ANSTEY SWAMP, KARNUP

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 379

Map no. 99

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SW

Other Names

Submission Area 10

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Rockingham (Karnup)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private

Area (ha): total 287.3 (includes open water); bushland

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural

TPS: Landscape, Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

0, 14, 702, 890, 894, 897, 898, 901 Mandurah Rd; 17,

94, 95, 96, 97, 99, 100, 103, 1394 Fletcher Rd

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Scp)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*17 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla — Gahnia trifida seasonal wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

\*25 Southern Eucalyptus gomphocephala — Agonis flexuosa woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland

Natural Wetland Groups

Spearwood Dunes

Stakehill (S.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (216.6ha) Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 1.1ha + 45.6ha = 46.7ha (total)

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone area, open water, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, EPA and WAWA 1990, Keighery, GJ, 1996, Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990, Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b)

Uplands — Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Forest to Woodland; Woodlands dominated by Banksia attenuata with scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata and E. gomphocephala mixed with varying proportions of Banksia ilicifolia, B. grandis, B. menziesii and Allocasuarina fraseriana

Uplands — Tamala Limestone (possibly outside Bushplan Site boundary): Eucalyptus decipiens Open Tree Mallee; Low Heath dominated by Melaleuca acerosa, Acacia rostellifera, A. cyclops and Allocasuarina humilis Wetlands: Woodlands to Forests dominated by Eucalyptus rudis or E. gomphocephala; Melaleuca preissiana, Banksia littoralis and Acacia saligna Low Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest dominated by Melaleuca teretifolia or M. viminea; Sedgelands dominated by Lepidosperma longitudinale, Typha domingensis,

Baumea articulata, B. juncea or Gahnia trifida



Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Very Good, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe

localised disturbance (GJ Keighery pers. comm.)

Total Flora: 200 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, 1996) (estimated >60% expected flora)

Significant Flora: not surveyed

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (BS395, across road) and west; part of proposed Greenway 102 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A,

Other Special Attributes: wetland of 'regional significance' (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b); majority of Bushplan Site included in Port Kennedy and Rockingham Parks proposal (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997b)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (limestone)

Recommendation: The care, control and management of this area for conservation purposes within Rockingham Lakes Regional Park is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### PAGANONI SWAMP AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, KARNUP

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 395

Map no. 99, 103

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SW

Other Names Submission Area 266 and Submission Area 151, Lot 1

cnr Paganoni and Mandurah Rds

City of Rockingham (Karnup)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 751.0 (includes open water); bushland

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban Deferred, Railways

TPS: Rural, Landscape, No Zone

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 4, 14 Mandurah Rd; 2 Paganoni Rd

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qha: Cp) (associated with Serpentine River)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Scp, Cps)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex

Marine (lagoonal and estuarine) Deposits

Yoongarillup Complex (most northern occurrence)





Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

17 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla — Gahnia trifida seasonal wetlands

Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

25 Southern Eucalyptus gomphocephala — Agonis flexuosa woodlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, dampland

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Gnangara (B.2)

Spearwood Dunes

Stakehill (S.4)

Coastal Plain Rivers

Goegrup (R.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (107.8ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 4.5ha + 9.6ha + 4.1ha + 0.3 = 18.5ha (total)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated uplands, dune crest, limestone ridge

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, 1996, Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991d); limited survey (DEP roadside survey, Gibson et al. 1994 (Paga 01-08))

Structural Units: mapping (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991d)

Uplands — Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Forest to Woodland; Woodlands dominated by Banksia attenuata with scattered emergent Eucalyptus marginata and E. gomphocephala mixed with varying proportions of Banksia ilicifolia, B. grandis, B. menziesii, Allocasuarina fraseriana and Xylomelum occidentale

Uplands — Tamala Limestone: Low heath dominated by Olearia axillaris, Melaleuca acerosa, Acacia truncata, A. cyclops and A. saligna

Wetlands: Woodlands to Forests dominated by Eucalyptus rudis, E. calophylla or E. gomphocephala; Melaleuca preissiana, Banksia littoralis and Acacia saligna Low Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest; Closed Scrub to Open Scrub dominated by Melaleuca teretifolia or M. viminea; Closed to Open Heath dominated by Pericalymma ellipticum alone or in combination with Hakea varia, Calothamnus lateralis and Aotus species; Astartea aff. fascicularis Heath; Sedgelands dominated by Lepidosperma longitudinale, Baumea articulata, B. juncea or Gahnia trifida

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Very Good, <25% Good to Degraded

Total Flora: 305 native taxa, 45 weeds (Keighery, GJ, 1996, Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991d) (estimated >80% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Keighery, GJ, 1996 — Acacia benthamii (3), Dillwynia dillwynioides (3), Jacksonia sericea (3) (in the area of most southern population); Trachymene coerulea, Mesomelaena tetragona (most western record known, generally associated with eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain), Senecio ramosissimus (one of two populations known in the PMR); typical Tamala Limestone taxa — Melaleuca huegelii, Grevillea preissii, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS379, across road), east (to Serpentine River) and west; part of proposed Greenways 102, 139 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Paganoni wetland is the largest in the Stakehill Suite; wetland of 'regional to international significance' (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991e); majority of Bushplan Site included in Port Kennedy and Rockingham Parks proposal (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997b)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Interim List of the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation



#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Deferred Zoning, General Mineral Resource Area (limestone), mining tenement (Main Roads Western Australia) for limestone and mining tenement 28/667 (Readymix Pty Ltd) for limestone

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of parts of this area for conservation purposes within Rockingham Lakes Regional Park is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

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### 2.5 QUINDALUP DUNES



## 2.5 QUINDALUP DUNES 2.5.1 INTRODUCTION

#### Location, Landscape and Soils

The Quindalup Dunes are of aeolian origin, being the youngest of the dune systems on the Swan Coastal Plain. This system is characterised by a series of dunes — from the low sequence of ridges typical of the beach ridge plains of the Rockingham area to the large parabolic dunes found north of the Swan River. Broad to narrow swales and sand sheets can occur between the dunes. The dunes, swales and sheets are typically white sands (Table 1.5a&b). The wetlands of the Quindalup Dunes (Table 2.5) are characterised by carbonate mud, humic sand, peats and muddy sands over sands.

### Remnant Bushland on the Quindalup Dunes

Relatively large areas of the Quindalup Dunes remain as bushland. The soils of the Quindalup Dunes have very low fertility and, until recently, have remained vegetated. However, similarly to the Spearwood Dunes, the uncleared dunes have been subject to substantial grazing pressure. While this has had low impact on the slopes of the dunes, the protected swales have been favoured as stock watering and shelter points and the vegetation in the swales has been degraded.

Recent mapping for the Perth Metropolitan Region (Table 3.5) indicates that 48 per cent of the vegetation complexes associated with the Quindalup Dunes remain as native vegetation.

### Plant Communities and their Conservation on the Quindalup Dunes

At the regional level one vegetation complex (Table 3.5) has been identified as being confined to the Quindalup Dunes. A wetland complex is also associated with the Quindalup Dunes. Eleven floristic community types, three wetland types and eight upland types, are the principal regional floristic groups identified on the Quindalup Dunes in the Perth Metropolitan Region (Table 4.5).

Two floristic community types, 19 and 30a (Table 5.5 after Gibson et al. 1994, not as redefined by additional survey and analysis for Perth's Bushplan,

see Volume 1, Part 2, section 4.3.2: Floristic Community Types), have been determined threatened ecological communities.

A variety of vegetation associations has been identified on the Quindalup Dunes. The different associations are related to the age of the dunes on which they occur, the degree of protection from prevailing winds and the relationship between the Quindalup sands and the adjacent Tamala Limestone surfaces. These broad units and associated dominant species are:

#### **Uplands**

The main upland associations are grasslands, shrublands and less commonly woodlands to open woodlands. These broad units and associated dominant species are:

#### Woodlands

Eucalypts — Eucalyptus gomphocephala Meialeucas — Melaleuca lanceolata (uncommon in the Perth Metropolitan Region) Rottnest Island Cypress — Callitris preissii

#### Shrublands

Jacksonia furcellata, Olearia axillaris, Melaleuca acerosa, Phyllanthus calycinus, Rhagodia baccata, Nemcia reticulata, Eremophila glabra, Scaevola crassifolia, S. nitida, Spyridium globulosum, Acacia lasiocarpa var. lasiocarpa, A. rostellifera, A. cyclops

#### Herblands

Lomandra maritima, Conostylis candicans, Opercularia vaginata, Senecio lautus, Acanthocarpus preissii

#### Sedgelands

Loxocarya flexuosa, Isolepis nodosus, Lepidosperma gladiatum, L. angustatum, Schoenus grandiflorus

#### Grasslands

Spinifex hirsutus, S. longifolius, Austrostipa flavescens, Austrodanthonia occidentalis, Poa porphyroclados

#### Wetlands

The main wetland associations are sedgelands, shrublands and, less commonly, low woodlands to forests. These broad units and associated dominant species are:





#### Woodlands

Eucalypts — Eucalyptus gomphocephala Melaleucas — Melaleuca rhaphiophylla, M. cuticularis

Others — Acacia saligna

#### Herblands

Lobelia alata

#### Sedgelands

Baumea juncea, B. articulata, Isolepis nodosus, Lepidosperma gladiatum, Gahnia trifida

Eighteen significant taxa are associated with the Quindalup Dunes in the Perth Metropolitan Region (Table 6.5). Seven of these are Priority Flora.

## Conservation of Plant Communities of the Coastal Reserves — Quindalup and Spearwood Dunes

The coastal margin of the Swan Coastal Plain is formed by the Quindalup Dunes System and Tamala Limestone surfaces which are overlaid to varying degrees by the Quindalup sands and sands derived from Tamala Limestones (Spearwood Sands). Over the past 30 years a number of regional studies of the coastal margin have been undertaken. The studies have detailed aspects of the coastal geomorphology (for example, McArthur and Bartle 1980, Searle et al. 1988, Semeniuk et al. 1989), flora and vegetation (for example, Griffin 1993, Griffin and Trudgen 1994) and fauna (How and Dell 1993). As a consequence specific criteria have been identified which should be taken into account in selecting conservation areas in the region along the coast in the metropolitan area which primarily encompasses the Quindalup Dunes. In summary these are listed under six categories as indicated below:

- (i) Quindalup Dune types: inclusion of a series of Quindalup Dune types related to distance from the coastline, age and formation process
- (ii) Continuing natural processes: sufficient size to allow for natural processes to continue
- (iii) Shoreline: soft (i.e. sandy shore of Quindalup Dunes) and/or hard (i.e. limestone platform of Tamala Limestone)

- (iv)Linkage: include Quindalup, Spearwood and Bassendean Dunes
- (v) Vegetation: variety of typical associations in good condition which encompasses the north—south variation found predominantly in the vegetation of the older Quindalup Dunes and the Tamala Limestones
- (vi) Habitats: a variety of adjacent habitats of sufficient area to provide for the diverse reptilian and bird fauna of the coastal dunes.

While there is a considerable area of the Quindalup Dunes within the Perth Metropolitan Region with some protection, much of it is within 500 metres of the coastline. These long, narrow reserves meet few of the six criteria described above, specifically:

- (i) Quindalup Dune types: reserves only contain the youngest dunes (most coastal)
- (ii) Continuing natural processes: boundaries generally truncate youngest dunes and consequently natural processes
- (iii) Shorelines: only portions are present in narrow bands backed by an alienated landscape
- (iv)Linkage: reserves rarely link Quindalup and Spearwood Dunes, never Bassendean Dunes
- (v) Vegetation: is limited to near-coastal association; also, due to incursions of carparks, tracks for beach access and large edge-to-area ratio, is very prone to weed invasion resulting in degrading of vegetation.
- (vi) Habitats: there is a limited variety of adjacent habitats which are insufficient in area for many species.





**Table 1.5a:** Geological and geomorphological systems of the Quindalup Dunes. The general terms used in Perth's Bushplan for describing the major landform elements are in **bold italics**.

Major Geological Systems (after Playford et <i>al.</i> , 1976)	Major Geomorphological Systems (after McArthur and Bettenay, 1960)	Detailed Geomorphological Units (after Churchward and McArthur, 1980)
Safety Bay Sands	Quindalup Dunes	Quindalup
Wetlands (within the Guildford Formation, Bassendean Sand, Tamala Limestone)	Not applicable	Herdsman

**Table 1.5b:** Landform and soils of the Quindalup Dunes showing the relationship between geomorphological units, units identified in the Environmental Geology Maps and soils described on these maps on the Swan Coastal Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region. Column One can be used to cross-reference to groups shown in Table 1a.

Major Geomorphological Systems after McArthur and Bettenay, (1960); *Detailed Geomorphological Units (after Churchward and McArthur, 1980)	Major Units in the Environmental Geology Maps (after various authors)	Soils associated with each unit
Quindalup :Dunes: *Quindalup	Safety Bay Sands	white calcareous sands, sometimes limestone deposits
Wetlands – Quindalup Dunes (not applicable)	Holocene lagoonal/swamp deposits	dark grey and brown silts with shells and shell fragments and limestone (marl)

**Table 2.5:** Natural Wetland Groups (Consanguineous Suites) on the Quindalup Dunes (after Semeniuk, 1996)

Name & locations	Geomorphic setting	Primary wetlands	Stratigraphy	Origin of wetlands
Cooloongup suité (Q+) Rockingham area Shoalwater Bay & Baldivis	Quindalup Dunes/Spearwood Unit beachridge plain	Lakes	Carbonate mud overlying Becher sand or for Lake Richmond unfilled with sediment	Wetlands originated as barred oceanic basins as part of the prograding shoreline; now freshwater recharged
Becher suite (Q2) Between Safety Bay & Peelhurst, in the coastal dune area; locally at Preston	Quindalup Dunes — specifically the small scale plain of parallel beachridges	Sumplands & damplands	Humic sand or peat & thin carbonate mud overlying Safety Bay sand	Wetlands are a series of primary inter-ridge depressions which intersect or lie close to the water table in a prograding coastal beachridge plain
Peelhurst suite (Q3) Narrow strip, 3km long along the coast south of Becher Point; locally, along the west short of Lake Walyungup & in isolated areas such as Whitfords cusp	Quindalup Dunes – specifically area of semi- mobile dunes & blowout depressions	Sumplands & damplands	Safety Bay Sand overlain by (carbonate) muddy sand	Wetlands are basins deflated to the level of the water table by prevailing onshore winds



**Table 3.5:** Vegetation complexes (Heddle et al., 1980) and percentage remaining as native vegetation (AgWA, 1998 GIS) on the Quindalup Dunes in the Perth Metropolitan Region

Vegetation Complex	Native Vegetation (%)
Quindalup Dunes	
QUINDALUP COMPLEX: Coastal dune complex consisting mainly of two alliances — the strand and foredune alliance and the mobile and stable dune alliance. Local variations include the low closed forest of Melaleuca lanceolata — Callitris preissii and the closed scrub of Acada rostellifera.	48
Wetlands	
HERDSMAN COMPLEX: Sedgelands and fringing woodland of Eucalyptus rudis – Melaleuca species	3 -

### Table 4.5: Floristic community types identified on the Quindalup Dunes (after Gibson et al., 1994, and DEP, 1996)

#### Key

#### Column 1: Floristic Community Type Codes

The numbers of the types additional to Gibson et al. (1994) are italicised if they are subsets of an existing group (in types 19; 20; 23 and 30) and italicised and preceded by 'S' if they are supplementary groups.

#### Column 2: General Description of Floristic Community Types

Descriptions are based on generalised information from all plots in the group Structural units are categorised into forest, woodlands, shrublands, sedgelands and herblands after Gibson et al. (1994).

#### Column 3: Average Species Richness per Floristic Community Type

Average species richness per 10x10m plot less those species only occurring in a single plot. Some community types can have a high proportion of single records. Thus these estimates of average species richness are underestimates in some cases.

	3000, NOV 08/08/4 (0.54/1985) (0.59/10/10/10/00/10/1
Supergroup 2 - Seasonal Wetlands 17 Mejaleuca rhaphiophylla – Gahnia trifida seasonal wetlands	13.4
19a Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales	25.0
19b Woodlands over sedgelands in Holocene dune swales	26.3
Supergroup 4 – Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes	
Quindalup Dunes	
29a Coastal shrublands on shallow sands	33.7
29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes	34.2
30a2 Callitris preissii and/or Melaleuca lanceolata forests & woodlands	175
30c2 Woodlands and shrublands on Holocene dunes	23.9
30b Quindalup Eucalyptus gomphocephala and/or Agonis flexuosa woodlands	35:0
STI: Northern Acacia rostellifera — Melaleuca acerosa shrublands:	21.0
S13 Northern Oleana axillaris — Scaevola crassifolia shrublands	8,81
S14 Spinifex longifolius grassland and low shrublands	8.6



#### Table 5.5: Threatened ecological communities (English and Blyth, 1997) on the Quindalup Dunes

#### KEY

Critically Endangered Endangered Vulnerable

CR EN

Community further defined by DEP (1996), here as identified by Gibson et al. (1994)

#### A. Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2 - Seasonal Wetlands
19* Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales CR.
Supergroup 4 – Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes
Quindalup Dunes
30a* Callitris preissii and/or Melaleuca lanceolata forests and woodlands
30a* Callitris preissii and/or Melaleuca lanceolata forests and woodlands
B: Restricted floristic community type mosaics (not applicable)
C: Freshwater communities
Stromatalite-like community of coastal freshwater lakes (Lake Richmond, Moore: 1993)

2.6 ESTUARIES, RIVERS AND 2.6.



#### Table 6.5: Significant flora of the Quindalup Dunes in the Perth Metropolitan Region

#### Key

#### Column 1 Taxon

Names follow Gibson et al. (1994) unless indicated otherwise Taxa yet to be named have an attached reference collection number from the relevant collector. An 'ms' after the name indicates that this is a manuscript name which is yet to be published.

#### Column 2 Major landform elements

'DS =	Darling Scarp
D	Dandaragan Plateau
F 11 1 =	Foothills
P =	Pinjarra Plain
B. · · · · ·	Bassendean Dunes
S - =	- Spearwood Dunes
Q =	Quindalup Dunes
R =	Estuaries, Rivers and Creeks
.int =	interface of two units
(ML) =	Muchea Limestones
(TL) =	Tamala Limestones

#### Column 3 Taxa dependent on seasonal waterlogging or inundation

10.00			
W	· ∵≕⊹ dene	nas on wa	terlogging or
Value (1975) (1975) (1975)		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
		lation of ar	
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y v raduauc	I GENC	ilus Oli sta	india govacci
A STATE OF THE STA	Contraction of the section of the section is	Section Section Section Section	

#### Column 4 Conservation status (Atkins 1998)

	118 AS 14897 149	CONTRACTOR (\$10)		030 60
R =	Declare	d Rare F	lora	
- I - =	Priority	I: Poorly	Known	Taxa
2 =	Priority	2: Poorly	Known	Taxa
3 ≔	Priority	3: Poorly	Known	Taxa
	Priority			

#### Column 5 Regional ecological preferences

e = taxa endemic to the Swan Coastal Plain E = taxa endemic to the Swan Coastal Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region

#### **Geographical Variation**

- r = populations at the northern or southern limit of their known geographic range d=populations disjunct from their known geographic range
- p = considered to be poorly reserved (applies to all Declared Rare Flora and Priority taxa)
- s = significant populations (applies to all Declared Rare Flora and Priority taxa)
- X = considered lost in the Perth Metropolitan Region

Taxon	Major Wetland landform taxa element	DRF/ Priority code	Significance code	
Acacia littorea	S/Q		d	
Allocasuarina lehmanniana	Q		S	
Alyogyne huegelii var. glabrata	Q/S		S	
Astroloma microcalyx	S/Q		S	
Carpobrotus modestus	Q/S		S	
Callitris preissii	Q		s, E	
Chamelaucium uncinatum	Q		r	
Conostylis bracteata	Q	- 3	p, s, e	
Conostylis pauciflora subsp. pauciflora	Q	4	p, s, e	
Conostylis: pauciflora subsp. euryrhipis	Q	3	p,s	
Diplolaena angustifolium	Q/S		р	
Kennedia coccinea	Q/S (TĹ)		S	
Lasiopetalum membranaceum	S/Q	3	p, s	
Lechenaultia linarioides	S/Q		р	
Lepidium:puberulum	Q	4	X	
Melaleuca lanceolata (only Garden Island)	Q/S		d, s	
Sarcozona bicarinata (Carpobrotus sp. Hepburn (GJK 11518))	S/Q	3	p, s, e	
Stylidium maritima ms	S (TL)/Q	3	p, s, e	

# AN CONTROL DESCRIPTIONS (VOIL) (1)

#### **QUINDALUP DUNES**

#### 2.5.2 DESCRIPTIONS

Büshplan Site No.	Bushplan Map No.	System 6	Bushplan Site Name	Page No.
31te 180.	1, 2, 3, 4,		Wilbinga-Caraban Bushland	331
经验证证据	5, 6, 7, 8			
397	6, 7, 12, 13,	M1	Coastal Strip from Wilbinga to Mindarie	333
	17, 24, 25,	M2		
	31			
289	13, 17		Ningana Bushland, Yanchep/Eglington	335
322	31	M2	Burns Beach Bushland	336
323	31	M6	Link from Burns Beach Bushland to Neerabup National Park	338
325	31, 37, 43	M8	Coastal Strip from Burns Beach to Hillarys	340
308	44, 49	M36	Trigg Bushland and Adjacent Coastal Reserve,	341
de la			Trigg/Scarborough	
310	49		Floreat Beach Bushland, City Beach/Scarborough	343
315	55	M46	Swanbourne Bushland, Swanbourne/City Beach	344
341	66, 72, 73	M90	Woodman Point, Coogee/Munster	346
473	65, 71	C46	Carnac Island	348
63	71, 78, 79	M96	Garden Island	349
355	85, 86		Point Peron and Adjacent Bushland, Peron/Shoalwater Bay	350
358	86	M102	Lake Richmond, Rockingham	352
367	86	M101	Penguin, Seal, Bird and Gull Islands and Shag Rock	354
356	87, 93, 99	M103	Lake Cooloongup, Lake Walyungup and Adjacent Bushland,	355
			Hillman to Port Kennedy	
377	92, 98, 99	M106	Port Kennedy	358_

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#### WILBINGA-CARABAN BUSHLAND

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 406 Map no. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 Map sheet series ref. no. 2035–III SE,

2035-III SW

Area (ha): total 9683.3; bushland 9158.3

MRS: Urban Deferred, Rural, Parks and Recreation

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Reserve 39412 (Quarry (limestone), State Forest 65

TPS: Landscape, Ocean, Parks and Recreation, Rural,

5611, 8185, 9755, 9756, 9757, 10651, 10652, 10692

System 6 (1983): Part M1, C12 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Zoning

Public Use, Roads

street not identified Crown Reserve

Other Names

Submission Area 217

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Gingin (Two Rocks, Wilbinga, Caraban), Shire of Wanneroo (Yanchep)

Ownership Categories

State Government

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Otl)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S1, S2, S13, LS4)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — North

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

26a Melaleuca huegelii — M. acerosa shrublands of limestone ridges

26b Woodlands and mallees on limestone

27 Species poor mallees and shrublands on limestone

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

29a Coastal shrublands on shallow sands

29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

\*S11 Northern Acacia rostellifera — Melaleuca acerosa shrublands

S13 Northern Olearia axillaris — Scaevola crassifolia shrublands

\*S14 Spinifex longifolius grassland and low shrubland

#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed. Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone sheets overlaid by Quindalup and Spearwood sands, limestone ridges, younger to older Quindalup Dunes, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site — Trudgen et al. 1990); limited survey (DEP 1996 (Wilb 01–10), Gibson et al. 1994 (She 01–06; Nwil 01, 03))

Structural Units: mapping (Trudgen et al. 1990)

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Forest to Woodland; Eucalyptus todtiana, Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Forest; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland; Eucalyptus decipiens Low Open Forest; Banksia ilicifolia Low Woodland

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Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Closed Low Heaths, Closed to Open Heaths and Tall Scrub dominated by Melaleuca cardiophylla, M. huegelii and Westringia dampieri (uncommon near the coast), and by Melaleuca acerosa, Baeckea robusta, Calothamnus quadrifidus and C. sanguineous distant from the coast; Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Acacia truncata, A. lasiocarpa, Hibbertia hypericoides, Scaevola repens, Rhagodia baccata, Hardenbergia comptoniana and combinations of these; occasional patches of Eucalyptus foecunda Closed Mallee Heath

Quindalup Dunes

Older dunes and plains: Open Low Heaths dominated by Melaleuca acerosa, Acacia rostellifera, Hibbertia racemosa over Herblands dominated by Lomandra maritima, Conostylis candicans, Opercularia vaginata, Acanthocarpus preissii and combinations of these; occasional Eucalyptus gomphocephala trees

Younger dunes: Open Low Heaths to Shrubland dominated by Myoporum insulare, Scaevola crassifolia, Spyridium globulosum, Acacia rostellifera and Olearia axillaris

Strand: Spinifex longifolius and S. hirsutus Grasslands

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

**Vegetation Condition:** >70% Excellent to Pristine, <30% Very Good to Good, with areas of localised disturbance associated with previous grazing pressure (mapping, Trudgen *et al.* 1990)

Total Flora: 219 native taxa, 21 weeds (Trudgen et al. 1990), estimated >75% expected flora

Significant Flora: Eucalyptus argutifolia (R, also Submission no. 146), Acacia benthamii (2), Hibbertia spicata subsp. leptotheca (3), Stylidium maritimum (3); Conostylis pauciflora subsp euryrhipis (3, Trudgen et al. 1990); Pimelea calcicola, Trachymene coerulea, Stylidium crossocephalum, Lechenaultia linarioides, Melaleuca cardiophylla, Conospermum triplinervium, Alyogyne huegelii var. glabrata, Alyogyne huegelii var. huegelii ms (only known co-occurrence of these two taxa and of hybrids), Allocasuarina lehmanniana, Hydrocotyle diantha (most northerly population, Griffin and Trudgen 1994), Leucopogon tenuis (atypical form, possibly new taxon Submission no. 146); typical Tamala Limestone taxa - Schoenus latitans, Acacia alata var. tetrantha, Grevillea preissii, Petrophile aff. brevifolia (pink flowered form), Petrophile serruriae subsp. nov. (GJK 11421), Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium, Astroloma microcalyx

Fauna: limited survey for birds (45), native mammals (2) and reptiles (18) (Ninox Wildlife Consulting 1991 and Submission no. 146). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (7) and category 4 (8). Good assemblage of insectivorous and nectarivorous birds. Significant mammal species: Western Brush Wallaby. Significant reptile species: Carpet Python (Morelia spilota) and Barking Gecko (Underwoodisaurus millii)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north and south (BS397, BS284, BS396); part of proposed Greenway 37 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### Other Special Attributes

Meets all six specific coastal reserve criteria —

- (i) Quindalup Dune types: low, well separated dunes perched on gently undulating Spearwood (Tamala) Limestone surface, younger dunes on coast steeper with little plain between them; ages of dunes range from blowouts to Q1, most being Q2 or Q3 in age (Griffin and Trudgen 1994)
- (ii) Continuing natural processes: Quindalup Dunes extending to 5.8kms inland

(iii) Shoreline: sandy shoreline

- (iv) Linkage: contains Quindalup/Spearwood Dunes interface (and connects to area of Spearwood/Bassendean Dunes interface)
- (v) Vegetation: contains nine regional floristic groups, one group (floristic community type 26a) having been recommended as a 'critically threatened community' (Weston and Gibson 1997); the 'most important feature of the Wilbinga site is its diversity of vegetation in good (that is, very good) condition' (Trudgen et al. 1990)
- (vi) Habitats: see Fauna section above;

Contains at least nine regional floristic groups, one group (limestone floristic community type 26a) having been recommended as a 'critically threatened community' (Weston and Gibson 1997); part Bushplan Site proposed to become Conservation Park and 5g CALM Act Reserve in Forest Management Plan 1994-2003 (CALM 1994); 'Locations 9755, 9756 and 9767 should be reserved for the conservation of Flora and Fauna and added to the Caraban Management Priority Area' (Griffin and Trudgen 1994); part Bushplan Site included in Gnangara Park proposal (Bailey 1997)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

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Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Gnangara Mound Crown Land EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora and Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning and Parks and Recreation Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; MRS Urban Deferred Zoning

Recommendations: The State Forest portion of the Bushplan Site be reserved for Conservation Park and Section 5g CALM Act Reserve (in accordance with Forest Management Plan 1994-2003, CALM 1994); The remaining portion of the site, including Wilbinga, to be added to the proposed Conservation Park.

#### COASTAL STRIP FROM WILBINGA TO MINDARIE

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 397 Map no. 6, 7, 12, 13, 17, 24, 25, 31 Ma

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034–IV NE, 2034–IV NW, 2034–IV SE, 2035–III SW

System 6 (1983): Part M1, M2 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Submission Area 238

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Alkimos, Yanchep, Eglinton, Jindalee, Quinns Rocks, Two Rocks, Mindarie)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Private (including commercial organisation)

Area (ha): total 549.4; bushland 402.2

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Urban Deferred, Waterways, Rural

TPS: Rural, Urban Development, Residential Development, Ocean, Marina Development Zone, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

7019, 11170 Ocean Dr; 211 Quinns Rd; 211, 11186 Kinsale Dr; 77, 280, 9917, 12037 Rosslare Prom; 2, 133, 135, 8313, 8613, 8999, 9306, 9918 Two Rocks Rd; 134 Yanchep Beach Rd; 101 Romeo Rd; 11 Pipidinny Rd; 612 Hornpipe Ct; 8289, 9740, 10603 Wilkie Ave; 12222 Jordan St; 12835 Foreshore Vsta; 503 Toreopango Ave; 304 Two Rocks Rd; 220 Shearwater Ave; 504 Sovereign Dr; 1, 9, 12 Marmion Ave; 1000 Lisford Ave; 9131 Brazier Rd; 108, 312, 8508, 8984, 8989, 9307, 9321, 9917, 10538, 12489 street not identified

Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1, LS3)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S1, S2, S3)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*16 Highly saline seasonal wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*29a Coastal shrublands on shallow sands

\*29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

\*S11 Northern Acacia rostellifera — Melaleuca acerosa shrublands

\*S13 Northern Olearia axillaris — Scaevola crassifolia shrublands

\*S14 Spinifex longifolius grasslands and low shrublands

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December 1998



#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped (wetland identified above is the Frankenia pauciflora Low Shrubland)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: ocean — limestone cliff, tall dune

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site — Robinson 1995, Trudgen and Keighery 1990a&b); limited survey (Hames Sharley Australia 1992; part Bushplan Site — Le Provost et al. 1984, Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b)

Structural Units: mapping (Hames Sharley Australia 1992; part Bushplan site — Robinson 1995, Trudgen and Keighery 1990a&b, Le Provost et al. 1984)

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Closed to Open Low Heaths and Closed to Open Heaths dominated by Melaleuca cardiophylla (uncommon), M. huegelii (uncommon), Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum or Acacia truncata; Frankenia pauciflora Low Shrubland (uncommon)

Quindalup Dunes

Older dunes and plains (limited area, atypical so close to coast): Open Low Heaths to Shrublands dominated by Melaleuca acerosa, Acacia rostellifera or Olearia axillaris

Younger dunes: Open Low Heaths to Shrubland dominated by Myoporum insulare, Scaevola crassifolia, Spyridium globulosum, Acacia truncata, A. rostellifera and Olearia axillaris

Strand: Spinifex longifolius and S. hirsutus Grasslands

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: ranges from near Pristine to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance; see comments in Other Special Attributes (below)

Total Flora: 83 native taxa, 27 weeds (part Bushplan Site — Robinson 1995) (estimated >60% expected flora) Significant Flora: Conostylis pauciflora subsp. euryrhipis (3), Stylidium maritimum (3); Melaleuca cardiophylla, Lechenaultia linarioides; typical of Tamala Limestone taxa — Grevillea preissii, Diplopeltis huegelii, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium

Fauna: limited survey by LeProvost Environmental Consultants (1990) for birds (30), native mammals (1) and reptiles (8). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (6) and category 4 (9)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS406) and east (BS289); part of proposed Greenways 1, 38, 36, 4 (Tingay, Alan, & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### Other Special Attributes

Bushplan Site constrained in meeting the specific coastal reserve criteria; four met to a limited extent —

(i) Quindalup Dune types: predominantly younger dunes

- (ii) Continuing natural processes: 406.6ha (302.3ha of bushland) Quindalup Dunes extending to maximum of 0.8km inland but generally less, dunes truncated
- (iii) Shoreline: soft and hard (vegetated areas south of Quinns and south of Burns Beach)

(iv) Linkage: part of semi-contiguous North-South vegetated coastal strip;

Large proportion recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning and Urban Deferred Zoning

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### NINGANA BUSHLAND, YANCHEP/EGLINGTON

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 289

Map no. 13, 17

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-IV NE

System 6 (1983): Part M2 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described Area (ha): total 616.9; bushland 551.5

Other Names

Part Eglinton, part Submission Area 289

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Yanchep, Eglinton)

MRS: Urban, Parks and Recreation, Railways,

Important Regional Roads

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

8 Pipidinny Rd; 103 Yanchep Beach Rd; 101, 105, 109

Mitchell Fwv Crown Reserve

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (commercial organisation)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1, LS2) Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes) Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S1, S2, LS4)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — North

Quindalup Dunes Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: coastal dune, parabolic dune, blowouts

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan site — Tingay, Alan & Associates 1991c, Tingay, Alan & Associates 1992, Trudgen and Keighery 1990b), limited survey (part Bushplan site — Le Provost Environmental Consultants 1990)

Structural units: mapping (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1991c & 1992)

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland to Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland

Uplands - Tamala Limestone surfaces (come close to the coast): Open to Closed Low Heaths dominated by Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Hakea trifurcata, Calothamnus quadrifidus, Scaevola nitida, Acacia truncata and Allocasuarina humilis; Xanthorrhoea preissii Shrubland

Quindalup Dunes

Older dunes and plains: Open Low Heaths of Melaleuca acerosa, Acacia rostellifera, A. lasiocarpa and Hibbertia racemosa over Herblands dominated by Lomandra maritima; Acacia rostellifera Closed Tall Scrub to Closed

Younger dunes: Open to Closed Low Heaths to Shrubland dominated by Scaevola crassifolia and Oleania axillaris; Scaevola nitida, Acanthocarpus preissii and Hemiandra pungens or Acacia rostellifera

Strand: Spinifex longifolius and S. hirsutus Grassland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >60% Excellent to Very Good, <40% Very Good to Good, with areas of localised disturbance associated with previous grazing pressure (mapping, Trudgen and Keighery 1990b)

Total Flora: 147 native taxa, 36 weeds (part Bushplan Site (Ningana) — Trudgen and Keighery 1990b) (estimated >75% expected flora of Bushplan Site)



Significant Flora: Trudgen and Keighery 1990b — Conostylis pauciflora subsp. euryrhipis (3), Stylidium maritimum (3); Alyogyne huegelii subsp. glabrescens, Melaleuca cardiophylla; typical of Tamala Limestone taxa - Grevillea preissii, Petrophile serruriae subsp. nov. (GJK 11421), Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium

Fauna: limited survey by LeProvost Environmental Consultants (1990) for birds (30), native mammals (1) and reptiles (8). Significant bird species: category 3 (7) and category 4 (4)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south, and west (BS397) and east (BS288); part of proposed Greenways 1, 38 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### Other Special Attributes

Meets all six specific coastal reserve criteria —

- (i) Quindalup Dune types: moderate, well separated dunes perched on gently undulating Spearwood (Tamala) Limestone surface, dunes mostly Q2 or Q3 in age; Q4 limited in area restricted to coastline, associated blowouts (Griffin and Trudgen 1994)
- (ii) Continuing natural processes: 210ha (196.2ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to 3.9kms inland
- (iii) Shoreline: sandy
- (iv) Linkage: contains Quindalup/Spearwood Dunes interface
- (v) Vegetation: typical Quindalup/Spearwood units
- (vi) Habitats: see Fauna section above;

Recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996); Alkimos Dune Complex, a system of parabolic beach dunes of Holocene age containing a chronological sequence (Lemmon et al. 1979)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include that parts of the Bushplan Site already reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme be made a National Park, Conservation Park, Nature Reserve or Regional Park.

#### **BURNS BEACH BUSHLAND**

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to cadastre boundary (Part Bushplan Site subject to further investigation in keeping with Ministerial Condition No. 487, 16 November 1998.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 322 Map no. 31 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-IV SE

System 6 (1983): Part M2, part M6 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

#### Other Names

South Mindarie (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991a), Submission Areas 296 and 320

#### Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Wanneroo (Burns, Mindarie), City of Joondalup (Burns)

#### Ownership Categories

Local Government, Private (including commercial organisation), State Government, Not identified

Area (ha): total 487.8; bushland 407.9

#### Zoning

MRS: Rural, Parks and Recreation, Urban

TPS: Landscape, Residential Development, Marina Development Zone

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

1 Anchorage Dr; 2, 10489 Marmion Ave; 17, 9917, 20564 street not identified Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Otl: LS1, LS3)

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December 1998



**Quindalup Dunes** (Holocene dunes) Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S1, S2, LS4)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Quindalup Dunes
Ouindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types

#### Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata-Eucalyptus Woodlands

29a Coastal shrublands on shallow sands

29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

S11 Northern Acacia rostellifera — Melaleuca acerosa shrublands

S13 Northern Olearia axillaris — Scaevola crassifolia shrublands

S14 Spinifex longifolius grassland and low shrubland

#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: dune landforms include parabolic dunes, sand blow out and cuspate foreland

**Vegetation and Flora:** limited survey (Griffin 1994 (MI 01-23), part Bushplan Site — Griffin and Trudgen 1994, Keighery, GJ, 1991c, Kinhill Stearns 1983, Le Provost *et al.* 1984)

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — Le Provost et al. 1984)

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland, occasional Eucalyptus gomphocephala trees

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Closed to Open Heaths dominated by Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Calothamnus quadrifidus, Hakea trifurcata, Hibbertia hypericoides and Melaleuca huegelii

Quindalup Dunes

Older dunes and plains: Closed to Open Low Heaths of Melaleuca acerosa, Acacia lasiocarpa, A. rostellifera, Scaevola nitens, Nemcia reticulata and Hibbertia racemosa over Herblands dominated by Lomandra maritima; Acacia rostellifera Scrub; Melaleuca cardiophylla Low Forest to Closed Tall Scrub (southernmost area of this association)

Younger dunes: Heaths dominated by Olearia axillaris, Scaevola nitida and S. crassifolia; low dunes with Heath dominated by Scaevola crassifolia, Spyridium globulosum and Myoporum insulare; deflated surface poorly vegetated with Calocephalus brownii and Pelargonium capitatum, the former giving way to Acacia cyclops as it ages

Strand: Spinifex longifolius and S. hirsutus Grassland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >70% Excellent to Pristine, <30% Very Good to Good (Griffin and Trudgen 1994), with localised disturbance to north of Burns Beach

Total Flora: 168 native taxa, 24 weeds (Keighery, GJ, 1991c) (estimated <70% of the expected flora)

Significant Flora: Jacksonia sericea (3) (Keighery, GJ, 1991c), Conostylis pauciflora subsp. euryrhipis (3), Hibbertia spicata subsp. leptotheca (3), Stylidium maritimum (3); Sonchus megalocarpa (most northern record, uncommon species); Melaleuca cardiophylla, Allocasuarina lehmanniana, Acacia xanthina, Lechenaultia linarioides; Conospermum triplinervium; typical of Tamala Limestone taxa (Keighery, GJ, 1991c) — Grevillea preissii, Diplopeltis huegelii, Petrophile aff. brevifolia (pink flowered form), Petrophile serruriae subsp. nov. (GJK 11421), Pimelea calcicola, Leptomeria empetriformis, Trymalium ledifolium subsp. ledifolium

Fauna: limited faunal surveys by Kinhill Stearns (1983) for birds (54), native mammals (3), reptiles (23) and amphibians (1). Significant bird species: Scarlet Robin. Significant mammal species: Western Brush Wallaby and Honey Possum

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south and east (BS323, across road, then through BS323 to BS383); part of proposed Greenways 1, 4 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### Other Special Attributes

Meets all six specific coastal reserve criteria

(i) Quindalup Dune types: 'South Mindarie now represents the most well defined remaining cuspate foreland and its associated range of medium to small scale (Quindalup) dune landforms and vegetated habitats in this coastal sector (Whitfords to Lancelin)' (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991a); 'small area of old low

dunes perched on gently undulating Spearwood (Tamala) Limestone surface; moderate sized Q3 dunes ramped on coast side; small area of Q4 dunes forming step sided closed vale; a number of small coastal blowouts with small Q4 dunes surrounding these; a major sandsheet with moderate to tall partially stabilised dune margins; bowl of sand sheet completely deflated near coast; foredune redeveloped in throat of sand sheet' and 'small area of old low dunes perched on gently undulating Spearwood (Tamala) Limestone surface with few small plains; large area of old, moderate sized dunes ramped on each other with small (if any) plains between; number of small coastal blowouts with small Q4 dunes surrounding; major sand sheet with partially stabilised dune margins; bowl of sand sheet completely deflated only near coast; foredune redeveloped in throat of sand sheet' (Griffin and Trudgen 1994)

(ii) Continuing natural processes: 338.5ha (260.8ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to 1.4kms inland (2.8kms inland in link to BS323)

(iii) Shoreline: sandy (soft)

(iv) Linkage: contains Quindalup/Spearwood Dunes interface; part of semi-contiguous North-South vegetated coastal strip

(v) Vegetation: 'vegetation is variable and typifies the range of habitat types within a cusp setting' (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991a) and interfaces with Tamala Limestone surfaces and Spearwood Dunes

(vi) Habitats: variable;

Includes core of areas recommended for conservation by Griffin and Trudgen (1994) and Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1991a); Recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: The parts of the Bushplan Site already reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme be made National Park, Conservation Park, Nature Reserve or Regional Park. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site to be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). (Note: Part Bushplan Site subject to further investigation in keeping with Ministerial Condition No. 487, 16 November 1998.)

#### LINK FROM BURNS BEACH BUSHLAND TO NEERABUP NATIONAL PARK

Boundary Definition: management/bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 323 Map no. 31 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-IV SE

System 6 (1983): M6 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation

described

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb) Shire of Wanneroo (Clarkson, Tamala Park)

Ownership Categories Local Government

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS Spearwood Dunes Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts. S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: LS4)

Area (ha): total 137.6; bushland 106.1

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 17 Connolly Dr



# AND SERVED DESCRIPTIONS (SOUTH)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

528 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

\*29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, tall dune, vegetated uplands Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Kinhill Stearns 1983)

Structural Units: mapping (Kinhill Stearns 1983)

Spearwood Dunes

Úplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus todtiana, Banksia menziesii and B. attenuata

Woodland

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum Closed to Open Heaths

Quindalup Dunes

Oldest dunes and plains: Acacia rostellifera Tall Shrubland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus todtiana, Banksia menziesii and B. attenuata Woodland (Kinhill

Stearns 1983)

Vegetation Condition: <30% Good to Very Good around area developed for Tamala Tip (Kinhill Stearns

1983)

Total Flora: 80 native taxa (Kinhill Stearns 1983) (estimated >50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: not surveyed, likely to include elements of BS383 and BS322. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south, north, east (BS383, across road) and west (BS322); part of proposed Greenway 4 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### Other Special Attributes

Bushplan Site constrained in meeting the specific coastal reserve criteria; four met to a limited extent —

(i) Quindalup Dune types: oldest dunes

(ii) Continuing natural processes: 30.6ha (22.9ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes to 2.8kms inland

(iv) Linkage: contains Quindalup/Spearwood Dunes interface

(vi) Habitats: see Fauna section above;

Part of area recommended for protection in the study of City of Wanneroo bushland (Trudgen 1996)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.



#### COASTAL STRIP FROM BURNS BEACH TO HILLARYS

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to zoning) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 325 Map no. 31, 37, 43 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-III NE, 2034-IV SE

System 6 (1983): Part M2 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

includes Submission Area 29 Ocean Reef Road

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Joondalup (Ocean Reef, Iluka, Hillarys,

Mullaloo, Kallaroo)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Commonwealth

Government, Not identified

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Important Regional Roads,

Public Purposes-Special Uses

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1028, 1029, 10969, 12803 Ocean Reef Rd; 5, 11081, 5392, 11176, 11725 West Coast Dr; 1012, 10789

Whitfords Ave; 8891 Oceanside Prom; 5392 Angove Dr;

10789 Northshore Dr; 11704 Northside Dr; 12332,

12749, 12804, 20561 street not identified

Area (ha): total 280.1; bushland 195.0

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S1, S2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*16 Highly saline seasonal wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

27 Species poor mallees and shrublands on limestone

29a Coastal shrublands on shallow sands

\*29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

\*S11 Northern Acacia rostellifera — Melaleuca acerosa shrublands

\*S13 Northern Olearia axillaris — Scaevola crassifolia shrublands

\*S14 Spinifex longifolius grasslands and low shrublands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: ocean — limestone cliff and coastal dune vegetation

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (part Bushplan Site — Gibson et al. 1994 (Burn 01-02), Griffin 1994 (BU 01-04), Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1992a, Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991a)

Structural Units

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Closed to Open Low Heaths dominated by Melaleuca cardiophylla (southernmost large population), M. huegelii, Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Scaevola crassifolia, Spyridium globulosum and Templetonia retusa; Frankenia pauciflora Low Shrubland (cliff edge community, relatively large area to south of Burns Beach)

Quindalup Dunes

Oldest dunes and plains (limited area, atypical as close to coast): Open Low Heaths to Shrublands dominated by Melaleuca acerosa, Acacia rostellifera, A. xanthina and Olearia axillaris



Youngest dunes: Open Low Heaths to Shrublands dominated by Myoporum insulare, Scaevola crassifolia, Acacia rostellifera, A. xanthina and Olearia axillaris

Strand: Spinifex Grassland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: ranges from Excellent to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance; see comments in Other Special Attributes (below)

Total Flora: 38 native taxa, 8 weeds (part Bushplan Site — Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1992a) (estimated >60% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Hibbertia spicata subsp. leptotheca (3); Melaleuca cardiophylla, Plantago exilis (only known record in the PMR, uncommon — Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1992a), Alyogyne huegelii var. glabrescens (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1992a), Kennedia coccinea

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east; part of proposed Greenways 5, 1, 11 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### Other Special Attributes

Bushplan Site constrained in meeting the specific coastal reserve criteria; four met to a limited extent —

(i) Ouindalup Dune types: predominantly younger dunes

- (ii) Continuing natural processes: 214.7ha (146.1ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to maximum of 0.8km inland, dunes truncated
- (iii) Shoreline: sandy (soft) and rocky (hard); vegetated areas south of Burns Beach are the best remaining example of a 'limestone ridge forming cliffs' in the north-west corridor of the PMR (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991a)
- (iv) Linkage: part of semi-contiguous North—South vegetated coastal strip;

Includes near coastal sections of areas recommended for conservation by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1991a)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed, Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### TRIGG BUSHLAND AND ADJACENT COASTAL RESERVE, TRIGG/SCARBOROUGH

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 308 Map no. 44, 49 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NW, 2034-II SW System 6 (1983): M36 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names Karrinyup Bushland Local Authorities (Suburb) City of Stirling (Trigg, Karrinyup)

#### Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (commercial organisation), Not identified

Area (ha): total 178.1; bushland 134.6

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Important Regional

TPS: Landscape, Low Density Residential, Public Open Space and Local Authority Purposes

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

394 Arnott St; 498, 12992 West Coast Hwy; 10, 42, 78 Elliott Rd; 9, 459, 474, 476, 472, 498 Karrinyup Rd; 43, 498, 7443 Jeanes Rd; 10 Hepworth Rd

Crown Reserve

# DESCRIPTIONS SANTA

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

#### LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S1, S2)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

#### Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

#### Floristic Community Types

#### Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

- 24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands
- 28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or Banksia attenuata Eucalyptus woodlands
- 29a Coastal shrublands on shallow sands
- 29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes
- S11 Northern Acacia rostellifera Melaleuca acerosa shrublands
- S13 Northern Olearia axillaris Scaevola crassifolia shrublands
- S14 Spinifex longifolius grassland and low shrubland

#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated coastal dunes

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, 1996, Meney 1991); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Tr 01-08), Griffin 1994 (Trig 01-06), Keighery, GJ, 1996 D (Trigg 08), Le Provost et al. 1988)

Structural Units: mapping (Le Provost et al. 1988, Meney 1991)

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Forest to Woodland; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Woodland

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Closed Low Heaths and Closed to Open Heaths dominated by Melaleuca acerosa, Calothamnus quadrifidus, Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Acacia lasiocarpa, Grevillea preissii or Dryandra lindleyana

Quindalup Dunes

Oldest dunes and plains: Open Heaths dominated by Melaleuca acerosa, Acacia rostellifera or Allocasuarina lehmanniana over Herblands dominated by Lomandra maritima; Callitris preissii Low Closed Forest; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Forest to Woodland

Youngest dunes: Scaevola crassifolia and Olearia axillaris Open Low Heaths, some scattered Callitris preissii

Strand: Spinifex longifolius Grassland

**Vegetation Condition:** >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 175 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, 1996, Meney 1991) (>75 % expected flora)

Significant Flora: Conostylis pauciflora subsp. euryrhipis (3); Lechenaultia linarioides, Gyrostemon ramulosus (uncommon in PMR and on Swan Coastal Plain), Allocasuarina lehmanniana, Callitris preissii (endemic to the PMR and Rottnest Island, most northern significant population, Keighery, BJ, Gibson and Keighery 1997)

Fauna: limited surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science for birds (30) and multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science for reptiles (24) and amphibians (1) (How et al. 1996). Significant birds: White-browed Scrubwren, Broad-tailed Thornbill, Variegated, White-winged and Splendid fairy-wrens. Significant reptile species: Western Blue Tongue (Tiliqua occipitalis), Bardick (Echiopsis curtus), Black-striped Snake (Simoselaps calonotos) and dragon (Tympanocryptis adelaidensis). Rich assemblage and high number of reptile species

Linkage: no adjacent remnant vegetation; part of proposed Greenways 7, 8, 1 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)





#### Other Special Attributes

Meets all six specific coastal reserve criteria —

- Quindalup Dune types: 'landscape moderate to tall, moderate dunes perched on gently undulating Spearwood (Tamala) limestone surface, with plain between; low coastal Q4 dunes (youngest)' (Griffin and Trudgen
- (ii) Continuing natural processes: 124.8ha (104ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to 2.2km inland

(iii) Shoreline: sandy (soft)

- (iv) Linkage: contains Quindalup/Spearwood Dunes interface; roads and developments fragment Bushplan Site; part of semi-contiguous North—South vegetated coastal strip
- (v) Vegetation: typical Quindalup/Spearwood units, highly restricted species (Callitris preissii)
- (vi) Habitats: rich assemblage and high number of reptile species;

National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning and Public Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### FLOREAT BEACH BUSHLAND, CITY BEACH/SCARBOROUGH

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to cadastre boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period) Map no. 49

Bushplan Site no. 310 Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Cambridge (City Beach), City of Stirling

(Scarborough)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Not identified

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SW

Area (ha): total 111.5; bushland 51.7

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Parks and Recreation, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Landscape, Parks and Recreation

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1, 1911, 2246 West Coast Hwy; 1911 The Boulevard Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S1, S2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

**Ouindalup Dunes** 

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

\*29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

\*S13 Northern Olearia axillaris — Scaevola crassifolia shrublands

\*S14 Spinifex longifolius grassland and low shrubland



#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands

#### Vegetation and Flora Structural Units

**Quindalup** Dunes

Youngest dunes: Open Low Heaths dominated by Scaevola crassifolia, Olearia axillaris, Acacia rostellifera,

A. lasiocarpa and combinations of these Strand: Spinifex longifolius Grassland Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: Very Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south; part of proposed Greenway 1 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### Other Special Attributes

Bushplan Site constrained in meeting the specific coastal reserve criteria; four met to a limited extent —

(i) Quindalup Dune types: younger dunes

(ii) Continuing natural processes: 107.7ha (49.3ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to 1km (0.9km bushland) inland, dunes mostly truncated

(iii) Shoreline: sandy (soft)

(iv) Linkage: part of semi-contiguous North—South vegetated coastal strip

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, TPS Landscape Zoning and Parks and Recreation Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

### SWANBOURNE BUSHLAND, SWANBOURNE/CITY BEACH

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SW Bushplan Site no. 315 Map no. 55 System 6 (1983): M46 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Nedlands (Swanbourne, Mt Claremont), Town of

Cambridge (City Beach, Mt Claremont)

Area (ha): total 221.6; bushland 174.9

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Parks and Recreation, Parks and Recreation Restricted, Public Purposes-Commonwealth, Other Major Highways, Important Regional Roads, Public Purposes-Water Authority of WA

TPS: Landscape, Recreation, Parks and Recreation



#### Ownership Categories

Commonwealth Government, State Government, Local Government, Private (commercial organisation)

## Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

2, 715, 1911 Rochdale Rd; 2 McClemans Rd; 0, 1, 5, 314, 337, 340, 359 Wood St; 1, 356 Alfred Rd; 1, 204, 205, 280, 328, 357, 361 Marine Pde; 0 street not identified

Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S1, S2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types

#### Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

S11 Northern Acacia rostellifera — Melaleuca acerosa shrublands

S13 Northern Olearia axillaris — Scaevola crassifolia shrublands

S14 Spinifex longifolius grassland and low shrubland

#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: coastal dunes

**Vegetation and Flora:** detailed survey (part Bushplan Site — Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c, Mitchell McCotter and Ecoscape 1993); limited survey (Dames and Moore 1986, Griffin 1994 (SW 01-11), Keighery, GJ, 1996 D (M46 01-02))

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — Mitchell McCotter and Ecoscape 1993)

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone and Tamala Limestone: limited in area and vegetation; reflects Quindalup Dunes floristic influence

Quindalup Dunes

Oldest dunes and plains (limited area): Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland; Callitris preissii Low Closed Forest (R. Powell pers. comm.); Open Low Heaths dominated by Melaleuca acerosa, Acacia rostellifera, A. lasiocarpa, Calothamnus quadrifidus over Herblands dominated by Lomandra maritima; Allocasuarina lehmanniana subsp. lehmanniana Closed Tall Scrub; Acacia rostellifera Closed Tall Scrub

Youngest dunes: Open Low Heaths to Closed Tall Scrub dominated by Myoporum insulare, Scaevola crassifolia, Acacia rostellifera, Olearia axillaris

Strand: Spinifex hirsutus Grassland

Vegetation Condition: >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25% Good to Degraded

Total Flora: 117 native taxa, 58 weeds (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c) (estimated >75% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Lechenaultia linarioides, Allocasuarina lehmanniana (most southern significant population), Chamelaucium uncinatum (with Bold Park most southern population), Callitris preissii (R. Powell pers, comm.)

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science for birds (57), native mammals (1) and reptiles (19) (How et al. 1996). Significant populations of insectivorous passerine birds including Splendid, Variegated and White-winged fairy-wrens and White-browed Scrubwren. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (8) and category 4 (5). Significant reptile species: Bardick (Echiopsis curtus)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS312); part of proposed Greenways 1, 19 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

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# DESCRIPTIONS (SOUTH)

#### Other Special Attributes

Meets all six specific coastal reserve criteria —

- (i) Quindalup Dune types: 'moderate to tall, moderate aged dunes perched on gently undulating Spearwood (Tamala) Limestone surface, with little plain between them; moderate sized coastal Q4 (youngest) dunes' (Griffin and Trudgen 1994)
- (ii) Continuing natural processes: 220.3ha (174.8ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to 1.6km inland
- (iii) Shoreline: sandy (soft)
- (iv) Linkage: adjacent to area containing Quindalup/Spearwood Dunes interface; part of semi-contiguous North—South vegetated coastal strip
- (v) Vegetation: four regional floristic groups, diversity of structural groups
- (vi) Habitats: see Fauna section above

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, Parks and Recreation Restricted Zoning, TPS Parks and Recreation Zoning, Landscape Zoning and Recreation Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserved area (MRS Parks and Recreation) is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body. For the remaining land managed by the Defence Department: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site to be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### WOODMAN POINT, COOGEE/MUNSTER

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/bushland taken to cadastre boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 341

Map no. 66, 72, 73

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW, 2033-I SW, 2033-IV SE

System 6 (1983): M90 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb) City of Cockburn (Coogee, Munster)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Not identified

Area (ha): total 247.2; bushland 91.7

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Railways

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

50, 51, 52, 55, 57, 61, 139, 144, 145, 154, 184, 185 Cockburn Rd; 52, 59, 149, 181, 182, 183 Woodman Point View; 178, 180 O'Kane Ct; 140 Powell Rd; 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56, 58, 179, 2682, 11430 street not identified

Crown Reserve

Reserve 42469 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S13)





#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*30a2 Callitris preissii and/or Melaleuca lanceolata forests and woodlands (DEP 1996, re-allocated from 30a, equivalent to 30a in Gibson et al. 1994, English and Blyth 1997)

30c2 Woodlands and shrublands on Holocene dunes

#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Vulnerable (floristic community type 30a as defined by Gibson et al. 1994)

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated coastal peninsula

**Vegetation and Flora:** detailed survey (Fox and Majer 1981, Powell and Emberson 1981); limited survey (Gibson *et al.* 1994 (Wood 01–02))

Structural Units: mapping (Powell and Emberson 1991)

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: mixed Open Heath

Quindalup Dunes

Beach ridge plain: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Forest; Callitris preissii Low Closed Forest; Spyridium

globulosum and Acacia rostellifera Tall Open Scrub Strand: Spinifex hirsutus and S. longifolius Grassland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >75% Excellent to Good, <25% Degraded to Good, with areas of severe localised

disturbance associated with the explosives enclosures

**Total Flora:** 87 native taxa, 40 weeds (Powell and Emberson 1991) (estimated >80% expected flora, GJ Keighery pers. comm.)

Significant Flora: Dodonaea hackettiana (4), Callitris preissii (large population, some mature individuals)

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science and RAOU (1996 D), 16 visits, for birds (92), native mammals (1), reptiles (14) and amphibians (1) (How et al. 1996). Significant populations of insectivorous passerine birds including Splendid Fairy-wren, Grey Shrike-thrush, Golden Whistler, and White-browed Scrubwren. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 2 (15), category 3 (9) and category 4 (6). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D). Significant reptile species: Lined Skink (Lerista lineata)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east; part of proposed Greenways 1, 109 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### Other Special Attributes

Meets five of the six specific coastal reserve criteria —

(i) Quindalup Dune types: beach ridge plain

(ii) Continuing natural processes: 232.3ha (90.3ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to 1.3km (1.6km bushland) inland

(iii) Shoreline: sandy (soft)

(v) Vegetation: two regional floristic groups; mature trees of Eucalyptus gomphocephala, Acacia rostellifera, Melaleuca huegelii and Callitris preissii; one of two areas with significant Callitris preissii Low Closed Forest (Keighery, BJ, Gibson and Keighery 1997)

(vi) Habitats: see Fauna section above;

majority of Bushplan Site included in Woodman Point Regional Park proposal (State Government Cabinet Minute, 5 May 1997)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed; Indicative Place on Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve



The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site (including Reserve 42469) for Recommendation: conservation purposes within Woodman Point Regional Park is endorsed.

#### CARNAC ISLAND

Boundary Definition: management taken to coastline boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 473

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-IV NE Map no. 65, 71

System 6 (1983): C46 part System area bushland, all bushland described

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb) City of Cockburn (Carnac Island)

Area (ha): total 19.6; bushland 19.6 Zoning

MRS: Waterways TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

2001

Reserve 26646 (Recreation and Conservation of Fauna)

Ownership Categories

State Government CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Quindalup Dunes

**Ouindalup Complex** 

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands \*16 Highly saline seasonal wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*29a Coastal shrublands on shallow sands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: ocean — limestone cliff, limestone flats, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (McArthur 1990)

Structural Units: mapping (McArthur 1990)

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Acacia rostellifera and Olearia axillaris Open Heath; Open to Closed Low Heath dominated by Olearia axillaris and Scaevola crassifolia; Rhagodia baccata, Olearia axillaris and Calocephalus brownii and Nitraria billardierei; Frankenia pauciflora Open Low Heath

Quindalup Dunes

Strand: Carpobrotus virescens, Tetragonia sp. and Suaeda australis Herbland

Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Excellent

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: limited survey by I. Abbott (1977) for birds (12). Significant bird species: category 2 (1)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland Other Special Attributes

Specific coastal reserve criteria not applied to small islands

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values



Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserve 26646 is endorsed.

#### **GARDEN ISLAND**

Boundary Definition: management/bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 63

Map no. 71, 78, 79 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-IV SW

System 6 (1983): M96 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known
Local Authorities (Suburb)
City of Poekingham (Garden Island

Local Authorities (Suburb)
City of Rockingham (Garden Island)

Ownership Categories

Commonwealth Government, State Government

Area (ha): total 1120.5; bushland 956.9

Zoning

MRS: Public Purposes-Commonwealth Government,

Public Purposes-Special Uses, Waterways

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

9,696

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes) Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S1, S2, S13)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

29a Coastal shrublands on shallow sands

\*29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

30a2 Callitris preissii and/or Melaleuca lanceolata forests and woodlands (DEP 1996, re-allocated from 30a, equivalent to 30a in Gibson et al. 1994, English and Blyth 1997)

30c2 Woodlands and shrublands on Holocene dunes

\*S13 Northern Olearia axillaris — Scaevola crassifolia shrublands

\*S14 Spinifex longifolius grassland and low shrubland

#### WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Vulnerable (floristic community type 30a as defined by Gibson et al. 1994), Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: island, ocean — limestone cliff

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, 1998, McArthur 1957, McArthur 1990, McArthur and Bartle 1981, Marchant and Abbot 1991); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Gard 01–04)); synopsis (Keighery, BJ, Gibson and Keighery 1997)

Structural Units: mapping (McArthur 1957, McArthur 1990, McArthur and Bartle 1981)

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Tamala Limestone with shallow Quindalup sands: Closed Low Heath dominated by combinations of Scaevola crassifolia, Acrotriche cordata, Boronia alata and Alyxia buxifolia

**Quindalup Dunes** 

Youngest dunes: Low Forest to Low Open Forest dominated by Callitris preissii, Melaleuca lanceolata, Melaleuca huegelii, Acacia rostellifera and combinations of these; Closed Tall Scrub dominated by Acacia rostellifera, Spyridium globulosum, Pittosporum phylliraeoides, Melaleuca huegelii, Beyeria viscosa, Diplolaena dampieri and combinations of these

Strand: Spyridium globulosum, Alyxia buxifolia, Olearia axillaris and Calocephalus brownii Open Heath; Sarcocornia blackiana Low Shrubland; Cakile maritima, Salsola kali and Carpobrotus virescens Open Low Heath; Lepidosperma gladiatum and Isolepis nodosa Sedgeland



Vegetation Condition: >80% Excellent to Pristine, <20% Very Good to Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 105 native taxa, 78 weeds (Keighery, BJ, Gibson and Keighery 1997, Keighery, GJ, 1998, McArthur 1957, Marchant and Abbot 1981) (estimated >90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Keighery, BJ, Gibson and Keighery 1997 — Lepidium puberulum (4) (only record on the Plain south of Lancelin), Melaleuca lanceolata (only population in PMR, disjunct from Margaret River), Callitris preissii (endemic to the PMR, most extensive populations), Amyema melaleucae (a mistletoe growing on Melaleuca lanceolata, disjunct south from Dongara and the only record on the Swan Coastal Plain), Lasiopetalum angustifolium (previously L. oppositifolium, disjunct south from Green Head and the only record on the Swan Coastal Plain), Boronia alata (disjunct north from Cape Naturaliste, also recorded from two other locations in the Perth area — Rottnest Island and Minim Cove), Myosotis australis, disjunct from Margaret River (only record on the Swan Coastal Plain), Pittosporum phylliraeoides (significant populations of a species that is very uncommon on the Swan Coastal Plain) and Trachymene coerulea

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys for birds (94) (Brooker et al. 1995a), native mammals (1) (Brooker et al. 1995b) and reptiles (14) (Robinson et al. 1987 and Brooker et al. 1995a). Significant bird species: category 2 (14), category 3 (5) and category 4 (5). Significant island populations of Tammar Wallaby, Carpet Python (Morelia spilota), Lined Skink (Lerista lineata), Brush Bronzewing and Golden Whistler

Linkage: no adjacent bushland

#### Other Special Attributes

Meets five of the six specific criteria for coastal reserves:

- (i) Ouindalup Dune types: deep and shallow dunes and thin sands overlaying Tamala Limestone
- (ii) Continuing natural processes: 1019.9ha (865.5ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes; almost completely vegetated island
- (iii) Shoreline: sandy (soft) and rocky (hard)
- (v) Vegetation: six regional floristic groupings, one confined to Woodman Point and Garden Island
- (vi) Habitats: see Fauna section above

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems. Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna, under TPS Landscape Zoning Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation, and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### POINT PERON AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, PERON/SHOALWATER BAY

Boundary Definition: protected area/management taken to coastline boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 355 Map no. 85, 86

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Rockingham (Peron)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-III NE

Area (ha): total 189.3; bushland 107.1

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Public Purposes-Special

Uses, Waterways, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Landscape

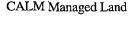
Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

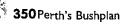
Street name

2056, 2057, 2059, 2152, 2193, 2238, 2600, 2642, 2732, 2733, 2734 Point Peron Rd; 2600; 4357 Safety Bay Rd

Crown Reserve

Marine Reserve 5 (Marine Park)







### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

#### LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes) Safety Bay Sands (Ohs: S1, S2, S13)

Lagoonal and Estuarine Deposits (within the Quindalup Dunes)

Lagoonal and Estuarine Deposits (Vasse) (Qhg: M5)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

#### Vegetation Complexes

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*16 Highly saline seasonal wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*29a Coastal shrublands on shallow sands

\*29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

\*S13 Northern Olearia axillaris — Scaevola crassifolia shrublands

\*S14 Spinifex longifolius grasslands and low shrublands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Quindalup

Becher (Qu.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: not assessed Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: ocean — limestone cliff, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keating and Trudgen 1986)

Structural Units: mapping (Keating and Trudgen 1986)

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Tamala Limestones: Frankenia pauciflora and Sarcocornia blackiana Low Open Shrubland; Open Heaths dominated by Templetonia retusa and Melaleuca huegelii

Quindalup Dunes

Youngest dunes: Shrublands dominated by Acacia rostellifera and Jacksonia furcellata sometimes with Leucopogon parviflorus or A. rostellifera and Calothamnus quadrifidus; Closed Heaths to Shrublands dominated by Acacia rostellifera, Olearia axillaris or Alyxia buxifolia and combinations of these: Closed to Open Scrub dominated by Acacia rostellifera and Melaleuca huegelii or Acacia rostellifera and Olearia axillaris

Strand: Spinifex longifolius Open Grassland Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >50% Very Good to Good, <50% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 69 native taxa (Keating and Trudgen 1986, excluding obvious wetland taxa of BS358) (estimated >60% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none identified

Fauna: limited survey by WA Naturalists' Club (pers. comm.) for reptiles (16). Significant reptile species: Carpet Python (Morelia spilota) and Lined Skink (Lerista lineata)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the east (BS358, across road); part of proposed Greenways 1, 106, 109 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

#### Other Special Attributes

December 1998

Meets six specific coastal reserve criteria ---

(i) Quindalup Dune types: youngest, older and beach ridge plain

(ii) Continuing natural processes: 174.5ha (106.1ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to 3.1km inland from the point

(iii) Shoreline: sandy (soft) and rocky (hard)

(iv) Linkage: contains Quindalup/Spearwood Dunes (Tamala Limestone) interface; roads and developments fragment Bushplan Site

(v) Vegetation: typical Quindalup/Spearwood units



(vi) Habitats: see Fauna section above;

Isolated rocky headland displaying excellent exposures of the aeolian phase of Tamala Limestone, connected to the mainland by a series of Holocene beach-sand and dune-sand ridges of the Safety Bay Sands. Raised and submerged sea erosional terraces and beach deposits along the foreshore are thought to indicate past still-stands of sea level at 3, 1.5 and 0.6 metres above present sea level during the Holocene and this evidence has been used for world-wide eustatic correlations (Lemmon *et al.* 1979); majority of Bushplan Site included in Port Kennedy and Rockingham Parks proposal (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997b, WA Cabinet Minute 5, May 1997)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Rockingham Lakes Regional Park is endorsed.

#### LAKE RICHMOND, ROCKINGHAM

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (part eastern boundary subject to Ministerial Condition No. 486, 18 September 1998)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 358 Map no. 86 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033–III NE

System 6 (1983): M102 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known Area (ha): total 80.0 (includes open water); bushland

28.7

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Rockingham (Rockingham, Peron, Shoalwater)

Zoning
MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Important Regional

Roads

TPS: Landscape, Local Roads, No Zone, Residential

Special

Ownership Categories Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

3 Richmond Ave; 402 Broughton Wy; 1530, 1597 Lake St; 1596, 1598 Fisher St; 17 Safety Bay Rd; 18 street not identified

Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

State Government, Private (commercial organisation)

#### LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S13)

Lagoonal and Estuarine Deposits (within the Quindalup)

Lagoonal and Estuarine Deposits (Vasse) (Qhg: M5)

#### **VEGETATION AND FLORA**

#### Vegetation Complexes

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

#### Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

19a Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales (DEP 1996, equivalent to 19 in Gibson et al. 1994, English and Blyth 1997)

#### Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

29a Coastal shrublands on shallow sands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, artificial channel, damplands/sumplands (includes wetlands not previously described, Bowman Bishaw Gorham 1997a&b, DEP 1998)

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Natural Wetland Groups

Quindalup

Cooloongup (Qu.1)

Becher (Qu.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (54.8ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 53.3ha

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Critically Endangered (floristic community type 19 (as defined by Gibson et al. 1994), Stromatalitelike community of coastal freshwater lakes)

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetlands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keating and Trudgen 1986, part Bushplan Site - Bowman Bishaw Gorham 1997a&b); limited survey (DEP 1996 (Rich 01-02), DEP 1998)

Structural Units: mapping (Keating and Trudgen 1986; part Bushplan Site - Bowman Bishaw Gorham 1997a&b)

Ouindalup Dunes

Uplands: Acacia rostellifera, Leucopogon parviflorus and Jacksonia furcellata Shrubland; Olearia axillaris Shrubland; Acacia saligna and Jacksonia furcellata Shrubland; Lomandra maritima Herbland

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Forest; Shrubland dominated by Acacia saligna or Xanthorrhoea preissii and combinations of these; Closed Sedgelands dominated by Juncus pallidus, J. kraussii, Isolepis nodosus, Lepidosperma gladiatum, Typha ?domingensis and Baumea juncea and combinations of some of these; Sedgelands dominated by Gahnia trifida or Isolepis nodosa

Scattered Native Plants: Melaleuca huegelii Shrubland; areas with scattered native species

Vegetation Condition: >50% Very Good to Excellent, <50% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 61 native taxa, 24 exotics (Bowman Bishaw Gorham 1997a&b, DEP 1996, Keating and Trudgen 1986) (estimated >65% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none identified

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), one visit, WA Naturalists' Club and Tingay, Alan & Associates (1997b) for birds (100). Significant bird species: category 2 (1) and category 4 (1). Limited survey by Tingay, Alan & Associates (1997b) for native mammals, reptiles, amphibians (5) and fish (several)

Linkage: adjacent bushland/scattered native plants to the east and west (BS355, across road); part of proposed Greenways 106, 99 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a)

#### Other Special Attributes

Meets five of the six specific coastal reserve criteria —

(i) Quindalup Dune types: beach ridge plain

(ii) Continuing natural processes: 21.9ha (15.5ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to 1.7kms inland

(iv) Linkage: links to coast through BS355

- (v) Vegetation: wetland and upland units; rare communities(vi) Habitats: see Fauna section above;

Wetland of 'regional significance' (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b); contains examples of microbialites, organo-sedimentary structures formed by microorganisms, the oldest life-form on earth (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997b); majority of Bushplan Site included in Port Kennedy and Rockingham Parks proposal (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997b)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Rockingham Lakes Regional Park is endorsed. (Note: Part eastern boundary subject to Ministerial Condition No. 486, 18 September 1998.)

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## DESCRIPTIONS (SANIA)

### PENGUIN, SEAL, BIRD AND GULL ISLANDS AND SHAG ROCK

Boundary Definition: Penguin Island - bushland taken to cadastre boundary; other islands not mapped

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(only applies to Penguin Island)

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 367

Map no. 86

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-III NE

System 6 (1983): M101 part System area bushland, only bushland described

Other Names: not known
Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Rockingham (Penguin Island) Other islands not mapped

Ownership Categories State Government

CALM Managed Land

Area (ha): total 14.6; bushland 6.1

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Waterways

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

17070

Reserve 24204 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna), 17070 (Recreation camping enjoyment by public for holidays thereon and for purposes ancillary thereto)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

(only applies to Penguin Island)

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Tamala Limestone (Otl: LS1)

Quindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes) Safety Bay Sands (Ohs: S2, S13)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: island, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Chape 1984, CALM 1992, Storr 1961)

Penguin Island

Structural Units: mapping (Chape 1984, CALM 1992)

Spearwood Dunes - Tamala Limestones: Low Open Shrublands dominated by Carpobrotus virescens and Frankenia pauciflora or Rhagodia baccata; Nitraria billardierei Shrubland

Ouindalup Dunes

Youngest Dunes: Shrublands to Closed Heath dominated by Olearia axillaris and Scaevola crassifolia, by Alyxia buxifolia and Scaevola crassifolia or by Acacia rostellifera

Strand: Spinifex longifolius and S. hirsutus Grassland

Total Flora: 46 native taxa, 27 weeds (Storr 1961) (estimated >85% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Seal Island

Structural Units

Spearwood Dunes - Tamala Limestones: Low Open Shrublands dominated by Carpobrotus virescens and Frankenia pauciflora or Rhagodia baccata

Quindalup Dunes - Strand: Spinifex longifolius Grassland

Total Flora: 18 native taxa, 14 weeds (Storr 1961) (estimated >85% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Gull Island

Structural Units

Spearwood Dunes - Tamala Limestones: *Nitraria billardierei* Shrubland **Total Flora:** 2 native taxa (Storr 1961) (estimated >85% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded





#### **Bird Island**

#### Structural Units

Spearwood Dunes - Tamala Limestones: Nitraria billardierei Shrubland; Lavatera plebeia var. tomentosa Low Shrubland

Total Flora: 18 native taxa, 13 weeds (Storr 1961) (estimated >85% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Lavatera plebeia var. tomentosa (virtually restricted to offshore Islands — Keighery, GJ, 1990a).

#### Shag Rock

#### Structural Units

Spearwood Dunes - Tamala Limestones: Nitraria billardierei Shrubland; Lavatera plebeia var. tomentosa Low Shrubland

**Total Flora:** West Shag Rock — 6 native taxa; East Shag Rock — 4 native taxa (Storr 1961) (estimated >85% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Lavatera plebeia var. tomentosa (virtually restricted to offshore Islands — Keighery, GJ, 1990a).

**Vegetation Condition:** >75% Very Good, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Fauna: multiple surveys by Abbott (1977) and RAOU (1996 D), 4 visits, for birds (50), by CALM (1992a) for native mammals (2) and Costa (1977) for reptiles (6). Important breeding site for 14 bird species including Little Penguin and 11 other seabirds and important habitat for at least five JAMBA/CAMBA species. Significant bird species: category 2 (5) and category 3 (1). Significant breeding population of Bridled Tern. Significant mammal species: Australian Sea-lion

#### Linkage: no adjacent bushland Other Special Attributes

Specific coastal reserve criteria not applied to small islands

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserves 17070 and 24204 is endorsed.

## LAKE COOLOONGUP, LAKE WALYUNGUP AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, HILLMAN TO PORT KENNEDY

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 356 Map no. 87, 93, 99 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NW, 2033-II SW System 6 (1983): M103 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names: not known

#### Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Rockingham (Hillman, Cooloongup, Waikiki, Warnbro, Port Kennedy, Baldivis)

Area (ha): total 2727.6 (includes open water); bushland 1604.1

#### Zoning

MRS: Urban, Parks and Recreation, Rural, Public Purposes—Special Uses, Railways, Controlled Access Highways, Other Major Highways, Important Regional Roads, Public Purposes—Water Authority Of WA TPS: Landscape, Public Open Space, Local Roads, Rural

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#### Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (including commercial organisation)

## Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

0, 11 Day Rd; 11, 19, 20, 21, 317, 318, 319, 320, 327, 333, 334, 336, 338, 342, 583, 658, 757, 765, 766, 767, 785, 1114, 1126, 1286, 1287, 1331, 1387 Mandurah Rd; 328, 461, 1127, 1276 Safety Bay Rd; 2285, 2730 Elanora Dr; 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 22, 4097 Dixon Rd; 451 Timberlane Loop; 321, 322, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 1309, 1310, 1329, 1330, 1332 Eighty Rd; 14, 314, 315, 316 Fifty Rd; 1, 2 Baldivis Rd; 542 Saltaire Wy; 2, 581, 582 Warnbro Sound Ave; 766, 768, 771, 796 Forty Rd; 1300 Stakehill Rd; 1, 19, 461 Ennis Ave; 1 Port Kennedy Dr; 0, 26, 1001 street not identified

Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

#### LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

**Quindalup Dunes** (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Qhs: S13, LS4)

Wetlands (within the Spearwood/Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps, Cs1)

Lagoonal and Estuarine Deposits (within the Spearwood/Bassendean Dunes)

Lagoonal and Estuarine Deposits (Vasse) (Qhg: M5)

#### **VEGETATION AND FLORA**

#### Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Quindalup Dunes

Quindalup Complex

#### Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

#### Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

17 Melaleuca rhaphiophylla — Gahnia trifida seasonal wetlands

Woodlands over sedgelands in Holocene dune swales (DEP 1996, equivalent to 19 in Gibson et al. 1994, English and Blyth 1997)

#### Supergroup 3: Uplands centred on Bassendean Dunes and Dandaragan Plateau

21a Central Banksia attenuata — Eucalyptus marginata woodlands

#### Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands (most southerly occurrence)

\*29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: lake, sumpland, dampland, artificial lake

#### Natural Wetland Groups

#### Spearwood Dunes

Stakehill (S.4)

#### Quindalup

Cooloongup (Qu.1)

Becher (Qu.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (1462.3ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 312.8ha + 24.2ha + 438.6ha + 48.8 = 824.4ha (total)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Critically Endangered (floristic community type 19 as defined by Gibson et al. 1994)

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetlands, vegetated uplands

**Vegetation and Flora:** detailed survey (part Bushplan Site — Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997c, Tingay and Tingay 1977); limited survey (EPA and WAWA 1990, Gibson et al. 1994 (Tam 01, Cool 01–04, 08–09, 11, Kero 01–02), Keighery, GJ, 1996 D (Cool 14–15))

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Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — EPA and WAWA 1990, Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997c, Tingay and Tingay 1977)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland; Eucalyptus gomphocephala, E. marginata and Banksia attenuata Open Forest; Grevillea vestita Closed Heath; Hibbertia hypericoides Open Low Heath

**Ouindalup Dunes** 

Beach ridge plain: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland to Forest; Acacia rostellifera Tall Open Scrub; Jacksonia furcellata and Acacia rostellifera Shrubland; Acacia saligna Low Open Woodland to Low Woodland; Xanthorrhoea preissii Open Heath

Wetlands (at or near the interface of the Quindalup and Spearwood Dunes): Open to Closed Sedgelands dominated by Baumea juncea, Gahnia trifida, Lepidosperma longitudinale, Juncus kraussii or Baumea vaginalis or combinations of these; Banksia littoralis Low Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Forest; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland to Forest

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland; Acacia saligna Low Woodland; Xanthorrhoea preissii Open Heath

Vegetation Condition: >60% Very Good to Pristine, <40% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 174 native taxa, 82 exotics (part Bushplan Site — Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997c) (>85% of expected

Significant Flora: Keighery, BJ, et al. 1997c — Trachymene coerulea, T. pilosa (distinct form found also at Rottnest Island), Sonchus hydrophilus (at risk), Atriplex suberecta (not previously recorded on the Swan Coastal Plain), Linum marginale (rarely recorded on Quindalup dunes), Acacia pulchella var. goadbyi (only known occurrence on the Swan Coastal Plain), Eremophila glabra subsp. albicans, Jacksonia furcellata (floriferous shrub form), Kennedia coccinea (becoming increasingly uncommon on the western margins of the Plain)

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 3 visits, and by A & SR Tingay (1977) for birds (73). Significant bird species: category 2 (6), category 3 (10), category 4 (5). Significant population of Black Swan. Limited survey by A & SR Tingay (1977) for native mammals (2), reptiles (1), amphibians (3) and fish (1). Significant mammal species: Western Brush Wallaby and Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS349, across road), south, east and west (BS377); part of proposed Greenways 98, 102, 138, 99 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### Other Special Attributes

Meets five of the six specific criteria for coastal reserves-

- (i) Quindalup Dune types: beach ridge plain and older dunes
- (ii) Continuing natural processes: 1079.4ha (837.4 bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to 8.8km inland (through Bushplan Site 377 to coast)
- (iv) Linkage: Quindalup/Spearwood Dunes (Tamala Limestone) interface
- (v) Vegetation: five regional floristic groups, one of which is a threatened community(vi) Habitats: see Fauna section above;

Part Bushplan Site (Lake Cooloongup and Lake Walyungup) — wetland of 'national significance'; part Bushplan Site (Tamworth Lakes) --- wetland of 'regional significance' (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b); contains examples of microbialites, organo-sedimentary structures formed by microorganisms, the oldest life-form on earth (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997b); majority of Bushplan Site included in Port Kennedy and Rockingham Parks proposal (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997b)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP, Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning and Public Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, Priority and General Mineral Resource Area (limestone), mining tenements M70/556 and M70/558

Recommendation: The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Rockingham Lakes Regional Park is endorsed.

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#### PORT KENNEDY

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary (Areas of bushland within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 377

Map no. 92, 98, 99

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SW, 2033-III

NE, 2033-III SE

System 6 (1983): Part M106 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, only bushland described

Other Names

Becher Point Wetlands

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Rockingham (Port Kennedy, Secret Harbour)

Area (ha): total 785.2; bushland 674.9

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Parks and Recreation, Waterways, Public

Purposes-Special Uses

TPS: Development Zone, Landscape, Ocean

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

132, 133 Forty Rd; 138, 213, 1377 street not identified

Crown Reserve

Nature Reserve 44077 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna),

45041 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna)

Ownership Categories

State Government

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Ouindalup Dunes (Holocene dunes)

Safety Bay Sands (Ohs: S2, S13)

Wetlands (within the Quindalup)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qhw: Cps)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

**Ouindalup Dunes** 

Quindalup Complex

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, types inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

19a Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales (DEP 1996, equivalent to 19 in Gibson et al. 1994, English and Blyth 1997)

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

29b Acacia shrublands on taller dunes

\*S13 Northern Olearia axillaris - Scaevola crassifolia shrublands

\*S14 Spinifex longifolius grassland and low shrubland

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, sumpland

Natural Wetland Groups

Quindalup

Cooloongup (Qu.1)

Becher (Qu.2)

Peelhurst (Ou.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (19.5ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Critically Endangered (floristic community type 19 as defined by Gibson et al. 1994), Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: coastal dunes

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c; part Bushplan Site - Trudgen 1989); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (PB 01-06))

Structural Units: mapping (part Bushplan Site — Trudgen 1989)

Quindalup Dunes

Uplands - Beach ridge plain: Olearia axillaris Open Shrubland to Closed Heath to Closed Tall Scrub; Scaevola crassifolia and Olearia axillaris Low Open heath to Closed Heath to Open Scrub; Open Heath to Open Low Heaths dominated by Acacia rostellifera, A. lasiocarpa var. lasiocarpa, Melaleuca acerosa, Olearia axillaris, Jacksonia furcellata and combinations of these over Austrostipa flavescens Grassland



Wetlands - Beach ridge plain: Juncus kraussii Closed Sedgeland, at times over Sarcocornia quinqueflora Closed Herbland; Isolepis nodosa and Baumea juncea Closed to Open Sedgeland, generally with an overstorey of Xanthorrhoea preissii

Strand: Spinifex longifolius Grassland
Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

**Vegetation Condition:** >60% Very Good to Pristine, <40% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 172 native taxa, 68 weeds (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c) (estimated >90% expected flora) Significant Flora: (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1993c): Cryptandra mutila and Zygophyllum fruticulosum (southern range end), Diplolaena dampieri and Hibbertia cuneiformis (northern range end); Jacksonia furcellata (floriferous shrub form)

Fauna: limited survey by Binnie & Partners (1988) and Tingay, Alan & Associates (1997a) for birds (22), native mammals (5), reptiles (7) and amphibians (3). Significant mammal species: Western Brush Wallaby and Quenda Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north, south and east (BS356); part of proposed Greenways 1, 98 (Tingay, Alan, & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### Other Special Attributes

Meets all six of the specific criteria for coastal reserves —

(i) Quindalup Dune types: beach ridge plain

(ii) Continuing natural processes: 764.2ha (657.9ha bushland) of Quindalup Dunes extending to 4km inland

(iii) Shoreline: sandy (soft)

(iv) Linkage: through adjacent BS356 to Spearwood Dunes

(v) Vegetation: two regional floristic groups, one of which is a threatened community, areas of vegetation in apparently Pristine condition

(vi) Habitats: see Fauna section above;

Part Bushplan Site recommended to be declared an A-class Nature Reserve for the protection of flora and fauna in Gibson et al. 1994; wetlands of 'national and international significance' (Semeniuk, V&C Research Group 1991b); majority of Bushplan Site included in Port Kennedy and Rockingham Parks proposal (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997b)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Listed on the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban zoning

Recommendation: The care, control and management of this Bushplan Site (Reserves 44077, 45041) for conservation purposes within Port Kennedy and Rockingham Lakes Regional Park is endorsed.

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# 2.6 ESTUARIES, RIVERS AND CREEKS



## 2.6 ESTUARIES, RIVERS AND CREEKS

#### 2.6.1 INTRODUCTION

#### Location, Landscape and Soils

A number of Bushplan Sites have been identified along the estuaries, rivers and creeks of the Swan Coastal Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region, namely those associated with:

- the Swan and Canning Estuaries
- the Swan, Helena, Canning, Serpentine and Southern Rivers
- Bennett Brook.

Where a creek was closely aligned with upland regionally significant bushland, sections of the creek, or the entire creek, are grouped as a Bushplan Site and the description located with the appropriate major landform element group. Bushplan Site 2 is an example, along the Ellen Brook.

In some instances the entire course of the estuary, river or creek has not been mapped within the boundaries of a Bushplan Site as there was no bushland mapped for certain sections of the river or creek. This is a product of the selection process and these unmapped areas should be considered regionally significant as part of important linkages (see Volume 2, Map 8 and Volume 2, Part A, section 4.4.5).

Collectively, the estuaries, rivers and creeks on the Swan Coastal Plain in the Perth Metropolitan Region cross all of the major landform elements. Associated landforms range through steep Tamala Limestone cliffs of the Swan Estuary, sandy bars and flats, and waterlogged alluvial flats.

The soils associated with these estuaries, rivers and creeks range from mud and sand overlaying quartz sand to sand overlaying Tamala Limestone diffs, alluvium of quartz sand and clay, quartz sands and, along the Serpentine River, iron-indurated hardpans (Table 2.6). In addition the soils of the estuaries are influenced by saline and/or freshwater inundation and/or waterlogging while the rivers and creeks are predominantly fresh but are increasingly subject to salinity.

## Remnant Vegetation along Estuaries, Rivers and Creeks

Vegetation associated with estuaries, rivers and creeks is typically highly cleared. The presence of relatively fertile soils and fresh water from the river or creek or shallow wells adjacent to transport corridors made these areas the first focus for agriculture. In addition many of the wet flats have been drained and filled for agriculture, playing fields and roads. Between one per cent and II per cent of the native vegetation in the vegetation complexes associated with these areas remains (Table 3.6).

## Plant Communities and their Conservation along Estuaries, Rivers and Creeks

At the regional level four vegetation complexes (Table 3.6) have been identified as being associated with the estuaries, rivers and creeks.

In general, estuarine and riverine vegetation was not systematically sampled in the Gibson et al. (1994) study — it was not possible to cover fully this vegetation in the time available and it was considered that these restricted habitat types had been documented elsewhere (Pen 1993, Siemon et al. 1993). The System 6 Update work sampled a few locations in these habitats but, again, this was not done systematically. As a consequence, while floristic community types have been identified in specific bushland areas, the units broadly associated with this vegetation have not been determined. Two of the floristic community types associated with the creeks that traverse the Foothills, floristic community types 3a and 3c, and another, floristic community type 30a (after Gibson et al. 1994), associated with the Swan Estuary are threatened ecological communities.

A variety of vegetation associations has been identified on the slopes and wetflats along estuaries, rivers and creeks. These are best dealt with under each of the wetland types.

#### Estuaries

#### Wetflats

The main vegetation associations on the wetflats are forest to woodland, shrublands and sedgelands.





While the estuarine margins are typically saline, freshwater seepages result in the local occurrence of freshwater communities. These broad units and associated dominant species are:

#### Forests and Woodlands

Eucalypts — Eucalyptus rudis Sheoaks — Casuarina obesa Melaleucas — Melaleuca rhaphiophylla, M. cuticularis

#### Shrublands

Melaleuca viminea, Halosarcia species, Sarcocornia species

#### Sedgelands

Baumea juncea, Bolboschoenus caldwellii, Schoenoplectus validus, Gahnia trifida, Leptocarpus, Juncus kraussii, J. pallidus

#### Slopes

The main vegetation associations on the slopes are low woodlands and shrublands, dominated by species typical of the Quindalup and/or Spearwood Dunes (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998). The broad units and associated dominant species are:

#### Woodlands

Eucalypts — Eucalyptus gomphocephala Banksias — Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii Sheoaks — Allocasuarina fraseriana Others — Callitris preissii

#### Shrublands (dominant and other taxa)

Acacia lasiocarpa var. lasiocarpa, A. truncata, A. xanthina, Acanthocarpus preissii, Adriana quadripartita, Alyxia buxifolia, Anthocercis littorea, Comesperma integerrima, Dodonaea aptera, Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Grevillea vestita, Melaleuca huegelii, Pittosporum phylliraeoides var. phylliraeoides, Scaevola nitida, Spyridium globulosum, Templetonia retusa

#### Herblands

Conostylis candicans

Many of these taxa are typical of the Muchea Limestone communities and it is possible that the estuaries formed a corridor for the migration of elements of the Spearwood/Quindalup flora to the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998).

#### Rivers

The main vegetation associations on the river banks and flats are forest to woodland, shrublands and sedgelands. These broad units and associated dominant species are:

#### Forests and Woodlands

Eucalypts — Eucalyptus rudis Sheoaks — Casuarina obesa (occasional) Melaleucas — Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Others — Acacia saligna

#### Shrublands

Melaleuca viminea, Astartea aff. fascicularis, Acacia dentifera, Agonis linearifolia

#### Herblands

Centella cordifolia

#### Sedgelands

Baumea juncea, B. articulata, Carex fascicularis, Lepidosperma tetraquetrum, L. effusum, Juncus pallidus.

#### Grasslands

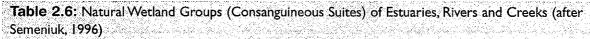
Hemarthria uncinata

#### **Creeks**

The vegetation associated with creeks may be similar to that described for rivers or their adjacent communities when the creek is traversing the Pinjarra Plain or Foothills. Creeks of the Pinjarra Plain and Foothills are generally dominated by Eucalyptus calophylla and/or E. wandoo.

Typically, vegetation associated with estuaries, rivers and creeks is in narrow bands which are rarely intact, generally being in a degraded condition, usually backed by roads, grazed land and recreation land or housing. Intact estuarine, riverine and creekline vegetation (that is, good or better condition) is a rare occurrence on the Swan Coastal Plain. The small intact patches are all that remain of the complex wetland system that was once associated with the watercourses. Species such as Parsonsia diaphanophleba (only found at Lowlands – Bushplan Site 368 in the Perth Metropolitan Region), Acacia dentifera and A. paradoxa, which are only known on the Swan Coastal Plain from riverine communities, indicate that other species, and perhaps communities, may once have occurred on the estuaries and watercourses.





Name & locations	Geomorphic setting	Primary wetlands	Stratigraphy	Origin of wetlands	
Creeks					
Ellen Brook suite (R3) — Pinjarra Plain Ellen Brook area		Creek, floodplain river	Clays & sandy clays overlying laterite & sandstones	Fluvial incision; sedimentation; surface runoff	
Bennett Brook suite (B/P4) 1. Ballajura: In Bennett Brook area west of West Swan	Bassendean Dune – with microscale creeks	Sumplands creeks palusplains floodplains	Quartz sands, or clay overlying quartz sand	Depressions which intersect the water table. Precipitation is ponded by clay lenses in the sub- surface. Palusplains are	
2. Balannup: In Southern River area north of Forrestdale Lake				situated between tributaries	
Yangedi: In Serpentine River area west of Serpentine township					
Rivers and Estuaries					
Swan River Estuary suite (E2) Swan River area between Fremantle & Guildford	Quindalup, Spearwood & River area between Bassendean; flooded		Mud & sand Marine-inundated roverlying quartz sand valley which was re basin for Canning, I & Swan Rivers		
Swan River suite (R2) Swan River, Helena River, Canning River, Serpentine River	Traversing the Swan Coastal Plain; incised channel alternatives with braided shallow channel, terraces & large point bar deposits	River floodplain	Alluvium of quartz sand & clay	Fluvial incision; sedimentation; surface runoff	
Goegrup suite (R4)  Serpentine River section north of Peel Inlet to Karnup  Contact depression between Spearwood Dunes Unit & Bassendean Dunes Unit – along which Serpentine River meanders		River, floodplains, palusplains, creeks	Quartz sand with Iron indurated hardpans	Fluvial incision; sedimentation; river has been impounded & water flow reduced	

**Table 3.6:** Vegetation complexes (Heddle *et al.*, 1980) and percentage remaining as native vegetation (AgWA, 1998 GIS) of Estuaries, Rivers and Creeks in the Perth Metropolitan Region

Vegetation Complex	Native Vegetation (%)
SERPENTINE RIVER COMPLEX: Closed scrub of Melaleuca species and fringing woodland of Eucalyptus rudis — Melaleuca rhaphiophylla along streams.	9
SWAN COMPLEX: Fringing woodland of Eucalyptus rudis — Melaleuca rhaphiophylla with localised occurrence of low open forest of Casuarina obesa and M. cuticularis	11
VASSE COMPLEX: Mixture of the closed scrub of Melaleuca species fringing woodland of Eucalyptus rudis  — Melaleuca species and open forest of E. gomphocephala — E. marginata — E. calophylla	
CANNINGTON COMPLEX: Mosaic of vegetation from adjacent vegetation complexes of Bassendean, Karrakatta, Southern River and Vasse.	

## DESCRIPTIONS ( )

### ESTUARIES, RIVERS AND CREEKS

#### 2.6.2 DESCRIPTIONS

Bushplan Bushplan		System Bushplan Site Name		Page No.	
Site No.	Map No.	6			
296	36		Ellen Brook, Upper Swan	369	
302	42, 47, 48,	M19	Swan River and Jane Brook, Ashfield to Upper Swan	370	
	52	M20			
215	53, 54	M33	Helena River, Helena Valley	372	
305	47, 52	M41	Bennett Brook, Eden Hill to West Swan	373	
491	52	M44	Swan River Backwater, South Guildford	375	
214	52		Ashfield Flats, Bassendean/Ashfield	376	
313	51, 57	M51	Swan River Saltmarshes, Bayswater/Maylands	377	
314	51, 57	M50	Swan River Foreshore, Mount Lawley/Maylands	378	
402	56	M62	Pelican Point, Crawley	380	
221	60	M59	Point Resolution Reserve, Dalkeith	381	
403	55, 60	M54	Peppermint Grove Foreshore	382	
334	60	M56	Chidley Point and Adjacent Bushland, Mosman Park	384	
aga garangan d		M61		<u> </u>	
335	60	M57	Minim Cove, Mosman Park	385	
490	60	M71	Cantonment Hill, Fremantle	386	
331	60, 61	M58	Blackwall Reach, Point Walter, Alfred Cove and Adjacent	387	
			Bushland, Bicton to Applecross		
329	61	M65	Point Heathcote Foreshore, Applecross	390	
338	61	M74	Yagan Wetland and Adjacent Bushland, Rossmoyne to Bull Creek	391	
227	61	M66	Mount Henry Bushland, Salter Point	393	
333	61, 62	M67	Canning River Foreshore, Salter Point to Wilson	394	
224	62, 63	M68	Canning River Regional Park and Adjacent Bushland, Riverton	395	
		M75	to Langford		
246	63, 69, 70	M75	Canning and Southern Rivers, Beckenham to Martin/Kelmscott	398	
255	- 69	M75	Dallen Road Bushland, Southern River/Gosnells	399	
260	69		Southern River and Adjoining Bushland, Westfield	400	
266	76, 83, 84		Wungong Brook, Byford	401	
371	95, 96	M105	Serpentine River, Peel Estate to Serpentine	403	
394	99, 100, 103, 104	M108	Lake Amarillo, Serpentine River and Adjacent Bushland, Karnup	404	

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#### **ELLEN BROOK, UPPER SWAN**

Boundary Definition: bushland/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 296 Other Names: not known Map no. 36

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-IV SW

Area (ha): total 57.2; bushland 44.1

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Bullsbrook)

MRS: Rural, Other Major Highways, Public Purposes-

Commonwealth

TPS: General Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

(Creekline and riverine lots not identified) 158 Warren Rd: 1 street not identified

Crown Reserve

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government, Local Government, Commonwealth Government, Not identified

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1, S11)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Beermullah Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

Supergroup 1 - Foothills/Pinjarra Plain Supergroup 2 - Seasonal Wetlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, river, creek, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups (undefined areas included in boundary)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Ellen Brook (R.3)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (45.4ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, creek

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Connell 1995, DEP 1996, 1998)

Structural Units/Scattered Native Plants

Wetlands (river banks and wetflats): Eucalyptus rudis Open Forest to Woodland over/or Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest to Low Woodland

Vegetation Condition: varies from a few patches in Excellent Condition with an understorey of sedges and shrubs to Completely Degraded with a pasture/weed understorey

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: bushland canopy linkage to the north (BS294), south (BS301) and west; part of proposed Greenway 50 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: naturally vegetated watercourses have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger more intact areas of bushland; contains a channel (Ellen Brook) recommended for conservation by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1992); contains 7706m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

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#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### SWAN RIVER AND JANE BROOK, ASHFIELD TO UPPER SWAN

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre)/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 302 Map no. 42, 47, 48, 52 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE, 2034-II SE, 2134-III NW

System 6 (1983): Part M19 and part M20 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (Herne Hill, Middle Swan, Henley Brook, West Swan, Millendon, Baskerville, Belhus, Upper Swan, Midland, Caversham, Brigadoon, Viveash

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), Local Government, State Government, Not identified

Area (ha): total 259.4(includes open water); bushland 227.3

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Industrial, Rural, Waterways, Parks and Recreation, Railways, Controlled Access Highways, Public Purposes-High School

TPS: Caravan Park, General Industrial, General Rural, Landscape, Local Road, Place of Public Assembly, Public Purposes, Recreation, Residential 1, Special Purpose, Swan Valley Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

(Creekline and riverine lots not identified)
1, 68, 69 Great Northern Hwy; 39 West Swan Rd; 59,
63, 64, River Rd; 97 Barrett St; 1, 3, 4, 30 Swan Rd; 1
Railway Ave; 14 Noack Rd; 43, 1007 Cathedral Ave; 81,
7526 Crosbie Rd; 1, 13, 69, 150, 216 Middle Swan Rd;
8181, 12133 Bernley Dr; 1 Toodyay Rd; 1, 2, 26
Ferguson St; 1, 50 Harris Rd; 2 Caversham Ave; 1007
Copley Rd; 17 street not identified
Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1) (Qha: Mc1, Cm2)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Swan Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred.

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, floodplain, palusplain, river, creek, artificial channel

**Natural Wetland Groups** 

Darling Plateau

Walyunga (D.1)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Swan River (R.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (83.3ha, 4818m), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 2.7 ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined



#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Jane Brook (from junction with Swan River eastward)
Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland
Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Ecoscape 1995a)

Structural Units: mapping (Ecoscape 1995a)

Wetlands (river banks and flats): Eucalyptus calophylla and E. wandoo occasional E. marginata Open Forest to Low Woodland; Astartea aff. fascicularis, Trymalium ledifolium and Acacia pulchella Shrubland to Low Shrubland; Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Open Forest to Low Open Forest

Scattered Native Plants: Woodlands to Forests dominated by Eucalyptus calophylla, E. rudis less commonly and other scattered native shrubs

Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Good (Ecoscape 1995a)

Total Flora: 20 native taxa, 45 weeds (Ecoscape 1995a) (estimated >85% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Opportunistic records (Ecoscape 1995) of birds (24), native mammals (2), reptiles (3) and amphibians (1). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Other Special Attributes: National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; naturally vegetated watercourses have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger more intact areas of bushland; contains open space of regional significance (DCE 1983); contains part of the channel (Jane Brook) recommended for conservation by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1992)

#### Swan River (West Swan Road to Upper Swan) and Susannah Brook (to Railway Parade)

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Chambers and Pen 1985, Connell 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (Chambers and Pen 1985, Connell 1995)

Wetlands (wetflats): Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Open Forest to Low Woodland over Juncus pallidus, Centella cordifolia, \*Paspalum distichum, \*P. dilatatum, \*Typha orientalis, \*Aster subulatus and combinations of these; Casuarina obesa and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest to Low Open Woodland; Eucalyptus rudis Woodland; Closed to Very Open Sedgelands containing Juncus kraussii, Bolboschoenus caldwellii, Schoenoplectus validus and combinations of these

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland

Vegetation Condition: Good (Connell 1995)

Total Flora: not known
Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Other Special Attributes: National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; One of few outcrops of the Guildford Formation, a sequence of conglomerate, grit, sandstone and clay deposited throughout most of the Pleistocene as alluvial fans (Lemmon et al. 1979); naturally vegetated watercourses have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger more intact areas of bushland; contains open space of regional significance (DCE 1983); contains part of the channel (Swan River and Susannah Brook) recommended for conservation by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1992); contains 8647m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

Linkage: (Swan River and Jane Brook) canopy linkage to the north; bushland to the south (BS305), east and west; part of proposed Greenways 33, 50, 51, 52, 54, (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

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#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, TPS Landscape Zoning and Recreation Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements, General and Priority Mineral Resource Area (clay)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

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### HELENA RIVER, HELENA VALLEY

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Map sheet series ref. no. 2134-III SW Map no. 53, 54 Bushplan Site no. 215

System 6 (1983): Part M33, part M34 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants, all vegetation

described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb) Shire of Mundaring (Helena Valley, Darlington), Shire of

Kalamunda (Gooseberry Hill, Piesse Brook, Helena

Valley)

Ownership Categories

Commonwealth Government, State Government, Local

Government

Area (ha): total 80.7; bushland 77.7 Zoning

MRS: Rural, Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape, Rural Landscape Living

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

3, 34, 35, 36, 37 Clayton Rd; 38, 39 Fyfe St; 0, 11, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258 Helena Valley Rd; 216, 217, 582, 2822 Victor Rd; 14 Atoifi Gdns; 12742

street not identified; Water

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Darling Plateau (Darling Range)/Darling Scarp

Even-grained Granite (Ae, Aes: M3, GR)

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Mgs2)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Mgs1) (Qha: Cm2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Scarps

Darling Scarp Complex

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain

Swan Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred.

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: river, creek

Natural Wetland Groups (undefined areas included in boundary)

Darling Plateau

Walyunga (D.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (930m)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998)

Structural Units

Uplands (aerial photograph interpretation after BS217): Eucalyptus wandoo Low Open Woodland to Open Woodland; Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland; Hakea lissocarpha and Acacia pulchella Open Heath

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Tall Open Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Open Forest; Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland to Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland to Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: 30% Very Good, >30% Good, 40% Degraded, with areas of severe localised

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: Anthocercis gracilis (R), Hakea myrtoides (3)

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

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disturbance

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north and west; part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: naturally vegetated watercourses have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger more intact areas of bushland; contains open space of regional significance (DCE 1983); contains 4860m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Declared Rare Flora, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### BENNETT BROOK, EDEN HILL TO WEST SWAN

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Map no. 47, 52Bushplan Site no. 305

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II NE, 2034-II SE System 6 (1983): Part M19, M41 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Contains Success Hill Reserve

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Swan (West Swan, Caversham, Guildford, Midland, Beechboro), Town of Bassendean (Eden Hill, Bassendean)

#### Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (including commercial organisation), Local Government, Not identified

Area (ha): total 179.3 (includes open water); bushland 119.9

#### Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Rural, Waterways, Railways, Controlled Access Highways, Important Regional Roads, Urban, Public Purposes-Hospital, Public Purposes-Special Uses

TPS: Landscape, General Rural, Swan Valley Rural, Private Clubs and Institutions, Single Residential Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

(Creekline and riverine lots not identified) 28 Meadow St; 1 West Swan Rd; 16, 17, 75, 76, 133, 10206 Lord St; 0, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 101, 102, 103 Bennett St; 0 Widgee Rd; 30, 31, 40, 104, 12781, 12782 Victoria Rd; 41 Borah Ct; 99, 100, 134 Patricia St; 1, 18, 96, 190, 601 Swan St; 14, 51 Market St; 2988, 3082 Harper St; 12350 Valley Brook Rd; 3, 12, 15, 23 Benara Rd; 5, 72, 73 Coast Rd; 10, 11 Marshall Rd; 12444, 12445 Brookside Gdns; 11 Valley Brook Rd

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford formation (Opa: Mgs1) (Qha: Mc1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Pinjarra Plain

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Guildford Complex Swan Complex

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#### Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

S7 Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands

#### REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: floodplain, dampland, palusplain, river, creek, artificial channel, estuary (waterbody)

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Swan River (R.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (123ha, 293.6m), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 20.4ha

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, river, creek, estuary, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996 (Benn 01-03), EPA and WAWA 1990, Keighery, BJ, 1996b)

Structural Units: mapping (EPA and WAWA 1990)

Uplands: Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Open Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Closed Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest to Low Closed Forest; Casuarina obesa and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Eucalyptus rudis, Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest; Open Low Heaths of Halosarcia halocnemoides, H. lepidosperma, H. pergranulata and Sarcocornia quinqueflora; Sedgelands to Closed Sedgelands dominated by Bolboschoenus caldwellii and \*Typha orientalis

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >70% Good to Excellent, <30% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 62 native taxa, 21 weeds (Keighery, BJ, 1996b) (estimated >75% expected flora)

Significant Flora: the co-occurrence of the four samphire species — Halosarcia halocnemoides, H. lepidosperma, H. pergranulata and Sarcocornia quinqueflora — is unusual (L. Pen pers. comm. in BJ Keighery 1996b); Sarcocornia blackiana (known from one other locality, L. Pen pers. comm. in BJ Keighery 1996b)

**Fauna:** multiple and structured surveys by Cooper *et al.* (in press) and RAOU (1996 D) for birds (73), and by Cooper *et al.* (in press) for native mammals (1), reptiles (12) and amphibians (7). Significant bird species: category 1 (2), category 3 (8) and category 4 (5). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north (BS304) and east (BS302); part of proposed Greenways 21, 50 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of contiguous and fragmented bushland/wetland linkages (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: the largest and most diverse relatively intact lagoonal system on the Swan-Canning River Estuary (L. Pen pers. comm. in BJ Keighery 1996b); one of a very limited number of bushland areas on the Swan Estuary, naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary having particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between areas of bushland; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983); contains part of a channel (Bennett Brook) recommended for conservation by Semeniuk, V&C Research Group (1992); contains 3183m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP, Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). Parts of this Bushplan Site are already reserved for Parks and Recreation in the Metropolitan Region Scheme and should be protected as a reserve with a conservation purpose.

## DESCRIPTIONS ( SOLVE)

#### SWAN RIVER BACKWATER, SOUTH GUILDFORD

Boundary Definition: System 6 area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 491 Map no. 52 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE

System 6 (1983): M44 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation

described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb) Shire of Swan (South Guildford)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (including commercial organisation), Not identified

Area (ha): total 1.3 (includes open water); <0.6

bushland **Zoning** 

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Waterways

TPS: No zone

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

3, 58 Kidman Ave; 55 Wilkie St; 0, 23, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 54 River View Ave

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Piniarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Oha: Ms4)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain Swan Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: floodplain, estuary (peripheral)

Natural Wetland Groups

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Swan River (R.2)

Estuaries

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (15ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, estuary Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1998, Pen 1983)

Structural Units: mapping (Pen 1983)

Wetlands (wetflats): Eucalyptus rudis Forest to Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest to Low Woodland; Casuarina obesa and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Sarcocornia quinqueflora Low Shrubland to Closed Low Heath; Closed Sedgelands to Sedgelands dominated by Bolboschoenus caldwellii and Juncus kraussii

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis Forest to Woodland - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Degraded

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: canopy/creekline linkage to north and south; part of proposed Greenway 24 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: one of a very limited number of bushland areas on the Swan Estuary, naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary having particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between areas of bushland; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia



#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria met for inclusion: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and/or TPS Parks and Recreation Zone, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

### ASHFIELD FLATS, BASSENDEAN/ASHFIELD

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 214

Map no. 52

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE

Area (ha): total 40.6; bushland 11.1

Other Names Ashfield Flats Submission Area 253

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Bassendean (Bassendean, Ashfield)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Private

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Waterways TPS: Group Residential, Landscape, Recreation Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

9, 300, 667, 4689 Kitchener Rd; 1092, 1094, 1095, 1096, 1097, 4690 Ashfield Pde; 0, 3, 12, 663, 1062 Hardy Rd; 63, 64, 65, 66, 616, 617 Hamilton St; 67, 69 Villiers St; 3093 West Rd

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Alluvial Colluvial Deposit (Qha/Qc: Ms4)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Pinjarra Plain

Swan Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: artificial channel, estuary (waterbody), estuary (shoreline and peripheral)

Natural Wetland Groups

Estuaries

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (39.6ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, estuary

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Appropriate Technology Group (Inc.) 1988, Connell 1995, Pen 1983)

Structural Units: mapping (Appropriate Technology Group (Inc.) 1988, Pen 1983)

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Open Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla, M. viminea Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Casuarina obesa, Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Open Forest;

# DESCRIPTIONS (SOUTH)

Sarcocornia quinqueflora Low Shrubland to Closed Low Heath; Halosarcia indica subsp. bidens and H. halocnemoides Low Shrubland to Closed Low Heath; Schoenoplectus validus Sedgeland to Closed Sedgeland; Juncus kraussii Sedgeland to Closed Sedgeland; Closed Sedgelands dominated by Bolboschoenus caldwellii and \*Typha orientalis

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: varies from areas in Excellent Condition to Completely Degraded

Total Flora: 22 native taxa, 22 weeds (Appropriate Technology Development Group (Inc.) 1988) (>50% of expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: limited surveys by Appropriate Technology Group (Inc.) (1988) for birds (51), also abundant frogs noted. Good assemblage of wide-ranging and transient bird species. Significant bird species: category 3 (1)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 24 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: one of a very limited number of bushland areas on the Swan Estuary, naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary having particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between areas of bushland

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia (Swan River)

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning and Recreation Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### SWAN RIVER SALTMARSHES, BAYSWATER/MAYLANDS

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 313 Map no. 51, 57 Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE

System 6 (1983): M51 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Submission Area 209

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Bayswater (Bayswater), City of Belmont (Ascot)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Waterways, Private

Area (ha): total 49.2; bushland 38.6

Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

556, 561 Hardey Rd; 226, 230 Harold St; 1, 2, 3 Clarkson Rd; 224, 225 Waterway Cr; 304 Swan View

Tce; 0, 107 Stone St

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Ms2) (Qha: Mc1) Alluvial Colluvial Deposit (Qha/Qc: Ms4)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Swan Complex



Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

REGIONAL WETLANDS

Wetland Types: artificial channel, creek, estuary (waterbody), estuary (shoreline and peripheral)

Natural Wetland Groups

Estuaries

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (39.6ha, 393.8m)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, estuary, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Connell 1995, Regeneration Technology 1994, Smith, P, 1985); limited survey (EPA 1985b, Pen 1983)

Structural Units: mapping (Pen 1983, Regeneration Technology 1994, Smith, P, 1985)

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Open Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Open Forest with patches of Juncus pallidus Sedgeland; Casuarina obesa and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Sarcocornia quinqueflora and Suaeda australia Low Shrubland to Closed Low Heath; Halosarcia indica subsp. bidens and H. halocnemoides Low Shrubland to Closed Low Heath; Juncus kraussii Sedgeland to Closed Sedgeland; Closed Sedgelands dominated by Bolboschoenus caldwellii and \*Typha orientalis

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: varies from areas in Excellent Condition to Completely Degraded Total Flora: 46 native taxa, 39 exotics (Smith, P, 1985) (estimated >50% expected flora)

Significant Flora: not surveyed

Fauna: multiple and structured surveys for birds (80), native mammals (1), reptiles (7) and amphibians (6) (Siemon 1991). Significant waterbird habitat including breeding, feeding and wading habitats. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (7) and category 4 (6). Significant mammal species: Water Rat. Significant reptile species: Mourning Skink (Egernia luctuosa)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 24 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a

regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: one of a very limited number of bushland areas on the Swan Estuary, naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary having particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between areas of bushland; contains open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### SWAN RIVER FORESHORE, MOUNT LAWLEY/MAYLANDS

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 314 Mag

Map no. 51, 57

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SE

Area (ha): total 27.7; bushland 16.7

System 6 (1983): Part M50 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Maylands Foreshore Reserve, Berringa Park

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Bayswater (Maylands, Mount Lawley), Town of

Vincent (Mt Lawley)

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Parks and Recreation, Waterways TPS: Landscape, Medium Density Residential



# AN CONTROL DESCRIPTIONS (SELVING)

#### Ownership Categories

Local Government, State Government, Not identified

### Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

101 Mitchell St; 0 Thirlmere Rd; 6 Guildford Rd; 13, 20, 10141 Fourth Ave; 10731 Bardon Pl; 1 Mary St Crown Reserve

### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Alluvial Colluvial Deposit (Qha/Qc: Mc1)

Bassendean Dunes
Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Pinjarra Plain

**Guildford Complex** 

Swan Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Marine (lagoonal and estuarine) Deposits

Vasse Complex (most northern occurrence)

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: creek, estuary (waterbody), estuary (shoreline and peripheral)

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

**Estuaries** 

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (18.5ha), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

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#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, estuary

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Meney 1989); limited survey (Connell 1995, Pen 1983)

Structural Units: mapping (Meney 1989, Pen 1983)

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Open Forest with patches of Juncus pallidus Sedgeland; Casuarina obesa and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Low Open Forest; Sarcocomia quinqueflora and Suaeda australia Low Shrubland to Closed Low Heath; Halosarcia indica subsp. bidens and H. halocnemoides Low Shrubland to Closed Low Heath; Juncus kraussii Sedgeland to Closed Sedgeland; Closed Sedgelands dominated by Bolboschoenus caldwellii and \*Typha orientalis

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

**Vegetation Condition:** varies from areas in Excellent Condition to Completely Degraded **Total Flora:** 47 native taxa, 38 weeds (Meney 1989) (estimated >80% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: multiple surveys for birds (68) (Smith, P, 1985, Jaesnch 1987) and limited surveys for native mammals (3), reptiles (8) and amphibians (4) (Meney 1989). Key site for water-birds feeding and breeding area especially ducks and rails. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 2 (3), category 3 (8) and category 4 (2). Significant reptile species: Mourning Skink (*Egernia luctuosa*)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 24 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: 'area represents 11 of the 21 communities identified along the Swan and Canning foreshore' (Meney 1989); is one of a very limited number of bushland areas on the Swan Estuary, naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary having particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between areas of bushland; contains open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Not listed; Indicative Place of the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

December 1998 Perth's Bushplan 379



## DESCRIPTIONS ( SANT)

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Diversity, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### PELICAN POINT, CRAWLEY

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/management boundary (Areas of bushland/native vegetation within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland/native vegetation.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 402 Map no. 56 M

Map sheet series ref. no. 2034-II SW

System 6 (1983): M62 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation described

Other Names: not known

Area (ha): total 24.1; bushland 0 (note comment under

Boundary Definition)

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Subiaco (Crawley)

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

on bublaco (Crawley)

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

5390, 7568, 7996, 8167, 8168, 8169, 8442, 8443,

10020 Hackett Dr

Crown Reserve

Reserve 17375 (Recreation), Reserve 40891 (Marine

Park)

Ownership Categories State Government

CALM Managed Land

### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qha: S14)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7) (not naturally vegetated)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Marine (lagoonal and estuarine) Deposits

Vasse Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: estuary (waterbody), estuary (shoreline and peripheral)

Natural Wetland Groups

Estuaries

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (17.1ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands, estuary

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, 1990b), limited survey (CALM 1992b)

Structural Units: mapping (CALM 1992b)

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Open Woodland; Melaleuca cuticularis Low Woodland; Juncus kraussii Closed Sedgeland; Bolboschoenus caldwellii, Cyperus gymnocaulos and C. tenuiflora Mixed Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala and E. calophylla Tall Woodland; Eucalyptus gomphocephala Tall Open Woodland; Eucalyptus rudis Woodland; Casuarina obesa Low Open Woodland; Acacia saligna Tall Open Shrubland - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: >20% Excellent to Very Good, <80% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 27 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, 1990b) (estimated >80% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none identified

Fauna: structured multiple surveys by Job (1972) and by RAOU (1996 D), 13 visits, for birds (90). Large assemblage (17 species) and population levels of trans-equatorial wading birds protected under the JAMBA/CAMBA treaties. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 2 (17), category 3 (2) and category 4 (5); Moaning Frog (BJ and GJ Keighery pers. comm.)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 24 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: is one of a very limited number of bushland areas on the Swan Estuary, naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary having particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between areas of bushland; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Listed on the Register of the National Estate; Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia (Swan-Canning Estuary System); Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserves 17375, 40891 is endorsed.

#### POINT RESOLUTION RESERVE, DALKEITH

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to cadastre boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 221 **Map no.** 60

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW System 6 (1983): M59 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation

described

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Nedlands (Dalkeith)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Area (ha): total 8.7; bushland 3.3

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Waterways

TPS: Landscape, Residential

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 10694 Jutland Pde Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Ots: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Otl: LS1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred



WETLANDS

Wetland Types: estuary (waterbody)

Natural Wetland Groups

**Estuaries** 

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (0.3ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands, vegetated wetlands, estuary

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Ecoscape 1991), detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998)

Structural Units: mapping (Ecoscape 1991)

Uplands (slopes) - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Open Woodland; Agonis flexuosa, Banksia sp. and Callitris preissii Low Woodland; Eucalyptus decipiens Low Open Woodland

Uplands (slopes) - Tamala Limestone: Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum Open Heath

Wetlands (wetflats): Juncus kraussii Sedgeland; Isolepis nodosus Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Mixed Eucalyptus gomphocephala, E. marginata and E. calophylla Tall Open Woodland with a remnant understorey of Xanthorrhoea preissii and Macrozamia riedlei

Vegetation Condition: >20% Very Good, 80% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 60 native taxa (Ecoscape 1991; Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998) (estimated >90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: limited surveys for birds (43), native mammals (2) and reptiles (6) (Ecoscape 1991). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 2 (3), category 3 (2) and category 4 (1)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 24 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger, more intact areas of bushland; one of the few naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia (Swan-Canning Estuaries); Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### PEPPERMINT GROVE FORESHORE

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to zoning) boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 403

Map no. 55, 60

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW, 2034-II

SW

System 6 (1983): M54 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation described

Other Names

Part Submission Area 190

Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Peppermint Grove (Peppermint Grove)

Area (ha): total 3.1; bushland 1.7

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Waterways

TPS: Landscape



## DESCRIPTIONS (SOLD)

Ownership Categories State Government Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name 2539 The Esplanade Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qha: S14)

Spearwood Dunes

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

**VEGETATION AND FLORA** 

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex - Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

30a2 Woodlands and shrublands on Holocene Dunes (DEP 1996, re-allocated from 30a, equivalent to 30a in Gibson et al. 1994, English and Blyth 1997)

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: estuary (waterbody)

Natural Wetland Groups

Estuaries

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (0.3ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Endangered (floristic community type 30a as defined by Gibson et al. 1994)

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: estuary — limestone cliff, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Pepgrv 01-02)); detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998)

Structural Units

Tamala Limestone: Callitris preissii and Eucalyptus gomphocephala Woodland; Callitris preissii Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala and Banksia species Open Woodland

**Vegetation Condition:** >40% Very Good to Good, <60% Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 59 native taxa (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998, Gibson et al. 1994) (estimated >75% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Dodonaea hackettiana (4); Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998 (taxa of restricted distribution on the Swan Coastal Plain associated with Swan/Canning estuarine bushland remnants) — Callitris preissii, Acacia xanthina, Alyxia buxifolia, Pittosporum phylliraeoides var. phylliraeoides

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the north; part of proposed Greenway 24 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; Peppermint Grove Limestone, a Middle Pleistocene emergent shell bed deposited during the Mindel-Riss interglacial period, is the most informative and well preserved natural outcrop in and around the Swan River District (Lemmon et al. 1979); is one of a very limited number of bushland areas on the Swan Estuary, naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary having particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between areas of bushland; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning



Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### CHIDLEY POINT AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, MOSMAN PARK

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to cadastre boundary (Areas of bushland/native vegetation within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 334 Map no. 60 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW

System 6 (1983): M56 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation described

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

Town of Mosman Park (Mosman Park)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State

Government

Area (ha): total 17.8; bushland 3.2

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

13, 20, 78, 81, 82, 102, 602, 608, 611, 9800 Saunders St; 36, 38 The Coombe; 22, 23, 24, 25, 11074 Riverview Pl; 3, 81 Bateman St; 105, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 161 Bay View Tce; 12059 Chine Pl

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: estuary (waterbody)

Natural Wetland Groups

Estuaries

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (0.3ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: estuary - limestone cliff, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Chidpt 01), Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998)

Structural Units Uplands (slopes) - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala and Banksia species Open

Uplands - Tamala Limestone: Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum and Acacia xanthina Tall Open Scrub

Wetlands (wetflats): Juncus kraussii Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala and Banksia sp. Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >30% Very Good to Excellent, >70% Degraded to Good, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 69 native species (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998, Gibson et al. 1994) (estimated >90% of flora)

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Significant Flora: Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998 (taxa of restricted distribution on the Swan Coastal Plain associated with Swan/Canning estuarine bushland remnants) — Acacia truncata, A. xanthina

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 24 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a

regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; Quaternary Site, as exposures of limestone cliffs (Lemmon et al. 1979); naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger more intact areas of bushland; one of the few naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include parts for which — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### MINIM COVE, MOSMAN PARK

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary (Areas of bushland/native vegetation within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 335 Map no. 60

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW

System 6 (1983): M57 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb) Town of Mosman Park (Mosman Park)

Ownership Categories State Government

Area (ha): total 12.2; bushland 0 (See comment under Boundary Definition)

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

654 Stone St; 1, 8 Fairbairn St

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS Spearwood Dunes Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1) VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: estuary (waterbody)

Natural Wetland Groups

Estuaries

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (0.01ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

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#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: estuary — limestone cliff, vegetated wetland, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998)

Structural Units

Uplands (slopes) - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Eucalyptus gomphocephala and Banksia sp. Woodland

Uplands (slopes) - Tamala Limestone: Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum Open Heath

Wetlands (wetflats): Juncus kraussii Closed Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala and Banksia sp. Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: >50% Very Good to Excellent, <50% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 71 native species (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998) (estimated >80% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998 (taxa of restricted distribution on the Swan Coastal Plain associated with Swan/Canning estuarine bushland remnants) — Boronia alata (disjunct north from Cape Naturaliste, only population on the mainland in the Perth Region; also recorded from two other locations in the Perth area — Rottnest and Garden Islands), Acacia xanthina, A. truncata, Alyxia buxifolia

Fauna: opportunistic survey by B. Maryan and R. Browne-Cooper (pers. comm.) for reptiles (7)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 24 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; exposed Marine Shell Beds containing fossil fauna which have yet to be completely examined. Overlaid by aeolian limestones of the Tamala Limestone, they are a significant reference point for the study of sea level changes during the Quaternary (Lemmon et. al. 1979); is one of a very limited number of bushland areas on the Swan Estuary, naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary having particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between areas of bushland; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Listed on the Register of the National Estate

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetland; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown

Recommendation: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### CANTONMENT HILL, FREMANTLE

Boundary Definition: System 6 area boundary (Areas of bushland/native vegetation within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped. The boundary has been drawn to include any unmapped bushland/native vegetation.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 490 **Map no.** 60

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW System 6 (1983): M71 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), only bushland described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb) City of Fremantle (Fremantle)

Ownership Categories Local Government

Area (ha): total 0.8; bushland 0 (note comment above

under Boundary Definition) Zoning

MRS: Urban TPS: Local Reserve-Open Space

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name 0 Canning Hwy



# DESCRIPTIONS (SOLUTION)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Spearwood Dunes

Cottesloe Complex - Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \* types inferred

Supergroup 4 - Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands

WETLANDS

No wetlands mapped

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: limestone ridge, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996, Ecoscape 1989)

Structural Units: mapping (Ecoscape 1989)
Uplands (slopes): Acacia xanthina Tall Open Scrub
Vegetation Condition: Good to Degraded

Total Flora: 20 native taxa, 27 weeds (compiled from DEP 1996 and Ecoscape 1989; some of these natives

may be planted) (estimated >80% expected flora)

Significant Flora: most southerly location for Acacia xanthina; a series of species associated with the Spearwood Dunes (sands and Tamala Limestone) the occurrence of which is extended inland along the river — Acacia xanthina, Acanthocarpus preissii, Dodonaea aptera, Spyridium globulosum and Templetonia retusa.

Fauna: limited survey by Ecoscape (1989) for birds (16) and reptiles (2)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland

Other Special Attributes: naturally vegetated areas alongside the Swan Estuary have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger, more intact areas of bushland; one of the few naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria met for inclusion: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; under TPS Local Reserve - Open Space Zoning

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

### BLACKWALL REACH, POINT WALTER, ALFRED COVE AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, BICTON TO APPLECROSS

**Boundary Definition:** protected area/bushland (part taken to cadastre)/bushland group boundary (Areas of bushland/native vegetation within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 331 Map no. 60, 61 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW

System 6 (1983): M58 and part M61 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Zoning

TPS: Landscape

Street name

0 Dunkley Ave

Area (ha): total 109.8; bushland 30.8

(Conservation and Radio Facilities)

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Waterways

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose).

10, 11143, 11543 Burke Dr; 9, 10, 31, 38 Canning Hwy;

Reserve 35066 (Conservation of Flora and Fauna), 44414

Other Names

Point Waylen, Submission Area 188 Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Melville (Attadale, Alfred Cove)

Ownership Categories

Local Government, State Government

CALM Managed Land

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qha: S14, Sm1)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Ots: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South Cottesloe Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

16 Highly saline seasonal wetlands

S7 Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands (most southerly occurrence)

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

24 Northern Spearwood shrublands and Woodlands

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: estuary (waterbody), estuary (shoreline and peripheral)

Natural Wetland Groups

Estuaries

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (10.5ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed. Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Blackwall Reach and Point Walter

Landscape Features: estuary - limestone cliff, vegetated wetland, estuary, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (part Bushplan Site - Keighery, GJ, 1991a); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (Ptwalt 01), Smith, V, and Smith 1986, Greening WA Pt Walter Group 1994)

Structural Units

Spearwood Dunes

Uplands - Sands derived from Tamala Limestone: Agonis flexuosa Woodland and Banksia attenuata, Banksia grandis and B. menziesii Woodland; Eucalyptus marginata and Eucalyptus calophylla Tall Woodland

Tamala Limestone: Olearia axillaris, Rhagodia baccata, Alyxia buxifolia and Clematis microphylla Shrubland; Open Heath to Open Low Heath dominated by Acacia rostellifera, Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum and Melaleuca acerosa; Banksia prionotes Low Woodland

Wetlands (wetflats): Casuarina obesa Low Open Woodland; Juncus maritimus and Lepidosperma gladiatum Open Sedgeland; Sporobolus virginicus Very Open Grassland

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus gomphocephala Tall Open Woodland; Acacia cyclops Tall Open Shrubland

Vegetation Condition: >60% Very Good, <40% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance (Greening WA Point Walter Group 1994)

Total Flora: 146 native taxa, 67 weeds (Keighery, GJ, 1991a, Greening WA Point Walter Group 1994. Smith, V, and Smith 1986) (estimated >80% expected flora)





Significant Flora: Lechenaultia linarioides; Caladenia latifolia (white flowers); Species of interest: one of most northerly (and possibly most easterly) occurrences of Agonis flexuosa, Alyogyne huegelii var. glabrescens, uncommon in PMR, Alyxia buxifolia (rarely recorded for the mainland, common on adjacent offshore islands and Yalgorup National Park), Pittosporum phylliraeoides var. phylliraeoides (common only on adjacent offshore islands and in Yanchep and Yalgorup National Park), Conospermum triplinervium; typical Tamala Limestone taxa - Templetonia retusa and Grevillea preissii; a series of species associated with the Spearwood Dunes (sands and Tamala Limestone) the occurrence of which is extended inland along the river — Acacia lasiocarpha var. lasiocarpha, Acacia xanthina, Acanthocarpus preissii, Alyxia buxifolia, Conostylis candicans, Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Eucalyptus gomphocephala, Grevillea vestita, Pittosporum phylliraeoides var. phylliraeoides, Scaevola nitida and Templetonia retusa.

Fauna: limited survey by Smith, V and Smith (1986) for reptiles (8) and birds (32). Significant bird species: category 4 (1)

Other Special Attributes: is one of a very limited number of bushland areas on the Swan Estuary, naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary having particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between areas of bushland; part open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

#### Alfred Cove

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, 1990b); limited survey (DEP 1996 (Alfr 01-02), EPA 1987, Pen 1983)

Structural Units: mapping (Pen 1983)

Wetlands (wetflats): Eucalyptus rudis Forest to Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest to Low Woodland; Open Low Heath dominated by Sarcocornia quinqueflora or Halosarcia halocnemoides; Closed Sedgelands to Sedgelands dominated by Bolboschoenus caldwellii, Schoenus subfascicularis, Baumea juncea and Juncus kraussii

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis Forest to Woodland, Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest to Low Woodland - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

**Vegetation Condition:** >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 84 native taxa, 89 weeds (Keighery, GJ, 1990b) (estimated >90% expected flora)

**Significant Flora:** Angianthus micropodioides (3); Burchardia bairdiae, Gyrostemon ramulosus (southernmost record, only one plant remains), Cyperus laevigatus (only record on the Plain, possibly a weed), Tribonanthes aff. violacea (associated with freshwater seepages)

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 50 visits, and EPA 1987 for birds (132 species). Important feeding area for large assemblage (30 species) and population levels of trans-equatorial wading birds protected under the JAMBA/CAMBA treaties. Important breeding place for 30 species. Significant bird species: category 1 (2), category 2 (30), category 3 (11) and category 4 (6). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Other Special Attributes: National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; 'last remaining area of shoreline samphire and rush on the lower estuary' (EPA 1987); the 'Middle holocene beds are, as far as known, the last substantially undisturbed example on the Swan River, all others having been destroyed or buried by shore reclamation' (G.W. Kendrick pers. comm.); the Pt Waylen Shell Bed is the only undisturbed surface outcrop of a marine-gulf deposit of Middle Holocene age within the Swan River Estuary (Lemmon et al. 1979); is one of a very limited number of bushland areas on the Swan Estuary, naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary having particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between areas of bushland; part open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

#### Alfred Cove to Point Walter

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (DEP 1996)

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis Forest to Woodland, Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest to Low Open Woodland - regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Linkage: (Blackwall Reach, Point Walter, Alfred Cove and adjacent bushland) no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 24 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger more intact areas of bushland; one of the few naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia (Swan-Canning Estuary); Part Bushplan Site listed on the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

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#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

#### Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning

Recommendation: The existing purpose, care, control and management of Reserves 35066, 44414 is endorsed. For the remainder of the Bushplan Site — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### POINT HEATHCOTE FORESHORE, APPLECROSS

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary (Areas of bushland/native vegetation within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 329

Map no. 61

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW

System 6 (1983): M65 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Melville (Applecross)

Ownership Categories

Private (commercial organisation); State Government

Area (ha): total 1.6; bushland 0 (note comment under

Boundary Definition)

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation

TPS: Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

6854 Canning Beach Rd; 8371 The Strand

Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qha: S14)

Spearwood Dunes

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Spearwood Dunes

Karrakatta Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: estuary (waterbody)

Natural Wetland Groups

Estuaries

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (0.1ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: estuary — limestone cliff, vegetated wetland

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998)

Structural Units

Wetlands (wetflats): Juncus kraussii and Isolepis nodosus Sedgeland

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## DESCRIPTIONS ( SALVI)

#### Scattered Native Plants

Uplands (slopes) - Spearwood Dunes: Banksia Low Woodland but generally modified, few scattered native plants and plantings

Vegetation Condition: Degraded to Completely Degraded

Total Flora: 87 native taxa, 36 weeds (Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998) (estimated >90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Keighery, GJ, and Keighery 1998 — Conospermum triplinervium; a series of species associated with the Spearwood Dunes (sands and Tamala Limestone) the occurrence of which is extended inland along the river — Conostylis candicans, Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Eucalyptus gomphocephala, Scaevola nitida and Templetonia retusa

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent vegetation surrounding Heathcote Hospital available; part of proposed Greenway 24 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger more intact areas of bushland; one of the few naturally vegetated areas on the Swan Estuary; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia (Swan-Canning Estuary)

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### YAGAN WETLAND AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, ROSSMOYNE TO BULL CREEK

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland (part taken to zoning)/bushland group boundary

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 338 Map no: 61 Map sheet series ref. no: 2033-I NW

System 6 (1983): M74 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Bull Creek

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Melville (Brentwood, Bull Creek), City of

Canning (Rossmoyne, Brentwood)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Area (ha): total 25.2; bushland 16.7

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Waterways,

Controlled Access Highways

TPS: Landscape, Local Open Space, Private Clubs and

Institutions, Public Use Reserve

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

1773, 2429 Camm Ave; 3, 2145, 2337, 2429, 2430,

2431, 2435, 2446, 2535 Leach Hwy

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Oha: C1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

### DESCRIPTIONS (1800)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type not inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*16 Highly saline seasonal wetlands

\*S7 Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: floodplain, sumpland, artificial channel, estuary (shoreline and peripheral), estuary (waterbody)
Natural Wetland Groups

**Estuaries** 

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (13.7ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated uplands, vegetated wetlands, estuary

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Brooker 1995, Smith, P 1987); limited survey (DEP 1996)

Structural Units: mapping (Brooker 1995, Smith, P 1987)

Wetlands (wetflats): Eucalyptus rudis Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest; Closed Sedgelands dominated

by Juncus kraussii, Gahnia trifida and Baumea articulata

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis Open Woodland to Woodland, few scattered native plants and

plantings

Vegetation Condition: >75% Very Good to Excellent, <25% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 49 native taxa, 48 weeds (P. Matthews in Brooker 1995) (estimated >90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: none identified

Fauna: limited survey for birds (58), reptiles (12) and amphibians (6) (Smith 1987 and Brooker 1995). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (6) and category 4 (4). Significant reptile species: Swamp Skink

(Acritoscincus trilineatum) and Mourning Skink (Egernia luctuosa)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 94 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a

regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: 'area of considerable conservation and landscape value' (Swan River Trust 1994); is one of a very limited number of bushland areas on the Canning Estuary, naturally vegetated areas on the Canning Estuary having particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between areas of bushland; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna; conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Local Open Space Zoning and Public Use Reserve Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include — The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### MOUNT HENRY BUSHLAND, SALTER POINT

Boundary Definition: protected area/management boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 227 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NW Map no. 61

System 6 (1983): M66 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of South Perth (Salter Point, Como)

Area (ha): total 21.5; bushland 11.9 Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Controlled Access

Highways, Waterways

TPS: Landscape, Private Institutions

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

974 Canning Pde; 9, 4130 Kwinana Fwy

Crown Reserve

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (commercial organisation)

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qha: S14)

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

\*16 Highly saline seasonal wetlands

\*S7 Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands

Supergroup 4: Uplands centred on Spearwood and Quindalup Dunes

\*28 Spearwood Banksia attenuata or B. attenuata — Eucalyptus woodlands

30a2 Woodlands and shrublands on Holocene dunes (re-allocated from 30c)

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: estuary (waterbody)

Natural Wetland Groups

Estuaries

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (3.2ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed, Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: estuary — sandy bluff, vegetated uplands, vegetated wetlands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Brooker et al. 1993b); limited survey (Gibson et al. 1994 (MHenry 01-02))

Structural Units: mapping (Brooker et al. 1993b)

Uplands (Sands derived from Tamala Limestone/Tamala Limestones not distinguished): Scattered Eucalyptus gomphocephala over Open Heath to Closed Tall Scrub dominated by Spyridium globulosum, Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Templetonia retusa and Dodonaea hackettiana; Banksia attenuata and B. menziesii Low Woodland Wetlands: Low Woodland dominated by Casuarina obesa and/or Melaleuca cuticularis; Low Woodland dominated by Melaleuca rhaphiophylla or M. preissiana; Juncus kraussii Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >60% Excellent to Very Good, <40% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

Total Flora: 132 native taxa, 60 weeds (Brooker et al. 1993b) (estimated >90% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Dodonaea hackettiana (4); Astroloma macrocalyx, Hovea chorizemifolia (disjunct distribution, Brooker et al. 1993b); a number of species associated with the Spearwood Dunes are generally at their most inland point on the Plain - Acacia lasiocarpa var. lasiocarpa, Acanthocarpus preissii, Adriana quadripartita, Anthocercis littorea, Conostylis candicans, Dodonaea aptera, Dryandra sessilis var. cygnorum, Eucalyptus gomphocephala, Spyridium globulosum and Templetonia retusa

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Fauna: multiple and structured surveys by Western Australian Museum of Natural Science for birds (37), native mammals (1), reptiles (11) and amphibians (2) (How et al. 1996 and Brooker et al. 1993). Significant populations of Golden Whistler, a large assemblage of honeyeaters and a feeding area for Carnaby's Cockatoo. Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 3 (1) and category 4 (3). Significant reptile species: Lined Skink (Lerista lineata)

Linkage: adjacent bushland canopy to the porth and east (BS333); part of proposed Greenway 94 (Tingay, Alan &

Linkage: adjacent bushland canopy to the north and east (BS333); part of proposed Greenway 94 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: most inland vegetated knoll and area of Spearwood Dunes on the Swan-Canning Estuary; 'area of considerable conservation and landscape value' (Swan River Trust 1994); one of a very limited number of bushland areas on the Canning Estuary, naturally vegetated areas on the Canning Estuary having particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between areas of bushland; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Listed on the Register of the National Estate

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site to be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### CANNING RIVER FORESHORE, SALTER POINT TO WILSON

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 333 Map no. 61, 62 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033–I NE. 2033–I NW

System 6 (1983): M67 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names

Submission Area 177

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of South Perth (Salter Point, Waterford, Manning), City of Canning (Wilson)

Ownership Categories

Private (commercial organisation), State Government, Local Government Area (ha): total 34.8; bushland 17.9

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Urban, Waterways TPS: Landscape, Residential R, Private Institutions,

Park and Recreational Area

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

57, 58 Manning Rd; 3318, 3976 Elderfield Rd; 389 Waterford Ave; 1279, 1943, 3607 Salter Point Pde; 2080 River Way; 17 Waterford Ave; 4190 street not identified Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Spearwood Dunes

Sands derived from Tamala Limestone (Qts: S7)

Tamala Limestone (Qtl: LS1)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qha: S14)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South





Floristic Community Types: \*not sampled, type inferred

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

16 Highly saline seasonal wetlands

\*S7 Northern woodlands to forests over tall sedgelands alongside permanent wetlands

#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: estuary (shoreline and peripheral), estuary (waterbody), lake, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Jandakot (B.3)

Estuaries

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (25.9ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed. Not determined

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, river, estuary, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Brooker et al. 1993a, 1994a&b, Orr 1986 and 1987); limited survey

(Gibson et al. 1994 (Sandon 01), Pen 1983) Structural Units: mapping (Brooker et al. 1993a, 1994a&b, Pen 1983)

Wetlands (wetflats): Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Forest; Open Forest to Low Open Forest dominated by Casuarina obesa, Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and/or M. preissiana; Acacia saligna Low Woodland; Sarcocornia quinqueflora Open Low Heath to Low Shrubland; Juncus kraussii Sedgeland to Closed Sedgeland; Baumea juncea Sedgeland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: >50% Very Good to Excellent, <50% Good to Degraded, with areas of severe localised disturbance

**Total Flora:** approximately 90 native taxa (compiled from Orr 1986, 1987, Brooker *et al.* 1993a, 1994a&b) (estimated >75% expected flora)

Significant Flora: Aotus cordifolia (3) (Orr 1986)

Fauna: limited surveys for birds (74), reptiles (12) and amphibians (6) (Brooker et al. 1993a, 1994a, 1994b). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 2 (3), category 3 (6) and category 4 (4)

Linkage: adjacent bushland canopy to the north and west (BS227); part of proposed Greenway 94 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: 'area of considerable conservation and landscape value' (Swan River Trust 1994); bushland/naturally vegetated estuarine areas have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger more intact areas of bushland; contains open space of regional significance (DCE 1983)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia (Swan-Canning Estuary); Listed on the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, TPS Landscape Zoning and Park and Recreation Area Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

### CANNING RIVER REGIONAL PARK AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, RIVERTON TO LANGFORD

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland taken to zoning and cadastre boundary (Areas of bushland/native vegetation within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 224 Map no. 62, 63 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE

System 6 (1983): M68, part M75 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)
City of Canning (Wilson, Cannington, Langford, Ferndale), City of Gosnells (Beckenham)

#### Ownership Categories

Local Government, State Government, Private (including commercial organisation), Not identified

Area (ha): total 379.1 (includes open water); bushland 161.2

Zoning

MRS: Urban, Waterways, Parks and Recreation, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Landscape, Local Park and Recreation Area, Public Purposes, Residential, Residential A, Rural, Special Use Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose), Street name

1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 31, 32, 33, 62, 63, 64 Fern Rd; 0, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30 Queens Park Rd; 5, 6, Kent St; 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 3431, 3447 Wharf St; 58, 100 Mason St; 15, 16, 17 Rupert St; 13, 14, 18, 19 Greenfield St; 12 Richmond St; 0, 1, 2, 3, 15, 100, 101, 925, 1786 Nicholson Rd; 2, 3, 4, 16 Spencer Rd; 139, 141, 150, 2588, 2784, 2969 Ellison Dr; 3559, 3826 Machin Pl; 55, 502 Hester St; 6, 7, 43, 70, 71, 358, 259, 360, 361, 362, 367 Wimbledon St; 0, 1, 2, 7, 11 Harris St; 1, 2, 500 Packer St; 2023, 2758, 3412 Highbury Cr; 0, 2, 48, 49, 1572 Lofoten Wy; 62 Willcock St; 0, 2, Marmot Way; 1201 Hybanthus Rd; 1974; 70, 2530, 3833 Bywater Way; 12, 923 Ferndale Cr; 9, 10, 11, 41, 314, 500, 933 Ferndale Cr; 1 Duff Rd; 0, 4, 5, 42, 44, 1744 Champlin Way; 31, 47 Liseron Wy; 30 Lofoten Wy; 102, 500 Watts Rd; 1, 2, 5, 9, 10, 75, 98, 100, 101, 103, 181, 500, 501, 701, 703 Surrey Rd; 3753 Hollis Rd; 5 Eastfield Ct; 3, 1988 Bridgeway Ave; 61 Camsell Wy; 20, 21, 35, 36 Greenfield St; 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 40, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 700, 3692 Marriamup St; 32, 33 Cockram St; 1, 43 River Rd; 3, 14, 15, 16, 42, 43, 50, 200, 205, 2090 Woodloes St; 990, 1616 Riverton Dr; 1616 Barbican St; 3785, 4040 Vervain Wy; 52, 199, 920, 921 Riley Rd; 202 Rivermoor Loop; 0, 199, 201, 275 Adenia Rd; 2, 2575, 2596 Metcalfe Rd; 5 Merino Ct; 69, 2815, 2816 Latimer Wy; 500 Hester St; 2575 Jaccard Wy; 1, 2630 Iveson Rd; 701, 702 Bradford St; 0, 924, 2882, 2885, 4089 street not identified; Road Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs) (Qha: Msp, Msc1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Opb/Qpa: S10)

Wetlands (within the Bassendean Dunes)

Holocene Swamp Deposits (Qrw: Sp2)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Swan Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex - Central and South

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred



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#### WETLANDS

Wetland Types: sumpland, floodplain, palusplain, river, creek, artificial channel, estuary (waterbody), estuary (shoreline and peripheral)

#### Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean—Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennet Brook (B/P.4)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Swan River (R.2)

Estuaries

Swan River (E.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (258.5ha, 545m), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 32.1ha

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES Not determined

### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, creek, river, estuary, island, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Brock and Pen 1984, State Planning Commission 1989); limited survey (CALM et al. 1997, Connell 1995, Pen 1983)

Structural Units: mapping (State Planning Commission 1989, Brock and Pen 1984)

Uplands: Scattered Banksia menziesii, B. attenuata and Eucalyptus marginata Low Woodland over Mixed Shrublands of Acacia stenoptera, A. saligna, Jacksonia furcellata and J. sternbergiana

Wetlands (wetflats): Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Woodland to Closed Forest; Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Open Forest; Casuarina obesa and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Woodland; Open Low Heath to closed Heath dominated by Sarcocornia quinqueflora or Halosarcia species with occasional sedges of Bolboschoenus caldwellii; Sedgelands dominated by Juncus kraussii, Samolus repens, Baumea juncea or Typha domingensis

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis Open Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Open Woodland; Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Open Woodland

Vegetation Condition: varies from patches in Excellent Condition to Completely Degraded

Total Flora: 96 native taxa, 58 introduced taxa (Brock and Pen 1984) (estimated <50% of expected flora)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), several visits, and Brock and Pen (1984) for birds (97) and Brock and Pen (1984) for fish (35). Important feeding area for large assemblage of waterbirds and wading birds. Significant bird species: category 1 (6), category 2 (2), category 3 (5) and category 4 (2). Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 94, 87 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; bushland/naturally vegetated estuarine/riverine areas have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger more intact areas of bushland; contains open space of regional significance (DCE 1983); part Bushplan Site included in Canning River Regional Park (CALM et al. 1997); contains 1181m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia; Listed on the Register of the National Estate; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation, TPS Landscape Zoning and Local Park and Recreation Area Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

Recommendation: The care, control and management of parts of this Bushplan Site for conservation purposes within Canning River Regional Park is endorsed. The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of the remainder of this Bushplan Site to be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

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#### CANNING AND SOUTHERN RIVERS, BECKENHAM TO MARTIN/KELMSCOTT

Boundary Definition: protected area boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE, 2133-IV NW Map no. 63, 69, 70 Bushplan Site no. 246

System 6 (1983): Part M75 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described Area (ha): total 350.4; bushland 181.1

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Gosnells (Gosnells, Southern River, Huntingdale, Thornlie, Maddington, Beckenham, Kenwick, Martin),

City of Armadale (Kelmscott)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Local Government, Private (including commercial organisation)

B, Rural, Special Site, Special Use, Water Courses Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

MRS: Urban, Rural, Waterways, Parks and Recreation,

TPS: Deferred Urban, Landscape, Parks and Recreation, Public Purposes, Residential, Residential A, Residential

Railways, Controlled Access Highways, Other Major Highways, Important Regional Roads, Public Purposes-

Street name

Technical School

Zoning

(Riverine and creekline lots not identified)

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg) Yoganup Formation (Qpr: S12)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs) (Qha: Cms, Msc1, Ms4) Alluvial/Colluvial Deposits (Oha/Qc: G1/FS3) (Qa: FS1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Swan Complex

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain/Spearwood Dunes

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred.

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, floodplain, palusplain, river, creek, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean—Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennet Brook (B/P.4)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Swan River (R.2)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (149.2ha, 215m), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, river, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Connell 1995, Main Roads 1993, Payne 1993b, Pen 1983, 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (Pen 1983, 1993)

Uplands: Low Open Forest dominated by Banksia attenuata, B. menziesii, B. ilicifolia, Allocasuarina fraseriana,

Eucalyptus todtiana and combinations of these

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# DESCRIPTIONS ( SANDA)

Wetlands (wetflats): Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Open to Closed Forest over Astartea fascicularis and Grevillea diversifolia; Eucalyptus calophylla Open to Closed Forest; Eucalyptus rudis and E calophylla Open to Closed Forest

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis Open Woodland to Woodland, Eucalyptus calophylla Open Woodland to Woodland — regionally significant vegetation recognised as being included in the area of Bushplan Site in need of protection

Vegetation Condition: varies from patches in Excellent Condition to Completely Degraded

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy to the east (BS61); part of proposed Greenway 86, 87 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant contiguous bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; bushland/naturally vegetated watercourses have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger, more intact areas of bushland; contains open space of regional significance (DCE 1983); contains 1963m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning and Parks and Recreation Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Zoning, MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s). This may include parts for which: The existing care, control and management intent of the reserve is endorsed. Long-term security and support for conservation management of the Bushplan Site be enhanced by: amending the purpose of the reserve to include conservation; and applying appropriate mechanisms in consultation with the reserve management body.

#### DALLEN ROAD BUSHLAND, SOUTHERN RIVER/GOSNELLS

Boundary Definition: bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 255 Map no. 69 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE

System 6 (1983): Part M75 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names: not known Area (ha): total 26.9; bushland 26.9

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Gosnells (Gosnells)

Ownership Categories Private (commercial organisation), Not identified Zoning
MRS: Urban Deferred, Waterways, Parks and Recreation

TPS: Rural, Landscape

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

16 Dallen St; 101 Seaforth Ave

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complexes

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

## DESCRIPTIONS (SAN)

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, creek, artificial channel, river

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean—Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennett Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (17.1ha)

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Connell 1995, Mattiske Consulting Pty Ltd 1997, Pen 1993)

Structural Units: mapping (Pen 1993) part Bushplan Site

Uplands: not known

Wetlands: Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open to Closed Forest; Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Open to Closed Forest over Astartea fascicularis; Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Open Heath dominated by species of Kunzea, Verticordia and Melaleuca

Scattered Native Plants: Eucalyptus rudis and E. calophylla Woodland

Vegetation Condition: varies from a few patches in Very Good Condition to Degraded and Completely

Degraded

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: No systematic survey. Significant mammal species: Quenda (Friend 1996 D)

Linkage: adjacent bushland/canopy along the Southern River to BS464/BS246 in the north and south to BS260; part of proposed Greenway 86 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: Category One Area Middle Canning Catchment Study (Evangelisti & Associates et al. 1995), one of only two large areas of bushland on the Southern River (BS255 and BS464); naturally vegetated estuarine/riverine areas have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger, more intact areas of bushland; contains 864m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning

Constraints: private land; under MRS Urban Deferred Zoning

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### SOUTHERN RIVER AND ADJOINING BUSHLAND, WESTFIELD

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 260

**Map no.** 69

Other Names: not known

.....F .....

Local Authorities (Suburb)

City of Armadale (Armadale, Westfield)

Ownership Categories

State Government, Private (including commercial

organisation)

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I NE

Area (ha): total 9.0; bushland 7.2

Zoning

MRS: Parks and Recreation, Important Regional Roads

TPS: Landscape, Rural

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

(Riverine lots not identified)

Crown Reserve



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SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, river, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennet Brook (B/P.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (5.8ha), Resource Enhancement

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, river, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: aerial photograph interpretation

Structural Units

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Forest; Eucalyptus calophylla Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low

Forest to Low Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: apparently varies from a few patches in Excellent Condition with an understorey of

sedges and shrubs to Completely Degraded with a pasture/weed understorey

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: no adjacent bushland; part of proposed Greenway 86 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a

regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: bushland/naturally vegetated watercourses have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger, more intact areas of bushland; contains 937m of regionally

significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land, under MRD regional road requirements

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### WUNGONG BROOK, BYFORD

Boundary Definition: protected area/bushland/conservation wetland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 266 Map no. 76, 83, 84 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-I SE, 2133-IV SW

# DESCRIPTIONS ( SALVI)

Other Names: not known
Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Darling Downs, Brookdale)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State Government, Not identified

Street name

Zoning

(Riverine and creekline lots not identified)
12, 13 South Western Hwy; 15, 3626 Wungong South Rd

Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

TPS: General Rural, Landscape, Parks and Recreation,

Area (ha): total 26.2; bushland 9.9

MRS: Rural, Parks and Recreation, Railways

Public Open Space, Rural, Special Rural

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs) (Qha: Msc1)

Bassendean Dunes Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: palusplain, river, creek, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Pinjarra Plain Keysbrook (P.1)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (15.3ha, 64m), Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: creek, vegetated wetlands

Vegetation and Flora: limited survey (Connell 1995); aerial photograph interpretation

Structural Units

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Woodland to Forest; Eucalyptus calophylla and/or Eucalyptus wandoo Woodland; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Forest to Low Woodland

Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

Vegetation Condition: varies from patches in Excellent Condition with an understorey of sedges and shrubs to Completely Degraded with a pasture/weed understorey

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the west; part of proposed Greenways 86, 135 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: bushland/naturally vegetated watercourses have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger, more intact areas of bushland; contains 1667m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation, Criteria not relevant to determination of conservation value, but which may be applied when evaluating areas having similar values

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP, Swan and Canning Rivers EPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under MRS Parks and Recreation Reservation and TPS Landscape Zoning, Public Open Space Zoning and Parks and Recreation Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under General Mineral Resource Area (clay and shale)



Recommendation: The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

### SERPENTINE RIVER, PEEL ESTATE TO SERPENTINE

Boundary Definition: bushland boundary

SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 371

Map no. 95, 96

Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II NE

System 6 (1983): Part M105 part System area bushland and part scattered native plants (canopy), all vegetation

described

Other Names: not known Local Authorities (Suburb)

Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale (Serpentine, Mardella)

Ownership Categories

Private (including commercial organisation), State

Government, Not identified

Area (ha): total 87.8; bushland 86.4

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Railways, Other Major Highways TPS: Landscape, Public Open Space, Drainage Purposes, Public and Community Purposes, Rural Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

(Riverine and creekline lots not identified) 1322 Lowlands Rd; 71, 143 Summerfield Rd

Crown Reserve

SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Foothills

Colluvial Deposits (Qc: Csg)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: Cs) (Qha: Msc1)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Opb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Foothills

Forrestfield Complex (Ridge Hill Shelf, Darling Plateau)

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Combinations of Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Southern River Complex

Floristic Community Types: not sampled, types not inferred

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: dampland, palusplain, creek, artificial channel, river

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean-Pinjarra transition OR Bassendean with fluvial features

Bennet Brook (B/P.4)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Goegrup (R.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (53.1ha, 33m), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: none identified

THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not determined

SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: vegetated wetland, creek, river, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Chambers and Pen 1985, Siemon et al: 1993); limited survey (Mattiske Consulting Pty Ltd 1997, Connell 1995)

Structural Units: mapping (Siemon et al. 1993, Chambers and Pen 1985)

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Woodland; Eucalyptus rudis Open Forest; Closed Sedgeland dominated by Juncus kraussii, J. microcephalus and Isolepis nodosa

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Scattered Native Plants: not assessed

**Vegetation Condition:** varies from patches in Excellent Condition with an understorey of sedges and shrubs to Completely Degraded with a pasture/weed understorey

Total Flora: not known

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: no known information

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south (BS365) and east (BS368); part of proposed Greenways 81, 120 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A,

Other Special Attributes: Contains plant communities representative of the eastern side of the Swan Coastal Plain; National Trust of Australia (WA) Classification; bushland/naturally vegetated watercourses have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger, more intact areas of bushland; contains regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Scientific or evolutionary importance, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning and Public Open Space Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: private land; under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (clay and shale) **Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).

#### LAKE AMARILLO, SERPENTINE RIVER AND ADJACENT BUSHLAND, KARNUP

Boundary Definition: bushland/bushland group/conservation wetland boundary (Areas of bushland/native vegetation within the boundaries of the Bushplan Site are not accurately mapped.)

#### SECTION 1: CADASTRAL INFORMATION

(Lots, locations and derived information to be updated in the public submission period)

Bushplan Site no. 394 Map no. 99, 100, 103, 104 Map sheet series ref. no. 2033-II SW System 6 (1983): Part M108 area of bushland goes beyond System area boundaries, all bushland described

Other Names: not known

Local Authorities (Suburb) Shire of Rockingham (Karnup)

Ownership Categories

State Government

Area (ha): total 588.2 (includes open water); bushland 168.8

Zoning

MRS: Rural, Controlled Access Highways

TPS: Rural, Public Purposes, Landscape, No Zone Lot/Location/Reserve numbers (Purpose),

Street name

0, 1a Amarillo Dr

Crown Reserve

#### SECTION 2: REGIONAL INFORMATION

LANDFORMS AND SOILS

Pinjarra Plain

Guildford Formation (Qpa: C2) (Qha: Cp)

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Sands (Qpb: S8)

Bassendean Dunes/Pinjarra Plain

Bassendean Sands over Guildford Formation (Qpb/Qpa: S10)

#### VEGETATION AND FLORA

Vegetation Complex

Pinjarra Plain

Serpentine River Complex

Bassendean Dunes

Bassendean Complex — Central and South

Wetlands

Herdsman Complex



404 Perth's Bushplan

### DESCRIPTIONS ( SALVI)

Marine (lagoonal and estuarine) Deposits

Yoongarillup Complex

Floristic Community Types

Supergroup 2: Seasonal Wetlands

- 5 Mixed shrub damplands
- 13 Deeper wetlands on heavy soils

WETLANDS

Wetland Types: floodplain, dampland, palusplain, sumpland, river, artificial channel

Natural Wetland Groups

Bassendean Dunes

Gnangara (B.2)

Swan Coastal Plain Rivers

Goegrup (R.4)

Wetland Management Objectives: Conservation (228.1ha), Resource Enhancement, Multiple Use

Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP: 102.6ha + 7.0ha +1.9ha + 0.2ha = 111.7ha (total)

#### THREATENED ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Not assessed

#### SECTION 3: SPECIFIC SITE DETAIL

Landscape Features: open water, vegetated wetland, river, vegetated uplands

Vegetation and Flora: detailed survey (Siemon et al. 1993); limited survey (Connell 1995, Gibson et al. 1994 (Paga 02-03))

Structural Units: mapping (Siemon et al. 1993)

Uplands: Banksia species Open Woodland to Closed Woodland

Wetlands: Eucalyptus rudis Open Woodland to Open Forest; Melaleuca spp. Tall Open Scrub to Closed Tall Scrub; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Closed Forest; Eucalyptus rudis and E. gomphocephala Woodland; Eucalyptus rudis and Melaleuca rhaphiophylla Low Open Forest to Closed Forest; Melaleuca rhaphiophylla and M. cuticularis Low Open Forest to Closed Forest; Melaleuca cuticularis Low Open Forest to Closed Forest; Pericalymma ellipticum and Hakea varia Closed Heath; Juncus kraussii Closed Sedgeland

Vegetation Condition: Very Good to Good

Total Flora: 38 native taxa, 4 weeds (plot-generated list only, Gibson et al. 1994)

Significant Flora: none recorded

Fauna: surveyed by RAOU (1996 D), 26 visits, and Bowman Bishaw Gorham (1992a) for birds (78). Significant bird species: category 1 (1), category 2 (11) and category 3 (9)

Linkage: adjacent bushland to the south, east and west; part of proposed Greenways 81, 139, 140, 83 (Tingay, Alan & Associates 1997a); part of a regionally significant fragmented bushland/wetland linkage (Volume 2A, Map 8)

Other Special Attributes: bushland/naturally vegetated watercourses have particular conservation value in providing habitat for fauna and linkage between larger, more intact areas of bushland; open space of regional significance (DCE 1983); contains 1693m of regionally significant river (WRC 1996a GIS)

#### SECTION 4: INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

Not listed; Location for JAMBA/CAMBA species

#### SECTION 5: SELECTION CRITERIA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Criteria: Representation of ecological communities, Rarity, Maintaining ecological processes or natural systems, General criteria for the protection of wetland, streamline and estuarine fringing and coastal vegetation

Opportunities and/or Constraints

Opportunities: Bushplan Site/part Bushplan Site subject to Swan Coastal Plain Lakes EPP, Peel-Harvey Estuary EPP/SPP; location of Scheduled Fauna, conservation category wetlands; under TPS Landscape Zoning, Crown Reserve

Constraints: under MRD regional road requirements, General Mineral Resource Area (clay)

**Recommendation:** The most appropriate mechanism for the protection of this Bushplan Site be considered through the public comment period in consultation with the land owner(s).



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Perth's Bushplan uses a variety of information sources such as geographic information systems, databases, aerial photography, Acts, unpublished reports and published reports. For ease of access to all of these original sources each is listed in the References. References authored by a government department are listed under the acronym for that department. References from Volume 2, Part A, section 5 are included in this list.

The References are divided into two sections

- Geographic Information Systems (GIS), Databases (D) and Photographs (P)
   Database references are annotated with a 'D', geographic information system references are annotated with 'GIS' and aerial photographs with a 'P'.
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