

Two new combinations in *Euploca* Nutt. (Heliotropiaceae, Boraginales) and a conspectus of the species of the Guiana Shield area

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Abstract

Heliotropium foliatum and *Tournefortia humilis* are transferred to *Euploca* Nutt. respectively as *Euploca foliata* **comb. n.** and *Euploca humilis* **comb. n.** A collection from Guyana has been recently identified as *Euploca humistrata*, a species previously considered a Brazilian endemic. A collection from French Guiana documents for the first time the species in that country. A key to the species of the Guiana Shield area is given. The species of *Euploca* from the Guiana Shield are listed with synonymy and a brief description: *E. filiformis*, *E. humilis*, *E. humistrata*, *E. lagoensis*, *E. polyphylla*, *E. procumbens*.

Keywords

Boraginales, Brazil, *Euploca*, Guiana Shield, Guianas, Heliotropiaceae, Venezuela

Introduction

The genus *Euploca* Nuttall (1836: 189) was created for the new *E. convolvulacea* Nutt. (1836: 190). Between 1848 and 1951, four species and two infra specific names were published that are currently considered to be synonyms of *E. convolvulacea*. *Euploca convolvulacea* was transferred to *Heliotropium* L. (Linnaeus 1753, 1: 130) by Gray (1857: 403). Recently Hilger and Diane (2003) reevaluated the classification of the Heliotropiaceae Schrad. (Schrader 1819: 192) on the base of molecular data of nuclear ITS1

and plastidal *trnL*UAA intron sequences. One of their conclusions is that *Heliotropium* sect. *Orthostachys* (R.Br.) G. Don (Brown 1810: 493; Don 1838: 361), *Schleidenia* Endl. (Endlicher 1839: 646), and *Hilgeria* Förther (1998: 132) constitute a separate genus whose earlier available name is *Euploca*. Their analysis indicates that *Ixorhea* Fenzl (1886: 287) is sister to the rest of the family consisting of two clades: one composed of *Euploca* and genus *Myriopus* Small (1933: 1131) resurrected to accommodate the species of *Tournefortia* sect. *Cyphocyema* I.M. Johnston. (Johnston 1930: 72), the other one of *Heliotropium* and *Tournefortia* L. (1753, 1: 140). Morphologically *Euploca* and *Myriopus* differ from *Heliotropium* and *Tournefortia* by the shape and structure of the fruits and their curved embryo. *Euploca* species are herbs or subshrubs and have usually dry fruits, in contrast *Myriopus* species are shrubs or passive climbers and have 4-lobed fleshy fruits. Hilger and Diane (2003: p. 47–49) made 20 new combinations in *Euploca*. Melo and Semir (2006; 2009) described three new species and made 12 new combinations. More new combinations were made: one by Luebert (Luebert et al. 2011), four by Degen and Melo (2012), and two by Feuillet (2012). There are probably more than 45 species of *Heliotropium* and *Schleidenia* awaiting a transfer to *Euploca*. Nevertheless, the nomenclature of the species of *Euploca* in the Guiana Shield region should be stable after the new combination *E. humilis* given below.

Methods

I studied the literature and type specimens. In the citation of types, “photo” refers to a print deposited in herbaria and “scan” refers to a picture posted online, available directly through herbarium sites, or sites like JSTOR or Europeana.

For the purpose of this paper, the Guiana Shield area is defined as the Venezuelan Guayana, the Guianas (Guyana, Surinam and French Guiana), and the part of Brazil north of the Amazon River and east of the Rio Negro.

Nomenclature and new combinations

Euploca Nutt., 1836

Euploca Nutt., Trans. Amer. Phil. Soc., ser. 2, 5: 189. 1836.

Heliotropium [unranked] *Orthostachys* R.Br., Prodr.: 493. 1810.

Type species. *Heliotropium foliatum* R.Br. (lectotype designated by Johnston 1928, pg. 46) [= *Euploca foliata* (R.Br.) Feuillet, *PhytoKeys* 61: 103. 2016.].

Preslaea Mart., Nov. Gen. Sp. 2: 75, t. 164. 1827; non *Preslia* Opiz 1824 (LAMIACEAE).

Type species. *Preslaea paradoxa* Mart. [= *Euploca paradoxa* (Mart.) J.I.M. Melo & Semir].
Orthostachys (R.Br.) Spach, Hist. Nat. Vég. 9: 32. 1838. [“1840” see Stafleu and Cowan (1985: TL2 vol. 5: 767)]

Type species. Based on *Heliotropium* [unranked] *Orthostachys* R.Br.

Heliotropium sect. *Orthostachys* (R.Br.) G.Don, Gen. Syst. 4: 361. 1838.

Type species. Based on *Heliotropium* [unranked] *Orthostachys* R.Br. *Schleidenia* Endl., Gen. Pl. 646. 1839.

Type species. Based on *Preslaea* Mart.

Heliotropium subgen. *Orthostachys* (R.Br.) Rchb., Deut. Bot. Herb.-Buch: 112. 1841.

Type species. Based on *Heliotropium* [unranked] *Orthostachys* R.Br.

Heliotropium sect. *Euploca* (Nutt.) A.Gray, Proc. Amer. Acad. Arts 10: 49. 1874.

Type species. Based on *Euploca* Nutt.

Heliotropium sect. *Orthostachys* subsect. *Axillaria* I.M.Johnst., Contr. Gray Herb. 81: 47. 1928.

Type species. *Heliotropium paradoxum* (Mart.) Gürke, in Engl. and Prantl, Nat. Pflanzenfam. 4(3a): 97. 1893; non Vatke 1875. (lectotype designated by Förther 1998, pg. 135) [= *Euploca paradoxa* (Mart.) J.I.M.Melo & Semir].

Heliotropium sect. *Orthostachys* subsect. *Bracteata* I.M.Johnst., Contr. Gray Herb. 81: 47. 1928.

Type species. *Heliotropium bracteatum* R.Br., Prodr.: 493. 1810.

Heliotropium sect. *Orthostachys* subsect. *Ebracteata* I.M.Johnst., Contr. Gray Herb. 81: 47. 1928.

Type species. *Heliotropium procumbens* Mill., Gard. dict.. ed. 8: 10. 1768; non Kunth 1818. [= *Euploca procumbens* (Mill.) Diane & Hilger].

Hilgeria Förther, Sendtnera 5: 132. 1998.

Type species. *Hilgeria hypogaea* (Urb. & Ekman 1929: 105) Förther [= *Euploca hypogaea* (Urb. & Ekman) Diane & Hilger].

Type species. *Euploca convolvulacea* Nutt.

Description. Herbs or subshrubs. Leaves alternate, simple, entire. Trichomes on a pedestal of distinctly enlarged foliar epidermis cells. Inflorescences of single, scorpioid cymes, or flowers solitary. Flowers perfect; calyx 5-toothed or 5-lobed, persistent; corolla white, small, 5-merous, lobe's margin involute; stamens 5, included; nectar disc at the base of the ovary; ovary functionally 4-locular, locules 1-seeded, style terminal, undivided, or absent, the stigma cryptically or clearly apically 2- or 4-fid. Fruit a schizocarp, lobed or unlobed, dry, 2–4 bony 1-seeded nutlets, embryos curved.

Distribution. North America to Argentina, Africa, Arabian Peninsula to Indochina, Australia.

***Euploca foliata* (R.Br.) Feuillet, comb. nov.**

urn:lsid:ipni.org:names:77153393-1

Heliotropium foliatum R.Br., Prodr.: 493. 1810.

Type. Australia. Northern Territory: Carpentaria mainland opposite Grote Eyland, 4 Jan 1803, *R. Brown 2932* (lectotype, designated by Craven 1996, pg. 630: BM n.v. [scan!]; isotypes: K!, MEL n.v., NSW n.v.).

Type. Based on *Heliotropium foliatum* R.Br.

Notes. When they resurrected *Euploca*, Hilger and Diane (2003: 42) said that “summarizing all urges a formal taxonomic recombination of EUPLOCA, including all species of *Heliotropium* section *Orthostachys*, *Schleidenia*, and *Hilgeria* into the genus *Euploca*, the oldest available generic name in this group.” *Heliotropium foliatum* is the type of *H.* sect. *Orthostachys* (Johnston 1928: 46). Although it is recognized as a good species (example: Förther 1998: 195), *Heliotropium foliatum* was not transferred to *Euploca* until now. Robert Brown did not cite a type collection, only mentioning “v. v.” (=seen alive).

***Euploca humilis* (L.) Feuillet, comb. nov.**

urn:lsid:ipni.org:names:77153394-1

Tournefortia humilis L., Sp. Pl.: 141. 1753.

Type. “*Tournefortia foliis lanceolatis*” pl. by Plumier, in Burman, Pl. Amer., 224, t. 227, f. 2. 1760 (lectotype designated by Miller in Cafferty and Jarvis 2004, pg. 804). Epitype: FRANCE. Martinique: Case Pilote, Feb 1868, *L. Hahn 416* (designated by Miller in Cafferty and Jarvis 2004, pg. 804: BM n.v.).

Type. Based on *Tournefortia humilis* L.

Notes. When Melo and Semir (2009: 289) transferred *Heliotropium ternatum* Vahl (1794, 3: 21) to *Euploca*, they did not cite synonyms and they overlooked the case of *Tournefortia humilis* L. There had been a doubt about the exact identity of the Linnean species (Johnston 1949: 136; Förther 1998: 190), but the typification of *Tournefortia humilis* L. by Miller (in Cafferty and Jarvis 2004: 804) placed clearly that species in the synonymy of *Heliotropium ternatum* Vahl (non *H. humile* Lam.). The epithet of *T. humilis* could not be transferred to *Heliotropium*, but there is no previous *Euploca humilis* and the priority rule dictates the adoption of the new combination (McNeill et al. 2012: Art. 11.4).

Because the name *T. humilis* L. or/and *H. humile* (L.) R.Br. ex Roem. & Schult. (1819, 4: 37; non Lam., 1791: 393) have been used in synonymy (Johnston 1928: 69; 1949: 135; and especially the recent revision of *Heliotropium* Förther 1998: 190, 234; and the typification Miller, in Cafferty and Jarvis 2004: 804); because it is a Linnean name; and because the authors of the new combination *Euploca ternata* (Melo and Semir 2009: 289) should have been aware of that name, there are little chances to make a successful proposal to conserve *Euploca ternata*.

Conspectus of *Euploca* for the Guiana Shield region

The last treatment of *Heliotropium* (including *Euploca*) for the Guianas (Johnston 1935) included four of the six species treated below: *H. filiforme*=*E. filiformis*, *H. lagoense*=*E. lagoensis*, *H. procumbens*=*E. procumbens*, *H. ternatum*=*E. humilis*. Since then *E. humistrata*

has been identified from a seasonally flooded savanna in Guyana, the distribution area of *E. lagoensis* includes French Guiana. Besides, *E. polyphylla* not present in the Guianas occurs in the Venezuelan Guayana (State of Bolívar). The species present in the Guiana Shield region are usually found on sand near water or in seasonally dry localities.

Key to the species of *Euploca* in the Guiana Shield

- 1 Flowers solitary; pedicels 1–3 mm long; corolla white and yellow **2**
- Inflorescences 1–18 cm long; flowers sessile or sub-sessile, or pedicels obvious; corolla white or yellow..... **3**
- 2 Stem glabrous or puberulent; leaf blades glabrous or puberulent; corolla white, yellow at throat, lobes elliptic *E. lagoensis*
- Stem villose; leaf blades with long, stiff trichomes; corolla tube yellow, lobes white, ovate *E. humistrata*
- 3 Petiole 4–15 mm long; raceme mostly geminate or ternate, ebracteate; stigma sessile, base as wide as the apex of the ovary, forming together a blunt cone....
..... *E. procumbens*
- Petiole 0.3–2 mm long; raceme single or paired, bracteate; stigma morphologically clearly separate from the ovary, looking together like a mushroom or like a head with a hat or with a clear style **4**
- 4 Leaf blade Inflorescences always single; bract filiform to narrowly elliptic; calyx length greater than or less than half the corolla tube; corolla white; style 0.3–0.5 mm long..... **5**
- Inflorescences usually single and paired on the same plant; bracts ovate; calyx nearly as long as the corolla tube; corolla yellow; style 0.5–1 mm long.....
..... *E. polyphylla*
- 5 Stem relatively coarse and stiff; leaves drying rather light colored; inflorescences up to 20 cm long, with 1–2 cm long peduncle; calyx shorter than half the corolla tube; corolla 4–6 mm long, salverform; anthers apically joined; stigma on a short style..... *E. humilis*
- Stem wiry, very slender; leaves usually drying dark colored; inflorescences epedunculate, up to 10 cm long; calyx longer than the corolla tube; corolla 2–2.5 mm long, tube urceolate; anthers not joined at apex; stigma sessile.....
..... *E. filiformis*

Euploca filiformis (Lehm.) J.I.M.Melo & Semir, 2009

Euploca filiformis (Lehm.) J.I.M.Melo & Semir, Kew Bull. 64: 289. 2009.

Heliotropium filiforme Lehm., Gött. Gel. Anz. 3(152): 1515. 1817.

Type. Venezuela. Near Orinoco, *Bonpland and Humboldt 1202* [an error, most likely for *1203*] (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 195: B-W 3246/1 n.v.

[scan!]; isotypes MEL 233288 n.v., P! [2 sheets; scans!], P-Bonpl! [scan!]). [same type collection as next, but different holotype]

Heliotropium filiforme Kunth, Nov. Gen. Sp. (quarto ed.) 3: 86, t. 204. 1818, nom. illeg. non *H. filiforme* Lehm. 1817.

Type. Venezuela. Near Orinoco, *Bonpland and Humboldt 1203* (holotype P-Bonpl! [scan!]; isotypes B-Willd 3246/1 n.v. [scan!], MEL 233288 n.v., P! [2 sheets; scans!]). [same type collection as previous, but different holotype]

Heliotropium tenue Roem. & Schult., Syst. Veg. 4: 737. 1819.

Type. Brazil. Pará, *Sieber for Hoffmannsegg s.n.* (holotype B-WILLD-3248!; isotypes HAL n.v., MEL 233189 n.v., P!).

Preslaea stenostachya A.St.-Hil., Voy. Distr. Diam. 2: 434. 1833.

Type. Brazil. “Ad ripas fluminis Parahyba”, *St.-Hilaire B228* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 235: P! [scan!]; isotypes K!, M n.v., MPU!, P! [scan!]).

Heliotropium littorale Mart. ex Colla, Herb. Pedem. 4: 226. 1835.

Type. Brazil. “In arenosis maritimis”, *Martius s.n.* (holotype TO n.v.; isotype BM n.v.). Note. placed in the synonymy fide Förther 1998 who saw the isotype at BM.

Heliotropium pusillum Colla, Herb. Pedem. 4: 227. 1835.

Type. Brazil. *Martius s.n.* (holotype TO n.v.).

Heliotropium helophilum Mart., Flora 21(2), Beibl. 4: 85. 1838.

Type. Brazil. “Propre Cujaba”, 1837, *Herb. Fl. Bras. 165, n°267* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 199: BR n.v. [scan!]; isotypes E n.v. [scan!], FI-W!, G-DCI, GH n.v., L! [2 sheets], LE n.v. [2 sheets], M n.v., P! [2 sheets; scans!], W n.v.).

Schleidenia stenostachya (A.St.-Hil.) DC., Prodr. 9: 558. 1845.

Type. Based on *Preslaea stenostachya* A.St.-Hil.

Schleidenia filiformis (Lehm.) Fresen., Fl. Bras. 8(1): 40. 1857.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium filiforme* Lehm.

Heliotropium stenostachyum (A.St.-Hil.) Gürke, in Engler and Prantl, Nat. Pflanzenfam. 4(3a): 97. 1893.

Type. Based on *Preslaea stenostachya* A.St.-Hil.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium filiforme* Lehm.

Description. Annual herb or subshrub, up to 0.25 m tall. Stems slender, erect or decumbent, up to 0.4 m long, sparingly strigose. Leaves: petiole 0.1–0.2 cm long, slender; lamina linear or elliptic or lanceolate or oblanceolate, 1–2.5 × 0.15–0.35 cm, apex acute, base acute, margin entire, both surfaces sericeous to strigose. Inflorescences epedunculate, slender scorpioid cymes, up to 15 cm long, bearing scattered bracts, filiform or subulate, 0.1–0.2 cm long, glabrescent. Flower sub-sessile: calyx longer than the corolla tube, lobes, 1.5–2 mm long at anthesis, glabrescent; corolla white, tubular, outside strigose, inside glabrescent, tube narrowed in the middle, lobes ovate with broadly open sinuses, about 1 mm long; stamens sessile, anther with an apical appendage, weakly coherent; ovary subglobose or globose, strigose; style lacking or nearly so; stigma sessile or sub-sessile, fertile base much wider than the apex of the ovary. Fruit on 0.5–1 mm long pedicel, depressed-globose; nutlets almost 1.5 mm long.

Distribution. Venezuela (Amazonas, Bolívar), Guyana, Surinam, French Guiana, Brazil (Amapá, Amazonas, Pará, Roraima); also in Belize, Mexico, southeastern USA and from Trinidad to eastern Bolivia and Paraguay.

Selected specimens studied. **Guyana:** Cuyuni River, Matope Falls, 4 June 1952, *Forest Department 6940 (Fanshawe 3376)* (K, NY); Upper Takutu-Upper Essequibo, Dadanawa, 24 Oct 1957, *Cook 22* (K, NY). **Surinam:** near Coppename River, Central Suriname Nature Reserve, 4°25'N, 56°31'W, 50–75 m, 22 Feb 2004, *Clarke 11037* (US); near Ulemari River, 13 km upstream from confluence with Litani River, 3°13'N, 54°15'W, 150 m, 2 Apr 1998, *Hammel 21275* (MO, US). **French Guiana:** Itany River, Saut upstream from Touinké, 26 Nov 1977, *Cremers 5119* (CAY); Oyapock River, Sauts Fourmi, 18 Nov 1984, *Granville 6916* (CAY, P).

***Euploca humilis* (L.) Feuillet, comb. nov.**

urn:lsid:ipni.org:names:77153394-1

Tournefortia humilis L., Sp. Pl. 1: 141. 1753.

Type. “*Tournefortia foliis lanceolatis*” in Plumier in Burman, Pl. Amer., 224, t. 227, f. 2, 1760 [<http://biodiversitylibrary.org/page/779658>] (lectotype designated by Miller in Cafferty and Jarvis 2004: 804). Epitype: France. Martinique: Case Pilote, Feb 1868, *L. Hahn 416* (designated, by Miller in Cafferty and Jarvis 2004, 804: BM n.v.).

Heliotropium ternatum Vahl, Symb. Bot. 3:21. 1794.

Type. [Jamaica], “*in India occidentali*” (holotype C n.v. [scan!; microfiche 37: I, 3; photo GH!]).

Heliotropium hirtum Lehm., Neue Schriften Naturf. Ges. Halle 3(2): 10. 1817.

Type. Venezuela. Cumana, *Humboldt and Bonpland s.n.* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 199: B-WILLD 3247!; isotypes MEL 233292 n.v., P! [scan!], P-Bonpl! [scan!]) [same type collection as *H. hispidum* Kunth (see below), but a different holotype].

Heliotropium demissum Roem. & Schult., Syst. Veg. ed 15bis 4: 37. 1819.

Type. nom. illeg. renaming of *Tournefortia humilis* L.

Heliotropium humile (L.) R.Br. ex Roem. & Schult., Syst. Veg. ed 15bis 4: 37. 1819; non Lam. 1791.

Type. nom. illeg. in syn. of previous.

Heliotropium hispidum Kunth, Nov. Gen. Sp. (quarto ed.) 3: 87. 1818; illeg. not Lehm. 1817.

Type. Venezuela. near Cumana, Sep, *Humboldt and Bonpland s.n.* (holotype P-Bonpl! [scan!]; isotypes B-WILLD 3247!, MEL 233292 n.v., P! [scan!]) [same type collection as *H. hirtum* Lehm. (see above), but a different holotype].

Pioctonon ternatum (Vahl) Raf., Sylva Tellur.: 88. 1838.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium ternatum* Vahl

Pioctonon antillanum Raf., Sylva Tellur. 88. 1838.

Type. nom. illeg. renaming of *Tournefortia humilis* L.

Tournefortia incana (G.Mey.) G.Don, Gen. Hist. 4: 368. 1838; non Lam. 1791.

Type. Based on *Messerschmidia incana* G.Mey.; nom. inval.

Tournefortia meyeri DC., Prodr. 9: 530. 1845.

Type. Renaming of *Messerschmidia incana* G. Mey.; nom. inval.

Heliotropium fruticosum var. *ternatum* (Vahl) DC., Prodr. 9: 542. 1845.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium ternatum* Vahl

Heliotropium oaxacanum DC., Prodr. 9: 543. 1845.

Type. Mexico. Oaxaca, Aug 1834, *Andrieux 205* (holotype G-DC !; isotypes FI-W n.v. [fragment GH n.v.], Pl!, W n.v.).

Heliophytum passerinoides Klotzsch, in Rich. Schomburgk, Reis. Br.-Guiana 3: 1152. 1849 [“1848”]; nom. nud.

Type. Based on Guyana. Rupununi: May 1842, *Schomburgk 573* (B†).

Schleidenia hispida (Kunth) Fresen., Fl. Bras. 8(1): 37. 1857.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium hispidum* Kunth

Schleidenia fumana Fresen., in Mart.: Fl. Bras. 8, 1: 40. 1857.

Syntype. Brazil. Minas Gerais, *Vauthier s.n.* (G n.v.). Type : Brazil. “ad Formigas et Ribeirao Catinga”, *Pohl 565* (= *3081 bzw. distr. nr. 1588*) (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 235: W n.v., photo MSB-55474; isotypes B† [photo F-17322, GH!, NY!, US!], F-874797 n.v. [scan!], GH, K!, M n.v., [as s.n.] W n.v.).

Heliotropium fumana (Fresen.) Gürke, in Engler and Prantl: Nat. Pflanzenf. 4, Abt. 3a: 97. 1893.

Type. Based on *Schleidenia fumana* Fresen.

Heliotropium mexicanum Greenm., Proc. Amer. Acad. Arts 33(25): 484. 1898; illegitimate: not Sessé & Moç. 1888.

Syntypes: Mexico. *Dugès s.n.*; *Pelmer 31, 98*; *L.C. Smith 209, 391*; *Alvarez 750*; *Pringle 6726*. Type. Mexico. Iron Mtn, near Durando, June 1897, *Palmer 141* (lectotype, designated by Frohlich 1981, pg. 100: GH n.v.; isotypes BM n.v., F n.v., M n.v., MICH n.v. [scan!], MO!, NY!, S n.v., US!).

Heliotropium strictissimum sensu N.E. Br. 1901; not A. DC. 1845.

Heliotropium ternatum var. *fumana* (Fresen.) I.M.Johnst., J. Arnold Arb. 16:62. 1935.

Type. Based on *Schleidenia fumana* Fresen.

Heliotropium greenmanii Wiggins, Contr. Dudley Herb. 4:22. 1950.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium mexicanum* Greenm.

Euploca ternata (Vahl) J.I.M.Melo & Semir, Kew Bull. 64: 289. 2009.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium ternatum* Vahl

Type. Based on *Tournefortia humilis* L.

Description. Suffrutescent herbs up to 30 cm tall; stems stiff, erect or decumbent, 10–50 cm long, with abundant, loosely appressed trichomes. Leaves: petiole subnul–2 mm long, thin; lamina lanceolate to linear, revolute, 0.5–3 × 0.1–0.8 cm, apex acute, base acute, margin +/- revolute, adaxially sericeous, abaxially tomentose, trichomes base very large and looking calcified. Inflorescences terminal or axillary, up to 20 cm long, stiff scorpioid cymes, single, peduncle 1–2 cm long, with scattered linear or narrowly elliptic bracts, 2–3 mm long, sericeous. Flower subsessile: pedicel 0.5–1 mm

long, calyx 2–3 mm long, deeply lobed, lobes unequal, shorter than 1/2 the length of the corolla tube, becoming twice as large at maturity, sericeous in and out; corolla white, strigose outside, tube narrow, 2–2.7 mm long, throat yellow, lobes spreading, 1.3–2 mm long, ovate, sinuses rounded and plicate; stamens subsessile, anthers ovate with short, obtuse, hairy, apical long appendages which are apically joined; ovary globose, 0.3–0.4 mm diam., glabrous; style short but obvious, about 0.5 mm long; stigma about as large as the ovary, split at apex. Fruit depressed globose, 4-lobed, 1.5–1.8 mm diam., strigose or hirsute; nutlets 1–1.5 mm long.

Distribution. Venezuela (Bolívar) and Guyana; also Central America, Mexico, and the West Indies Southward to southern Brazil.

Selected specimens studied. **Guyana:** Potaro-Siparuni, Iwokrama, Kurupukari Falls, 4°40'N, 58°40'W, 100 m, 9 Dec 1994, *Mutchnick 595* (BRG, CAY, L, MO, NY, US); Upper Takutu-Upper Essequibo, near Sand Creek, Baboon Hill, 3°00'N, 59°31'W, 120–150 m, 21 June 1989, *Gillespie 1801* (BRG, CAY, L, MO, US); near Sand Creek, Sep 1948, *Wilson-Browne 128* (NY).

***Euploca humistrata* (Cham.) J.I.M.Melo & Semir, 2009**

Fig. 1

Euploca humistrata (Cham.) J.I.M.Melo & Semir, Kew Bull. 64(2): 288. 2009

Heliotropium humistratum Cham., Linnæa 4: 462. 1829.

Type [fide Förther 1998: 200]: Brazil. Minas Gerais: Faz de Piedade, 1818, *Sellow s.n.* (holotype LE n.v.; isotypes B† [fragment GH n.v.; photo F-17325, GH, NY, US], G-DC!, HAL n.v. [scan!], K!).

Schleidenia humistrata (Cham.) Fresen., Fl. Bras. 8(1): 34. 1857.

Type: Based on *Heliotropium humistratum* Cham.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium humistratum* Cham.

Distribution. Prostrate herbs. Stems villose, trichomes hyaline, somewhat ferruginous around the nodes. Leaves: petiole short; lamina lanceolate, 0.5–0.8 × 0.15–0.2 cm, apex acute, base attenuate, margin entire, both surfaces villose. Inflorescence: solitary, supra-axillary flowers, on 1–1.5 mm long pedicel. Flowers: calyx as long as the corolla tube, lobes, 2.2–2.7 mm long at anthesis, puberulent on both sides; corolla tube yellow with white lobes, outside strigose, inside pubescent, tube more or less cylindrical, lobes ovate with narrow sinuses, about 1 mm long; stamens sessile, anther with a small appendage; ovary ca. 0.3 mm diam., globose, glabrous; style lacking; stigma sessile, widely conical. Fruit on 1.2–2 mm long pedicel, subglobose, 1.5 mm diam., glabrous, rostrate; nutlets about 1.2 mm long.

Distribution. Guyana; previously only known from a few localities outside the Guiana Shield, Brazil (Ceará, Goiás, Minas Gerais), Venezuela (Apure). In our area it is known only by GUYANA, Upper Takutu–Upper Essequibo, W of the Kanuku Mtns, savanna near Mountain Point, 27 Feb–5 Mar 1985, fl, *C. Feuillet 1632* (CAY).



Figure 1. *Euploca humistrata*. Guyana, Upper Takutu-Upper Essequibo, Rupununi savanna, savanna near Mountain Point, 27 Feb–5 Mar 1985, *Feuillet 1632* (CAY). Picture by Ingrid Lin at US.

Notes. Melo and Semir (2009: 288) cited the type as “*Oliveira 239* (holotype BHCB!; isotype BHMH!)”. This is obviously a misunderstanding. Melo and Semir (2010: 117) cited the holotype, *Sellow s.n.*, as being at GH. In fact at GH is a fragment of the isotype, now destroyed, that was at B. Förther (1998: 200) cites the holotype at LE.

***Euploca lagoensis* (Warm.) Diane & Hilger, in Hilger and Diane, 2003**

Fig. 2

Euploca lagoensis (Warm.) Diane & Hilger, in Hilger and Diane: Bot. Jahrb. Syst. 125 (1): 48. 2003.

Schleidenia lagoensis Warm., Kjoeb. Vidensk. Meddel 1867: 15. 1868.

Type: Brazil. Minas Gerais: Lagoa Santa ad ripam lacus, 5 Nov 1864, *Warming s.n.* (holotype C n.v. [scan!; photos F-21971, M, MO]; isotypes GH n.v. [fragment], P! [scan!]).

Schleidenia subracemosa Warm., Kjoeb. Vidensk. Meddel 1867: 15. 1868.

Type: Brazil. Minas Gerais: Lagoa Santa, 28 Jan 1866, *Warming s.n.* (holotype C [photo F-21972, GH, US]; isotype P! [scan!]).

Heliotropium lagoense (Warm.) Gürke, in Engler and Prantl, Nat. Pflanzemf. 4(3a): 97. 1893.

Type: Based on *Schleidenia lagoensis* Warm.

Heliotropium trinitense Urb., Symb. Ant. 7(3): 350. 1912.

Type: Trinidad. in Piarco Savannah, 10 May 1895, *Lunt 6030* (holotype B †; lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 225: S n.v. [scan!]; isotypes [fragments of holotype GH n.v. and lectotype GH n.v.]).

Type. Based on *Schleidenia lagoensis* Warm.

Description. Annual herbs, up to 15 cm tall, stems decumbent or prostrate, up to 30 cm long, glabrous or with scattered slender appressed trichomes. Leaves: petiole about 1 mm long, glabrous; lamina oblanceolate, 0.5–1.5 × 0.1–0.3 cm, apex acute to acuminate, base attenuate, margin entire, ciliate, adaxially glabrous, abaxially glabrous to puberulent. Flowers single, extra-axillary on leafy stems: pedicel up to 3 mm long, calyx of 5 lanceolate or cuneate, unequal lobes, 1.5–2.5 mm long at anthesis, puberulent in and out; corolla white, yellow at throat, tube swollen at base, 3–4 mm long, puberulent in and out, lobes ovate, 1–1.5 mm long, with sinus rounded, occasionally plaited with a minute lobule; stamens sessile, inserted about 0.5 mm from base, anthers joined, oblong, with a hairy apical appendage nearly as large as the anther; ovary obpyriform, about 0.5 mm diam.; style lacking or confused with the apex of the ovary; stigma sessile or subsessile, much larger at base; fruit rostrate, glabrous or nearly so, about 2 mm diam., obpyriform; nutlets ca. 1.5–2 mm long.

Distribution. Venezuela (Bolívar), Surinam, French Guiana, and Brazil (Amazonas); also Greater Antilles and from Mexico to Brazil and eastern Bolivia. *Euploca lagoensis* is new to French Guiana. I have seen only few specimens from the Guiana Shield.

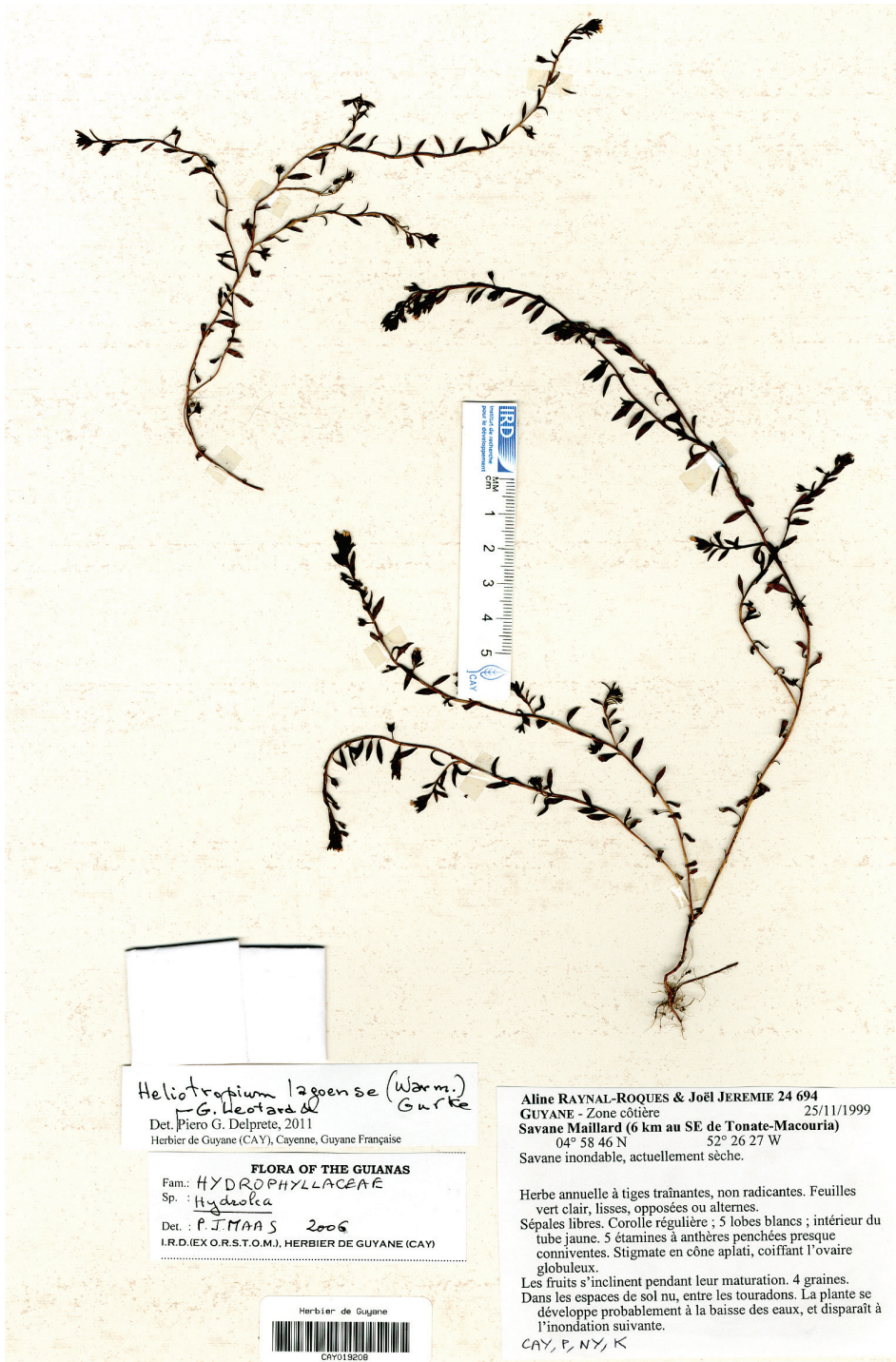


Figure 2. *Euploca lagoensis*. French Guiana, SE of Tonate-Macouria, Savane Maillard, 25 Nov 1999, Raynal-Roques and Jérémie 24694 (CAY). (Picture by Piero Delprete at CAY).

Selected specimens studied. **Venezuela**, Bolívar, near San Carlos, Laguna de la Culebra, 6 Apr 1925, fl, *Pittier 11703* (P). **Surinam**, In 1885, *W.F.R. Suringar s.n.* (L); *Mennega 907* (L). **French Guiana**, Savane Maillard, 6 km SE de Tonate-Macouria, 4°58'N, 52°26'W, 25 Nov 1999, *Raynal-Roques and Jérémie 24694* (CAY, K, P, NY).

Note. Melo and Semir (2010) cited the holotype as being at M. I do not think there is a specimen at M, only a photograph. Furthermore, if Warming worked in Munich, it was about 7 years after he described *Schleidenia lagoensis*. In the 1867 he was working in Copenhagen, I do not see any reason to reject Förther's (1998) choice of the specimen at C as the holotype.

Euploca polyphylla (Lehm.) J.I.M.Melo & Semir, 2009

Euploca polyphylla (Lehm.) J.I.M.Melo & Semir, Kew Bull. 64(2): 289. 2009.

Heliotropium polyphyllum Lehm., Neue Schriften Naturf. Ges. Halle 3(2): 9. 1817.

Type (fide Förther 1998: 214). Venezuela. near Orinoco, *Humboldt s.n.* (holotype MEL 233310 n.v.; isotypes B-Willd 3252 n.v., P! [scan!], S 11-21939 n.v. [scan!]).

Heliotropium foliosum Roem. & Schult., Syst. Veg. 4: 737. 1819.

Type. Venezuela. Orinoco, Apr 1800, *Humboldt and Bonpland 808* (holotype B-WILLD 3252-01 n.v.).

Preslaea linifolia A.St.-Hil., Voy. Distr. Diam. 2: 433. 1833.

Type. Brazil. Cabo Frio, *St.-Hilaire 433* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 234: P!; isotypes B †, M n.v., MPU!, P! [2 sheets]).

Heliotropium bahiense DC., Prodr. 9: 544. 1845.

Syntype: Brazil. *Blanchet 92* (G n.v., NY!, P!). Type. Brazil. Bahia, 1836, *Salzmann 368* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 181: G-DC n.v.; isotypes B †, F n.v., H n.v., HAL n.v., K!, M n.v., MPU!, P! [4 sheets]).

Heliotropium polyphyllum var. *blanchetii* DC., Prodr. 9: 544. 1845.

Type. Brazil. Bahia, Serra Jacobina, 1837, *Blanchet 2651* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 214: G-DC n.v.; isotypes B† [photo F-17340, GH, NY, US], BM n.v. [fragment GH n.v.], BR n.v., F-520830 n.v. [photo F-57735], FI-W!, HAL n.v., K! [scan!], LE n.v., M n.v., NY!, P! [2 sheets], TUB n.v., US-292391!, W-118162 n.v.).

Schleidenia linifolia (A.St.-Hil.) DC., Prodr. 9: 558. 1845.

Type. Based on *Preslaea linifolia* A.St.-Hil.

Schleidenia pubescens Fresen., Fl. Bras. 8(1): 35. 1857.

Type. Brazil. Rio de Janeiro, *Gaudichaud [524]* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 236: P!; isotype B†).

Schleidenia polyphylla (Lehm.) Fresen., Fl. Bras. 8(1): 36. 1857.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium polyphyllum* Lehm.

Schleidenia polyphylla var. *blanchetii* (DC.) Fresen., Fl. Bras. 8(1): 36. 1857.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium polyphyllum* var. *blanchetii* DC.

Schleidenia bahiensis (DC.) Fresen., Fl. Bras. 8(1): 43. 1857.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium bahiense* DC.

Heliotropium polyphyllum var. *laevenworthii* A.Gray, Syn. Fl. N. Amer. 2(1): 185. 1878.

Syntypes: USA. Florida: Everglades, *Leavenworth s.n.*; *Palmer s.n.* (F). Type. USA. Florida: Everglades, 1877, *Garber s.n.* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 214: GH n.v.; isotype K n.v. [scan!]).

Heliotropium pubescens (Fresen.) Gürke, in Engler and Prantl, Nat. Pflanzenfam. 4(3a): 97. 1893.

Type. Based on *Schleidenia pubescens* Fresen.

Heliotropium linifolium (A.St.-Hil.) Gürke, in Engler and Prantl, Nat. Pflanzenfam. 4(3a): 97. 1893; illegitimate: not Lehm. 1818.

Type. Based on *Preslaea linifolia* A.St.-Hil.

Heliotropium laevenworthii (A.Gray) Small, Fl. S. E. U.S.: 1006. 1903.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium polyphyllum* var. *laevenworthii* A.Gray

Heliotropium horizontale Small, Bull. New York Bot. Gard. 3: 435. 1905.

Type. USA. Florida: 9–12 Nov 1903, *Small and Carter 742* (holotype NY! [photo GH]); isotypes F n.v., GH n.v. [fragment], US!).

Heliotropium polyphyllum var. *horizontale* (Small) R.W.Long, Rhodora 72: 33. 1970.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium horizontale* Small

Type. Based on *Heliotropium polyphyllum* Lehm.

Description. Herb or subshrub. Stems prostrate or decumbent, sericeous. Leaves alternate or subopposite: petiole 0.03–0.1 cm long, sericeous; lamina narrow lanceolate or oblanceolate, 0.6–1.3 × 0.1–0.2 cm, apex acute, base cuneate, margin entire, both surfaces sericeous. Inflorescences single or paired, cymose, 1–15 cm long, bracts ovate, 0.3–0.4 cm long, sericeous inside, glabrous outside. Flower sub-sessile: calyx slightly shorter than the corolla tube, lobes, 3–4 mm long at anthesis, glabrous inside, sericeous outside; corolla yellow or white, tubular, outside sericeous, inside sericeous at throat, tube widened in the middle, lobes ovate-deltoid, with narrow sinuses, 2.5–3 mm long; stamens subsessile, anther with a long appendage; ovary subglobose, 4-sulcate, glabrous; style 0.3–0.6 mm long; stigma conical. Fruit subglobose, entirely covered by the calyx; nutlets almost 1.5 mm diam.

Distribution. Venezuela (Bolívar), Brazil (Amapá, Amazonas, Pará); also USA (Florida), Bahamas, Venezuela, eastern Brazil.

***Euploca procumbens* (Mill.) Diane & Hilger, in Hilger and Diane, 2003**

Euploca procumbens (Mill.) Diane & Hilger, in Hilger and Diane: Bot. Jahrb. Syst. 125 (1): 48. 2003.

Heliotropium procumbens Mill., Gard. Dict. ed. 8, Heliotropium n°10. 1768.

Type. Jamaica. *herb. Miller (coll. Houston?) s.n.* (lectotype, designated by Howard 1989, pg. 204: BM n.v. [photo GH!]).

Heliotropium americanum Mill., Gard. Dict. ed. 8, Heliotropium n°11. 1768.

Type. Mexico. Vera Cruz, 1731, *Houston s.n.* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 178: BM n.v.).

Heliotropium inundatum Sw., Prodr. 40. 1788.

Type (fide Förther 1998: 201). Jamaica. “insulae caribaeae”, probably a *Swartz coll.* (holotype S?).

Heliotropium decumbens Lehm., Neue Schr. Naturf. Ges. Halle 3(2): 16. 1817.

Type. Venezuela. Sucre: Cumana, *Humboldt and Bonpland 57* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 190; B-WILLD 3239! [scan!]; isotypes MEL n.v., HAL n.v. [scan!], P! [2 sheets; scans!], P-Bonpl!) [same type collection as *Heliotropium procumbens* Kunth (below), but different holotype].

Heliotropium canescens Lehm., Pl. Asperif. Nucif. 38. 1818; illegitimate: not Moench 1794.

Type. Brazil. *Sieber pro Hoffmannsegg s.n.* (holotype B-WILLD 3242 n.v.; isotypes MEL 233279 n.v., HAL 71587 n.v. [scan!], P! [scan!], S n.v. [scan!]).

Heliotropium procumbens Kunth, Nov. Gen. Sp. (quarto ed.) 3: 88. 1818; nom. illeg. non Mill. 1768 + homotypic (different holo-) with *H. decumbens* Lehm. 1817.

Type. Venezuela. Sucre: Cumana, *Humboldt and Bonpland 57* (holotype P-Bonpl!; isotypes MEL n.v., HAL n.v., P! [2 sheets], B-WILLD 3239!) [same type collection as *Heliotropium decumbens* Lehm. (above), but different holotype].

Heliotropium canescens Kunth, Nov. Gen. Sp. (quarto ed.) 3: 88. 1818; nom. illeg. non Moench. 1794: 415.

Type. Venezuela. near Cumana, *Humboldt 58* (holotype P!; isotype B-WILLD 3240/1!).

Heliotropium cinereum Kunth, Nov. Gen. Sp. (quarto ed.) 3: 89. 1818.

Type. Venezuela. [Apure:] bank of the Apures, propre Arichuna, Mar, *Bonpland and Humboldt 1202* (holotype P-Bonpl!; isotypes B-WILLD 3240/2!, F n.v., P! [2 sheets]). [Same type collection as *H. humboldtianum* below, but different holotype]

Heliotropium humboldtianum Roem. & Schult., Syst. Veg. 4: 737. 1819.

Type. Venezuela. [Apure:] bank of the Apures, propre Arichuna, Mar, *Bonpland and Humboldt 1202* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 200: B-WILLD 3240/2!; isotypes F n.v., P! [2 sheets], P-Bonpl!). [Same type collection as *H. cinereum* above, but different holotype]

Heliotropium brasilianum Roth, Nov. Pl. Sp.: 103. 1821.

Type. Brazil. *Mertens s.n.* (holotype B † [photo F-17314, GH, NY, US]).

Heliotropium riparium Mart. ex Colla, Herb. Pedem. 4: 226. 1835.

Type. Brazil. Rio Belmonte, *Martius s.n.* (holotype TO n.v.; isotypes BM n.v., BR n.v., Kl!).

Heliotropium willdenowii G. Don, Gen. Hist. 4: 359. 1838.

Type. A renaming of illegitimate *Heliotropium canescens* Lehm.

Heliotropium rigidulum DC., Prodr. 9: 543. 1845.

Type. Mexico. near Matamoros, July 1831, *Berlandier pl. exs. 234* (holotype G-DC n.v.; isotypes BM n.v., BP n.v., F n.v. [scan!], G-DC n.v., LE n.v., P! [2 sheets, scans!], W n.v.).

Heliotropium houstonii DC., Prodr. 9: 549. 1845; nom. illeg. renaming of *H. procumbens* Mill.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium procumbens* Mill.

Schleidenia elliptica Fresen., Fl. Bras. 8(1): 42. 1857.

Type. Brazil. Minas Gerais: near Salvador, Aug 1819, *Martius s.n.* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 235: M n.v.; isotype M n.v.).

Schleidenia longepetiolata Fresen., Fl. Bras. 8(1): 42. 1857.

Type. Brazil. Goyaz: Rio Maranhao, *Pohl 2352* and *2384* (sic! distributed as 1593) (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 236: W n.v. [photo F-31909, GH, US]; isotypes F n.v. [scan!; photo F-57726], K! [scan!], W n.v.).

Schleidenia inundata (Sw.) Fresen., Fl. Bras. 8(1): 43. 1857.

Type. Based on *Heliotropium inundatum* Sw.

Schleidenia leptostachya Fresen., Fl. Bras. 8(1): 43. 1857.

Syntype: Brazil. Bahia: *Blanchet 3610* (G n.v., GH n.v. [fragments, scan!], NY!, P! [3 sheets, scans!]). Type. Brazil. Bahia: near Joazeiro, Apr 1819, *Martius s.n.* (lectotype, designated by Förther 1998, pg. 235: M [photo F-20310, NY, GH]; isotypes FI-W!, GH [fragment], M [2 sheets]).

Heliotropium ellipticum (Fresen.) Gürke, in Engler and Prantl, Nat. Pflanzenfam. 4(3a): 97. 1893.

Type. Based on *Schleidenia elliptica* Fresen.

Heliotropium leptostachyum (Fresen.) Gürke, in Engler and Prantl, Nat. Pflanzenfam. 4(3a): 97. 1893.

Type. Based on *Schleidenia leptostachya* Fresen.

Heliotropium longepetiolatum (Fresen.) Gürke, in Engler and Prantl, Nat. Pflanzenfam. 4(3a): 97. 1893.

Type. Based on *Schleidenia longepetiolata* Fresen.

Heliotropium bridgesii Rusby, Mem. Torrey Bot. Club 4: 224. 1895.

Type. Bolivia. Cochabamba, 1891, *Bang 950* (holotype NY!; isotypes B †, BM n.v., GH n.v., K n.v., LE n.v., M n.v., MO n.v. [scan!], NY!, US! [2 sheets], W n.v.).

Heliotropium riparium Chodat, Bull. Herb. Boiss., sér. 2, 2: 817. 1902; nom. illeg. non Mart. ex Colla 1835.

Type. Paraguay. “ad ripam lacus Ypacaray”, *Hassler 3893* (holotype G!; isotype P§)

Type. Based on *Heliotropium procumbens* Mill.

Description. Annual herbs up to 50 cm long, usually cinereous; stems erect or decumbent, sericeous, trichomes appressed. Leaves: petiole slender, 0.4–2.4 cm long; lamina elliptic, obovate or broadly oblanceolate, 1–6 × 0.3–2 cm, apex acute, mucronate, base attenuate, margin entire, both surfaces sericeous. Inflorescences terminal or axillary, peduncle 1–3 cm long, slender scorpioid cymes, mostly geminate or ternate, bractless, up to 10 cm long, sericeous. Flower subsessile: calyx deeply lobed, lobes unequal, lanceolate to linear, about 2/3 as long as corolla tube; corolla white, tube 1–1.4 mm long, throat yellow, lobes spreading ovate with rounded sinus, < 0.5 mm long; stamens subsessile, anthers ovate with a small apical appendage, free; ovary about 0.3 mm diam., style lacking; stigma sessile forming with the ovary a blunt cone. Fruit: depressed-globose, 4-lobed, strigose; nutlets up to 1 mm long.

Distribution. Venezuela (Amazonas, Bolívar, Delta Amacuro), Guyana, Brazil (Pará, Roraima); also West Indies and from Southern United States to Argentina.

Selected specimens studied. **Guyana.** s.l., *Appun* 1762 (K); 1839, *Rob. Schomburgk* 1024 (K); *Schomburgk* 1026 (K); Upper Takutu-Upper Essequibo, NW Kanuku Mtns, near Nappi Village, 13 Feb 1993, *Hoffman* 3743 (BRG, F, L, US).

Note. Förther (1998: 200) placed *Heliotropium humboltianum* Roem. & Schult. 1819 in the synonymy of *H. procumbens*. He designated as the lectotype *Humboldt and Bonpland* [1202]. *Humboldt* 1202 is the type of *H. filiforme* (see above under *E. filiformis*).

Names not validly published

***Messerschmidia incana* G. Mey. 1818, nom. inval.**

Messerschmidia incana G. Mey., Prim. Fl. Esseq. 92. 1818, nom. inval.

Type. not designated; no original material found.

Note. The only species known from the Guianas that would agree with Meyer's description is *E. humilis*. Förther (1998: 238) lists *M. incana* as a synonym of *H. ternatum* [= *Euploca humilis*] with a question mark, but Meyer placed a synonym in the protolog of his new species, *Tournefortia sessilifolia* Poir. (1804: 360), a species described from Argentina. Because *sessilifolia* was available in *Messerschmidia*, it should have been used as the epithet. Therefore the name by Meyer is not validly published.

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List of taxa*Euploca* Nutt. 1836*Euploca convolvulacea* Nutt. (type of *Euploca*)*Euploca filiformis* (Lehm.) J.I.M.Melo & Semir 2009*Euploca foliata* (R. Br.) Feuillet, **comb. nov.***Euploca humilis* (L.) Feuillet, **comb. nov.***Euploca humistrata* (Cham.) J.I.M.Melo & Semir 2009*Euploca hypogaea* (Urb. & Ekman) Diane & Hilger*Euploca lagoensis* (Warm.) Diane & Hilger 2003*Euploca paradoxa* (Mart.) J.I.M.Melo & Semir*Euploca polyphylla* (Lehm.) J.I.M.Melo & Semir 2009*Euploca procumbens* (Mill.) Diane & Hilger 2003*Euploca ternata* (Vahl) J.I.M.Melo & Semir 2009 = *Euploca humilis**Heliophytum passerinoides* Klotzsch 1849 = *Euploca humilis**Heliotropium* subgen. *Orthostachys* (R.Br.) Rchb. 1841 = *Euploca**Heliotropium* sect. *Orthostachys* R.Br. 1810 = *Euploca**Heliotropium* sect. *Orthostachys* subsect. *Axillaria* I.M.Johnst. 1928 = *Euploca**Heliotropium americanum* Mill. 1768 = *Euploca procumbens**Heliotropium bahiense* DC. 1845 = *Euploca polyphylla**Heliotropium brasilianum* Roth 1821 = *Euploca procumbens**Heliotropium bridgesii* Rusby 1895 = *Euploca procumbens**Heliotropium canescens* Kunth 1818 = *Euploca procumbens**Heliotropium canescens* Lehm. 1818 = *Euploca procumbens**Heliotropium cinereum* Kunth 1818 = *Euploca procumbens**Heliotropium decumbens* Lehm. 1817 = *Euploca procumbens**Heliotropium ellipticum* (Fresen.) Gürke 1893 = *Euploca procumbens**Heliotropium filiforme* Kunth 1818 = *Euploca filiformis**Heliotropium filiforme* Lehm. 1817 = *Euploca filiformis**Heliotropium foliatum* R.Br. 1810 (type of *Heliotropium* sect. *Orthostachys* (R.Br.)G.Don) = *Euploca foliata**Heliotropium foliosum* Roem. & Schult. 1819 = *Euploca polyphylla**Heliotropium fruticosum* var. *ternatum* (Vahl) DC. 1845 = *Euploca humilis**Heliotropium fumana* (Fresen.) Gürke 1893 = *Euploca humilis**Heliotropium greenmanii* Wiggins 1950. = *Euploca humilis**Heliotropium helophilum* Mart. 1838 = *Euploca filiformis**Heliotropium hirtum* Lehm. 1817 = *Euploca humilis**Heliotropium hispidum* Kunth 1818 = *Euploca humilis**Heliotropium horizontale* Small, Bull. 1905 = *Euploca polyphylla**Heliotropium houstonii* DC. 1845 = *Euploca procumbens**Heliotropium humboldtianum* Roem. & Schult. 1819 = *Euploca procumbens**Heliotropium humboldtianum* Roem. & Schult. 1819 = *Euploca procumbens**Heliotropium humistratum* Cham. 1829 = *Euploca humistrata*

- Heliotropium inundatum* Sw. 1788 = ***Euploca procumbens***
Heliotropium laevenworthii (A. Gray) Small 1903 = ***Euploca polyphylla***
Heliotropium lagoense (Warm.) Gürke 1893 = ***Euploca lagoensis***
Heliotropium leptostachyum (Fresen.) Gürke 1893 = ***Euploca procumbens***
Heliotropium linifolium (A. St.-Hil.) Gürke 1893 = ***Euploca polyphylla***
Heliotropium littorale Mart. ex Colla 1835 = ***Euploca filiformis*** (Lehm.) J.I.M.Melo
 & Semir
Heliotropium longepetiolatum (Fresen.) Gürke 1893 = ***Euploca procumbens***
Heliotropium mexicanum Greenm. 1898 = ***Euploca humilis***
Heliotropium oaxacanum DC. 1845 = ***Euploca humilis***
Heliotropium paradoxum (Mart.) Gürke 1893 = ***Euploca paradoxa***
Heliotropium polyphyllum Lehm. 1817 = ***Euploca polyphylla***
Heliotropium polyphyllum var. *blanchetii* DC. 1845 = ***Euploca polyphylla***
Heliotropium polyphyllum var. *horizontale* (Small) R.W. Long 1970 = ***Euploca polyphylla***
Heliotropium polyphyllum var. *laevenworthii* A. Gray 1878 = ***Euploca polyphylla***
Heliotropium procumbens Kunth 1818 = ***Euploca procumbens***
Heliotropium procumbens Mill. 1768 = ***Euploca procumbens***
Heliotropium pubescens (Fresen.) Gürke 1893 = ***Euploca polyphylla***
Heliotropium pusillum Colla 1835 = ***Euploca filiformis***
Heliotropium rigidulum DC. 1845. = ***Euploca procumbens***
Heliotropium riparium Chodat 1902 = ***Euploca procumbens***
Heliotropium riparium Mart. ex Colla 1835 = ***Euploca procumbens***
Heliotropium sect. *Euploca* (Nutt.) A. Gray 1874 = ***Euploca***
Heliotropium stenostachyum (A. St.-Hil.) Gürke 1893 = ***Euploca filiformis***
Heliotropium strictissimum sensu N.E. Br. 1901 = ***Euploca humilis***
Heliotropium tenue Roem. & Schult. 1819 = ***Euploca filiformis***
Heliotropium ternatum Vahl 1794 = ***Euploca humilis***
Heliotropium ternatum var. *fumana* (Fresen.) I.M. Johnst. 1935 = ***Euploca humilis***
Heliotropium trinitense Urb. 1912 = ***Euploca lagoensis***
Heliotropium willdenowii G. Don 1838 = ***Euploca procumbens***
Hilgeria Förther 1989 = ***Euploca***
Hilgeria hypogaea (Urb. & Ekman) Förther 1989 (type of *Hilgeria* Förther) = ***Euploca hypogaea***
Messerschmidia incana G. Mey. 1818 = ***Euploca humilis***
Orthostachys (R. Br.) Spach 1840 = ***Euploca***
Pioctonon antillanum Raf. 1838 = ***Euploca humilis***
Pioctonon ternatum (Vahl) Raf. 1838 = ***Euploca humilis***
Preslaea Mart. 1827 = ***Euploca***
Preslaea linifolia A. St.-Hil. 1833 = ***Euploca polyphylla***
Preslaea paradoxa Mart. 1827 (type of *Preslaea* Mart.) = ***Euploca paradoxa***
Preslaea stenostachya A. St.-Hil. 1833 = ***Euploca filiformis***
Schleidenia Endl. 1839 = ***Euploca***
Schleidenia bahiensis (DC.) Fresen. 1857 = ***Euploca polyphylla***

- Schleidenia elliptica* Fresen. 1857 = ***Euploca procumbens***
Schleidenia filiformis (Lehm.) Fresen. 1857 = ***Euploca filiformis***
Schleidenia fumana Fresen. 1857 = ***Euploca humilis***
Schleidenia hispida (Kunth) Fresen. 1857 = ***Euploca humilis***
Schleidenia humistrata (Cham.) Fresen. 1857 = ***Euploca humistrata***
Schleidenia inundata (Sw.) Fresen. 1857 = ***Euploca procumbens***
Schleidenia lagoensis Warm. 1868 = ***Euploca lagoensis***
Schleidenia leptostachya Fresen. 1857 = ***Euploca procumbens***
Schleidenia linifolia (A. St.-Hil.) DC. 1845 = ***Euploca polyphylla***
Schleidenia longepetiolata Fresen. 1857 = ***Euploca procumbens***
Schleidenia polyphylla (Lehm.) Fresen. 1857 = ***Euploca polyphylla***
Schleidenia polyphylla var. *blanchetii* (DC.) Fresen. 1857 = ***Euploca polyphylla***
Schleidenia pubescens Fresen. 1857 = ***Euploca polyphylla***
Schleidenia stenostachya (A. St.-Hil.) DC. 1845 = ***Euploca filiformis***
Schleidenia subracemosa Warm. 1868 = ***Euploca lagoensis***
Tournefortia humilis L. 1753 = ***Euploca humilis***
Tournefortia incana (G. Mey.) G. Don 1838 = ***Euploca humilis***
Tournefortia meyeri DC. 1845 = ***Euploca humilis***