NOAA Technical Memorandum NMFS



JULY 2013

PHOTOGRAPHIC GUIDE OF PELAGIC JUVENILE ROCKFISH (SEBASTES SPP.) AND OTHER FISHES IN MID-WATER TRAWL SURVEYS OFF THE COAST OF CALIFORNIA

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National Marine Fisheries Service

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ABSTRACT

Photographs were taken of pelagic juvenile rockfish (*Sebastes* spp.) and other fishes collected aboard annual mid-water trawl surveys off the coast of California during late spring. Whenever possible, specimens were photographed shortly after capture at sea to accurately record coloration and pigment patterns prior to preservation. The color images in this guide can be used to assist in the field identification process, particularly for rockfishes (where species identifications of early life history stages is often difficult) and other commercially and recreationally important species.

INTRODUCTION

Rockfishes (Sebastes spp.) are an important component of the marine ecosystem along the U.S. west coast with approximately 72 species described in this area (Love et al. 2002) where they comprise a substantial fraction of the volume and value in the commercial and recreational fisheries (PFMC 2008). Since 1983 the Groundfish Analysis Team of the Fisheries Ecology Division (FED), Southwest Fisheries Science Center (SWFSC), National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) has conducted annual rockfish recruitment and ecosystem assessment surveys during late spring (April-June) along the central California coast (36°30'-38°20' N) (Ralston et al. 2013). In 2004 the survey area was expanded to encompass nearly the entire coast of California (32°45'-40°00' N) (Sakuma et al. 2006). The survey was initially implemented to develop a rockfish recruitment index which could be incorporated into the fisheries management process (Field et al. 2010; Ralston et al. 2013). However, the survey also collects other species of interest such as juvenile and adult Pacific hake (Merluccius productus), juvenile lingcod (Ophiodon elongatus), northern anchovy (Engraulis mordax), Pacific sardine (Sardinops sagax), market squid (Doryteuthis opalescens), and krill (Euphausiacea). In addition, hydrographic data have been recorded using a Seabird conductivity, temperature, and depth (CTD) profiler starting in 1987 (for details see Baltz et al. 2006), which coupled with the biological data, allows for an examination of the general state of the ecosystem. For development of recruitment indices and ecosystem analyses, accurate identifications of fishes collected at sea is essential. However, while some species are easily recognized (e.g. Pacific hake), others are more difficult to identify (e.g. pelagic juvenile rockfish). While there are existing early life history stage identification quides (e.g., Matarese et al. 1989; Moser 1996), more general identification guides (e.g., Miller and Lea 1972; Eschmeyer et al. 1983), and rockfish specific guides (e.g., Love et al. 2002), we wanted to document in photographs the color patterns of fishes and particularly pelagic juvenile rockfishes, prior to preservation to assist in field identifications. Note that this guide is not intended to be a definitive identification source, but rather to provide organized color images that can be used in conjunction with other documents that describe pigmentation, morphology, and meristics (e.g., Miller and Lea 1972; Eschmeyer et al. 1983; Matarese et al. 1989; Moser 1996; Love et al. 2002).

METHODS

Fish photographed in this guide were collected primarily aboard the NOAA research vessel (R/V) David Starr Jordan with a few specimens also collected aboard the R/V Ocean Starr. A modified Cobb mid-water trawl with a 26 m headrope and 9.5 mm mesh codend liner and a theoretical mouth opening of 12 m x 12 m was fished at night (typically 2100-0600 PDT) for 15 minutes at a target headrope depth of 30 m except at shallow water stations (< 60 m) where the target headrope depth was 10 m (Wyllie-Echeverria et al. 1990, Sakuma et al. 2006, Ralston et al. 2013). In a few instances, deeper trawls were conducted at 100 m (e.g. off Monterey Bay Canyon; Wyllie-Echeverria et al. 1990). The majority of specimens were photographed at sea shortly after capture. However, in some instances specimens were frozen and then later photographed back at the laboratory if it was determined that the freezing process would not be detrimental to the color patterns observed. Initial photographs were taken with a film camera mounted to a fixed stage, while later photographs were taken with a handheld digital camera. The first set of photographs with the film camera used two large clear glass bowls with flat bottoms. One bowl was partially filled with white candle wax and the other black candle wax. Pins were inserted into the wax in order to mount specimens to prevent movement at sea while aboard ship. The bowl (either the white or black background) was filled with water and the specimen was then submerged, so that it was entirely covered. Using this

process, the fins were able to be spread out on most specimens and surface glare was diminished. The later photographs taken with the digital camera used a clear plexiglass vertical container filled with seawater and a blue or green background placed vertically behind. This vertical container made it possible to photograph live specimens in their natural orientation (as opposed to lying on their side using the bowl). Two fiber optic microscope lights were used for illumination on most photographs, as the flexible light guides allowed for finer adjustments than with regular lamps. In addition, some specimens were simply photographed on the sorting trays or in the sorting containers immediately after the catch was processed at sea using ambient lighting and the built in flash of the digital camera. Whenever possible, a small ruler or other measuring device marked in millimeters was inserted into the photograph for size reference. The order of specimen photographs presented in this guide is patterned after Miller and Lea (1972) and Eschmeyer *et al.* (1983) with the rockfish and flatfish ordered alphabetically by species name within their respective groups.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to thank the officers and crew of the NOAA R/V *David Starr Jordan*, the captain and crew of the R/V *Ocean Starr*, and all the NOAA NMFS SWFSC FED scientists who participated in the mid-water trawl surveys. In addition to the author's photographs, the picture of the Pacific electric ray was taken by Matthew Birk. Thanks to Tom Laidig and John Field for reviewing this guide.

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Family: Petromyzontidae

Species name: Entosphenus tridentatus

Common name: Pacific lamprey



Family: Squalidae

Species name: Squalus suckleyi

Common name: North Pacific spiny dogfish



Family: Torpedinidae

Species name: *Torpedo californica* Common name: Pacific electric ray



Family: Clupeidae

Species name: Sardinops sagax Common name: Pacific sardine



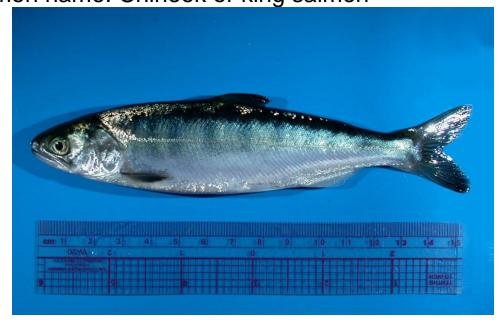
Family: Engraulidae

Species name: *Engraulis mordax* Common name: northern anchovy



Family: Salmonidae

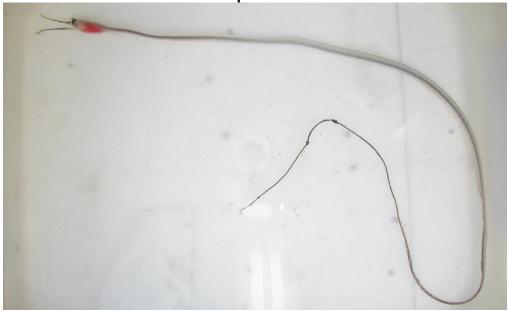
Species name: *Oncorhynchus tshawytscha* Common name: Chinook or king salmon



Family: Nemichthyidae

Species name: Nemichthys scolopaceus

Common name: slender snipe eel



Family: Osmeridae

Species name: Allosmerus elongatus

Common name: whitebait smelt



Family: Argentinidae

Species name: Argentina sialis

Common name: Pacific argentine (juvenile)



Family: Bathylagidae

Species name: Leuroglossus stilbius

Common name: California smoothtongue



Family: Phosichthyidae

Species name: Vinciguerria nimbaria

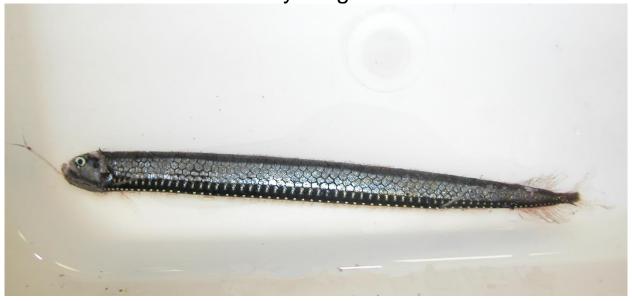
Common name: oceanic lightfish



Family: Stomiidae

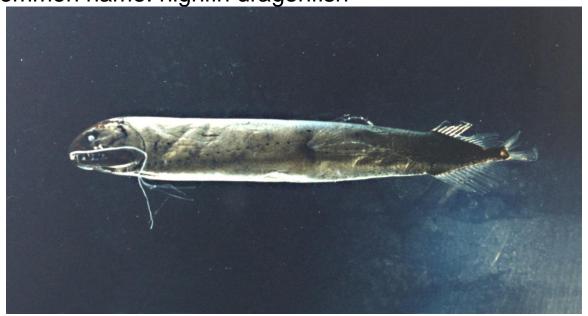
Species name: Stomias atriventer

Common name: black-belly dragonfish



Family: Stomiidae

Species name: *Bathophilus flemingi* Common name: highfin dragonfish



Family: Stomiidae

Species name: *Tactostoma macropus* Common name: longfin dragonfish



Family: Stomiidae

Species name: *Malacosteus niger* Common name: stoplight loosejaw



Family: Stomiidae

Species name: Idiacanthus antrostomus

Common name: Pacific blackdragon



Family: Paralepididae

Species name: Lestidiops ringens
Common name: slender barracudina



Family: Synodontidae

Species name: Synodus lucioceps

Common name: California lizardfish (juvenile)



Family: Myctophidae

Species name: Diaphus theta

Common name: California headlightfish



Family: Myctophidae

Species name: Lampadena urophaos Common name: sunbeam lampfish



Family: Myctophidae

Species name: Stenobrachius leucopsarus

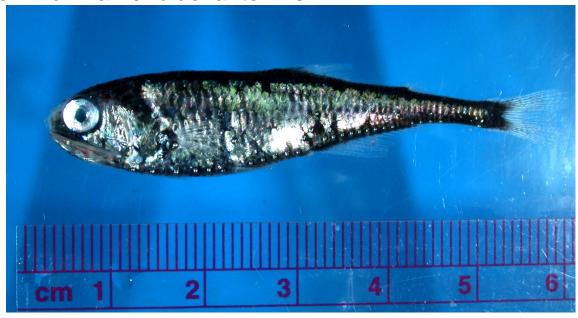
Common name: northern lampfish



Family: Myctophidae

Species name: Tarletonbeania crenularis

Common name: blue lanternfish



Family: Myctophidae

Species name: *Nannobrachium ritteri* Common name: broadfin lampfish



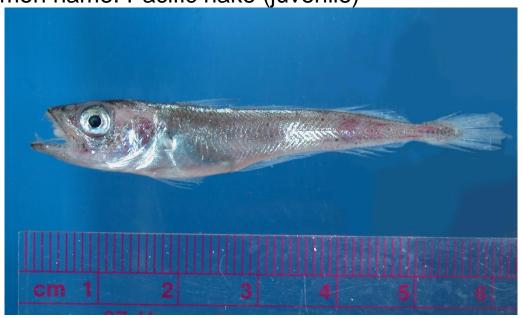
Family: Batrachoididae

Species name: *Porichthys notatus*Common name: plainfin midshipman



Family: Merlucciidae

Species name: *Merluccius productus*Common name: Pacific hake (juvenile)



Family: Merlucciidae

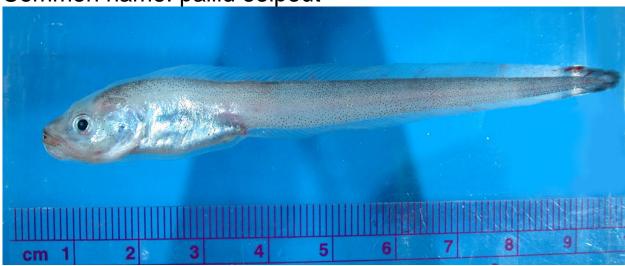
Species name: *Merluccius productus* Common name: Pacific hake (adult)



Family: Zoarcidae

Species name: Lycodapus mandibularis

Common name: pallid eelpout



Family: Trachipteridae

Species name: *Trachipterus altivelis* Common name: king-of-the-salmon



Family: Gasterosteidae

Species name: *Gasterosteus aculeatus*Common name: three-spined stickleback



Family: Scorpaenidae

Species name: Sebastes auriculatus

Common name: brown rockfish (juvenile)



Species name: Sebastes caurinus - carnatus/chrysomelas Common name: copper - gopher/black and yellow rockfish

(juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

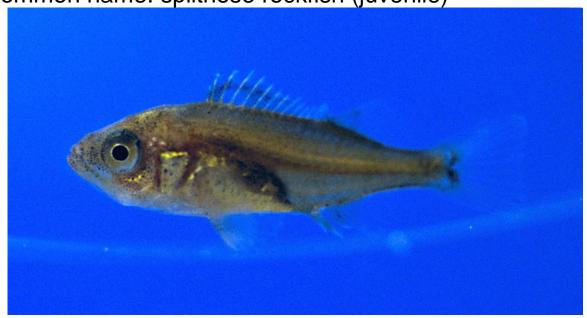
Species name: Sebastes crameri

Common name: darkblotched rockfish (juvenile)



Species name: Sebastes diploproa

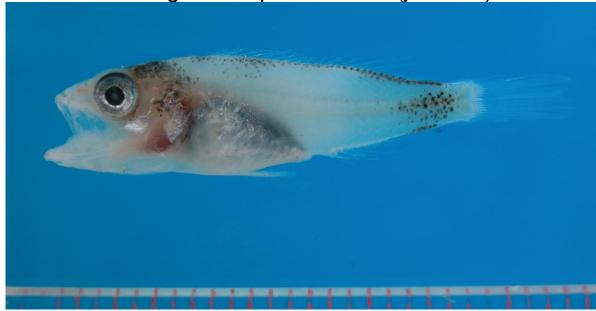
Common name: splitnose rockfish (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

Species name: Sebastes elongatus

Common name: greenstriped rockfish (juvenile)



Species name: Sebastes entomelas

Common name: widow rockfish (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

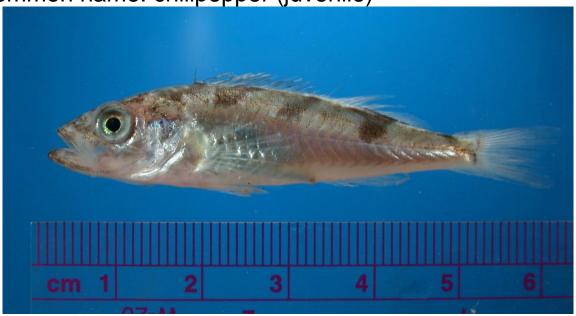
Species name: Sebastes flavidus

Common name: yellowtail rockfish (juvenile)



Species name: Sebastes goodei

Common name: chilipepper (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

Species name: Sebastes hopkinsi

Common name: squarespot rockfish (juvenile)



Species name: Sebastes jordani

Common name: shortbelly rockfish (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

Species name: Sebastes levis

Common name: cowcod (juvenile)



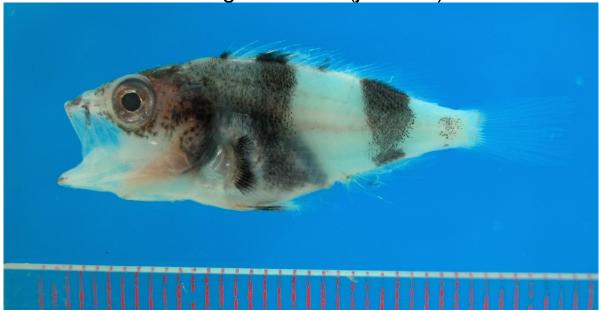
Species name: Sebastes melanops

Common name: black rockfish (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

Species name: Sebastes melanostomus Common name: blackgill rockfish (juvenile)



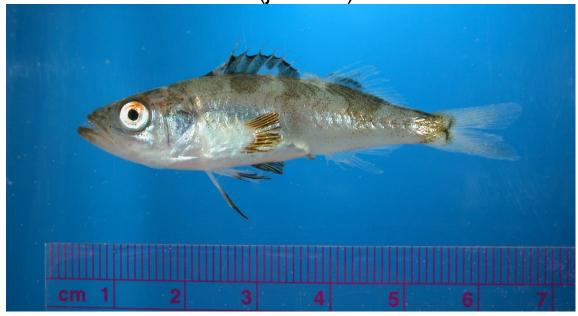
Species name: Sebastes mystinus

Common name: blue rockfish (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

Species name: Sebastes paucispinis Common name: bocaccio (juvenile)



Species name: Sebastes pinniger

Common name: canary rockfish (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

Species name: Sebastes rastrelliger

Common name: grass rockfish (juvenile)



Species name: Sebastes rufus

Common name: bank rockfish (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

Species name: Sebastes saxicola

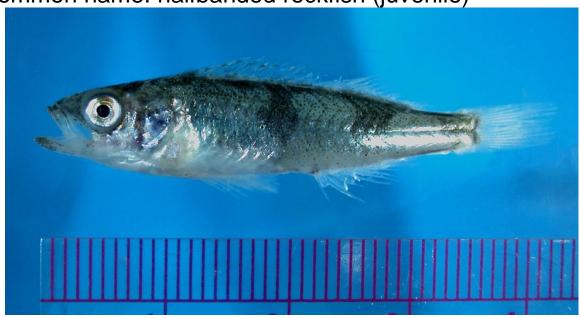
Common name: stripetail rockfish (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

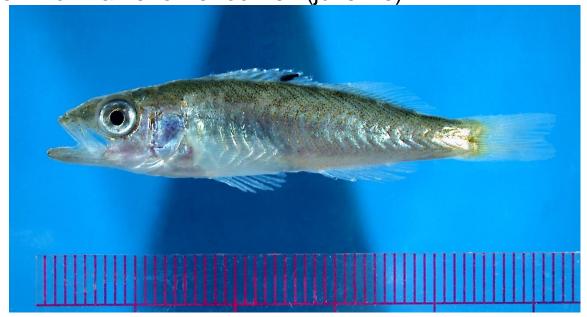
Species name: Sebastes semicinctus

Common name: halfbanded rockfish (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

Species name: Sebastes serranoides Common name: olive rockfish (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

Species name: Sebastes wilsoni

Common name: pygmy rockfish (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

Species name: Sebastes zacentrus

Common name: sharpchin rockfish (juvenile)



Family: Scorpaenidae

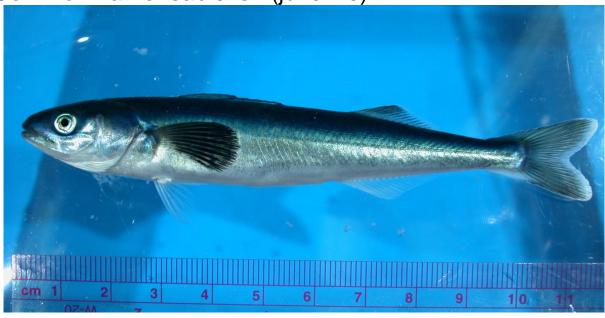
Species name: Sebastomus subgenera

Common name: rosy rockfish group (juvenile)



Family: Anoplopomatidae

Species name: *Anoplopoma fimbria* Common name: sablefish (juvenile)



Family: Hexagrammidae

Species name: Zaniolepis frenata

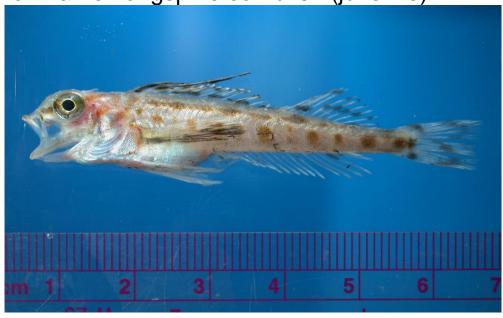
Common name: shortspine combfish (juvenile)



Family: Hexagrammidae

Species name: Zaniolepis latipinnis

Common name: longspine combfish (juvenile)



Family: Hexagrammidae

Species name: Oxylebius pictus

Common name: painted greenling (juvenile)



Family: Hexagrammidae

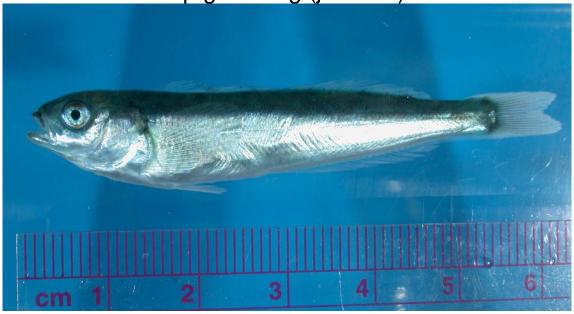
Species name: *Ophiodon elongatus* Common name: lingcod (juvenile)



Family: Hexagrammidae

Species name: Hexagrammos decagrammus

Common name: kelp greenling (juvenile)



Family: Cottidae

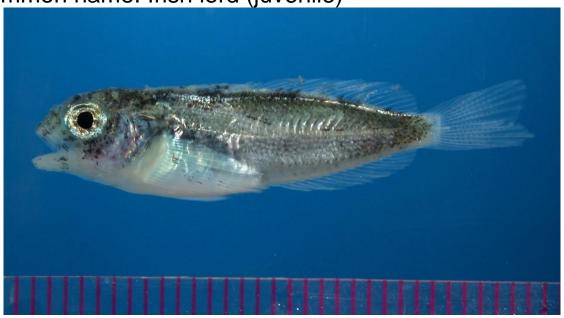
Species name: Scorpaenichthys marmoratus

Common name: cabezon (juvenile)



Family: Cottidae

Species name: *Hemilepidotus* spp. Common name: Irish lord (juvenile)



Family: Cottidae

Species name: Unidentified

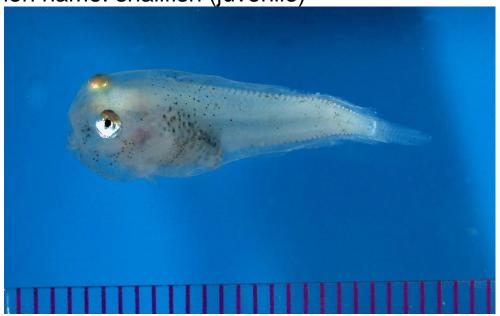
Common name: sculpin (juvenile)



Family: Liparidae

Species name: Liparis spp.

Common name: snailfish (juvenile)



Family: Carangidae

Species name: *Trachurus symmetricus* Common name: jack mackerel (juvenile)



Family: Anarhichadidae

Species name: Anarrhichthys ocellatus

Common name: wolf-eel (juvenile)



Family: Icosteidae

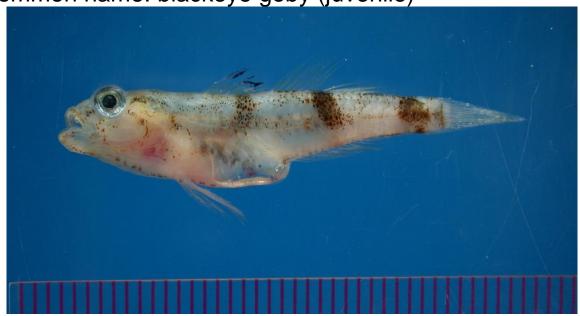
Species name: Icosteus aenigmaticus

Common name: ragfish (juvenile)



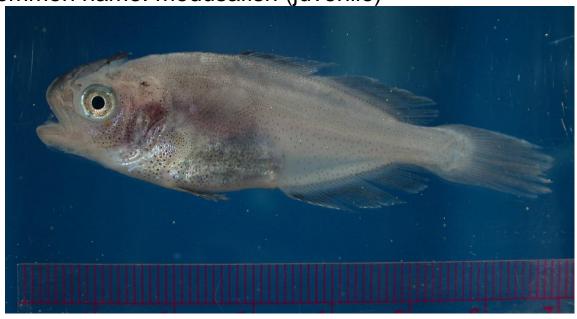
Family: Gobiidae

Species name: Rhinogobiops nicholsii Common name: blackeye goby (juvenile)



Family: Centrolophidae

Species name: *Icichthys lockingtoni* Common name: medusafish (juvenile)



Family: Stromateidae

Species name: Peprilus simillimus

Common name: Pacific pompano (juvenile and adult)



Family: Paralichthyidae

Species name: Citharichthys sordidus

Common name: Pacific sanddab (juvenile)



Family: Paralichthyidae

Species name: Citharichthys stigmaeus

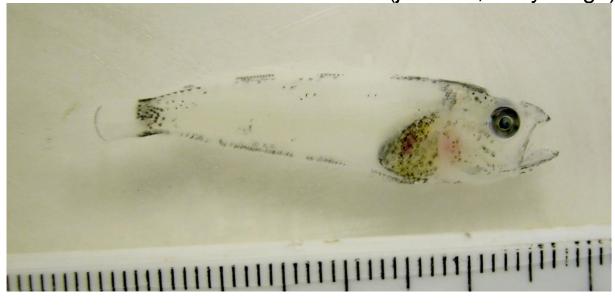
Common name: speckled sanddab (juvenile)



Family: Pleuronectidae

Species name: Atheresthes stomias

Common name: arrowtooth flounder (juvenile, early-stage)



Species name: Atheresthes stomias

Common name: arrowtooth flounder (juvenile, late-stage)



Family: Pleuronectidae

Species name: Glyptocephalus zachirus

Common name: rex sole (juvenile, early-stage)



Species name: Microstomus pacificus

Common name: Dover sole (juvenile, early-stage)



Family: Pleuronectidae

Species name: Microstomus pacificus

Common name: Dover sole (juvenile, late-stage)



Species name: Platichthys stellatus

Common name: starry flounder (juvenile)



Family: Pleuronectidae

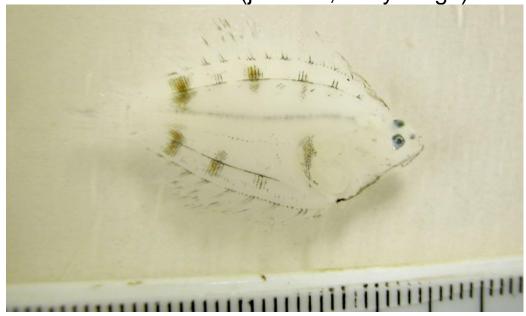
Species name: Pleuronichthys decurrens

Common name: curlfin sole (juvenile)



Species name: Psettichthys melanostictus

Common name: sand sole (juvenile, early-stage)



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BY COMMON NAME

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(March 2013)

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 (June 2013)
- 513 Sample size recommendations for estimating stock composition using genetic stock identification (GSI). ALLEN, S. D., W. H. SATTERTHWAITE, and M. S. MOHR (June 2013)
- 514 Sources of human-related injury and mortality for U. S. Pacific west coast marine mammal stock assessments, 2007-2011. CARRETTA, J. V., S. M. WILKIN, M. M. MUTO, K. WILKINSON (July 2013)