

Phacelia argentea

Hydrophyllaceae

Silver phacelia

Gerald D. Carr



Barbara & Glenn Halliday



Wilbur L. Bluhm

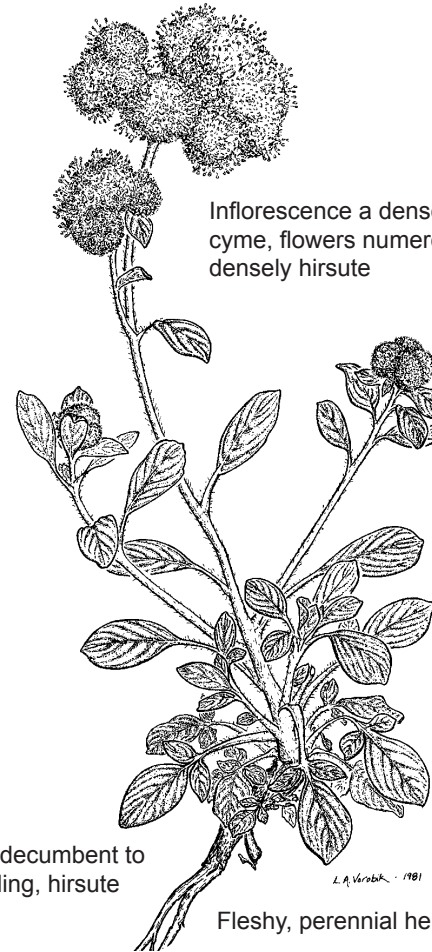
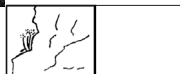


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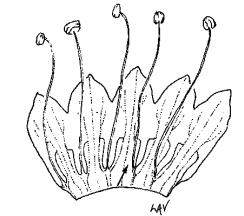
best survey times
J | F | M | A | M | J | J | A | S | O | N | D



Inflorescence a dense cyme, flowers numerous, densely hirsute

Stems decumbent to ascending, hirsute

Fleshy, perennial herb, 10-45 cm tall



Illustrated by Linda Vorobik
From: Threatened and Endangered
Vascular Plants of Oregon (1982)
R. J. Meinke

Fleshy, perennial herb, 10-45 cm tall, from a branched caudex. Stems decumbent to ascending, hirsute. Leaves thick, densely pubescent, elliptic to obovate, 5-12 cm long, 2-3 cm wide; entire to two lobed at base; veins deeply impressed; petioles usually shorter than blades. Inflorescence a dense cyme, 2-4 cm long. Flowers numerous; calyx lobed oblong, obtuse, 3-4 mm long, 1-2 mm wide, densely hirsute; corolla white to cream colored, 5-7 mm long, campanulate; stamens and style 6-8 mm long. Fruit a capsule, ovoid, about 3 mm long; seeds 1-2, 1.5-2 mm long.

Lookalikes

- Phacelia nemoralis*
- Phacelia hastata* var. *hastata*
- Phacelia corymbosa*

differs from featured plant by

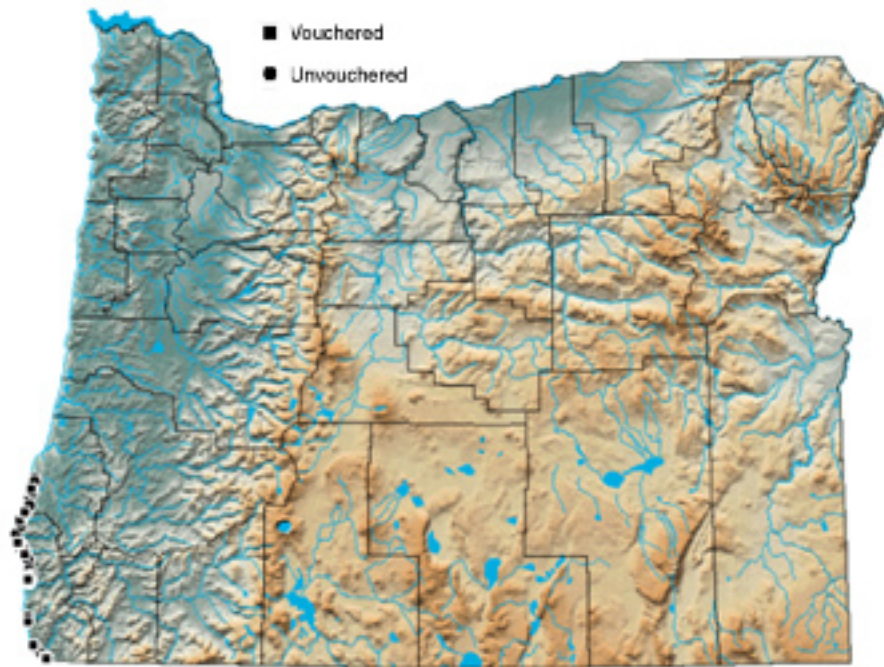
- its erect stems and two or more pairs of leaflets.
- its inland habitat and erect stems.
- its inland habitat and densely glandular stems.

Phacelia argentea A. Nelson & J.F. Macbr.

Silver phacelia

PLANTS symbol: PHAR

August 2019 status Federal:SOC; Oregon:LT; ORBIC: List 1



Distribution: Coastal Coos and Curry Counties, Oregon south to Del Norte County, California.

Habitat: Coastal sand dunes and bluffs.

Elevation: 0 - 50 m

Best survey time (in flower): Late May to August

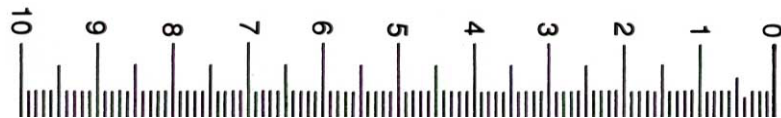
Associated species:

Abronia latifolia (Coastal sand verbena)

Ambrosia chamissonis (Silver burr ragweed)

Camissoniopsis cheiranthifolia (Beach suncup)

Fragaria chiloensis (Beach strawberry)



Oregon Flora
<https://oregonflora.org>
Published August 2019