SULAWESI & HALMAHERA 2011

10th Sept – 1st October 2011

HIGHLIGHTS

Either for rarity value, excellent views or simply a group favourite.

- Maleo
- Javan Plover
- Moluccan Scrubfowl
- Sulawesi Hawk-eagle
- Spot-tailed Goshawk
- Cinnabar Boobook
- Sulawesi Masked Owl
- Moluccan Owlet-nightjar
- Diabolical Nightjar
- Sulawesi Black Pigeon
- White-bellied Imperial-pigeon

- Black-naped Fruit-dove
- Ornate Lorikeet
- Chattering Lory
- White Cockatoo
- Yellow-billed Malkoha
- Green-backed Kingfisher
- Lilac-cheeked Kingfisher
- Ruddy Kingfisher
- Sulawesi Dwarf Kingfisher
- Sulawesi Dwarf Hornbill
- Purple-bearded Bee-eater

- Ashy Woodpecker
- Red-bellied Pitta
- Ivory-breasted Pitta
- Hylocitrea
- Wallace's Standardwing
- Great Shortwing
- Red-backed Thrush
- Matinan Flycatcher
- Ivory-backed Woodswallow
- White-necked Myna
- Sulawesi Crested Myna

SUMMARY:

The province of Sulawesi in Indonesia is an oddly-shaped four-legged island lying to the east of Borneo and west of New Guinea. More importantly it is east of the famous Wallace's line, an imaginary boundary between distinct faunal regions. It is the largest of the Wallacean islands with an avifauna totally distinct from the Greater Sundas to the west. Sulawesi has the largest number of endemic bird species of any Indonesian island and is a must-visit place for world listers. Halmahera is the largest of the Moluccas or fabled Spice Islands and lies just a short distance to the east. It has a totally different avifauna with yet more endemics and has affinities with the Australasian region and is home to the fabulous Wallace's Standardwing, one of the most bizarre Birds-of-Paradise. Our first tour to these endemicrich and bird-filled islands proved to be very successful with 273 species seen (plus 3 others either heard or single observer sighting), of which 109 were endemics. Definitely a tour for the more adventurous birder but well worth the effort!

Days 1-2 - 11th September 2011

Following our international flight from London, we arrived shortly after midnight at a hotel close to Jakarta airport where we had a few hours sleep before taking the internal flight to Palu. During our stopover at Makassar Airport we enjoyed our first taste of Indonesian cuisine as well as seeing our first birds



Seeing a lek of Wallace's Standardwing is the undoubted highlight of any tour to Sulawesi and Halmahera. This bizarre Bird-of-Paradise displays for only a short while at dawn and we were in position just before sunrise on a steep slope to see these crazy birds perform in the treetops after a long walk. which included a flock of Wandering Whistling-ducks, Javan Pond-heron, a distant Spotted Harrier, Black-shouldered Kite and House Swift from the transit lounge. When David's luggage failed to arrive at Palu Airport we had a little more time to build up our airport list with Purple Heron, Lesser Coucal, Blue-tailed Bee-eater, Pacific Swallow and some distant Pale**headed Munias**. Once we had boarded our vehicles we set off toward the wonderful Lore Lindu, stopping along the way to take a look at a couple of day-roosting Savannah Nightjars. The same area also held a pair of confiding **Barred** Buttonquails, Collared Kingfisher, Yellow-bellied Whiteeyes, Sooty-headed Bulbul, Olive-backed Sunbird, Whiteshouldered Triller, and for the lucky few a Gould's Bronze Cuckoo. Plenty of Uniform Swiftlets and smaller numbers of Sulawesi Swiftlets littered the cloudy sky as we drove up into the mist-enshrouded hills. At one special site we stopped along the road and in a matter of minutes a pair of **Diabolical Nightjars** flew overhead in the gathering gloom – a fantastic sighting and very special for Brian Pink as it was his 5,000th lifer!

Day 3 - 12th September

Our first barnstorming day at Lore Lindu National Park dawned cool and overcast, which was actually perfect conditions for what turned out to be an endemic tick-fest! We worked the lower levels from the road which gave us access to predominantly secondary forest with some patches of great primary forest a little later as well. A long line-up of endemics were seen this morning, most of them easily and with good views to boot and we were at times overwhelmed by the number of birds on view and their tameness. Early in the day we found Grey-sided and **Crimson-crowned Flowerpeckers** to be relatively abundant, but it took a while to find Yellow-sided Flowerpecker. Other endemics seen this morning included a couple of Sulawesi Pygmy Woodpeckers, Sulawesi Serpent-eagle, brief Whitebellied Imperial-pigeon, Yellow-billed Malkoha, several Sulawesi Babblers, lots of Sulawesi Drongos, Caerulean and Pied Cuckooshrikes, Sulawesi Cicadabird, Fiery-browed and flocks of Grosbeak Mynas, Large Sulawesi Hanging-parrot, Pale-blue Monarch and Sulawesi Blue Flycatcher. By late morning we had driven quite a way and were about to return to the hotel for lunch when a sudden burst of activity resulted in good looks at our first **Blue-fronted Flycatcher**, as well as Malia, Rusty-bellied Fantail, Sulawesi Leaf-warbler, Sulawesi Myzomela for some, Yellow-vented Whistler, and an incredibly confiding Lesser Sulawesi Honeyeater. Probably the bird of the morning session was a Sulawesi Crested Myna perched out in full view beside the road, thanks to a fine spot by one of the drivers! A great number of more widespread species were also seen this morning including Black and Rufous-bellied Eagles, Glossy Swiftlet, Grey-rumped Treeswift, Mountain



Sulawesi Crested Myna is one of the scarcest endemics to find at Lore Lindu. This bird was perched beside the road and stayed on view for over half an hour allowing excellent scope views.



Great views of this Small Sparrowhawk were enjoyed by everyone at Lore Lindu.



Formerly Yellow-flanked Whistler, this species is now called Hylocitrea and more closely related to waxwings.

and Black-fronted White-eye, White-breasted Woodswallow, Mountain Tailorbird, Crimson, Black and Brown-throated Sunbirds, Black-naped Oriole, Little Pied Flycatcher, and Island Verditer.

After lunch and a siesta we headed up to Lake Tambing but found the going rather slow and frustrating. Several Yellow-and-green Lorikeets played hide-and-seek in the canopy of the tallest trees in the area, and our drivers gripped us off with tales of a Sulawesi Thrush and a rail seen on the road! We did eventually get to grips with the thrush, and a few of the group had brief views of a Sulawesi Ground-dove, whilst a Black-billed Koel appeared at dusk. But we continued our birding into the night and with perseverance had our just reward with scorching views of Sulawesi Scops-owl and Cinnabar Boobook to round off a great day.

Day 4 - 13th September

After breakfast we headed up into Lore Lindu NP again, and found today to be rather slower than vesterday but with yet more endemics to enthral us. First up was a handsome pair of Ashv **Woodpeckers** that were present alongside the road, followed by a beautiful Small Sparrowhawk and huge Sulawesi Hawkeagle which we sandwiched in between attempts at Great **Shortwing**, which just a few of the group managed to pick up on. A few showers hampered our progress this morning but we continued on with scope views of Sulawesi Myzomela, a pair of **Piping Crows** at Lake Tambing and a couple of **Pygmy** Cuckooshrikes. Our afternoon was a bit of a washout as it rained rather heavily as is usual here later in the day but on reflection about the morning's birding we did rather well with a good number of other species seen including Snowy-browed Flycatcher, Mountain Tailorbird, Blue-fronted Flycatcher, Rusty-bellied Fantail, Citrine Canary-flycatcher and Yellowvented Whistler. Another good evening meal followed and then we were off to bed before 8pm in readiness for our early departure the following morning.

Day 5 - 14th September

An early departure saw us walking up the fabled Anaso Track before sunrise which was a little tricky but well worthwhile as we had superb views of **Diabolical Nightjar** and both **Grey-headed Imperial-pigeon** and **Red-eared Fruit-dove** perched in nearby trees. We continued walking right to the summit and nailed yet more new endemics in the shape of **Greater Sulawesi**Honeyeater, Chestnut-backed Bush-warbler, Hylocitrea (formerly called Yellow-flanked Whistler), and Streak-headed Dark-eye. A fine supporting cast included Golden-mantled Racquet-tail, Yellow-billed Malkoha, Pygmy Cuckooshrike, Sulawesi Leaf-warbler, Blue-fronted Flycatcher and Sulawesi



Diabolical Nightjar is one of the 'mustsee' species along the Anaso Track at Lore Lindu.



Streak-headed Dark-eye was seen well along the Anaso track.



Purple-bearded Bee-eater showed incredibly well along the Anaso Track.

Myzomela. In the early afternoon, and despite numerous attempts we failed at locating Geomalia, so headed back down in heavy rain for a time. Fortunately the sun came out and we enjoyed fine views of several Purple-bearded Bee-eaters which perched up nicely for us. A Maroon-backed Whistler played hard to get for a time before we reached our waiting vehicles — a welcome sight indeed as our drivers had a steaming hot cup of coffee waiting for us. As we drove to the hotel a pair of awesome Knobbed Hornbills were spotted in roadside trees and allowed us some fine looks. Once back at the hotel we enjoyed a decent evening meal, but our birding wasn't over as news reached us of a pair of Sulawesi Masked Owls nearby and we headed out into the open area where we had no less than 3 birds perched up in the spotlight.

Day 6 - 15th September

Our last morning at Lore Lindu saw us birding along the road where we found ourselves looking down on the dense mist rising out of the valleys. A Spot-tailed Goshawk was a nice find perched in a roadside tree, and we saw many of the previously seen endemics such as Red-eared Fruit-dove, Sulawesi Cicadabird, Cerulean Cuckooshrike, Sulawesi Pygmy Woodpecker, Sulawesi Hawk-eagle, Sulawesi Lesser Honeyeater, Great Shortwing and Sulawesi Thrush. However, activity was very slow and we spent a fair amount of time trying to get on to Chestnut-backed Bush-warbler, several of which were heard but only briefly seen by a few of the group. After a picnic lunch we headed down into the lowlands, seeing a Sulawesi Honey-buzzard along the way before checking out some ricefields where Javan Pond-herons. White-shouldered Triller, several flocks of both Pale-headed and Black-faced Munias, Pale-bellied Myna, Gould's Bronze Cuckoo and Sacred Kingfisher were the highlights. On arrival in Palu we had a couple of hours to enjoy a nice hot shower and a rest before meeting for dinner at 7pm, and driving to a nearby restaurant where we enjoyed another fine Indonesian meal together.

Day 7 - 16th September

An early flight from Palu to Makassar left on time and we were picked up and driven to Karaenta Forest where we scored very quickly with a couple of **Black-ringed White-eyes** in the roadside trees. A **Sulawesi Honey-buzzard** was picked up along the way and was a new bird for most of the group, and a **Gould's Bronze Cuckoo** and **Pacific Swift** were also seen this morning. We retraced our steps and had lunch before visiting some ponds where several **Striated Herons**, **Black Kite** and **White-bellied Sea-eagle** were seen. At Makassar Fishponds we bowled up and found a pair of **Javan Plovers** straight away but they didn't linger long enough for photos. So we walked out



The scenery at Lore Lindu was the best of the entire tour.



Spot-tailed Goshawk at Lore Lindu.



We found these Black-ringed White-eyes quite quickly at Karaenta Forest.

amongst the numerous ponds and found lots of waders including 5 Terek Sandpipers, 30+ Pacific Golden Plovers, 4 Longtoed Stints, 6+ Red-necked Stints, White-headed Stilt, as well as Clamorous Reed-warbler, Sacred kingfisher, and another White-shouldered Triller amongst others. We retired to a fabulous hotel for the evening and dined in fine style with a spread fit for a king and milkshakes to boot!

Day 8 - 17th September

A morning flight from Makassar took us to the island of Ternate where after a short taxi ride we boarded a boat to take us on the 45 minute journey across to Halmahera. We did pretty good for seabirds with the highlight being a couple of **Bulwer's Petrels** flying across in front of us. We also had several Red-necked Phalaropes, Bridled, Gull-billed, Black-naped and Great Crested Terns and distant Lesser Frigatebirds as well. Once across the channel we skirted the mangroves and found Beach **Kingfisher** quite quickly and also enjoyed the bonus of a Gurney's Eagle perched in a tree top as well. Once ashore we loaded the luggage onto our waiting vehicles and drove a couple of minutes away to our lodge where we would stay the night. After a late lunch we headed along the road passing a Common Dollarbird, and scanned the superb looking forest where Tracey picked up a pair of White Cockatoos which gave superb views. Derek spotted a male **Eclectus Parrot** on a distant ridge, and then Blyth's Hornbill, Long-billed Crow, Moluccan and Metallic Starlings, Grev-headed Fruit-dove and Halmahera Swiftlet were all seen. A Brush Cuckoo was seen briefly but may have been the rarer Moluccan Cuckoo, a bird we just couldn't nail properly. A Sombre Kingfisher was taped in and landed above our heads, whilst a Spectacled **Monarch** was seen in the gathering gloom. A **Common** Paradise-kingfisher was also heard. After returning to the lodge for a shower we headed back to the forest in the night and saw a Moluccan Scops-owl, but only heard Moluccan Owletnightjar and Halmahera Boobook.

Day 9 - 18th September

Another early start saw us birding along the road some thirty minutes from the lodge, where scanning from a viewpoint produced a nice selection of species with Gurney's Eagle, Grey-throated Goshawk, Halmahera Cuckooshrike, White-streaked Friarbird, Cream-throated White-eye, Grey-streaked Flycatcher, Moluccan Imperial-pigeon and Blyth's Hornbill. Then we drove to a trail where we spent the rest of the morning and again produced a great selection of parrots proving just how good the forest is here. Eclectus Parrot, Red-flanked Lorikeet, Red-cheeked Parrot, Chattering Lory, Moluccan Hanging-parrot and Violet-necked Lory were all seen whilst trying to call in an Ivory-breasted Pitta without any luck. A



Sombre Kingfisher on Halmahera, just one of 14 species of kingfisher seen on this tour.



Blue-and-white Kingfisher was quite common on Halmahera.



White-naped Monarch showed pretty well near Sidangoli.

Blue-and-white Kingfisher also showed well, as did Bluecapped Fruit-dove, Brown Cuckoo-dove, White-naped Monarch, Rufous-bellied Triller, Northern Golden Bulbul and Paradise Crow.

After lunch we drove the 4 hours north to Tobelo where we would stay the night, making a few stops along the way to see Goliath Coucal, Pacific Baza, Pied Imperial-pigeon, and several Lesser Frigatebirds along the coast road. A couple of Moustached Treeswifts, and White-bellied Cuckooshrike were also seen before our arrival at a surprisingly good hotel. We ate dinner at a nearby restaurant before heading a further hour's drive north where we walked through the fields to a beach and took some canoes to a secluded beach where we found a Moluccan Scrubfowl coming in to lay its eggs in the sand after a couple of hours searching. We finally returned to hotel at 1.30am!

Day 10 - 19th September

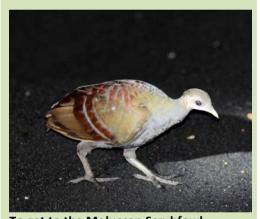
We checked out a new site just a short drive from the hotel where Halmahera Flowerpecker, Sombre Kingfisher, Cream-throated White-eye and Shining Flycatcher were seen against a backdrop of a smouldering volcano! Then we drove to another forest where we jumped aboard some motorbikes and sped along a forest track for around six kilometres which was very exciting. Then we followed a narrow trail to a decent patch of forest where a Wallace's Standardwing was feeding. Although it only showed a couple of times it flew over our heads and landed in the same tree twice. Amazing! Also here were Dusky-brown Oriole, Brown Cuckoo-dove, Halmahera Cuckooshrike, Violet-necked Lory, Blue-and-white Kingfisher and a Scarlet-breasted Fruit-dove flashed across the path. We finally got back to Sidangoli later in the evening and went to bed early in readiness for some great birding to come.

Day 11 - 20th September

We spent the day visiting several sites along the road within a short drive of the lodge and again turned up a decent number of new birds. Our first birding stop gave us a flyover Lesser Fisheagle, followed by some perched Rainbow Bee-eaters, numerous Common Dollarbirds and a Stephan's Dove. Undoubted highlight of the morning was a superb Common Paradise-kingfisher perched in the shadows although a stonking Drab Whistler gave it a run for its money! Other species seen included our best views of Moluccan Hanging-parrot, as well as Goliath Coucal, Spotted Kestrel, Sacred Kingfisher and nice views of Rufous-bellied Triller. We finished off with a Slaty Flycatcher before heading back for an early lunch as it was very hot today. The afternoon session was



Common Paradise-Kingfisher.



To get to the Moluccan Scrubfowl nesting beach required a 4 hour drive to the north of Sulawesi, and a boat ride through the mangroves.



Blyth's Hornbill on Halmahera.

spent trying to get to grips with **Ivory-breasted Pitta** and although at least two calling birds were very close we couldn't get a sight of them. Having persisted until just before dusk we began to drive back to the lodge and only stopped when a **Moluccan Owlet-nightjar** was heard beside the road. After an anxious wait and just before we'd had enough of standing quietly in the dark the bird was found and spotlighted perched on a bare branch. What a bird and a fitting birthday present for Nick!

Day 12 - 21st September

This was the day we had all been waiting for, the trek to the Wallace's Standardwing lek. Leaving the hotel at 3am we walked along a narrow trail through undulating forest, crossing a small river en-route before arriving just at daybreak on the steep hillside where these magnificent Birds of Paradise display each morning. Sitting quietly on a steep slope we could view up to 6 males displaying in the treetops to a couple of females – an amazing courtship display with their blue-green standards and white elongated plumes. Along the way we had spotlighted a **Spectacled Monarch** and a real bonus in the shape of a Variable Dwarf Kingfisher, but the sounds of the displaying birds spurred us on to get to the correct spot on time. We were fortunate that the lek continued for about an hour before the birds disappeared, so we had plenty of time to appreciate this spectacular display. Our return journey was enlivened by several attempts at Ivorv-breasted Pitta which was seen on a couple of occasions, but unfortunately not everyone had a view of a perched bird. Chris managed to see a Dusky Scrubfowl whilst walking ahead along the narrow trail, whilst **Stephan's** Dove and Shining Flycatcher were also seen. After lunch and a siesta back at the lodge we drove out for about an hour to another section of forest and some of the group found a Moluccan Cuckooshrike, whilst the rest of us were watching some dolphins in the bay below. Other species seen included Pied Imperial-pigeon, Blyth's Hornbill, White Cockatoo, Eclectus Parrot and Moustached Treeswift, with Lesser Frigatebirds quartering the bay. A last attempt at Moluccan Boobook resulted in a distant bird heard calling before we called it quits.

Day 13 - 22nd September

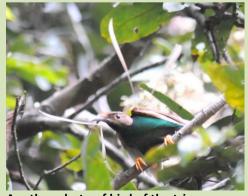
Our last morning on fabulous Halmahera began with a pre-dawn arrival along our favourite track and yet another narrow miss with **Ivory-breasted Pitta**. However David pulled a **Cinnamon-bellied Imperial-pigeon** out of the bag and the ever vigilant Derek homed in on a **Black-chinned Golden Whistler** both of which gave very good views. All that remained was to have a quick wash and set off to the nearby harbour here we sailed across the channel to Ternate. Along the way we saw



Black-chinned Golden Whistler showed very well during our last morning on Halmahera.



Drab Whistler is not the most spectacular bird, but is endemic to Sula and the Moluccas.



Another photo of bird of the trip - Wallace's Standardwing.

several groups of **Red-necked Phalaropes**, as well as a couple of Lesser Frigatebirds. A short flight took us to Manado and we were whisked away towards Tangkoko without delay, stopping to buy some exotic fruit along the way to snack on. Approaching our excellent accommodation we stopped at a viewpoint overlooking fabulous forest below and the numbers of pigeons and doves here was truly amazing. Plenty of Silvertipped Imperial-pigeons were present, and we quickly found Sulawesi Black Pigeon, lots of the distinctive local race of Green Imperial-pigeons and many Grey-cheeked Greenpigeons. A few Knobbed Hornbills were old friends from earlier in the trip, and we were also reacquainted with Sulawesi Swiftlets and Sulawesi Large Hanging-parrots. A few Golden-mantled Racquet-tails whizzed past us and a little later we scoped one in a nearby tree. A Small Sulawesi Hangingparrot also appeared briefly, a pair of Sulawesi Trillers performed nicely in a flowering tree and we also had Brownthroated Sunbird, the pale-eyed Hair-crested Drongo and some flyby White-necked Mynas. Probably the highlight for most of us was the usually skulking Isabelline Bush-hen running across a clearing on the slope below us where we were fully able to appreciate it. With the light fading we drove the short distance to our superb lodge and dined in fine style after a refreshing shower and some cold Bintangs.

Day 14 - 23rd September

After a long night's sleep we assembled for another early breakfast before driving the short distance into Tangkoko National Park for an excellent morning's birding. This is undoubtedly the kingfisher capital of Sulawesi and we hadn't walked very far before enjoying mind-blowing views of Lilaccheeked Kingfisher and the first of 6 Green-backed **Kingfishers** to be seen today, on opposite sides of the forest trail we were following. A Vinous-breasted Sparrowhawk spent some time being mobbed by Asian Glossy Starlings at the top of some trailside trees, whilst a White-necked Myna and a pair of White-rumped Cuckooshrikes further added to our excellent haul of endemics so far. A little further on and a pair of Purple-winged Rollers added a touch of exotic to proceedings, as did the first of several Black-naped Fruitdoves to be seen today. The final endemic of the morning proved to be rather elusive initially, but after some patient stalking we were treated to amazing views of a nest-building pair of **Red-backed Thrushes.** This quality *zoothera* thrush quietly fed in the understorey and took a little while to give itself up but over the course of an hour we watched it at some distance before observing a pair bring large leaves to their nest site in a trailside tree. A fine supporting cast of other avian delights this morning included our first **Tabon Scrubfowl**, along with Sulawesi Black Pigeon, numerous Green and Silver-tipped Imperial-pigeons, Yellow-billed Malkoha,



It doesn't get much better than this Lilaccheeked Kingfisher – one of the prizes to be found at Tangkoko.



Green-backed Kingfisher was relatively common at Tangkoko.



Red-backed Thrush – the only *zoothera* thrush seen on this tour.

Lesser Coucal, Ashy Woodpecker and Sulawesi Triller.

After lunch and a siesta we returned to the forest and although activity was a lot quieter it was still sprinkled with yet more quality birds. Beginning with a **Sulawesi Nightjar** flushed from a grassy area, we followed this with a scan from the beach where some **Pacific Reef Egrets** were perched on a boat and numerous **Black-naped** and **Great Crested Terns** were flying around. A pair of **Bear Cuscus** in a large tree over the trail proved popular and we spent quite some time enjoying these totally bizarre creatures. Towards dusk some **Blue-backed Parrots** flew in to roost and a **Bay Coucal** provided a challenge to glimpse in the dense tree tops, whilst a **Sulphur-crested Cockatoo** was only heard. We finished the day with a huge **Tarantula** spotlighted beside the trail before enjoying yet another delicious Indonesian meal.

Day 15 - 24th September

Another very good day began with a short drive once again into the National Park where we followed a trail into the forest. In no time at all our accompanying Park Rangers had found a day roosting **Ochre-bellied Boobook** perched in the shade of a palm tree. As we manoeuvred ourselves into a good position which afforded us excellent views, the first of 5 Sulawesi Dwarf **Kingfishers** to be seen today flew in and landed no more than 20 feet away! We didn't know where to look first but what two stunning birds to spend an hour with! Leaving these little beauties we walked further up the hill and then sat patiently at the top of a wooded slope where we could look down on a Bluebreasted (also known as Red-bellied) Pitta which fed unconcerned amidst the leaf litter for half an hour – another incredible experience. A little walk further across the hillside brought us eyeball popping views and an extremely close encounter with a large troop of Sulawesi Crested Macaques which roamed around and through our group totally unconcerned with our presence. As we walked back to our vehicles an immature Sulawesi Hawk-eagle was scoped in a large tree and several more **Green-backed Kingfishers** appeared.

In the afternoon we began with a **Lilac-cheeked Kingfisher** perched beside the track and as we watched this cracker a pair of **Purple-winged Rollers** flew in and landed overhead. Continuing our success with **Blue-breasted Pitta** this morning, a very confiding individual was watched for quite some time beside the path and gave even better views than this morning – and allowed for some excellent photographic opportunities. A male **Knobbed Hornbill** feeding his mate in their nesting hole made for good viewing later on as well, before our guide took us to a huge tree where a colony of **Spectral Tarsiers** reside. As soon as we arrived in the late afternoon, one was sat on a vine waiting to greet us and looked down with its huge saucer-like eyes.



Ochre-bellied Boobook at its daytime roost at Tangkoko.



Just one of 5 Sulawesi Dwarf Kingfishers to be seen on our morning walk at Tangkoko.



Blue-breasted or Red-bellied Pitta was extremely confiding at Tangkoko.

Absolutely enthralled with this cute creature we spent quite some time watching it and at least four others on the other side of the tree before the light faded too much. We were only distracted from our observations by a **Bear Cuscus** feeding nearby. So we retired to our excellent lodge and some more cold beers.

Day 16 - 25th September

We returned to the viewpoint from our first afternoon here at Tangkoko and again it proved a very fruitful visit as we scored with some excellent species. More new endemics appeared at regular intervals and we began by enjoying fine looks at small groups of extremely pretty Ornate Lorikeets sunning themselves in the bright sunshine and screeching over the canopy in the valley below us. A Small Sulawesi Hanging **Parrot** then joined a couple of its larger cousins to give excellent size comparisons, as well as showing off its red bill. It certainly vindicated the claims of this species from our first visit! A Yellow-breasted Racquet-tail was also scoped and we could compare this species with the more numerous Golden-mantled Racquet-tails. Then a Maroon-chinned Fruit-dove put in a brief appearance for some of us, however our perseverance at this site was rewarded with fine views of a Sulawesi Dwarf Hornbill calling from the other side of the valley before flying straight at us and landing in a bare tree nearby. Other goodies here included flocks of Finch-billed Mynas, Yellow-billed Malkoha, numerous Blue-rumped Parrots, and a close **Sulawesi Black Pigeon** – all of which we could look down on from our vantage point. Leaving here we returned to our lodge and searched for **Ruddy Kingfisher** along the small stream behind our lodge which resulted in everyone initially catching a glimpse at least of a perched bird deep within the forest. A little later one of our drivers discovered a perched kingfisher again hidden deep in cover but we all took turns creeping up the riverbank and getting improved views. Whilst we had several hours off during the heat of the day we made the most of our free time and found some previously seen endemics such as Paleblue Monarch, Yellow-sided Flowerpecker and Ivory-backed Woodswallow, but also our first Pied Cuckooshrikes brought our list of endemics to-date over the 100 mark for the tour!

In the afternoon we boarded some small boats and sailed across the bay towards the mangroves and our search for **Great-billed Kingfisher**. It was a spectacular setting as we sailed across the crystal clear sea with Palm fringed beaches and a huge volcano dominating the skyline. Coupled with flocks of **Roseate Terns**, several **Pacific Reef Egrets**, soaring **White-bellied Sea-Eagles** and a bonus find in the shape of a **Brown Noddy** everyone was definitely in high spirits. Entering the narrow channel through the mangroves we came across a **Grey-tailed Tattler** before pretty quickly finding the kingfisher and getting decent views. As we tried to turn the boats around a **Ruddy Kingfisher** called



Sulawesi Dwarf Hornbill showed very well from the viewpoint at Tangkoko.



Our boat ride across the bay at Tangkoko was very relaxing and we also came across a Brown Noddy.



After our boat ride we entered a narrow channel through the mangroves to find this Great-billed Kingfisher.

and we enjoyed fabulous repeated views of this beautiful bird, although not an endemic it was certainly a crowd pleaser! With **Pink-necked Green-pigeons** being seen as we returned to the open water, we retraced our route and this time found our first **Osprey**, as well as **Blue Rock-Thrush**, a close **Great-billed Heron**, and a rarity in these parts in the shape of a **Green Sandpiper**.

Day 17 - 26th September

Bidding our farewells to the excellent lodge staff we then set out on the long drive from Tangkoko to Kota Mobagu which took all morning but was enlivened by a scenic drive along the north coast of the Minahassa Peninsula. But we hadn't driven far before a Channel-billed Cuckoo was spotted flying alongside the road prompting some speedy exits from the vehicles, but unfortunately it just kept on flying away from us. A well timed stop at some rice paddies where we could scan from the back of a restaurant resulted in several **Java Sparrows** mingling with flocks of Black-faced and Chestnut Munias. Our first Buff-banded Rail added to the Barred Rail seen in the road earlier, along with White-browed Crake and Cinnamon Bittern to boost the trip list. Upon arrival at an unexpectedly luxurious hotel we enjoyed a good lunch before driving up the bumpy road to Gunang Ambang and checked out some forest where Golden-mantled Racquet-tail, Spot-tailed Goshawk, Purple Needletail and at dusk a Great Eared-Nightiar were seen. A Scaly-breasted Kingfisher also called at dusk but we would have to leave that for tomorrow, although Brian C managed some views before the light faded.

Day 18 - 27th September

Following the obligatory pre-dawn departure and a short walk up into the forest at the top of the mountain we struck gold when a Scaly-breasted Kingfisher was called in and gave superb scope views perched in a tree above the path. We followed this up with a pair of the rare Matinan Flycatcher performing admirably beside the path and also giving us walkaway views. Too easy! A few 'old friends' from Lore Lindu also put in appearances, including Yellow-vented Whistler, Rusty-bellied Fantail, Chestnut-backed Bush-warbler, Sulawesi Leaf-warbler and Streak-headed Dark-eye. On return to our waiting vehicles we drove a short distance before trying to find some quails in the weedy fields which only resulted in very brief flight views of a Blue-breasted Buttonquail. As it was very hot by now we decided to retreat to the village where we found ourselves to be the centre of attention by the local children after enjoying another fine lunch at the rangers house. So all that remained was to return to the hotel and embark upon some 'tourist' activities in the afternoon, of which the leader definitely did not get involved in!



Scaly-breasted Kingfisher is a shy inhabitant of the Gunang Ambang hill forest. It took two attempts to find it, but was well worthwhile.



Matinan Flycatcher is another prize from Gunang Ambang and endemic to north Sulawesi.



Several Java Sparrows were seen during one lunchtime roadside stop.

Day 19 - 28th September

An early start saw us at Tambun, the famous site for Maleo but despite spending most of the morning scanning the trees above their nesting grounds we only heard a distant bird, but David managed the briefest of glimpses before we had to leave here empty handed. Well apart from a bunch of Ivory-backed Woodswallows giving point-blank views, along with numerous Finch-billed Mynas, Stephan's Dove, Sulawesi Pygmy Woodpecker, Black-billed Koel, Yellow-billed Malkoha and our best views of **Brown Cuckoo-Dove** to date. We then drove to the headquarters of Dumoga Bone National Park, where we would spend the next couple of nights, but stopped a few times along the way to see Sunda Teal, Barred Rail, Spotted Harrier and other previously seen species. In the afternoon we took a raft over to the primary forest and birded some trails which was a little hard work but we still saw Black-naped Fruit-dove, Silver-tipped Imperial-pigeon, Yellow-breasted Racquet-tail, Ornate Lorikeet, Blue-backed Parrot, Purple Needletail, and both Pied and White-rumped Cuckooshrikes.

Day 20 - 29th September

Another early start saw us arrive at Tambun again and this time we nailed an awesome Maleo perched in a tree allowing excellent scope views. We also had Great Eared-Nightjar, White-necked Myna, and both Pink-necked and Greycheeked Green-pigeons. Our return journey to the lodge was punctuated with a stop at a roadside wetland where Clamorous Reed-warbler, Purple Swamphen and Wandering Whistling-duck were seen, whilst Jo spotted a Cinnamon Bittern. In the afternoon some of the group returned across to the forest and found our only Oriental Cuckoo of the tour. We also had nice looks at Sulawesi Honey-Buzzard, Brian P had a Bay Coucal, and there was also Knobbed Hornbill and Barred Buttonquail seen as well

Day 21 - 30th September

Today was mainly a driving day as we headed back to the big city of Manado. However, David found a Maroon-chinned Fruit-dove before breakfast and we had another look at the roosting Speckled Boobook in one of the ruined buildings at the park HQ before leaving. Along the drive we stopped at a few nice wetlands where we saw plenty of previously seen species but had especially nice views of White-browed Crake, our closest Spotted Harrier, and an Intermediate Egret was a very late addition for our list. Our lunch stop was enlivened by much closer views of Javan Sparrows, as well as Cinnamon Bittern, Long-toed Stint, Pacific Golden Plover, very close Buffbanded Rail, whilst a White-winged Tern feeding with a flock of Whiskered Terns was new for our list. By late afternoon we had reached our hotel in the city where nice hot showers and a



A flock of endemic Ivory-backed Woodswallows were present during our first visit to Tambun.



Classified as Endangered by BirdLife International, Maleo is one of the most wanted endemics of the tour.



Speckled Boobook at its daytime roost at Dumoga Bone.

few cold Bintangs were very much appreciated.

Day 22 - 1st October

This was the start of our journey home involving a direct flight to Jakarta where with several hours to while away before our international flight we holed up in a private lounge and enjoyed some good food and watched some football on the tv before flying back to the UK and the conclusion of an excellent endemic-filled tour.

Nick Bray.



Orchid on Halmahera



It's not always about the birds and Tangkoko provided several non-avian distractions, such as this Bear Cuscus.



A huge tree held several very cute Spectral Tarsiers one evening.



Some time with a troop of Sulawesi Crested Macaques was quite an experience as they literally walked between members of the group.

BIRDLIST FOR SULAWESI & HALMAHERA - SEPTEMBER 2011

	SPECIES S = Endemic to Sulawesi M = Endemic to Moluccas	SCIENTIFIC NAME
1.	Bulwer's Petrel	Bulweria bulwerii
2.	Lesser Frigatebird	Fregata ariel
3.	Great-billed Heron	Ardea sumatrana
4.	Purple Heron	Ardea purpurea
5.	'Eastern' Great Egret	Ardea alba modesta
6.	Intermediate Egret	Ardea intermedia
7.	Little Egret	Egretta garzetta
8.	Pacific Reef Egret	Egretta garzetta Egretta sacra
9.	Eastern Cattle Egret	Ardea coromandus
10.	Javan Pond Heron	Ardeola speciosa
11.	Striated Heron	Butorides striatus
12.	Black-crowned Night Heron	
13.	Rufous Night Heron	Nycticorax nycticorax Nycticorax caledonicus
14.	Cinnamon Bittern	Ixobrychus cinnamomeus
15.	Oriental Darter	Anhinga melanogaster
16.	Osprey	Pandion haliaetus
17.	Pacific Baza	
18.	Sulawesi Honey Buzzard (S)	Aviceda subcristata rufa Pernis celebensis
19.	Black Kite	
20.		Milvus migrans affinis Haliastur indus
21.	Brahminy Kite White-bellied Sea Eagle	
22.	Lesser Fish Eagle	Haliaeetus leucogaster
23.	Sulawesi Serpent Eagle (S)	Ichthyophaga humilis
24.	Spotted Harrier	Spilornis rufipectus Circus assimilis
25.	Sulawesi Goshawk (S)	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Accipiter griseiceps
26. 27.	Spot-tailed Goshawk (S)	Accipiter trinotatus
28.	Grey-throated Goshawk (M) Small Sparrowhawk (S)	Accipiter griseogularis
29.		Accipiter rhadogastar
,	Vinous-breasted Sparrowhawk (S)	Accipiter rhodogaster
30.	Black Eagle	Ictinaetus malayensis
31.	Gurney's Eagle	Aquila gurneyi
32.	Rufous-bellied Eagle	Hieraaetus kienerii
33.	Sulawesi Hawk-eagle (S)	Nisaetus lanceolatus
34.	Oriental Hobby	Falco severus
35.	Spotted Kestrel	Falco moluccensis
36.	Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus
37.	Wandering Whistling-duck	Dendrocygna arcuata
38.	Sunda Teal	Anas gibberifrons
39.	Pacific Black Duck	Anas superciliosa

40.	Tabon Scrubfowl	Megapodius cumingii
41.	Dusky Scrubfowl (Single observer)	Megapodius freycinet
42.	Moluccan Scrubfowl	
43.	Maleo (S)	Eulipoa wallacei Macrocephalon maleo
44.	Barred Buttonquail	'
45.	Buff-banded Rail	Turnix suscitator rufilata
46.	Barred Rail	Gallirallus philippensis
47.	White-browed Crake	Gallirallus torquatus
48.		Porzana cinerea
	\	Amaurornis moluccanus
49. 50.	Isabelline Bush-hen (S)	Amaurornis isabellinus
51.	White-breasted Waterhen	Amaurornis phoenicurus
	Common Moorhen	Gallinula chloropus
52.	Black-backed Swamphen	Porphyrio indicus
53.	White-headed Stilt	Himantopus leucocephalus
54.	Grey Plover	Pluvialis squatarola
55.	Pacific Golden Plover	Pluvialis fulva
56.	Javan Plover	Charadrius javanicus
57.	Greater Sand Plover	Charadrius leschenaultii
58.	Whimbrel	Numenius phaeopus variegatus
59.	Common Redshank	Tringa totanus
60.	Green Sandpiper	Tringa ochropus
61.	Common Greenshank	Tringa nebularia
62.	Wood Sandpiper	Tringa glareola
63.	Terek Sandpiper	Xenus cinereus
64.	Common Sandpiper	Actitis hypoleucos
65.	Grey-tailed Tattler	Heteroscelus brevipes
66.	Sanderling	Calidris alba
67.	Red-necked Stint	Calidris ruficollis
68.	Long-toed Stint	Calidris subminuta
69.	Red-necked Phalarope	Phalaropus lobatus
70.	Whiskered Tern	Chlidonias hybridus
71.	White-winged Black Tern	Chlidonias leucopterus
72.	Gull-billed Tern	Sterna nilotica
73.	Common Tern	Sterna hirundo longipennis
74.	Black-naped Tern	Sterna sumatrana
75.	Roseate Tern	Sterna dougallii
76.	Bridled Tern	Sterna anaethetus
77.	Little Tern	Sterna albifrons
78.	Greater Crested Tern	Sterna bergii
79.	Brown Noddy	Anous stolidus
80.	Rock (Feral) Dove	Columba livia
81.	Red Collared Dove	Streptopelia tranquebarica
82.	Spotted Dove	Streptopelia chinensis
83.	Brown Cuckoo Dove	Macropygia amboinensis
84.	Sulawesi Black Pigeon (S)	Turacoena manadensis
85.	Emerald Dove	Chalcophaps indica
86.	Stephan's Dove	Chalcophaps stephani
87.	Sulawesi Ground-dove (S)	Gallicolumba tristigmata
88.	Zebra Dove	Geopelia striata

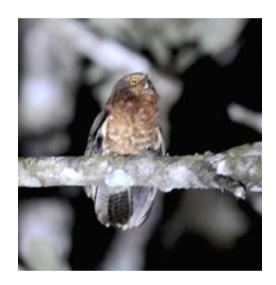
89.	Pink-necked Green-pigeon	Troron vornans
90.	Grey-cheeked Green-pigeon	Treron vernans
90.		Treron griseicauda
91.	Red-eared Fruit Dove (S) Maroon-chinned Fruit-dove (S)	Ptilinopus fischeri fischeri
\vdash		Ptilinopus subgularis
93.	Scarlet-breasted Fruit-dove (M)	Ptilinopus bernsteinii
94.	Superb Fruit-dove	Ptilinopus superbus temminckii
95.	Blue-capped Fruit-dove (M)	Ptilinopus monacha
96.	Grey-headed Fruit dove (M)	Ptilinopus hyogasterM
97.	Black-naped Fruit-dove	Ptilinopus melanospila
98.	White-bellied Imperial-pigeon (S)	Ducula forsteni
99.	Grey-headed Imperial-pigeon (S)	Ducula radiata
100.	Green Imperial-pigeon	Ducula aenea paulina
101.	Moluccan Imperial-pigeon (M)	Ducula perspicillata
102.	Cinnamon-bellied Imperial-pigeon (M)	Ducula basilica
103.	Pied Imperial-pigeon	Ducula bicolor bicolor
104.	Silver-tipped Imperial-pigeon (S)	Ducula luctuosa
105.	Violet-necked Lory	Eos squamata riciniata
106.	Ornate Lorikeet (S)	Trichoglossus ornatus
107.	Yellow-and-green Lorikeet (S)	Trichoglossus flavoviridis
108.	Chattering Lory (M)	Lorius garrulus
109.	Red-flanked Lorikeet	Charmosyna placentis
110.	White Cockatoo (M)	Cacatua alba
111.	Sulphur-crested Cockatoo	Cacatua galerita
112.	Eclectus Parrot	Elclectus roratus vosmaeri
113.	Red-cheeked Parrot	Geoffroyus geoffroyi cyanicollis
114.	Yellow-breasted Racquet-tail (S)	Prioniturus flavicans
115.	Golden-mantled Racquet-tail (S)	Prioniturus platurus
116.	Blue-backed Parrot	Tanygnathus sumatranus
117.	Large Sulawesi Hanging Parrot (S)	Loriculus stigmatus
118.	Moluccan Hanging Parrot (M)	Loriculus amabilis
119.	Small Sulawesi Hanging Parrot (S)	Loriculus exilis
120.	Oriental Cuckoo	Cuculus optatus
121.	Rusty-breasted Cuckoo	Cacomantis sepulcralis
122.	Brush Cuckoo	Cacomantis v. variolosus
123.	Gould's Bronze Cuckoo	Chrysococcyx russatus jungei
124.	Little Bronze Cuckoo	Chrysococcyx minutillus
125.	Black-billed Koel (S)	Eudynamys melanorhyncha
126.	Channel-billed Cuckoo	Scythrops novaehollandiae
127.	Yellow-billed Malkoha (S)	Phaenicophaeus calyorhynchus
128.	Goliath Coucal (M)	Centropus goliath
129.	Lesser Coucal	Centropus bengalensis
130.	Bay Coucal (S)	Centropus celebensis
131.	Sulawesi Masked Owl (S)	Tyto rosenbergii rosenbergii
132.	Sulawesi Scops-owl (S)	Otus manadensis S
133.	Moluccan Scops-owl	Otus magicus leucospilus
134.	Cinnabar Boobook (S)	Ninox ios
135.	Ochre-bellied Boobook (S)	Ninox ochraceaS
136.	Halmahera Boobook (M) Heard Only	Ninox hypogramma
137.	Speckled Boobook (S)	Ninox punctulata

138.	Moluccan Owlet-Nightjar (M)	Aegotheles crinifrons
-		
139.	Diabolical Nightjar (S)	Eurostopodus diabolicus
140.	Great Eared Nightjar	Eurostopodus macrotis
—	Large-tailed Nightjar	Caprimulgus macrurus
142.	Sulawesi Nightjar (S)	Caprimulgus celebensis
143.	Savanna Nightjar	Caprimulgus affinis
144.	Uniform Swiftlet	Aerodramus vanikorensis
145.	Halmahera Swiftlet (M)	Aerodramus nfuscate
146.	Sulawesi Swiftlet (S)	Aerodramus sororum
147.	Glossy Swiftlet	Aerodramus esculenta
148.	Purple Needletail	Hirundapus celebensis
149.	Pacific Swift	Apus pacificus
150.	House Swift	Apus affinis
151.	Asian Palm Swift	Cypsiurus balasiensis
152.	Grey-rumped Treeswift	Hemiprocne longipennis
153.	Moustached Treeswift	Hemiprocne mystacea
154.	Green-backed Kingfisher (S)	Actenoides m monachu
155.	Scaly Kingfisher (S)	Actenoides princeps princeps
156.	Common Paradise Kingfisher	Tanysiptera galatea browningi
157.	Lilac-cheeked Kingfisher (S)	Cittura c. cyanotis
158.	Great-billed Kingfisher (S)	Pelargopsis melanorhyncha
159.	Ruddy Kingfisher	Halcyon coromanda
160.	Blue-and-white Kingfisher (M)	Halcyon diops
161.	Sombre Kingfisher (M)	Halcyon funebris
162.	Collared Kingfisher	Todiramphus chloris
163.	Beach Kingfisher	Halcyon saurophaga
164.	Sacred Kingfisher	Todiramphus sanctus
165.	Sulawesi Dwarf Kingfisher (S)	Ceyx fallax
166.	Variable Dwarf Kingfisher	Ceyx lepidus
167.	Common Kingfisher	Alcedo atthis bengalensis
168.	Blue-tailed Bee-eater	Merops philippinus
169.	Rainbow Bee-eater	Merops ornatus
170.	Purple-bearded Bee-eater (S)	Meropogon forsteni
171.	Purple-winged Roller (S)	Coracias temminckii
172.	Common Dollarbird	Eurystomus orientalis
173.	Sulawesi Dwarf Hornbill (S)	Penelopides e. exarhatus
174.	Knobbed Hornbill (S)	Aceros cassidix
175.	Blyth's Hornbill	Rhyticeros plicatus
176.	Sulawesi Pygmy Woodpecker (S)	Dendrocopos temminckii
177.	Ashy Woodpecker (S)	Mullueripicus fulvus
178.	Red-bellied/Blue-breasted Pitta	Pitta erythrogaster celebensis
179.	Ivory-breasted Pitta (M)	Pitta maxima
180.	Barn Swallow	Hirundo rustica
181.	Pacific Swallow	Hirundo tahitica
182.	Eastern Yellow Wagtail	Motacilla tschutschensis
104.	Lastern renow wastan	
183.	Grey Wagtail	Motacilla cinerea
		Motacilla cinerea Coracina fortis magnirostris
183.	Grey Wagtail	

187.	White-rumped Cuckooshrike (S)	Coracina leucopygia
188.	White-bellied Cuckooshrike	Coracina papuensis
189.	Halmahera Cuckooshrike (M)	Coracina papuensis Coracina parvula
-	Pygmy Cuckooshrike (S)	Coracina abbotti
	Sulawesi Cicadabird (S)	Coracina morio
	Sulawesi Triller (S)	Lalage leucopygialis
193.	White-shouldered Triller	Lalage sueurii
194.	Rufous-bellied Triller (M)	Lalage aurea
195.	Sooty-headed Bulbul	Pycnonotus aurigaster
	Northern Golden Bulbul	Alophoixus longorostris chloris
197.	Sulawesi Drongo (S)	Dicrurus montanus
-	Spangled Drongo	Dicrurus bracteatus atrocaeruleus
199.	Hair-crested Drongo	Dicrurus hottentotus leucops
200.	Dusky-Brown Oriole (M)	Oriolus phaeochromus
201.	Black-naped Oriole	Oriolus chinensis
201.	Slender-billed Crow	
-	Piping Crow (S)	Corvus typicus
		Corvus typicus
204. 205.	Long-billed Crow (M) Paradise Crow (M)	Corvus validus
	, ,	Lycocorax pyrrhopterus
206.	Wallace's Standardwing (M)	Semioptera wallacei
207.	Sulawesi Babbler (S)	Trichastoma celebense
208.	Malia (S)	Malia grata stresemanni
	Great Shortwing (S)	Heinrichia calligyna calligyna
210.	Blue Rock Thrush (C)	Monticola solitarius
211.	Red-backed Thrush (S)	Zoothera erythronota
212.	Sulawesi Thrush (S)	Cataponera turdoides
213.	Pied Bushchat	Saxicola caprata
214.	Golden-bellied Gerygone	Gerygone sulphurea flaveola
215.	Chestnut-backed Bush-warbler (S)	Bradypterus c. castaneus
216.	Australian Reed-warbler	Acrocephalus australis celebensis
217.	Mountain Tailorbird	Orthotomus cuculatus riedeli
	Sulawesi Leaf-warbler (S)	Phylloscopus sarasinorum
219.	Zitting Cisticola	Cisticola juncidis
220.	Golden-headed Cisticola	Cisticola exilis
221.	Grey-streaked Flycatcher	Muscicapa griseisticta
222.	Island Verditer	Eumyias panayensis
223.	Snowy-browed Flycatcher	Ficedula hyperythra
224.	Little Pied Flycatcher	Ficedula westermanni
225.	Blue-fronted Flycatcher (S)	Cyornis hoevelli
226.	Matinan Flycatcher (S)	Cyornis sanfordi
227.	Sulawesi Blue Flycatcher (S)	Cyornis [rufigastra] omissa
228.	Pale-blue Monarch	Hypothymis puella
229.	White-naped Monarch	Monarcha pileatus pileatus
230.	Spectacled Monarch	Monarcha trivirgatus bimaculatus
231.	Slaty Flycatcher (M)	Myiagra galeata galeata
232.	Shining Flycatcher	Piezorhynchus a. alecto
233.	Willie Wagtail	Rhipidura leucophrys
234.	Rusty-bellied Fantail (S)	Rhipidura teysmanni
235.	Citrine Canary Flycatcher	Culicicapa helianthea

236.	Hylocitrea (S)	Hylocitrea bonensis
237.	Maroon-backed Whistler (S)	Coracornis raveni
238.	Yellow-vented Whistler (S)	Pachycephala sulfuriventer
239.	Black-chinned Golden Whistler (M)	Pachycephala mentalis
240.	Drab Whistler (M)	Pachycephala griseonota
241.	White-breasted Woodswallow	Artamus leucorynchus
242.	Ivory-backed Woodswallow (S)	Artamus monachus
243.	Moluccan Starling	Aplonis mysolensis
244.	Short-tailed Starling	Aplonis minor
245.	Asian Glossy Starling	Aplonis panayensis
246.	Metallic Starling	Aplonis metallica
247.	Pale-bellied Myna (S)	Acridotheres cinereus
248.	Sulawesi Crested Myna (S)	Basilornis celebensis
249.	White-necked Myna (S)	Streptocitta a. albicollis
250.	Fiery-browed Myna (S)	Enodes erythrophris
251.	Finch-billed (Grosbeak) Myna (S)	Scissirostrum dubium
252.	Lesser Sulawesi Honeyeater (S)	Myza celebensis
253.	Greater Sulawesi Honeyeater (S)	Myza sarasinorum
254.	White-streaked Friarbird (M)	Melitograis gilolensis
255.	Sulawesi Myzomela (S)	Myzomela chloroptera
256.	Brown-throated Sunbird	Anthreptes malacensis celebensis
257.	Black Sunbird	Nectarinia aspasia grayi
258.	Olive-backed Sunbird	Nectarinia jugularis plateni
259.	Crimson Sunbird	Aethopyga siparaja flavostriata
260.	Yellow-sided Flowerpecker (S)	Dicaeum aureolimbatum
261.	Crimson-crowned Flowerpecker (S)	Dicaeum nehrkorni
262.	Halmahera Flowerpecker (M)	Dicaeum schistaceiceps
263.	Grey-sided Flowerpecker (S)	Dicaeum celebicum
264.	Mountain White-eye	Zosterops m. montanus
265.	Lemon-bellied White-eye	Zosterops chloris mentoris
266.	Black-ringed White-eye (S)	Zosterops anomalus
267.	Cream-throated White-eye (M)	Zosterops atriceps
268.	Black-fronted White-eye	Zosterops atrifrons
269.	Streak-headed White-eye (S)	Lophozosterops squamiceps
270.	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	Passer montanus
271.	Blue-faced Parrotfinch	Erythrura trichroa
272.	Black-faced Munia	Lonchura molucca
273.	Scaly-breasted Munia	Lonchura punctulata
274.	Chestnut Munia	Lonchura atricipilla malacca
275.	Pale-headed Munia	Lonchura pallida
276.	Java Sparrow	Lonchura oryzivora

	Other Animals	Scientific Name
1.	Spectral Tarsier	Tarsius tarsier
2.	Common House Gecko sp	Hemidactylus frenatus
3.	Large Black Squirrel	Rubrisciurus rubiventer
5.	Sulawesi Dwarf Squirrel	Prosciurillus murinus
8.	Ornate Cuscus/Halmahera Cuscus	Phalanger ornatus
9.	Short-beaked Common Dolphin	Delphinus delphus
10.	Sulawesi Bear Cuscus	Ailurops ursinus
11.	Tarantula sp.	
14.	Sulawesi Crested Macaque	Macaca nigra
15.	Ray sp	









Cinnabar Boobook, Lore Lindu (Top Left)
Sulawesi Masked Owl, Lore Lindu (Bottom Left)

Sulawesi Scops-owl, Lore Lindu (Top Right)
Moluccan Owlet-Nightjar, Halmahera (Bottom Right)