BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Order Instituting Rulemaking to Oversee the Resource Adequacy Program, Consider Program Refinements, and Establish Annual Local Procurement Obligations.

Rulemaking 11-10-023 (Filed October 27, 2011)

CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION SUBMISSION OF 2013 LOCAL CAPACITY TECHNICAL ANALYSIS FINAL REPORT AND STUDY RESULTS

The California Independent System Operator Corporation respectfully submits

the ISO's 2013 Local Capacity Technical Analysis Final Report and Study Results

(2013 LCR Study) in accordance with the Order Instituting Rulemaking issued on

October 27, 2011.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Beth Ann Burns

Nancy Saracino General Counsel Anthony Ivancovich Assistant General Counsel Beth Ann Burns Senior Counsel California Independent System Operator Corporation 250 Outcropping Way Folsom California 95630 Tel. (916) 351-4400 Fax. (916) 608-7222 Email: bburns@caiso.com

Date: April 30, 2012

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Order Instituting Rulemaking to Oversee the Resource Adequacy Program, Consider Program Refinements, and Establish Annual Local Procurement Obligations.

Rulemaking 09-10-032 (Filed October 29, 2009)

CALIFORNIA INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR CORPORATION NOTICE OF AVAILABILITY OF 2013 LOCAL CAPACITY TECHNICAL ANALYSIS FINAL REPORT AND STUDY RESULTS

In accordance with Rule 1.9(c) of the Commission's Rules of Practice, and the Order Instituting Rulemaking issued on October 27, 2011, the California Independent System Operator Corporation respectfully serves this notice informing parties of the availability of the ISO's 2013 Local Capacity Technical Analysis Final Report And Study Results ("2013 LCR Study"). Because the 2013 LCR Study exceeds 50 pages, the ISO is serving this notice of availability in lieu of the document.

The 2013 LCR Study, filed with the Commission on April 30, 2012, is available

on the ISO's website at:

http://www.caiso.com/Documents/Final2013LocalCapacityTechnicalStudyReport

Apr30_2012.pdf

In addition, consistent with Rule 1.9, a copy of the document may be requested

by telephone at 916-351-2212 or by email at <u>apascusso@caiso.com</u>.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Beth Ann Burns

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Date: April 30, 2012



2013 LOCAL CAPACITY TECHNICAL ANALYSIS

FINAL REPORT AND STUDY RESULTS

April 30, 2012

Local Capacity Technical Study Overview and Results

II. Executive Summary

This Report documents the results and recommendations of the 2013 Local Capacity Technical (LCT) Study. The LCT Study assumptions, processes, and criteria were discussed and recommended through the 2013 Local Capacity Technical Study Criteria, Methodology and Assumptions Stakeholder Meeting held on November 10, 2011. On balance, the assumptions, processes, and criteria used for the 2013 LCT Study mirror those used in the 2007-2012 LCT Studies, which were previously discussed and recommended through the LCT Study Advisory Group ("LSAG")¹, an advisory group formed by the CAISO to assist the CAISO in its preparation for performing prior LCT Studies.

The 2013 LCT study results are provided to the CPUC for consideration in its 2013 resource adequacy requirements program. These results will also be used by the CAISO as "Local Capacity Requirements" or "LCR" (minimum quantity of local capacity necessary to meet the LCR criteria) and for assisting in the allocation of costs of any CAISO procurement of capacity needed to achieve the Reliability Standards notwithstanding the resource adequacy procurement of Load Serving Entities (LSEs).²

Please note that these studies assume that SONGS will be fully operational in 2013. At the time this study was completed, SONGS was on an extended forced outage and the expected date that it would return to service was unknown. The ISO will continue to monitor the status of SONGS and reassess the 2013 LCR values, as needed.

¹ The LSAG consists of a representative cross-section of stakeholders, technically qualified to assess the issues related to the study assumptions, process and criteria of the existing LCT Study methodology and to recommend changes, where needed.

² For information regarding the conditions under which the CAISO may engage in procurement of local capacity and the allocation of the costs of such procurement, please see Sections 41 and 43 of the current CAISO Tariff, at: <u>http://www.caiso.com/238a/238acd24167f0.html</u>.

Below is a comparison of the 2013 vs. 2012 total LCR:

| | Quali | ifying Ca | apacity | Category B | | | 2013 LCR Need Based on Category C with operating procedure | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--|----------------|---------------|
| Local Area Name | QF/ Muni (MW) | Market (MW) | Total (MW) | Existing Capacity Needed | Deficien cy | Total (MW) | Existing Capacity Needed** | Deficien cy | Total (MW) |
| Humboldt | 55 | 162 | 217 | 143 | 0 | 143 | 190 | 22* | 212 |
| North Coast / North Bay | 130 | 739 | 869 | 629 | 0 | 629 | 629 | 0 | 629 |
| Sierra | 1274 | 765 | 2039 | 1408 | 0 | 1408 | 1712 | 218* | 1930 |
| Stockton | 216 | 404 | 620 | 242 | 0 | 242 | 413 | 154* | 567 |
| Greater Bay | 1368 | 6296 | 7664 | 3479 | 0 | 3479 | 4502 | 0 | 4502 |
| Greater Fresno | 314 | 2503 | 2817 | 1786 | 0 | 1786 | 1786 | 0 | 1786 |
| Kern | 684 | 0 | 684 | 295 | 0 | 295 | 483 | 42* | 525 |
| LA Basin | 4452 | 8675 | 13127 | 10295 | 0 | 10295 | 10295 | 0 | 10295 |
| Big Creek/ Ventura | 1179 | 4097 | 5276 | 2161 | 0 | 2161 | 2241 | 0 | 2241 |
| San Diego/ Imperial Valley | 158 | 3991 | 4149 | 2938 | 0 | 2938 | 2938 | 144* | 3082 |
| Total | 9830 | 27632 | 37462 | 23376 | 0 | 23376 | 25189 | 580 | 25769 |

2012 Local Capacity Requirements

| | Qualifying Capacity | | | 2012 LCR Need Based on Category B | | | 2012 LCR Need Based on Category C with operating procedure | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--|----------------|---------------|
| Local Area Name | QF/ Muni (MW) | Market (MW) | Total (MW) | Existing Capacity Needed | Deficien cy | Total (MW) | Existing Capacity Needed** | Deficien cy | Total (MW) |
| Humboldt | 54 | 168 | 222 | 159 | 0 | 159 | 190 | 22* | 212 |
| North Coast / North Bay | 131 | 728 | 859 | 613 | 0 | 613 | 613 | 0 | 613 |
| Sierra | 1277 | 760 | 2037 | 1489 | 36* | 1525 | 1685 | 289* | 1974 |
| Stockton | 246 | 259 | 505 | 145 | 0 | 145 | 389 | 178* | 567 |
| Greater Bay | 1312 | 5276 | 6588 | 3647 | 0 | 3647 | 4278 | 0 | 4278 |
| Greater Fresno | 356 | 2414 | 2770 | 1873 | 0 | 1873 | 1899 | 8* | 1907 |
| Kern | 602 | 9 | 611 | 180 | 0 | 180 | 297 | 28* | 325 |
| LA Basin | 4029 | 8054 | 12083 | 10865 | 0 | 10865 | 10865 | 0 | 10865 |
| Big Creek/ Ventura | 1191 | 4041 | 5232 | 3093 | 0 | 3093 | 3093 | 0 | 3093 |
| San Diego | 162 | 2925 | 3087 | 2849 | 0 | 2849 | 2849 | 95* | 2944 |
| Total | 9360 | 24634 | 33994 | 24913 | 36 | 24949 | 26158 | 620 | 26778 |

* No local area is "overall deficient". Resource deficiency values result from a few deficient sub-areas; and since there are no resources that can mitigate this deficiency the numbers are carried forward into the total area needs. Resource deficient sub-area implies that in order to comply with the criteria, at summer peak, load may be shed immediately after the first contingency.

** Since "deficiency" cannot be mitigated by any available resource, the "Existing Capacity Needed" will be split among LSEs on a load share ratio during the assignment of local area resource responsibility.

Overall, the LCR needs have decreased by more than 1000 MW or about 4% from 2012 to 2013. The LCR needs have decreased in the following areas: Sierra, Fresno and LA Basin due to downward trend for load; Big Creek/Ventura due to downward trend for load, new transmission projects as well as load allocation change among substations. The LCR needs are steady in Humboldt and Stockton. The LCR needs have slightly increased in North Coast/North Bay, Bay Area and Kern due to load growth; San Diego due to load growth as well as deficiency increase in two small subareas however the total resource capacity needed for San Diego decreased slightly mainly due to changes to the WECC Regional Criteria³ related to the definition of adjacent circuits resulting in the performance requirements for the simultaneous loss of the Sunrise Power Link and South West Power Link being classified as Category D as to compared to a category C event as well as elimination of WECC 1000 MW path rating on Sunrise Power Link. However, over the longer-term, there are expected LCR deficiencies in San Diego area due to the 2017 OTC compliance date for the Encina power plant and to the most restrictive contingency for this area limiting the pool of resources (qualifying capacity) effective in addressing the local area needs. Furthermore the San Diego local area has been expanded to include the Imperial Valley substation because the newly formed local area has higher requirements than the existing San Diego local area alone. The write-up for each Local Capacity Area lists important new projects included in the base cases as well as a description of reason for changes between 2013 and 2012 LCRs.

The ISO has undertaken an LCR assessment of the Valley Electric service area. There are no LCR needs in this new local area due to unavailability of local resources; however there are two constraints that may require local area resources in the future. Detailed results can be found in the Valley Electric section at the end of this report.

³ TPL-001-WECC-CRT-2 System Performance Criterion – Effective April 1 2012

The ISO has undertaken a non-summer season LCR assessment of the San Diego area at stakeholder request. These results are for information purposes only and they will not be used to alter the 2013 LSE local resource allocation. The LSE local resource allocation is done based on the summer peak study as required by the ISO Tariff. Detailed results can be found at the end of the San Diego - Imperial Valley area section in this report.

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III. Study Overview: Inputs, Outputs and Options

A. Objectives

As was the objective of the five previous annual LCT Studies, the intent of the 2013 LCT Study is to identify specific areas within the CAISO Balancing Authority Area that have limited import capability and determine the minimum generation capacity (MW) necessary to mitigate the local reliability problems in those areas.

B. Key Study Assumptions

1. Inputs and Methodology

The CAISO incorporated into its 2013 LCT study the same criteria, input assumptions and methodology that were incorporated into its previous years LCR studies. These inputs, assumptions and methodology were discussed and agreed to by stakeholders at the 2013 LCT Study Criteria, Methodology and Assumptions Stakeholder Meeting held on November 10, 2011.

The following table sets forth a summary of the approved inputs and methodology that have been used in the previous LCT studies as well as this 2013 LCT Study:

| Issue: | How are they incorporated into this LCT study: |
|--|---|
| Input Assumptions: | |
| Transmission System Configuration | The existing transmission system has been modeled, including all projects operational on or before June 1, of the study year and all other feasible operational solutions brought forth by the PTOs and as agreed to by the CAISO. |
| Generation Modeled | The existing generation resources has been modeled and also includes all projects that will be on-line and commercial on or before June 1, of the study year |
| Load Forecast | Uses a 1-in-10 year summer peak load forecast |
| Methodology: | |
| Maximize Import Capability | Import capability into the load pocket has been maximized, thus minimizing the generation required in the load pocket to meet applicable reliability requirements. |
| QF/Nuclear/State/Federal Units | Regulatory Must-take and similarly situated units like QF/Nuclear/State/Federal resources have been modeled on-line at qualifying capacity output values for purposes of this LCT Study. |
| Maintaining Path Flows | Path flows have been maintained below all established path ratings into the load pockets, including the 500 kV. For clarification, given the existing transmission system configuration, the only 500 kV path that flows directly into a load pocket and will, therefore, be considered in this LCR Study is the South of Lugo transfer path flowing into the LA Basin. |
| Performance Criteria: | |
| Performance Level B & C, including incorporation of PTO operational solutions | This LCT Study is being published based on Performance Level B and Performance Level C criterion, yielding the low and high range LCR scenarios. In addition, the CAISO will incorporate all new projects and other feasible and CAISO-approved operational solutions brought forth by the PTOs that can be operational on or before June 1, of the study year. Any such solutions that can reduce the need for procurement to meet the Performance Level C criteria will be incorporated into the LCT Study. |
| Load Pocket: | |
| Fixed Boundary, including limited reference to published effectiveness factors | This LCT Study has been produced based on load pockets defined by a fixed boundary. The CAISO only publishes effectiveness factors where they are useful in facilitating procurement where excess capacity exists within a load pocket. |

Summary Table of Inputs and Methodology Used in this LCT Study:

Further details regarding the 2013 LCT Study methodology and assumptions are provided in Section III, below.

C. Grid Reliability

Service reliability builds from grid reliability because grid reliability is reflected in the Reliability Standards of the North American Electric Reliability Council (NERC) and the Western Electricity Coordinating Council ("WECC") Regional Criteria (collectively "Reliability Standards"). The Reliability Standards apply to the interconnected electric system in the United States and are intended to address the reality that within an integrated network, whatever one Balancing Authority Area does can affect the reliability of other Balancing Authority Areas. Consistent with the mandatory nature of the Reliability Standards, the CAISO is under a statutory obligation to ensure efficient use and reliable operation of the transmission grid consistent with achievement of the Reliability Standards.⁴ The CAISO is further under an obligation, pursuant to its FERCapproved Transmission Control Agreement, to secure compliance with all "Applicable Reliability Criteria." Applicable Reliability Criteria consists of the Reliability Standards as well as reliability criteria adopted by the CAISO (Grid Planning Standards).

The Reliability Standards define reliability on interconnected electric systems using the terms "adequacy" and "security." "Adequacy" is the ability of the electric systems to supply the aggregate electrical demand and energy requirements of their customers at all times, taking into account physical characteristics of the transmission system such as transmission ratings and scheduled and reasonably expected unscheduled outages of system elements. "Security" is the ability of the electric systems to withstand sudden disturbances such as electric short circuits or unanticipated loss of system elements. The Reliability Standards are organized by Performance Categories. Certain categories require that the grid operator not only ensure that grid integrity is maintained under certain adverse system conditions (e.g., security), but also that all customers continue to receive electric supply to meet demand (e.g., adequacy). In that case, grid reliability and service reliability would overlap. But there are other levels of performance where security can be maintained without ensuring adequacy.

⁴ Pub. Utilities Code § 345

D. Application of N-1, N-1-1, and N-2 Criteria

The CAISO will maintain the system in a safe operating mode at all times. This obligation translates into respecting the Reliability Criteria at all times, for example during normal operating conditions Category A (N-0) the CAISO must protect for all single contingencies Category B (N-1) and common mode Category C5 (N-2) double line outages. Also, after a single contingency, the CAISO must re-adjust the system to support the loss of the next most stringent contingency. This is referred to as the N-1-1 condition.

The N-1-1 vs N-2 terminology was introduced only as a mere temporal differentiation between two existing NERC Category C events. N-1-1 represents NERC Category C3 ("category B contingency, manual system adjustment, followed by another category B contingency"). The N-2 represents NERC Category C5 ("any two circuits of a multiple circuit tower line") as well as requirement R1.1 of the WECC Regional Criteria³ ("two adjacent circuits") with no manual system adjustment between the two contingencies.

E. Performance Criteria

As set forth on the Summary Table of Inputs and Methodology, this LCT Report is based on NERC performance level B and performance level C standard. The NERC Standards refer mainly to system being stable and both thermal and voltage limits be within applicable ratings. However, the CAISO also tests the electric system in regards to the dynamic and reactive margin compliance with the existing WECC regional criteria that further specifies the dynamic and reactive margin requirements for the same NERC performance levels. These performance levels can be described as follows:

a. <u>LCR Performance Criteria- Category B</u>

Category B describes the system performance that is expected immediately following the loss of a single transmission element, such as a transmission circuit, a generator, or a transformer.

Category B system performance requires that system is stable and all thermal and voltage limits must be within their "Applicable Rating," which, in this case, are the emergency ratings as generally determined by the PTO or facility owner. Applicable Rating includes a temporal element such that emergency ratings can only be maintained for certain duration. Under this category, load cannot be shed in order to assure the Applicable Ratings are met; however there is no guarantee that facilities are returned to within normal ratings or to a state where it is safe to continue to operate the system in a reliable manner such that the next element out will not cause a violation of the Applicable Ratings.

b. <u>LCR Performance Criteria- Category C</u>

The Reliability Standards require system operators to "look forward" to make sure they safely prepare for the "next" N-1 following the loss of the "first" N-1 (stay within Applicable Ratings after the "next" N-1). This is commonly referred to as N-1-1. Because it is assumed that some time exists between the "first" and "next" element losses, operating personnel may make any reasonable and feasible adjustments to the system to prepare for the loss of the second element, including, operating procedures, dispatching generation, moving load from one substation to another to reduce equipment loading, dispatching operating personnel to specific station locations to manually adjust load from the substation site, or installing a "Special Protection Scheme" that would remove pre-identified load from service upon the loss of the "next" element.⁵ All Category C requirements in this report refer to situations when in real time

⁵ A Special Protection Scheme is typically proposed as an operational solution that does not require

(N-0) or after the first contingency (N-1) the system requires additional readjustment in order to prepare for the next worst contingency. In this time frame, load drop is not allowed per existing Reliability Standards.

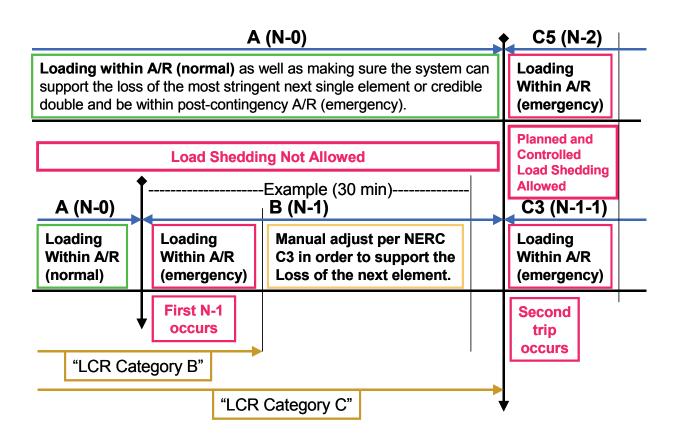
Generally, Category C describes system performance that is expected following the loss of two or more system elements. This loss of two elements is generally expected to happen simultaneously, referred to as N-2. It should be noted that once the "next" element is lost after the first contingency, as discussed above under the Performance Criteria B, N-1-1 scenario, the event is effectively a Category C. As noted above, depending on system design and expected system impacts, the **planned and controlled** interruption of supply to customers (load shedding), the removal from service of certain generators and curtailment of exports may be utilized to maintain grid "security."

c. <u>CAISO Statutory Obligation Regarding Safe Operation</u>

The CAISO will maintain the system in a safe operating mode at all times. This obligation translates into respecting the Reliability Standards at all times, for example during normal operating conditions Category **A** (**N-0**) the CAISO must protect for all single contingencies Category **B** (**N-1**) and common mode Category **C5** (**N-2**) double line outages. As a further example, after a single contingency the CAISO must readjust the system in order to be able to support the loss of the next most stringent contingency Category **C3** (**N-1**).

additional generation and permits operators to effectively prepare for the next event as well as ensure security should the next event occur. However, these systems have their own risks, which limit the extent to which they could be deployed as a solution for grid reliability augmentation. While they provide the value of protecting against the next event without the need for pre-contingency load shedding, they add points of potential failure to the transmission network. This increases the potential for load interruptions because sometimes these systems will operate when not required and other times they will not operate when needed.

Figure 1: Temporal graph of LCR Category B vs. LCR Category C:



The following definitions guide the CAISO's interpretation of the Reliability Standards governing safe mode operation and are used in this LCT Study:

Applicable Rating:

This represents the equipment rating that will be used under certain contingency conditions.

Normal rating is to be used under normal conditions.

<u>Long-term emergency ratings</u>, if available, will be used in all emergency conditions as long as "system readjustment" is provided in the amount of time given (specific to each element) to reduce the flow to within the normal ratings. If not available normal rating is to be used.

Short-term emergency ratings, if available, can be used as long as "system

readjustment" is provided in the "short-time" available in order to reduce the flow to within the long-term emergency ratings where the element can be kept for another length of time (specific to each element) before the flow needs to be reduced the below the normal ratings. If not available long-term emergency rating should be used.

<u>Temperature-adjusted ratings</u> shall not be used because this is a year-ahead study not a real-time tool, as such the worst-case scenario must be covered. In case temperatureadjusted ratings are the only ratings available then the minimum rating (highest temperature) given the study conditions shall be used.

<u>CAISO Transmission Register</u> is the only official keeper of all existing ratings mentioned above.

<u>Ratings for future projects</u> provided by PTO and agree upon by the CAISO shall be used.

<u>Other short-term ratings</u> not included in the CAISO Transmission Register may be used as long as they are engineered, studied and enforced through clear operating procedures that can be followed by real-time operators.

<u>Path Ratings</u> need to be maintained within their limits in order to assure that proper capacity is available in order to operate the system in real-time in a safe operating zone.

Controlled load drop:

This is achieved with the use of a Special Protection Scheme.

Planned load drop:

This is achieved when the most limiting equipment has short-term emergency ratings AND the operators have an operating procedure that clearly describes the actions that need to be taken in order to shed load.

Special Protection Scheme:

All known SPS shall be assumed. New SPS must be verified and approved by the CAISO and must comply with the new SPS guideline described in the CAISO Planning Standards.

System Readjustment:

This represents the actions taken by operators in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone after any given contingency in the system.

<u>Actions that can be taken as system readjustment after a single contingency (Category</u> <u>B):</u>

- 1. System configuration change based on validated and approved operating procedures
- 2. Generation re-dispatch
 - a. Decrease generation (up to 1150 MW) limit given by single contingency SPS as part of the CAISO Grid Planning standards (ISO G4)
 - b. Increase generation this generation will become part of the LCR need

<u>Actions, which shall not be taken as system readjustment after a single contingency</u> (Category B):

 Load drop – based on the intent of the CAISO/WECC and NERC standards for category B contingencies.

This is one of the most controversial aspects of the interpretation of NERC Transmission Planning Standards since footnote b) mentions that load shedding can be done after a category B event in certain local areas in order to maintain compliance with performance criteria. However, the main body of the criteria spells out that no dropping of load should be done following a single contingency. All stakeholders and the CAISO agree that no involuntary interruption of load should be done immediately after a single contingency. Further, the CAISO and stakeholders now agree on the viability of dropping load as part of the system readjustment period – in order to protect for the next most limiting contingency. After a single contingency, it is understood that the system is in a Category B condition and the system should be planned based on the body of the criteria with no shedding of load regardless of whether it is done immediately or in 15-30 minute after the original contingency. Category C conditions only arrive after the

second contingency has happened; at that point in time, shedding load is allowed in a planned and controlled manner.

A robust California transmission system should be, and under the LCT Study is being, planned based on the main body of the TPL Standards, and should not be planned based on footnote b) regarding Category B contingencies. Therefore, if there are available resources in the area, they are looked to meet reliability needs (and included in the LCR requirement) before resorting to involuntary load curtailment. The footnote may be applied for criteria compliance issues only where there are no resources available in the area.

Time allowed for manual readjustment:

This is the amount of time required for the operator to take all actions necessary to prepare the system for the next contingency. This time should be less than 30 minutes, based on existing CAISO Planning Standards.

This is a somewhat controversial aspect of the interpretation of existing criteria. This item is very specific in the CAISO Planning Standards. However, some will argue that 30 minutes only allows generation re-dispatch and automated switching where remote control is possible. If remote capability does not exist, a person must be dispatched in the field to do switching and 30 minutes may not allow sufficient time. If approved, an exemption from the existing time requirements may be given for small local areas with very limited exposure and impact, clearly described in operating procedures, and only until remote controlled switching equipment can be installed.

F. The Two Options Presented In This LCT Report

This LCT Study sets forth different solution "options" with varying ranges of potential service reliability consistent with CAISO's Planning Standard. The CAISO applies Option 2 for its purposes of identifying necessary local capacity needs and the corresponding potential scope of its backstop authority. Nevertheless, the CAISO continues to provide Option 1 as a point of reference for the CPUC and Local Regulatory Authorities in considering procurement targets for their jurisdictional LSEs.

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1. Option 1- Meet LCR Performance Criteria Category B

Option 1 is a service reliability level that reflects generation capacity that must be available to comply with reliability standards immediately after a NERC Category B given that load cannot be removed to meet this performance standard under Reliability Criteria. However, this capacity amount implicitly relies on load interruption as the **only means** of meeting any Reliability Standard that is beyond the loss of a single transmission element (N-1). These situations will likely require substantial load interruptions in order to maintain system continuity and alleviate equipment overloads prior to the actual occurrence of the second contingency.⁶

2. Option 2- Meet LCR Performance Criteria Category C and Incorporate Suitable Operational Solutions

Option 2 is a service reliability level that reflects generation capacity that is needed to readjust the system to prepare for the loss of a second transmission element (N-1-1) using generation capacity *after* considering all reasonable and feasible operating solutions (including those involving customer load interruption) developed and approved by the CAISO, in consultation with the PTOs. Under this option, there is no expected load interruption to end-use customers under normal or single contingency conditions as the CAISO operators prepare for the second contingency. However, the customer load may be interrupted in the event the second contingency occurs.

As noted, Option 2 is the local capacity level that the CAISO requires to reliably operate the grid per NERC, WECC and CAISO standards. As such, the CAISO recommends adoption of this Option to guide resource adequacy procurement.

⁶ This potential for pre-contingency load shedding also occurs because real time operators must prepare for the loss of a common mode N-2 at all times.

IV. Assumption Details: How the Study was Conducted

A. System Planning Criteria

The following table provides a comparison of system planning criteria, based on the performance requirements of the NERC Reliability Standard, used in the study:

| Contingency Component(s) | ISO Grid Planning Standard | Old RMR Criteria | Local Capacity Criteria |
|--|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <u>A – No Contingencies</u> | x | x | х |
| <u>B – Loss of a single element</u> 1. Generator (G-1) 2. Transmission Circuit (L-1) 3. Transformer (T-1) 4. Single Pole (dc) Line 5. G-1 system readjusted L-1 | X X X X X | X X X ² X X | X1 X1 X1,2 X1 X |
| C - Loss of two or more elements 1. Bus Section 2. Breaker (failure or internal fault) 3. L-1 system readjusted G-1 3. G-1 system readjusted T-1 or T-1 system readjusted G-1 3. L-1 system readjusted G-1 3. G-1 system readjusted G-1 3. L-1 system readjusted G-1 3. L-1 system readjusted L-1 3. T-1 system readjusted T-1 4. Bipolar (dc) Line 5. Two circuits (Common Mode or Adjacent Circuit) L-2 6. SLG fault (stuck breaker or protection failure) for G-1 7. SLG fault (stuck breaker or protection failure) for L-1 8. SLG fault (stuck breaker or protection failure) for T-1 9. SLG fault (stuck breaker or protection failure) for Bus section WECC-R1.2. Two generators (Common Mode) G-2 | X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X | | X X X X X X X |
| <u>D – Extreme event – loss of two or more elements</u> Any B1-4 system readjusted (Common Mode or Adjacent Circuit) L-2 All other extreme combinations D1-14. | X4 X4 | | Х3 |

Table 4: Criteria Comparison

1 System must be able to readjust to a safe operating zone in order to be able to support the loss of the next contingency.

³ Evaluate for risks and consequence, per NERC standards. No voltage collapse or dynamic instability allowed.

⁴ Evaluate for risks and consequence, per NERC standards.

A significant number of simulations were run to determine the most critical contingencies within each Local Capacity Area. Using power flow, post-transient load flow, and stability assessment tools, the system performance results of all the contingencies that were studied were measured against the system performance requirements defined by the criteria shown in Table 4. Where the specific system performance requirements were not met, generation was adjusted such that the minimum amount of generation required to meet the criteria was determined in the Local Capacity Area. The following describes how the criteria were tested for the specific type of analysis performed.

3. **Power Flow Assessment:**

| <u>Contingencies</u> | Thermal Criteria ³ | Voltage Criteria4 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Generating unit ^{1, 6} | Applicable Rating | Applicable Rating |
| Transmission line ^{1,6} | Applicable Rating | Applicable Rating |
| Transformer ^{1,6} | Applicable Rating ⁵ | Applicable Rating ⁵ |
| (G-1)(L-1) ^{2,6} | Applicable Rating | Applicable Rating |
| Overlapping 6, 7 | Applicable Rating | Applicable Rating |

- ¹ All single contingency outages (i.e. generating unit, transmission line or transformer) will be simulated on Participating Transmission Owners' local area systems.
- Key generating unit out, system readjusted, followed by a line outage. This overlapping outage is considered a single contingency within the ISO Grid Planning Criteria. Therefore, load dropping for an overlapping G-1, L-1 scenario is not permitted.
- ³ Applicable Rating Based on ISO Transmission Register or facility upgrade plans including established Path ratings.
- ⁴ Applicable Rating ISO Grid Planning Criteria or facility owner criteria as appropriate including established Path ratings.
- ⁵ A thermal or voltage criterion violation resulting from a transformer outage may

² A thermal or voltage criterion violation resulting from a transformer outage may not be cause for a local area reliability requirement if the violation is considered marginal (e.g. acceptable loss of facility life or low voltage), otherwise, such a violation will necessitate creation of a requirement.

not be cause for a local area reliability requirement if the violation is considered marginal (e.g. acceptable loss of facility life or low voltage), otherwise, such a violation will necessitate creation of a requirement.

- ⁶ Following the first contingency (N-1), the generation must be sufficient to allow the operators to bring the system back to within acceptable (normal) operating range (voltage and loading) and/or appropriate OTC following the studied outage conditions.
- ⁷ During normal operation or following the first contingency (N-1), the generation must be sufficient to allow the operators to prepare for the next worst N-1 or common mode N-2 without pre-contingency interruptible or firm load shedding. SPS/RAS/Safety Nets may be utilized to satisfy the criteria after the second N-1 or common mode N-2 except if the problem is of a thermal nature such that short-term ratings could be utilized to provide the operators time to shed either interruptible or firm load. T-2s (two transformer bank outages) would be excluded from the criteria.

4. Post Transient Load Flow Assessment:

| <u>Contingencies</u> | Reactive Margin Criteria ² |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Selected ¹ | Applicable Rating |

- ¹ If power flow results indicate significant low voltages for a given power flow contingency, simulate that outage using the post transient load flow program. The post-transient assessment will develop appropriate Q/V and/or P/V curves.
- ² Applicable Rating positive margin based on the higher of imports or load increase by 5% for N-1 contingencies, and 2.5% for N-2 contingencies.

5. Stability Assessment:

Contingencies Selected¹ Stability Criteria² Applicable Rating

- ¹ Base on historical information, engineering judgment and/or if power flow or post transient study results indicate significant low voltages or marginal reactive margin for a given contingency.
- ² Applicable Rating ISO Grid Planning Criteria or facility owner criteria as appropriate.

B. Load Forecast

6. System Forecast

The California Energy Commission (CEC) derives the load forecast at the system

and Participating Transmission Owner (PTO) levels. This relevant CEC forecast is then distributed across the entire system, down to the local area, division and substation level. The PTOs use an econometric equation to forecast the system load. The predominant parameters affecting the system load are (1) number of households, (2) economic activity (gross metropolitan products, GMP), (3) temperature and (4) increased energy efficiency and distributed generation programs.

7. Base Case Load Development Method

The method used to develop the base case loads is a melding process that extracts, adjusts and modifies the information from the system, distribution and municipal utility forecasts. The melding process consists of two parts: Part 1 deals with the PTO load and Part 2 deals with the municipal utility load. There may be small differences between the methodologies used by each PTO to disaggregate the CEC load forecast to their level of local area as well as bar-bus model.

a. PTO Loads in Base Case

The methods used to determine the PTO loads are, for the most part, similar. One part of the method deals with the determination of the division⁷ loads that would meet the requirements of 1-in-5 or 1-in-10 system or area base cases and the other part deals with the allocation of the division load to the transmission buses.

i. Determination of division loads

The annual division load is determined by summing the previous year division load and the current division load growth. Thus, the key steps are the determination of the initial year division load and the annual load growth. The initial year for the base case development method is based heavily on recorded data. The division load growth in the system base case is determined in two steps. First, the total PTO load growth for the year is determined, as the product of the PTO load and the load growth rate from the system load forecast. Then this total PTO load growth is allocated to the division,

⁷ Each PTO divides its territory in a number of smaller area named divisions. These are usually smaller and compact areas that have the same temperature profile.

based on the relative magnitude of the load growth projected for the divisions by the distribution planners. For example, for the 1-in-10 area base case, the division load growth determined for the system base case is adjusted to the 1-in-10 temperature using the load temperature relation determined from the latest peak load and temperature data of the division.

ii. Allocation of division load to transmission bus level

Since the base case loads are modeled at the various transmission buses, the division loads developed must be allocated to those buses. The allocation process is different depending on the load types. For the most part, each PTO classifies its loads into four types: conforming, non-conforming, self-generation and generation-plant loads. Since the non-conforming and self-generation loads are assumed to not vary with temperature, their magnitude would be the same in the system or area base cases of the same year. The remaining load (the total division load developed above, less the quantity of non-conforming and self-generation load) is the conforming load. The remaining load is allocated to the transmission buses based on the relative magnitude of the distribution forecast. The summation of all base case loads is generally higher than the load forecast because some load, i.e., self-generation and generation-plant, are behind the meter and must be modeled in the base cases. However, for the most part, metered or aggregated data with telemetry is used to come up with the load forecast.

b. Municipal Loads in Base Case

The municipal utility forecasts that have been provided to the CEC and PTOs for the purposes of their base cases were also used for this study.

C. Power Flow Program Used in the LCT analysis

The technical studies were conducted using General Electric's Power System Load Flow (GE PSLF) program version 17.0. This GE PSLF program is available directly from GE or through the Western System Electricity Council (WECC) to any member.

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To evaluate Local Capacity Areas, the starting base case was adjusted to reflect the latest generation and transmission projects as well as the one-in-ten-year peak load forecast for each Local Capacity Area as provided to the CAISO by the PTOs.

Electronic contingency files provided by the PTOs were utilized to perform the numerous contingencies required to identify the LCR. These contingency files include remedial action and special protection schemes that are expected to be in operation during the year of study. An CAISO created EPCL (a GE programming language contained within the GE PSLF package) routine was used to run the combination of contingencies; however, other routines are available from WECC with the GE PSFL package or can be developed by third parties to identify the most limiting combination of contingencies requiring the highest amount of generation within the local area to maintain power flows within applicable ratings.

V. Local Capacity Requirement Study Results

A. Summary of Study Results

LCR is defined as the amount of generating capacity that is needed within a Local Capacity Area to reliably serve the load located within this area. The results of the CAISO's analysis are summarized in the Executive Summary Tables.

Table 5: 2013 Local Capacity Needs vs. Peak Load and Local Area Generation

| | 2013Total LCR (MW) | (1 in 10) | 2013 LCR as % of Peak Load | Total Dependable Local Area Generation (MW) | 2013 LCR as % of Total Area Generation |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Humboldt | 212 | 210 | 101% | 217 | 98%** |
| North Coast/North Bay | 629 | 1479 | 43% | 869 | 72% |
| Sierra | 1930 | 1738 | 111% | 2039 | 95%** |
| Stockton | 567 | 1109 | 51% | 620 | 91%** |
| Greater Bay | 4502 | 10233 | 44% | 7664 | 59% |
| Greater Fresno | 1786 | 3032 | 59% | 2817 | 63% |
| Kern | 525 | 1311 | 40% | 584 | 90%** |
| LA Basin | 10295 | 19460 | 53% | 13127 | 78% |
| Big Creek/Ventura | 2241 | 4596 | 49% | 5276 | 42% |

| San Diego | 3082 | 5114 | 60% | 4149 | 74%** |
|-----------|--------|--------|------|--------|-------|
| Total | 25,769 | 48282* | 53%* | 37,362 | 69% |

| | 2012 Total LCR (MW) | Peak Load (1 in10) (MW) | 2012 LCR as % of Peak Load | Local Area | 2012 LCR as % of Total Area Generation |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|--|
| Humboldt | 212 | 210 | 101% | 222 | 95%** |
| North Coast/North Bay | 613 | 1420 | 43% | 859 | 71% |
| Sierra | 1974 | 1816 | 109% | 2037 | 97%** |
| Stockton | 567 | 1086 | 52% | 505 | 112%** |
| Greater Bay | 4278 | 9954 | 43% | 6588 | 65% |
| Greater Fresno | 1907 | 3120 | 61% | 2770 | 69%** |
| Kern | 325 | 1110 | 29% | 611 | 53%** |
| LA Basin | 10865 | 19931 | 55% | 12083 | 90% |
| Big Creek/Ventura | 3093 | 4693 | 66% | 5232 | 59% |
| San Diego | 2944 | 4844 | 61% | 3087 | 95%** |
| Total | 26,778 | 48184* | 56%* | 33,994 | 79% |

Table 6: 2012 Local Capacity Needs vs. Peak Load and Local Area Generation

* Value shown only illustrative, since each local area peaks at a time different from the system coincident peak load.

** Generation deficient LCA (or with sub-area that is deficient) – deficiency included in LCR. Generator deficient area implies that in order to comply with the criteria, at summer peak, load may be shed immediately after the first contingency.

Tables 5 and 6 shows how much of the Local Capacity Area load is dependent on local generation and how much local generation must be available in order to serve the load in those Local Capacity Areas in a manner consistent with the Reliability Criteria. These tables also indicate where new transmission projects, new generation additions or demand side management programs would be most useful in order to reduce the dependency on existing, generally older and less efficient local area generation.

The term "Qualifying Capacity" used in this report is the latest "Net Qualifying Capacity" ("NQC") posted on the CAISO web site at:

http://www.caiso.com/1796/179688b22c970.html

The NQC list includes the area (if applicable) where each resource is located for units already operational. Neither the NQC list nor this report incorporates Demand Side Management programs and their related NQC. Units scheduled to become operational before 6/1/2013 have been included in this 2013 LCR Report and added to the total NQC values for those respective areas (see detail write-up for each area).

The first column, "Qualifying Capacity," reflects two sets of generation. The first set is comprised of generation that would normally be expected to be on-line such as Municipal generation and Regulatory Must-take generation (state, federal, QFs, wind and nuclear units). The second set is "market" generation. The second column, "2013 LCR Requirement Based on Category B" identifies the local capacity requirements, and deficiencies that must be addressed, in order to achieve a service reliability level based on Performance Criteria- Category B. The third column, "2013 LCR Requirement Based on Category B. The third column, "2013 LCR Requirement Based on Category B. The third column, "2013 LCR Requirement Based on Category C with Operating Procedure", sets forth the local capacity requirements, and deficiencies that must be addressed, necessary to attain a service reliability level based on Performance Criteria-Category C with operation.

B. Summary of Zonal Needs

Based on the existing import allocation methodology, the only major 500 kV constraint not accounted for is path 26 (Midway-Vincent). *The current method allocates capacity on path 26 similar to the way imports are allocated to LSEs.* The total resources needed (based on the latest CEC load forecast) in each the two relevant zones, SP26 and NP26 is:

| Zone | Load Forecast (MW) | 15% reserves (MW) | (-) Allocated imports (MW) | (-) Allocated Path 26 Flow (MW) | Total Zonal Resource Need (MW) |
|----------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| SP26 | 28253 | 4238 | -7836 | -3750 | 20905 |
| NP26=NP15+ZP26 | 21883 | 3282 | -4600 | -2902 | 17663 |

Where:

Load Forecast is the most recent 1 in 2 CEC forecast for year 2013.

<u>Reserve Margin</u> is the minimum CPUC approved planning reserve margin of 15%.

<u>Allocated Imports</u> are the actual 2012 Available Import Capability for loads in the CAISO control area numbers that are not expected to change much by 2013 because there are no additional import transmission additions to the grid between now and summer of 2013.

<u>Allocated Path 26 flow</u> The CAISO determines the amount of Path 26 transfer capacity available for RA counting purposes after accounting for (1) Existing Transmission Contracts (ETCs) that serve load outside the CAISO Balancing Area⁸ and (2) loop flow⁹ from the maximum path 26 rating of 4000 MW (North-to-South) and 3000 MW (South-to-North).

Both NP 26 and SP 26 load forecast, import allocation and zonal results refer to the CAISO Balancing Area only. This is done in order to be consistent with the import allocation methodology.

All resources that are counted as part of the Local Area Capacity Requirements fully count toward the Zonal Need. The local areas of San Diego, LA Basin and Big Creek/Ventura are all situated in SP26 and the remaining local areas are in NP26.

Changes compared to last year's results:

- The load forecast went up in Southern California by about 800 MW and up in Northern California by about 700 MW.
- The Import Allocations went down in Southern California by about 1000 MW and down in Northern California by about 100 MW.
- The Path 26 transfer capability has not changed and is not envisioned to change in the near future. As such, the LSEs should assume that their load/share ratio allocation for path 26 will stay at the same levels as 2012. If there are any changes, they will be heavily influenced by the pre-existing "grandfathered contracts" and when they expire most of the LSEs will likely see their load share ratio going up, while the owners of these grandfathered contracts may see their share decreased to the load-share ratio.

⁸ The transfer capability on Path 26 must be derated to accommodate ETCs on Path 26 that are used to serve load outside of the CAISO Balancing Area. These particular ETCs represent physical transmission capacity that cannot be allocated to LSEs within the CAISO Balancing Area.

⁹ "Loop flow" is a phenomenon common to large electric power systems like the Western Electricity Coordinating Council. Power is scheduled to flow point-to-point on a Day-ahead and Hour-ahead basis through the CAISO. However, electric grid physics prevails and the actual power flow in real-time will differ from the pre-arranged scheduled flows. Loop flow is real, physical energy and it uses part of the available transfer capability on a path. If not accommodated, loop flow will cause overloading of lines, which can jeopardize the security and reliability of the grid.

C. Summary of Results by Local Area

Each Local Capacity Area's overall requirement is determined by also achieving each sub-area requirement. Because these areas are a part of the interconnected electric system, the total for each Local Capacity Area is not simply a summation of the sub-area needs. For example, some sub-areas may overlap and therefore the same units may count for meeting the needs in both sub-areas.

8. Humboldt Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines into the area include:

- 1) Bridgeville-Cottonwood 115 kV line #1
- 2) Humboldt-Trinity 115 kV line #1
- 3) Willits-Garberville 60 kV line #1
- 4) Trinity-Maple Creek 60 kV line #1

The substations that delineate the Humboldt Area are:

- 1) Bridgeville and Low Gap are in, Cottonwood and First Glen are out
- 2) Humboldt is in, Trinity is out
- 3) Willits and Lytonville are out, Kekawaka and Garberville are in
- 4) Trinity is out, Ridge Cabin and Maple Creek are in

Total 2013 busload within the defined area: 200 MW with 10 MW of losses resulting in total load + losses of 210 MW.

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB- AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| BLULKE_6_BLUELK | 31156 | BLUELKPP | 12.5 | 0.00 | 1 | Humboldt 60 kV | Energy Only | Market |
| BRDGVL_7_BAKER | | | | 0.00 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| FAIRHV_6_UNIT | 31150 | FAIRHAVN | 13.8 | 14.69 | 1 | Humboldt 60 kV | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| FTSWRD_7_QFUNTS | | | | 0.51 | | Humboldt 60 kV | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| HUMBPP_1_UNITS3 | 31180 | HUMB_G1 | 13.8 | 16.27 | 1 | None | | Market |
| HUMBPP_1_UNITS3 | 31180 | HUMB_G1 | 13.8 | 16.27 | 2 | None | | Market |

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

| HUMBPP_1_UNITS3 | 31180 | HUMB_G1 | 13.8 | 16.27 | 3 | None | | Market |
|-----------------|-------|----------|------|-------|----|----------------|------------------------|------------|
| HUMBPP_1_UNITS3 | 31180 | HUMB_G1 | 13.8 | 16.27 | 4 | None | | Market |
| HUMBPP_6_UNITS1 | 31181 | HUMB_G2 | 13.8 | 16.27 | 5 | Humboldt 60 kV | | Market |
| HUMBPP_6_UNITS1 | 31181 | HUMB_G2 | 13.8 | 16.27 | 6 | Humboldt 60 kV | | Market |
| HUMBPP_6_UNITS1 | 31181 | HUMB_G2 | 13.8 | 16.27 | 7 | Humboldt 60 kV | | Market |
| HUMBPP_6_UNITS2 | 31182 | HUMB_G2 | 13.8 | 16.27 | 8 | Humboldt 60 kV | | Market |
| HUMBPP_6_UNITS2 | 31182 | HUMB_G2 | 13.8 | 16.27 | 9 | Humboldt 60 kV | | Market |
| HUMBPP_6_UNITS2 | 31182 | HUMB_G2 | 13.8 | 16.27 | 10 | Humboldt 60 kV | | Market |
| HUMBSB_1_QF | | | | 0.00 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| KEKAWK_6_UNIT | 31166 | KEKAWAK | 9.1 | 0.00 | 1 | Humboldt 60 kV | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| LAPAC_6_UNIT | 31158 | LP SAMOA | 12.5 | 20.00 | 1 | Humboldt 60 kV | | QF/Selfgen |
| PACLUM_6_UNIT | 31152 | PAC.LUMB | 13.8 | 7.47 | 1 | Humboldt 60 kV | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| PACLUM_6_UNIT | 31152 | PAC.LUMB | 13.8 | 7.47 | 2 | Humboldt 60 kV | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| PACLUM_6_UNIT | 31153 | PAC.LUMB | 2.4 | 4.48 | 3 | Humboldt 60 kV | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| WLLWCR_6_CEDRFL | | | | 0.02 | | Humboldt 60 kV | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |

Major new projects modeled:

- 1. Humboldt Reactive Support
- 2. Blue Lake generation project (energy only 0 MW NQC)
- 3. Garberville Reactive Support
- 4. Bridgeville 115/60 kV transformer replacement PG&E maintenance project

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Humboldt 60 kV Sub-area:

The most critical contingency for the Humboldt 60 kV Sub-area area is the outage of the Humboldt 115/60 Transformer and one of the gen tie-line connecting the new Humboldt Bay units (on 60 kV side). The area limitation is the overload on the parallel Humboldt 115/60 kV Transformer. This contingency establishes a LCR of 174 MW in 2012 (includes 55 MW of QF/Selfgen generation as well as 22 MW of deficiency) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

The most critical single contingency is the outage of the Humboldt 115/60 kV Transformer. The limitation is thermal overload on the parallel Humboldt 115/60 kV Transformer. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 125 MW in 2013 (includes 55 MW of QF/Selfgen generation).

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within the Humboldt 60 kV Sub-area area with at least 5% effective to the above-mentioned constraint.

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|
| 31156 | BLUELKPP | 1 | 78 |
| 31150 | FAIRHAVN | 1 | 75 |
| 31158 | LP SAMOA | 1 | 75 |
| 31182 | HUMB_G3 | 10 | 69 |
| 31182 | HUMB_G3 | 9 | 69 |
| 31182 | HUMB_G3 | 8 | 69 |
| 31181 | HUMB_G2 | 7 | 69 |
| 31181 | HUMB_G2 | 6 | 69 |
| 31181 | HUMB_G2 | 5 | 69 |
| 31152 | PAC.LUMB | 1 | 42 |
| 31152 | PAC.LUMB | 2 | 42 |
| 31153 | PAC.LUMB | 3 | 42 |
| 31180 | HUMB_G1 | 4 | -14 |
| 31180 | HUMB_G1 | 3 | -14 |
| 31180 | HUMB_G1 | 2 | -14 |
| 31180 | HUMB_G1 | 1 | -14 |

Humboldt overall:

The most critical contingency for the Humboldt area is the outage of the Bridgeville-Cottonwood 115 kV Line overlapping with an outage of one of the tie-line connecting the new Humboldt Bay units on the 115 kV side. The area limitation is the overload on the Humboldt – Trinity 115 kV Line. This contingency establishes a LCR of 190 MW in 2013 (includes 55 MW of QF/Selfgen generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

For the single contingency, the most critical one is an outage of the Bridgeville-Cottonwood 115 kV Line when one of the Humboldt Bay Power Plant units connected to the 115 kV bus is out of service. The limitation is the overload on the Humboldt – Trinity 115 kV Line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 143 MW in 2013 (includes 55 MW of QF/Selfgen generation).

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within the Humboldt Overall system with at least 5%

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|
| 31156 | BLUELKPP | 1 | 65 |
| 31180 | HUMB_G1 | 4 | 64 |
| 31180 | HUMB_G1 | 3 | 64 |
| 31180 | HUMB_G1 | 2 | 64 |
| 31180 | HUMB_G1 | 1 | 64 |
| 31150 | FAIRHAVN | 1 | 61 |
| 31158 | LP SAMOA | 1 | 61 |
| 31182 | HUMB_G3 | 10 | 61 |
| 31182 | HUMB_G3 | 9 | 61 |
| 31182 | HUMB_G3 | 8 | 61 |
| 31181 | HUMB_G2 | 7 | 61 |
| 31181 | HUMB_G2 | 6 | 61 |
| 31181 | HUMB_G2 | 5 | 61 |
| 31152 | PAC.LUMB | 1 | 57 |
| 31152 | PAC.LUMB | 2 | 57 |
| 31153 | PAC.LUMB | 3 | 57 |

effective to the above-mentioned constraint

Changes compared to last year's results:

The 2013 load and LCR needs remained the same as it they were in 2012.

Humboldt Overall Requirements:

| 2013 | QF/Selfgen | Muni | Market | Max. Qualifying |
|----------------------|------------|------|--------|-----------------|
| | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | Capacity (MW) |
| Available generation | 55 | 0 | 162 | 217 |

| 2013 | Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW) | Deficiency (MW) | Total MW LCR Need |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| Category B (Single) ¹⁰ | 143 | 0 | 143 |
| Category C (Multiple) ¹¹ | 190 | 22 | 212 |

¹⁰ A single contingency means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.
¹¹ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and

¹¹ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

9. North Coast / North Bay Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie facilities coming into the North Coast/North Bay area are:

- 1) Cortina-Mendocino 115 kV Line
- 2) Cortina-Eagle Rock 115 kV Line
- 3) Willits-Garberville 60 kV line #1
- 4) Vaca Dixon-Lakeville 230 kV line #1
- 5) Tulucay-Vaca Dixon 230 kV line #1
- 6) Lakeville-Sobrante 230 kV line #1
- 7) Ignacio-Sobrante 230 kV line #1

The substations that delineate the North Coast/North Bay area are:

- 1) Cortina is out, Mendocino and Indian Valley are in
- 2) Cortina is out, Eagle Rock, Highlands and Homestake are in
- 3) Willits and Lytonville are in, Garberville and Kekawaka are out
- 4) Vaca Dixon is out Lakeville is in
- 5) Tulucay is in Vaca Dixon is out
- 6) Lakeville is in, Sobrante is out
- 7) Ignacio is in, Sobrante and Crocket are out

Total 2013 busload within the defined area: 1442 MW with 37 MW of losses resulting in total load + losses of 1479 MW.

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| ADLIN_1_UNITS | 31435 | GEO.ENGY | 9.1 | 8.00 | 1 | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| ADLIN_1_UNITS | 31435 | GEO.ENGY | 9.1 | 8.00 | 2 | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| BEARCN_2_UNITS | 31402 | BEAR CAN | 13.8 | 6.50 | 1 | Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| BEARCN_2_UNITS | 31402 | BEAR CAN | 13.8 | 6.50 | 2 | Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| FULTON_1_QF | | | | 0.06 | | Fulton, Lakeville | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GEYS11_7_UNIT11 | 31412 | GEYSER11 | 13.8 | 65.00 | 1 | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| GEYS12_7_UNIT12 | 31414 | GEYSER12 | 13.8 | 50.00 | 1 | Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| GEYS13_7_UNIT13 | 31416 | GEYSER13 | 13.8 | 56.00 | 1 | Lakeville | | Market |
| GEYS14_7_UNIT14 | 31418 | GEYSER14 | 13.8 | 50.00 | 1 | Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| GEYS16_7_UNIT16 | 31420 | GEYSER16 | 13.8 | 49.00 | 1 | Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| GEYS17_2_BOTRCK | 31421 | BOTTLERK | 13.8 | 14.70 | 1 | Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| GEYS17_7_UNIT17 | 31422 | GEYSER17 | 13.8 | 53.00 | 1 | Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area are shown in the following table:

| GEYS18_7_UNIT18 | 31424 | GEYSER18 | 13.8 | 45.00 | 1 | Lakeville | | Market |
|-----------------|-------|----------|------|-------|---|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| GEYS20_7_UNIT20 | 31426 | GEYSER20 | 13.8 | 40.00 | 1 | Lakeville | | Market |
| GYS5X6_7_UNITS | 31406 | GEYSR5-6 | 13.8 | 40.00 | 1 | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| GYS5X6_7_UNITS | 31406 | GEYSR5-6 | 13.8 | 40.00 | 2 | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| GYS7X8_7_UNITS | 31408 | GEYSER78 | 13.8 | 38.00 | 1 | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| GYS7X8_7_UNITS | 31408 | GEYSER78 | 13.8 | 38.00 | 2 | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| GYSRVL_7_WSPRNG | | | | 1.68 | | Fulton, Lakeville | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| HIWAY_7_ACANYN | | | | 0.92 | | Lakeville | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| IGNACO_1_QF | | | | 0.00 | | Lakeville | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| INDVLY_1_UNITS | 31436 | INDIAN V | 9.1 | 0.54 | 1 | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MONTPH_7_UNITS | 32700 | MONTICLO | 9.1 | 3.88 | 1 | Fulton, Lakeville | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MONTPH_7_UNITS | 32700 | MONTICLO | 9.1 | 3.88 | 2 | Fulton, Lakeville | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MONTPH_7_UNITS | 32700 | MONTICLO | 9.1 | 0.92 | 3 | Fulton, Lakeville | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| NAPA_2_UNIT | | | | 0.01 | | Lakeville | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| NCPA_7_GP1UN1 | 38106 | NCPA1GY1 | 13.8 | 31.00 | 1 | Lakeville | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| NCPA_7_GP1UN2 | 38108 | NCPA1GY2 | 13.8 | 28.00 | 1 | Lakeville | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| NCPA_7_GP2UN3 | 38110 | NCPA2GY1 | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | Fulton, Lakeville | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| NCPA_7_GP2UN4 | 38112 | NCPA2GY2 | 13.8 | 52.73 | 1 | Fulton, Lakeville | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| POTTER_6_UNITS | 31433 | POTTRVLY | 2.4 | 4.70 | 1 | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | Aug NQC | Market |
| POTTER_6_UNITS | 31433 | POTTRVLY | 2.4 | 2.25 | 3 | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | Aug NQC | Market |
| POTTER_6_UNITS | 31433 | POTTRVLY | 2.4 | 2.25 | 4 | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | Aug NQC | Market |
| POTTER_7_VECINO | | | | 0.02 | | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SANTFG_7_UNITS | 31400 | SANTA FE | 13.8 | 30.00 | 1 | Lakeville | | Market |
| SANTFG_7_UNITS | 31400 | SANTA FE | 13.8 | 30.00 | 2 | Lakeville | | Market |
| SMUDGO_7_UNIT 1 | 31430 | SMUDGEO1 | 13.8 | 37.00 | 1 | Lakeville | | Market |
| SNMALF_6_UNITS | 31446 | SONMA LF | 9.1 | 4.60 | 1 | Fulton, Lakeville | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| UKIAH_7_LAKEMN | | | | 1.70 | | Eagle Rock, Fulton, Lakeville | Not modeled | MUNI |
| WDFRDF_2_UNITS | 31404 | WEST FOR | 13.8 | 12.51 | 1 | Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| WDFRDF_2_UNITS | 31404 | WEST FOR | 13.8 | 12.49 | 2 | Fulton, Lakeville | | Market |
| New Unit | 31447 | S0476 | 4.2 | 0 | 1 | Lakeville | Energy Only | Market |

Major new projects modeled:

- 1. Lakeville-Ignacio #2 230 kV line
- 2. Fulton-Fitch Mountain 60 kV Line reconductoring

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Eagle Rock Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the outage of Cortina-Mendocino 115 kV line and Geysers #5-Geysers #3 115 kV line. The sub-area area limitation is thermal overloading of the Eagle Rock-Cortina 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 235 MW in 2013 (includes 2 MW of QF/MUNI generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most critical single contingency is the outage of the Cortina-Mendocino 115 kV line with Geysers 11 generation unit out of service. The sub-area area limitation is thermal overloading of Eagle Rock-Cortina 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 215 MW in 2013 (includes 2MW of QF/MUNI generation).

Effectiveness factors:

The following units have at least 5% effective to the above-mentioned constraint:

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|
| 31406 | GEYSR5-6 | 1 | 38 |
| 31406 | GEYSR5-6 | 2 | 38 |
| 31408 | GEYSER78 | 1 | 38 |
| 31408 | GEYSER78 | 2 | 38 |
| 31412 | GEYSER11 | 1 | 38 |
| 31435 | GEO.ENGY | 1 | 38 |
| 31435 | GEO.ENGY | 2 | 38 |
| 31433 | POTTRVLY | 1 | 36 |
| 31433 | POTTRVLY | 3 | 36 |
| 31433 | POTTRVLY | 4 | 36 |

Fulton Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the outage of Lakeville-Fulton 230 kV line #1 and Fulton-Ignacio 230 kV line #1. The sub-area limitation is thermal overloading of Santa Rosa-Corona 115 kV line #1. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 301 MW in 2013 (includes 16 MW of QF and 54 MW of Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area. All of the resources needed to meet the Eagle Rock sub-area count towards the Fulton sub-area LCR need.

Effectiveness factors:

The following units have at least 5% effective to the above-mentioned constraint:

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|
| 31404 | WEST FOR | 2 | 57 |
| 31402 | BEAR CAN | 1 | 57 |
| 31402 | BEAR CAN | 2 | 57 |
| 31404 | WEST FOR | 1 | 57 |
| 31414 | GEYSER12 | 1 | 57 |
| 31418 | GEYSER14 | 1 | 57 |
| 31420 | GEYSER16 | 1 | 57 |
| 31422 | GEYSER17 | 1 | 57 |
| 38110 | NCPA2GY1 | 1 | 57 |
| 38112 | NCPA2GY2 | 1 | 57 |
| 31421 | BOTTLERK | 1 | 57 |
| 31406 | GEYSR5-6 | 1 | 31 |
| 31406 | GEYSR5-6 | 2 | 31 |
| 31408 | GEYSER78 | 1 | 31 |
| 31408 | GEYSER78 | 2 | 31 |
| 31412 | GEYSER11 | 1 | 31 |
| 31435 | GEO.ENGY | 1 | 31 |
| 31435 | GEO.ENGY | 2 | 31 |

Lakeville Sub-area

The most limiting contingency is the outage of Vaca Dixon-Tulucay 230 kV line with DEC power plant out of service. The area limitation is thermal overloading of Vaca Dixon-Lakeville 230 kV. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 629 MW in 2013 (includes 17 MW of QF and 113 MW of MUNI generation). The LCR resources needed for Eagle Rock and Fulton sub-areas can be counted toward fulfilling the requirement of Lakeville sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following units have at least 5% effective to the above-mentioned constraint:

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|
| 31400 | SANTA FE | 2 | 38 |
| 31430 | SMUDGEO1 | 1 | 38 |
| 31400 | SANTA FE | 1 | 38 |
| 31416 | GEYSER13 | 1 | 38 |
| 31424 | GEYSER18 | 1 | 38 |
| 31426 | GEYSER20 | 1 | 38 |
| 38106 | NCPA1GY1 | 1 | 38 |
| 38108 | NCPA1GY2 | 1 | 38 |
| 31447 | S0476 | 1 | 38 |
| 31421 | BOTTLERK | 1 | 36 |
| 31404 | WEST FOR | 2 | 36 |
| 31402 | BEAR CAN | 1 | 36 |
| 31402 | BEAR CAN | 2 | 36 |
| 31404 | WEST FOR | 1 | 36 |
| 31414 | GEYSER12 | 1 | 36 |
| 31418 | GEYSER14 | 1 | 36 |
| 31420 | GEYSER16 | 1 | 36 |
| 31422 | GEYSER17 | 1 | 36 |
| 38110 | NCPA2GY1 | 1 | 36 |
| 38112 | NCPA2GY2 | 1 | 36 |
| 31446 | SONMA LF | 1 | 36 |
| 32700 | MONTICLO | 1 | 31 |
| 32700 | MONTICLO | 2 | 31 |
| 32700 | MONTICLO | 3 | 31 |
| 31406 | GEYSR5-6 | 1 | 18 |
| 31406 | GEYSR5-6 | 2 | 18 |
| 31408 | GEYSER78 | 1 | 18 |
| 31408 | GEYSER78 | 2 | 18 |
| 31412 | GEYSER11 | 1 | 18 |
| 31435 | GEO.ENGY | 1 | 18 |
| 31435 | GEO.ENGY | 2 | 18 |
| 31433 | POTTRVLY | 1 | 15 |
| 31433 | POTTRVLY | 2 | 15 |
| 31433 | POTTRVLY | 3 | 15 |

Changes compared to last year's results:

The load forecast went up by 59 MW and the LCR need went up by 16 MW.

North Coast/North Bay Overall Requirements:

| 2013 | QF/Selfgen | Muni | Market | Max. Qualifying |
|----------------------|------------|------|--------|-----------------|
| | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | Capacity (MW) |
| Available generation | 17 | 113 | 739 | 869 |

| 2013 | Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW) | Deficiency (MW) | Total MW LCR Need |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| Category B (Single) ¹² | 629 | 0 | 629 |
| Category C (Multiple) ¹³ | 629 | 0 | 629 |

10. Sierra Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines into the Sierra Area are:

- 1) Table Mountain-Rio Oso 230 kV line
- 2) Table Mountain-Palermo 230 kV line
- 3) Table Mt-Pease 60 kV line
- 4) Caribou-Palermo 115 kV line
- 5) Drum-Summit 115 kV line #1
- 6) Drum-Summit 115 kV line #2
- 7) Spaulding-Summit 60 kV line
- 8) Brighton-Bellota 230 kV line
- 9) Rio Oso-Lockeford 230 kV line
- 10) Gold Hill-Eight Mile Road 230 kV line
- 11) Lodi STIG-Eight Mile Road 230 kV line
- 12) Gold Hill-Lake 230 kV line

The substations that delineate the Sierra Area are:

- 1) Table Mountain is out Rio Oso is in
- 2) Table Mountain is out Palermo is in
- 3) Table Mt is out Pease is in
- 4) Caribou is out Palermo is in
- 5) Drum is in Summit is out
- 6) Drum is in Summit is out
- 7) Spaulding is in Summit is out
- 8) Brighton is in Bellota is out

¹² A single contingency means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

¹³ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

- 9) Rio Oso is in Lockeford is out
- 10) Gold Hill is in Eight Mile is out
- 11) Lodi STIG is in Eight Mile Road is out12) Gold Hill is in Lake is out

Total 2013 busload within the defined area: 1639 MW with 99 MW of losses resulting in total load + losses of 1738 MW.

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|--------------|------|--------|------------|---|------------------------|------------|
| BELDEN_7_UNIT 1 | 31784 | BELDEN | 13.8 | 115.00 | 1 | South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIOMAS_1_UNIT 1 | 32156 | WOODLAN D | 9.1 | 22.80 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| BNNIEN_7_ALTAPH | 32376 | BONNIE N | 60 | 0.67 | | Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| BOGUE_1_UNITA1 | 32451 | FREC | 13.8 | 45.00 | 1 | Bogue, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| BOWMN_6_UNIT | 32480 | BOWMAN | 9.1 | 2.68 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| BUCKCK_7_OAKFLT | | | | 0.87 | | South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| BUCKCK_7_PL1X2 | 31820 | BCKS CRK | 11 | 29.00 | 1 | South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| BUCKCK_7_PL1X2 | 31820 | BCKS CRK | 11 | 29.00 | 2 | South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| CHICPK_7_UNIT 1 | 32462 | CHI.PARK | 11.5 | 38.00 | 1 | Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| COLGAT_7_UNIT 1 | 32450 | COLGATE1 | 13.8 | 161.65 | 1 | South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| COLGAT_7_UNIT 2 | 32452 | COLGATE2 | 13.8 | 161.68 | 1 | South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| CRESTA_7_PL1X2 | 31812 | CRESTA | 11.5 | 35.00 | 1 | South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| CRESTA_7_PL1X2 | 31812 | CRESTA | 11.5 | 35.00 | 2 | South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|--------------|------|-------|------------|---|------------------------|-----------|
| DAVIS_7_MNMETH | | | | 2.04 | | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| DEADCK_1_UNIT | 31862 | DEADWOO D | 9.1 | 0.00 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| DEERCR_6_UNIT 1 | 32474 | DEER CRK | 9.1 | 3.61 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| DRUM_7_PL1X2 | 32504 | DRUM 1-2 | 6.6 | 13.00 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| DRUM_7_PL1X2 | 32504 | DRUM 1-2 | 6.6 | 13.00 | 2 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| DRUM_7_PL3X4 | 32506 | DRUM 3-4 | 6.6 | 13.70 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| DRUM_7_PL3X4 | 32506 | DRUM 3-4 | 6.6 | 13.70 | 2 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| DRUM_7_UNIT 5 | 32454 | DRUM 5 | 13.8 | 49.50 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| DUTCH1_7_UNIT 1 | 32464 | DTCHFLT1 | 11 | 22.00 | 1 | Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| DUTCH2_7_UNIT 1 | 32502 | DTCHFLT2 | 6.9 | 26.00 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| ELDORO_7_UNIT 1 | 32513 | ELDRADO1 | 21.6 | 11.00 | 1 | Placerville, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | | Market |
| ELDORO_7_UNIT 2 | 32514 | ELDRADO2 | 21.6 | 11.00 | 1 | Placerville, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | | Market |
| FMEADO_6_HELLHL | 32486 | HELLHOLE | 9.1 | 0.54 | 1 | South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| FMEADO_7_UNIT | 32508 | FRNCH MD | 4.2 | 16.01 | 1 | South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| FORBST_7_UNIT 1 | 31814 | FORBSTWN | 11.5 | 39.00 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|------------|---|------------------------|------------|
| GOLDHL_1_QF | | | | 0.00 | | Placerville, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Not modeled | QF/Selfgen |
| GRNLF1_1_UNITS | 32490 | GRNLEAF1 | 13.8 | 5.47 | 1 | Bogue, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GRNLF1_1_UNITS | 32490 | GRNLEAF1 | 13.8 | 27.97 | 2 | Bogue, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GRNLF2_1_UNIT | 32492 | GRNLEAF2 | 13.8 | 34.00 | 1 | Pease, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| HALSEY_6_UNIT | 32478 | HALSEY F | 9.1 | 7.01 | 1 | Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| HAYPRS_6_QFUNTS | 32488 | HAYPRES+ | 9.1 | 0.00 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| HAYPRS_6_QFUNTS | 32488 | HAYPRES+ | 9.1 | 0.00 | 2 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| HIGGNS_7_QFUNTS | | | | 0.11 | | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| KANAKA_1_UNIT | | | | 0.00 | | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Not modeled Aug NQC | MUNI |
| KELYRG_6_UNIT | 31834 | KELLYRDG | 9.1 | 10.00 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| MDFKRL_2_PROJCT | 32456 | MIDLFORK | 13.8 | 62.18 | 1 | South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| MDFKRL_2_PROJCT | 32456 | MIDLFORK | 13.8 | 62.18 | 2 | South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| MDFKRL_2_PROJCT | 32458 | RALSTON | 13.8 | 84.32 | 1 | South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| NAROW1_2_UNIT | 32466 | NARROWS1 | 9.1 | 6.29 | 1 | South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| NAROW2_2_UNIT | 32468 | NARROWS2 | 9.1 | 22.59 | 1 | South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| NWCSTL_7_UNIT 1 | 32460 | NEWCSTLE | 13.2 | 0.03 | 1 | Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|------------|---|------------------------|------------|
| OROVIL_6_UNIT | 31888 | OROVLLE | 9.1 | 4.61 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| OXBOW_6_DRUM | 32484 | OXBOW F | 9.1 | 6.00 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| PACORO_6_UNIT | 31890 | PO POWER | 9.1 | 7.56 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| PACORO_6_UNIT | 31890 | PO POWER | 9.1 | 7.57 | 2 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| PLACVL_1_CHILIB | 32510 | CHILIBAR | 4.2 | 2.18 | 1 | Placerville, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| PLACVL_1_RCKCRE | | | | 0.00 | | Placerville, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| PLSNTG_7_LNCLND | 32408 | PLSNT GR | 60 | 1.24 | | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| POEPH_7_UNIT 1 | 31790 | POE 1 | 13.8 | 60.00 | 1 | South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| POEPH_7_UNIT 2 | 31792 | POE 2 | 13.8 | 60.00 | 1 | South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| RCKCRK_7_UNIT 1 | 31786 | ROCK CK1 | 13.8 | 56.00 | 1 | South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| RCKCRK_7_UNIT 2 | 31788 | ROCK CK2 | 13.8 | 56.00 | 1 | South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| RIOOSO_1_QF | | | | 1.12 | | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ROLLIN_6_UNIT | 32476 | ROLLINSF | 9.1 | 11.09 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| SLYCRK_1_UNIT 1 | 31832 | SLY.CR. | 9.1 | 10.36 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| SPAULD_6_UNIT 3 | 32472 | SPAULDG | 9.1 | 5.80 | 3 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| SPAULD_6_UNIT12 | 32472 | SPAULDG | 9.1 | 4.96 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| SPAULD_6_UNIT12 | 32472 | SPAULDG | 9.1 | 4.96 | 2 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, | Aug NQC | Market |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|------------|---|------------------------|------------|
| | | | | | | South of Table Mountain | | |
| SPI LI_2_UNIT 1 | 32498 | SPILINCF | 12.5 | 10.49 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| STIGCT_2_LODI | 38114 | Stig CC | 13.8 | 49.50 | 1 | South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | | MUNI |
| ULTRCK_2_UNIT | 32500 | ULTR RCK | 9.1 | 20.74 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| WDLEAF_7_UNIT 1 | 31794 | WOODLEAF | 13.8 | 55.00 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| WHEATL_6_LNDFIL | 32350 | WHEATLND | 60 | 1.20 | | South of Table Mountain | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| WISE_1_UNIT 1 | 32512 | WISE | 12 | 10.82 | 1 | Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| WISE_1_UNIT 2 | 32512 | WISE | 12 | 0.34 | 1 | Placer, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | Market |
| YUBACT_1_SUNSW T | 32494 | YUBA CTY | 9.1 | 24.80 | 1 | Pease, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| YUBACT_6_UNITA1 | 32496 | YCEC | 13.8 | 46.00 | 1 | Pease, Drum-Rio Oso, South of Table Mountain | | Market |
| CAMPFW_7_FARWS T | 32470 | CMP.FARW | 9.1 | 4.60 | 1 | South of Table Mountain | No NQC - hist. data | MUNI |
| NA | 32162 | RIV.DLTA | 9.11 | 0.00 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| UCDAVS_1_UNIT | 32166 | UC DAVIS | 9.1 | 3.50 | 1 | Drum-Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| STIGCT_2_LODIEC | 38123 | Q267CT1 | 18 | 166.00 | 1 | South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | No NQC - Pmax | MUNI |
| STIGCT_2_LODIEC | 38124 | Q267ST1 | 18 | 114.00 | 1 | South of Rio Oso, South of Palermo, South of Table Mountain | No NQC - Pmax | MUNI |

Major new projects modeled:

- 1. Table Mountain-Rio Oso Reconductor and Tower Upgrade
- 2. Atlantic-Lincoln 115 kV Transmission Upgrade
- 3. Gold Hill Horseshoe 115 kV line Reconductoring
- 4. Palermo-Rio Oso 115 kV Reconductoring
- 5. Lodi Energy Center

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

South of Table Mountain Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Table Mountain-Rio Oso 230 kV and Table Mountain-Palermo double circuit tower line outage. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Caribou-Palermo 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes in 2013 a LCR of 1376 MW (includes 171 MW of QF and 1103 MW of Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

The units required for the South of Palermo sub-area satisfy the single contingency requirement for this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has all units in Sierra area and their effectiveness factor to the above-mentioned constraint.

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr. (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|---------------|
| 31814 | FORBSTWN | 1 | 8 |
| 31794 | WOODLEAF | 1 | 8 |
| 31832 | SLY.CR. | 1 | 7 |
| 31862 | DEADWOOD | 1 | 7 |
| 31888 | OROVLLE | 1 | 6 |
| 31890 | PO POWER | 2 | 6 |
| 31890 | PO POWER | 1 | 6 |
| 31834 | KELLYRDG | 1 | 6 |
| 32452 | COLGATE2 | 1 | 5 |
| 32450 | COLGATE1 | 1 | 5 |
| 32466 | NARROWS1 | 1 | 5 |
| 32468 | NARROWS2 | 1 | 5 |

| 32470 | CMP.FARW | 1 | 5 |
|-------|----------|---|--------|
| 32451 | FREC | 1 | 5 |
| 32490 | GRNLEAF1 | 2 | 4 |
| 32490 | GRNLEAF1 | 1 | 4 |
| 32496 | YCEC | 1 | 3 |
| 32494 | YUBA CTY | 1 | 3 |
| 32492 | GRNLEAF2 | 1 | 3 |
| 32156 | WOODLAND | 1 | 3 |
| 31820 | BCKS CRK | 1 | 2 |
| 31820 | BCKS CRK | 2 | 2 |
| 31788 | ROCK CK2 | 1 | 2 |
| 31812 | CRESTA | 1 | 2 |
| 31812 | CRESTA | 2 | 2 |
| | POE 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 31792 | | | |
| 31790 | POE 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 31786 | ROCK CK1 | 1 | 2 |
| 31784 | BELDEN | 1 | 2 |
| 32166 | UC DAVIS | 1 | 2 |
| 32500 | ULTR RCK | 1 | 2 |
| 32498 | SPILINCF | 1 | 2 |
| 32162 | RIV.DLTA | 1 | 2 |
| 32510 | CHILIBAR | 1 | 2 |
| 32514 | ELDRADO2 | 1 | 2 |
| 32513 | ELDRADO1 | 1 | 2 |
| 32478 | HALSEY F | 1 | 2 |
| 32458 | RALSTON | 1 | 2 |
| 32456 | MIDLFORK | 1 | 2 |
| 32456 | MIDLFORK | 2 | 2 |
| 38114 | Stig CC | 1 | 2 |
| 32460 | NEWCSTLE | 1 | 2 |
| 32512 | WISE | 1 | 2 |
| 32486 | HELLHOLE | 1 | 2 |
| 32508 | FRNCH MD | 1 | 2 |
| 32502 | DTCHFLT2 | 1 | |
| 32462 | CHI.PARK | | 2 |
| | | 1 | 2 1 |
| 32464 | DTCHFLT1 | 1 | |
| 32454 | DRUM 5 | 1 | 1 |
| 32476 | ROLLINSF | 1 | 1 |
| 32484 | OXBOW F | 1 | 1 |
| 32474 | DEER CRK | 1 | 1 |
| 32506 | DRUM 3-4 | 1 | 1 |
| 32506 | DRUM 3-4 | 2 | 1 |
| 32504 | DRUM 1-2 | 1 | 1 |
| 32504 | DRUM 1-2 | 2 | 1 |
| 32488 | HAYPRES+ | 1 | 1 |
| 32488 | HAYPRES+ | 2 | 1 |
| 32480 | BOWMAN | 1 | 1 |
| 32472 | SPAULDG | 1 | 1 |
| | | | |

| 32472 | SPAULDG | 2 | 1 |
|-------|---------|---|---|
| 32472 | SPAULDG | 3 | 1 |
| 38123 | Q267CT1 | 1 | 1 |
| 38124 | Q267ST1 | 1 | 1 |

Colgate Sub-area

No requirements due to the addition of the Atlantic-Lincoln 115 kV transmission upgrade project. If this project is delayed all units within this area (Narrows #1 & #2 and Camp Far West) are needed.

Pease Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Palermo-East Nicolaus 115 kV line with Yuba City Energy Center unit out of service. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Palermo-Pease 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 52 MW (includes 59 MW of QF generation) in 2013 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area (Greenleaf #2, Yuba City and Yuba City EC) have the same effectiveness factor.

Bogue Sub-area

No requirement due to the Palermo-Rio Oso Reconductoring Project. If this project is delayed all units within this area (Greenleaf #1 units 1&2 and Feather River EC) are needed.

South of Palermo Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Double Circuit Tower Line Table Mountain-Rio Oso and Colgate-Rio Oso 230 kV lines. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Pease-Rio Oso 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 1568 MW (includes 59 MW of QF and 639 MW of Muni generation as well as 204 MW of deficiency) in 2013 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area. The most critical single contingency is the loss of the Palermo- East Nicolaus 115 kV line with Belden unit out of service. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Pease-Rio Oso 115 kV line. This contingency establishes in 2013 a LCR of 1247 MW

(includes 59 MW of QF and 639 MW of Muni generation) **Effectiveness factors:**

All units within the South of Palermo are needed therefore no effectiveness factor is required.

Placerville Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Gold Hill-Clarksville 115 kV line followed by loss of the Gold Hill-Missouri Flat #2 115 kV line. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Gold Hill-Missouri Flat #1 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 72 MW (includes 0 MW of QF and Muni generation as well as 48 MW of deficiency) in 2013 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area (El Dorado units 1&2 and Chili Bar) are needed therefore no effectiveness factor is required.

Placer Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Gold Hill-Placer #1 115 kV line followed by loss of the Gold Hill-Placer #2 115 kV line. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Drum-Higgins 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 81 MW (includes 38 MW of QF and Muni generation as well as 2 MW of deficiency) in 2013 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The single most critical contingency is the loss of the Gold Hill-Placer #2 115 kV line with Chicago Park unit out of service. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Drum-Higgins 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 59 MW (includes 38 MW of QF and Muni generation) in 2013.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area (Chicago Park, Dutch Flat#1, Wise units 1&2, Newcastle and Halsey) have the same effectiveness factor.

Drum-Rio Oso Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Rio Oso #2 230/115 transformer followed by loss of the Rio Oso-Brighton 230 kV line. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Rio Oso #1 230/115 kV transformer. This limiting contingency establishes in 2013 a LCR of 522 MW (includes 171 MW of QF and 198 MW of Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The single most critical contingency is the loss of the Rio Oso #2 230/115 transformer. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Rio Oso #1 230/115 kV transformer. This limiting contingency establishes in 2013 a LCR of 226 MW (includes 171 MW of QF and 198 MW of Muni generation).

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has all units in Drum-Rio Oso sub-area and their effectiveness factor to the above-mentioned constraint.

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr. (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|---------------|
| 32156 | WOODLAND | 1 | 22 |
| 32490 | GRNLEAF1 | 1 | 22 |
| 32490 | GRNLEAF1 | 2 | 22 |
| 32451 | FREC | 1 | 21 |
| 32166 | UC DAVIS | 1 | 18 |
| 32498 | SPILINCF | 1 | 15 |
| 32502 | DTCHFLT2 | 1 | 15 |
| 32494 | YUBA CTY | 1 | 14 |
| 32496 | YCEC | 1 | 14 |
| 32492 | GRNLEAF2 | 1 | 13 |
| 32454 | DRUM 5 | 1 | 13 |
| 32476 | ROLLINSF | 1 | 13 |
| 32474 | DEER CRK | 1 | 13 |
| 32504 | DRUM 1-2 | 1 | 13 |
| 32504 | DRUM 1-2 | 2 | 13 |
| 32506 | DRUM 3-4 | 1 | 13 |
| 32506 | DRUM 3-4 | 2 | 13 |

| 32484 | OXBOW F | 1 | 13 |
|-------|----------|---|----|
| 32472 | SPAULDG | 3 | 12 |
| 32472 | SPAULDG | 1 | 12 |
| 32472 | SPAULDG | 2 | 12 |
| 32488 | HAYPRES+ | 1 | 12 |
| 32480 | BOWMAN | 1 | 12 |
| 32488 | HAYPRES+ | 2 | 12 |
| 32464 | DTCHFLT1 | 1 | 11 |
| 32162 | RIV.DLTA | 1 | 11 |
| 32462 | CHI.PARK | 1 | 9 |
| 32500 | ULTR RCK | 1 | 6 |
| 31862 | DEADWOOD | 1 | 5 |
| 31814 | FORBSTWN | 1 | 5 |
| 31832 | SLY.CR. | 1 | 5 |
| 31794 | WOODLEAF | 1 | 5 |
| 32478 | HALSEY F | 1 | 2 |
| 31888 | OROVLLE | 1 | 2 |
| 32512 | WISE | 1 | 2 |
| 31834 | KELLYRDG | 1 | 2 |
| 31890 | PO POWER | 1 | 2 |
| 31890 | PO POWER | 2 | 2 |
| 32460 | NEWCSTLE | 1 | 1 |
| | | | |

South of Rio Oso Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Rio Oso-Gold Hill 230 line followed by loss of the Rio Oso-Lincoln 115 kV line or vice versa. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Rio Oso-Atlantic 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 500 MW (includes 31 MW of QF and 593 MW of Muni generation) in 2013 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The single most critical contingency is the loss of the Rio Oso-Gold Hill 230 line with the Ralston unit out of service. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Rio Oso-Atlantic 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 333 MW (includes 31 MW of QF and 593 MW of Muni generation) in 2013.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has all units in South of Rio Oso sub-area and their effectiveness factor to the above-mentioned constraint.

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr. (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|---------------|
| 32498 | SPILINCF | 1 | 49 |

| 32500 | ULTR RCK | 1 | 49 |
|-------|----------|---|----|
| 32456 | MIDLFORK | 1 | 33 |
| 32456 | MIDLFORK | 2 | 33 |
| 32458 | RALSTON | 1 | 33 |
| 32513 | ELDRADO1 | 1 | 32 |
| 32514 | ELDRADO2 | 1 | 32 |
| 32510 | CHILIBAR | 1 | 32 |
| 32486 | HELLHOLE | 1 | 31 |
| 32508 | FRNCH MD | 1 | 30 |
| 32460 | NEWCSTLE | 1 | 26 |
| 32478 | HALSEY F | 1 | 24 |
| 32512 | WISE | 1 | 24 |
| 38114 | Stig CC | 1 | 14 |
| 38123 | Q267CT | 1 | 14 |
| 38124 | Q267ST | 1 | 14 |
| 32462 | CHI.PARK | 1 | 8 |
| 32464 | DTCHFLT1 | 1 | 4 |

Changes compared to last year's results:

The Sierra Area load forecast went down by 78 MW and the LCR need has decreased by 44 MW.

Sierra Overall Requirements:

| 2013 | QF | Muni | Market | Max. Qualifying |
|----------------------|------|------|--------|-----------------|
| | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | Capacity (MW) |
| Available generation | 171 | 1103 | 765 | 2039 |

| 2013 | Existing Generation | Deficiency | Total MW |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|----------|
| | Capacity Needed (MW) | (MW) | LCR Need |
| Category B (Single) ¹⁴ | 1408 | 0 | 1408 |
| Category C (Multiple) ¹⁵ | 1712 | 218 | 1930 |

11. Stockton Area

Area Definition

The transmission facilities that establish the boundary of the Tesla-Bellota Sub-area

are:

- 1) Bellota 230/115 kV Transformer #1
- 2) Bellota 230/115 kV Transformer #2
- 3) Tesla-Tracy 115 kV Line
- 4) Tesla-Salado 115 kV Line
- 5) Tesla-Salado-Manteca 115 kV line
- 6) Tesla-Schulte #1 115 kV Line
- 7) Tesla-Schulte #2 115 kV Line

The substations that delineate the Tesla-Bellota Sub-area are:

- 1) Bellota 230 kV is out Bellota 115 kV is in
- 2) Bellota 230 kV is out Bellota 115 kV is in
- 3) Tesla is out Tracy is in
- 4) Tesla is out Salado is in
- 5) Tesla is out Salado and Manteca are in
- 6) Tesla is out Schulte is in
- 7) Tesla is out Schulte is in

The transmission facilities that establish the boundary of the Lockeford Sub-area are:

1) Lockeford-Industrial 60 kV line

¹⁴ A single contingency means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

¹⁵ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

- 2) Lockeford-Lodi #1 60 kV line
- 3) Lockeford-Lodi #2 60 kV line
- 4) Lockeford-Lodi #3 60 kV line

The substations that delineate the Lockeford Sub-area are:

- 1) Lockeford is out Industrial is in
- 2) Lockeford is out Lodi is in
- 3) Lockeford is out Lodi is in
- 4) Lockeford is out Lodi is in

The transmission facilities that establish the boundary of the Weber Sub-area are:

- 1) Weber 230/60 kV Transformer #1
- 2) Weber 230/60 kV Transformer #2
- 3) Weber 230/60 kV Transformer #2a

The substations that delineate the Weber Sub-area are:

- 1) Weber 230 kV is out Weber 60 kV is in
- 2) Weber 230 kV is out Weber 60 kV is in
- 3) Weber 230 kV is out Weber 60 kV is in

Total 2013 busload within the defined area: 1090 MW with 19 MW of losses resulting in total load + losses of 1109 MW.

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB- AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------|
| BEARDS_7_UNIT 1 | 34074 | BEARDSLY | 6.9 | 8.36 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| CURIS_1_QF | | | | 0.84 | | Tesla-Bellota | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DONNLS_7_UNIT | 34058 | DONNELLS | 13.8 | 72.00 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| LODI25_2_UNIT 1 | 38120 | LODI25CT | 9.11 | 22.70 | 1 | Lockeford | | MUNI |
| PHOENX_1_UNIT | | | | 1.41 | | Tesla-Bellota | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| SCHLTE_1_PL1X3 | 33805 | GWFTRCY1 | 13.8 | 83.56 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | | Market |
| SCHLTE_1_PL1X3 | 33807 | GWFTRCY2 | 13.8 | 82.88 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | | Market |
| SNDBAR_7_UNIT 1 | 34060 | SANDBAR | 13.8 | 12.02 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| SPIFBD_1_PL1X2 | 33917 | FBERBORD | 115 | 1.91 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SPRGAP_1_UNIT 1 | 34078 | SPRNG GP | 6 | 0.04 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | Aug NQC | Market |
| STANIS_7_UNIT 1 | 34062 | STANISLS | 13.8 | 91.00 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | Aug NQC | Market |
| STNRES_1_UNIT | 34056 | STNSLSRP | 13.8 | 15.98 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| STOKCG_1_UNIT 1 | 33814 | CPC STCN | 12.5 | 34.91 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| TULLCK_7_UNITS | 34076 | TULLOCH | 6.9 | 8.23 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| TULLCK_7_UNITS | 34076 | TULLOCH | 6.9 | 8.24 | 2 | Tesla-Bellota | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| ULTPCH_1_UNIT 1 | 34050 | CH.STN. | 13.8 | 15.17 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| VLYHOM_7_SSJID | | | | 1.39 | | Tesla-Bellota | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CAMCHE_1_PL1X3 | 33850 | CAMANCHE | 4.2 | 3.50 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | No NQC - hist. data | MUNI |
| CAMCHE_1_PL1X3 | 33850 | CAMANCHE | 4.2 | 3.50 | 2 | Tesla-Bellota | No NQC - hist. data | MUNI |

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB- AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|------|------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------|
| CAMCHE_1_PL1X3 | 33850 | CAMANCHE | 4.2 | 3.50 | 3 | Tesla-Bellota | No NQC - hist. data | MUNI |
| NA | 33687 | STKTN WW | 60 | 1.50 | 1 | Weber | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 33830 | GEN.MILL | 9.11 | 2.50 | 1 | Lockeford | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| COGNAT_1_UNIT | 33818 | COG.NTNL | 12 | 0.00 | 1 | Weber | Retired | QF/Selfgen |
| SCHLTE_1_PL1X3 | 33811 | GWFTRCY3 | 13.8 | 145 | 1 | Tesla-Bellota | No NQC - Pmax | Market |

Major new projects modeled:

- 1. Weber 230/60 kV Transformer Replacement
- 2. Weber-Stockton "A" #1 & #2 60 kV Reconductoring
- GWF Tracy Expansion Loop in Tesla-Manteca 115 kV line to Schulte switching station.
- 4. GWF Tracy (145 MW) connecting to Schulte 115 kV switching station.

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Stockton overall

The requirement for this area is driven by the sum of requirements for the Tesla-Bellota, Lockeford, Stagg and Weber Sub-areas.

Tesla-Bellota Sub-area

The two most critical contingencies listed below together establish a local capacity need of 518 MW (includes 70 MW of QF and 119 MW of Muni generation as well as 130 MW of deficiency) in 2013 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most critical contingency for the Tesla-Bellota pocket is the loss of Schulte-Kasson-Manteca 115 kV and Schulte-Lammers 115 kV. The area limitation is thermal overload of the Tesla-Tracy 115 kV line above its emergency rating. This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 412 MW (includes 70 MW of QF and 119 MW of Muni generation as well as 130 MW of deficiency) in 2013.

The second most critical contingency for the Tesla-Bellota pocket is the loss of Tesla-Tracy 115 kV and Tesla-Schulte #2 115 kV lines. The area limitation is thermal overload of the Tesla-Schulte #1 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a 2013 local capacity need of 388 MW (includes 70 MW of QF and 119 MW of Muni generation).

The single most critical contingency for the Tesla-Bellota pocket is the loss of Tesla-Tracy 115 kV line and the loss of the GWF Tracy unit #3. The area limitation is thermal overload of the Tesla-Schulte #1 115 kV line. This single contingency establishes a local capacity need of 242 MW (includes 70 MW of QF and 119 MW of Muni generation) in 2013.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area are needed for the most limiting contingencies therefore no effectiveness factor is required.

Lockeford Sub-area

The critical contingency for the Lockeford area is the loss of Lockeford-Industrial 60 kV circuit and Lockeford-Lodi #2 60 kV circuit. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Lockeford-Lodi Jct. section of the Lockeford-Lodi #3 60 kV circuit. This limiting contingency establishes a 2013 local capacity need of 49 MW (including 2 MW of QF and 23 MW of Muni generation as well as 24 MW of deficiency) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area are needed therefore no effectiveness factor is required.

Weber Sub-area

No requirement due to the Weber 230/60 kV transformer replacement and Weber – Stockton "A" #1 & 2 60 kV lines reconductoring projects. If these projects are delayed all units within this sub-area (Cogeneration National and Stockton Wastewater) are needed.

Changes compared to last year's results:

Overall the Stockton area load forecast went up by 23 MW. There are a few transmission upgrade modeled and one new generation project modeled (GWF Tracy Expansion – Loop in the Tesla-Manteca 115 kV line to Schulte switching station) in the Stockton local area compared to last year studies. The Weber sub-area is eliminated because of the Weber 230/60 kV transformer upgrade and Weber – Stockton "A" #1 & 2 60 kV lines reconductoring projects. As a result, the overall requirement for the Stockton area stayed the same as last year.

Stockton Overall Requirements:

| 2013 | QF | Muni | Market | Max. Qualifying |
|----------------------|------|------|--------|-----------------|
| | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | Capacity (MW) |
| Available generation | 74 | 142 | 404 | 620 |

| 2013 | Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW) | Deficiency (MW) | Total MW LCR Need |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| Category B (Single) ¹⁶ | 242 | 0 | 242 |
| Category C (Multiple) ¹⁷ | 413 | 154 | 567 |

12. Greater Bay Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines into the Greater Bay Area are:

- 1) Lakeville-Sobrante 230 kV
- 2) Ignacio-Sobrante 230 kV
- 3) Parkway-Moraga 230 kV
- 4) Bahia-Moraga 230 kV
- 5) Lambie SW Sta-Vaca Dixon 230 kV
- 6) Peabody-Birds Landing SW Sta 230 kV
- 7) Tesla-Kelso 230 kV
- 8) Tesla-Delta Switching Yard 230 kV

¹⁶ A single contingency means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

¹⁷ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

- 9) Tesla-Pittsburg #1 230 kV
- 10) Tesla-Pittsburg #2 230 kV
- 11) Tesla-Newark #1 230 kV
- 12) Tesla-Newark #2 230 kV
- 13) Tesla-Ravenswood 230 kV
- 14) Tesla-Metcalf 500 kV
- 15) Moss Landing-Metcalf 500 kV
- 16) Moss Landing-Metcalf #1 230 kV
- 17) Moss Landing-Metcalf #2 230 kV
- 18) Oakdale TID-Newark #1 115 kV
- 19) Oakdale TID-Newark #2 115 kV

The substations that delineate the Greater Bay Area are:

- 1) Lakeville is out Sobrante is in
- 2) Ignacio is out Crocket and Sobrante are in
- 3) Parkway is out Moraga is in
- 4) Bahia is out Moraga is in
- 5) Lambie SW Sta is in Vaca Dixon is out
- 6) Peabody is out Birds Landing SW Sta is in
- 7) Tesla and USWP Ralph are out Kelso is in
- 8) Tesla and Altmont Midway are out Delta Switching Yard is in
- 9) Tesla and Tres Vaqueros are out Pittsburg is in
- 10) Tesla and Flowind are out Pittsburg is in
- 11) Tesla is out Newark is in
- 12) Tesla is out Newark and Patterson Pass are in
- 13) Tesla is out Ravenswood is in
- 14) Tesla is out Metcalf is in
- 15) Moss Landing is out Metcalf is in
- 16) Moss Landing is out Metcalf is in
- 17) Moss Landing is out Metcalf is in
- 18) Oakdale TID is out Newark is in
- 19) Oakdale TID is out Newark is in

Total 2013 bus load within the defined area is 9770 MW with 199 MW of losses and 264 MW of pumps resulting in total load + losses + pumps of 10233 MW. This corresponds to about 9633 MW of load per CEC forecast since there are about 600 MW of loads behind the meter modeled in the base cases.

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB- AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|-----------|------|--------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------|
| ALMEGT_1_UNIT 1 | 38118 | ALMDACT1 | 13.8 | 23.80 | 1 | Oakland | | MUNI |
| ALMEGT_1_UNIT 2 | 38119 | ALMDACT2 | 13.8 | 24.40 | 1 | Oakland | | MUNI |
| BANKPP_2_NSPIN | 38760 | DELTA E | 13.2 | 28.00 | 10 | Contra Costa | Pumps | MUNI |
| BANKPP_2_NSPIN | 38760 | DELTA E | 13.2 | 28.00 | 11 | Contra Costa | Pumps | MUNI |
| BANKPP_2_NSPIN | 38765 | DELTA D | 13.2 | 28.00 | 8 | Contra Costa | Pumps | MUNI |
| BANKPP_2_NSPIN | 38765 | DELTA D | 13.2 | 28.00 | 9 | Contra Costa | Pumps | MUNI |
| BANKPP_2_NSPIN | 38770 | DELTA C | 13.2 | 28.00 | 6 | Contra Costa | Pumps | MUNI |
| BANKPP_2_NSPIN | 38770 | DELTA C | 13.2 | 28.00 | 7 | Contra Costa | Pumps | MUNI |
| BANKPP_2_NSPIN | 38815 | DELTA B | 13.2 | 28.00 | 4 | Contra Costa | Pumps | MUNI |
| BANKPP_2_NSPIN | 38815 | DELTA B | 13.2 | 28.00 | 5 | Contra Costa | Pumps | MUNI |
| BANKPP_2_NSPIN | 38820 | DELTA A | 13.2 | 9.00 | 1 | Contra Costa | Pumps | MUNI |
| BANKPP_2_NSPIN | 38820 | DELTA A | 13.2 | 9.00 | 2 | Contra Costa | Pumps | MUNI |
| BANKPP_2_NSPIN | 38820 | DELTA A | 13.2 | 22.00 | 3 | Contra Costa | Pumps | MUNI |
| BLHVN_7_MENLOP | | | | 1.06 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| BRDSLD_2_HIWIND | 32172 | HIGHWINDS | 34.5 | 35.09 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Wind |
| BRDSLD_2_MTZUMA | 32171 | HIGHWND3 | 34.5 | 5.95 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Wind |
| BRDSLD_2_SHILO1 | 32176 | SHILOH | 34.5 | 36.85 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Wind |
| BRDSLD_2_SHILO2 | 32177 | SHILOH 2 | 34.5 | 33.87 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Wind |
| CALPIN_1_AGNEW | 35860 | OLS-AGNE | 9.11 | 22.43 | 1 | San Jose | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CARDCG_1_UNITS | 33463 | CARDINAL | 12.5 | 10.67 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CARDCG_1_UNITS | 33463 | CARDINAL | 12.5 | 10.68 | 2 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CLRMTK_1_QF | | | | 0.00 | | Oakland | Not modeled | QF/Selfgen |
| COCOPP_7_UNIT 6 | 33116 | C.COS 6 | 18 | 0.00 | 1 | Contra Costa | Energy Only | Market |
| COCOPP_7_UNIT 7 | 33117 | C.COS 7 | 18 | 0.00 | 1 | Contra Costa | Energy Only | Market |
| CONTAN_1_UNIT | 36856 | CCA100 | 13.8 | 25.80 | 1 | San Jose | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CROKET_7_UNIT | 32900 | CRCKTCOG | 18 | 194.00 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CSCCOG_1_UNIT 1 | 36854 | Cogen | 12 | 3.00 | 1 | San Jose | | MUNI |
| CSCCOG_1_UNIT 1 | 36854 | Cogen | 12 | 3.00 | 2 | San Jose | | MUNI |
| CSCGNR_1_UNIT 1 | 36858 | Gia100 | 13.8 | 24.00 | 1 | San Jose | | MUNI |
| CSCGNR_1_UNIT 2 | 36895 | Gia200 | 13.8 | 24.00 | 2 | San Jose | | MUNI |
| DELTA_2_PL1X4 | 33107 | DEC STG1 | 24 | 269.61 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | Market |
| DELTA_2_PL1X4 | 33108 | DEC CTG1 | 18 | 181.13 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | Market |
| DELTA_2_PL1X4 | 33109 | DEC CTG2 | 18 | 181.13 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | Market |
| DELTA_2_PL1X4 | 33110 | DEC CTG3 | 18 | 181.13 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | Market |
| DUANE_1_PL1X3 | 36863 | DVRaGT1 | 13.8 | 49.27 | 1 | San Jose | | MUNI |
| DUANE_1_PL1X3 | 36864 | DVRbGT2 | 13.8 | 49.27 | 1 | San Jose | | MUNI |
| DUANE_1_PL1X3 | 36865 | DVRaST3 | 13.8 | 49.26 | 1 | San Jose | | MUNI |
| FLOWD1_6_ALTPP1 | 35318 | FLOWDPTR | 9.11 | 0.00 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Wind |
| FLOWD2_2_UNIT 1 | | | | 2.86 | | Contra Costa | Not Modeled Aug NQC | Wind |
| GATWAY_2_PL1X3 | 33118 | GATEWAY1 | 18 | 189.27 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Market |
| GATWAY_2_PL1X3 | 33119 | GATEWAY2 | 18 | 185.36 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Market |
| GATWAY_2_PL1X3 | 33120 | GATEWAY3 | 18 | 185.36 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Market |
| GILROY_1_UNIT | 35850 | GLRY COG | 13.8 | 69.30 | 1 | Llagas | Aug NQC | Market |
| GILROY_1_UNIT | 35850 | GLRY COG | 13.8 | 35.70 | 2 | Llagas | Aug NQC | Market |
| GILRPP_1_PL1X2 | 35851 | GROYPKR1 | 13.8 | 45.50 | 1 | Llagas | Aug NQC | Market |

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB- AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| GILRPP_1_PL1X2 | 35852 | GROYPKR2 | 13.8 | 45.50 | 1 | Llagas | Aug NQC | Market |
| GILRPP_1_PL3X4 | 35853 | GROYPKR3 | 13.8 | 46.00 | 1 | Llagas | Aug NQC | Market |
| GRZZLY_1_BERKLY | 32740 | HILLSIDE | 115 | 24.58 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GWFPW1_6_UNIT | 33131 | GWF #1 | 9.11 | 15.73 | 1 | Pittsburg, Contra Costa | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GWFPW2_1_UNIT 1 | 33132 | GWF #2 | 13.8 | 17.53 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GWFPW3_1_UNIT 1 | 33133 | GWF #3 | 13.8 | 14.53 | 1 | Pittsburg, Contra Costa | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GWFPW4_6_UNIT 1 | 33134 | GWF #4 | 13.8 | 16.51 | 1 | Pittsburg, Contra Costa | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GWFPW5_6_UNIT 1 | 33135 | GWF #5 | 13.8 | 17.54 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| HICKS_7_GUADLP | | | | 1.98 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| KIRKER_7_KELCYN | 32951 | KIRKER | 115 | 3.21 | | Pittsburg | Not modeled | Market |
| LAWRNC_7_SUNYVL | | | | 0.16 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| LECEF_1_UNITS | 35854 | LECEFGT1 | 13.8 | 46.50 | 1 | San Jose | Aug NQC | Market |
| LECEF_1_UNITS | 35855 | LECEFGT2 | 13.8 | 46.50 | 1 | San Jose | Aug NQC | Market |
| LECEF_1_UNITS | 35856 | LECEFGT3 | 13.8 | 46.50 | 1 | San Jose | Aug NQC | Market |
| LECEF_1_UNITS | 35857 | LECEFGT4 | 13.8 | 46.50 | 1 | San Jose | Aug NQC | Market |
| LFC 51_2_UNIT 1 | 35310 | LFC FIN+ | 9.11 | 1.72 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | Wind |
| LMBEPK_2_UNITA1 | 32173 | LAMBGT1 | 13.8 | 47.00 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Market |
| LMBEPK_2_UNITA2 | 32174 | GOOSEHGT | 13.8 | 46.00 | 2 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Market |
| LMBEPK_2_UNITA3 | 32175 | CREEDGT1 | 13.8 | 47.00 | 3 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Market |
| LMEC_1_PL1X3 | 33111 | LMECCT2 | 18 | 163.20 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | Market |
| LMEC_1_PL1X3 | 33112 | LMECCT1 | 18 | 163.20 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | Market |
| LMEC_1_PL1X3 | 33113 | LMECST1 | 18 | 229.60 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | Market |
| MARKHM_1_CATLST | 35863 | CATALYST | 9.11 | 0.00 | 1 | San Jose | | QF/Selfgen |
| MARTIN_1_SUNSET | | | | 0.80 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| METCLF_1_QF | | | | 0.08 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| METEC_2_PL1X3 | 35881 | MEC CTG1 | 18 | 178.43 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | Market |
| METEC_2_PL1X3 | 35882 | MEC CTG2 | 18 | 178.43 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | Market |
| METEC_2_PL1X3 | 35883 | MEC STG1 | 18 | 213.14 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | Market |
| MILBRA_1_QF | | | | 0.00 | | None | Not modeled | QF/Selfgen |
| MISSIX_1_QF | | | | 0.24 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MLPTAS_7_QFUNTS | | | | 0.02 | | San Jose | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MNTAGU_7_NEWBYI | | | | 2.87 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| NEWARK_1_QF | | | | 0.03 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| OAK C_7_UNIT 1 | 32901 | OAKLND 1 | 13.8 | 55.00 | 1 | Oakland | | Market |
| OAK C_7_UNIT 2 | 32902 | OAKLND 2 | 13.8 | 55.00 | 1 | Oakland | | Market |
| OAK C_7_UNIT 3 | 32903 | OAKLND 3 | 13.8 | 55.00 | 1 | Oakland | | Market |
| OAK L_7_EBMUD | | | | 0.56 | | Oakland | Not modeled Aug NQC | MUNI |
| OXMTN_6_LNDFIL | 33469 | OX_MTN | 4.16 | 1.45 | 1 | None | | Market |
| OXMTN_6_LNDFIL | 33469 | OX_MTN | 4.16 | 1.45 | 2 | None | | Market |
| OXMTN_6_LNDFIL | 33469 | OX_MTN | 4.16 | 1.45 | 3 | None | | Market |
| OXMTN_6_LNDFIL | 33469 | OX_MTN | 4.16 | 1.45 | 4 | None | | Market |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB- AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|------------|-----------------------|--|------------|
| OXMTN_6_LNDFIL | 33469 | OX_MTN | 4.16 | 1.45 | 5 | None | | Market |
| OXMTN_6_LNDFIL | 33469 | OX_MTN | 4.16 | 1.45 | 6 | None | | Market |
| OXMTN_6_LNDFIL | 33469 | OX_MTN | 4.16 | 1.45 | 7 | None | | Market |
| PALALT_7_COBUG | | | | 4.50 | | None | Not modeled | MUNI |
| PITTSP_7_UNIT 5 | 33105 | PTSB 5 | 18 | 312.00 | 1 | Pittsburg | | Market |
| PITTSP_7_UNIT 6 | 33106 | PTSB 6 | 18 | 317.00 | 1 | Pittsburg | | Market |
| PITTSP_7_UNIT 7 | 30000 | PTSB 7 | 20 | 682.00 | 1 | Pittsburg | | Market |
| RICHMN_7_BAYENV | | | | 2.00 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| RVRVEW_1_UNITA1 | 33178 | RVEC_GEN | 13.8 | 46.00 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Market |
| SEAWST_6_LAPOS | 35312 | SEAWESTF | 9.11 | 0.35 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Wind |
| SRINTL_6_UNIT | 33468 | SRI INTL | 9.11 | 0.76 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| STAUFF_1_UNIT | 33139 | STAUFER | 9.11 | 0.01 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| STOILS_1_UNITS | 32921 | CHEVGEN1 | 13.8 | 1.41 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| STOILS 1 UNITS | 32922 | CHEVGEN2 | 13.8 | 1.41 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| TIDWTR 2 UNITS | 33151 | FOSTER W | 12.5 | 5.93 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| TIDWTR_2_UNITS | 33151 | FOSTER W | 12.5 | 5.93 | 2 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| TIDWTR 2 UNITS | 33151 | FOSTER W | 12.5 | 5.93 | 3 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| UNCHEM 1 UNIT | 32920 | UNION CH | 9.11 | 15.94 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| UNOCAL 1 UNITS | 32910 | UNOCAL | 12 | 0.03 | 1 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| UNOCAL 1 UNITS | 32910 | UNOCAL | 12 | 0.03 | 2 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| UNOCAL 1 UNITS | 32910 | UNOCAL | 12 | 0.03 | 3 | Pittsburg | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| UNTDQF 7 UNITS | 33466 | UNTED CO | 9.11 | 22.81 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| USWNDR 2 SMUD | 32169 | SOLANOWP | 21 | 17.82 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Wind |
| | | | | 26.27 | 1 | | | Wind |
| USWNDR_2_UNITS | 32168 | EXNCO | 9.11 | | | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | - |
| USWPFK_6_FRICK | 35320 | USW FRIC | 12 | 0.47 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Wind |
| USWPFK_6_FRICK | 35320 | USW FRIC | 12 | 0.47 | 2 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Wind |
| USWPJR_2_UNITS | 33838 | USWP_#3 | 9.11 | 2.57 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Wind |
| WNDMAS_2_UNIT 1 | 33170 | WINDMSTR | 9.11 | 3.30 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ZOND_6_UNIT | 35316 | ZOND SYS | 9.11 | 4.50 | 1 | Contra Costa | Aug NQC | Wind |
| IBMCTL_1_UNIT 1 | 35637 | IBM-CTLE | 115 | 0.00 | 1 | San Jose | No NQC - hist. data | Market |
| IMHOFF_1_UNIT 1 | 33136 | CCCSD | 12.5 | 4.40 | 1 | Pittsburg | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| SHELRF_1_UNITS | 33141 | SHELL 1 | 12.5 | 20.00 | 1 | Pittsburg | No NQC - hist. data No NQC - hist. | QF/Selfgen |
| SHELRF_1_UNITS | 33142 | SHELL 2 | 12.5 | 40.00 | 1 | Pittsburg | data | QF/Selfgen |
| SHELRF_1_UNITS | 33143 | SHELL 3 | 12.5 | 40.00 | 1 | Pittsburg | No NQC - hist. data No NQC - hist. | QF/Selfgen |
| ZANKER_1_UNIT 1 | 35861 | SJ-SCL W | 9.11 | 5.00 | 1 | San Jose | data | QF/Selfgen |
| BRDSLD_2_MTZUM2 | 32179 | MNTZUMA2 | 0.69 | 26 | 1 | Contra Costa | No NQC - est. data | Wind |
| BRDSLD_2_SHLO3A | 32191 | SHLH3AC2 | 0.58 | 30 | 1 | Contra Costa | No NQC - est. data | Wind |
| BRDSLD_2_SHLO3B | 32194 | SHLH3BC2 | 0.58 | 30 | 1 | Contra Costa | No NQC - est. data | Wind |
| KELSO_2_GTG6 | 33813 | KELSOCT1 | 13.8 | 50 | 1 | Contra Costa | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| KELSO 2 GTG7 | 33815 | KELSOCT2 | 13.8 | 50 | 2 | Contra Costa | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| KELSO 3 GTG8 | 33817 | KELSOCT3 | 13.8 | 50 | 3 | Contra Costa | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| KELSO 3 GTG9 | 33819 | KELSOCT4 | 13.8 | 50 | 4 | Contra Costa | No NQC - Pmax | Market |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB- AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|-----------|------|--------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| New Unit | 32186 | SOLANO | 34.5 | 42 | 1 | Contra Costa | No NQC - est. data | Wind |
| New Unit | 33188 | T320BS1 | 16.4 | 193.5 | 1 | Contra Costa | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New Unit | 33188 | T320BS1 | 16.4 | 193.5 | 2 | Contra Costa | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New Unit | 33189 | T320BS2 | 16.4 | 193.5 | 3 | Contra Costa | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New Unit | 33189 | T320BS2 | 16.4 | 193.5 | 4 | Contra Costa | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New Unit | 35304 | Q045CTG1 | 15 | 177.50 | 1 | None | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New Unit | 35305 | Q045CTG2 | 15 | 177.50 | 1 | None | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New Unit | 35306 | Q067STG1 | 15 | 245.00 | 1 | None | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New Unit | 35858 | T03878ST1 | 13.8 | 120.00 | 1 | San Jose | No NQC - Pmax | Market |

Major new projects modeled:

- 1. Replace Moraga 230/115kV Bank #1 with larger unit 12/30/2012
- 2. Eastshore San Mateo 230 kV Line Reconductor 12/01/2011
- 3. Eastshore Dumbarton 115 kV Line Reconductor 06/01/2012
- 4. Four Wind farms connected to Birds Landing (~ 340 MW P max)
- 5. Russell City Energy Center (~ 600 MW P max) 06/01/2013
- 6. Marsh Landing Generating Station (~ 774 MW P max) 12/01/2012
- Los Esteros Critical Energy Facility (LECEF) capacity increase by 120 MW (total 295 MW) - 05/01/2013

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Oakland Sub-area

The most critical contingency is an outage of the C-X #2 and #3 115 kV cables. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the D-L 115 kV lines. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 68 MW in 2012 (includes 49 MW of Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area. This Oakland requirement does not include the need for Pittsburg/Oakland sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area have the same effectiveness factor. Units outside of this area are not effective.

Llagas Sub-area

The most critical contingency is an outage between Metcalf D and Morgan Hill 115 kV (with one of the Gilroy Peaker off-line). The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Metcalf-Llagas 115 kV line as well as voltage drop (5%) at the Morgan Hill substation. As documented within a CAISO Operating Procedure, this limitation is dependent on power flowing in the direction from Metcalf to Llagas/Morgan Hill. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 100 MW in 2013 (includes 0 MW of QF and Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area have the same effectiveness factor. Units outside of this area are not effective.

San Jose Sub-area

The most critical contingency is an outage of Metcalf-El Patio #1 or #2 115 kV line followed by Metcalf-Evergreen #1 115 kV line. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Evergreen – San Jose B 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 565 MW in 2013 (includes 53 MW of QF and 202 MW of Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most critical single contingency is an outage of the Metcalf-Evergreen #1 115 kV line with Duane PP out of service. The sub-area area limitation is thermal overloading of the Northern Receiving Station (NRS) - Southern Receiving Station (SRS) 115 kV. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 354 MW in 2013 (including 53 MW of QF and 202 MW of Muni generation).

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within the Bay Area that are at least 5% effective to the above-mentioned most critical constraint.

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|
| 35863 | CATALYST | 1 | 20 |
| 36856 | CCCA100 | 1 | 6 |
| 36854 | Cogen | 1 | 6 |
| 36854 | Cogen | 2 | 6 |
| 36863 | DVRaGT1 | 1 | 6 |
| 36864 | DVRbGT2 | 1 | 6 |
| 36865 | DVRaST3 | 1 | 6 |
| 35860 | OLS-AGNE | 1 | 5 |
| 36858 | Gia100 | 1 | 5 |
| 36859 | Gia200 | 2 | 5 |
| 35854 | LECEFGT1 | 1 | 5 |
| 35855 | LECEFGT2 | 2 | 5 |
| 35856 | LECEFGT3 | 3 | 5 |
| 35857 | LECEFGT4 | 4 | 5 |
| | | | |

Pittsburg and Oakland Sub-area Combined

The most critical contingency is an outage of the Moraga #3 230/115 kV transformer combined with the loss of Delta Energy Center. The sub-area area limitation is thermal overloading of Moraga #1 230/115 kV transformer. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 2379 MW in 2013 (including 417 MW of QF and 49 MW of Muni generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most critical single contingency is an outage of the Moraga #3 230/115 kV transformer. The sub-area area limitation is thermal overloading of the Moraga #1 230/115 kV transformer. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 1966 MW in 2013 (including 417 MW of QF and 49 MW of Muni generation).

Effectiveness factors:

Please see Bay Area overall.

Contra Costa Sub-area

The most critical contingency is an outage of Kelso-Tesla 230 kV with the Gateway off line. The area limitation is thermal overloading of the Delta Switching Yard-Tesla 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 1052 MW in 2013 (includes 47 MW of QF and 298 MW of Wind generation and 264 MW of MUNI pumps) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within the Bay Area that are at least 10% effective to the above-mentioned constraint.

| | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr (%) |
|-------|----------|--------|--------------|
| 33175 | ALTAMONT | 1 | 83 |
| 38760 | DELTA E | 10 | 71 |
| 38760 | DELTA E | 11 | 71 |
| 38765 | DELTA D | 8 | 71 |
| 38765 | DELTA D | 9 | 71 |
| 38770 | DELTA C | 6 | 71 |
| 38770 | DELTA C | 7 | 71 |
| 38815 | DELTA B | 4 | 71 |
| 38815 | DELTA B | 5 | 71 |
| 38820 | DELTA A | 3 | 71 |
| 33170 | WINDMSTR | 1 | 68 |
| 33118 | GATEWAY1 | 1 | 23 |
| 33119 | GATEWAY2 | 1 | 23 |
| 33120 | GATEWAY3 | 1 | 23 |
| 33116 | C.COS 6 | 1 | 23 |
| 33117 | C.COS 7 | 1 | 23 |
| 33133 | GWF #3 | 1 | 23 |
| 33134 | GWF #4 | 1 | 23 |
| 33178 | RVEC_GEN | 1 | 23 |
| 33131 | GWF #1 | 1 | 22 |
| 32179 | T222 | 1 | 18 |
| 32188 | P0611G | 1 | 18 |
| 32190 | Q039 | 1 | 18 |
| 32186 | P0609 | 1 | 18 |
| 32171 | HIGHWND3 | 1 | 18 |
| 32177 | Q0024 | 1 | 18 |
| 32168 | ENXCO | 2 | 18 |
| 32169 | SOLANOWP | 1 | 18 |
| 32172 | HIGHWNDS | 1 | 18 |
| 32176 | SHILOH | 1 | 18 |
| 33838 | USWP_#3 | 1 | 18 |
| 32173 | LAMBGT1 | 1 | 14 |
| 32174 | GOOSEHGT | 2 | 14 |

| 32175 | CREEDGT1 | 3 | 14 |
|-------|----------|---|----|
| 35312 | SEAWESTF | 1 | 11 |
| 35316 | ZOND SYS | 1 | 11 |
| 35320 | USW FRIC | 1 | 11 |

Bay Area overall

As the aggregate sub pocket LCR is not adequate to cover the overall Bay area contingency,

The most critical contingency is an overlapping outage of the Tesla-Metcalf 500 kV line and Tesla-Newark #1 230 kV line. The sub-area area limitation is thermal overload on the Tesla-Ravenswood 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 4502 MW in 2013 (including 549 MW of QF, 519 MW of MUNI and 300 MW of wind generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most critical single contingency is an outage of the Tesla-Metcalf 500 kV line with Delta Energy Center out of service. The sub-area area limitation is reactive margin within the Bay Area. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 3479 MW in 2013 (including 549 MW of QF, 519 MW of MUNI and 300 MW of wind generation).

Effectiveness factors:

For most helpful procurement information please read procedure T-133Z effectiveness factors (posted under M-2210Z) at: <u>http://www.caiso.com/Documents/2210Z.pdf</u>

Changes compared to last year's results:

Overall the load forecast went up by 279 MW. There are many new resources and transmission projects modeled compared with last year study. As an overall result, LCR has increased by 224 MW.

Bay Area Overall Requirements:

| 2013 | Wind | QF/Selfgen | Muni | Market | Max. Qualifying |
|----------------------|------|------------|------|--------|-----------------|
| | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | Capacity (MW) |
| Available generation | 300 | 549 | 519 | 6296 | 7664 |

| 2013 | Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW) | Deficiency (MW) | Total MW LCR Need |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| Category B (Single) ¹⁸ | 3479 | 0 | 3479 |
| Category C (Multiple) ¹⁹ | 4502 | 0 | 4502 |

13. Greater Fresno Area

Area Definition

The transmission facilities coming into the Greater Fresno area are:

- 1) Gates-Gregg 230 kV Line
- 2) Gates-McCall 230 kV Line
- 3) Gates #1 230/70 kV Transformer Bank
- 4) Los Banos #3 230/70 kV Transformer Bank
- 5) Los Banos #4 230/70 kV Transformer Bank
- 6) Panoche-Helm 230 kV Line
- 7) Panoche-Kearney 230 kV Line
- 8) Panoche #1 230/115 kV Transformer
- 9) Panoche #2 230/115 kV Transformer
- 10) Warnerville-Wilson 230 kV Line
- 11) Wilson-Melones 230 kV Line
- 12) Smyrna-Corcoran 115kV Line
- 13) Coalinga #1-San Miguel 70 kV Line

The substations that delineate the Greater Fresno area are:

- 1) Gates is out Henrietta is in
- 2) Gates is out Henrietta is in
- 3) Gates 230 kV is out Gates 70 kV is in
- 4) Los Banos 230 kV is out Los Banos 70 kV is in
- 5) Los Banos 230 kV is out Los Banos 70 kV is in
- 6) Panoche is out Helm is in
- 7) Panoche is out Mc Mullin is in

¹⁸ A single contingency means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

¹⁹ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

- 8) Panoche 115 kV is in Panoche 230 kV is out
- 9) Panoche 115 kV is in Panoche 230 kV is out
- 10) Warnerville is out Wilson is in
- 11) Wilson is in Melones is out
- 12) Quebec SP is out Corcoran is in
- 13) Coalinga is in San Miguel is out

2013 total busload within the defined area is 3032 MW with 81 MW of losses resulting in a total (load plus losses) of 3032 MW.

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------|
| AGRICO_6_PL3N5 | 34608 | AGRICO | 13.8 | 20.00 | 3 | Wilson, Herndon | | Market |
| AGRICO_7_UNIT | 34608 | AGRICO | 13.8 | 43.05 | 2 | Wilson, Herndon | | Market |
| AGRICO_7_UNIT | 34608 | AGRICO | 13.8 | 7.45 | 4 | Wilson, Herndon | | Market |
| BALCHS_7_UNIT 1 | 34624 | BALCH | 13.2 | 33.00 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | Market |
| BALCHS_7_UNIT 2 | 34612 | BLCH | 13.8 | 52.50 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | Market |
| BALCHS_7_UNIT 3 | 34614 | BLCH | 13.8 | 52.50 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | Market |
| BORDEN_2_QF | 34253 | BORDEN D | 12.5 | 0.98 | QF | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| BULLRD_7_SAGNES | 34213 | BULLD 12 | 12.5 | 0.00 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CAPMAD_1_UNIT 1 | 34179 | MADERA_G | 13.8 | 17.00 | 1 | Wilson | | Market |
| CHEVCO_6_UNIT 1 | 34652 | CHV.COAL | 9.11 | 6.69 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CHEVCO_6_UNIT 2 | 34652 | CHV.COAL | 9.11 | 1.40 | 2 | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CHWCHL_1_BIOMAS | 34305 | CHWCHLA2 | 13.8 | 3.84 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | Market |
| CHWCHL_1_UNIT | 34301 | CHOWCOGN | 13.8 | 48.00 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | | Market |
| COLGA1_6_SHELLW | 34654 | COLNGAGN | 9.11 | 35.61 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CRESSY_1_PARKER | 34140 | CRESSEY | 115 | 1.24 | | Wilson | Not modeled Aug NQC | MUNI |
| CRNEVL_6_CRNVA | 34634 | CRANEVLY | 12 | 0.71 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| CRNEVL_6_SJQN 2 | 34631 | SJ2GEN | 9.11 | 3.20 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| CRNEVL_6_SJQN 3 | 34633 | SJ3GEN | 9.11 | 4.20 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| DINUBA_6_UNIT | 34648 | DINUBA E | 13.8 | 9.87 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | | Market |
| ELNIDP_6_BIOMAS | 34330 | ELNIDO | 13.8 | 3.16 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| EXCHEC_7_UNIT 1 | 34306 | EXCHQUER | 13.8 | 61.77 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| FRIANT_6_UNITS | 34636 | FRIANTDM | 6.6 | 8.71 | 2 | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| FRIANT_6_UNITS | 34636 | FRIANTDM | 6.6 | 4.65 | 3 | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| FRIANT_6_UNITS | 34636 | FRIANTDM | 6.6 | 1.23 | 4 | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GATES_6_PL1X2 | 34553 | WHD_GAT2 | 13.8 | 46.00 | 1 | Wilson | NQC List has 0 MW | Market |
| GWFPWR_1_UNITS | 34431 | GWF_HEP1 | 13.8 | 42.20 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | | Market |
| GWFPWR_1_UNITS | 34433 | GWF_HEP2 | 13.8 | 42.20 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | | Market |
| HAASPH_7_PL1X2 | 34610 | HAAS | 13.8 | 68.15 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | Market |
| HAASPH_7_PL1X2 | 34610 | HAAS | 13.8 | 68.15 | 2 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | Market |
| HELMPG_7_UNIT 1 | 34600 | HELMS | 18 | 404.00 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| HELMPG_7_UNIT 2 | 34602 | HELMS | 18 | 404.00 | 2 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| HELMPG_7_UNIT 3 | 34604 | HELMS | 18 | 404.00 | 3 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| HENRTA_6_UNITA1 | 34539 | GWF_GT1 | 13.8 | 45.33 | 1 | Wilson, Henrietta | | Market |
| HENRTA_6_UNITA2 | 34541 | GWF_GT2 | 13.8 | 45.23 | 1 | Wilson, Henrietta | <u> </u> | Market |

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------|
| INTTRB_6_UNIT | 34342 | INT.TURB | 9.11 | 2.50 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| JRWOOD_1_UNIT 1 | 34332 | JRWCOGEN | 9.11 | 1.70 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| KERKH1_7_UNIT 1 | 34344 | KERCKHOF | 6.6 | 13.00 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | Market |
| KERKH1_7_UNIT 2 | 34344 | KERCKHOF | 6.6 | 8.50 | 2 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | Market |
| KERKH1_7_UNIT 3 | 34344 | KERCKHOF | 6.6 | 12.80 | 3 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | Market |
| KERKH2_7_UNIT 1 | 34308 | KERCKHOF | 13.8 | 153.90 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | Market |
| KINGCO_1_KINGBR | 34642 | KINGSBUR | 9.11 | 22.97 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| KINGRV_7_UNIT 1 | 34616 | KINGSRIV | 13.8 | 51.20 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | Market |
| MALAGA_1_PL1X2 | 34671 | KRCDPCT1 | 13.8 | 48.00 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | | Market |
| MALAGA_1_PL1X2 | 34672 | KRCDPCT2 | 13.8 | 48.00 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | | Market |
| MCCALL_1_QF | 34219 | MCCALL 4 | 12.5 | 0.64 | QF | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MCSWAN_6_UNITS | 34320 | MCSWAIN | 9.11 | 5.22 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| MENBIO_6_UNIT | 34334 | BIO PWR | 9.11 | 20.67 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MERCFL_6_UNIT | 34322 | MERCEDFL | 9.11 | 2.30 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| PINFLT_7_UNITS | 38720 | PINEFLAT | 13.8 | 27.50 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| PINFLT_7_UNITS | 38720 | PINEFLAT | 13.8 | 27.50 | 2 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| PINFLT_7_UNITS | 38720 | PINEFLAT | 13.8 | 27.50 | 3 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| PNCHPP_1_PL1X2 | 34328 | STARGT1 | 13.8 | 55.58 | 1 | Wilson | | Market |
| PNCHPP_1_PL1X2 | 34329 | STARGT2 | 13.8 | 55.58 | 1 | Wilson | | Market |
| PNOCHE_1_PL1X2 | 34142 | WHD_PAN2 | 13.8 | 45.00 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | | Market |
| PNOCHE_1_UNITA1 | 34186 | DG_PAN1 | 13.8 | 42.78 | 1 | Wilson | | Market |
| SGREGY_6_SANGER | 34646 | SANGERCO | 9.11 | 26.47 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| STOREY_7_MDRCHW | 34209 | STOREY D | 12.5 | 1.18 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ULTPFR_1_UNIT 1 | 34640 | ULTR.PWR | 9.11 | 18.31 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| WISHON_6_UNITS | 34658 | WISHON | 2.3 | 4.51 | 1 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| WISHON_6_UNITS | 34658 | WISHON | 2.3 | 4.51 | 2 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| WISHON_6_UNITS | 34658 | WISHON | 2.3 | 4.51 | 3 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| WISHON_6_UNITS | 34658 | WISHON | 2.3 | 4.51 | 4 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| WISHON_6_UNITS | 34658 | WISHON | 2.3 | 0.36 | 5 | Wilson | Aug NQC | Market |
| WRGHTP_7_AMENGY | 24207 | WRIGHT D | 12.5 | 0.52 | QF | Wilson | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 34257 | SANCTY D | 12 | 0.00 | 1 | Wilson | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 34263 | SANDDRAG | 12 | 0.00 | 1 | Wilson | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 34265 | AVENAL P | 12 | 0.00 | 1 | Wilson | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 34485 | FRESNOWW | 12.5 | 4.00 | 1 | Wilson | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 34485 | FRESNOWW | 12.5 | 4.00 | 2 | Wilson | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 34485 | FRESNOWW | 12.5 | 1.00 | 3 | Wilson | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| ONLLPP_6_UNIT 1 | 34316 | ONEILPMP | 9.11 | 0.50 | 1 | Wilson | No NQC - hist. data | MUNI |
| GWFPWR_6_UNIT | 34650 | GWF-PWR. | 9.11 | 0.00 | 1 | Wilson, Henrietta | Retired | QF/Selfgen |
| MENBIO_6_RENEW1 | 34339 | CALRENEW | 12.5 | 0.00 | 1 | Wilson | Energy Only | Market |
| New Unit | 34603 | JQBSWLT | 12.5 | 0.00 | ST | Wilson | Energy Only | Market |
| New Unit | 34673 | Q372 | 0.48 | 20.00 | 1 | Wilson, Henrietta | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New Unit | 34674 | Q470 | 0.48 | 20.00 | 1 | Wilson, Henrietta | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New Unit | 34675 | Q471 | 0.48 | 20.00 | 1 | Wilson, Henrietta | No NQC - Pmax | Market |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----|-------|------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------|
| New Unit | 34696 | Q478 | 21 | 20.00 | 1 | Wilson, Herndon | No NQC - Pmax | Market |

Major new projects modeled:

1. A few new small resources we added.

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Wilson Sub-area

The Wilson sub-area largely defines the Fresno area import constraints. The main constrained spot is located at Warnerville-Wilson-Gregg 230 kV transmission corridor. Other constrained spots are located at the Gates-McCall, Gates-Gregg, Panoche-McCall and Panoche-Gregg 230 kV transmission corridors.

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Melones - Wilson 230 kV line overlapped with one of the Helms units out of service. This contingency would thermally overload the Warnerville - Wilson 230 kV line (most stringent) and possibly also the Gates-McCall 230 kV lineThis limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 1786 MW in 2013 (includes 163 MW of QF and 151 MW of Muni generation) as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within Fresno that are at least 5% effective to the constraint on the Warnerville – Wilson 230 kV line.

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|
| 34332 | JRWCOGEN | 1 | 40% |
| 34330 | ELNIDO | 1 | 37% |
| 34209 | STOREY D | 1 | 35% |
| 34322 | MERCEDFL | 1 | 35% |
| 34320 | MCSWAIN | 1 | 34% |
| 34306 | EXCHQUER | 1 | 34% |
| 34305 | CHWCHLA2 | 1 | 32% |
| 34301 | CHOWCOGN | 1 | 32% |
| 34253 | BORDEN D | 1 | 28% |
| 34658 | WISHON | 1 | 28% |
| 34658 | WISHON | 1 | 28% |

| 34658 | WISHON | 1 | 28% |
|-------|--------------------|---|----------|
| 34658 | WISHON | 1 | 28% |
| 34658 | WISHON | 1 | 28% |
| 34631 | SJ2GEN | 1 | 28% |
| 34633 | SJ3GEN | 1 | 27% |
| 34636 | FRIANTDM | 2 | 27% |
| 34636 | FRIANTDM | 3 | 27% |
| 34636 | FRIANTDM | 4 | 27% |
| 34600 | HELMS 1 | 1 | 27% |
| 34602 | HELMS 1 HELMS 2 | 1 | 27% |
| 34604 | HELMS 3 | 1 | 27% |
| 34308 | KERCKHOF | 1 | 26% |
| | | 1 | |
| 34344 | KERCKHOF | | 26% |
| 34344 | KERCKHOF | 2 | 26% |
| 34344 | KERCKHOF | 3 | 26% |
| 34485 | FRESNOWW | 1 | 24% |
| 34648 | DINUBA E | 1 | 22% |
| 34179 | MADERA_G | 1 | 22% |
| 34616 | KINGSRIV | 1 | 22% |
| 34624 | BALCH 1 | 1 | 21% |
| 34671 | KRCDPCT1 | 1 | 21% |
| 34672 | KRCDPCT2 | 1 | 21% |
| 34640 | ULTR.PWR | 1 | 21% |
| 34646 | SANGERCO | 1 | 21% |
| 34642 | KINGSBUR | 1 | 19% |
| 34696 | Q478 | 1 | 18% |
| 34610 | HAAS | 1 | 18% |
| 34610 | HAAS | 1 | 18% |
| 34614 | BLCH 2-3 | 1 | 18% |
| 34612 | BLCH 2-2 | 1 | 17% |
| 38720 | PINE FLT | 1 | 17% |
| 38720 | PINE FLT | 2 | 17% |
| 38720 | PINE FLT | 3 | 17% |
| 34431 | GWF HEP1 | 1 | 17% |
| 34433 | GWF HEP2 | 1 | 17% |
| 34334 | BIO PWR | 1 | 14% |
| 34673 | Q372 | 1 | 13% |
| 34674 | Q470 | 1 | 13% |
| 34675 | Q471 | 1 | 13% |
| 34608 | AGRICO | 2 | 13% |
| 34608 | AGRICO | 3 | 13% |
| 34608 | AGRICO | 4 | 13% |
| 34539 | GWF GT1 | 1 | 13% |
| 34541 | GWF GT2 | 1 | 13% |
| 34650 | GWF-PWR. | 1 | 13% |
| 34186 | DG PAN1 | 1 | 11% |
| 34142 | WHD PAN2 | 1 | 11% |
| 34652 | CHV.COAL | 1 | 10% |
| 34652 | CHV.COAL | 2 | 10% |
| 34553 | WHD GAT2 | 2 | 9% |
| 34654 | COLNGAGN | 1 | 9% |
| 34342 | INT.TURB | 1 | 9% 6% |
| J-J-Z | | I | 0 /0 |

34316 ONEILPMP 1 6%

Herndon Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Helm -McCall 230 kV line along with Gates-McCall 230 kV line. This contingency could thermally overload the Herndon–Manchester 115 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 372 MW (includes 42 MW of QF and 83 MW of Muni generation) in 2013 as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units within Fresno area that are relatively effective to the above-mentioned constraint.

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|
| 34648 | DINUBA E | 1 | 32% |
| 34616 | KINGSRIV | 1 | 31% |
| 34671 | KRCDPCT1 | 1 | 31% |
| 34672 | KRCDPCT2 | 1 | 31% |
| 34624 | BALCH 1 | 1 | 31% |
| 34640 | ULTR.PWR | 1 | 30% |
| 34646 | SANGERCO | 1 | 30% |
| 34618 | MCCALL1T | 1 | 30% |
| 34610 | HAAS | 1 | 30% |
| 34614 | BLCH 2-3 | 1 | 30% |
| 34612 | BLCH 2-2 | 1 | 29% |
| 38720 | PINE FLT | 3 | 29% |
| 38720 | PINE FLT | 2 | 29% |
| 38720 | PINE FLT | 1 | 29% |
| 34696 | Q478 | 1 | 29% |
| 34642 | KINGSBUR | 1 | 28% |
| 34344 | KERCKHOF | 3 | 20% |
| 34344 | KERCKHOF | 2 | 20% |
| 34344 | KERCKHOF | 1 | 20% |
| 34308 | KERCKHOF | 1 | 19% |
| 34433 | GWF_HEP2 | 1 | 15% |
| 34431 | GWF_HEP1 | 1 | 15% |

Henrietta Sub-area

Henrietta 230/70 bank # 2 which was identified as the limiting element in the previous LCR analysis has been taken out of service and is available as spare for the outage of the 230/70 bank # 4. This eliminates the LCR requirement for the Henrietta area.

Changes compared to last year's results:

From 2012 the load forecast has decreased by 88 MW and the LCR needs by 121 MW.

| 2013 | QF/Selfgen | Muni | Market | Max. Qualifying |
|----------------------|------------|------|--------|-----------------|
| | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | Capacity (MW) |
| Available generation | 163 | 151 | 2503 | 2817 |

Fresno Area Overall Requirements:

| 2013 | Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW) | Deficiency (MW) | Total MW LCR Need |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| Category B (Single) ²⁰ | 1786 | 0 | 1786 |
| Category C (Multiple) ²¹ | 1786 | 0 | 1786 |

14. Kern Area

Area Definition

The transmission facilities coming into the Kern PP sub-area are:

- 1) Wheeler Ridge-Lamont 115 kV line
- 2) Kern PP 230/115 kV Bank # 3
- 3) Kern PP 230/115 kV Bank # 4
- 4) Kern PP 230/115 kV Bank # 5
- 5) Midway 230/115 Bank # 1
- 6) Midway 230/115 Bank # 2
- 7) Midway 230/115 Bank #3
- 8) Temblor San Luis Obispo 115 kV line

The substations that delineate the Kern-PP sub-area are:

- 1) Wheeler Ridge is out Lamont is in
- 2) Kern PP 230 kV is out Kern PP 115 kV is in
- 3) Kern PP 230 kV is out Kern PP 115 kV is in
- 4) Kern PP 230 kV is out Kern PP 115 kV is in
- 5) Midway 230 kV is out Midway 115 kV is in
- 6) Midway 230 kV is out Midway 115 kV is in
- 7) Midway 230 kV is out Midway 115 kV is in
- 8) Temblor is in San Luis Obispo is out

²⁰ A single contingency means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.
²¹ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and

²¹ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

2013 total busload within the defined area: 1295 MW with 16 MW of losses resulting in a total (load plus losses) of 1311 MW.

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------|
| BDGRCK_1_UNITS | 35029 | BADGERCK | 9.11 | 43.40 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| BEARMT_1_UNIT | 35066 | PSE-BEAR | 9.11 | 45.90 | 1 | Kern PP, West Park | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CHALK_1_UNIT | 35038 | CHLKCLF+ | 9.11 | 44.76 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CHEVCD_6_UNIT | 35052 | CHEV.USA | 9.11 | 2.16 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CHEVCY_1_UNIT | 35032 | CHV-CYMR | 9.11 | 5.04 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEXZEL_1_UNIT | 35024 | DEXEL + | 9.11 | 28.45 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DISCOV_1_CHEVRN | 35062 | DISCOVRY | 9.11 | 2.44 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DOUBLC_1_UNITS | 35023 | DOUBLE C | 9.11 | 37.50 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| FELLOW_7_QFUNTS | 34778 | FELLOWS | 21 | 1.34 | QF | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| FRITO_1_LAY | 35048 | FRITOLAY | 9.11 | 0.09 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| KERNFT_1_UNITS | 35026 | KERNFRNT | 9.11 | 37.70 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| KERNRG_1_UNITS | 35040 | KERNRDGE | 9.11 | 0.54 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| KERNRG_1_UNITS | 35040 | KERNRDGE | 9.11 | 0.54 | 2 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| LIVOAK_1_UNIT 1 | 35058 | PSE-LVOK | 9.11 | 44.27 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MIDSET_1_UNIT 1 | 35044 | TX MIDST | 9.11 | 32.82 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MIDWAY_1_QF | 34215 | MIDWY D7 | 12.5 | 0.03 | QF | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MKTRCK_1_UNIT 1 | 35060 | PSEMCKIT | 9.11 | 40.01 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MTNPOS_1_UNIT | 35036 | MT POSO | 9.11 | 34.60 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| OILDAL_1_UNIT 1 | 35028 | OILDALE | 9.11 | 38.96 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SIERRA_1_UNITS | 35027 | HISIERRA | 9.11 | 43.26 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| TANHIL_6_SOLART | 35050 | SLR-TANN | 9.11 | 10.18 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| TEMBLR_7_WELLPT | 34201 | TEMBLORD | 12.5 | 0.26 | WP | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| TXMCKT_6_UNIT | | | | 4.04 | | Kern PP | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ULTOGL_1_POSO | 35035 | ULTR PWR | 9.11 | 34.73 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| UNVRSY_1_UNIT 1 | 35037 | UNIVRSTY | 9.11 | 32.23 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| VEDDER_1_SEKERN | 35046 | SEKR | 9.11 | 6.10 | 1 | Kern PP | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MIDSUN 1 PL1X2 | 35034 | MIDSUN + | 9.11 | 0.00 | 1 | Kern PP | Retired | Market |
| NA | 34783 | TEXCO_NM | 9.11 | 0.00 | 1 | Kern PP | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 34783 | TEXCO_NM | 9.11 | 3.40 | 2 | Kern PP | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 35056 | TX-LOSTH | 4.16 | 8.80 | 1 | Kern PP | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| New Unit | 35000 | Q340 | 21 | 0.00 | 1 | Kern PP | Energy Only | Market |

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this Kern area:

Major new projects modeled:

1. Transfer Navy 35 load and self-gen to the Midway-Elk Hills 230 kV lines.

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Kern PP Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the outage of the Kern PP #5 or #3 230/115 kV transformer followed by the Kern PP – Double C Junction 115 kV line, which could thermally overload the parallel Kern PP #4 230/115 kV transformer. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 483 MW in 2013 (includes 584 MW of QF generation) as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most critical single contingency is the loss of Kern PP #5 or #3 230/115 kV transformer bank, which could thermally overload the parallel Kern PP #4 230/115 kV transformer. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 295 MW in 2013 (includes 584 MW of QF generation).

Effectiveness factors:

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|
| 35066 | PSE-BEAR | 1 | 22% |
| 35029 | BADGERCK | 1 | 22% |
| 35023 | DOUBLE C | 1 | 22% |
| 35027 | HISIERRA | 1 | 22% |
| 35026 | KERNFRNT | 1 | 21% |
| 35058 | PSE-LVOK | 1 | 21% |
| 35028 | OILDALE | 1 | 21% |
| 35062 | DISCOVRY | 1 | 21% |
| 35046 | SEKR | 1 | 21% |
| 35024 | DEXEL + | 1 | 21% |
| 35036 | MT POSO | 1 | 15% |
| 35035 | ULTR PWR | 1 | 15% |
| 35052 | CHEV.USA | 1 | 6% |

The following table shows units that are at least 5% effective:

Weedpatch Sub-area

Weedpatch sub-area has been eliminated from this year's LCR analysis. Circuit breaker (CB) 42 at San Bernard substation which was normally closed for earlier year's analysis was open for this year's analysis. This results in a system configuration that by design drops the load in the area for the most critical contingency reported in previous analysis.

West Park Sub-area

The most critical contingency is the loss of common mode Kern - West Park # 1 & #2

115 kV lines, resulting in the overload of the 6/42 To Magunden section of Kern – Magunden - Witco 115 kV line. This limitation establishes a LCR of 115 MW (includes 46 MW of QF generation and 42 MW of deficiency) as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area are needed therefore no effectiveness factor is required.

Changes compared to last year's results:

From 2012 the load forecast has increased by 201 MW and the LCR by 200 MW.

Kern Area Overall Requirements:

| 2013 | QF/Selfgen | Market | Max. Qualifying |
|----------------------|------------|--------|-----------------|
| | (MW) | (MW) | Capacity (MW) |
| Available generation | 584 | 0 | 584 |

| 2013 | Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW) | Deficiency (MW) | Total MW LCR Need |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| Category B (Single) ²² | 295 | 0 | 295 |
| Category C (Multiple) ²³ | 483 | 42 | 525 |

15. LA Basin Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines into the LA Basin Area are:

- 1) San Onofre San Luis Rey #1, #2, & #3 230 kV Lines
- 2) San Onofre Talega #1 & #2 230 kV Lines
- 3) Lugo Mira Loma #2 & #3 500 kV Lines
- 4) Lugo Rancho Vista #1 500 kV line
- 5) Sylmar Eagle Rock 230 kV Line
- 6) Sylmar Gould 230 kV Line
- 7) Vincent Mesa Cal 230 kV Line
- 8) Vincent Rio Hondo #1 & #2 230 kV Lines
- 9) Eagle Rock Pardee 230 kV Line
- 10)Devers Palo Verde 500 kV Line
- 11)Mirage Coachelv 230 kV Line
- 12)Mirage Ramon 230 kV Line
- 13) Mirage Julian Hinds 230 kV Line

These sub-stations form the boundary surrounding the LA Basin area:

- 1) San Onofre is in San Luis Rey is out
- 2) San Onofre is in Talega is out
- 3) Mira Loma is in Lugo is out
- 4) Rancho Vista is in Lugo is out

²² A single contingency means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.
²³ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and

²³ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

- 5) Eagle Rock is in Sylmar is out
- 6) Gould is in Sylmar is out
- 7) Mesa Cal is in Vincent is out
- 8) Rio Hondo is in Vincent is out
- 9) Eagle Rock is in Pardee is out
- 10)Devers is in Palo Verde is out
- 11)Mirage is in Coachelv is out
- 12)Mirage is in Ramon is out
- 13) Mirage is in Julian Hinds is out

Total 2013 busload within the defined area is 19,300 MW with 133 MW of losses and 27 MW pumps resulting in total load + losses + pumps of 19,460 MW.

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------|
| ALAMIT_7_UNIT 1 | 24001 | ALAMT1 G | 18 | 174.56 | 1 | Western | | Market |
| ALAMIT_7_UNIT 2 | 24002 | ALAMT2 G | 18 | 175.00 | 2 | Western | | Market |
| ALAMIT_7_UNIT 3 | 24003 | ALAMT3 G | 18 | 332.18 | 3 | Western | | Market |
| ALAMIT_7_UNIT 4 | 24004 | ALAMT4 G | 18 | 335.67 | 4 | Western | | Market |
| ALAMIT_7_UNIT 5 | 24005 | ALAMT5 G | 20 | 497.97 | 5 | Western | | Market |
| ALAMIT_7_UNIT 6 | 24161 | ALAMT6 G | 20 | 495.00 | 6 | Western | | Market |
| ANAHM_2_CANYN1 | 25211 | CanyonGT | 13.8 | 49.40 | 1 | Western | | MUNI |
| ANAHM_2_CANYN2 | 25212 | CanyonGT | 13.8 | 48.00 | 2 | Western | | MUNI |
| ANAHM_2_CANYN3 | 25213 | CanyonGT | 13.8 | 48.00 | 3 | Western | | MUNI |
| ANAHM_2_CANYN4 | 25214 | CanyonGT | 13.8 | 49.40 | 4 | Western | | MUNI |
| ANAHM_7_CT | 25203 | ANAHEIMG | 13.8 | 40.64 | 1 | Western | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| ARCOGN_2_UNITS | 24011 | ARCO 1G | 13.8 | 54.28 | 1 | Western | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ARCOGN_2_UNITS | 24012 | ARCO 2G | 13.8 | 54.28 | 2 | Western | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ARCOGN_2_UNITS | 24013 | ARCO 3G | 13.8 | 54.28 | 3 | Western | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ARCOGN_2_UNITS | 24014 | ARCO 4G | 13.8 | 54.28 | 4 | Western | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ARCOGN_2_UNITS | 24163 | ARCO 5G | 13.8 | 27.14 | 5 | Western | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ARCOGN_2_UNITS | 24164 | ARCO 6G | 13.8 | 27.15 | 6 | Western | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| BARRE_2_QF | 24016 | BARRE | 230 | 0.00 | | Western | Not modeled | QF/Selfgen |
| BARRE_6_PEAKER | 29309 | BARPKGEN | 13.8 | 45.38 | 1 | Western | | Market |
| BRDWAY_7_UNIT 3 | 29007 | BRODWYSC | 13.8 | 65.00 | 1 | Western | | MUNI |
| BUCKWD_7_WINTCV | 25634 | BUCKWIND | 115 | 0.15 | W5 | None | Aug NQC | Wind |
| CABZON_1_WINDA1 | 29290 | CABAZON | 33 | 11.29 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | Wind |
| CENTER_2_QF | 24203 | CENTER S | 66 | 18.10 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CENTER_2_RHONDO | 24203 | CENTER S | 66 | 1.91 | | Western | Not modeled | QF/Selfgen |
| CENTER_6_PEAKER | 29308 | CTRPKGEN | 13.8 | 44.57 | 1 | Western | | Market |
| CENTRY_6_PL1X4 | 25302 | CLTNCTRY | 13.8 | 36.00 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| CHEVMN_2_UNITS | 24022 | CHEVGEN1 | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | Western, El Nido | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CHEVMN_2_UNITS | 24023 | CHEVGEN2 | 13.8 | 0.00 | 2 | Western, El Nido | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CHINO_2_QF | 24024 | CHINO | 66 | 7.83 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CHINO_2_SOLAR | 24024 | CHINO | 66 | 0.00 | | Western | Not modeled | Market |
| CHINO_6_CIMGEN | 24026 | CIMGEN | 13.8 | 25.29 | 1 | Western | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |

Total units and qualifying capacity available in the LA Basin area:

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|
| CHINO_6_SMPPAP | 24140 | SIMPSON | 13.8 | 27.15 | 1 | Western | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CHINO_7_MILIKN | 24024 | CHINO | 66 | 1.37 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| COLTON_6_AGUAM1 | 25303 | CLTNAGUA | 13.8 | 43.00 | 1 | None | | MUNI |
| CORONS_6_CLRWTR | 24210 | MIRALOMA | 66 | 14.00 | | None | Not modeled | MUNI |
| CORONS_6_CLRWTR | 24210 | MIRALOMA | 66 | 14.00 | | None | Not modeled | MUNI |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 24815 | GARNET | 115 | 1.51 | QF | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25632 | TERAWND | 115 | 2.94 | QF | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25633 | CAPWIND | 115 | 0.56 | QF | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25634 | BUCKWIND | 115 | 1.73 | QF | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25635 | ALTWIND | 115 | 1.35 | Q1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25635 | ALTWIND | 115 | 2.50 | Q2 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25636 | RENWIND | 115 | 0.59 | Q1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS 1 QF | 25636 | RENWIND | 115 | 2.28 | Q2 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25636 | RENWIND | 115 | 0.27 | W1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS 1 QF | 25637 | TRANWIND | 115 | 6.68 | QF | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25639 | SEAWIND | 115 | 2.01 | QF | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS 1 QF | 25640 | PANAERO | 115 | 1.79 | QF | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| | | | - | | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25645 | VENWIND | 115 | 1.53 | EU | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25645 | VENWIND | 115 | 3.58 | Q1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25645 | VENWIND | 115 | 2.41 | Q2 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25646 | SANWIND | 115 | 0.80 | Q1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DEVERS_1_QF | 25646 | SANWIND | 115 | 2.68 | Q2 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DMDVLY_1_UNITS | 25425 | ESRP P2 | 6.9 | 1.39 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| DREWS_6_PL1X4 | 25301 | CLTNDREW | 13.8 | 36.00 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| DVLCYN_1_UNITS | 25603 | DVLCYN3G | 13.8 | 67.15 | 3 | None | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| DVLCYN_1_UNITS | 25604 | DVLCYN4G | 13.8 | 67.15 | 4 | None | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| DVLCYN_1_UNITS | 25648 | DVLCYN1G | 13.8 | 50.35 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| DVLCYN_1_UNITS | 25649 | DVLCYN2G | 13.8 | 50.35 | 2 | None | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| ELLIS_2_QF | 24197 | ELLIS | 66 | 0.00 | | Western, Ellis | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ELSEGN_7_UNIT 3 | 24047 | ELSEG3 G | 18 | 335.00 | 3 | Western, El Nido | | Market |
| ELSEGN_7_UNIT 4 | 24048 | ELSEG4 G | 18 | 335.00 | 4 | Western, El Nido | | Market |
| ETIWND_2_FONTNA | 24055 | ETIWANDA | 66 | 0.81 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ETIWND_2_QF | 24055 | ETIWANDA | 66 | 14.86 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ETIWND_2_SOLAR | 24055 | ETIWANDA | 66 | 0.00 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| ETIWND_6_GRPLND | 29305 | ETWPKGEN | 13.8 | 42.53 | 1 | None | | Market |
| ETIWND_6_MWDETI | 25422 | ETI MWDG | 13.8 | 10.37 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | Market |
| ETIWND_7_MIDVLY | 24055 | ETIWANDA | 66 | 1.54 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ETIWND_7_UNIT 3 | 24052 | MTNVIST3 | 18 | 320.00 | 3 | None | | Market |
| ETIWND_7_UNIT 4 | 24053 | MTNVIST4 | 18 | 320.00 | 4 | None | | Market |
| GARNET_1_UNITS | 24815 | GARNET | 115 | 0.71 | G1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GARNET_1_UNITS | 24815 | GARNET | 115 | 0.25 | G2 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GARNET_1_UNITS | 24815 | GARNET | 115 | 0.51 | G3 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GARNET_1_UNITS | 24815 | GARNET | 115 | 0.25 | PC | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GARNET 1 WIND | 24815 | GARNET | 115 | 0.66 | W2 | None | Aug NQC | Wind |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------|
| GARNET_1_WIND | 24815 | GARNET | 115 | 0.66 | W3 | None | Aug NQC | Wind |
| GLNARM_7_UNIT 1 | 29005 | PASADNA1 | 13.8 | 22.30 | 1 | Western | | MUNI |
| GLNARM_7_UNIT 2 | 29006 | PASADNA2 | 13.8 | 22.30 | 1 | Western | | MUNI |
| GLNARM_7_UNIT 3 | 29005 | PASADNA1 | 13.8 | 44.83 | | Western | Not modeled | MUNI |
| GLNARM_7_UNIT 4 | 29006 | PASADNA2 | 13.8 | 42.42 | | Western | Not modeled | MUNI |
| HARBGN_7_UNITS | 24062 | HARBOR G | 13.8 | 76.28 | 1 | Western | | Market |
| HARBGN_7_UNITS | 24062 | HARBOR G | 13.8 | 11.86 | HP | Western | | Market |
| HARBGN_7_UNITS | 25510 | HARBORG4 | 4.16 | 11.86 | LP | Western | | Market |
| HINSON_6_CARBGN | 24020 | CARBOGEN | 13.8 | 21.46 | 1 | Western | Aug NQC | Market |
| HINSON_6_LBECH1 | 24078 | LBEACH1G | 13.8 | 65.00 | 1 | Western | | Market |
| HINSON 6 LBECH2 | 24170 | LBEACH2G | 13.8 | 65.00 | 2 | Western | | Market |
| HINSON 6 LBECH3 | 24171 | LBEACH3G | 13.8 | 65.00 | 3 | Western | | Market |
| HINSON 6 LBECH4 | 24172 | LBEACH4G | 13.8 | 65.00 | 4 | Western | | Market |
| HINSON 6 SERRGN | 24139 | SERRFGEN | 13.8 | 28.38 | 1 | Western | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| HNTGBH 7 UNIT 1 | 24066 | HUNT1 G | 13.8 | 225.75 | 1 | Western, Ellis | | Market |
| HNTGBH 7 UNIT 2 | 24067 | HUNT2 G | 13.8 | 225.80 | 2 | Western, Ellis | | Market |
| INDIGO 1 UNIT 1 | 29190 | WINTECX2 | 13.8 | 42.00 | 1 | None | | Market |
| INDIGO 1 UNIT 2 | 29191 | WINTECX1 | 13.8 | 42.00 | 1 | None | | Market |
| INDIGO 1 UNIT 3 | 29180 | WINTEC8 | 13.8 | 42.00 | 1 | None | | Market |
| INLDEM 5 UNIT 1 | 29041 | IEEC-G1 | 19.5 | 335.00 | 1 | Valley | Aug NQC | Market |
| INLDEM 5 UNIT 2 | 29042 | IEEC-G2 | 19.5 | 335.00 | 1 | Valley | Aug NQC | Market |
| JOHANN_6_QFA1 | 24072 | JOHANNA | 230 | 0.00 | | Western, Ellis | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| LACIEN 2 VENICE | 24337 | VENICE | 13.8 | 4.45 | 1 | Western, El Nido | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| LAFRES_6_QF | 24073 | LA FRESA | 66 | 2.55 | | Western, El Nido | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| LAGBEL_6_QF | 24075 | LAGUBELL | 66 | 10.60 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| LGHTHP_6_ICEGEN | 24070 | ICEGEN | 13.8 | 46.55 | 1 | Western | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| LGHTHP_6_QF | 24083 | LITEHIPE | 66 | 1.10 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MESAS_2_QF | 24209 | MESA CAL | 66 | 1.06 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MIRLOM_2_CORONA | | | | 2.35 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MIRLOM_2_TEMESC | | | | 2.49 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MIRLOM_6_DELGEN | 24030 | DELGEN | 13.8 | 29.78 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MIRLOM_6_PEAKER | 29307 | MRLPKGEN | 13.8 | 43.18 | 1 | None | | Market |
| MIRLOM_7_MWDLKM | 24210 | MIRALOMA | 66 | 4.60 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | MUNI |
| MOJAVE_1_SIPHON | 25657 | MJVSPHN1 | 13.8 | 6.00 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | Market |
| MOJAVE_1_SIPHON | 25657 | MJVSPHN1 | 13.8 | 6.00 | 2 | None | Aug NQC | Market |
| MOJAVE_1_SIPHON | 25657 | MJVSPHN1 | 13.8 | 6.00 | 3 | None | Aug NQC | Market |
| MTWIND_1_UNIT 1 | 29060 | MOUNTWND | 115 | 7.08 | S1 | None | Aug NQC | Wind |
| MTWIND_1_UNIT 2 | 29060 | MOUNTWND | 115 | 2.76 | S2 | None | Aug NQC | Wind |
| MTWIND_1_UNIT 3 | 29060 | MOUNTWND | 115 | 2.88 | S3 | None | Aug NQC | Wind |
| OLINDA 2 COYCRK | 24211 | OLINDA | 66 | 3.13 | | Western | Not modeled | QF/Selfgen |
| OLINDA 2 QF | 24211 | OLINDA | 66 | 0.78 | 1 | Western | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| OLINDA_7_LNDFIL | 24201 | BARRE | 66 | 4.50 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| | 1 | | 1 | | | | | 1 |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|---------|------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------|
| | | | | | | | Aug NQC | |
| PADUA_6_MWDSDM | 24111 | PADUA | 66 | 7.70 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | MUNI |
| PADUA_6_QF | 24111 | PADUA | 66 | 0.74 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| PADUA_7_SDIMAS | 24111 | PADUA | 66 | 1.05 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| PWEST_1_UNIT | | | | 0.15 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| REDOND_7_UNIT 5 | 24121 | REDON5 G | 18 | 178.87 | 5 | Western | | Market |
| REDOND_7_UNIT 6 | 24122 | REDON6 G | 18 | 175.00 | 6 | Western | | Market |
| REDOND_7_UNIT 7 | 24123 | REDON7 G | 20 | 505.96 | 7 | Western | | Market |
| REDOND_7_UNIT 8 | 24124 | REDON8 G | 20 | 495.90 | 8 | Western | | Market |
| RHONDO_2_QF | 24213 | RIOHONDO | 66 | 2.54 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| RHONDO_6_PUENTE | 24213 | RIOHONDO | 66 | 0.00 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| RVSIDE_2_RERCU3 | 24299 | RERC2G3 | 13.8 | 48.50 | 1 | None | | MUNI |
| RVSIDE_2_RERCU4 | 24300 | RERC2G4 | 13.8 | 48.50 | 1 | None | | MUNI |
| RVSIDE_6_RERCU1 | 24242 | RERC1G | 13.8 | 48.35 | 1 | None | | MUNI |
| RVSIDE_6_RERCU2 | 24243 | RERC2G | 13.8 | 48.50 | 1 | None | | MUNI |
| RVSIDE_6_SPRING | 24244 | SPRINGEN | 13.8 | 36.00 | 1 | None | | Market |
| SANTGO_6_COYOTE | 24133 | SANTIAGO | 66 | 6.08 | 1 | Western, Ellis | Aug NQC | Market |
| SBERDO_2_PSP3 | 24921 | MNTV-CT1 | 18 | 129.71 | 1 | None | | Market |
| SBERDO_2_PSP3 | 24922 | MNTV-CT2 | 18 | 129.71 | 1 | None | | Market |
| SBERDO_2_PSP3 | 24923 | MNTV-ST1 | 18 | 225.08 | 1 | None | | Market |
| SBERDO_2_PSP4 | 24924 | MNTV-CT3 | 18 | 129.71 | 1 | None | | Market |
| SBERDO_2_PSP4 | 24925 | MNTV-CT4 | 18 | 129.71 | 1 | None | | Market |
| SBERDO_2_PSP4 | 24926 | MNTV-ST2 | 18 | 225.08 | 1 | None | | Market |
| SBERDO_2_QF | 24214 | SANBRDNO | 66 | 0.14 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SBERDO_2_SNTANA | 24214 | SANBRDNO | 66 | 0.27 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SBERDO_6_MILLCK | 24214 | SANBRDNO | 66 | 1.28 | | None | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SONGS_7_UNIT 2 | 24129 | S.ONOFR2 | 22 | 1122.00 | 2 | Western | | Nuclear |
| SONGS_7_UNIT 3 | 24130 | S.ONOFR3 | 22 | 1124.00 | 3 | Western | | Nuclear |
| TIFFNY_1_DILLON | | | | 5.63 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | Wind |
| VALLEY_5_PERRIS | 24160 | VALLEYSC | 115 | 7.94 | | Valley | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| VALLEY_5_REDMTN | 24160 | VALLEYSC | 115 | 2.00 | | Valley | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| VALLEY_7_BADLND | 24160 | VALLEYSC | 115 | 0.54 | | Valley | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| VALLEY_7_UNITA1 | 24160 | VALLEYSC | 115 | 1.34 | | Valley | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| VERNON_6_GONZL1 | | | | 5.75 | | Western | Not modeled | MUNI |
| VERNON_6_GONZL2 | | | | 5.75 | | Western | Not modeled | MUNI |
| VERNON_6_MALBRG | 24239 | MALBRG1G | 13.8 | 42.37 | C1 | Western | | MUNI |
| VERNON_6_MALBRG | 24240 | MALBRG2G | 13.8 | 42.37 | C2 | Western | | MUNI |
| VERNON_6_MALBRG | 24241 | MALBRG3G | 13.8 | 49.26 | S3 | Western | | MUNI |
| VILLPK_2_VALLYV | 24216 | VILLA PK | 66 | 4.10 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------|
| VILLPK_6_MWDYOR | 24216 | VILLA PK | 66 | 0.00 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | MUNI |
| VISTA_6_QF | 24902 | VSTA | 66 | 0.17 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| WALNUT_6_HILLGEN | 24063 | HILLGEN | 13.8 | 47.07 | 1 | Western | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| WALNUT_7_WCOVCT | 24157 | WALNUT | 66 | 3.43 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| WALNUT_7_WCOVST | 24157 | WALNUT | 66 | 2.98 | | Western | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| WHTWTR_1_WINDA1 | 29061 | WHITEWTR | 33 | 8.26 | 1 | None | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ARCOGN_2_UNITS | 24018 | BRIGEN | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | Western | No NQC - hist. data | Market |
| HINSON_6_QF | 24064 | HINSON | 66 | 0.00 | 1 | Western | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| INLAND_6_UNIT | 24071 | INLAND | 13.8 | 30.30 | 1 | None | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| MOBGEN_6_UNIT 1 | 24094 | MOBGEN | 13.8 | 20.20 | 1 | Western, El Nido | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24324 | SANIGEN | 13.8 | 6.80 | D1 | None | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24325 | ORCOGEN | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | Western, Ellis | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24327 | THUMSGEN | 13.8 | 40.00 | 1 | Western | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24328 | CARBGEN2 | 13.8 | 15.2 | 1 | Western | No NQC – hist. data | Market |
| NA | 24329 | MOBGEN2 | 13.8 | 20.2 | 1 | Western, El Nido | No NQC – hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24330 | OUTFALL1 | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | Western, El Nido | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24331 | OUTFALL2 | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | Western, El Nido | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24332 | PALOGEN | 13.8 | 3.60 | D1 | Western, El Nido | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24341 | COYGEN | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | Western, Ellis | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24342 | FEDGEN | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | Western | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24839 | BLAST | 115 | 45.00 | 1 | None | No NQC – hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 29021 | WINTEC6 | 115 | 45.00 | 1 | None | No NQC – hist. data | Wind |
| NA | 29023 | WINTEC4 | 12 | 16.50 | 1 | None | No NQC – hist. data | Wind |
| NA | 29060 | SEAWEST | 115 | 44.40 | S1 | None | No NQC – hist. data | Wind |
| NA | 29060 | SEAWEST | 115 | 22.20 | S2 | None | No NQC – hist. data | Wind |
| NA | 29060 | SEAWEST | 115 | 22.40 | S3 | None | No NQC – hist. data | Wind |
| NA | 29260 | ALTAMSA4 | 115 | 40.00 | 1 | None | No NQC – hist. data | Wind |
| NA | 29338 | CLEARGEN | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | None | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 29339 | DELGEN | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | None | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 29951 | REFUSE | 13.8 | 9.90 | D1 | Western | No NQC - Pmax | QF/Selfgen |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|
| NA | 29953 | SIGGEN | 13.8 | 24.90 | D1 | Western | No NQC - Pmax | QF/Selfgen |
| HNTGBH_7_UNIT 3 | 24167 | HUNT3 G | 13.8 | 0.00 | 3 | Western, Ellis | Retired | Market |
| HNTGBH_7_UNIT 4 | 24168 | HUNT4 G | 13.8 | 0.00 | 4 | Western, Ellis | Retired | Market |
| New unit | 29201 | EME WCG1 | 13.8 | 100 | 1 | Western | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New unit | 29202 | EME WCG2 | 13.8 | 100 | 1 | Western | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New unit | 29203 | EME WCG3 | 13.8 | 100 | 1 | Western | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New unit | 29204 | EME WCG4 | 13.8 | 100 | 1 | Western | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New unit | 29205 | EME WCG5 | 13.8 | 100 | 1 | Western | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New unit | 29901 | NRG ELG5 | 18 | 175 | 5 | Western, El Nido | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New unit | 29902 | NRG ELG7 | 18 | 280 | 7 | Western, El Nido | No NQC - Pmax | Market |
| New unit | 29903 | NRG ELG6 | 18 | 175 | 6 | Western, El Nido | No NQC - Pmax | Market |

Major new projects modeled:

- 1. 3 new resources have been modeled
- 2. Huntington Beach #3 and #4 have been retired
- 3. Del Amo Ellis 230 kV line loops into Barre 230 kV substation
- 4. Recalibrate arming level for Santiago SPS

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

LA Basin Overall:

The most critical contingency for LA Basin is the loss of one SONGS unit followed by Palo Verde-Devers 500 kV line, which could exceed the approved 6400 MW rating for the South of Lugo path. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 10,295 MW in 2013 (includes 810 MW of QF, 230 MW of Wind, 1166 MW of Muni and 2246 MW of Nuclear generation) as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units that have at least 5% effectiveness to the abovementioned South of Lugo constraint within the LA Basin area:

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | MW Eff Fctr (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|-----------------|
| 24052 | MTNVIST3 | 3 | 34 |
| 24053 | MTNVIST4 | 4 | 34 |
| 24071 | INLAND | 1 | 32 |
| 25422 | ETI MWDG | 1 | 32 |
| 29305 | ETWPKGEN | 1 | 32 |
| 24921 | MNTV-CT1 | 1 | 28 |
| 24922 | MNTV-CT2 | 1 | 28 |
| 24923 | MNTV-ST1 | 1 | 28 |
| 24924 | MNTV-CT3 | 1 | 28 |
| 24925 | MNTV-CT4 | 1 | 28 |
| 24926 | MNTV-ST2 | 1 | 28 |
| 29041 | IEEC-G1 | 1 | 28 |
| 29042 | IEEC-G2 | 2 | 28 |
| 24905 | RVCANAL1 | R1 | 27 |
| 24906 | RVCANAL2 | R2 | 27 |
| 24907 | RVCANAL3 | R3 | 27 |
| 24908 | RVCANAL4 | R4 | 27 |
| 29190 | WINTECX2 | 1 | 27 |
| 29191 | WINTECX1 | 1 | 27 |
| 29180 | WINTEC8 | 1 | 27 |
| 24815 | GARNET | QF | 27 |
| 24815 | GARNET | W3 | 27 |
| 29023 | WINTEC4 | 1 | 27 |
| 29021 | WINTEC6 | 1 | 27 |
| 24242 | RERC1G | 1 | 27 |
| 24243 | RERC2G | 1 | 27 |
| 24244 | SPRINGEN | 1 | 27 |
| 25301 | CLTNDREW | 1 | 27 |
| 25302 | CLTNCTRY | 1 | 27 |
| 25303 | CLTNAGUA | 1 | 27 |
| 24299 | RERC2G3 | 1 | 27 |
| 24300 | RERC2G4 | 1 | 27 |
| 24839 | BLAST | 1 | 27 |
| 25648 | DVLCYN1G | 1 | 26 |
| 25649 | DVLCYN2G | 2 | 26 |
| 25603 | DVLCYN3G | 3 | 26 |
| 25604 | DVLCYN4G | 4 | 26 |
| 25632 | TERAWND | QF | 26 |
| 25634 | BUCKWND | QF | 26 |
| 25635 | ALTWIND | Q1 | 26 |
| 25635 | ALTWIND | Q2 | 26 |
| 25637 | TRANWND | QF | 26 |

| 25639 | SEAWIND | QF | 26 |
|-------|------------|----|----|
| 25640 | PANAERO | QF | 26 |
| 25645 | VENWIND | EU | 26 |
| 25645 | VENWIND | Q2 | 26 |
| 25645 | VENWIND | Q1 | 26 |
| 25646 | SANWIND | Q2 | 26 |
| 29060 | MOUNTWND | S1 | 26 |
| 29060 | MOUNTWND | S3 | 26 |
| 29060 | MOUNTWND | S2 | 26 |
| 29061 | WHITEWTR | 1 | 26 |
| 29260 | ALTAMSA4 | 1 | 26 |
| 29290 | CABAZON | 1 | 26 |
| 25633 | CAPWIND | QF | 25 |
| 25657 | MJVSPHN1 | 1 | 25 |
| 25658 | MJVSPHN2 | 2 | 25 |
| 25659 | MJVSPHN3 | 3 | 25 |
| 25203 | ANAHEIMG | 1 | 23 |
| 25211 | CanyonGT 1 | 1 | 22 |
| 25212 | CanyonGT 2 | 2 | 22 |
| 25213 | CanyonGT 3 | 3 | 22 |
| 25214 | CanyonGT 4 | 4 | 22 |
| 24030 | DELGEN | 1 | 21 |
| 29309 | BARPKGEN | 1 | 21 |
| 24026 | CIMGEN | D1 | 21 |
| 24140 | SIMPSON | D1 | 21 |
| 29307 | MRLPKGEN | 1 | 20 |
| 29338 | CLEARGEN | 1 | 20 |
| 29339 | DELGEN | 1 | 20 |
| 24005 | ALAMT5 G | 5 | 19 |
| 24066 | HUNT1 G | 1 | 19 |
| 24067 | HUNT2 G | 2 | 19 |
| 24167 | HUNT3 G | 3 | 19 |
| 24168 | HUNT4 G | 4 | 19 |
| 24129 | S.ONOFR2 | 2 | 19 |
| 24130 | S.ONOFR3 | 3 | 19 |
| 24133 | SANTIAGO | 1 | 19 |
| 24325 | ORCOGEN | 1 | 19 |
| 24341 | COYGEN | 1 | 19 |
| 24001 | ALAMT1 G | 1 | 18 |
| 24002 | ALAMT2 G | 2 | 18 |
| 24003 | ALAMT3 G | 3 | 18 |
| 24004 | ALAMT4 G | 4 | 18 |
| 24161 | ALAMT6 G | 6 | 18 |
| | | | |

| 24162 | ALAMT7 G | R7 | 17 |
|-------|----------|----|----|
| 24063 | HILLGEN | D1 | 17 |
| 29201 | EME WCG1 | 1 | 17 |
| 29203 | EME WCG3 | 1 | 17 |
| 29204 | EME WCG4 | 1 | 17 |
| 29205 | EME WCG5 | 1 | 17 |
| 29202 | EME WCG2 | 1 | 17 |
| 24018 | BRIGEN | 1 | 16 |
| 29308 | CTRPKGEN | 1 | 16 |
| 29953 | SIGGEN | D1 | 16 |
| 24011 | ARCO 1G | 1 | 15 |
| 24012 | ARCO 2G | 2 | 15 |
| 24013 | ARCO 3G | 3 | 15 |
| 24014 | ARCO 4G | 4 | 15 |
| 24163 | ARCO 5G | 5 | 15 |
| 24164 | ARCO 6G | 6 | 15 |
| 24020 | CARBGEN1 | 1 | 15 |
| 24022 | CHEVGEN1 | 1 | 15 |
| 24023 | CHEVGEN2 | 2 | 15 |
| 24064 | HINSON | 1 | 15 |
| 24070 | ICEGEN | D1 | 15 |
| 24170 | LBEACH12 | 2 | 15 |
| 24171 | LBEACH34 | 3 | 15 |
| 24094 | MOBGEN1 | 1 | 15 |
| 24062 | HARBOR G | 1 | 15 |
| 25510 | HARBORG4 | LP | 15 |
| 24062 | HARBOR G | HP | 15 |
| 24139 | SERRFGEN | D1 | 15 |
| 24170 | LBEACH12 | 1 | 15 |
| 24171 | LBEACH34 | 4 | 15 |
| 24173 | LBEACH5G | R5 | 15 |
| 24174 | LBEACH6G | R6 | 15 |
| 24327 | THUMSGEN | 1 | 15 |
| 24328 | CARBGEN2 | 1 | 15 |
| 24330 | OUTFALL1 | 1 | 15 |
| 24331 | OUTFALL2 | 1 | 15 |
| 24332 | PALOGEN | D1 | 15 |
| 24333 | REDON1 G | R1 | 15 |
| 24334 | REDON2 G | R2 | 15 |
| 24335 | REDON3 G | R3 | 15 |
| 24336 | REDON4 G | R4 | 15 |
| 24337 | VENICE | 1 | 15 |
| 24079 | LBEACH7G | R7 | 15 |
| | | | |

| 24080 | LBEACH8G | R8 | 15 |
|-------|----------|----|----|
| 24081 | LBEACH9G | R9 | 15 |
| 24047 | ELSEG3 G | 3 | 14 |
| 24048 | ELSEG4 G | 4 | 14 |
| 24121 | REDON5 G | 5 | 14 |
| 24122 | REDON6 G | 6 | 14 |
| 24123 | REDON7 G | 7 | 14 |
| 24124 | REDON8 G | 8 | 14 |
| 24329 | MOBGEN2 | 1 | 14 |
| 29901 | NRG ELG5 | 5 | 14 |
| 29903 | NRG ELG6 | 6 | 14 |
| 29902 | NRG ELS7 | 7 | 14 |
| 29951 | REFUSE | D1 | 13 |
| 29209 | BLY1ST1 | 1 | 13 |
| 29207 | BLY1CT1 | 1 | 13 |
| 29208 | BLY1CT2 | 1 | 13 |
| 24342 | FEDGEN | 1 | 13 |
| 24241 | MALBRG3G | S3 | 12 |
| 24240 | MALBRG2G | C2 | 12 |
| 24239 | MALBRG1G | C1 | 12 |
| 29005 | PASADNA1 | 1 | 10 |
| 29006 | PASADNA2 | 1 | 10 |
| 29007 | BRODWYSC | 1 | 10 |

Valley Sub-Area:

The most critical contingency for the Valley sub-area is the loss of Palo Verde – Devers 500 kV line and Valley – Serrano 500 kV line or vice versa, which would result in voltage collapse. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 670 MW (includes 10 MW of QF generation) in 2013 as the generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The generators inside the sub-area have the same effectiveness factors.

Western Sub-Area:

The most critical contingency for the Western sub-area is the loss of Serrano-Villa Park #2 230 kV line followed by the loss of the Serrano-Lewis 230 kV line or vice versa, which would result in thermal overload of the remaining Serrano-Villa Park 230 kV line.

This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 5540 MW (includes 623 MW of QF, 6 MW of Wind, 582 MW of Muni and 2246 MW of nuclear generation) in 2013 as the generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units that have at least 5% effectiveness to the abovementioned constraint:

| mentioned | | | MW Eff Fctr |
|-----------|------------|--------|-------------|
| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | (%) |
| 29309 | BARPKGEN | 1 | 31 |
| 25203 | ANAHEIMG | 1 | 30 |
| 25211 | CanyonGT 1 | 1 | 29 |
| 25212 | CanyonGT 2 | 2 | 29 |
| 25213 | CanyonGT 3 | 3 | 29 |
| 25214 | CanyonGT 4 | 4 | 29 |
| 24005 | ALAMT5 G | 5 | 23 |
| 24161 | ALAMT6 G | 6 | 23 |
| 24001 | ALAMT1 G | 1 | 22 |
| 24002 | ALAMT2 G | 2 | 22 |
| 24003 | ALAMT3 G | 3 | 22 |
| 24004 | ALAMT4 G | 4 | 22 |
| 24162 | ALAMT7 G | R7 | 22 |
| 24066 | HUNT1 G | 1 | 22 |
| 24067 | HUNT2 G | 2 | 22 |
| 24167 | HUNT3 G | 3 | 22 |
| 24168 | HUNT4 G | 4 | 22 |
| 24325 | ORCOGEN | 1 | 21 |
| 24133 | SANTIAGO | 1 | 16 |
| 24341 | COYGEN | 1 | 16 |
| 24011 | ARCO 1G | 1 | 15 |
| 24012 | ARCO 2G | 2 | 15 |
| 24013 | ARCO 3G | 3 | 15 |
| 24014 | ARCO 4G | 4 | 15 |
| 24018 | BRIGEN | 1 | 15 |
| 24020 | CARBGEN1 | 1 | 15 |
| 24064 | HINSON | 1 | 15 |
| 24070 | ICEGEN | D1 | 15 |
| 24170 | LBEACH12 | 2 | 15 |
| 24171 | LBEACH34 | 3 | 15 |
| 24062 | HARBOR G | 1 | 15 |
| 25510 | HARBORG4 | LP | 15 |
| | | | |

| 24062 | HARBOR G | HP | 15 |
|-------|----------|----|----|
| 24139 | SERRFGEN | D1 | 15 |
| 24170 | LBEACH12 | 1 | 15 |
| 24171 | LBEACH34 | 4 | 15 |
| 24173 | LBEACH5G | R5 | 15 |
| 24174 | LBEACH6G | R6 | 15 |
| 24327 | THUMSGEN | 1 | 15 |
| 24328 | CARBGEN2 | 1 | 15 |
| 24079 | LBEACH7G | R7 | 15 |
| 24080 | LBEACH8G | R8 | 15 |
| 24081 | LBEACH9G | R9 | 15 |
| 24163 | ARCO 5G | 5 | 14 |
| 24164 | ARCO 6G | 6 | 14 |
| 24022 | CHEVGEN1 | 1 | 14 |
| 24023 | CHEVGEN2 | 2 | 14 |
| 24048 | ELSEG4 G | 4 | 14 |
| 24094 | MOBGEN1 | 1 | 14 |
| 29308 | CTRPKGEN | 1 | 14 |
| 24329 | MOBGEN2 | 1 | 14 |
| 24330 | OUTFALL1 | 1 | 14 |
| 24331 | OUTFALL2 | 1 | 14 |
| 24332 | PALOGEN | D1 | 14 |
| 24333 | REDON1 G | R1 | 14 |
| 24334 | REDON2 G | R2 | 14 |
| 24335 | REDON3 G | R3 | 14 |
| 24336 | REDON4 G | R4 | 14 |
| 24337 | VENICE | 1 | 14 |
| 29953 | SIGGEN | D1 | 14 |
| 29901 | NRG ELG5 | 5 | 14 |
| 29903 | NRG ELG6 | 6 | 14 |
| 29902 | NRG ELS7 | 7 | 14 |
| 24047 | ELSEG3 G | 3 | 13 |
| 24121 | REDON5 G | 5 | 13 |
| 24122 | REDON6 G | 6 | 13 |
| 24123 | REDON7 G | 7 | 13 |
| 24124 | REDON8 G | 8 | 13 |
| 29951 | REFUSE | D1 | 12 |
| 24342 | FEDGEN | 1 | 12 |
| 24241 | MALBRG3G | S3 | 11 |
| 24240 | MALBRG2G | C2 | 11 |
| 24239 | MALBRG1G | C1 | 11 |
| 29005 | PASADNA1 | 1 | 9 |
| 29006 | PASADNA2 | 1 | 9 |
| | | | |

| 29007 | BRODWYSC | 1 | 9 |
|-------|----------|----|---|
| 24063 | HILLGEN | D1 | 6 |
| 29201 | EME WCG1 | 1 | 5 |
| 29203 | EME WCG3 | 1 | 5 |
| 29204 | EME WCG4 | 1 | 5 |
| 29205 | EME WCG5 | 1 | 5 |
| 29202 | EME WCG2 | 1 | 5 |

There are numerous (about 40) other combinations of contingencies in the area that could overload a significant number of 230 kV lines in this sub-area and have less LCR need. As such, anyone of them (combination of contingencies) could become binding for any given set of procured resources. As a result, effectiveness factors may not be the best indicator towards informed procurement.

Ellis sub-area

The Del Amo – Ellis loop-in project along with recalibration of the Santiago SPS eliminates the LCR need for the Ellis sub-area.

El Nido sub-area

The most critical contingency for the El Nido sub-area is the loss of the La Fresa – Hinson 230 kV line followed by the loss of the La Fresa – Redondo #1 and #2 230 kV lines, which would cause voltage collapse. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 386 MW in 2013 (which includes 47 MW of QF and 4 MW of MUNI generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The generators inside the sub-area have the same effectiveness factors.

Changes compared to last year's results:

Overall the load forecast went down by 470 MW resulting in 570 MW decrease in LCR.

LA Basin Overall Requirements:

| 2013 | QF/Wind | Muni | Nuclear | Market | Max. Qualifying |
|----------------------|---------|------|---------|--------|-----------------|
| | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | Capacity (MW) |
| Available generation | 1040 | 1166 | 2246 | 8675 | 13127 |

| 2013 | Existing Generation | Deficiency | Total MW LCR |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|--------------|
| | Capacity Needed (MW) | (MW) | Need |
| Category B (Single) ²⁴ | 10,295 | 0 | 10,295 |
| Category C (Multiple) ²⁵ | 10,295 | 0 | 10,295 |

16. Big Creek/Ventura Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines into the Big Creek/Ventura Area are:

- 1) Antelope #1 and #2 500/230 kV Transformers
- 2) Sylmar-Pardee #1 230 kV Line
- 3) Sylmar-Pardee #2 230 kV Line
- 4) Eagle Rock-Pardee #1 230 kV Line
- 5) Vincent-Pardee 230 kV Line
- 6) Vincent-Santa Clara 230 kV Line

These sub-stations form the boundary surrounding the Big Creek/Ventura area:

- 1) Antelope 500 kV is out Antelope 230 KV is in
- 2) Sylmar is out Pardee is in
- 3) Sylmar is out Pardee is in
- 4) Eagle Rock is out Pardee is in

²⁴ A single contingency means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.
²⁵ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and

²⁵ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

- 5) Vincent is out Pardee is in
- 6) Vincent is out Santa Clara is in

Total 2013 busload within the defined area is 4164 MW with 77 MW of losses and 355 MW of pumps resulting in total load + losses + pumps of 4596 MW.

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB- AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| ALAMO_6_UNIT | 25653 | ALAMO SC | 13.8 | 16.00 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Market |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 24457 | ARBWIND | 66 | 2.91 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 24458 | ENCANWND | 66 | 15.09 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 24459 | FLOWIND | 66 | 5.45 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 24460 | DUTCHWND | 66 | 1.87 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 24465 | MORWIND | 66 | 7.49 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 24491 | OAKWIND | 66 | 2.41 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 28501 | MIDWIND | 12 | 2.41 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 28502 | SOUTHWND | 12 | 0.88 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 28503 | NORTHWND | 12 | 2.59 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 28504 | ZONDWND1 | 12 | 1.76 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 28505 | ZONDWND2 | 12 | 1.71 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 28506 | BREEZE1 | 12 | 0.60 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| ANTLPE_2_QF | 28507 | BREEZE2 | 12 | 1.07 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Wind |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24306 | B CRK1-1 | 7.2 | 19.38 | 1 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24306 | B CRK1-1 | 7.2 | 21.03 | 2 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24307 | B CRK1-2 | 13.8 | 21.03 | 3 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24307 | B CRK1-2 | 13.8 | 30.39 | 4 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24308 | B CRK2-1 | 13.8 | 49.48 | 1 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24308 | B CRK2-1 | 13.8 | 50.64 | 2 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24309 | B CRK2-2 | 7.2 | 18.22 | 3 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24309 | B CRK2-2 | 7.2 | 19.19 | 4 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24310 | B CRK2-3 | 7.2 | 16.55 | 5 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24310 | B CRK2-3 | 7.2 | 18.02 | 6 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24311 | B CRK3-1 | 13.8 | 34.09 | 1 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24311 | B CRK3-1 | 13.8 | 34.09 | 2 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24312 | B CRK3-2 | 13.8 | 34.09 | 3 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24312 | B CRK3-2 | 13.8 | 39.93 | 4 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24313 | B CRK3-3 | 13.8 | 37.99 | 5 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |

Total units and qualifying capacity available in the Big Creek/Ventura area:

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB- AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|------------|--|------------------------|------------|
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24314 | B CRK 4 | 11.5 | 49.09 | 41 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24314 | B CRK 4 | 11.5 | 49.28 | 42 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24315 | B CRK 8 | 13.8 | 23.76 | 81 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24315 | B CRK 8 | 13.8 | 42.85 | 82 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24317 | MAMOTH1G | 13.8 | 91.07 | 1 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24318 | MAMOTH2G | 13.8 | 91.07 | 2 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| BIGCRK_2_EXESWD | 24323 | PORTAL | 4.8 | 9.35 | 1 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Aug NQC | Market |
| EASTWD_7_UNIT | 24319 | EASTWOOD | 13.8 | 199.00 | 1 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | | Market |
| EDMONS_2_NSPIN | 25605 | EDMON1AP | 14.4 | 23.27 | 1 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS_2_NSPIN | 25606 | EDMON2AP | 14.4 | 23.27 | 2 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS_2_NSPIN | 25607 | EDMON3AP | 14.4 | 23.27 | 3 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS_2_NSPIN | 25607 | EDMON3AP | 14.4 | 23.27 | 4 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS_2_NSPIN | 25608 | EDMON4AP | 14.4 | 23.27 | 5 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS_2_NSPIN | 25608 | EDMON4AP | 14.4 | 23.27 | 6 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS 2 NSPIN | 25609 | EDMON5AP | 14.4 | 23.27 | 7 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS 2 NSPIN | 25609 | EDMON5AP | 14.4 | 23.27 | 8 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS 2 NSPIN | 25610 | EDMON6AP | 14.4 | 23.27 | 9 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS 2 NSPIN | 25610 | EDMON6AP | 14.4 | 23.27 | 10 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS 2 NSPIN | 25611 | EDMON7AP | 14.4 | 23.26 | 11 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS 2 NSPIN | 25611 | EDMON7AP | 14.4 | 23.26 | 12 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS 2 NSPIN | 25612 | EDMON8AP | 14.4 | 23.26 | 13 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| EDMONS_2_NSPIN | 25612 | EDMON8AP | 14.4 | 23.26 | 14 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| GOLETA_2_QF | 24057 | GOLETA | 66 | 0.14 | 17 | Ventura, S.Clara, | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GOLETA_6_ELLWOD | 28004 | ELLWOOD | 13.8 | 54.00 | 1 | Moorpark Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | | Market |
| GOLETA_6_EXGEN | 24057 | GOLETA | 66 | 1.17 | | Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GOLETA_6_GAVOTA | 24057 | GOLETA | 66 | 1.41 | | Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| GOLETA_6_TAJIGS | 24057 | GOLETA | 66 | 2.90 | | Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| KERRGN_1_UNIT 1 | 24437 | KERNRVR | 66 | 9.03 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Market |
| LEBECS_2_UNITS | 28051 | PSTRIAG1 | 18 | 157.90 | G1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Market |
| LEBECS_2_UNITS | 28052 | PSTRIAG2 | 18 | 157.90 | G2 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Market |
| LEBECS_2_UNITS | 28053 | PSTRIAS1 | 18 | 162.40 | S1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Market |
| LEBECS_2_UNITS | 28054 | PSTRIAG3 | 18 | 157.90 | G3 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Market |
| LEBECS_2_UNITS | 28055 | PSTRIAS2 | 18 | 78.90 | S2 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Market |
| MNDALY_7_UNIT 1 | 24089 | MANDLY1G | 13.8 | 215.00 | 1 | Ventura, Moorpark | | Market |
| MNDALY_7_UNIT 2 | 24090 | MANDLY2G | 13.8 | 215.29 | 2 | Ventura, Moorpark | | Market |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB- AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| MNDALY_7_UNIT 3 | 24222 | MANDLY3G | 16 | 130.00 | 3 | Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | | Market |
| MONLTH_6_BOREL | 24456 | BOREL | 66 | 8.98 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MOORPK_2_CALABS | 24099 | MOORPARK | 230 | 6.96 | | Ventura, Moorpark | Not modeled | Market |
| MOORPK_6_QF | 24098 | MOORPARK | 66 | 26.44 | | Ventura, Moorpark | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MOORPK_7_UNITA1 | 24098 | MOORPARK | 66 | 1.24 | | Ventura, Moorpark | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| OMAR_2_UNIT 1 | 24102 | OMAR 1G | 13.8 | 77.25 | 1 | Big Creek | | QF/Selfgen |
| OMAR_2_UNIT 2 | 24103 | OMAR 2G | 13.8 | 77.25 | 2 | Big Creek | | QF/Selfgen |
| OMAR_2_UNIT 3 | 24104 | OMAR 3G | 13.8 | 77.25 | 3 | Big Creek | | QF/Selfgen |
| OMAR_2_UNIT 4 | 24105 | OMAR 4G | 13.8 | 77.25 | 4 | Big Creek | | QF/Selfgen |
| ORMOND_7_UNIT 1 | 24107 | ORMOND1G | 26 | 741.27 | 1 | Ventura, Moorpark | | Market |
| ORMOND_7_UNIT 2 | 24108 | ORMOND2G | 26 | 775.00 | 2 | Ventura, Moorpark | | Market |
| OSO_6_NSPIN | 25614 | OSO A P | 13.2 | 3.63 | 1 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| OSO_6_NSPIN | 25614 | OSO A P | 13.2 | 3.63 | 2 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| OSO_6_NSPIN | 25614 | OSO A P | 13.2 | 3.63 | 3 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| OSO_6_NSPIN | 25614 | OSO A P | 13.2 | 3.63 | 4 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| OSO_6_NSPIN | 25615 | OSO B P | 13.2 | 3.63 | 5 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| OSO_6_NSPIN | 25615 | OSO B P | 13.2 | 3.63 | 6 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| OSO_6_NSPIN | 25615 | OSO B P | 13.2 | 3.63 | 7 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| OSO_6_NSPIN | 25615 | OSO B P | 13.2 | 3.63 | 8 | Big Creek | Pumps | MUNI |
| PANDOL_6_UNIT | 24113 | PANDOL | 13.8 | 24.81 | 1 | Big Creek, Vestal | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| PANDOL_6_UNIT | 24113 | PANDOL | 13.8 | 20.21 | 2 | Big Creek, Vestal | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| RECTOR_2_KAWEAH | 24212 | RECTOR | 66 | 1.45 | | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| RECTOR_2_KAWH 1 | 24212 | RECTOR | 66 | 0.71 | | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| RECTOR_2_QF | 24212 | RECTOR | 66 | 5.34 | | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| RECTOR_7_TULARE | 24212 | RECTOR | 66 | 1.60 | | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Not modeled | QF/Selfgen |
| SAUGUS_2_TOLAND | 24135 | SAUGUS | 66 | 0.72 | | Big Creek | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| SAUGUS_6_MWDFTH | | SAUGUS | 66 | 7.50 | | Big Creek | Not modeled Aug NQC | MUNI |
| SAUGUS_6_PTCHGN | 24118 | PITCHGEN | 13.8 | 19.12 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | MUNI |
| SAUGUS_6_QF | 24135 | SAUGUS | 66 | 0.92 | | Big Creek | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SAUGUS_7_CHIQCN | 24135 | SAUGUS | 66 | 6.67 | | Big Creek | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| SAUGUS_7_LOPEZ | 24135 | SAUGUS | 66 | 5.39 | | Big Creek | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SNCLRA_6_OXGEN | 24110 | OXGEN | 13.8 | 33.53 | 1 | Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SNCLRA_6_PROCGN | 24119 | PROCGEN | 13.8 | 46.16 | 1 | Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | Aug NQC | Market |

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB- AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| SNCLRA_6_QF | 24127 | S.CLARA | 66 | 1.09 | 1 | Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SNCLRA_6_WILLMT | 24159 | WILLAMET | 13.8 | 12.63 | 1 | Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SPRGVL_2_QF | 24215 | SPRINGVL | 66 | 0.25 | | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SPRGVL_2_TULE | 24215 | SPRINGVL | 66 | 0.63 | | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| SPRGVL_2_TULESC | 24215 | SPRINGVL | 66 | 0.39 | | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | Not modeled Aug NQC | Market |
| SYCAMR_2_UNITS | 24143 | SYCCYN1G | 13.8 | 57.56 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SYCAMR_2_UNITS | 24144 | SYCCYN2G | 13.8 | 57.56 | 2 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SYCAMR 2 UNITS | 24145 | SYCCYN3G | 13.8 | 57.56 | 3 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SYCAMR 2 UNITS | 24146 | SYCCYN4G | 13.8 | 57.55 | 4 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| TENGEN 2 PL1X2 | 24148 | TENNGEN1 | 13.8 | 18.35 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Market |
| TENGEN 2 PL1X2 | 24149 | TENNGEN2 | 13.8 | 18.35 | 2 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Market |
| VESTAL_2_KERN | 24152 | VESTAL | 66 | 6.72 | 1 | Big Creek, Vestal | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| VESTAL_6_QF | 24152 | VESTAL | 66 | 5.06 | | Big Creek, Vestal | Not modeled Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| VESTAL_6_ULTRGN | 24150 | ULTRAGEN | 13.8 | 34.70 | 1 | Big Creek, Vestal | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| VESTAL_6_WDFIRE | 28008 | LAKEGEN | 13.8 | 5.57 | 1 | Big Creek, Vestal | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| WARNE_2_UNIT | 25651 | WARNE1 | 13.8 | 38.00 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Market |
| WARNE_2_UNIT | 25652 | WARNE2 | 13.8 | 38.00 | 1 | Big Creek | Aug NQC | Market |
| APPGEN_6_UNIT 1 | 24009 | APPGEN1G | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | Big Creek | No NQC - hist. data | Market |
| APPGEN_6_UNIT 1 | 24010 | APPGEN2G | 13.8 | 0.00 | 2 | Big Creek | No NQC - hist. data | Market |
| MNDALY_6_MCGRTH | 29306 | MCGPKGEN | 13.8 | 47.00 | 1 | Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | No NQC - hist. data | Market |
| NA | 24326 | Exgen1 | 13.8 | 0.00 | S1 | Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24340 | CHARMIN | 13.8 | 15.20 | 1 | Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24362 | Exgen2 | 13.8 | 0.00 | G1 | Ventura, S.Clara, Moorpark | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24370 | Kawgen | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | Big Creek, Rector, Vestal | No NQC - hist. data | Market |
| NA | 24372 | KR 3-1 | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | Big Creek, Vestal | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24373 | KR 3-2 | 13.8 | 0.00 | 1 | Big Creek, Vestal | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 24422 | PALMDALE | 66 | 0.00 | 1 | Big Creek | No NQC - hist. data | Market |
| NA | 24436 | GOLDTOWN | 66 | 0.00 | 1 | Big Creek | No NQC - hist. data | Market |

Major new projects modeled:

1. Segments of TRTP project

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Big Creek/Ventura overall:

The most critical contingency is the loss of the Lugo-Victorville 500 kV followed by Sylmar-Pardee #1 or #2 230 kV line, which could thermally overload the remaining Sylmar-Pardee 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 2241 MW in 2013 (includes 752 MW of QF, 381 MW of Muni and 46 MW of Wind generation) as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

The most critical single contingency is the loss of Sylmar-Pardee #1 (or # 2) line followed by Ormond Beach Unit #2, which could thermally overload the remaining Sylmar-Pardee 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 2161 MW in 2013 (includes 752 MW of QF, 381 MW of Muni and 46 MW of Wind generation).

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units that have at least 5% effectiveness to any one of the Sylmar-Pardee 230 kV lines after the loss of the Lugo-Victorville 500 kV followed by one of the other Sylmar-Pardee 230 kV line in this area:

| Gen Bus 24118 | Gen Name PITCHGEN | Gen ID D1 | MW Eff Fctr 35 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| 24148 | TENNGEN1 | D1 | 35 |
| 24149 | TENNGEN2 | D2 | 35 |
| 24009 | APPGEN1G | 1 | 34 |
| 24010 | APPGEN2G | 2 | 34 |
| 24107 | ORMOND1G | 1 | 34 |
| 24108 | ORMOND2G | 2 | 34 |
| 24361 | APPGEN3G | 3 | 34 |
| 25651 | WARNE1 | 1 | 33 |
| 25652 | WARNE2 | 1 | 33 |

| 24090 | MANDLY2G | 2 | 32 |
|-------|----------|----|----|
| 29306 | MCGPKGEN | 1 | 32 |
| 24089 | MANDLY1G | 1 | 31 |
| 29004 | ELLWOOD | 1 | 31 |
| 29952 | CAMGEN | D1 | 31 |
| 24326 | EXGEN1 | S1 | 31 |
| 24362 | EXGEN2 | G1 | 31 |
| 29055 | PSTRIAS2 | S2 | 30 |
| 29054 | PSTRIAG3 | G3 | 30 |
| 29053 | PSTRIAS1 | S1 | 30 |
| 29052 | PSTRIAG2 | G2 | 30 |
| 29051 | PSTRIAG1 | G1 | 30 |
| 25605 | EDMON1AP | 1 | 30 |
| 25606 | EDMON2AP | 2 | 30 |
| 25607 | EDMON3AP | 3 | 30 |
| 25607 | EDMON3AP | 4 | 30 |
| 25608 | EDMON4AP | 5 | 30 |
| 25608 | EDMON4AP | 6 | 30 |
| 25609 | EDMON5AP | 7 | 30 |
| 25609 | EDMON5AP | 8 | 30 |
| 25610 | EDMON6AP | 9 | 30 |
| 25610 | EDMON6AP | 10 | 30 |
| 25612 | EDMON8AP | 13 | 30 |
| 25612 | EDMON8AP | 14 | 30 |
| 24127 | S.CLARA | 1 | 30 |
| 24110 | OXGEN | D1 | 30 |
| 24119 | PROCGEN | D1 | 30 |
| 24159 | WILLAMET | D1 | 30 |
| 24340 | CHARMIN | 1 | 30 |
| 25611 | EDMON7AP | 11 | 29 |
| 25611 | EDMON7AP | 12 | 29 |
| 24222 | MANDLY3G | 3 | 29 |
| 25614 | OSO A P | 1 | 29 |
| 25614 | OSO A P | 2 | 29 |
| 25615 | OSO B P | 7 | 29 |
| 25615 | OSO B P | 8 | 29 |
| 25653 | ALAMO SC | 1 | 29 |
| 24370 | KAWGEN | 1 | 28 |
| 24113 | PANDOL | 1 | 27 |
| 24113 | PANDOL | 2 | 27 |
| | | | |

| 29008 | LAKEGEN | 1 | 27 |
|-------|----------|----|----|
| 24150 | ULTRAGEN | 1 | 27 |
| 24152 | VESTAL | 1 | 27 |
| 24372 | KR 3-1 | 1 | 27 |
| 24373 | KR 3-2 | 2 | 27 |
| 24102 | OMAR 1G | 1 | 26 |
| 24103 | OMAR 2G | 2 | 26 |
| 24104 | OMAR 3G | 3 | 26 |
| 24105 | OMAR 4G | 4 | 26 |
| 24143 | SYCCYN1G | 1 | 26 |
| 24144 | SYCCYN2G | 2 | 26 |
| 24145 | SYCCYN3G | 3 | 26 |
| 24146 | SYCCYN4G | 4 | 26 |
| 24319 | EASTWOOD | 1 | 25 |
| 24306 | B CRK1-1 | 1 | 25 |
| 24306 | B CRK1-1 | 2 | 25 |
| 24307 | B CRK1-2 | 3 | 25 |
| 24307 | B CRK1-2 | 4 | 25 |
| 24308 | B CRK2-1 | 1 | 25 |
| 24308 | B CRK2-1 | 2 | 25 |
| 24309 | B CRK2-2 | 3 | 25 |
| 24309 | B CRK2-2 | 4 | 25 |
| 24310 | B CRK2-3 | 5 | 25 |
| 24310 | B CRK2-3 | 6 | 25 |
| 24311 | B CRK3-1 | 1 | 25 |
| 24311 | B CRK3-1 | 2 | 25 |
| 24312 | B CRK3-2 | 3 | 25 |
| 24312 | B CRK3-2 | 4 | 25 |
| 24313 | B CRK3-3 | 5 | 25 |
| 24314 | B CRK 4 | 41 | 25 |
| 24314 | B CRK 4 | 42 | 25 |
| 24315 | B CRK 8 | 81 | 25 |
| 24315 | B CRK 8 | 82 | 25 |
| 24317 | MAMOTH1G | 1 | 25 |
| 24318 | MAMOTH2G | 2 | 25 |
| 24437 | KERNRVR | 1 | 22 |
| 24457 | ARBWIND | 1 | 17 |
| 24465 | MORWIND | 1 | 17 |
| 24481 | MIDWIND | 1 | 17 |
| 24483 | NORTHWND | 1 | 17 |
| | | | |

| 24484 | ZONDWND1 | 1 | 17 |
|-------|----------|---|----|
| 24485 | ZONDWND2 | 1 | 17 |
| 24458 | ENCANWND | 1 | 16 |
| 24459 | FLOWIND | 1 | 16 |
| 24460 | DUTCHWND | 1 | 16 |
| 24436 | GOLDTOWN | 1 | 16 |
| 24456 | BOREL | 1 | 15 |

Rector Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Rector sub-area is the loss of one of the Rector-Vestal 230 kV lines with the Eastwood unit out of service, which would thermally overload the remaining Rector-Vestal 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 601 MW (includes 7 MW of QF generation) in 2013 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units that have at least 5% effectiveness to the abovementioned constraint within Rector sub-area:

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|
| 24370 | KAWGEN | 1 | 45 |
| 24319 | EASTWOOD | 1 | 41 |
| 24306 | B CRK1-1 | 1 | 41 |
| 24306 | B CRK1-1 | 2 | 41 |
| 24307 | B CRK1-2 | 3 | 41 |
| 24307 | B CRK1-2 | 4 | 41 |
| 24323 | PORTAL | 1 | 41 |
| 24308 | B CRK2-1 | 1 | 40 |
| 24308 | B CRK2-1 | 2 | 40 |
| 24309 | B CRK2-2 | 3 | 40 |
| 24309 | B CRK2-2 | 4 | 40 |
| 24315 | B CRK 8 | 81 | 40 |
| 24315 | B CRK 8 | 82 | 40 |
| 24310 | B CRK2-3 | 5 | 39 |
| 24310 | B CRK2-3 | 6 | 39 |
| 24311 | B CRK3-1 | 1 | 39 |
| 24311 | B CRK3-1 | 2 | 39 |
| 24312 | B CRK3-2 | 3 | 39 |
| 24312 | B CRK3-2 | 4 | 39 |
| 24313 | B CRK3-3 | 5 | 39 |
| 24317 | MAMOTH1G | 1 | 39 |
| 24318 | MAMOTH2G | 2 | 39 |
| 24314 | B CRK 4 | 41 | 38 |
| 24314 | B CRK 4 | 42 | 38 |

Vestal Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Vestal sub-area is the loss of one of the Magunden-Vestal 230 kV lines with the Eastwood unit out of service, which would thermally overload the remaining Magunden-Vestal 230 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 801 MW in 2013 (which includes 104 MW of QF generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The following table has units that have at least 5% effectiveness to the abovementioned constraint within Vestal sub-area:

| Gen Bus | Gen Name | Gen ID | Eff Fctr (%) |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|
| 28008 | LAKEGEN | 1 | 46 |
| 24113 | PANDOL | 1 | 45 |
| 24113 | PANDOL | 2 | 45 |
| 24150 | ULTRAGEN | 1 | 45 |
| 24372 | KR 3-1 | 1 | 45 |
| 24373 | KR 3-2 | 2 | 45 |
| 24152 | VESTAL | 1 | 45 |
| 24370 | KAWGEN | 1 | 45 |
| 24319 | EASTWOOD | 1 | 24 |
| 24306 | B CRK1-1 | 1 | 24 |
| 24306 | B CRK1-1 | 2 | 24 |
| 24307 | B CRK1-2 | 3 | 24 |
| 24307 | B CRK1-2 | 4 | 24 |
| 24308 | B CRK2-1 | 1 | 24 |
| 24308 | B CRK2-1 | 2 | 24 |
| 24309 | B CRK2-2 | 3 | 24 |
| 24309 | B CRK2-2 | 4 | 24 |
| 24310 | B CRK2-3 | 5 | 24 |
| 24310 | B CRK2-3 | 6 | 24 |
| 24315 | B CRK 8 | 81 | 24 |
| 24315 | B CRK 8 | 82 | 24 |
| 24323 | PORTAL | 1 | 24 |
| 24311 | B CRK3-1 | 1 | 23 |
| 24311 | B CRK3-1 | 2 | 23 |
| 24312 | B CRK3-2 | 3 | 23 |
| 24312 | B CRK3-2 | 4 | 23 |
| 24313 | B CRK3-3 | 5 | 23 |
| 24317 | MAMOTH1G | 1 | 23 |
| 24318 | MAMOTH2G | 2 | 23 |
| 24314 | B CRK 4 | 41 | 22 |

24314 B CRK 4 42 22

S. Clara sub-areas

The most critical contingency for the S.Clara sub-area is the loss of the Pardee to S.Clara 230 kV line followed by the loss of the Moorpark to S.Clara #1 and #2 230 kV lines, which would cause voltage collapse. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 264 MW in 2013 (which includes 65 MW of QF generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The generators inside the sub-area have the same effectiveness factors.

Moorpark sub-areas

The most critical contingency for the Moorpark sub-area is the loss of one of the Pardee to Moorpark 230 kV lines followed by the loss of the remaining two Moorpark to Pardee 230 kV lines, which would cause voltage collapse. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 422 MW in 2013 (which includes 93 MW of QF generation) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

The generators inside the sub-area have the same effectiveness factors.

Changes compared to last year's results:

Overall the load forecast went down by 97 MW. The new Antelope 500/230 kV #1 and #2 transformers have been modeled as part of the TRTP. The overall effect is that the LCR has decreased by 852 MW. The majority of the LCR decrease is due to load allocation change within the Big Creek Ventura.

Big Creek Overall Requirements:

| 2013 | QF/Wind | MUNI | Market | Max. Qualifying |
|----------------------|---------|------|--------|-----------------|
| | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | Capacity (MW) |
| Available generation | 798 | 381 | 4097 | 5276 |

| 2013 | Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW) | Deficiency (MW) | Total MW LCR Need |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| Category B (Single) ²⁶ | 2161 | 0 | 2161 |
| Category C (Multiple) ²⁷ | 2241 | 0 | 2241 |

17. San Diego-Imperial Valley Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines forming a boundary around the Greater San Diego-Imperial

Valley area include:

- 1) Imperial Valley North Gila 500 kV Line
- 2) Otay Mesa Tijuana 230 kV Line
- 3) San Onofre San Luis Rey #1 230 kV Line
- 4) San Onofre San Luis Rey #2 230 kV Line
- 5) San Onofre San Luis Rey #3 230 kV Line
- 6) San Onofre Talega #1 230 kV Line
- 7) San Onofre Talega #2 230 kV Line
- 8) Imperial Valley El Centro 230 kV Line
- 9) Imperial Valley Dixieland 230 kV Line
- 10) Imperial Valley La Rosita 230 kV Line

The substations that delineate the Greater San Diego-Imperial Valley area are:

- 1) Imperial Valley is in North Gila is out
- 2) Otay Mesa is in Tijuana is out
- 3) San Onofre is out San Luis Rey is in
- 4) San Onofre is out San Luis Rey is in
- 5) San Onofre is out San Luis Rey is in
- 6) San Onofre is out Talega is in
- 7) San Onofre is out Talega is in
- 8) Imperial Valley is in El Centro is out
- 9) Imperial Valley is in Dixieland is out
- 10) Imperial Valley is in La Rosita is out

Total 2013 busload within the defined area: 4990 MW with 124 MW of losses resulting

in total load + losses of 5114 MW.

²⁶ A single contingency means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

²⁷ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------|
| BORDER_6_UNITA1 | 22149 | CALPK_BD | 13.8 | 48.98 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| CBRLLO_6_PLSTP1 | 22092 | CABRILLO | 69 | 2.23 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CCRITA_7_RPPCHF | 22124 | CHCARITA | 138 | 3.69 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CHILLS_1_SYCENG | 22120 | CARLTNHS | 138 | 0.26 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CHILLS_7_UNITA1 | 22120 | CARLTNHS | 138 | 1.31 | 2 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CPSTNO_7_PRMADS | 22112 | CAPSTRNO | 138 | 4.73 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| CRSTWD_6_KUMYAY | 22915 | KUMEYAAY | 34.5 | 6.70 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | Wind |
| DIVSON_6_NSQF | 22172 | DIVISION | 69 | 34.41 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| EGATE_7_NOCITY | 22204 | EASTGATE | 69 | 0.21 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| ELCAJN_6_LM6K | 23320 | EC GEN2 | 13.8 | 48.10 | 1 | San Diego, El Cajon | | Market |
| ELCAJN_6_UNITA1 | 22150 | CALPK_EC | 13.8 | 45.42 | 1 | San Diego, El Cajon | | Market |
| ELCAJN_7_GT1 | 22212 | ELCAJNGT | 12.5 | 16.00 | 1 | San Diego, El Cajon | | Market |
| ENCINA_7_EA1 | 22233 | ENCINA 1 | 14.4 | 106.00 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| ENCINA_7_EA2 | 22234 | ENCINA 2 | 14.4 | 104.00 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| ENCINA_7_EA3 | 22236 | ENCINA 3 | 14.4 | 110.00 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| ENCINA_7_EA4 | 22240 | ENCINA 4 | 22 | 300.00 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| ENCINA_7_EA5 | 22244 | ENCINA 5 | 24 | 330.00 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| ENCINA_7_GT1 | 22248 | ENCINAGT | 12.5 | 14.50 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| ESCNDO_6_PL1X2 | 22257 | ESGEN | 13.8 | 35.50 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| ESCNDO_6_UNITB1 | 22153 | CALPK_ES | 13.8 | 48.04 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| ESCO_6_GLMQF | 22332 | GOALLINE | 69 | 39.92 | 1 | San Diego, Esco | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| KEARNY_7_KY1 | 22377 | KEARNGT1 | 12.5 | 16.00 | 1 | San Diego, Mission | | Market |
| KEARNY_7_KY2 | 22373 | KEARN2AB | 12.5 | 15.02 | 1 | San Diego, Mission | | Market |
| KEARNY_7_KY2 | 22373 | KEARN2AB | 12.5 | 15.02 | 2 | San Diego, Mission | | Market |
| KEARNY_7_KY2 | 22374 | KEARN2CD | 12.5 | 15.02 | 1 | San Diego, Mission | | Market |
| KEARNY_7_KY2 | 22374 | KEARN2CD | 12.5 | 13.95 | 2 | San Diego, Mission | | Market |
| KEARNY_7_KY3 | 22375 | KEARN3AB | 12.5 | 14.98 | 1 | San Diego, Mission | | Market |
| KEARNY_7_KY3 | 22375 | KEARN3AB | 12.5 | 16.05 | 2 | San Diego, Mission | | Market |
| KEARNY_7_KY3 | 22376 | KEARN3CD | 12.5 | 14.98 | 1 | San Diego, Mission | | Market |
| KEARNY_7_KY3 | 22376 | KEARN3CD | 12.5 | 14.98 | 2 | San Diego, Mission | | Market |
| LAKHDG_6_UNIT 1 | 22625 | LKHODG1 | 13.8 | 20.00 | 1 | San Diego, Bernardo | | Market |
| LARKSP_6_UNIT 1 | 22074 | LRKSPBD1 | 13.8 | 46.00 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| LARKSP_6_UNIT 2 | 22075 | LRKSPBD2 | 13.8 | 46.00 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| LAROA1_2_UNITA1 | 20187 | LRP-U1 | 16 | 165 | 1 | None | | Market |
| LAROA2_2_UNITA1 | 22996 | INTBST | 18 | 157 | 1 | None | | Market |
| LAROA2_2_UNITA1 | 22997 | INTBCT | 16 | 165 | 1 | None | | Market |
| MRGT_6_MEF2 | 22487 | MFE_MR2 | 13.8 | 47.90 | 1 | San Diego, | | Market |

Total units and qualifying capacity available in this area:

| MKT/SCHED RESOURCE ID | BUS # | BUS NAME | kV | NQC | UNIT ID | LCR SUB-AREA NAME | NQC Comments | CAISO Tag |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| | | | | | | Mission, Miramar | | |
| MRGT_6_MMAREF | 22486 | MFE_MR1 | 13.8 | 48.00 | 1 | San Diego, Mission, Miramar | | Market |
| MRGT_7_UNITS | 22488 | MIRAMRGT | 12.5 | 18.55 | 1 | San Diego, Mission, Miramar | | Market |
| MRGT_7_UNITS | 22488 | MIRAMRGT | 12.5 | 17.45 | 2 | San Diego, Mission, Miramar | | Market |
| MSHGTS_6_MMARLF | 22448 | MESAHGTS | 69 | 3.19 | 1 | San Diego, Mission | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| MSSION_2_QF | 22496 | MISSION | 69 | 0.74 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| NIMTG_6_NIQF | 22576 | NOISLMTR | 69 | 35.59 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| OGROVE_6_PL1X2 | 22628 | PA99MWQ1 | 13.8 | 49.95 | 1 | San Diego, Pala | | Market |
| OGROVE_6_PL1X2 | 22629 | PA99MWQ2 | 13.8 | 49.95 | 2 | San Diego, Pala | | Market |
| OTAY_6_PL1X2 | 22617 | OYGEN | 13.8 | 35.50 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| OTAY_6_UNITB1 | 22604 | OTAY | 69 | 2.80 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| OTAY_7_UNITC1 | 22604 | OTAY | 69 | 2.65 | 3 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| OTMESA_2_PL1X3 | 22605 | OTAYMGT1 | 18 | 185.06 | 1 | San Diego | _ | Market |
| OTMESA_2_PL1X3 | 22606 | OTAYMGT2 | 18 | 185.06 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| OTMESA 2 PL1X3 | 22607 | OTAYMST1 | 16 | 233.48 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| PALOMR_2_PL1X3 | 22262 | PEN_CT1 | 18 | 162.39 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| PALOMR_2_PL1X3 | 22263 | PEN_CT2 | 18 | 162.39 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| PALOMR 2 PL1X3 | 22265 | PEN ST | 18 | 240.83 | 1 | San Diego | | Market |
| PTLOMA_6_NTCCGN | 22660 | POINTLMA | 69 | 1.65 | 2 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| PTLOMA_6_NTCQF | 22660 | POINTLMA | 69 | 16.70 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SAMPSN_6_KELCO1 | 22704 | SAMPSON | 12.5 | 0.72 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| SMRCOS 6 UNIT 1 | 22724 | SANMRCOS | 69 | 0.47 | 1 | San Diego | Aug NQC | QF/Selfgen |
| TERMEX 2 PL1X3 | 22981 | IV GEN1 | 18 | 281 | 1 | None | | Market |
| TERMEX 2 PL1X3 | 22982 | IV GEN2 | 18 | 156 | 1 | None | | Market |
| TERMEX_2_PL1X3 | 22983 | IVGEN3 | 18 | 156 | 1 | None | | Market |
| NA | 22444 | MESA RIM | 69 | 0.00 | 1 | San Diego | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 22592 | OLD TOWN | 69 | 0.00 | 1 | San Diego | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 22602 | OMWD | 69 | 0.00 | 1 | San Diego | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 22708 | SANLUSRY | 69 | 0.00 | 1 | San Diego | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| NA | 22916 | PFC-AVC | 0.6 | 0.00 | 1 | San Diego | No NQC - hist. data | QF/Selfgen |
| LAKHDG_6_UNIT 2 | 22626 | LKHODG2 | 13.8 | 20.00 | 2 | San Diego, Bernardo | No NQC - Pmax | Market |

Major new projects modeled:

- 1. Sunrise Power Link Project (Southern Route)
- 2. Eastgate Rose Canyon 69kV (TL6927) reconductor
- 3. New Imperial Valley-Dixieland 230 kV line
- 4. East County 500 kV substation (ECO)

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

El Cajon Sub-area:

The most critical contingency for the El Cajon sub-area is the loss of the El Cajon-Jamacha 69 kV line (TL624) followed by the loss of Miguel-Granite-Los Coches 69 kV line (TL632), which would thermally overload the El Cajon – Los Coches 69 kV line (TL631). This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 83 MW (including 0 MW of QF generation) in 2013 as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most critical single contingency for this sub-area is the loss of Miguel-Granite-Los Coches 69 kV line (TL632) with El Cajon Energy Center already out of service, which would thermally overload the El Cajon – Los Coches 69 kV line (TL631). This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 53 MW (including 0 MW of QF generation) in 2013.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area (El Cajon Peaker, El Cajon GT and El Cajon Energy Center) have the same effectiveness factor.

Rose Canyon Sub-area

This sub-area has been eliminated due to TL6927, Eastgate-Rose Canyon 69 kV reconductor which is already in-service.

Mission Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Mission sub-area is the loss of Mission - Kearny 69 kV line (TL663) followed by the loss of Mission – Mesa Heights 69kV line (TL676), which would thermally overload the Mission - Clairmont 69kV line (TL670). This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 126 MW (including 3 MW of QF generation) in 2013 as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

Miramar Energy Facility units and Miramar GTs (Cabrillo Power II) are 8% effective, Miramar Landfill unit and all Kearny peakers are 32% effective.

Bernardo Sub-area:

The most critical contingency for the Bernardo sub-area is the loss of Artesian -Sycamore 69 kV line followed by the loss of Poway-Rancho Carmel 69 kV line, which would thermally overload the Felicita Tap-Bernardo 69 kV line (TL689). This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 110 MW (including 0 MW of QF generation and 70 MW of deficiency) in 2013 as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area (Lake Hodges) are needed so there is no effectiveness factor required.

Esco Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Esco sub-area is the loss of Poway-Pomerado 69 kV line (TL6913) followed by the loss of Esco - Escondido 69kV line (TL6908) which would thermally overload the Bernardo – Rancho Carmel 69 kV line (TL633). This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 114 MW (including 40 MW of QF generation and 74 MW of deficiency) in 2013 as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

Only unit within this sub-area (Goal line) is needed so no effectiveness factor is required.

Pala Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Pala sub-area is the loss of Pendleton – San Luis Rey 69 kV line (TL6912) followed by the loss of Lilac - Pala 69kV line (TL6932) which

would thermally overload the Melrose – Morro Hill Tap 69 kV line. This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 43 MW (including 0 MW of QF generation) in 2013 as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area (Orange Grove) have the same effectiveness factor.

Miramar Sub-area

The most critical contingency for the Miramar sub-area is the loss of Otay Mesa – Miguel Tap – Silvergate 230kV line (TL23042) followed by the loss of Sycamore 230/138 kV Bank #60, which would thermally overload the Sycamore - Scripps 69 kV line (TL6916). This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 97 MW (including 0 MW of QF generation) in 2013 as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most critical single contingency for this sub-area is the loss of Otay Mesa – Miguel Tap – Silvergate 230kV line (TL23042) with Miramar Energy Facility #1 or #2 out of service, which would thermally overload the Sycamore - Scripps 69 kV line (TL6916). This limiting contingency establishes a LCR of 86 MW (including 0 MW of QF generation) in 2013.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this sub-area (Miramar Energy Facility and Miramar GTs) have the same effectiveness factor.

San Diego Sub-area:

The most limiting contingency for San Diego sub-area is the loss of Imperial Valley-Suncrest 500 kV line followed by the loss of ECO-Miguel 500 kV line. The limiting constraint is post-transient voltage instability. This contingency establishes a LCR of 2570 MW in 2013 (includes 151 MW of QF generation and 7 MW of Wind) as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

The most limiting single contingency in the San Diego sub-area is a (G-1/N-1) contingency described by the outage of ECO-Miguel 500 kV line with Otay Mesa Combined-Cycle Power Plant (603 MW) already out of service. The limiting constraint is post-transient voltage instability. This contingency establishes a LCR of 2192 MW in 2013 (includes 151 MW of QF generation and 7 MW of Wind).

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area have the same effectiveness factor. Units outside of this area are not effective.

| 2013 | QF | Wind | Market | Max. Qualifying |
|----------------------|------|------|--------|-----------------|
| | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | Capacity (MW) |
| Available generation | 151 | 7 | 2911 | 3069 |

San Diego Sub-area Requirements:

| 2013 | Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW) | Deficiency (MW) | Total MW LCR Need |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| Category B (Single) ²⁸ | 2192 | 0 | 2192 |
| Category C (Multiple) ²⁹ | 2570 | 144 | 2714 |

San Diego-Imperial Valley Area Overall:

The most limiting contingency in the San Diego-Imperial Valley area is described by the outage of 500 kV Southwest Power Link (SWPL) between Imperial Valley and N. Gila Substations over-lapping with an outage of the Otay Mesa Combined-Cycle Power plant (603 MW) while staying within the South of San Onofre (WECC Path 44) non-simultaneous import capability rating of 2,500 MW. This limiting contingency

²⁸ A single contingency means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.
²⁹ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and

²⁹ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

establishes a local capacity need of 2938 MW in 2013 (includes 151 MW of QF generation and 7 MW of Wind) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area.

It is worth mentioning that Imperial Valley – Dixieland 230kV line was modeled between IID and CAISO. There were no additional upgrades modeled between CFE and CAISO control areas at Imperial Valley 230 kV bus in 2013 base case. The CAISO acknowledges that the LCR needs for the San Diego-Imperial Valley area will decrease as additional transmission is constructed between the IID/CFE systems and Imperial Valley and more power is flowing in real-time from these control areas into the CAISO control area.

Effectiveness factors:

All units within this area have the same effectiveness factor. Units outside of this area are not effective.

Changes compared to last year's results:

The load forecast went up by 270 MW and total local resource capacity needed for the San Diego-Imperial Valley increased by 89 MW overall due to a combination of factors.

Local capacity needs (Category C) for the San Diego sub-area decreased by 279 MW compared to last year mainly due to the WECC classification of Sunrise Power Link and South West Power Link as not being in the same corridor as well as elimination of WECC 1000 MW path rating on Sunrise Power Link. This shifted the most restrictive constraint to the larger area, however, resulting in an overall increase of 89 MW from the 2012 requirement but drawing on a larger pool of resources.

Overall the total LCR requirements (including deficiencies that cannot be contracted for due to unavailability of resources) have actually increased by 138 MW mainly due to the deficiency increase in the Bernardo and Esco sub-areas. It should be noted that further LCR deficiencies in the San Diego sub area are expected in later years due to the 2017

OTC compliance date for the Encina power plant and to the most restrictive contingency for this sub area limiting the pool of resources (qualifying capacity) effective in addressing the San Diego local area needs.

San Diego-Imperial Valley Area Overall Requirements:

| 2013 | QF | Wind | Market | Max. Qualifying |
|----------------------|------|------|--------|-----------------|
| | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | Capacity (MW) |
| Available generation | 151 | 7 | 3991 | 4149 |

| 2013 | Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW) | Deficiency (MW) | Total MW LCR Need |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| Category B (Single) ³⁰ | 2938 | 0 | 2938 |
| Category C (Multiple) ³¹ | 2938 | 144 | 3082 |

For stakeholder information only

Non-summer season LCR limited analysis

These results are for information purposes only and they will not be used to alter the 2013 LSE local resource allocation. The LSE local resource allocation is done based on the summer peak study as required by the ISO Tariff.

Extra assumptions as agreed upon by stakeholders:

- 1. One transmission element under maintenance conditions
- 2. Two resources under maintenance conditions

Total 2013 busload within the defined area: 3800 MW with 71 MW of losses resulting in total load + losses of 3871 MW. This corresponds to a 1-in-10 peak for the month of October (highest among non-summer months).

San Diego Sub-area non-summer season:

³⁰ A single contingency means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

³¹ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.

Worst transmission element out on maintenance was considered to be one of the Imperial Valley-Suncrest, Imperial Valley-ECO or ECO-Miguel 500 kV lines.

The most limiting contingency for San Diego sub-area is the loss of Miguel - ECO 500 kV line with Otay Mesa out of service (Imperial Valley – Suncrest 500 kV line is out on maintenance). The limiting constraint is post-transient voltage instability. This contingency establishes a LCR of 1777 MW in 2013 (includes 151 MW of QF generation and 7 MW of Wind) as the minimum generation capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area in the non-summer season.

Under the current design all units with approved maintenance schedules are allowed to count towards the local requirement even when they are out of service. Maintaining these assumptions the "two units out on maintenance" can make up anywhere from 30 to 1169 MW for an average of 500-600 MW. The total local resources in the greater San Diego sub-area under an RA contract in the non-summer season should be therefore around 2277-2377 MW, a level 200-300 MW lower than the summer peak need.

San Diego-Imperial Valley Area Overall non-summer season:

Worst transmission element out on maintenance was considered to be one of the five 230 kV lines that comprise the South of SONGS path. This will reduce the import capability of South of SONGS from 2500 MW to about 1650 MW.

The most limiting contingency in the San Diego-Imperial Valley area is described by the outage of 500 kV Southwest Power Link (SWPL) between Imperial Valley and N. Gila Substations over-lapping with an outage of the Otay Mesa Combined-Cycle Power plant (603 MW) while staying within the South of San Onofre (WECC Path 44) non-simultaneous import capability of 1,650 MW (after one element out for maintenance). This limiting contingency establishes a local capacity need of 2498 MW in 2013 (includes 151 MW of QF generation and 7 MW of Wind) as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this area in the non-summer season.

Under the current design all units with approved maintenance schedules are allowed to count towards the local requirement even when they are out of service. Maintaining these assumptions the "two units out on maintenance" can make up anywhere from 30 to 1197 MW for an average of 500-600 MW. The total local resources in the greater San Diego-Imperial Valley area under an RA contract in the non-summer season should be therefore around 2998-3098 MW, a level 200-300 MW higher than the summer peak need.

18. Valley Electric Area

Area Definition

The transmission tie lines into the area include:

- 1) Amargosa-Sandy 138 kV line
- 2) Jackass Flats-Lathrop Switch 138 kV line
- 3) Sloan Canyon-Pahrump 230 kV line
- 4) Desert View-Pahrump 230 kV line

The substations that delineate the area are:

- 1) Amargosa is out Sandy is in
- 2) Jackass Flats is out Lathrop Switch is in
- 3) Sloan Canyon is out Pahrump is in
- 4) Desert View is out Pahrump is in

Total 2013 busload within the defined area was: 119 MW along with 2 MW of

transmission losses resulting in total load + losses of 121 MW.

There is no generation and qualifying capacity available in this area.

Major new transmission projects modeled:

1. Northwest-Desert View 230 kV Line #1 (under construction, be in service before the summer of 2013)

Critical Contingency Analysis Summary

Pahrump South Sub-Area

The most critical contingency for the Pahrump South Sub-Area is the loss of Pahrump-Gamebird 138 kV line with the biggest resource in the area out of service (estimated at a minimum of 7 MW). This contingency results in voltage lower than 0.90 pu at Gamebird sub (0.89 pu), Thousandaire sub (0.89 pu), and Charleston sub (0.89 pu), and establishes a local capacity need of 7 MW plus the biggest resource in the area (estimated at 7 MW) or a total of 14 MW (includes 14 MW of deficiency) in 2013 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within this sub-area.

Effectiveness factors:

There is no generation available in this sub-area.

Valley Electric Association Overall Area

The most critical contingency for the Valley Electric Association Area is the loss of Mead-Sloan Canyon 230 kV line followed by the loss of Northwest-Desert View 230 kV line or vice versa. This double contingency event may result in voltage collapse in the Valley Electric Association area, and establishes a local capacity need of 37 MW (including 37 MW of deficiency) in 2013 as the minimum capacity necessary for reliable load serving capability within the area. An SPS to drop load for this N-2 could eliminate this overall local capacity need.

Effectiveness factors:

There is no generation available in this area.

Changes compared to last year's results:

There is no comparison to last year's results since this is first year to establish local capacity requirement for the Valley Electric Area.

Valley Electric Area Overall Requirements:

| 2013 | QF/Selfgen | Muni | Market | Max. Qualifying |
|----------------------|------------|------|--------|-----------------|
| | (MW) | (MW) | (MW) | Capacity (MW) |
| Available generation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| 2013 | Existing Generation Capacity Needed (MW) | Deficiency (MW) | Total MW LCR Need |
|--------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| Category B (Single) 32 | 0 | 14 | 14 |
| Category C (Multiple) 33 | 0 | 37 | 37 |

³² A single contingency means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, however the operators will not have any means (other than load drop) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards. ³³ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the

³³ Multiple contingencies means that the system will be able the survive the loss of a single element, and the operators will have enough generation (other operating procedures) in order to bring the system within a safe operating zone and get prepared for the next contingency as required by NERC transmission operations standards.