Hedysarum flexuosum			NT
Taxonomic Authority: L.			
🗹 Global Assessment 🔲 Regional Assessment	Region:	Global	Endemic to region
Upper Level Taxonomy			
Kingdom: PLANTAE	Phylum:	TRACHEOPHYTA	
Class: MAGNOLIOPSIDA	Order:	FABALES	
Family: LEGUMINOSAE			
Lower Level Taxonomy			
Rank:	Infra- ran	k name:	Plant Hybrid
Subpopulation:	Authority	:	
General Information			
Distribution			
Hedysarum flexuosum is found in Algeria, Morocco, Portug taxon has experience a decline in northern African. There s restricted to 'small, isolated pockets in Morocco and Algeria	suggest that H		
	-		Discussion while Dealer

Range Size	Elevation	Biogeographic Realm
Area of Occupancy: Extent of Occurrence:	Upper limit: Lower limit:	<ul><li>Afrotropical</li><li>Antarctic</li></ul>
Map Status:	<u>Depth</u> Upper limit: Lower limit:	<ul><li>Australasian</li><li>Neotropical</li><li>Oceanian</li></ul>
	Depth Zones         Shallow photic       Bathyl       Hadal         Photic       Abyssal	<ul><li>Palearctic</li><li>Indomalayan</li><li>Nearctic</li></ul>

## Population

There is no specific information relating to the population size of this taxon, however the taxon is considered to be in decline in northern Africa.

Total Population Size		
Minimum Population Size:	Maximum Population Size:	
Habitat and Ecology		
H. flexuosum is often found on clay	v soils, in Mediterranean bushland, thicket and gr	asslands.
System	Movement pattern	Crop Wild Relative

✓ Terrestrial	Freshwater	Nomadic	Congregatory/Dispersive	☐ Is the species a wild relative of a crop?
	Marine	Migratory	Altitudinally migrant	

Growth From	Definition
Annual	An annual plant, also termed a Therophyte
Forb or Herb	Biennial or perennial herbacaeous plant, also termed a Hemicryptophyte

#### **Threats**

The areas where H. flexuosum occurs have been heavily influenced by human activities including urban development, agriculture, quarrying and other industries including tourism. Plasticulture is leading to habitat loss in southern Spain. These anthropogenic activities have lead to habitat loss and fragmentation. Intense drought associated with climatic changes poses a threat to Mediterranean thickets and bush land. According to Kamotho et al. (2008) the dry African grassland habitat is under increasing pressure from anthropogenic activities. In particular grazing, cultivation and to an extent urbanization is leading to genetic erosion.

1 Habitat Loss/Degradation (human induced) 1.1 Agriculture 1.1.1 Crops	র হ	
	 $\checkmark$	
1.1.1 Crops		
	$\checkmark$	
1.1.4 Livestock	$\checkmark$	
1.4 Infrastructure development	$\checkmark$	
1.4.2 Human settlement	$\checkmark$	
13 None	$\checkmark$	

#### **Conservation Measures**

There are no conservation measures that specifically relate to H. flexuosum, however it is known to occur in Los Alcornocales Natural Park in Spain. Seeds have yet to be collected as a method of ex-situ conservation.

	In Place	Needed
3 Research actions		$\checkmark$
3.2 Population numbers and range		$\checkmark$
3.4 Habitat status		$\checkmark$
3.5 Threats		$\checkmark$
3.6 Uses and harvest levels		$\checkmark$
3.8 Conservation measures		$\checkmark$
3.9 Trends/Monitoring		$\checkmark$
4 Habitat and site-based actions	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
4.4 Protected areas	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
4.4.1 Identification of new protected areas	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
4.4.3 Management	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
5 Species-based actions		$\checkmark$
5.7 Ex situ conservation actions		$\checkmark$
5.7.2 Genome resource bank		$\checkmark$

### **Countries of Occurrence**

		PRESENCE					(	ORIGIN	1			
	Year Round	Breeding Season only	Non- breeding season onl	migrant		Extinct	Presence uncertain	Native	Introduced Ir	Re- ntroduc	Vagrant ced	Origin uncertain
Algeria	$\checkmark$							$\checkmark$				
Morocco	$\checkmark$							$\checkmark$				
Portugal	$\checkmark$							$\checkmark$				
Spain Tunisia	<u>র</u> ব							$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$				

General Habitats	<u>Score</u>	<b>Description</b>	<u>Major</u> Importance
3 Shrubland	1	Suitable	Unset
3.8 Shrubland - Mediterranean-type Shrubby Vegetation	1	Suitable	Unset
4 Grassland	1	Suitable	Unset
4.4 Grassland - Temperate	1	Suitable	Unset

### **Species Utilisation**

Species is not utilised at all

Trend in the level of wild offtake/harvest in relation to total wild population numbers over the last five years:

Trend in the amount of offtake	- /l	and a state of the set	
I rend in the amount of ottrake	e/narvest produced throu	ian acmestication/cilitivation	n over the last tive vears.
		3411 40111634644011/ 6414744601	

CITES status: Not listed

# **IUCN Red Listing**

Red List Assessment:	(using 2001 IUCN system)	Near Threatened (NT)

Red List Criteria:

Date Last Seen (only for EX, EW or Possibly EX species):

Is the species Possibly Extinct?		Possibly Extinct Candidate?	
----------------------------------	--	-----------------------------	--

### Rationale for the Red List Assessment

H. flexuosum is relatively widespread along the Mediterranean coast in southern Spain and Portugal, but apparently diminished in northern Africa. The taxon is known to be subject to a anthropogenic pressure as a result of grazing, crop cultivation and urbanisation. The taxon does not qualify for a threatened category under criterion B, however due to the known decline in population size and stability in northern Africa this taxon is listed as Near Threatened. More research is require to probably assess the size of the sub populations of this taxon and the relative stability of the populations in Spain and Portugal.

Reason(s) for Change in Red List Category from the Previous Assessment:

Genuine Change	Nongenuine Change	No Change
<ul><li>☐ Genuine (recent)</li><li>☐ Genuine (since first assessment)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>New information</li> <li>Knowledge of Criteria</li> <li>Incorrect data used previously</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Taxonomy</li> <li>Criteria Revisio</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Same category and criteria</li> <li>Same category but change in criteria</li> </ul>
Current Population Trend: Decreasing Name(s) of the Assessor(s): Groom, A. Evaluator(s): Notes:		Date of Assessment: 23/06/2010
% population decline in the past:		
Time period over which the past decline l applying Criterion A or C1 (in years or ge		
% population decline in the future:		
Time period over which the future decline applying Criterion A or C1 (in years or ge		

Severely Fragmented:

### **Bibliography**

Berrahmouni, N. and Regato, P., 2001, Mediterranean woodlands and forests23/06/2010, , ,

Chennaoui, H.; Marghali,S.; Marrakchi, M. & Trifi-Farah, N., 2007, Phylogenetic relationships in the North African genus Hedysarum as inferred from ITS sequences of nuclear ribosomal DNA, Biomedical and Life Sciences2, 389-397, ,

International Legume Database & Information Service, 2005, Hedysarum flexuosum23/06/2010, , ,

Kamotho, S; Strahm, W.; Wolfangel, C., 2008, The nature of drylands: Diverse ecosystems, diverse solutions, , IUCN International Union for Conservation of Nature); Eastern and Southern Africa Regional Office,

Valdés, B. Rejdali, M.; Achhal El Kadmiri, A.; Jury, J.L. and Montserrat, J.M. (Eds)., 2002, Checklist of Vascular Plants of N Morocco with Identification Keys, , Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas, Madrid