GUATEMALA

IMPLEMENTATION EXPERIENCE OF PAYMENTS ASPECTS FOR THE FINANCIAL INCLUSION (PAFI)



Speaker: Luis Fernando Quintanilla Pereda Centrale Bank van Curação, November 2019



Total Population





Source: XII National Population Census 2018.



Total Population



URBAN 8,024,508



53.8%

RURAL 6,876,778



46.2%

Source: Own elaboration with data from the XII National Population Census 2018.



Background



- The 56% of the adults in Guatemala hadn't have a transaction account access (40% in LAC and 28% world level) -Findex 2017-.
- ☐ In 2018, the 13.1% of the adult population had at least a bank loan (SIB, Dec-2018).
- 1.9 million of affiliate accounts to mobile financial services (SIB, Dec-2018).
- ☐ The 27% of Guatemalan adults did digital payments and the 16% received a payment through this method -Findex 2017-.

- ✓ Limiting for their integration into the country economic and financial activities in a more effective way.
 - Affecting also their life quality and their familiar surroundings.
 - Impacting negatively the country economic and social potential.

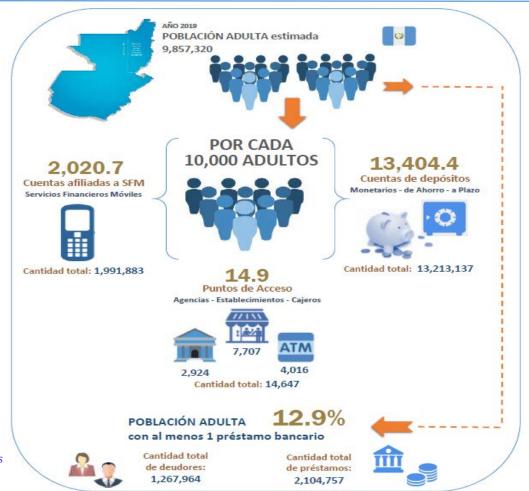


Background







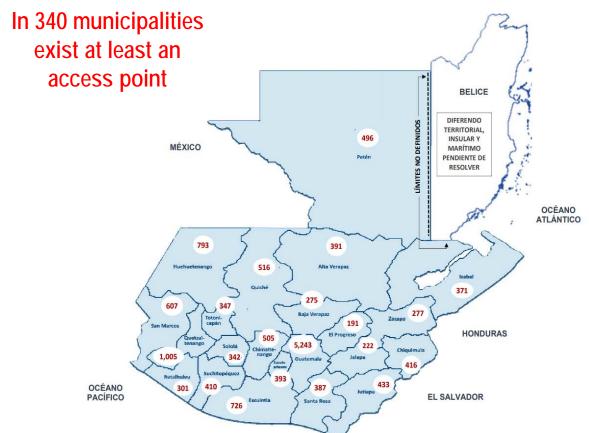


Source: Quarterly Bulletin of Indicators of Financial Inclusion - JUNE 2019

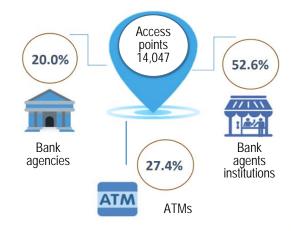


Access points, to June 30th 2019





Access points: 14,647					
Bank agencies	2,924				
Bank agents institutions	7,707				
ATMs	4,016				



Source: Quarterly Bulletin of Indicators of Financial Inclusion - JUNE 2019



Considerations



It exists an space to impulse the financial inclusion

- Considering the best international practices.
- Coordinated and integral way.
- Through a National Financial Inclusion Strategy (ENIF).



View, mission and objective



Expand and improve the access and the use of financial products and services to different segments of the Guatemalan population according to their needs, especially those that are not currently integrated into the financial system.

View

The largest proportion of the Guatemalan population have access and use the financial products and services according to their needs, to contribute to greater inclusive economic development in the country.

Objective

ENIF 2019-2023

Mission

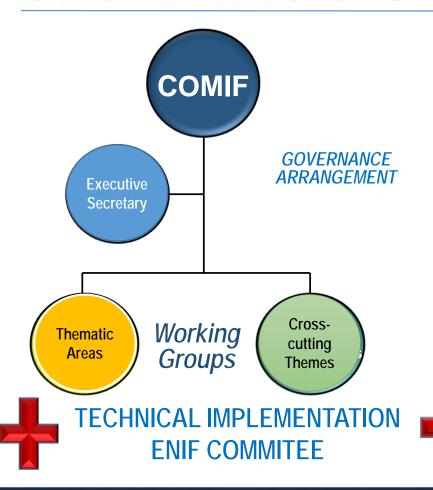
Promote the conditions to improve the access and increase the use of reliable, efficient and adequate financial products and services, to contribute to the improvement of inclusive economic development.





Governance scheme





Resolution JM-36-2019

OBJECT (Art.2). Determine the ENIF and coordinate the efforts and inter-institutional cooperation that allow monitoring the implementation of the strategy.

INTEGRATION (Art.3).

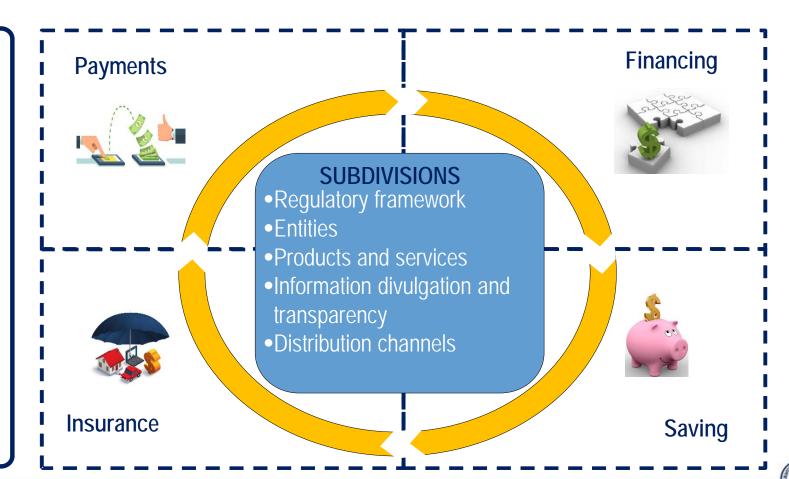
- President JM-Banguat (coordinator)
- Economy Minister
- Bank's Superintendent

OBJECT: To accomplish the necessary actions to implement the ENIF y its subsequent update.

Thematic areas



Thematic Areas



Cross-cutting Themes



Cross-cutting Themes

I. Finance education

II. Protection to the user of financial products and services

III. Communication and adhesion to the strategy

IV. MIPYME's entrepreneurship and development



Regulatory Setting



- Electronic Money Law draft and its regulations.
- Changes of the mobile financial services.
- Counselling in the discussion of the Credit Cards Law (5544 initiative).
- Follow-up to the Framework Law for the Defense and Protection of the Consumer.
- Regulatory adjustments for simplified and remote opening of bank accounts.
- Update of the regulations of banking agents to authorize the opening of bank accounts.
- Follow-up to the Law for the Promotion and Development of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises.

Entities



- Bank of Guatemala.
- Ministry of Economy.
- Superintendence of Banks.
- Other public entities involved in the electronic government initiative.
- Guatemala's Banking Association.
- Microfinance Networks.
- Save and Credit Cooperative Federations.
- Telecommunications Chamber.
- Means of Payment Methods Association
- Guatemala's Fintech Association
- Visanet

Products and services



- To promote acquiring network: electronic purse and other services.
- To explore the feasibility to promote the interoperability between all the supervised and not supervised financial institutions, including the financial technology entities.
- To explore the feasibility to expand the banking agents model to the microfinancial areas, save and credit cooperatives and transmitter electronic money to extend the payments network, between other services.
- To promote the prepayment card use.
- To promote an integral setting to the Fintech organized development (interoperability, digital outlay lending, electronic payments, etc.)
- Generalized electronic sign use.
- Mobile banking, digital payments, transfers.

Information release and transparency



- Electronic sign release campaign.
- Financial education campaign which includes all about benefits and risks of the no traditional distribution channels to the payments performance.
- Financial information release; financial consumer's rights and obligations.

Distribution channels

Traditional and no traditional



Payments working group







OBJECTIVE: To implement actions that allow strengthen the utilization of inclusive modern, safe and confident payments methods.

No	No. PAYMENTS (COORDINATOR: BANGUAT/SUBCOORDINATOR: SIB)		LE ENTITIES	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
IVO.			SECUNDARY	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
1	Electronic signature disclosure campaign	MINECO						
2	Electronic Money Law Draft	SIB	BANGUAT/ MINECO					
3	Changes of the mobile financial services regulation	SIB	BANGUAT					
4	Counselling in the discussion of the Credit Cards Law	SIB						
5	Promote acquiring network: electronic purse and other services	SIB/BANGUAT	MINECO					
6	Explore the feasibility to promote the interoperability between all the supervised and not supervised financial institutions, including the financial technology entities	SIB/BANGUAT	MINECO					
7	Explore the feasibility of expanding the banking agents model to the microfinance sector, credit unions and electronic money-issuing entities to expand the payment network, among other financial services	SIB/BANGUAT	MINECO					
8	Promote the use of prepaid cards	BANGUAT	SIB					
9	Regulations for the electronic money law	SIB	BANGUAT					
10	Promote a comprehensive framework for the orderly development of FINTECH (interoperability, digital disbursement of loans, electronic payments, etc.)	SIB	BANGUAT					



GUIDING PRINCIPLE	PROVIDED IN ENIF YES / NO	COMMENT
1. Public and private sector commitment		 Interinstitutional Working Group: Bank of Guatemala, Ministry of Economy and Superintendence of Banks. The ENIF will incorporate initiatives for the public and private areas, channeled through the technical working tables, attempting the effective cooperation among all the competitors.



GUIDING PRINCIPLE	PROVIDI IN ENII YES / N	COMMENT
2. Legal and regulatory framework Leyes y Reglamentos		 Electronic Money Law Draft and its regulations. Changes of the mobile financial services. Counselling in the discussion of the Credit Cards Law. Regulatory adjustments for the simplified and remote opening for the banking accounts. Rule actualization for the banking agents to authorize the bank accounts opening. Accompany to Promote and Developing the law for the Small and Medium Enterprise.



GUIDING PRINCIPLE	PROVIDED IN ENIF YES / NO	COMMENT
3. Financial and ICT infrastructures		 Explore the feasibility to promote the interoperability between all the supervised and not supervised financial institutions, including the financial technology entities. Promote acquiring network: electronic purse and other services. Mobil banking, digital payments, transfers. Simplified and remote opening of savings and investment accounts. Boost non-traditional channels for savings collection. Promote mobile placement of new insurance products. Generalized using of the electronic sign.





GUIDING PRINCIPLE	IN E	/IDED ENIF / NO	COMMENT
4. Transaction account and payment product design	✓		Regulation for the Standardization of Bank Accounts (JM-95-2011 Resolution):
Código de país. Guatemala (2k) verificador verificador (3k) (2k) verificador (3k) (3c) (3c) (3c) (3c) (3c) (3c) (3c) (3c			 ➤ Supported by ISO 13616:2007 standard. ➤ Incorporates in its structure, among others, product code, currency code and account number.



GUIDING PRINCIPLE	PROVIDED IN ENIF YES / NO	COMMENT
5. Readily available access points		 Explore the feasibility to promote the interoperability between all the supervised and not supervised financial institutions, including the financial technology entities. Explore the feasibility of expanding the banking agents model to the microfinance sector, credit unions and electronic money-issuing entities to expand the payment network, among other financial services Promote the use of prepaid cards. Promote non-traditional channels for saving savings. Promote mobile placement of new insurance products. Promote a comprehensive framework for the orderly development of FINTECH (interoperability, digital disbursement of loans, electronic payments, etc.).



GUIDING PRINCIPLE	PROVIDED IN ENIF YES / NO	COMMENT
6. Awareness and financial literacy		 ➤ Financial Education: strengthen financial education through comprehensive programs that facilitate a better understanding of financial benefits, concepts, products and risks, so that the different segments of the population are able to make informed financial decisions and incorporate financial education components in the National Base Curriculum. ➤ Current strategies: Economic and Financial Education Program of Bank of Guatemala (2002 - present); and the Mayan Declaration of the Alliance for Financial Inclusion -AFI- of the SIB (2012 - present).





GUIDING PRINCIPLE	PROVIDED IN ENIF YES / NO	COMMENT
7. Large-volume, recurrent payment streams		 Simplified and remote opening of savings and investment accounts. Innovative savings and investment products. Promote non-traditional channels for saving savings. Simplification of access for acquisition of Treasury Bonds of the Republic of Guatemala of low denomination throughout the country. Promote the acquisition network: electronic wallet and other products. Explore the feasibility of expanding the banking agents model to the microfinance sector, credit unions and electronic money-issuing entities to expand the payment network, among other financial services. Promote the use of prepaid cards. Mobile banking, digital payments, transfers. Design of new collective risk products. Design of new products that respond to the demand for insurance. Design of new agricultural risk products. Promote mobile placement of new insurance products.















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