No. 7, 1982: 17-29

# A SYSTEMATIC LIST WITH DISTRIBUTIONS OF THE LICHEN SPECIES OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA, BASED ON COLLECTIONS IN THE WESTERN AUSTRALIAN HERBARIUM

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#### ABSTRACT

One hundred and ninety-four lichen species are reported from Western Australia with information on their distribution. The list of species is based on provisionally determined specimens deposited in the Western Australian Herbarium. The lichen flora of the state is diverse, the most luxurient growth occurring in the south-western corner. As little is known of the lichens of the remainder of the state, particularly the north-east, much research remains to be done on their taxonomy and distribution.

# INTRODUCTION

Little intensive research has been done on the lichen flora of Western Australia though collections were made at quite an early date. The earliest taxonomic publication appears to be that of Fries (1846), who described 23 species, the result of collections by L. Preiss from Rottnest Island and the south-west part of the state. The following year Taylor (1847) listed 16 lichens from Western Australia in his catalogue of the W.J. Hooker Herbarium. Mueller (1887) collated the early records and produced a list of Australian lichens, including two species from Western Australia which had not previously been recorded: Cladia aggregata and Cladonia retipora, the latter now segregated in Western Australia as Cladia ferdinandii.

In the 1890s, according to Sammy (1970), F.R.M. Wilson recorded a further 20 lichen species for Western Australia. Wilson did not collect in the state but was sent specimens by the naturalist A.J. Campbell.

The start of a new era of interest in the lichen flora of Western Australia was marked by the publication, in 1955, of an annotated list based on collections made between 1929 and 1952 and deposited in the herbarium of the University of Western Australia (Bibby and Smith 1955). Thirty-six species were recorded with a brief mention of their distribution

Smith (1962) studied the flora of the granite outcrops in the Porongurup Range, near Mount Barker, finding 12 species of which two, Collema sp. and Cladonia chlorophaea\*, were not included in his earlier paper (Bibby & Smith 1955). A very different habitat, the Nullarbor Plain, was examined by Johnson and Baird (1970) who recorded 12 lichen species and made brief descriptions of their habitats. Sammy and Smith (1974) studied the area of coastal limestone near Perth where they described and gave habitat preferences for 13 lichens. Recently, Sammy has been working on his extensive collections made from Western Australia, particularly the northwest of the state, but the results have yet to be published.

The purpose of the present paper is to provide a list of the Western Australian lichen species represented in the Western Australian Herbarium (PERTH). The specimens have been curated to a high standard, are available for study and should allow botanists to determine lichen specimens with greater ease. It is also hoped that the publication of this annotated list will encourage further collecting and stimulate lichenological research in Western Australia.

#### METHODS

The recent book by Filson and Rogers (1979) was found to be very useful for determination of the specimens collected. Provisional determinations for many crustose species were made using the following papers: Dobson (1979), Duncan (1970), Fink (1935) and Smith (1911, 1918). Other useful publications were Dahl and Krog (1973), Elix (1979) and Martin and Child (1972).

Hand sections were cut of fruiting structures and chemical spot-tests were carried out using 10% KOH, calcium hypochlorite and Steiner's stable paraphenylenediamine solution.

The names and authorities given in the list of lichens are in most cases derived from Filson and Rogers (1979). The specimens are currently curated under these names in the Western Australian Herbarium. However where the names in our list differ from the checklist of Hawksworth, James and Coppins (1980), footnotes give the revised names. The localities given for each species are from data on specimens in the Western Australian Herbarium, supplemented by records from the Herbarium of the University of Western Australia. For those unfamiliar with the geography of the state, most sites may be located with the help of Anon (1980).

Duplicates of the lichen specimens marked in the list with the symbol + have been lodged in the Herbarium, National Museum of Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, and the Herbarium of Trinity College, University of Dublin, Ireland.

# DISCUSSION

Habitat descriptions are not given in this paper, since many of the species listed are also found in South Australia and their habitats described in the recent book by Filson and Rogers (1979).

Not included in the present list as the Western Australian Herbarium holds no material.

According to Erickson et al. (1979) Western Australia may be divided into 16 plant regions; the lichen flora of some of these is discussed below.

Certain species such as Cladia aggregata, Chondropsis semiviridis, Parmelia rutidota, Parmelia tasmanica and Teloschistes chrysophthalamus, are recorded in many of the vegetation regions but others, such as Synalissa symphorea, appear to be restricted to the drier interior including the Transitional Woodland and the region of Mulga, Wattle, Scrub and Spinifex.

The Swan Coastal Plain and Darling Scarp have many crustose, foliose and fruticose representatives. The following species tend to be abundant: Cladia aggregata, Chondropsis semiviridis, Disploschistes scruposus, Heterodea muelleri, Siphula coriacea, Xanthoria parietina, several species of Parmelia and Usnea spp.

The Jarrah and Karri Forests are surprisingly poor in corticolous lichens. This may be due to periodic shedding of the *Eucalyptus* bark, inhibitory substances and frequent fires. *Lepraria candelaris* occurs infrequently on tree bases and *Thysanothecium hyalinum* is common on burnt wood.

The Albany District, by contrast, has a diverse lichen flora and this is the only area in Western Australia in which Parmeliella plumbea, Rinodina confragosa and Solenopsora vulturiensis have been found. Cladonia and Parmelia spp. are abundant and the genera Anzia, Buellia, Caloplaca, Heterodea, Lecanora, Lecidea, Lepraria, Pertusaria, Teloschistes and Xanthoria are common.

The most varied and abundant lichen growth appears to be in the Stirling Range. Lichens of particular interest include Arthonia sp. Stereocaulon aff. dactylophyllum, Umbilicaria sp. Others such as Catillaria atropurpurea, Leptogium lichenoides, Pannaria pityrea, Usnea spp. and Pseudocyphellaria spp. cover extensive areas of many of the southfacing slopes. The genera Cladonia and Parmelia are also well represented.

The Southern Sandplains and Heaths are rich in soil lichens such as Chondropsis semiviridis, Cladia aggregata, Cladia ferdinandii, Dermatocarpon lachneum, Fulgensia subbracteata, Heterodea muelleri, Lecidea crystallifera and Siphula coriacea. Yellow-green Parmelia spp., including P. callifolia, P. australasica, P. tasmanica and P. terrestris, are also abundant on soil and rocks.

Few specimens have been collected from the Barrens or the Northern Sandplains and heath regions. In contrast, lichens seem to be widespread and locally abundant, on soil and rocks, in partially shaded areas or southfacing slopes of the Wheatbelt, Transitional Woodland and in the region of Mulga, Wattle Scrub and Spinifex. Species include Chondropsis semiviridis, Heterodea beaugleholei, Heterodea muelleri, Diploschistes and Lecidea spp. Candelariella, Cladonia, Parmelia and Phycia spp. are also common.

Lichens of the Nullarbor Plain have been listed, by Johnson and Baird (1970), but no mention is made of their abundance or importance. Lecanora sphaerospora and Lecidea aff. glauca are the only species of the twelve recorded which do not appear from other sites in Western Australia.

The North-West Coastal Region and the Ranges and Tablelands in that area are not well represented in the Western Australian Herbarium collections.

The Kimberley Region is another that requires additional study: interesting records to date include Acarospora aff. flava, Bacidia microphyllina, Buellia aff. retrovertens and Rocella aff. montagnei.

# SYSTEMATIC LIST OF LICHENS

The arrangement of lichenized fungi follows Hale (1974).

# CLASS FUNGI IMPERFECTI

+Lepraria candelaris (L.)Fr. 1

Lepraria chlorina (Ach.) Ach.<sup>2</sup> +Lepraria incana (L.) Ach.

Leparia membranacea (Dicks.) Lett.

Collie River, Gairdner River,
Prince Regent River Reserve.
Toolbrunup
Albany, Fitzgerald River
National Park, Prince Regent
River Reserve.
Drysdale River National Park,

Hopetoun, Porongurup Range.

#### CLASS BASIDIOMYCETES

No lichens were found from this class.

CLASS ASCOMYCETIDAE Subclass Loculoascomycetidae

Order MYRANGIALES

ARTHONIACEAE

Arthonia sp.

MYRANGIACEAE

+Dermatina quercus (Massal.)Zahlbr.3

Order PLEOSPORALES

Order HYSTERIALES ROCCELLACEAE

Roccella aff. montagnei Bel.

Order LECANORALES

LICHINACEAE

+Ephebe lanata (L.) Vainio

Synalissa symphorea (Ach.) Nyl. 4

Pyrenopsidium sp. Pyrenopsis sp.

COLLEMATACEAE

+Collema coccophorum Tuck.

+Leptogium aff, azureum (Swartz)Mont.

Toolbrunup

Gairdner River

No lichens were found from

this order of fungi.

West Kimberley.

Corrigin, Lower King,

Porongurup Range, Toolbrunup.

Kalgoorlie, Millbillillie Station, Yeelirrie.

Houtman Abrolhos.

West River.

Houtman Abrolhos, Lake Cronin,

Porongurup Range, Rottnest

Island.

Toolbrunup

<sup>1</sup> Chrysothrix candelaris (L.)Laundon

<sup>2</sup> Chrysothrix chlorina (Ach.) Laundon

<sup>3</sup> Mycoporum quercus (Massal.) Muell. Arg.

<sup>4</sup> Synalissa ramulosa (Hoffm.)Fr.

HEPPIACEAE

Peltula australiensis (Muell.Arg.)Filson

+Peltula euploca (Ach.) Poelt ex Ozenda

& Clauz

**PANNARIACEAE** 

Pannaria elatior Stirton

Pannaria rubiginosa (Thunb. ex Ach.) Del.

Parmeliella sp.

+Parmeliella plumbea (Lightf.) Vainio

PELTIGERACEAE

Peltigera dolichoriza (Nyl.) Nyl.

CLATHRINACEAE

+Cladia aggregata (Sw.)Nyl.

+Cladia ferdinandii (Muell.Arg.)Filson

+Cladia schizopora (Nyl.)Nyl.

Cladia sullivanii (Muell.Arg.)Martin HETERODEACEAE

Heterodea beaugleholei Filson

+Heterodea muelleri (Hampe) Nyl.

STICTACEAE

+Pseudocyphellaria australiensis Magn.

Pseudocyphellaria crocata (L.) Vainio

GRAPHIDACEAE

Graphis scripta (L.)Ach.

Kalgoorlie.

Ravensthorpe.

South Bluff.

Toolbrunup. Albany.

Albany.

Lake King, Pemberton, Porongurup Range.

Albany, Bruce Rock, Busselton, Elleker, Forrest,

Harvey, Hyden, Kendenup, Lake King, Lake Magenta, Lake Matilda, Lower King, Manjimup, Mount Barker,

Mount Chudalup, Mount Ragged, Mundaring, Nannup, Narrogin, Northcliffe, Palgarup,

Porongurup Range, Ravensthorpe, Recherche Archipelago, Shannon River, Wongan

Hills.

Fitzgerald River National
Park, Kulin, Esperance, Lake
Carmody, Lake King, Mount
Madden, Ongerup, Pallarup
Rocks, Porongurup Range,

Sullivan Rock.
Albany, Stirling Range,

Toolbrunup.

Beacon.

Bald Rock, Boulder Rock, Bullabulling, Dooklakine, Kalgoorlie, Kambalda,

Southern Cross, Tammin.

Ajana, Armadale, Bruce Rock,
Burracoppin, Carbine,
Coolgardie, Derdibin Rock,
Fitzgerald River National
Park, Graham Rock, Jumnania
Rocks, Kulin, Lake Magenta,
Merredin, Mingenew, Moora,
Mount Barker, Mount Rupert,
Mundaring, Ongerup,
Ravensthorpe, York.

Albany, Bridgetown, Porongurup Range, Toolbrunup, West Cape Howe.

Mount Chudalup, Porongurup Range, West Cape Howe.

West Cape Howe.

# THELOTREMATACEAE

Thelotrema lepadinum (Ach.) Ach. LECIDEACEAE

Bacidia microphyllina (Tuck.) Riddle Bacidia aff. sabuletorum (Shreb.) Lett. Catillaria atropurpurea (Schaer.) Th.Fr. Catillaria chalybeia (Borr.) Massal. Catillaria aff. lenticularis (Ach.) Th.Fr. Lecidea contigua (Ach.) Vainio

+Lecidea crystallifera Tayl.

Lecidea aff. cyathoides (Ach.) Ach. 5 Lecidea decipiens (Hoffm.) Ach. 6

Lecidea laeta Stirton Lecidea limitata (Scop.) Gray Lecidea aff. lopadiodes (Th.Fr.) Grumn.7 +Lecidea aff. macrocarpa (DC.)Steud.8 +Lecidea planata Muell.Arg.

+Lecidea aff. psammophila (Muell.Arg.) Zahlbr.

Lecidea aff. templetonii T.Tayl. Lecidea aff. scalaris (Ach.) Ach. 9 Rhizocarpon aff. alpicola (Schaer.) Rabenh.

Rhizocarpon aff. obscuratum (Ach.) Massal.

Rhizocarpon polycarpum (Hepp.) Th. Fr. Rhizocarpon tinei (Tornab.) Runemark

Toninia caeruleonigricans (Lightf.) Th.Fr.

**STEREOCAULACEAE** 

Stereocaulon corticatulum Nyl.

+Leprocaulon microscopicum (Vill.) Gams ex Hawksworth

**CLADONI ACEAE** 

Cladonia amaurocraea (Florke) Schaer.

+Cladonia balfourii Cromb. +Cladonia calycantha Del. ex Nyl. 10

5 Fuscidea cyathoides V.Wirth & Vezda

6 Psora decipiens (Hedw.)Hoffm.

Trapelia mooreana (Carrol)P.James

8 Huilia macrocarpa (DC.)Hertel

Hypocenomyce scalaris (Ach.)Choisy

Jarrahdale, Pemberton.

Drysdale River National Park. Albany. Toolbrunup. Kulin.

Albany.

Bolgart, Lake Magenta, Wongan Hills.

Forrest, Lake King, Mount Hunt, Yeelirrie.

Corrigin.

Dorre Island, Forrest, Houtman Abrolhos, Kalgoorlie, Kambalda, Katanning, Lake Cronin, Lake Magenta, Madura, Millbillillie, Mount Rupert, Narrogin, Southern Cross, Wiluna, Wongan Hills, Yeelirrie, Yinnietharra.

S.E. Kulin.

Mount Rupert, Nannup.

Lower King. Albany.

Boddington, Elverdton, Forrest, Kalgoorlie, Kulin, Mount Hunt, Ongerup.

Fitzgerald River National Park, Kulin, Lake King.

Elverdton. Albany. Toolbrunup.

Albany.

Toolbrunup Peak.

Kalgoorlie, Porongurup Range, Toolbrunup.

Lake King.

Toolbrunup.

Corrigin.

Ongerup, Porongurup Range, West Cape Howe.

Albany.

Garden Island, Hopetoun, Kulin, Mount Barker.

10 Very similiar, if not the same as Cladonia verticillata (Hoffm.) Schaer.

Cladonia capitata (Michx.) Spreng.
+Cladonia capitellata (Hook.f. & Tayl.)
Bab.
Cladonia fimbriata (L.) Fr.
Cladonia macilenta Hoffm.
Cladonia pityrea (Flörke) Fr. 11
Cladonia pocillum (Ach.) O.-J. Rich.
Cladonia scabriuscula (Del. in Duby) Nyl.
Cladonia squamosa (Scop.) Hoffm.
+Cladonia squamosula Muell. Arg.
+Cladonia subfurcata (Nyl.) Arnold

Cladonia aff. subsquamosa (Nyl. ex Leighton)

Cladonia aff. xanthoclada Crombie +Thysanothecium hyalinum (Tayl.)Nyl.

UMBILICARIACEAE
Umbilicaria aff. polyphylla
DIPLOSCHISTACEAE
Diploschistes ocellatus (Vill.)Norm.

+Diploschistes gypsaceus (Ach.)Zahlbr.
Diploschistes scruposus (Schreb.)Norm.

# PERTUSARIACEAE +Pertusaria flavicans Lamy

Pertusaria leioplaca DC.

Pertusaria pertusa (Weigel)Tuck. Pertusaria aff. pustulata (Ach.)Duby Pertusaria wulfenii DC.<sup>12</sup> ACAROSPORACEAE

Acarospora aff. flava (Bell.)Trev. Acarospora schleicheri (Ach.)Mass.

Acarospora sinopica (Wahlenb.) Körber Maronea sp.
Sarcogyne clavus (DC.) Kremp.
Sarcogyne privigna (Ach.) Massal.
Sarcogyne regularis Körber
Sarcogyne aff. simplex (Davies) Nyl. 13
LECANORACEAE
Aspicilia calcarea (L.) Mudd

Candelariella antenaria Ras.

11 Cladonia anomaea (Ach.) Ahti & P.James

12 Pertusaria hymenea (Ach.) Schaer

13 Polysporina simplex (Davies) Ny1.

Kulin.
Albany, Fitzgerald River,
Porongurup Range.
Toolbrunup.
Augusta.

West Cape Howe.
Bluff Knoll.
Albany.
Albany, Toolbrunup.
Toolbrunup.

Albany.
Shannon River.
Albany, Bridgetown, Bunbury,
Elleker, Lower King, Mount
Cooke, Perth.

Toolbrunup.

Evanston, Jumnania, Kambalda,
Wongan Hills.
Stirling Range.
Drysdale River National Park,
Kalgoorlie, Kulin, Lake
Magenta, Mount Rupert,
Narrogin, Ongerup, Perth,
Tammin.

Albany, Ravensthorpe, Wongan Hills.
Elleker, Gillingarra, West Cape Howe.
Gairdner River.
Ravensthorpe.
Byford.

Ord River
Godfreys Tank, Great Sandy
Desert, Kalgoorlie,
Kununurra, Mount Augustus,
Mount Newman, Yeelirrie.
Great Sandy Desert.
Yeelirrie.
Albany, Stirling Range.
Yeelirrie.
Kalgoorlie.
Albany, Kalgoorlie, Kambalda.

Garden Island, Nullarbor Plain, Ravensthorpe, Rottnest Island, Tagon Harbour. Kulin, Wongan Hills. Candelariella vitellina (Hoffm.) Muell.Arg.

Haematomma sp.

+Haematomma puniceum (Sm. apud Ach.) Mass.

Lecania erysibe (Ach.) Mudd Lecanora atra (Huds.) Ach.

Lecanora aff. campestris (Schaer.) Lecanora aff. chlarona (Ach.) Nyl. +Lecanora expallens Ach. Lecanora aff. muralis (Schreb.) Rabenh. +Lecanora aff. pallida (Schreb.) Rabenh.

Lecanora aff. rupicola (L.)Zahlbr. Ochrolechia pseudotartarea (Vainio)

Verseghy

Ochrolechia subathallina Magn. Ochrolechia subpallescens Verseghy Solenopsora vulturiensis Massal. PARMELIACEAE

Anzia wilsonii Ras.

Candelaria sp. Mass.

+Chondropsis semiviridis F.Muell. ex Nyl.

+Hypogymnia pulchrilobata (Bitt.)Elix

+Hypogymnia aff. pulverata (Nyl. apud Cromb.) Hypogymnia subphysodes (Kremp.) Filson

+Menegazzia foraminulosa (Krempelh.) Bitter. Menegazzia subpertusa Martin in ed. Parmelia sp. Parmelia australasica Galloway Parmelia callifolia Kurokawa

Parmelia caperata (L.) Ach. Parmelia cheelii Gyel.

Parmelia aff. congesta Kurokawa & Filson Parmelia congesta Kurokawa & Filson Parmelia convoluta Kremp. Parmelia dissecta Nyl. Parmelia flavescentireagens Gyel. Parmelia furcata Muell.Arg. Parmelia hypoclystoides (Muell.Arg.) Gyel. Kalgoorlie. Parmelia hypoprotocetrarica Kurokawa & Elix

Narrogin, Pingelly, West River. Mount Manning. Boddington, Kulin, Lake King, Mount Elvire, Mount Rupert, Toodyay, West River. West River. Albany, Augusta, Denmark, Mount Victoria, Nannup. Drysdale River National Park. Mount Rupert. Augusta. Houtman Abrolhos. Hopetoun, Kulin. Albany, Toolbrunup. Mount Elvire.

Nannup. Gillingara, Wongan Hills. Albany.

Albany, Capel, Namalook, Nannup, Porongurup Range. Cocklebiddy. Forrest, Hyden, Kalgoorlie, Kambalda, Lake King, Lake Magenta, Madura, Pinjarra, Weira. Broomehill, Kulin, Ongerup, West River.

Elix, Augusta. Blackwood River, Darradup, Dwellingup, Echo Bluff, Greenbushes, Nannup, Nornalup, Pemberton, Porongurup Range, Toolbrunup.

Porongurup Range. Northcliffe. West Cape Howe. Albany, Mount Madden. Carbine, Comet Vale, Evanston, Kalgoorlie, Kambalda, Lake King, Mount Hunt, Mount Madden, Mount Rupert, Paynes Find. Albany, Condingup. Boddington, Mount Madden, Mount Walker. Toolbrunup. Lower King, Southern Cross. Mount Mary.

Sullivan Rock.

Ravensthorpe.

Walebing.

Augusta, Toolbrunup.

Parmelia metaclystoides Kurokawa & Filson
Parmelia mexicana Gyel.

Parmelia pellis Filson +Parmelia perlata (Huds.) Ach.

Parmelia pertinax Kurokawa & Filson Parmelia plittii Gyel.

+Parmelia pulla Ach.

+Parmelia pruinata Muell.Arg.

+Parmelia reptans Kurokawa <u>apud</u> C.Baker et al.

+Parmelia reticulata Tayl. apud Mack.
Parmelia rimalis Kurokawa apud Kurokawa & Filson
Parmelia rutidota Hook.f. & Tayl.

Parmelia scabrosa Tayl.

+Parmelia soredians Nyl.

Parmelia aff. spodochroa Kurokawa & Filson

+Parmelia subalbicans Stirt.
Parmelia subdistorta Kurokawa
Parmelia subrudecta Ny1.

+Parmelia tasmanica Hook. & Tayl.

+Parmelia terrestris Kurokawa & Filson +Parmelia tinctina Maheu & Gillet

Parmelia ustulata Kurokawa & Filson Parmelia verrucella Esslinger

### **USNEACEAE**

Ramalina calicaris (L.)Fr. +Ramalina ecklonii (Spreng.)Meyen et Flowtow. Mount Hunt. Byford, Kalgoorlie, Katanning, West Cape Howe, West River. Byford, West Cape How. Peppermint Grove Beach, Rottnest Island. Mount Hunt. Kennedy Range, Mount Hunt, Yeelirrie. Albany, Kambalda, Lake Magenta, Lower King, Mount Hunt, Porongurup Range, Toolbrunup. Kambalda, Kulin, Mount Barker, Porongurup Range, West River. Kambalda, Lake King, Mount Hunt, West River, Wongan Hills. Albany, Condingup, Darradup.

Yeelirrie. Baladjie Rock, Bolgart, Broomehill, Byford, Cape Arid National Park, Cocklebiddy, Collie River, Comet Vale, Corrigin, Harvey, Hopetoun, Kalgoorlie, Kambalda, Kendenup, Kulin, Lake King, Mount Madden, Mount Singleton, Ongerup, Paynes Find, Ravensthorpe, Rottnest Island, Wongan Hills, Yeelirrie. Baladjie Rock, Mount Singleton, Yeelirrie. Cocklebiddy, Peppermint Grove

Beach.

Kambalda.
Corrigin, Wongan Hills.
Kambalda.
Hopetoun.
Cape Arid National Park,
Esperance, High Island,
Kalgoorlie, Lower King,
Pinjarra, Katanning, West
Cape Howe, Wongan Hills.
Carbine, Lake King.
Albany, Mount Hunt, Pinjarra,
Yeelirrie.
Yeelirrie.
Albany, Kalgoorlie, Mount Hunt,
West River.

Kulin.
Boyup Brook, Broome, Lake
King.

+Ramalina geniculata Hook.f. & Tayl.

Ramalina inflata Hook.f. and Tayl.

+Ramalina pusilla le Prev.

+Siphula coriacea Tayl. ex Nyl.

Usnea arida Mot.
Usnea inermis Mot.
+Usnea aff. filipendula Stirt.
+Usnea aff. ramulosissima Stevens & Rogers
Usnea ramulosissima Stevens & Rogers
+Usnea aff. rubiginea (Michaux)Massal.
+Usnea scabrida Tayl.

Usnea torulosa (Muell.Arg.)Zahlbr. Usnea xanthopoga Nyl. PHYSICACEAE

+Anaptychia japonica (Sato) Kurokawa +Anaptychia obscurata Tuck. in Nyl.

Buellia alboatra (Hoffm.) Diechm. 14
Buellia canescens (Dicks.) de Not. 15
+Buellia disciformis (Fr.) Mudd
Buellia parasema (Ach.) de Not.
+Buellia punctata (Hoffm.) Massal.
Buellia aff. retrovertens Tuck.
Buellia stellulata (Tayl.) Mudd.

Buellia aff. stigmaea Tuck. Buellia subalbula (Nyl.)Muell.Arg. Buellia subdisciformis (Leight.)Vainio Physcia aegialita Ach.<sup>16</sup> Physcia aipolia (Ehrh. in Humb.)Furnr.

Physcia alba (Fee)Muell.Arg. Physcia aff. albicans (Pers.)Thoms. Physcia stellaris (L.)Nyl.

Physcia aff. tribacia (Ach.) Nyl.

Park, Gairdner River,
Israelite Bay, Kulin, Lake
King.
Cape Arid National Park,
Hyden, Kulin, Ongerup, Three
Springs, Winchester.
Gairdner River, Kulin.
Boyagin Rock, Cape Arid
National Park, Kulin, Latham,
Mount Madden, Northcliffe,
Ongerup, Pemberton, Perth,
Ravensthorpe, Shannon River,

Fitzgerald River National

Darradup.
Gairdner River, Harvey, Kulin.
Peppermint Grove Beach.

Southern Cross, Sullivan

Rock, Wyalkatchem.

Peppermint Grove Beach.
Porongurup Range.
Toolbrunup.
Boddington, Bolgart, Broomehill,
Corrigin, Dwellingup,
Kendenup, Kulin, Lake Grace,
Lake King, Mount Rupert,
Ongerup, Perth, Pingelly,
Porongurup Range, Toolbrunup,
Winchester.
Sullivan Rock.
Fraser Range.

Corrigin. Albany, Collie River, Lower King, Toolbrunup. Dorre Island. East Wallabi Island. Lake King, Mount Elvire. Kulin. Gillingara, West River. Drysdale River National Park. Albany, Ravensthorpe, Stirling Range, West River. Drysdale River National Park. East Wallabi Island, Yeelirrie. Augusta. Kitchener. Cocklebiddy, Kulin, Mount Rupert, Norseman. Kulin Byford. Bullfinch, Lake Moore, Ord River. Corrigin.

<sup>14</sup> Diplotomma alboatrum (Hoffm.) Flotow.

<sup>15</sup> Diploicia canescens (Dickson) Massal.

<sup>16</sup> Dirinaria aegialita (Ach.) Moore

Pyxine coccifera (Fay) Ny1. Pyxine cocoes (Swartz)Nyl. Pyxine petricola Nyl. **TELOSCHISTACEAE** 

Caloplaca aurantiaca (Lightf.)Th.Fr. 17

Caloplaca cerina (Ehrh. ex Hedw.) Th. Fr. Caloplaca cinnabarinna (Ach.) Zahlbr. Caloplaca ferruginea (Huds.) Th.Fr. Caloplaca fulgens (Sw.) Elenk. Caloplaca halocarpa (Hoffm.) Wade Caloplaca aff. lactea (Massal.) Zahlbr.

Caloplaca marina (Wedd.) Zahlbr. Blastenia sp. Fulgensia subbracteata (Nyl.) Poelt Teloschistes chrysophthalmus (L.)Th.Fr.

Xanthoria ectanea (Ach.) Ras. ex Filson

Xanthoria parietina (L.)Beltr.

Order SPHAERIALES VERRUCARIACEAE

+Dermatocarpon lachneum (Ach.)A.L.Smith 18

Prince Regent Reserve. Prince Regent Reserve. Ord River Station.

Gillingarra, Kendenup, Rottnest Island. Peppermint Grove Beach. Katanning. Kulin, Lake Grace, Ongerup. Drysdale River National Park. Houtman Abrolhos. Drysdale River National Park, East Wallabi Island. Albany, Augusta. Bullfinch, Lake King, Walebing. Houtman Abrolhos, Lake King. Ardath, Buniche, Busselton, Collie River, Corrigin, Cranbrook, Denmark, Forrest, Gairdner River, Harvey, Hithergreen, Israelite Bay, Kendenup, Kitchener, Kulin, Lake King, Lake Preston, Latham, Madura, Mondrain Island, Murchison River, Ongerup, Pinjarra, Porongurup Range, Tagon Harbour,

Three Springs, Wongan Hills. Albany, Cape Arid National Park, Carnarvon, Cocklebiddy, Dorre Island, East Wallabi Island, Garden Island, Houtman Abrolhos, Kalannie, Lake Barlee, Lake King, Lake Moore, Madura, Mondrain Island, Rottnest Island, Shark Bay, Southern Cross, Tagon Harbour.

Albany, Bremer Bay, Busselton, Cape Leeuwin, Carnarvon, Elgin, Garden Island, Kalbarri, Kendenup, Lake King, Mandurah, Mondrain Island, Mount Barker, Mount Stirling, Newdegate, Rottnest Island, Southern Cross.

Houtman Abrolhos, Kalgoorlie,

Kulin, Lake Cronin, Lake Grace, Perth, Porongurup Range, Ravensthorpe, Rottnest Island.

<sup>17</sup> Caloplaca ferruginea (Huds.) Th. Fr. 18 Catapyrenium lachneum (Ach.) R. Sant.

Endocarpon sp.
Endocarpon victorianum Muell.Arg.
Verrucaria calciseda DC.
Order CALICIALES

Millbillillie.
Kalgoorlie.
Yeelirrie.
No lichens were found from this order of fungi.

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

We wish to thank Dr. J.W. Green and the staff of the Western Australian Herbarium for providing facilities and a congenial atmosphere during our stay in Australia when this work was undertaken.

We would also like to express our appreciation to Rex Filson, at the National Herbarium of Victoria, for his help and encouragement. Finally we thank Mr. P.W. James and Dr. A. Henssen for providing determinations for a number of specimens during their brief visit to the W.A. Herbarium.

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