

Kirin Group Financial Results for 1Q FY2023

May 11, 2023 Kirin Holdings Company, Limited

- My name is Takaoka from Kirin Holdings. Thank you very much for your time today.
- I will now explain the first quarter financial results. First, please refer to page 3.

Summary of 1Q FY2023 Results



1Q FY2023 Results

- Consolidated Revenue increased by +8.1% YoY and Normalized operating profit (OP) increased by +29.5% despite the impact of raw material cost hikes, etc.
- Profit before tax decreased by -29.6% due to the foreign currency translation difference resulting from the exclusion of the Myanmar business
- ➤ Profit attributable to owners of the Company decreased by -67.9%, mainly due to an increase in the corporate tax rate etc.
- Normalized EPS increased by +8 yen YoY due to an increase in consolidated Normalized OP and share of profit of equity-accounted investees



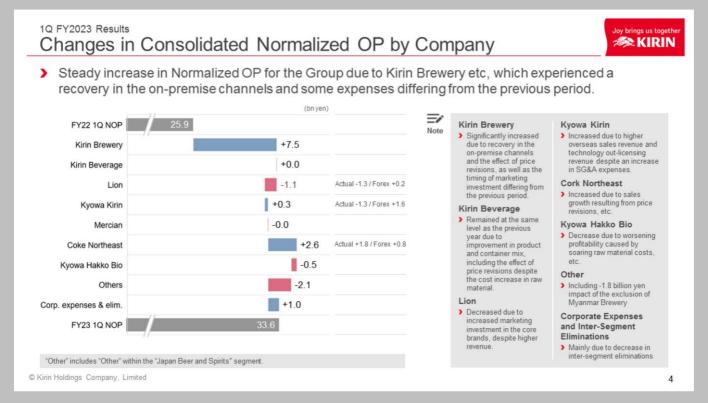
- Steady start to the business by implementing profit improvement measures, despite cost increases in raw materials, etc.
- Increased in all profit levels, except for foreign currency translation difference (approx. 19.0 billion yen)*

(bn yen)	1Q FY2023 Actual	1Q FY2022 Actual	YoY	
Revenue	450.3	416.7	33.6	8.1%
Normalized OP **	33.6	25.9	7.7	29.5%
Profit before tax	20.1	28.5	-8.4	-29.6%
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	5.6	17.4	-11.8	-67.9%
Quantitative Target	1Q FY2023 Actual	1Q FY2022 Actual	YoY	%
Normalized EPS ***	32 yen	24 yen	8 yen	33.3%

*IFRS name is "Foreign currency translation differences on foreign operations." Exchange rate difference when converting BS of overseas subsidiaries into yen. Normally, the accumulated amount is recorded in the equity section of BS every year, but when the company is sold or liquidated, the accumulated amount is recorded as loss on sales of share of subsidiaries in other operating expenses section of PL
**A profit indicator for measuring recurring performance which is calculated by deducting cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses from revenue.
**See page 12 for details.

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- Consolidated revenue for the first quarter was 450.3 billion yen, up 8.1% from the previous year.
- Consolidated Normalized operating profit was 33.6 billion yen, up 29.5% from the previous year, due to the steady implementation of price revisions and other profit improvement measures and cost reductions, despite the continued impact of soaring raw material and fuel costs, mainly in the food and beverages domain.
- Profit before tax was 20.1 billion yen, a decrease of 29.6% from the previous year, mainly due to the foreign currency translation difference of approximately 19.0 billion yen, resulting from the withdrawal from the Myanmar business.
- Profit attributable to owners of the Company for the quarter was 5.6 billion yen, a decrease of 67.9%, due to an increase in income tax expense.
- As for the Normalized EPS, it was 32 yen, mainly due to an increase in consolidated Normalized operating profit and share of profit of equityaccounted investees.
- There is no revision to the full-year financial forecast at this time.

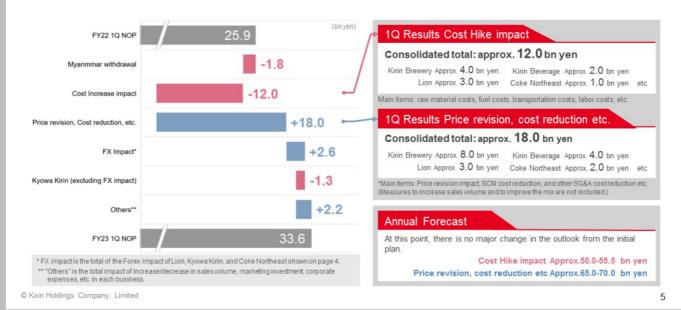


 Page 4 shows changes in the Normalized operating profit by company, please refer to the details later.

1Q FY2023 Results Changes in Consolidated Normalized OP by Factor



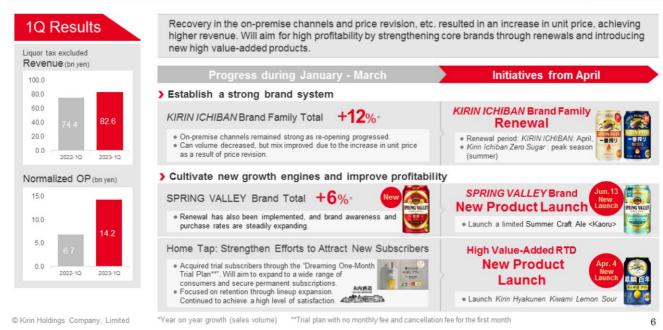
> Exclusion of Myanmar business and higher costs, were offset by price revisions and cost reductions, etc.



- Please see page 5.
- Looking at changes in Normalized operating profit by factor, the negative impact of soaring costs was approximately 12.0 billion yen, but price revisions and cost reductions offset the deterioration in business performance with a positive impact of approximately 18.0 billion yen.
- The Group did not make significant investments in marketing during the January-March period, which we had announced at the beginning of the year, due to the postponement of some of the investments.
- In addition, since the yen has weakened compared to the first quarter of last year, there was a 2.6 billion yen impact from foreign exchange, resulting in a consolidated Normalized operating profit of 33.6 billion yen.
- Furthermore, there is no significant change at this time in the annual cost hike forecast.

Kirin Brewery





- I will explain each business starting from page 6. First, Kirin Brewery.
- The stable increase in revenue in the first quarter was due to a steady recovery in the on-premise channels and higher unit prices resulting from the price revision implemented last October.
- The Kirin Ichiban brand family, which is being enforced as a core brand, achieved a monthly cumulative increase of 12% over the previous year. The main reason for this increase was the major boost in the on-premise channels related to reopening, despite a decrease in volume in the off-premise channels due to price revisions and other factors. We will implement renewal activities for Kirin Ichiban from April, and for Kirin Ichiban Zero Sugar during the peak season.
- We are working to expand the market for craft beer, and Spring Valley's Hojun 496 also underwent a renewal.
- We plan to launch a new summer limited product next month in June to offer a
 "joy of choosing" that only craft can provide. We would like to offer a new way to
 enjoy summer that is unique to craft and different from the previous standard
 summer beers.
- This year, for the high value-added RTD, we will take up the challenge again with the release of "Kirin Hyakunen Kiwami Lemon Sour," made with a technology Kirin has cultivated throughout our over 100 years of beer brewing history.
- As for Home Tap, we did not take any aggressive measures last year to expand its scale, but we are gradually taking steps to promote new customer trials.

Lion

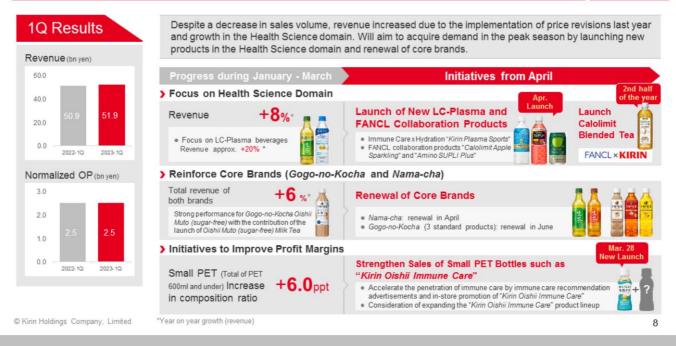




- Next is LION, please see page 7.
- As for Australia, revenue steadily increased due to the recovery in the onpremise channels, which had shrunk due to the Omicron variant last year, as well as price revisions in response to higher costs.
- We are investing in brands and working to grow our core brands, and a new low-carb product from Hahn that promotes health and well-being is performing well.
- XXXX (Four-X) is also steadily growing at a positive year-on-year rate, and we will continue to invest in the brand and will push harder from April.
- As for the craft beer category, Fermentum continued to show solid growth.
- From the second quarter, we will continue to invest in both our core brands and craft beers to strengthen our brands.
- Meanwhile, for US craft, the momentum of Voodoo Ranger, which is driving growth, has not stopped. We have acquired a production brewery in Virginia to secure brewing capacity, partly due to the contribution of new products. We will continue to work on building a strong platform.

Kirin Beverage

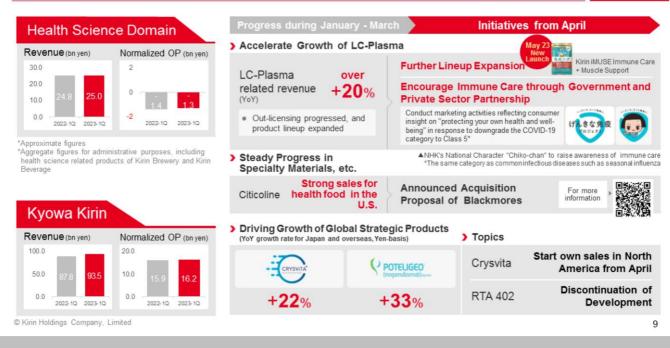




- Please see page 8.
- Kirin Beverage also reported an increase in revenue, with steady growth from products in the health science domain, which is a particular focus of Kirin Beverage this year.
- In addition to "Kirin Plasma Sports," a LC-Plasma sports drink, launched this
 past April, we have also launched several products in collaboration with
 FANCL to strengthen our initiatives.
- In the second half of the year, we also plan to launch a blended tea from the CaloLimit brand.
- As for our core brands, the unsweetened milk tea from the Gogo-no-Kocha brand has been performing very well, and we will further strengthen these core brands by renewing both of Nama-cha and Gogo-no-Kocha, from April onwards.
- As for efforts to improve profitability, the ultra-small PET bottle, "Kirin Oishii Immune Care," which underwent a full renewal at the end of March, including the brand name, has launched in stores along with advertisements promoting the importance of immune care and has expanded.
- We intend to improve profitability by increasing revenue from small PET bottle products by growing our product lineup and other measures.

Health Science Domain / Kyowa Kirin





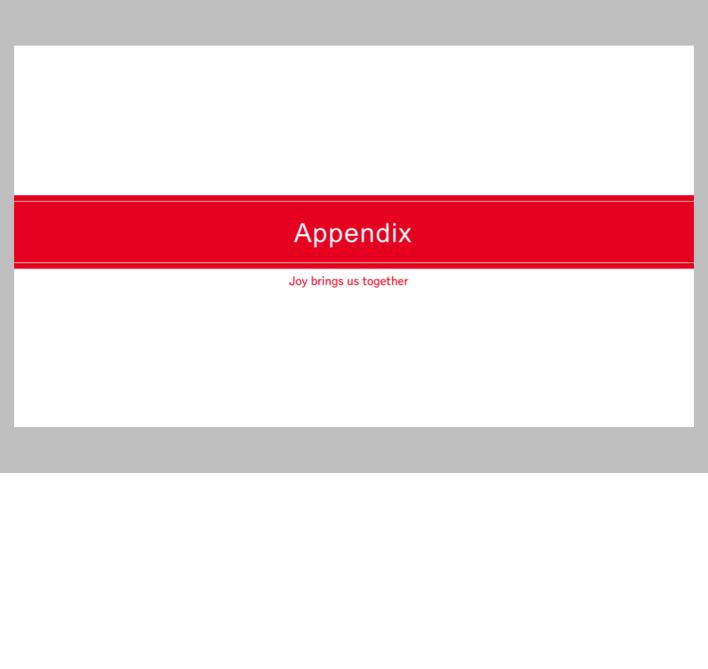
- Next is page 9. In the health science domain, the product lineup is expanding, with steady growth in LC-Plasma beverages and progress in out-licensing.
- In May, the COVID-19 category was downgraded to Class 5 (the same category as common infectious diseases such as seasonal influenza). In conjunction with this change, we will promote the awareness of immune care to "protect your own health and well-being" together with national characters, local governments, and companies that implements our product.
- As for immune care supplements, our double claim products are performing well, and we plan to add more to our lineup.
- Sales of specialty material Citicoline to health food companies in the U.S., especially beverage companies, are strong and progressing as planned.
- On April 27, we also announced our acquisition proposal of Blackmores. We will proceed to close this in the third quarter as planned.
- As for Kyowa Kirin in the pharmaceutical domain, own sales of Crysvita in North America have started smoothly.
- On the other hand, with the announcement of the discontinuation of RTA 402 development in the second quarter, we will continue to expand our nextgeneration pipeline.

ESG Updates





- Please see page 10 for the ESG update.
- For environment, we received the highest number of votes for GPIF's outstanding TCFD disclosure for two consecutive years.
- As noted, we have received many positive comments for the reasons of the selection.
- Regarding social, Nagasaki University, with which we had been conducting a joint research, announced the results of a specific clinical study of LC-Plasma against COVID-19.
- Among the results, it has been suggested that patients who had abnormalities in their sense of smell and taste improved faster by consuming LC-Plasma. It has also been confirmed that the number of SARS-CoV-2 in the body is reduced earlier with the intake of LC-Plasma.
- We will continue to place CSV at the core of our management to strengthen our business, and at the same time, we will aim to achieve both economic and social value by being highly evaluated from an ESG perspective.





(bn yen)		1Q FY2023	1Q FY2022
Profit attributable to Owners of the Company	1	5.6	17.4
Other operating income/expenses after taxes and other adjustments	2	20.2	2.7
Normalized profit	3 = 1 + 2	25.8	20.0
Average number of shares during the period ('000)	4	809,827	833,585
Normalized EPS (yen)	3/4	32	24

1Q FY2023 Results Revenue by segments



venue		
Japan Beer and Spi	rits	
	Kirin Brewery	
	Other and elimination	
Japan Non-alcoholic	Beverages	
	Kirin Beverage	
	Elimination	
Oceania Adult Bever	rages	
	Lion	
	Elimination	
Pharmaceuticals		
	Kyowa Kirin	
	Elimination	
Other		
	Mercian	
	Coke Northeast	
	Kyowa Hakko Bio	
	Other and elimination	

		1Q FY2022 Actual	1Q FY2023 Actual
8.1%	33.6	416.7	450.3
8.4%	11.1	132.8	144.0
7.3%	9.2	127.2	136.4
33.6%	1.9	5.7	7.6
1.6%	0.8	50.5	51.3
1.8%	0.9	50.9	51.9
_	-0.1	-0.5	-0.6
16.8%	9.0	53.6	62.7
16.8%	9.0	53.7	62.7
_	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0
6.6%	5.8	87.6	93.4
6.6%	5.8	87.8	93.5
-	0.0	-0.1	-0.1
7.4%	6.8	92.2	99.0
9.3%	1.2	13.2	14.4
31.2%	13.0	41.6	54.5
-2.2%	-0.3	13.0	12.7
-29.1%	-7.1	24.5	17.4

Normalized OP by segments



(bn yen)	
Normalized OP	
Japan Beer and Spi	rits
	Kirin Brewery
	Others
Japan Non-alcoholic	Beverages
	Kirin Beverage
Oceania Adult Bever	rages
	Lion
Pharmaceuticals	
	Kyowa Kirin
Other	
	Mercian
	Coke Northeast
	Kyowa Hakko Bio
	Other
Corporate expenses	/inter-segment

1Q FY2023 Actual	1Q FY2022 Actual	YoY	%
33.6	25.9	7.7	29.5%
15.2	7.4	7.8	105.1%
14.2	6.7	7.5	111.5%
1.0	0.7	0.3	44.2%
2.5	2.5	0.0	0.7%
2.5	2.5	0.0	0.7%
3.5	4.6	-1.1	-23.0%
3.5	4.6	-1.1	-23.0%
16.2	15.9	0.3	1.8%
16.2	15.9	0.3	1.8%
7.5	7.9	-0.3	-4.2%
-0.3	-0.3	-0.0	_
6.9	4.3	2.6	61.1%
-1.2	-0.6	-0.5	_
2.1	4.5	-2.4	-52.6%
-11.4	-12.4	1.0	_

Kirin Brewery



(bn yen)		1Q FY23 Actual	1Q FY22 Actual				
Re	venue		136.4	127.2	9.2	7.3%	
Rev	venue excl. liquor t	ax	82.6	74.4	8.2	11.0%	
Normalized OP			14.2	6.7	7.5	111.5%	
No	FY22 ormalized OP	6.7	Description				
YoY change (bn yen)	Increase in marginal profit of alcoholic beverages, etc.	8.0	(Beer decrea Total other (decrease in alcoholic ber Difference	products -0.4 ase-5,000 kl) r than beer p RTD-5,000kl, i verages ZERO t in product a on ratio of co	roducts ncrease housand and in	in non- kl), etc.	
ige (b	Increase in raw material costs	-3.6	Increase in	market prices	, etc.		
n yen)	Decrease in selling expenses	4.2	Decrease in advertising expenses :3.0 Decrease in sales promotion expenses: 1. (Total $14.2 \rightarrow 9.9$)				
	Increase in other expenses	-1.1	Increase in electricity and fuel costs, etc.				
	Subtotal	7.5					
	FY23 ormalized OP	14.2					

(1,000 KL)	1Q FY23 Actual			
Beer products total*	-	1 -	-1.5%	2%
RTD	92	97	-5.4%	-1%
Non-alcoholic beverage	8	7	4.4%	-

*In accordance with agreement made by the Brewers Association of Japan, sales volume of beer products will only be disclosed in 2Q and 4Q.

KIRIN ICHIBAN Brand Family Total	69	62	11.5%	13%
SPRING VALLEYBrand Total	5	5	6.1%	-
Kirin Tanrei Green Label	33	36	-9.2%	3%
Honkirin	40	47	-16.4%	-9%
Kirin Hyoketsu Brand Total	60	58	2.2%	-1%

Sales volume		
On-premise beer **	Approx. 60%	Approx.
Off-premise beer **	-8%	-8%

** On-premise: Total of bottles, kegs and PET products; Off-premise: Total of cans

From FY2023, only the beer products will be disclosed from the beer category, with details of main brands and channels.



Revenue

- Revenue increased due to higher sales volume in the on-premise channels, reflecting a recovery in demand for dining out, as well as an increase in unit price as a result of price revisions implemented in the previous year.
- In the on-premise channels, sales volume increased YoY due to a recovery in demand for dining out due to the ease of COVID-19 regulations. Sales volume in the off-premise channels decreased YoY due to the impact of a decline in demand at-home consumption following the recovery in demand for dining out, but revenue increased YoY as a result of price revisions implemented in the previous year and an accelerated shift to the beer category.
- previous year and an accelerated shifts the oper category.

 Core brand *KIRIN ICHIBAN Brand Family Total" performed well, driven mainly by the on-premise channels. In addition, focus brand "SPRING VALLEY Brand Total" also performed strong due to an increase in sales of SPRING VALLEY SIK Ale VMINE, which launched last year, as well as the renewal of SPRING VALLEY Hojun <496>.

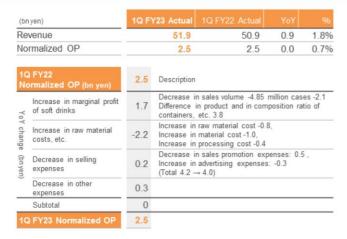
Normalized OP

- Normalized OP increased due to the effect of price revisions etc, exceeding the impact of the sharp rise in raw material costs.
- raw material costs.

 In addition, selling expenses decreased due to measures implemented in the previous year, but we will enforce brand investment in accordance to the annual plan.

Kirin Beverage





Sales	s volume (10,000 cases)	1Q FY23 Actual	1Q FY22 Actual	
Ву	Food & Beverages	3,331	3,818	-12.8%
Domain	Health Science	457	455	0.5%
	LC-Plasma products	171	158	8.5%
В	Can	509	529	-3.9%
	Large PET bottle	903	1,352	-33.2%
Container	Small PET bottle	2,000	1,998	0.1%
ler	Others	376	394	-4.5%
	Subtotal	3,788	4,273	-11.3%
Sales	s volume (10,000 cases)	1Q FY23 Actual	1Q FY22 Actual	YoY %
Br	Gogo-no-Kocha	1,112	1,138	-2.4%
Brand	Nama-cha	489	532	-8.0%



Revenue

- > Revenue increased mainly due to the effect of price revisions implemented in the previous year.
- Due to the ongoing increase in health consciousness, revenue of LC-Plasma products increased by approx. +20% vs the same period of the previous year.
- Combined revenue for core brands Gogo-No-Kocha and Nama-cha increased with the contribution of the launch of Oishii Muto (sugar-free) Milk Tea.

Normalized OP

Normalized OP was on a par with the previous year, as the effect of price revisions offset the impact of raw material and other cost hikes.

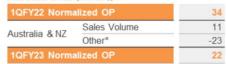
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Lion



	Yen base	Yen base (bn yen)				AUD base (million \$)		
	1Q FY23 Actual	1Q FY22 Actual	YoY		1Q FY23 Actual	1QFY22 Actual	YoY	
Revenue	62.7	53.7	9.0	16.8%	688	629	58	9.2%
Australia & NZ	45.3	38.4	6.9	18.0%	497	451	45	10.1%
US Craft etc.	17.4	15.2	2.2	14.5%	191	178	13	7.5%
Normalized OP	3.5	4.6	-1.1	-23.0%	39	54	-15	-28.0%
Australia & NZ	2.0	2.9	-1.0	-31.0%	22	34	-13	-36.3%
US Craft etc.	1.5	1.6	-0.1	-6.3%	17	19	-3	-13.5%





* Includes Corporate costs

Sales volume growth rate vs. previous year was +5% for AU, NZ, and US Craft combined, and +4% for AU alone.
 The details of "AU & NZ" and "US Craft etc." are disclosed from 2023.



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Revenue

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Note

- > Revenue in both AUD and yen bases increased (+9.2% on a AUD base and +16.8% on a yen base YoY).
- In AU and NZ, sales revenue increased due to growth in sales volume mainly in On-premise, strong sales of mainstay brands such as Hahn, and the effect of price revisions.
- In US, sales revenue of craft beer increased due to strong sales of the Voodoo Ranger brand, which also benefited from the launch of the new product-Fruit Force, as well as the effect of price revisions.

Normalized OP

- Normalized OP
 Normalized OP decreased in both AUD and yen bases (-28.0% on a AUD base and -23.0% on a yen base YoY).
 Although price revisions offset the steep rise in raw material prices, Normalized OP declined as a result of increased marketing investment in mainstay brands and other products.

Kyowa Kirin



bn yen)	1Q FY23 Actual			
Revenue	93.4	87.6	5.8	6.6%
Kyowa Kirin	93.5	87.8	5.8	6.6%
Elimination	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	-
Normalized OP	16.2	15.9	0.3	1.8%
Kyowa Kirin	16.2	15.9	0.3	1.8%

Revenue and Normalized OP

- > Revenue in Japan decreased due to the impact of the NHI price revision in April 2022, despite growth in sales of *Duvroq*, *Romiplate*, and *Crysvita*, etc.
 International revenue increased due to year-on-year growth in sales of global strategic products, *Crysvita* and *Poteligeo*, in North America and EMEA, as well as sales of *Crysvita* and *Nesp* in Asia/Oceania.
- > Other revenues increased due to higher technology out-licensing revenues from Benralizumab, etc.

Normalized OP

Normalized OP

Normalized OP increased due to strong performance in Europe and the US, mainly in global strategic products, and an increase in sales revenue from technology out-licensing revenue, despite higher labor and other expenses in preparation for the establishment of own operation of the direct sales force of Crysvita in North America from April 27, an increase in SG&A expenses due to investments in IT digital infrastructure and human capital to establish a global business foundation, and an increase in R&D expenses due to the progress of clinical etudios of KHKAMS3 and their products. clinical studies of KHK4083 and other products.

Revisions of Forecast

- Nevisions of Porecast

 Nevisions of Porecast

 Nevisions of Reading May 2023 to impair the related intangible assets (inprocess R&D expenses) based on the decision to discontinue the development of bardoxolone methyl (RTA 402), a small molecule compound in-licensed from Reata Pharmaceuticals Holdings, Inc. As a result, Kyowa Kriin plans to record an impairment loss of 8.275 million yen in the second quarter of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023, and has revised its consolidated full-year financial forecast for the year ending December 31, 2023.

 There will be no revision to Kriin Holdings forecast as a result of this revision.
- > There will be no revision to Kirin Holdings' forecast as a result of this revision.

Revenue of Global Strategic Products

	Crysvita			
(bn yen)	1Q 2023	1Q 2022	1Q 2023	1Q 2022
Japan	2.3	2.0	0.4	0.5
North America	18.8	15.8	4.3	3.3
EMEA	8.0	6.3	1.5	0.9
APAC	0.3	0.0	_	-
Total	29.4	24.2	6.3	4.7

Cork Northeast

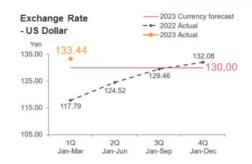


Yen base (bn yen)

	1Q FY23 Actual			%
Revenue	54.5	41.6	13.0	31.2%
Normalized OP	6.9	4.3	2.6	61.1%

USD base (million \$)

	1Q FY23 Actual	1Q FY22 Actual		%
Revenue	409	353	56	15.9%
Normalized OP	52	37	15	42.2%

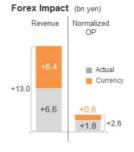


Note

Revenue & Normalized OP

- PRevenue increased with the implementation of price revisions and other factors, although sales volume settled to the same level as the previous year, affected mainly by the rising inflation rate in the US. (Revenue increased by +15.9% on a USD base and by +31.2% on a yen base YoY.)

 Normalized OP increased YoY, as higher revenue offset the ongoing cost increases in raw materials and labor costs. (Normalized OP increased by +42.2% on a USD base and by +61.1% on a yen base YoY.)



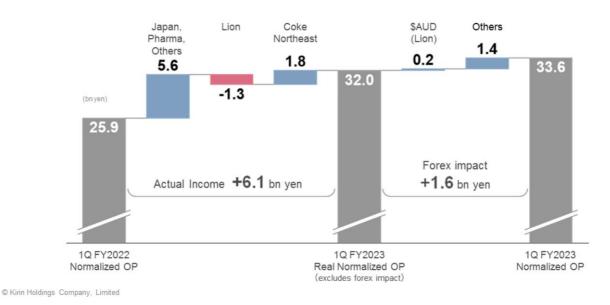
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Forex Impact on Consolidated Results



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> Consolidated forex impact of +1.6 bn yen due to the depreciation of the yen.



Statement of financial position / Statement of cash flows



(bn yen)	1Q FY23 Actual	4Q FY22 Actual	YoY
Total assets	2,469.6	2,542.3	-72.7
Total equity	1,231.7	1,253.2	-21.5
Total liabilities	1,237.8	1,289.1	-51.2
ROIC*	_	8.5	_
Gross Debt Equity Ratio	0.57	0.53	_
Net Debt/Normalized EBITDA **	_	1.6	_
PBR(Price Book-value Ratio) ***	1.7	1.7	_

ROIC and Net Debt/Normalized EBITDA will only be disclosed in 4Q.

(bn yen)	1Q FY23 Actual	1Q FY22 Actual	
CF from operating activities	41.9	16.5	25.3
CF from from investing activities	-31.4	-62.5	31.1
Free CF	10.4	-45.9	56.4
CF from financing activities	-8.6	38.5	-47.1

- * Profit after tax before interest / (Average total interest-bearing liabilities at beginning and end of the period + Average total equity at beginning and end of the period)

 ** Normalized EBITDA = Normalized operating profit + Depreciation and amortization**** + Dividends received from equity-accounted investees

 *** Share price at the end of the period (Profit attributable to owners of the Company / Number of shares outstanding at the end of the period (excluding treasury shares))

 **** Depreciation and amortization exclude those from right-of-use assets.

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Statement of Financial Position

- Total assets: Decreased by 72.7 billion yen from the end of the previous fiscal year to 2,469.6 billion yen as a result of a decrease in trade and other receivables, mainly due to the end of the previous fiscal year being a national holiday.
- > Total equity: Amounted to 1,231.7 billion yen, a decrease of 21.5 billion yen from the end of the previous fiscal year, mainly due to a decrease in retained
- Total liabilities: Amounted to 1,237.8 billion yen, down 51.2 billion yen from the end of the previous fiscal year, due to a decrease in trade and other payables and accrued liquor tax.
- Gross DE ratio: Increased compared to the end of the period due to a 31.9 billion yen increase in interest-bearing liabilities and a 8.1 billion yen decrease in profit attributable to owners of the Company.
- PBR: Remain from the end of the period due to a 4% increase in the closing share price at the end of the period and a 8.1 billion yen decrease in profit attributable to owners of the Company.

Statement of Cash Flows

- CF from operating activities. Working capital inflow decreased by 15.4 billion yen and income taxes paid decreased by 10.5 billion yen.
- CF from investing activities: Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets amounted to 1.4 billion yen. On the other hand, there was a 28.9 billion yen outflow for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, an increase of 11.0 billion yen versus the same period last year, and a 5.0 billion yen outflow for the sale of shares of subsidiaries.
- CF from financing activities: There was an inflow of 50.0 billion yen in proceeds from long-term borrowings. On the other hand, 36.3 billion yen was used for dividends paid, 10.0 billion yen for repayment of long-term borrowings, and 8.0 billion yen for decrease in commercial paper.

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