NATURE IN SINGAPORE 16: e2023093

Date of Publication: 27 September 2023 DOI: 10.26107/NIS-2023-0093 © National University of Singapore

Biodiversity Record: New Singapore record of the sandperch, Parapercis diplospilus

Zeehan Jaafar* & Charles Z. M. Tan

Department of Biological Sciences, National University of Singapore, Singapore 117557; Email: <u>jaafar@nus.edu.sg</u> (*corresponding author), <u>ctzm@nus.edu.sg</u>,

Recommended citation. Jaafar Z & Tan CZM (2023) Biodiversity Record: New Singapore record of the sandperch *Parapercis diplospilus*. Nature in Singapore, 16: e2023093. DOI: 10.26107/NIS-2023-0093

Subjects: Doublespot sandperch, Parapercis diplospilus (Teleostei: Perciformes: Pinguipedidae).

Subjects identified by: Zeehan Jaafar and Charles Tan.

Location, date and time: Singapore Strait off western side of Pulau Hantu; 10 May 2023; around 1000 hrs.

Habitat: Marine. Coral reef. At about 12 m depth.

Observer: Zeehan Jaafar.

Observation: Two examples of about 10 and 12 cm total length (Fig. 1), were observed on the substrate.



Fig. 1. In-situ lateral view of one of the two Parapercis diplospilus on the seabed (Photograph by: Zeehan Jaafar).

Remarks: This represents the first record of *Parapercis diplospilus* in Singapore (see Fowler, 1938; Heng & Lim, 2013; Koh & Lim, 2014; Toh & Lim, 2015), but it is not unexpected, as the species is distributed in the western Pacific (South China Sea, Philippines, New Guinea, northern Australia) and south-eastern Indian Oceans (Allen & Erdmann, 2012; Larson et al., 2013; Matsunuma et al., 2016; Johnson & Motomura, 2017; Habib and Islam, 2020). The species inhabits open muddy bottoms in the vicinity of coral reefs in depths of 20 to 50 m (Allen & Erdmann, 2012). *Parapercis diplospilus* can be distinguished from all its congeners by a series of 8 to 9 large brown spots on the lower side of its body, and a pair of large blackish or dark-brown spots at the caudal fin base of its caudal fin (Allen & Erdmann, 2012).

Literature cited:

- Allen GR & Erdmann MV (2012) Reef Fishes of the East Indies, Vol. 2. Tropical Reef Research, Perth, Australia, pp. 425–856.
- Fowler HW (1938) A list of fishes known from Malaya. Fisheries Bulletin, Singapore, 1: 1–268.
- Habib KA & Islam MJ (2020) An updated checklist of marine fishes of Bangladesh. Bangladesh Journal of Fisheries, 32: 357–367.
- Heng PY & Lim KKP (2013) Snyder's sandperch off Pulau Hantu: first Singapore record. Singapore Biodiversity Records, 2013: 64.
- Johnson JW & Motomura H (2017) Five new species of *Parapercis* (Perciformes: Pinguipedidae) from southeast Asia and northwest Australia. Zootaxa, 4320: 121–145.
- Koh KS & Lim KKP (2014) Threadfin sandperch off Pulau Hantu. Singapore Biodiversity Records, 2014: 137–138.
- Larson HK, Williams RS & Hammer MP (2013) An annotated checklist of the fishes of the Northern Territory, Australia. Zootaxa, 3696: 1–293.
- Matsunuma M, Mazlan AG, Arshad A, Seah YG, Tafzilmeriam SSAK, Ramasamy AA, Babaran RP, Fukui Y & Motomura H (2016) Distribution range extensions of *Parapercis bicoloripes* and *P. diplospilus* (Perciformes: Pinguipedidae) in the South China Sea and the adjacent waters, with notes on ontogenetic changes in *P. bicoloripes*. Species Diversity, 21: 187–196.
- Toh CH & Lim KKP (2015) New record of nosestripe sandperch in Singapore. Singapore Biodiversity Records, 2015: 116.