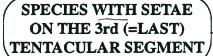
The Species of Phyllodoce of Pt. Loma

Diagnosis: Genus Phyllodoce Lamarck, 1818

Prostomium with 4 anteriorly placed antennae, nuchal papillae usually present, distal portion of proboscis with or without papillae, proximal portion of proboscis with papillae in discrete rows or diffuse pattern, teeth (cusps) may be present, segments 1 and 2 fused, segment 1 dorsally reduced.

Tentacular cirri: 1 pair on segment 1, 2 pair on segment 2, 1 pair on segment 3 with normal ventral cirri.



THIS PAGE

SPECIES WITHOUT SETAE ON THE 3rd (=LAST) TENTACULAR SEGMENT

- see multipalpata

GO TO PAGE 2



DORSAL PIGMENT: Darkest on the anterior of prostomium and after the first segment (tentacular segments are unpigmented)

***VENTRAL CIRRI (Look at a median setiger):
Subequal in length to setal lobe with a
ventrally pointed "tip"***

SIZE: Large

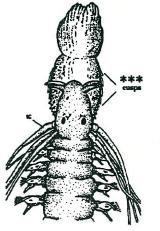


Phyllodoce groenlandica Oersted, 1843

DORSAL PIGMENT: Darkest on the anterior of prostomium, segments are uniformly light (usually) or dark, some with dark intersegmental transverse bands

VENTRAL CIRRI: Pointed, longer than

setal lobe SIZE: Large



Phyllodoce pettibonae Blake, 1988

DORSAL PIGMENT: Uniformly light over entire body, some worms light green laterally VENTRAL CIRRI: Pointed, longer than setal lobe

VENTRAL CIRRI: Pointed, longer than setal lobe FRONTAL ANTENNAE: inserted subterminally

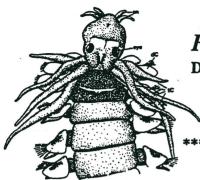
PROBOSCIS: With chitinized cusps

NUCHAL PAPILLA: Absent

SIZE: Small



SPECIES WITHOUT SETAE ON THE 3rd (=LAST) TENTACULAR SEGMENT



Phyllodoce longipes Kinberg, 1866

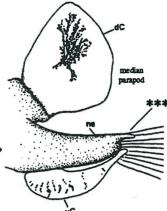
DORSAL PIGMENT: Concentrated on the last tentacular segment and first 2 setigers

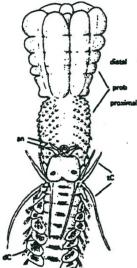
VENTRAL CIRRI: Subequal in length

to podial lobe

**SUPERIOR PODIAL LOBE: Prolonged,

digitate***
SIZE: Small





Phyllodoce hartmanae Blake & Walton, 1977

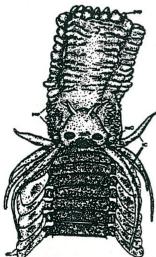
DORSAL PIGMENT: Uniform throughout body, some with middorsal intersegmental stripes (see figure)

VENTRAL CIRRI: Long and triangular, extend well beyond setal lobe

VENTRAL PIGMENT: Most with small paired spots (one pair per segment) on anterior 4-6 segments

(not figured)
SIZE: Small





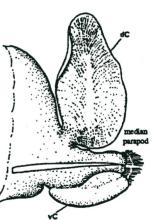
Phyllodoce medipapillata Moore, 1909

DORSAL PIGMENT: Uniform throughout, usually darker

VENTRAL CIRRI: Rounded apically, subequal in length to setal lobe

NUCHAL ORGANS: Eversible, visible when the proboscis is everted, located lateral to prostomium near base of first tentacular cirri

SIZE: Large



Descriptive material modified from McCammon & Montagne, 1979 and Blake & Hilbig, 1994.

Figures are from Blake & Hilbig, 1994 except *Phyllodoce cuspidata* parapod, which is an original.

This diagnosis is based on "Pictorial Key to the Species of *Phyllodoce* Common to Soft Bottom Sediments Off Southern California" by Dave Montagne.