

A wide-angle photograph of a surfer riding a massive, curling blue wave. The surfer, wearing a blue shirt and dark shorts, is positioned in the center of the wave's face, leaning into the turn. The wave itself is a deep, vibrant blue, with white spray at its crest. In the background, a coastal town with numerous buildings is visible along a hillside under a clear sky.

MAVZU: Aylana va Doira

A photograph of a deer standing in a forest at sunset. The scene is framed by dark tree branches in the foreground, with sunlight filtering through the leaves. A deer is visible in the background, partially obscured by trees.

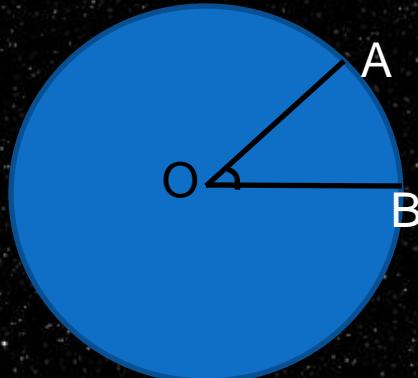
Reja

1. Asosiy qism.

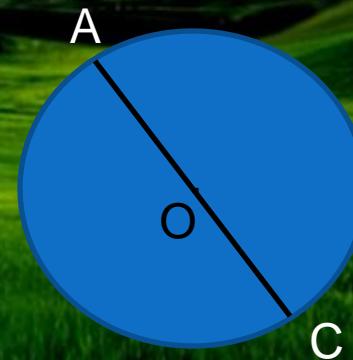
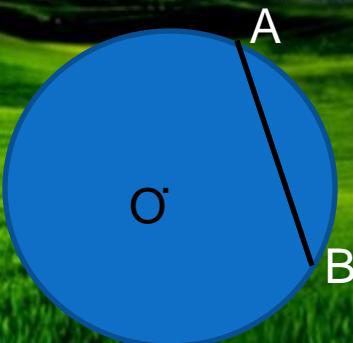
- a) Aylana va doiraga ta'rif.
- b) Aylana tenglamasi
- c) Foydalanilgan adabioyotlar

Aylana va doira .

- ❖ Aylana tekislikdagi O nuqtadan bir xil masofada joylashgan nuqtalardan iborat geometrik shakldir.
- ❖ Berilgan O nuqta aylananing markazi , aylananing ixtiyoriy A nuqtasini uning markazi bilan tutashtiruvchi OA kesma esa aylananing radiusi bo'lib, u odatda $OA= R$ yoki $OA = r$ kabi belgilanadi.



- ❖ **AYLANANING IKKITA A VA B NUQTASINI TUTASHTIRUVCHI AB KESMA AYLANANING VATARI, MARKAZDAN O'TUVCHI AC VATAR AYLANANING DIAMETRI BO'LADI: $AC=2R$ YOKI $AC=2r$.**

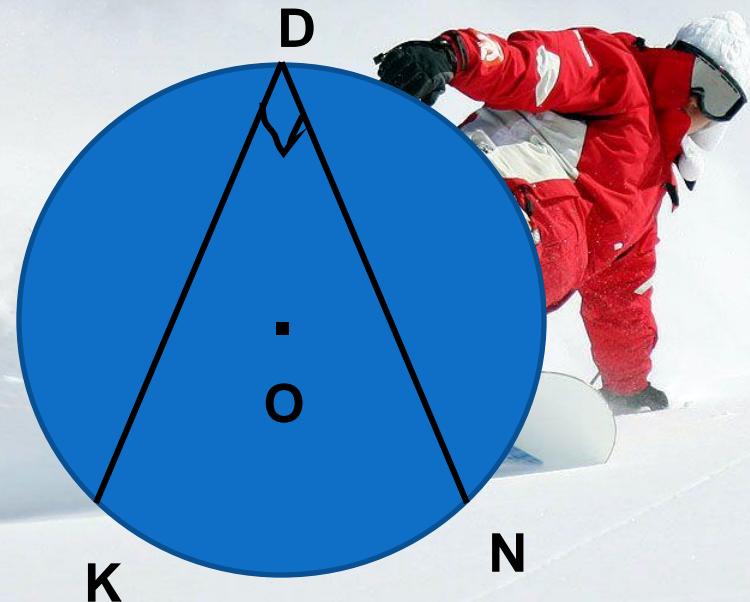


- AOB NING OA V OB TOMONLARI AYLANANING RADIUSLARIDAN IBORAT BO'LGANDA U MARKAZIY BURCHAKDIR. MARKAZIY BURCHAKNIG KATTALIGI O'ZI TIRALGAN AB YONING O'LCHOVIGA TENGDIR :

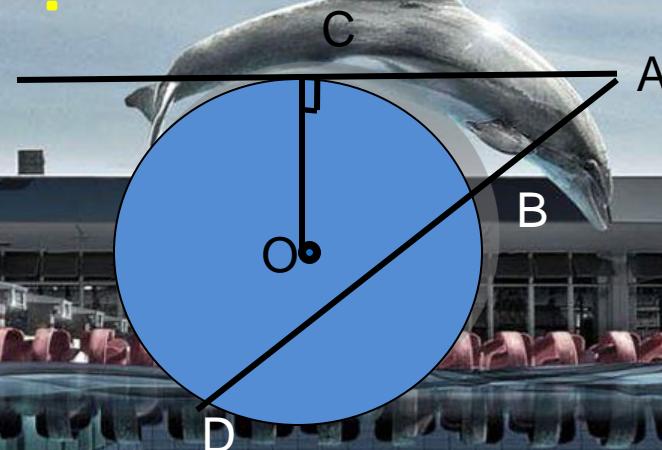
$$AOB=AB$$

- Uchi aylananing d nuqtasida bo'lib tomonlari aylananing D K va DN vatarlaridan iborat $\angle KDN$ aylanaga ichki chizilgan burchak deyilib, uning kattaligi o'zi tiralgan KN yoy o'lchovining yarmiga teng:

$$KDN = 1/2KN$$

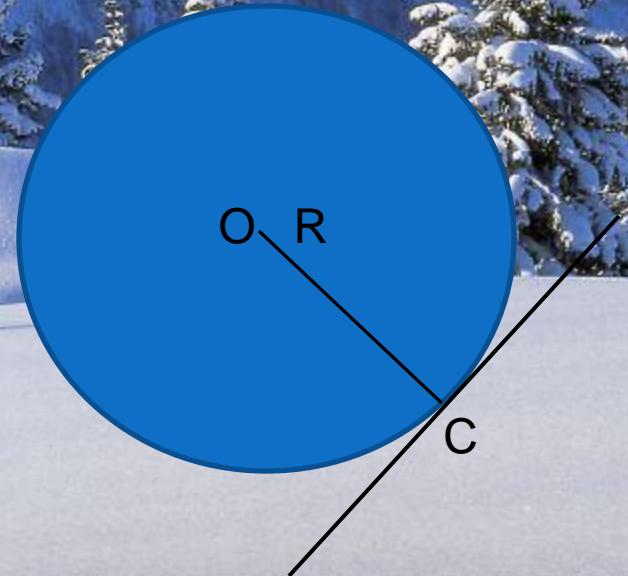


- Aylanaga urinma shunday AC to'g'ri chiziqdan iboratki, u aylana bilan faqat bitta C umumiy nuqtaga egadir.
- A nuqtadan o'tib , aylana bilan ikkita B va D umumiy nuqtaga ega bo'llgan to'g'ri chiziq aylananing kesuvchisidir.
- AC urinmaning C urinish nuqtasidan aylanaga radius o'tkazilsa, u urinmaga perpendikulyar bo'ladi : $AC \perp OC$.



XOSSALARI:

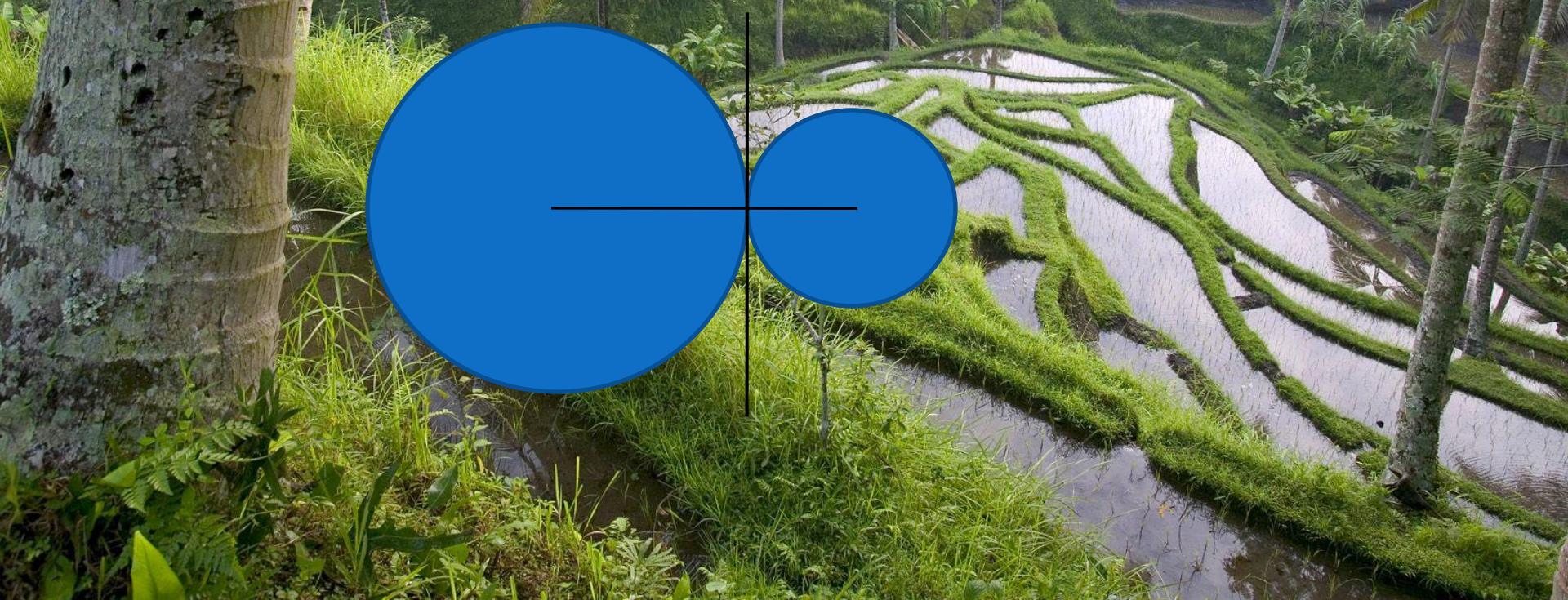
- Agar yoylar teng bo'lsa ularga tiralgan vatarlar teng bo'lib, aylana markazidan teng masofada yotadi.
- Yarim aylanadan kichik bo'lgan ikkita yoy o'zaro teng bo'lmasa katta yoyga tiralgan vatar ikkinchi vatardan katta va ikkinchi vatarga nisbatan aylana markaziga yaqin yotadi.
- Agar P nuqtadan aylanaga ikkita kesishuvchi o'tkazilgan bo'lsa, kesuvchining uning tashqi qismiga kopaytmasi o'zgarmas miqdor $PA \cdot PB = PD \cdot PC$ bo'ladi.
- To'g'ri chiziq bilan aylananing bu umumi yuqtasi C urinish yuqtasi deyiladi.



- ✓ Aylananing markazidan O nuqtadan to'g'ri chiziqqacha bo'lган masofani beradi. Agar aylana bilan to'g'ri chiziq kesishmasa ($OC > R$), bu masofa aylana radiusidan katta bo'ladi.
- ✓ Agar aylana bilan to'g'ri chiziq kesishsa u holda markazdan to'g'ri chiziqqacha bo'lган masofa aylana radiusidan kichik bo'ladi. ($OC < R$)
- ✓ Urinish nuqtasiga o'tkazilgan aylana radiusi urinmaga perpendikulyar bo'ladi.



Umumiy nuqtadan o'tkazilgan to'g'ri chiziq aylanalarning biriga urinma bo'lса, u albatta ikkinchisiga ham urinma bo'ladi. Chunki u natijaga ko'ra urinish nuqtasidagi radiusiga perpendikulyar bo'ladi. Umumiy urinmaga ega bo'lган aylanalar o'zaro urinadi deb yuritiladi. Agar aylanlarning markazlari umumiy nuqtadan bir tomonda yotsa , urinishi ichki urinish bo'ladi. Agar turli tomonda yotsa, urinish tashqi bo'ladi.





Radiusi R ga teng bo'lgan aylana uzunligi :

$$L = 2\pi R$$

O'Ichovi n° ga teng bo'lgan yoyning uzunligi:

$$D = 2\pi R \frac{n^\circ}{360^\circ}$$

Radiusi Rga teng bo'lgan doira yuzi

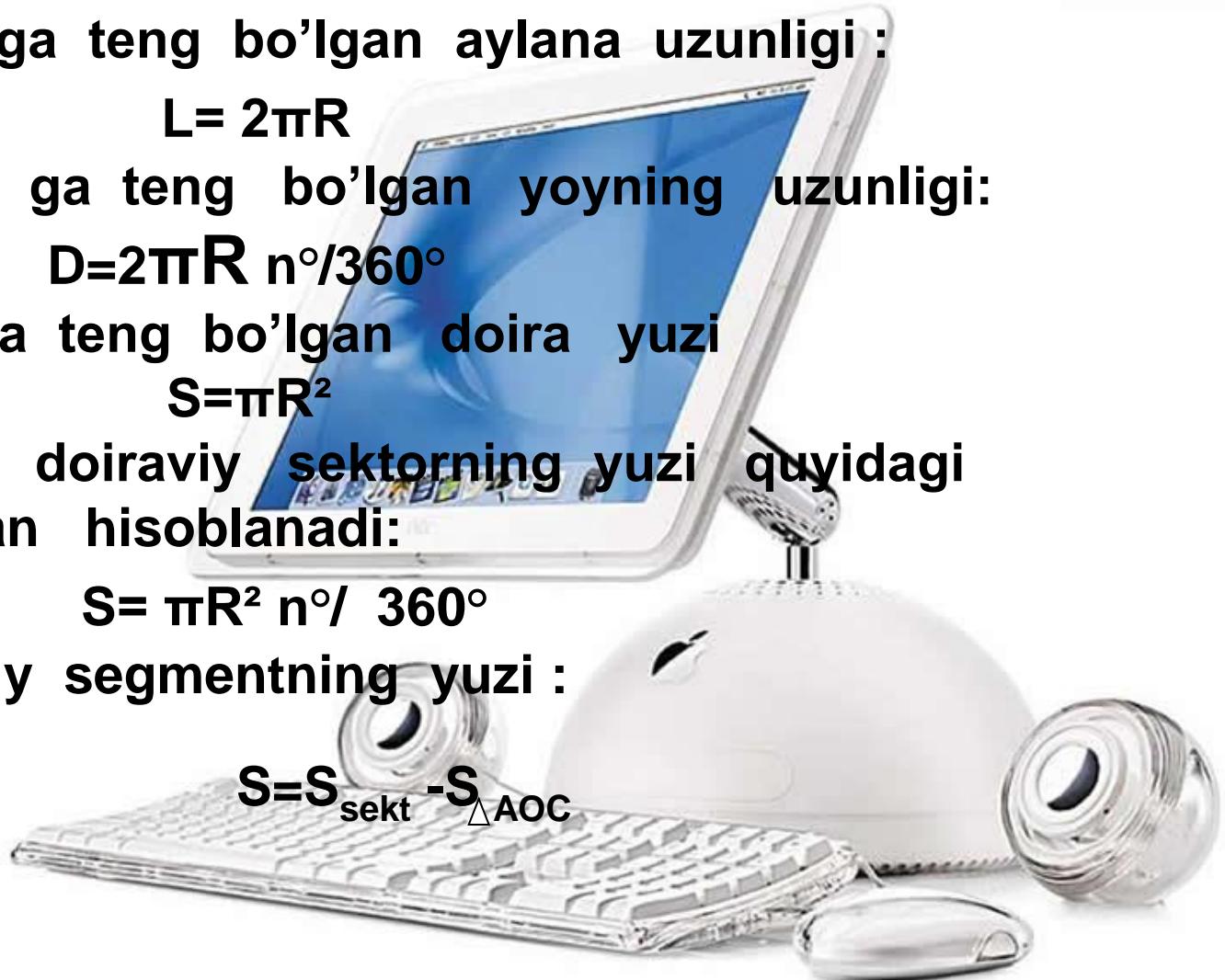
$$S = \pi R^2$$

n° o'Ichovli doiraviy sektorning yuzi quyidagi formula bilan hisoblanadi:

$$S = \pi R^2 \frac{n^\circ}{360^\circ}$$

Doiraviy segmentning yuzi :

$$S = S_{\text{sekt}} - S_{\triangle AOC}$$



Foydalilanilgan adabiyotlar:

- 1) Matematika 5 sinflar uchun darslik qo'llanma . J.Ikromov , M.Miraahmedov/ “o'qituvchi” nashiriyoti 2001 .
- 2) A.V. Pogorelov. Geometriya. 7-11 sinflar uchun darslik qo'llanma. 1989
- 3) N.G'aybullayev, A..Ortiqboev. Geometriya. 7-sinflar uchun o'quv qo'llanma O'qituvchi. 1997 T: 1999
- 4) N.G'ayullaev, A. Ortiqboev/ geometriya. o'quv qo'llanma “o'qituvchi” T., 1999 T., 2002

E'tiboringiz uchun
rahmat



O'zDJTU 3-son akademik litseyi