

Section 8.1 – Single-Payment Loans

1. Jessie obtained a single payment loan of \$3,225.00 to pay a repair bill. She agreed to repay the loan in 31 days at an exact interest rate of 11.75%. What is the maturity value of her loan?

$$3225 \times .1175 \times \frac{31}{365} = \$32.18 \text{ interest}$$

$$MV = 32.18 + 3,225 = \$3,257.18$$

2. Joseph Henning borrowed \$24,000 for new computers for his software production company. His bank granted her a single-payment loan of \$24,000 for 144 days at an ordinary interest rate of 9%. What is the maturity value of his loan?

$$\text{Interest: } 24000(.09)\left(\frac{144}{360}\right) = 864$$

$$MV = 24000 + 864 = \$24,864$$

Section 8.2 – Installment Loans

3. Linda Chevez purchased a stereo for her car. The stereo cost \$279.50. Using the store's credit plan, she made a \$50.00 down payment. What amount did she finance?

$$279.50 - 50 = \$229.50 \text{ financed}$$

4. Amy Martin purchased living room furniture for \$3,987.95. She made a down payment of 20% and financed the remaining amount using the store's installment plan. What amount did she finance?

$$3,987.95 (.20) = 797.59 \text{ down payment}$$

$$3987.95 - 797.59 = \$3,190.36 \text{ financed}$$

Section 8.3 – Simple Interest Installment Loans

5. Mark Voss obtained an installment loan of \$2,460. The APR is 15% for 12 monthly payments. What is the finance charge?

$$\text{Monthly Payment} = \frac{2460}{100} \times 9.03 = \$222.14$$

$$\text{Amount repaid} = 222.14 \times 12 = \$2,665.68$$

$$\text{Finance charge} = 2,665.68 - 2,460 = \$205.68$$

6. Aurora obtained an installment loan of \$6,000 on a used sailboat. She financed the purchase through the boat dealer and agreed to repay the loan in 48 monthly payments at an APR of 18%. What is the finance charge?

$$\text{MP: } \frac{6000}{100} \times 2.94 = \$176.40$$

$$\text{Amount repaid: } 176.40 \times 48 = \$8,467.20$$

$$\text{FC: } 8,467.20 - 6000 = \$2,467.20$$

Section 8.4 – Installment Loans – Allocation of Monthly Payment

7. Alex borrowed \$2,400 to put a new well on his country property. The interest rate is 12% for 12 months. The monthly payment is \$213.12. The balance of the loan after 4 payments is \$1,632.10. What is the interest for the fifth payment? What is the amount for principal with the fifth payment? What is the new principal?

$$I = 1632.10(.12)\left(\frac{1}{12}\right) = \$16.32$$

$$\text{Amount for principal} = \$213.12 - 16.32 = \$196.80$$

$$\text{New Principal} = \$1632.10 - 196.80 = \$1,435.30$$

8. Mark wants to renovate his home. The bank agrees to lend him \$7,800 at 12% for 36 months. If his monthly payment is \$258.96, what is the new balance after the first payment?

$$7800(.12)\left(\frac{1}{12}\right) = \$78 \text{ interest}$$

$$\text{Am. for principal} = 258.96 - 78 = \$180.96$$

$$\text{new balance} = 7800 - 180.96 = \$7,619.04$$

Section 8.5 – Paying Off Simple Interest Installment Loans

9. Scott took out a simple interest loan of \$1,800 for home repairs. The loan is for 12 months at 8% interest with a payment of \$156.60. After 8 months, the balance is \$615.87. He pays off the loan when the next payment is due. What is the interest? What is the final payment? How much is saved by paying the loan off early?

$$I = 615.87(.08)(\frac{1}{12}) = \$4.11 \text{ interest}$$

$$\text{Final payment} = 615.87 + 4.11 = \$619.98 \text{ final payment}$$

$$\text{total repaid} = 12 \times 156.60 = 1,879.20$$

$$\text{Amount saved: } 1879.2 - (8 \times 156.60) - 619.98$$

$$1879.20 - 1252.80 - 619.98 = \$6.42 \text{ saved}$$

10. Leo takes out a short-term loan of \$1,800 at 12% for 6 months. The monthly payment is \$310.50. The balance of the loan after 4 payments is \$612.34. How much does he save by paying off the loan when the next payment is due?

~~$$I = 1800(.12)(\frac{1}{12}) = 18$$~~

$$I = 612.34(.12)(\frac{1}{12}) = \$6.12 \text{ interest}$$

~~$$FP = 18 + 1800 = 1818$$~~
~~$$FP = 612.34 + 18 = 630.34$$~~

$$FP = 612.34 + 6.12 = 618.46$$

$$310.50 \times 6 = \$1863$$

$$1863 - 4(310.5) - 618.46$$

$$1863 - 1242 - 618.46 = \$2.54 \text{ saved}$$

Section 8.6 – Determining the APR

11. The amount of an installment loan is \$7,800. The finance charge is \$903.24. There are 24 monthly installments. What is the APR?

$$\text{finance charge} = \$100 \times \frac{903.24}{7800} = \$11.58$$

per \$100

$$10.75\%$$

12. Jorge is having a new furnace installed. The furnace costs \$3,500.00. The bank requires a down payment of 20% and 36 monthly payments of \$91.84 each. What is the APR on his loan? $3500(.20) = \$700$ $3500 - 700 = 2800$

$$36 \times 91.84 = 3,306.24$$

$$3,306.24 - 2800 = \$506.24 \text{ interest}$$

$$100 \times \frac{506.24}{2800} = \$18.08$$

$$11.25\%$$

8 Chapter Review

Loans—Fill-in-the-Blank

1. ordinary interest is based on a 360-day year.
2. Total Amount Repaid – Amount Financed = finance charge.
3. A loan you repay with several equal payments over a specified period of time is called a(n) installment loan.
4. The amount you must repay on a loan, including interest and principal is its maturity value.
5. APR = annual percentage rate.
6. A(n) repayment schedule shows the distribution of interest and principal over the life of a loan.
7. An upfront cash portion of the purchase price is a(n) down payment.
8. Final Payment = Previous Balance + Current Month's interest.
9. A loan you repay with one payment at the end of a specified period of time is a(n) single-payment loan.
10. Maturity Value = Principal + Interest Owed.
11. The term of a loan is the time for which it has been granted.
12. exact interest is based on a 365-day year.