- DIOSPYROS KAKI. 26949. Persimmon from Hwai Yuan, via Nan-king, China. Presented by Dr. Samuel Cochran. For distribution later.
- EUCALYPTUS SPP. 26981-982. Two species of Eucalyptus from Melbourne, Australia, procured for the Forest Service. Presented by Mr. W. R. Guilfoyle.
- FAGUS. 26862. From near Gagri, Caucasus, Russia. A tall tree in the forest, having a whitish trunk, like the native American beech. Of value as a shade and timber tree in moist, mild-wintered sections of the United States. (Meyer's Introduction)
- GORDONIA PUBESCENS. 26930. From Philadelphia, Pa. Purchased from Miss Elizabeth De Hart. "I think the Gordonia pubescens highly ornamental and worth propagating; it flowers when the plants are 2 or 3 years old. The largest tree I have is about 15 feet high; the first flowers open about the beginning of August and there is a succession of them until frost, a new set of flowers coming out each day and the old ones dropping off. This plant has had as many as 900 flowers in one season. The flowers are composed of 5 roundish petals, always 4 perfect and 1 imperfect one, ornamented in the center with a crown of yellow stamens and having the delicate fragrance of a fine orange. The leaves change to a bright crimson in the fall which adds to the richness of the tree". (DeHart) For distribution later. "This tree, though a native American one, is extinct except for a few cultivated plants". (Fairchild)
- LANDOLPHIA CAPENSIS. 27014. 'Wild peach' from Pretoria, Transvaal, South Africa. Presented by Prof. J. Burtt-Davy. For distribution later.
- MEDICAGO FALCATA. 26927. From Kashmir, British India. Purchased from Mr. Rassul Galwan. "Mr. Galwan states in substance that this species is valuable especially for horses. It is seeded in drills 6 inches apart and covered to a depth of one inch and immediately irrigated. At least 4 years are required for the plants to reach their full maturity. The latitude of Leh 1s 34°30'N, longitude 37°E." (Westgate.) For distribution later.