Guanajuatite ${
m Bi}_2{
m Se}_3$

(c)2001-2005 Mineral Data Publishing, version 1

Crystal Data: Orthorhombic. Point Group: $2/m \ 2/m$. Acicular crystals, to 2 cm, striated lengthwise, forming semicompact masses. Also massive, having granular, foliated, or fibrous texture.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: Distinct on {010}, indistinct on {001}. Tenacity: Somewhat sectile. Hardness = 2.5–3 VHN = 53–82 (10 g load). D(meas.) = 6.25–6.98 D(calc.) = 7.54

Cell Data: Space Group: Pnma. a = 11.37 b = 11.55 c = 4.054 Z = 4.054

X-ray Powder Pattern: Guanajuato, Mexico.

3.19 (100), 3.65 (90), 1.989 (70), 2.88 (60), 2.58 (50), 2.31 (50), 5.16 (40)

Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
Bi	67.38	68.0	63.83
Se	24.13	24.5	36.17
\mathbf{S}	6.60	6.6	
Total	98.11	99.1	100.00

(1) Guanajuato, Mexico; corresponds to $\mathrm{Bi}_{1.89}(\mathrm{Se}_{1.79}\mathrm{S}_{1.21})_{\Sigma=3.00}$. (2) Do.; by electron microprobe, corresponds to $\mathrm{Bi}_{1.89}(\mathrm{Se}_{1.80}\mathrm{S}_{1.20})_{\Sigma=3.00}$. (3) $\mathrm{Bi}_2\mathrm{Se}_3$.

Polymorphism & Series: Dimorphous with paraguanajuatite.

Occurrence: In hydrothermal deposits of low to medium temperatures.

Association: Bismuthinite, bismuth, clausthalite, nevskite, galena, pyrite, calcite.

Distribution: In Mexico, from the Santa Catarina [TL], La Industrial [TL], and Nuestra Señora de la Luz mines, Sierra de Santa Rosa, near Guanajuato. In the USA, near Salmon, Lemhi Co., Idaho; and at the Thomas and Essex mines, Darwin, Inyo Co., California. From the Roter Bär mine, St. Andreasberg, Harz Mountains, Germany. At Falun, Kopparberg, Sweden.

Name: For the locality in Guanajuato, Mexico.

References: (1) Palache, C., H. Berman, and C. Frondel (1944) Dana's system of mineralogy, (7th edition), v. I, 278–279. (2) Berry, L.G. and R.M. Thompson (1962) X-ray powder data for the ore minerals. Geol. Soc. Amer. Mem. 85, 85. (3) Criddle, A.J. and C.J. Stanley, Eds. (1993) Quantitative data file for ore minerals, 3rd ed. Chapman & Hall, London, 216.