NEW ZEALAND.



TRICESIMO OCTAVO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

[Local and Personal.]

No. I.

ANALYSIS.

Title.

Short Title.

2. Company incorporated, and empowered to sue,

- By-laws.
 Business of the Bank.
- 5. Bank notes may be issued and circulated.6. Bank notes, how dated and payable.7. Branch banks' liability.

- 8. Increase of capital.
 9. Capital and shares to be personalty.
 10. Corporation not bound to notice trusts affecting
- Landed property for Bank purposes.
 Lands may be sold &c. to the Company.

- Amount to which general liabilities to be limited.
 Assayed and unassayed gold and silver deemed bullion.
- bullion.
 15. What deemed public securities.
 16. Discounts &c. to directors and officers.
 17. Dividends out of profits only.
 18. Abstract to be published.
 19. Action for calls.
 20. Transactions before passing of the Act.
 21. Limit of lightifies.

- 21. Limit of liabilities.
- 22. Officers of Bank, although proprietors, may be proceeded against criminally.
- 23. Corporate seal.
- 24. Printed copies of deed of settlement verified by seal of Corporation to be evidence.
- 25. Saving rights.

An Act to Incorporate the Proprietors of a certain Title. Banking Company called "The Colonial Bank of New Zealand," and for other purposes.

[13th August, 1874.]

HEREAS a Joint Stock Banking Company called "The Colonial Preamble. Bank of New Zealand" has been lately established in the Colony of New Zealand, under and subject to rules regulations and provisions contained in a certain deed of settlement bearing date the fifteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, purporting to be a deed of settlement of the said Company: And whereas by the said deed of settlement the several parties thereto have respectively and mutually covenanted and agreed to be and continue (until dissolved under the provisions in that behalf therein contained) a joint stock company or partnership, under the name style and title of "The Colonial Bank of New

Zealand," for the purpose of carrying on the business of bankers, as in the said deed of settlement is more fully set forth: And whereas by the said deed of settlement provision has been made for the due management of the affairs of the said Company by a Board of Directors of the said Company, to be from time to time elected and appointed by the proprietors of the shares of the capital stock of the said Company: And whereas the said Company is desirous of being incorporated, and it is expedient that it should be incorporated accordingly, but subject to the provisions hereinafter contained:

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same,

as follows:—

1. The Short Title of this Act shall be "The Colonial Bank of New Zealand Act, 1874."

2. Such and so many persons as have already become, or at any time or times hereafter shall or may in the manner provided by and subject to the rules regulations and provisions contained in the said deed of settlement become, proprietors of shares of or in the capital for the time being of the said Company, shall, for the purposes aforesaid, but subject nevertheless to the conditions restrictions regulations and provisions hereinafter contained, be one body politic and corporate in name and in deed by the name of "The Colonial Bank of New Zealand," and by that name shall and may sue any person or persons body or bodies politic or corporate, whether a member or members of the said Corporation or not, and may be sued, implead and be impleaded, in all Courts whatsoever, and may prefer lay and prosecute any indictment information and prosecution against any person or persons whomsoever for any stealing embezzlement fraud forgery crime or offence; and in all indictments informations and prosecutions it shall be lawful to state the money and goods effects bills notes securities or other property of the said Company to be the money goods effects bills notes securities or other property of the said Corporation, and to designate the said Company or Corporation by its corporate name, whenever, for the purpose of any allegation of an intent to defraud or otherwise howsoever such designation shall be necessary; and the said Corporation shall have perpetual succession and a common seal, which may be altered varied and changed from time to time at the pleasure of the said Corporation.

3. The several laws rules regulations clauses and agreements contained in the said deed of settlement, or to be made under or by virtue or in pursuance thereof, are and shall be deemed and considered to be, and shall be, the by-laws for the time being of the said Corporation, save and except in so far as any of them are or shall or may be altered varied or repealed by, or shall or may be inconsistent or incompatible with or repugnant to any of the provisions of this Act, or of any of the Laws or Statutes in force in the said colony, subject nevertheless to be, and the same may be, amended altered or repealed, either wholly or in part, in the manner provided in and by the said deed of settlement; but no rule provision or by-laws shall on any account or pretence whatsoever be made by the said Corporation, either under or by virtue of the said deed of settlement or of this Act, in opposition to the general scope or true intent and meaning of the said deed of settlement or of this Act, or of any of the Laws or Statutes in force in

the said colony.

4. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation, subject to all the restrictions and provisions herein contained, to carry on in the Colony of New Zealand all such banking and other business as is specified in the said deed of settlement, but subject to all the restrictions and

Short Title.

Company incorporated, and empowered to sue, &c.

By-laws.

Business of the Bank.

provisions herein contained, and for the purposes of such business to establish such and so many banks branch banks agencies or offices in New Zealand as the said Company shall think fit, and to make loans of money on cash credit accounts promissory notes bills of exchange letters of credit and other securities of the like nature, or on personal security; and it shall be lawful for the said Corporation to deal in money bullion specie precious metal and exchanges of and with all countries, and in notes bills or other securities for money, and generally to transact all such other business as it is or shall or may at any time hereafter be usual or lawful for establishments carrying on banking in all its branches to do or to transact, including therein the dealing in money bullion or specie, precious metals, or in notes or bills, and to establish agencies or connections in relation to the said business in any part of the world, and to give letters of credit on agents and banking connections abroad; but it shall not be lawful for the said Corporation to hold shares in its own stock, nor advance or lend to any shareholder or proprietor of shares in the said Corporation any sum or sums of money on the security of his share or shares, or invest lay out employ advance or embark any part of the capital or funds of the said Corporation in the purchase of lands houses or other real or leasehold property whatsoever (save and except as herein specially provided), nor of any share or shares in the capital stock for the time being of the said Company, nor of any trading or mercantile speculation or business whatsoever not usually considered as falling within the ordinary and legitimate purposes and operations of banking establishments: Provided always that nothing herein contained shall invalidate the lien secured by the deed of settlement to the Company over the shares belonging to any proprietor becoming indebted or coming under engagements to the Company or making default in the fulfilment of any covenants in the said deed of settlement contained, or to prevent the Company from holding the shares forfeited by such default for the purpose of sale as provided in the said deed of settlement: And provided further, that nothing herein contained shall be taken or construed to prevent the said Corporation from taking as collateral security for any advances of money made by the said Corporation, or any money due to the said Corporation, any lands houses runs or stations sheep cattle horses goods merchandise ships, or any other real or personal property, or from taking security by the hypothecation of bills of lading for the payment of any bill or bills of exchange drawn against any shipment of gold wool tallow oil timber or any description of colonial produce, or any other description of merchandise shipped for exportation, either to any port or place beyond the sea or from one port to another within the said colony, or to prevent the Board of Directors of the said Company hereby incorporated from advancing the moneys of the said Company upon any security whatsoever upon which the Board of Directors are authorized or empowered to advance and lend the same under the provisions of the said deed of settlement.

5. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation to make issue and Bank notes may be circulate at or from any city town or place in which they have opened issued and circulated. or established any bank branch bank or agency under or by virtue of this Act or of the said deed of settlement, any bank notes or bills for one pound or five pounds sterling each, or for any greater sum than five pounds sterling each, but not for any fractional part of a pound, and from time to time to re-issue any such notes or bills when and so often as the Corporation shall think fit; but such privilege shall cease in case of the suspension of specie payments on demand for the space of sixty days in succession, or for any number of days at intervals which shall amount altogether to sixty days within any one year, or in

case the said Corporation shall not well and truly maintain abide by perform and observe all and every the rules orders provisions and directions herein contained and set forth, upon which the said Corporation is empowered to open banking establishments or to issue and circulate promissory notes.

Bank notes, how dated and payable.

6. All such notes shall bear date at the city town or place at and from which the same respectively shall be made and issued, and the same respectively shall in all cases be payable in specie to bearer on demand at the place of date and also at the principal banking establishment of the Corporation at Dunedin, and the total amount of the promissory notes payable on demand issued and in circulation within the colony shall not at any one time exceed the amount of the coin bullion and public securities which shall for the time being be held by the said Corporation within the colony, nor shall the proportion of coin be less than one third part of the amount of the coin bullion and public securities so held by the said Corporation within the colony.

7. No branch bank or establishment of the said Corporation, other than and except the principal banking establishment in Dunedin aforesaid, shall be liable to be called upon to pay any notes or bills of the said Corporation other than and except such as have been originally made and issued at and from such particular branch bank or establishment, and except such notes or bills as may be specially drawn upon

or made payable at such branch bank or establishment.

8. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation from time to time to extend or increase their capital for the time being, by the creation allotment and disposal of new shares, in the manner specified and set forth, and subject to the rules regulations and provisions contained in, the said deed of settlement.

9. The capital or joint stock for the time being, and all the funds and property of the said Corporation, and the several shares therein, and the profits and advantages to be derived therefrom, shall be and be deemed personal estate and be transmissible accordingly, subject to the

regulations of the said deed of settlement.

10. The Corporation shall not be bound in any manner by any trusts or equitable interests or demands affecting any shares of the capital standing in the name of any person as the ostensible proprietor thereof, or be required to take any notice of such trusts or equitable interests or demands; but the receipt of the person in whose name the shares shall stand in the books of the Corporation shall, notwithstanding such trusts or equitable interests or demands and notice thereof to the said Corporation, be a good valid and conclusive discharge to the Corporation for or in respect of any dividend or other money payable by the said Corporation in respect of such shares, and a transfer of the said shares by the person in whose name such shares so stand shall, notwithstanding as aforesaid, be binding and conclusive, so far as may concern the said Corporation, against all persons claiming by virtue of such trusts or equitable interests or demands: Provided always that it shall be competent to the Board of Directors of the said Corporation, if they shall think fit so to do, to withhold payment of the dividends on any such shares, and to refuse to sanction the transfer of such shares in any case in which the said Corporation shall have had notice of any claims under an alleged trust or equitable interest or demand, and when such claim shall appear to the said Board of Directors to be well founded: And provided also that nothing herein contained shall be deemed or taken to interfere with or abridge the right or power of any Court to restrain the payment of any such dividend or other money payable thereafter by the Corporation in respect of any such shares, or the transfer thereafter of any such shares, or to direct the payment

Branch banks' lia-

Increase of capital.

Capital and shares to be personalty.

Corporation not bound to notice trusts affecting shares.

of such dividends or other moneys by the Corporation, or the transfer of such shares by the person in whose name they may stand, to such

other person as such Court may think fit.

11. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation to take purchase Landed property for hold and enjoy to them and their successors, for any estate term of years Bank purposes. or interest, any houses offices buildings lands and other hereditaments necessary or proper for the purpose of managing conducting or carrying on the affairs concerns and business of the said Corporation, and to sell dispose of convey assign and assure such houses offices buildings lands and hereditaments as occasion may require.

12. It shall and may be lawful to and for all and every person Lands may be sold and persons, bodies politic or corporate, to sell dispose of grant alien &c. to the Company. convey assign or assure unto the said Corporation and their successors, for the purposes aforesaid or any of them, any such houses offices lands

and hereditaments whatsoever as aforesaid.

13. The total amount of the debts engagements and liabilities of Amount to which the said Corporation within the said colony, whether upon bonds bills be limited. promissory notes or otherwise, contracted within the said colony, (other than their liabilities on account of the ordinary cash deposits of customers, and on account of bills of exchange drawn by or on behalf of the said Corporation upon any Banker or Banking Company Branch Bank or Agency of the said Corporation in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland or elsewhere, within the amount or value of remittances made to such Banker Banking Company Branch Bank or Agency of the said Corporation respectively, to provide for the payment of the said bills of exchange,) may extend to but shall not in any case exceed three times the amount of the coin bullion and public securities which shall for the time being be held by the said Corporation within

the colony.

14. For the purposes of this Act, unassayed gold and unassayed Assayed and unassilver shall be deemed to be bullion; and all uncoined gold which shall sayed gold and silver deemed bullion. not have been assayed shall be valued at the price of three pounds five shillings for every ounce, and all uncoined gold when assayed shall be valued at the rate of three pounds seventeen shillings and ninepence per ounce of the fineness of twenty-two carats; and all uncoined silver which shall not have been assayed shall be valued at the price of four shillings for every ounce, and all uncoined silver when assayed shall be valued at five shillings for every ounce, and in the accounts of the said Corporation, and in the statements and general abstracts of the assets and liabilities which are required by law to be made out and published, it shall be lawful for the said Corporation to include assayed and unassayed gold and silver, at their respective values, under the

name of bullion.

15. All debenture bonds Treasury and Exchequer bills, and all What deemed public other securities of whatever description, issued or which may hereafter securities. be issued by the General Government of New Zealand, or by any Provincial Government in New Zealand—such debentures bonds Treasury and Exchequer bills and other securities being secured upon the general ordinary territorial or consolidated revenues of the colony or province where the same are or shall be issued—and every public debt contracted or guaranteed by the General Government of the said colony or by any Provincial Government in New Zealand under the authority of the Legislature thereof, shall be deemed and taken to be public securities within the meaning of this Act.

16. The discounts or advances by the said Corporation on secu- Discounts &c. to rities bearing the name of any director or officer thereof as maker directors and officers. drawer acceptor or indorser, shall not at any time exceed in amount one-tenth of the total advances and discounts of the said Corporation.

Dividends out of profits only.

Abstract to be pub-

lished.

Action for calls.

Transactions before passing of the Act.

Limit of liabilities.

Officers of Bank, although proprietors, may be proceeded against criminally.

17. No dividends shall in any case be declared or paid out of the subscribed capital for the time being of the said Corporation, or otherwise than out of the net gains and profits of the business.

18. Periodical accounts or statements, and general abstracts of the assets and liabilities of the said Corporation, shall be prepared made out and published according to the provisions of the laws for the time being in force for regulating the making or publishing of bankers' returns; and such accounts and statements shall be subject to such inspection by the Government of New Zealand as may by law be here-

after provided in that behalf.

19. In any action or suit to be brought by the said Corporation against any proprietor of any shares in the capital of the said Corporation, to recover any sum of money due and payable to the said Corporation for or by reason of any call made by virtue of this Act or of the said deed of settlement, it shall be sufficient for the said Corporation to declare and allege that the defendant, being a proprietor of so many shares in the capital of the said Corporation, is indebted to the said Corporation in such sum of money as the call in arrear shall amount to for such call of such sum of money upon so many shares belonging to the said defendant, whereby an action hath accrued to the said Corporation, without setting forth any special matter; and on the trial of such action or suit it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the directors or any of them who made such call, or any other matters except that the defendant at the time of making such call was a proprietor of some shares in the capital of the said Corporation, and that such call was in fact made, and that such notice thereof was given as is directed by the said deed of settlement, and the said Corporation shall thereupon be entitled to recover what shall appear due.

20. Nothing herein contained shall prejudice or be deemed to prejudice any call made or any contract or other act deed matter or thing entered into made or done by the said Company under or by virtue of the said deed of settlement before this Act shall come into operation, but the same call contract act deed matter or thing shall be as valid and effectual to all intents and purposes as if this Act had not been passed, and may be enforced in like manner as if the said Company had been incorporated before the call contract act deed matter or thing had been made entered into or done; and every contract heretofore made by or with the said Company, or by or with any person or persons as trustee or trustees for the said Company, or otherwise on its behalf or for its benefit, shall be performed by or to the said Corporation; and the said Corporation shall and may sue and be sued at law and in equity on every contract respectively, and judgment shall be given or a decree shall be made in every such suit in the same manner as if such contract had been made by or with the said Corporation after the passing of this Act.

21. In the event of the assets of the said Corporation being insufficient to meet its engagements, then and in that case the shareholders shall be responsible to the extent of twice the amount of their subscribed shares only; that is to say, for the amount subscribed, and for a further and additional amount equal thereto.

22. Every manager accountant or other officer clerk or servant of the said Corporation shall, notwithstanding such manager accountant or other officer clerk or servant of such Corporation shall or may be a proprietor and have a joint interest in the property of the said Corporation, be liable to be proceeded against criminally for any offence committed by such manager accountant or other officer clerk or servant of such Corporation, in respect of the property of the said

Corporation, in like manner in all respects as if such manager accountant or other officer clerk or servant were not a proprietor

and had no such joint interest.

23. The Board of Directors for the time being of the said Cor- Corporate seal. poration shall have the custody of the common seal of the said Corporation; and the form thereof, and all other matters relating thereto, shall from time to time be determined by the Board of Directors of the said Corporation in the same manner as is provided in and by the said deed of settlement for the determination of other matters by the Board of Directors of the said Company; and the members present at the Board of Directors of the said Corporation shall have power to use the common seal of the said Corporation for the affairs and concerns of the said Corporation, and under such seal to authorize and empower any person without such seal to execute any deeds and to do all or any such other matters or things as may be required to be executed and done on behalf of the said Company and in conformity with the provisions of the deed of settlement and of this Act; but it shall not be necessary to use the corporate seal in respect of any of the ordinary business of the Company, or for the appointment of an attorney or solicitor for the prosecution or defence of any action suit or proceeding.

24. That each and every printed copy of the said deed of settle- Printed copies of ment, upon which a memorandum having affixed thereto a seal purverified by seal of porting to be the seal of the said Corporation shall be written or Corporation to be printed, attesting that the same is a true and correct copy of the evidence. original, shall in all proceedings in any Court of civil or criminal judicature within the Colony of New Zealand, be received and admitted as sufficient evidence of the said deed of settlement, and of every clause article stipulation and agreement therein contained, unless it shall be proved that the seal thereto affixed is not in fact the seal of the said

Corporation.

25. Nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to affect or Saving rights. apply to any right title or interest of Her Majesty her heirs or successors, or of any body or bodies politic or corporate, or of any person or persons, except such bodies politic or corporate and other persons mentioned in this Act, and those claiming by from or under them.