

U.S. South Atlantic Bight

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Geologically and Ecologically Complex Region





Submarine Landslide Hazards

- Multiple landslides historically
- Triggers include earthquakes, storms, changes in sediment strength etc.
- Direct impact on nearcoast and seafloor infrastructure (e.g., power plants, wells, pipelines, rigs, submarine cables, wind farms, ports)





How Big are Submarine Landslides? Case Study: Cape Fear Landslide



CFS Area = $\sim 23,000 \text{ km}^2$ CFS MTD Volume = $\sim 600 \text{ km}^3$

- More post-failure data needed to help constrain tsunami models (e.g., visual observations)
- Better resolved dates for the events



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Manhattan: 59 km² Empire State Building: 381 m





- 2011-2015-BOEM/USGS/NOAA examined Baltimore and Norfolk Canyons and slopes in detail
- Additional work by Nizinski et al. in the NE and Mid Atlantic canyons
- Complex communities of fishes, corals, other invertebrates and associated food webs (Quattrini et al. 2015; Ross et al., 2015; Brooke et al. 2016; Demopoulos et al. 2016)
- Many questions remain regarding connectivity and controls on species distribution throughout the region beyond these two canyons (e.g., Morrison et al. 2016)



Other Known Deep-sea Coral Habitats



Deep-sea condos

JSGS

- Hard (stony) corals and soft corals
- Lack zooxanthellae
- Live in waters 100's to 1000's of meters deep

Strong links between geology and ecology





Coral ages-Prouty et al. 2015





gas hydrate New England margin

Images Courtesy of NOAA Office of Exploration and Research



Van Dover et al., 2003; Brothers et al. 2013; Skarke et al, 2014; Bourque et al., 2016; Prouty et al., 2016

New seep communities discovered



Undersea plumbing may connect seep environments-possible stepping stones Extensive seeps may play important, unquantified role in methane and carbon cycling NOEF 2016-Beyond the Ships

South Atlantic Bight Campaign

- Led by NOAA, BOEM, USGS-FY16-20
 - Examine geomorphology, slope failure, and geological processes
 - Mapping, coring, subbottom profiling
 - Characterize faunal communities and food webs
 - Video, imaging: ground-truthing geology & biology
 - Sample collections for species identifications, genetics
 - Age and growth of deep-sea corals
 - Genetics and genomics
 - Species identification, connectivity, presence/absence
- Continued partnering!



Exploring South Atlantic Bight Requires Advanced Tools











USGS Partnerships Run Deep

USGS Funding: Environments, Coastal and Marine Coastal and Marine Geology, Climate and Land Use, Earthquake Hazards, Energy Resources, and other programs

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Academic, Public and Industrial Partners

UNCW, FSU, LSU, OIMB, Penn State, Temple, CCU, LDEO, TAMU, UA, WHOI, URI, UNH, MBARI, SIO, NC Museum of Natural Resources, C&C Technology, TDI Brooks, CSA

International collaborators

Natural Resources Canada-GSC Royal Netherlands Inst for Sea Research Scottish Assoc for Marine Science Heriot-Watt University University of Bangor British Geological Survey University of Haifa



