# Phonetic cues of the fortis-lenis contrast in Bethesda Welsh

Jon Morris Míša Hejná

### What do we know?

- aspiration/non-aspiration contrasts (Jones 1984: 41)
  - Provection in some traditional S.E. dialects (Thomas 1975; see also Thomas & Thomas 1989).
- not a voicing distinction (Ball 1984, Ball & Williams 2001)
  - Cyfeiliog Welsh (Ceredigion), lenis fully voiced between voiced elements, partly word-finally (Sommerfelt 1925: 17)
- vowel duration (Awbery 1984 & 1986, Hannahs 2013; Ball 1984: 10, 12)
- Closure duration (Ball 1984: 17)
- gemination of fortis consonants after stressed vowels (e.g. Hannahs 2013: 21 and references therein)

#### Issues

- not based on much data
- not many dialects described
- differences between males and females not described
- pre-aspiration also a possible cue? (Ball 1984: 18; Morris 2010)
- VOT measurements problematic (also Ní Chasaide 1985: 398-9)
  - some authors do not measure word-final postaspiration because VOT cannot be measured there (e.g. Ball 1984: 17)

## Today's talk

- preliminary analysis of fortis and lenis tokens in 8 speakers from Bethesda
- inclusion of more features
- what are the phonetic differences between fortis and lenis stops in their Welsh?
- are there differences between male and female speakers?

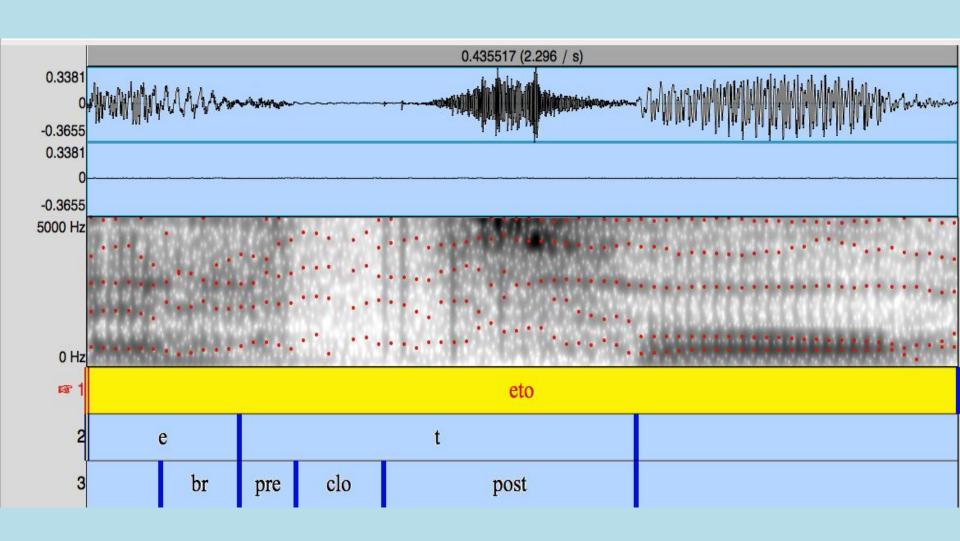
## Methodology

- 4 male, 4 female L1 Welsh speakers
- raised in Bethesda
- 16-18 years
- word list
- 60-64 words per respondent
- 44 fortis, 16 lenis: Word-medial and word-final
- preceding vowel not controlled for
- *n*=483

### **Procedure**

- release duration
- voicing (presence & duration)
- pre-aspiration (presence & duration)
- vowel duration
- voiceless closure duration
- monosyllables/disyllables

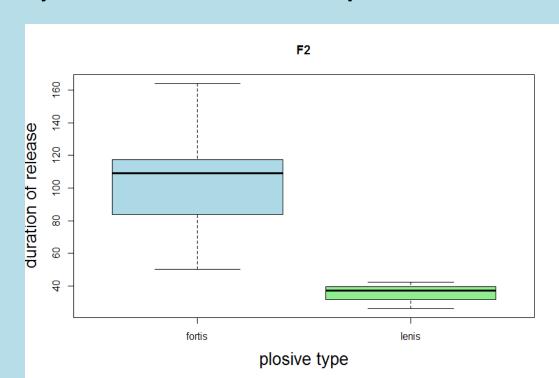
## **Procedure**



#### Release duration

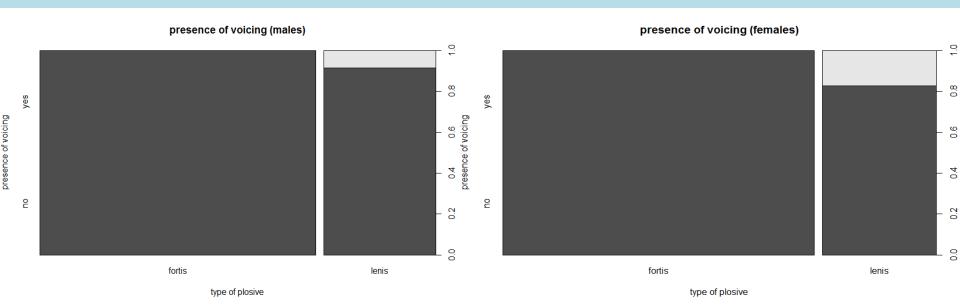
- no significant difference for individual speakers
- female & male speakers show the same pattern
- monosyllables & disyllables the same pattern

- lower mean dur.
- duration range



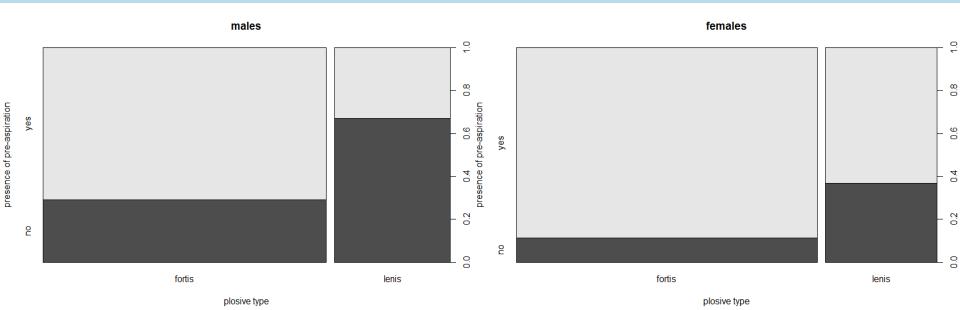
## Not a voicing distinction?

- Little evidence of voicing (n=17; 3.5%)
- fortis-lenis distinction for females and males (p<0.001)</li>



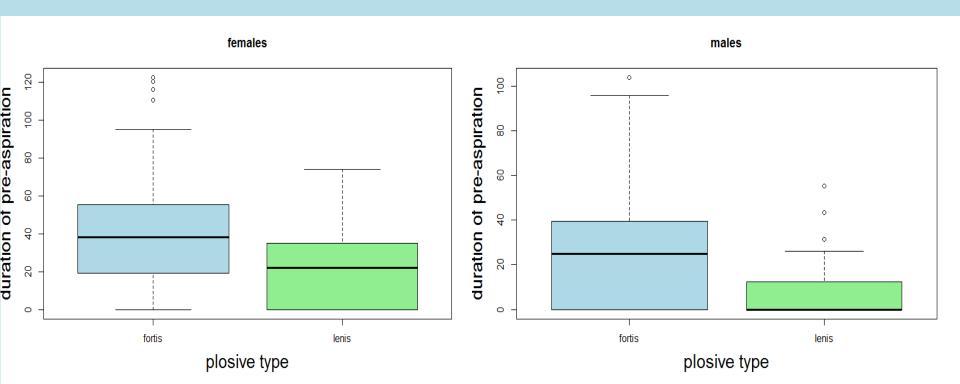
## Is there pre-aspiration?

- pre-aspiration in both fortis (n=276, 79.5%) and lenis tokens (n=64, 47.1%)
- sig. difference between males and females before both fortis (p<0.001) and lenis (p=0.0012)</li>
- sig. difference between fortis/lenis for both males and females (p<0.001)</li>



## **Duration of pre-aspiration**

 duration of pre-aspiration is not a cue of the fortis-lenis contrast:



## Closure duration: post-tonic coda plosives

- fortis plosives geminated (see Hannahs 2013: 21 and references therein) → moraic in codas (Hannahs 2013: 31)
- monosyllables: V:C (lenis plosives), VC: (fortis plosives) all dialects (Awbery 1984: 66-8, 74)
- polysyllables: same in the south

only V in the north

V & V: in free variation in mid Wales

(Awbery 1984: 68, 74, 77)

- Bow Street Welsh (Aberystwyth): fortis & lenis plosives lengthened (Pilch 1975: 89)
- closure duration = cross-linguistically the most prominent and common cue to gemination
- post-aspiration as a cue to gemination reported for Cypriot Greek (Arvaniti & Tserdanelis 2000: 560; Arvaniti 2001)

### **Closure duration**

- duration of preceding vowel could influence the duration of the closure duration → not controlled for
- no conclusive results on correlations between the two in our data
- if lenis not geminated & not moraic and fortis geminated & moraic, then these should be two clearly separate categories -> bimodal distribution
- no bimodal distribution
- for each gender
- for each speaker
- done on disyllables
- (2-3 lenis tokens in monosyllables)







## **Initial Statistical Analyses**

- Overall, sig difference between voicing and presence of preaspiration for fortis and lenis (Chi-squared p<0.001).</li>
- No sig effects for continuous data (Wilcoxon Mann Whitney).

#### **Mixed Effects Models**

- Mixed effects models with word and subject as random factors.
- Voicing removed due to lack of tokens.
- Preaspiration (t=0.627), and consonant duration (t=0.061) significant predictors for fortis consonants (Intercept t=21.003).
- Not reliable indications or general patterns (due to low t-values).

### **Conclusions**

- release duration differs in duration as expected but also in terms of range (but not significant).
- some voicing present (and a cue) but very infrequent.
- presence of preaspiration is a cue (but not duration).
- closure duration could be a cue irrespective of the overall duration (=length) of the coda plosive

#### **Further work**

- Aim to provide a more comprehensive analysis of fortis/lenis plosives in the three main dialectological areas for Welsh
- More controlled data
- Consideration of pre- and post-aspiration
- Possible sociolinguistic effects, in particular gender, area, linguistic background.

## **Bibliography**

- Arvaniti, A. (2001) "Cypriot Greek and the Phonetics and Phonology of Geminates". *Proceedings of the First International Conference of Modern Greek Dialects and Linguistic Theory*. 19-29.
- Arvaniti, A, and G Tserdanelis. (2000) "On the Phonetic of Geminates: Evidence from Cypriot Greek". *Proceedings of 6<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Spoken Language Processing 2*. Beijing. 559-562.
- Awbery, G M. (1986) Pembrokeshire Welsh: A Phonological Study. Llandysul: Gomer Press.
- Awbery, G M. (1984) "Phonotactic Constraints in Welsh". Welsh Phonology: Selected Readings. Eds M. Ball and G. E. Jones. Cardiff: University of Wales Press. 65-104.
- Ball, M.J. (1984) "Phonetics for Phonology". Welsh Phonology: Selected Readings. Eds M. Ball and G. E. Jones. Cardiff: University of Wales Press. 5-39.
- Ball, M J. (1988) "The study of pronunciation patterns". *The Use of Welsh*. Ed Martin J Ball. Clevedon: Multilingual Matters. 49-57.
- Ball, M.J. & B. Williams (2001) Welsh Phonetics. Lewiston: Edwin Mellen.
- Hannahs, S J. (2013) The Phonology of Welsh. Oxford: OUP.
- Jones, G.E. (1984) "The Distinctive Vowels and Consonants of Welsh". Welsh Phonology: Selected Readings. Eds M. Ball and G. E. Jones. Cardiff: University of Wales Press. 5-39.
- Malécot, A. (1970) "The Lenis-Fortis Opposition: Its Physiological Parameter". Journal of the Acoustical Society of America 47:6. 1588-1592.
- Morris, J. (2010). Phonetic variation in Northern Wales: preaspiration. <u>Proceedings of the Second Summer School of Sociolinguistics, The University of Edinburgh 14 20 June 2010</u>, gol. M. Meyerhoff, C. Adachi, A. Daleszynska & A. Strycharz. Edinburgh: University of Edinburgh.
- Ní Chasaide, A. (1985) Preaspiration in Phonological Stop Contrasts: An Instrumental Study. PhD thesis, University College of North Wales, Bangor.
- Sommerfelt, A. (1925) Studies in Cyfeiliog Welsh: A Contribution to Welsh Dialectology. Oslo: I Kommision hos J. Dybwad.