

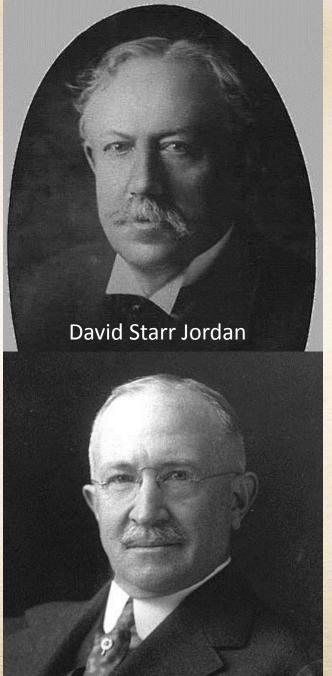
## **NOAA Fisheries Service**

## Historical context for interpreting early accounts of Pacific salmon in coastal watersheds of California

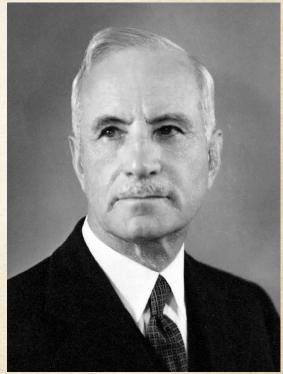
**Brian Spence** Southwest Fisheries Science Center Fisheries Ecology Division – Santa Cruz, California



**Barton Warren Evermann** 



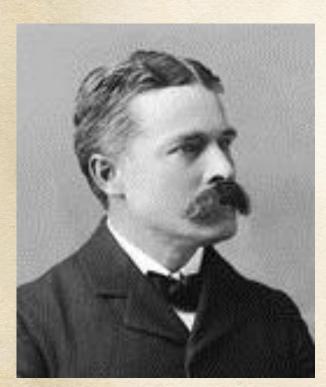
**Charles Henry Gilbert** 



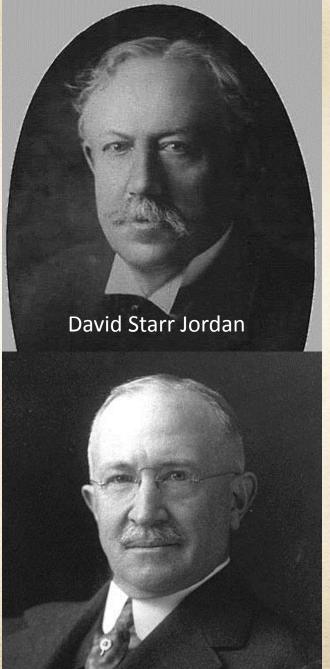
John Otterbein Snyder

## Selected writings of Jordan et al. 1878-1908

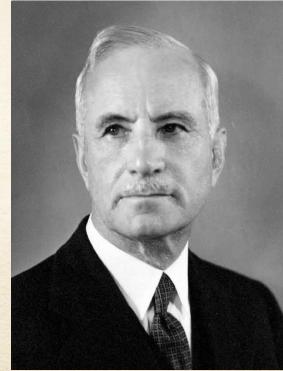
- 1878. Jordan. A catalogue of the fishes of the fresh waters of North America
- 1881. Jordan & Gilbert. Notes on the fishes of the Pacific Coast of the United States
- 1881. Jordan & Gilbert. List of the fishes of the Pacific Coast of the United States...
- 1881. Jordan & Gilbert. Observations on the salmon of the Pacific
- 1882. Jordan & Gilbert. Synopsis of the fishes of North America
- 1884. Jordan. The fisheries and fishing industries of the United States
- 1884. Jordan. Manual of the vertebrates of the Northern United States...
- 1885. Jordan. A catalogue of the fishes known to inhabit the waters of North America...
- 1887. Jordan. The fisheries of the Pacific Coast
- 1888. Jordan. Science sketches: the salmon family
- 1892. Jordan. Salmon and trout of the Pacific Coast
- 1894. Jordan. Salmon and trout of the Pacific Coast
- 1896. Jordan. Science sketches: the salmon family
- 1896. Jordan & Evermann. Fishes of North and Middle America: a descriptive catalogue...
- 1896. Jordan & Evermann. A checklist of the fishes... of North and Middle America
- 1902. Jordan & Evermann. American food & game fishes. A popular account...
- 1902. Jordan & Snyder. A review of the salmonoid fishes of Japan.
- 1904. Jordan & Evermann. American food & game fishes. A popular account...
- 1904. Jordan. Pacific species of salmon and trout.
- 1906. Jordan. The trout and salmon of the Pacific Coast
- 1908. Jordan & Evermann. American food & game fishes. A popular account....



**Barton Warren Evermann** 

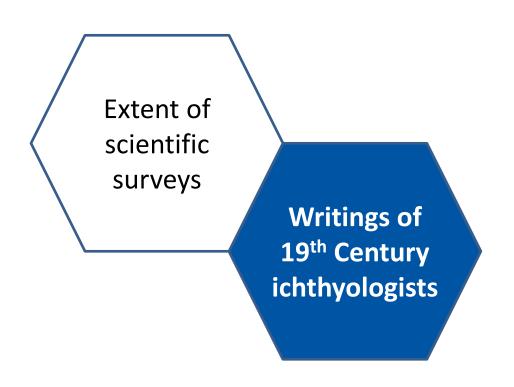


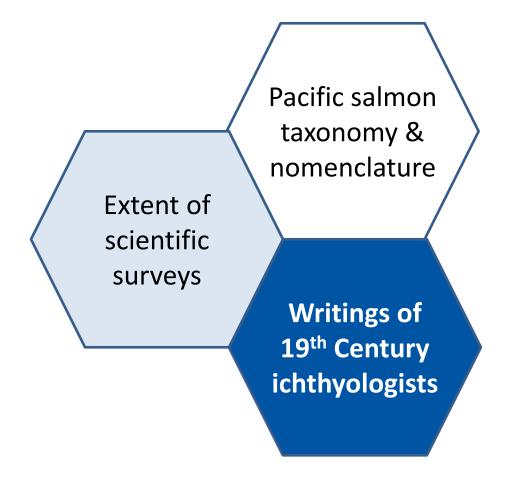
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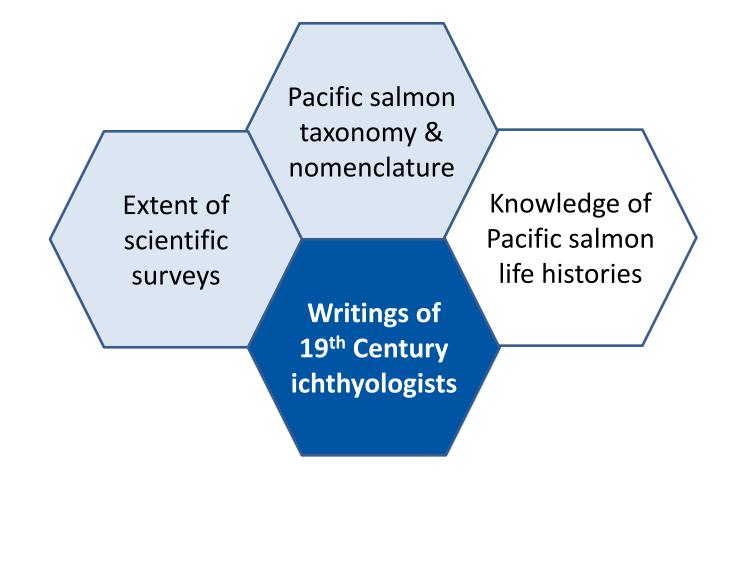


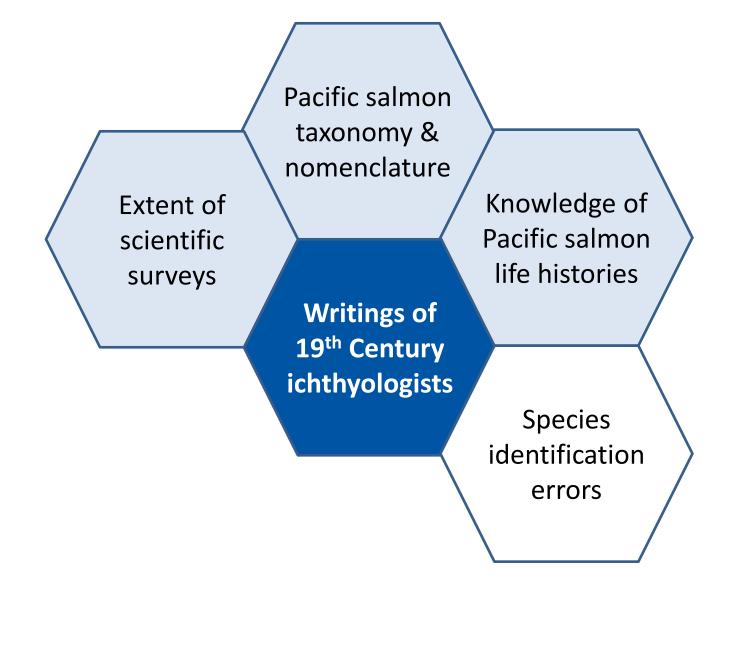
John Otterbein Snyder

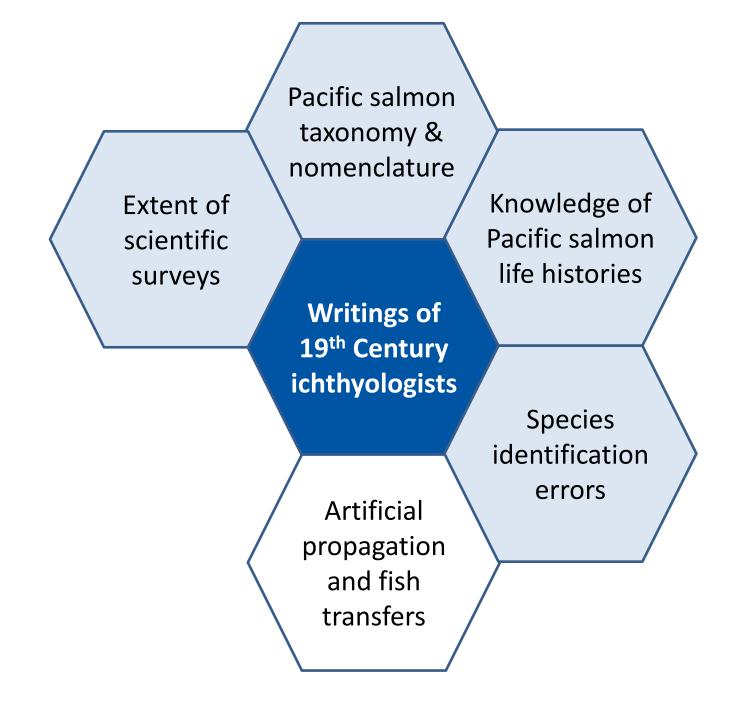
Writings of 19<sup>th</sup> Century ichthyologists

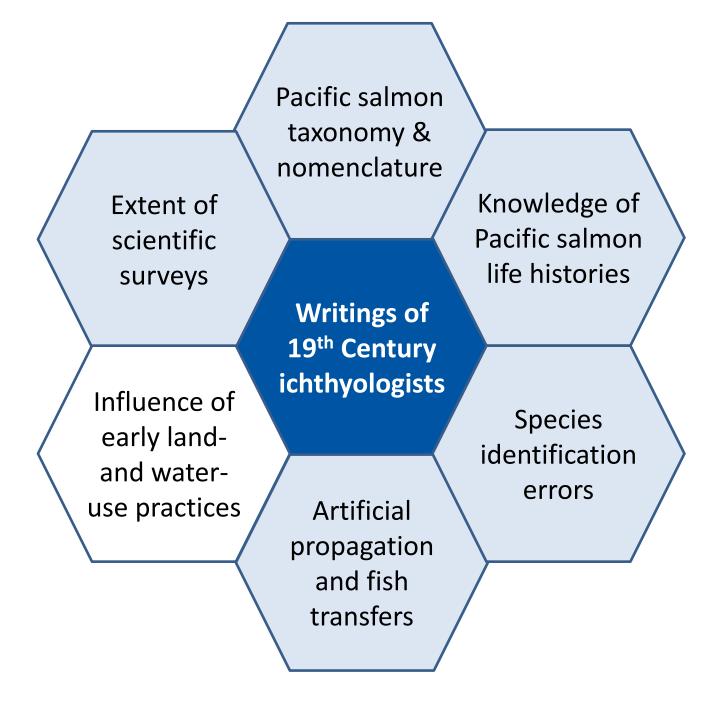


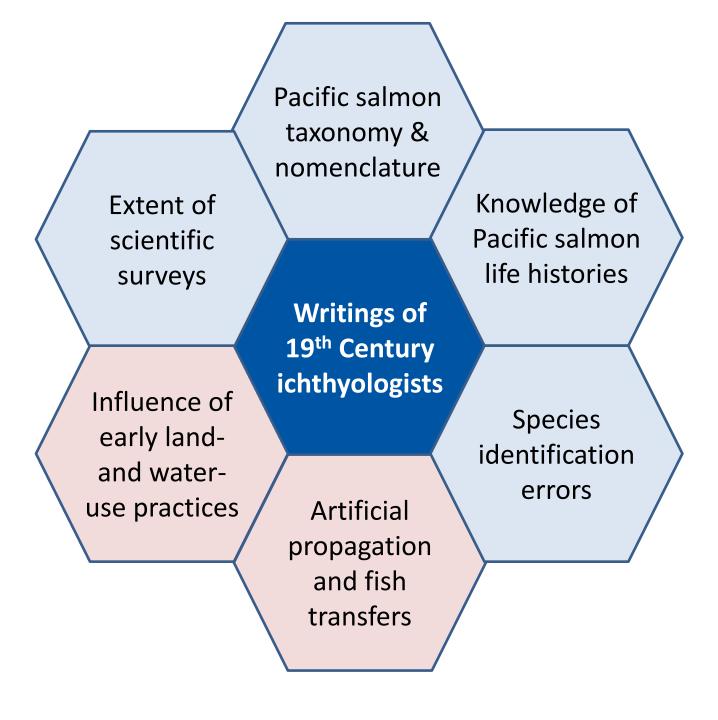












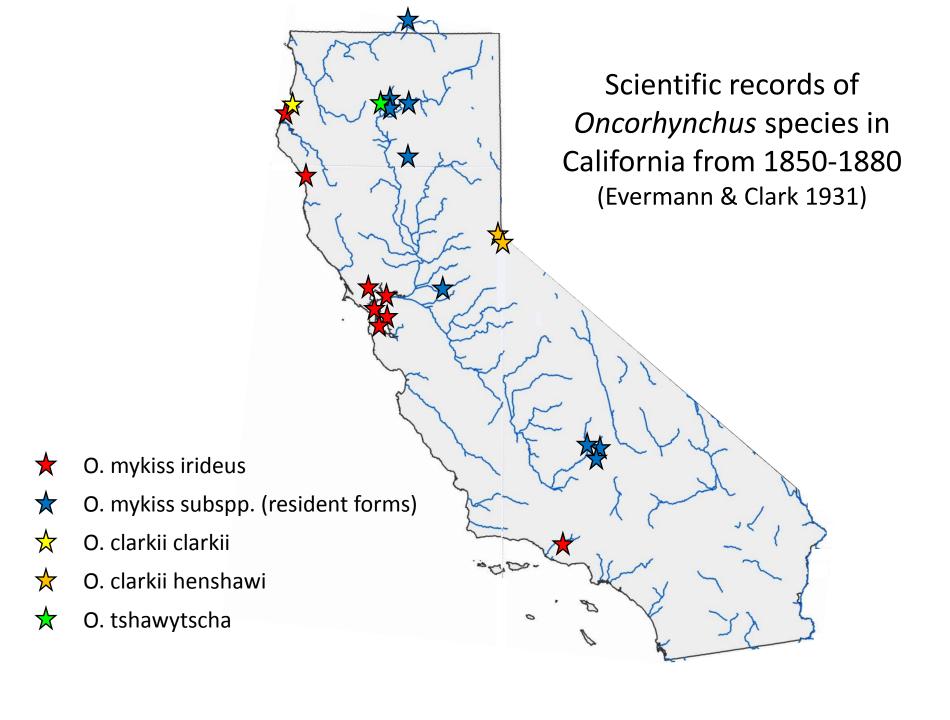
## Scientific Exploration in CA: 1850-1879

Pacific railroad surveys

Piecemeal records, few in coastal watersheds

1850 First record of a CA fish First record of a salmonid 1860

Pacific Coast Expedition



# Taxonomy and Nomenclature



Georg Wilhelm Steller

## Steller ~1741, as published by Krasheninnikov 1755

gorbusche

keta

narka

white fish (milktschutsch)

*chavit*si

## Walbaum 1792

Salmo Gorbuʃcha Salmo Keta vel Kayko Salmo Nerka

Salmo Hiʃutch (Salmo Milktshitsch) Salmo Tʃhawytʃcha

# Oncorhynchus gorbuscha

### Oncorhynchus keta

## Oncorhynchus nerka

## Oncorhynchus kisutch

Oncorhynchus sanguinolentus

## Oncorhynchus tschawytscha

Salmo richardi

Salmo proteus
Salmo gorbuscha
Salmo gibber
Salmo scouleri
Oncorhynchus scouleri
Salmo tshawytschifornis
Oncorhynchus proteus

Salmo lagocephalus
Salmo scouleri
Salmo confluentus
Keta vel Kayko
Salmo Keta vel Kayko
Salmo japonensis
Salmo dermatinus
Salmo consuetus
Salmo canis
Oncorhynchus lagocephalus
Oncorhynchus haberi

Salmo lycaodon
Salmo japonensis
Salmo canis
Salmo cooperi
Salmo scouleri
Salmo truncatus
Salmo richardi
Salmo paucidens
Salmo dermatinus

Salmo dermatinus Salmo aurora Salmo consuetus

Oncorhynchus lycaodon

Salmo nerka

Salmo kennerlyi

Hypsifario kennerlyi

Salmo tapdisma

Salmo arabatch

Salmo melanopterus

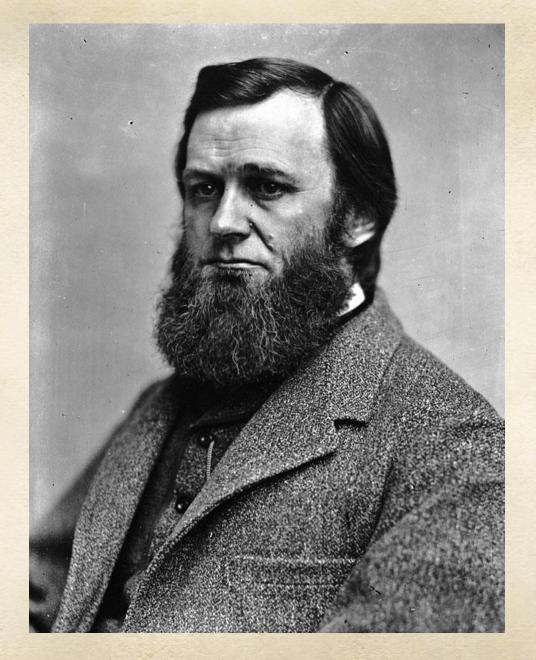
Salmo warrenni

Oncorhynchus paucidens

Oncorhynchus nerka kennerlyi

Fario aurora

Salmo milktschitch Salmo argyreus Salmo kisutch Salmo warreni Salmo striatus Salmo quinnat Salmo kysutch Fario argyreus Salmo sanguinolentus Salmo tschawytcsha Salmo tsuppitch Salmo orientalis Salmo confluentus Salmo macrostoma Oncorhynchus lycaodon Oncorhynchus quinnat Salmo scouleri Oncorhynchus orientalis Oncorhynchus chouicha Oncorhynchus perryi Oncorhynchus tsuppitch Salmo cooperi



Spencer Fullerton Baird - 1867

"The western salmon (Salmo quinnat?)—...The waters of California, Oregon, and British Columbia boast of the possession of several kinds [of salmon], how many of which has not been ascertained, as the different ages and sexes of one have in many instances been described as two or more totally distinct species. One of the objects of the Fish Commission is to solve the problem in question, by securing specimens of all ages and both sexes from all North American localities, and, by critical investigation and comparison, to determine precisely the limitations and relationships of each kind."

### Oncorhynchus gorbuscha

### Oncorhynchus keta

### Oncorhynchus nerka

## Oncorhynchus

Oncorhynchus tschawytscha

#### Salmo proteus

Salmo gorbuscha Salmo gibber

#### Salmo scouleri

Oncorhynchus scouleri Salmo tshawytschifornis Oncorhynchus proteus

### Salmo scouleri Salmo confluentus

Keta vel Kayko

Salmo Keta vel Kayko

Salmo japonensis

## Salmo dermatinus Salmo consuetus

Oncorhynchus haberi

Salmo lycaodon

Salmo japonensis

Salmo canis

Salmo cooperi

#### Salmo scouleri

Salmo truncatus

Salmo richardi Salmo paucidens Salmo dermatinus

Salmo aurora

Salmo consuetus

Salmo nerka

Oncorhynchus lycaodon

## Salmo kennerlyi

Hypsifario kennerlyi

Salmo tapdisma

Salmo arabatch

Salmo melanopterus

#### Salmo warrenni

Oncorhynchus paucidens Oncorhynchus nerka kennerlyi

Fario aurora

#### Salmo lagocephalus

Salmo canis

Oncorhynchus lagocephalus

# kisutch

Salmo milktschitch

Salmo kisutch

Salmo striatus

Salmo kysutch

Salmo sanguinolentus

### Salmo tsuppitch

Salmo macrostoma

Oncorhynchus lycaodon

#### Salmo scouleri

Oncorhynchus perryi

Oncorhynchus tsuppitch

Oncorhynchus sanguinolentus

## Salmo argyreus Salmo warreni Salmo quinnat

Fario argyreus

Salmo tschawytcsha

Salmo orientalis

#### Salmo confluentus

Oncorhynchus quinnat

Oncorhynchus orientalis

Oncorhynchus chouicha

Salmo cooperi Salmo richardi



Major George Suckley

"Since Steller's time, writers of all degrees of incompetence, and writers with scanty materials or with no material at all, have done their worst to confuse our knowledge of these salmon, until it became evident that no exact knowledge of any of the species remains..."

David Starr Jordan 1887

"...The descriptive literature of the Pacific salmon is among the very worst extant in science. This is not, however, altogether the fault of the authors, but it is in great part due to the extraordinary variability in appearance of the different species of salmon. These variations are, as will be seen, due to several different causes, notably to differences in surroundings, in sex, and in age, and in conditions connected with the process of reproduction."

# Jordan. 1878. A catalogue of the fishes of the fresh waters of North America

Oncorhynchus gorbuscha. North Pacific coasts of Asia and America
Oncorhynchus keta. North Pacific coasts of Asia and America
Oncorhynchus nerka. North Pacific coasts of Asia and America
Oncorhynchus quinnat. Coasts of California to British Columbia
Oncorhynchus kennerlyi. Sacramento River to British Columbia

# Jordan. 1878. A catalogue of the fishes of the fresh waters of North America

Oncorhynchus gorbuscha. North Pacific coasts of Asia and America Oncorhynchus keta. North Pacific coasts of Asia and America Oncorhynchus nerka. North Pacific coasts of Asia and America Oncorhynchus quinnat. Coasts of California to British Columbia Oncorhynchus kennerlyi. Sacramento River to British Columbia Salar tsuppitch. California to Washington

# Jordan & Henshaw. 1878. Report of the Chief of Engineers to the Secretary of War

## Salmo tsuppitch:

"This trout appears to be quite widely distributed, and specimens were obtained at several localities far distant from each other."

### Localities:

N. Fk. Kern River
Lake Tahoe, Pyramid Lake
tributary of Pitt River (Modoc Co.)
Clackamas River, OR

# Adding to the confusion

Quinnat salmon = Chinook salmon?

Silver salmon = coho salmon?

Dog salmon = chum salmon?

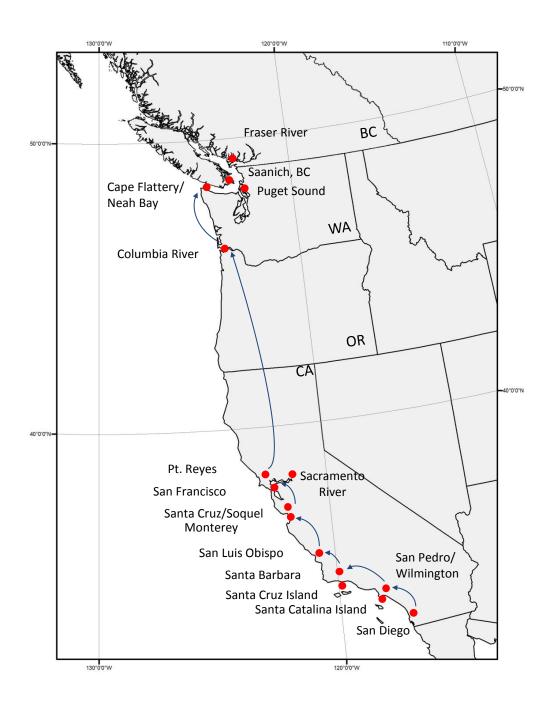
## The 1880 Pacific Coast expedition

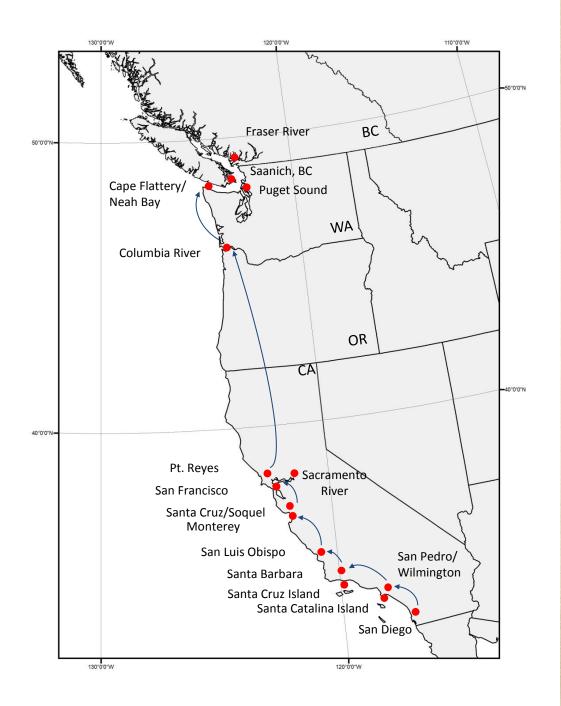


Jordan 1880 (age 29)

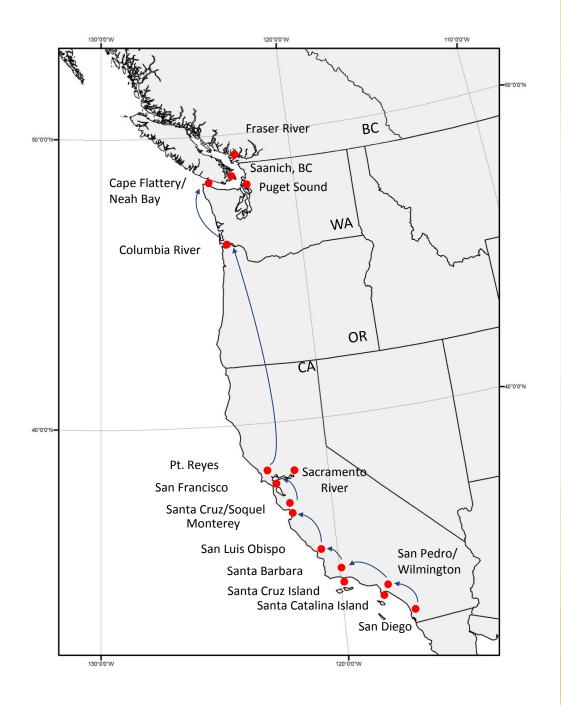


Gilbert 1880 (age 21)

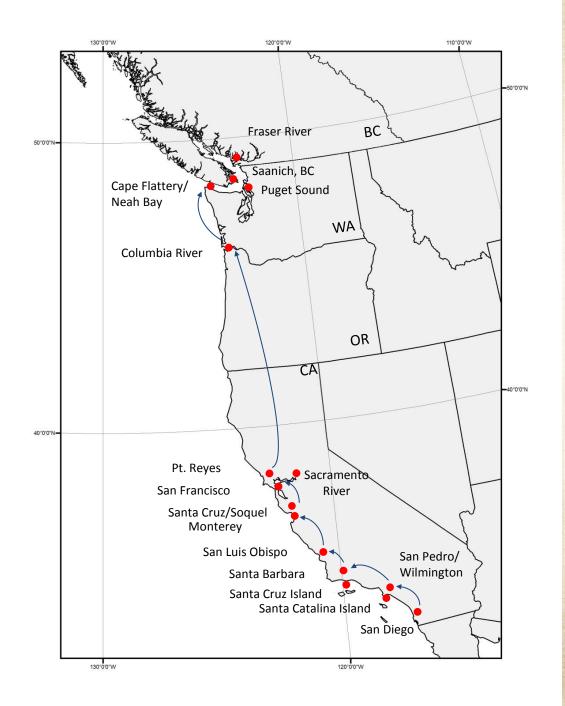




Focus on marine fishes



- Focus on marine fishes
- Timing not optimal for fall-spawning salmon



- Focus on marine fishes
- Timing not optimal for fall-spawning salmon
- Bypassed all of northern California and Oregon

Name.	Number of gill-rakers.	Number of anal rays (developed).	Number of pyloric ceca.	Number of scales in a longitudinal series.	Number of branchiostegals.	Average weight (pounds).	Markings.
Kisutch	$\frac{10}{13}$	13	70	128	13–14	6	Back spotted; tail unspotted, except upper ray.
Chouicha	$\frac{10}{14}$	16	160	142	15–19	20	Back and tail spotted.
Keta	9 14	15	160	145	13-14	12	Dorsal region with fine spots, which are often obsolete.
Nerka	$\frac{16}{23}$	14	80	132	13–15	6	No spots anywhere in spring; young with vague spots on back; tail speckled in fall.
Gorbuscha	11 17	14	225	180	12	4	Back and tail spotted.

## Oncorhynchus gorbuscha

"Sacramento River northward to the Arctic Sea; abundant in Puget Sound on alternate years, 1880 being a year of scarcity. Occasionally seen in the Columbia and Sacramento, but not sufficiently abundant to constitute a distinct run."

## Oncorhynchus keta

"San Francisco to Behring's Straits; very abundant in the fall when it runs in all streams, but not to a great distance."

## Oncorhynchus nerka

"From Columbia River to the Aleutian Islands: the principal salmon of Frazer's River; unknown in Eel River, Rogue River, and in the Sacramento."

## Oncorhynchus kisutch

"Sacramento River to Puget Sound and northward; very abundant in summer and fall."

Jordan and Gilbert 1881

## Oncorhynchus chouicha

"From Ventura River northward to Behring's Straits, ascending Sacramento, Rogue's, Klamath, Columbia, and Frazer's Rivers in spring, as well as the streams of Alaska, Kamtschatka, Japan, and Northern China; in fall ascending these and probably all other rivers in greater or less abundance; the young taken in Monterey Bay, Puget Sound, etc., in summer in considerable numbers."

Name.	Puget Sound.	Columbia River.	San Francisco.	Monterey Bay.	San Luis Obispo.	Santa Barbara.	San Pedro.	San Diego.	Greatest abundance.
210. Salvelinus malma* (Walb.) J. & G. 211. Salmo purpuratus Pallas. 212. Salmo irideus Gibbons 213. Salmo gairdneri Rich 214. Oucorhynchus kennerlyi (Suckl.) Jor. 215. Oncorhynchus gorbuscha† (Walb.) Gill & Jor. 216. Oncorhynchus keta‡ (Walb.) Gill & Jor. 217. Oncorhynchus kisutch§ (Walb.) J. & G. 218. Oncorhynchus tshawytcha (Walb.) J. & G. 219. Oncorhynchus nerka   (Walb.) Gill & Jor.	-++ :++++++	-++:++++++	+ + + ++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++					N.C.N.N.N.N.N.

Jordan and Gilbert 1881b

"It is the prevailing impression that the salmon have some special instinct which leads them to return to spawn in the same spawning grounds where they were originally hatched. We fail to find any evidence of this in the case of the Pacific Coast salmon, and we do not believe it to be true."

Jordan & Gilbert. 1881. Observations on the salmon of the Pacific.

"It seems more probable that the young salmon, hatched in any river, mostly remain in the ocean within a radius twenty, thirty, or forty miles of its mouth."

Jordan & Gilbert. 1881. Observations on the salmon of the Pacific.

# 1895-1900

Systematic sampling of coastal watersheds begins

Stanford Zoology Club - 1898



Photo from Stanford University Libraries

Stanford Zoology Club - 1898



Photo from Stanford University Libraries

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Photo from Stanford University Libraries

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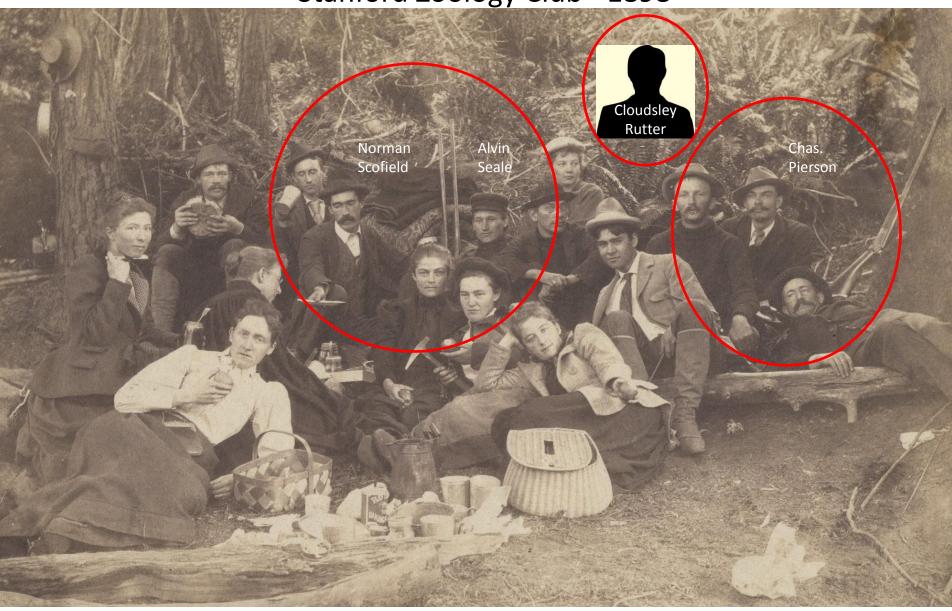
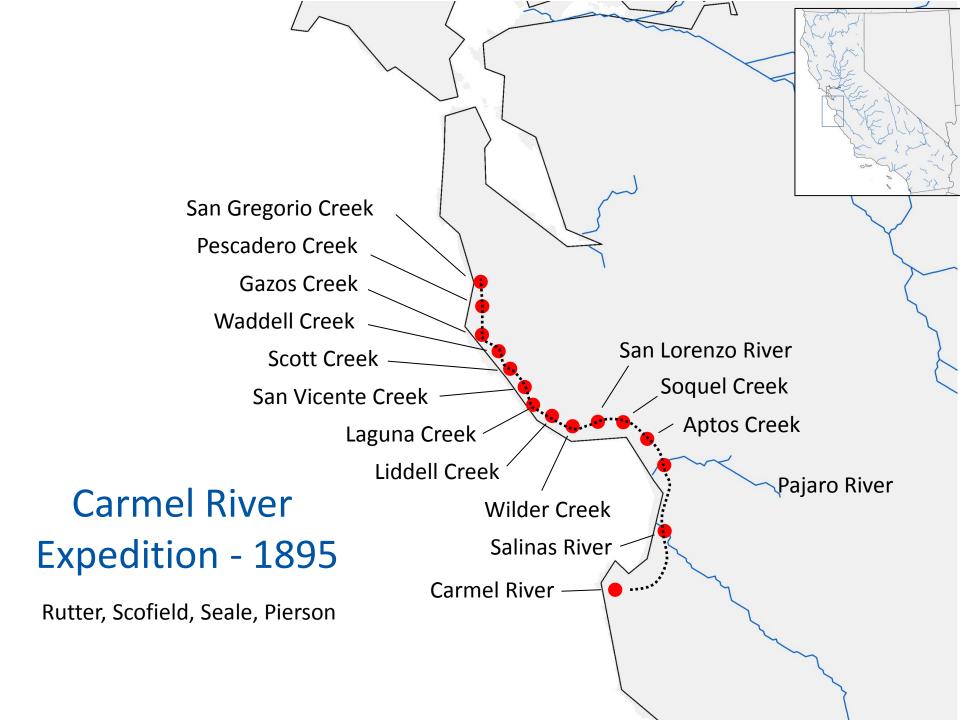


Photo from Stanford University Libraries



Stream	1895 Identification	Modern identification
Carmel River	S. irideus	O. mykiss
Salinas River	S. irideus	O. mykiss
Soquel Creek	S. irideus	O. mykiss
San Lorenzo R.	S. irideus	O. mykiss
Wilder Creek	S. irideus	O. mykiss
Liddell Creek	S. irideus	O. mykiss
Laguna Creek	S. irideus	O. mykiss
San Vicente Cr.	S. irideus, O. keta	O. mykiss, O. kisutch, O. tshawytscha?
Scott Creek	S. irideus, O. tshawytscha	O. mykiss, O. kisutch
Waddell Creek	S. irideus, O. keta	O. mykiss, O. kisutch
Gazos Creek	S. irideus, O. keta	O. mykiss, O. kisutch
Pescadero Cr.	S. irideus	O. mykiss

O. mykiss

San Gregorio Cr. S. irideus

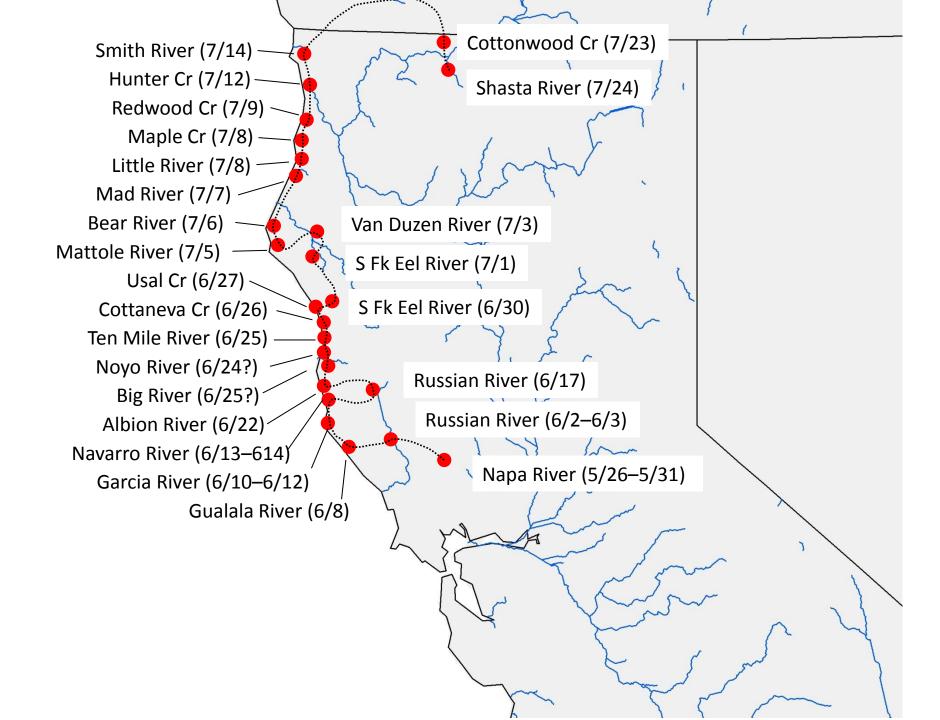


## 27. Oncorhynchus keta (Walbaum)

"Occurs in all except the smallest streams between the Sacramento and Columbia rivers. The young of this salmon were apparently more abundant than those of any other"

## 29. Oncorhynchus kisutch (Walbaum)

"Said to be commonly found in the larger streams. Specimens were taken in Takenitch Creek, Butte Creek at Eagle Point, Oregon, and in Redwood Creek, near Orick, Cal."



#### Gilbert 1912 on O. keta

"Our knowledge of the young is entirely due to Chamberlain [1907], who secured them on their seaward migration as fry....Records of yearling dog salmon have been made by the writer [Gilbert] and by others in the streams of Washington, Oregon, and California, but all such have been founded on incorrect identification of coho yearlings."

# Snyder 1931 on O. keta and O. gorbuscha

"Humpback and dog salmon are not common enough anywhere in the state [California] to be of commercial importance; in fact, they are so rarely seen as to be unknown to any but the most observant fisherman."

"Of these species, the blue-back predominates in Frazer's River, the silver salmon in Puget Sound, the quinnat in the Columbia and the Sacramento, and the silver salmon in most of the small streams along the coast..."

Jordan & Gilbert 1881, Jordan 1892, Jordan and Evermann 1896

"Of these species, the blue-back predominates in Frazer River and in the Yukon River, the silver salmon in Puget Sound, the quinnat in the Columbia and the Sacramento, and the dog salmon in most of the small streams along the coast..."

"Only the quinnat salmon has been observed south of San Francisco, and its range has been traced as far as Ventura River..."

Jordan & Gilbert 1881, Jordan 1892, Jordan and Evermann 1896, Jordan & Evermann 1902, 1904, 1908.

"Only the quinnat and dog salmon have been observed south of San Francisco....

Jordan 1904b, 1907

"Only the quinnat salmon or king salmon has been observed south of San Francisco. Its range has been traced as far as Ventura River.

Jordan and Evermann 1896 Jordan & Evermann 1902, 1904, 1908

"It is found on both coasts of the Pacific, **from Monterey Bay, California**, and China, north to Bering

Straits...

Jordan & Evermann 1902, 1904, 1908

# **Conclusions**

- Salmon science was in its infancy in 1800s
  - limited exploration of coastal watersheds
  - taxonomy not resolved until 1880
  - life history understanding poor
- Legacy of these early writings remains with us today

## Conclusions

- Intensive study of many types of information needed to draw conclusions about spp. ranges
  - early explorers
  - newspaper accounts (timing/size)
  - museum records (with caution)
  - ethnographic/archaeological information
- Some questions unanswerable

# Acknowledgments

Kit Johnston (NOAA SWFSC librarian/magician)

Stanford University Library

Dave Catania (California Academy of Sciences)

"Sometimes you gotta go back, to actually move forward"

Matthew McConaughey 2014