Ingham County News

Thursday, November 1, 1888.

WHEATFIELD.

Corn husking is the order of the day.—Born, Oct. 19, to Mr. and Mrs. George Johnson, a pair of twin boys.—David Gremling received first premium on a six months old Clydesdale colt at the Mason fair.—J. W. Doud has organized singing school in the Brick, district No. 2.—Miss Nellie Runciman has been engaged to teach the winter term of school in the White Dog district.—Hon. F. L. Dodge spoke to the people in the Pellok district Tuesday evening, Oct. 30.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

Some of the students are already leaving to commence their winter schools.—The event of the term was the oratorical contest between members of the literary societies, which took place the evening of the 20th. Mr. D. F. Anderson took the first prize, a gold medal; and A. L. Watters and W. S. Meyers divided the honors of second place. There were five contestants and all the orations were of great merit. Misses Cora Price and Rose Wiley of Mason were in attendance.—A delegation of twelve attended the Y. M. C. A. state college convention at Olivet last Saturday and Sunday and report a successful meeting.—Mr. C. E. Ferris will teach in Clinton county during the coming winter.

DANSVILLE.

Republican rally at Dansville on Monday evening, Nov. 5th, to be addressed by Prof. H. R. Pattengill of Lansing. He is one of the best speakers in the state and every one should turn out to the last rally of the campaign. The Dansville Glee Club will be present and enliven the occasion with stirring campaign songs. Torchlight parade etc., for the evening. Everybody invited.—Miss A. E. Gregory met with a serious accident last Sunday. In attempting to get out of a buggy she fell breaking the limb just above the ankle.—Street commissioner Boyce is making some needed improvements on our streets.—Mrs. T. J. Webb won her case in the circuit court last week against the estate of David Webb.—Mr. Winger is nursing a sprained wrist.—Irving Burnett has removed into the house opposite the grist mill.—Arthur Emmens and family have moved to this township. He has gone to work for Levi Swan.—D. Carl has moved to town. He occupies the Isaac Swan house.—Priam Squire moved his stock of merchandise and household goods to town last week.—R. A. Clark talked prohibition to a small audience Saturday evening.—The regular meeting will be next Saturday, Nov. 3, in this village. —Mrs. Archie Barr has bought the S. P. Hendrick place and moved to town. —David Carl, our new expressman between here and Mason, will carry passengers at 35 cents.

WEST AURELIUS.

Mrs. Mary Cooper is boarding some of the mill hands.—Mrs. Dora Spaulding visited her brother near Mason last week.—John Haines and sister, Frankie, are in Ohio visiting friends. Edith Rorabeck and infant daughter, Blanch, are doing finely.—Asa Wilson went over to Eaton Rapids and raked in a lot of $5 from the fair association last Saturday.—Mr. Lyon took twenty dollars worth of premiums besides the five dollar blanket, offered as a special reward by the Horner Bros. at the fair. —Mrs. Hyatt of Pompeii visited her brother O. M. Robertson recently.—Mrs. Anna Cross is quite under the weather with a cold and fever at present. —Miss Jennie Ward, daughter of Wm. Ward, died at the residence of her brother Frank in Eaton Rapids the 24th of Oct. The funeral was largely attended at the Pinines Hall on Sunday day where she was laid to rest beside her mother whose care she has missed for the past four years. Jennie's death seems more sad as she was loved by all who knew her, she was soon to be married to an estimable young man on whom her death comes crushing every hope, as it were. She was about nineteen years of age.—Lola Bishop, who closed her term of school at No. 3 last Friday, has been engaged to teach the winter term.—Little Clio Sanders fell and broke his leg above the knee one day last week.—Mrs. Lucy Cooper and wife attended the funeral of their niece, Vera Trefry, near Leslie last week. Little Vera was a particularly bright and lovable child about five years old, and the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Trefry.—Mrs. Martin Ward attended the funeral of Mrs. Henry Collins at Charlotte last Sunday.

It was once supposed that scrofula could not be eradicated from the system; but the marvelous results produced by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla disproves this theory. This medicine is, this medicine is the most powerful blood purifier ever discovered.

Marriage Licenses.

No.	Name and Residence.	Age.
312	Eugene A. Eisenhuer, Eden.....	23
	Helen P. Talmage, Eden.....	17
313	Wm. Sherrod, Lansing.....	32
	Emma Sherwood, Dewitt.....	26
314	Aaron Rigby, Stanton.....	46
	Margaret Heisig, Lansing.....	34
315	Fred W. Hoghton, Casnovia.....	21
	Ellen Hall, Lansing.....	21
316	Orson Driver, Alaiedon.....	21
	Nellie Barnes, Leslie.....	21
317	Constantine Nau, Clinton.....	43
	Mary Hair, Lansing.....	39
318	Wm. J. Miller, Aurelius.....	23
	Etta Goerrog, Onondaga.....	20
319	Joseph Eaton, Lansing.....	23
	Alice Sherwood, Lansing.....	21
320	Isaac L. Bird, Lansing.....	21
	Louvenia Mays, Albion.....	21

Marriage Certificates

A full assortment at THE NEWS OFFICE.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

LIST OF PREMIUMS

Awarded by the Ingham County Agricultural Society, Oct. 10, 11 and 12, 1888.

Class 1—Horses for All Work.

Stroup Bros, best stallion 4 yrs old or over..$3 00
D. Cook, 2d best do..... 2 00
C. D. Field, best stallion 2 yrs old..... 1 50
W. A. Melton, best gelding 4 yrs old or over 2 00
Jas. Hewett, 2d best do..... 1 00
Bertie Howe, best gelding 3 yr old..... 1 50
Hettie Phillips, 2d best do..... 1 00
Wm. Somerville, best gelding 2 yrs old.... 1 50
David Sanders, 2d best do..... 75
E. E. Bateman, best horse colt 2 yrs old.... 1 00
Patrick Crahin, best mare 4 yrs old or over 2 50
Wm. Somerville, 2d best do..... 1 00
D. Parkhurst, best mare 3 yrs old..... 2 00
Geo. Hollis, 2d best do..... 1 00
J. E. Waite, best mare 2 yrs old..... 1 50
J. E. Waite, 2d best do..... 75
D. E. Fields, best mare 1 yr old..... 1 00
Wm. Somerville, 2d best do..... 75
S. S. Ferguson, best horse colt under 1 yr 1 00
A. M. Laycock, 2d best do..... 75
Raymond Bros., best mare colt under 1 yr 1 00
Stroup Bros., 2d best do..... 75
O. M. Robertson, best brood mare with foal by her side..... 2 50
R. W. Wilson, 2d best do..... 1 00
Dow Parkhurst, best span 4 yrs old or over 3 00
E. Mitchell, 2d best do..... 1 00

Class 2—Percheron Horses.

Raymond Bros., best stallion 4 yrs old or over..... 3 00
C. E. Russell, best mare 3 yrs old or over.... 3 00

Class 3—Clydesdale and English Draft Horses.

Amasa Phillips, best stallion 4 yrs old or over..... 3 00
Amasa Phillips, best stallion 3 yrs old..... 2 00
" " 2d best do..... 1 00
" " best gelding or mare 3 yrs old or over 2 00
" " 2d best do..... 1 00
" " best 2 years old..... 1 50
" " best 1 year old..... 1 00

Class 4—Grades and Cross-bred Draft Horses.

Class, Hewitt, best stallion 4 yrs old or over..... 3 00
Jas. Hewitt, best gelding 4 yrs old or over 2 00
Sam'l Tomlinson, best gelding 3 yrs old... 2 00
S. M. Smith, best horse colt under 1 yr.... 1 00
Sam'l Tomlinson, best mare 4 yrs old or over..... 2 00
A. A. King, 2d best do..... 1 00
Raymond Bros., best mare 3 yrs old or over..... 1 50
R. F. Griffin, best mare 2 yrs old or over.. 1 00
E. A. DuBois, 2d best do..... 1 00
A. J. McIntyre, best mare 1 yr old..... 1 00
David Gorsline, best colt under 1 yr old.... 1 00
R. F. Griffin, best span 3 yrs old..... 2 00

Class 5—Roadsters.

C. E. Ball, best stallion 4 yrs old or over... 3 00
Levi Swan, 2d best do..... 2 00
T. H. Tyne, best stallion 3 yrs old..... 2 00
Milo Van Etter, best stallion 2 yrs old..... 1 50
H. J. Greene, 2d best do..... 1 00
D. E. Watts, best gelding 4 yrs old or over 2 50
Geo. Hollis, 2d best do..... 1 00
H. B. Elliott, best mare 3 yrs old..... 2 00
D. K. Jessup, 2d best do..... 1 00
T. H. Tyne, best mare 2 yrs old..... 1 50
A. J. Bartlett, 2d best do..... 1 00
Levi Swan, best horse colt 1 yr old..... 1 00
A. J. Potter, 2d best do..... 50
Asa B. Wilson, best horse colt under 1 yr 1 00
A. J. Bennett, 2d best do..... 50
A. J. Bennett, best span roadsters 4 yrs old or over..... 3 00
Elmer Hulse, 2d best do..... 2 00
Levi Swan, best horse with foal by side.... 2 50
" " 2d best do..... 1 00
D. C. Thompson, best span roadsters 3 yrs old or over..... 2 50
D. J. Potter, 2d best do..... 1 00

Class 7—Carriage Horses.

D. C. Thompson, best gelding 3 yrs old or over..... 2 50
C. S. Miller, 2d best do..... 1 00
Chas. Miller, best mare 3 yrs old..... 2 50
C. S. Miller, 2d best do..... 1 00
Edwin Hulse, best matched carriage team 3 00
C. S. Miller, 2d best do..... 2 00
A. J. Potter, best mare 4 yrs old or over 2 50
Geo. W. Weeks, best span 3 yrs old..... 2 00

Class 8—Thoroughbred Horses.

A. F. Wood, best bull 2 yrs old..... 3 00
Wm. Miller, 2d best do..... 1 00
A. F. Wood, best bull under 1 yr..... 1 50
R. J. Bullen, 2d best do..... 1 00
" " best bull calf..... 1 00
A. F. Wood, best bull under 1 yr..... 1 50
R. J. Bullen, 2d best do..... 1 00
" " best bull calf..... 1 00
A. F. Wood, best bull under 1 yr..... 1 50
R. J. Bullen, best bull 1 yr old..... 1 00
" " 2d best do..... 50
" " best 2 years old..... 1 00
" " best 1 year old..... 1 00
" " best 2 yrs old or over..... 1 50
" " best 1 yr old..... 1 00
" " best calf..... 1 00
" " best 2 years old..... 1 00
" " best 1 year

The Ingham County News.
J. A. MAY, Publisher.
MASON, : : MICHIGAN.

Epitome of the Week.

INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

DOMESTIC.

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During the progress of business in the criminal court-room at Kansas City on the 30th ult. Jack F. Fleming, a deputy marshal, drew his revolver and shot himself dead.

Henry F. Alness, a lumber and coal merchant at Buffalo, N. Y., fled to Canada on the 30th ult., leaving his creditors to realize on £50,000 worth of forged commercial paper.

J. A. McAffee and Thomas Slaven engaged in a fight in the latter's saloon at Indianapolis on the 30th ult., and both were fatally wounded.

At Louisville, Ky., Harry Smart was found guilty on the 30th ult. of the murder of McIsner Green and Bolle Ward, who were found together in the Pennsylvania railroad, committed suicide by taking poison.

J. H. Allen, owner of the American ship Bridgewater, demanded on the 31st £60,000 for alleged wrongful detention of his vessel at the port of Nova Scotia.

The President issued a proclamation on the 1st designating Thursday, November 29 next, as a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer throughout the United States.

An explosion of hot metal on the 1st at the Subie iron-works of Zug & Co. in Pittsburgh, Pa., killed one person and fatally injured two others.

The amount of the public debt issued on the 1st showed the total debt to be $1,709,457,224; cash in Treasury, $74,491,969; debt less cash in Treasury, $1,637,239,600. Decrease during October, $4,585,019. Decrease since June 30, 1888, $38,394,629.

The works of the Cumberland Bridge Company at Columbus, O., were burned on the 1st, causing a loss of $100,000.

The Northwestern Military Academy and the private residence of H. C. Sampson, in Highland Park, a Chicago suburb, were destroyed by fire on the 1st, the total loss exceeding $80,000.

During the seven days ended on the 2d there were 275 business failures in the United States, against 305 the previous seven days.

Mrs. Frank Goodhout, of Worcester, Mass., on the 2d gave birth to four healthy babies, all living.

Two carloads of tobacco in Toledo, O., owned by the Elevator, Coal & Ice Company, were burned on the 2d.

Hennery L. Pierce, financial clerk for a Boston real-estate firm, disappeared on the 2d, taking with him $25,000 belonging to his employers.

Five persons lost their lives on the 2d in a prairie fire in Brown township, Minn.

By a decision of Judge Brower at Topeka, Kan., on the 2d that land in Allen County belonged to a Methodist, over two thousand settlers, many of whom had occupied the land for ten or fifteen years, and had made extensive improvements, would be compelled to give up possession.

A compromise on a settlement of accounts on the 2d at Yoakum, Tex., Fayette county, and John Hawks shot and killed each other.

George H. Vandehilt, of New York, on the 2d purchased one thousand acres of mountain lands near Asheville, N. C., where he would build a large industrial establishment for the free education of poor white children, who would be taught how to work in wood and metals and thus become skilled mechanics.

Further advices of the 2d say that in the recent engagement in Yen the Ji Fu Church and H. C. R. & N. depot at Mt. Airy were blown down and an elevator unroofed, and a man was killed by flying timbers.

Richard Naughton, of Boston, was on the 2d awarded $45,000 damages for the loss of a leg in an accident at the coal wharf of Arthur Brown.

It was reported on the 2d that a large number of miners had quietly withdrawn from the Knights of Labor.

Thomas Sayers, a colored highwayman who robbed a number of white residents in Mercer County, W. Va., was caught and lynched on the 2d.

Five men were killed and a number of others were seriously injured on the 2d by the explosion of the boiler of a threshing machine near Reading, Pa.

James Bell, Ben Russell and George W. Gordon, all colored, were killed in Van Zandt County, Tex., on the 2d in a political quarrel.

W. Barnet Le Van reported to the common pleas court at Philadelphia on the 3d that the contractors recently shown him by Mr. Keeley, of "motor" fame, was a fraudulent structure, dependent upon the manipulation of concealed power, and by no possibility be made self-operating."

During the twenty-four hours ended on the 3d there were 39 new cases of yellow fever at Jacksonville, Fla., and 3 deaths from the disease. Total cases to date, 4,196; total deaths, 324.

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A building in San Francisco occupied by several lumber companies was burned on the 31st ult., causing a loss of $100,000.

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At Hinesville, Ga., William Harrison, in a fit of jealousy on the 31st ult., killed his niece and fatally wounded his sister.

While testing a fire-escape on the 31st ult. at Pittsburgh, Pa., three boys were killed by the breaking of the rope, which caused them to fall a distance of seventy feet.

Joseph Dickenson, aged seventy years, was assaulted by highwaymen at Akron, O., on the evening of the 31st ult. and robbed of $7,300 which he carried in a valise.

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At Lexington, Mo., on the 31st ult. a lady descended into a twenty-foot cistern and rescued a child who had fallen into the pit. A number of men, who had refused to attempt to aid the little one, watched the heroic exploit.

The fourth crop of strawberries for this year was on the 31st ult. being gathered in the Walla Walla valley, W. T.; pear trees had yielded three crops, apple trees their second crop, and the second crop of numerous other fruits was reported.

At Central City, Col., on the 31st ult. a retort containing $40,000 in gold was placed in a bank for safe keeping. The gold was all produced in a single day by one mine. The amount was the greatest ever taken from any mine in the same length of time.

The total coinage executed at the mints during the month of October was 6,583,150 pieces, representing a value of $5,371,550. Of these pieces 135,150 were gold, representing $3,008 250, 5,500,000 were silver, of the value of $2,250,000, and 3,370,000 were minor coins, of the value of $48,700.

The sales of leaf tobacco in the Danville (Va.) market during October amounted to 1,128,848 pounds.

James Longonetti, a bar-tender at Denver, Col., who shot and killed A. O. Case and was imprisoned, died in convulsions on the 1st, thinking his victim was torturing him.

A destructive prairie fire occurred on the 1st near Gary, D. T.

During the twenty-four hours ended on the 1st there were 26 new cases of yellow fever at Jacksonville, Fla., and 1 death from the disease. Total cases to date, 4,196; total deaths, 324.

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The bullion product of Leadville, Col., was on the 30th ult. estimated at $2,000,000 less than last year.

By the fall of an elevator in a store at St. Louis on the 30th ult. Major William Hall was killed and two others fatally hurt.

Owing to the failure of crops the people in Mead County, Kan., were on the 30th ult. said to be suffering for food and clothing, and it was said the severities of the winter in the residents would starve unless aid could be procured.

While Dolly Phillips, aged twenty years, was watching a political parade at Terre Haute, Ind., on the 30th ult., a man walked up to her and exclaiming, "There, take that," shot her dead. The murderer, whose name was said to be Lindsay, escaped.

The four men who were arrested in Chicago on the charge of having placed dynamite on the North Side street railway tracks during the recent strike, with destructive intent, were discharged on the 30th ult., the evidence being insufficient to hold them.

Mrs. Barnard, of the Lick Observatory in San Francisco, announced on the 31st ult. the discovery of another comet—the second discovered by him within two months.

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ASKED TO QUIT.

Lord Sackville, the British Minister to Washington, Informed That He Will No Longer Be Recognized in An Official Capacity by the Government—Secretary Bayard's Report to the President Giving the Reason for the Executive's Action.

Washington, Oct. 31.—By direction of the President the Secretary of State has informed Lord Sackville that for causes heretofore made known to Her Majesty's Government his continuance in his present official position in the United States is no longer acceptable to this Government, and would consequently be detrimental to the relations between the two countries. The grounds of this action on the part of the United States are stated in a report of the Secretary of State to the President, dated the 29th inst., which is as follows:

"Department of State, Washington, Oct. 29, 1888.—*To the President:* The undersigned has the honor to submit to your consideration the following statement, with a view to receive your direction thereon: On the 4th of September last a letter purporting to be written by one Charles F. Murchison, dated at Pomona, Cal., was sent from that place to the British Minister at this capital, in which the writer solicited an expression of his views in regard to certain unsettled questions which have arisen between the United States and Great Britain, stating at the same time that such an expression was sought by him for the purpose of determining his vote at the approaching Presidential election. He stated that he was a naturalized citizen of the United States, an English birth, but that he still considered England the mother-land, and that this fact led him to seek advice from the British representative in this country. He further stated that he was a Democrat, and that he was himself alone, but to enable him to give certain assurances to many other persons in the same situation as himself, for the purpose of influencing and determining their political action as citizens of the United States of English birth, but who still regard their original obligations as paramount. The letter also contained gross reflections upon the conduct of the Administration in respect to questions now in controversy and asserted between the United States and Great Britain, and both directly and indirectly imputed insincerity in such conduct.

"To this letter the British Minister at once replied from Victoria, British Columbia ports, on September 13. In this reply he stated that any political party which should succeed in the mother country at the present moment would lose popularity, and that the party in power to fully aware of that fact; and that in respect to the questions which have arisen since the unfortunately reopened since the rejection of the (fisheries) treaty by the Republican majority in the Senate and by the President's message to which you allude, all allowances must therefore be made for the political exaltation as regards the Presidential election. The Minister thus gave his assent and sanction to the aspersions and imputations above referred to, and made his correspondent's assurance of secrecy, in which the latter concurred by making his answer private, still more binding upon him. It is for the United States how to exercise the franchise of suffrage in an election closely affecting the Presidency of the United States, and through him, as the letter evidently suggested, to influence the votes of many others.

"Upon this correspondence being made public the Minister exceeded the proprieties of the public press, and, to frequent interviews with them, asserted in substance, without the impugnment which he had already made of his Government in its public acts, that the international dealings. Although ample time and opportunity have been afforded for the disavowal, modification or correction of the statements, to some of which his attention was especially directed, no such disavowal has been made by him through the channels in which his statements first found publicity.

"Such a position is thus presented, whether it is compatible with the dignity, security and independence of the United States is a question which it is not for the representative of a foreign government in this country not only to receive and entertain, but which he cannot properly do by his repetition aspersions upon its political institutions, but also by reason of his intervention in affairs by advising persons, formerly his countrymen, to repulsed the British attack upon Baltimore.

William H. Blair, the Union Labor nominee for Governor of Missouri, declined on the 30th ult. to make the race.

Charles Stewart Wellis, of New York, on the 30th ult. accepted the Equal Rights party's nomination for the Vice-Presidency.

John T. Campbell, ex-member of Congress, died suddenly at his home in Hopewell, N. Y., on the 30th ult., aged sixty-nine years.

Warrants for the arrest of seven hundred and fifty persons, charged with registering illegally, were sworn out in New York City on the 31st.

FOREIGN.

Lord Claude Hamilton left London on the 29th for America as the representative of a wealthy syndicate interested in a scheme for heating cities.

A second break occurred in the Cornwall canal at Montreal on the 29th while workmen were busy repairing the old one, and it was said that Montreal merchants would lose $2,000,000.

Baron Hirsch on the 29th donated twenty million francs for the education of Jews in Galicia.

It was reported on the 30th ult. that an English syndicate was arranging for the purchase of all breweries in this country.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the assumption of the throne by King George I. was celebrated at Athens, Greece, on the 30th ult. by a banquet at the palace.

It was reported on the 30th ult. that a recent accident to the Czar's train near St. Petersburg resulted in the killing of twenty-one persons.

A typhoon of unusual violence was raging on the 30th ult. in the Phillipine Islands. In one province alone over sixty-six thousand people had died.

Affairs in Hayti had assumed so serious a phase on the 30th ult. that the war-ship Kearsarge was ordered to Port au Prince for the protection of American interests.

Hugenotham's spinning and weaving mills at Glasgow, Scotland, were destroyed by fire on the 31st ult. Loss, $250,000.

Fire started on the 31st ult. that the large number of Chinese who were arriving at British Columbia ports from China were not destined to remain in Canada, but were taking this means of smuggling themselves into the United States.

A break occurred on the 31st ult. in the River Sir Severn at Cote St. Paul, Can., and the neighboring country was flooded. An astero:d (No. 283) of the twelfth magnitude was discovered on the 1st by Dr. Palisa at Vienna, Austria.

Foreign Jews engaged in farming were on the 1st ordered to quit Poland within a month.

Advices of the 1st say that a collision at sea between the steamers Carl Weymss and Ardencaple resulted in the loss of sixty-five lives from the Weymss.

Rev. William C. Van Meter, a well-known evangelist and missionary, died on the 1st at Rome, Italy, aged sixty-six years. He was one of the founders of the Methodist church in New York, and carried on for twenty years the work of rescuing children from the slums and finding Christian homes for them throughout the country.

Advices of the 1st from Japan say that a cyclone, accompanied by heavy rains, had swept over Madras, doing great damage.

Lord Macdonald in a speech at a banquet in Sherbrook, Can., on the 1st said it would be ruinous for Canada to sever her relations with Great Britain and unite with the United States.

It was announced on the 2d that the thirteen whaling vessels that had been stuck in the ice in the Arctic sea for several days had been freed and were out of danger.

Cochrane arrived at Zanzibar on the 3d bringing news of Stanley, who started late in November, 1887. Many of the men had died and the explorer had been ill with fever.

At Middleton, Eng., a crowd attacked the workmen on the 2d for the purpose of securing the release of a prisoner, and several persons were fatally injured.

Dispatches to returns received by the Canadian Department of Agriculture on the 2d give two hundred Mormons emigrated from Utah to the Canadian Northwest during the past season.

LATER NEWS.

The exchanges at twenty-six leading clearing-houses in the United States during the week ended on the 4th aggregated $1,079,945,128, against $1,067,331,673 the previous week. As compared with the corresponding week of 1887 the decrease per cent. is 17.2.

An explosion occurred on the 3d in the Kettle Creek coal mines near Look Haven, Pa., and fifteen persons were killed and four injured.

The Huntsville Ladies Seminary, at Shelbyville, Ill., was burned on the 4th, involving a loss of $150,000 on the building and contents, besides the loss on the personal effects of the pupils and teachers.

Joe Middleton was killed and Gideon Percifield and Jesse Middleton fatally wounded by Jesse Brannan, town marshal of Hope, Ind., during a political rally on the 3d.

A freight train on the Louisville, New Orleans & Texas railroad was wrecked on the 4th near Vicksburg, Miss., and three men were killed.

Fire broke out on cottonseed-oil works at Vienna, Ill., at 4:30 o'clock on the morning of the 3d. It was distinctly felt and tasted several seconds.

A terrific explosion occurred on the 3d in the Pumpherston oil pit in the Department of Calvinton, Perth, Scotland, and eighty miners were killed.

A new express train was robbed near New Orleans on the 3d of about $30,000 by a highwayman. The messenger and baggage-master were severely wounded in throwing their hands at the point of a revolver.

An earthquake shock was felt in Memphis, Tenn., on the 3d.

The steamer Sax Murdham was sunk on the 4th in collision with the Norwegian bark Nor-off Cowes, and twenty-two persons were drowned.

During the twenty-four hours ended on the 4th there were 11 new cases of yellow fever at Jacksonville, Fla., and 3 deaths from the disease. Total cases to date, 4,277; total deaths, 364.

The coinage and money circulation of the country—specie and paper—was on the 3d set at $1,467,871,068.

It was stated on the 3d that the Catholics of Australia and India had presented the Pope with $1,000,000.

During the progress of a slander suit on the 3d at Fresno, Cal., Robert Seconee was shot dead by a man named Hardwick, and Seconee's brother in return shot Hardwick dead.

Henry Bowen, a leading merchant of Wilkesbarre, Pa., while out riding on the 3d was fatally shot by a highwayman.

Two men were killed and four others were injured in an accident to a hand-car on the 3d near Hopewell, Pa.

Advices of the 3d say that in Holo-Chin, Manchuria, disease was prevailing, and the people were dying at the rate of thirty or forty persons a day.

Three children of Dr. S. F. Reid, of Galt, Ont., were playing on the banks of the Grand river on the 3d, when they fell into the water, and two of them, girls, were drowned.

A NATION'S GRATITUDE.

Thursday, November 29, Set Apart by the President as a Day of Thanksgiving.

Washington, Nov. 2.—The President has issued the following proclamation:

"Constant thanksgiving and gratitude are due from the American people to Almighty God for His goodness and mercy which have followed them since the day when they made a Nation and vouchsafed to them self-government. With loving kindness He has constantly led us in the way of prosperity and greatness. He has not visited with swift punishment our shortcomings, but with gracious care He has warned us of our dependence upon His forbearance, and has taught us that obedience to His holy law is the price of a continuance of His precious gifts.

"In acknowledgment of all that God has done for us as a Nation, and to the end that on an appointed day the whole people may offer up a grateful country may reach the throne of grace, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 29th day of November, instant, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, to be kept and observed throughout the land.

"On that day let all our people suspend their ordinary work and occupations, and in their accustomed places of worship, with prayer and songs of praise, render thanks to God for all His mercies to the nation and to every individual; for the increased population, the vast expansion of our territory, the countless blessings which have rewarded the toil of the husbandman during the year that has passed, and for the rich rewards that have followed the labors of our people in the fields of commerce and the mines and in the mechanic arts. Let us give thanks for peace and for social order and contentment within our borders, and for our continuance in that large liberty which is our most precious heritage.

"And, mindful of the affective dispensation with which a portion of our land has been visited, let us pray that Almighty God may forgive the power of God, acknowledge His mercy and His goodness, and with penitent obedience, and let our hearts be chastened by sympathy with our fellow countrymen who have suffered and who mourn.

"And as we return thanks for all the blessings which we have received at the hands of our Heavenly Father, let us not forget that He has enjoined upon us the duty of charity, and on this day of thanksgiving let us generously remember the poor and needy, so that our tribute of praise and gratitude may be acceptable in the sight of the Lord.

"In the city of Washington on the first day of November, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, and of the one hundred and thirteenth year of the independence of the United States the one hundred and thirteenth.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto signed my name and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"By the President: Grover Cleveland.

"T. F. Bayard, Secretary of State."

DISASTER AT SEA.

A Collision Between Vessels Which Resulted in the Drowning of Sixteen Persons.

New York, Nov. 2.—Captain Kennedy, of the British ship Creedmore, from Manilla, which arrived yesterday, reports that on September 9, 9:30 a. m., he sighted a ship with signals of distress flying. The ship proved to be the British ship Ardencaple. He hove close to the Ardencaple, and offered to render assistance. The captain of the Ardencaple said that he had been in collision with the Carl Weymss, which had been in collision with the ship Ardencaple. He hove to and sent a boat to the Weymss, carrying down sixteen persons, including the Captain's wife and three children of the crew of the Weymss was very ill when brought on board the Creedmore. The Ardencaple was also found to be in a dangerous condition. Captain Guthrie, of the Ardencaple, decided to leave the ship, and went on board the Creedmore. Sufficient provisions were then transferred from the Ardencaple to the Creedmore to supply the shipwrecked crew until they reached Adelaide. Captain Guthrie and the first officer refused to leave their ship, and Captain Kennedy says he will proceed to the Ardencaple's assistance as soon as he can get a crew together. The Ardencaple was abandoned on the 4th ult. in latitude 40.50 south, longitude 150.50 east.

OUR FINANCES.

A Reduction of Over $4,000,000 in the Public Debt During October—Receipts and Expenditures for the First Quarter of the Fiscal Year.

Washington, Nov. 2.—The reduction in the public debt during October amounted to $4,585,019, and the cash in the Treasury at the close of the month was $74,491,969, against $74,067,331.673 the previous month. As compared with the corresponding week of 1887 the decrease per cent. is 17.2.

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BLOWN TO PIECES.

Terrible Effect of an Exploding Boiler in Pennsylvania—Five Members of a Party of Threshers Killed and Their Bodies Horribly Mutilated.

Reading, Pa., Nov. 3.—A terrible accident, resulting in the killing of five men and the injuring of many others, took place on a farm owned by Amos Spayd, in Bern township, this county, where a steam threshing-machine was in operation. The boiler of the engine with fearful force, carrying destruction on every hand. The killed are: William Becker, a boy aged 16; Joseph Machmer, aged 14 (the only support of his widowed sister); Isaac Marborger, aged 16; Joseph Spayd, aged about 32, and Irvin Dunteiborger, aged 19. These men were engaged in operating the threshing machine when the boiler burst, and were standing but a few feet from the latter, and when the smoke had cleared away a terrible scene was presented. The bodies of all five were lying some distance away, having been hurled from thirty to forty feet, and terribly mutilated. The body of Machmer was thrown clean through the western boundary of the barn. The building was completely wrecked. The force of the explosion was felt for many miles around. George Hinnerbitz, Sr., was seriously injured about the head and arm, but not severely. Engineer Hoover received severe bruises. John Roegel was internally injured, and two others slightly wounded. Pieces of the exploding light of a gas-lamp enabled him to perceive was a pocket-book. He picked it up and continued his way as best he could over the uneven ground, which was in places paved with cobble-stones, in others asphalted, and in many parts gravel. Every few steps he would stop and kneel to cover the floors of the Arcades. At length the snow abated and the young man's fingers became so numb as he hastened onward to his home in the Rue Mergelers. In passing, however, he did not fail to cast a glance, strongly expressive of both anger and regret, at one of the first houses in the Rue des Serruriers. After entering his room he set about examining the prize he had found. The pocket-book was a new one, and contained a number of bank-notes; but there was neither letter nor card to indicate the name of the owner.

The next morning, before going to the office in which he was employed, Weiss proceeded to the advertising department of a local newspaper, and informed the clerk that he was desirous of inserting in its columns the godsend he had found in the street.

"I am sorry," said the manager, "to lose at one time two advertisements; but doubtless this is the more valuable of the two."

"Why you say it to her?"

"Forteefly—thanks to you. She appeared to be delighted with my progress, and at the same time looked wonderfully handsome."

"Well, then of what have you to complain?"

"I fear her compliance with her father's wishes will continue to be feigned."

"You must have courage; besides, we can see each other and talk things over—at any rate, if you have a desire to acquire that language."

"I wish it above all things, and am deeply grieved by your suggestion, though I might have engaged a very accomplished teacher, still he was an elder; fear to whom I could not express myself confidentially, as I am able to do to you. You see," continued Carroll, "there is no false delicacy about me. You have rendered me an important service, and I am your debtor. How much money will be wanted for the purchase of the practice of which you spoke? Where did you see the place was?"

"Brumath."

"It is not the name of the place that I care for—that is of no consequence to me; but I will advance you the amount in ready cash, if you will allow me."

"I really don't know how I could my myself under so great an obligation."

"Stand on no ceremony. Understand I owe you a requital for your honesty. Now, you see, it is all arranged. Get your conveyance documents prepared as early as you please. On the day after to-morrow you will meet me here at eight o'clock in the evening; you can give me a lesson in German, and we can talk over our affairs in a quiet way, as we have already done. By the by, before we part, I wish to tell her this evening that I shall love her everlastingly. I know how to conjugate the verb 'to love,' but those terrible adverbs floor me completely. How do you come to take possession of some property in this town, an aunt of mine having left me twenty-five thousand francs? Your absolute—I don't know exactly how much—landed house-property and three or four leases that are not unexpired, mortgages, loans, and a heap of other matters, very good investments, no doubt, but troublesome to look after. Besides, as I have died, so that it will require some time here to put things straight. Business would not be becoming in a man who is a good man who has a daughter—oh, such an engineering gift with a pretty Alsacian accent! I beg your pardon for the digression. She is the blonde with blue eyes of whom I have spoken to you—a girl who can look you through and through when she likes. I fell in love at first sight in school, I forgot all about money, mortgages and securities, and was completely smitten. I just gave a hint of my feelings to the father, who seemed to have guessed all about it beforehand. Very well; he accepted me most readily, and I am installed as her lover. Yes, that is a certainty; but I don't make any progress with my suit. I don't exactly know how I stand with regard to her affections—she has so many new ideas and expenses. For instance, she absolutely insists that her husband must be completely native. I just guess that it is essential in a household, as you can say all that you wish to say, before the servants, without their understanding what you are talking about. So I have to learn German!"

"Oh, oh!—that explains to me why you wanted yesterday evening the words 'For ever' translated into German."

"Exactly. I was about to call on the good man, and I wished to say in German to his daughter—'I shall love you for ever!'"

"Did you say it to her?"

"Forteefly—thanks to you. She appeared to be delighted with my progress, and at the same time looked wonderfully handsome."

"Well, then of what have you to complain?"

"I fear her compliance with her father's wishes will continue to be feigned."

"You must have courage; besides, we can see each other and talk things over—at any rate, if you have a desire to acquire that language."

"I wish it above all things, and am deeply grieved by your suggestion, though I might have engaged a very accomplished teacher, still he was an elder; fear to whom I could not express myself confidentially, as I am able to do

affairs. Now, you are evidently an honest man—I have proved you to be so, have I not? Very well; I will appoint you my agent at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars a year, independent of the solicitor's practice altogether, which will remain as we originally intended it. Now, don't you think that this arrangement will make the stingy old fellow alter his mind?"

"I hope it will."

"If the daughter really loves you and desires to become your wife, most certainly she will win her father over to her way of thinking."

"Oh, I am satisfied that she loves me sincerely! She has made me promise to be patient, and she has pledged herself finally to agree to all my proposals."

"So much the better. I thank you very much for the lesson, for which I have no longer any occasion; besides, I am very much engaged. I have some purchases to make—presents, in fact, for the wedding—so we will meet again the day after to-morrow. There is nothing underhand or mean about him. I have tried him and tested him often, and he is regarded by both his classmates and professors as the soul of honor."

It is somewhat rare, and it certainly is a very beautiful thing to have a reputation such as those young men possessed, and it is something worth striving one's whole life long to win; and yet such a character is built of very little things. Many people who would indignantly deny that they ever told a falsehood, nevertheless seem quite incapable of relating a thing exactly as it occurred. They will either enlarge or detract, or, very frequently, in some way, so that their words are not reliable. And many a lad in business who would not take a dollar from his firm unlawfully, will yet take his firm's stamps and letter-paper for his private correspondence. The firm will never feel it, it is true, but that lad's character will feel it, and the boy who habitually does such things will in the end find his conscience so blunted that dishonesty will come easy to him, and he will not be able to withstand some sudden, sharp temptation, and he will fall. Some boys, it is true, do not seem to be surprised; but those who know his early life will know that for years his character has been undermined by trifling deceptions and dishonesties, just as the ocean slowly crumbles upon a sandy shore, and at last, during some terrible storm, when the wind is raging, it will crash headlong in

Ingham County News
Thursday, November 8, 1888.

HARRISON

The Magnificent Soldier and Statesman, Gen. Harrison of Indiana, and the Great Business Man and Philanthropist, Levi P. Morton of N. Y., Triumphantly Elected!

EVERY NORTHERN STATE EXCEPT NEW JERSEY AND CONNECTICUT GOES REPUBLICAN.

Republicans Carry N. Y. by 15,000 and Indiana by 5,000.

A GRAND VICTORY.

The two great parties met and fought a terrible battle on Tuesday last and the party that has the interests of the people has won the battle.

It is true that we have heard the names of the labor party and the prohibition party mentioned but they have no show at all in the canvass. Their following is so very light that they do not influence the result. Later we will try and give the actual number of prohibition votes cast.

There is no more fruitful source of disease than vitiated blood, or involves every organ and function of the body, and if not immediately corrected by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, sooner or later leads to fatal results. Be warned in time.

Skillful Treatment.

Dr. Rorick, late of New York and formerly surgeon to the Choutow avenue Infirmary, St. Louis, Mo., and surgeon-in-charge Chicago Ruptured and Surgical Dispensary, Chicago Ill., will make a return visit to Mason, where he may be consulted in his parlors at the Donnelly House, Thursday, Nov. 15th, free of charge. The doctor is meeting with gratifying success and and we advise the afflicted to consult him on the above date. His specialty is chronic diseases and diseases of the eye and ear, and he gives his entire attention to the successful treatment of these complaints. His success is due to a thorough knowledge of the human system gained by an extensive hospital experience and careful study. He does not profess to perform miracles nor work by magic, but extensive experience in the hospitals of New York city, office association with eminent specialists there and years of careful study with the best authorities, make his treatment in certain lines of practice worthy of consideration. That it is skillful, that it is scientific, that it is not experimental, that it represents the best improvements and developments of modern discovery, is all that is claimed for it. Health is as important as life and no invalid, who values health, can afford to lose this opportunity of obtaining his skillful treatment.

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it, to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they do not find it. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions, and the use persisted in, will bring you good digestion and oust the demon dyspepsia and install instead eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for dyspepsia and all diseases of liver, stomach and kidneys. Sold at 50c. and $1.00 per bottle by H. M. Williams, druggist. 4

Harrison and Morton have 239 electoral votes, and the republicans 25 majority in the lower House.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching, if allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Exp.1579

Itch, Mange and Scratches of every kind on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by *Woolford's Sanitary Lotion.* This never fails. Sold by Henry M. Williams, druggist, Mason, Mich.

The American Magazine.

The American Magazine for November is an especially interesting number. The variety of literature contained in it is sure to please, while the illustrations are of a higher grade of excellence than usual. There is one very striking article by the gifted poet, author and critic, George Edgar Montgomery, "An American Thermæ." This article is profusely illustrated, and supplemented by the frontispiece, which is a portrait of the very successful manager, Mr. A. M. Palmer. The article reviews briefly the efforts of these American managers who have had any artistic purpose in their management, and argues that Mr. Palmer is the natural successor of the late Lester Wallack, as the leading American theatrical manager. This, however, is general and prefatory, as the larger part of the article is devoted to a description of the theatres Mr. Palmer has managed, with something about the plans he has for the future with his new ventures and his school for actors, now being conducted by Mr. Dion Boucicault. This is a notable article, and is sure to be very largely read and criticised, as Mr. Montgomery says what he thinks and feels about the past, present and future of the American theatre, without mincing matters.

Mr. L. McIntosh Ward, the son, we believe, of the first American minister in China, contributes an exceedingly interesting article describing his father's adventures in reaching Pekin, and the difficulties in the way of an interview with the Emperor. The description of the fight between the Chinese forts at the mouth of the river and the English fleet is quite graphic. The paper shows conclusively that though we have no trained diplomats in the European sense, in this case, at least, a little cautious Yankee shrewdness was worth more than all the English fleet could do, even with a hero like Admiral Hope in command, and, directed by so skillful a diplomatist as Sir Frederick Bruce, who succeeded Lord Lyons as minister to this country, preceded the late popular ambassador, Sir Edward Thornton.

Mr. Chapin continues his interesting account of a journey through the Valley of the Connecticut, that romantic region which helps to relieve the "land of steady habits" from the reproach of being utterly unpoetical and prosaic.

Mr. Allan Forman's article on "Some Adopted Americans," is a description of those foreign-born citizens who live in the tenements of New York city. This article is drawn in strong colors, and if it be a faithful picture, which doubtless it is, it shows that missionary work is more needed in the by-streets and back-alleys of New York than in Central America.

Evelyn Malcolm's story, "Tony; A Study in Black and White," is an effort in a new direction. Mr. Cable has shown us the effect of a little negro blood on the social status of a woman in Louisiana. Miss Malcolm, however, does the same thing for Massachusetts; and, according to her idea, the experience of a woman with her blood so blemished would be pretty much the same in one place as another.

In the series devoted to America's Crack Regiments, Morris B. Farr writes of the Twenty-Third of Brooklyn. In the City of Churches, at least, this article, with its numerous illustrations, will attract wide attention; and among all military men it should excite interest, for the Twenty-Third has a most honorable record, and the organization has been from its beginning soldierly above all things.

"The Koto and its Associations" seems a little wide of the scope of The American Magazine, but the relations between the United States and Japan are so friendly that we are glad to know about the interesting national, domestic musical instrument of the Japanese. The Koto, in Japan, is what the pianoforte is in America, though they resemble each other in structure not even a little bit.

"Mr. Myndert's Grandfather" is a ghost story, planned in different lines from the ordinary, and will delight all who read it. Mrs. Thurber's National school of music comes in for an appreciative notice; the serial, "Two Coronets," is continued, and in the November number of The American Magazine will be found also some good poetry and book reviews; the November Calendar of Health, and a paper in the American pulpit, on "The Past and Present God," by T. Gifford Nelson.

A friend induced me to try Salvation Oil for my rheumatic foot. I used it and the rheumatism is entirely gone. JOHN H. ANDERSON, Baltimore, Md.

Positive and unsolicited testimony from every section confirms every claim made for the wonderful efficacy of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

AMERICAN WOMEN.

Some of Those Who Cut Quite a Figure in European Politics.

The two most powerful republican statesmen in France are married to American women. Waddington was married to an American woman in England, and Clemenceau was married to a Yankee girl on the Jersey heath. Waddington is the son of English parents, but a native of France and a thorough Frenchman in tastes and instincts. Clemenceau, when he was exiled from his country in the time of the Little Napoleon, settled for awhile in the United States and taught school in Connecticut.

There was a bevy of marriageable young girls in his set, and all were engaged to wed but one. He persuaded the one to accept him, and the last one gaged was the first to be married. Clemenceau hastened home at the breaking out of the Franco-Prussian war, fought for his country, and when peace came, he took an active part in politics. He is called an extreme radical in France, but in this country he would pass for a conservative. He is a thorough republican, and is ambitious to plant the main stems of the United States Constitution in France. Mrs. Clemenceau is the head of the house, and has the pleasure of knowing that her husband is one of the most domestic and best regulated men morally in French public life.

Some eminent British politicians, too, are wedded to Americans. Sir William Vernon Harcourt, Gladstone's first lieutenant in command of the Liberal party, is married to the daughter of John Lathrop Motley, at one time Minister to England. Harcourt bears the reputation of being gracious to his wife only. He has the ugliest disposition of any man in English public life. He can seldom say a kind word of anybody but his wife when a gruff word is the answer as well. In this country he would stand no chance in politics, but in England members of Parliament and public men generally seldom come in contact with the great body of the people. Harcourt can mount a platform and larrup the Tories for hours at a time, and that satisfies his Liberal constituents.

The wife of Thomas Power O'Connor, Mr. Parnell's ablest lieutenant, is also an American, the daughter of the late Judge Paschall, of Texas.—*St. Louis Republican.*

How to Manage Manure.

Mr. Waldo F. Brown, a noted Ohio farmer, says it is a common practice to throw the manure from the stable out of a window and allow it to accumulate in a heap against the barn, where it rots the building and often contaminates the air of the stable. Fresh manure should never be left in a conical heap. Probably the best way to manage it is to spread it evenly in an adjoining shed in which stock is kept loose to tramp it. If, however, it is put out of doors it should always be wheeled away from the building and mixed with the cow manure and waste from the straw-stacks.—*N. Y. Witness.*

MRS. BURNETT'S PROFITABLE PEN.

Publishing Her New Tale—Robert Louis Stevenson Tells a Story.

The negotiations for the sale of Mrs. Hodgson Burnett's new book were conducted by S. S. McClure, the head of a literary syndicate in the Tribune building. Mr. McClure said yesterday that he did not know the name or character of the story. He said he did not believe anybody knew, except Mrs. Burnett herself. She probably had already given it a name, but she would not divulge it. The story is not completed yet; it likely will not be until next spring, and it will not be published until it is entirely finished. The reason for this is Mrs. Burnett's experience with her story, "Through One Administration." Its publication was begun before its completion, and her health was seriously impaired through having to furnish a stated amount of matter each month. She will not write unless she feels in the mood for it.

Mrs. Burnett, Mr. McClure says, will receive a good deal more in the aggregate than $15,000 for the novel. That is the sum paid for the serial right alone. Some firm will print it in book form, and for this Mrs. Burnett will be paid a royalty. Mr. McClure has also arranged for the sale of a new novel by Louis Robert Stevenson, for a sum nearly as large as that which Mrs. Burnett will get. The letters which he will write during his present cruise in the South Pacific have already been sold to papers in England, Australia and India, and Mr. McClure is now negotiating for their sale on the European continent. It is estimated that the aggregate recompense Mr. Stevenson will receive for these letters will be $200 per column.

Mr. McClure had a letter from Mr. Stevenson recently. It took two months to reach him. The author's yacht was then in the neighborhood of the Society Islands. He wrote that he was enjoying himself immensely.

Dry Goods.—Ball & Sherman.

Election Returns!

AND A BUSTLE FOR 12 1-2 CENTS.

☞Commencing to-day we place on our Counters the following IMMENSE BARGAINS:

A line of fine heavy Velvet Shawls worth $5.00 for $3.00.
Best Standard Prints, *all new*, worth 7 cents for 5 cents.
Extra heavy 38-inch Prints, *new*, worth 10 cents for 7 cents.
Extra wide and heavy Cotton Flannel worth 15 cents for 10 cents.
All wool Flannels, 24 inches, worth 30 cents for 20 cents.
Heavy yard wide Cotton Cloth worth 7 cents for 6 cents.
Ladies' and Children's Wool Hosiery worth 30 cents for 20 cents.
Fine Linondes India Hemstitched Handkerchiefs worth 10 cts. for 5.
A 10-4 full size heavy Red Blanket worth $2.00 per pair for $1.25. Limited amount.
Heavy Cape Newmarket worth $5.00 for $3.50.
Plush Cloaks, a beauty worth $35.00 for $25.00.
An immense line of Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks on hand. Especial attention given to measurements for Cloaks made to order.
We have the only genuine Walker Plush in this city, just look at it and you will buy no other.
Ten bales of those fine Cotton Batts for 10 cents.

BALL & SHERMAN,
Mason, Michigan.

Lots of **SOAP** but room for **JAXON** because it beats them all.

It is *QUICK, EASY, CHEAP.* It's worth trying.

DON'T FAIL TO USE JAXON SOAP
5 CENTS 5 CENTS 5 CENTS 5 CENTS
ANTI-WASHBOARD

SAVES *MONEY, TIME, LABOR, STRENGTH, CLOTHES.*

5 Cents is all it COSTS.

That's not much if it's bad, and is mighty cheap if it does what is claimed for it.

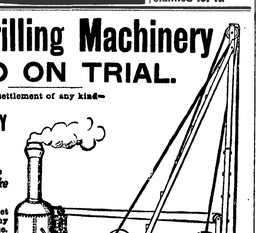
Well Drilling Machinery SOLD ON TRIAL.

No Cash Payment—or settlement of any kind—until after a

SATISFACTORY TEST.

Machinery and Tools *Guaranteed to make Wells anywhere,* and at the rate of 3 feet to every 2 feet by any other machine, or no sale.

THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST



Send for Catalogue.

EMPIRE WELL AUGER CO., ITHACA, N.Y

A Story of Monte Carlo.

A gambler who was "broke" slipped up behind a player and said:

"You are losing a good deal of money, sir."

"Because they won't let me play. They know I know too much."

"What will you take for the secret?"

"Half the winnings."

"Agreed."

The old man led the stranger to a quiet corner and said to him:

"This is the secret. Whenever the head croupier takes snuff put all you have on the red."

The player went back to the table with the old man behind him. They watched the head croupier, and at last out came the snuff box.

"Now's the time," whispered the old man.

The player put a large sum on red and won.

"My half," whispered the old man. He got his half.

Next time the snuff box came out the old man nudged the player and again the red won. The old man's half was a big sum this time.

On the third outing of the snuff box black was the winner. The player turned in astonishment to ask the old man how this happened, but he had bolted as he would have done if black had turned up the first time.—Detroit Free Press.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft, or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses. Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney Ringbone, Stifles, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, Etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by Henry M. Williams, druggist, Mason, Mich.

Long-Standing

Blood Diseases are cured by the persevering use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

This medicine is an Alterative, and causes a radical change in the system. The process, in some cases, may not be quite so rapid as in others; but, with persistence, the result is certain. Read these testimonials:—

"For seven years I suffered from a severe pain in my right side, and had other troubles caused by a torpid liver and dyspepsia. After giving several medicines a fair trial without a cure, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was greatly benefited by the first bottle, and after taking five bottles I was completely cured."—John W. Benson, 70 Lawrence st., Lowell, Mass.

Last May a large carbuncle broke out on my arm. The usual remedies had no effect and I was confined to my bed for eight weeks. A friend induced me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Less than three bottles healed the sore. In all my experience with medicines, I never saw more

Wonderful Results.

Another marked effect of the use of this medicine was the strengthening of my stomach."—Mrs. Harris Adams, Holly Springs, Texas.

"I had a dry, scaly humor for years, and suffered terribly; and, as my brother and sister were similarly afflicted, I presume the malady is hereditary. Last winter, Dr. Byron, of Fernandina, Fla., recommended me to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and continue it for a year. I have now taken it daily. * * * I have got had a blemish upon my body for the last three months."—T. E. Wiley, 146 Chambers st., New York City.

"I am full of rheumatism, and was troubled with a dull, heavy pain in my side. I did not notice it much at first, but it gradually grew worse until it became almost unbearable. During the latter part of this time, disorders of this stomach and liver increased my troubles. I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, after faithfully continuing the use of this medicine for some months, the pain disappeared and I was completely cured."—Mrs. Augusta A. Furbush, Waterhill, Maine.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
For sale by all druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

INMAN'S PERFECT
CIDER PRESERVATIVE.

A thoroughly tested and wholesome preparation for arresting fermentation, enabling one to have fresh, pure cider the year around. Has been on the market six years, and is indorsed by thousands of consumers, is inexpensive, clear, and imparts no foreign taste. Put up in boxes designed for 20 and 50 barrels, retailing at 25 and 50 cts. Sold by dealers, or sent by mail on receipt of price. INMAN BROS., Ithaca, Mich.

LIVERY AND BOARDING STABLE.

Free Hack to and from all Passenger Trains.

☞First-class Rigs at Reasonable rates. ☜Good Timothy Hay for Transient and Boarding Horses.

In the old Worden Barn, opposite the First National Bank.

ROGERS & FERGUSON.

Better than the Best
Is the Great Health Restorer and Physical Training Dumb-bell. Illustrated Instruction Book, containing Dr. Hartman's Lectures, Health Journal, Hand for College Yell, Address, A. S. PARISH, Grand Rapids, Mich.

The Great East and West Highway.

CONDENSED TIME FROM MASON.

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Mason,	7:00 a. m.	9:32 p. m.	7:00 p. m.
Ar. Jackson,	11:20 "	10:30 "	11:20 "
Leave Jackson,	11:45 p. m.	10:55 p. m.	11:45 p. m.
Ar. Kalamazoo,	2:05 "	1:30 a. m.	2:05 "
" Niles,	6:40 "	5:05 "	6:40 "
" Chicago,	9:40 "	7:30 "	9:40 "
" Grand Rapids,	3:15 p. m.	6:00 a. m.	3:15 p. m.
Leave Jackson,	1:20 "	1:50 a. m.	1:20 "
Ar. Ann Arbor,	2:43 "	6:08 "	2:43 "
" Ypsilanti,	3:00 "	6:30 "	3:00 "
" Detroit,	4:10 "	7:30 "	4:10 "
" St. Thomas,	10:10 "	9:55 "	10:10 "
" Buffalo,	6:35 a. m.	2:40 p. m.	6:35 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

Leave Jackson,	7:00 a. m.	4:30 p. m.	7:00 p. m.
Ar. Manton,	7:55 "	5:24 "	7:55 "
Ar. Lansing,	8:30 "	5:46 "	8:30 "
" Owosso,	9:23 "	7:13 "	9:23 "
" Saginaw City,	11:30 "	9:33 "	11:30 "
" Bay City,	11:45 "	9:30 "	11:45 "
" Mackinaw,	6:30 p. m.	4:30 a. m.	6:30 p. m.

O. W. RUGGLES,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Chicago.
M. J. MURRAY, Ticket Agent, Mason.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, Elegant Styles, Prices Reasonable, at the Office of the Ingham County News.

John Hanter, 171 Woodward Ave., Detroit.

TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC!

The mail route from Dansville to Mason having been discontinued, the subscribers will hereafter run a vehicle over the road daily (Sundays and the 4th of July excepted) for the conveyance of passengers, express, etc., on reasonable rates, leaving Dansville at 6 o'clock A. M., and arriving at Mason at or before 10 o'clock A. M., returning at same times each day as above, thus affording a convenience to the public.

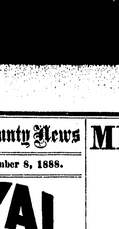
CARL & EWERS.

Ohio IMPROVED Chesters
Are the Great Money Makers and Prize Winners in U. S. & Potsdam Competitions. 2 WEIGHED 2800 LBS. Send for descriptive & price list of these famous hogs. Also, Cotswolds. C. B. SILVER CO., Oxford, Ohio.

The Ingham County "News," **$1.00 a YEAR.**

Ingham County News
Thursday, November 8, 1888.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-st., New York.

Laxador Cures *Liver Complaint, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Bilious Affections and Costiveness.* At druggists. Price 25 cts.

Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

CURES COUGHS & COLDS FOR 25 CTS

SALVATION OIL

(Price only 25 cents. Sold by all druggists.)
Relieves quickly Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Sores, Backache, &c.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote—Price 10 Cts. *At all druggists.*

LIVERY AND BOARDING STABLE.

Free Hack to and from all Passenger Trains.

☞First-class Rigs at Reasonable rates. ☜Good Timothy Hay for Transient and Boarding Horses.

In the old Worden Barn, opposite the First National Bank.

ROGERS & FERGUSON.

MICHIGAN!

Old Loyal Michigan Has Come to the Front Again With Something Like 20,000 Majority for HARRISON.

Returns have been coming in slowly but surely enough to place the republican majority at about 20,000.

The state ticket was elected to a man and Michigan's congressmen will be nearly all republican.

The republicans will be in possession of both branches of congress and the president after March next, and there will be no excuse if we do not take a great step forward in legislating in the interests of the people.

The districts are as follows:

1.	Chipman, D., majority	3,050
2.	Allen, R., majority	1,816
3.	O'Donnell, R., majority	6,851
4.	Barrows, R., majority	3,600
5.	Belknap, R., majority	2,500
6.	Brewer, R., majority	239
7.	Whiting, D., majority	300
8.	Bliss, R., majority	2,300
9.	Catchcon, R., majority	5,000
10.	Bousfield,	
11.	Stephenson, R., majority	6,000

BARNES DEFEATED.

He Makes a Hard Fight but Fails.

Everybody has been anxious to know the result of the great congressional fight in this district between Brewer and Barnes. At times both sides claimed the victory, but at 11 o'clock yesterday Barnes' friends gave up the fight. The majorities are as follows:

	Brewer.	Barnes.
Ingham		900
Livingston		350
Oakland		110
Genesee	1,552	
Clinton	47	
	1,599	1,360
Brewer's majority		239

Mrs. Leuon of Portis, Kansas, sister of Mrs. J. W. Clark, is here to see her in her serious illness.

Mrs. Wilks, a returned missionary from Africa, will deliver an address at the M. E. church next Sunday evening.

Sock Collins of Ingham was arraigned before Justice Barnes on Saturday last, charged with malicious slander by Peter Aseltine, and the 14th inst was set for a trial.

The Ingham County Democrat of last week contains a most scurrilious and untruthful article in regard to L. Winans of this city. It is needless for us to scarcely speak of it as everybody will know it is false from beginning to end.

Some vile scamp cut the rope on Smith Williams' pole, tore off the banner and threw it into E. A. Barnes' yard on election night. But he was fair enough to leave the rope in the pully so it can be easily fixed. However it is of no more use.

Mrs Maria Wilson, widow of Joseph Wilson, of North Aurelius, died early Saturday morning, Nov. 3, in the 83d year of her age. Deceased was born June 30, 1806, in Middletown, Vt., and moved to Ontario county, N. Y., in her youth, where she was converted and united with the Baptist church. On Oct. 5th, 1840, she was married to Joseph Wilson, soon after removing to Michigan, where they located on a farm in North Aurelius, Ingham Co., where they lived for forty-eight years. They were familiar with all the privations and hardships incident to pioneer life. When the First Baptist Church of Mason was organized in 1841, Mrs. Nelson became a constituent member, consistent in profession, faithful in all good works, and she now enjoys the rest that remains for the people of God. Funeral at North Aurelius church last Sunday, conducted by Rev. E. B. Moody, assisted by Rev. L. DeLamarter.

Don't Buy Your Arctics Until

You have seen the *Colchester Arctic* with the "outside counter." It's the best fitting and best wearing arctic now made, and is made upon honor for reputation. The "outside counter" adds largely to the durability. These are cheapest in the end. No extra charge for the "outside counter." Ask to see the *Colchester Arctic.* Kept here by best stores. At wholesale by H. S. Robinson & Burtenshaw, Detroit. 1557W8p

Card of Thanks.

The W. R. C. wish to express their thanks to Mrs. DeLamarter for her donation to the order and to the general public for their liberal patronage.

Dropping out of the hair, with itching of the scalp, prevented, and the scalp made cool and healthy by the use of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

HUNTING HIPPOPOTAMI.

How the Young Are Caught by the Agents of Menagerie Proprietors.

"I have counted as many as twenty hippopotamus heads in one pool," said Mr. Lohse, "and the river is full of them. Of course, it would be impossible to catch the old ones, but they have to be got out of the way, and the only way to do is to shoot them. I have shot six in one pool in an afternoon. As soon as all the old ones are killed, the hunters—and they are very brave ones who go after hippopotami—harpoon the young through the neck. The neck is very thick and fat, and if the harpoon is skillfully thrown there is no danger of killing the young hippopotamus. A float is fastened to the harpoon by a rope, and when the animal becomes completely exhausted in its efforts to free itself it is drawn gently to the shore by this rope, and secured. It is put into a pen and kept there and fed upon goat's milk until its wound is healed, when it is driven to the seriffa.

"As I said, the hippopotamus hunters are very courageous and can swim and dive like seals. I lost one of my best men the last trip I made on a hippopotamus hunt. Early one morning we saw a young hippopotamus in the water near the opposite bank of the river. Before I could stop him, Ebibio, the chief of the hunters, was in the river and swimming rapidly across to harpoon the animal. He got close to it and had raised his arm to throw the harpoon when he suddenly gave a yell and sank out of sight. A ripple near where he had been told us that he had been dragged under by a crocodile. We had given him up as lost, when he reappeared and made his way to the bank, where he lay do wn exhausted. His left arm was torn off at the shoulder. I did what I could for the poor fellow but he bled to death that night. He never made a cry, but asked me quietly just before he died to see that his two wives did not suffer from poverty.

Mr. Lohse has also had exciting times hunting the rhinoceros. As with the elephants the young are run down by horsemen until they are exhausted. The baby rhinoceros is then lassoed to a tree until its spirit is broken sufficiently to permit of its being driven to the camp. As in hunting the other animals there is a particular class of trained men who go after the rhinoceros. They wound it with poisoned arrows, and then follow on its trail until it is overcome by the poison. The rhinoceros had disemboweled him.—*N. Y. Evening Sun.*

HARD ON THE EYES.

Why Pittsburgh Iron Heaters Are Almost All Near Sighted.

It is a fact that a large percentage of the men employed as heaters in the iron mills of Pittsburgh are more or less troubled with defective vision, the nature of their work compelling them to gaze for protracted periods upon the intensely dazzling light of metal at white heat, which they must be able to distinguish from the flames of burning gas which surround it. Secretary William Martin, of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers in Pittsburgh, says that among men who have worked for a few years in the iron mills near-sightedness or weakness of the eyes is almost universal, and advised the reporter to interview a few of the employes of any mill in the city to test this statement.

This was done, resulting in confirmation from half a dozen heaters in one of the largest rolling-mills in the city. The men seen had worked in the iron mills from periods ranging from three to twenty years, and with very slight differences their powers of vision had all been affected in the same manner. They are unable to distinguish small objects at any considerable distance. One was entirely unable to read the print in an ordinary newspaper; another pointed out a clock with a dial a foot in diameter and said he could not see the hands ten feet away. With one the trouble was permanent and unvarying, while another's eyes were restored to their normal condition if he stopped a month. None of them experience pain, and it does not seem to have occurred to any one that a physician's services were needed. They regard the change that takes place in their eyes as a sort of process of "getting used" to the requirements of their trade.

The reporter on looking into one of their blasting heaters could distinguish only a blinding glare, scarcely inferior to the dazzling light of the sun itself. Yet these men must be able to see clearly the white-hot masses of metal through the flames of the gas that is burning all around them. The difficulty of doing this may be compared to that which many experienced in trying to perceive one bright light through another. Yet the experienced heater does it with as much ease as if the hot iron were so much wood floating in water. They say that no degree of proficiency can be acquired in less than three months' time, and that since the employment of natural gas in the furnaces the difficulty has become much greater and the effect upon the eye more pronounced.—*Pittsburgh Letter.*

A VOYAGE.

I am going to-day on a trip to the skies,
And shall start very early to see the sunrise;
I will follow the glow till I reach the high noon,
And then I will skip on a trip to the moon.

If the moon is too cold for a breakfast or tea,
I'll fall to a star that shines brighter for me;
I will catch its slimmer its welcoming smiles;
Which will show there its love, or betray there its wiles.

If its light has a shadow I'll halt on my way,
And look for a nook just a moment to stay,
For I shall be weary with unsetting to-day
To get only frowns from a bright gleaming star,

After resting my feet till the coming of morn,
I will visit the sunlight where comets are born.
And grasp the gay robes of the nearest one by,
To help me along on my trip through the sky.

As I glide in its orbit for hundreds of years,
Perchance I may see the same sorrows and tears
That are shed on this earth by the lowly and poor,
Ever struggling to keep the grim wolf from the door.

I will pass brighter suns than the one we behold;
Their rays mixed with glitter of diamond and gold,
Flashing out though the worlds like light-ning's bright glare
In the storm-burdened night on the jet of the air.

As I fly o'er the mountains and valleys and hills,
And gaze on the sheen of the rivers and rills,
Look down on the cities, and hillsey ones,
I shall know that mankind is made happy by these.

I shall see the proud ships with their white pinioned sails,
With their breasts on the waves borne along by the gales,
Pass by the dark clouds that envelop the spheres,
Knowing well that life's sadness will melt into tears.

Tears that will fall from the murk of the sky,
On the mounds of the lowly—the tombs of the high,
And moisten the earth where the hopes of the heart
Lie with the visions of love that depart.

—MILTON RYAN.

The Young People's Society of the first Baptist church of Mason have elected the following officers for the next term of office:

President—Blanche Every.
Vice President—Harvey Young.
Secretary—Kittie Kendrick.
Treasurer—Howard Wheeler.
Organist—Henry Longyear.
Chorister—Hannah Eakins.

DEVOTIONAL COMMITTEES.

North west district—Lottie Every, Leora Drake.
North East District—Carrie Bassett, Minnie Stanion.
Southwest district—Hannah Eakins, Agnes Thompson.
Southeast district—Mrs. Allie Wood, Mrs. Albert Hall.

ENTERTAINMENT COMMITTEE.

Clara Hallen, Alice Moody, Carrie Call, Wm. Grow, Henry Longyear.

RECEPTION COMMITTEE.

Mrs. Albert Hall, Lois Bennett, Maud Taylor. KITTIE KENDRICK, Sec'y.

Babies are too highly prized to permit them to suffer with colic, flatulence, etc., when Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup will at once relieve them. Price 25 cents.

A purely vegetable but most efficacious purgative is offered to the public in Laxador. For sale by all druggists. Price only 25 cents.

Marvelous Eyes of Mme. Hading.

There is an odd little story anent the beautiful Mme. Hading drifting about town, which is very likely untrue, but is queer and fantastic enough to deserve repetition whether one accepts it or not. Her eyes are very remarkable; not only of the clearest and purest brown, like that of mountain brooks, or the eyes of Gwendolen Harlett—which George Eliot described as resembling "wave washed onyx"—but they are veiled with a deep fringe of long and silky lashes and are most unusually, extraordinarily long. It is the most noticeable thing in her face, and when she turns her eyes upon a man he begins at once to recall all he has ever read concerning the eyes of Odalisques and long eyed Circassians whom the Oriental poets are never done with praising. The story is that Mme. Hading owes this marvelous length of eye to artificial means used by her parents in her childhood.

It is said that it is a common practice among the Turks, who hold long eyes in such esteem, to lengthen, by cutting the corners, the eyes of girls who are being raised for the harem. This is done very early, at the age of two or three years, and the outer corner is deftly slit with a lancet, about the twelfth part of an inch. While the wound is healing the lids are drawn outward every day, and after it is quite cured the eye is still submitted to the drawing process for a long time, with the eventual result that it becomes ideally long and narrow and faithfits the ideal of the "unspeakable Turk" when he is in search of a new favorite. It is said that the Laura Schirmer, who was recently reported to have been poisoned in the palace of the sultan, first obtained his favor through the unusual length and beauty of her eyes. The story about Mme. Hading goes on to say that her father had been in Turkey and seen this practice and determined to try it on his little girl, who was then a pretty baby of three years, with bright brown eyes and a mop of yellow curls, and already taking part in pieces requiring babies. Whether the story is true or not, one thing is certain, which is that the actress from the Gymnase has the most beautiful and remarkable eyes of any woman on the stage.—New York World.

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The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. M. Williams, Mason, and Field & Co., Dansville.

A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life.

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seven pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle. It helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast, continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. Free trial particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, druggist, Fort Smith. Trial bottles of this wonderful Discovery free at H. M. Williams' drug store. 4

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NEWSPAPER LAWS.

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The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of INTENTIONAL FRAUD.

SENATOR CHARLES B. FARWELL has a collection of 10,000 books, and is said to have the finest theological library in the West.

EMPRESS FREDERICK is well pleased with Sir Morell Mackenzie's book, and has written a letter of nearly twenty pages to tell him so.

KING HUMBERT'S gift to Emperor William was quite unique, being a series of models of the remains of the men, women, children and animals in the famous Pompeiian museum.

SURGEON GENERAL HAMILTON has written to the Governor of Florida suggesting the propriety of establishing a State Board of Health. The recent experience of the people of that State ought to make the suggestion popular, as well as to inspire regret that they never thought of it before.

MAIDEN ladies who are given to literature and benevolence are apparently about to marry men who have left several years their juniors. The queer freak of Lady Burdette-Coutts in that line has not been forgotten; and now comes Miss Phelps, aged forty-four, and marries Rev. Mr. Ward, aged twenty-six.

THE news comes from Europe that Mme. Nicolini Patti, not being able to find a purchaser for Craig-y-Nos, has decided to turn the castle into an institution for the cultivation of the voice of poor but gifted girls. If she shall carry out this design her "farewell concert" tours and even her high prices will be forgiven.

A RAILWAY train has just been constructed in France for the Emperor of China. It consists of six carriages, three of which are for the Emperor's own use. They are magnificently decorated, and each of them contains a throne. A small table for opium-smoking is a barbarous piece of furniture that stands in front of each throne.

THE Odessa physician, Dr. Gamaleia, has gone to Paris to make practical demonstrations of his method of inoculating against Asiatic cholera before the eyes of his master Pasteur. Since the French scientist communicated the discovery to the Academy of Sciences Dr. Gamaleia has made further experiments, which, he claims, have been very successful.

KING MILAN, of Servia, appears to have copied from Henry VIII. of England in some important particulars in the matter of getting a divorce. King Milan secured the decree from the Metropolitan Theodosius whom he had himself appointed, just as Henry received his from Cranmer, whom he had made archbishop of Canterbury for the purpose.

AND now they say that Tom Hood first planned the phonograph, as witness this, from his *Comic Annual* for 1839: "In this country of inventions, when a self-acting drawing-paper has been discovered for copying the figures of objects, who knows but that a future Niepce, or Daguerre, or Herschel, or Fox Talbot, may find out some sort of Beswallis writing-paper to repeat whatever it tours?"

HAIR is going up, not in form but in price. White hair is particularly scarce and dear, coming as high as $50 and $100 per ounce. This is very different from gray hair, which is so common. Real brown or golden hair that has not been "doctored" brings nearly as much. Brown hair, by the way, is in high fashion, being considered preferable to either white or black.

CALEB W. WEST, Governor of Utah, in his annual report to the Secretary of the Interior, estimates the population of the Territory at 210,000, an increase of about 66,000 since 1880. The assessed taxable valuation is stated to be $46,579,073, an increase of about $11,000 during the year. The manufacturing industries of the Territory are said to be in a satisfactory condition, and taken as a whole, the year has been a progressive and prosperous one for Utah.

OYSTERMEN are greatly worried over the fact that the starfish, the natural and greatest enemy of oysters, are literally ruining the industries in the vicinity of Mohawk, Conn., if not in all parts of Long Island sound. They have attacked every thing from seed to five-year-old, and the rapidity with which they devour a bed of thousands of bushels of oysters is astonishing. When once they get into a bed they remain till not an oyster is left, and then set out in search of other prizes.

TRUTH is often stranger than fiction, and the fact that Daniel Hand, an unknown man in a remote Connecticut town, has rivaled the Peabody gifts in a bequest for the education of the Southern negroes, through the channel of the American Missionary Association, seems more like a dream than a reality. The income of a million dollars, applied judiciously to the education of the Southern colored people, will greatly help to extend the plans of an association which has already done much for that race.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

A Pointed Discourse on the Divine Mission of Art.

Good Pictures Sermons in Themselves—Those Inspired to Depraved Taste Had Better Never Have Been Light.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage took for the subject of a recent sermon in the Brooklyn Tabernacle "The Divine Mission of Pictures." His text was:

The way of the Lord of hosts shall be upon all pleasure pictures.—Isaiah ii., 12-16.

Pictures are by some relegated to the realm of the trivial, accidental, sentimental or worldly, but my text shows that God scrutinizes pictures, and whether they are good or bad, whether used for right or wrong purposes, is a matter of Divine observation and arraignment.

The Divine mission of pictures is my subject.

That the artist's pencil and the engraver's knife have sometimes been made subservient to the kingdom of the bad is frankly admitted. After the ashes and scoria were removed from Herculaneum and Pompeii the walls of those cities discovered to the explorers a degradation in art which can not be exaggerated. Satan and all his imps have always wanted the fingering of the easel; they would rather have possession of that than the art of printing, for types are apt to point out and quick for evil as pictures. The powers of darkness think they have gathered a triumph, and they have, when, in some respectable parlor or public art gallery, they can hang a canvas embarrassing to the good, but fascinating to the evil.

It is not in a spirit of prudery, but backed up by God's eternal truth, when I say that you have no right to hang in your art rooms or your dwelling houses that which would be offensive to good people if the figures pictured were alive in your parlor and the guests of your household. A picture that you have to hang in a somewhat secluded place, or that in a public hall you can not with a group of friends deliberately stand before and discuss ought to have a knife stabbed into it at the top and cut clear through to the bottom, and a stout finger thrust in on the right side, ripping clear through to the left. Flimy, the elder, lost his life by going near enough to see the inside of Vesuvius, and the further you can stand off from the burning crater of sin the better. Never till the books of the last day are opened shall we know what has been the dire harvest of evil pictorials and unbecoming art galleries. Despoil a man's imagination and he becomes a moral carcass. The sour window of English and American cities in which the low theaters have sometimes hung long lines of brazen actors and actresses in style insulting to all propriety, have made a broad path to death for multitudes of people. Satan have all the other arts boon at times ashamed of evil. How has music been bedraggled! In the days of David's harp, and Handel's organ, and Gottschalk's piano, and Ole Bull's violin, and the flute, which though named after no insignificant a thing as the Sicilian soil, which has sung so many songs of like flute holes, yet for thousands of years has had a contented mission. Architecture, born in the heart of Him who made the worlds, under its arches and across its floors what beneficiaries records have been enacted? It is not against any of these arts that they have been so led into captivity. What a poor world it would be if it were not for what my text calls pleasure pictures. I refer to your memory and mine when I ask if your knowledge of the Holy Scriptures has not been immensely augmented by the wood cuts or engraving in the old family Bible, which father and mother read out of and laid on the table in the old homestead when you were boys and girls?

The Bible scenes which we all carry in our minds were got from the Bible by typology, but from the Bible pictures. To prove the truth of it in my own case, the other day I took up the old family Bible which I inherited. Sure enough, when I was a child in my mind of Jacob's ladder it was exactly the Bible engraving of Jacob's ladder; and so with Samson carrying off the gates of Gaza; Elisha restoring the Shunamite's son; the massacre of the innocents; Christ blessing little children; the Crucifixion and the last judgment. My idea of all these is that of the old Bible engravings which I scanned before I could read a word. That is true with nine-tenths of you. If I could open the door of your forehead I would find that you are walking picture galleries. The great realities that are abroad about the Bible did not come from the general reading of the book, for the majority of the people read it but little, if they read it at all; but all the sacred scenes have been put before the great masses, and not pictures' ink, but the pictorial art, must have the credit of the achievement. First, painter's pencil put the favored few, and then engraver's plate put the cost for millions on millions. What a world of sweet companionship the Bible is! what re-enforcement for patriarchs, prophets, apostles and Christ; what distribution of Scriptural knowledge for all nations, in the paintings and engravings Sherman of Edina, Mo., "The Pictorial Bible," Albert Durer's "Dragon of the Apocalypse," Michael Angelo's "Plague of the Fiery Serpents," Tintoret's "Flight into Egypt," Rubens' "Descent from the Cross," Leonardo da Vinci's "Last Supper;" Claude's "Queen of Sheba;" Bellini's "Madonna at Milan;" Orcagna's "Last Judgment," and hundreds of scenes of pictures if they were put in line, illustrating, displaying, dramatizing, irradiating Bible truths until the Scriptures are not to-day so much on paper as on canvas, so much in ink as in the rich colors of the spectrum. In 1833, forth from Strasburg, Germany, there came a Bible that was to eclipse in good and boldness and grandeur any thing and every thing that the world had seen since the first color appeared on the sky at the creation, Paul Gustave Dore. Six seven years ago he published marvelous lithographs of his own. Saying nothing of what he did for Milton's "Paradise Lost," or his blazoning it on the attention of the world, he has taken up the Book of books, the monarch of literature, the Bible, and in his pictures, "The Creation of Light," "The Trial of Abraham's Faith," "The Burial of Sarah," "Joseph Sold by His Brethren," "The Brazen Serpent," "Boaz and Ruth," "David and Goliath," "The Transfiguration," "The Marriage in Cana," "Dorcas Pulling Peter," and one hundred and five Scriptural scenes in all, with a boldness and a grasp almost supernatural affiance that make the heart throb and the brain reel, and the tears start, and the cheeks blanch, and the entire nature quake with the tremendous things of God and eternity and the dead. I actually staggered down the steps of the London Art Gallery under the power of Dore's "Christ Leaving the Praetorium."

Profess you to be a Christian man or woman and see no Divine mission in art, and acknowledge you no obligation either in thanks to God or man?

It is to us more the word of God when put before us in printers' ink than by skillful laying on of colors, or designs on metal through incision or corrosion. What a lesson in morals was presented by Hogarth, the great painter, in his two pictures, "The Rake's Progress," and "The Miser's Feast," and by Thomas Cole's engravings of the "Voyage of Human Life," and the "Course of Empire," and by Turner's "Slave Ship." God in art! Christ in art! Patriarchs, prophets and apostles in art! Angels in art! Heaven in art! The world and the church ought to come to the higher appreciation of the Divine mission of pictures, yet the authors of them have generally been left to soul-starvation. West, the great painter, toiled in unappreciative hill, being a great skater, while on the ice he formed the acquaintance of General Howe, of the English army, and through coming to admire West as a skater, they gradually came to appreciate each other's worth which he accomplished by his hand as by his head. Poussin, the master painter, was pursued, and had nothing with which to defend himself against the mob but the artist's portfolio under his arm to hold over his head to keep off the stones hurled at him. The pictures of Richard Wilson, of England, were sold for fabulous sums of money after his death, but the living painter was glad to get for his "Aleyone" a piece of Stilton cheese. From 1649 to 1681 there were 4,600 pictures willfully destroyed. In the reign of Queen Elizabeth it was the habit of some people to spend much of their time in knocking pictures to pieces. In the reign of Charles I. it was ordered by Parliament that all pictures of Christ be burnt. Painters were so poor and despised and humiliated in the beginning of the eighteenth century that they were lowered clear down out of the sublimity of their art, and obliged to paint minute accounts of what they did with their colors, as a painter's bill which came to publication in Scotland, in 1757, indicated. The painter had been touching up some old pictures in the church, and he sends in this itemized bill to the vestry: "To filling up a clink in the lord Son, and repairing the damages to Johnny's oats;" "to a new pair of hooks and eyes for the lion's den, and a new set of teeth for the lioness;" "to repairing Nebuchadnezzar's beard;" "to giving a touch to the knee of Eve on presenting the apple to Adam;" "to making a bridle for the Good Samaritan's horse, and mending the one of his host;" "to putting a new handle on Moses' basket and fitting a bottom;" "to adding more logs to the fire in Nebuchadnezzar's furnace." So painters were humiliated clear down below the dignity of their art. The oldest picture in England, a portrait of Chaucer, though now of great value, was picked out of a lumber garret. Dred, were the trials of Quentin Matsys, who toiled on from blacksmith's anvil till as a painter he won wide recognition. The first missionaries to Mexico made the sad mistake of destroying pictures for the loss of which art and religion must ever lament. But why go so far back, when in the year of our Lord, 1886, and within twelve years of the twentieth century, to be a painter, except in rare exceptions, means poverty and neglect, poorly fed, poorly clad, poorly housed, because poorly appreciated? When I hear a man is a painter I have two feelings—one of admiration for the greatness of his soul, and the other of commiseration for the needs of his body.

But so it has been in all departments of noble work. Some of the mightiest souls have been hardly bestead. Oliver Goldsmith had such a big patch on the coat over his left breast that when he went anywhere he kept his hat in his hand closely pressed to that patch. The world-renowned Bishop Asbury had a salary of sixty-four dollars a year. Painters are not the only men who have endured the lack of appreciation. Let men of wealth take pencil in hand by sympathy if they can not by art. They lift no complaint; they make no strike for higher wages. But with a keenness of nervous organism, for which almost always characterizes genius, these artists suffer more than any one but their own realize. There used to be a concerted effort for the suffering artists of Edinburgh, not sentimental discourse about what we owe to artists, but contracts that will give them a livelihood; for I find much sympathy with the old Scotchman who was very busy gathering his fall apples and some one asked him why he was doing so poor family, the father of which had broken his leg, and the busy old man answered: "I am not doing this for pay, but you can go down in the cellar and get some corned beef, and butter, and eggs, and potatoes; that is all I can do now." Artists may wish for our prayers, but they also want practical help in getting work for their own give them work.

I have heard scores of sermons for all other kinds of suffering men and women, but I think this is the first sermon ever preached that made a plea for the sufferings of the artist and women of American art. Their work is more true to nature and life than any of the masterpieces that have been immortal on the other side of the sea, but it is the fashion of Americans to patronize foreign artists and to have little or nothing about our own Copley, and Allston, and Inman, and Greenough, and Powers, and Hart. Let the affluent hang out of windows and into the back yard invitations to banks on canvas and call in those splendid, but unrewarded men, and tell them to adorn their walls, not only with that which shall please the taste, but enlarge the mind, and improve the morals, and save the souls of those who gaze upon them.

Brooklyn, and all other American cities, need great galleries of art, not only open gratuitously for a few days on exhibition, but which shall stand open all the year round, and from early morning until ten o'clock at night, and free to all who would come and go. What a preparation for the wear and tear of the days, five-minutes' look in the morning at some picture in which you participated, saying: "There from that hill of prosperity I was driven back; in that valley of humiliation I was wounded; in that sea I lost my eyesight. That was the way the world looked when I last saw it." But will a great thing be got at that visitor, and stand here before the eyelorama of all the worlds while the order on the white horse goes on "conquering and to conquer," the noon under his feet and the stars of heaven for his tiara.

WHEN I was a young man I was sure of every thing; but in a few years, finding myself mistaken in a thousand instances, I became not half so sure of most things as before.—*John Wesley.*

FASHION LETTER.

The Two Extremes of Style, Severe, Elegant and Artistic, and Elaborate and Dressy—Handsome Costumes.

(Special New York Correspondence.)

The latest French costumes and toilets, both for the street and full dress, are of extreme, the other, elaborate and dressy. Gowns in the last style are largely English. The master-hand is shown in the superb outfit and the classic disposal of the softly falling folds that are highly but delicately draped. In the details of the second style of gowning, the rare manipulations of a trained artistic Parisienne are very manifest. There is infinite grace and style in these wonderful arrangements of the drapories and garnitures of each individual gown, and no two toilets are alike. Among the charming dresses are those of silky Indin cashmere. Some of these are finished in simple tailor-fashion with plain skirts braided at the feet. Above the skirts are long Grecot draperies and a glove-fitting bodice, its only ornament a diagonal revers, with a standing collar, each dressily braided. Others have collar and turnback cuffs of velvet, with vest and epaulets of beads matching the dress in shade. Handsome tailor gowns in silk-warp Highland cloth show skirts of the same fabric striped with velvet, or enriched with quaint designs of illuminated borders in Persian and old Roman devices and colorings. Above the skirts are French polonaises or directoire redingotes shaped in postillion, and charmingly draped. Watered silk skirts are also seen with these dresses, and in this case, the gown is usually made with loops and ends, which neatly conceal the pocket openings in the skirt. The combination of stripes, plaids in harmonious colors is much in vogue with plain materials—is still the rule to obtain in winter costumes.

There is a rage for braiding which seems likely to last for several seasons to come. Braiding done by hand and machine for decoration were ever before produced, and some of the most expensive dinner and visiting costumes are adorned by this kind of garniture, jackets, bodices and indeed whole costumes are literally covered with braid work in silk, soutache in all the rich new colors, and frequently there is a sending of gilt and silver braiding to work running close beside the one in soutache. For dressy evening wear at home are displayed some lovely pompadour woolens shading the grounds of the first, most beautiful French pale-green cashmere in pansy-color, cactus-red, golden-olive, Roman-violet, golden-tan, and mahogany, strewn with tiny flowers or small bouquets of roses and full ages. These fabrics are usually draped over either a deep skirt of plain cashmere finished with a very deep hem, or basket entire of the same fabric with velvet band at the edge in shade of the rose in the cashmere. These goods in

this case have a shirred or smocked vest of the silk on the bodice with revers, collar and cuffs of velvet. The vest is usually in golden-olive and flowers in pale gold on dull surfaced silk dress is in Empress fashion, and on the sides of the olive-faille skirt are very wide bands of gold and olive-velvet brocade.

A pretty novelty for the house is the new cashmere dress, which reaches only to the waist, where it is belted, the belt fastened by a large old silver buckle, and over these silver draperies, which opens wide at the throat with a diroctoire collar, beautifully embroidered with silver and gold.

STARVING A COLD.

How It Can Be Done Without Inconvenience to the Sufferers.

The man who originated the oft-quoted and unanswerable argument, "Feed a cold and starve a fever," either did not understand what he was writing about or he has been widely misinterpreted, to the great injury of hundreds who have acted on the absurd maxim. Presuming that the author of it was an physician who knew something of the nature of a cold and the action of remedies, he must have spoken subjunctively, and not imperatively. And then it would read: If you stuff a cold, the consequence will be that you will be thrown into a fever, as necessary of the unstuffing treatment of the cold; and then you will have to starve the fever. This is a true and sensible interpretation of this commonly-received maxim, which has done as much harm as a sword in the thousand and one of the popular errors which prevail on medical subjects.

If it can not be explained in the manner mentioned, it must be remanded to the dark ages of ignorance and superstition, and classed with lunar and stellar influences over the human body, witchcraft and other absurdities long since exploded in the progress of true science. Without dwelling on the nature and causes of colds, or on what physicians call the pathology of these disorders, I will say that a low or even starvation diet for a few days, with the free drinking of warm, mildly stimulating teas, is better for a cold than any drug or combination of drugs. If with this a warm bath, or a hot foot bath, is taken, little more will be needed. Nine cases in ten of colds can be broken up in their early stage by a hot foot, or rather leg bath, reaching the hot as it can be borne until perspiration arises. After the bath drink a half pint of hot lemonade and go to bed.—*Woman's Work.*

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Three Hops Drowned.

Charles Polam, aged ten years, Frank, his brother, aged eight years, and James Bolinski, aged thirteen years, living at Bay City, went fishing the other morning. Not returning home, their parents became anxious about them, and a search was instituted, which resulted in the finding of their hats floating on the surface of the water. Dragging the river was begun and the three bodies were recovered. It was thought the boys were fishing on some loose logs and were drowned without any person seeing them.

Hatched in His Pocket.

While a small knot of men were talking together recently at the Central depot in Jackson the peep of a chicken was distinctly heard. Thereupon one of the number opened his vest, and in an inner pocket was revealed a chicken just hatched and still partly in its shell. He reported that he had carried the egg for twenty-one days on a ten-dollar wager that it would hatch from the natural warmth of his body.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health by sixty observers in different parts of the State for the week ended October 16 indicated that erysipelas, pneumonia, inflamation of the kidneys and remittent fever increased, while scarlatina, tonsilitis and pleurisy decreased in area of prevalence. Diphtheria was reported at seventeen places, scarlet fever at fifteen, typhoid fever at fifteen and measles at four places.

Thought Lightning Struck Him.

There was a thunder-storm at Hanover Sunday night. William Brooks left his bed to shut the window, and a moment later Mrs. Brooks heard a tremendous crash and a wail from her husband, who declared that he had been struck by lightning. The wife quickly went to her husband's relief, and found that he had run against the stove and barked his nose and face.

Will Not Go Out.

Homesteaders who have entered Indian lands in Oscoda County declare that they will not get out, notwithstanding the Indian Agent has told them they must go. They say the Government has allowed them no certificates on which they have entered the lands and must defend its own acts.

Earnings of Michigan Railroads.

Michigan railroads earned $6,304,809 in August, against $7,560,494 for same time, 1887, and $49,744,209 for the eight months from January 1 to September 1, against $50,718,-811 for the same period last year.

Short but Newsy Items.

Dr. Constantine Kinderman, aged sixty years, dropped dead at Bay City a few days ago of heart disease.

Fred Burnham shot himself through the heart in Detroit the other evening. He had attempted suicide three times in the last few days.

Fred Ritchel, aged forty-two years, was found hanging in his barn at Reed City the other morning. He leaves a widow and three children. No cause was known.

The upper peninsula snow-shoe clubs are getting ready for their winter's fun.

Bay City County the past year 64,023-40 to take care of the county, and there was still a balance in the poor fund of $6,853-03.

Fred Mitchell hanged himself in his barn at Reed City a few days ago.

Mrs. Alexander Lamarche, of Lenville, French-Canadian women, who was born in 1776, or 112 years ago. She occupies a small house at 380 Broadway, pays $4 rent per month and boards herself, for the past fifty years has supported herself by knitting and selling mats, which she makes in the intervals of other work. She came to St. Paul in 1856, or fifty-three years ago, and describes the place at that time as an Indian village. Then not a house was visible. Large elm trees grew upon the bottoms near the river, while where the city now is were running streams, ravines, lakes bubbling springs and a rank growth of trees and underbrush. Indian encampments were the only evidences of life, and the whoops of the savages echoed and re-echoed through the forests, as they gave the piece grow to a city of upward of 200,000 inhabitants, and yet she is more of a stranger now than she was in 1856. She has a son who is a physician—that is, a fiddler—who died years ago. Her second husband is now eighty-five years old, and she well out, residing in Minnesota. Some years ago she published a book of her life, but it met with no success. She is now poor, and is dependent upon the charity of her neighbors. She is a Roman Catholic.

—A youngster one day begged an invitation to dinner at the house of a friend of his whose home had been playing. At the table his hostess anxiously inquired: "Charlie, can you cut your own meat?" "Humph!" said the youngster, who was sawing away, "can't I? I've cut up quite as tough meat as this at home!"

—A Boston woman when writing to invite a friend to dine with her does not dare to affix "N. B." to her letter lest it be interpreted "no beans."—*Binghamton Republican.*

SOME STRANGE FOODS.

The Opposite Tastes of People Living in Different Parts of the Globe.

The old saying that what is one man's meat is another man's poison is realized in the opposite tastes of people. The Turks shudder at the thought of eating oysters. The Digger Indians of the Pacific Coast rejoiced in the great locust swarms of 1875 as a dispensation of the Great Spirit, and laid in a store of dried locust powder sufficient to last them for several years. The French will eat frogs, snails and the diseased livers of geese, but draw the line at alligators. Buckland declares the taste of boa constrictors to be good and much like veal. Quasse, the fermented cabbage-water of the Russians, is their popular tipple. It is described as resembling a mixture of stale fish and soapsuds in taste, yet, nozo to beer, it has more votaries than any other fermented beverage. A tallow candle washed down with quasse forms a meal that it would be hard to be thankful for.

In Canton and other Chinese cities rats are sold at the rate of fifty cents a dozen, and the hindquarters of the dog are hung up in the butchers' shop alongside of mutton and lamb, but command a higher price. The oithio birds' nest of the Chinese are worth twice their weight in silver, the finest variety selling for as much as thirty dollars a pound. The negroes of the West Indies eat baked snakes and palm worms fried in fat, but they can not be induced to eat stewed rabbits. In Mexico parrots are eaten, but they are rather tough. The Gauchos of the Argentine Republic are in the habit of hunting skunks for the sake of their flesh. The octopus, or devil fish, when boiled and then roasted, is eaten in Corsica and esteemed a delicacy. In the Pacific Islands and the West Indies lizard eggs are eaten with gusto.

The natives of the Antilles cut alligator eggs, and the eggs of the turtle are popular everywhere, though up to the commencement of the last century turtle was only eaten by the poor of Jamaica. Ants are eaten by various nations. In Brazil the large ants are eaten with a resinous sauce, and in Africa they are stewed in rice and butter. The East Indians catch them in pits and carefully wash them in running water before they are stewed in pepper and butter. The Chinese eat the roots just ripe. Also above the ridge. A dry place should be selected where the ditch will not fill up with water in a wet time. The ridge should be shaped so it will turn the rain off each side, and no other covering is necessary.—*N. Y. World.*

—Cream of Tomato Soup: Cook a dozen tomatoes thoroughly and press them through a sieve. (Canned tomatoes are excellent for this.) Add a teaspoonful of soda to a quart of pulp. Put a bit of butter the size of pigeon's egg into a saucepan and when it boils add the pulp in a handful of sweetened flour. When the flour has cooked add a pint of hot milk, a little cayenne pepper, salt and a handful of crackers rolled fine. Stir for a few minutes and the tomato will thoroughly, without boiling, and serve at once.

—Lice mostly attack animals in poor condition, and to get rid of them the best tacks by these pests is to keep the stock in good order by good feeding and shelter. The vermin may be got rid of by making a solution of carbolic soap in alcohol and rubbing it on the skin. Raw linseed-oil mixed with one-fourth its quantity of kerosene and a little sulphur is also good. Dust or smoky odor is a good application, and will quickly rid the calves of lice or fleas. Mercurial ointment should not be used for this purpose upon any animal, as it is a poisonous if licked and is absorbed through the skin with the same effect.—*Philadelphia Press.*

HOME AND FARM.

—A good man with bad friends is liable to be misunderstood.

—Crab apples, carefully cooked without bruising the skin, and then made into a sweet pickle, by boiling the syrup with half as much vinegar, make a pretty garnish.—*Country Gentlewoman.*

—Economy: Chop fine any cold meant, add half as much bread-crumbs, one egg, a little spice or savory, as is preferred; mix and fry like griddle-cakes, or in croquettes, or sausage form.—*Toledo Blade.*

—Salad Dressing: One-half pint vinegar, butter half the size of an egg, a tablespoonful of sugar, boil this. Beat the yolks of four eggs or the whole of two, with one-half cupful of cream. Add to the other, with two teaspoonfuls of mustard and celery seed.

—Good beef is not of a pale pink color, and such a color indicates that the animal was diseased. Good beef does not have a dark purple hue, for this color is evidence that the animal has not been slaughtered, but died with the blood in its body, or has suffered from some other febrile affection.

—Two tea-cups (well heaped) of coffee and sugar weigh one pound; two tea-cups (level) of granulated sugar, weigh one pound; two tea-cups of soft butter (well packed) weigh one pound; two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar or flour weigh one ounce; one tablespoonful (well rounded) of soft butter weighs one ounce; one pint soft butter weighs one ounce; one pint (heaped) of granulated sugar weighs fourteen ounces.

—The autumn is a good time to make improvements on the farm; new roads may be built to advantage; the low land may be ditched out, that it may be thoroughly drained; the stumps pulled out, and the land leveled and seeded down to grass. Every farmer who has much low land that is covered with wood should clear a small piece every year, and thus extend his mowing land.

—In putting away cabbage for winter, place them in small piles in trenches wide and deep enough to receive them, and have the heads a little lower than the surface of the ground. Then take earth from them with a hoe, leaving the ends of the roots just visible above the ridge. A dry place should be selected where the ditch will not fill up with water in a wet time. The ridge should be shaped so it will turn the rain off each side, and no other covering is necessary.—*N. Y. World.*

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YAKUTAT WONDERS.

Startling Mirages Exhibiting Some Truly Horrible Images.

Along the coast region, southeast from Yakutat Bay, between the beach and the St. Elias Alps, lies a most remarkable tract, which is a veritable wonderland, and which is destined to furnish a large amount of material for museums, as well as problems for naturalists to solve. This section of the country is for most part a low, sandy flat, generally bare next the coast, but covered profusely near the foot of the range of mountains with a growth of small timber and brush, interspersed with lakes, swamps and glades. Grass grows luxuriantly, and were it not for the evidence of a general annual flood, this would be an ideal stock range. At this season of the year most all kinds of game abound except deer. Some of the bears in this country are of immense size. Along the water courses the sand and mud were literally covered with bear signs; the track of one monster, who seemed to be monarch of all this country, measured twenty-two inches from heel to toe.

On some of these long, low flats are found skeleton remains of some gigantic animal, some of which are in a good state of preservation. A joint bone twenty inches in diameter and about three feet in length was found standing upright near a hole which had once been its bed, it having been pinced in its present position but a short time before by some other party. Leg bones, sections of backbones and ribs and other bones and pieces of bones were found lying exposed, or nearly so, while others only show pieces protruding from the sand, gravel and clay. A rough measurement of one of the largest ribs that lay flat and almost wholly on top the ground was found to be about sixteen feet in length. Picture an image of an animal whose skeleton rib is of that length; clothe the skeleton with flesh, skin and perhaps a growth of shaggy hair; mount it upon legs, and view the monster. It will not be a difficult matter to secure some of these specimens for museums.

Over this waste of sand, mud and gravel are scattered stranded trees, logs, stumps and snags.

Most curious of all are the mirages seen during the days and twilights, and mimic lakes and water courses fringed with vegetation mirrored upon the surface with the grassy mounds, stumps, trees, logs and roots, which have an actual existence, are distorted and magnified into the shapes of huge, unearthly animals and reptiles of enormous proportions. The fogs and mists are driven across these wastes by the winds, and as the objects referred to loom up in the flying vapors, they appear like living creatures, and appear to be actually moving rapidly across the land at times, at other times flying through the air and again lunging through the sea at a terrific rate of speed, dashing the spray high in the air while huge breakers roll over them and apparently the mountains, against which they appear to be dashing, are twenty miles away. Monstrous serpents, apparently several hundred feet long, coupling with elephants, and then men on horseback thirty feet high, animals and birds of all kinds of horrible shapes, seem to be scouring past, rising and chasing each other until they are lost in the darkness of the flying mists.

One curious knows which to wonder at the most, or think the most strange, the phenomena of these mirages with these horrible images, or the carcasses of these gigantic animals.—*Leadville Herald.*

—The ignorance of Hamerlens his heathenishing," said my landlady the other day, to his pal. "Why sence hon ken hasked me the blarsted question hif the hangels hentered H. H. stood for hother than the name of the Prince of Wales, hand the bignorant clop-pated fulling I was, don't know hinformation is Royal hignorus, you know."—*Carnival.*

—In the stomach of a young girl who died in Portland, Ore., was an abscess, in the abscess was a wad of hollow rubber from the head of a lead pencil.

THE MARKETS.

	New York.	Nov. 6.
LIVE STOCK—Cattle	$ 3 00	$ 5 60
Sheep	3 00	4 75
Hogs	4 75	5 20
FLOUR—Good to Choice	4 85	5 25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	85	85
No. 3 Red	77	77
No. 2 Spring	81	81
CORN—No. 2	53	53
OATS—No. 2 White	33	33
No. 2 Mixed	29	29
PORK—Mess	16 00	16 50
LARD—Steam	9 55	9 55
CHEESE	9	10½
WOOL—Domestic	30	33
	CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Shipping Steers	$4 75	$ 6 15
Texans	3 10	3 75
Stockers	2 25	3 00
Cows—Fair to Choice	1 75	3 50
Bulls	2 00	3 00
Butchers' Stock	3 00	3 50
Inferior Cattle	1 75	2 50
HOGS—Live—Good to Choice	5 05	5 20
Rough	4 90	5 00
BUTTER—Creamery	19	26
Dairy	16	24
EGGS—Fresh	16	17½
Packing	14	15
POULTRY—Spring	20	22
Hens	8½	9
Turkeys	8	9
Ducks	9½	10
Geese	6	7
POTATOES (per bu.)	25	30
APPLES (per bbl.)	1 50	3 00
LARD—Steam	8 12½	8 17½
FLOUR—Spring patents	4 75	5 00
Winters	4 25	5 00
Bakers	3 00	3 50
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2	1 04½	1 04½
Corn, No. 2	39½	39½
Oats, No. 2	25	25
Rye, No. 2	56	56
Barley, No. 2	72	75
LUMBER—		
Common dressed siding	$7 50	$21 00
Flooring	22 00	45 00
Common boards	12 00	16 00
Fencing	12 00	16 00
Lath	2 00	2 50
Shingles	2 50	3 50
	KANSAS CITY.	
CATTLE	$4 25	$ 5 25
Stockers	2 50	4 00
HOGS—Best	5 00	5 10
Mixed	4 90	5 00
SHEEP—Best	3 25	3 75
Common	2 50	3 00
	OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Best	$ 3 25	$ 4 25
Medium	2 50	3 00
HOGS	4 90	5 00

Ingham County News

Thursday, November 8, 1888.

THE TRAVELED BUMBLE-BEE.

A bumble-bee belted with brown and gold,
On a purple clover sat;
His whiskers were shaggy, his clothes were old,
And he wore a shabby hat;
But his song was loud, and his merry eye
Was full of laughter and fun,
As he watched the bobolinks flutter by,
And spread his wings in the sun.

A butterfly spangled with yellow and red,
Came flying along that way;
He had two little feathers on his head,
And his coat was Quaker gray;
He carried a parasol made of blue,
And wore a purple vest;
And seeing the bumble-bee, down he flew,
And lit on a daisy's crest.

Then from the grass by a mossy stone
A cricket and beetle came;
One with black garb, while the other shone
Like an opal's changing flame;
A swaying buttercup's golden bloom
Bent down with the beetle's weight,
And high on a timothy's rounded plume
The cricket chirruped slate.

The bumble-bee sang of distant lands
Where tropical rivers flow;
Of wide seas rolling up shining sands,
And mountains with crowns of snow;
Of great broad plains with flower-gems bright
Of forests, whose fragrant glooms
Showed crumbling ruins, ghostly and white,
Old forgotten nations' tombs.

Then wisely the beetle winked his eye;
The cricket grew staid and still,
The butterfly, in his great surprise,
Went sailing over the hill;
The beetle scrambled beneath the stone,
The cricket, he gave a hop,
And there the bumble-bee sat alone
On the purple clover top. —Toledo Blade.

WEST AURELIUS.

A pleasant surprise party was given Henry Bunker on the occasion of his 25th birthday.

Mrs. Keeler is turning out A 1 evaporated apples at her dryer.

How thankful the people of these United States ought to be after election is over. Nothing but political gother and palaver throughout every paper, till one almost wishes his lot had been cast in Egypt, in Moses' time.

Peter Baumer has gone to the north part of the state to work in the pinery.

Henry Spaulding sports a new road cart.

Mrs. Clara Castler was able to ride out again last Sunday.

E. D. Gould and Don Vaughan of Onondaga purchased their winter supply of potatoes of C. Leonard last Saturday.

The only political pole raised in this neighborhood was planted last Sunday at O. J. Paterson's and floats a Harrison and Morton banner.

Sol. Markley formerly of North Aurelius, now eats hash in this neighborhood.

Bert Collins who has been working near Owosso this summer, is visiting here.

S. Fowler took a load of patriots over to the "blow out" at Leslie last Saturday night.

WHITE OAK.

Geo. W. Brewer teaches in District No. 3 this winter.

A. M. Hall is in very poor health.

A political orator is not without honor save in his own county and yet certain Stockbridgers aver that the best speech of the campaign in that place was made by V. J. Tefft.

The combination of ingredients found in Ayer's Pills renders them tonic and curative as well as cathartic. For this reason they are the best medicine for people of costive habit, as they restore the natural action of the bowels, without debilitating.

Gentleness of The French.

Slang as we comprehend the term, and as Walt Whitman eugolizes and employs it—namely, as the riotous medium of the under language, is unknown. One may in a week hear more oaths and more slang of the coarse and stupid sort in Wall Street, at the seaside, in the hotel corridors and street-cars and along the side walks of New York and Philadelphia, say, and in public generally among us, than in the length and breadth of France in a year. There is not the same burlesque of "heartiness," farce or same slapping on the back, the same insistent invitations to drink, the same *brutalite;* in fine there is infinitely more gentleness. Their occasional savagery strikes as ineffective and amateur, their fury seems fustian. The "rapier-thrusts" of sarcasm, the kind of writing and talking to which some of our newspapers apply their most eulogistic epithet, "scathing," the bitter banter to which not a few of our best bred young girls seem just now especially addicted, would excite amazement in France.—W. C. Brownell, in Scribner's for November.

Eczema, Itchy, Scaly, Skin Tortures. The above application of "Swayne's Ointment" without any internal medicine, will cure any case of Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Piles, Itch, Sores, Pimples, Eczema, all Scaly, Itchy Skin Eruptions, no matter how deep seated or long standing. It is potent, effective, and costs but a trifle. 2yp.1089

Dansville Letter List.

DANSVILLE, Oct. 31, 1888.

Wolford, M. J. Kiler, Peter
Wesler, George Robinson, Charles
Pratt, Frank (2) Sverp, E.
Huggell, Mrs. Emma Wedd, Mrs. Prudence
Gould, Mrs. Mary Ann Robinson, Miss Nettie
Levi, Chas, P. M.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

—Extracting oil from cedar boughs is a new industry in Maine.

—Steel, when hardened, decreases in specific gravity, contracts in length and increases in diameter.

—Rosewood shingles are being imported as a novelty for trimming showy cottages at seaside resorts.

—A New York hatter says that none of the so-called Panama hats are made at Panama. The best of them, he explains, comes from Guyaquil.

—A late refinement in dentistry is a tiny electric lamp for lighting up the cavities of teeth during the process of filling.

—Dealers in hard wood furnishings say that sycamore wood is rapidly coming into use. It "works" well, makes an excellent finish, and is much cheaper than birch, maple, or oak.

—A sugar refining company with $5,000,000 capital has been started to use Henry Friend's new method of refining by electricity. The cost will be about seventy-five cents a ton.

—A recent English invention relates to coating packing rings ready for use without boring or turning. The rings are cast in a chill mold around a metallic core.

—The introduction of American watches into England has reduced the number of gold cases marked at the London Assay Office from 34,844 in 1876 to 20,416 in 1886, and of silver cases from 113,394 in 1876 to 35,708 in 1886.

—The mystery regarding the whites of eggs after the ice-cream factories have used up their yolks is explained by a statement that they are used to make albumenized paper for photography.

—The question having arisen as to why the fallen branches of trees, at certain stages of decay, are more or less colored through their tissues with various shades of green, it is alleged that chemical analysis shows the presence of iron as the base of the green coloring matter.

—The smallest circular saw in use is one used in slitting gold pens. It is a disc about the size of a five-cent piece and has the thickness of ordinary paper. Its velocity tends to keep it rigid enough for use; four hundred revolutions a minute is the ordinary rate of these diminutive saws.

—The latest idea in the direction of waterproof footwear is a shoe made with a stout calfskin vamp, seamless, underlying which is a vamp of thin rubber, and between it and the lining, which is of stout canvas. The bottom of the shoes has a rubber interlining between the outer and inner soles, and thus the shoe is about as near waterproof as a leather shoe can be.

—Barrels are now being made of hard and soft wood, each alternate stave being of the soft variety and slightly thicker than the hard wood staves. The edges of the staves are cut square, and, when placed together to form the barrel, the outsides are even, and there is a V-shaped crack between each stave from top to bottom. In this arrangement the operation of driving the hoops forces the edges of the hard staves into the soft ones until the cracks are closed, and the extra thickness of the latter causes its inner edges to lap over those of the hard wood staves, thus making the joint doubly secure.

—In some recent scientific experiments on the effects of cold, two frogs were frozen solid in a temperature of about 20° F., and kept in that condition for half an hour. On thawing slowly they recovered perfectly, but it was found that large periods of exposure invariably killed the animals. The experiment was tried of freezing hermetically sealed meat, so as to kill its bacterial organisms, and thus render it incapable of putrefying. It was found, however, that no low a temperature as 80° below zero would not destroy the vitality of micro-organisms. It was thus made clear that the attempts to preserve meat for a long time by a momentary freezing of it must be abandoned.

What Causes Headache.

Overstudy.
Overwork in doors.
Want of fresh air in bed rooms.
Nervousness, however induced.
Want of abundant skin-exciting exercise.

The excitement inseparable from a fashionable life.

Neglect of the ordinary rules that conduce to health.

Over-indulgence in food, especially of a stimulating character.

Weakness or debility of body, however superficial. This can only be remedied by proper nutriment.

Work or study indoors, carried on in an unnatural or cramped position of body.

Literary men and women ought to do most of their work at a standing desk, lying down now and then to ease brain and heart and permit ideas to flow. They should work out of doors in fine weather—with their feet resting on a board, not on the earth—and under canvas in wet weather. It is surprising the good this simple advice, if followed, can effect.—*Pioneer-Press.*

Why Johnny Was Late.

A crabbed old bachelor who teaches school not far from Austin was very indignant at little Johnny Flapjack—the only son of Mrs. Flapjack, and she a widow—for coming late.

"I couldn't help being late," sobbed Johnny.

"Why not?"

"Because ma has done been and got married yesterday, and I had to wait for the breakfast."

"Got married, has she? Any thing to make you late at school. What won't she do next, I wonder?"—*Texas Siftings.*

PUTTING AWAY STOVES.

How to Keep Them in Good Condition for Next Winter's Use.

When putting away a stove for the summer, first clean it out well. Before taking it down while there is a coal fire in it, throw in a handful of salt. When the fire is out and the stove cold, take out the ashes, and with a cold chisel remove the clinkers, which will have been loosened by the salt. Place some large, heavy newspapers on the floor under the funnel, extending from the chimney hole to the hole in the stove where the piping fits on, also around the stove, to prevent any soot falling on the carpet. Move out the stove, keeping the piping on until the funnel is out of the chimney hole about two inches. Take the funnel carefully from the stove, and carry into the yard, shake it into the ash barrel and lay aside. Clean out of the stove as much of the soot around the drum and back as can be conveniently removed. With a brush broom brush out the inside, taking care to keep mouth and nose covered while doing it. If the lining is adjustable, take out and do up each piece separately in newspaper, and you will not be so likely to have it broken when wanted for use. Take off doors, feet and whatever can be readily removed to lighten its weight, and have it carried to the place it is to occupy for the summer. Put on the feet, doors, etc., and it is ready for the final oiling or blacking, whichever is desired. The usual way is to go over the whole surface of the stove with kerosene, being careful that the oil goes into every crevice. This keeps the stove from rusting. Another, and by far better way, is to cut up the quanity of polish wished, and in mixing it, instead of water, use warm melted lard. Rub the mixture thoroughly over every part of the stove and funnel. This way has been tested by a friend of ours with excellent success for some years. If the stove is to be put into a closet, to be sure the blacking can be done before it is placed away. When the stove is blacked put in the inside on the grate the packages of lining, and in the lower part the wrench, and the funnel close by. Be sure that the place in which it is stored is perfectly dry, or you will have cause to regret ever taking it down. Do not on any account place it away in a damp cellar or a shed that is leaky; rather let it remain up all summer, no matter how small your room may be. If a stove is put away in a dry place, and cleaned according to the directions given, when taken out in the fall it will be in excellent condition to put up for the winter.—*Boston Budget.*

THE RULING PASSION.

Why an Eminent Jurist Excused an Impertinent Witness.

In one of the coast States there lived two men of very dissimilar dispositions, but whose similar taste in one thing led them to "meet together" on an occasion long remembered by many present. One was an eminent judge, and the other was the French keeper of a sailor's loft. The judge was holding court, and the loft-keeper was an important witness in a case before him. The witness was called, but he came not, nor answered. "Where is Suson?" asked the judge, impatient at the non-appearance of the witness.

"He will not answer, your honor?" replied the sheriff.

"Go and find him, and bring him into court?" cried the judge, sternly.

The sheriff went to look for him, and found the Frenchman a deeply interested spectator of a cock-fight then going on in the village. Returning to the court-room, he reported to the judge: "Your honor, Mr. Suson is looking at a chicken-fight, and says that all the judges in the State can't bring him away."

Immediately a change came over the judge's feelings and expression, and in a mild but earnest and clearly heard voice he asked: "If it's true, sheriff, that the cock-fight is now a-going on?"

"It is your honor," replied the sheriff.

"Well, gentlemen," said the judge, addressing the jury and lawyers, "I very much desire to witness that fight myself. The court is adjourned for half an hour."—*Harper's Magazine.*

ENGAGED YOUNG MEN.

A Jeweler's Clerk Tells How They Select Their Rings.

"It's funny to see the different ways in which various men select engagement rings, and when a man comes in here for that purpose every clerk in the store can recognize the fact at once. Of course he has only come in to look at some watches or a pair of sleeve buttons, but the very manner in which he avoids the ring case betrays him at once. After a few minutes, when he feels a little more at his ease, he usually takes the clerk into his confidence and asks to be shown some solitaires. If it's his first venture and he doesn't feel quite sure of his ground he will even go so far as to ask if solitaires aren't sometimes used as engagement rings. The clerk's answer usually removes the last vestige of doubt, and then the purchase shrows aside all reserve and selects from the assortment before him the ring which strikes the happy medium between the depth of his affections and of his pocket.

"Other men, again, walk in with the news just beaming from all over them. 'Engaged' is visible from the top of their heads to the soles of their feet. The purchaser of this class makes no secret of his errand, and usually depends on his way rejoicing in a very short time.

"From all indications I should say that this year will see any number of weddings. For the last month we have averaged three engagement rings a day."—*Jewelers' Weekly.*

Harness Shop.—C. F. Brown.

Whips Given Away Free.

COME **F**ARMERS, **B**UY **R**IGHT **O**FF, **W**AIT **N**OT

Harness Manufacturer, announces to the

Farmers and others that he has a very large variety of Harness, Trunks, Traveling Bags, Curry Combs, Brushes, Horse

Blankets, Gloves, Mittens, Lashes, Halters, Etc., Etc.

The Best Assortment and Largest Line of

Robes in the city at UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES.

Also remember that I carry a line of

OVERALLS and PANTS on which I can save you some money. When in need of a

Whip don't fail to call on me, I carry a larger stock of them than all other dealers in Mason combined.

Nice Campaign Whip free with every Robe or pair of Horse Blankets worth $6.00 or over sold for cash prior to Nov. 15, 1888.

{The Best Bargains on Gloves and Mittens in the County. Prices Below the Lowest.} 1557ly C. F. BROWN, Mason.

Hardware.—S. H. Beecher.

BUILDERS! FARMERS!! HOUSEKEEPERS!!!

THIS WILL INTEREST U.

I have decided to change my business. Have rented a store in Detroit and must close out this stock of Hardware at once. Any who need Builders' Hardware, Stoves---Coal, Gasoline, Cook or Heaters---or anything in the Hardware line, now is your time to buy them at cost prices for *Cash.*

S. H. BEECHER.

A HARD NUT TO CRACK—
Which is the best SOAP?

The thousands of good housekeepers who have tried it say SANTA CLAUS SOAP is the BEST for ALL household purposes. It Saves MONEY, TIME and LABOR.

Ask your dealer to order for you, either the 5/A Boss Stable, or one of the following 5/A Horse Blankets:

5/A

5/A Five Mile. Five Five Miles of Warp Thread.

5/A Electric. Just the thing for Out-Door Use.

5/A Extra Test. Something New, Very Strong.

30 other styles

At prices to suit everybody.

[Copyrighted 1888, by Wm. Ayers & Sons.]

Our Next President

TO THE PUBLIC:

WE SUBMIT OUR FORMULA for your kind consideration. It is not a peculiar remedy put up to sell for a cent a dose. We challenge the world to produce a medicine equal to it in health and strength. The combination makes it the greatest

Blood Medicine IN THE WORLD.

CASCARA SAGRADA. As a laxative it will restore the muscle to their normal condition without pain or griping, and has remarkable virtue in the treatment of habitual constipation, indigestion, and as a tonic for the stomach it has no rival, as used in this syrup.

BLACK COHOSH, as used in this syrup, is a powerful and speedy remedy, and controls all forms of nervous system, kidneys and uterine organs.

JUNIPER BERRY, in all diseases of women it stands first and foremost as a tonic and regulator, is value cannot be overestimated in kidney troubles.

TAMARACK is tonic, diuretic, alterative and laxative.

IN ADDITION to the ABOVE, which are everywhere recognized by the MEDICAL FACULTY as being the best known Blood Tonics, our medicine contains RARE Medicinal Barks, Roots and Herbs, which are

Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup

UNRIVALED in merit. It is a Safe Family Medicine, because it contains no poison or opiates. Children, invalids and delicate persons will find it the best medicine and tonic they can use. No home should be without it. Always in season, *Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter.*

If you cannot procure it of your druggist, send direct to us. Price, $1 per bottle; $5.00. Plasters 25c.

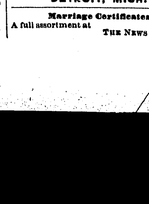
TESTIMONIALS WORTHY OF CONFIDENCE.

My daughter Maud has used Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and Plasters, which you so strongly recommended her to try for inflammatory rheumatism. Her limbs were badly swollen, and the poor girl was in terrible agony, in the midst of the pain we wound the Plasters about her limbs, and the result the swelling was greatly reduced, became cool and natural, the agony corrected her indigestion disappeared, the rheumatic poisons from her blood, and she is now able to be around the house. Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and Plasters are remedies of great merit. Rev. J. Rogers,
Pastor First M. E. Church, Fremont, Mich.

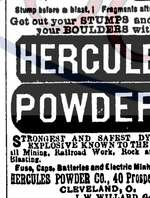
ALTON, Mich., Dec. 29, 1887.—While employed as a brakeman on the Chicago & Alton Railroad Company at Augusta, Michigan, I was taken down with kidney disease, and for three months suffered untold misery. I have consulted the leading physicians of this city and Ann Arbor, and all pronounced my case Bright's disease. Suffering under a very severe attack in October last, began taking Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup, and am today a well man. It affords me pleasure to render suffering humanity any good that I can, and in speaking of the remedy allow me to say that I think it the greatest medicine in the the world. E. Lanzinger, Agent M. C. R. R.

A SURE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

I forget to ask for a 5/A Horse Blanket. Just look at my blanket, now.



"I buy the 5/A Boss Stable Blanket, and always look for this 5/A Trade Mark sewed inside."



Stump before a blast. | Fragments after a blast. Get out your STUMPS and rock and break your BOULDERS with

HERCULES POWDER

STRONGEST AND SAFEST DYNAMITE EXPLOSIVE KNOWN TO THE ARTS for all Mining, Railroad Work, Rock and Stump Blasting.

Fuse, Caps, Batteries and Electric Mining Goods.

HERCULES POWDER CO., 40 Prospect Street, CLEVELAND, O.
H. W. WILLARD, Gen'l Man'r.

For Sale by DuBOIS & EARLE, Mason, Mich.

OYSTERS AND FRUITS

Try our "D. & V." Standard or Select Brands of Oysters.

Jersey Sweet Potatoes; Fincast Fancy Catsup (the finest made); City of Straits Codfish (cut from the largest and genuine Cod); all classes of Small Fruits and Vegetables; best brands of Canned Goods; Nuts (assorted or separate); Bulk and Shell Oysters; our full lines of

Cut Fruits, Vegetables, Fish, Meats, Finest Florida Oranges, Lemons, Etc., Etc., Are Everywhere.

DWYER & VHAY,
Wholesale Oyster and Fruit Dealers,
DETROIT, MICH.

Marriage Certificates
A full assortment at THE NEWS OFFICE.

MASON MARKETS.

Carefully Corrected Up to Thursday Morning of Each Week.

GRAIN.	
WHEAT, No. 1, white	@1 00
WHEAT, No. 2, white	@ 95
WHEAT, No. 2, red	@1 00
WHEAT, rejected	@ 85
CORN, in the ear, per bushel (new)	@ 25
OATS, per bushel	@ 24
CLOVER SEED, per bushel	@5 00
TIMOTHY SEED, per bushel	@2 25
MISCELLANEOUS.	
SALT, Saginaw, per barrel	@1 00
BEANS, unpicked, per bushel	@1 00
POTATOES, per bushel	@ 30
EGGS, fresh, per dozen	@ 20
LARD, per pound	@ 9
BUTTER, per pound	@ 18
APPLES, dried, per pound	@ 3
CHERRIES, dried, per pound	@ 10
PEACHES, dried, per pound	10@ 12
ONIONS, per bushel	50@ 60
AGRICULTURAL SALT, per ton	@6 00
LAND PLASTER, per ton	5 50@6 00
LIVE STOCK AND MEATS.	
CATTLE, per 100 pounds	2 50@3 50
HOGS, per 100 pounds	4 50@4 75
PORK, dressed, per 100 pounds	6 00@6 50
HAMS, per pound	@ 10
CHICKENS, per pound, dressed	@ 8
CHICKENS, per pound, alive	@ 6
TURKEYS, per pound, alive	@ 6
DUCKS, per pound, alive	@ 5
DUCKS, per pound, dressed	@ 8
BUILDING MATERIAL.	
WATER LIME, per barrel	@1 50
CALCINED PLASTER, per barrel	2 25@2 50
LIME, per barrel	@ 80
PLASTERING HAIR, per bushel	@ 35
SHINGLES, per thousand	1 75@4 00
LATH, per M feet	4 00@5 00

Ingham County News

Entered at the Postoffice at Mason as Second-class matter.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY, BY
J. A. MAY.

TERMS:
One year, $1.50; six months, 75 cents; three months, 40 cents—in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Our advertising rates made known at office.
Business cards $5 a line per year.
Business locals five cents per line each and every insertion.
Marriage, birth, and death notices free.
Obituary notices, resolutions of respect, cards of thanks, etc., five cents a line.

THE NEWS JOB ROOM

Is supplied with the best machinery that money can buy, fitted for steam power, a large assortment of the latest styles of Type, Borders, etc., enabling us to do Job Printing on short notice, at low prices, and in the

BEST POSSIBLE MANNER!

We do as good work as can be obtained anywhere, and parties in need of commercial or fancy Job Printing of any description are requested to call, examine styles, and obtain prices before placing their orders.

We Guarantee Perfect Satisfaction.

Business Cards.

ATTORNEYS.

J. T. CAMPBELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, CONVEYANCING and collections a specialty. Mason, Mich.

ELMER S. ADAMS. EDWIN N. BROWN.
ADAMS & BROWN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT law. Office over Farmers' Bank, Mason.

GEO. H. HUNTINGTON. GEO. P. DAY.
HUNTINGTON & DAY,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT law. Office over First National bank, Mason, Mich.

L. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW. OFFICE in Rayner block over City Bakery.

PHYSICIANS.

S. H. CULVER, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. OFFICE over L. C. Webb's Clothing Store, Mason, Michigan.

J. S. DODGE, M. D., HOMEOPATHIST. Office in Darrow Block, up stairs. Residence first door east of Presbyterian church.

W. W. ROOT, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. OFFICE hours from one to three and from six to seven P. M.

A. S. CAMPBELL, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. OFFICE over H. M. Williams' drug store, Mason.

D. A. LOCKE, M. D., HOMEOPATHIST. Office over Huntington's Shoe Store.

Mason Business Directory.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FARMERS' MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF INGham county. Office, Court-house. For information write to O. F. Miller, secretary, Mason. H. J. Hollis, President, Mason.

JEWELERS.

ELIAS CULVER, dealer in watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware, etc. Repairing done.

A. P. DRAKE,
DEPUTY COUNTY SURVEYOR, Mason, Mich. Farm work a specialty.

MARSHALL & CASTERLIN,
LOAN, COLLECTION, INSURANCE AND Real Estate Agents. Office over Stroud & Co.'s Furniture store Mason, Mich.

DENTIST.

Teeth Without Plates.
They will not Drop or get Loose.
Roots that have lost their crowns restored. The finest artificial Crowns and Bridges. Latest improved methods in Dentistry.
Wm. N. Moffett, Dentist.
Mason, Mich.

FIRST-CLASS TEETH $6.00. TEETH EXtracted without pain with Vitalized Air or Nitrous Oxide Gas. Teeth filled and fitted at Dr. Gregg's. Residence west of R. R., Columbia St., Mason. All work warranted.

J. A. BARNES, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Insurance and Collecting Agent. Office over Farmers' Bank, Mason, Mich.

MONEY TO LOAN, BY THE REAL ESTate Agent, JOHN DUNSBACK.

CLARK HOUSE, Wm. H. Clark, proprietor. Best one dollar a day House in the city.

J. M. DRESSER loans money, buys notes, and makes collections; also fire insurance agent. Office in Farmers' bank.

CITY BAKERY.—FRESH BREAD, PIES and cakes, Mason, Mich.

C. F. BROWN, manufacturer and dealer in harness, saddles, whips, robes, trunks, etc., etc.

BEECH & SON, proprietors of the Mason foundry. Castings and Repairing.

L. C. WEBB, exclusive dealer in clothing and gents' furnishing goods, Mason.

DUBOIS & EARLE, DEALERS IN HEAVY and shelf Hardware, Mason.

New Advertisements This Week.

Finzer & Bros. ad.—N. W. Ayer & Son.
Boots and Shoes—Brown Bros.
Carriages—L. Frank Clark.
Groceries—Hunt & Trim.

To Teachers—County of Ingham.
Boots and Shoes—C. G. Huntington.
Auction—L. D. Backus.
Wanted—J. T. Campbell.

NEWS NOTES.

A few more pair of those cheap felt boots left at Huntington's.

Mothers and Fathers, clothe your boys at L. C. Webb's, The Clothier's.

COMING.

The cold, bleak winds of winter
Will soon sweep o'er the plains,—
Among the trees bereft of leaves,
And surging on the mains;
The homes now bare will need more care,
The purse will need more gains.

What speaks the heart of charity?
Will that unfold its waves?
Or will it let life's agony
Moan o'er countless graves?
Or will it on the good and true?
"Do unto me as I to you."

If life were but a bubble,
Then it might quickly break;
But something brighter seems beyond—
A heavenly port to make.
Now, if the sails swing to the gales,
Joy will be heard instead of wails.
—Milton Ryan.

Special sale at A. L. Vandercook's next Saturday.

A special sale on felt boots and shoes at Huntington's.

Charlie Underwood is quite sick with fever.

Jo. Hall is in very poor health.

Clarke Owen took down his hickory pole last Monday.

Joseph H. Spears of Williamston was recently pensioned.

York state buckwheat flour at Leverett & Son's feed store.

Curtis Z. Pratt of Lansing had his pension increased last week.

House to rent in second ward. Inquire of A. P. Drake's office.

Those old time prints at 7c. are going rapidly at Ball & Sherman's.

Now is the time to get your felt boots *cheap* at Huntington's.

Queen Esther at the opera house Thursday and Friday evenings.

The State senate will be composed of 21 democrats and 21 republicans.

The largest Clothing House in the county. L. C. Webb, The Clothier.

Fur Beaver Overcoats in the latest styles at L. C. Webb's, The Clothier's.

Ball & Sherman are sole agents for cloaks manufactured from the Walker plush.

Mrs. P. M. Ellsworth of the second ward is quite sick with fever and lung trouble.

Now is the time to buy a ladies' $3.00 bright Dongola shoe for $2.50 at Huntington's.

The best ten-dollar woolen suits in the world at

L. C. Webb's, The Clothier's.

Hunt & Trim will open their new grocery store next Saturday. Examine their goods.

The M. C. R. R. will add two trains each way between Lansing and Jackson next week.

Harriet W., mother of Theodore Miller of Leslie, received a widow's pension recently.

The next house in the State legislature will be composed of 27 democrats and 43 republicans.

Mrs. Frank Keith of the second ward has been very sick the past week but is reported better.

Take your Farm Produce to C. A. Bennett's warerooms, two blocks north of Maple st. He pays cash.

The Y. L. F. M. S. will give a pie social at the M. E. church parlors, on Wednesday evening, Nov. 21 1888.

Those velvet shawls at $3.00 are corkers, the trade appreciate them, you will find them only at Ball & Sherman's.

Evangelist G. W. Brown of New York State is expected to commence revival meetings at the Baptist church Dec. 2.

The amendment relative to circuit court was lost by 112 votes and also the amendment relative to the banking law was lost by 307 votes.

Married—On Wednesday, Nov. 7th, at Aurelius, John R. Weaver and Flora E. Morgan, both of Leslie, by Justice J. H. Weatherwax.

We can't wait longer. All indebted to us must pay, or we shall place all accounts for collection unless we hear from you. Brown Bros.

All Sons of Veterans are requested to meet at the G. A. R. hall next Tuesday evening for the nomination of officers for the coming year.

Several knights from Mason lodge attended work in the second rank by Gauntlet lodge No. 42 Knights of Pythias of Lansing last evening.

Charlie Burrows, drummer for the North American band, was struck near the eye by a ball of fire from a Roman candle and quite badly hurt last Saturday night.

Mr. Pease has an excellent voice and knows well how to use it, he is also one of the best directors in the whole country, and this beautiful operatta will be well rendered.

The proprietors of the different meat markets in this city have decided not to open up on Sunday morning any more. So you will please remember and buy your meat Saturday evening.

PERSONALS.

E. L. Harmon of Charlotte visited friends in Mason last Saturday.

Charlie Henderson spent last Sunday and part of this week in Detroit.

Miss Eva J. Akers of Williamston is visiting friends in Mason this week.

Misses Belle Woodhouse and Sula Tubbs are the new clerks at Ford & Kirby's.

Mrs. McDerby and her son, Carl, visited her sister, Miss Clara Bullen, over Sunday.

Miss Cannon of Williamston has been visiting her brother, J. C. Cannon, this week.

Mrs. C. D. Clough of Thompkins, Jackson county, visited friends in Mason last week.

Mrs. C. P. Palmer of Napoleon, Jackson county, is visiting the family of Justice Rice this week.

J. A. Patrick left Mason last Friday for a visit in Wayne and St. Clair counties, he will be gone about two months.

O. F. Colgrove, now of Napoleon formerly of Vevay, spent a part of this week with A. N. Austin who lives on his old farm.

Miss Sophie Wigh, and her niece, Miss Carrie Cook, of Bay City, have been visiting Mrs. E. B. Caple during the past week.

Earnest Bullen of Aurelius is doing typewriting for Avery & Brown and reviewing certain studies in school preparatory to teaching.

John Cavender, for many years in the employ of A. J. Barber, has left him and next week will commence work for C. C. Eaton, in his grain elevator.

Rev. Mrs. DeLamarter, president of the W. F. M. S. of the Lansing district, attended their annual meeting at Ovid last week, and reports that the gathering was largely attended and very enthusiastic.

Don't Fail to Call

And pay that bill *you owe* me, for I *must* have it. C. G. Huntington.

Special sale at A. L. Vandercook's next Saturday.

A special sale on felt boots and shoes at Huntington's.

The Mary Ann Gunn house for sale. Inquire of O. W. Halstead.

A full line of women's felt and warm shoes at Huntington's.

Special Sales every week day at L. C. Webb's, The Clothier's.

Don't miss getting a ticket for the prize drawing at Ball & Sherman's.

If you wish to listen to a fine entertainment attend the operatta to-night.

My store is packed full of choice clothing for men, boys and children. L. C. Webb, The Clothier.

Don't forget that Huntington still keeps a full line of ladies' $2.00 shoes, the same as other dealers charge you $2.50 for.

We shall sell you goods at bottom prices and give you a chance on the beautiful Range shown in our window. Ball & Sherman.

Farmers, take your Lard, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Dried Apples, etc., to C. A. Bennett. He always pays the highest market price in cash.

The cantata of Queen Esther will be given at the opera house this evening and will be repeated to-morrow evening, under the direction of Prof. W. M. Pease.

The many friends of the family will be pleased to know that Master Evert Clark is rapidly convalescing from his late illness, and will be able to enter school next week.

There will be no services at the Baptist church next Sunday morning, but the Sunday school will convene as usual. The Young People's Society will conduct a Bible and song service in the evening.

James W. Hayes of Wheatfield will sell all his stock, farm implements, grain and household furniture at public auction on Tuesday, Nov. 20th, at one o'clock P. M. at his farm one mile south of Pollok school house.

The M. C. R. R. will sell excursion tickets to Chicago Nov. 16, 19, 21 and 23, at one and one-third fare for round trip with 50c. added for admission to fat stock show. Tickets good four days from date of sale for return. M. J. Murray, Agent.

Rev. E. B. Moody left Mason yesterday morning for Detroit, where he will attend the convention of christian workers. He will return by way of Quincy, where he has been called to officiate at the marriage of the daughter of Representative VanOrthwick of that place. This necessitates his absence from the pulpit next Sunday.

INGHAM COUNTY CANVASSERS.

The county canvassing board met in this city last Tuesday and Wednesday, made D. K. Fuller of Lansing chairman and proceeded to made the official count.

Below we give the number of votes cast by the republicans, democrats, prohibitionists and union labor men in this county and lastly we give the plurality of the democratic nominees:

	Plu.
Electors—Democratic	4762—235
Republican	4527
Prohibition	507
Union Labor	113
Governor—Burt	4767—176
Luce	4591
Cheney	493
Mills	108
Congressman—Barnes	5104—793
Brewer	4311
Root	458
Potter	79
State Senator—Shank	4879—409
Holbrook	4470
Bryan	492
Haines	110
Representative 1st Dist.—Ferguson	2521—308
Lapham	2213
Daniels	240
Carrier	41
Representative 2d Dist.—Pitch	2410—120
Henderson	2271
Wood	196
Bolfe	45
Judge of Probate—Smith	4763—109
Bingham	4567
Hasty	491
Gunn	105
Sheriff—Paddock	4780—179
Call	4601
Snook	476
Vanluven	109
County Clerk—House	4754—171
Avery	4583
Hoyt	498
Abbatter	112
Register of Deeds—Hardy	4851—337
Robson	4514
Forbes	469
Irish	111
County Treasurer—Longyear	4927—290
Baker	4537
Rathburn	490
Haines	103
Prosecuting Attorney—Day	4742—111
Hammond	4631
Clark	480
Circuit Court Com'rs—Dolan	4744—214
Homans	4812—247
Wattle	4530
York	4595
Spross	122
Shafer	118
County Surveyor—McCreary	4791—253
Drake	4538
Bateman	514
Daniels	111
Coroners—Bennett	4862—338
Curry	4801—280
Tuttle	4505
Switzgable	4521
Magoon	512
Shoesmith	511
Laycock	517
Fuller	113

Wanted

That book account that you owe *me* and should have paid long ago.
1548tf C. G. Huntington.

Special sale at A. L. Vandercook's next Saturday.

A special sale on felt boots and shoes at Huntington's.

York state buckwheat flour at Leverett & Son's feed store.

Young Men, come and see the stylish clothing. L. C. Webb, The Clothier.

Buffalo and Wolf Robes, Lap Robes and Horse Blankets at

L. C. Webb's, The Clothier's.

Herbert Bates presented us with some samples of parsnips last week, which measure three feet and four inches in length. They were raised on a farm in Wheatfield, owned by Mrs. E. A. Bates.

Last Monday a ticket was brought to this office, which was marked at the head Union Labor, but following the name came the whole list of democratic nominees. About 400 of them were voted up in Huron and Sanilac counties. This shows to what an extent democratic trickery was carried during the election just passed.

C. R. Backus will sell at his residence four miles north and two miles east of Dansville on Wednesday, Nov. 21, at ten o'clock A. M. the following property: Six head of horses, twenty-two head of thoroughbred short-horns, fourteen fine-wool bucks, twenty-seven fine-wool ewes, one single open buggy, one top buggy, one Royce reaper and many other articles too numerous to mention. One year's time will be given on all sums over five dollars on good approved notes at 7 per cent. Interest.

Mrs. Wilks, who has been doing missionary work for the past four years in Africa, spoke to a very large audience at the M. E. church last Sunday evening. She described her trip into Africa after she had crossed the ocean, told of the customs of the natives and described their work as missionaries. Her little colored girl, Kendall, sang for the audience in both English and her own dialect. She is only 5 years old and could scarcely be heard. At the close of the exercises she exhibited many novelties made by the natives, the entertainment was full of interest.

A GREAT TIME.

Notwithstanding the fact that last Saturday proved to be a dark, rainy, cloudy day, before night it was plainly to be seen that many people from the country were here waiting to witness the great republican demonstration. Toward evening the rain ceased to fall, the clouds broke away, and although the mud was ankle deep in the streets, the evening was better for the occasion than any one had expected.

Before seven o'clock came, three-fourths of the business places and residences in the city were decorated with flags and and lights, many of them back of red, white and blue paper, while others were made in the form of transparencies, showing the name of Harrison.

The cornet bands from Danaville and North Aurel