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Buddhism

In Translations/by Henry Clarke Warren

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Buddhism IN TRANSLATIONS

Passages Selected from the Buddhist Sacred Books and Translated from the Original Pāli into English by

Henry Clarke Warren

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TO MY FRIEND AND TEACHER Charles Rockwell Lanman THIS VOLUME IS DEDICATED

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APPENDIX.

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being are transitory;" but there is no passage quotable for them separately.

Meritorious and demeritorious thoughts belonging to the three modes of being are, moreover, *active karma*. For them is quotable the passage, "This ignorant individual, O priest, performs meritorious karma etc."¹

Bodily and mental heroism is called *strenuous karma*. This is quotable in the passage, "It went as far as there was room for karma, and then it stopped, as if struck in the axle."²

But there are not merely these, there are also others. In such quotations as, "Brother Visākha, when any priest enters upon the trance of the cessation of perception and sensation, first vocal karma ceases, then bodily karma, and then mental karma," several karmas are mentioned, but there is no one of these that is not included under *static karma*.

² This quotation probably refers to the wheel of empire (see 64 and 101), and symbolically expresses the victorious progress of a Universal Monarch in subduing the world. (Compare Wheel of Doctrine, s. v. Doctrine, in Index.)

HENRY CLARKE WARREN (1854-1899) was born in Cambridge, Massachusetts and was educated at Harvard, Johns Hopkins, and Oxford. He was a student of James B. Greenough, Charles R. Lanman, and Maurice Bloomfield in Sanskrit; and of Rhys Davids, the founder of the Pali Text Society. Despite severe and life-long physical handicaps, Warren became a leading figure in Indian studies and the first American scholar to attain distinction in the field of Pali. He did not live to complete his magnum opus, a translation of Buddhagosa's Way of Purity. His generosity made possible the publication of the Harvard Oriental Series.

¹ Compare page 182, line 8.

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The life of the Buddha, his teachings, and his monastic order form the substance of this work — Buddhism portrayed in the words of the Buddhists themselves and from the basic texts. The Pali passages, done into vigorous English and accurately rendered, were chosen to make a systematically complete presentation of the subject. The abiding importance and value of the work has become ever clearer in the years since its first publication in the Harvard Oriental Series.