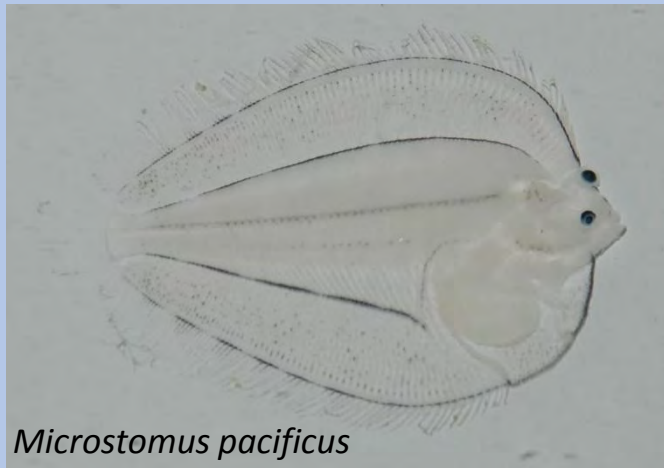


# Ichthyoplankton Response to Environmental Change in the NE Pacific Ocean



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S. Patricia Jiménez Rosenberg<sup>4</sup>, S. Bograd<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>National Research Council Research Associate

<sup>2</sup>Scripps Institution of Oceanography

<sup>3</sup>NOAA NMFS

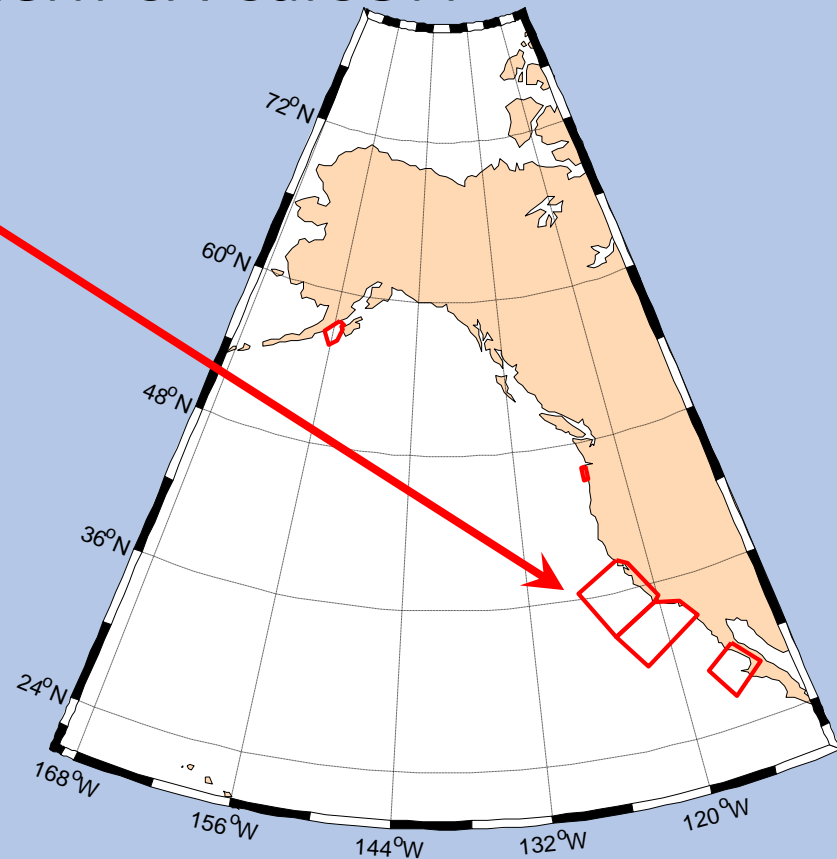
<sup>4</sup>Instituto Politécnico Nacional (Mexico)

# Goals

- Look for large-scale coherence in ichthyoplankton with environmental indices along North American west coast
- Focus here on central and southern CA CalCOFI time series
- Focus here on PC1's

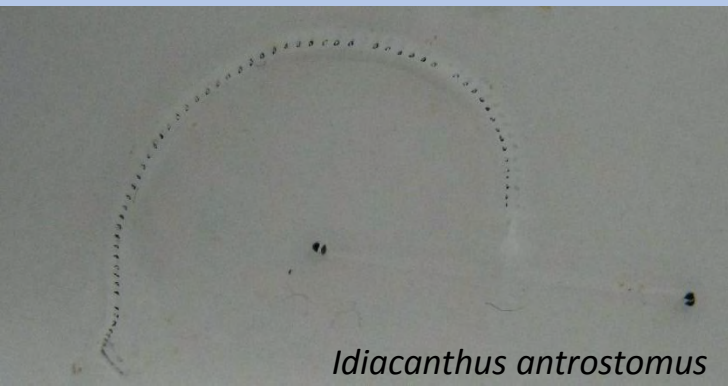
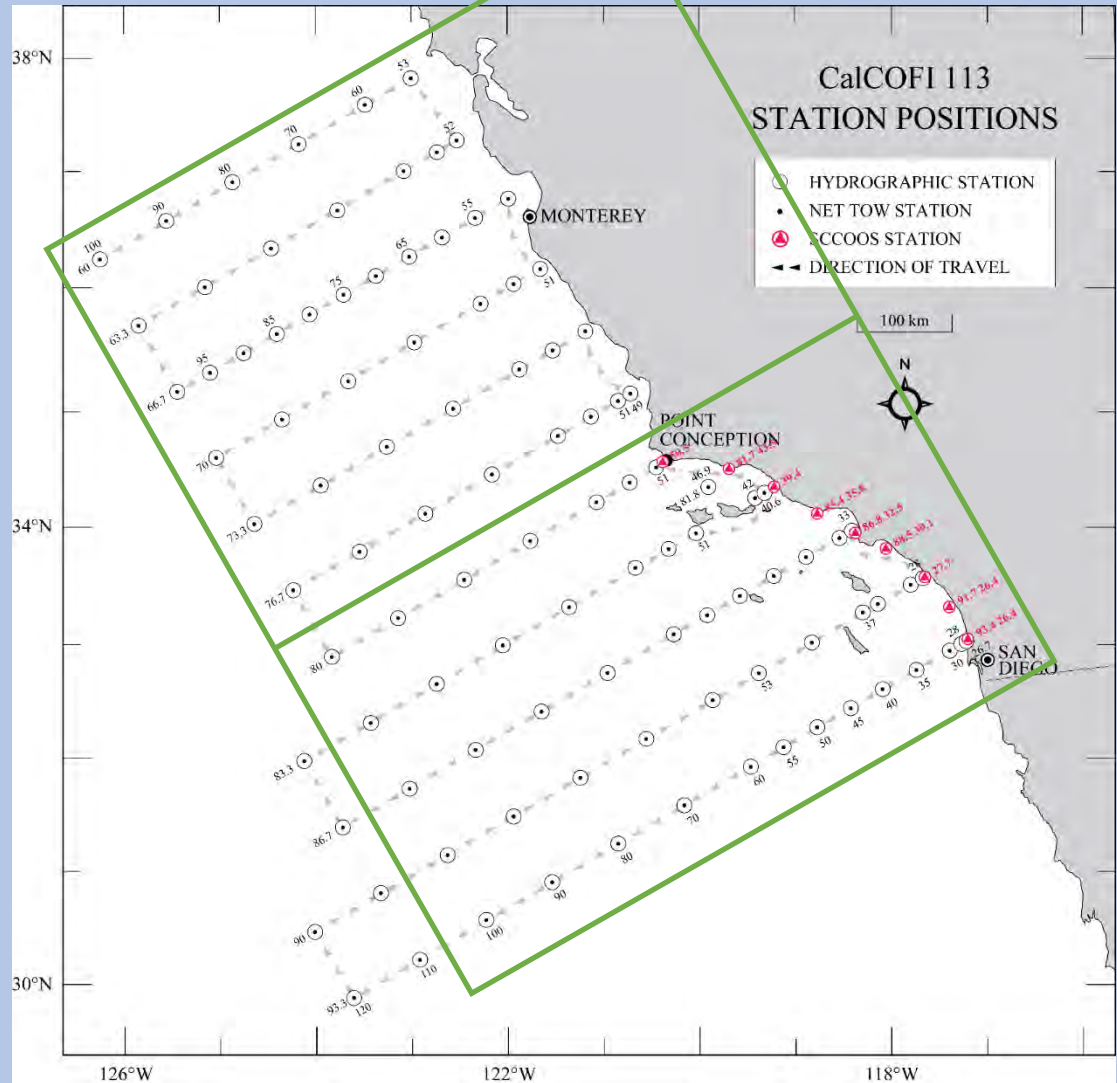


*Ichthys lockingtoni*



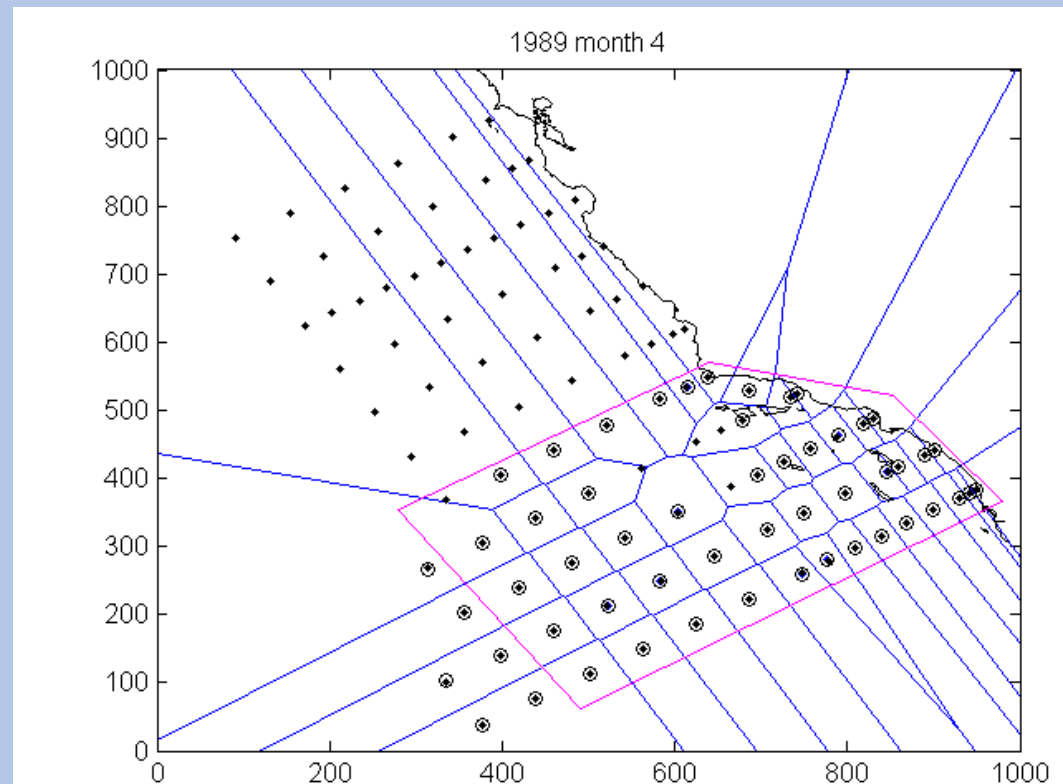
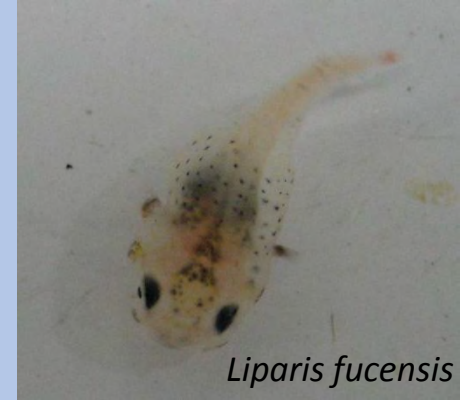
# Study Area

- 1951-2015
- Spring cruises



# Methods

- Included only “species” present  $>50\%$  y
- PCA
- Annual environmental variable indices
- Spatial correction (Voronoi tessellation)



# Where we left off...

- Koslow et al. 2011, 2013, 2015
  - 1951-2008
  - S. CA only
- PC1 strongly linked to deep oxygen
- Commonality between PC2 and Power Plant Intake time series
  - 6/7 most abund. species

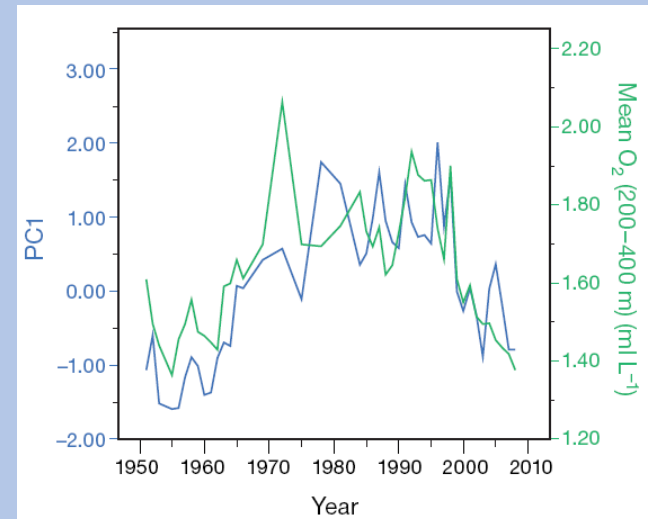
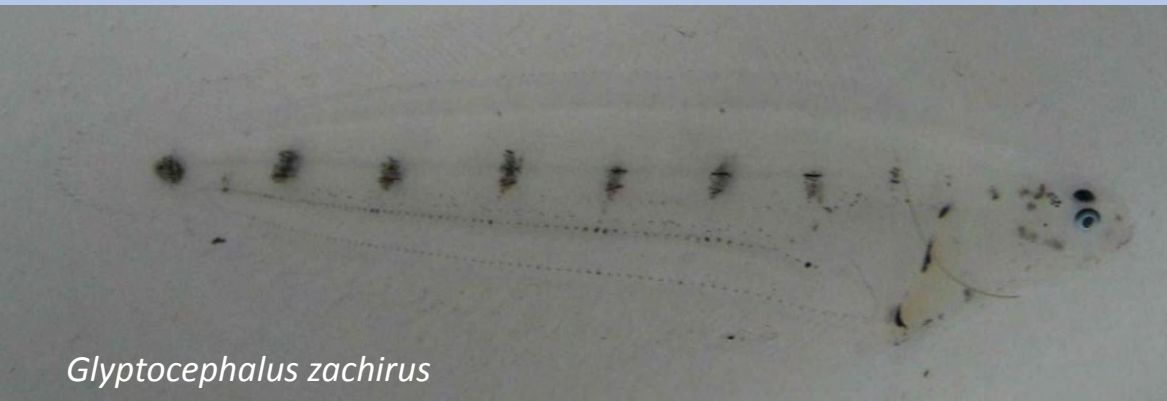
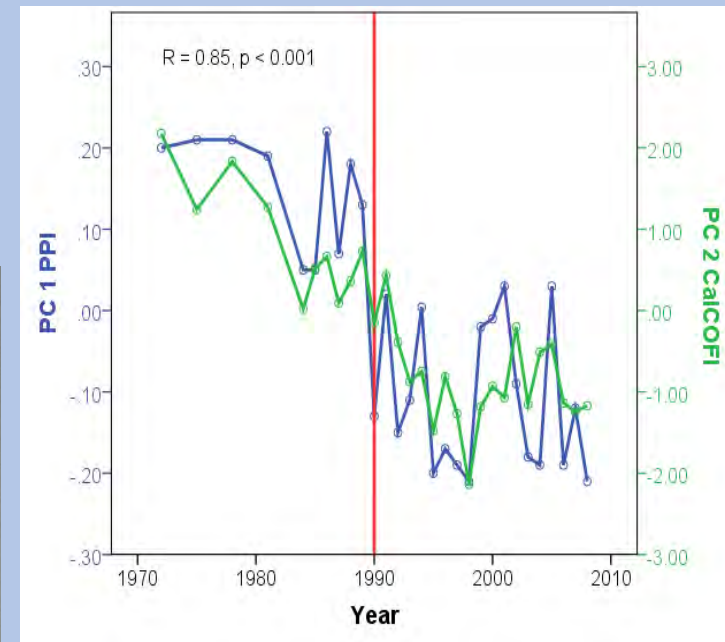


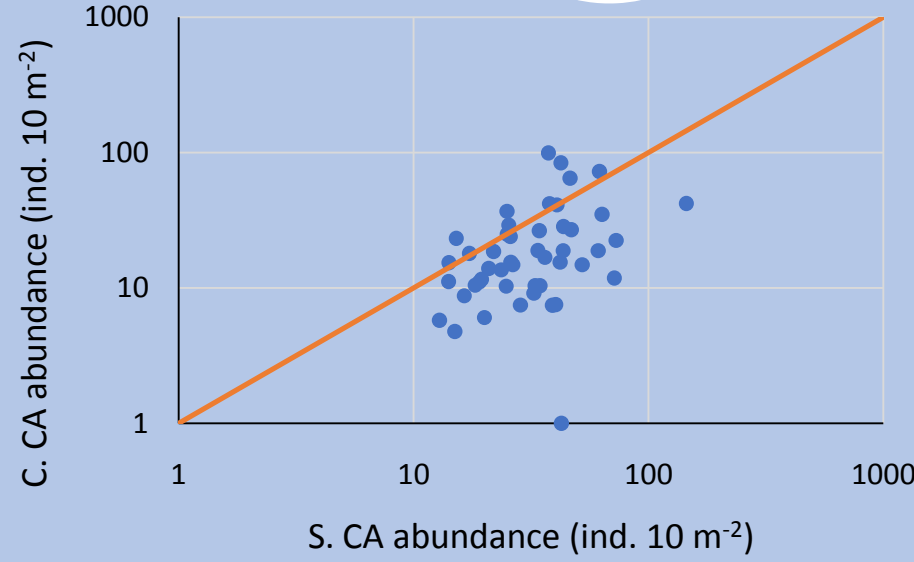
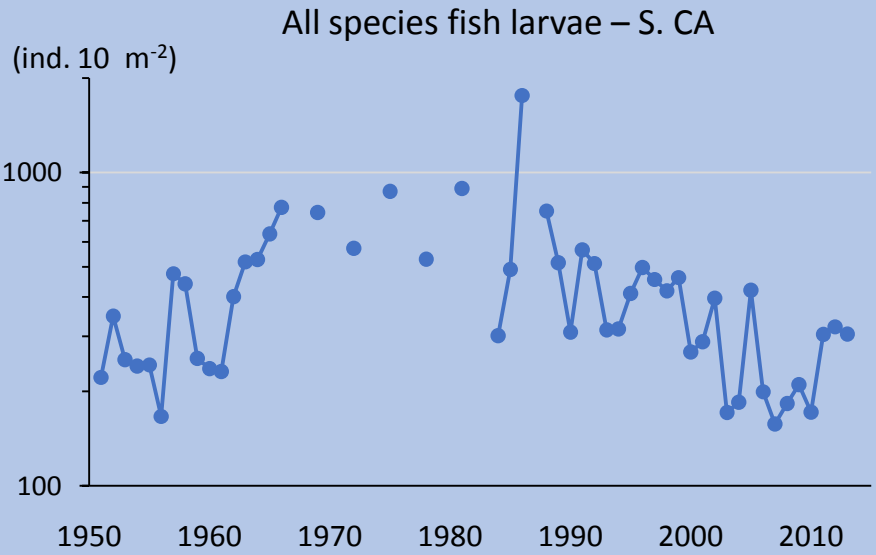
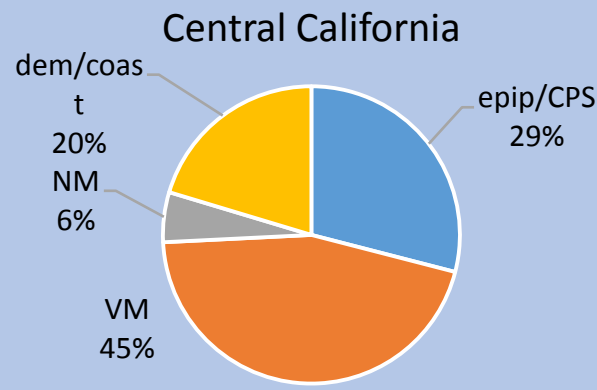
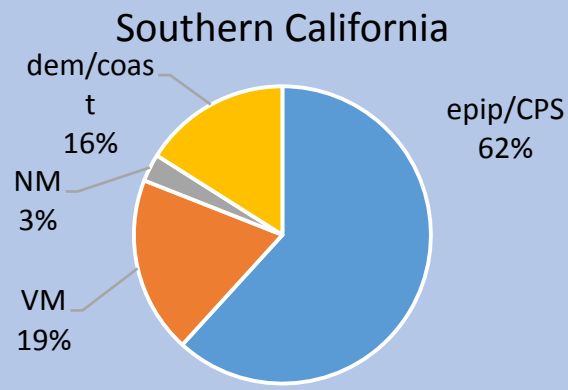
Fig. 3. Time series of principal component 1 (PC1) and mean oxygen concentrations at 200 to 400 m depth in the CalCOFI survey area, 1951 to 2008



*Glyptocephalus zachirus*

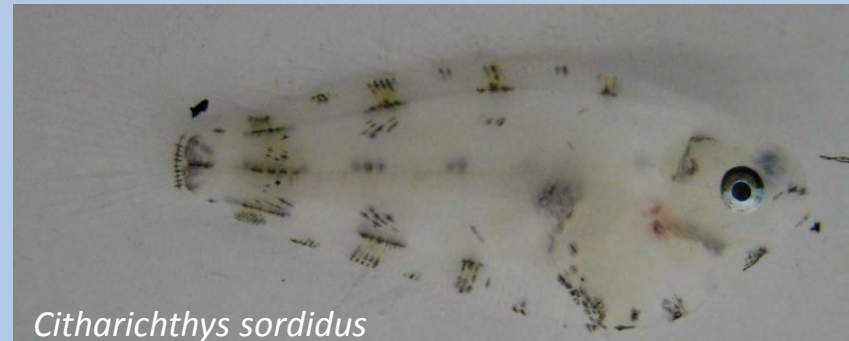
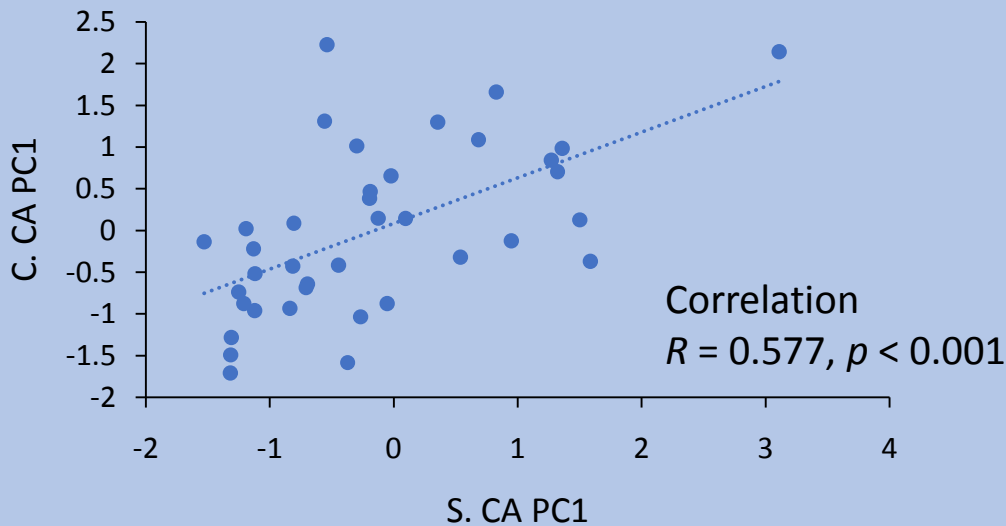
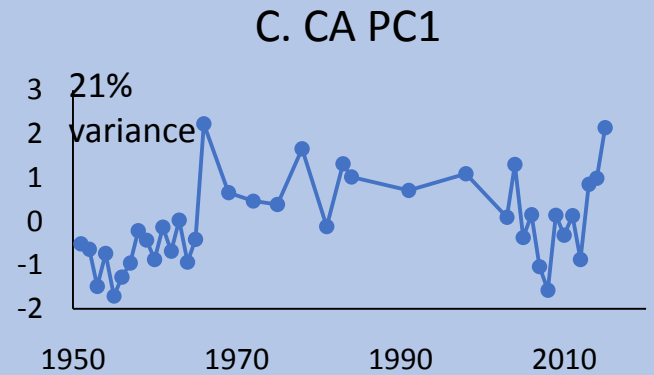
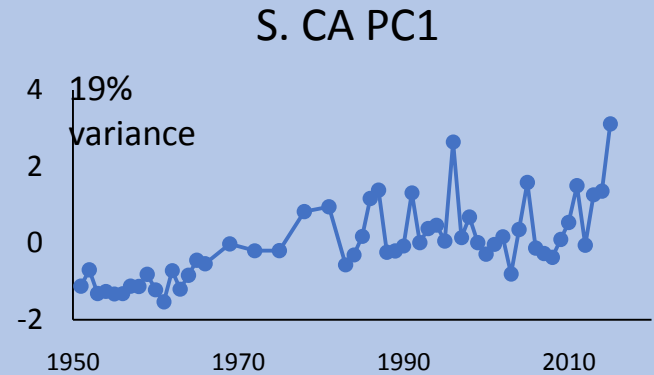
# Overall Abundance

- CPS dominant off S. CA
- Mesopelagics dominant off C. CA
- Fewer species off C. CA (205:281)
- Lower abundance off C. CA



# PC1

- S. CA significant loadings
  - Most demersal and mesopelagic species
  - Warm water affiliated species
- C. CA significant loadings
  - Most demersal and mesopelagic species



# PC1

Changes from  
1951-2008 analysis  
(Koslow et al. 2011)

C. CA seems to be holding  
to the “old pattern”



*Arctozenus risso*

## S. CA

	PC1
MEI	0.339*
PDO	0.438*
NPGO	-0.222
temp	0.208
sal	-0.321*
deep O2	0.159

\* $p < 0.05$

## C. CA

	PC1
MEI	0.562*
PDO	0.544*
NPGO	-0.272
temp	0.343*
sal	-0.506*
deep O2	0.416*

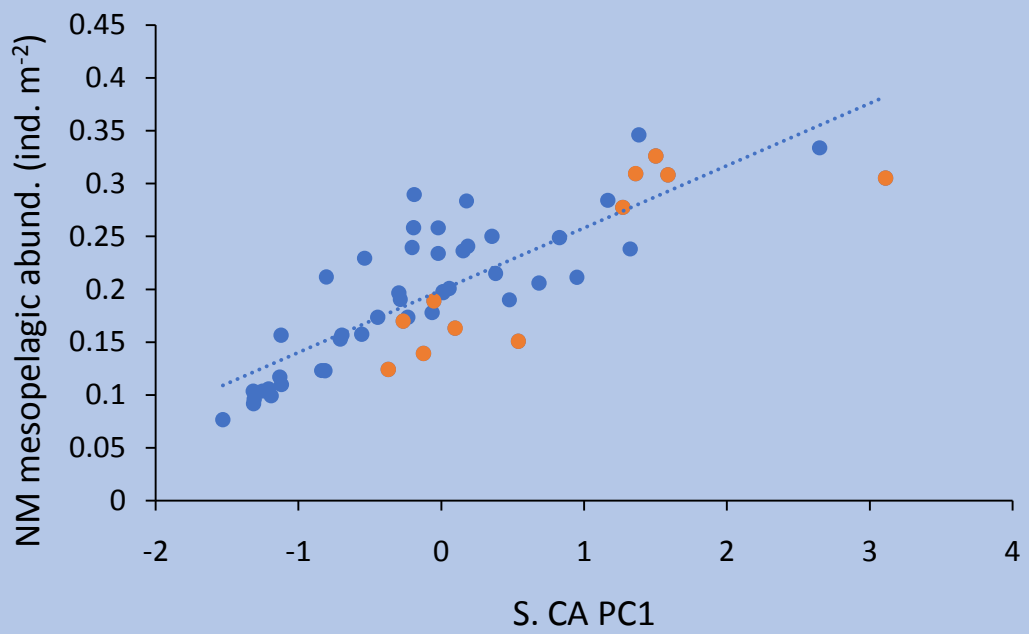
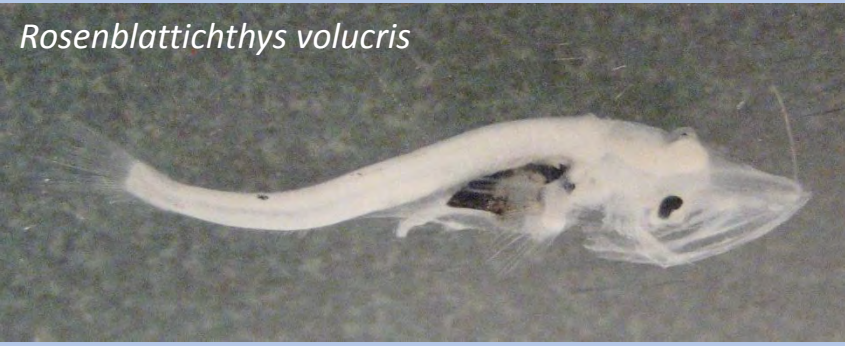
\* $p < 0.05$



# PC1

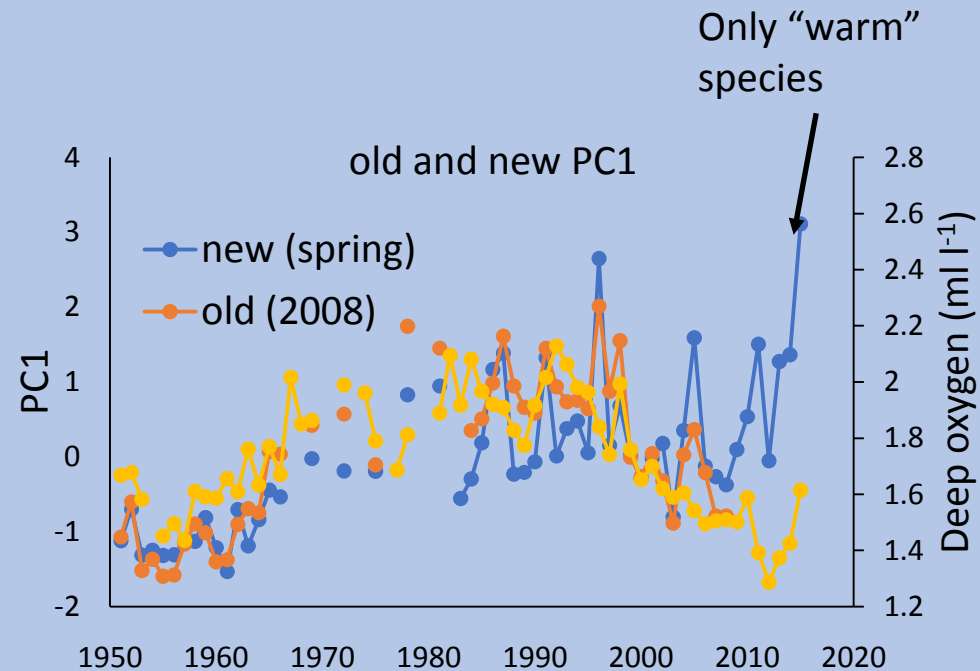
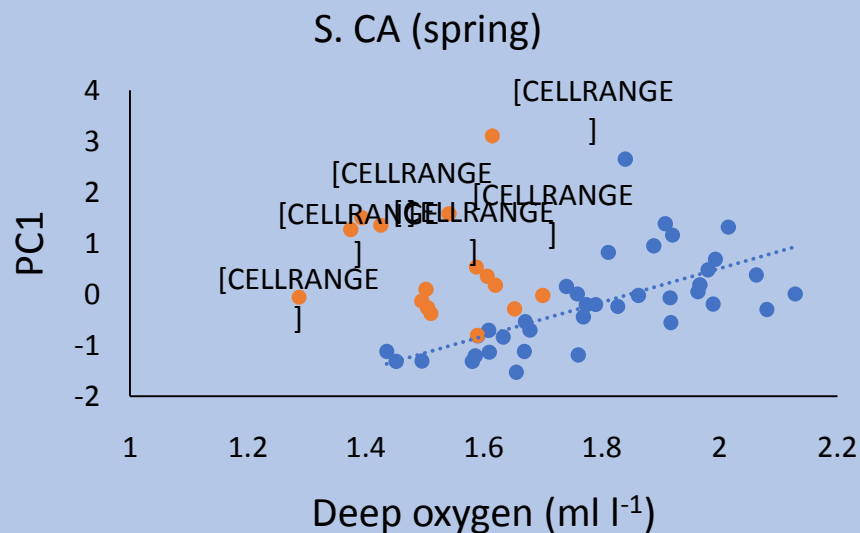
Ecological group	Abund. Corr. To PC1
All larvae	0.14
Epipelagic/CPS	0.02
Demersal/coastal	0.07
VM mesopelagic	0.35*
NM mesopelagic	0.83*

\* $p < 0.05$



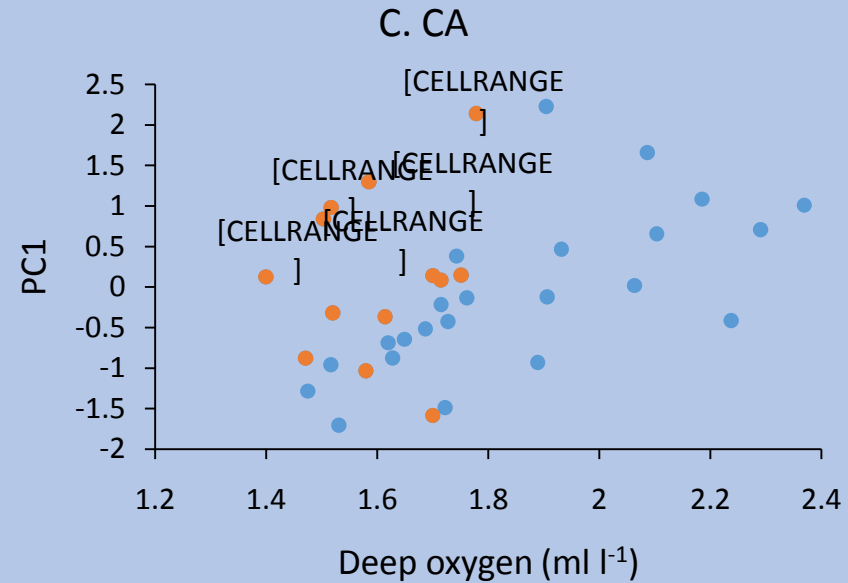
# What happened with oxygen and PC1?

- Koslow et al. : high correlation between PC1 and oxygen
  - 18/20 Koslow et al. (2011) PC1 species sig. load on PC1 here
  - Koslow et al. and new PC1 are sig. correlated ( $R = 0.84, p < 0.001$ )

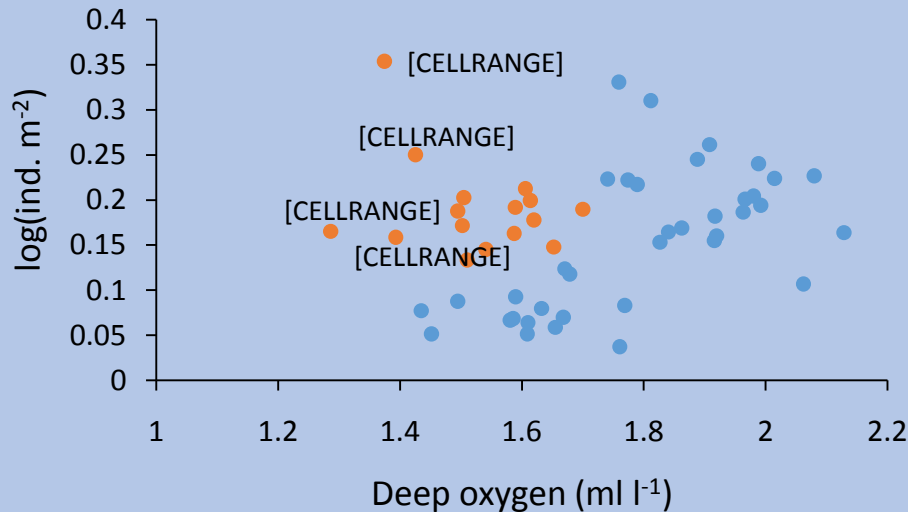


# Similar divergence off C. CA

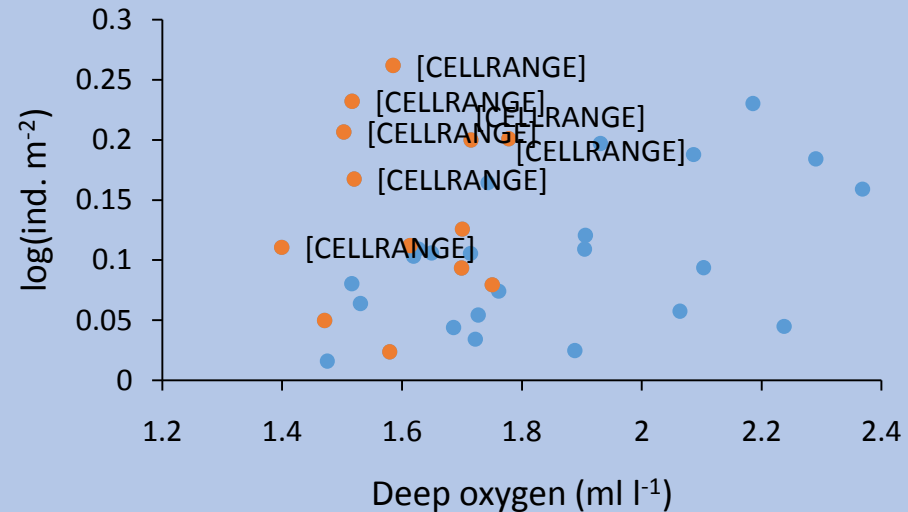
- Pattern seen across many species
- Stronger to south
- May be lagged to north



S. CA *P. crockeri*

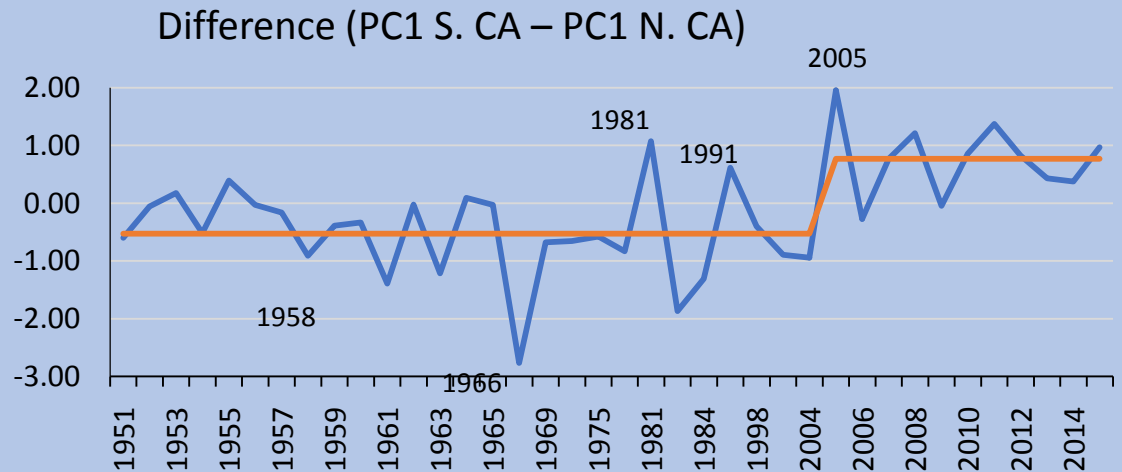
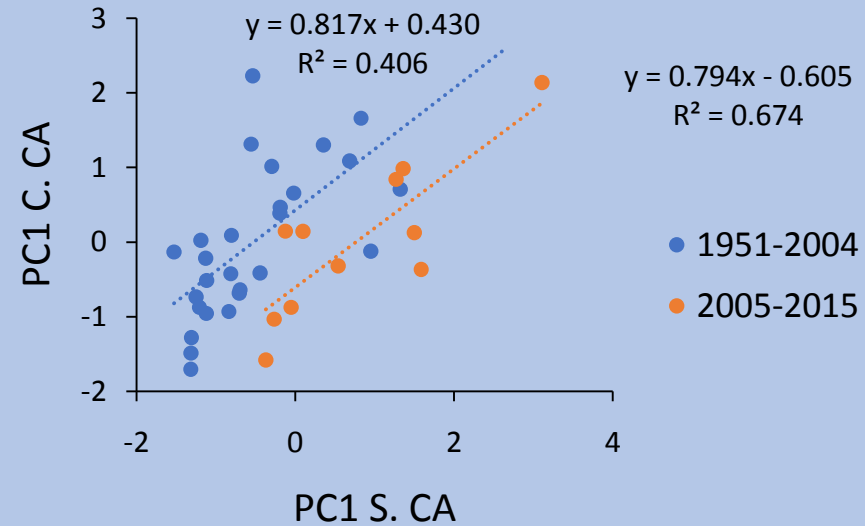


C. CA *P. crockeri*



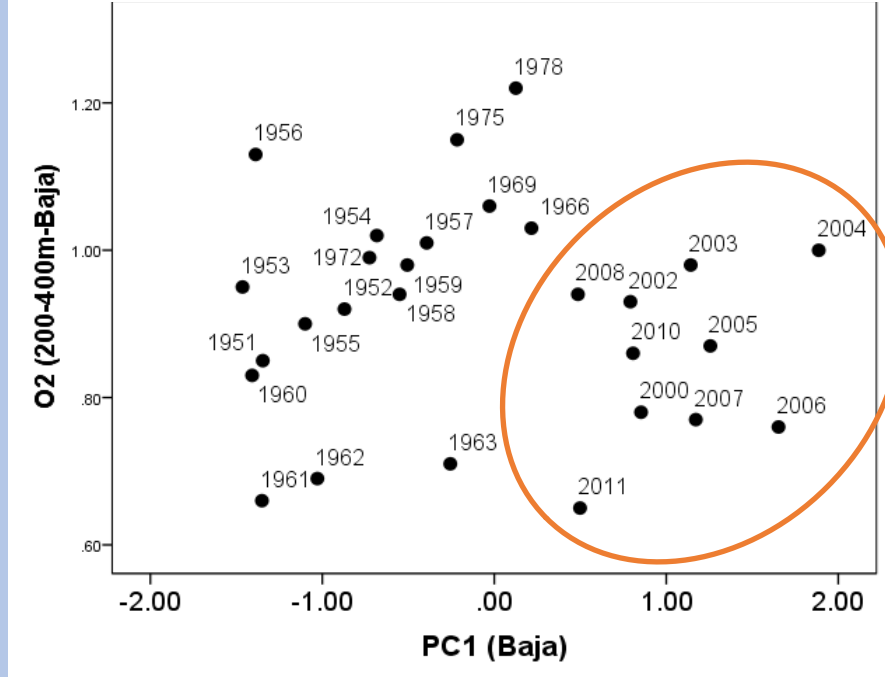
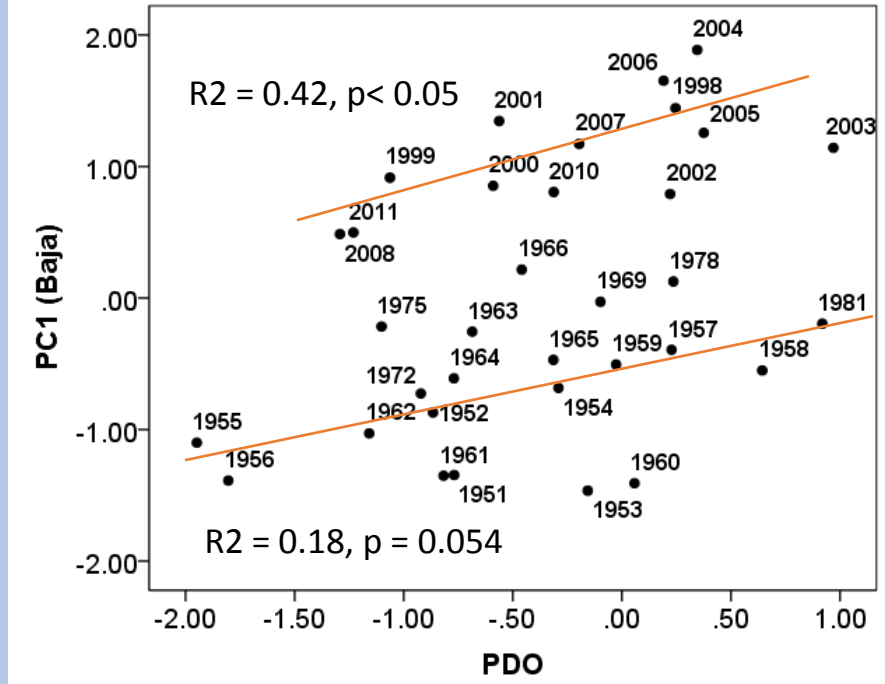
# Relationship between S. CA and N. CA changed ~2005

- Slope the same ( $p = 0.94$ )
- Intercepts differ ( $p = 0.001$ )



# Baja CA

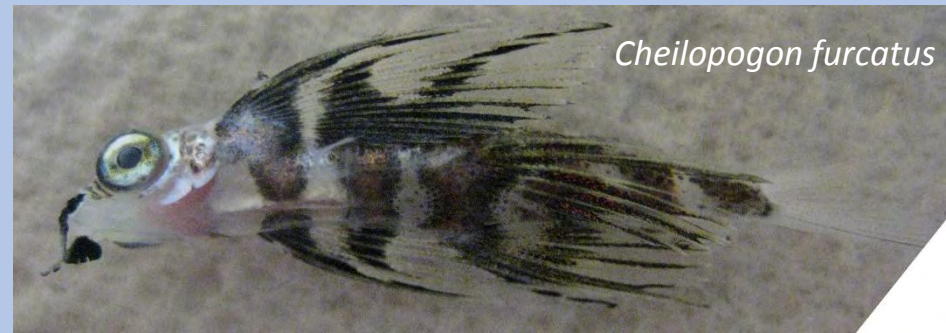
- Similar changes off Baja CA
  - Earlier ( $\leq 1998$ )



*Psenes pellucidus*

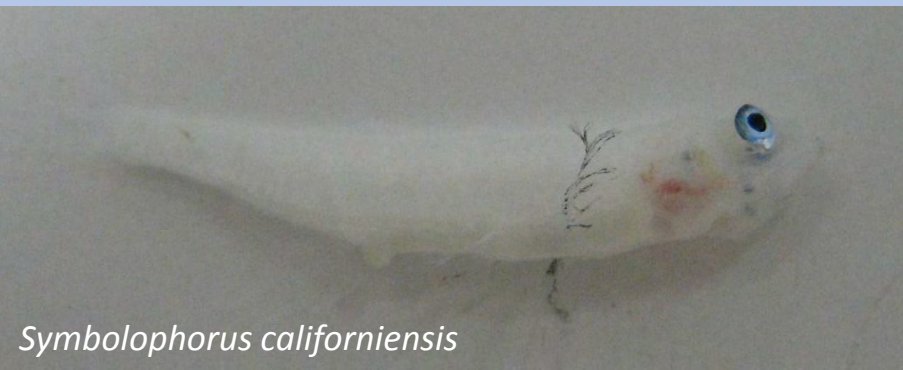
# Preliminary Conclusions

- A formerly highly-significant relationship between ichthyoplankton abundance and oxygen appears to have changed ~2005-2010
  - Other relationships seem to have changed at the same time
  - Suggestion that “state change” may be moving south-north
- Species most strongly linked to PC1 are warm-water mesopelagics
  - Cause uncertain
  - Response to regime change ~2000?
  - Influence of Blob/El Nino in 2015 uptick
  - Release from competition or reduced larval predation by collapsed CPS stocks?



# Next steps

- More env./ecological variables
  - Includes CalCOFI euphausiid time series
- More regional fish time series
- Objective test of state change
- Use GAM to identify most important variables
- Other numerical techniques



*Symbolophorus californiensis*



*Naucrates ductor*



*The National Academies of*  
SCIENCES • ENGINEERING • MEDICINE

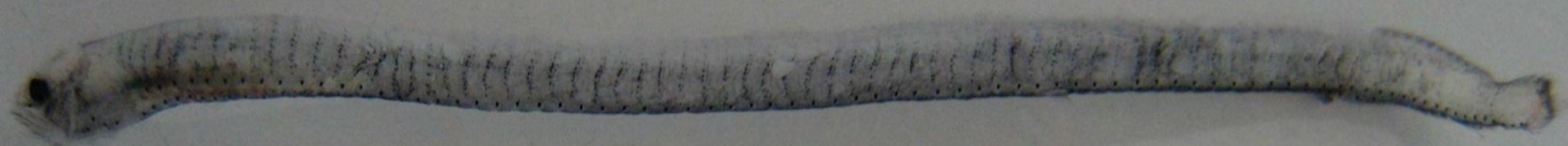
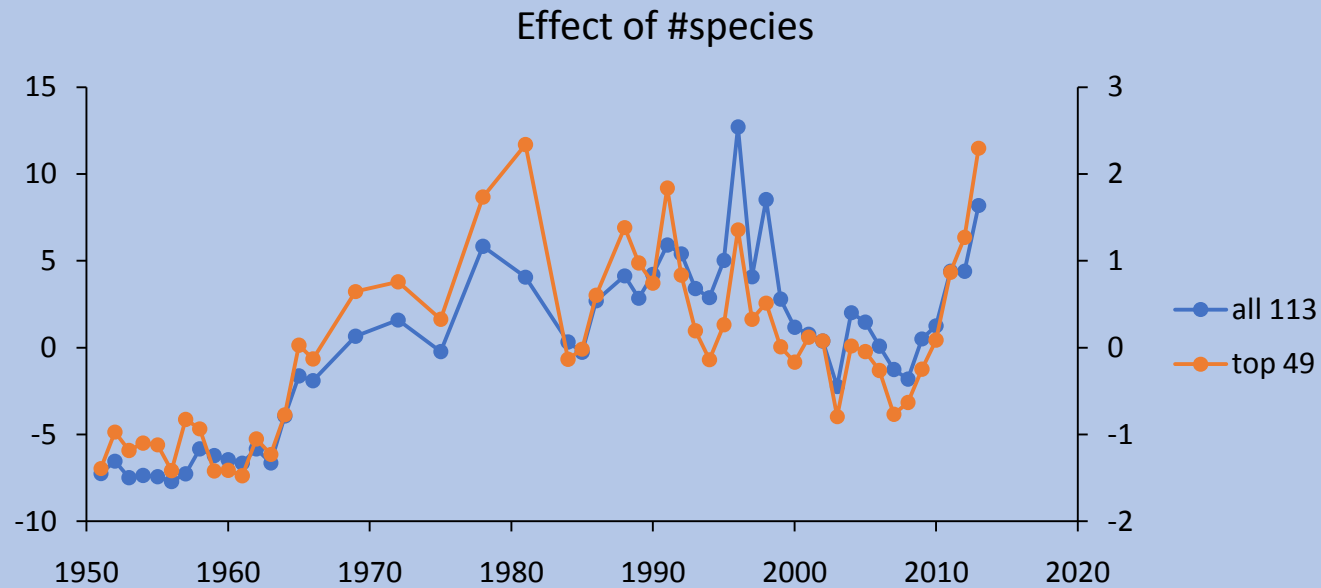


Support:  
National Research Council  
CalCOFI  
Scripps Institution of Oceanography  
NOAA





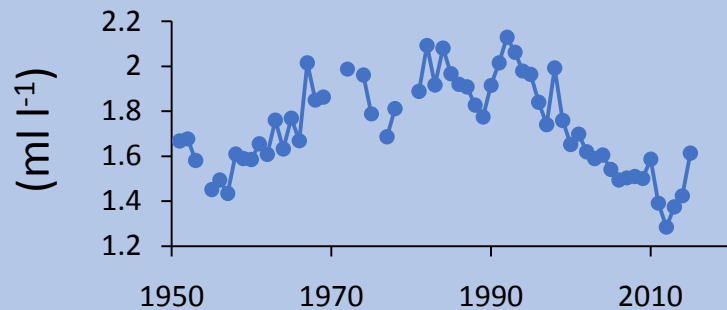
# PC1 with more variables than years



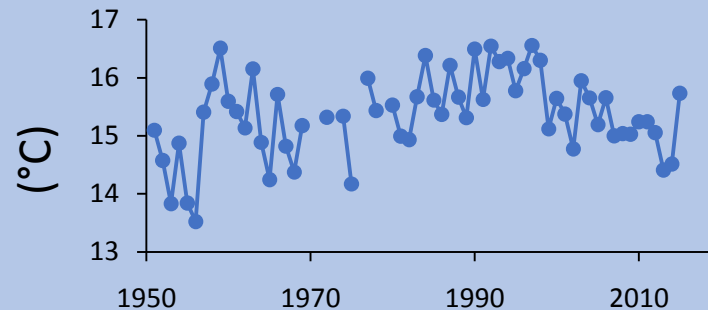
*Tactostoma macropus*

# S. CA annual averages

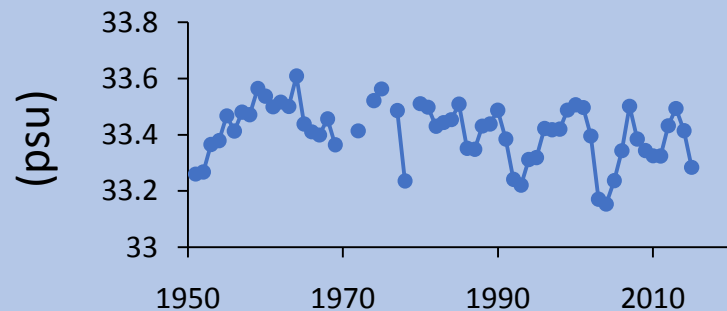
## Deep oxygen (200-400 m)



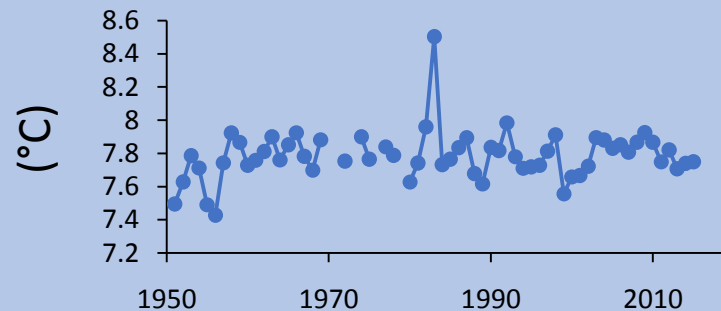
## Temperature (10 m)



## Salinity (10 m)

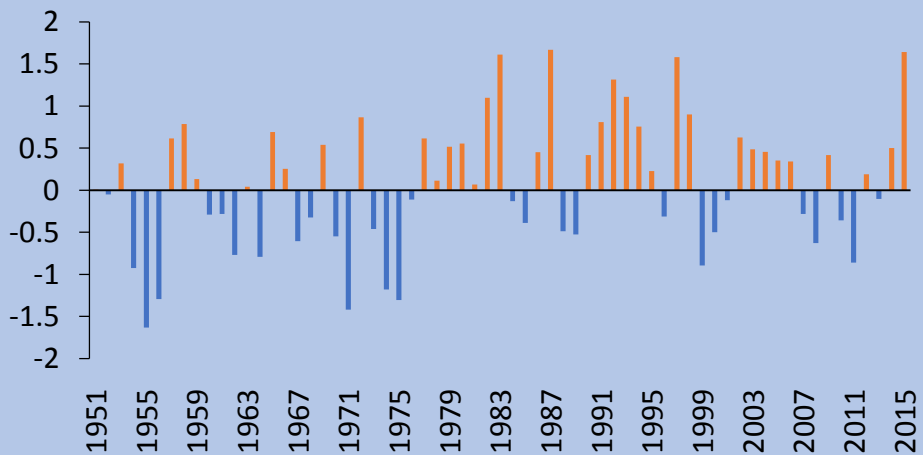


## Deep temperature (200-400 m)

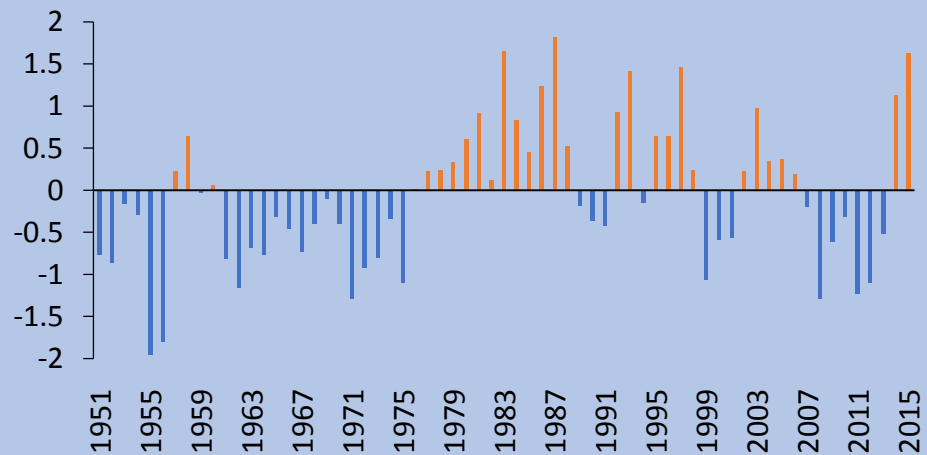


*Diplospinus multistriatus*

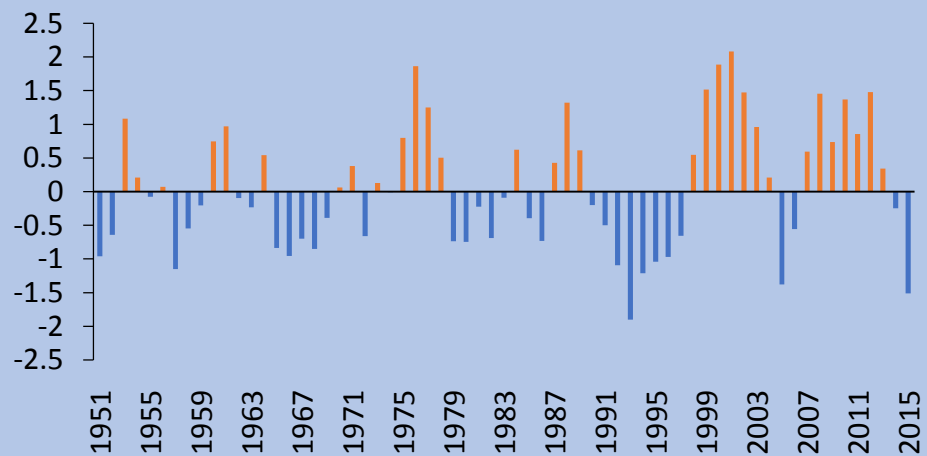
MEI



PDO



NPGO

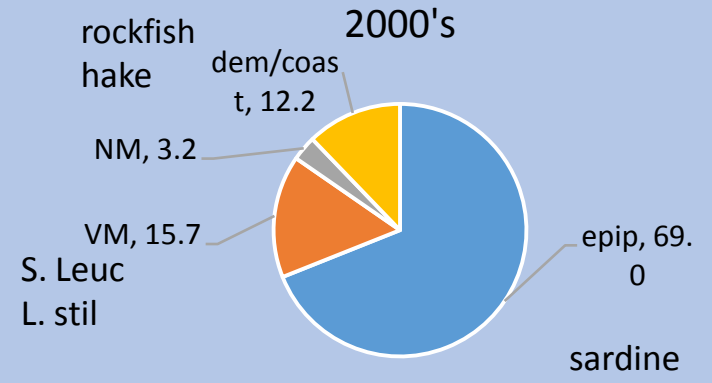
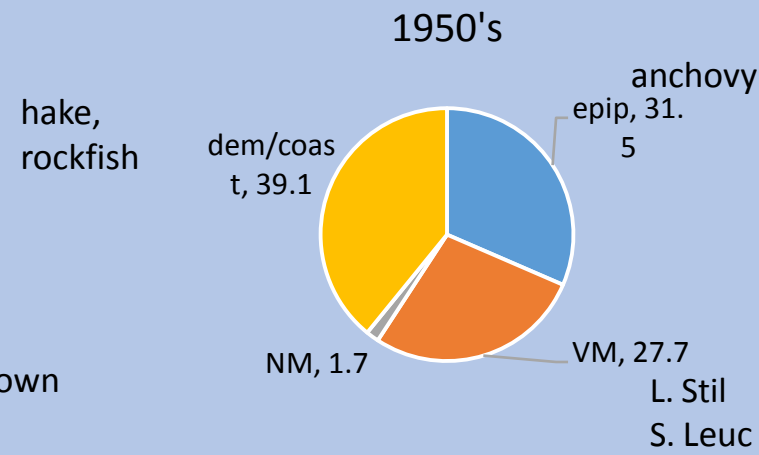
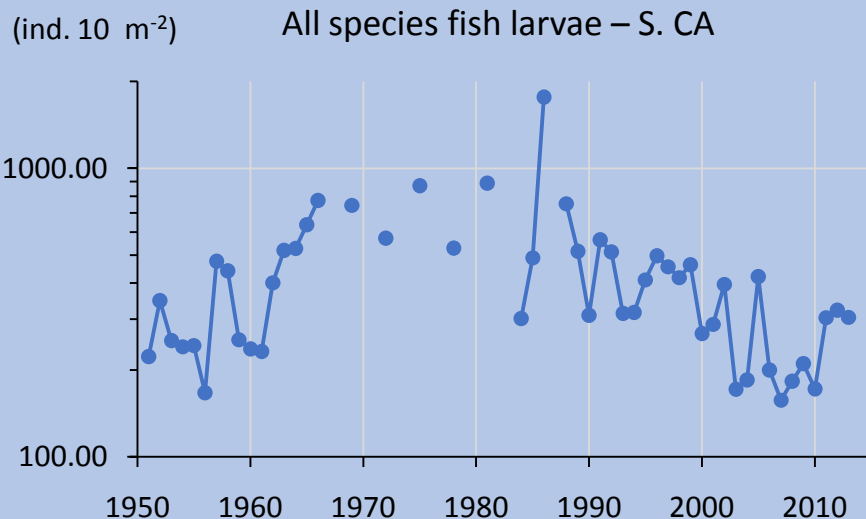


*Bathylagoides wesethi*

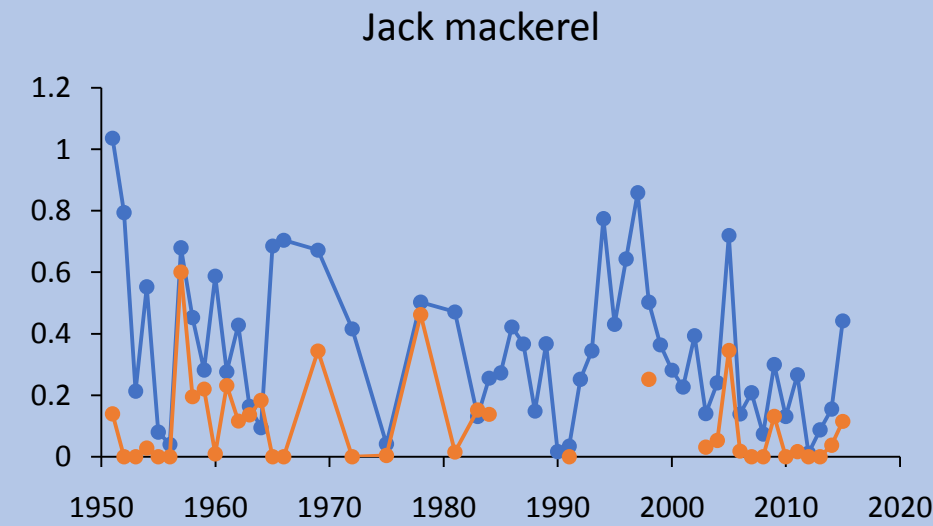
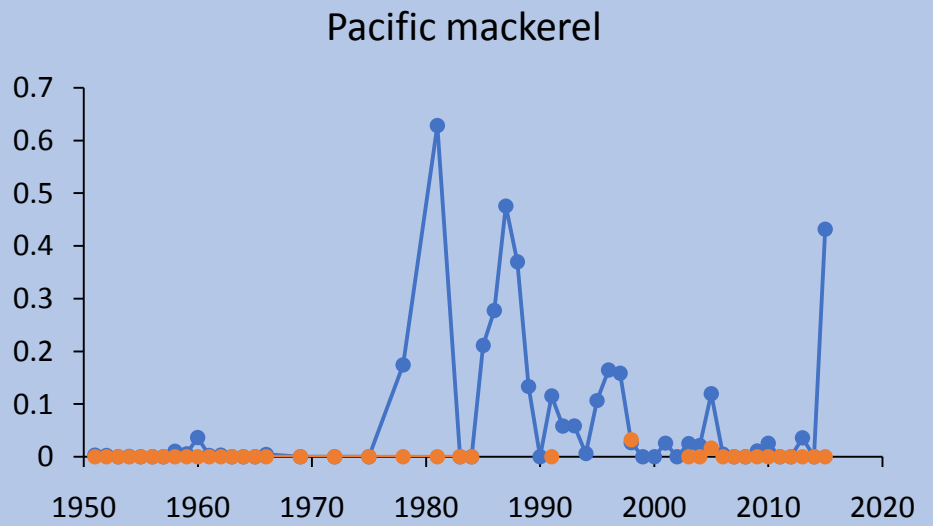
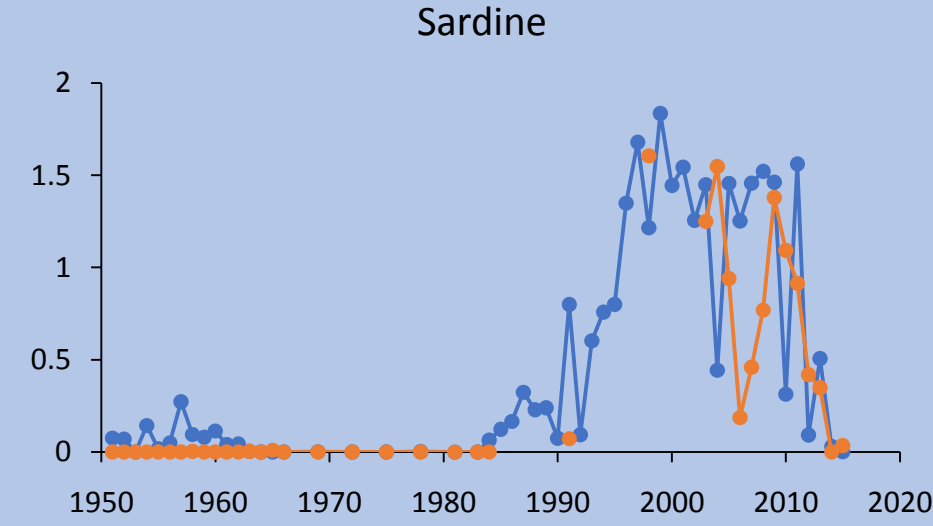
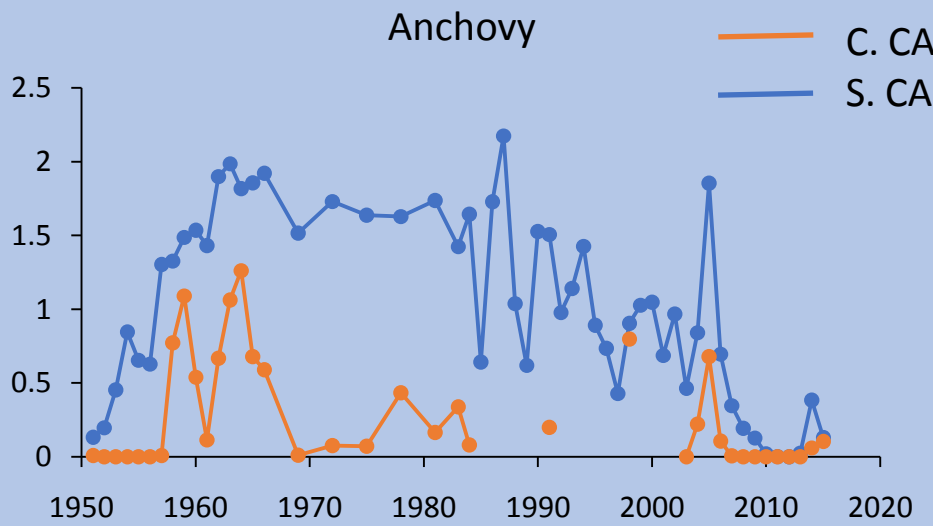
# Are the 1950's similar to the 2000's?

- S. CA overall abundance similar
- CPS similar
- PC1 similar
- Oxygen similar

Sardine up  
Hake, L. stil, S. leuc down



# Coastal Pelagic Species ( $\log_{10}(\text{ind. m}^{-2})$ )



# Three PC's

## S. CA

	PC1	PC2	PC3
MEI	0.339*	-0.121	0.233
PDO	0.438*	-0.270*	0.210
NPGO	-0.222	0.334*	-0.495*
temp	0.208	-0.198	-0.030
sal	-0.321*	0.053	0.036
deep O2	0.159	0.021	0.333*

## C. CA

	PC1	PC2	PC3
MEI	0.562*	-0.207	0.012
PDO	0.544*	-0.341*	-0.047
NPGO	-0.272	-0.240	-0.299
temp	0.343*	-0.429*	-0.137
sal	-0.506*	0.127	-0.023
deep O2	0.416*	-0.159	0.390*



*Trachipterus altivelis*