Maera loveni

Diagnostic Characters:

Peraeon generally smooth

Abdomen often mid-dorsally toothed or mucronate, rarely spinose or setose or laterally toothed Head, anterior lobe rounded, inferior antennal sinus reduced, often notch-like Eye generally small, rounded, pigmented Antenna 2 shorter than antenna 1 G1 and G2 in males, markedly unequal, G2 propod and dactyl large, carpus short E3 produced

G2 propodus palmar corner with prominent strong spine P 5-7, basis, posteroventrally without corner, harmonically rounded E3 osteroventrally with upward curving tooth Spine in telsonic notch strong, surpassing telsonic tip

Illustration:

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Fig. 4. Maera loveni (Bruzelius). Female 19mm, Alaska