blade 6-12 mm wide, glabrous. INFL: 15-25 cm; branches erect, ascending or spreading. SPIKELET: $30-35 \mathrm{~mm}$, strongly flattened; glumes glabrous or scabrous, upper (7.5)9-11(12.5) mm, 5-7-veined; lower (5.5)7-10(11.5) mm, 3-veined; lemma $12-15 \mathrm{~mm}$, strongly keeled, $7-9$-veined, awn $4-8 \mathrm{~mm}$; anthers $1-5 \mathrm{~mm} ; 2 n=56$. Open slopes, meadows; 1200-3100 m. c SNH (Mariposa, Tuolumne cos.) to OR, TX. [B. polyanthus var. paniculatus Shear] Aug
B. porteri (J.M. Coult.) Nash (p. 1435) nodding brome Per 32-100 cm. LF: ligule 1-2 mm; blade 2-5 mm wide, glabrous or slightly hairy. INFL: $6-20 \mathrm{~cm}$, open; branches ascending to nodding SPIKELET: $12-15 \mathrm{~mm}$, not strongly flattened; glumes 3-veined, hairy, sometimes glabrous, lower 5-7 mm, upper 6-10 mm; lemma $7-13 \mathrm{~mm}$, back $\pm$ rounded, hairy, awn $1.5-3(4) \mathrm{mm}$; anthers $1.5-$ $3.5(4) \mathrm{mm} .2 n=14$. Exposed slopes, open woodland; $550-3500 \mathrm{~m}$ NCoRI, s SN, SCoRI, SnBr, SNE; to BC, MB, TX. [B. anomalus E. Fourn., misappl.] Jul-Aug
B. pseudolaevipes Wagnon woodland brome Per 60-125 cm . LF: sheath glabrous or hairy; ligule $0.4-1(2) \mathrm{mm}$; blade $2-9$ mm wide, glabrous, hairy on margin, or hairy throughout. INFL $7.5-20 \mathrm{~cm}$; branches erect to spreading. SPIKELET: $15-35 \mathrm{~mm}$, not strongly flattened; glumes scabrous or hairy, lower 4-7 mm, 3-veined, upper 6-9 mm, 5-veined, lemma $10-12.5 \mathrm{~mm}$, back rounded, hairy across back or only on margin, teeth $<1 \mathrm{~mm}$, awn $2-5.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; anthers $3.5-5.5 \mathrm{~mm} .2 n=14$. Shaded or semi-shaded sites in chaparral, coastal-sage scrub, open woodland; 100-900 m. NCoRI, CaRH, SnFrB, SCoRO, SW. Apr-Jul
B. racemosus L. (p. 1435) Smooth brome Ann $25-110 \mathrm{~cm}$.

LF: lower sheaths long-hairy; ligule $1-3 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade $2-5 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide INFL: 4-14 cm; narrow, branches $<4 \mathrm{~cm}, 1$ spikelet per branch. SPIKELET: $11-18 \mathrm{~mm}$, not strongly flattened, not widening substantially in fr, lemma obscuring most stalks in fr; glumes glabrous, lower 4-6 mm, 3-5-veined, upper 4-7 mm, 5-9-veined; lemma 7-9 $\mathrm{mm}, 4-5 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, back rounded, glabrous, margin often smoothly curved, veins not strongly raised, teeth $<1 \mathrm{~mm}$, awn $5-9 \mathrm{~mm}$, $\pm$ equal, from $<1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ below lemma tip; anthers $1.5-3 \mathrm{~mm}$; fr flat or C-shaped in $\times$-section. $2 n=28$. Disturbed areas, roadsides; 60-1850 m. KR, NCoRO, NCoRI, SNF, GV, CCo, SnFrB, SnBr, MP; to BC, e US; native to Eur. May-Jul
B. richardsonii Link (p. 1435) RICHARDSON'S BROME Per $47-110 \mathrm{~cm}$; upper st nodes gen glabrous. LF: basal sheath densely, short- to medium-hairy, upper sheath glabrous; ligule 1-2 mm; blade 3-9 mm wide. INFL: 9-22 cm, open; branches erect to nodding SPIKELET: 24-35 mm, not strongly flattened; glumes glabrous or scabrous, lower 7.1-10 mm, 1(3)-veined, upper (7.8)8.9-11.3(13.2) mm , 3-veined; lemma $9-13.5 \mathrm{~mm}$, margin hairy along lower $1 / 2$ to $3 / 4$, back rounded, sparsely to densely hairy with hairs $>0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$, awn 3-6 mm; anthers (1.2)1.6-2.7(3.4) mm; fr (6.9)7.7-9.7(10.5) $\mathrm{mm} .2 n=28$. Meadows, open woodland; $1200-3600 \mathrm{~m}$. c\&s SNH, SCoRO, SnBr, e PR, e DMoj; to AK, WY, w TX, Mex. [B. ciliatus var. $r$ (Link) B. Boivin] Jul-Sep
B. secalinus L. (p. 1435) Rye brome Ann 45-100 cm. LF sheath glabrous or sparsely short-hairy; ligule $1-3 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade 4-12 mm wide, hairy. INFL: $8-17 \mathrm{~cm}, \pm$ open; branches spreading to ascending, nodding in fr. SPIKELET: 12-24 mm, not strongly flattened, widening in fr, many stalks becoming visible as lemma wraps around fr; glumes glabrous, lower 5-7 mm, 3-5-veined, upper 6-9 $\mathrm{mm}, 5-9$-veined; lemma $8-11 \mathrm{~mm}, 4-5 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, back rounded, glabrous or hairy, veins not strongly raised, teeth $<1 \mathrm{~mm}$, awn (0)3-9.5 mm , from $<1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ below lemma tip; anthers $1.2-2.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; fr $U-$ and $V$-shaped in $\times$-section. $2 n=14,28$. Open, disturbed areas; < 1500 m NW, CaR, n\&c SN, n SnFrB, SnBr, MP; to BC, e US; native to Eur. May-Jul
B. sitchensis Trin. SITKA BROME, ALASKA BROME Per 40-145 cm . LF: sheath glabrous; ligule $3-4 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade glabrous or hairy, 1-4 mm wide. INFL: 19-36 cm, open; branches ascending, spreading to nodding; lower branches $10-20 \mathrm{~cm}$. SPIKELET: $25-41 \mathrm{~mm}$, strongly flattened, keeled; glumes glabrous (hairy), lower $8-11 \mathrm{~mm}$, $3-5$-veined, upper 10-13 mm, 5-7-veined; lemma, $12-15 \mathrm{~mm}$, back $\pm$ rounded, strongly keeled, glabrous, sometimes hairy, awn 5-10 mm ; anthers to $6 \mathrm{~mm} .2 n=42,56$. Rocky bluffs, cliffs, meadows, forest edges, disturbed areas; < 1670 m . SW; to AK. Mar-Jun
B. squarrosus L. (p. 1435) CORN Brome Ann 10-43 cm. LF: sheath hairy; ligule $0.5-2 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade hairy or glabrous, $2.5-10 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide. INFL: $5-10.5 \mathrm{~cm}$, open, often appearing 1-sided; spikelets 1(2) per branch; $1+$ lower branches gen $>$ spikelets, $\pm$ wavy. SPIKELET: $14-35 \mathrm{~mm}$, not strongly flattened; glumes glabrous, lower 4.5-7 $\mathrm{mm}, 3-5(7)$-veined, upper 6-9.5 mm, 7-veined; florets 7-18; lemma $8.2-11 \mathrm{~mm}$, membranous margin $0.6-0.9 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, back rounded, glabrous or minutely scabrous, teeth $<1 \mathrm{~mm}$, awn $8-11.7 \mathrm{~mm}$, from $1.5+\mathrm{mm}$ below tip; anthers $0.5-1.6 \mathrm{~mm} .2 n=14$. Open, disturbed areas, roadsides; < 1494 m. MP; to BC, c N.Am; native to Eurasia. Jul
B. sterilis L. (p. 1435) poverty brome Ann $25-85 \mathrm{~cm}$. LF: sheath hairy; ligule $2-2.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade $2-5 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, hairy or glabrous. INFL: $10-25 \mathrm{~cm}$, open; lower branches ascending to nodding, upper branches ascending, branches gen $>$ spikelets (shorter when infl reduced to 1(3) spikelets), simple, lower branches sometimes branched $1 \times$; spikelets $1(3)$ per branch. SPIKELET: $20-35 \mathrm{~mm}$, not strongly flattened; glumes glabrous or scabrous, upper 7.5-21 $\mathrm{mm}, 3(5)$-veined, lower 6-14 mm, 1(3)-veined; florets 6-11; lemma $13-20 \mathrm{~mm}$, back rounded, glabrous to scabrous, teeth $0-22 \mathrm{~mm}$, awn $15-30 \mathrm{~mm}$, straight; anthers $0.5-2 \mathrm{~mm} .2 n=42,56$. Open, disturbed areas; < 1100 m. NW, CaRF, SNF, n SNH, GV, SnFrB, SCoRO, s ChI, SCo, WTR (w Santa Susana foothills), PR (Otay Mtn); to BC, e N.Am; native to Eurasia. Mar-Jun
B. suksdorfii Vasey (p. 1435) suksdorf's brome Per 45-95 cm . LF: glabrous; ligule $0.5-2 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade $4-11 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide. INFL: $6.5-13 \mathrm{~cm}, \leq 2 \mathrm{~cm}$ wide, narrow; branches erect to ascending. SPIKELET: $15-30 \mathrm{~mm}$, not strongly flattened; glumes glabrous or sparsely hairy, lower $7-10 \mathrm{~mm}, 1(3)$-veined, upper $8-13 \mathrm{~mm}$, 3-veined; lemma $10-14 \mathrm{~mm}$, back rounded, glabrous to hairy, awn $2-5.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; anthers $2.2-3.5 \mathrm{~mm} .2 n=14$. Rocky slopes, meadows, conifer forest; 1250-3300 m. KR, NCoRH, CaR, SNH, SCoRO, MP; to WA. Jun-Aug
B. tectorum L. (p. 1435) Cheat grass, downy chess Ann 5-40 cm . LF: sheath hairy (sometimes glabrous); ligule $2-3 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade glabrous to hairy, gen long-hairy near base, $1-5 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide. INFL: $6-22 \mathrm{~cm}$; open; branches spreading to nodding; spikelets $1-14$ per branch; branches $<$ or > spikelets, $1-5 \times$ branched. SPIKELET: $10-20 \mathrm{~mm}$, not strongly flattened; glumes glabrous to hairy, lower $4-9 \mathrm{~mm}, 1(3)$-veined, upper $7-13.5 \mathrm{~mm}, 3(5)$-veined; florets $3-7$; lemma $9-13 \mathrm{~mm}$, back rounded, glabrous to hairy, teeth $1-3 \mathrm{~mm}$, awn $8-18 \mathrm{~mm}$, straight; anthers $0.5-1.3 \mathrm{~mm} .2 n=14$. Open, disturbed areas; $<3400 \mathrm{~m}$. CA; N.Am; native to Eurasia. [B. t. var. glabratus Spenn.] Invasive. May-Aug *
B. vulgaris (Hook.) Shear (p. 1435) columbia brome Per $45-110 \mathrm{~cm}$; nodes (3)4-6(7). LF: ligule (2)3-6(7) mm; blade 13-25(33) cm, 3-14 mm wide, gen hairy on upper surface. INFL: $8-22 \mathrm{~cm},>2 \mathrm{~cm}$ wide, open; branches ascending to nodding, glabrous or scabrous. SPIKELET: 15-30 mm, not strongly flattened; glumes glabrous or hairy, lower 4-9 mm, 1(3)-veined, upper 5-10 mm , 3-veined; lemma $10-16 \mathrm{~mm}$, margin hairy, back rounded, glabrous to hairy, awn (4)6-11 mm; anthers $2-3.5(4) \mathrm{mm} .2 n=14$. Shady to open rocky woodland, ravines, meadows; < 1900 m. NW, CaR, n\&c SN, CW (exc SCoRI); to BC, MT, WY. May-Aug

## CALAMAGROSTIS REED GRASS

## Paul M. Peterson \& Jeffery M. Saarela

Per, gen from rhizomes. ST: 1-15 dm, gen not branched, $\pm$ smooth; nodes (1)2-8. LF: gen basal and cauline; sheath smooth or scabrous; ligule membranous; blade flat to inrolled. INFL: panicle-like, open to dense; branches $\pm$ drooping to appressed; spikelets ascending to appressed. SPIKELET: glumes subequal, gen lanceolate, acute to acuminate, lower gen 1-veined, upper

3-veined; floret 1, breaking above glumes; axis prolonged beyond floret, hairy; callus hairy; lemma < glumes, awned from below middle to near base, tip gen 4 -toothed, veins $3-5$, awn straight to twisted, bent; palea $\pm=$ lemma, thin. $\pm 265$ spp. (incl Deyeuxia): cool temp (esp moist montane); some forage value. (Greek: reed grass) [Marr et al. 2007 FNANM 24:706-732] Hybridization, polyploidy (diploids unknown), and asexual seed set contribute to taxonomic difficulty.

1. Awn exserted $1-10 \mathrm{~mm}$ beyond glume tips, twisted and bent
2. Panicle open, branches spreading to ascending
3. Pl from rhizomes; st $5-15 \mathrm{dm}$; lf blade gen cauline, $3-10 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, flat; coastal, $<500 \mathrm{~m} . \ldots$. . . . . . . . C. bolanderi
$3^{\prime} \mathrm{Pl}$ cespitose, rhizomes 0 ; st gen $1.2-5.4 \mathrm{dm}$; lf blade gen basal, $0.2-1.7 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, inrolled to flat; > 1500 m

$4^{\prime}$ Lf blade 3-5-veined, tip straight-sided; infl $1.9-5.7(7.5) \mathrm{cm}$; callus hairs $0.3-0.6 \mathrm{~mm} . \ldots . \ldots \ldots .$. . . . . ${ }^{2}$ C. muiriana
$2^{\prime}$ Panicle dense, narrow, branches ascending to appressed
4. Awn $12-15(17) \mathrm{mm}$, exserted $4-10 \mathrm{~mm}$ beyond the glume tips; glumes $8-10 \mathrm{~mm} . \ldots . \ldots$. . . . . . . . . . . C. foliosa
$5^{\prime}$ Awn (4.6)5-7.5(9) mm, exserted $1-3 \mathrm{~mm}$ beyond the glume tips; glumes $4.5-8 \mathrm{~mm}$
5. Lf blade with small white-opaque hooks between the veins visible only with magnification, upper surface scabrous; gen on serpentine soils, $<1065 \mathrm{~m}$
${ }^{2}$ C. ophitidis
$6^{\prime}$ Lf blade without small white-opaque hooks between the veins, upper surface soft-hairy; gen on rocky slopes, sandy soils, $1300-4000 \mathrm{~m}$
${ }^{2}$ C. purpurascens
$1^{\prime}$ Awn incl or occ prolonged $<1 \mathrm{~mm}$ beyond glume tips, straight or twisted and bent
6. Lf blade $0.2-1.7 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide; panicle $1.9-8.5 \mathrm{~cm}$; callus hairs sparse
7. Lf blade 7-11-veined, tip prow-shaped; panicle (4) $5.7-8.5 \mathrm{~cm}$; callus hairs $0.3-1.2 \mathrm{~mm} . \ldots$. . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{2}$ C. breweri
$8^{\prime}$ Lf blade 3-5-veined, tip straight-sided; panicle $1.9-5.7(7.5) \mathrm{cm}$; callus hairs $0.3-0.6 \mathrm{~mm} \ldots \ldots . \ldots$. . . . ${ }^{2}$ C. muiriana
$7^{\prime}$ Lf blade (1.5)2-10(20) mm wide; panicle $4-30 \mathrm{~cm}$; callus hairs abundant or sparse
8. Panicle $\pm$ open, lower branches spreading to ascending

$10^{\prime}$ Lf collar smooth or scabrous, rarely hairy; callus hairs (1.5)2-3.5(4.5) mm
9. Glumes $5-7(7.5) \mathrm{mm}$; sts gen unbranched below with $1-2(3)$ nodes per st; ligules $1-4 \mathrm{~mm}$, entire, truncate, gen hidden by expanded collar below
C. nutkaensis
$11^{\prime}$ Glumes $3-4.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; sts gen branched below with (2)3-8 nodes per st; ligules $3-8 \mathrm{~mm}$, irregularly cut, obtuse to acute, not hidden by expanded collar below
C. canadensis
10. Glumes smooth or scabrous, projections along keel straight, tips acute (acuminate); spikelets $2.5-3.5(4) \mathrm{mm}$
var. canadensis
12' Glumes scabrous across entire surface, rarely smooth, projections along keel often bent, tips acuminate; spikelets (3.5)4-4.5(5.2) mm. var. langsdorfii
$9^{\prime}$ Panicle $\pm$ dense, narrow, lower branches appressed (occ ascending in C. rubescens, C. stricta)
11. Glumes gen $<$ than $3 \times$ longer than wide C. stricta
12. Glumes $3-6 \mathrm{~mm}$, gen thick, margin opaque; callus hairs $2-4.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; spikelet axis $1-1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; longest

$14^{\prime}$ Glumes 2-3(3.5) mm, gen thin, margin $\pm$ translucent; callus hairs 1-3 mm; spikelet axis $0.5-1 \mathrm{~mm}$; longest panicle branches $1.5-4 \mathrm{~cm}$
subsp. stricta
$13^{\prime}$ Glumes gen $>3 \times$ longer than wide
13. Lf blade with small white-opaque hooks between the veins visible only with magnification. ${ }^{2}$ C. ophitidis $15^{\prime}$ Lf blade without small white-opaque hooks between the veins
14. Lf blade gen soft-hairy on the upper surface. ${ }^{2}$ C. purpurascens
16' Lf blade smooth or scabrous but not soft-hairy on the upper surface
15. Awn $4-5.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; lf collar scabrous or smooth; rhizomes $2-6 \mathrm{~cm}, 2-4 \mathrm{~mm}$ thick, stout
C. koelerioides

17' Awn 2-4 mm; lf collar gen puberulent or hairy-tufted; rhizomes $10-20 \mathrm{~cm}, 1.5-2 \mathrm{~mm}$ thick, slender
${ }^{2}$ C. rubescens
C. bolanderi Thurb. (p. 1435) BOLANDER'S REED GRASS Rhizomes present. ST: $5-15 \mathrm{dm}$; nodes gen 4 . LF: ligule $3-5 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade 3-10 mm wide, flat. INFL: $10-25 \mathrm{~cm}, \pm$ open; lower branches $6-8$ cm , spreading. SPIKELET: glumes $3-4(5) \mathrm{mm}$, smooth exc keel, tip scabrous; axis $\pm 1 \mathrm{~mm}$, hairs 1 mm ; callus hairs $\pm 1 \mathrm{~mm}$, tufted lemma $2.5-3 \mathrm{~mm}$, scabrous, awned near base; awn (4)5-6 mm, exserted $1-3 \mathrm{~mm}$ beyond glume tips, strongly twisted, bent. $2 n=56$. Peatland, marshes, wet meadows in forest, coastal scrub and prairie $<460 \mathrm{~m}$. NCo; OR. Jun-Aug $\star$
C. breweri Thurb. (p. 1435) Cespitose; rhizomes 0. ST: $2-5.4 \mathrm{dm}$ nodes 1-3. LF: gen basal; ligule $1.7-4.1(6) \mathrm{mm}$; blade $0.4-1.7 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, flat or inrolled, 7-11-veined, tip prow-shaped. INFL: (4)5.7-8.5 cm , open; lower branches $0.4-3(3.5) \mathrm{cm}, \pm$ spreading. SPIKELET glumes $3.1-5 \mathrm{~mm}$, smooth or keel scabrous; axis $1-2 \mathrm{~mm}$, hairs $1-2$ mm ; callus hairs $0.3-1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$, sparse; lemma 3.4-5.5 mm , awned near base; awn $3.5-5.5 \mathrm{~mm}$, exserted gen $(0.5) 1-3 \mathrm{~mm}$ beyond the glume tips, twisted, bent. $2 n=42$. Moist woodland, meadows, lake margins streambanks; 1700-2600 m. KR, n SNH; OR. Jul-Sep
C. canadensis (Michx.) P. Beauv. Cespitose, rhizomes 2-15+ $\mathrm{cm}, 1-3 \mathrm{~mm}$ thick, stout. ST: 6-15 dm, gen branched below; nodes (2)3-8. LF: sheath glabrous to hairy; collar scabrous, rarely smooth or hairy; ligule $3-8 \mathrm{~mm}$, obtuse to acute, irregularly cut, not hidden by expanded collar below; blade $3-8 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, $\pm$ drooping, flat, surfaces scabrous. INFL: $10-25 \mathrm{~cm}$, open to dense when young; lower branches $3-8 \mathrm{~cm}, \pm$ spreading. SPIKELET: glumes $3-4.5$ mm , smooth or scabrous, gen $\pm$ purple; axis $0.5-1 \mathrm{~mm}$, hairs $1.5-3.2$ mm ; callus hairs $2-3.5(4.5) \mathrm{mm}$, dense; lemma $2.5-4.5 \mathrm{~mm}$, thin, awned just below middle; awn $1-3 \mathrm{~mm}$, not exserted, gen straight. $2 n=42-66$. Many forms, vars., subspp. have been attributed to this sp. Some pls set seed asexually.
var. canadensis (p. 1435) SPIKELET: spikelets 2.5-3.5(4) mm ; glumes smooth or scabrous along keel, projections straight, tip acute (acuminate). Moist meadows, thickets, peatland, open woodland; 1500-3400 m. KR, CaRH, SNH; Widespread in US. Jul-Sep
var. langsdorfii (Link) Inman SPIKELET: spikelets (3.5)4$4.5(5.2) \mathrm{mm}$; glumes scabrous across entire surface (smooth), projec-
tions along keel often bent, tips acuminate. Moist meadows, thickets, peatland, open woodland; 1500-3400 m. KR, CaRH, SNH; Mostly w US, Can, Greenland. Jul-Sep
C. foliosa Kearney (p. 1435) LEAFY REED GRass Cespitose. ST: 3-6(7) dm, tufted; nodes 2-3. LF: gen basal; ligule 4-6 mm; blade 1-2 mm wide, inrolled, upper surface scabrous. INFL: 5-12 cm , dense, narrow; lower branches $<4 \mathrm{~cm}$, ascending to appressed SPIKELET: glumes $8-10 \mathrm{~mm}$, scabrous; axis $1.5-4 \mathrm{~mm}$, hairs 2-3 mm ; callus hairs $2-3 \mathrm{~mm}$; lemma $5-7(8) \mathrm{mm}$, awned near base; awn 12-15(17) mm, exserted $4-10 \mathrm{~mm}$ beyond glume tips, bent, twisted $2 n=28$. Coastal scrub, forest, rock outcrops, crevices, cliffs; $<1250$ m. NCo, KR, NCoRO. May-Aug $\quad \star$
C. koelerioides Vasey (p. 1435) Cespitose, rhizomes 2-6 cm, 2-4 mm thick, stout. ST: 6-10+ dm, nodes 3-5. LF: sheath $\pm$ scabrous; scabrous or smooth near collar; ligule $3-7 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade $3-7 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, flat or inrolled, scabrous or smooth. INFL: 5-16 cm, gen dense; branches gen $<3 \mathrm{~cm}$, appressed. SPIKELET: glumes 4-6 mm, scabrous esp on keel; axis $\pm 1 \mathrm{~mm}$, hairs $1-2 \mathrm{~mm}$; callus hairs $<2 \mathrm{~mm}$, sparse, tufted, lemma (3.5)4-5.5(6) mm, awned near base; awn 4-5.5 mm, $<1 \mathrm{~mm}$ exserted beyond the glume tips or $\pm=$ glume tips, stiff, twisted, bent. $2 n=28$. Meadows, slopes, dry hills, ridges; $<2300 \mathrm{~m}$. NW, CW, PR; to WA, ID, MT, WY. Larger pls like C. nutkaensis. Jun-Aug
C. muiriana B.L. Wilson \& Sami Gray Cespitose; rhizomes 0 ST: $1.2-3.4 \mathrm{dm}$; nodes $1-3$. LF: gen basal; ligule $0.8-2.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade $0.2-0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, inrolled, $3-5$-veined, tip straight-sided. INFL: $1.9-5.7(7.5) \mathrm{cm}$, open; lower branches $0.4-2(3.5) \mathrm{cm}, \pm$ spreading SPIKELET: glumes $3-4.5 \mathrm{~mm}$, smooth or keel scabrous; axis $\pm 2$ mm , hairs $0.5-1 \mathrm{~mm}$; callus hairs $0.3-0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$, sparse; lemma 2.5-4 mm , awned near base; awn $3.3-6 \mathrm{~mm}$, exserted gen ( 0.5 ) $1-3 \mathrm{~mm}$ beyond the glume tips, twisted, bent. $2 n=28$. Meadows, lake margins, streambanks; 2480-3900 m. c\&s SNH. Jul-Sep
C. nutkaensis (J. Presl) Steud. (p. 1435) Cespitose, rhizomes 3-6 $\mathrm{cm}, 1.5-3 \mathrm{~mm}$ thick, stout. ST: 6-11(15) dm, gen unbranched below; nodes 1-2(3). LF: sheath loosely open at st base; collar smooth; ligule $1-4 \mathrm{~mm}$, truncate, entire, gen hidden by expanded collar; blade $4-10(20) \mathrm{mm}$ wide, flat, upper surface smooth. INFL: $12-30 \mathrm{~cm}, \pm$ open below, narrow above; branches $<5-7+\mathrm{cm}$, ascending. SPIKELET: glumes $5-7(7.5) \mathrm{mm}$, smooth to scabrous esp on keel; axis $0.5-1 \mathrm{~mm}$, hairs $0.5-1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$, sparse; callus hairs (1.5)2-2.5(3) mm; lemma 4-5 mm, awned $\pm$ near middle; awn $1-3 \mathrm{~mm}$, not exserted, straight or slightly twisted, bent. $2 n=28$. Wet areas, beaches, dunes, coastal woodland, inland marshes; < 1070 m . NCo, $\mathrm{CCo}, \mathrm{SnFrB}$; to AK. May-Aug
C. ophitidis (J.T. Howell) Nygren (p. 1435) SERPENTINE REED grass Cespitose, often with rhizomes $2-15 \mathrm{~cm}$. ST: $5.5-10 \mathrm{dm}$, clumped; nodes $3-5$. LF: ligule $2-5.5(7) \mathrm{mm}$; blade (1.5) $2-4 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, gen inrolled, scabrous, with small white-opaque hooks between veins, visible only with magnification. INFL: $8-15 \mathrm{~cm}, \pm$ dense, narrow; branches $<4 \mathrm{~cm}$, gen appressed. SPIKELET: glumes (5)6.5-8 mm , scabrous esp on keel, gen pale; axis $\pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$, hairs $1-2 \mathrm{~mm}$; cal-
us hairs $<2 \mathrm{~mm}$; lemma 4.5-6.5 mm, awned near base; awn 5-6.5(8) mm , incl to exserted $\pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ beyond the glume tips, twisted, bent. $2 n=28$. Meadows, seeps, grassland, chaparral, forest, gen on serpentine soils; < $1065 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{s}$ NCoRO, n CCo, n SnFrB. May-Jun $\star$
C. purpurascens R . Br. (p. 1435) Cespitose; rhizomes $1-4 \mathrm{~cm}$. ST: $1-8 \mathrm{dm}$; nodes (1)2-3. LF: collar glabrous to short-hairy; ligule $2-6 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade $2-5 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, flat, lower surface smooth, upper gen soft-hairy. INFL: 4-15 cm, dense, narrow; branches $<3.5 \mathrm{~cm}$. SPIKELET: glumes $4.5-8 \mathrm{~mm}$, scabrous; axis $1-2 \mathrm{~mm}$, hairs $1-2$ mm ; callus hairs $1-2.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; lemma $3.5-5 \mathrm{~mm}$, awned near base; awn (4.6)6-7.5(9) mm, exserted (0.5) $1-3 \mathrm{~mm}$ beyond glume tips, twisted, bent. $2 n=28,40-58,84$. Rocky slopes, grassland, meadows, forest, gen on sandy soils; 1300-4000 m. CaRH, SN, n SNE (Sweetwater Mtns), W\&I; to AK, Siberia, Greenland. Some pls set seed asexually. Jul-Sep
C. rubescens Buckley (p. 1435) PINE REED GRASS Loosely cespitose; rhizomes $10-20 \mathrm{~cm}, 1.5-2 \mathrm{~mm}$ thick, slender. ST: 6-10 dm; nodes 2-3. LF: sheath smooth, gen puberulent or hairy-tufted near collar; ligule $3-5 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade $2-5 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, flat, lower surface smooth or scabrous, upper surface scabrous, occ short-hairy. INFL: $6-15(25) \mathrm{cm}$, dense to $\pm$ open; branches $<2-4 \mathrm{~cm}$. SPIKELET: glumes 4-5 mm, smooth to scabrous esp on keel; axis $\pm 1 \mathrm{~mm}$, hairs $<2 \mathrm{~mm}$; callus hairs $<2 \mathrm{~mm}$; lemma 3-4 mm, awned near base; awn 2-4 mm, exserted $<1 \mathrm{~mm}$ beyond glume tips or $\pm=$ glume tips, strongly twisted, bent. $2 n=28,42,56$. Wooded slopes, montane forest, chaparral, meadows; < 900 m . NCo, NCoRO, CW, n ChI (Santa Cruz Island); to sw Can, Rocky Mtns. Jun-Sep
C. stricta (Timm) Koeler Loosely cespitose. ST: $2-12 \mathrm{dm}$. LF: sheath smooth; ligule $1-5.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade $2-5 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, gen inrolled, ower surface gen smooth, upper surface smooth to scabrous. INFL: $5-20 \mathrm{~cm}$, dense, narrow; branches $<1.5-9.5 \mathrm{~cm}$, ascending to appressed. SPIKELET: glumes $2-6 \mathrm{~mm}$, smooth to scabrous; axis $0.5-1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$, hairs $1.5-3 \mathrm{~mm}$; callus hairs $1-4.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; lemma $2-5 \mathrm{~mm}$, finely scabrous, awned at or below middle; awn $\pm=$ glume tip, gen straight. Subspp. intergrade.
subsp. inexpansa (A. Gray) C.W. Greene (p. 1439) ST: 4-12 dm. LF: ligule $2-5.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; blade flat, strongly scabrous, upper surface gen glaucous. INFL: 6-20 cm; longest branches $1.5-9.5 \mathrm{~cm}$. SPIKELET: glumes 3-6 mm, gen thick, margin opaque; axis $1-1.5$ mm ; callus hairs 2-4.5 mm; lemma 2.5-5 mm; awn occ twisted, bent, stiff; anthers gen sterile. Slopes, meadows, coastal marshes; < 3400 m. NW, CaR, n\&c SNH, CCo; to AK, ne N.Am, ne Asia. [C. crassiglumis Thurb.] Some pls set seed asexually. Jun-Aug $\star$
subsp. stricta (p. 1439) ST: 2-9 dm. LF: ligule 1-3.5(4) mm; blade gen inrolled, upper surface smooth to scabrous. INFL: 5-12 cm ; longest branches $1.5-4 \mathrm{~cm}$. SPIKELET: glumes 2-3(3.5) mm, gen thin, margin $\pm$ translucent; axis $0.5-1 \mathrm{~mm}$; callus hairs $1-3$ mm ; lemma $2-3.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; awn straight, slender; anthers gen fertile. $2 n=28,42,56, \pm 70$. Conifer forest, meadows, slopes; $1500-3350 \mathrm{~m}$. SNH, W\&I; to AK, ne N.Am, Eurasia. Jul-Aug

## CENCHRUS SANDBUR

Ann, per. ST: 5-100(200) cm, erect or decumbent, gen bent; nodes and internodes gen glabrous; internode solid to spongy. LF: basal and cauline; sheath gen smooth; ligule short-hairy or membranous, ciliate; blade flat or folded, margins gen cartilaginous. INFL: panicle-like, central axis wavy, with reduced branches bearing burs, each consisting of $1-4(8) \pm$ sessile spikelets gen enclosed by an involucre of flattened or cylindric bristle- or spine-like, $\pm$ fused bracts, these gen forming an inner and outer set; involucre and enclosed spikelets falling as 1 unit. SPIKELET: $\pm$ dorsally compressed; glumes strongly unequal, ovate, lower 1 -veined, upper $\pm=$ florets, $3-9$-veined; florets 2 , lower floret sterile or staminate, lemma gen 5 -veined, palea gen present, upper floret fertile, lemma thick, $\pm$ hard, palea $\pm=$ lemma; anthers $3 . \pm 16 \mathrm{spp}$.: warm temp Am, Afr, s Asia. (Uncertain. Greek: for millet or Latin for a precious stone) [Stieber \& Wipff 2003 FNANM 25:529-535] C. ciliaris L. is now treated as Pennisetum ciliare (L.) Link.

1. Bur with 1 whorl of flattened, fused inner bracts subtended by 1 -several whorls of smaller, finer bracts . . . . C. echinatus $1^{\prime}$ Bur with several whorls of flattened spines, these at irregular intervals through body of bur
2. Sheaths strongly keeled; bracts $45-75$, slender, $<1 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide; spikelets $5.8-7.8 \mathrm{~mm} .$. . . . . . . . . . . . . C. longispinus
$2^{\prime}$ Sheaths compressed, but not strongly keeled; bracts $8-40$, broader at base, $1-3 \mathrm{~mm}$; spikelets $3.5-5.9 \mathrm{~mm}$
C. spinifex



# The Jepson Manual Vascular Plants of California 

## SECOND EDITION



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