

A photograph of a person standing in a field of yellow wildflowers, likely California poppies, looking out over rolling green hills under a clear blue sky.

“On Beyond Jepson”

February 20, 2011

UCSC Arboretum

R. Morgan

Agrostis exarata



- Two very different local taxa currently lumped under this name ...

[*A. exarata* var. *monolepis* (Torr.) Hitchc. =
A. exarata var. *pacifica* Vasey]

- Common,
widespread,
awned form
- Gen to 2 ft. tall
- Moist soil



[Agrostis exarata var. exarata]

- Widespread but uncommon locally
- Awnless lemmas
- Taller
- Spikes +/- interrupted
- Gen in shallow water



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Agrostis "holmesiae" (L)



- Small, erect annual
- Vernal pool habitat
- Fort Ord, MNT
- Discovered 2007 by Ellen Holmes & RM

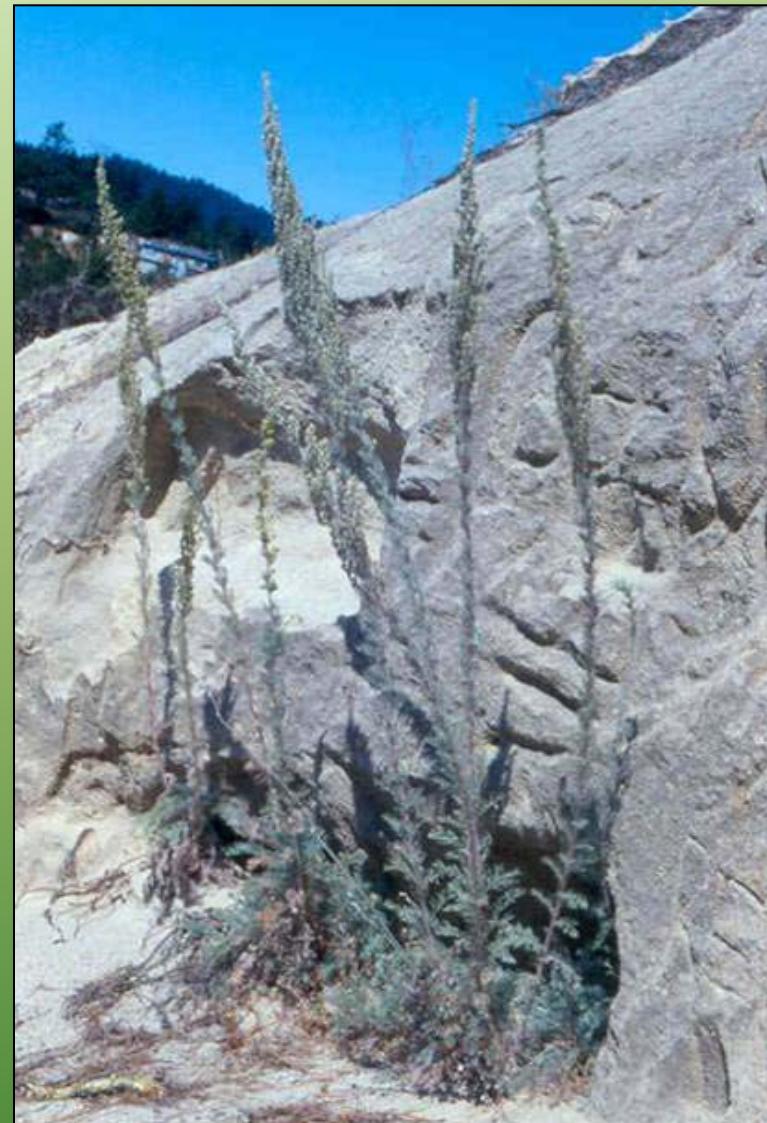
Armeria maritima subsp. *californica* (tall form)



- Santa Cruz Sandhills
& Fort Ord

Artemisia pycnocephala (tall form)

- SC Sandhills and Ft. Ord



© Jodi McGraw

Artemisia douglasiana (2 forms)

- Both planted along Guadalupe River
- **Mystery form:**
 - Much taller
 - Thicker stems
 - Virgate (vs. lax)
 - Lvs silver-gray both surfaces (vs. dk-green above)
 - Heads more numerous and smaller
- Several vars. named in original *Jepson Manual*

Calochortus *albus* (dwarf form)

- Floriferous
- Large-fld
- Coastal
- Swanton area,
SCR

Photo: Dylan Neubauer



Calochortus luteus (coastal form)



- Band of red on each petal
- n=10

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Calochortus luteus (Sierra Foothills form)

- Single red spot
- n=7



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Calochortus luteus

- Other forms to the north



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Calyptridium parryi* var. *hesseae

- RPR 1B.1
- SLO - SCR
- Not seen here since 1978
- Any more recent observations?

Cardamine californica

[var. *integrifolia* (Nutt.) Rollins]

- Open, wet meadows vs. shady woods
- Uncommon in this region



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Castilleja densiflora subsp. d. [*C. d.* var. *noctuinus* Eastw.]



- Uncommon
- White-tipped bracts
- Vanilla scent
- Hybridizes with
subsp. *densiflora*

***Ceanothus integerrimus* var. *i.* (L)**

- Endemic to s Santa Cruz Mtns
(vs. widespread var. *macrothrysus*)
- Only local deciduous *Ceanothus*
- Leaf 1-ribbed from base; white fls
- Near extinction?

Clarkia prostrata? (L)

- Coastal bluffs
in grassland
- Grows w/
C. davyi
- Differs in sev
chars incl
smaller, con-
colored fls





Prostrate to
decumbent
habit (vs.
erect in
C. davyi)

Unadorned, dk brown seeds
(vs. gray & encrusted in *C. davyi*)



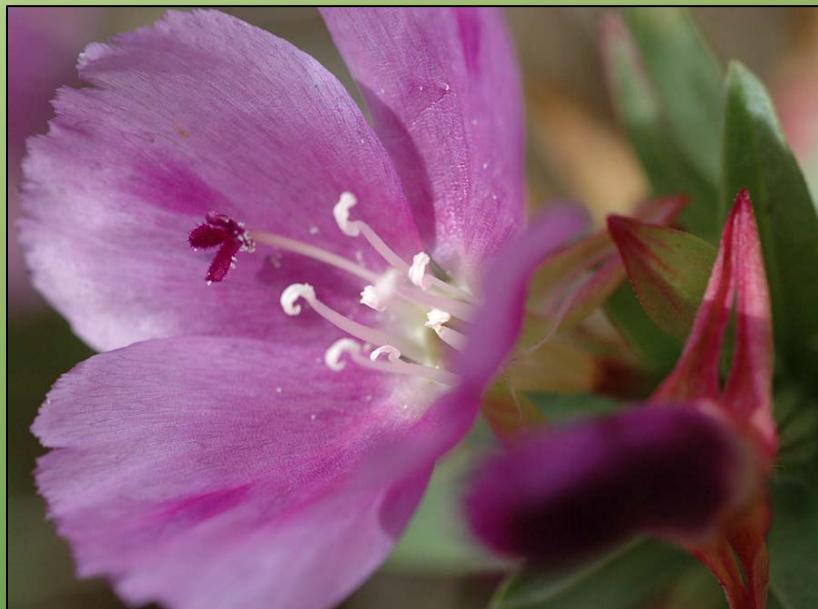
Clarkia purpurea* subsp. *purpurea

(3 forms) (L)

1. Uniform interior form with small, bicolored fls
2. Very tall form nr Fort Ord with small, darker fls
3. Coastal form

Clarkia purpurea subsp. *purpurea* (coastal form) (L)

- Grassland
- Variable
- Large fls
- Uncommon



Clarkia rubicunda

[subsp. *blasdalei* (Jeps.) Lewis & Lewis (L)]



- Coastal
- Decumbent
- Infl more crowded
- Larger, paler fls
- s MRN to n SLO

Clarkia unguiculata

subsp. ‘lagunae’ (L)

- Disc 1980s
- SCR
- Extra-compact,
coastal race
- Very dk, ribbon-
like petals
- Extinct?



Corallorrhiza maculata

[var. *immaculata* (Peck) (L)]

- As common locally as spotted form?
- White lip
- Originally a var.
- Possibly a full sp.



Photos: Dylan Neubauer

Corethrogyne filaginifolia

[*C. californica* DC.]



- Coastal
- Solitary, lgr heads
- Stems rel stout
- Extreme expression
of widespread,
variable sp.

Distichlis spicata complex

- Vars. now lumped:
 1. [var. *nana* Beetle]: Locally rare, inland (Soda Lake, ALA, etc.)
 2. [var. *stolonifera* Beetle]: Coastal race
 3. [var. *stricta* (Torr.) Scribn.]: Common valley race



Erigeron (Conyza) sumatrensis



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- Name properly belongs to the large-fld, robust, weedy sp. that was misidentified as *Conyza floribunda* in *TJM1*

Erigeron (Conyza) sumatrensis

[*Conyza bilbaoana* J. Remy]

- Currently improperly lumped with *Erigeron sumatrensis*
- Uncommon urban weed v similar to *Conyza canadensis* exc for purple pigment and lack of ray fls

Erysimum franciscanum

[var. *crassifolium* Rossbach]

- RPR 4.2
- No more like *E. franciscanum* than any other *Erysimum*
- Deserves own sp.?



Photo: Dylan Neubauer

Erysimum franciscanum

[var. *crassifolium* Rossbach]



Photo: Dylan Neubauer

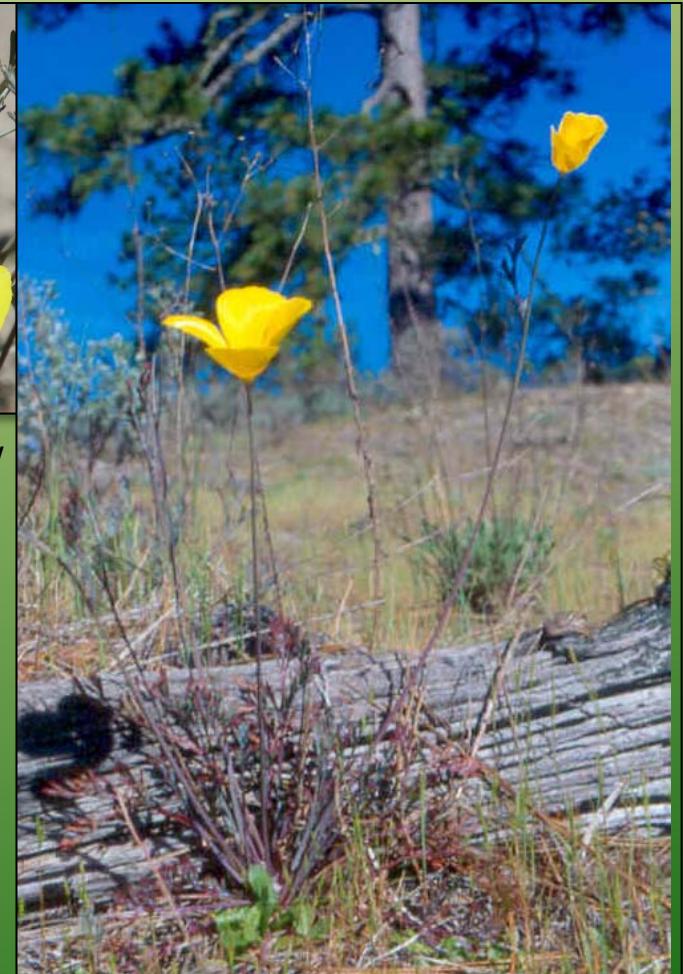
- Suffrutescent,
robust biennial
- Sandy soils
- SON - SCR

Eschscholzia californica (Santa Cruz Sandhills form)

- Genetically unique
- Leggy
- Sm, yellow flowers
- Yellow not black filaments
- Leaves sm, purplish

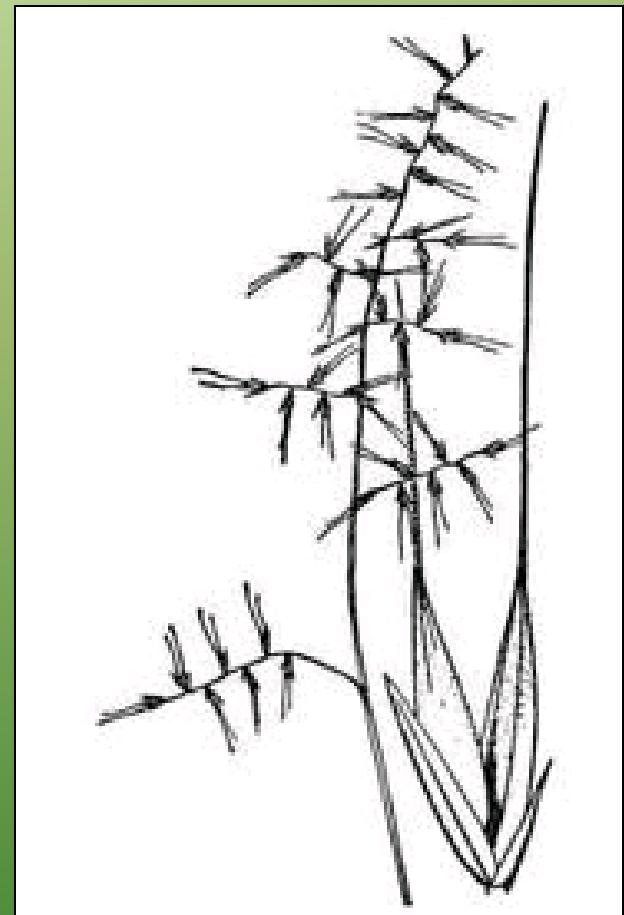


© Jodi McGraw



Festuca (Vulpia) microstachys complex

- Varied/confusing array of self-pollinating, native annuals
- Now all lumped
- Short shrift for some of our principal native annual grasses



Fritillaria affinis

[var. *tristulis* (A. L. Grant) Ness (L)]

- A North coastal variant with short stems, broad lvs, and lg, dk fls
- Seems worth maintaining



Fritillaria sp. (L)

- Apparently new,
undescribed sp.
recently
discovered at Fort
Ord



Photos: Matt Ritter



Gilia clivorum [vars.?]

- Extremely variable in fl color patterns & leaf structure, etc.
- Related *G. capitata* contains 8 subspp., and *G. clivorum* may merit similar treatment



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Heterotheca sessiliflora* subsp. *echioides

[var. *camphorata* (Eastw.) Semple]

- Quite distinct
- Densely glandular-pubescent
- Santa Cruz Mtns., Mt. Hamilton Range,
n Santa Lucias

Iris douglasiana

[var. *altissima* Purdy (L)]

- Endemic at Half Moon Bay
- 3 - 3.5 ft high
- Is this a form of the deep-purple coastal form of *Iris douglasiana*, or of the following ... ?

Iris douglasiana

[var. *major* Torr.]



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- Howell's "Marin iris"
- Woods away from imm coast
- Fls ivory/lt yellow/lt blue
- Same iris in lowland woods of SC and vicinity

Isolepis cernua (*Scirpus cernuus*)

- Usu referred to as annual
- Common form is a dense perennial
- Mainly coastal
- Does it have a name?



Lasthenia californica subsp. c. [subsp. *hirsutula* Greene (L?)]



- Low-growing, lg-fld coastal form
- Broad, often lobed basal lvs
- Full sp. in 1925 Jepson
- MEN to SB (ChI)



Lasthenia gracilis

- Most abundant comp in CA
- Not closely rel to *L. californica*
- Pappus of opaque white, lance-ovate scales (or none)
- Distinguished from *L. californica* subsp. *californica* by pappus and wider range (to s CA)

Lasthenia californica subsp. c. – left

Lasthenia gracilis – right

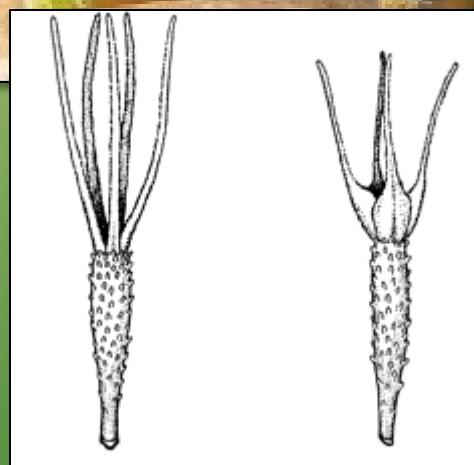
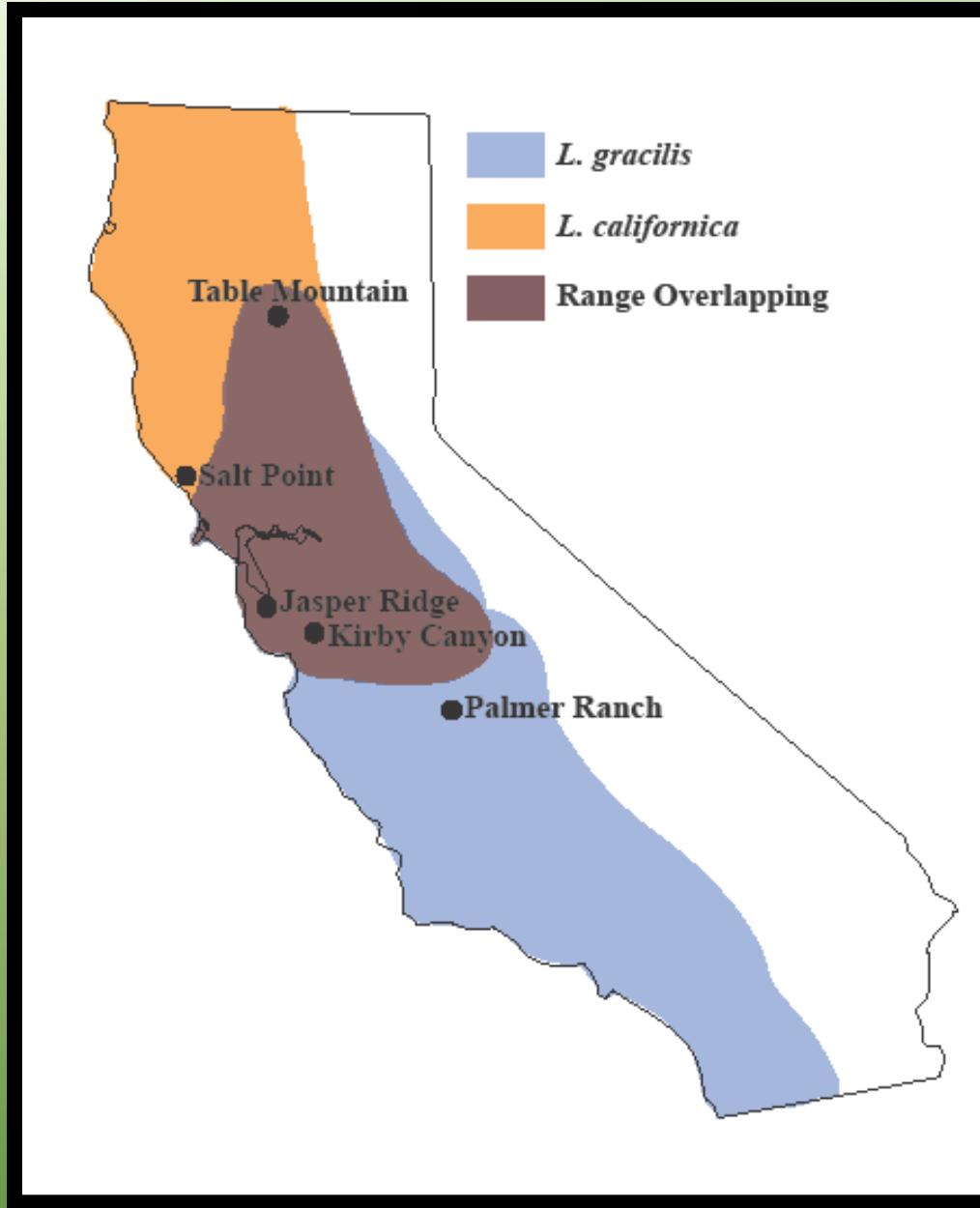


Photo: Jenn Yost



Map: Jenn Yost

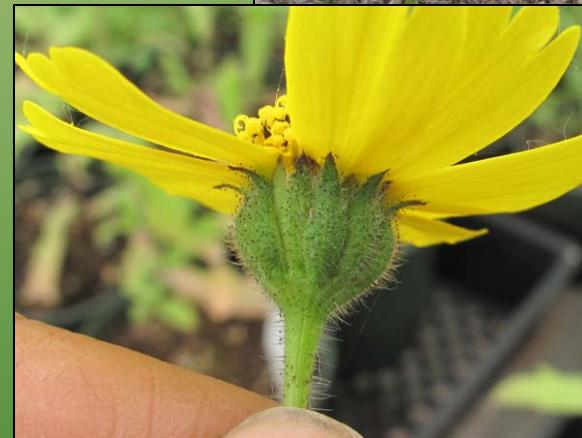
Lasthenia gracilis (Santa Cruz Sandhills form) (L?)

- Unusually tall
- Late-flowering



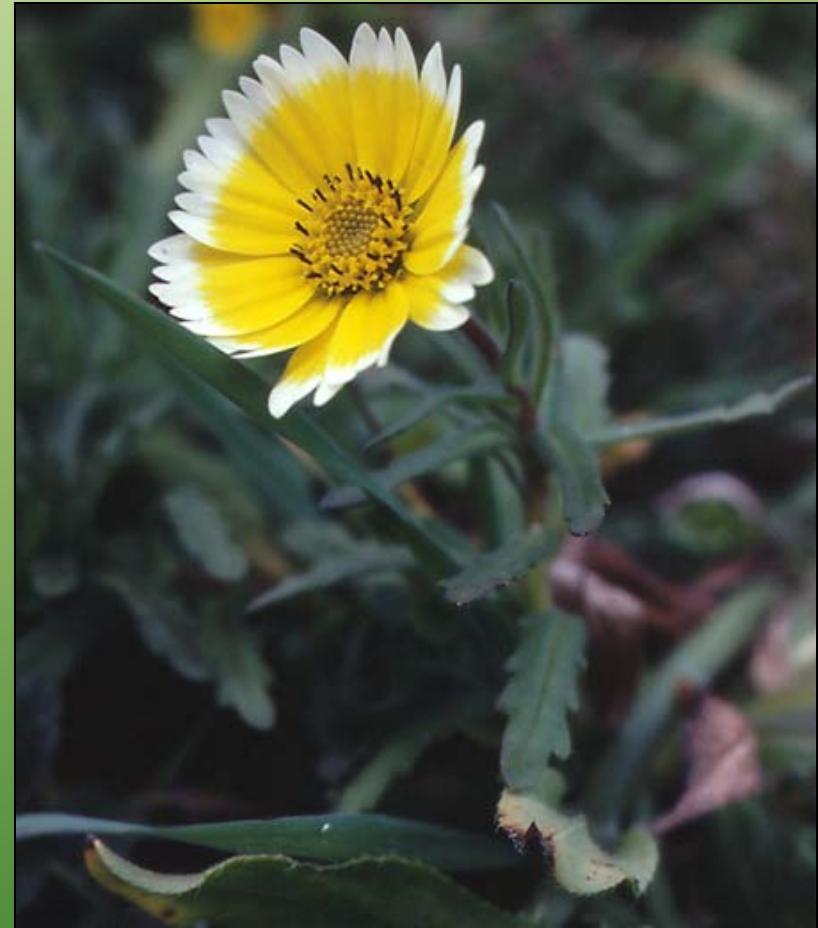
Layia gaillardioides complex (L?)

- At least 4-6 types
- SHA, MEN coast,
MNT & SCR
- Yellow, white, or
white-tipped fls



Layia platyglossa [subsp. *platyglossa* (F. & M.) Gray]

- Decumbent, succulent coastal form (vs. subsp. *campestris*)
- Dilated phyllary tips
- MEN to ChI
- Treated in Munz, Thomas



© 2005 Dee E. Warenycia

Layia platyglossa ("tipless" form)



- Do tipped and tipless forms mix?
- Deserving of taxonomic recognition?

Lepechinia sp. (L)

- Unidentifiable species seen 2 places
at Fort Hunter Liggett

Leptosiphon (Linanthus) grandiflorus **subsp. “dylanae” (L)**

- RPR 4.2
- Endemic to SCR & vicinity
- Differs from *L. g.* in long-exserted tube and other chars
- Possibly extinct

Leptosiphon grandiflorus

(typical form - shorter tube)



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L. grandiflorus subsp. “dylanae”



Leptosiphon parviflorus complex

- At least 2-4 spp.
- Pink-fld sp. recently descr from Lake Co.
(*L. latisectus*) →



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Leptosiphon parviflorus complex



© Rod Yeager, M.D.

- Two distinct spp. in our region
- Both variable
- Differ consistently in morphology and habitat

Leptosiphon parviflorus (sand sp.) (*L. parviflorus* s. s.?)

- Widespread in CA
- Occurs on sand/
light soil
- White, pink, or
yellow



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***Leptosiphon parviflorus* (sand sp.)**

- There is another distinctive form at Fort Ord with white fls and dk purple “bullseye”

L. parviflorus (grassland sp.)

- CCo
- Grassland/vernal pools/serpentine
- Longer fl tube
- 2 red marks base of cor lobes
- Whitish/pink/yellow fls



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L. parviflorus [var. *rosaceus* Jeps.]



- Lg-fld, pink form of grassland sp.
- MAR - SMT (coastal)

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Leptosiphon croceus

- Coastal var of grassland sp. w/ lg yellow fls and rel short tube
- Recently redisc at Moss Beach, SMT



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Leptosiphon croceus

Now
improperly
treated as
a full
species
under
original
name



Lupinus arboreus complex



- Name should *only* apply to coastal, yellow form
- e.g., NCo has at least 2 allopatric forms:
 1. Bluish fls
 2. Cream-cld fls

[*Lupinus arboreus* var. *eximius*
(Burtt Davy) C. P. Sm.]

- RPR 3.2
- Endemic at Montara Mtn
- Differs in villous herbage, bicolored fls (yellow & blue)
- Infl < 10 cm



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[*Lupinus propinquus* Greene]



Fabaceae *Lupinus propinquus*

- *L. arboreus* relative
- Grows locally in redwood belt
- More herbaceous than shrubby
- Glabrous lvs
- Dk purple fls

[*Lupinus propinquus* Greene]



Lupinus bicolor complex

- Sympatric/ allopatric self-pollinating forms
- Some quite recognizable



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Lupinus microcarpus complex

- At least 4 spp. lumped:
 - [*L. microcarpus* Sims]
 - [*L. densiflorus* Benth]
 - [*L. horizontalis* Heller]
 - [*L. ruber* Heller]
- All but *ruber* have additional regional vars., which may deserve resurrection



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***Lupinus microcarpus* complex**

[*Lupinus ruber* A. Heller]

- Smaller fls than others
- Red-purple color
- Ascending not spreading
- Not opening fully

Madia sativa

[*M. capitata* Nutt.]

- Coastal
- Dense-headed, native counterpart of introduced S Am *M. sativa*
- Forms intergrade with each other, and with *M. gracilis*



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Hesperomecon (Meconella) linearis & *Malacothrix floccifera*

- Some pls in sandhills have all-yellow fls



Photos: Jodi McGraw

Mimulus guttatus complex

- Many named forms
- All lumped
- Some easy to ID:
 - big coastal perennial [var. *grandis* Greene]
 - [var. *nasutus* Greene] (red spot on lower lip)



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***Minuartia californica* complex**

- Several spp. lumped, *but*
 - ***M. cismontana*** recently split out (widespread but uncommon)
 - ***M. pusilla*** still recognized (widespread & rare)



***Minuartia californica* complex**

- Distinctive local race endemic to Scotts Valley grasslands
- Unusually robust & showy
- Long peduncled
- Another long-peduncled, taller, unnamed form coll in Butte Co.

Minuartia californica complex

[*M. pusilla* var. *diffusa* (Maguire) McNeill (L)]



- Lumped long ago
- Differs from related spp. in several chars incl: seed shape/surface; pink anthers; sandy habitats
- Extremely prostrate (Ft Ord) to erect (Boulder Creek)

Minuartia douglasii

[*Arenaria douglasii* var. *emarginata* H. Sharsm.]

- Lumped without explanation
- Hamilton Range endemic
- Rel short, emarginate petals
- Anthers only half the length of
var. *douglasii*

Montia fontana

- Formerly 2 taxa:
 1. [*M. hallii* Gray]
 - sm seeds/sepals; linear lvs
 2. [*M. verna* Neck.]
 - seeds/sepals ~ 2x as lg;
spatulate lvs
- Often found together



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[*Montia verna* Neck.]

[*Montia hallii* Gray]



Muilla maritima complex

- Several races/vars?
- Differ in several chars incl:
 - Color of anthers & fls
 - Habitat (sand, serpentine, grassland, etc.)



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Nemophila pedunculata complex

- 3+ spp. or subspp. in Central CA
- Others elsewhere
- Differ in several chars



***Nemophila pedunculata* complex**

(Form 1)

- Relatively large blue fls
- Oak-savanna in the Hamilton Range

***Nemophila pedunculata* complex**

(Form 2 - [*N. humifusa* Kell.])

- Grows strictly in sand
- From SF to SLO
- Very sm, white fls, spotted lvs?

Nemophila pedunculata complex

(Form 3)

- Sm, purple-spotted fls
- Oval pods
- Grows in moist-semi-shaded meadows nr coast



Orobanche californica subsp. ? (L?)

- Pls keying to
subsp. *jepsonii*
from s CCo south
may be
undescribed
subsp.
- Rare enough for
listing?



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Pentachaeta exilis subsp. *aeolica*

- RPR 1B.2
- Rays well developed--
vs. 0 in subsp. *exilis*
- Should be a forma?



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Perideridia gairdneri* subsp. *g.

(3 forms/subspp.?)

- **Form 1: Northern form:**
 - Central SCR northward
 - Fls in July
 - Coastal prairie
- **Form 2: Southern form**
 - Smaller
 - Central SCR southward
 - Fls Aug – Oct
 - Coastal prairie

P. gairdneri subsp. *g.* (N & S forms)



←Northern form – SMT coast



© 2004 Bob Huettmann

Southern form – MNT coast

Perideridia gairdneri* subsp. *g.

(Inland Form)

- Up to 6 tubers
- Oak-savannah
- Hollister Hills Rx Vehicle Area

Phalaris paradoxa

[vars. *paradoxa* & *praemorsa* (Lam.)]

- Not in *TJM*
- Hitchcock says occurs in CA & AZ
- Much lgr w/ lg, gold spikes
- V. unlike common weed *P. p.* var. *praemorsa* (Lam.)
- Colony in field nr Moss Landing

Piperia unalascensis

- Possibly extirpated in our region
- Taxonomy of forms farther N still not resolved
- SCR coastal form matches type from Unalaska Island
- Widespr mountain form possibly different race

Plagiobothrys glaber

- RPR 1A –
Presumed extinct
- Redisc nr Dublin
- Last coll nr
Hollister (1938)



Photos: Michael Simpson, SDSU

Plantago elongata complex

- Incl 2 (3+) spp.
- Vernal pools and similar habitats
- No sign of hybridization when 2 forms co-occur (e.g., Fort Ord)

Plantago elongata complex

[*P. bigelovii* Gray &
subsp. *californica* (Greene) Bassett ?]

- Tiny
- Corolla lobes
< 1 mm long
- Saline/alkaline
places; coast
- SLO north



***Pogogyne* sp.**

[*P. serpylloides* subsp. *intermedia* J. T. Howell ?]

- +/- int btw *P. serpylloides* & *P. zizyphoroides*
- Closer in size to *P. serpylloides*
- Vernal pool habitat like *P. zizyphoroides*
- Widely distributed but uncommon



Pseudognaphalium (Gnaphalium) “gianonei”

- Undescribed sp.?
- Hybrid btw
P. californicum and
P. stramineum?
- Fairly common
- Usually nr coast



Asteraceae *Gnaphalium "gianonei"*

Pseudognaphalium “gianonei”

P. californicum



© 2008 Keir Morse

P. stramineum



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***Pseudognaphalium (Gnaphalioides)* “zayanteense” (L)**

- Undescribed sp.
- Endemic to sand-parkland in SCR
- Derived from
P. beneolens and
P. californicum?



© Jodi McGraw

Pseudognaphalium beneolens (two color forms)

- **Form 1:** Green-leaved
- **Form 2:** Silver-leaved
- Most colonies contain both



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Pseudognaphalium californicum (pink-fld form)

- Freq in north MNT
- Can be mistaken for *Pseudognaphalium ramosissimum*



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Pyrola picta

[*Pyrola aphylla* Smith]

- Local pls belong to this leafless form



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Ranunculus californica

[var. *cuneatus* Greene]

- Coastal form
- 9-16 + petals
(vs 5-9)
- Short, stout
ak beak
- Prostrate,
thick stems



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Sanicula “gianonei”

- Undescribed sp.
- Related to *S. crassicaulis*
- Moister habitats, acrid fragrance (vs. celery-like in *S. crassicaulis*)
- SON to SB and inland to SCL

***Sanicula “gianonei”* (on right):
w/ long, deciduous, white bristles on lvs**



Sanicula hoffmannii

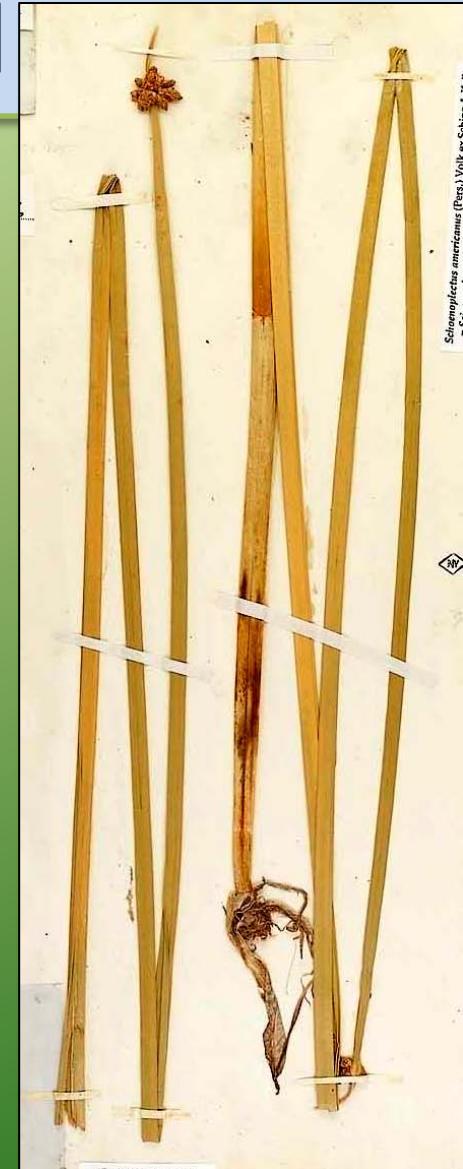
- RPR 4.3
- Oak-conifer woodlands
- Reddish base of petioles
- Middle lf lobe free almost to pt of attachment



Schoenoplectus (Scirpus) americanus

[*Scirpus olneyi* Gray]

- Treated in *TJM* as syn
- Much less common
- Lf blades flat (vs. convolute)
- Pl lgr - to 2.2 m (vs. 1.1 m)
- Gen more inland



Senecio sp. (L)

- Un-keyable sp found in a burn at Hunter-Liggett in 2006

Silene verecunda [subsp. *verecunda*]

- Syn in *TJM2*
- RPR 1B.2
- Robust, denser, showier than inland
[subsp. *platyota* (S. Watson)
C. L. Hitchc. & Maguire]
- Imm coast from SFO s to SCR

L: *Silene verecunda* [subsp. *verecunda*]

R: *Silene verecunda* [subsp. *platyota*]



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Spergularia marina

[var. *tenuis* Greene]

- Treated as full sp by Jepson (1925), and as a var. by Munz
- Sm size, crowded infl, exserted capsule, rel short petals
- Fairly wide distribution; rare?
- Co-occurs with var. *marina* w/o hybridizing

Symphyotrichum (Aster) lenticum

- RPR 1B.2
- 4-6 ft.
- Lightly succulent
- Mostly glabrous
- Hds few & lg
- Marshes around Delta



© 2008 Ellen Tatum



Symphyotrichum (Aster) subspicatum

- Occ esp near coast
- Like *S. chilense* but flwng 2 months earlier (May)
- Phyllaries all +/- equal length



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Toxicoscordion (Zigadenus) fremontii

[var. *minor* (H. & A.) Jeps.]

- Lumped in *TJM*
- Differs from *T. f.* in:
 - Short stature
 - Very early flwng
 - Grassland habitat
- MAR to SCR



Triphysaria sp. (L)



Robert Potts © California Academy of Sciences

- Beautiful sp. at Mendocino
- Coastal prairie habitat
- Does not key to anything
- Possibly rel to *T. eriantha*?

***Triteleia laxa* complex**

- Complex of several spp.?
- At least 2 occur locally
- Can occur side-by-side (and then in diff micro-environments)

Triteleia laxa complex (Form 1)

- Short, even-length blue filaments



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***Triteleia laxa* complex (Form 2)**

- Bilaterally symmetric filaments
- Short, straight, upper filaments
- Long, upcurved lower ones (white, not blue)
- Fls often lgr and paler

Triteleia laxa complex (Form 2)



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Viola adunca

- Any recent observations?



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Viola spp. (L)

- Several fragrant native woody violets
- White/pink/purple fls
- Discovered recently in SCR by Ray Collett



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Zeltnera (Centaurium) muehlenbergii?

- Increasingly common
- Somewhat weedy
- Keys to this sp.
- But ... ?



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