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The merger of Kymmene Corporation and Repola Ltd to form UPM-Kymmene Corporation took effect on 30 April 1996. This report covers the operations of the merging companies and the UPM-Kymmene Group in 1996.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

UPM-Kymmene Corporation will hold its Annual General Meeting at 3.00 pm on Thursday, 10 April 1997 in Marina Congress Center, address Katajanokanlaituri 6, 00160 Helsinki. Participants' names will be checked and ballot slips issued beginning at 2.00 pm.

Shareholders wishing to attend the Annual General Meeting must be registered in the list of shareholders kept by Finnish Central Securities Depository Ltd no later than 27 March 1997. Shareholders whose shares have not yet been transferred to the book entry system also have the right to attend the Annual General Meeting on certain conditions. Details will be given in the summons to the meeting.

Shareholders wishing to attend the Annual General Meeting must inform the company by 12.00 noon on 8 April 1997 at the latest by writing to: UPM-Kymmene, Share Register, Snellmaninkatu 13, P.O. Box 203, 00171 Helsinki, or by telephoning +358 (0) 204 15 0108 or (0) 204 15 0109, or telefax +358 (0) 204 15 0328. Written notice of a shareholder's intention to attend the meeting must arrive before the deadline stated above. Any letters of authorization must be submitted at the time the shareholders concerned inform the company of their intention to attend.

DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors' proposal to the Annual General Meeting for the distribution of dividend, together with information on the payment of dividend, can be found on page 33 of this report.

FINANCIAL PUBLICATIONS

During 1997, UPM-Kymmene Corporation will publish the following financial information in Finnish, Swedish, English, German and French:

15 May 1997	Interim Review for January-March
14 August 1997	Interim Review for January–June
13 November 1997	Interim Review for January–September

These publications can be ordered from UPM-Kymmene's Head Office, address P.O. Box 203, 00171 Helsinki, Finland, tel. +358 (0) 204 15 0022 or telefax +358 (0) 204 15 110.

UPM-Kymmene's Internet home page: http://www.upm-kymmene.com



THE YEAR IN BRIEF

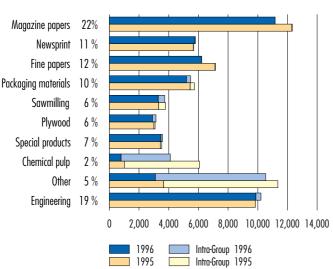
	1996 FIM	1995 FIM	1994 FIM	1996 USD	1996 Ecu
Turnover, million	51,757	54,738	47,966	11,267	8,997
Operating profit, million	5,591	8,504	5,477	1,217	972
Profit before extraordinary items, million	3,555	6,278	3,110	774	618
Earnings per share	10.24	20.09	10.04	2.23	1.78
Dividend per share (1996: Board's proposal)	4.50	4.50	2.19	0.97	0.78
Return on equity, %	11.1	24.5	14.1	11.1	11.1
Return on capital employed, %	10.1	16.2	10.7	10.1	10.1
Equity to assets ratio at end of period, %	41.4	39.3	32.6	41.4	41.4
Gearing ratio at end of period, %	93	102	145	93	93
Shareholders' equity per share	96.85	89.54	74.45	20.86	16.79
Net capital expenditure, million	4,432	3,318	2,697	954	768

Adjusted figures

Return on equity, %	9.3
Equity to assets ratio at end of period, $\%$	45.7
Gearing ratio at end of period, %	78
Shareholders' equity per share	116.50

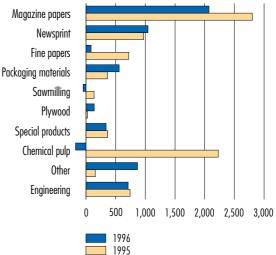
Formulae for calculation of indicators are shown on page 64.

- The merger was completed and UPM-Kymmene Corporation was formed.
- Financial results were poorer because of the decline in printing paper deliveries and the fall in fine paper prices.
- The profitability of the packaging materials division improved. Special products and the engineering group Rauma made steady financial progress.
- The markets for sawn timber, fine paper and plywood improved towards the end of the year.
- The Group's structure was streamlined and the equity to assets ratio improved through the sale of shares and businesses.

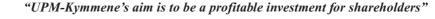


(% of Group total in 1996)

Turnover by division, FIM million



Operating profit by division, FIM million





Following the merger last year, UPM-Kymmene carried out an extremely thorough review of its strategic and economic targets for the future. The startingpoint for this review was the company's ultimate business goal: to be a profitable investment for its shareholders.

To achieve this aim, the company must secure its profitability and seek controlled growth without endangering its financial

solidity. Shareholders have the right to a reasonable portion of profits in the form of dividend. The company's dividend policy supports the growth and stability of shareholder value.

UPM-Kymmene's prospects for improved profitability are good. The benefits derived from the merger alone will add about two percentage points to the return on capital employed. The recently completed major investment programme will also enhance the return. Key factors, however, will be careful consideration of future capital expenditure and allocation of investment funds. Efficient use of capital is being stressed at all levels of UPM-Kymmene's organization. One way in which it is being encouraged is through the new incentive scheme, which offers all employees bonuses based on the return on capital employed.

The management has set a long-term profitability target of 15 per cent for the return on capital employed by the divisions and their units. This aims at giving a return on equity which exceeds riskfree returns by a clear margin.

The Group has set a target for its equity to assets ratio of at least 40 per

cent. The main goal in the immediate future is to reduce indebtedness, which it would seem has a major impact on the company's share prices. UPM-Kymmene's balance sheet includes some assets that have been valued at well below their current market price. Liquid listed shares not connected with business operations account for a sizeable proportion of these assets.

Within the limits set by the targets set for profitability and financial solidity, UPM-Kymmene is seeking a rate of growth in its core businesses above the industry average.

The Board of Directors' proposal for the distribution of profits is in line with the company's policy of distributing at least one-third of the profit as annual dividend. Our aim is a steady dividend that rises along with the company's profitable growth, a dividend that offers shareholders a predictable annual return on their investment.

It is proposed to distribute two-thirds of the dividend for 1996 in the form of Rauma Oy shares. This applies only to 1996, and is part of UPM-Kymmene's plan to reduce its interest in Rauma to below 50 per cent. It is also an indication of UPM-Kymmene's policy of focusing increasingly on its own core businesses, and will at the same time simplify the Group's structure.

The intention in offering these shares to UPM-Kymmene shareholders is to give Rauma a stable, more broadly based ownership. I believe the proposal will meet with the approval of UPM-Kymmene's shareholders, who, indirectly, are already Rauma Oy shareholders.

Yrjö Niskanen Chairman of the Board of Directors

"Group operations and structure now streamlined"

1996 was UPM-Kymmene's first year of operations, although the company was not officially formed through the merger of its predecessors until the end of April. Behind the decision to merge were the important synergy benefits obtainable by bringing together a wealth of experience and two companies that complemented each other so well.

During 1996 there was a rapid general decline in the markets for forest industry products, and this hindered the process of building up the new group and deferred some of the synergy benefits accruing from the merger. Meaningful conclusions about the economic benefits of the merger will not be possible before market conditions give the Group's well-tuned production machinery a chance to show what it can do. The basis on which the long-term benefits were estimated remains unchanged.

The Group's structure was trimmed through company disposals, including that of the chemicals business, to allow a greater focus on the core business areas. The most significant single move in this direction was the decision to sell the Simpele board mill, paper mill and carton plant to Metsä-Serla and Joutseno Pulp's pulp mill to Metsä-Botnia. This signifies the end of UPM-Kymmene's board production, for which the Group had only a single machine, and the logical transfer of non-integrated chemical pulp production to the associated company Metsä-Botnia. The sale of shareholdings and businesses agreed on in 1996 will raise a total of around FIM 3.5 billion. Profits of FIM 677 million on these sales were booked for last year. Sales already agreed on will produce profits of some FIM 700 million during 1997.

At the same time, the Group's structure has been strengthened through investments in converting and the manufacture of speciality papers. The most important of these investments was Tervasaari's new release paper machine, which has strengthened our already unique position in the self-adhesive label papers



market. This key development area is giving us another strong foothold alongside printing and writing papers.

UPM-Kymmene has achieved an excellent balance within its industry. Wood consumption corresponds well with the forest structure, which means that the right wood raw material is always available. From experience, we know that our product range provides a buffer against cyclical fluctuations. The range includes very profitable products that are at the mature stage, as well as rapidly growing products of the future.

The financial result for 1996 cannot be regarded as satisfactory when compared with the record profits reported by the Group's two predecessors for 1995, although the return on capital employed was better than in previous years of recession.

The prospects for this year are clouded by many uncertainties. Economic growth, which has a fairly direct impact on demand for UPM-Kymmene's main products, is forecast to strengthen gradually in Europe, the Group's most important market. Product prices seem to have levelled off, or in some cases embarked on a new rise. There are clear signs that the situation is improving.

Juha Niemelä President & CEO

UPM-Kymmene

In terms of turnover and market

capitalization, UPM-Kymmene is

group, and in terms of production

capacity one of the world's largest

paper manufacturers.

Europe's biggest forest industry

 UPM-Kymmene Corporation was formed on 30 April 1996 when Kymmene Corporation was merged with Repola Ltd and its subsidiary United Paper Mills Ltd.

The merger affords synergistic benefits in areas such as production specialization and cost effectiveness, research and development, and logistics. The new company is able to offer its partners a wider range of products and services.

A EUROPEAN FOREST INDUSTRY COMPANY

Forest industry operations account for 80%, or FIM 42 billion, of UPM-Kymmene's total turnover of FIM 52 billion. Forest industry revenues (FIM 35 billion) come largely from exports and overseas operations. The Group's exports from Finland totalled FIM 25 billion in 1996.

Business focuses on the European Union countries, the most important markets for UPM-Kymmene's products being in Germany, Finland, Great Britain and France.

At the end of 1996, the UPM-Kymmene Group had 43,636 employees, of whom 33,622 worked in the forest industry sector.

UPM-Kymmene owns 73.3% of the engineering group Rauma, which had a turnover in 1996 of FIM 10.2 billion and a personnel of 10,014.

EMPHASIS ON PAPER MANUFACTURING

UPM-Kymmene's forest industry operations are conducted by seven divisions: Magazine Papers, Newsprint, Fine Papers, Packaging Materials, Sawmilling, Plywood and Special Product Companies. The sawmilling division includes joinery products and chains of builders' merchants. The Special Product Companies produce self-adhesive labelstock, self-adhesive label and other speciality papers, air-laid paper and stationery products.

The Group's other operations include a real estate unit, forwarding and logistics companies, and Oy Nautor Ab, a company which builds Swan yachts.

SERVING THE CUSTOMER

UPM-Kymmene's paper divisions have a global sales network, which was formed in 1996 by combining Finnpap's and Kymmene's sales organizations. The Group also has its own sales networks for speciality papers, converted products, and the products of mechanical wood processing.

UPM-Kymmene has production plants and sales and distribution companies on five continents. They have close and wellestablished links with local customers, whom they can now serve even more comprehensively. The extensive sales network also provides an efficient service to major multinational customers.



UPM-KYMMENE MAGAZINE

The world's biggest manufacturer of magazine papers, producing both coated and uncoated grades. The main market is Western Europe followed by the United States.



UPM-KYMMENE NEWSPRINT

UPM-Kymmene is Europe's largest newsprint manufacturer. It also produces paper for telephone directories and mail order catalogues. Almost the entire output of newsprint is sold to the European market.

UPM-KYMMENE FINE

Europe's biggest manufacturer of fine papers, producing both coated and uncoated grades. Customers are paper merchants and office supplies wholesalers, printers and converters. Europe is the main market.



UPM PACK

Europe's leading supplier of composite materials. The range of products includes base papers, packaging materials, and paper, board and plastic packagings for consumer and industrial goods. The main market is Europe.



In printing and writing papers, UPM-Kymmene's strengths are its large market share, wide range of products, modern production plants and cost effectiveness.

MODERN MACHINES

The Group has a paper manufacturing capacity of 7.5 million tonnes a year. Printing and writing papers account for 6.8 million tonnes of this. UPM-Kymmene's production capacity has been greatly expanded and extensively modernized in recent years. As a result of investments that began in the mid-1980s, three-quarters of total capacity is either new or has been completely modernized.

MORE THAN JUST PRINTING PAPER

Apart from printing and writing papers, UPM-Kymmene is Europe's leading manufacturer of speciality papers, which are marketed to converters worldwide. UPM-Kymmene's own extensive paper converting operations, such as self-adhesive labelstock production, are based largely on raw materials supplied by the Group's paper mills.

SELF-SUFFICIENCY IN ELECTRICITY AND CHEMICAL PULP

Self-sufficiency in key resources is vital to the Group's operations. The most important resources are electricity and chemical pulp, which are obtained both in-house and through associated companies. The most important associated companies are Oy Metsä-Botnia Ab, Oy Metsä-Rauma Ab and Pohjolan Voima Oy.

Most of the wood raw material used is purchased from private forest owners. The Group's own forest holdings in Finland cover 940,000 hectares.

INCREASINGLY INTERNATIONAL SHARE OWNERSHIP

UPM-Kymmene Corporation's shares are quoted on the Helsinki Stock Exchange and on SEAQ International in London. The company also has an ADR programme on the OTC market in the United States.

UPM-Kymmene has 63,000 registered shareholders. Altogether 37% of the shares are owned by non-Finnish nationals. At the end of 1996, the company's market capitalization was FIM 25.6 billion.



UPM-KYMMENE TIMBER One of Europe's biggest producers of sawn timber. The division is also involved in the joinery business and operates chains of builders' merchants. Its main markets are in Europe.



SCHAUMAN WOOD Schauman Wood is Europe's largest manufacturer of plywood. The main uses for its products are in the building industry and in transport vehicles. The main market is Western Europe.



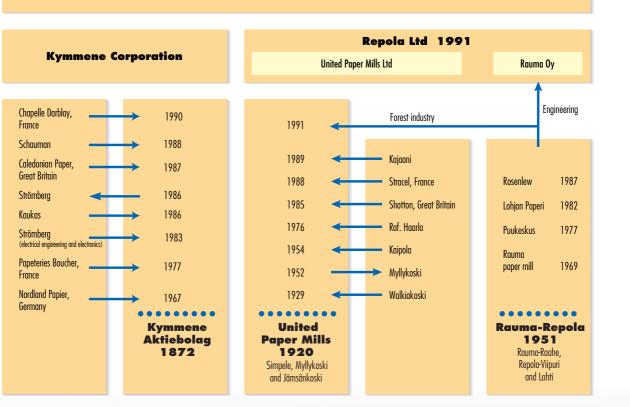
SPECIAL PRODUCT COMPANIES

These companies manufacture self-adhesive labelstock, label papers, envelope papers and other specialities, as well as hygiene papers, envelopes and other stationery products.



RAUMA GROUP

Rauma's products are forest machines, fibre technology processes and equipment, rock crushers and industrial valves. Operations are conducted on a global scale.



History of UPM-Kymmene's forest industry operations

SUBDOM:

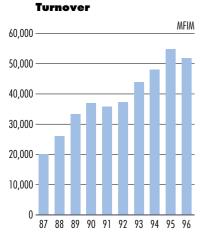
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UPM-Kymmene's founder companies have long traditions in the forest industry.

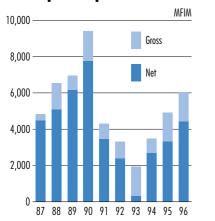
The Verla groundwood mill and board mill at Jaala operated between 1872 and 1964, but are now a museum. In December 1996, this unique industrial site was accepted for UNESCO's World Heritage List.



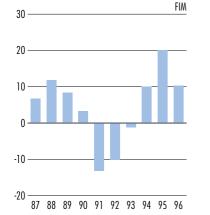
UPM-Kymmene Corporation 1996



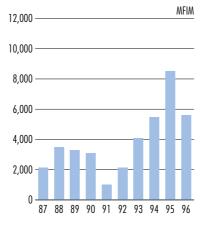
Capital expenditure



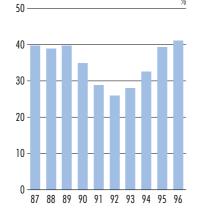
Earnings per share



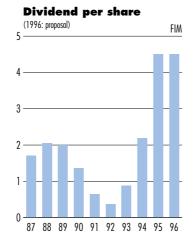
Operating profit

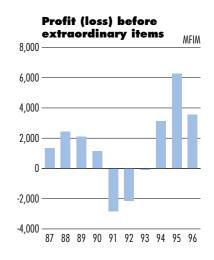


Equity ratio



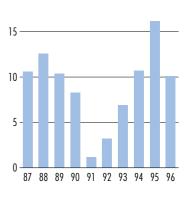
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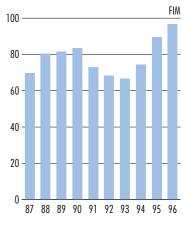




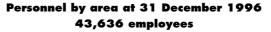
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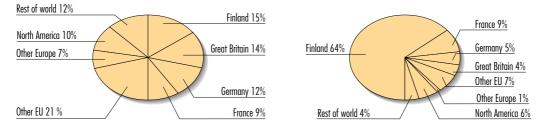


Equity per share





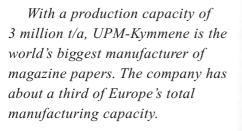




Magazine papers, UPM-Kymmene Magazine

UPM-Kymmene Magazine

	1996	1995	1994
Turnover, FIM mill.	11,172	12,322	9,797
Operating profit, FIM mill.	2,072	2,803	1,358
Capital expenditure, FIM mill.	1,061	648	437
Personnel at 31.12	5,305	5,181	5,201
Production, 1000 t	2,460	2,897	2,643
Capacity utilization rate, %	81	98	94







PROFITABILITY

The division's profitability was weaker than the year before. The reason was the fall in prices and delivery volumes following the running down of buyers' stocks that began early in the year. Profitability nevertheless remained satisfactory, due partly to the sharp drop in market pulp prices. Profitability was better for the first half of the year than the second.

9

DEMAND AND PRICES

In Europe, demand for magazine papers fell by 9%. Demand for LWC paper was down 11% and for SC paper 4%. In the USA, demand was unchanged. LWC has lost some of its market share to coated fine papers.

Magazine paper prices declined during the year by 10–25%, depending on the grade and the market. Despite this, the average price for LWC was almost the same as the previous year, while that for SC was marginally higher.

PRODUCTION

UPM-Kymmene's magazine paper production fell by 15%. The capacity utilization rate was 81%. Production curtailments have continued into 1997, but on a smaller scale than last year. Demand is expected to improve later this year. The production efficiency of UPM-Kymmene's paper machines was raised still further. Deriving synergy benefits in production is one of the main goals.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Rebuilds of Jämsänkoski's SC paper machine (PM 5) and Rauma's LWC paper machine (PM 1) were completed during the year. In both cases this has improved product quality and raised production efficiency. Work on modernizing Kaipola's LWC machine (PM 6) began towards the end of the year.

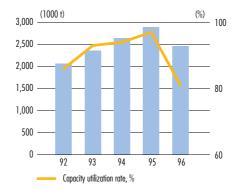
Work on building a new LWC machine at the Rauma mill is proceeding according to schedule. The machine will have a capacity of 400,000 t/a. Start-up is planned for the first quarter of 1998.

UPM-Kymmene Magazine Main products and their uses

<u>SC magazine papers</u> Magazines, weekend supplements, catalogues, flyers

Coated mechanical papers (MFC, FCO, LWC and MWC) Magazines, catalogues, brochures, direct mail advertising, other advertising material

UPM-Kymmene Magazine Production



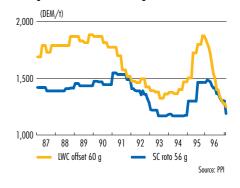
UPM-Kymmene Magazine Mills

(Paper machines)	Capacity, 1000 t/a
Jämsänkoski (3)	690
Kaipola (1)	260
Kajaani (1)	140
Lappeenranta (2)	490
Rauma (3)	710
Voikkaa (2)	340
Caledonian Paper (1)	240
Chapelle Darblay (2)	220
Paper machines, total 15	Total 3,090

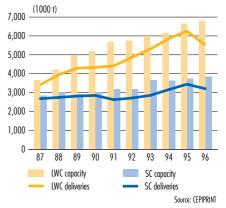
UPM-Kymmene Magazine Turnover by market

1996	FIM million	%
Finland	344	3
Other EU countries	6,822	61
Other European countries	752	7
North America	1,700	15
Rest of world	1,554	14
	11,172	100

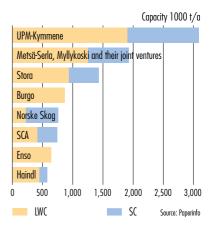
Trend in magazine paper prices in Germany



Magazine paper production capacities and deliveries in Western Europe



Western Europe's biggest magazine paper manufacturers



Global demand for magazine paper

1996	mill. t/a	kg/person/a
Western Europe	6.9	18
North America	6.5	22
Rest of world	2.7	0.5
Total	16.1	2.8
		Source: UPM-Kymmene

Newsprint, UPM-Kymmene Newsprint



UPM-Kymmene Newsprint

	1996	1995	1994
Turnover, FIM mill.	5,780	5,676	4,526
Operating profit, FIM mill.	1,044	969	197
Capital expenditure, FIM mill.	452	360	214
Personnel at 31.12	2,876	2,866	2,825
Production, 1000 t	1,592	1,845	1,809
Capacity utilization rate, %	82	99	98

With a production capacity of 2 million t/a, UPM-Kymmene is the biggest newsprint manufacturer in Europe and one of the largest in the world. The company accounts for about one-fifth of Europe's total newsprint capacity.

PROFITABILITY

Higher sales prices helped the newsprint division to improve its profitability on 1995. However, profitability declined towards the end of the year as both deliveries and prices fell.

DEMAND AND PRICES

European demand for newsprint was 6% lower than the year before. This is thought to be largely the result of reductions of stocks, which had risen in response to sharp price rises in 1995, and to measures taken by customers that led to savings in paper consumption. The new production capacity coming on stream in Southeast Asia has hit Canadian newsprint exports to this region, resulting in an increase of 161,000 tonnes in exports of Canadian newsprint to Europe. In consequence, European manufacturers lost some of their shares of the market.



Average prices for newsprint were more than 10% higher than in 1995. Prices were raised early in the year, but had to be revised downwards on some markets from summer onwards. Price negotiations at the turn of the year resulted in a further fall going into 1997.

PRODUCTION

UPM-Kymmene's newsprint production was 14% down on the year before. The capacity utilization rate was 82%. Demand is expected to improve during 1997 in the United States and also in Europe. Higher capacity utilization rates are also anticipated, as no new capacity is due on stream in 1997 in either Europe or North America. UPM-Kymmene has succeeded in steadily raising the production efficiency of its paper machines.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

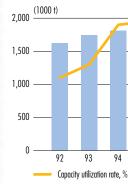
A major rebuild of Kaipola's PM 4, which produces telephone directory paper, was completed during the year. This has increased the machine's production capacity and improved control of the paper's quality.

UPM-Kymmene Newsprint Main products and their uses

Newsprint Newspapers, inserts and flyers

MF specialities Newspapers and supplements, inserts and flyers telephone directories, timetables, pocket books, children's colouring books, comics

UPM-Kymmene Newsprint Production



UPM-Kymmene Newsprint Mills

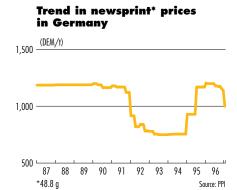
(Paper machines)
Kaipola (2)
Kajaani (2)
Voikkaa (2)
Chapelle Darblay (2)
Shotton (2)
Stracel (1)

Paper machines, total 11

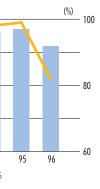
UPM-Kymmene Newsprint Turnover by market

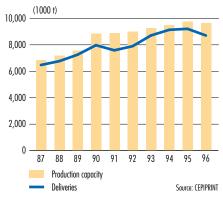
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1770
Finland
Other EU countries
Other European countries
North America
Rest of world

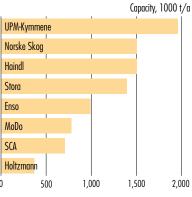


Newsprint production capacities and deliveries in Western Europe





Western Europe's biggest newsprint manufacturers



Source: Paperinf

Global demand for newsprint

1996	mill. t/a	kg/person/a
Western Europe	8.3	21.6
North America	11.7	39.6
Rest of world	13.9	2.7
Total	33.9	5.8
		Source: UPM-Kymmene

370 410 160 300 470

250 Total 1,960

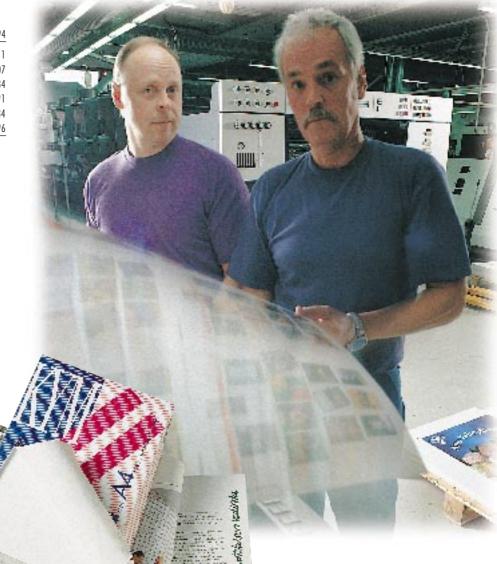
Capacity, 1000 t/a

FIM million	%
386	7
4,553	79
230	4
48	1
563	9
5,780	100

Fine papers, UPM-Kymmene Fine

UPM-Kymmene Fine

	1996	1995	1994
Turnover, FIM mill.	6,220	7,140	6,411
Operating profit, FIM mill.	85	719	507
Capital expenditure, FIM mill.	610	827	134
Personnel at 31.12	3,287	3,156	2,991
Production, 1000 t	1,429	1,356	1,484
Capacity utilization rate, %	88	89	96



UPM-Kymmene produces both coated and uncoated fine papers. Its 1.8 million t/a capacity makes it Europe's biggest fine paper manufacturer. UPM-Kymmene accounts for 13% of Europe's total fine paper capacity.

PROFITABILITY

Profitability was poorer than the year before. Profitability had started to decline during the final four months of 1995 and continued to weaken rapidly throughout the first half of 1996. The fall in prices early in the year for chemical pulp, the main raw material for fine paper production, accelerated the decline in fine paper prices. Demand suffered as a result of customer stock reductions, which had begun in the second half of 1995 and which continued until summer 1996.

DEMAND AND PRICES

Having fallen continuously for almost a year, European demand for fine paper began to rise in the spring. Demand for coated grades was 10% up on the year before and for uncoated 4% up. The

good demand has continued into 1997.

Fine paper prices fell rapidly throughout the early part of the year. Following the improvement in demand, prices were gradually raised after the summer. By the last quarter, prices were 10% higher than in the spring. However, for the year as a whole, average fine paper prices were 20% lower than the year before.

PRODUCTION

Production was 5% up on 1995. The capacity utilization rate was 88%. New coated fine paper capacity is due to start up in Western Europe in 1997, and for this reason capacity utilization rates will not keep pace with growing demand. On the other hand, coated fine paper has taken some market shares from coated magazine paper.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

June saw the start-up of Nordland Papier's new coater, which increases the company's coated fine paper capacity by 350,000 t/a. The investment was even more successful than anticipated, thanks to improved demand and to the fact that good quality paper was produced right from the start.

Work on Kymi's PM 7, which included equipping the machine with new coating stations, was completed in September. This will make the paper a more attractive product for direct mail advertising, which is one of the fastest growing uses for printing papers.

UPM-Kymmene has also improved the efficiency of its uncoated fine paper production in order to compensate for the changeover to coated paper at Nordland Papier.

UPM-Kymmene Fine Main products and their uses

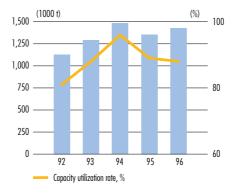
Uncoated fine papers

Writing papers, copier papers, continuous stationery, envelopes, direct mail advertising, books, general printing jobs

Coated fine papers

High-quality 4-colour printings: art books, advertising publications, annual reports, direct mail advertising, high-quality magazines

UPM-Kymmene Fine Production



UPM-Kymmene Fine Mills

(Paper/coating machines)	Capacity, 1000 t/a
Kymi (3/1)	680
Nordland Papier (4/2)	1,000
Papeteries de Docelles (1/–)	100
	Total 1,780
Uncoated	Coated

UPM-Kymmene Fine Turnover by market

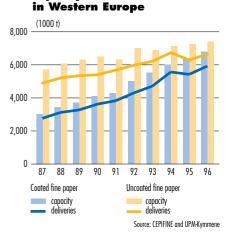
1996	FIM million	%
Finland	360	6
Other EU countries	4,726	76
Other European countries	511	8
North America	38	1
Rest of world	585	9
	6,220	100

Trend in fine paper prices in Germany

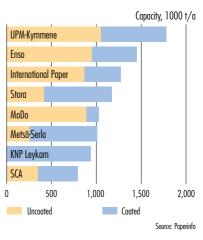


Fine paper production capacity and deliveries

Source: PPI



Western Europe's biggest fine paper manufacturers



Global demand for fine paper

1996	mill. t/a	kg/person/a
Western Europe	11.3	29.4
North America	17.6	59.6
Rest of world	21.4	4.2
Total	50.3	8.7
		Source: UPM-Kymmene



Packaging materials, UPM *Pack*

UPM Pack

	1996	1995	1994
Turnover, FIM mill.	5,473	5,728	5,160
Operating profit, FIM mill.	559	362	378
Capital expenditure, FIM mill.	273	378	274
Personnel at 31.12	5,708	5,882	5,774
Production, 1000 t			
Paper	313	319	335
Paperboard	129	125	134

Turnover by market

1996	FIM mill.	%
Finland	1,096	20
Other EU countries	3,360	62
Other European countries	624	11
North America	61	1
Rest of world	332	6
	5,473	100

Turnover by unit

1996	FIM mill.	%
Walki Wisa	1,390	23
Rosenlew	987	16
Simpele	857	14
Walki Pack	838	14
Lohjan Paperi	697	12
Wisapaper	590	10
Others	694	11
Internal sales	-580	-
	5,473	100



UPM Pack took part in the Interpack trade fair in Düsseldorf in May.

UPM-Kymmene is one of the leading European manufacturers of plastic-coated packaging papers and boards, industrial wrappings and intermediate bulk containers. The company is also one of Europe's biggest suppliers of vacuum packs, siliconized papers and packaging papers.

PROFITABILITY

Profitability for the Packaging Materials division was better than the year before, although production volumes were little changed. Profitability was boosted particularly by the lower prices for chemical pulp and purchased paper, the division's main raw materials.

DEMAND AND PRICES

Demand for sack and kraft papers was weak throughout the year, and prices fell. The reason was slack business in the building industry and the paper industry, which uses the division's wrappings.

Demand for paper and board for consumer packagings was normal, and improved towards the end of the year. Demand for siliconized papers also increased. Demand for plastic films was below expectations, partly because of the smaller consumption of meat packagings. The prospects for 1997 are better.

In Russia, demand for packaging materials has risen, but competition there has also increased.

PRODUCTION

Production was 2% down for packaging paper but 3% up for packaging board.

The capacity utilization rate for paper and board production was 91%.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND RESTRUCTURING

The main investment project completed in 1996 concerned new coating and calendering equipment for Lohjan Paperi. New investments decided on include a new coating line for Walki Wisa in Valkeakoski and a flexo printing press for Jülich.

The business operations of Wisapak Oy Ab's Karhula paper sack plant were sold to Pyrollsack Oy in May. The sale meets the condition that the company reduce its share of the Finnish paper sack market in order to obtain the EU Commission's approval for the merger. In December, preliminary agreement was reached on the sale of Simpele paper and board mills and carton plant to Metsä-Serla. The sale is part of a rationalization between the two groups.

Folding boxboard (capacity 140,000 t/a) Flexible packaging papers (50,000 t/a) Tervasaari PM 6 (100,000 t/a)

Wisapaper (135,000 t/a)

UPM Pack - main products and production plants

Packaging papers and boards

Simpele*

Brown sack and wrapping papers

White and brown sack and kraft papers

Lohjan Paperi (60,000 t/a) Release paper

Flexible packaging paper and PE-coated paper

Plastic-coated papers and boards

Walki Wisa

Packaging papers and boards, and packaging materials for the paper, food, wood-based panels, solid fibreboard, corrugated board and steel industries Insulation and building papers

Rosenlew plastic packagings

Intermediate bulk containers and plastic sacks Plastic bags and carrier bags for retailers Plastic films for industry, agriculture and building

Other packaging materials

Walki Pack

Multilayer plastic films for vacuum and modified atmosphere packaging Corrugated board packagings Paperboard cartons* Labels and wrappings EPS and moulded pulp packagings

Walki Sack

Paper sacks

Walki Can

Aseptic liquid packaging systems and the necessary packaging material

* Simpele paper and board mills and carton plant sold to Metsä-Serla Oy as of 31 March 1997.

> A contract was signed in February 1997 and the sale will take effect on 31 March 1997. The impact on UPM Pack will be to further underscore the importance of both base and converted kraft paper and plastic products.

> It was decided in January 1997 to rebuild the sack and kraft paper machine at the Pietarsaari mill. As a result, the machine will be much better equipped to produce the most demanding kraft papers.

Sawmilling, UPM-Kymmene Timber

Sawmilling

	1996	1995	1994
Turnover, FIM mill.	3,725	3,773	3,954
Operating profit, FIM mill.	-48	135	469
Capital expenditure, FIM mill.	115	183	147
Personnel at 31.12	2,867	3,069	3,169
Production, 1000 m ³	1,857	1,939	2,075

Turnover by market

1996	FIM mill.	%
Finland	1,406	38
Other EU countries	2,009	54
Rest of world	310	8
	3,725	100

Turnover by business area

1996	FIM mill.	%
Sawmilling	2,220	47
Joinery	219	5
Building supplies trade	1,599	48
Internal sales	-313	-
	3,725	100

Units and main products

	C
United Sawmills Ltd	Sawn timber
Ferdinand Braun & Cie. S.A., France	Sawn timber
Joinery	
Oulux Oy	Doors
Parkanon Lista Oy	Strips and mouldings
Kaukas Timber Components Oy	Components for the
	building and joinery
	industries
Puukeskus Oy	Wood-based building
	supplies
Brooks Group, Ireland	Wood-based building
17	supplies

UPM-Kymmene is one of Europe's largest producers of sawn timber. The Timber division includes a joinery unit, which processes sawn timber produced by the Group, and chains of builders' merchants.



Wood is an ideal building material for concert halls requiring excellent acoustics.

PROFITABILITY

The division's profitability was poorer than in 1995, due mainly to the lower average prices for sawn timber. Profitability for wood-based building materials was about the same as the year before.

DEMAND AND PRICES

Slackening economic growth early in the year combined with bad weather restricted building in Europe and reduced demand for sawn timber. In the second half of the year supply and demand moved more into balance thanks to brisker building activity and the fact that sawmills had curtailed production earlier in the year. Whitewood prices began to rise in autumn and nearing the end of the year were 20% higher than in spring. Redwood prices also rose, although more slowly.

The division's output of sawn timber was 4% down on the previous year.

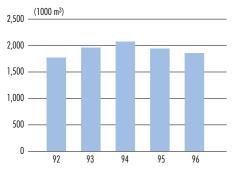
In Finland, increased building activity boosted sales of wood-based building materials and improved demand for joinery products.

1997 has started in a more optimistic mood than last. The biggest uncertainty, however, concerns sawlog prices and availability.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND RESTRUCTURING

The Brooks Group bought Hunter Timber's operations in Northern Ireland. This will increase its turnover by 30%. The picture frames business of Parkanon Lista was sold and the Kettula and Niederhaslach sawmills were closed down.

Sawn timber production



Plywood, Schauman Wood



Transport vehicle manufacturers are among Schauman Wood's biggest customers. Plywood is used in body and floor structures.

Schauman Wood is Europe's largest producer of plywood, accounting for 25% of production and 12% of the market. The most important uses for Schauman's plywood are in the building industry and the manufacture of transport vehicles.

PROFITABILITY

Profitability improved thanks to higher capacity utilization rates towards the end of the year.

DEMAND AND PRICES

Slack building activity and high stocks kept both demand and prices low during the first half of the year. However, building activity picked up after the cold winter and demand returned to normal. At the end of the year all the division's plywood mills were operating at full capacity.

Demand for conifer plywood was especially good in the second half of the year, and prices rose. Demand for special plywoods and veneers was strong all year.

In Europe, total demand was 4% lower than the previous year. Pressure to

import from North America and Southeast Asia eased during the year and deliveries of European plywood rose.

The prospects for this year are much better than a year ago. Prices were raised on some markets in January and new price rises have been announced.

Plywood

	1996	1995	1994
Turnover, FIM mill.	3,144	3,084	3,332
Operating profit, FIM mill.	139	25	275
Capital expenditure, FIM mill.	74	276	239
Personnel at 31.12	4,535	4,703	4,795
Plywood production, 1000 m ³	617	585	534

Turnover by market

1996	FIM mill.	%
Finland	191	6
Other EU countries	2,571	82
Other European countries	208	7
North America	48	2
Rest of world	126	3
	3,144	100

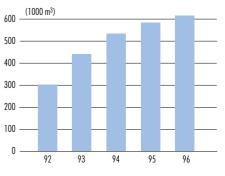
Units and main products

Plywood Thin particleboard
Veneers Veneers
velleels
Special plywoods and veneers
Plywood



PRODUCTION

The division's production volume rose by 5%. After production curtailments early in the year, several mills set new production records during the final few months. **Plywood production**



Special Product Companies



Special Product Companies

	1996	1995	1994
Turnover, FIM mill.	3,574	3,528	3,441
Operating profit, FIM mill.	339	364	469
Capital expenditure, FIM mill.	1,117	611	198
Personnel at 31.12	2,943	2,803	2,544
Paper production, 1000 t	211	192	203

RAFLATAC

The self-adhesive labelstock manufacturer Raflatac is among the largest in this business in Europe and indeed the whole world. Its main customers are manufacturers of price, product and ADP labels. UPM-Kymmene's paper mills supply most of Raflatac's raw material.



Demand for self-adhesive labelstock grew on all markets, but fastest in Southeast Asia. In Europe, demand rose by 5–6%. Raflatac's deliveries were 10% up on the year before, with the fastest increase coming in the final quarter. Sales prices and raw material prices fell early in the year but steadied off towards the end of the year.

Raflatac signed a joint venture agreement with the Malaysian company Paper Automation SB to start production of self-adhesive labelstock in Malaysia. A sales office was opened in Singapore.

LABEL PAPERS AND SPECIALITIES

UPM-Kymmene manufactures label papers, envelope papers and other specialities on six paper machines.

Demand for label papers increased. Prices fell early in the year but steadied off after the summer.

A new machine manufacturing release paper for self-adhesive labels



was started up at the Tervasaari mill in July. This has made UPM-Kymmene the world's biggest manufacturer of this paper. The mill's PM 5, which previously produced release paper, was switched to production of face papers and other specialities.

In November, it was decided to rebuild Jämsänkoski's PM 3, which also produces face papers for self-adhesives. The rebuild will raise the machine's production capacity and allow the production of more demanding label papers.

Demand for envelope papers remained good and all production capacity was in use. Prices showed a downward trend.





UPM STATIONERY

UPM Stationery's products are envelopes, office and school stationery, and papers for home use. Business focuses on the Nordic countries, the Baltic states and Russia.

Demand for stationery products fell early in the year as customers used up stocks. Demand later returned to normal.

Turnover by market

1996	FIM mill.	%
Finland	275	8
Other EU countries	2,439	68
Other European countries	294	8
North America	253	7
Rest of world	313	9
	3,574	100

Turnover by unit

1996	FIM mill.	%
Raflatac, self-adhesive labelstock	2,228	64
Label papers and specialities	1,113	17
Walkisoft, air-laid papers	392	11
UPM Stationery, stationery products	285	8
Internal sales	-444	-
	3,574	100

UPM-Kymmene's special products and their production plants

Raflatac

Self-adhesive labelstock for manufacturers of price, product and ADP labels

Label papers and specialities

Tervasaari Release paper (capacity 125,000 t/a) Envelope and other papers (145,000 t/a) Jämsänkoski Label paper (65,000 t/a) Kymi MG paper (20,000 t/a)

Walkisoft

Air-laid paper for hygiene products, table settings and industrial wipes

UPM Stationery

Envelopes Office and school papers Papers for home use

WALKISOFT

Walkisoft specializes in the production of absorbent, non-linting air-laid paper for hygiene products, table settings and industrial wipes.

Customers had started to reduce stocks during 1995, causing the growth in demand for air-laid paper to slow down.

A new air-laid paper machine was started up at Steinfurt in Germany in the autumn, increasing Walkisoft's production capacity by 25,000 t/a.

Marketing of air-laid papers was extended to the Far East and South America.

Resources

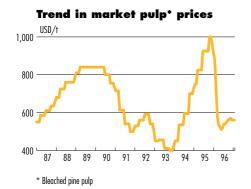
Chemical pulp

	1996	1995	1994
Turnover, FIM mill.	4,106	6,070	4,881
of which internal	3,320	5,058	3,897
Operating profit, FIM mill.	-176	2,228	854
of which attributable to			
associated companies	-72	361	54
Capital expenditure, FIM mill.	1,403	782	729
Personnel at 31.12	2,554	2,550	2,510

Pulp production capacity*

1000 t/a
460
630
580
200
140
2,010
670
230

* 1 April 1997



Pulp consumption (1000 t) 6,000 5,000 4,000 3,000 2,000 1,000 0 92 93 94 95 96 Recycled fibre pulp Chemical pulp Mechanical pulp



CHEMICAL PULP

UPM-Kymmene is practically selfsufficient in terms of chemical pulp. In order to match the pulps it produces with the grades needed by its paper mills, UPM-Kymmene sells some of its pulp and purchases roughly the same amount of market pulp from outside suppliers. The total production capacity of the Group's pulp mills at the end of 1996 was 2.3 million t/a. The pulp entitlement from shares in associated companies was 0.5 million t/a at the end of the year, accruing from the Group's 45.6% interest in Oy Metsä-Rauma Ab and 47% interest in Oy Metsä-Botnia Ab.

Production by the Group's own pulp

Pulp production and consumption

1000 t	1996	1995	1994
Production			
Chemical pulp, own production	1,874	2,000	2,040
from associated companies	243	276	244
Mechanical pulp	2,464	2,813	2,575
Recycled fibre pulp	351	378	416
Total	4,932	5,467	5,275
Consumption			
Chemical pulp	2,141	2,335	2,199
Mechanical pulp	2,464	2,813	2,575
Recycled fibre pulp	351	378	416
Total	4,956	5,526	5,190

21

mills was 1,874,000 tonnes. The 6% fall on 1995 is due to smaller consumption of this raw material by the paper mills. Most of the 351,000 tonnes of recycled fibre pulp used was in newsprint manufacture. The Kaipola, Shotton and Chapelle Darblay mills have deinking plants producing recycled fibre pulp from waste paper.

March saw the completion of the Oy Metsä-Rauma Ab pulp mill, which has a capacity of 500,000 t/a of pine pulp. Much of this is used at the nearby Rauma paper mill. The rebuilt pine pulping line at Kaukas pulp mill went into production in December, marking completion of the investment programme at the mill.

Also in December, UPM-Kymmene, Metsä-Serla and Metsä-Botnia agreed on a rationalization in which UPM-Kymmene is to sell its Joutseno Pulp pulp mill to Metsä-Botnia. At the same time, Metsä-Serla will sell its Metsä-Sellu Oy business operations, also to Metsä-Botnia. It was also agreed that Metsä-Botnia will proceed immediately with developing the Joutseno Pulp mill. The sales will come into effect on 31 March 1997, following which UPM-Kymmene will have a pulp capacity of 2.0 million t/a and a pulp entitlement through associated companies of 0.9 million t/a.

Market pulp prices began to fall sharply at the end of 1995. Prices continued to fall throughout the first half of 1996, and by June were about half of the peak prices being paid the previous October. On average, prices fell by 35%. Pulp stocks grew throughout the first half of the year, reaching a peak in June. Greater demand for fine paper early in the summer brought a small improvement in demand for pulp, and prices rose to USD 560/t.

ENERGY

The electricity supplied by UPM-Kymmene's own power plants and obtained through shares in power companies covers the needs of the Group's Finnish mills. Outside Finland, most of the electricity used by the mills is purchased locally.

Electricity procurement in 1996 was 19.9 TWh, of which 13.1 TWh was used industrially and 6.8 TWh was sold. Of the total, 58% came from the Group's own power plants and investments in power companies, principally Pohjolan Voima Oy and Kemijoki Oy. Electricity consumption by the Group's mills abroad was 3.6 TWh.

Consumption of fuels and heat energy totalled 26.0 TWh. Biofuels and peat accounted for 55% of this.

Electricity procurement was about 4% smaller than the year before because of the fall in paper production. Purchases of fuel and heat were down by 1%. Energy prices remained steady.

In December, UPM-Kymmene reduced its shareholding in Pohjolan Voima Oy to 47% by selling 1.5 million Pohjolan Voima heat shares to Ilmarinen Pension Insurance Company.

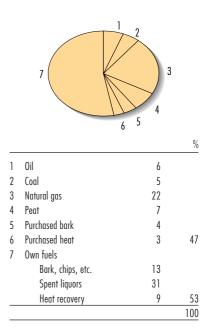
In February 1997, the company purchased 5.2% of Kemijoki Oy's hydropower shares from the Finnish State.

Electricity procurement and use

	Power	Supply
	supply	capacity
1996	GWh	MW
Hydropower, own	560	151
Hydropower, shares	1,806	430
Nuclear power, shares	3,704	507
Back-pressure power, own	2,468	482
Thermal energy, shares	2,691	736
Purchased electricity	5,081	590
Finland, total	16,310	2,896
Abroad	3,584	504
Total	19,894	3,400
	Power	
	consumption	
	GWh	
Industrial consumption, Finland	9,503	
Industrial consumption, abroad	3,584	
Sales	6,807	
Total	19,894	



(total 26,701 GWh)





	1996	1995	1994
Consumption of wood raw material, 1000 m ³			
in Finland	19,580	21,110	19,839
abroad	3,070	3,324	3,383
Felling in own forests, 1000 r	n³ 1,183	979	2,477
Net stumpage income, FIM mi	II. 105	82	301
Own forests, 1000 ha	940	935	909
Standing reserves in own forest, 1000 m ³	76,000	74,000	71,300

WOOD PROCUREMENT

UPM-Kymmene has 940,000 hectares of forest in Finland, of which 780,000 hectares are in commercial use. The annual growth in

these forests is over 3 million cubic metres (Mm³) and the planned level of sustainable felling is 2.5 Mm³ a year. In addition, UPM-Kymmene manages forest for roughly 1,500 private forest owners.

UPM-Kymmene is a shareholder in a forest management company with 30,000 hectares of eucalyptus plantations in Uruguay. Utilization of this wood raw material resource will begin in the next few years. Tilhill Economic Forestry, Britain's leading forest management company, was acquired in December. As a result, UPM-Kymmene is now responsible for the management of 180,000 hectares of forest in Britain.

Wood consumption by the Group's 35 Finnish mills totalled 19.6 Mm³ (21.1). Of this, 58% was obtained from private forests, 21% from the State and other forest industry companies, and 6% from UPM-Kymmene's own forests. The remaining 15% was purchased from abroad, mostly from Russia. The forestry department supplied 1.6 Mm³ of wood to associated companies and other mills.

The regional price agreements for wood raw material introduced in 1995 expired at the end of March 1996, and no new price agreement was reached until the end of August. The new agreement meant there was little change in wood raw material prices.

Wood consumption by the Group's mills in Britain and France totalled 3.1 Mm³ (3.3).

The environment

UPM-Kymmene has committed itself to the principles of sustainable development as set out in the charter of the International Chamber of Commerce.

An environmental policy was approved for the Group's forest industry operations. One of the goals is that all the Group's mills should have environmental management systems in use.

The main issues in the public debate over the environment were again those relating to wood procurement and forestry practices.

Capital expenditure on environmental protection was FIM 261 million (197) and the necessary operating expenditure FIM 218 million (206). Environment-related and other net energy taxes totalled FIM 215 million (178).

EMISSIONS DOWN

There was a further decrease in total emissions in relation to production volumes at the Group's pulp and paper mills.

Significant reductions were achieved through the rebuild of the softwood pulping line at the Kaukas mill, rebuilds of the bark and other solid fuel boilers at the Tervasaari, Rauma and Pietarsaari mills, expansion of the biological waste water treatment plant at Joutseno, and more effective biological treatment at Pietarsaari. The several paper machine rebuilds carried out have reduced the solids content of waste waters. Projects either launched or completed during 1996 included modifications to Simpele's peat-fired boiler and the changeover to dry debarking at Kajaani.

NEW FOREST AND ENVIRON-MENTAL LEGISLATION

New legislation on forests and environmental protection came into force in Finland in January 1997.

The new forest legislation places the ecological and

social sustainability of forests alongside the sustainability of commercial utilization. One of the central aims of the new environmental legislation is to preserve natural biodiversity.

The new legislation also means changes

to forestry practice, for which preparations were made by providing training for the forestry department's entire field personnel. Work to identify key biotopes continued in the company's forests. Results obtained over the past two years suggest that ecologically valuable sites represent around 5% of the total forest area.

NO WOOD PROCUREMENT FROM PROTECTED FORESTS

UPM-Kymmene does not accept wood from protected areas or from any other areas designated by the forest or environmental authorities as being of special ecological importance.

All foreign suppliers of wood are required to provide proof of the origins of the wood, and the forestry department has carried out inspections in Russia to verify the information given by suppliers. No discrepancies have been found.

PROGRESS IN CERTIFICATION IN FINLAND

Forest certification is a way of verifying wood sources and ensuring that forests



are managed in line with the principles of sustainable development. Finland is working hard to develop certification systems for forestry. The goal is to produce a certification system based on internationally accepted criteria and applicable to Finnish conditions for use before the end of 1997.

UPM-Kymmene is contributing to this work, and once the system is completed is ready to take steps to obtain certificates for its own forests.

UPM-Kymmene will publish a separate environmental report for 1996.

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Research and development

R&D expenditure related to UPM-Kymmene's forest industry operations was FIM 207 million (198). The figure does not include all development work connected with investment projects, or all the product and production development that forms part of normal operations at the mills.

In addition to the Group's own R&D work, a significant proportion of research work is conducted by the Finnish Pulp and Paper Research Institute, in which UPM-Kymmene is one of four corporate Finnish owners. Research division continued the development of papers required by new printing technology, including non-impact printing. The emphasis in process development was on paper machine wet end management and on reducing water consumption. Nordland Papier's mill became the first in the world to introduce a new paper machine press section that makes production more efficient and at the same time reduces the need for heat in web drying.

In chemical pulp research, one key area was developing those characteris-

won three Scanstar awards for its work in developing lighter, more easily recycled packagings.

In sawmilling, R&D work in Finland was related principally to joint projects in the mechanical wood-processing sector, including issues such as timber drying, grading and surface treatment, and the use of wood in building.

The development of products to meet customers' specific needs received most attention in the plywood sector. On the process development side, the focus was on raising production speeds for

> A sensor based on a new principle has been developed by Rauma paper mill together with the sensor manufacturer. By measuring the quality of the printed paper, the sensor reveals mechanical disturbances on the paper machine and in the paper web.

services are also obtained from other research institutes and universities in other countries, either as work commissioned by UPM-Kymmene or as participation in the forest industry's joint technology projects.

BUSY TIME FOR THE DIVISIONS

The paper divisions' R&D work concentrated on securing the competitiveness and profitability of the wide range of products offered by the new UPM-Kymmene Group. The biggest individual research project concerned developing both products and production strategy for the LWC paper machine being built at Rauma. Important research was also carried out into ways of reducing energy consumption in mechanical pulping. The Fine Papers tics of softwood pulp that help to strengthen the structure of the paper. The company also took part in the Technology Development Centre's carbohydrate programme, which has developed a new stage in the pulp production process that reduces the yellowing of birch pulp and cuts the consumption of bleaching chemicals. The new idea has been introduced at Wisaforest's pulp mill. At the Kaukas mills, special attention was given to a sitostanol-based agent developed in conjunction with margarine manufacturers. Clinical trials have shown that the agent reduces blood cholesterol levels.

The Packaging Materials division was concerned mainly with research and other investigations relating to its own paper machine investments. UPM Pack conifer plywood.

Turning to the Special Products Companies' R&D work, Raflatac improved the gloss and printability characteristics of its self-adhesive labelstock. Walkisoft built a new-generation air-laid paper machine based on its own development work at Steinfurt, and continued to work on developing new product applications.

Research carried out by the forestry department included developing wood procurement on the basis of end-product requirements, and research connected with environmental issues.

One key area of environmental protection research was making a detailed analysis of the environmental impact of the new oxygen-based bleaching chemicals.





• UPM-Kymmene's personnel policy is based on target-setting and the development of personal skills and motivation. To implement this policy, the Group has uniform management principles, provides training, and pursues a pay policy that stresses the importance of individual efforts, productivity and financial performance.

Personnel

Personnel policy is founded on independent business units, where the policy can be developed using national and local strengths and the strengths of UPM-Kymmene's predecessors.

EUROPEAN COOPERATION

In compliance with the EU directive on multinational companies, UPM-Kymmene has launched a programme of cooperation within the Group. Agreement on cooperation was reached on a voluntary basis between the Group and its forest industry personnel groups. The agreement was signed in Brussels on 12 July 1996.

CHALLENGES OF GROWTH UPM-Kymmene's growth and international expansion also means new tumn, and about 60 were accepted. UPM-Kymmene has a similar training college in Kuusankoski, and maintains close ties with colleges in continental Europe.

UPM-Kymmene's Paper School is continuing the tradition started by Finnpap by arranging courses on papermaking and printing twice a year for its personnel and customers.



The first UPM-Kymmene European Forum (UPM-KEF) met in Helsinki in December.

One example where local expertise and development work has gained recognition is Shotton paper mill in Britain. At the end of the year Shotton received the "Investor in People" award for its work in encouraging personnel commitment and development.

PROFIT-SHARING SCHEME

A new profit-sharing scheme was created to provide incentives for employees and to help build a corporate culture geared to profitmaking. Almost all workers and staff permanently employed by the Group's forest industry operations in Finland are members of the scheme. In other countries similar schemes already exist, or are being set up. challenges for its employees. Job rotation has been introduced to offer employees an opportunity to develop themselves in different organizations, jobs and countries, and at the same time to spread specialist expertise within the Group.

VOCATIONAL AND IN-SERVICE TRAINING

The knowledge and skills of the entire workforce are constantly being developed. Vocational training is arranged by the profit centres; in Finland this is done in collaboration with institutes such as the Lotila industrial training college. Lotila has provided training for some 2,300 paper industry professionals since 1929. Almost 1,000 young trainees applied for second-year courses last au-

Forest industry employees

Finland	24,250
France	3,574
Germany	2,201
Great Britain	1,752
Sweden	351
Ireland	272
The Netherlands	163
Denmark	159
Spain	157
Belgium	91
Portugal	50
Italy	46
Austria	25
Other European countries	323
USA	165
Canada	3
Asia	18
Australia and New Zealand	22
Total	33,622

Rauma Corporation

Rauma Corporation

	1996	1995	1994
Turnover, FIM mill.	10,220	9,837	8 505
Operating profit, FIM mill.	710	742	546
%	6.9	7.5	6.4
Profit before extraordinary			
items, FIM mill.	679	671	331
Capital expenditure, FIM mill.	567	337	218
Personnel at 31.12	10,014	10,683	10,111

Rauma turnover by market

1996	FIM mill.	%
Finland	1,587	16
Other EU countries	2,198	21
North America	3,097	30
Southeast Asia	1,433	14
Rest of world	1,905	19
	10,220	100

Rauma personnel by area

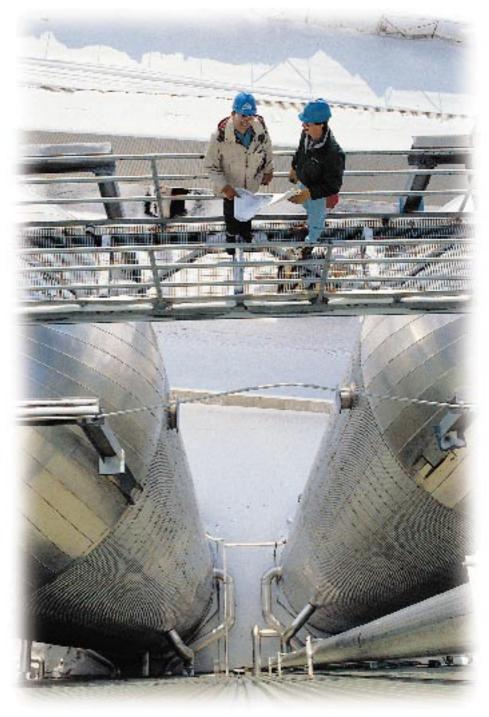
31.12.1996		%
Finland	3,726	37
Other EU countries	2,326	23
North America	2,553	26
Southeast Asia	297	3
Rest of world	1,122	11
	10.014	100

Rauma turnover and operating profit by business group

	Turnover		Operating profit
FIM million	1996	1995	1996 1995
Timberjack	2,156	2,763	131 386
Sunds Defibrator	3,971	3,077	367 267
Nordberg	1,931	2,072	89 81
Neles-Jamesbury	1,908	1,674	170 114
Other + internal	254	251	-47 -106
	10,220	9,837	710 742

Orders and order stocks

	Orders	received	Order stocks at 31.12	
FIM million	1996	1995	1996	1995
Timberjack	1,949	2,574	288	424
Sunds Defibrator	3,230	3,555	2,304	2,767
Nordberg	1,984	1,872	558	420
Neles-Jamesbury	1,727	1,842	413	586
Other + internal	376	206	242	173
	9,266	10,049	3,805	4,370



Sunds Defibrator supplied its first SuperBatch pulp digester plant to the United States. The customer was Potlatch Corporation's Cloquet mill in Minnesota, and the delivery included pulp washing and screening units.

Rauma Corporation is a global engineering company whose shares are quoted on the Helsinki and New York stock exchanges and on SEAQ International in London.

Rauma's four business groups are well-known names and each figures among the world's biggest manufacturers in its business area. Rauma derives two-fifths of its turnover from machinery and equipment for the pulp and paper industry. Sales to the building and civil engineering sectors account for about a quarter of turnover. Other important customers are the mining industry and the chemical and petrochemical industries.

Rauma's profitability remained at roughly the previous year's level. While Timberjack's financial result was noticeably poorer, profitability for the other business groups improved to almost the same extent.

Rauma Ecoplanning Oy, Vetco Pipeline Services Inc. and Heilborn GmbH, all of which operated outside the main business groups, were sold during 1996. As a result, other operations now consist basically of engineering subcontractors supporting the Group's manufacturing, and development and service units.

In May, Rauma purchased 14% of Tampella Corporation's share capital.

Forest machines - Timberjack

The global market for forest machines declined in 1996. Timberjack's turnover fell and profitability was well down on the record figure of the previous year.

The decrease in timber harvesting caused demand for forest machines to fall more than anticipated, with the result that both manufacturers' and distributors' stocks rose. In summer, production had to be curtailed. Stocks returned to normal in the final quarter as harvesting and machine sales increased.

In June, Timberjack purchased the American company Hudson Sales Corporation, which manufactures slashers and delimbers. These products supplement Timberjack's range offered to the North American market.

Demand for forest machines is expected to be unchanged in 1997.

Fibre technology equipment and processes - Sunds Defibrator

Deliveries were up by a quarter, and profitability improved in all the business group's sectors. The value of new orders received was 9% down on the previous year due to lower investment by the forest industry. Demand from the pulp and paper industry was weak, especially in Europe and North America. In the Asia-Pacific region, though, demand continued to be brisk.

As part of the rationalization of its North American operations, Sunds Defibrator sold its US subsidiary



Last year, Neles-Jamesbury supplied large butterfly valves for major natural gas projects in Southeast Asia.

LaValley Inc.

Demand in Southeast Asia is expected to remain strong. In Europe and North America, the ongoing restructuring in the pulp and paper industry, combined with uncertainty in the markets, will continue to limit investment, the exceptions being replacements and environmental investments.

Rock crushers - Nordberg

Nordberg's profitability improved thanks to growth in sales of crusher units and spare and wear parts. Another factor was better management of plant deliveries.

Orders received were worth 6% more than the year before. The building and mining industries continued to invest briskly in both North and South America. In Europe, demand was good

> with the exception of the important German and French markets. In the Asia-Pacific region, Malaysia and the Philippines continued to show strong growth, while in other countries growth levelled off.

In December, Nordberg bought the grinding mill business of the Swedish company Morgårdshammar AB.

Based on the order stocks and demand predicted for 1997, Nordberg has a fairly stable year in prospect.

Industrial valves - Neles-Jamesbury

Neles-Jamesbury returned a much better financial result than the previous year. The improved profitability was due to growth in turnover and to the changed sales structure.

Valves were in fairly good demand. However, the value of new orders received was 6% down due to weaker demand from the pulp and paper industry. On the other hand, more orders were received from the oil refining, petrochemicals and chemical industries.

Neles-Jamesbury expanded its global distribution network by opening new sales offices in

Thailand and South Africa and a representative office in Beijing, China.

The market prospects for 1997 are steady.

Rauma Corporation publishes its own Annual Report.

Events in 1996

- 1 February The sale of Finnminerals Oy's business operations to an Australian-Swiss consortium came into effect.
 - 2 March Metsä-Rauma's pulp mill went into production.
- 28 March Work on rebuilding Jämsänkoski's magazine paper machine (PM 5) was completed.
- 30 April UPM-Kymmene Corporation was entered in the Trade Register.
- 2 May Trading in UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares began on the Helsinki Stock Exchange and on SEAQ International in London.
- 21 May The rebuild of Lohjan Paperi's packaging paper machine (PM 2) was completed.
- 31 May The business operations of Walki Pack's Karhula paper sack plant were sold.
- 6 June In Ireland, the Brooks Group, a member of the UPM-Kymmene Timber division, bought the Northern Ireland sawn timber importing and distribution business of the Hunter Group of Britain.
- 17 June Raflatac signed an agreement with the Malaysian company Paper Automation SDN, BHD to set up a joint venture to manufacture self-adhesive laminate.
- 22 June A new coater went into operation at Nordland Papier's Dörpen mill in Germany.
 - 2 July Tervasaari's new release paper machine was started up in Valkeakoski.
- 30 August UPM-Kymmene signed a contract to sell its interest in Forchem, which produces tall oil and turpentine.
- 5 September UPM-Kymmene launched an ADR programme on the American OTC market.
 - 11 October The rebuild of the Kymi profit centre's fine paper machine (PM 7) was completed.
 - 12 October Work on rebuilding Rauma's LWC magazine paper machine (PM 1) was completed.
- 8 November Walkisoft's new air-laid paper machine started up at Steinfurt in Germany.
- 9 November The telephone directory paper machine (PM 4) at the Kaipola profit centre was restarted after a rebuild.
- 3 December The Fibre 90 investment project at Kaukas pulp mill was completed.
- 10 December UPM-Kymmene and Metsäliitto signed a letter of intent under which the Simpele paper and board mills and carton plant will be sold to Metsä-Serla and the Joutseno Pulp pulp mill to Metsä-Botnia.
- 11 December UPM-Kymmene acquired Tilhill Economic Forestry, Britain's biggest forest management company.
- 13 December UPM-Kymmene sold its interest in Finnish Chemicals.
- 31 December Finnpap, the Finnish paper mills' marketing association, was wound up.
 - 1997 In January, UPM-Kymmene purchased 5.2% of Kemijoki Oy's hydropower shares from the Finnish State.

In February, contracts were signed for the sale of Simpele paper and board mills and carton plant to Metsä-Serla and the Joutseno Pulp pulp mill to Metsä-Botnia. The sales will take effect on 31 March 1997.

Accounts for 1996

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Report of the Board of Directors

MERGER OF KYMMENE

CORPORATION AND REPOLA LTD

The merger of Kymmene Corporation and Repola Ltd to form UPM-Kymmene Corporation took effect on 30 April 1996, when it was entered in the Finnish Trade Register. The two companies had, however, operated as one since November 1995, following the approval of the merger proposal by extraordinary meetings of shareholders of both companies and by the EU Commission. This review covers the operations of the merging companies and the UPM-Kymmene Group in 1996.

UPM-Kymmene's business operations have started as planned.

CHANGES IN GROUP COMPOSITION

The following subsidiaries of the merging companies were merged with UPM-Kymmene Corporation in May: United Paper Mills Ltd, Kaukas Oy, Kymi Paper Mills Ltd, Wisaforest Oy Ab and Tehdaspuu Oy.

In 1996, UPM-Kymmene relinquished its business operations and investments related to the manufacture of chemicals by selling the talc business of its subsidiary Finnminerals and its interests in the associated companies Forchem and Finnish Chemicals. Together, the sales were worth around FIM 1 billion.

In December, a letter of intent was signed with Metsä-Serla Oy and Oy Metsä-Botnia Ab under which UPM-Kymmene engaged to sell its Simpele board, paper and carton production plants to Metsä-Serla and its Joutseno Pulp pulp mill to Metsä-Botnia. Under a contract signed in February 1997, the sales will take effect on 31 March 1997. The selling price of around FIM 2 billion will yield UPM-Kymmene a profit of about FIM 700 million.

Also in December, the company sold some of its C shares in Pohjolan Voima Oy to Ilmarinen Pension Insurance Company for around FIM 500 million. As a result, the company's stake in Pohjolan Voima fell from 52 to 46.7 per cent.

Paper is no longer marketed jointly through Finnpap, which was transferred entirely to UPM-Kymmene ownership in January 1997. Finnpap's sales network was combined with Kymmene's to form one UPM-Kymmene network.

The Brooks Group, which is a member of the UPM-Kymmene Timber division, bought the sawn timber importing and distribution business of the Hunter group in Northern Ireland. Shotton Paper Company purchased Tilhill Economic Forestry, Britain's leader in forest management and administration. Raflatac agreed on the founding of a self-adhesive labelstock manufacturing joint venture in Malaysia. Also in 1996, UPM-Kymmene sold its Karhula sack plant and Parkanon Lista picture frames business, and closed down its Kettula and Niederhaslach sawmills.

The Rauma Group company Timberjack purchased the American company Hudson Sales Corporation, which

manufactures slashers and delimbers. The Rauma subsidiary Nordberg acquired the grinding mill business operations of the Swedish company Morgårdshammar AB. Rauma sold Sunds Defibrator's US subsidiary LaValley Inc., as well as Rauma Ecoplanning Oy, Vetco Pipeline Services Inc. and Heilborn GmbH.

In February 1997, UPM-Kymmene purchased 5.2% of the hydropower shares of Kemijoki Oy from the Finnish state for FIM 476 million.

THE MARKET

Demand for printing and writing papers fell by 2% in Western Europe, the Group's main market. Most of the decline is explained by stock reductions by buyers, although consumption of some paper grades is thought to have fallen slightly because of sluggish economic growth in many European countries.

Falling demand pushed paper prices down. Curtailments in paper production reduced the demand for market pulp, and by spring pulp prices were only about half of the peak levels experienced in October 1995.

Demand for paper picked up in the second half of the year following the reduction of stocks. Demand for fine paper began to rise sharply early in the summer, and market pulp prices strengthened by some 10%. While it was possible to raise fine paper prices late in the year, average prices were well below those for 1995. The strengthening in demand for newsprint and magazine paper was less pronounced, and prices continued to fall throughout the year. Despite this, average prices for these grades were equal to, or higher than, those in 1995.

Demand and prices for packaging materials and special products was more stable, on average, than for printing and writing papers, although there were large differences between individual products and markets.

The sawn timber market strengthened noticeably in the second half of the year as supply and demand moved into balance. Prices agreed for deliveries in early 1997 are about a fifth higher than last spring. Demand for plywood improved towards the end of the year.

The trend in costs in the forest industry was restrained. However, while forest product prices fell, wood raw material prices did not follow suit.

Demand for Rauma's products for the forest industry weakened, but that for other products was stable.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

Declining deliveries and falling sales prices weakened UPM-Kymmene's profitability in 1996. Earnings per share were FIM 10.24, half the 1995 figure of FIM 20.09. Return on capital employed fell to 10.1% (16.2) and return on equity to 11.1% (24.5).

Operating profit was FIM 5,591 million, 10.8% of turnover (8,504, 15.5). The decrease is due mainly to the fall in fine paper prices and the smaller volume of magazine paper deliveries. The biggest loss-making product



	Turno	Furnover, FIM million C		Operating	g profit, FIM	Personnel (average) ⁴⁾	
	1996	1995	1994	1996	1995	1994	1996
Magazine papers	11,172	12,322	9,797	2,072	2,803	1,358	5,456
Newsprint	5,780	5,676	4,526	1,044	969	197	2,956
Fine papers	6,220	7,140	6,411	85	719	507	3,262
Packaging materials	5,473	5,728	5,160	559	362	378	5,830
Sawmilling	3,725	3,773	3,954	-48	135	469	3,003
Plywood	3,144	3,084	3,332	139	25	275	4,560
Special products	3,574	3,528	3,441	339	364	469	2,943
Chemical pulp 1)	4,106	6,070	4,881	-176	2,228	854	2,719
Other ^{2) 3)}	10,525	11,344	8,928	867	157	424	3,414
Engineering (Rauma)	10,220	9,837	8,595	710	742	546	10,575
Intra-Group sales	-12,182	-13,764	-10,969				
Total	51,757	54,738	47,966	5,591	8,504	5,477	44,808
¹⁾ Includes the Group's share of the		S		-72	361	54	
2) Operating profit includes profit fro	m fixed asset sales			620	320	310	

⁴⁾ Obtained by averaging the monthly figures.

was chemical pulp. However, cost savings equal almost to the losses made on pulp are included in the results for the other divisions, as roughly the same amount of pulp as that produced in-house was used as raw material at the Group's paper mills.

Three major investment projects and several paper machine rebuilds were completed in 1996. The additional costs associated with their start-ups adversely affected financial results.

Operating profit includes other operating income of FIM 864 million (473), FIM 677 million (361) of which is profit on disposal of fixed assets. Operating profit also includes FIM 32 million as the Group's share of losses of associated companies, mainly pulp producers, (FIM 405 million share of profit).

Before extraordinary items there was a profit of FIM 3,555 million (6,278). Net financial expenses before exchange differences and the Group's share of the results of associated companies fell by FIM 384 million, due largely to the fall in interest rates. Financial expenses includes exchange losses of FIM 127 million (-14) together with FIM 129 million (-48) as the Group's share of the loss made by associated companies, principally Finnyards Ltd.

Extraordinary income includes profit of FIM 421 million from the sale of Pohjolan Voima Oy shares and a VAT tax refund of FIM 135 million from previous years. Extraordinary income is quoted after deduction of FIM 151 million in tax. Extraordinary expenses includes a provision relating to previous years, FIM 81 million of which concerns the return of an investment contribution and FIM 149 million pension commitments, as well as FIM 100 million in additional amortization of goodwill. Extraordinary expenses for engineering operations were FIM 34 million.

Profit before untaxed reserves, taxes and minority interest was FIM 3,550 million (5,709). Direct taxes were FIM 706 million (843).

Under International Accounting Standards (IAS) there was a profit before taxes, minority interest and extraordinary items of FIM 3,763 million (6,359).

PRODUCTION AND TURNOVER

The Group's production of paper and board was 6.134 million tonnes, 8.9% down on last year's figure of 6.733 million tonnes. The capacity utilization rate fell to 84% (96).

Production of magazine paper and newsprint was down by 14.5%. Output of coated fine paper and specialities, on the other hand, was higher than the year before. Production of sawn timber was 1.857 million cubic metres (1.939), 4.2% less than in 1995. Plywood production was 617,200 cubic metres (585,100).

Consolidated turnover was FIM 51,757 million (54,738), a decrease of 5.4%. Turnover for forest industry operations was down by 7.5%. The Rauma Group increased its turnover by 3.9%.

Exports and overseas operations accounted for 85% of turnover (87).

PERSONNEL

The average number of employees in 1996 was 44,808 (45,732) for the Group and 16,228 for the parent company. The number of the Group's employees at the end of the year was 43,636 (44,671). The decrease is due to company disposals and the elimination of overlapping functions following the merger.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Net capital expenditure on fixed assets was FIM 4,432 million (3,318). Gross capital expenditure totalled FIM 6,032 million (4,918) and fixed asset sales FIM 1,600 million (1,600).

Three major investment projects were completed during the year. Nordland Papier's new coater for fine paper started up towards the end of June and Tervasaari's new release paper machine at the beginning of July. The extension and modernization of Kaukas pulp mill was completed in December. Other important investment projects included a new air-laid paper machine for Walkisoft's Steinfurt mill, modernizations of Jämsänkoski's PM 5, Rauma's PM 1, Kaipola's PM 4 and Kymi's PM 7, and a new boiler plant for Rauma paper mill.

The new pulp mill operated by the associated company Metsä-Rauma started up in March.

The biggest project currently under way concerns Rauma paper mill, for which a new LWC machine was ordered in April. Under the revised schedule, the machine will start up in February 1998, later than originally planned.

Gross capital expenditure by the Rauma engineering group was FIM 567 million. The biggest single item was the purchase of Tampella Corporation shares for FIM 185 million.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development expenditure was FIM 401 million (367), of which FIM 207 million (198) was spent on forest industry R&D. The main focuses were on product quality development, new products, paper machine process development and making more efficient use of raw materials and energy.

The Rauma Group's development work concentrated on the environmental and occupational safety of products. Sunds Defibrator built a new research centre.

FINANCING

The equity to assets ratio at 31 December 1996 was 41.4% (39.3) and the gearing ratio 93% (102).

Cash flow from operations was FIM 7,418 million (6,661) and interest-bearing net liabilities at 31 December were FIM 25,684 million (25,914). The average rate of interest on the Group's loans fell by one percentage point during the year, due mainly to the general fall in market interest rates. At the end of the year, the Group had unused credit facilities worth a total of FIM 6,700 million.

SHARES

On the date of its formation through the merger, UPM-Kymmene Corporation had a share capital of FIM 2,673,736,670. As a result of subscriptions under convertible bond loans, the share capital had been increased to FIM 2,673,738,230 by the end of the year. In December, equity warrants were used to subscribe 735,000 shares, and the resulting FIM 7,350,000 increase in share capital was registered on 13 January 1997.

A listing was obtained for the company's shares on the Helsinki Stock Exchange on 2 May 1996. The shares are also traded on SEAQ International in London. In September, an ADR programme was set up for the American OTC market.

Shares of the merging companies and of UPM-Kymmene Corporation were traded on the Helsinki Stock Exchange to a total value of FIM 11,734 million (10,994) during 1996. The highest price quoted for UPM-Kymmene shares was FIM 105.00 in August and the lowest FIM 85.50 in November.

OUTLOOK FOR 1997

Economic growth is forecast to strengthen gradually in Europe, the Group's main market, and this will increase consumption of paper.

Deliveries of printing and writing papers are expected to be up on 1996, although sales prices will be lower, at least in the early part of the year. Printing paper prices have probably now bottomed out. Better demand early in 1997 has raised capacity utilization rates and paved the way for an increase in sales prices. It is hoped to raise fine paper and LWC prices during the first quarter of the year.

The good demand for packaging materials and specialities is expected to continue.

Consumption of sawn timber and plywood is expected to be higher than in 1996. At the start of 1997, sawn timber prices were well up on last year.

The Rauma Group had orders worth FIM 3,805 million at the turn of the year (4,370).

At present UPM-Kymmene expects the financial result for 1997 to be similar to that for last year.

Gross capital expenditure in 1997 is expected to be around FIM 6 billion. Most of this concerns projects already decided on, the biggest being the new LWC machine for Rauma paper mill. Capital expenditure net of fixed asset sales already agreed on will be around FIM 4 billion.

DISTRIBUTION OF RAUMA OY SHARES AS DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors proposes that the dividend for 1996 partly be distributed in the form of Rauma Oy shares.

Rauma Oy is a listed engineering company in which UPM-Kymmene has a 73.3% interest. UPM-Kymmene Corporation's principal business is the forest industry, and the Board of Directors has therefore decided to propose that the company relinquish some of its interest in Rauma Oy by offering Rauma Oy shares as dividend to its own shareholders, who, indirectly, are also shareholders in Rauma Oy. If approved, UPM-Kymmene Corporation's interest in Rauma Oy would fall to 59.9%. In the future it is intended to reduce this to below 50% through other means.



However, in the case of shareholders with fewer than 500 UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares it is proposed that dividend be paid entirely in cash, as distributing dividend in the form of shares would be financially disadvantageous for such shareholders. These shareholders will, nevertheless, have the opportunity to purchase Rauma Oy shares as explained in the proposal for the distribution of profits.

BOARD'S PROPOSAL FOR THE DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS

The parent company's balance sheet shows distributable unrestricted shareholders' equity at 31 December 1996 of FIM 4,898 million and the consolidated balance sheet unrestricted shareholders' equity of FIM 3,820 million. The Rauma Oy shares proposed for distribution in the following have a value of FIM 39.73 per share in the parent company's balance sheet and FIM 50.41 per share in the consolidated balance sheet, both values being well below the stock exchange quotation.

The Board of Directors proposes that, for the financial period ended 31 December 1996, dividend on the company's 267,373,823 shares be distributed partly in cash and partly in the form of Rauma Oy shares to a total value equivalent to FIM 4.50 per UPM-Kymmene share. The total amount of the dividend payable to shareholders will thus be FIM 1,203,182,203.50. For the purpose of dividend distribution, Rauma Oy's shares will be valued at the average trade-weighted quotation on the Helsinki Stock Exchange calculated for the period from 1 to 28 February 1997, i.e. a value of FIM 110.49 per share. From this amount a dividend of FIM 2.75 per share proposed by the Board of Directors of Rauma Oy for the 1996 financial period, which is not included in the shares to be transferred, will be subtracted. Each Rauma Oy share will thus have a value of FIM 107.74 for purposes of dividend distribution. The book value of UPM-Kymmene Corporation's dividend will be determined by the final dividend

distributed. It is proposed that parent company profits remaining after the payment of dividend be left in retained earnings.

Dividend per share will take the form of FIM 1.50 in cash and FIM 3.00 as Rauma Oy shares. However, those shareholders whose UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares as registered in their book entry accounts on the record date for dividend payment do not exceed 499 in number will receive the full dividend in cash. Those shareholders whose book entry accounts show 500 or more UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares, will receive one (1) Rauma Oy share for every 35.91 UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares held. Should the number of shares entered in the shareholder's book entry account not be divisible by 107.74/3.00, the excess value will be paid in cash.

In addition to the above, UPM-Kymmene Corporation will offer those shareholders whose book entry accounts at the record date for dividend payment show no more than 499 UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares, and who will therefore receive their dividend entirely in cash, the opportunity to purchase, from 6 to 19 May 1997, Rauma Oy shares owned by UPM-Kymmene Corporation at a price of FIM 107.74 per share, the number of shares thus offered corresponding to the FIM 3.00 per share dividend paid as cash instead of Rauma Oy shares. As relates to these shareholders, the number of Rauma Oy shares to be offered for sale in this way will be from 1 to 13 per book entry account. The offer does not apply to shareholders domiciled in the United States of America.

The Board of Directors also proposes that the tax on the transfer of assets payable in conjunction with the dividend payment and offer of shares be paid by UPM-Kymmene Corporation and that FIM 800,000 be placed at the disposal of the Board of Directors for use in the general interest.

The record date for dividend payment is 15 April 1997. Dividend will be paid on 6 May 1997.

	Helsinki 3 March 1997	
	Board of Directors	
<i>Yrjö Niskanen</i> Chairman	Casimir Ehrnrooth	Tauno Matomäki
L.J. Jouhki	Jouko K. Leskinen	Jorma Routti
Gustaf Serlachius	Vesa Vainio	Iiro Viinanen

Juha Niemelä President and CEO

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FIM million, 1.1-31.12.	Note	1996	1995	1994
Turnover	(1)	51,757	54,738	47,966
Other operating income	(2)	864	473	476
Costs and expenses	(3)	-43,760	-44,005	-39,858
Share of results of associated companies	(4)	-32	405	49
Depreciation on fixed assets and other capitalized expenditure	(5)	-3,238	-3,107	-3,156
Operating profit	(6)	5,591	8,504	5,477
Financial income and expenses	(7)		,	
Share of results of associated companies	(7) (4)	-129	-48	-36
Dividend income		55	51	24
Interest income		293	357	331
Other financial income		27	26	35
Exchange rate differences		-127	-14	146
Interest expenses		-2,004	-2,443	-2,668
Other financial expenses		-117	-152	-192
Depreciation on investments		-34	-3	-7
		-2,036	-2,226	-2,367
Profit before extraordinary items,				
untaxed reserves and taxes		3,555	6,278	3,110
Extraordinary income and expenses	(8)			
Extraordinary income		424	436	295
Extraordinary expenses		<u>-429</u> -5	-1,005 -569	<u>-629</u> -334
		2.550		
Profit before untaxed reserves and taxes		3,550	5,709	2,776
Increase (–) or decrease (+) in accumulated depreciation difference	(9)	-2,017	-2,842	-1,769
Increase (–) or decrease (+) in untaxed reserves	(10)	278	-45	391
Direct taxes	(11)	-706	-843	-502
Profit for the period before minority interes		1,105	1,979	896
Minority interest	(12)	-111	-96	2
Profit for the period		994	1,883	898

Consolidated funds statement

IM million	1996	1995	1994
perations			
unds generated from operations			
Operating profit	5,591	8,504	5,47
Depreciation	3,238	3,107	3,15
Share of results of associated companies	32	65	17
Financial income and expenses	-1,907	-2,226	-2,36
Extraordinary income and expenses	-5	-569	-33
Direct taxes	-706	-843	-50
	6,243	8,038	5,60
Change in working capital			
Increase (–) or decrease (+) in stocks	1,381	-2,235	-49
Increase (-) or decrease (+) in current receivables	622	-425	-55
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in non-interest bearing			
current liabilities	-828	1,283	1,3
	1,175	-1,377	27
ash flow from operations	7,418	6,661	5,87
nvestments			
Capital expenditure	-6,032	-4,918	-3,48
Decrease in fixed assets and other changes	267	2,035	1,58
	-5,765	-2,883	-1,89
ash flow before financing	1,653	3,778	3,97
inancing			
Increase (-) or decrease (+) in long-term receivables	-91	32	76
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in long-term loans	-2,869	-2,924	-5,06
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in short-term loans	2,742	-716	
Dividends	-1,203	-574	-2
Share issue	37	0	1'
Other financial items	235	69	_
		4.112	-4,3
	-1,149	-4,113	-4,5.

Consolidated balance sheet

FIM million	Note	31.12.1996	31.12.199
ASSETS			
Fixed assets and other long-term investments	(13)		
Intangible assets			
Formation expenses		22	3'
Intangible rights		205	20
Goodwill		165	110
Goodwill on consolidation		688	94
Other capitalized expenditure		407	390
Advance payments		3	
		1,490	1,710
Tangible assets			
Land and water		7,083	7,074
Buildings		7,908	7,38
Machinery and equipment		23,184	20,14
Other tangible assets		590	55.
Advance payments and construction in progress		935	2,094
		39,700	37,249
Financial assets			
Shares and holdings in associated companies		3,547	3,10
Other shares and holdings		2,448	2,59
Loan receivables		1,117	1,049
Other financial assets		7,112	6,76
Current assets			
Stocks			
Raw materials and consumables		2,924	3,25
Work in progress		855	1,352
Finished products and goods		3,513	3,76.
Other stocks		549	67
Advance payments		291	47
		8,132	9,51
Receivables	(14)		
Trade receivables		6,743	6,85
Loan receivables		151	230
Prepaid expenses and accrued income		1,250	1,18
Other receivables		421	87
		8,565	9,14
Cash and bank		2,729	2,22:
		67,728	66,60



FIM million	Note	31.12.1996	31.12.1995
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' equity	(15)		
Restricted equity			
Share capital		2,674	2,674
Other restricted equity		7,629	7,698
		10,303	10,372
Capital loan		750	750
Non-restricted equity			
Retained earnings		2,826	1,700
Profit for the period		994	1,884
		3,820	3,584
Minority interest		884	764
Reserves			
Accumulated depreciation difference		11,439	9,217
Untaxed reserves			
Investment reserves			31
Other reserves	(16)	333	738 769
Provisions	(17)	442	215
Long-term and current liabilities	(18)		
Long-term	(10)		
Bond loans		2,129	2,645
Convertible bond loans		960	960
Loans from financing institutions		9,325	10,547
Pension loans		4,349	4,628
Advances received		1	,
Trade payables		9	3
Other long-term liabilities		1,762	1,853
		18,535	20,636
Current			
Current portion of long-term loans		4,660	5,428
Loans from financing institutions		4,766	1,555
Advances received		1,226	1,837
Trade payables		3,491	3,641
Bills payable		586	496
Accrued expenses and deferred income		4,269	4,403
Other current liabilities		2,224	2,941
		21,222	20,301
		67,728	66,608



Parent company profit and loss account

FIM million	1.5-31.12.96
Turnover	16,018
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in finished	
goods inventories	-230
Production for own use	82
Other operating income (2)	544
Costs and expenses	
Materials, supplies and products	
Purchases during the financial period	
Increase (-) or decrease (+) in invent	ories –220
External services	-856
Personnel expenses (3)	-2,563
Rents	-137
Other costs and expenses	-1,955
	-13,063
Depreciation on fixed assets and	
other capitalized expenditure (5)	-1,137
Operating profit	2,214
Financial income and expenses (7)	
Dividend income	599
Interest income from non-current investm	
Other financial income	117
Exchange rate differences	-75
Interest expenses	-945
Other financial expenses	-42
Depreciation on investments	-100
Depreciation on investments	-292
Profit before extraordinary items,	
untaxed reserves and taxes	1,922
	<u>, </u>
Extraordinary income and expenses (8)	
Extraordinary income	932
Extraordinary expenses	-142
	790
Profit before untaxed reserves and tax	xes 2,712
Increase (–) or decrease (+) in accumulated	
depreciation difference (9)	-1,110
Increase (-) or decrease (+) in untaxed	
reserves (10)	361
Direct taxes (11)	-462
Profit for the period	1,501

Parent company funds statement

FIM million 1.5-3	81.12.96
Operations	
Funds generated from operations	
Operating profit	2,214
Depreciation	1,137
Financial income and expenses	-292
Extraordinary items	790
Direct taxes	-462
	3,387
Change in working capital	
Increase (–) or decrease (+) in stocks	-1,979
Increase (-) or decrease (+)	
in current receivables	-897
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in non-interest	
bearing current liabilities	1,778
	-1,098
Cash flow from operations	2,289
Investments	
Capital expenditure	-23,642
Decrease in fixed assets	11,496
	-12,146
Cash flow before financing	-9,857
Financing	
Increase (-) or decrease (+) in	
long-term receivables	6,133
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in long-term loans	,
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in short-term loan	
Share issue	37
Other financial items	-1
	9,656

Decrease (-) or increase (+) in liquid funds -20
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FIM million 31	.12.1996
ASSETS	
Fixed assets and other	
long-term investments (13)	
Intangible assets	
Intangible rights	102
Goodwill	36
Other capitalized expenditure	254
Advance payments	1
	393
Tangible assets	
Land and water	6,251
Buildings	3,972
Machinery and equipment	14,010
Other tangible assets	421
Advance payments and construction	
in progress	767
	25,421
Financial assets	
Shares and holdings in associated companies	
Shares in subsidiaries	7,196
Other shares and holdings	1,962
Loan receivables	3,553
Other financial assets	9
	16,025
Current assets	
Stocks	1 100
Raw materials and consumables	1,190
Work in progress	54
Finished products and goods	1,095
Advance payments	240
	2,579
Receivables (14)	
Trade receivables	1,997
Loan receivables	1,997
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	752
Other receivables	166
Other receivables	
	4,113
Cash and bank	1 704
	1,724
	50,255
	50,255

FIM million	31.12.1996
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Shareholders' equity (15)	
Restricted equity	
Share capital	2,674
Share issue	37
Legal reserve	3,566
Revaluation reserve	3,660
	9,937
	5,557
Capital loan	750
Non-restricted equity	2.207
Retained earnings	3,397
Profit for the period	1,501
	4,898
Untaxed reserves	
Accumulated depreciation difference	9,122
Provisions (17)	141
Long-term and current liabilities (18)	
Long-term	
Bond loans	1,433
Convertible bond loans	960
Loans from financing institutions	6,287
Pension loans	3,203
Other long-term liabilities	206
	12,089
	12,009
Current	
Current portion of long-term loans	3,421
Loans from financing institutions	2,410
Advances received	379
Trade payables	1,499
Accrued expenses and deferred income	1,683
Other current liabilities	3,926
	13,318
	50,255

Notes on the accounts

Accounting policies for 1996

FORMATION OF THE UPM-KYMMENE GROUP UPM-Kymmene Corporation was formed through the amalgamation merger of Kymmene Corporation and Repola Ltd on 30 April 1996. The financial statements for the new parent company are for the period 1 May to 31 December 1996. The consolidated financial statements have been compiled from the financial statements of the merging companies and their subsidiaries and relate to the period 1 January to 31 December 1996. The figures for previous years given for comparison have been obtained by combining the official financial statements of the merging companies.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

UPM-Kymmene's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Finnish accounting practice. The figures are stated in Finnish markka under the historical cost convention, except for certain balance sheet items that have been revalued.

The consolidated financial statements are drawn up using the purchase method and include all companies in which the parent company has a controlling interest as stated in the Accounting Act. The difference between the acquisition cost and the subsidiary's equity at the time of acquisition has been entered, where applicable, under fixed assets and has been depreciated in the same way as the corresponding assets. The remainder of the difference is shown as goodwill on consolidation and amortized according to plan.

The consolidated financial statements include all Group companies and associated companies with the exception of certain small housing and real estate subsidiaries. Their exclusion has no material effect on either the Group's financial result or non-restricted shareholders' equity. Subsidiaries acquired during the year are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the date of their acquisition and subsidiaries sold are included up to the date of their sale.

All inter-company transactions, receivables, liabilities and unrealized profits, as well as distribution of profits within the Group, are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. Minority interests are disclosed separately from the Group shareholders' equity in the consolidated balance sheet and are recorded as a separate item in the consolidated profit and loss account.

Associated companies are consolidated using the equity method. Accordingly, in place of dividends, UPM-Kymmene's share of the results of such companies is included in the consolidated profit and loss account less amortization of goodwill on acquisition for the financial period. Correspondingly, UPM-Kymmene's share of the shareholders' equity and untaxed reserves, less tax liability, of associated companies, including goodwill less the accumulated amortization of goodwill, is entered in the balance sheet under the value of shares. Goodwill in respect of power companies is included in non-wasting fixed assets.

The financial results of those associated companies connected with the Group's business operations are included in operating profit and those of other associated companies in financial items.

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Foreign currency transactions of domestic Group companies are reported according to the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction date. Receivables and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Finnish markka at the Bank of Finland's average exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange rate differences on translation of receivables and liabilities are entered under financial income and expenses.

Changes in the values of instruments used to hedge against foreign exchange and interest rate risks are recognized in the profit and loss account. The interest component is accrued as interest income or expenses, and exchange differences are entered under financial income and expenses. Open hedging instruments are valued at the average rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date and are entered in the profit and loss account. The exception is forward contracts relating to the Group's cash flow, which are entered in the profit and loss account as the cash flow is credited or debited.

The profit and loss accounts of foreign subsidiaries are translated into Finnish markka using the monthly average rate of exchange, and the balance sheets using the Bank of Finland's average rate of exchange at the balance sheet date. The difference is entered in the Group's shareholders' equity.

Most of the net investment in foreign subsidiaries has been hedged by means of foreign currency loans and forward agreements using the equity hedging method. Net exchange differences arising from conversion of shareholders' equity and of the corresponding financial item are entered under the Group's shareholders' equity.

STOCKS

Stocks are valued at cost, which is calculated to include the variable costs of manufacture and an appropriate proportion of the fixed costs of their acquisition and manufacture, however not exceeding the probable net realizable value or replacement value.

FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less planned depreciation. In addition, the balance sheet value includes revaluations for certain land, buildings and investments in shares. Planned depreciation is calculated on a straightline basis so as to write off the cost of the fixed assets over



their expected useful lives:	
Buildings and structures	25-40 years
Heavy machinery	15-20 years
Light machinery and equipment	5–15 years
Other tangible assets	5–12 years
Goodwill and other intangible assets	5–20 years
Depreciation is not made in respect of land,	
water or revaluations.	

TURNOVER AND PROJECTS

Turnover is calculated after deduction of indirect sales taxes, sales discounts and sales commissions. Revenue is recognized at the date of delivery. In respect of major long-term projects, principally by the engineering sector, the percentage of completion method is applied.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred.

PENSION ARRANGEMENTS

The pensions of employees of domestic Group companies are arranged partly through Finnish pension insurance companies, partly through the company's own pension funds and partly directly by the company. Foreign subsidiaries make their own pension arrangements in accordance with local practice.

COST OF WARRANTIES

The probable costs of warranties pertaining to products delivered are included in current liabilities.

EXTRAORDINARY INCOME AND EXPENSES

Income and expenses from non-recurring but significant transactions arising otherwise than in the course of the company's ordinary activities are recorded as extraordinary income and expenses and are stated after deduction of tax.

INCREASE/DECREASE IN ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION DIFFERENCE AND UNTAXED RESERVES (APPROPRIATIONS)

In accordance with Finnish accounting practice, the profit and loss account shows the result before untaxed reserves and taxes. In Finland and certain other countries, part of the appropriations are only accepted for tax purposes if they are recorded in the financial statements.

For taxation purposes, accelerated depreciation may be made. Depreciation below planned depreciation may be made up to the maximum planned depreciation if, in previous years, depreciation has been made in excess of plan. The difference between planned and booked depreciation is presented in the profit and loss account as an increase or decrease in depreciation difference, and in the balance sheet as an accumulated depreciation difference.

PROVISIONS

Provisions in the balance sheet comprise those expenses to which a commitment has been made but which have not yet been realized. These may include pension liabilities and the costs of business closure and restructuring.

Changes in provisions are shown in the profit and loss account under the appropriate expense item.

DIRECT TAXES

The Group's taxation consists of the combined taxes of the parent company and its subsidiaries based on the taxable profit and proposed dividend, calculated in accordance with the accruals convention. The tax credits arising from the distribution of dividends by subsidiaries are deducted from direct taxes.

Notes on consolidated and parent company profit and loss accounts, FIM million

UPM

	Group	Group	Group	Parent company
	1996	1995	1994	May-Dec. 1990
Turnover by division				
Magazine papers	11,172	12,322	9,797	
Newsprint	5,780	5,676	4,526	
Fine papers	6,220	7,140	6,411	
Packaging materials	5,473	5,728	5,160	
Sawmilling	3,725	3,773	3,954	
Plywood	3,144	3,084	3,332	
Special products	3,574	3,528	3,441	
Chemical pulp	4,106	6,070	4,881	
Other	10,525	11,344	8,928	
Engineering (Rauma)	10,220	9,837	8,505	
Internal sales	-12,182	-13,764	-10,969	
Total	51,757	54,738	47,966	
Turnover by market Finland	7,992	7,003	6,130	
Great Britain	7,133	6,748	5,916	
Germany	6,384	7,720	7,082	
France	4,639	5,667	5,026	
Other EU countries	10,791	11,768	9,189	
Other European countries	3,473	3,204	3,621	
North America	5,250	5,765	5,212	
Rest of world	6,095	6,863	5,790	
Total	51,757	54,738	47,966	
Other operating income Profit on disposal of fixed assets	677	361	361	47
Income from rents	74	44	46	4
Other operating income	113	68	69	2
Other operating income, total	864	473	476	54
Costs and expenses				
Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks of				
finished goods and work in progress	990	-751	398	
Production for own use				
Raw materials, consumables and goods	-154	-138	_ 19	
	-154	-138	-119	
-				
Purchased during the period	21,459	24,200	20,819	
Purchased during the period Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks	21,459 428	24,200 -792	20,819 -605	
Purchased during the period Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks External services	21,459 428 4,593	24,200 -792 4,149	20,819 -605 3,743	
Purchased during the period Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks External services Personnel expenses	21,459 428 4,593 9,730	24,200 -792 4,149 9,490	20,819 -605 3,743 9,001	
Purchased during the period Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks External services Personnel expenses Rents	21,459 428 4,593 9,730 410	24,200 -792 4,149 9,490 436	20,819 -605 3,743 9,001 464	
Purchased during the period Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks External services Personnel expenses Rents Other costs and expenses	21,459 428 4,593 9,730	24,200 -792 4,149 9,490 436 7,411	20,819 -605 3,743 9,001 464 6,157	
Purchased during the period Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks External services Personnel expenses Rents Other costs and expenses Costs and expenses, total	21,459 428 4,593 9,730 410 6,304	24,200 -792 4,149 9,490 436	20,819 -605 3,743 9,001 464	
Purchased during the period Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks External services Personnel expenses Rents Other costs and expenses Costs and expenses, total	21,459 428 4,593 9,730 410 6,304	24,200 -792 4,149 9,490 436 7,411	20,819 -605 3,743 9,001 464 6,157	
Purchased during the period Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks External services Personnel expenses Rents Other costs and expenses Costs and expenses Costs and expenses Salaries of Boards of Directors and	21,459 428 4,593 9,730 410 6,304 43,760	24,200 -792 4,149 9,490 436 7,411 44,005	20,819 -605 3,743 9,001 464 6,157 39,858	
Purchased during the period Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks External services Personnel expenses Rents Other costs and expenses Costs and expenses Costs and expenses Salaries of Boards of Directors and Managing Directors	21,459 428 4,593 9,730 410 6,304 43,760	24,200 792 4,149 9,490 436 7,411 44,005	20,819 -605 3,743 9,001 464 6,157 39,858	
Purchased during the period Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks External services Personnel expenses Rents Other costs and expenses Costs and expenses Costs and expenses, total Personnel expenses Salaries of Boards of Directors and Managing Directors Other wages and salaries	21,459 428 4,593 9,730 410 6,304 43,760	24,200 -792 4,149 9,490 436 7,411 44,005 147 7,020	20,819 605 3,743 9,001 464 6,157 39,858 147 6,655	2,01
Purchased during the period Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks External services Personnel expenses Rents Other costs and expenses Costs and expenses Costs and expenses, total Personnel expenses Salaries of Boards of Directors and Managing Directors Other wages and salaries Pension expenses and contributions	21,459 428 4,593 9,730 410 6,304 43,760 154 7,324 953	24,200 -792 4,149 9,490 436 7,411 44,005 147 7,020 1,006	20,819 605 3,743 9,001 464 6,157 39,858 147 6,655 936	2,01 31-
Purchased during the period Increase/decrease (-/+) in stocks External services Personnel expenses Rents Other costs and expenses Costs and expenses Costs and expenses, total Personnel expenses Salaries of Boards of Directors and Managing Directors Other wages and salaries	21,459 428 4,593 9,730 410 6,304 43,760	24,200 -792 4,149 9,490 436 7,411 44,005 147 7,020	20,819 605 3,743 9,001 464 6,157 39,858 147 6,655	2,011 314 235 2,563

The total value of fringe benefits for the parent company was FIM 9.5 million.



		Group 1996	Group 1995	Group 1994	Parent company May-Dec. 1996
		1770	1775	1771	May Dec. 1990
4	Share of results of associated companies				
	Oy Metsä-Botnia Ab	-15	361	54	
	Oy Metsä-Rauma Ab	-57			
	Corenso United Oy Ltd	7	26	-12	
	Pohjolan Voima Oy	22	9	2	
	Others	11	9	5	
	Total included in operating profit	-32	405	49	
	Finnyards Ltd	-140	-76	-40	
	Others	11	28	4	
	Total included in financial income and expenses	-129	-48	-36	
-	Depreciation on fixed assets and				
5	other capitalized expenditure				
	Formation expenses	10	10	11	
	Intangible rights	43	45	51	12
	Goodwill	19	16	23	4
	Goodwill on consolidation	96	109	127	
	Other capitalized expenditure	108	92	88	61
	Buildings	363	352	352	114
	Machinery and equipment	2,532	2,423	2,444	923
	Other tangible assets	67	60	60	23
	Depreciation, total	3,238	3,107	3,156	1,137
6	Operating profit by division				
Ŭ	Magazine papers	2,072	2,803	1,358	
	Newsprint	1,044	969	1,550	
	Fine papers	85	719	507	
	Packaging materials	559	362	378	
	Sawmilling	-48	135	469	
	Plywood	139	25	275	
	Special products	339	364	469	
	Chemical pulp	-176	2,228	854	
	Others	867	157	424	
	Engineering (Rauma)	710	742	546	
	Total	5,591	8,504	5,477	
-	Inter Course financial income and				
7	Intra-Group financial income and expense Dividend income	ses			459
	Interest on long-term investments				439
	Other financial income				20
	Exchange rate differences				32
					-84
	Interest expenses				-84

8 Extraordinary income and expenses

UPM

		Group 1996	Group 1995	Group 1994	Parent company May-Dec. 1996
	Extraordinary income				
	Profit on sale of Pohjolan Voima shares	421			403
	VAT tax refund on demerger of 1.1.1991	135			135
	Profit on sale of Rauma Oy shares		431		
	Merger premium				394
	Indirect costs attributable to initial stocks				
	due to change in accounting practice			273	
	Other	19	5	22	
	 Tax effect of extraordinary items 	-151			
	Extraordinary income, total	424	436	295	932
	Extraordinary expenses				
	Pension liabilities	-149		-123	-114
	Additional amortization of goodwill	-100			
	Provision for return of investment contribution	-81			
	Merger deficit				-17
	Consolidation of associated companies				
	due to change in accounting practice		-380	-159	
	Write-down in value of Polar Corporation				
	shares and other investments		-99	-57	
	Write-down in value of Finnyards shares				
	and receivables		-177		
	Other	-99	-349	-290	-11
	Extraordinary expenses, total	-429	-1,005	-629	-142
9	Change in accumulated				
	depreciation difference				
	Intangible rights	-3	-6	_7	-2
	Goodwill		-3		
	Other capitalized expenditure	-4	-1	-2	-5
	Buildings	-368	-17	-76	-367
	Machinery and equipment	-907	-2,915	-1,723	-728
	Other tangible assets	-739	5	1 207	-2
	Destion of an fit from only of four langth in	-2,021	-2,937	-1,807	-1,104
	Portion of profit from sale of fixed assets in	4	95	38	6
	excess of depreciation according to plan Change in accum. depreciation difference, total		-2,842	-1,769	-1.110
	Change in accum, depreciation difference, total	-2,017	-2,842	-1,709	-1,110
10	Increase (-) or decrease (+) in untaxed reserves				
	Transitional reserve	412	16	255	361
	Stock reserve	412	10	255 15	301
	Other reserves	-134	-61	13	
	Change in untaxed reserves, total	278	-45	391	361
	Change in untaxed reserves, total	270	-43	571	501
11	Direct taxes	((7	750	450	100
	Taxes for the financial year Taxes from previous years	-667	-752 -91	-459 -43	-400
	- Tax effect of extraordinary items	-190 151	-91	-43	-62
	Direct taxes, total	-706	-843	-502	-462
		-700	-043	-302	-402

12 Minority interest

Minority interest relates mainly to the Rauma Group (minority interest 26.7%).

UPM

Notes on consolidated and parent company balance sheets, FIM million

13 Fixed assets and other long-term investments

				1.1		D	D 1
	Acquisition	Increases	Decreases	Accumulated	Accumulated	Depreciation	Book
	cost at 1 Jan.	incl.		depreciation at 1 Jan.	depreciation on decreases	for the	value at 31 Dec.
	at 1 Jan.	exchange differences		at 1 Jan.	incl. exchange	period	at 31 Dec.
		unificiences			differences		
					unierences		
GROUP							
Intangible assets							
Formation expenses	94	17	-18	-68	7	-10	22
Intangible rights	509	46	-59	-297	49	-43	205
Goodwill	348	42	-19	-221	34	-19	165
Goodwill on consolidation	1,725	46	-300	-775	89	-97	688
Other capitalized expenditure	822	133	-24	-428	12	-108	407
Advance payments	1	3	-1				3
Group 31 Dec. 1996	3,499	287	-421	-1,789	191	-277	1,490
Group 31 Dec. 1995	4,142	91	-460	-1,935	144	-272	1,710
Tangible assets							
Land and water	7,077	1,841	-1,835	-4	4		7,083
Buildings	10,439	1,200	-301	-3,098	32	-364	7,908
Machinery and equipment	40,212	6,042	-874	-20,048	402	-2,550	23,184
Other tangible assets	1,131	128	-61	-556	15	-67	590
Advance payments and	, -						
construction in progress	2,096	1,239	-2,400				935
Group 31 Dec. 1996	60,955	10,450	-5,471	-23,706	453	-2,981	39,700
Group 31 Dec. 1995	57,024	5,024	-1,121	-21,587	742	-2,834	37,249

Depreciation for the financial period differs from that stated in the profit and loss account because the balance sheets and profit and loss accounts of foreign subsidiaries have been translated into Finnish markka using different exchange rates. The book value of machinery and equipment includes FIM 160 million (188) in interest expenses capitalized during the course of construction.

А	cquisition cost	Increases	Decreases	Accumulated depreciation	Accumulated depreciation	Depreciation for the	Book value
	at 1 May			at 1 May	on decreases	period	at 31 Dec.
PARENT COMPANY							
Intangible assets							
Intangible rights	2	195		-83		-12	102
Goodwill		53		-13		-4	36
Other capitalized expenditure	407	230	-27	-300	5	-61	254
Advance payments		1					1
Parent company 31 Dec. 1996	409	479	-27	-396	5	-77	393
Tangible assets							
Land and water	3,085	4,935	-1,769				6,251
Buildings	23	5,706	-10	-1,640	7	-114	3,972
Machinery and equipment	171	27,294	-140	-12,504	111	-922	14,010
Other tangible assets	54	785	-10	-385		-23	421
Advance payments and							
construction in progress	9	2,799	-2,041				767
Parent company 31 Dec. 1996	3,342	41,519	-3,970	-14,529	118	-1,059	25,421

The fixed assets of merged subsidiaries are included in the increases of the Parent Company.



Market values and basis for valuations

The book value of shares in companies listed on the Helsinki Stock Exchange and entered under fixed assets and stocks is FIM 1,993 million. The market value at 31 December 1996 was FIM 4,495 million. In addition, the difference between the book value and the market value of the subsidiary Rauma Oy (73.3%) is FIM 1,816 million.

The company's forest, 926,000 hectares, has a book value of FIM 6,970 per hectare, i.e. a total value of FIM 6,454 million. This includes revaluations of FIM 3,376 million made in previous years. According to estimates made by the company for each forest holding separately, the average market value is FIM 9,475 per hectare, giving a total value of FIM 8,774 million. The company also estimates that the market value of its shares in energy companies, FIM 6,662 million, exceeds the book value by FIM 3,798 million. Market value is based on dealings in energy company shares and partly on the net asset value of the shares.

Restructuring has left the Group with a considerable amount of real estate and housing not connected with business operations. Their estimated market value, FIM 2,400 million, exceeds the book value by FIM 1,450 million. Market value is based on transactions completed.

	Group	Group	Parent company
	1996	1995	1996
Taxation values of fixed assets			
Land and water			2,652
Buildings			2,193
Shares and holdings			12,437
Other long-term investments			
Loan receivables			
From Group companies			2,630
From associated companies	984	674	645
From others	133	375	278
Loan receivables, total	1,117	1,049	3,553

Loans made to directors totalled FIM 2 million. The loans, which are mainly for house purchases, are for less than 10 years and carry interest at one percentage point above the Bank of Finland's base rate.

14 Receivables

Receivables				
From Group companies				
Trade receivables			950	
Loan receivables				
Prepaid expenses and accrued income			78	
Other receivables			17	
Receivables from associated companies				
Trade receivables	300	541	226	
Loan receivables	327	3	327	
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	33	17	34	
Long-term receivables under current assets				
Trade receivables	181	139	16	
Loan receivables	13	67		
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	4	15		
Other receivables	32	19		

The Asset Securitisation programme implemented by the Group freed FIM 682 million of trade receivables (852).



	Group	Group	Parent compa
	1996	1995	199
Shareholders' equity			
Restricted			
Share capital at 1 Jan.	2,673.8	2,673.7	2,673
Increase	2,075.0	0.1	2,07
Share capital at 31 Dec.	2,673.8	2,673.8	2,673
Share issue	2,07010	2,07010	2,07
Warrant bond loan 1991/II	36.8		30
Share issue at 31 Dec.	36.8		3
Legal reserve at 1 Jan.	3,881.3	3,744.9	3,56
Share premium	.,	0.3	-,
Transferred from non-restricted equity		274.3	
Others	-167.6	-138.2	
Legal reserve at 31 Dec.	3,713.7	3,881.3	3,56
Revaluation reserve at 1 Jan.	3,816.9	3,845.8	82
Revaluations	,	3.8	2,91
Cancellation of revaluations	-85.1	-32.7	-8
Other	146.6		
Revaluation reserve at 31 Dec.	3,878.4	3,816.9	3,66
Restricted shareholders' equity at 31 Dec.	10,302.6	10,372.0	9,93
Capital Ioan			
Capital loan at 1 Jan.	749.9	750.0	74
Conversion of capital loan		-0.1	
Capital loan at 31 Dec.	749.9	749.9	74
Non-restricted shareholders' equity			
Retained earnings at 1 Jan.	3,583.6	2,734.3	3,39
Dividend paid	-1,203.2	-586.4	
Used in the general interest	-1.2	-0.6	_
Transferred to restricted equity		-274.3	
Change in accounting practice			
relating to associated companies	432.0		
Other	14.6	-173.1	
Retained earnings at 31 Dec.	2,825.8	1,699.9	3,39
Profit for the period	994.1	1,883.7	1,50
Non-restricted shareholders' equity at 31 Dec.	3,819.9	3,583.6	4,89

¹⁾ Parent company from 1 May 1996

Convertible capital loan

15

The capital loan is classified in equity as a preferred loan, and the terms and conditions of the bonds therefore differ from those that normally apply to Finnish convertible bonds. Should the company be placed in liquidation or bankruptcy, these bonds rank junior to other undertakings of the company and rank pari passu with any subordinated bonds issued by the company that materially have the same terms and conditions and which improve its capital adequacy. The bonds mature in 50 years, and are not secured. The company has the right to extend the maturity or to amend the bonds to have no maturity date.

Providing that the terms and conditions of the bonds have not been amended to eliminate maturity, the bonds will be redeemed at maturity only if after such payment the assets of the parent company and the Group fully cover the restricted shareholders' equity as shown in the parent company and consolidated balance sheets adopted by the previous Annual General Meeting of shareholders. If these conditions for redemption are not met, the maturity date will be put back by one year at a time.

Providing the conditions for redemption are met, the company has the right to repay the principal of the bonds, together with any interest due, on or after 2 May 2004. The bonds may also be redeemed at par, together with any interest due, at any time providing the conditions for redemption are met and that the price of one UPM-Kymmene Corporation ordinary share quoted on the Helsinki Stock Exchange has exceeded the conversion price of the bonds by 40 per cent during the period stated in the terms and conditions. However, bondholders have the right of conversion before any such redemption.

Annual interest may not be paid in excess of the non-restricted shareholders' equity on the interest payment date reported in the company's accounts as adopted by the previous Annual General Meeting of shareholders or in excess of distributable non-restricted shareholders' equity as reported in the consolidated financial statements for the same period. Interest left unpaid remains the liability of the company. The company may pay dividend only if all payments due to bondholders have been settled in full.

The outstanding amount of the convertible bonds is FIM 749,950,000. Bondholders are entitled to convert their bonds into UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares, the conversion rate being 102.7 UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares, nominal value FIM 10, for one (1) convertible bond, nominal value FIM 10,000. The conversion price is FIM 97.37 per share. In accordance with the terms and conditions of the bond issue, any shares that are not whole numbers on conversion will be paid in cash. The company's share capital may be increased by a maximum of FIM 77,025,000 through the conversion of bonds. The period during which the bonds may be converted into UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares began on 30 April 1996 and will end on 11 November 2043, one week before the bonds are due to mature.



		Group	Group	Parent company
		1996	1995	1996
16	Other reserves			
	Transitional reserve	50	479	
	Other reserves	283	259	
	Other reserves, total	333	738	

Calculated tax liability corresponding to accumulated depreciation and untaxed reserves was FIM 3,296 million at 31 December 1996 (2,497).

17 Provisions

Provisions			
Pension costs	361	185	114
Others	81	30	27
Provisions, total	442	215	141

The estimated costs of warranties pertaining to products delivered are included in current liabilities.

18 Long-term and current liabilities

Liabilities to Group companies			
Other long-term liabilities			16
Trade payables			167
Accrued liabilities and deferred income			100
Other current liabilities			2,743
Liabilities to associated companies			
Other long-term liabilities	206	220	183
Advances received		146	258
Trade payables	254	218	173
Accrued liabilities and deferred income	4	2	4
Other current liabilities	13		1

Interest-bearing and non-interest-bearing liabilities

Current liabilities			
Non-interest-bearing	9,830	10,885	3,639
Interest-bearing	11,392	9,416	9,679
Total	21,222	20,301	13,318
Long-term liabilities			
Non-interest-bearing	253	334	16
Interest-bearing	18,282	20,302	12,073
Total	18,535	20,636	12,089

Group long-term loans and repayment schedules

	Bond	Convertible	Loans from	Pension		
	loans	bond loans	fin. institutions	loans	Others	Total
1998-2001	1,184		7,603	1,051	1,040	10,878
2002-	945	960	1,722	3,298	732	7,657
Total at 31 Dec. 1996	2,129	960	9,325	4,349	1,772	18,535

Parent company long-term loans and repayment schedules

	Bond	Convertible-	Loans from	Pension		
	loans	bond loans	fin. institutions	loans	Others	Total
1998–2001	488		5,154	689	200	6,531
2002-	945	960	1,133	2,514	6	5,558
Total at 31 Dec. 1996	1,433	960	6,287	3,203	206	12,089



Bond loans

Group Group Group company Initial loan balance balance balance (incl. current portion) Interest, % Currency (million) 31.12.1996 31.12.1995 31.12.1996 Bond loans Fixed interest 31.12.1997 9.50 FIM 30 3 6 3 1987–1997 9.50 FIM 30 3 6 3 1987–2000 4.75 CHF 100 344 379 344 Floating rate of interest 1995–2000 6.19 USD 150 696 654 1995–2000 6.19 USD 150 696 654 1,043 1,039 347 Other bond loans Fixed interest 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100 100 1095–2005 7.72 USD 155 720 676 720							Parent
(incl. current portion) Interest, % Currency (million) 31.12.1996 31.12.1995 31.12.1996 Bond loans Fixed interest 1987–1997 9.50 FIM 30 3 6 3 1987–1997 9.50 FIM 30 3 6 3 1988–2000 4.75 CHF 100 344 379 344 Floating rate of interest 1995–2000 6.19 USD 150 696 654 1995–2000 6.19 USD 150 696 654 100 1,043 1,039 347 Other bond loans Fixed interest 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100					Group	Group	company
Bond loans Fixed interest 1987–1997 9.50 FIM 30 3 6 3 1988–2000 4.75 CHF 100 344 379 344 Floating rate of interest 1995–2000 6.19 USD 150 696 654 1,043 1,039 347 Other bond loans Fixed interest 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100			In	itial loan	balance	balance	balance
Fixed interest 1987–1997 9.50 FIM 30 3 6 3 1988–2000 4.75 CHF 100 344 379 344 Floating rate of interest 1995–2000 6.19 USD 150 696 654 1,043 1,039 347 Other bond loans Fixed interest 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100	(incl. current portion)	Interest, %	Currency	(million)	31.12.1996	31.12.1995	31.12.1996
Fixed interest 1987–1997 9.50 FIM 30 3 6 3 1988–2000 4.75 CHF 100 344 379 344 Floating rate of interest 1995–2000 6.19 USD 150 696 654 1,043 1,039 347 Other bond loans Fixed interest 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100	Bond loans						
1987–1997 9.50 FIM 30 3 6 3 1988–2000 4.75 CHF 100 344 379 344 Floating rate of interest 1995–2000 6.19 USD 150 696 654 1,043 1,039 347 Other bond loans Fixed interest 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100							
1988–2000 4.75 CHF 100 344 379 344 Floating rate of interest 1995–2000 6.19 USD 150 696 654 1,043 1,039 347 Other bond loans Fixed interest 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100		9.50	FIM	30	3	6	3
Floating rate of interest 1995–2000 6.19 USD 150 696 654 1,043 1,039 347 Other bond loans Fixed interest 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100							
1995–2000 6.19 USD 150 696 654 1,043 1,039 347 Other bond loans Fixed interest 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100			CIII	100	544	515	544
1,043 1,039 347 Other bond loans Fixed interest 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100	0		USD	150	696	654	
Other bond loans Fixed interest 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100	1775 2000	0.17	CDD	150			347
Fixed interest 1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100 100					1,010	1,005	0.11
1993–1998 11.00 FIM 100 100 100 100							
1005 2005 7.72 [ISD 155 720 676 720							
	1995-2005	7.72	USD	155	720	676	720
1993–1997 9.00 FIM 250 250 250 250							
1993–1997 8.65 FIM 50 50 50 50							
1993–2000 9.75 FIM 50 50 50 50				50			
1993–1997 9.60 FIM 150 150 150 150					150		
1993–2008 9.10 FIM 18 18 18 18	1993-2008	9.10	FIM				
1993–1997 10.30 FIM 101 101 101 101			FIM	101	101	101	101
Floating rate of interest							
1993–2003 4.55 FIM 200 200 200 200	1993-2003		FIM	200	200	200	200
1988–1996 6.75 FIM 22	1988–1996	6.75	FIM			22	
1989–1995 6.75 FIM 1	1989–1995	6.75	FIM			1	
1989–1996 6.75 FIM 5		6.75				5	
1988–1996 6.75 FIM 64 9	1988–1996	6.75	FIM	64		9	
1988–1996 6.75 FIM 42 6	1988–1996	6.75	FIM	42		6	
1989–1997 6.00 FIM 83 5 15 5	1989–1997	6.00	FIM	83	5	15	5
1989–1997 6.00 FIM 30 4 7 4	1989–1997	6.00	FIM	30	4	7	4
1989–1997 6.00 FIM 27 3 7 3	1989–1997	6.00	FIM	27	3	7	3
1989–1997 6.00 FIM 31 2 6 2	1989–1997	6.00	FIM	31	2	6	2
1,653 1,673 1,653					1,653	1,673	1,653
Bond loan with equity	Bond loan with equity						
warrants 1991/II ¹⁾ 12.00 FIM 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.4		12.00	FIM	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4
Bond loans, total 2,697 2,713 2,001	Bond loans, total				2,697	2,713	2,001
- current portion -568 -68 -568	 current portion 				-568	-68	-568
Bond loans, long-term portion2,1292,6451,433	Bond loans, long-term port	ion			2,129	2,645	1,433

¹⁾ The subscription period is 15 May 1996 to 15 May 1997. Each FIM 15,000 bond carries one warrant, which may be used to subscribe 15,000 shares at FIM 50.00 each.

Convertible bond loans

						Parent
				Group	Group	company
			Initial loan	balance	balance	balance
(incl. current portion)	Interest, %	Currenc	cy (million)	31.12.1996	31.12.1995	31.12.1996
Subordinated convertible						
bond loan 1994 ¹⁾	6.50	FIM	960	960	960	960
 current portion 				_	_	_
Convertible bond loans, long-term portion 960 960 9						

¹⁾ The subordinated convertible bonds may be exchanged for shares between January and October each year. Each FIM 10,000 debenture entitles the holder to 78 shares at a computed price of FIM 128.21 per share. Under the terms of the issue, the company has the right, from 25 March 1998, to reduce the loan period.



		Group 1996	Group 1995	Parent company 1996
19	Contingent liabilities			
	Mortgages			
	As security against own debts	6,303	9,790	4,948
	Against Group company debts	9		8
	Pledges given			
	On own commitments	446	730	332
	On behalf of others		1	
	Guarantees			
	Guarantees for loans			
	On behalf of Group companies			5,182
	On behalf of associated companies	1,192	486	1,174
	On behalf of others	34	40	21
	Other guarantees			
	On own commitments	92	227	
	On behalf of Group companies			67
	On behalf of associated companies	16	136	16
	On behalf of others		27	
	Pension liabilities			
	Direct liabilities	38	44	
	Leasing commitments			
	Commitments for 1997/1996	113	50	33
	Commitments for subsequent years	178	200	8
	Communication Subsequent years	170	200	0
	Other commitments	201	211	121

Directors' pension commitments

The retirement age for the managing directors and certain other directors of Group companies has been fixed at 60–65 years.

Nominal and market values of the Group's derivative agreements open at 31 Dec. 1996.

	Nominal value	, FIM million	Market value,	FIM million
	Interest rate	Currency	Interest rate	Currency
	derivatives	derivatives	derivatives ¹⁾	derivatives ²⁾
Forward contracts	32,517	15,330	-5	-96
Options				
Purchased	1,098	230		1
Written	1,215	480	-30	-2
Swap agreements	16,084	1,589	-53	-24

Interest rate derivatives are included under interest expenses during the period of validity of the contracts.
 Currency derivatives are included in the financial result at market value except for those relating to cash fl

Currency derivatives are included in the financial result at market value except for those relating to cash flows on net exports, which are entered in the profit and loss account as the cash flow is credited or debited.



Financial risk management

The objectives and operational principles for financing activities are defined in the Group Financial Policy approved by the company's Board of Directors. The purpose of financial risk management is to protect the company against unfavourable changes in financial markets and thus help to secure profitability. For this purpose the company employs various financial instruments such as forward contracts, options and futures within specified limits. Only those instruments whose market value and risk profile can be continuously and reliably monitored are used for this purpose.

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

Most of the Group's revenues, expenditures, debts and receivables are denominated in currencies other than Finnish markka. Fluctuations in exchange rates can therefore have a significant impact on the company's financial results and competitiveness. The biggest single risk is that relating to the exchange rate of the Finnish markka: the company's net foreign currency exposure before hedging operations is equivalent to approximately FIM 20 billion annually. Sales normally take place in the customer's own currency, and the breakdown of sales by country is thus a good reflection of the breakdown by currency.

For each Group company, foreign currency exposure includes all items not denominated in the currency of the country in question: loans, receivables, derivative instruments, foreign currency denominated shareholders' equity, and a certain portion of the company's forecasted net exports.

INTEREST RATE RISK

The Group employs interest rate derivative contracts mainly to control the cost of its funding and to secure competitive rates of interest. This means that the average interest fixing period must be kept fairly short. At the end of the year, the average interest fixing period in respect of net liabilities was about one year. Interest-bearing net liabilities were FIM 25.7 billion.

REFINANCING RISK

Refinancing risks are minimized by ensuring that the loan portfolio has a balanced maturity schedule and that loans have sufficiently long maturities. The maturities of the loans on the balance sheet are shown in the notes to the accounts.

LIQUIDITY RISK

The Group seeks to maintain adequate liquidity under all circumstances. In addition to cash funds of FIM 2.7 billion, the Group has unused committed credit facilities amounting to approximately FIM 6.7 billion. In accordance with the Group's financial policy, liquid funds are invested only with those counterparts, both in Finland and abroad, whose credit worthiness is considered to be sufficient.

Shares and holdings¹⁾

Production		Number	Parent company	Group	Non	ninal value	Book value
Sales and distribution Other		of	holding %	holding %	Cummon ou	million	MEDA
Other	• MFIM	shares	70	70	Currency	million	MFIM
Shares in subsidiaries							
Nordland Papier AG	4,114	3,499,900	100.00	100.00	DEM	175.0	1,056.3
Schauman Wood Oy	1,952	3,000,000	100.00	100.00	FIM	300.0	300.0
	▲ 1,832	467,494		100.00	FRF	46.7	80.8
	1,507	899,991		100.00	FRF	90.0	1,582.1
	▲ 1,433	23,793,995		100.00	GBP	0.0	6.0
Shotton Paper Company plc	 1,418 	145,700,100		100.00	GBP	0.0	1,152.1
	▲ 1,049	45,000	100.00	100.00	FIM	45.0	75.9
Stracel S.A.	940	10,378,545		98.84	FRF	467.0	967.2
Caledonian Paper plc	911	16,000,000		100.00	GBP	0.0	755.4
Raflatac S.A.	 815 	85,000		100.00	FRF	85.0	73.3
UPM-Kymmene Ltd	▲ 617	300,000		100.00	GBP	0.0	11.8
Raflatac Ltd	599	2,000,000		100.00	GBP	0.0	251.8
UPM-Kymmene Seaways Oy	▲ 570	8,000	100.00	100.00	FIM	0.8	2.1
Wisapak Oy Ab	555	100,000	100.00	100.00	FIM	100.0	115.4
Combitrans Oy	▲ 553	405	90.00	90.00	FIM	0.4	0.6
	▲ 537	1,501,100	100.00	100.00	IEP	1.5	83.8
Lohjan Paperi Oy	533	24,500	100.00	100.00	FIM	24.5	70.0
Raflatac Walki GmbH	▲ 519			100.00	DEM	2.5	8.2
Wilh. Schauman GmbH	▲ 514	1		100.00	DEM	0.1	0.1
UPM-Kymmene Inc.	▲ 505	40		100.00	USD	0.0	1.7
Anco Trae A/S	▲ 434	8,500		100.00	DKK	8.5	5.0
Yhtyneet Sahat Oy	• 412	20,600	92.00	100.00	FIM	103.0	348.6
Rosenlew - St. Frères Emballage S.A.	3 95	602,494		99.99	FRF	60.2	0.1
Papeteries de Docelles	381	2495		99.76	FRF	0.2	52.7
UPM-Kymmene S.R.L.	▲ <u>333</u>		99.83	100.00	ITL	601.0	4.7
UPM-Kymmene AG	▲ 296	1,497	100.00	100.00	CHF	0.1	0.4
Schauman S.A.	▲ 272	1,500		100.00	FRF	15.0	8.3
Schauman B.V.	▲ 264	175		100.00	NLG	0.2	0.1
Walki Wisa GmbH	 229 			99.96	DEM	2.4	29.4
UPM-Kymmene GmbH	▲ 220	1	100.00	100.00	ATS	1.0	0.4
Ferdinand Braun & Cie S.A.	2 11	149,972	3.66	100.00	FRF	30.0	132.9
Oy Paperi-Dahlberg Ab	▲ <u>209</u>	39,000	65.00	65.00	FIM	3.9	12.8
UPM-Kymmene A/S	▲ 193	6	100.00	100.00	DKK	0.3	0.4
Malvaux S.A.	193	27,994		100.00	FRF	12.2	4.8
<u> </u>	▲ 193	30,000	100.00	100.00	HKD	3.0	1.8
K & K Verpackungen GmbH	▲ 191			99.94	DEM	1.6	13.2
5	▲ 191	80,999	100.00	100.00	AUD	0.1	0.8
Oy Rauma Stevedoring Ltd	▲ 187	8,000	100.00	100.00	FIM	8.0	7.0
Sterling Coated Materials Ltd	177	220,000		100.00	GBP	0.0	15.7
Walki Wisa Ltd	175	3,548,004		100.00	GBP	0.0	113.3
	167	10,203		60.00	FIM	10.2	13.3
UPM Raflatac Inc.	▲ <u>167</u>	1,000		100.00	USD	0.1	14.4
Walkisoft GmbH	158			99.98	DEM	4.5	52.6
Rosenlew Emballage AB	151	240,000		100.00	SEK	24.0	32.1
Oy Nautor Ab	150	200,000	100.00	100.00	FIM	20.0	20.0
	▲ <u>144</u>	499,999		100.00	GBP	0.5	3.9
Walki Sack B.V.	138	12,000	100.00	100.00	NLG	12.0	24.0
Raflatac Iberica S.A.	▲ 130 12(109	100.00	100.00	ESP	10.9	0.4
WA-Kuori Oy	126	33,150	51.00	51.00	FIM	33.2	33.2
	▲ <u>115</u>	3,000		100.00	SEK	0.3	0.2
	▲ 107 106	12,000	100.00	100.00	SEK	1.2	0.3
Kaukas Timber Components Oy	106	1,000	100.00	100.00	FIM	10.0	24.9
Unicarta Oy	106	2,020	100.00	100.00	FIM	10.1	19.0

UPM

¹⁾ A full list of all shares and holdings is kept at UPM-Kymmene Corporation's Head Office.



Produc Sales and distribu		Turnover	Number of	Parent company holding	Group holding	Nom	iinal value	Book value
0	other 🗆	MFIM	shares	%	%	Currency	million	MFIM
Wisapak Mertens GmbH		97	1		100.00	DEM	6.0	16.4
UPM-Kymmene AS	A	97	50	100.00	100.00	NOK	0.1	0.0
Kalso-Teollisuus Oy		96	172		100.00	FIM	1.7	27.8
Raflatac Italia S.r.l.	•	94	60,000	100.00	100.00	ITL	60.0	0.2
Walki Paperisto Oy		93	4,800	100.00	100.00	FIM	24.0	24.0
Walki Pack Ltd		82	2,510		100.00	GBP	0.0	3.9
UPM-Kymmene Distribution GmbH		81			100.00	DEM	0.1	0.3
Walki Sack S.A.		81	124,244	84.60	100.00	ESP	124.2	28.7
Raflatac A/S	•	79	800	100.00	100.00	DKK	0.8	3.3
UPM-Kymmene (S) Pte Ltd.	A	74	250		100.00	SGD	0.0	0.7
Rosenlew A/S		73	12,000		100.00	NOK	6.0	19.1
Walkisoft USA Inc.		73	1,600		100.00	USD	0.0	74.3
R-Asuntokiinteistöt Oy		73	50,300	100.00	100.00	FIM	25.2	25.2
Mahogany Oy		73	5,000	100.00	100.00	FIM	5.0	10.0
United Sawmills France S.A.		67	24,995	4.00	99.98	FRF	2.5	4.3
AB W Erikson & Co		66	1,000		100.00	SEK	2.5	17.0
Oy Tilgmann Ab		62	1,500,000	100.00	100.00	FIM	15.0	19.0
Raflatac Handels GmbH		59		100.00	100.00	ATS	5.2	2.2
Raflatac (Australia) Pty Ltd	•	53	50,000	100.00	100.00	AUD	0.1	4.4
Walkisoft Denmark A/S		52	7,000	100.00	100.00	DKK	7.0	39.3
UPM-Kymmene Distributions n.v.	•	49	6,000	100.00	100.00	BEF	12.0	1.3
UPM-Kymmene Distribution S.A.		49	18,994		99.97	FRF	1.9	0.0
Werla Insurance Company Ltd		43	1,000,000	100.00	100.00	FIM	1.0	5.2
Parkanon Lista Oy		40	1,000	100.00	100.00	FIM	0.5	5.0
Walki Flex S.A.		40	49,994		99.99	FRF	5.0	25.9
Rabopale S.A.	A	39	9,994		99.94	FRF	2.5	0.0
Oulux Oy		38	67,500	100.00	100.00	FIM	13.5	20.0
UPM-Kymmene Distribution Ltd		35	100		100.00	GBP	0.0	0.0
Forexplo S.A.		35	66,690		98.07	FRF	6.7	5.3
NV Rosenlew SA		34	679		97.00	BEF	34.0	4.3
UPM-Kymmene sp. zo.oo.		33		100.00	100.00	PLZ	0.3	0.5
United Sawmills Deutschland GmbH	A	30	100		100.00	DEM	0.1	0.1
Ikapack Oy		29	102	100.00	100.00	FIM	1.0	11.8
Bonvesta Oy		26	198,000	100.00	100.00	FIM	99.0	442.6
Oy Alfa-Bag Ab		25	1,501	100.00	100.00	FIM	0.3	18.5
Rosenlew Portugal Embalagens SA		25	30,000		100.00	PTE	30.0	0.9
Walki-Paberisto AS		25	760	32.26	100.00	EEK	22.2	5.2
UPM-Service Oy		23	60	100.00	100.00	FIM	0.1	0.1
UPM Pack S.A.	A	22	14,994		99.94	FRF	1.5	1.3
Kymmene Deutschland GmbH	A	21			100.00	DEM	0.1	0.1
Nordland Schiffahrtsgesellschaft m.b.H.	•	19	1 700		100.00	DEM	1.0	3.0
Kalso S.A.		19	1,700		99.60	FRF	10.2	3.0
UPM Pack Ltd	A	18	100		100.00	GBP	0.0	0.5
Schauman Iberica S.A.	A	17	10,000	100.00	100.00	ESP	40.0	4.7
R-Pakki Oy Roukko Osakeyhtiö		16			100.00	FIM		0.1
Kotelo-Tuote Oy		15 14	135,000 200	100.00	100.00	FIM FIM	13.5 0.0	<u>13.9</u> 0.7
Rosenlew SA		14	9,994	100.00	99.94	FIM	1.0	0.7
Kokkolan Puutavara Oy		13	400		100.00	FIM	0.0	4.0
Nautor's Swan Charters		13	500		100.00	FIM	0.0	4.0
Raflatac Polska sp. zo.o		13	9,786	100.00	100.00	PLZ	1.0	1.7
Kymmene Logistics Oy		10	9,780	100.00	100.00	FIM		
Kymmene Logistics Oy	-	10	1,000	100.00	100.00	1.11/1	1.0	15.7



Productior Sales and distributior		Turnover	Number of	Parent company holding	Group holding	Ν	Jominal value	Book value
Other	r 🗆	MFIM	shares	%	%	Currenc	y million	MFIM
Rauma Oy		10,220 2)	39,600,000	73.33	73.33	FIM	396.0	1 573.2
Sunds Defibrator Industries AB		1,784 867	800,001		100.00	SEK USD	80.0 53.8	611.0 306.8
Neles-Jamesbury Inc. Timberjack Inc.		762	1,000		100.00	USD	0.0	518.5
Neles-Jamesbury Oy	÷	739	274,750		100.00	FIM	27.5	178.0
Sunds Defibrator Pori Oy		623	99,000		100.00	FIM	99.0	290.5
Nordberg-Lokomo Oy		586	85,000		100.00	FIM	100.0	186.8
Timberjack Oy		464	320,000		100.00	FIM	51.0	68.3
Sunds Defibrator Inc.		450			100.00	USD	6.1	32.5
Nordberg Inc.		442			100.00	USD	36.9	171.6
Sunds Defibrator Manufacturing AB		355	20,000		100.00	SEK	0.1	2.3
Timberjack Sales AB		344	50,000		100.00	SEK	5.0	4.5
Sunds Defibrator Valkeakoski Oy	•	319	1,860,000		100.00	FIM	186.0	449.6
Nordberg Sales Corp.		315			100.00	USD	22.6	104.8
Timberjack Sales Oy		278	10,000		100.00	FIM	10.0	30.7
Nordberg-Bergeaud S.A.		263	798,074		100.00	FRF	40.0	82.9
Timberjack Corporation		249			100.00	USD	0.0	547.3
Timberjack AB	•	236	134,500		100.00	SEK	13.5	17.3
Sunds Defibrator Woodhandling Oy		191	46,000		100.00	FIM	46.0	71.2
Nordberg Asia-Pacific Pte Ltd	•	184			100.00	SGD	0.1	0.5
Nordberg France	•	182	299,990		100.00	FRF	30.0	26.6
Mäntyluoto Works Oy		173	35,277		100.00	FIM	35.3	35.3
Sunds Defibrator Ltd	•	166	250,000		100.00	CAD	0.0	8.6
Sunds Woodhandling Inc.	•	138	50.000		100.00	USD	0.0	10.0
Neles-Jamesbury Pte Ltd	•	138	50,000		100.00	SGD	0.5	8.3
ND Engineering Ltd		131	3,476,712		100.00	ZAR	3.5 49.3	6.6
Neles-Jamesbury S.A. Pori Works Oy		122	400,000		100.00	FRF FIM	27.0	34.0
Nordberg Pty Ltd		119	27,000		100.00	ZAR	0.0	31.0
Timberjack Parts AB	•	119	50,000		100.00	SEK	5.0	31.0
Sunds Defibrator Refiner Segments Ab		118	20,000		100.00	SEK	0.1	0.7
Sunds Defibrator Pty	-	113	49,999		100.00	NZD	0.0	0.2
Peerless Corporation		99	2,560,000		100.00	USD	0.0	27.5
Neles-Jamesbury Ltd		97	4,000,000		100.00	GBP	2.1	16.4
Sunds Defibrator Loviisa Oy		97	20,000		100.00	FIM	20.0	34.3
Nordberg GmbH		91	100		100.00	DEM	11.4	0.0
Peerless Page Industries Ltd		91	1,000		100.00	USD	0.0	0.0
Neles-Jamesbury Ltd/Ltee		84			100.00	CAD	7.4	36.5
Nordberg Australia Pty Ltd		83	2,810		100.00	AUD	2.8	-9.6
Timberjack Sales AS		81	50		100.00	NOK	5.0	3.2
Sunds Defibrator Panelhandling Oy	•	79	200		100.00	FIM	1.1	13.6
Neles-Jamesbury GmbH	A	79			100.00	DEM	3.9	12.8
Nordberg China		75	999,999		100.00	HKD	1.0	0.7
Nordberg Malaysia SDN BHD	•	74	10		100.00	MYR	0.0	0.0
Nordberg Norway AS	•	71	5,000		100.00	NOK	0.5	0.3
Neles-Jamesbury KK		70	20,000		100.00	JPY	200.0	39.1
Neles-Jamesbury AB	•	67	57,000		100.00	SEK	5.7	10.2
Sunds Valkeakosken Konepaja Oy		66	14,000		100.00	FIM	14.0	14.0
Neles Valvulas Industriais Ltda	•	65 64	100		100.00		7,384,807.0	10.6
Nordberg Machinery Ltd Sunds Defibrator GmbH	A	64	100		100.00	USD DEM	5.3 0.3	24.7
Nordberg UK Ltd	A	53	750,000		100.00	GBP	0.3	1.7
Nordberg Sweden AB		53	1,000		100.00	SEK	0.8	0.7
Nordberg Industrial Ltda		51	1,000		100.00	BRC	0.0	0.7
Neles-Jamesbury Spa		51	198,800		100.00	ITL	1,000.0	5.6
Litter vallescal, opa		51	1,0,000		100.00	112	1,000.0	5.0

²⁾ Consolidated turnover



	Number	Parent company holding	Group holding	Nominal value		Book value
	shares	%	%	Currency	million	MFIM
Shares in associated companies						
Cervuctum Oy	250,000	31.25	31.25	FIM	25.0	25.0
Compania Forestal Oriental S.A.	16,575	33.30	33.30	UYP	16.6	97.8
Corenso United Oy Ltd	45,240	29.00	29.00	FIM	45.2	59.7
Finnish Peroxides Oy Ab	12,500	25.00	25.00	FIM	12.5	87.1
Jyväs-Helmi Oy	45,000	45.00	45.00	FIM	45.0	29.2
Kainuun Voima Oy	40,000	50.00	50.00	FIM	40.0	45.0
Kiinteistö Oy Eteläesplanadi 2	2,835	31.50	31.50	FIM	1.0	46.5
Niedermayr Papierwarenfabrik Ag	32,000	32.00	32.00	DEM	3.2	31.9
Oy Metsä-Botnia Ab	21,940	47.00	47.00	FIM	219.4	1,055.0
Oy Metsä-Rauma Ab	4,376,640	45.59	45.59	FIM	218.8	218.8
Oy Transfennica Ab	43,800	43.80	43.80	FIM	4.4	11.1
Paperinkeräys Oy	20,682	22.99	22.99	FIM	0.2	11.9
Pohjolan Voima Oy	15,697,801	46.71	46.71	FIM	157.0	1,515.5
Steveco Oy	9,597	32.02	32.02	FIM	9.6	12.5
Shanghai Neles-Jamesbury Valve Co Ltd (Rauma Group)			50.00	USD	2.7	12.4
Kalajoen Konepaja Oy (Rauma Group)	7,000		48.00	FIM	7.0	7.0
Finnyards Ltd	1,840	47.90	47.90	FIM	184.0	0.0
SP Lenraumamebel		43.70	43.70	SUR	3.9	0.0
Chudovo-RWS			34.40	SUR		6.7

	Number of	Parent company holding	Group holding		Nominal value	
	shares	%	%	Currency	million	MFIM
Other shares and holdings ¹⁾						
Aamulehti-Yhtymä Oy I	362,324	0.69	4.80	FIM	3.6	85.5
Aamulehti-Yhtymä Oy II	61,926	0.02	0.82	FIM	0.6	3.5
Kemijoki Oy	94,655	3.94	3.94	FIM	9.5	509.5
Merita Ltd, A	21,237,339	2.56	2.56	FIM	212.4	401.9
Merita Ltd, B	1,330,275	0.16	0.16	FIM	13.3	19.1
Metsä-Serla Oy, A	211,240	0.15	0.15	FIM	2.1	14.3
Metsä-Serla Oy, B	616,260	0.44	0.44	FIM	6.2	22.9
Nokia Corporation, A	29,720	0.01	0.01	FIM	0.1	1.1
Nokia Corporation, ordinary	11,619,984	3.88	3.88	FIM	58.1	459.4
Oy Silja Ab, A	1,461,048	6.70	6.70	FIM	29.2	60.0
Oy Silja Ab, K	1,152,740	5.28	5.28	FIM	23.1	55.3
Polar Corporation	8,816,297	16.96	16.96	FIM	88.2	88.2
Puhos Board Oy	7,500		19.70	FIM	7.5	7.5
Tecply Inc.	5		5.00	FIM	0.0	7.3
Pohjola Insurance Company, A	479,002	1.18	1.18	FIM	2.4	96.0
Pohjola Insurance Company, B	189,501	0.46	0.46	FIM	0.9	16.8
Sampo Insurance Company Limited	362,444	2.09	2.39	FIM	7.2	103.5
Tampella Corporation (Rauma Group)	18,500,000		13.88	FIM	92.5	185.1

¹⁾ Additionally, the most important shareholdings included in stocks: 5,998,617 Enso Oy Series A and 4,192,808 Enso Series R shares, and 1,942,813 Merita Ltd Series A shares. UPM

Tankard, fost industry 41,32 44,001 36,001 21,49 28,00 29,401 7,440 41,643 46,063 Tend hummer 51,757 55,738 4,756 41,063 57,359 55,718 57,865 52,101 7,418 52,010 7,418 52,010 7,418 52,010 7,418 52,010 7,418 52,010 7,418 52,010 7,418 52,000 7,118 52,000 52,118 52,000 7,118 52,000 7,118 52,000 7,118 52,000 7,118 52,000 7,118 52,000 7,118 52,000 7,118 52,000 7,118 52,000 7,118 52,000 7,118 52,000 7,118 52,000 7,118 52,000 7,118 52,000	FIM million	1996	1995	1994	1993	1992	1991	1990	1989	1988	1987
Unrower, majorenting 10.20 6.8.00 7.045 7.045 7.010 <th7.010< th=""> 7.010 7.010<!--</td--><td>Operations</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th7.010<>	Operations										
Unrower, majorenting 10.20 6.8.00 7.045 7.045 7.010 <th7.010< th=""> 7.010 7.010<!--</td--><td>Turnover, forest industry</td><td>41.537</td><td>44,901</td><td>39,461</td><td>36,307</td><td>29,149</td><td>28,300</td><td>29,002</td><td>25,430</td><td>21.834</td><td>16.658</td></th7.010<>	Turnover, forest industry	41.537	44,901	39,461	36,307	29,149	28,300	29,002	25,430	21.834	16.658
Todal manage 51,73 45,78 45,78 45,78 45,78 32,08 32,38 32,08	Turnover, engineering										
Openating parkin 5501 8,144 5,277 4,172 2,179 1,000 3,986 5,256 4,474 2,124 1, of manager 11,8 11,4 14,5 2,33 2,33 1,34 0,07 1,34 0,07 1,34 0,07 1,34 0,07 1,34 0,07 1,34 0,07 1,34 0,07 1,34 0,07 1,34 0,07 1,34 0,07 1,34 0,07 1,34 0,35 0,08 1,35 0,07	Total turnover			47,966							
Methoda 10.8 11.3 11.4 9.2 5.7 2.8 5.4 9.9 13.3 10.5 Methoda by degrammation using and base 3.55 6.7.99 2.776 8.1 1.52 2.200 1.56 2.078 8.3 13.2 4.3 3.40 1.38 3.40 1.38 3.40 1.38 3.40 1.38 3.40 1.38 3.40 1.38 3.40 3.40 1.38 3.40											
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m. m	Profit/loss before appropriations and taxes	3,550							2,378		
Ligher, her man term23.0223.0223.0223.0215.22315.22316.04516.23716.05814.23711.286Sinck4.1229.2137.2796.7867.4754.5368.1377.1386.3984.398Sinck11.24211.32611.3267.1354.5368.1377.1386.3984.398Sinck0.7280.6390.7290.7494.5368.1377.1386.3984.398Sinck0.7280.64950.7290.7490.7490.7490.7490.7499.149Sinck0.7280.64950.7490.7490.7490.7490.7490.7490.7490.749Sinck-Since11.7729.9967.9480.7490.7490.7490.7490.7497.2827.579Sinck-Since11.729.9967.9480.8000.9970.5902.5901.4194.1089.999Unaxy Circoson and sconnalaciz depocintion alforcase11.729.9967.9480.6982.90102.40210.4394.2489.999Unaxy Circoson and sconnalaciz depocintion alforcase11.29514.101.521.324.301.321.331.201.331.341.418Unaxy Circoson and sconnalaciz depocintion alforcase11.12.51.41-1.71.331.213.331.201.418Unaxy Circoson and sconnalaciz depocintion alforcase11.729.940.9491.418											
Ligher, her man term23.0223.0223.0223.0215.22315.22316.04516.23716.05814.23711.286Sinck4.1229.2137.2796.7867.4754.5368.1377.1386.3984.398Sinck11.24211.32611.3267.1354.5368.1377.1386.3984.398Sinck0.7280.6390.7290.7494.5368.1377.1386.3984.398Sinck0.7280.64950.7290.7490.7490.7490.7490.7499.149Sinck0.7280.64950.7490.7490.7490.7490.7490.7490.7490.749Sinck-Since11.7729.9967.9480.7490.7490.7490.7490.7497.2827.579Sinck-Since11.729.9967.9480.8000.9970.5902.5901.4194.1089.999Unaxy Circoson and sconnalaciz depocintion alforcase11.729.9967.9480.6982.90102.40210.4394.2489.999Unaxy Circoson and sconnalaciz depocintion alforcase11.29514.101.521.324.301.321.331.201.331.341.418Unaxy Circoson and sconnalaciz depocintion alforcase11.12.51.41-1.71.331.213.331.201.418Unaxy Circoson and sconnalaciz depocintion alforcase11.729.940.9491.418	Exports and foreign operations	43,765	47,736	41,838	38,058	31,000	29,980	30,139	25,954	20,267	15,377
Sinch 8,132 9,131 1,279 6,788 7,275 8,060 8,875 8,108 6,999 4,090 Abstance dots 0,723 66,068 63,316 0,330 0,719 0,423 0,403 2,342 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,43 1,52 1,43 1,05 1,13 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,14 1,22 1,233 1,43 1,43 1,42 <td>Exports from Finland</td> <td></td>	Exports from Finland										
Sinch 8,132 9,131 1,279 6,788 7,275 8,060 8,875 8,108 6,999 4,090 Abstance dots 0,723 66,068 63,316 0,330 0,719 0,423 0,403 2,342 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,232 1,045 1,43 1,52 1,43 1,05 1,13 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,15 1,14 1,22 1,233 1,43 1,43 1,42 <td></td> <td>10.000</td> <td>45.595</td> <td>15.010</td> <td>16.000</td> <td>16 50 4</td> <td>10.000</td> <td>10.500</td> <td>22.405</td> <td>24.025</td> <td>10.015</td>		10.000	45.595	15.010	16.000	16 50 4	10.000	10.500	22.405	24.025	10.015
Other contraster11,29411,37011,38411,89012,96013,15612,14512,44512,82311,9008,870States67,59164,69264,59364,59264,59264,59264,59253,42343,59853,581Sharchodkri "qaty14,57314,706112,25212,13110,0049,02910,8729,7077,23263,593Unaxed reserve and accantulad deprecision difference11,7729,9667,9167,9268,26710,2229,7677,23263,593Unaxed reserve and accantulad deprecision difference11,37220,6617,95926,6623,16314,10810,821Currerer libbilitie67,73866,60863,91665,59320,21016,26114,44912,63333,041Renno on capati episoty11.124.514.11.711.315.83.810.216.110.4Gentre motion, %11.124.514.41.92.9012.21.28.88.68.1Renno on capati episoty10.110.210.74.92.921.28.88.68.1Renno on capati episoty10.114.514.42.9017.512.88.68.68.1Renno on capati episoty10.214.514.42.9017.512.88.66.88.1Renno on capati episoty10.21.91.42.9017.512.88.66.88.1 <td></td>											
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$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Assets	07,728	00,008	03,910	05,505	07,019	04,022	01,439	55,475	43,280	55,081
Unave 11,72 9,96 7,148 5,860 6,985 8,267 10,222 9,767 7,282 5,732 torng/sem/field/life 18,353 20,664 22,030 19,666 10,568 22,010 18,151 11,10 11,	Shareholders' equity	14,873	14,706	13,252	12,131	10,054	9,929	10,570	10,852	9,100	7,096
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Minority interest	884		104	105	111					
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Currient liabilities $21,22$ $20,301$ $19,666$ $19,666$ $21,02$ $18,210$ $16,261$ $14,459$ $12,633$ $30,90$ Return on capitol, $50,728$ $66,703$ $66,703$ $66,503$ $67,128$ $66,403$ $70,109$ $64,622$ $01,459$ $53,475$ $43,260$ $33,90$ Return on capitol capitol, $50,503$ $67,128$ $66,503$ $67,128$ $83,8$ 10.2 16.1 10.6 Return on capitol capitol, $50,503$ $62,90$ $25,9$ $28,9$ $34,9$ $39,8$ $38,9$ $39,7$ Gentur ratio, $50,503$ $69,812$ $22,9$ $28,9$ $34,9$ $39,8$ $88,9$ $86,68$ 81 Interest-barring rati bibliftics $25,844$ $22,914$ $23,988$ $33,376$ $35,809$ $52,063$ $26,845$ $18,813$ $14,626$ Goes apatita capital capit						_	_	-	_	_	_
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Return on capital employed, % 10.1 16.2 10.7 6.9 3.2 1.2 8.3 10.4 12.6 10.6 Gening ratio, % 9 102 145 18.4 209 175 12.8 8.8 8.6 8 9 7 Gening ratio, % 25.04 22.59 23.376 55.59 9.20.63 26.455 18.18 14.246 10.426 Gross capital expenditure 6.022 4.918 A.483 1.951 3.321 4.303 9.417 6.062 6.553 4.841 Not capital expenditure 4.432 3.318 2.007 3.30 2.381 3.400 7.749 6.149 5.03 4.472 Not capital expenditure 4.432 3.318 2.007 3.30 2.381 3.400 7.749 6.149 5.022 6.920 0.021 5.122 8.34 11.81 6.74 Shoreholder's capity per structure 4.432 7.45 2.6 7.206 8.3.62 8.1.62 8.3.62<	Liabilities	67,728	66,608	63,916	65,503	67,019	64,622	61,459	53,475	43,286	33,081
liquity to seek ratio, %41.430.332.628.028.028.028.028.039.430.839.739.7Geard ratio, %9.310214518.4210917.512.8888681Interest-baring net liabilities25,64425,91429,59833,37635,80932,06326,84518.18314.246104,26Cross capical capenditure6.0.324.9183.4831.9513.3214.408.012.025.420.925.224.0Vic capical capenditure4.363644.67143,98842.73743.8049.07152.12250.32644.76637.244Adjested Abere-celeted InflectoreT43,98842.73743.80649.07152.12250.32644.76637.244Adjested Abere-celeted InflectoreT10.04-1.19-10.07-13.183.228.3411.816.74Nucleid cape and picel Mid 996; FIM 998)10.2420.0910.04-1.19-10.07-13.183.228.3411.816.74Nucleid cape and picel Mid 996; FIM 998)10.2420.0910.04-1.19-10.07-13.183.028.0211.7425.0Dividend to earning ratio, %43.92.2.421.90.880.370.651.362.002.051.71Dividend to earning ratio, %43.92.2.421.90.80.370.651.362.002.52.77 <td>Return on equity, %</td> <td></td>	Return on equity, %										
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	Gearing ratio, %										
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Net capital expendiume 4.432 3.318 2.697 330 2.381 3.460 7.749 6.149 5.073 4.472 Personnel at year end 43.636 44.676 43.988 42.737 43.806 49.071 52.122 50.326 44.766 37.244 Adjusted share-rolated indicatorsEEarnings per share, FIM 96.85 89.54 74.45 66.79 68.26 72.96 83.62 81.67 80.52 69.80 Dividend per share, FIM 96.85 89.54 74.45 66.79 68.26 72.96 83.62 81.67 80.52 69.80 Dividend per share, FIM 96.85 89.54 74.45 66.79 68.26 72.96 83.62 81.67 80.52 69.80 Dividend to earnings ratio, % 4.50° 4.50° 4.50° 2.19 $neg.$ $neg.$ $neg.$ $neg.$ 42.1 24.00 2.05 1.71 Dividend pristar, FIM 99.4 4.1 8.9 $neg.$ $neg.$ $neg.$ 10.24 23.00 2.5 2.77 Plit ratio 9.4 4.1 8.9 $neg.$ $neg.$ $neg.$ $neg.$ 10.48 8.00 7.09 83.62 81.67 80.65 82.20 82.30 62.32 47.74 66.55 82.23 62.33 62.33 62.53 82.30 62.33 62.33 62.53 82.33 62.33 62.53 82.33 62.33 82.33 62.33 <td></td>											
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Adjusted share-related indicators Image of share related indicators Earnings per share, FIM 96.85 89.94 74.45 66.79 68.26 72.26 83.62 81.67 80.52 69.80 Dividend per share, FIM 4.50 4.50 2.19 0.88 0.37 0.65 1.36 2.00 2.05 1.71 Dividend per share, FIM 4.50 2.1 2.1 0.88 0.37 0.65 1.36 2.00 2.05 1.71 Dividend to earnings ratio, % 43.9 2.2.4 21.9 neg. neg. neg. 42.1 24.0 17.4 25.5 2.7 PlE tatio 9.4 4.1 8.9 neg. neg. neg. neg. neg. 10.0 0.8 1.5 2.8 3.0 2.5 2.7 Vietative dividend yield, % 2.630 21.941 23.471 22.902 11,700 11.261 11.900 16.803 16.751 11.616 Number of sharce (1000s)											
Earnings per share, FIM (diluted 1996; FIM 9.98)10.2420.0910.04 -1.19 -1.07 -1.318 3.22 8.34 11.81 6.74 Sharcholders' equity per share, FIM96.85 89.54 74.45 66.79 68.26 72.96 83.62 81.67 80.52 69.80 Dividend per share, FIM 450^{5} 4.50^{5} 2.19 0.88 0.37 0.65 1.36 2.00 2.05 1.71 Dividend per share, FIM 43.9 22.4 21.9 $neg.$ $neg.$ $neg.$ $neg.$ 42.1 24.0 17.4 Dividend yield, % 4.7 5.5 2.5 1.0 0.8 1.5 2.8 3.0 2.5 2.77 PIE ratio 9.4 4.1 8.9 $neg.$ $neg.$ $neg.$ $neg.$ 14.8 8.0 7.0 9.4 Adjusted share price at 31 Dec, FIM 95.86 82.06 87.78 86.35 44.18 42.52 47.74 66.55 82.33 63.21 Narket capitalization 25.630 21.941 23.471 22.902 11.700 11.261 11.906 16.803 16.751 11.616 Number of shares (1000s) -774 265.779 260.081 254.479 249.601 249.387 249.633 228.404 206.116 187.220 At end of period $2.673.74$ 267.374 267.377 260.287 258.120 249.601 249.387 249.633 20.04 650 714 <td>Personner at year end</td> <td>43,030</td> <td>44,071</td> <td>43,988</td> <td>42,737</td> <td>43,800</td> <td>49,071</td> <td>32,122</td> <td>30,320</td> <td>44,700</td> <td>57,244</td>	Personner at year end	43,030	44,071	43,988	42,737	43,800	49,071	32,122	30,320	44,700	57,244
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Adjusted share-related indicators										
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Earnings per share, FIM (diluted 1996: FIM 9.98)			10.04	-1.19	-10.07					6.74
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Shareholders' equity per share, FIM	96.85	89.54	74.45	66.79	68.26	72.96	83.62	81.67	80.52	69.80
Effective dividend yield, % 4.7 5.5 2.5 1.0 0.8 1.5 2.8 3.0 2.5 2.7 P/E ratio 9.4 4.1 8.9 $neg.$ <th< td=""><td>Dividend per share, FIM</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.88</td><td>0.37</td><td>0.65</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	Dividend per share, FIM				0.88	0.37	0.65				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Dividend to earnings ratio, %										
Adjusted share price at 31 Dec., FIM95.8682.0687.7886.3544.1842.5247.7466.5582.3363.21Market capitalization25,63021,94123,47122,90211,70011,26111,90616,80316,75111,616Number of shares (1000s)	Effective dividend yield, %	4.7	5.5		1.0	0.8	1.5				
Market capitalization25,63021,94123,47122,90211,70011,26111,90616,80316,75111,616Number of shares (1000s)Average267,374265,779260,081254,479249,601249,387249,653228,404206,116187,220At end of period267,374267,377262,587258,120249,601249,387249,653228,404206,116187,220Production figuresNumber, 1000 t2,4602,8972,6432,3562,0701,9651,9691,6781,4251,252Newsprint, 1000 t1,5921,8451,8091,7401,6231,5861,4931,004650714Fine paper, 1000 t1,4291,3561,4841,2921,1291,1181,0661,026915862Other papers and paperboard, 1000 t6,53635672636629587705693680550Total, 1000 t6,1346,7336,6086,0245,4515,2565,2334,4013,6703,378Plywood, 1000 m³1,8571,9392,0751,9571,7771,5321,9341,9151,5691,288Plywood, 1000 m³61758553444230328638933333074	P/E ratio										
Number of shares (1000s)Average267,374265,779260,081254,479249,601249,387249,653228,404206,116187,220At end of period267,374267,377262,587258,120249,601249,387249,369252,482203,461183,781Production figuresMagazine paper, 1000 t2,4602,8972,6432,3562,0701,9651,9691,6781,4251,252Newsprint, 1000 t1,5921,8451,8091,7401,6231,5861,4931,004650714Fine paper, 1000 t1,4291,3561,4841,2921,1291,1181,0661,026915862Other papers and paperboard, 1000 t653635672636629587705693680550Total, 1000 t6,1346,7336,6086,0245,4515,2565,2334,4013,6703,378Sawn timber, 1000 m³1,8571,9392,0751,9571,7771,5321,9341,9151,5691,288Plywood, 1000 m³61758553444230328638933333074	Adjusted share price at 31 Dec., FIM										
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At end of period267,374267,377262,587258,120249,601249,387249,369252,482203,461183,781Production figuresMagazine paper, 1000 t2,4602,8972,6432,3562,0701,9651,9691,6781,4251,252Newsprint, 1000 t1,5921,8451,8091,7401,6231,5861,4931,004650714Fine paper, 1000 t1,4291,3561,4841,2921,1291,1181,0661,026915862Other papers and paperboard, 1000 t653635672636629587705693680550Total, 1000 t6,1346,7336,6086,0245,4515,2565,2334,4013,6703,378Sawn timber, 1000 m³1,8571,9392,0751,9571,7771,5321,9341,9151,5691,288Plywood, 1000 m³61758553444230328638933333074											
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Newsprint, 1000 t1,5921,8451,8091,7401,6231,5861,4931,004650714Fine paper, 1000 t1,4291,3561,4841,2921,1291,1181,0661,026915862Other papers and paperboard, 1000 t653635672636629587705693680550Total, 1000 t6,1346,7336,6086,0245,4515,2565,2334,4013,6703,378Sawn timber, 1000 m³1,8571,9392,0751,9571,7771,5321,9341,9151,5691,288Plywood, 1000 m³61758553444230328638933333074	Production figures										
Fine paper, 1000 t1,4291,3561,4841,2921,1291,1181,0661,026915862Other papers and paperboard, 1000 t653635672636629587705693680550Total, 1000 t6,1346,7336,6086,0245,4515,2565,2334,4013,6703,378Sawn timber, 1000 m³1,8571,9392,0751,9571,7771,5321,9341,9151,5691,288Plywood, 1000 m³61758553444230328638933333074											
Other papers and paperboard, 1000 t653635672636629587705693680550Total, 1000 t6,1346,7336,6086,0245,4515,2565,2334,4013,6703,378Sawn timber, 1000 m³1,8571,9392,0751,9571,7771,5321,9341,9151,5691,288Plywood, 1000 m³61758553444230328638933333074											
Total, 1000 t6,1346,7336,6086,0245,4515,2565,2334,4013,6703,378Sawn timber, 1000 m³1,8571,9392,0751,9571,7771,5321,9341,9151,5691,288Plywood, 1000 m³61758553444230328638933333074											
Sawn timber, 1000 m³1,8571,9392,0751,9571,7771,5321,9341,9151,5691,288Plywood, 1000 m³61758553444230328638933333074											
Plywood, 1000 m ³ 617 585 534 442 303 286 389 333 330 74											
1,0/4 2,000 2,040 1,9/2 1,630 1,924 1,930 2,023 1,903 1,344											
	Chemical pulp, 1000 t	1,0/4	2,000	2,040	1,972	1,030	1,924	1,950	2,025	1,905	1,344

Formulae for calculating indicators are given on page 64.
 The figures for 1987–1995 are based on the combined consolidated financial statements (FAS) of Kymmene and Repola. Share-related indicators are based on the share exchange ratios for the two companies' shares on amalgamation merger at 30 April 1996.
 Proposal



Information on shares

Share capital

Under UPM-Kymmene Corporation's Articles of Association, the company's issued share capital may be not less than FIM 1,500,000,000 and not more than FIM 6,000,000,000. The issued share capital may be increased or reduced between these limits without amendment to the Articles of Association.

The share capital of UPM-Kymmene Corporation at the date of the merger (30 April 1996) was FIM 2,673,736,670, consisting of 267,373,667 shares, each with a nominal value of FIM 10. Since that date, 156 shares have been subscribed for FIM 20,000 against the 1994 convertible bond. At 31 December 1996, the company's share capital stood at FIM 2,673,738,230 and the number of shares was 267,373,823.

If the convertible bonds and bonds with equity warrants issued by the company are fully converted into shares, the share capital of UPM-Kymmene Corporation will rise to a maximum of FIM 2,840,006,260, comprising 284,000,626 shares. The shares are included in the computerized book entry system for securities.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST

At 31 December 1996, the members of the Board of Directors, the Managing Director and Deputy Managing Director owned a total of 901,335 UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares representing 0.337% of the total share capital. The members of the Board of Directors, the Managing Director and Deputy Managing Director also hold convertible bonds for a total nominal value of FIM 900,000. If all bonds are converted into shares, the share

SHARE EXCHANGE RATIOS USED IN THE MERGER

7 UPM-Kymmene shares for5 Kymmene shares1 UPM-Kymmene share for1 Repola share

capital of UPM-Kymmene Corporation would increase by FIM 86,260, i.e. by 8,626 shares. These shares would represent 0.003% of the share capital and voting rights of the company.

STOCK EXCHANGE TRADING

During the period May to December 1996, 73.2 million UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares were traded on the Helsinki Stock Exchange. This represents 27.4 % of the share capital. The lowest quotation during this period was FIM 85.50 and the highest FIM 105.00. On SEAQ International in London, 89.9 million of the company's shares changed hands. Total trading in the shares of the merging companies and UPM-Kymmene Corporation during the period January to December 1996 was FIM 11,734 million (10,994).

AUTHORIZATION TO INCREASE SHARE CAPITAL

The Board of Directors has no current authorization to issue new share capital, convertible bonds, and/or bonds with equity warrants.

REDEMPTION CLAUSE

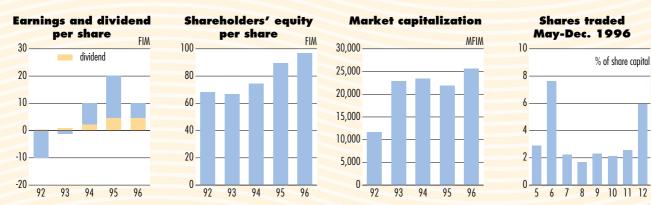
Under § 13 of UPM-Kymmene Corporation's Articles of Association, a shareholder who owns, either singly or jointly with another shareholder, a proportion of the total shares of the company or of the voting rights carried by the shares equal to or in excess of 33 1/3 per cent, or 50 per cent, shall, at the request of other shareholders, be liable to redeem in the manner prescribed in § 13, their shares and any securities that, under the Companies Act, carry the right to such shares.

FORMATION OF SHARE CAPITAL	No. of shares	Share capital (FIM)
81,998,240 Kymmene Corporation shares	114,797,536	1,147,975,360
152,576,131 Repola Ltd shares	152,576,131	1,525,761,310
Share capital at 30 April 1996	267,373,667	2,673,736,670
CHANGES SINCE 1 MAY 1996		
Exchanged under 1994 convertible bond issue	156	1,560
Share capital at 31 December 1996	267,373,823	2,673,738,230
As a result of convertible bonds and bonds with equity		
warrants in issue, the share capital may change after		
31 December 1996 as follows:		
Warrant bond issue (1991/II)	1,440,000	14,400,000
Convertible bond issue, capital loan (1993)	7,701,987	77,019,870
Convertible bond issue (1994)	7,485,816	74,858,160









DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS

Size of shareholding	Number of shareholders	% of shareholders	Number of shares, million	% of share capital
1 - 100	20,538	32.6	1.0	0.4
101 – 1,000	32,594	51.8	12.0	4.5
1,001 - 10,000	8,942	14.2	23.5	8.8
10,001 - 100,000	797	1.3	20.8	7.7
100,001 - 1,000,000	80	0.1	23.2	8.7
1,000,001 -	28	0.0	91.0	34.0
Total	62,979	100.0	171.5	64.1
Nominee-registered			95.7	35.8
Not registered as book entry units			0.2	0.1
Total			267.4	100.0

BIGGEST SHAREHOLDERS AT 31 DECEMBER 1996

		Percentage
	Shares	of Share
	31.12.1996	capital
Pohjola Insurance Company Ltd	13,597,000	5.09
Ilmarinen Pension Insurance Company	11,306,700	4.23
Suomi Mutual Life Assurance Company	3 266,780	4.23
1 2		0.24
Salama Life Assurance Company Ltd	654,300 28,824,780	10.78
	20,024,700	10.78
Merita Bank Ltd	8,254,140	3.09
Merita Ltd Pension Fund	2,462,635	0.92
Partita Oy	1,463,200	0.55
Merita Ltd Pension Foundation	1,036,585	0.39
Merita Life Assurance Ltd	66,280	0.02
Wenta Ene Assurance Eta	13,282,840	4.97
	15,202,010	1.97
Industrial Insurance Company Ltd	5,037,000	1.88
Otso Loss of Profits Insurance Company L		0.68
Yritys-Sampo Insurance Company	1,430,000	0.53
Insurance Company Sampo Pensions Ltd	1,382,800	0.52
Kaleva Mutual Insurance Company	1,245,000	0.47
Sampo Insurance Company Ltd	950,000	0.36
Insurance Company of Finland Ltd	480,087	0.18
insurance company of I maine Etc	12,350,462	4.62
	12,000,102	
Sponda Oy	8,430,604	3.15
1		
Local Government Pension Institution	4,660,584	1.74
Pension-Varma Mutual Insurance Company	y 3,504,054	1.31
Nova Life Insurance Company Ltd	589,932	0.22
	4,093,986	1.53
	,,	
Palkki Group	3,282,939	1.23
Nokia Corporation	2,865,000	1.07
Valfin Oy	2,784,396	1.04
Polaris Pension Fund	2,220,384	0.83
Nominee-registered shares	95,680,653	35.79
Other	88,897,195	33.24
Total	267,373,823	100.00

SHAREHOLDER BREAKDOWN BY SECTOR

Financing institutions and insurance companies	21.0 %
Households	15.9 %
Private companies	9.6 %
Non-profitmaking organizations	7.1 %
Public bodies	6.2 %
Public companies	3.2 %
Non-Finnish nationals	37.0 %
Total	100.0 %

SHAREHOLDER AGREEMENTS

UPM-Kymmene Corporation is not aware of any shareholder agreements concerning either the ownership of the company's shares or the exercise of the associated voting rights.

TAXATION VALUE OF SHARES IN FINLAND

For Finnish taxation purposes, the company's share was given a value of FIM 67.00 in 1996.

Convertible bonds and bonds with equity warrants

CONVERTIBLE BOND LOAN 1993, FIM 750,000,000

The bonds were issued on 11 November 1993. The subscription period was 18–26 November 1993. Holders have the right to convert their bonds between 18 November 1993 and 11 November 2043, unless the loan period is extended. Interest at 8.25% p.a. is paid on the loan capital between 1993 and 2004. The interest rate is 0.5 percentage points above the average market rate of interest for Government bonds maturing on 15 March 2004 on the five days preceding the issue of the bonds, however not less than 8.25%. The rate of interest from 2005 onwards will be determined as specified in the terms and conditions of the issue.

Conversion ratio

Holders are entitled to convert their bonds into UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares, each FIM 10,000 bond entitling the holder to subscribe 102.70 UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares, nominal value FIM 10. The calculated conversion price of the share is FIM 97.37. The maximum increase in share capital due to conversion of the bonds is FIM 77,025,000.

Conversion period

The period for the conversion of bonds into UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares ends on 11 November 2043, unless the maturity of the bond is extended in accordance with the terms and conditions of the issue, in which case the conversion period will expire one week prior to the rescheduled maturity date. The conversion period is 2 January to 31 October each year. Under the terms and conditions of the issue, bondholders will also have the opportunity to exercise their conversion rights during a period to be specified by UPM-Kymmene Corporation's Board of Directors in the event that UPM-Kymmene Corporation decides to merge with another company. A total of 512 shares had been subscribed under the issue by 31 December 1996.



Shareholders' rights

Under the terms and conditions of the issue, new shares obtained through conversion before the merger became effective entitle holders to dividend for the first time in respect of the financial period during which the conversion took place. Other shareholder rights shall, contrary to the terms and conditions of the issue, begin on the day that the bonds are surrendered at the place of their conversion into shares.

SUBORDINATED CONVERTIBLE BOND LOAN 1994, FIM 960,000,000

The bonds were issued on 25 February 1994 and the subscription period was 11–18 March 1994. Bondholders have the right to convert their bonds during the period 1 April 1994 to 25 March 2004. The bonds have a maturity of 10 years and carry a coupon of 6.5%. The company has the right to terminate the issue from 25 March 1998 onwards and to repay the loan, with interest, in full.

Conversion ratio

Bondholders are entitled to convert their bonds into UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares, each FIM 10,000 bond entitling the holder to subscribe 78 UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares, nominal value FIM 10 per share. The calculated conversion price of the share is FIM 128.21. The maximum increase in the share capital due to conversion of the bonds is FIM 74,880,000.

Conversion period

The period during which the bonds can be converted into UPM-Kymmene Corporation shares ends on 25 March 2004. The conversion period is 1 January to 31 October each year. Bondholders also have the right to convert their bonds into shares during a period to be specified by the Board of Directors in the event that UPM-Kymmene Corporation decides to merge with another company. A total of 2,184 shares had been subscribed under the issue by 31 December 1996.

Shareholders' rights

Under the terms and conditions of the issue, shares obtained by conversion entitle holders to dividend for the first time in respect of the financial period during which the conversion took place. Other shareholder rights shall, contrary to the terms and conditions of the issue, begin on the day that the bonds are surrendered at the place of their conversion into shares.

WARRANT BOND ISSUE 1991/II, FIM 1,500,000

The bonds were issued on 15 May 1991 and subscriptions totalled FIM 1,440,000. The period of the loan is six years from 15 May 1991 to 15 May 1997. The bonds carry a coupon of 12.0%.

Share subscriptions

Each FIM 15,000 bond carries one warrant entitling the holder to subscribe 15,000 new shares, nominal value FIM 10, at a subscription price of FIM 50. The maximum increase in the share capital due to the exercise of the warrants is FIM 14,400,000.

Subscription period

The subscription period is 15 May 1996 to 15 May 1997. In December 1996, 735,000 shares were subscribed through the exercise of warrants, and the resulting FIM 7,350,000 increase in share capital was entered in the Trade Register on 13 January 1997.

Shareholders' rights

Shares subscribed under the issue entitle holders to dividend in respect of the next financial period following the subscription date. Other shareholders' rights apply as soon as the shares have been subscribed and paid for.

Abridged IAS financial statements

Accounting convention

The accounting principles adopted by the UPM-Kymmene Group, as presented on pages 40–41, comply, with some exceptions, with International Accounting Standards (IAS). The main differences between Finnish and IAS accounting practices are set out below.

ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

In the Finnish financial statements, the Group's share of profits on sales between the Group and its associated companies arising since the introduction of the new Accounting Act on 1 January 1994 are eliminated. In the IAS statements, the Group's share of such profits arising before this date is also eliminated.

FIXED ASSETS

In the IAS statements, fixed assets acquired through financial leasing and sale and leaseback contracts are included under "Tangible assets" and "Long-term liabilities". Profits on the sale of fixed assets acquired through sales and leaseback contracts are credited to the accounts during the leasing period.

INCREASE/DECREASE IN ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND UNTAXED RESERVES (APPROPRIATIONS)

In the IAS statements, the result for the financial period is stated before the increase/decrease in accumulated depreciation and untaxed reserves. Accumulated appropriations are shown in the balance sheet under "Shareholders' equity".

CAPITAL LOAN

In the Finnish statements, the convertible capital loan shown under "Shareholders' equity" is presented between "Shareholders' equity" and "Long-term and current liabilities".

EXTRAORDINARY INCOME AND EXPENSES

The income and expenses shown under "Extraordinary items" in the Finnish statements are attributed to operating income and expenses in the IAS statements.

Consolidated profit and loss account (IAS)

Years ended 31 December, FIM million	1996	1995
Turnover	51,757	54,738
Costs and expenses	-45,926	-46,575
Operating profit	5,831	8,163
Share of results of associated companies	-161	380
Net financial expenses	-1,907	-2,184
Profit before taxes, minority interest and extraordinary items	3,763	6,359
Direct taxes	-857	-843
Minority interest	-111	-108
Profit for the period	2,795	5,408



Consolidated balance sheet (IAS)

FIM million	31.12.1996	31.12.1995
Fixed assets and other long-term investments		
Tangible assets	40,467	37,662
Intangible assets	669	736
Goodwill	578	813
Long-term investments	5,777	5,837
Long-term receivables	1,117	1,128
Current assets		
Stocks	8,132	9,513
Trade and other receivables	8,565	9,085
Cash and bank	2,729	2,225
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	8,208	9,006
Advance payments	1,226	1,837
Current portion of long-term loans	4,660	5,455
Other current liabilities	7,689	4,344
Net working capital	-2,357	181
Total	46,251	46,357
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	2,674	2,674
Other shareholders' equity	22,977	21,214
Total shareholders' equity	25,651	23,888
Minority interest	884	780
Capital loan	750	750
Long-term liabilities	18,966	20,939

Total

Comparison of profits according to Finnish practice and IAS, FIM million

Comparison of shareholders' equity according to Finnish practice and IAS, FIM million

46,251

	1996	1995
Profit for the period according to		
Finnish law and practice	994	1,883
Changes in accounts according to IAS:		
Appropriations	1,657	2,887
Other items	144	638
Profit for the period according to IAS	2,795	5,408

	1996	1995
Shareholders' equity according to		
Finnish law and practice	14,873	14,706
Changes in accounts according to IAS:		
Accumulated appropriations	11,294	9,986
Capital loan	-750	-750
Profit share of sold assets	-246	-333
Other items	480	279
Shareholders' equity according to IAS	25,651	23,888

46,357

-

Calculation of indicators; exchange rates

Formulae for calculation of financial indicators

Return on equity, % =	Profit (loss) before extraordinary items, untaxed reserves and taxes – taxes Shareholders' equity – capital loan + minority interest + untaxed reserves ¹) x 100 (average of year beginning and year end)
Return on capital employed, % =	Profit (loss) before extraordinary items, untaxed reserves and taxes + interest expenses and other financial expenses x 100 Balance sheet total – non-interest-bearing liabilities (average of year beginning and year end)
Equity to assets ratio, $\% =$	Shareholders' equity ²⁾ + minority interest + untaxed reserves ¹⁾ Balance sheet total – advances received x 100
Gearing ratio, % =	Interest-bearing net liabilities Shareholders' equity ²⁾ + minority interest + untaxed reserves ¹⁾ x 100

¹⁾ Untaxed reserves includes accumulated depreciation difference and voluntary reserves. Deferred tax has not been deducted. Untaxed reserves consist mainly of the depreciation difference.

²⁾ Shareholders' equity includes a capital loan of FIM 750 million.

Formulae for calculation of adjusted share-related indicators

Earnings per share =	Profit (loss) before appropriations, reserves and taxes – direct taxes +/- minority interest Adjusted average number of shares during the period
Shareholders' equity per share =	Shareholders' equity – capital loan + untaxed reserves + accumulated depreciation difference Adjusted number of shares at end of period
Dividend per share =	Dividend distribution Adjusted number of shares at end of period
Dividend to earnings ratio, % =	Dividend per share x 100 Earnings per share
Effective dividend yield, % =	Adjusted dividend per share Adjusted share price at 31.12 x 100
P/E ratio =	Adjusted share price at 31.12 Earnings per share
Market capitalization =	Total number of shares x striking price at end of period
Adjusted share price = at end of period	Share price at end of period Share issue coefficient
Adjusted average share price =	Total value of shares traded Adjusted number of shares traded during period

Adjusted indicators 1996 (page 1 of this Annual Report)

The indicators have been calculated using the estimated current market values of the company's forest, energy company shares and listed shares (including those of Rauma Oy) as well as housing and property not connected with business operations. Computed deferred tax has been deducted from the difference between market value and book value and from untaxed reserves at 31 December 1996. The market values and the basis for valuations are given in Note 13 to the accounts on page 46.

Exchange rates

	31.12.1996	1996 (average)	31.12.1995	1995 (average)	31.12.1994	1994 (average)
USD	4.644	4.594	4.359	4.367	4.743	5.183
GBP	7.869	7.173	6.741	6.891	7.409	7.942
SEK	0.675	0.685	0.655	0.613	0.636	0.674
DEM	2.988	3.053	3.044	3.048	3.062	3.208
FRF	0.886	0.898	0.891	0.875	0.887	0.938
CAD	3.390	3.369	3.196	3.181	3.378	3.785
XEU (Ecu)	5.770	5.753	5.597	5.645	5.815	6.155

To the shareholders of UPM-Kymmene Corporation

We have audited the accounting records, the accounts and the administration of UPM-Kymmene Corporation for the financial period ended 31 December 1996. UPM-Kymmene Corporation was formed through the merger of Kymmene Corporation and Repola Ltd on 30 April 1996. The financial statements of the new parent company are for the period 1 May 1996 to 31 December 1996. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared from the financial statements of the merged companies and their subsidiaries and relate to the period 1 January 1996 to 31 December 1996. The comparative figures for previous years have been obtained by combining the official accounts of the merged companies.

The accounts prepared by the Board of Directors and the Managing Director include the report of the Board of Directors, consolidated and parent company income statements, balance sheets, funds statements and notes to the financial statements. Based on our audit we express an opinion on these accounts and the parent company's administration.

We have conducted our audit in accordance with Finnish Generally Accepted Auditing Standards. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit in order to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The purpose of our audit of the administration has been to examine that the Board of Directors and the Managing Director have complied with the rules of the Companies' Act.

In our opinion the accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Accounting Act and other rules and regulations governing the preparation of financial statements in Finland. The financial statements give a true and fair view, as defined in the Accounting Act, of both the consolidated and parent company result of operations, as well as of the financial position. The accounts can be adopted and the members of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director of the parent company can be discharged from liability for the financial period audited by us. The proposal made by the Board of Directors concerning the disposal of unrestricted shareholders' equity is in compliance with the Companies' Act.

We have acquainted ourselves with the interim reports published by the company during the period. In our opinion they have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations governing the preparation of such reports in Finland.

Helsinki, 11 March 1997

Tauno Haataja Authorized Public Accountant Eric Haglund Authorized Public Accountant

Company directors and auditors

Board of Directors

Chairman

Yrjö Niskanen* Doctor (Econ.) h.c., Helsinki School of Economics and Business Administration

Deputy Chairmen

Casimir Ehrnrooth* Doctor of Technology h.c., Lappeenranta University of Technology

Tauno Matomäki* Doctor of Technology h.c., Tampere University of Technology

Members

L.J. Jouhki President and CEO, Thomesto Trading Companies Ltd

Jouko K. Leskinen President and CEO, Sampo Group

Jorma Routti Professor, Director-General of DGXII (science, research and development), EU Commission

Gustaf Serlachius Chairman of the Gösta Serlachius Fine Arts Foundation

Vesa Vainio Chairman and CEO, Merita Bank Ltd

Iiro Viinanen President, Chairman of the Boards, The Pohjola Group

* Member of the Executive Committee of the Board

Auditors

Tauno Haataja Authorized Public Accountant

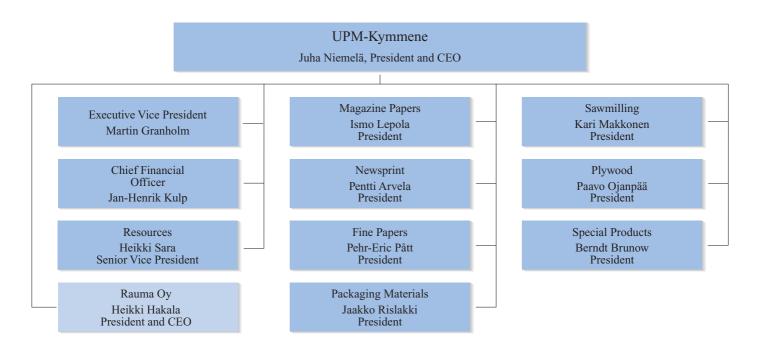
Eric Haglund Authorized Public Accountant

Deputy auditors

SVH Coopers & Lybrand Oy Authorized Public Accountants

KPMG Wideri Oy Ab Authorized Public Accountants





Executive Board



Juha Niemelä



Martin Granholm



Jan-Henrik Kulp



Heikki Sara



Ismo Lepola



Pentti Arvela



Pehr-Eric Pått



Jaakko Rislakki



Kari Makkonen



Paavo Ojanpää



Berndt Brunow

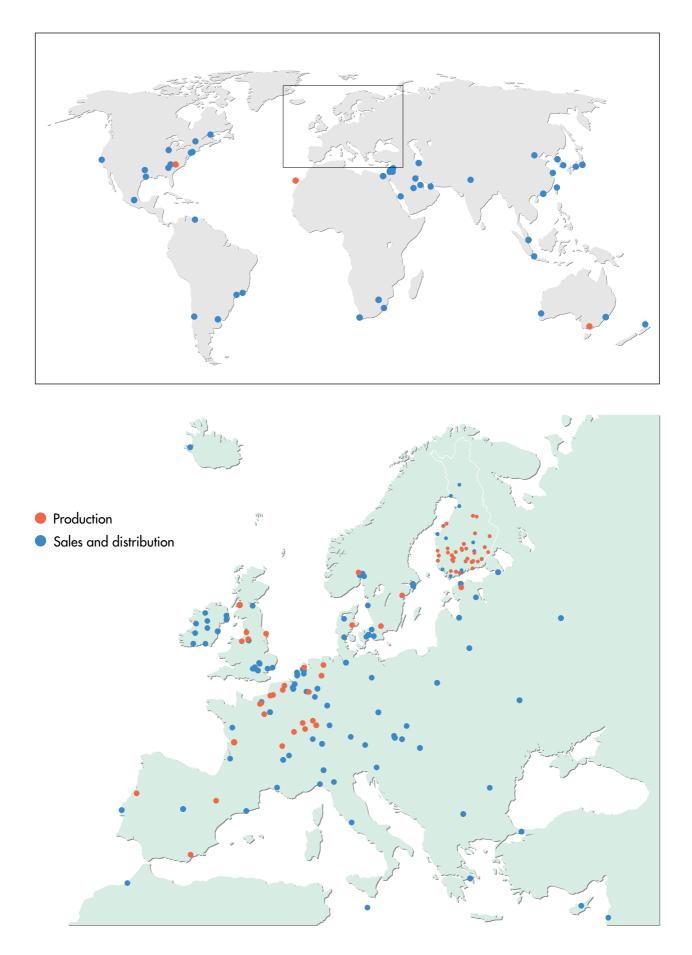


Trends by 4-month period in 1995 and 1996

FIM million	Total 1996	III/96	II/96	I/96	Total 1995	III/95	II/95	I/95
Financial results								
Turnover	51,757	17,935	16,199	17,623	54,738	19,122	18,243	17,373
Other operating income	864	449	201	214	473	123	248	102
Costs and expenses	43,760	15,655	13,791	14,314	44,005	15,726	14,347	13,932
Share of results of associated companies	-32	-24	-45	37	405	130	136	139
Depreciation	3,238	1,156	1,026	1,056	3,107	1,067	1.023	1,017
Operating profit	5,591	1,549	1,538	2,504	8,504	2,582	3,257	2,665
% of turnover	10.8	8.6	9.5	14.2	15.5	13.5	17.9	15.3
Share of results of associated companies	-129	-6	-82	-41	-48	-32	-18	2
Net financial expenses	-1,780	-620	-560	-600	-2,164	-729	-744	-691
Exchange rate differences	-127	-40	128	-215	-14	-80	4	62
Profit before extraordinary items, reserves and taxe	s 3,555	883	1,024	1,648	6,278	1,741	2,499	2,038
% of turnover	6.9	4.9	6.3	9.4	11.5	9.1	13.7	11.7
Extraordinary income and expenses	-5	91	-96	_	-569	-597	174	-146
Profit before untaxed reserves and taxes	3,550	974	928	1,648	5,709	1,144	2,673	1,892
Direct taxes	-706	-263	-173	-270	-843	-218	-405	-220
Minority interest	-111	-26	-30	-55	-96	-29	-70	3
Profit before appropriations	2,733	685	725	1,323	4,770	897	2,198	1,675
Turneyer by division								
Turnover by division Magazine papers	11,172	4,095	3,412	3,665	12,322	4,544	4,153	3,625
Newsprint	5,780	4,093	3,412 1,860	2,092	5,676	2,182	4,133	1,697
Fine papers	6,220	2,150	1,800	2,092	7,140	2,132	2,514	2,590
Packaging materials	5,473	1,828	1,743	1,902	5,728	1,854	1,918	1,956
Sawmilling	3,725	1,342	1,233	1,150	3,773	1,184	1,258	1,331
Plywood	3,144	1,081	988	1,075	3,084	1,009	972	1,103
Special products	3,574	1,207	1,057	1,310	3,528	1,160	1,177	1,191
Chemical pulp	4,106	1,352	1,202	1,552	6,070	1,891	2,195	1,984
Other	10,525	3,537	3,180	3,808	11,344	4,004	3,694	3,646
Engineering (Rauma)	10,220	3,843	2,933	3,444	9,837	3,794	3,198	2,845
Intra-Group turnover	-12,182	-4,328	-3,353	-4,501	-13,764	-4,536	-4,633	-4,595
Turnover, total	51,757	17,935	16,199	17,623	54,738	19,122	18,243	17,373
Operating profit by division								
Magazine papers	2,072	517	757	798	2,803	1,162	986	655
Newsprint	1,044	188	373	483	969	487	305	177
Fine papers	85	44	4	37	719	34	323	362
Packaging materials	559	150	203	206	362	43	159	160
Sawmilling	-48	8	-26	-30	135	-54	37	152
Plywood	139	57	30	52	25	-79	16	88
Special products	339	76	121	142	364	77	146	141
Chemical pulp ¹⁾	-176	-104	-285	213	2,228	684	841	703
Other	867	356	190	321	157	-91	182	66
Engineering (Rauma)	710	257	171	282	742	319	262	161
Operating profit, total	5,591	1,549	1,538	2,504	8,504	2,582	3,257	2,665
¹⁾ Includes share of the results of associated companies	-72	-11	-68	7	361	118	134	109
Production figures								
Magazine papers	2,460	886	753	821	2,897	951	969	977
Newsprint	1,592	488	511	593	1,845	626	608	611
Fine papers	1,429	536	470	423	1,356	340	504	512
Other papers and board	653	226	217	210	635	176	226	233
Total (1000 t)	6,134	2,136	1,951	2,047	6,733	2,093	2,307	2,333
Sawn timber (1000 m^3)	1,857	672	569	616	1,939	647	579	713
Plywood (1000 m^3)	617	236	179	202	585	211	173	201
Chemical pulp (1000 t)	1,874	660	593	621	2,000	577	701	722



Forest industry production plants and sales network



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