## 73507 to 73521-Continued.

73518. TETRACERA ALNIFOLIA Willd. Dilleniaceae.

No. 1145. Freetown, January 23, 1927. A large ornamental vine with panicles of white flowers and scarlet fruits which when open expose black seeds covered with a brilliant scarlet arillus, making the vine quite showy.

73519. TRACHYPHRYNIUM sp. Marantaceae.

No. 1150. January 22, 1927. A handsome tropical foliage plant with large green leaves, found in the jungle on the Taia River, near Mano, Sierra Leone.

73520. PHYSEDRA EGLANDULOSA Hutchins. and Dalziel. Cucurbitaceae.

No. 1140. Monrovia, Liberia, January 28, 1927. A tropical African vine with ornamental red fruits.

For previous introduction see No. 70926.

73521. (Undetermined.)

No. 1154. Tiama, near Jala, Sierra Leone, January 20, 1927. A climbing shrub with pods 6 inches long and characteristic brown seeds which have long silky hairs attached to them. It may prove useful as a source of rubber.

## 73522 to 73548.

From Cambridge, England. Seeds presented by H.G. Carter, director, botanic garden, University of Cambridge. Received April 6, 1927.

73522 to 73529. ALLIUM spp. Liliaceae.

73522. Allium carinatum L.

The leaves of this European species are narrowly linear, and the lilac-purple flowers are produced in a comparatively large head.

It is found throughout southern Europe, especially in the Alps.

For previous introduction see No. 58676.

73523. ALLIUM CYANEUM Regel.

A rather dwarf plant, less than a foot high, with small pendulous bright-blue flower heads. Native to northern China.

For previous introduction see No. 66426.

73524. Allium narcissiflorum Vill.

An elegant Italian species, about 9 inches high, with nodding heads of beautiful rosecolored flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 67344.

73525. Allium obliquum L.

A species cultivated in Siberia as a substitute for garlic. It has a narrowly eggshaped bulb and a stem up to 3 feet in height.

For previous introduction see No. 59340.

73526. ALLIUM ODORUM L.

This onion, which is native to Europe, is cultivated in Japan for the sake of its leaves which are produced abundantly in the spring and are eaten as greens.

For previous introduction see No. 60229.

73527. ALLIUM OSTROWSKIANUM Regel.

This species, native to Turkestan, has rose-colored flowers produced freely in manyflowered umbels on scapes 6 inches high.

For previous introduction see No. 66533-

## 73522 to 73548-Continued.

73528. Allium scorodoprasum L.

Variety sibiricum. The sand leek or rocambole of Europe and Asia Minor resembles garlic, but has smaller bulbs of milder flavor which are produced at the tip of the stem as well as at its base.

For previous introduction see No. 59387.

73529. ALLIUM SCORODOPRASUM BABINGTONII (Borer) Richter.

This is a much larger plant than the typical form, the scape being 4 to 6 feet high, and the more numerous leaves are broader, sometimes 2 inches wide at the base. The flowers are pale reddish purple. The bulbous base of the plant is globose, with solid white bulbs attached to the hard white crown of the root. This variety is native to England and probably also to Ireland.

For previous introduction see No. 59388.

73530 to 73532. BERBERIS spp. Berberidaceae. Barberry.

73530. BERBERIS CHITRIA D. Don.

A spiny shrub, 6 feet or less high, with oblong leaves 1 to 3 inches long, deep-yellow or reddish flowers in long-stemmed panicles, and ovoid purple berries. Native to the Himalayes.

For previous introduction see No. 67347.

73531. BERBERIS DARWINII Hook.

An evergreen shrub, 6 feet or more high, from southern Chile. The orange flowers are succeeded by oval plum-colored berries.

For previous introduction see No. 53631.

73532. BERBERIS EMPETRIFOLIA Pers.

Crow barberry.

A low, densely branched barberry, 1 or 2 feet high, with linear, bright-green leaves, and bluish black fruits. Native to southern South America.

For previous introduction see No. 67348.

73533. CORIARIA NEPALENSIS Wall. Coriariaceae.

A shrub with arching branches, broadly heart-shaped leaves, small green flowers in short racemes, and small black fruits. Native to southwestern China and northern India.

73534. CORIARIA TERMINALIS XANTHOCARPA Rehd. and Wils. Coriariaceae.

An ornamental shrub, up to 1 meter in height, with pinkish flowers and small yellow fruits. Native to western China.

73535. CYCLAMEN NEAPOLITANUM Tenore. Primulaceae.

A hardy perennial, 3 inches high, with red flowers. Native to Italy.

73536 to 73544. CYTISUS spp. Fabaceae.

73536. CYTISUS BIFLORUS L'Herit. Broom.

A leguminous shrub 3 feet high, with slender branches and leaflets with silky lower surfaces. The yellow flowers are single or in pairs. Native to Europe and western Asia.

For previous introduction see No. 67352.

73537. CYTISUS DANUBIALIS Velen.

A yellow-flowered shrub, about 2 feet high, native to Bulgaria.