



List of type specimens of birds in the collections of the Muséum national d'Histoire naturelle (Paris, France). 24. Cracidae, Odontophoridae, Phasianidae and Numididae

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Abstract. The Muséum national d'Histoire naturelle possesses type specimens from the families Cracidae, Odontophoridae, Phasianidae and Numididae.

(1) Holotypes of Cracidae (*Crax carunculata* Temminck, 1815, *Ortalida Goudotii* Lesson, 1828, *Penelope albiventer* Lesson, 1842); Odontophoridae (*Ortyx leucopogon* Lesson, 1842, *Ortyx perrotiana* Des Murs, 1845); Phasianidae (*Francolinus ochropectus* Dorst & Jouanin, 1952, *Gallus aenus* Temminck, 1825, *Gallus lafayettii* Lesson, 1831, *Ithaginis kuseri* Beebe, 1912, *Perdix lunulata* Valenciennes, 1825, *Phasianus versicolor* Vieillot, 1825, *Polyplectron albocelatum* Cuvier, 1829, *Polyplectrum chalcurum* Lesson, 1831, *Polyplectron germaini* Elliot, 1866, *Tetraogallus challayezi* Oustalet, 1875, *Tropicoperdix charltonii* [sic] *tonkinensis* Delacour, 1927, *Tropicoperdix merlini vivida* Delacour, 1926, *Tropicoperdix chloropus olivacea* Delacour & Jabouille, 1928, *Tetraophasis desgodinsi* Oustalet, 1886); Numididae (*Numida Edouardi* Harlaub, 1867, *Numida pucherani* Hartlaub, 1860).

(2) Syntypes of Cracidae (*Pipile argyrotis* Bonaparte, 1856); Phasianidae (*Alectoris barbara duprezi* Lavauden, 1930, *Arborophila brunneipectus* [sic] *neveni* Delacour, 1926, *Arboricola Henrici* Oustalet, 1896, *Arborophila rufogularis laotinus*, Delacour, 1926, *Coturnix novae-zelandiae* Quoy & Gaimard 1830, *Francolinus clamosus* Lesson, 1831, *Francolinus Dubowskii* Oustalet, 1892, *Gennaeus Beli* Oustalet, 1898, *Gennaeus Edwardsi* Oustalet, 1896, *Hierophasis imperialis* Delacour & Jabouille, 1924, *Ithaginis sinensis* David, 1873, *Lophophorus obscurus* Verreaux, 1869, *Lophura sumatrana delacouri* Ghigi, 1926, *Perdix megapodia* Temminck, 1828, *Perdix torqueola* Valenciennes, 1825, *Phasianus colchicus takatsukasae* Delacour, 1927, *Polyplectrum chinquis ghigii* Delacour & Jabouille, 1924, *Tetraogallus Henrici* Oustalet, 1891, *Tropicoperdix cognacqi* Delacour & Jabouille, 1924, *Tropicoperdix merlini* Delacour & Jabouille, 1924); Numididae (*Numida marchei* Oustalet, 1882).

(3) Paratypes of Phasianidae (*Arborophila brunneipectus* [sic] *neveni* Delacour, 1926, *Arborophila cambodiana* Delacour & Jabouille, 1928, *Arborophila charltonii tonkinensis* Delacour, 1927, *Arborophila rufogularis laotinus* Delacour, 1926, *Arborophila torqueola griseata* Delacour &

Jabouille, 1930, Gallus gallus jabouillei Delacour & Kinnear, 1928 *Tragopan temminckii tonkinensis* Delacour & Jabouille, 1930, *Tropicoperdix chloropus olivacea* Delacour & Jabouille, 1928).

Key words. Aves, Cracidae, Odontophoridae, Phasianidae, Numididae, Muséum national d'Histoire naturelle, Paris

INTRODUCTION AND METHODS

This catalogue is a continuation of 23 catalogues we wrote on the bird types held in the collections of the Muséum national d'Histoire naturelle, Paris, France (Voisin & Voisin 2011, 2012). It uses the same conventions (Voisin & Voisin 2009). The inscriptions on the pedestal undersides and on specimen labels are in French. We have translated the most important ones, always keeping close to the text in order to render best the thought of their authors. For small, often repeated expressions, the reader may refer to Voisin & Voisin (2010). Throughout this paper, the “Code” means the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN 1999). When rendering pedestal and label data, we underlined those which were already underlined on them.

The types of Megapodiidae have already been reviewed by Somadikarta et al. (2002).

Museum acronyms are as follows:

AMNH:	American Museum of Natural History, New York, USA.
BMNH:	Natural History Museum (formerly British Museum (Natural History)), Tring, United Kingdom.
MNHN:	Muséum national d'Histoire naturelle, Paris, France.
NMI:	National Museum of Ireland, Dublin, Ireland.
RMNH:	Naturalis (formerly Rijksmuseum van Natuurlijke Historie), Leiden, The Netherlands.
USNM:	United States National Museum, Washington, D.C., USA.

Jean Delacour, alone or with Pierre Jabouille, collected extensively in Indochina from 1923 to 1939, and details about his seven expeditions as well as a list of the main localities where he worked, with their names of the time and to-day can be found in Hennache & Dickinson (2000). Delacour & Jabouille provided almost all of their specimens with very characteristic labels (Fig. 8 and 11). The first side bears the handwritten name of the taxon, then the following printed mentions, eventually completed by hand: C.G. n° / Muséum de Paris / type [always handwritten], A. [= wing]. The back side bears: Delacour & Jabouille [crosswise, near base], Localité: / Date: / Iris: Bec [= beak] / Pattes [= legs]: / sex and eventually a collector's number. There may be some minor variation from one label to the other. Colour data are often written in an abbreviated form, which is not always clear to us now. In the following lines, we will refer to such labels as “DJ labels”.

Delacour and Jabouille described often new taxa on large series, some of them reaching over 20 specimens. They used to designate one “type”, sometimes two. In the first case, according to the provisions of Article 72.4.5, of the Code, this specimen is a holotype, and the other birds of the type series are paratypes (ICZN 1999, Roy 2002). In the second case, Article 72.4.6 of the Code does not say that, when the original description includes nominated syntypes, the rest of the type series are not paratypes. The type series remains conceptually the same, and contains all the specimens that the author makes clear he had at his disposal. This logical equivalence is supported by the Glossary and the defi-

nition of the type series. This excludes only specimens that the author expressly excludes or considers variants or as doubtful. Thus a type series may include paratypes as well as syntypes (E. Dickinson com. pers.). It should be noted here that the first edition of the Code came first out in 1961, and, at the time of Delacour and Jabouille, zoologists used to be much less rigorous than now at designating types.

Delacour & Jabouille also did not always make clear to which institutions the specimens they used had gone. Hennache and Dickinson (2000) made an extensive search for their “types”, and could make a list of almost all holotypes and syntypes with their present location, registration numbers and eventually other details. They did not look for other birds having been used in the descriptions. These last specimens are difficult to locate now, as they do not bear any special mention on their labels, and we have to rely on locality, date and collector data as given by the authors for identifying them. Moreover, they are dispersed among several institutions over the world. In their descriptions, Delacour and Jabouille sometimes called the MNHN for “the French Museum”.

SYSTEMATIC LIST

Cracidae

***Crax carunculata* Temminck**

Crax carunculata Temminck, 1815: 44.

Now: *Crax globulosa* Spix, 1825.

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 2011-529. Pedestal lacking. White label attached to the skin: Crax carunculata Tem / Brasil (T) /// “Cabinet de Lisbonne” 1808 / Amérique méridionale Type [J. Berlioz’ handwriting].

REMARKS: The mentions on the labels fit the indications given in his text by Temminck, who added “this new species, of which I only saw one skin ...” and “the course of my research work only offered me one individual prepared in Brazil and sent from this country to Lisbon”.

Ogilvie-Grant (1893) mentioned two species, *Crax carunculata* Temminck, 1815 and *Crax globulosa* Spix, 1825, but added in a footnote that he thought, there was in fact only one taxon, and this opinion prevails to-day. Peters (1934) emits also some doubts about *Crax carunculata*, noting “? *Crax carunculata*”.

***Ortalida Goudotii* Lesson**

Ortalida Goudotii Lesson, 1828: 217.

Now: *Chamaepetes goudotii* (Lesson, 1828:217).

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 2011-530 (N.C. 1149). Pedestal underside: Chamaepetes / Goudotii [sic] (Less.) / Type ? / M. Goudot / Colombie 1843 février. / Santa-fé de Bogota / 1149. Pedestal label: Chamaepetes Goudotii [sic] / (Less.) / M. Goudot Colombie.

REMARKS: Lesson (1828) took up again an unpublished description written by Goudot, and stated that this specimen came from Santa-Fé de Bogota.



Fig. 1. *Ortalida goudotii* Lesson, 1828. Holotype MNHN 2011-530.

***Penelope albiventer* Lesson**

Penelope albiventer Lesson, 1842: 174
Now: *Ortalis leucogastra* Gould, 1843.

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 2013-41 (A.C. 11944, N.C. 1169). Pedestal underside:

1 - Donné par M. / Lesson / [one crossed out word] / mai / 1843. **2** - 11944 Realejo - Centre Amérique. **3** - Penelope [one crossed out word] / Ortalida [brace] Albiventer / Lesson / Leucogastre Gould / probablement le / type de M. Lesson. **4** - 1169 [pencil].

REMARKS: After a short Latin description, Lesson (1842) stated that his specimen came from Realejo, Nicaragua, which fits the inscriptions on the pedestal.

***Penelope pileata* Wagler**

Penelope pileata Wagler, 1830: col. 1109.
Now: *Penelope pileata* Wagler, 1830.

SPECIMEN (not a type): 2011-531 (A.C. 11927, N.C. 1229). Pedestal underside: de Para / Mort à la ménagerie 1837 / par M Lherminier / Ortalida [crossed out] pileata Wagl. / 11927 / *Penelope pileata*, Licht., Wagl. / Isis, 1830. p. 1109, 1110). / type de la / planche 23 de / M. Desmurs / 1229. Pedestal label: *Penelope pileata* / Type de Desmurs (Wagl.) / M. Lherminier Para.

REMARKS: Wagler (1830) wrote that the specimen he described was deposited in “Mus. Berol.”, that is, the Berlin Museum. He attributed the name *pileata* to Lichtenstein, who nevertheless never described this species. Des Murs (1849) confirmed this fact, and added that the specimen he himself examined and portrayed came from the Brazilian Province of Para, had been given by Dr. Lherminier and died in the “Ménagerie du Jardin des Plantes”, Paris, in 1837. The inscriptions on the pedestal fit well these indications, and show that this specimen is the one which had been portrayed by Des Murs (1849), and not the one described by Wagler (1930). Des Murs (1849) added that this specimen was also portrayed by Alphonse Prévost in the MNHN velums. The word “type” was often used in the MNHN during the 19. century just to indicate that a specimen served as a model for an illustration.

Félix Louis Lherminier was a pharmacist and naturalist who stayed in the West Indies during several years and came back to France in 1829. The sentence “mort à la ménagerie” means “died in the menagerie [of the MNHN]”.

***Penelope superciliaris* Cuvier**

Penelope superciliaris Cuvier.
Now: *Penelope jacucaca* Spix, 1825.

SPECIMEN (not a type): 2011-532 (A.C. 11925, N.C. 1117). Pedestal underside: *Penelope jacucaca* (Spix) / *Penelope superciliaris* / (Cuv.) / Ménagerie de la Malmaison 1807 / S. M. l'Impératrice / Note de M. Geoff. [last mention crossed out, the inscriptions resuming where room was available] Geoffroy St Hilaire / L'animal a refusé les grains / qu'on lui a présenté ; on l'a nourri avec du pain, il se jetait avec plaisir sur des / petits morceaux de viande / hachée et particulièrement de veau. Geoffroy / *Penelope jacucaca*. Spix / 11925. / 1117 [pencil, under and on one side of the pedestal]. Pedestal label: *Penelope jacucaca* (Spix.) / P. superciliaris (Cuv.) T. / Imp. Joséphine Brésil.

REMARKS: Cuvier never described this taxon. The sentence “Ménagerie... Impératrice” means “Menagerie of la Malmaison, HM the Empress”. Empress Joséphine, wife of Emperor Napoléon I, lived in La Malmaison, near Paris, where she had a small museum and menagerie (Jouanin 1999). The sentence “Note de... veau” means: “note of Mr Geoffroy St. Hilaire the animal refused the corn which was offered to it, it was fed on bread. It rushed with pleasure at small pieces of minced meat, and particularly veal”.

***Pipile argyrotis* Bonaparte**

Pipile argyrotis Bonaparte, 1856: 875.

Now: *Penelope argyrotis* (Bonaparte, 1856).

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1856-556 (N.C. 1135). Pedestal underside: *Penelope argentatus* (Bp.) / Type / M. Levraud / Caracas 1856 n° 556 C.G. / Vénézuela mâle / (J.T) / 1135. Pedestal label: *Penelope argyrotis* / Bp.) / M. Levraud Vénézuéla.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1856-557 (N.C. 1134). Pedestal underside: *Penelope argyrotis* (Bp.) / (Type) Caracas. M. Levraud / 1856-557 / 1134. Pedestal label: *Penelope argyrotis* / (Bp.) Type / M. Levraud Vénézuela.

REMARKS: Bonaparte (1856) gave a very short description of this taxon, placing it in the new genus *Pipile*, which he described p. 877 of the same paper. Mr. Levraud was Consul of France in Caracas at Bonaparte's time.

Odontophoridae

***Ortyx leucopogon* Lesson**

Ortyx leucopogon Lesson, 1842: 175.

Now: *Colinus leucopogon* (Lesson, 1842)

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 2013-35 (A.C. 12574, N.C. 508). Pedestal underside: 1 - San Carlos (Centre / Amérique) / donné par M. lesson / Ortyx / leucopogon, / Less. / type de / l'espèce / type de / la planche 36 O. / M. Desmurs. 2 - [one unreadable word] Am. / Eupsychortyx leucopogon / Gould. 3 - Amérique / cent. [red ink]. 4 - Eupsychortyx leucopogon / (Less) / 12574. 5 - 508 [on the pedestal side]. Pedestal label: Eupsychortyx leucopogon / (Less.) Type / M. Lesson San-Carlos.

REMARKS: Lesson quoted after his short Latin description that this specimen came from “San Carlos, Central America” (= La Union, El Salvador, Peters 1934). It had been collected by Pierre Adolphe Lesson, a brother of R.P. Lesson, and also a great traveller, who gave it to the MNHN. This bird is also depicted in the work of Des Murs (1849), hence both mentions “type de l'espèce” and “type de la planche” (“type of the species” and “type of the plate”).

***Ortyx Perrotiana* Des Murs**

Ortyx perrotiana Des Murs, 1845: 207.

Now: *Philortyx fasciatus* Gould, 1843.

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 2013-36 (A.C. 12576, N.C. 510). Pedestal underside: 1 - Eupsychortyx fasciatus (Gould) O. perrotiana / des Murs Type / [unreadable] le type /



Fig. 2. *Ortyx leucopogon* Lesson, 1842. Holotype MNHN 2013-35.

Ort. perrotiana / Desm. 12576 c'est / [one unreadable word]. **2** - Mexique / perrotiana [red ink] / 510 [pencil]. Pedestal label: Eupsychortyx fasciatus / O. perrotiana (D.M.) Type / M. Perrot Mexique.

REMARKS: Des Murs (1845) quoted that this specimen was sent from Mexico to Mr. Perrot, assistant in the MNHN, who gave it to this institution.

***Perdix Sonnini* Temminck**

Perdix Sonnini Temminck, 1815: 451-459 & 737.

Now: *Colinus cristatus sonnini* Temminck, 1815.

SPECIMEN (not a type): C.G. 2013-34 (A.C. 12572, N.C. 495). Pedestal underside: **1** - Mis sur / plateau, en / 9 bre 1822 / Il y a / absence complète / de renseignements [almost unreadable]. **2** - Perdix / sonnini / Tem. col. 75 / pourrait bien / être le type de / la planche / 12572 [almost unreadable]. **3** - Tem. / Type ? / Guyane? / 495 [pencil]. **4** - Eupsychortyx Sonnini (Tem). Pedestal label: Eupsychortyx Sonnini / (Tem.) Type ? / Guyane ?.

REMARKS: As shown by the inscriptions under its pedestal, strong doubts were emitted already in the 19. century about the origin of this bird and its nature as a type. Temminck (1815) described the male in details, and the female more succinctly. He then quoted "these birds are part of my cabinet; similar subjects are deposited in the Paris museum". This sentence, combined to the late preparation date (inscription n° 1), shows that specimen C.G. 2013-34 cannot be one of the types of *Perdix Sonnini* Temminck, 1815. Page 737, Temminck (1815) gave only synonyms and stated that this species is to be found in Guyane. It is nevertheless possible that specimen C.G. 2013 - 34 is the one depicted on Planche coloriée n° 75 of Temminck (1821), but this is not formally specified.

The sentence "Mis... renseignements" means "put on a pedestal in September 1822, information is completely lacking", and the sentence "pourrait... planche" means "could well be the type of the plate".

Phasianidae

***Alectoris barbara duprezi* Lavauden**

Alectoris barbara duprezi Lavauden, 1930: 245.

Now: *Alectoris barbara spatzii* (Reichenow, 1895).

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1932-3807. White label n°1, attached to the skin: Alectoris / barbara duprezi LAV. / ♀ TYPE /// Djanet 18-1-30 / Sexe = Féminin / Iris jaune. White label n°2, attached to the skin: Alectoris barbara duprezi Lavauden ♀ TYPE [red frame] / Djanet (Sahara central) 18 janvier 1930 / Envoyée à Louis Lavauden par le Cne Duprez.

REMARKS: Captain Duprez had a pair of *Alectoris barbara duprezi* sent to Lavauden. Nowadays the MNHN owns the female, and the male syntype is in the Natural History Museum in Grenoble (France) with accession number MHN Gr. Or. 189 (Ph. Candegabe pers. com.). This subspecies is generally not recognized, even if it is quite isolated in the Tassili n'Ajjer mountains. Perhaps Lavauden's description, which appeared in *Alauda*, was overlooked because it was not referenced in the Zoological Record.

***Arboricola Henrici* Oustalet**

Arboricola Henrici Oustalet, 1896: 317.

Now: *Arborophila brunneopectus henrici* (Oustalet, 1896).

SYNTYPE: 1892-1524 (N.C. 318 c). Pedestal underside: ♂ Maïsson (Indo chine) 20 février 1892 / Donné par le Prince H. d'Orléans / 1892 n° 1524 (Cat. Gén.) / Arboricola Henrici / Type. (Oust.) / 318c [on pedestal side]. Pedestal label: Arboricola Henrici ♀ / (Oust.) Type / Pr. H. d'Orléans Indo-Chine.

REMARKS: Oustalet (1896) stated that this species was described after two specimens, one given to the MNHN by Prince Henri d'Orléans, "who obtained it at Maïson (Tonkin) on 20. February 1892", which is this one, and another one acquired from Père Renault, and coming probably from Kuang-Tri (= Quang Tri), Annam. We do not know the whereabouts of this last specimen. "Maïsson", or "Maïson" is a locality now called Mai Son, lying at 21°10' North and 104°5' East.

***Arborophila brunneipectus* [sic] *neveni* Delacour**

Arborophila brunneipectus [sic] *neveni* Delacour, 1926: 8.

Now: *Arborophila brunneopectus henrici* Oustalet, 1896.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1927-289. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila brunneipectus* [sic] / *neveni* / Del. et Jab. / C.G. 1927 N° 289 / type [underlined twice] /// Localité: Xièn-Khouang / Date: 25-12-1925 Sexe ♂ / Iris: brun / Bec: noir / Pattes: roses / N° H-1287.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1927-290. DJ label attached to the skin: 1 - *Arborophila brunneipectus* [sic] / Del. et Jab. / *neveni* / C.G. 1927 N° 290 / type. 2 - = *henrici* Oust. / [one unreadable word] /// Localité: Xièn-Khouang - Laos / Date: 28-12-1925 Sexe: ♀ / Iris: brun / Bec: noir / Pattes: roses / N° H - 1370.

PARATYPE: C.G. 2005-1390. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila brunneipectus* [sic] / *neveni* / A = /// Localité: Xieng-Khouang / Date: 3-1-26 Sexe ♂ / Iris: br. / Bec: noir / Pattes: roses / N° H. 1515.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1927-274. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila brunneipectus* [sic] / *neveni* Del. et Jab. / C.G. 1927-294 /// Localité: Xieng-Khouang / Date: 3-1-26 Sexe ♂ / Iris: br. / Bec: noir / Pattes: roses / N° H. 1514.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1927-296. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila brunneipectus* [sic] / *neveni* Del. et Jab. / C.G. 1927-296 /// Localité: Xieng-Khouang / Date: 11-1-26 Sexe ♀ / Iris: brun / Bec: noir / Pattes: roses / N° H. 1724.

REMARKS: Delacour (1926) described this taxon on 17 specimens, of which the MNHN owns five, including the two syntypes. We do not know where the other specimens went to. They were collected from 16 December 1925 to 13 January 1926. The name *neveni* is a lapsus for *neveui* (Anonymous 1927), as that subspecies was dedicated to Mr. A. Neveu, and not Neven. On the other side, the right specific name for this taxon is *brunneopectus*, Blyth, 1885 and not *brunneipectus*. Hennache & Ottaviani (2011) synonymized *A. b. neveni* Delacour, 1926 with *A. b. henrici* Oustalet, 1896.

***Arborophila cambodiana* Delacour & Jabouille**

Arborophila cambodiana Delacour & Jabouille, 1928: 128.

Now: *Arborophila cambodiana* Delacour & Jabouille, 1928.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1929-721. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila cambodiana* Del. / C.G. 1929 N° 721 / A= 150 / Q = 64 / T = 42 / B = 20, 22. /// Localité: Le Bokor. Cambodge / Date: 17-12-1927 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: brun. peau aut. oeil et Paup. / rouge [one unreadable word] / Bec: noir / Pattes: rose violacé - O. brun rose cl. / N° 851.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1929-722. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila cambodiana* Del. / C.G. 1929 N°722 / A= 144 / Q = 62 / T = 41 / B = 18, 23 /// Localité: Le Bokor. Cambodge / Date: 17-12-1927 Sexe: ♂ OO / Iris: brun / Paup. noir rougeâtre / Bec: noir / Pattes: rose violacé - O. brun rosé clair. / N° 850.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1929-723. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila cambodiana* Del. / C.G. 1929 N°723 / A= 138 / Q = 50 / T = 37 / B = 19, 24 /// Localité: Le Bokor. Cambodge / Date: 17-12-1927 Sexe: ♀ / Iris: brun / Bec: noir / Pattes: rose violacé - O. brun rosé clair. / N° 861.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1929-724. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila cambodiana* Del. / C.G. 1929 N°724 / A= 147 / Q = 62 / T = 40 / B = 19, 20 /// Localité: Le Bokor. Cambodge / Date: 17-12-1927 Sexe: [unreadable] / Iris: brun / Bec: noir / Pattes: rose violacée - O. brun rosé clair. / N° 859.

REMARKS: Delacour & Jabouille (1928) described *A. cambodiana* on nine specimens from Bokor, Cambodia, and deposited a male and a female “types” in the BMHN. Only the accession number of the male (Reg. no. 1928.6.26.3) is given by Warren (1966), the one of the female being 1928.6.26.4 (Hennache & Dickinson 2000). The MNHN collections house only the four above paratypes, the label data of which meet the ones given in the description.

***Arborophila rufogularis laotinus* Delacour**

Arborophila rufogularis laotinus Delacour, 1926: 8.

Now: *Arborophila rufogularis euroa* Bangs & Phillips, 1914.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1927-283. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila rufogularis laotinus* / Del et Jab. / C.G. 1927-n° 283 / type /// Localité: Xiên-Khouang - Laos- / Date: 5-1-1926 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: brun / Bec: noir / Pattes: rouge / N° H-1577.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1927-284. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila rufogularis laotinus* / Del. et Jab. / C.G. 1927 N° 284 type /// Localité: Xiên-Khouang - Laos- / Date: 25-12-1925 Sexe: ♀ / Iris: brun / Bec: noir / Pattes: corail / N° H-1286.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1927-285. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila rufogularis laotiana* [sic] / Del et Jab. / C.G. 1927-n° 285 /// Localité: Xiên-Khouang - Laos- / Date: 1-1-1926 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: brun / Bec: noir / Pattes: rouge / N° H-1436.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1927-286. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila rufogularis laotiana* [sic] / Del et Jab. / C.G. 1927-n° 286 /// Localité: Xiên-Khouang - Laos- / Date: 3-1-1926 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: brun / Bec: noir / Pattes: rouge / N° H -1517.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1927-287. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila rufogularis laotiana* [sic] / Del et Jab. / C.G. 1927-n° 287 /// Localité: Xiên-Khouang - Laos- / Date: 5-1-1926 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: brun / Bec: noir / Pattes: rouge / N° H -1579.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1927-288. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila rufogularis / laotiana* [sic] Del et Jab. / C.G. 1927-n° 288 /// Localité: Xiên-Khouang - Laos- / Date: 3-1-1926 Sexe: ♀ / Iris: brun / Bec: noir / Pattes: rouge / N° H -1489.

REMARKS: Delacour (1926) described *Arborophila rufogularis laotinus* on 15 specimens, and designated one male and one female “types” (=syntypes), which were deposited in the MNHN. We could not trace the seven paratypes which are no longer in the MNHN collections. All specimens of the type series were collected from the 24 December 1925 to the 5 January 1926. The name *laotinus* is a lapsus for *laotianus* (Anonymous 1927: 95), hence the alternative spelling on four labels.

***Arborophila torqueola griseata* Delacour & Jabouille**

Arborophila torqueola griseata Delacour & Jabouille, 1930: 408.

Now: *Arborophila torqueola griseata* Delacour & Jabouille, 1930.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-122. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila torqueola / griseata* Del. / C.G. 1931-N°122 /// Loc: Fan-si-pan. Chapa / Tonkin / Date: 9.12.1929 / Sexe: / Iris: br. paup. r. / Bec: / Pattes: gr. / N° 2444.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-123. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila torqueola / griseata* Del. / C.G. 1931-N°123 / A= 160 /// Loc: Fan-si-pan. Chapa / Tonkin / Date: 30.11.1929 / Sexe: ♂ / Iris: br. paup. r. vif / Bec: / Pattes: gris rosé jaunâtre / N° 1849.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-124. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila torqueola / griseata* Del. / C.G. 1931-N°124 /// A= 168 Loc: Chapa / Tonkin / Date: 22.11.1929. / Sexe: ♂ OO / Iris: br. paupières r. vif / Bec: / Pattes: gris rose / N° 1381.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-125. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila torqueola / griseata* Del. / C.G. 1931-N°125 /// A= 151. Loc: Fan-si-pan, /Tonkin / Date: 6.12.1929. / Sexe: / Iris: br. p. r. vif / Bec: / Pattes: gr. rosé / N° 2252.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-126. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila torqueola / griseata* Del. / C.G. 1931-N°126 / A: 148 /// Loc: Chapa, Tonkin / Date: 9.12.1929 / Sexe: ♂ / Iris: br. p. [unreadable word] / Bec: / Pattes: gr. rosé / N° 2413.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-127. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila torqueola / griseata* Del. / C.G. 1931-N°127 /// A= 157. Loc: Chapa / Tonkin / Date: 5.12.1929. / Sexe: ♂ OO / Iris: br. paup. r. / Bec: / Pattes: rose [one unreadable word] / N° 2141.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-128. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila torqueola / griseata* Del. / C.G. 1931-N° 128 /// A= 141. Loc: Chapa, Tonkin / Date: 9.12.1929. / Sexe: ♀ / Iris: br. paup. r. / Bec: / Pattes: gr. rosé. / N° 2415.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-129. DJ label attached to the skin: *Arborophila torqueola / griseata* Del. / C.G. 1931-N°129 /// A= 139. Loc: Fan-si-pan. Tonkin / Date: 15.12.1929. / Sexe: ♀ / Iris: br. p. rose. / Bec: / Pattes: gr. r. / N° 2790.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-130. DJ label attached to the skin: Arborophila torqueola / griseata
Del. et Jab / C.G. 1931-N° 130 // A= 144. Loc: Fan-si-pan. Tonkin / Date: 5.12.1929.
/ Sexe: / Iris: br. p. r. / Bec: / Pattes: gr. r. / N° 2184.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-131. DJ label attached to the skin: Arborophila torqueola / griseata
Del. / C.G. 1931-N°131 // A= 145. Loc: Fan-si-pan. Tonkin / Date: 30.11.1929. / Sexe:
♀ / Iris: br. paup. r. / Bec: / Pattes: gris rosé. / N° 1832.

REMARKS: Delacour & Jabouille (1930) described *A. t. griseata* on 70 specimens, and designated one “male type” coming from Fan Si Pan, Chapa, which is now deposited in the AMNH, with number 292183 (Greenway 1973, Hennache & Dickinson 2000). The ten above ones have been collected in Chapa from 11 November to 17 December 1929, and belong thus to the type series. The locality Fan-Si-Pan is a montain range near Chapa, at the border between Viêtnam and China.

***Coturnix Novae-Zelandiae* Quoy & Gaimard**

Coturnix Novae-zelandiae Quoy & Gaimard, 1830: 242.

Now: *Coturnix novaezelandiae* Quoy & Gaimard, 1830.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 2013-37 (A.C. 12615, N.C. 386). Pedestal underside: 1 - l'Astrolabe /
1829 ♀ / Nelle / zélande. 2 - 12615 / Coturnix Type / novae zelandiae / [one unreadable
word] / (T) / femelle. 3 - Coturnix / novae-zelandiae / (Type). 4 - (Quoy G.) [red ink].
5 - 386 [pencil] / 12615. Pedestal label: Caille Maori / Coturnix Novae- Zelandiae / Q.
& G. ♀ ad. Type / Exp. de l'Astrolabe Nelle Zélande.

SYNTYPE: C.G.2013-38 (A.C. 12618, N.C. 385). Pedestal underside: 1 - Quoy et / Gaimard.
l'Astrolabe / Nelle Zélande 1829. 2 - Coturnix Novae - Zelandiae / Q. et G. / T ♀ /
12.618. 3 - 385 [pencil]. Pedestal label: Caille Maori / Coturnix Novae-Zelandiae / Q.
& G. ♀ ad. Type / Exp. de l'Astrolabe Nelle Zelande.

REMARKS: *Coturnix novaezelandiae* is extinct since about 1870. Quoy & Gaimard (1830) wrote that “it lives in Chouraki [= Hauraki] Bay (Thames River of Cook) in New Zealand. We could not obtain any male”. These two specimens were collected by Quoy and Gaimard during the Voyage around the World of the vessel l'Astrolabe, under command of Captain Dumont d'Urville (1826-1829). The species is portrayed on plate 24, fig.1 of their work.

***Francolinus clamosus* Lesson**

Francolinus clamosus Lesson, 1831: 504.

Now: *Francolinus capensis* Gmelin, 1789

SYNTYPE: C.G. 2013-51 (A.C. 12393, N.C. 263). Pedestal underside: 1 - Cap. B. Espérance
/ Delalande / 1820 / capensis (Gm.) / 12393. 2 - Francolinus clamosus Less. Type
[three last words crossed out]. 3 - Clamosus (Less.) Type. 4 - 263 [pencil]. Pedestal
label: *Francolinus capensis* (Gm.) / F. clamosus Type (Less.) / Delalande Cap. de B.E.

REMARKS: Lesson (1831) wrote that the specimens he described came from the Cape of Good Hope and were sent by Delalande. The Collection Baillon, kept in La Châtre (France) holds another specimen, numbered MLC.2011.0.1118, with the following



Fig. 3. *Coturnix novaeseelandiae* Quoy & Gaimard, 1830. Syntype MNHN 2013-37.



Fig. 4. *Coturnix novaezelandiae* Quoy & Gaimard, 1830. Syntype MNHN 2013-38.

inscriptions on its pedestal: “Francolin criard / temm. / Perdix X temm. / Vieill.dict. / francolinus clamosus, Less. / femelle / du Cap de Bonne Espérance par m. / delalande, donné par m. Cuvier / le mâle ne diffère de la femelle que par 2 / éperons à chaque pied” (C. Gouraud pers. com). As this specimen was given to Baillon by Cuvier prior to 1826, and the description of the taxon came out in 1831, there is a possibility that Lesson examined it also.

***Francolinus Dybowskii* Oustalet**

Francolinus Dybowskii Oustalet, 1892: 232.

Now: *Francolinus icterorhynchus dybowskii* Oustalet, 1892.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1892-1168 (N.C. 254 A). Pedestal underside: *Francolinus Dubowskii* ♂ / Type (Oust.) / Mission Jean Dubowski n° 560 Voyageur / 8 Janvier 1892 Bangui - Congo / C.G. 1892-1168 iris gris / 254 A [on pedestal side]. Pedestal label: *Francolinus Dubowskii* ♂ / (Oust.) Type / M. Dubowski Oubangui.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1892-1169 (N.C. 254 B). Pedestal underside: *Francolinus Dubowskii* ♀ / Type - Oust. / Mission Jean Dubowski / Bangui Congo 8 Janvier 1892 / C.G. 1892 -1169 / iris gris brun n° [unreadable] voyageur / 254 B [on pedestal side]. Pedestal label: *Francolinus Dubowskii* ♀ / (Oust.) Type / M. Dubowski Oubangui.

REMARKS: Oustalet (1892) quoted in the title of his paper that the specimens he described had been brought back by J. Dybowski. He also stated that they had been collected on 8. January 1892 in Bangui, one being a young male still without spurs, and the other a female.

***Francolinus ochropectus* Dorst & Jouanin**

Francolinus ochropectus Dorst & Jouanin 1952: 71.

Now: *Francolinus ochropectus* Dorst & Jouanin, 1952.

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 1952-550. White label attached to the skin: Don du Colonel Chedeville / Type [red ink]. Loc.: Somalie française / C.G. 1952 N° 550 /// *Francolinus ochropectus* / Dorst et Jouanin / Loc.: Plateau du Daï / (Cercle du Tadjoura) / 22 février 1952 / bec noir à / base rouge-vert / pattes jaune verdâtre / ♂ ad.

REMARKS: The description of this species was made on this specimen only. The mentions on its label fit exactly the text by Dorst & Jouanin (1952). The descriptive notes sound: “black beak with a red-green base”, and “legs greenish yellow”. The “Somalie française” is now the Republic of Djibouti.

***Gallus aeneus* Temminck**

Gallus aeneus Temminck, 1825: 374.

Probable hybrid *Gallus varius* (Shaw, 1798) x *Gallus gallus* (Linné, 1758).

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 2013-42 (A.C. 12082, N.C. 884). Pedestal underside: 1 - n° 177 Type de *Gallus aeneus* (Cuv) / metis de *G. varius* et de *G. ferrugineus* / ? 2 - par M. diard 1821 / Le Coq bronzé Temminck 374 / [crossed out line] / 12082 Sumatra / Coq bronzé mâle. 3 - *Gallus aeneus*. Cuv. Tem (T) / (Tem. Color. pl.374) / Envoi par M. Diard [unreadable word] pendant son séjour à Bangkok / [2 unreadable words]

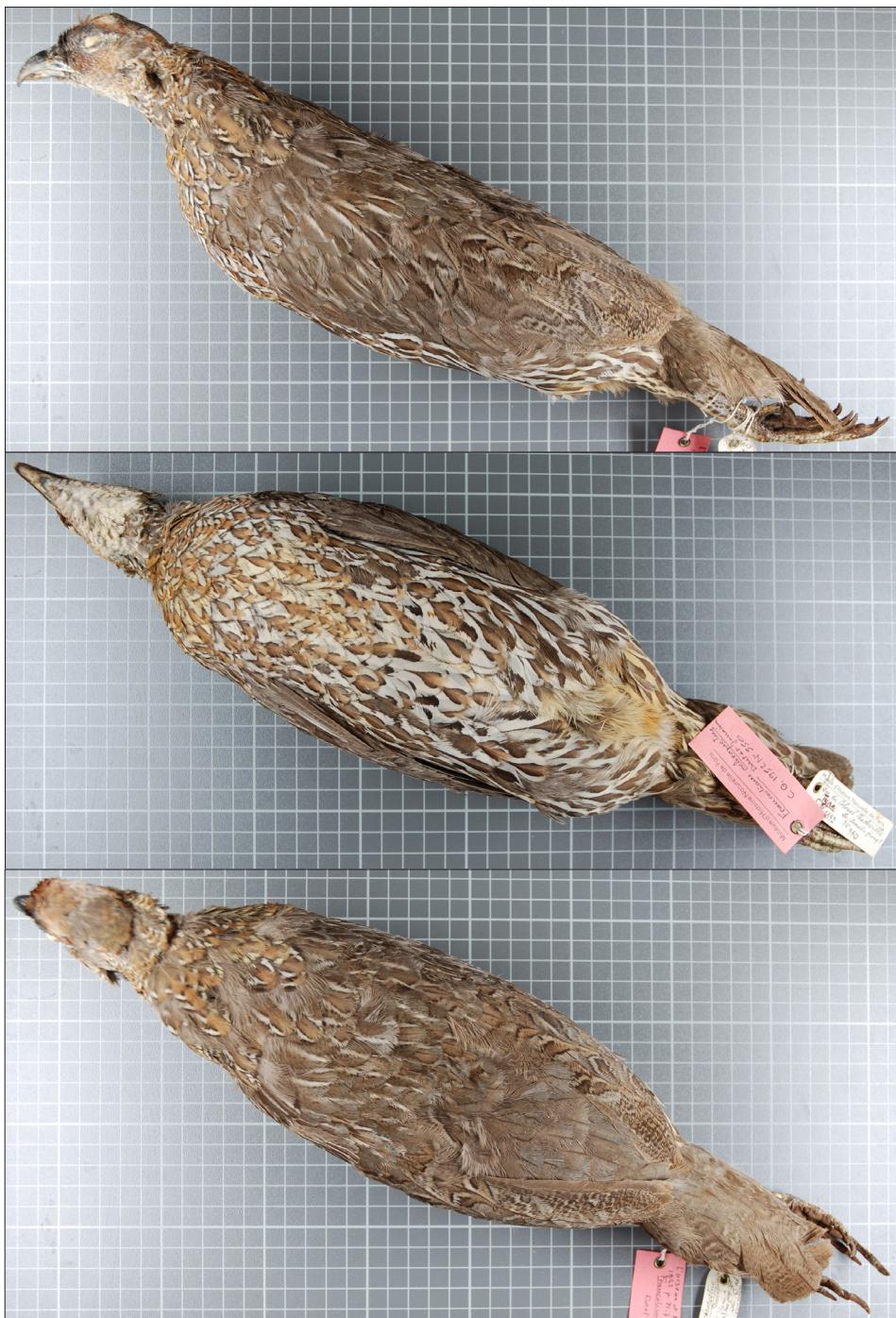


Fig. 5. *Francolinus ochropectus* Dorst & Jouanin, 1952. Holotype MNHN 1952-550.



Fig. 6. *Gallus lafayetii* Lesson, 1831.
Syntype MNHN 2014-393.

Sumatra. 4 - 884. Pedestal label: Gallus aeneus (Cuv.) Type ♂ / Métis de G varius et de G. ferrugineus, / M. Diard SUMATRA.

REMARKS: Temminck (1825) used a name coined by Cuvier, who never described this taxon. Temminck quoted also that the specimen he studied and had depicted on his *Planche coloriée* n° 374, had been sent to the MNHN by M. Diard. Unfortunately, this specimen proved to be probably a hybrid between *Gallus gallus* (Linné 1758) and *Gallus varius* (Shaw 1798) (Oggvie-Grant 1893:343). On an ethnographic point of view, this specimen could be interesting as a proof of crossbreeding between *G. gallus* and *G. varius* for the purpose of cock fighting.

***Gallus gallus jabouillei* Delacour & Kinnear**

Gallus gallus jabouillei Delacour & Kinnear, 1928: 49.

Now: *Gallus gallus jabouillei* Delacour & Kinnear, 1928.

PARATYPE: C.G. 2005-1373. White label attached to the skin: Muséum national d'Histoire naturelle / Gallus gallus / A= 227 /// Localité: Bakam / Date: 7.12.26. Sexe: ♂ / Iris: orange - Lobes rouges / Bec: grisâtre / corne blanche / Pattes: grises - éperon noir / N° 1590. Recent white label of the MNHN: C.G. 2005-1373 / coll: Delacour Jabouille coll. n° 1590 / pays: Vietnam /// Gallus gallus ♂ / loc. Bac can / date: 07.12.1926 biom. A= 227.

REMARKS: Delacour & Kinnear (1928) described *G. g. jabouillei* on ten specimens, and designated as a “type” a male, n° 1928.6.26.91 in the BMNH, taken on 23. December 1926 (Warren 1966, Hennache & Dickinson 2000). The correct spelling of the type locality of this subspecies is Bac Can, and not Bakam (Hennache & Dickinson 2000).

***Gallus lafayettii* Lesson**

Gallus lafayettii Lesson, 1831

Now: *Gallus lafayettii* Lesson, 1831

SYNTYPE: C.G. 2014-393 (A.C. 12076 – N.C. 866). Pedestal underside: 866 12076 / Coq sauvage de Ceylan par / M. Leschenault juillet 1822 / Gallus lafayettii, Less. (T) mâle / Less. [unreadable mention] p. 491 / Type de M. Lesson / Gallus lafayettii, (Less) [transversal]. Pedestal label: Gallus lafayettii mâle / (Less. Type) / Leschenault Ceylan.

REMARKS: Lesson (1831) stated that the specimen he described was in the MNHN collections, and had been sent there from Ceylon by Leschenault.

***Gennaeus Beli* Oustalet**

Gennaeus Beli Oustalet, 1898: 258.

Now: *Lophura nycthemerus beli* Oustalet, 1898.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1899-719 (N.C. 743 A). Pedestal underside: 1 - Mort à la ménagerie / le 24 février 1900. 2 - Euplocamus [sic] Beli (Oust.). / C.G. 1899 n° 719. 3 - V.V. 4 - 743^A (on pedestal side). Pedestal label: Euplocamus Beli (Oust.) / Ménagerie Type [pencil] Annam.

REMARKS: A pair of *G. beli* was brought back alive from Hué (Vietnam) to the MNHN menagerie in 1897 by a certain Marc Bel. When still alive, both specimens served for



Fig. 7. *Gennaeus beli* Oustalet, 1898.
Syntype MHN 1899-719.

the description of the species *G. beli*, and, after its death in 1900, the male was kept in the collections (Oustalet 1898, Delacour 1948). We do not know anything about the whereabouts of the female specimen. As Delacour (1948) wrote “[the pair], the male of which is the type preserved in the Paris Museum”, this female specimen most likely never reached the MNHN collections.

***Gennaeus Edwardsi* Oustalet**

Gennaeus Edwardsi Oustalet, 1896: 316.

Lophura edwardsi (Oustalet, 1896).

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1896-2366 (N.C. 754 B). Pedestal underside: **1** - Euplocamus [sic] Edwardsi / = Gennaeus Edwarsii (Type) / (Oust.) / acquis du R.P. Renauld / Annam / 1896-2366. **2** - Euplocamus [sic] Edwardsi (Oust.) [pencil] / = Gennaeus Edwarsii (Oust.) Type / 754 B [on pedestal side]. Pedestal label: Euplocamus [sic] Edwardsi / (Oust.) Type / R.P. Renauld ANNAM.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1896-2367 (N.C. 754 C). Pedestal underside: Euplocamus [sic] Edwardsi (Type) / (Oust.) / acquis du R.P. Renauld / Annam 1896-2367 / 754 C [on pedestal side]. Pedestal label: Euplocamus [sic] Edwarsi / (Oust.) Type / R.P. Renauld Annam.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1896-2368 (N.C. 754 D). Pedestal underside: Euplocamus [sic] Edwardsi ♀ (Type) / (Oust.) / acquis du R.P. Renauld 1896-2368 / 754 D [on pedestal side]. Pedestal label: Euplocamus [sic] Edwardsi (Type) / (Oust.) / R.P. Renauld Annam.

SPECIMEN (not a type): C.G. 2013-44. Only one recent red label attached to the skin: Lophura edwarsi / (Oustalet) ♂ /// non pris en charge / acquis en 1885 avec les / n° 2366 à 2368 / type de Euplocamus [sic] edwardsi. cf. Oustalet Bull. Mus. 1896: 316.

SPECIMEN (not a type): C.G. 2013-45. Only one recent red label attached to the skin: Lophura edwarsi / (Oustalet) ♂ /// non pris en charge / acquis en 1885 avec les / n° 2366 à 2368 / type d'Euplocamus [sic] edwardsi. cf. Oustalet Bull. Mus. 189.

SPECIMEN (not a type): C.G. 2013-46. Only one recent red label attached to the skin: Lophura edwarsi / (Oustalet) ♀ /// non pris en charge / acquis en 1885 avec les / n° 2366 à 2368 / type d'Euplocamus [sic] edwardsi. cf. Oustalet Bull. Mus. 1896: 316.

REMARKS: Oustalet (1896) stated that the MNHN obtained two adult male skins, one young male skin and a few fragments from Reverend Father Renault, but specimen 1896-2368 is undoubtedly an adult female donated to the MNHN with the two male syntypes 1896-2366 and 2367. Oustalet was not quite sure of the sex of this specimen as he wrote “young male (?), brown mantle, head deprived of white tuft, black tail. The female should wear the same dress”. This description matches a female, as a young male should have shown a few blue feathers on its mantle and neck. All these birds came from the Kuang-Tri (= Quang Tri) province, Viêtnam.

Specimens 2013-44, 45 and 46 pose a problem, as each of them just bears a recent red label, probably attached about two decades ago, their original labels have now disappeared. They were obviously never mounted, but are still in a good state, and are certainly not the few “débris” (a fairly negative word for “fragments”) mentioned by Oustalet (1896). The sentence “non pris en charge, acquis en 1885 avec les n° 2366 à



Fig. 8. *Hierophasis imperialis* Delacour & Jabouille, 1924. Syntype MHN 1928-1117.

2368" means "not taken in charge - acquired in 1885 with the n° 2366 to 2368". As a whole, the few data written on their labels are precise, but we do not know where they come from. We have no proof that they were copied after old, now discarded labels. As these specimens were not taken in charge, we found nothing about them in the accession catalogues. Moreover, description references are quite exceptional on old labels. The accession numbers C.G. 2013-44, 45 and 46 were added by us in order to give those specimens an official existence in the collections. All uncertainties about the origin and whereabouts of those specimens make it not possible to consider them as part of the type series.

***Hierophasis imperialis* Delacour & Jabouille**

Hierophasis imperialis Delacour & Jabouille, 1924: 29.

Now: hybrid between *L. nycthemera* (Linnaeus, 1758) x *Lophura edwardsi* (Oustalet 1896).

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1928-1117. White label attached to the skin: Muséum national d'Histoire naturelle / Coll: Don de M. Delacour [Annam] / mort à Clères le 18 septembre 1927 / C.G. 1928-N° 1117 /// *Hierophasis imperialis* Del. et Jab. / Cotype / ♀ ad -.

REMARKS: *Hierophasis imperialis* was described on two live specimens, this female and a male which was still alive in 1940, and could not be traced. It seems to have disappeared from Clères during World War II (Hennache & Dickinson 2000). According to Delacour & Jabouille (1924), these two birds were captured in the province of Dong Hoi, the male on 16. April 1924, the female on 29. December 1924, but one of them might come from the province of Quang Tri (Hennache & Dickinson 2000). Syntype C.G. 1928-1117 revealed to be an hybrid between *Lophura nycthemera* (Linnaeus, 1758) and *Lophura edwardsi* (Oustalet, 1896) (Hennache *et al.* 2003). The sentence "mort... 1927" means "dead at Clères on 18. September 1927". Clères is a village near Rouen (France) where J. Delacour owned a park and zoological garden.

***Ithaginis Geoffroyi* J. Verreaux**

Ithaginis Geoffroyi J. Verreaux, 1867: 709.

Now: *Ithaginis cruentus geoffroyi* J. Verreaux, 1867.

SPECIMEN (not a type): G.G. 2013-50 (A.C.12338 B, N.C.180). Pedestal underside: Chine M. Soubeyran 1869-318 bis / n° 318 bis / donné par le Musée de Toulouse / 12338 B / ♂ Type. / *Ithaginis Geoffroyi* J. Verreaux / 180 [pencil]. Pedestal label: *Ithaginis Geoffroyi* ♂ / (J. Verr.) Type / M. Soubeyran Chine.

REMARKS: J. Verreaux (1867) described *Ithaginis Geoffroyi* on five specimens sent from China by a certain Mr Dabry to one of his friends, who showed them at a meeting of the Société d'Acclimatation in 1867. Toulouse lies far from Paris, and we do not know the whereabouts of specimen C.G. 2013-50 before it came to the Museum of that town, it might have been in a local, private collection. J. Verreaux might well have examined the specimen first after it had arrived in Paris in 1869, that is two years after the description came out, and this may be the reason why the word "type" is written under the pedestal. In these conditions, we cannot consider it as one of the types of *Ithaginis Geoffroyi* J. Verreaux, 1867. We do not know who was the friend of J. Verreaux to whom Mr. Dabry sent his specimens.

***Ithaginis kuseri* Beebe**

Ithaginis kuseri Beebe, 1912: 190.

Now: *Ithaginis cruentus kuseri* Beebe, 1912.

HOLOTYPE (by original designation): C.G. 1896-640 (N.C. 179 A). Pedestal underside: 1 - ♂ yunan / Prince H d'Orléans / 1896 n° 640 Cat / H. Ithaginis cruentus ♂ (Hardw.).
2 - TYPE / I.c. kuseri / Beebe. 3- det. from / Beebe / Type de *Ithaginis kuseri* / Beebe / 313 / 18 x 14 [pencil]. 4- 179 A [pencil]. Pedestal label: Ithaginis cruentus / (Hardw) / Pce H. d'Orléans YUN-NAN [printed]. / KUSERI Beebe [handwritten]. TYPE OF / Ithaginis kuseri Beebe [handwritten].

REMARKS: Beebe (1912) wrote: "The description is of the specimen here designated as the type and is a fully adult male bird N° 179 A in the mounted collection of the Museum national d'Histoire naturelle. It is marked: Yunnan. Prince H. d'Orléans, 1896", and then "A second specimen of *Ithaginis kuseri*, the only one, except my fragment, of which I know, is N° 179 B in the same collection. It is a young bird." Its label gives "Tsékou, Yunnan. R.P. Soulie, 1897."

In the "catalogue des sorties" (= disposal catalogue), this second specimen is listed as "1912 sortie n° 2: *Ithaginis cruentus* N.C.179 B. C.G.1897- 406. Given in exchange to the British Museum, London".

***Ithaginis sinensis* David**

Ithaginis sinensis David, 1873: art. 5, p.1.

Now: *Ithaginis cruentus sinensis* David, 1873.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1873-222 (A.C.12338 G, N.C. 189). Pedestal underside: 1 - Shensi - mérid. / par M l'Abbé Ar. David en 1873 / Cat - Génér N° 222 / ♂ Type de la figure / Ithaginis sinensis A Dav / 12338 G. 2 - 189 [pencil]. Pedestal label: Ithaginis sinensis ♂ / (A. David) Type / M.A. David CHENSI Mérid.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1873-224 (A.C.12338 I, N.C.190). Pedestal underside: 1 - Shensi - mér. (David 1872) / par M l'Abbé Ar. David / en 1873 Cat - Génér N° 224 / ♀ Ithaginis sinensis A. Dav / Type de la figure Long. totale 0,44 / aile 0, 27 / 12338 I. 2 - 190 [pencil]. Pedestal label: Ithaginis sinensis ♀ / (A. David) Type / M.A. David CHENSI Mérid.

REMARKS: Père Armand David (1873) described both sexes in detail, but gave no further data, so that we had to rely on the very precise inscripts under the pedestals.

***Lophophorus obscurus* Verreaux**

Lophophorus obscurus Verreaux, 1869: 33, pl. 6.

Now: *Tetraophasis obscurus* (J. Verreaux, 1869).

SYNTYPE: G.G. 1870-74 (A.C.12201 D, 591). Pedestal underside: 1 - Moupin. 18 juin 1869 / par M. Ar. David en 1870 [sic]. / (type) / Cat - Géné N° 74 / id - Voy. N° 143. C. / ♂ lophphrus [crossed out] Lophophorus obscurus J. Verr. Nelle archv. du / Mus. (1870) [sic] p. pl. 2 - 12201 D / Tetraophasis obscurus / (J. Ver.). 3 - moupin [pencil] / 18 [unreadable word] / ♂ / n° 143 C. 4 - 591 [stuck label, pencil]. Pedestal label: Tetraophasis obscurus ♂ / (J. Verr.) T. / M.A. David Moupin.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1870-76 (A.C. 12201 E, N.C. 592). Pedestal underside: 1 - de Moupin 28 mai 1869 / par M. Ar. David en 1870 / Cat - Génér N°76 (type). “ [for “Cat”] Voy N° 143 A / ♀ Lophophorus obscurus J. Verr. Nelles archive du Mus. 1870 / n. pl. / Iris chatain / Long. 0 m 47 cent. 5 millim. 2 - Tetraophasis / obscurus / (J.Ver.) / 12201 E. 3 - N 143 / Moupin / 28 mai / 1869 / ♀ adulte / long. 0 m 475 mm [stuck label, pencil] 4 - 592 [pencil]. Pedestal label: Tetraophasis obscurus ♀ / (J. Verr.) T. [T handwritten] / M.A. David Moupin.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1870-78 (A.C. 12201 G, N.C. 593). Pedestal underside: 1 - De Moupin (25 juin 1869) / Par M. Ar. David en 1870 / type Cat-Géné. N° 78 / “ Voy. N° 143. E. / ♀ Lophophorus obscurus J. Verr. Nelle archiv. du mus (1870). 2 - 12201 G / Tetraophasis / obscurus / (J. Ver.). 3 - moupin / N 143 E / 26 Juin [stuck label, pencil] / ♀. 4 - 593 [pencil]. Pedestal label: Tetraophasis obscurus ♀ / (J. Verr.) T. [T handwritten] / M.A. David Moupin.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1870-77 (A.C. 12201 F, NC. 594). Pedestal underside: 1 - De Moupin (25 juin 1869) / Par M. Ar. David en 1870 / (type) / Cat-Géné. N° 77 / “ Voy. N° 143 D. / ♀ Lophophorus obscurus J. Verr. Nelle archiv. / du mus. (1870). p. 2 - 12201 / F / Tetraophasis obscurus / (J. Verr.). 3 - moupin / 25 juin / ♀ jeune / n 143 D [stuck label, pencil]. 4 - 594 [pencil]. Pedestal label: Tetraophasis obscurus T. ♀ / (J. Verr.) / M.A. David Moupin.

REMARKS: Specimen n° C.G. 1870-77 is a young bird. Verreaux (1869) stated that five specimens of varied ages and sexes were sent to the MNHN by A. David. We do not know the whereabouts of the fifth specimen.

***Lophura sumatrana delacouri* Ghigi**

Lophura sumatrana delacouri Ghigi, 1926: 51.

Now: *Lophura ignita marcartneyi* Temminck, 1813.

Syntype: C.G. 1927-1790. White label attached to the skin: Muséum d’Histoire naturelle / Don de M. Delacour / Loc. Sumatra juin 1927 / (Ce spécimen vivant a servi de type à la description de Ghigi) / C.G. 1927 N° 1790 /// *Lophura rufa* [rufa crossed out] *sumatrana* Delacouri / Ghigi Type [Type in red] / ♀ adulte (mort en captivité / à Claire [sic] Seine inf.) pattes roses.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1932-3210. White label attached to the skin: Muséum d’Histoire naturelle / Don de Mr. Delacour / Loc. Sumatra (sud ?) / C.G. 1932 N° 3.210 /// *Lophura rufa* Delacouri / Ghigi / Type [red frame] ♂ ad. / (mort en captivité / en Janvier 1932).

REMARKS: Ghigi (1926) stated that *Lophura sumatrana delacouri* differed from “*L. s. sumatrana* by its breast colour, which is of an uniform, bright fawn like in *nobilis*”. Nowadays, *L. s. sumatrana* (Dubois, 1879) is considered as a synonym of *L. ignita marcartneyi* Temminck, 1813, and the subspecies *delacouri* is not recognized by McGowan (1994) nor by Hennache & Ottaviani (2005). The subspecies *marcartneyi* is very variable and could be an hybrid between *L. ignita* and *L. rufa* (McGowan 1994), hence the determination of specimen C.G. 1932-3210 as *Lophura rufa*.

The sentence “Ce... Ghigi” means “this specimen when alive was used as a type for Ghigi’s description”, and the sentence “mort en captivité” means “dead in captivity”. Thus, both these specimens were described as a new species when still alive. “Claire” is obviously a misspelling for “Clères”, and the abbreviation “Seine inf.” stands for “Seine inférieure”, the name of the département of Seine maritime until the mid-1950ies.

***Perdix gularis* Temminck**

Perdix gularis Temminck 1815: 401, 731.

Francolinus gularis (Temminck, 1815).

SPECIMEN (not a type): C.G. 2013-40 (A.C. 12339, N.C. 295). Pedestal underside: **1** - Bengale / Duvaucel 130 / 12339 / 1825. **2** - *Francolinus gularis* (Tem.) / F. *polygrammica* (Val) Type. **3** - ♂ id *gularis* Tem. / [one crossed out, unreadable line] / Val. Type. **4** - 295 [pencil]. Pedestal label: *Francolinus gularis* (Tem.) ♂ / F. *polygrammica* Type (Val.) / M. Duvaucel Bengale.

REMARKS: Temminck (1815) wrote “this new species of partridge, which is said to live in the vicinity of Calcutta, in Bengal, is very rare in natural history collections; one specimen is deposited in the Paris Museum, the second is part of my cabinet”. However, specimen C.G. 2013-40 was sent to the MNHN in 1825 by Alfred Duvaucel, who went to India in 1817, that is, after the description of *Perdix gularis* by Temminck came out. On the other side, the RMNH possesses two syntypes of this taxon, nos n° RMNH 87388 and 87389 (Hoek Ostende et al. 1997). Thus, specimen C.G. 2013-40 cannot be considered as a type of *Perdix gularis* Temminck 1815. We could not find any description of *Francolinus polygrammica* by Valenciennes, which is mentioned under the pedestal.

***Perdix lunulata* Valenciennes**

Perdix lunulata Valenciennes, 1825: 446.

Now: *Galloperdix lunulata* (Valenciennes, 1825).

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 2013-32 (A.C. 12351, N.C. 199). Pedestal underside: **1** - Bengale / M. Houssard [red ink] M. Houssard [crossed out] / 1820 / *Perdix lunulatus* / Type de Cuvier et Val. / 12351. **2** - *Galloperdix lunulata* (Val) / Type. **3** - 199 [pencil]. Pedestal label: *Galloperdix lunulata* / (Val.) Type / M. Houssard Bengale.

REMARKS: Valenciennes (1825) wrote “*Perdix lunulata*, le francolin lunulé... is a new species brought back to us by Captain Houssard in the nice collections he made during his voyages in Bengal, and with which he enriched the King’s Cabinet”.

***Perdix megapodia* Temminck**

Perdix megapodia Temminck, 1828: pl. 462 & 463.

Now: *Arborophila torqueola* (Valenciennes, 1825).

SYNTYPES: same specimens as listed under *Perdix torqueola* Valenciennes (see above).

REMARKS: Temminck (1828) described both the male and female, which he had depicted on pl. 462 and 463 of his work. He stated that the specimens had been sent from Bengal by Duvauzel.

***Perdix sinaica* Bonaparte**

Perdix sinaica Bonaparte, 1858: 31.

Now: *Alectoris chukar sinaica* Bonaparte, 1858.

SPECIMEN (not a type): C.G. 2013-33 (A.C. 12464, N.C. 549). Pedestal underside: **1** - Perdix par M. / Aucher-Eloy [almost erased]. / [unreadable word] 1840 / n° 2 / Perdix sinaica / [unreadable word] / (Type de l'espèce). **2** - 12464 / Caccabis chukar. / var sinaica (Bp.) / 549 [pencil]. Pedestal label: Cacabis chukar / var. sinaica (Bp.) Type / M. Aucher-Eloy Perse.

REMARKS: The description of *Perdix sinaica* came out in *Journal für Ornithologie* after Bonaparte's death. The article amounted to a comparative table, which gave no data about locality nor collector's name. A note under the title states that this description was based on specimens in the Natural History Museum of Marseille. However, Aucher Eloy's private collection was sold to the MNHN in 1840, and we have no indication that it transited through Marseille. Moreover, Bonaparte was allowed to come back in France only in 1850 (Voisin & Voisin 2012). All this lets us think that this specimen is not the type of *Alectoris sinaica* Bonaparte, 1858.

***Perdix torqueola* Valenciennes**

Perdix torqueola Valenciennes, 1825: 435. (1826)

Now: *Arborophila torqueola* (Valenciennes, 1825).

SYNTYPE: C.G. 2013-28 (A.C. 12471, N.C. 314). Pedestal underside: **1** - Bengale / Duvauzel. / 1825 n° 133. **2** - Arboricola torqueola / (Val) / Type P. megapodia / (Type) / (Tem) / Tem. **3** - ♂ Perdix megapodia Ty / Perdix torqueola / Val. Types. **4** - 12471. **5** - 314 [pencil]. Pedestal label: Arboricola torqueola / (Val.) T. / P. megapodia (Tem.) T. ♂ / M. Duvauzel Bengale.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 2013-29 (A.C. 12474, N.C. 315). Pedestal underside: **1** - Duvauzel / Bengale Juin / 1825. **2** - Perdix torquelola / Val. (T). **3** - Arboricola torqueola / Type (Val) / Type P. megapodia (Tem). **4** - 12474. **5** - 315 [pencil]. Pedestal label: Arboricola torqueola / (Val.) T. / P. megapodia (Tem.) T ♂ / M. Duvauzel Bengale.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 2013-30 (A.C. 12477, N.C. 316). Pedestal underside: **1** - n° 133 / Bengale Duvauzel juin 1825. **2** - ♀ Arb torqueola, Val. (T) / Perdix megapodia Tem. ♀ / col. 463 / un des types de Temminck. **3** - Arboricola torqueola / Val (T) / P. megapodia (Tem.) / Type. **4** - Perdix olivacea, Gray. **5** - 12477. **6** - 316 [pencil]. Pedestal label: Arboricola torqueola (Val.) T. / P. megapodia (Tem.) T. / M. Duvauzel Bengale.

REMARKS: Valenciennes (1825) described very succinctly both the male and female, and stated that the specimens, the number of which he did not give, had been sent from Bengal by Duvauzel.

***Phasianus colchicus takatsukasae* Delacour**

Phasianus colchicus takatsukasae Delacour, 1927: 151.

Now: *Phasianus colchicus takatsukasae* Delacour, 1927.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1928-79. White, greasy label attached to the skin: **1** - *Phasianus colchicus* / Del / A= 240. **2** - *takatsukasae* / Type [red frame]. **3** - C.G. 1928-n° 79. /// **1** - Localité: Lang - Son. Tonkin / Date: 12-1-1927 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: brun / Bec: gris / Pattes grises / N° 2599. **2** - type.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1928-80. White, partly unreadable greasy label attached to the skin: *Phasianus colchicus takatsukasae* / Del / C.G. 1928 N° 80 /// Lang - Son Tonkin / n° 2660.

REMARKS: Delacour (1927) stated that he described *P. c. takatsukasae* on nine specimens, and that the “male and female types” were in the MNHN. The collecting date on the label of the female is unreadable now, but is not accurate (Hennache & Dickinson 2000), contrary to that (17. January 1927) given by Delacour in his text.

***Phasianus versicolor* Vieillot**

Phasianus versicolor Vieillot, 1825: 23, pl.205.

Now: *Phasianus versicolor* Vieillot, 1825

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 2013-39 (A.C. 12050, N.C. 675). Pedestal underside: **1** - Faisan sauvage de / java par m Diard / Xbre 1821. 6ième Envoi. / proposés / Faisan Diard / 12050 Japon. **2** - *Phasianus versicolor* / Vieill (T) ♂ / du Japon / acheté [unreadable]. **3** - 675 [pedestal side]. Pedestal label: *Phasianus versicolor* ♂ / Type (T.) / M. Diard Japon.

REMARKS: Diard purchased this specimen in Batavia (= Djakarta) (Temminck 1830: 486), and Vieillot (1825) inferred probably from this fact that it originated from Java. This species is endemic to Japan (Hennache & Ottaviani 2006). Ancient travelers often indicated as a collecting data not the place where the specimen was taken (which they often ignored), but the place where they purchased it. The abbreviation “Xbre” stands for “December”.

***Polyplectron chalcurum* Lesson.**

Polyplectron chalcurum Lesson, 1831: 487, shortly before 9. May 1831.

Polyplectron chalcurum Lesson, 1831.

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 2013-31 (A.C. 11981, N.C. 976). Pedestal underside: **1** - Individu type de la description [unreadable word] et de la pl. 519. [unreadable] / recueil de planches colorées. **2** - *Polyplectron à double éperon*. Diard / *Polyplectron chalcurum* Temm. (T) ♂ / de Java par M. Diard. Xbre 1821 / Patrie Sumatra. **3** - *Polyplectron chalcurum*. / (Tem) / 11981. **4**- 976 [pencil]. Pedestal label: *Polyplectron chalcurum*. / (Tem.) Type / Sumatra.

REMARKS: After one half-line description, Lesson (1831) stated that this specimen had been sent from Java by M. Diard and attributed the epithet *chalcurum* to Cuvier, who never described this taxon. In fact the locality is erroneous, as this species is endemic to Sumatra (Hennache & Ottaviani 2005). Only Temminck is cited under the pedestal, but Lesson had also certainly this specimen in his hands, as it was the only one of this

species in the MNHN when Temminck (1831) worked there. Lesson's description of *P. chalcurum* appeared shortly before that of *Polyplectron chalcurum* Temminck 1831, which was issued just before 9. April 1831 (Mathews 1925: 115, Dickinson 2001, 2011),

***Polyplectron chalcurum* Temminck**

Polyplectron chalcurum Temminck, 1831, pl. col. 519, issued shortly before 14 may 1831.
Now: *Polyplectron chalcurum* (Lesson, 1831).

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): Same specimen as listed under *Polypectron chalcurum* (see above).

REMARKS: Temminck (1831) made his description of this specimen in his *Planches colorées*, also using the name *chalcurum*. His text and *Planche coloriée* n° 519 issued just before 14. May 1831, shortly after Lesson's one (just before 9 April 1831) (Dickinson 2001, 2011), and thus the specific name *chalcurum* must be attributed to Lesson (1831). Temminck stated "the specimen of the Paris Museum, the portrait of which we publish, has been sent from Sumatra by M. Diard", and added "we only know the male of it, after the only specimen in the Paris Museum". He did not add anything about Lesson's description.

***Polyplectron albocellatum* Cuvier**

Polyplectron albocellatum Cuvier, 1829: 474.
Now: *Polyplectron bicalcaratum* (Linné, 1758).

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 2013-43 (A.C. 11980, N.C. 961). Pedestal underside:
1 - *Polyplectron thibetanum* (Gm) / (Type) *P. alboocellatus* [sic] (Cuv.) ♂ / Inde. M. Temminck 1820 [all in red ink]. **2** - *Polyplectron Chinquis*, Tem - ♂ / (col. 539.) / *Polyplectron bicacalratus* [sic] (gal. pl. 203). / 11980. **3** - *Polyplectron chinquis de la Chine* / Echangé de Mr Temminck / 1823. **4** - décrit par M. Lesson (page / 487) [unreadable word] / Lesson ou / Polypl. albo-ocell / atum, / Cuv. / [2 unreadable lines] / (type de / Cuvier) / 961. Pedestal label: *Polyplectron thibetanum* (Gm.) / *P. alboocellatum* [sic] (Cuv.) Type / Temminck Inde.

REMARKS: Cuvier (1829) made a two lines long description of this species, without giving any further information, and we had to rely on the inscriptions on the pedestal and label. Inscriptions not referring to Cuvier's work are just determinations. This specimen is damaged and all its rectrices are lacking.

***Polyplectrum chinquis ghigii* Delacour & Jabouille**

Polyplectrum chinquis ghigii Delacour & Jabouille, 1924: 30.
Now: *Polyplectron bicalcaratum ghigii* (Delacour & Jabouille, 1924).

SYNTYPE: C.G.1924-927. White label attached to the skin: *Polyplectrum chinquis ghigii* / Subsp. nov. Type ♂ / A= 218 / T= 73 / B= 22 C.G. 1924 n° 927 // Localité: Mailanh - Qtri - Annam / Date: 15-4-1924 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: blanc - Peau face jaune pâle / Bec: gris / Pattes grises N°12.



Fig. 9. *Polyplectron germaini* Elliot, 1866. Holotype MNHN 1865-577.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1924-928. White label attached to the skin: Polyplectrum chinquis ghigii Subsp. / nov. T / A= 180 / T= 59 Type ♀ / B= 20 C.G. 1924 n° 928. /// Localité: Babe (Laos) - Tonkin / Date: 1-5-1924 Sexe: ♀ / Iris: blanc - Peau face jaune pâle / Bec: gris / Pattes grises N°12.

SPECIMEN (not a type): C.G. 1924-929. White label attached to the skin: Polyplectrum chinquis ghigii Subsp. no. / C.G. 1924 n° 929 /// Localité: Quangtri Annam / Date: avril-1924. Sexe: ♂ / Iris: / Bec: / Pattes: / N°12 - 29.

REMARKS: Delacour & Jabouille (1924) stated that they examined “two males, one female and several live specimens from Quangtri and Lake Babé”, and added that the male and female “types” were deposited in Delacour’s private collection. They subsequently came to the MNHN (Hennache & Dickinson 2000). All specimens examined were taken in the province of Quang Tri, Viêtnam and Lake Babé, Laos, from 10 January and 1 May 1924. The live specimens were probably kept at Clères zoological garden, which had a rich Phasianid collection. Specimen C.G. 1924-929, having collecting data corresponding to those given by Delacour & Jabouille (1924), is possibly one of the “several live specimens” examined by the authors, but we have no proof of this. Contrary to what is written on its label, it is an old female, and not a male.

***Polyplectron germaini* Elliot**

Polyplectron germaini Elliot, 1866: 56.

Now: *Polyplectron germaini* Elliot, 1866.

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 1865-577 (A.C. 11980 B, N.C. 972). Pedestal underside: de cochinchine / donné par M. Germain [one uninterpretable mark] / ♂ 1865. / n° 577 Cat. Gén. / n° 227-b / Type 29. 8bre. 59-34-6. / *Polyplectron germaini*. D.G. Elliot / in Ibis (1865) [sic]. p. / 11980 B / 972. Pedestal label: *Polyplectron Germaini* ♂ / (Ell.) Type / M. Germain COCHINCHINE.

REMARKS: This specimen is an adult male. Before his diagnosis and description, Elliot (1866) stated that J. Verreaux allowed him to examine a new *Polyplectron* specimen sent from Cochinchina to the MNHN by Mr. Germain. The abbreviation “8bre” stands for “October”.

***Tetraogallus challayezi* Oustalet**

Tetraogallus challayezi Oustalet, 1875: 54.

Now: *Tetraogallus caspius* (Gmelin, 1784).

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 1855-23 (A.C. 12332 A, N.C. 582). Pedestal underside: 1 - *Tetraogallus himalayensis* [crossed out]. 2 - ♂ / par m. de Challaye / consul de France à Erzéroum / [unreadable word] 1855 N° CAT. G. 23 / 12332 A. 3 - *Tetraogallus caspius* / (Gm) / Tetr. Challayezi / (Oust.) Type. 4 - 582 [pencil]. Pedestal label: *Tetraogallus caspius* (Gm.) ♂ / T. Challayezi (Oust.) T. / M. de Challaye Erzérum.

REMARKS: Oustalet (1875) stated that this male specimen was brought back from “Erzéroum” (Erzurum, Turkey) by Mr de Challaye, Consul of France. He also added that this specimen was long taken for *Tetraogallus himalayensis* de Gray, 1842, which explains the crossed out inscriptions under the pedestal.

***Tetraogallus Henrici* Oustalet**

Tetraogallus Henrici Oustalet, 1891: 296.

Now: *Tetraogallus tibetanus henrici* Oustalet, 1891.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1891-379 (N.C. 590 B). Pedestal underside: **1** - N° 30 grand oiseau genre faisant ou perdrix / non décrit par l'abbé David / tué [2 unreadable words] à 4800 m d'altitude [stuck label]. **2** - Tibet [crossed out] Ta-tsien-lou (Szechuan) / Don du Prince Henri D'Orléans / 1891 N° 379. Cat Gén. / *Tetraogallus Henrici* ♂ / Type (Oust.). **3** - 590 B [pencil]. Pedestal label: *Tetraogallus Henrici* ♂ / (Oust.) Type / Pr. H. d'Orléans Szechuan.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1891-380 (NC 590 C). Pedestal underside: **1** - N° 46 [several unreadable words] thibetain - Kona mo / acheté à Tougolo 3 rupers [stuck label]. **2** - Tibet [crossed out] Ta-tsien-lou (Szechuan) / Don du Prince Henri D'Orléans / 1891 N° 380. Cat Gén. / *Tetraogallus Henrici* ♀ / Type (Oust.). **3** - 590 C [pencil]. Pedestal label: *Tetraogallus Henrici* ♀ / (Oust.) Type / Pr. H. d'Orléans Szechuan.

REMARKS: Oustalet (1891) stated that he described this species on two specimens, a male and a female, coming both from Ta-tsien-lou. The male had been killed on the Ta-tsien-lou glacier by P. Mussot and the female came from Tougolo.

The sentence “grand... altitude” means “large bird, a sort of king pheasant or partridge not described by Père David killed [...] at 4800 m of altitude”. The abbreviation “Pr” stands here for “Prince”.

***Tetraophasis desgodinsi* Oustalet**

Tetraophasis desgodinsi Oustalet, 1886: 276.

Now: *Tetraophasis szechenyii* Madarász, 1885.

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 1877-1288 (A.C. 12202 G', N.C. 595). Pedestal underside: **1** - M. Desgodins Tibet / 1877 n° 1288 C.G. / *Tetraophasis obscurus* [obscurus crossed out] Desgodinsi / (Oust.) / (Verr.) [crossed out] / (Type). **2** - 12202 G'. **3** - 595 [pencil]. Pedestal label: *Tetraophasis szechenyii* / (Mad.) / M. Desgodins Tibet.

REMARKS: Oustalet (1886) stated that Auguste Desgodins, a missionary in Thibet, had this specimen sent to the MNHN in 1877, and adds that it came from Yer-ka-lo, a locality on the Mekong river by 29° 23' North latitude. The inscriptions “*Tetraophasis szechenyii* (Mad.)” is just a determination.

***Tragopan temminckii tonkinensis* Delacour & Jabouille**

Tragopan temminckii tonkinensis Delacour & Jabouille, 1930: 408.

Now: *Tragopan temminckii temminckii* (J.E. Grey 1831).

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-136. DJ label attached to the skin: Nom: *Tragopan temminckii* / *tonkinensis* Del. / C.G. 1931-n° 136 / A: 249. /// Loc: Fan-si-pan, Tonkin / Date: 3.12.1929 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: br.; face bleue / Bec: gr. corne / Pattes: blanches / n° 2029.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-137. DJ label attached to the skin: Nom: *Tragopan temminckii* / *tonkinensis* Del. / C.G. 1931-n° 137 / A: 163. /// Loc: Fan-si-pan, Tonkin / Date: 5.12.1929 Sexe: ♂ / n° 2175.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-139. DJ label attached to the skin: Nom: Tragopan temminckii / tonkinensis Del. / C.G. 1931-n° 139 / A: 227. /// Loc: Fan-si-pan, Tonkin / Date: 5.12.1929 Sexe: ♀ / Iris: br / Bec et Pattes [unreadable] / n° 2260.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1931-140. DJ label attached to the skin: Nom: Tragopan temminckii / tonkinensis Del. / C.G. 1931-n° 140 / Type [pencil] /// Loc: Fan-si-pan, Tonkin / Date: 18.12.1922 Sexe: ♀ / n° 2899.

SPECIMEN: C.G. 1925-27 (not a type). Brown label attached to the skin: **1** - Tragopan Temmenki [sic] ♂ / Don de M. Delacour / le 3 oct. 1924 / **2** - Himalaya / C.G. 1925 N° 27.

REMARKS: Consultation of the Catalogue Général shows that a sixth paratype, n° C.G. 1931-138 which should be in the MNHN collections is now lacking, and we do not know its whereabouts.

T. temminckii tonkinensis was described on 21 specimens. Delacour & Jabouille (1930) designated a “male type”, which could not be located by Hennache & Dickinson (2000). Specimen C.G. 1925-27 most probably does not belong to the type series of *T. temminckii tonkinensis*, as the data under its pedestal do not fit those given by Delacour & Jabouille (1930) in their text, and as it was sampled several years before the other specimens. This bird was probably given to Delacour by one of his local correspondents.

***Tropicoperdix charltoni* [sic] *tonkinensis* Delacour**

Tropicoperdix charltoni [sic] *tonkinensis* Delacour, 1927: 152.

Now: *Arborophila charltonii* *tonkinensis* Delacour, 1927.

HOLOTYPE (by original designation): C.G. 1928-57. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix charltonii / tonkinensis / type [red frame] / C.G. 1928-n° 57 / A= 157 / Q= 80 / T= 40 / C= 20 / C = 24 /// Localité: Bac-Kan. Tonkin / Date: 3-1-1927 Sexe ♂ / Iris: brun - paupières bordés de rouge / Bec: J - verdâtre / base rouge / Pattes: j. verdâtre. / N° 2343.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1928-58. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix charltoni [sic] / tonkinensis Del. / C.G. 1928 n°-58 / [unreadable] Q= 75 / T= 42 / C= 19 / C= 21 /// Localité: Bac-Kan. Tonkin / Date: 1-1-27 Sexe ♂ / Iris: brun / [unreadable] / N° 2302.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1928-59. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix charltonii / tonkinensis Del. / C.G. 1928-n°-59 / A= 165 / Q= 82 / T= 42 / C= 16 / C= 22 /// Localité: Bac-Kan. Tonkin / Date: 28-12-26 Sexe ♂ / Iris: brun - paup. grises, bordées rouge / soutenu / Bec: J-verdâtre base rouge / Pattes: j. verdâtre. / N° 2209.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1928-60. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix charltoni [sic] / tonkinensis Del. / C.G. 1928-n° 60 / A= 161 / Q= 90 / T= 45 / C= 19 / C= 22 /// Localité: Bac-Kan. Tonkin / Date: 25-2-26 Sexe ♂ / Iris: brun / Bec: J-verdâtre / base rouge / Pattes: jaune / N° 2158.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1928-61. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix charltonii / tonkinensis Del. / C.G. 1928-n° 61 / A= 150 / Q=75 / T=40 / C=22 / C = 15 /// Localité: Bac-Kan. Tonkin / Date: 28-12-26 Sexe ♀ / [greased label, reading difficult] / N° 2187.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1928-62. DJ label attached to the skin: *Tropicoperdix charltoni* [sic] / *tonkinensis* Del. / C.G. 1928-n° 62 / A= 150 / Q= 83 / T= 40 / C= 18 / C= 22 /// Localité: Bac-Kan. Tonkin / Date: 4-1-27 Sexe ♂ / Iris: brun / paup. grises, b. rouge / Bec: J-verdât. - base rouge / Pattes: j. verdâtre. / N° 2367.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1929-718. DJ label attached to the skin: *Tropicoperdix charltonii* / *tonkinensis* D. et J. / C.G. 1929- n° 718 /// Localité: Bac-Kan. Tonkin / Date: 15-1-27 Sexe ♀ / Iris: brun / Bec: vert, base rouge / Pattes: j. verd. / N° 19.

PARATYPE: C.G. 2005-1385. DJ label attached to the skin: *Tropicoperdix charltonii* / *tonkinensis* Del. / C.G. 2005-1385 /// Localité: Bac-Kan. Tonkin / Date: 14-3-27 Sexe ♀ / Iris: brun / Bec: jaune, base rouge / Pattes: j. verdâtre. / N° 16.

PARATYPE: C.G. 2005-1386. DJ label attached to the skin: *Tropicoperdix charltoni* [sic] / *tonkinensis* Del. / C.G. 1928-n° 59 / A /// Localité: Bac-Kan. Tonkin / Date: 28-12-26 Sexe ? / Iris: brun / Bec: rouge et verdât. / base rouge / Pattes: j. verd. / N° 3023.

REMARKS: *T. c. tonkinensis* was described on 18 specimens, all collected in Bac Kan (= Bac Can) either before 1927 or at the beginning of that year, but we found only the nine above ones in the MNHN collections. Delacour (1927) specified “types [in plural] in the Paris Museum”, and added the dimensions and collecting number (2343) of specimen C.G. 1928-57, which can be considered as a holotype designation.

Hennache & Ottaviani (2011) showed that ssp. *tonkinensis* constitutes an isolated population of *Arborophila charltonii*, living in Tonkin. The correct spelling for the specific epithet of that taxon is *charltonii*, as Eyton (1845) wrote it.

***Tropicoperdix cognacqi* Delacour & Jabouille**

Tropicoperdix cognacqi Delacour & Jabouille, 1924: 29.

Now: *Arborophila chloropus cognacqi* Delacour & Jabouille, 1924.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1924-906. DJ label attached to the skin: *Tropicoperdix cognacqi* sp. nov. / Type ♂ / A= 154 / T= 35 / B= 16 / C.G. 1924 n° 906 /// Localité: Saïgon / Date: 11-4-1924 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: brun / Peau [unreadable word] pourpre / Bec: verdâtre - base rouge / Pattes: vert pâle / N° 3.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1924-907. DJ label attached to the skin: *Tropicoperdix cognacqi* sp. nov. / Type ♀ / A= 155 / T= 35 / B= 15 / C.G. 1924 n° 907 /// Localité: Saïgon / Date: 11-4-1924 Sexe: ♀ / Iris, Bec et pattes comme ♂ / N° 3.

REMARKS: Delacour & Jabouille (1925) described *T. cognacqi* on three specimens, and stated then that the “types”, a male and a female, were housed in Delacour’s own collection. They went subsequently to the MNHN (Hennache & Dickinson 2000). We do not know the whereabouts of the third specimen, which was also collected in Saïgon (= Ho Minh Ville, Viêtnam) on 11 april 1924. Delacour & Jabouille (1925) gave 153 mm for the wing length of the female syntype. Such a small difference may be due to an error, or even to tissue retraction because of dessication, and cannot be considered as significative.



Fig. 10. *Tropicoperdix merlini* Delacour & Jabouille, 1924. Syntype MNHN 1924-909.

Tropicoperdix chloropus olivacea Delacour & Jabouille

Tropicoperdix chloropus olivacea Delacour & Jabouille, 1928: 129.

Now: *Arborophila chloropus olivacea* Delacour & Jabouille, 1928.

HOLOTYPE (by original designation): C.G. 1929-703. DJ label attached to the skin: *Tropicoperdix chloropus / olivacea* Del. Type [red ink] / C.G. 1929-N° 703 type / A: 161. Paris mus [pencil] /// Localité: Napé. Laos / Date: 7.2.1928 / Sexe ♂ / Iris [unreadable] / Bec: rouge & [unreadable] / pattes: [unreadable] / N° 2376.



Fig. 11. *Tropicoperdix merlini* Delacour & Jabouille, 1924. Paratype MNHN 1924-915.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1929-704. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix chloropus / olivacea Del. / CG 1929-n° 704 / A= 165 /// Localité: Napé. Laos / Date: 30.1.1928 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: br. / Bec: jaune + rouge / Pattes: jaune vert / N°2332.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1929-705. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix chloropus / olivacea Del. / CG 1929-n° 705 / A= 165 /// Localité: Napé. Laos / Date: 1.2.1928 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: br. / Bec: jaune + rouge / Pattes: jaune vert / N°2413.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1929-706. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix chloropus olivacea Del. / CG 1929-n° 706 / A= 160 / Q= 80 / T= 42 / Bec 17-21 /// Localité: Le Bokor Cambodge / Date: 14.12.1927 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: brun - Paup. grise f., bords rouge f. / Bec: pointe verte, base et bords com rouges / Pattes: vert clair. O.-id. N° 809.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1929-707. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix chloropus / olivacea Del. / CG 1929-n° 707 / A= 164 /// Localité: Napé. Laos / Date: 6.2.1928 Sexe: ♂ / Iris: br. / Bec: jaune + rouge / Pattes: jaune vert / N°2540.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1929-708. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix chloropus / olivacea Del. / C.G. 1029-n° 708 / A: 155 /// Localité: Napé, Laos / Date: 27.1.1928 Sexe ♂ / Iris: br. / Bec: vert-jaune Rouge / Pattes: jaune-vert. N° 2240.

PARATYPE: C.G. 1929-709. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix chloropus / olivacea Del. / CG 1929-n° 709 / A= 159 /// Localité: Napé. Laos / Date: 29.1.1928 Sexe: ♀ / Iris: br. / Bec: jaune + rouge / Pattes: jaune vert / N°2276.

REMARKS: Delacour & Jabouille (1928) examined 15 specimens from Napé, Nong-Hot, Xieng Khouang (Laos) as well as Bokor (Cambodia) for describing this taxon, and designated specimen C.G. 1929-703, from Napé, as the “type” of it. Only the holotype and six paratypes are now to be found in the MNHN.

***Tropicoperdix merlini* Delacour & Jabouille**

Tropicoperdix merlini Delacour & Jabouille, 1924: 28.

Now: *Arborophila merlini* (Delacour & Jabouille, 1924).

SYNTYPE: C.G.1924-909. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix merlini sp. nov / ♀ Type / A= 141 / Q= 71 / T= 35 / B= 15 C.G. 1924 n° 909 /// Localité: Maïlanh (Annam) / Date: 25-2-1924- Sexe: ♀ / Iris: brun - Peau orbite rouge / Bec: base rouge. Pte jaune vif / Pattes: jaune vif / N° 2.

PARATYPE: C.G.1924-915. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix merlini sp.nov. / A= 142 usée / C.G. 1924 n° 915 /// Localité: Maïlanh (Annam) / Date: 25-2-1924 / Iris: brun / Bec: base rouge. Pte jaune vif. / Pattes: jaune vif. / N° 2.

REMARKS: Delacour & Jabouille (1924) described this taxon on 10 specimens collected in Maïlanh and Lao Bao from 10. January and 17. April 1924, and added “types in Coll. J. Delacour”. The male syntype went to the BMNH (n° 1925.1.14.2), and the female to the MNHN. The male syntype was not listed by Warren (1966) (Hennache & Dickinson 2000). All specimens came from Lao Bao and Maïlanh, and were collected from the 10. January to the 17. April 1924. The word “usée”, after “A= 142” means “worn”.

***Tropicoperdix merlini vivida* Delacour**

Tropicoperdix merlini vivida Delacour, 1926: 9.

Now: *Arborophila merlini vivida* (Delacour, 1926).

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 1927-299. DJ label attached to the skin: Tropicoperdix merlini vivida / Del. et Jab. / type [underlined two times] A= 160 [crossed out and corrected into:] 161 / C.G. 1927 N° 299 /// Localité: Col des nuages / Date: 10-2-26 Sexe ♂ / Iris: brun / Bec: rose, pointe jaune / Pattes: jaunes / H - 1899.

REMARKS: *Tropicoperdix merlini vivida* was described on this one specimen. Its label data fit exactly those given in his description by Delacour (1926).

Numididae

***Numida marchei* Oustalet**

Numida marchei Oustalet, 1882: art. 2, p. 1.

Now: *Numida meleagris galeata* Pallas, 1767.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1877-1948 (A.C. 11830 B, N.C. 1037). Pedestal underside: **1** - Numida meleagris (L.) [crossed out]. **2** - 11830 B M. Marche Ogooué / ♂ / C.G. 1877-1948. **3** - Numida Marchei / (Oust.) / Type / 1037. Pedestal label: Numida Marchei ♂ / (Oust.) Type / M. Marche Ogooué.

SYNTYPE: C.G. 1877-1949 (A.C. 11830 A, N.C. 1038). Pedestal underside: **1** - Numida meleagris (L.) [crossed out]. **2** - M. Marche Ogooué / ♂ / C.G. 1877-1949. / 11830 A. **3** - Numida Marchei / (Oust.) / Type / 1038. Pedestal label: Numida Marchei ♂ / (Oust.) Type / M. Marche Ogooué.

REMAKS: Oustalet (1882) stated that the specimens he described had been taken by A. Marche on the banks of the Ogooué river, formerly often called “Ogooué”.

***Numida Edouardi* Hartlaub**

Numida Edouardi Harlaub, 1867: 36.

Now: *Guttera pucherani edouardi* Hartlaub, 1867.

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 2013-47 (A.C. 11862 - N.C. 1061). Pedestal underside: **1** - De Port - natal / donné par M. Edouard Verreaux / aout 1850. **2** - Numida Verreauxi / (Ell.) / 11862. **3** - Numida Edouardi (Verr.) / id. Verreauxi (Ell.). **4** - Type de / Edouardi / et de Verreauxi [pencil] / 5- 1061. Pedestal label: Numida Verreauxi / (Ell.) / E. Verreaux Natal.

REMARKS: Hartlaub (1867) stated that the description of this taxon, in French, was sent to him by J. Verreaux, and that he translated it into German for publishing it. He also quoted that J. Verreaux wished this bird to bear the name of his brother Edouard, who had brought it back from Natal.

***Numida Pucherani* Hartlaub**

Numida pucherani Hartlaub, 1861: 341.

Now: *Guttera pucherani pucherani* (Hartlaub, 1861).

HOLOTYPE (by monotypy): C.G. 2013-52 (A.C. 11863, N.C. 1064). Pedestal underside: **1** - Zanzibar, / par M. Louis Rousseau. / (1841-n°43). / Numida Pucherani, Hartl. [un-

readable word] / (type de l'espèce). **2** - *Numida (Guttera) pucherani*. Sclat. Proc. Zool. Soc. (1863) p. 126. / Hartl. (1860) p. 341. **3** - Couleur des parties nues / d'après nature. 11863. **4** - 1064. Pedestal label [torn away, there are only three pieces left, which, when put together, allow to read]: Type (Hartl.) / M. Rousseau Zanzibar.

REMARKS: Hartlaub (1860), stayed some time in Paris by the middle of the 19. century and could thus study specimens in the MNHN. He stated that he described *Numida pucherani* on only this specimen coming from Zanzibar and collected by Louis Rousseau.

***Numida verreauxi* Elliot**

Numida verreauxi Elliot, 1870: 282.

Now: *Guttera pucherani edouardi* Hartlaub, 1867.

SPECIMEN (not a type): Same specimen as listed under *Numida Edouardi* Hartlaub (above).

REMARKS: Elliot (1870) described this taxon in details and dedicated it to J. Verreaux.

He stated that he knew of the specimen brought back from Natal to the MNHN by J. Verreaux, but in fact he described specimen no 1871.1.14.2 in the BMHN, which also came from Natal, and which was still alive at that time (Ogilvie-Grant 1893). It had been purchased in 1870 from the Société d'Acclimatation in Paris (Warren 1966).

***Querelea tiarata* Bonaparte**

Querelea tiarata Bonaparte, 1856: 876.

Now: *Numida meleagris mitrata* Pallas, 1767.

SPECIMEN (not a type): C.G. 2013-48 (A.C. 11856, N.C. 1048). Pedestal underside: **1** - (type) / madagascar ♂. / Bernier 1834. / Nom de pays aianga. **2** - *Numida tiarata*. Bp. Compt. / Rend. ac. des / Sci. (1856) t. XLII / p.: Hart. Faun. Madag. / (1861) p. 68. **3** - 11856. **4** - 1048 [pencil]. Pedestal label: *Numida mitrata* ♂ / (Pall.) / N. tariata (Bp.) T / Bernier Madagascar.

SPECIMEN (not a type): C.G. 2013-49 (A.C. 11857, N.C. 1047). Pedestal underside: **1** - (type) / de madagascar ♂. / par M. Goudot août 1838. / *Numida tiarata* Bp. Compt. rend. acad. des / Sc. (1856) t. XLII p. Hart. fauna Madag. / (1861) p. 68. **2** - 11857. **3** - 1047 [pencil]. Pedestal label: *Numida mitrata* ♂ / (Pall.) / N. tariata [sic] (Bp.) T / Goudot Madagascar.

REMARKS: Bonaparte (1856) included this taxon in a table of the classification of “galinaceous” birds. This table is no comparative one, and cannot be assimilated to a description. Thus the taxon *Querelea tiarata* must be considered as a nomen nudum. The inscriptions “nom de pays” means “name in the country”.

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