

# Tropical Fish Society of Rhode Island Breeders Awards Program

Revised November 7, 2011

# **Purpose:**

The Breeders Award Program, hereafter referred to as BAP, recognizes outstanding achievements in the breeding of aquarium fish. It also encourages the distributing of aquarium fish, sharing of breeding techniques, and participation by club members.

The BAP Committee: The President shall appoint The BAP Chair, and the BAP Chair shall appoint members to the BAP committee if and when needed.

Function of the BAP Chair & Committee: To oversee and enforce all rules and regulations governing the BAP, awarding points to qualifying members, maintaining records and presenting awards. The BAP rules and regulations shall be reviewed and revised when necessary.

# **Points:**

All fish are divided into four classes; Class A is worth 5 points, Class B is worth 10 points, Class C is worth 15 points, and Class D is worth 20 points.

### **Rules:**

Classes A, B, & C: The aquarist must spawn, then raise at least 6 fry to at least 30 days of age (see BAP Chair if your fish normally has less than 6 fry). Points can only be earned by auctioning off a minimum of six fry at a monthly meeting or a TFSRI auction. The proceeds of the sale of these fry go entirely to TFSRI.

**Class D:** In addition to the requirements of classes A, B, & C, the aquarist must write an article for the Tankquilizer detailing the spawning procedure and submit it to the editor within 30 days of

the auction **or** complete and submit a spawning outline to the BAP chair within 30 days. If neither is submitted within the time period, the aquarist will not be awarded the 20 points. An additional 5 points is awarded upon submission of the article or spawning outline. If the article or spawning outline is submitted after the 30 day period, the aquarist must then resubmit the fry for auction. Articles for second, third, or fourth generation Class D spawns are not required.

# **Additional Criteria:**

- 1.) The aquarist must be a member in good standing of TFSRI in order to participate in the BAP.
- 2.) It is the responsibility of the aquarist to see that BAP points are recorded by giving all the necessary information to the chairman of the BAP at the time the fish is presented for the auction. BAP paperwork must accompany the fry to be auctioned to have points awarded.
- 3.) Second generation spawns, in any class, will be awarded the normal class points plus 5 additional points. An aquarist may then submit third generation spawns, and fourth generation spawns. Each of the four generation spawns must utilize fish that have been raised from the previous spawn.
- 4.) The first time that a species is turned in to the BAP, an additional 5 points will be awarded. Other aquarists will have a 1 month grace period, if they spawn the same species, to collect the first time species spawn points.
- 5.) No points will be awarded for hybrids, nor does TFSRI accept them as donations to any TFSRI auction. No deformed fish will be accepted for

- points or auction. Albinos, fish selectively bred for color, body form or finnage, and transgenic fish are accepted.
- 6.) Ten points will be awarded for breeding articles (other than those required for Class D) submitted to the editor of the Tankquilizer if the article is at least 300 words long. Completed spawning outlines using the attached form will be awarded 5 points. Comedy or storytelling articles are not eligible for BAP points.
- 7.) Fish that are part of the Rare Fish Breeding Program will be awarded the normal class points plus an additional 5 points at the successful completion of the breeding requirements.
- 8.) Points are only awarded once to each breeder for each species except as follows:
  - A.) Uniquely maintained color varieties
  - B.) Uniquely maintained shape varieties
  - C.) Uniquely maintained wild populations
  - D.) Second generation points
  - E.) Third generation points
  - F.) Fourth generation points
- In the cases of A, B & C, points will be awarded for a maximum of 3 varieties per species per calendar year. Wild populations must have collection information included with the fry.
- D, E & F earn the normal class points plus 5 additional points.
- Second generation spawns in Class D are not considered to be two Class D fish. You need to spawn completely different species of fish in order to be eligible for the advanced awards.

# **Additional Criteria:**

- 1.) Thirty days old means 30 days after hatching for egg layers. Thirty days old for mouthbrooders is after normal release.
- 2.) Aquarists are encouraged to submit any fish that they feel should be reclassified to the BAP Chair.
- 3.) Bags of fry submitted for auction must be clearly labeled with the aquarist's name, scientific name of the fish, and common name where applicable. Other information relevant to the point value ie. first time spawned, second generation, etc. should also be included on the label.

#### **Achievement Awards:**

- **Breeder: 25 points** earned by breeding fish from any class or classes.
- **Senior Breeder: 50 points** must be earned by breeding fish from at least two classes.
- **Advanced Breeder: 100 points** must be earned by breeding from at least three classes.
- Expert Beeder: 300 points must be earned by breeding at least three species of fish from classes A, B & C, one from class D, and must include at least two second generation spawnings from any class or classes.
- Superior Breeder: 700 points must be earned by breeding at least three species of fish from classes A, B, & C, at least two species of fish from Class D, and must include at least four generation spawnings from any class or classes.
- **Jacques Brousseau Award:** 1100 points earned by meeting all other criteria plus, one first time species spawn, plus a third Class D fish.
- George Mundy Award: 1700 points additional points can be earned from any class. A plaque will be awarded to the recipient upon earning these 1700 points. This plaque will have provisions for four additional achievement awards in increments of 200 points. These achievement awards will be for each additional 200 points earned by the aquarist.
- Certificates will be awarded at the completion of the breeding requirements. Plaques will be awarded at opportune times.
- Most Difficult Fish: This award will be presented to the aquarist who has bred the most difficult BAP fish during the past year. Nominations will be made at the November TFSRI meeting. The recipient will be chosen by ballot vote by a majority vote of the TFSRI members present at this meeting.
- Breeder of the Year: This award is presented to the aquarist who earns the most points in the BAP program each calendar year.

AMENDMENTS: The BAP committee may make changes to these rules, as they deem necessary, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors. Changes will be published to TFSRI members.

# **B.A.P. POINT LIST**

# Anabantoids

Class A: None

Class B:

Betta splendens (aquarium strain only)

Macropodus spp.

Paraophromenus dayii

Pseudophromenus spp.

Class C:

All species not listed elsewhere

Anabas

**Belontia** 

Betta: all species not listed in Classes A or D

Colisa Trichopsis

Trichogaster: all species not in class D

Class D

Betta albimarginata, brownorum, coccina, foershi,

livida, macrostoma

Ctenopoma

Ctenops

Helostoma

Luciocephalus

Microctenopoma

Osphromenus

Parasphaerichthys

Parosphromenus, except P. dayii

Sandelia

**Sphaerichthys** 

Trichogaster microlepsis (Moonlight Gourami),

Trichogaster pectoralis (Snakeskin Gourami)

Catfish

Class A: None

Class B:

Corydoras aeneus, paleatus

Class C:

Ancistrus (Common bristlenose only - all others

assigned on a case by case basis)

Corydoras (All species not listed elsewhere)

Hoplosternum

Megalechis

Class D: All other catfish

# Characins

Class A: none

# Class B:

Nematobrycon palmeri

### Class C:

Alestes Alestopeteruis Apareodon *Aphyocharax* Arnoldichthys Astvanax Axelrodi Boehlkea **Bryconamericus** Bryconella Copella Gymocorymbus *Inpanichthys kerri* Hemigrammus Metynnis Moehkhausia Nannobrycon Nannostomus Pettella georigae Pristella Pyrrhulina Roeboides Thayeria **Triportheus** 

# Class D

All species not listed elsewhere

Abramites Anostomus Apareiodon Boulengerella Carnegiella Brycon

Catoprion Corynopoma riisei Chalceus Characidium Charax Citharinus

Colossoma (Pacu) Crenuchus spilurus

Ctenolucius Distichodus Exodon paradoxus Gastropelecus Hemiodus Hemiodopsis

**Hoplias** Hydrolycus (Tigerfish)

Hyphessobrycon Leporinus Micralestes *Mimagoniates* Nannocharax Myleus Paracheirodon Neolebias Phenacogrammus *Poeciliocharax* **Prochilodus** Semaprochilodus Serrasalmus Thoracocharax

# Cichlids, New World

Class A: None

#### Class B:

Archocentrus nigrofasciatum (Convict Cichlid) *Herichthys cyanoguttatus* (Texas Cichlid)

### Class C:

All species not listed elsewhere

Acarichthys (Guianacara)

Aequidens

Amphilophus: all species not in Class D Apistogramma: all species not in Class D

Herichthys Heros Laetacara

Microgeophagus / Papiliochromis

Nanacara

Nandopsis bartoni, grammoides, labridens,

octofasciatum, salvini, steindacharni, tetracanthus,

urophthalmas

Pterophyllum scalare (Angelfish)

Theraps breidohri, coeruleus, godmani, guttulatum, hartwegi, intermedium, irregulare, lentiginosus, melanurum, nicaraguensi, regain, seiboldii,

synspilus **Thorichthys** 

#### Class D:

Amphilophus atromaculatum, labiatum Apistogramma diplotaenia, elizabethae

Astronotus Biotodoma Biotoecus Cichla Crenicara Crenicichla Dicrossus Geophagus

Gymnogeophagus Hypselacara

Nandopsis: except those in class C Pterophyllum (all except P. scalare)

Satanoperca

Symphysodon (Discus)

Taeniacara

Theraps: except those in class C

Uaru

# Cichlids, Old World, Non Rift Lake

#### Class A: None

# Class B:

Oreochromis

### Class C:

Anomalochromis Astatotilapia Benitochromis

Chetia

Chromidotilapia Ctenochromis Cyclopharynx Divandu Gobiocichla Hemichromis

Konia

Limbochromis

Myaka

Nannochromis
Orthochromis
Paranannochromis
Pelvicachromis
Pelmatochromis
Pharyngochromis
Pseudocrenilabrus

Pungu

Sarotherodon Steatocranus Thysochromis Tilapia

## Class D:

Chilochromis

Etia Etroplus Heterochromis

Lamprologus all riverine spp. (congoensis,

lethops, mocquardi, symoensi, werneri, etc.)

Pterochromis Schwetzochromis Serranochromis Stomatepia Telogramma

Thoracochromis

**Tylochromis** 

# Cichlids, Rift Lake

# Class A: None

# Class B:

All species not listed otherwise *Aulonocara* (Peacocks) except those in class C

# Class C:

Altolamprologus Aulonocara rostratum Aulonocranus dewindti

Bathybates Buccochromis Callochromis Chalinochromis

Cyphotilapia frontosa, except those in class D

Cyprichromis Dimidiochromis

**Ectodus** 

Lamprologus: (except L. nigriventris)

Limnochromis Mylochromis Neolamprologus Ramphlochromis

#### Class D:

Benthochromis Boulengerochromis Cyathopheraynx

Cyphotilapia frontosa (Blue Zaire & Seven Stripe)

Champsochromis Cunningtonia Eretomodus Haplotaxodon

Lamprologus nigriventris Lepidiolamprologus Opthalmotilapia Petrochromis Simochromis Spathodus

Tangachromis Tropheus Xenotilapia

# Cyprinids (Barbs, Minnows & Loaches)

Class A: None

Class B:

All species not listed otherwise

Barbus

Brachydanio

Capoeta (Except those in Class C")

Chela

Danio

Pimephales promelas (Fathead Minnow)

Puntius

**Tanichthys** 

Class C:

Barbodes

Capoeta hulstaerti, puckelli

Carassius auratus (Goldfish)

Celestichthys (Danio) margaritatus

Notemigonus crysoleucas (Golden Shiner)

Notropis (Shiners)

Umbra (Mud Minnows)

Zacco

Class D:

All Loaches:

Acanthopthalmus

Barbatula

Botia

Cobitis

Homaloptera

Lepidocephalus

Misgurnus

Nemacheilus

Pangio

All "Sharks":

Balantiocheilos melanopterus (Tri-color Shark)

**Epalzeorhynchus** 

Labeo

Leptobarbus

Luciosoma (Apollo Shark)

*Morulius chrysophekadion* (Black Shark)

Acanthorhodeus (Bitterlings)

Boras

Catostomidae: Suckers

Crossocheilus

Cyprinus carpio (Common Carp, Koi)

Danionella spp.

Epalzeorhynchus (Flying Fox)

Garra

Gyrinocheilus (Chinese Algae Eater)

Leuciscus

Osteochilus hasselti, O. vittatus (Barbs)

Microrasbora spp. Phoxinus (Dace)

Rasbora

Rhinichthys (Dace)

Rhodeus (Bitterlings)

Rutilus

Semotilus (Chubs)

Umbra hubbsi (Olympic Mud Minnow

#### Killifish

Class A: None

Class B:

Any annual killifish eggs that require three (3) months or less incubation, except where noted

All species not listed otherwise

Aphyosemion australe, striatum

*Aphyosemion*: All *Chromaphyosemion* sp. complex

Aplocheilus dayii, lineatus, panchax

Cyprinodon variegatus (Sheepshead Minnow)

Epiplatys: All species not listed elsewhere

Fundulopanchax: cinnamomeum gardneri, gularis, miriabilis,puerlzi, scheeli, sjoestedti Dwarf Red,

walkeri

Jordanella floridae (American Flag Fish)

Leptolucania ommata (Pygmy Killifish)

Lucania goodei, parva

Nothobranchius albimarginatus, annectens, eggersi, elongatus, flammicomantis, foerschi, guentheri, interruptus, jubbi, korthausae, melanospilus, palmqvisti, patrizii, robustus, rubripinnis, vosseleri

Oryzias

**Pachypanchax** 

Rivulus: All except those in Classes C & D

**South American Annuals:** 

Austrolebias

Nematolebias

Simpsonichthys boitonei, constanciae, izecksohni, marginatus, myersi, parallelus, santanae, zonatus

Class C:

Aplocheilus blockii, kirchmayeri, parvus

Epiplatys annnulatus

Fundulopanchax: amieti, arnoldi,, fallax,

filamentosus, sjoestedti (Except dwarf red),

sporenbergi

**Fundulus** 

Nothobranchius: all not otherwise listed

**Profundulus** 

Rivulus marmoratus

**Lampeyes** except those in Class D

Aplocheilichthys spilauchen Lacustricola Plataplochilus Poropanchax Procatopus Rhexipanchax **Pupfish**: except for those in Class B including:

Aphanius Cualac Cubanichthys Cyprinodon Floridichthys Garmanella

Megupsilon

**South American Annuals:** 

Aphyolebias Astrofundulus Cynopoecilus Micromoema Pterolebias Rachovia

Renova

Class D:

Any annual killifish eggs that require four (4) months or more incubation, except where noted.

Aphyosemion: Diapteron Complex

Aphyoplatys Callopanchax Congopanchax

Fundulopanchax: avichang, batesii, ndianus,

robertsoni, rubrolabialis

Hypsopanchax Hylopanchax Pantanodon

Lamprichthys tanganicanus

Nothobranchius bojiensis, brieni, fasciatus, furzeri, luekei, microlepis, neumanni, nubaensis, ocellatus, rachovii, rubroreticulatus, virgatus

Rivulus xiphidius

**South American Annuals** 

Campellolebias Cynolebias Gnatholebias

Leptolebias Maratecoara

Megalebias

Моета

Neofundulus Papilolebias

Pituna

Plesiolebias

Simpsonichthys: all not in Class B

Spectrolebias Stenolebias

Terranatos dolichopterus

**Trigonectes** 

# Livebearers

#### Class A:

Ameca splendens Girardinus falcatus

Heterandia formosa

Poecillia reticulata

Xiphophorus helleri, maculatus, variatus

All domestic strains of mollies, platys and swordtails

# Class B:

Alfaro cultratus (Knife Livebearer)

Gambusia affinis, holbrooki

Girardius metallicus

Limia species not otherwise listed

**Phallichthys** 

**Phalloceros** 

Poecilia sp. not otherwise listed

Xiphophorus couchianus, evelynae, nexahualcoyotl, xiphidium.

All species not otherwise listed

## Class C:

Belonesox belizanus (Pike Top Minnow)

Brachyrhaphis

Carlhubbsia

Dermongenys pusillus (Wrestling Halfbeak)

Girardinus species not otherwise listed

Jenvnsidae

Limia nigrofasciata, sulphorophila

Micropoecilia

Neoheterandria lelgans

Priapella

Scolichthys

Xiphophorus alvarezi, andersi, birchmanni,

clemenciae, continens, cortezi, malinche, meyeri, milleri, monticolus, montezumae, multilineatus, nigrensis, pygmaeus, signum

All remaining livebearing Halfbeaks

All goodeids (except *Ameca splendens*)

# Class D:

Anableps anableps (Four Eyes)

Hemiramphidae: Halfbeaks

# Rainbows

# Class A: none

# Class B:

Bedotia ankavia, geayi, madagascariensis Melanotaenia

# Class C:

Bedotia species not otherwise listed

Cairnsichthys rhomosomoides

Chilatherina

Glossolepis

Kiunga

Pseudomugil: except cyanodorsalis & mellis

Rhadinocentrus ornatus

Scaturiginichthys vermeilipinnis

Telmatherina ladigesi

#### Class D:

Iriatherina werneri (Threadfin Rainbow) Pseudomugil cyanodorsalis, mellis

# All Other Fish

Class A: None

Class B: None

# Class C:

Badis spp.

Elassoma spp. (Pygmy Sunfish)

Enneacanthus obesus (Banded Sunfish)

Gasterosteidae: Sticklebacks

*Hiodon alosoides, H. tergisus* (Moon-Eyes) Any species not listed in any other category

# Class D:

Any species known to be extinct in nature

All saltwater fish

All elasmobranchs: Skates, Rays, Stingrays, Sharks

All gobies & gudgeons including:

Allomogurnda

Brachygobius (Bumblebee Gobies) Chlamydogobius (Desert Gobies)

Eleotridae: Sleepers

Gobius

Hypseleotris

Mogurnda

Ophiocara

Taterundinia ocellicauda

Centrarchidae: including: Acantharchus

Ambloplites Archoplites

Enneacanthus (except E. obesus)

Lepomis (Sunfishes)
Micropterus (Basses)

Pomoxis (Crappies)

Darters: all species including:

Etheostoma, Percina

Amblyopidae: Cavefishes Aphredoderidae: Pirate Perch

Amiidae: Bowfin Atherinidae: silversides Belonidae: Needlefishes

Cottidae: Sculpins: Cottus & Myxocephalus

Dario dario (Scarlet Badis) Embiotocidae: Surfperches Esocidae: pikes & pickerels

Goodeidae: All egglaving Goodeidae

Gymnotidae

Hiodontidae: Mooneyes

Hypentelium: Sp. All (Hog Suckers)

Lepisosteidae: Gars

Momyridae (Elephantnoses) Moronidae: Temperate Basses

Mugilidae: Mullets

Osteoglossum: (Arowanas)

Pantodon (African Butterfly Fish)

Percidae: (Ammocrypta, Crystellaria, Percina, Perca,

Sander)

Petromyzonidae: Lampreys Percopsidae: Trout Perches

Salmonidae: Trouts, Salmons, and Whitefishes

Sciaenidae: Drums

Synbranchidae: Swamp Eels

Sygnathidae: Pipefishes and Seahorses

Characteristics used for the allocation of points are as follows: difficulty in obtaining species, special tank or water needs, difficulty in maintaining the fish, difficulty in raising the fry, history of previous spawns, food requirements, etc.

# References:

Lamboj, A. (2004) The Cichlid Fishes of West Africa. Birgit Schmettkamp Verlag, Bornheim, Germany. 255 pp.

# **Invertebrates**

Invertebrates commonly used as food organisms are not eligible for BAP points including but not limited to : all worms, Cladocera (*Daphnia*, *Ceriodaphnia*, etc), Copepods, Insects.

Invertebrates commonly considered to be pests are also not eligible for BAP points including Hydra, Aiptasia, Planaria, Pond Snails (Physa, etc.)

Class A. Freshwater invertebrates with direct development (no planktonic stage).

Caradinia sp. (Cherry shrimp) Ramshorn snails (*Planorbis*, etc)

Class B

Semi-aggressive invertebrates with direct development (ie. most crayfish)

Class C. Freshwater invertebrates with indirect development (Planktonic stage). Highly aggressive organisms with direct development (*Cherax* crayfish)

# Class D

All marine invertebrates, freshwater invertebrates with planktonic larvae requiring marine or brackish environments including:

Amano Shrimp All Corals Nerites