

APPENDIX A:  
“EMOLUMENT” IN  
ENGLISH  
LANGUAGE  
DICTIONARIES,  
1604-1806

## E M I

Embursé (*v. t. not so common a spelling*) To imburse. *Sc.*  
 EME (*s. obsolete, from the Sax. eame*) An uncle. *Spenser.*  
 EMEDULLATE (*v. t. from the Lat. e from, and medulla marrow*) To take out the marrow, to take out the pith. *Scott.*  
 EMEMBRATE (*v. t. from the Lat. e from, and membrum a member*) To geld, to castrate. *Scott.*  
 EMENDABLE (*adj. from the Lat. emendo to mend*) Capable of emendation.  
 Emendals (*s. in the inner temple*) Remains, flock in hand.  
 Emenda're (*v. t. a law term*) To make amends for any crime or trespass.  
 EMENDA'TION (*s. from the Lat. emendo to mend*) An amendment, an alteration by verbal criticism.  
 EMENDA'TOR (*s. from the Lat. emendo*) A corrector, one that alters for the better.  
 EMERALD (*s. in natural history*) A precious stone of a green colour.  
 Emeran'dis (*s. obsolete*) Emeralds. *Chaucer.*  
 EMERGE (*v. int. from the Lat. e from, and mergo to plunge*) To rise out of any surrounding element, to issue, to rise from a state of oppression and obscurity.  
 Emergence (*s. from emerge*) The act of rising from any surrounding element, the act of rising into view; a sudden occasion, a pressing necessity.  
 Emergency (*s. not so common a word, from emerge*) An emergency.  
 Emergent (*adj. from emerge*) Rising from any surrounding element, rising into view, sudden, unexpected; getting out of the beams of the sun, becoming visible.  
 Emergentness (*s. from emergent*) The state of being emergent. *Scott.*  
 Emerging (*p. a. from emerge*) Rising from any surrounding element, coming into view, rising from oppression or obscurity.  
 Emeril (*s. not so common a spelling*) The emery.  
 Emerlon (*s. obsolete*) A merlin, a kind of hawk. *Ch.*  
 Emeroids, Emeroides (*s. a corruption of hemorrhoids*) The painful swellings of the hemorrhoidal veins, the piles.  
 Emersed (*adj. from emerge*) Raised up, risen up from a state of oppression or obscurity.  
 Emersion (*s. from emerge*) The act of rising above the surface of any surrounding fluid, the time when a star emerges from the beams of the sun and becomes visible.  
 EMERY (*s. from the French esmeril*) A kind of iron ore much used in polishing steel; a glazier's diamond.  
 EMETIC (*adj. from the Greek εμετικόν to vomit*) Having the quality of provoking vomits.  
 Emetic (*s. in medicine, from the adj.*) A vomit, a medicine to provoke vomiting.  
 Emetical (*adj. from emetic*) Having the power to promote vomiting.  
 Emetically (*adv. from emetical*) In such a manner as to provoke a vomit.  
 EMEU (*s. in ornithology*) The cassowary.  
 Emfarth (*adv. obsolete*) As far as, so far as. *Chaucer.*  
 EMICAT'ION (*s. from the Lat. e from, and mico to shine*) A sparkling, the act of flying off in shining particles.  
 EMIC'TION (*s. from the Lat. e out, and mingo to piss*) Urine, that which is voided by the urinary passages.  
 Emid'dis (*adv. obsolete*) In the middle, in the midst of. *Chaucer.*  
 EMIGRANT (*adj. from the Lat. e from, and migro to depart*) Departing from a place, wandering.  
 Emigrant (*s. from the adj.*) One who goes out of his own country to reside in another.  
 EMIGRATE (*v. int. from the Lat. e from, and migro to depart*) To remove from one place to another.  
 Emigrating (*p. a. from emigrate*) Removing from one place to another.  
 Emigration (*s. from emigrate*) A removal, a change of habitation.  
 EMILIA (*s.*) The name of a woman.  
 EMIMS (*s. from the Heb. signifying a formidable people*) The gigantic inhabitants of Ar in the land of Canaan.  
 EMINENCE (*s. from the Lat. e from, and mineo to be ready to fall*) The loftiness, the height, the summit, the highest part, exaltation, the place or state of being exposed to view, notice, distinction, supreme degree, the title of a cardinal.  
 Eminency (*s. from eminence*) Eminence.  
 EMINENT (*adj. from the Lat. e from, and mineo to be ready to fall*) High, lofty, exalted, dignified, conspicuous, remarkable.  
 Eminenter (*adv. an academical term*) Eminently. *Scott.*  
 Eminential (*adj. in algebra*) Belonging to a kind of artificial equation.

## E M P

Eminently (*adv. from eminent*) In a high degree, conspicuously.  
 EMIR (*s. with the Turks and Saracens*) A title of dignity.  
 E'misphere (*s. an obsolete spelling*) An hemisphere. *Ch.*  
 EMISSARY (*s. from the Lat. e from, and mitto to send*) One sent on a private message, a spy, a secret agent; one that emits or sends out. *Arbutnot.*  
 Emis'sile (*adj. not much used*) Capable of being cast out, capable of being sent out. *Scott.*  
 Emis'sion (*s. from emit*) The act of sending out, a vent.  
 Emis'sitious (*adj. not much used*) Cast out. *Scott.*  
 EMIT (*v. t. from the Lat. e from, and mitto to send*) To send forth, to let go, to give vent to, to let fly, to dart; to issue out judicially.  
 Emit'ted (*p. from emit*) Sent forth, darted out, issued judicially.  
 Emit'ting (*p. a. from emit*) Sending forth, darting out, issuing judicially.  
 EMMA (*s.*) The name of a woman.  
 EMMA'US (*s.*) The name of a place in the neighbourhood of Jerusalem.  
 EMMENAGO'GUES (*s. in physic, from the Greek εμμηναγωγός the menses, and αγω to provoke*) Medicines to promote the monthly courses.  
 EMMENALOG'IA (*s. from the Greek εμμηναλογία the menses, and λογος a discourse*) A treatise on the emmenia.  
 EMMENIA (*s. from the Greek*) The menses, the monthly courses of women.  
 EM'MET (*s. from the Sax. ænette*) The ant, the pismire.  
 Emme'w (*v. t. from mew*) To mew, to coop up.  
 Emme'wed (*p. from emew*) Mewed, cooped up.  
 Emme'wing (*p. a. from emmew*) Cooping up.  
 Emme'wed (*adj. obsolete*) Comforted. *Col.*  
 EM'MOR (*s. from the Heb. signifying an ass*) The name of a man.  
 Em'met (*s. an incorrect spelling*) An emmet, an ant.  
 Em'motion (*s. not so common a spelling*) An emotion.  
 Em'move (*v. t. now grown nearly obsolete*) To rouse, to put into emotion. *Spenser.*  
 EMMUSELLÉ (*adj. in heraldry*) Muzzled.  
 Emmodulation (*s. from modulation*) The act of singing in just measure and proportion.  
 Emollid (*adj. not much used*) Soft, tender. *Scott.*  
 EMOLLIENT (*adj. from the Lat. e from, and mollio to soften*) Softening, suppling.  
 Emollient (*s. from the adj.*) A medicine to soften the asperities of the humours, and relax and supple the solids.  
 Emollientment (*s. not much used*) The act of softening, the act of softening, a softening application.  
 EMOLLITION (*s. with physicians*) The act of softening, a relaxation. *Bacon.*  
 EMOLUMENT (*s. from the Lat. emolumentum*) An advantage, a profit.  
 Emon'g, Emong'is (*prep. obsolete*) Amongst. *Chaucer.*  
 Emon'g, Emongis (*adv. obsolete*) Commonly, sometimes, now and then. *Chaucer.*  
 Emon'g, Emong'is (*conj. obsolete*) Likewise, also. *Ch.*  
 Emon'gth (*prep. obsolete*) Among. *Spenser.*  
 Em'ony (*s. with florists, an incorrect spelling*) The anemony.  
 EMOTION (*s. from the Lat. e from, and moveo to move*) A disturbance of mind, a vehemence of passion good or bad.  
 Empa'ire (*v. t. an obsolete spelling*) To impair. *Chaucer.*  
 Empairment (*s. obsolete*) A damage, a hurt. *Chaucer.*  
 Empair'in (*v. t. obsolete*) To impair, to damage. *Ch.*  
 EMPA'LE (*v. t. from the French empaler*) To fence with pales, to fortify, to inclose, to shut in, to put to death by spitting the body on a stake or pole set upright.  
 Empa'led (*p. from empale*) Fenced with pales, inclosed, fortified, put to death by being spitted on a pole.  
 Empa'lement (*s. in antiquity*) An ancient and barbarous kind of punishment in which a sharp pole was thrust up the fundament.  
 Empa'lement (*s. in botany*) The calyx, that part which surrounds and supports the petals or flower leaves of a plant.  
 Empa'ling (*p. a. from empale*) Fencing with a pole, fortifying, inclosing, putting to death by spitting the body on a pole.  
 Empan'nel (*v. t. from pannel*) To summon to serve on a jury, to swear in a jury.  
 Empan'nel (*s. from pannel*) The list of jurors summoned to appear in a court of judicature.  
 Empan'neled (*p. from empannel*) Summoned to serve on a jury, sworn to serve on a jury.

THE ROYAL STANDARD

# ENGLISH DICTIONARY



IN WHICH

The Words are not only rationally divided into Syllables, accurately accented, their Part of Speech properly distinguished, and their various Significations arranged in one line; But likewise, by

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M.DCC.LXXV.

## E M B

Ěm-ăn'cī-pā'tion, *f.* a deliverance from slavery  
 Ěm-ăs'cu-lāte, *v. a.* to castrate, to effeminate  
 Ěm-ăs'cu-lā'tion, *f.* castration, effeminacy  
 ěm-bāle', *v. a.* to bind up, to inclose in a bundle  
 ěm-bā/m', *v. a.* to impregnate with spices  
 ěm-bālm'ér, *f.* one who preserves bodies by embalming  
 ěm-bār', *v. a.* to block up, to shut in, to hinder  
 ěm-bār'gō, *f.* a prohibition to pass or sail  
 ěm-bār'k', *v. a. & n.* to put or go on shipboard  
 ěm-bār-kā'tion, *f.* a putting or going on shipboard  
 ěm-bār'rās, *v. a.* to distress, entangle, perplex  
 ěm-bār'rās-měnt, *f.* entanglement, perplexity  
 ěm-bā'sa-dōūr, *f.* See *Ambassadour*  
 ěm'bās'fage, } *f.* a public or solemn message  
 ěm'bās'fy, }  
 ěm-bāt'tle, *v. a.* to arrange in order of battle  
 ěm-běl'ışh, *v. a.* to adorn, beautify, decorate  
 ěm-běl'ışh-měnt, *f.* ornament, decoration, adornment  
 ěm'běrs, *f. pl.* hot cinders (ventitious beauty)  
 ěm-běz'zle, *v. a.* to steal privately, to waste  
 ěm-běz'zle-měnt, *f.* misapplication of a trust  
 ěm-blāze', *v. a.* to adorn, to blazon  
 ěm-blēm, *f.* a moral device, typical designation  
 ěm-blēm, *v. a.* to represent allusively (tative)  
 ěm-ble-māt'ic-āl, *a.* allusive, occultly representing  
 ěm-ble-māt'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* allusively (blems)  
 ěm-blēm'āt-ışt, *f.* a writer or inventor of emblems  
 ěm'ból'ışm, *f.* time inserted, intercalation  
 ěm-bō's', *v. a.* to adorn with rising work  
 ěm-bō's'ing, *f.* the art of making figures in relief  
 ěm-bō's'měnt, *f.* rising work, relief  
 ěm-bōw'ěl, *v. a.* to take out the intrails  
 ěm-brāce', *v. a.* to squeeze in kindness, welcome  
 ěm-brāce', ěm-brāce'měnt, *f.* a clasp, a hug  
 ěm-brā'şüre, *f.* opening in a wall, a battlement  
 ěm'bro-cāte, *v. a.* to foment a part diseased  
 ěm'bro-cā'tion, *f.* fomentation, act of rubbing

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ěm-brō'id'ér, *v. a.* to adorn with figured work  
 ěm-brō'id'ér-ér, *f.* one who embroiders  
 ěm-brō'id'ér-y, *f.* variegated needle work  
 ěm-brō'ıl, *v. a.* to confuse, distract, disturb  
 ěm-brót,h'él, *v. a.* to inclose in a brothel  
 ěm'brÿ-o, *f.* a child indistinctly formed, any thing unfinished  
 ěm-bürse', *v. a.* to restore money owing  
 ěm-ěn-dā'tion, *f.* an alteration, a correction  
 ěm'ē-rāld, *f.* a green precious stone (in view)  
 Ěm-merge', *v. n.* to rise out of, to issue, to come  
 Ěm-mér'g,ence, *f.* a rising out of, sudden occasion  
 Ěm-mér'g,ěnt, *a.* coming to light, sudden  
 ěm'ér-o'ids, ěm'ór-rhoides, *f.* the piles  
 Ěm-mér'sion, *f.* the time when a star, having been observed by its too near approach to the sun, appears again  
 Ěm-mēt'ic, *a.* provoking vomits  
 Ěm-mēt'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in such a manner as to provoke to vomit  
 Ěm-mīct'ion, *f.* urine (another)  
 ěm'ī-grāte, *v. n.* to remove from one place to another  
 ěm-ī-grā'tion, *f.* change of habitation  
 ěm'īn-ěnce, *f.* height, top, a cardinal's title  
 ěm'īn-ěnt, *a.* exalted, high, lofty, remarkable  
 ěm'īn-ěnt-ly, *ad.* in a high degree, conspicuously  
 ěm'īf-sā-ry, *f.* a secret agent, a spy  
 Ěm-īf'sion, *f.* a throwing out, vent, shooting  
 Ěm-īt', *v. n.* to issue out, to dart, to let fly  
 ěm'mēt, *f.* an ant, a pismire  
 Ěm-mō'lı-ěnt, *a.* softening, suppling  
 Ěm-mō'lı'tion, *f.* the act of softening  
 Ěm-mō'şu-měnt, *f.* advantage, profit  
 ěm-pāle', *v. a.* to fence in, to fortify, to inclose, to put to death by spitting on a stake fixed upright  
 ěm-pān'něl, *f.* the schedule of a jury  
 ěm-pān'něl, *v. a.* to summon to serve on a jury

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THE WHOLE INTERSPERSED WITH

OBSERVATIONS, PHILOLOGICAL, CRITICAL, AND GRAMMATICAL.

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By JOHN WALKER,

Author of ELEMENTS of ELOCUTION, RHYMING DICTIONARY, MELODY of SPEAKING DELINEATED, &c. &c.

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Quare, si fieri potest, & ver'a omnia, & vox, hujus alumnus urbis cleant: ut oratio Romana planè videatur, non civitate donata.  
QUINTILIAN.

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EMI

EMP

EMP

(546). — Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât ; — mê, mêt ; — plne, pln ; —

**EMBROCATION**, êm-brô-kâ'shûn. f.  
The act of rubbing any part diseased with medicinal liquors; the lotion with which any diseased part is washed.

**TO EMBROIDER**, êm-brôê'dôr. v. a.  
To border with ornaments, to decorate with figured work.

**EMBROIDERER**, êm-brôê'dôr-ûr. f.  
One that adorns clothes with needlework.

**EMBROIDERY**, êm-brôê'dôr-ê. f.  
Figures raised upon a ground, variegated needlework; variegation, diversity of colours.

**TO EMBROIL**, êm-brôîl'. v. a.  
To disturb, to confuse, to distract.

**TO EMBROTHEL**, êm-brôth'êl. v. a.  
To inclose in a brothel.

**EMBRYO**, êm'brê-ô. } f.  
**EMBRYON**, êm'brê-ôn. } f.  
The offspring yet unfinished in the womb; the state of any thing yet not fit for production, yet unfinished.

**EMENDABLE**, ê-mên'dâ-bl. a.  
Capable of emendation, corrigible.

**EMENDATION**, êm-ên-dâ'shûn. f.  
(530). Correction, alteration of any thing from worse to better; an alteration made in the text by verbal criticism.

**EMENDATOR**, êm-ên-dâ'tôr. f. (521)  
A corrector, an improver.

**EMERALD**, êm'ê-râld. f.  
A green precious stone.

**TO EMERGE**, ê-mêrje'. v. n.  
To rise out of any thing in which it is covered; to rise, to mount from a state of oppression or obscurity.

**EMERGENCE**, ê-mêr'jênse. } f.  
**EMERGENCY**, ê-mêr'jên-sê. } f.  
The act of rising out of any fluid by which it is covered; the act of rising into view; any sudden occasion, unexpected casualty; pressing necessity.

**EMERGENT**, ê-mêr'jênt. a.  
Rising out of that which overwhelms and obscures it; rising into view or notice; proceeding or issuing from any thing; sudden, unexpectedly casual.

**EMEROIDS**, êm'êr-ôîdz. f.  
Painful swellings of the hemorrhoidal veins, piles, properly *hemorrhoids*.

**EMERSION**, ê-mêr'shûn. f.  
The time when a star, having been obscured by its too near approach to the sun, appears again.

**EMERY**, êm'êr-ê. f.  
Emery is an iron ore. It is prepared by grinding in mills. It is useful in cleaning and polishing steel.

**EMETICAL**, ê-mêt'ê-kâl. } a.  
**EMETICK**, ê-mêt'ik. } a.  
Having the quality of provoking vomits.

**EMETICALLY**, ê-mêt'ê-kâl-ê. ad.  
In such a manner as to provoke to vomit.

**EMICATION**, êm-ê-kâ'shûn. f. (530)  
Sparkling, flying off in small particles.

**EMICTION**, ê-mîk'shûn. f.  
Urine.

**TO EMIGRATE**, êm'mê-grâte. v. n.  
To remove from one place to another.

**EMIGRATION**, êm-ê-grâ'shûn. f.  
(530) Change of habitation.

**EMINENCE**, êm'ê-nênse. } f.  
**EMINENCY**, êm'ê-nên-sê. } f.  
Lofme's. height; summit, highest part; exaltation, conspicuousness, reputation, cele-

brity; supreme degree; notice, distinction; a title given to cardinals.

**EMINENT**, êm'ê-nênt. a.  
High, lofty; dignified, exalted; conspicuous, remarkable.

**EMINENTLY**, êm'ê-nênt-lê. ad.  
Conspicuously, in a manner that attracts observation; in a high degree.

**EMISSARY**, êm'îf-sâr-rê. f.  
One sent out on private messages, a spy, a secret agent; one that emits or sends out.

**EMISSION**, ê-mîsh'ôn. f.  
The act of sending out, vent.

**TO EMIT**, ê-mît'. v. a.  
To send forth; to let fly, to dart; to issue out juridically.

**EMMET**, êm'mît. f.  
An ant, a pismire.

**TO EMMEW**, êm-mû'. v. a.  
To mew or coop up.

**EMOLLIENT**, ê-môl'yênt. a.  
Softening, suppling.

**EMOLLIENTS**, ê-môl'yênts. f.  
Such things as stretch and soften the asperities of the humours, and relax and supple the solids.

**EMOLLITION**, êm-môl-lîsh'ôn. f.  
The act of softening.

**EMOLUMENT**, ê-môl'û-mênt. f.  
Profit, advantage.

**EMOTION**, ê-mô'shûn. f.  
Disturbance of mind, vehemence of passion.

**TO EMPALE**, êm-pâle'. v. a.  
To fence with a pale; to fortify; to inclose, to shut in; to put to death by spitting on a stake fixed upright.

**EMPANNEL**, êm-pân'nêl. f.  
The writing or entering the names of a jury into a schedule by the sheriff, which he has summoned to appear.

**TO EMPANNEL**, êm-pân'nêl. v. a.  
To summon to serve on a jury.

**TO EMPASSION**, êm-pâsh'ôn. v. a.  
To move with passion, to affect strongly.

**TO EMPEOPLE**, êm-pê'pl. v. a.  
To form into a people or community.

**EMPERESS**, êm'pê-rês. f.  
A woman invested with imperial power; the queen of an emperor.

**EMPEROR**, êm'pêr-ûr. f.  
A monarch of title and dignity superior to a king.

**EMPERY**, êm'pêr-ê. f.  
Empire, sovereign command. A word out of use.

**EMPHASIS**, êm'fâ-sîs. f.  
A remarkable stress laid upon a word or sentence.

**EMPHATICAL**, êm-fât'ik-âl. } a.  
**EMPHATICK**, êm-fât'ik. } a.  
Forceful, strong, striking.

**EMPHATICALLY**, êm-fât'ê-kâl-ê. ad.  
Strongly, forcibly, in a striking manner.

**TO EMPIERCE**, êm-pêrse'. v. a. (250)  
To pierce into, to enter into by violent appetite.—See *Pierce*.

**EMPIRE**, êm'pîre. f. (140).  
Imperial power, supreme dominion; the region over which dominion is extended; command over any thing.

¶ I have differed from Mr. Sheridan in the pronunciation of the last syllable of this word; as I think the long sound of i is more agreeable to the ear, as well as to the best usage, though I confess not so analogical as the short i.

**EMPIRICK**, êm'pê-rîk. f.  
A trier or experimenter, such persons as have no true knowledge of physical practice, but venture upon observation only; a quack.

**EMPIRICAL**, êm-pîr'ê-kâl. } a.  
**EMPIRICK**, êm-pîr'ik. } a.  
Versed in experiments; known only by experience, practised only by rote.

**EMPIRICALLY**, êm-pîr'ê-kâl-lê. ad.  
Experimentally, according to experience; without rational grounds; in the manner of a quack.

**EMPIRICISM**, êm-pîr'ê-sîzm. f.  
Dependence on experience without knowledge or art, quackery.

**EMPLASTER**, êm-plâs'tûr. f.  
An application to a sore of an oleaginous or viscous substance spread upon cloth.

**TO EMPLASTER**, êm-plâs'tûr. v. a.  
To cover with a plaster.

**EMPLASTICK**, êm-plâs'tîk. a.  
Viscous, glutinous.

**TO EMPLEAD**, êm-plêde'. v. a.  
To indict, to prefer a charge against.

**TO EMPLOY**, êm-plôê'. v. a.  
To busy, to keep at work, to exercise; to use as an instrument; to commission, to intrust with the management of any affairs; to fill up with business; to pass or spend in business.

**EMPLOY**, êm-plôê'. f.  
Business, object of industry; publick office.

**EMPLOYABLE**, êm-plôê'-â-bl. a.  
Capable to be used, proper for use.

**EMPLOYER**, êm-plôê'ûr. f.  
One that uses, or causes to be used.

**EMPLOYMENT**, êm-plôê'mênt. f.  
Business, object of industry; the state of being employed; office, post of business.

**TO EMPOISON**, êm-pôê'z'n. v. a.  
To destroy by poison, to destroy by venomous food or drugs; to taint with poison, to envenom.

**EMPOISONER**, êm-pôê'z'n-ûr. f.  
One who destroys another by poison.

**EMPOISONMENT**, êm-pôê'z'n-mênt. f.  
The practice of destroying by poison.

**EMPORETICK**, êm-pô-rêt'ik. z.  
That which is used at markets, or in merchandize.

**EMPORIUM**, êm-pô'rê-ûm. f.  
A place of merchandize, a mart, a commercial city.

**TO EMPOVERISH**, êm-pôv'êr-îsh. v. a.  
To make poor, to reduce to indigence; to lessen fertility.

¶ This word, before Dr. Johnson's Dictionary was published, was always written *impoverish*; nor since he has reformed the orthography do we find any perceptible difference in the sound of the first syllable, except in solemn speaking; in this case, we must undoubtedly preserve the *e* in its true sound.—See *Emba m*.

**EMPOVERISHER**, êm-pôv'êr-îsh-ûr. f.  
One that makes others poor; that which impairs fertility.

**EMPOVERISHMENT**, êm-pôv'êr-îsh-mênt. f.  
Diminution, cause of poverty, waste.

**TO EMPOWER**, êm-pôû'ûr. v. a.  
To authorize, to commission; to enable.

**EMPRESS**, êm'prês. f.  
The queen of an emperor; a female invested with imperial dignity, a female sovereign; properly *Empress*.

**EMPRISE**, êm-prîze'. f.

A COMPLETE  
D I C T I O N A R Y  
O F T H E  
E N G L I S H L A N G U A G E,  
Both with regard to SOUND and MEANING:  
One main Object of which is, to establish a plain and permanent  
S T A N D A R D of P R O N U N C I A T I O N.  
T O W H I C H I S P R E F I X E D  
A P R O S O D I A L G R A M M A R.

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By THOMAS SHERIDAN, A. M.

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Q U O M I N U S S U N T F E R E N D I Q U I H A N C A R T E M U T T E N U E M A C J E J U N A M  
C A V I L L A N T U R ; Q U Æ N I S I O R A T O R I F U T U R O F U N D A M E N T A F I D E L I T E R J E -  
C E R I T , Q U I C Q U I D S U P E R S T R U X E R I S , C O R R U E T . N E C E S S A R I A P U E R I S , J U -  
C U N D A S E N I B U S , D U L C I S S E C R E T O R U M C O M E S ; E T Q U Æ V E L S O L A , O M N I  
S T U D I O R U M G E N E R E , P L U S H A B E T O P E R I S , Q U A M O S T E N T A T I O N I S .  
Q U I N C T . L . I . C . 4 .

T H E T H I R D E D I T I O N ,  
Revised, Corrected, and Enlarged by the A U T H O R .

I N T W O V O L U M E S .

V O L . I .

---

L O N D O N :

P R I N T E D F O R C H A R L E S D I L L Y , I N T H E P O U L T R Y .

M D C C X C .

## E M I

To EMBROTHEL, im-bróth'-h. v. a. To inclose in a brothel.

EMBRYO, ém-bryó'. } f. The off-  
EMBRYON, ém'-bryón. } spring yet unfinished in the womb; the state of any thing yet not fit for production, yet unfinished.

EMENDABLE, é-mén'-dúbl. a. Capable of emendation, corrigible.

EMENDATION, é'-mén-dá''-shún. f. Correction, alteration of any thing from worse to better; an alteration made in the text by verbal criticism.

EMENDATOR, é'-mén-dá''-tòr. f. A corrector, an improver.

EMERALD, ém'-è-ráld. f. A green precious stone.

To EMERGE, é-mér'j'e. v. n. To rise out of any thing in which it is covered; to rise, to mount from a state of oppression or obscurity.

EMERGENCY, é-mér'-jénse. } f.  
EMERGENCY, é-mér'-jén-sý. } f. The act of rising out of any fluid by which it is covered; the act of rising into view; any sudden occasion, unexpected casualty; pressing necessity.

EMERGENT, é-mér'-jént. a. Rising out of that which overwhelms and obscures it; rising into view or notice; proceeding or issuing from any thing; sudden, unexpectedly casual.

EMEROIDS, ém'-roidz. f. Painful swellings of the hemorrhoidal veins, piles.

EMERSION, é-mér'-shún. f. The time when a star, having been obscured by its too near approach to the sun, appears again.

EMERY, ém'-ér-ý. f. Emery is an iron ore. It is prepared by grinding in mills. It is useful in cleaning and polishing steel.

EMETICAL, é-mét'-l-kál. } a. Hav-  
EMETICK, é-mét'-ík. } ing the quality of provoking vomits.

EMETICALLY, é-mét'-l-kál-ý. ad. In such a manner as to provoke to vomit.

EMICATION, é'-mí-ká''-shún. f.

## E M P

Sparkling, flying off in small particles.

EMICTION, é-mík'-shún. f. Urine.

To EMIGRATE, ém'-mý-gráte. v. n. To remove from one place to another.

EMIGRATION, é'-mí-grá''-shún. f. Change of habitation.

EMINENCE, ém'-ý-nénsé. } f.  
EMINENCY, ém'-ý-nén-sý. } f. Loftiness, height; summit, highest part; exaltation, conspicuousness, reputation, celebrity; supreme degree; notice, distinction; a title given to cardinals.

EMINENT, ém'-ý-nént. a. High, lofty; dignified, exalted; conspicuous, remarkable.

EMINENTLY, ém'-ý-nént-lý. ad. Conspicuously, in a manner that attracts observation; in a high degree.

EMISSARY, ém'-í-f-fer-ry. f. One sent out on private messages, a spy, a secret agent; one that emits or sends out.

EMISSION, é-mísh'-ún. f. The act of sending out, vent.

To EMIT, é-mít'. v. a. To send forth; to let fly, to dart; to issue out juridically.

EMMET, ém'-mít. f. An ant, a pismire.

To EMMEW, im-mý'. v. a. To mew or coop up.

EMOLLIENT, é-mól'-lyént. a. Softening, suppling.

EMOLLIENTS, é-mól'-lyénts. f. Such things as sheath and soften the asperities of the humours, and relax and supple the solids.

EMOLLITION, é-mól'-lích'-ún. f. The act of softening.

EMOLUMENT, é-mól'-ú-mént. f. Profit, advantage.

EMOTION, é-mó''-shún. f. Disturbance of mind, vehemence of passion.

To EMPALE, im-pá'le. v. a. To fence with a pale; to fortify; to inclose, to shut in; to put to death by spitting on a stake fixed upright.

EMPANNEL, im-pán'-níl. f. The writing or entering the names of a



ENGLISH ETYMOLOGY;  
OR, A  
DERIVATIVE DICTIONARY  
OF THE  
ENGLISH LANGUAGE:  
IN TWO ALPHABETS,

Tracing the ETYMOLOGY of those ENGLISH WORDS, that are derived

- I. From the GREEK, and LATIN Languages;
- II. From the SAXON, and other *Northern* Tongues.

THE WHOLE COMPILED FROM

VOSSIUS,	SKINNER,
MERIC CASAUBON,	VERSTEGAN,
SPELMAN,	RAY,
SOMNER,	NUGENT,
MINSHEW,	UPTON,
JUNIUS,	CLELAND,

AND OTHER ETYMOLOGISTS.

---

By the Reverend GEORGE WILLIAM LEMON,

Rector of *Geytontborpe*, and Vicar of *East Walton*, NORFOLK.

---

Multa renascentur, quæ jam cecidère; cadentque,  
Quæ nunc sunt in honore *vocabula*; si volet usus;  
Quem penes arbitrium est, et jus, et norma loquendi.      ART. POET. 70.

*Etymologia* continet autem in se multam eruditionem; five illa ex *Græcis* orta tractemus, *quæ sunt plurima*, præcipueque *Æolicâ* ratione (cui est *sermo noster* simillimus) five ex *historiarum veterum* notitiâ nomina *Hominum*, (*Rerum*) *Locorum*, *Gentium*, *Urbium* requiramus.

QUINTILIAN. Cap. I. Sec. 6.

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L O N D O N :

Printed for G. ROBINSON, in PATER-NOSTER ROW.

M.DCC.LXXXIII.

## E M

FROM GREEK, and LATIN.

## E N

quædam variatio, dum digitis fortimur, apparet, micare digitis, accipe pro digitis fortiri; λαγχανω.

E-MINENCE; Μινω, moneo; unde minor, minæ; to admonish, advise, threaten; to lift up, raise up in a threatening manner: hence mineo, and immineo, signify banging ready to fall: and emineo, eminens, and eminentia, signify excellence; the standing, or shewing himself above others.

E-MOLUMENT; Μολα, mola; a mill; molo; to grind; emolo; to grind thoroughly; unde emolumentum, profit gotten properly by grist, or whatever is ground at the mill: hence used to signify any advantage, or gain.

EM-PEROR; Πηρω, Πηρω, tento, paro; unde impero; ab in, intensivâ particulâ; et paro; quasi statim paro, vel prorsus paro; to command with authority, to bid immediately into action:—Clef. Way. 81, n, says, that “the Latins and Romans took their word *imperator* from the Celtic *imb*, or *bough of command*; it answers to our *staff-officer*; it was the ancient *truncheon*, and *sceptre*: *contumacy* was called *the sight of the imb*:”—and in p. 26, he tells us, that *limb* signifies a *bough, branch, or wand*; consequently they are the same, and may be Gr.: see LIMB. Gr.

EM-PHASIC; Εμφασις, Εμφασιω, represento: R. Φασιω, luco, appareo: Nug.”—there is likewise another sense of this word in our language, though the Dr. has not taken notice of it; viz. a *stress, an energy of expression; expressa rei significatio; quum verbis inest tacita quædam vis et significatio; and consequently cannot be uttered without some particular effort: à Φαω, Φημι, dico; for, satius, quasi phatus; unde emphasis; to utter, speak, pronounce distinctly, and with grace.*

EM-PIRIC; Εμπηρικος, empiricus; qui solum ex experientia aliquid trahat; a physician, or rather quack, who has no other knowledge than experience: R. Πηρα, enterperio, experience: Nug.”—unde Πηρω, Πηρω, tento, nitor, conor; to make desperate attempts on the human constitution, for the sake of gaining experience.

EM-PLOY; Εμπολη, quod sibi aliquis emit, vel comparavit; merces, onera; traffic, merchandise: by metath. employ à Πωλω, vendo; to sell, to set to sale: others derive it ab impleo, as it were to fill one's time; and that from Πλιος, plenus; full: Nug.”—perhaps it might more naturally be derived ab Εμπλεκω, implico; to bend, or enfold; to occupy, or busy one's self in any action; to be intent at work; to wrap up in business.

EM-PORIUM, Εμποριον, emporium, quasi emporium; forum nundinarium; locus ad mercaturam exercendam aptus; a mart, market, fair, or exchange: R. Εμπορος, mercator; a merchant: though we might rather suppose the real root was Πωλω, vendo; to buy and sell; because we often find the ρ and λ, interchanging.

EMPTION, Εμοσ, quasi Εμον ποιω, meum facio; unde emo, emptio; a buying, purchasing; and thereby making any thing one's own.

EMPTY; Ελος, intus; within; the negative compound Αιλος, non intus; not within; inanis, vacuus; void, vacant, nothing within.

EM-PYRÆAN; Εμπυρειω, vel Εμπυρω, incendo, inflammo; cælum empyræum; the brightest heaven; most resplendent, most illumined: R. Πυρ, ignis; fire; meaning the fires of heaven; i. e. the stars.

EMULATION, Αμιλλαομαι, contendo, æmulo; to strive, contend, rival: R. Αμιλλα, certamen, studium; earnestness, desire of glory: Vossius quotes Meckerchus for deriving æmulus ab Αιμυλος—sed nimis sane abit significatio, adds he; nam Αιμυλος est lepidus, festivus: censeo igitur æmulari esse ab Αμιλλᾶν, certare; as above.

E-MULSION, Αμελω, mulgeo, emulgeo; to milk; to stroke gently; also an easy, softening medicine.

E-MUNCTORY; Απομυξια, quod emungendo detrahimus; emunctus, emunctorius; certain kernels, or glandular parts, by which the principals discharge their superfluities.

ENA-MEL; Μελω, liquefacio: Fr. Gall. email, emailer; seu encausto obducere, quia encaustum liquando illinitur; to refine, and purify metals by melting them, and then pouring those encaustics over other metals, and thereby causing a vitrification: see SMELTING, and IN-A-MEL, Gr.

EN-CHEIRIDION; Εγχειριδιον, encbiridium; a manual, or portable volume; a pocket book; to be constantly in the hand: R. Χηρ, manus; the hand.

EN-CLITIC, Εγκλιτικός, encliticus; qui inclinari potest; sive qui accentum in vocem præcedentem reclinat, vel rejicit; a conjunction added to another, which then throws its accent on that word: R. Εσ, in; et Κλιω, reclino; to recline.

EN-COMIUM, Εγκωμιον, encomium, præconium; an oration, or praise.

EN-CROACHMENT: all our etymol. agree, that this word is derived from Fr. Gall. encrocher, unde accrocher, accrochement, crochûre; and that they all originate from croc; uncus: to encroach, enim est quasi unco injecto remorari, retardare, sibi intrudere, intrudere, sensim invadere, intercludere, proterminare, irrepere:—so many significations could they find for this word; and yet could not find that croc must originate from the same root with crooked; for croc signifies uncus, vel bampus; we have therefore only to trace out the word crooked, and then every thing will be plain; which has been done under the art. CROOK: Gr.

EN-CYCLO-PÆDY, Εγκυκλοπαιδεια, encyclopædia; disciplinarum orbis, sive complexus; a circle, or compendium of sciences: R. Εσ, κυκλος, circulus; et Παιδεια, disciplina.

Y 2

END;

A NEW  
SPELLING, PRONOUNCING, AND EXPLANATORY

**DICTIONARY**  
OF **N OGLE BOLIER**  
**THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE;**

CONTAINING,

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| I. The words printed according to their true ORTHOGRAPHY, with the ACCENTED VOWEL or CONSONANT marked in each, and the PART OF SPEECH added to which each word belongs. | they are pronounced; and showing, in the most simple and easy manner, the PROPER SOUND of every LETTER, without disfiguring the words or altering their orthography. |
| II. The words REPRINTED, divided accurately as  | III. The VARIOUS SIGNIFICATIONS of each word.  |

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**BY WILLIAM SCOTT,**

*Teacher of English Reading, and Compiler of Lessons of Elocution, &c.*

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**1810.**

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## EMB

## EMP

lad<sup>1</sup> lade<sup>2</sup> met<sup>3</sup> mete<sup>4</sup> fin<sup>5</sup> fine<sup>6</sup> hop<sup>7</sup> hope<sup>8</sup> cul<sup>9</sup> cube<sup>10</sup> far<sup>11</sup> call<sup>12</sup> full<sup>13</sup>

- Ely'sium, *s.* e<sup>1</sup>ly<sup>1</sup>si<sup>um</sup><sup>2</sup>, the heaven of the heathens  
 Ema'ciate, *v.* e<sup>1</sup>ma<sup>2</sup>ci<sup>ate</sup><sup>1</sup>, to lose flesh, waste, pine  
 Em'anant, *a.* em<sup>2</sup>a<sup>1</sup>nan<sup>t</sup><sup>1</sup>, issuing or proceeding from  
 Eman'ation, *s.* em<sup>2</sup>a<sup>1</sup>na<sup>2</sup>tion<sup>2</sup>, the act of issuing, what  
 proceeds [slavery  
 Eman'cipate, *v.* e<sup>1</sup>man<sup>1</sup>ci<sup>3</sup>pate<sup>2</sup>, to set free from  
 Emancipa'tion, *s.* e<sup>1</sup>man<sup>1</sup>ci<sup>3</sup>pa<sup>2</sup>tion<sup>2</sup>, a deliverance  
 from slavery [minate  
 Emas'culate, *v.* e<sup>1</sup>mas<sup>1</sup>cu<sup>1</sup>late<sup>2</sup>, to castrate, to effe-  
 Emascula'tion, *s.* e<sup>1</sup>mas<sup>1</sup>cu<sup>1</sup>la<sup>2</sup>tion<sup>2</sup>, a castration,  
 effeminacy  
 Emba'lm, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>ba<sup>1</sup>lm<sup>1</sup>, to preserve dead bodies  
 Emba'lmer, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>ba<sup>1</sup>lm<sup>1</sup>er<sup>2</sup>, one who embalms [stop  
 Embar'go, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>bar<sup>1</sup>go<sup>2</sup>, a prohibition to sail; *v.* to  
 Embark, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>bark<sup>1</sup>, to put or go on shipboard  
 Embarka'tion, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>ba<sup>1</sup>rka<sup>1</sup>tion<sup>2</sup>, a putting or go-  
 ing on shipboard [distress  
 Embar'ass, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>bar<sup>1</sup>ras<sup>1</sup>, to perplex, entangle  
 Embar'rasment, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>bar<sup>1</sup>ras<sup>1</sup>ment<sup>2</sup>, perplexity,  
 distress, trouble [lic message  
 Embas'sadour, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>bas<sup>1</sup>sa<sup>1</sup>dour<sup>2</sup>, one sent on a pub-  
 Em'assage, Em'assy, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>bas<sup>1</sup>sage<sup>2</sup>, sy<sup>3</sup>, a pub-  
 lic message [battle  
 Embat'tle, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>bat<sup>1</sup>tle<sup>2</sup>, to arrange in order of  
 Embellish, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>bell<sup>1</sup>ish<sup>1</sup>, to adorn, beautify  
 set off [coration  
 Embellishment, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>bell<sup>1</sup>ish<sup>1</sup>ment<sup>2</sup>, or nament, de-  
 Em'bers, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>bers<sup>2</sup>, hot cinders or ashes  
 Embez'zle, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>bez<sup>1</sup>zle<sup>2</sup>, to steal privately  
 Embez'zlement, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>bez<sup>1</sup>zle<sup>2</sup>ment<sup>2</sup>, a misapplying  
 a trust [tation  
 Em'blem, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>blem<sup>2</sup>, a moral device, a represen-  
 Emblematic'al, *a.* em<sup>1</sup>ble<sup>1</sup>mat<sup>1</sup>ic<sup>1</sup>al<sup>2</sup>, allusive, using  
 emblems  
 Emblematically, *ad.* em<sup>1</sup>ble<sup>1</sup>mat<sup>1</sup>ic<sup>1</sup>ally<sup>2</sup>, allusively  
 Emboss', *v.* em<sup>1</sup>boss<sup>2</sup>, to adorn with rising work, to  
 enclose  
 Emboss'ing, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>bos<sup>1</sup>sing<sup>2</sup>, the art of making figures  
 in relief  
 Emboss'ment, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>bos<sup>1</sup>sment<sup>2</sup>, relief, rising work  
 Embow'el, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>bow<sup>1</sup>el<sup>2</sup>, to take out the entrails  
 Embrace, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>brace<sup>2</sup>, to squeeze in kindness, to  
 welcome  
 Embrace, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>brace<sup>2</sup>, a clasp, a hug  
 Embrasa're, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>bra<sup>1</sup>sare<sup>2</sup>, a battlement, an open-  
 ing in a wall [eased  
 Embrocate, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>bro<sup>1</sup>cate<sup>2</sup>, to foment a part dis-  
 Embroca'tion, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>bro<sup>1</sup>ca<sup>1</sup>tion<sup>2</sup>, a fomentation  
 Embroi'der, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>broi<sup>1</sup>der<sup>2</sup>, to adorn with figure-  
 work [ders  
 Embroi'derer, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>broi<sup>1</sup>der<sup>2</sup>er<sup>2</sup>, one who embroi-  
 Embroi'dery, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>broi<sup>1</sup>de<sup>2</sup>ry<sup>2</sup>, variegated needle-  
 work  
 Embroi'l, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>broi<sup>1</sup>l<sup>2</sup>, to disturb, confuse, distract  
 Em'bryo, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>bry<sup>1</sup>o<sup>2</sup>, a child unfinished in the  
 womb, any thing unfinished [teration  
 Emenda'tion, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>en<sup>1</sup>da<sup>1</sup>tion<sup>2</sup>, a correction, an al-  
 Em'erald, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>er<sup>1</sup>ald<sup>2</sup>, a green precious stone  
 Emer'ge, *v.* e<sup>1</sup>merge<sup>2</sup>, to issue, to rise out of  
 Emer'gency, *s.* e<sup>1</sup>mer<sup>1</sup>gen<sup>1</sup>cy<sup>2</sup>, a rising out of, great  
 necessity  
 Emer'gent, *a.* e<sup>1</sup>mer<sup>1</sup>gent<sup>2</sup>, coming into sight, sudden  
 Emer'sion, *s.* e<sup>1</sup>mer<sup>1</sup>sion<sup>2</sup>, a rising out of water  
 Emet'ic, *a.* e<sup>1</sup>met<sup>1</sup>ic<sup>2</sup>, provoking vomits; *s.* a vomit  
 Emigrant, *a.* em<sup>1</sup>ig<sup>1</sup>rant<sup>2</sup>, going from one place to  
 another [to another  
 Emi'grate, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>ig<sup>1</sup>rate<sup>2</sup>, to remove from one place  
 Emigra'tion, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>ig<sup>1</sup>ra<sup>1</sup>tion<sup>2</sup>, a change of habitation  
 Em'innence, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>in<sup>1</sup>ence<sup>2</sup>, height, honour, a cardin-  
 al's title [exalted  
 Em'inent, *a.* em<sup>1</sup>in<sup>1</sup>ent<sup>2</sup>, high, lofty, remarkable,  
 Em'inently, *ad.* em<sup>1</sup>in<sup>1</sup>ent<sup>2</sup>ly<sup>2</sup>, conspicuously, in a  
 high degree  
 Em'issary, *s.* e<sup>1</sup>mis<sup>1</sup>sary<sup>2</sup>, a secret agent, a spy  
 Emis'sion, *s.* e<sup>1</sup>mis<sup>1</sup>sion<sup>2</sup>, a throwing out, vent, shoot-  
 Emit, *v.* e<sup>1</sup>mit<sup>2</sup>, to dart, let fly, issue out [ing  
 Em'net, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>net<sup>2</sup>, an ant, a pismire  
 Emol'lient, *a.* e<sup>1</sup>mol<sup>1</sup>lient<sup>2</sup>, softening, supplying  
 Emolli'tion, *s.* e<sup>1</sup>mo<sup>1</sup>li<sup>1</sup>tion<sup>2</sup>, the act of softening  
 Emolument, *s.* e<sup>1</sup>mo<sup>1</sup>lu<sup>1</sup>ment<sup>2</sup>, profit, advantage,  
 benefit [den motion  
 Emo'tion, *s.* e<sup>1</sup>mo<sup>1</sup>tion<sup>2</sup>, disturbance of mind, a sud-  
 Empan'nel, *v.* em<sup>1</sup>pan<sup>1</sup>nel<sup>2</sup>, to settle a jury  
 Empan'nel, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>pan<sup>1</sup>nel<sup>2</sup>, the schedule of a jury  
 Em'peror, *s.* e<sup>1</sup>mp<sup>1</sup>er<sup>1</sup>or<sup>2</sup>, a monarch superior to a  
 king  
 Em'phasis, *s.* em<sup>1</sup>pha<sup>1</sup>sis<sup>2</sup>, a remarkable stress on a  
 word