

## Hastingsia bracteosa var. bracteosa

Liliaceae Large-flowered rush-lily





Geral D. Car

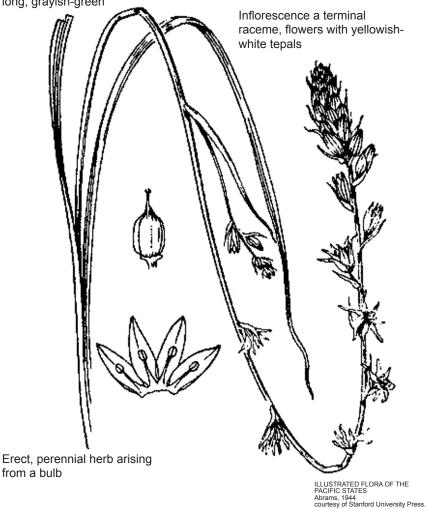
Gerald D. Carr

best survey times

J|F|M|A|M[J|J]A|S|O|N|D



Leaves basal, 25-50 cm long, 25-50 cm long, grayish-green

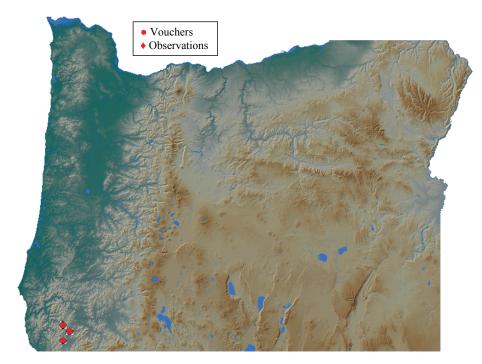


Erect, perennial herb arising from a bulb. Bulb narrowly ovoid, 2.5-8 cm long, 1.5-3 cm wide, sometimes with a blackish tunic. Leaves basal, 25-50 cm long, 3-8 mm wide, grayish-green; dead foliage persisting at base in mature plants. Scape 40-90 cm long, rarely branched; bracts 7-11 mm long. Inflorescence a terminal raceme, 5-30 cm long, densely flowered. Flowers: tepals yellowish white with yellow or purple central vein, oblong-lanceolate, 8-12 mm long, about 2 mm wide, filaments 5-7 mm long; anthers pale yellow. Fruit a capsule, oblong to oblong-ovate, 9-11 mm long, 6-8 mm wide; seeds 4-5 mm long.

Lookalikes Hastingsia alba differs from featured plant by its smaller perianth segments

## Hastingsia bracteosa var. bracteosa S. Watson

Large-flowered rush-lily PLANTS symbol: HABRB *August 2019 status* Oregon:LT; ORBIC: List 1



Distribution: Southwestern Josephine Co.

Habitat: Bogs and wet areas of serpentine outcroppings.

Elevation: 300-1000 m

Best survey time (in flower): June - July

## Associated species:

Pinus jeffreyi (Jeffrey pine) Salix lasiolepis (Arroyo willow) Rhododendron occidentale (Western azalea) Helenium bigelovii (Bigelow's sneezeweed) Rudbeckia glaucescens (California coneflower)



