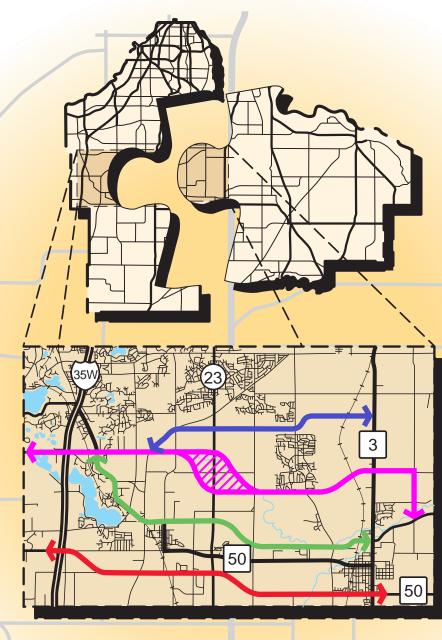
Dakota County East -West Corridor Preservation Study Identification of Preferred System Plan



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Executive Summary

This study focuses on the transportation needs for a rapidly growing area in southern Dakota County bounded by I-35 on the west, Highway 3 on the east, County Highway 46 on the north, and County Highway 70 on the south.

The Executive Summary for the Dakota County East-West Corridor Study focuses on the three key study outcomes: 1) A plan for the development of a preferred system of east-west corridors, 2) A plan for its implementation, and 3) Next steps. Supporting information, include background information, intent of the study, purpose and need, relevant issues, public involvement, community coordination, and study process/technical assessment is included in the body of this report.

1. Purpose and Need/Intent

The study partners recognize that the deficiencies associated with the currently disjointed system of east-west roadways in the southern area of Dakota County comprised of Lakeville, Farmington, and Empire Township will become more problematic as rapid growth trends continue. Over one-half of the projected population growth in Dakota County over the next 30 years will occur south of Highway 42 including the study area. As development continues to occur, practical opportunities for future east-west county corridor alignment options will continue to disappear. Without aggressive planning for enhancement to the transportation system, safety and mobility (roadway capacity) deficiencies are expected to increase for area residents and roadway system users.

Based on the above, the goal of this study has been to identify a preferred corridor preservation plan that has the consensus of study partners to preserve corridors for future transportation system improvements as development continues to occur.

2. Preferred System Preservation Plan

The preferred system is shown in Figure 1. This system plan has attained consensus of the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) that consists of staff from all agencies responsible for the transportation system in the study area.

As shown in Figure 1, a total of five east-west preservation corridors have been identified by the study, identified as Alignments A through E. The recommended preservation treatment and key assessment findings for the five alignments are presented below.

A joint resolution has been passed supporting the preferred preservation plan by the Cities of Farmington and Lakeville. A copy of this resolution is included in Appendix B.

Alignment A

Recommended Preservation Treatment

Preserve Alignment A (175th Street) as a collector street under local jurisdiction. Integrate eastern connection with Alignment B. No changes to the existing right-of-way are proposed.

Figure 1 – Preferred System Plan

Key Assessment Findings

Expansion as a four-lane facility is precluded by the potential impact on 108 existing adjacent residential and 7 commercial properties.

Connection of Alignment A with County Road 50 in the vicinity of the Interstate 35 (I-35) interchange is undesirable as a high activity east-west arterial facility.

Alignment B

Recommended Preservation Treatment/Characteristics

Preserve Alignment B for development as a potential four-lane arterial facility with a 150-foot width under County jurisdiction west of Cedar Avenue. East of Cedar Avenue, Alignment B should be preserved for development as a four-lane facility with a 120-foot wide corridor under County jurisdiction. The narrower 120-foot width east of Cedar Avenue is needed to address land use constraints. The City of Lakeville has requested to provide for sidewalk and trail needs through easements on private property east of Cedar Avenue.

Utilize the Dodd Road alignment to the extent possible to minimize new alignment right-of -way requirements.

Avoid/minimize impacts on existing mitigated wetland/drainage easement, CSAH 31 Replacement and Bank site, in North Creek Watershed east of Pilot Knob Road.

Downgrading the remaining north segment of Dodd Road from collector to local road, including turnback to City, between Cedar Avenue and Pilot Knob Road is a desirable associated system change with Alignment B implementation.

It is crucial that future implementation of Alignment B east of Pilot Knob Road be coordinated with land use development. Significant aggregate resources exist east of Pilot Knob Road and mining operations are expected to continue over the next 20 years. It would be unacceptable to allow the connection of Alignment B through this area until mining operations are complete due to the potential for gravel truck impacts on residential neighborhoods to the west. In addition, a new crossing of the creek and railroad will not be justified until a higher degree of development occurs in the area after the mining operation is complete.

Grade separation/bridge structures will be necessary to cross over the North Creek and the Canadian Pacific (CP) Railroad corridor.

Key Assessment Findings

Attains system arterial spacing guidelines of 2 miles between parallel arterial facilities (County Road 46 is approximately 2 miles to the north).

Provides continuous connection west of I-35 into Scott County and east to Highway 3.

Expansion to a four-lane facility may result in impacts on 20 residential properties.

Alignment C

Recommended Preservation Treatment/Characteristics

Preserve Alignment C for development as a potential four-lane arterial facility with a 150-foot width under County jurisdiction.

Numerous alignment options were discussed during the study process for the transition between 185th Street on the west and 195th Street on the east. This transition area needs to be studied in more detail to determine a preferred alignment corridor. Figure 1 shows a representative area in which a range of Alignment C options have been discussed. This area will be the starting point for more detailed study. Alignment C transitions back to the north as it crosses North Creek and the CP Railroad corridor and follows the 190th Street alignment between Highway 3 and Biscayne Avenue. This alignment will avoid impacts on approved development plats adjacent to the east side of Highway 3 south of 190th Street.

Grade separation/bridge structures will be necessary to cross over North Creek and the CP Railroad corridor.

Key Assessment Findings

Attains system arterial spacing guidelines of 2 miles between parallel arterial facilities (Alignment B is approximately 2 miles to the north).

Provides continuous connection west of 135 into Scott County and east to Highway 3/Biscayne Avenue.

Potential for future connection on Highway 52 via County Road 66 and Biscayne Avenue.

Expansion to a four-lane facility may result in impacts on 22 residential properties.

Alignment D

Recommended Preservation Treatment/Characteristics

Preserve Alignment D for development as a potential two-lane collector or a three-lane urban street facility with a 100-foot width under local jurisdiction. The City of Farmington has indicated that a low design speed three-lane urban section may be desirable through the industrial park area and adjacent to the school. In addition, the City has identified constrained sections where less than 100-foot right-of-way may be acceptable for a two-lane urban street design. These issues will be addressed by the City of Farmington as Alignment D is developed in more detail.

The segment west of Highway 3 passing adjacent to the middle school and crossing North Creek is constrained. This will result in a low design speed, narrow facility that will fit with Alignment D's proposed function as a collector facility.

Grade separation/bridge structures will be necessary to cross over North Creek and the CP Railroad corridor.

Key Assessment Findings

The alignment could impact 54 residential and 14 commercial properties if it were developed as an arterial facility with a 150-foot right-of-way.

Provides continuous connection with County Road 66 east of Highway 3. Provides continuous connection with County Road 50 on the west and intersects with County Road 60.

Does not warrant arterial function based on system arterial spacing guideline of 2 miles between parallel arterial facilities (Alignments C and E attain these guidelines adjacent to Alignment D).

Alignment E

Recommended Preservation Treatment/Characteristics

Preserve Alignment E for development as a potential four-lane arterial facility with a 150-foot width under County jurisdiction.

Grade separation/bridge structures will be necessary crossing a tributary to the Vermillion River. Mitigation of Vermillion River impacts will likely be necessary for the alignment segment east of Cedar Avenue.

Residential property takings will be necessary adjacent to Ash Street in Farmington to accommodate a four-lane facility in the future. The infrastructure investment and land use of this area will be considered as changes occur to existing properties in planning for the future four-lane facility. Given the Alignment E location at the southern edge of the regional growth boundary, it is expected that implementation as a four-lane facility along Ash Street may be 20 years into the future.

The City of Farmington would like to investigate design options that include a 120-foot wide rightof-way through the urban/developed segment along Ash Street as the alignment is developed in more detail.

The option of routing Alignment E farther to the south to avoid development impacts adjacent to Ash Street was investigated and dismissed early in the study process. This option resulted in disjointed continuity with Highway 50 and potential environmental (wetland) impacts.

The extension of Pilot Knob Road from its existing terminus at County Road 50 southerly to Alignment E has been determined a logical system connection that should be included with Alignment E implementation.

Key Assessment Findings

The alignment could impact 35 residential and 25 commercial properties.

Provides continuous connection with Highway 50 east of Highway 3. Provides continuous connection with County Road 70 on the west into Scott County on County Road 8.

Warrants arterial function based on system arterial spacing guideline of 2 miles between parallel arterial facilities.

Expansion to a four-lane facility may result in impacts on 35 residential and 25 commercial properties.

3. Corridor Preservation Implementation Plan

The corridor preservation implementation plan identifies techniques to be used to ensure that the preferred system plan preservation corridors are protected for future implementation of roadway facilities.

The existing plat review process used by Dakota County and area municipalities will be used as the key mechanism for corridor preservation. This low cost and efficient approach is sensible given the limited funding resources and competing needs throughout the region.

Preservation plan goals are summarized as follows:

- Preserve land for future important continuous arterial roadway facilities needed to support future land use conditions.
- Minimize taxpayer cost over the long-term by avoiding costly right-of-way acquisition of future developed property.
- Support an integrated approach to land use and transportation planning such that the development vision for the area can be fully realized in compatibility with the transportation system.
- Seek consensus on a preferred transportation system plan by all affected communities and agencies through local comprehensive plan adoption.
- Provide for ongoing commitment to protect the preferred transportation system plan through plat review activities by all affected local communities and Dakota County.

Preservation activity mechanisms, implications on current property owners, risks and supplemental steps beyond corridor preservation are discussed in the body of this report.

Dakota County and the cities will work on preservation of right-of-way through the plat dedication process as land use develops.

Future Functional/Jurisdictional Issues

As implementation of the preferred system plan progresses, functional and jurisdictional issues will need to be addressed. This will include the determination of the functional/jurisdictional classifications of the five proposed east-west alignments, as well as other roadways in the transportation system that may change function as new facilities are implemented.

Figure 2 shows one scenario of how functional classifications may change with the system plan in place. The intent of this map is to show the magnitude of changes to the functional/jurisdictional classification system over time rather than a definitive functional plan of the roadway system.

Functional/jurisdictional changes will be part of an ongoing transportation system plan management by Metropolitan Council, Mn/DOT, Dakota County, and study area communities. Some of the potential functional/jurisdictional changes that are likely to be considered include:

- Turnback of County Road 9 (Dodd Road) from Dakota County to the City of Lakeville.
- Turnback of Highway 50 from Mn/DOT to Dakota County.
- Upgrade of Highway 3 to principal arterial functional classification.

Figure 2 – Potential Future Functional Classification

• Consider the preferred system plan in the context of a future principal arterial study for southern edge of the metropolitan area. The need for this study has been identified by Mn/DOT and is on hold due to funding constraints. Based on planning guidelines of 3 to 6-mile spacing between principal arterials in developed areas, Alignments C or E may need to be considered as principal arterial candidates.

As functional classifications are determined, the jurisdictional classifications of area roadways will need to be reviewed. Generally, Mn/DOT and Dakota County are responsible for arterials and some collector roads, while municipalities are responsible for collector roads and the local roadway system.

4. Summary

This study has identified a preferred transportation system plan that has the consensus of all project partners. Adoption and continued vigilance by project partners will be necessary for successful implementation of this system plan over time.

5. Next Steps

As components of the preferred system plan are studied further and programmed for development, preliminary engineering design and environmental documentation must be completed. This will be especially important for new alignment segments where land use development is eminent, to ensure that land is reserved in the proper location for future roadway implementation. This will include detailed consideration of social, economic, and environmental issues along with construction cost and feasibility of engineered alignments for all corridors.

That project partners continue to meet on a periodic basis to create and refine an implementation plan over time as development continues to occur and needs continue to evolve.

Dakota County will take the lead in a more detailed study of Alignment C that currently includes two options for the transition segment between 185th Street and 195th Street.

As Alignment B is implemented, it is recommended that County Road 9 (Dodd Road) be considered for turnback from Dakota County to the City of Lakeville.

As Alignment E is implemented, it is recommended that Highway 50 be considered for turn back from Mn/DOT to Dakota County.

A change in the current preservation status of Highway 50 in correlation with the preferred system plan has also been considered. A change in the preservation status of Highway 50 will occur if it is upgraded to a principal arterial facility. Based on its current function, Mn/DOT does not expect a change in the status of this facility. Responsible agencies should monitor this facility in the future as development growth continues to occur and the system plan is implemented.

It is recommended that Highway 3 be reclassified from a minor arterial to a principal arterial as part of the preferred system plan. This correlates with the Highway 3 Corridor Study that recommends right-of-way preservation for improvement to a four-lane divided facility.

All responsible agencies are requested to adopt the preferred system plan as part of their respective plan updates and to continued commitment to goals of the study. As referenced earlier, the Cities of Farmington and Lakeville have passed a joint resolution in support of the preferred system plan. As development plats are submitted for review, all responsible agencies will need to consider more detailed alignment studies as necessary.

Access management guidelines should be identified for system plan alignments to provide guidance for future development access.

Local jurisdictions will continue to develop the local street system to provide additional street system continuity in compatibility with the preferred system plan.

Table of Contents

Technical Advisory Committee Executive Summary Table of Contents

1.0	Introduction1		
2.0	Background/Existing Conditions		
	2.1		
		2.1.1 Comprehensive Plans	
		2.1.2 Transportation Studies	
		2.1.3 Alliances/Agency Coordination	
3.0	Intent of East-West Corridor Study4		
4.0) Purpose and Need		
	4.1	Purpose5	
	4.2	Need5	
5.0	Rele	evant Issues7	
	5.1	System Guideline Perspective7	
		5.1.1 Arterial Roadways7	
		5.1.2 Collectors/Local Roadways	
	5.2	Study Area Growth7	
	5.3	Other Relevant Factors10	
		5.3.1 General Issues	
		5.3.2 Scott County Issues	
6.0		dy Partners/Community Coordination14	
7.0	Stu	dy Process15	
8.0	lder	ntification of Potential Alignments17	
9.0	Traf	fic Forecasts19	
	9.1	Methodology19	
	9.2	Base Assumptions/Relevant Factors	
	9.3	Adjustments to Traffic Model Output20	
		9.3.1 Proposed Land Use Trip Generation	
		9.3.2 Network Reassignments	
	9.4	Relevant Observations21	
	9.5	Screenline Traffic Volume Assessment	
10.0	Alig	nment Performance Comparison24	

Table of Contents (Continued)

11.0	System Plan Scenario Development	
	11.1 Relevant Issues	
	11.2 Identification of System Plan Scenarios	
	11.3 Evaluation of System Plan Scenarios	31
	11.4 Conceptual Opinion of Cost	31
12.0	Identification of Preferred System Plan	34
13.0	Corridor Preservation Implementation Plan	
	13.1 Plat Review Mechanisms	
	13.1.1 Plat Review	36
	13.2 Implications on Existing Property Owners/Land Use	37
	13.3 Risks	37
14.0	Supplemental Steps Beyond Preservation Plan	
	14.1 Interim Use of Preservation Areas	
	14.2 Design Level Activities	
15.0	Future Functional/Jurisdictional Issues	40
16.0	Next Steps	41

List of Tables

Table 1	Performance Comparison of Alignment Alternatives	25
Table 2	Performance Evaluation of System Plan Alternatives	32

Table of Contents (Continued)

List of Figures

Figure 1 – Preferred System Plan	ES-2
Figure 2 – Potential Future Functional Classification	ES-7
Figure 3 – Current East-West County Roadway Facilities	6
Figure 4 – Historical and Future Development	8
Figure 5 – Population Growth (1980 to 2020)	9
Figure 6 – Relevant Factors	11
Figure 7 – Potentially Affected Environmental Resources	12
Figure 8 – Potential Alignments	16
Figure 9 – Potential Alignments	18
Figure 10 – 2025 ADT Forecast Output Adjusted for Crossroads and	
Seed/Genstar Developments	22
Figure 11 – Four-Lane Divided Urban Typical Section	26
Figure 12 – Three-Lane Typical Section	27
Figure 13 – Two-Lane Collector Typical Section	28
Figure 14 – Process Flow Chart Summary	35

List of Appendices

Appendix A List of Figures and Table			
	Figure A1 – County Road 60 Selected Link Assignment Graphic		
	Figure A2 – County Road 64 Selected Link Assignment Graphic		
	Figure A3 – County Road 70 Selected Link Assignment Graphic		
	Figure A4 – 2025 ADT Forecast Output		
	Figure A5 – 2025 ADT Forecast Output from Crossroads and		
	Seed/Genstar Developments		
	Figure A6 – High Level Screenline Traffic Forecast Assessment		
	Figure A7 – System Plan Scenario 1		
	Figure A8 – System Plan Scenario 2		
	Figure A9 – System Plan Scenario 3		
	Figure A10 - Opinion of Cost Improvement Assumptions		
	Table A1 - Conceptual Construction Cost Estimate Summary		
Appendix B	City of Lakeville/Farmington Joint Resolution		
	Dakota County Board of Commissioners Adoption of East-West		
	Corridor Study		
	Comment Cards		

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Dakota County East-West Corridor Preservation Study

Prepared for Dakota County, Minnesota

1.0 Introduction

This study focuses on the transportation needs for a rapidly growing area in southern Dakota County bounded by I-35 on the west, Highway 3 on the east, County Road 46 on the north, and County Highway 70 on the south.

The first part of this document (Sections 1.0 through 4.0) addresses background/existing conditions, intent of the study, purpose and need, and relevant issues. Key elements of this part of the document include:

- <u>Growth and Population</u> Over half the projected population growth in Dakota County over the next 30 years will occur south of CSAH 42 including the study area.
- <u>Discontinuous Routes</u> The current transportation deficiencies in the disjointed system of east-west roadways in the study area will become more problematic as rapid growth trends continue.
- <u>Opportunity to Accommodate Growth</u> As development continues to occur, practical opportunities for future east-west county corridor alignment options will continue to disappear.
- <u>Needs Beyond Study Area</u> The need to integrate the study area with major system routes beyond the study area via I-35 and Highway 3 is recognized.

The next part of this document (Sections 5.0 and 6.0) addresses the study participation, communication, and study process that were crucial to a successful outcome.

The final parts of this document (Sections 7.0 through 10.0) address the development, analysis, and identification of a preferred system plan including an implementation plan.

2.0 Background/Existing Conditions

2.1 Previous/Ongoing Relevant Study Efforts

Agencies responsible for the study area transportation infrastructure have recognized the need for improved east-west elements of the transportation system in this rapidly growing area of Dakota County.

A brief summary of relevant previous study efforts is provided below.

2.1.1 Comprehensive Plans

Dakota County Comprehensive Plan

The Dakota County Comprehensive Plan recommends a study to analyze alignments and connections of east-west roadways in the study area. Improvements along the 185th Street alignment, County Road 64, and County Road 70 were specifically identified as needs to be addressed.

Lakeville Comprehensive Plan

The Lakeville Comprehensive Plan recognizes the need to improve the east-west transportation system and identifies the extension of 175thStreet as a major collector easterly to Pilot Knob Road, the extension of County Road 60 as a minor arterial easterly to Flagstaff Avenue, and a connector between County Road 70 and County Road 50 east of Cedar Avenue.

Farmington Comprehensive Plan

The Farmington Comprehensive Plan recognizes the need to improve the east-west transportation system and identifies the extension of the 175th Street alignment as a minor arterial to Highway 3, the 185th Street alignment as a minor arterial easterly to Highway 3, and the 202nd Street alignment easterly to the CP Railroad.

Scott County Comprehensive Plan

The Scott County Comprehensive Plan identifies the need for improvements to Scott County County Road 21 that is contiguous with Dakota County County Road 60 and safety/continuity upgrades for Scott County County Road 8, which is contiguous with Dakota County County Road 70.

2.1.2 Transportation Studies

Previous Dakota County East-West Corridor Study Efforts

Previous work by Dakota County, Mn/DOT, Metropolitan Council, and other agencies better defined the study scope. Originally, this study intended to consider the need for an arterial route that could be classified as a principal arterial. It was determined that the consideration of principal arterial needs in the southern metro is several years away.

Impending development/population growth and the lack of contiguous east-west roadway facilities in the study area drive were key factors in identifying the need to consider improvements to the east-west transportation system.

This study effort went on to identify five alignment options and an evaluation framework for assessing the alignment options.

County Road 42 Corridor Study

This 1998 study recommended that planning efforts should be initiated for developing an alignment and preserving right-of-way for a new principal arterial roadway approximately 4 to 6 miles south of CH 42.

Empire Township Planning Efforts

Empire Township has recently reserved the potential for a 190th Street alignment connection between Highway 3 and Biscayne Avenue through its plat review process and is actively participating in the current study.

Highway 3 Access Management Study

This nearly completed study being conducted by Mn/DOT is assessing future improvement needs for Highway 3 from Highway 50 (220th Street) to County Highway 46 (160th Street). A key outcome of this study is the preservation of right-of-way for the eventual improvement to a four-lane divided-facility. This study also identifies intersection spacing consistent with the east-west corridor alignments identified in this study.

Highway 52 Corridor Management Plan

The Highway 52 Corridor Management Plan includes the identification of an access management plan for Highway 52. Relevant interchange locations identified that have relevance for this study include full access interchanges at County Road 46, County Road 66, State Highway 50, and County Road 86. Existing access at County Road 48 and County Road 47 would be closed.

2.1.3 Alliances/Agency Coordination

I-35W Solutions Alliance

The I-35W Solutions Alliance is a legal joint powers board with transportation interests in improving mobility in the I-35W corridor. This alliance supports reconstruction of intersections at County Road 60 and County Road 70.

Soil and Water Conservation District Assessment

The Dakota County Soil and Water Conservation District provided comments on the five initial alignments identified at the beginning of the study. The comments provide very relevant information for continued study of east-west alignments. A copy of the Conservation District comment letter dated April 3, 2002 is contained in the Appendix B.

3.0 Intent of East-West Corridor Study

The Dakota County Office of Planning and Transportation Department have worked with local jurisdictions to scope potential east-west cross-county routes south of County Road 46 in Dakota County prior to this study. These efforts have allowed becused, cost efficient efforts in the critical rapidly growing East-West Corridor Study Area.

The scope of the East-West Corridor Study is to assist the East-West Corridor Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) with more detailed study of five east-west connection alternatives. These activities have included:

- An assessment of social, economic, environmental, and transportation system impacts.
- A comparative evaluation of the alignment alternatives.
- A public involvement program that will ensure public input into the study process and ultimately informed consent with the key findings of the study.

Dakota County and Mn/DOT, in partnership with cities and townships, have implemented a roadway system that supports the land use development in northern parts of Dakota County. As growth continues to occur in the southern part of the County, this forward thinking leadership needs to continue at all levels of government to ensure that an adequate transportation system is provided for current and future Dakota County residents.

This planning task is most difficult to accomplish in times of limited funding. However, as Dakota County has indicated in their study efforts to date, the study area is currently experiencing rapid growth that is expected to continue into the future. It is, therefore, critical that east-west alignment corridors be reserved for future connections. The need is critical as opportunities for transportation system improvements will be lost as development continues to occur and limits reasonable options. The utility of the transportation system will become more and more limited and will continue to erode.

The key outcome of this study is consensus on preferred future east-west transportation system improvements for the study area. In order to attain consensus, all responsible agencies and the public have been represented in the study process. This has included providing a clear understanding of the nature of the problem, the positive and negative impacts of proposed improvements, an explanation of how these improvements were evaluated, and why certain corridors evolved as preferred solutions.

4.0 Purpose and Need

The TAC developed concise statements of purpose and need for this study based on previous studies, relevant issues, citizen input, and community coordination. Section 5.0 presents a discussion of relevant issues that support the purpose and need, including a system guidelines perspective, population growth, and other relevant factors.

4.1 Purpose

- 1. Define and set aside land for a future roadway or system of roadways.
- 2. Provide a plan for the design of future roads to meet the projected needs for 2025 and beyond.
- 3. Protect taxpayer money by planning now for a new road or system of new roads to avoid expensive buy-outs/disruptions in the future.

4.2 Need

- A roadway system that provides good connections in all directions to serve travel needs.
 - The current east-west roadway system in the study area is disjointed and requires multiple turns for east-west travel. Based on this deficiency, the focus of this study is on east-west connections. However, it is recognized that improvement to north-south connections also needs to be addressed as part of future transportation system plans. Current east-west county routes in the study area are illustrated in Figure 3.
 - The current east-west roadway system is also expected to have capacity deficiencies as traffic volumes continue to increase in the future.
- The area continues to grow rapidly and will need roadway improvements.
 - Continued growth in population will significantly increase transportation/mobility needs.
 - Over one-half of the project population growth in Dakota County is expected to occur south of County Highway 42.
- Available land and some of the best locations for new roads are disappearing.
 - As development continues to occur, practical opportunities for future east-west county corridor alignment options disappear.
 - Connections west into Scott County and east to Highway 52 are needed to serve cross-county trips.

Figure 3 – Current East-West County Roadway Facilities

5.0 Relevant Issues

5.1 System Guideline Perspective

There are three general types of roadways that make up the study area roadway system. Providing for arterial roadways is one of the primary responsibilities of Dakota County and providing for collectors and local streets is a primary responsibility of local communities.

5.1.1 Arterial Roadways

There are currently no continuous east-west arterial facilities in southern Dakota County between County Highway 46 on the north and Scott/Dakota County Highway 86 on the south a distance of 12 miles.

Regional guidelines based on sound transportation planning principles recommend the following spacing of arterial facilities:

Principal Arterials	3 to 6-mile spacing in developing areas 2 to 3-mile spacing in fully developed areas
Minor Arterials	1 to 2 miles in developing areas ¹ / ₂ to 1-mile in fully developed areas

The need to plan for a new future arterial roadway 4 to 6 miles south of County Highway 46 has been identified by the Dakota County Transportation Plan and the County Highway 42 Corridor Study.

Dakota County is responsible for providing a network of arterial roadways that provide a high emphasis on mobility for people and goods movement (as opposed to land access) and provide connections between communities inside and outside the region.

5.1.2 Collectors/Local Roadways

The collector roadway system provides connections between neighborhoods and from neighborhoods to minor business concentrations. These roadways tend to be both local and county jurisdiction.

The local roadway system connects blocks and provides direct property access.

Local communities and counties are responsible for providing a network of collectors and local roadways that provide a balance of mobility and land access.

5.2 Study Area Growth

Population in study area communities is expected to grow substantially, adding more vehicle trips. The combined 1980 population of Empire, Farmington, and Lakeville was 20,384. In the year 2000, the population increased to 57,131, a 181 percent increase. By 2020, the population is projected to be 101,700 or another 78 percent increase. The maps shown in Figures 4 and 5 demonstrate the dramatic expansion of development between 1980 and 2020.

Figure 4 – Historical and Future Development

Figure 5 – Population Growth (1980 to 2020)

5.3 Other Relevant Factors

There are a number of general issues and potentially affected environmental resources beyond system guidelines and expected population growth trends that are relevant in the formulation of purpose and need described below. These issues are shown in Figures 6 and 7.

5.3.1 General Issues

- The Vermillion River and its tributaries along with the Canadian Pacific Railroad are barriers to the consideration of east-west corridor transportation improvements. Relatively long bridge structures would be needed for roadway crossings of these elements. These roadway bridge structures represent a major element of a roadway project construction cost. Ultimately, the cost of bridge structures can affect funding potential demonstrated by benefit-cost analysis.
- The TAC has recognized that ultimate connections westerly into Scott County and easterly to Highway 52 need to be considered for the long-term utility of east-west connections.
 - The University of Minnesota Agricultural Research Facility and a proposed wildlife preserve east of Highway 3 are barriers to ultimate east-west connections east of Highway 3. These areas are shown in Figure 6.
 - I-35 is a physical barrier for connection opportunities to the west. Grade-separated crossings of I-35 currently exist at County Roads 50, 60, and 70. Secondary crossings exist south of Marion Lake at 205th Street and west of Marion Lake at 195th Street.
- The north-south arterial roadway system is much more established than east-west system (six north-south continuous arterials exist through the study area). This is logical since historic travel patterns have been largely oriented north-south to jobs and shopping.
- Large areas of agricultural land exist in the central part of the study area. Agricultural use of this area is expected to continue beyond the year 2025 planning horizon. This land area is also outside the expanded MUSA boundary.
- Aggregate resources exist throughout the study area. The mining time frames for these areas and ultimate reclamation for land use development need to be considered as part of implement ation plan development.
- The Dakota County Transportation Plan has identified several study area roadways that may be capacity deficient by the year 2020 if no system improvements are made including County Road 50, County Road 60, Dodd Road, and County Road 70. The Plan also recommends new east-west alignments through the study area.
- The three existing I-35 interchanges in the study area have been identified for improvement (County Roads 50, 60, and 70).
- Increasing land values will increase the cost of future right-of-way if it is not preserved.
- Lakeville's Central Area Plan between 185th Street and County Highway 50 contains 800 acres of developable land, one of the largest contiguous pieces of MUSA land in the metro area.

Figure 6 – Relevant Factors

Figure 7 – Potentially Affected Environmental Resources

- Numerous wetlands, floodplains, rare/threatened and endangered species habitats, and the South Creek Trout Stream and Vermillion River are important natural resources imposing potential constraints in the study area.
- Keeping roadways on half-section or section lines increases wetland impacts.
- Lakeville recognizes County Highways 60 or 70 as potential future principal arterial candidates.
- Farmington has designated County Highway 50, 74, and 64 north segment, 66 and an extension of 185th Street as existing and future arterials.
- Dakota County has also designated County Highway 64 north segment as an expander roadway and County Highway 50 as a connector roadway.

5.3.2 Scott County Issues

- Scott County has identified the improvement of County Road 21 from County Road 91 to I-35 in conjunction with the I-35 interchange improvements at Dakota County Road 60 in the CIP for 2003/2004.
- The ultimate connection of County Road 21 with Highway 169 in Shakopee is included in the CIP for 2006.
- Scott County has identified safety/continuity upgrades for County Road 8 through most of the county as part of the CIP for 2005. County Road 8 is an important east-west minor arterial that provides continuity with County Road 70 in Dakota County.
- Scott County has identified a need to study east-west continuity of the county roadway system between Highway 169 and the termination of CSAH 8 at Highway 21.

6.0 Study Partners/Community Coordination

Community participation and consensus is a key element to the success of this study. This community participation was accomplished in three ways:

- <u>Study Partnership Through a TAC</u> The TAC met at five key points during the study process
- <u>Community Coordination Work Sessions</u> Individual community work sessions were held to obtain input and gather insights on relevant issues and preferred solutions.
- <u>Public Open House Meetings</u> Public open house meetings were held at two points during the study process. During initial stages, the meetings were held to discuss relevant issues and potential solutions, and during the late stage, meetings were held to present the evaluation process and to gain input on the selection of the preferred system plan.

The initial stage meetings were as follows:

Lakeville Water Treatment Facility 18400 Ipava Avenue Lakeville, MN 55044 Wednesday, October 23, 2002 4:30 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.

City of Farmington Maintenance Training Room 325 Oak Street Farmington, MN 55024 Tuesday, October 29, 2002 4:30 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.

The late stage meeting was as follows:

Dakota County Transportation Facility 2875 160th Street West Rosemount, MN 55068

Valuable input was provided by the public at each of these meetings. Comment cards from these meetings are included in the Appendix B.

• <u>Other Community Outreach</u> – Dakota County's web site was used to disseminate information and post interim study findings.

7.0 Study Process

A study process flow chart is shown in Figure 8. As indicated by this flow chart, the study generally has included seven components. This report documents each of these components.

Figure 8 – Potential Alignments

8.0 Identification of Potential Alignments

Previous to this current study, Dakota County worked with the TAC to identify potential east-west alignments. Based on TAC work sessions, community coordination, and public input, a number of refinements were made to the initial alignments that considered avoidance of existing properties, recently approved plats, and environmental resources. This resulted in five east-west alignments shown in Figure 9.

Figure 9 – Potential Alignments

9.0 Traffic Forecasts

9.1 Methodology

Dakota County staff and the TAC have been diligent in identifying a traffic forecast methodology that would meet the needs of the study while keeping expenditures within budget limitations. This was especially critical for the East-West Corridor Study with its large study area, numerous potential improvement scenarios, and potential forecast iterations.

The resulting methodology provided an efficient effort with one Year 2025 Build condition network identified that included all five of the alignment options and includes land use assumptions consistent with the comprehensive plans of study area communities.

Selected link analysis is a traffic modeling tool that assists in assessing/validating traffic model output. Selected link methodology consists of isolating forecast traffic volume assignments on specific roadway links of the study area roadway network.

The traffic model is used to provide roadway network output that indicates how volumes assigned to the selected roadway link are distributed on the study area roadway network.

Analysis of selected link volume assignments provide relevant characteristics for corridor level analysis with respect to the likely function of proposed alignments including trip length characteristics and the orientation of trips on surrounding roadways.

Selected link analysis networks were generated for Alignments B, C, and E just east of Cedar Avenue. These three alignments were chosen to provide representative samples for coverage of the north, middle, and southern portions of the study area within a limited budget.

The selected link analysis network output is included in the Appendix A.

Based on the above, a three-step process was developed for assessing traffic forecasts.

In Step 1, a reasonable check overview of the forecast output was conducted, and observations of major characteristics were made.

In Step 2, a high level screenline assessment was used for assessing potential overall study area needs. This is a high level tool that provides a rough assessment of the total continuous east-west lane needs for the study area and assists in the selection of possible system plan concepts for more detailed assessment.

In Step 3, several system plan options were identified, and forecasted traffic volumes were adjusted based on differences between the system plan option and the roadway network used to develop forecasts. The roadway network traffic volumes were then assessed based on these adjustments and system plan characteristics including facility type needs for east-west, as well as north-south roadways.

9.2 Base Assumptions/Relevant Factors

There are a number of important base assumptions that were used for the traffic model development as listed below.

• I-35 improved to six-lane divided facility from County Road 70 north

- Highway 3 improved to four-lane divided facility from Highway 50/County Road 74 north to County Road 42
- All Alignments B, C, and E were assumed to be four-lane divided facilities with high progression at intersections.
- Alignment C, West of Cedar Avenue, was assumed to be a two-lane roadway.
- Alignment D was assumed to be a two-lane roadway.
- County Road 50, between Farmington and Lakeville, was assumed with reduced speed and increased delay at intersections to correlate with its evolution as a connector facility between the communities.
- Interchange improvement at the junction of Highway 52 and County Road 46.

9.3 Adjustments to Traffic Model Output

9.3.1 Proposed Land Use Trip Generation

The traffic forecast model includes land use assumptions based on the current comprehensive plans of each of the study area communities.

The traffic model trip generation is based the Travel Behavior Inventory (TBI) of the Twin Cities area and includes calibration based on household trip generation characteristics. In contrast, traffic impact studies typically use ITE Trip Generation Manual trip characteristics based on specific land use types. These trip generation rates tend to be based on new, very successful developments (especially in the case of commercial type) in newly developing areas. This methodology is appropriate for the identification of proposed development traffic impacts on the surrounding roadway system and is typically representative of a day-of-opening type analysis.

The traffic model methodology is appropriate for estimating trips based on a longer (20-year plus) planning horizon with a mature land use build-out condition. As development fills in over time, competing commercial opportunities exist, and the average trip generation of individual developments tend to match more closely with the lower traffic forecast model (TBI) methodology.

The above information is important to consider in assessing the impacts of recent development proposals on year 2025 traffic forecast output.

Several recent development proposals and land use development studies have included land use proposals that are expected to generate traffic volumes well in excess of what is assumed in the traffic forecast model.

Two of these recent development proposals include the Crossroads Development located south of Dodd Boulevard, between Cedar and Flagstaff Avenues, along with the SEED/Genstar property development located west of Highway 3 in Farmington.

The Crossroads Development is estimated to generate 16,870 vehicles per day (VPD) greater than the trips included in the model for the land area and the SEED/Genstar property is

expected to generate 26,200 vpd greater than the trips included in the model for this land area.

An additional land use study is being conducted for the land area located east of Pilot Knob Road and north of Alignment E. Although trip generation estimates are not currently available for this land area, it is likely that the trip generation estimates may exceed the trip generation assumptions used in the traffic model.

9.3.2 Network Reassignments

The model output selected link analysis for Alignment B indicates a substantial orientation on County Road 58 via Pilot Knob Road instead of using the continuous route along Alignment B to Highway 3. This is likely due to speed and delay coding differences between the County Road 58 segment and Alignment B between Pilot Knob Road and Highway 3. The year 2025 forecast output indicates County Road 58 west of Highway 3 would carry 6,650 vpd, while Alignment B would carry 2,335 vpd. It was decided by the TAC that these trip assignments should be reversed between these two routes with 2,500 vpd assigned to County Road 58 and 6,500 vpd assigned to Alignment B.

The model output near the intersection of County Road 50 and County Road 60 seems suspect. County Road 50 north of County Road 60 year 2025 forecast output is 27,810 vpd, while the west leg of County Road 60 is 16,730 vpd. Given existing constraints in the area and that County Road 60 has better potential for capacity improvements than County Road 50 in the future, these traffic assignments may be the reverse of what may actually develop. County Road 60 may experience the heavier traffic demand in the range of 28,000 vpd, while County Road 50 is limited to 16,700 vpd. Although this observation is worth documenting, it does not directly affect the outcomes of this study.

9.4 Relevant Observations

The TAC identified relevant forecast output characteristics and trends to provide valuable input for the study process. The relevant characteristics and trends included in the evaluation process are presented below:

- 1. The average daily traffic (ADT) map (Figure 10) shows the four-lane and greater need based on forecast output and Dakota County planning thresholds.
- 2. The selected link is helpful in understanding travel paths. Selected link graphics for Alignments B, C, and E are shown in Appendix A, Figures 1, 2, and 3, respectively. It can be seen that County Road 60 (185th Street) is the big draw to/from Scott County, even as far south as Alignment E.
- 3. Alignments B and C are productive to Highway 3, but the selected link analyses indicate minimal cross-county demand for these alignments. Alignment E, however, is very productive beyond Highway 3 on County Road 50.
- 4. Alignments B, C, and E are the most productive as contiguous routes according to the year 2025 daily forecast output:

Alignment B west of Highway 3	9,900 vpd (range)
Alignment C ADT west of Highway 3	7,380 vpd
Alignment E ADT west of Highway 3	13,000 vpd

Figure 10 – 2025 ADT Forecast Output Adjusted for Crossroads and Seed/Genstar Developments

- 5. Alignment D has the lowest forecast assignment west of Highway 3 at 2,900 vpd. This may be partially due to the forecast model coding of Alignment D as a collector facility.
- 6. County Road 50 drops from an existing year 2000 ADT of 11,000 vpd to an expected ADT of 4,000 vpd. Volumes are likely reassigned to parallel facility Alignments D and E. This can be explained by the lower performance characteristics assumed for this facility in the traffic model.
- 7. North-south routes are expected to continue serving heavy traffic volumes in the future, especially Cedar Avenue, Pilot Knob Road, and Highway 3. This is an additional factor to develop east-west routes to provide additional travel options and to continue capacity expansion of north-south system routes.

9.5 Screenline Traffic Volume Assessment

A high-level screenline assessment is summarized in the spreadsheet included in Appendix A of this report. A screenline assessment is a gross level tool that compares traffic crossing a given line drawn through the entire study area to the aggregate capacity of continuous roadway facilities that cross this line. For this study, two north-south screenlines were drawn just west and just east of Cedar Avenue.

This screenline assessment indicates the following:

- A continuous east-west through lane deficiency of four lanes based on year 2025 forecast output.
- Previous system scenario concepts may provide a surplus of four to eight lanes based on the screenline assessment of forecast output.

General traffic flow observations correlate with the high level screenline assessment, approximately four additional continuous lanes or the upgrade of two existing two-lane collectors to four-lane divided facilities are needed to serve projected demand. This correlates with the development of Alignments B or C and E as four-lane facilities.

10.0 Alignment Performance Comparison

A comparison of the refined alignments was conducted relative to the goals/evaluation criteria identified by the TAC. A summary of this performance comparison is provided in Table 1.

An important base assumption for this performance comparison is that each alignment was assessed based on its potential to be developed as a four-lane arterial facility with a 150-foot wide right-of-way. It follows that the recommendations in the bottom row of Table 1 address the potential of each of these corridors for preservation as a 150-foot wide arterial corridor and how each of the corridors might be treated in the system plan.

As indicated in Table 1, Alignments B, C, and E are recommended for consideration as fourlane arterial facilities with 150-foot wide right-of-way as part of system plan development. A typical section of this type of facility is shown in Figure 11.

Alignment A and D are recommended for consideration as two-lane collector facilities as part of the system plan development. The City of Farmington is also considering three-lane segments along Alignment D. A typical section of a three-lane facility is shown in Figure 12, and a typical section of a two-lane facility is shown in Figure 13.

Many of the goals/evaluation criteria are straightforward, and detailed explanations are not provided beyond the table entries. One criteria that warrants some discussion, however, is Land Use Compatibility.

A number of local and national studies have been conducted in recent years that elevate consideration of the relationship between transportation facility and land use compatibility. One recent study for the Twin Cities area is the Urban and Suburban Arterials Study conducted by the University of Minnesota.

Generally, this study provides a strong case that ties roadway facility design/operating speed/design features with land use type. Higher speed/higher volume arterials are generally more compatible with industrial and large setback commercial retail development. This type of development is typically more compatible with high speed/high volume arterials because it is less impacted by the visual and noise impacts. Lower speed/lower volume roadway facilities are obviously more compatible with residential use and low setback commercial/retail development. Done properly, the land use patterns can reinforce the operating design of the roadway facility.

Applying this logic to the evaluation criteria, those four-lane arterial facilities that are oriented adjacent to existing and proposed industrial and commercial land uses rank high in compatibility, while four-lane arterial facilities that are oriented through residential areas rank low.

The outcome of this comparison, as indicated at the bottom of Table 1, from the basis for recommended design features and role in the transportation system plan.

Table 1 Performance Comparison of the Alignment Alternatives Under Consideration

						Alternative		
Goal		n Criterion	No Build	A Non-contiguous	B Contiguous with	C Contiguous with	D Non-Contiguous	Contiguous
Provide Contiguous East-West Connection / Flexibility to	to Scott Count	y facilities	N	Non-contiguous connection to CSAH 42/ TH 13 via CSAH 5. I-35/CSAH 50 interchange may be a capacity constraint.	CSAH 21. Ultimate connection of CSAH 21 with TH 169 is in CIP for 2006.	CSAH 21. Ultimate connection of CSAH 21 with TH 169 is in CIP for 2006.	connection between CSAH 50 and CSAH 21 via CSAH 60. Right angle turn between CSAH 50 and 60.	connection with CSAH 8.
Meet Needs Beyond the Study Area	Provides easterly connection to TH 3 Can accommodate long-term future connection to TH 52		No	Connection between Pilot Knob and TH 3 likely beyond 20 year horizon subject to gravel mining completion.	Connection between Pilot Knob and TH 3 likely beyond 20 year horizon subject to gravel mining completion.	Unobstructed corridor currently exists with connection opposite 190th Street	Unobstructed corridor currently exists to TH 3. However constraints exist along 208th Street north of the school.	Unobstructed corridor to TH 3 via Ash Street. Transition on new alignment between CSAH 70 and Ash Street may be difficult due to Vermillion River impacts.
			No	No existing contiguous facility exists between TH 3 and TH 52. Connection would involve encroachment on U of M property.	No existing contiguous facility exists between TH 3 and TH 52. Connection would involve encroachment on U of M property.	Contiguous connection unlikely due to wetlands and potential future wildlife preserve. Non- contiguous connection to CR 66 via Biscayne Avenue may be feasible.	Contiguous connection available via CSAH 66. However, CSAH 66 alignment adjacent to the river may make future upgrade of this facility difficult.	Contiguous connection with CSAH 50.
Accommodate	Potential for al location to ser		No					
Forecasted Traffic	intercommunit traffic demand	y (arterial)						
	Expected 2025 TH 3		NA	9,900	9,900	7,400	2,900	13,000
Minimize	Residential pro (number of par		None	108	20	22	54	35
Potentially Adverse Social	Commercial ar property taking	nd industrial	None	7			14	25
and Economic Impacts	parcels affecte Acres of cultiv	ed)	None	66.6	85.0	108.9	64.3	63.4
	planted farmla			Potentially High	Potentially High	None	None	None
	on residential a	areas		If roadway connection through mining area built prior to completion of mining operations	If roadway connection through mining area built prior to completion of mining operations			
Minimize Potentially	Number of stre Acres of nation	nal wetland	None None	6 2.8	7 4.6	9 11.4	9 3.9	3 3.7
Adverse	inventory (NWI) impacts Acres of floodplain impacts		None	11.1	11.2	11.4	3.9	3.7
Environmental Impacts	Acres of wood Impacts to ser		None No	1.4 No	7.3 No	15.7 Yes (1) wildlife	2.9 No	1.3 No
	environmental features?					corridor; 5.4 acres of biodiverse significance; 2.4 acres wildlife management area		
Consider feasibility and	Uses existing r	ight-of-way	Not Applicable	3.0 miles on existing facility, 3.7 miles on	2.9 miles on existing facility, 5.8 miles on	5.8 miles on existing facility, 5.6 miles on	6.4 miles on existing facility, 3.6 miles on	6.6 miles on existing facility, 2.1 miles on
cost /Minimize	Number of brid	lges	None	new alignment (6) Combined bridge	new alignment (7) Combined bridge	new alignment (9) Combined bridge	new alignment (2) bridge structure	new alignment (3) Bridge crossings o
Additional Infrastructure			Maga	structure overpasses of North Branch of Vermillion River and one CP Rail crossing.	structure overpasses of North Branch of Vermillion River and two CP Rail crossings.	structure overpasses of North Branch of Vermillion River and two CP Rail crossings	overpasses of CP rail; (9) bridge crossings of Vermillion River.	Vermillion River branch; (2) crossings of CP Rail.
	Acres of land a needed	-	None	132.6	148.9	207.8	181.2	158.7
<u> </u>	Estimated Cos Alignment	st Dakota Co.	To be determined	To be determined	To be determined Yes	To be determined Yes	To be determined	To be determined
Consistent with county and local	Considered		No		Yes, but extend as far		Yes, but 208 ⁿ Street	Yes, improved
government Comprehensive Plans	Com- prehensive Plan	Lakeville		Yes, but as far east as Pilot Knob Road as a major collector	east as Cedar Avenue as a minor arterial	Yes, but major collector between CSAH 50 and Cedar Avenue and minor arterial from Cedar Avenue to Flagstaff Avenue (contiguous connection to CSAH 60 not included)	identified as a major collector between Cedar Avenue and Flagstaff Avenue	connectivity between CSAHs 50 and 70 east of Cedar Avenue
		Farmington Empire Twp.	No	Yes - Minor arterial between Flagstaff and TH 3 —	Yes - Minor arterial between Flagstaff and TH 3 —	Yes - Minor arterial from west of Flagstaff easterly to TH 3 Compatible with existing development patterns and recent preliminary plats	Yes – Collector from west of Flagstaff to CP Rail corridor —	No - Not included in Thoroughfare Plan —
Considers Long T Compatibility with Existing/Future La Patterns Note: Assumes alignn developed as a four la facility. (Desire to orga speed/higher capacity facilities with adjacent commercial land use).	nd Use nent is ne arterial anize higher arterial industrial/	Compatibility of proposed alignment with existing/ proposed adjacent land use	None	Impacts existing residential area along existing 175th Street alignment. Serves Crossroads Commercial Area. Serves Commercial Area west of TH 3.	Serves Crossroads Commercial Area. Serves Commercial Area west of TH 3.	Alignment traverses low density residential and urban reserve area that may remain agricultural use. Passes through existing residential/ institutional area east of Flagstaff	Alignment serves existing commercial area in Lakeville and Industrial Park in Farmington. Creates some impacts on residential neighborhood along 208th Street in Farmington.	Serves existing Industrial Area and Office Park/Business Campus Land Use in Lakeville. Impacts residential land use or the south side of Farmington. Provides convenient connection to Downtown commercial area.
 Preservation for two or for All two- and 	NDARDS n of 150 f our lane roa d four-lane ned to l pads are as sdiction st ays are as and/or co	t. corridor adway. e facilities be minor ssumed to reets; four ssumed to		Preserve for development as two-lane minor arterial easterly to Flagstaff Avenue	Preserve for development as four lane divided Dakota County arterial facility From I-35 to TH 3	Preserve for development as two lane Dakota County arterial facility From I-35 to TH 3	Preserve for development as a two or four lane facility easterly to TH 3 dependent on relationship with adjacent facilities in system plan.	Preserve for development as four lane divided Dakota County arterial facility From I-35 to TH 3

Figure 11 – Four-Lane Divided Urban Typical Section

Figure 12 – Three-Lane Typical Section

Figure 13 – Two-Lane Collector Typical Section

The performance comparison indicates that Alignments B, C, and E should clearly be considered for development as four-lane arterial facilities, and that Alignment D could be considered as a two- or four-lane collector or arterial facility depending on its relationship to the overall system plan.

Alignment A should be maintained/protected as a two-lane facility. Expansion to a four-lane facility would create unacceptable impacts on existing residential development.

11.0 System Plan Scenario Development

Initial phases of the study focused on refinements to each of the five alignments based on an assessment of existing social, economic, and environmental constraints.

As the process continued, it was recognized by the study partners that the goal of the study should be the identification of a preferred transportation system plan. In addition, it was recognized that all of the alignments will likely be needed in the future to accommodate travel demand.

A key component of the system plan will be to determine the desired functional classification of proposed alignments and jurisdictional responsibilities based on functional classification.

Using the outcomes of the alignment performance comparison, a range of system plan scenarios was developed along with a range of relevant system plan level issues.

These relevant issues are identified below in Section 11.1 followed by the identification of system plan scenarios in Section 11.2.

11.1 Relevant Issues

A number of relevant issues and assumptions were identified for use in the development of the system plan scenarios as described below:

- Preserve continuity of key existing north-south routes, including Dodd Road, Cedar Avenue, Pilot Knob Road, and Highway 3.
- Potential impacts on existing development may be the controlling factor in limiting some alignments to consideration of two-lane or three-lane minor arterial facilities. These impacts/constraints should be assessed as alignments progress into design phase activities.
- Routing on north-south roadways may be acceptable to provide east-west linkages for collector streets. East-west collector street termini at north-south arterials are logical endpoints.
- It has been assumed that Alignment A is only feasible as a two-lane facility (existing conditions along the existing alignment segment). Expansion along the existing alignment would impact multiple residential properties.
- Elimination of Alignment A as a four-lane arterial facility would support the logic for developing Alignments B or C as four-lane arterial facilities.
- Alignment E provides a very high level of utility and is assumed as a four-lane facility in both system plan scenarios.

11.2 Identification of System Plan Scenarios

Three system plan scenarios have been identified based on the high level assessment of individual alignment characteristics. These system plan scenarios have been identified as Scenarios 1, 2, and 3 and are shown in Appendix A, Figures 4, 5, and 6, respectively.

Scenario 1 includes four-lane arterial facilities along Alignments B and E, with continuous two-lane facilities along Alignments C and D. Alignment A could have an eastern terminus intersection with Alignment B.

Scenario 2 includes four-lane facilities along Alignments B, C, and E. Two-lane facilities would be developed along Alignments A and D. There are a number of ways that Alignment B could be developed as a two-lane facility. The figure shows Alignment B intersecting with Flagstaff Avenue on the east and intersecting Alignment C opposite Highview Avenue.

Scenario 3 includes four-lane arterial facilities along Alignments A, D, and E. Alignments A and C would be developed as two-lane collector facilities. Alignment D could have an eastern terminus at Alignment B. Alignment C could extend from Dodd Road to Biscayne Avenue.

11.3 Evaluation of System Plan Scenarios

The evaluation of system plan scenarios focuses on the three evaluation criteria that resulted in contrasts in evaluating individual alignment characteristics. These include the following:

- Provides contiguous east-west connections/flexibility to meet needs beyond the study area
- Traffic forecast implications
- Compatibility with existing/future land use patterns

A summary of the performance evaluation for the three system alternatives is provided in Table 2.

11.4 Conceptual Opinion of Cost

Dakota County provided planning level information that has been used to develop an opinion of cost for the preferred system plan. The opinion of cost is detailed in the table provided in Appendix A.

The opinion of cost generated for this study is very preliminary based on a very low level of concept development and is intended for comparative purposes only. As indicated in the table included in Appendix A, the cost calculations do not include right-of-way acquisition costs, major wetland mitigation, major drainage elements/ponding, major utility relocations, retaining walls, or traffic control signals.

The opinion of cost for each of the alignments is summarized below. Since Alignment A has been recommended for preservation as part of the preferred system plan, no cost estimates were generated for this alignment:

Table 2Performance Evaluation of the System Plan Alternatives

			System Plan Alternative							
Goals	Evalua	tion Criterion	No Build (Do Nothing)	Scenario 1 Alignments A, C, & D = 2 Lane Alignments B & E = 4	Scenario 2 Alignments C & E = 4 Lane Alignments A, B & D = 2	Scenario 3 Alignments A & C, = 2 Lane Alignments B, D & E = 4				
Provide Contiguous East-	Provides westerly facilities	y connection to Scott County	No	Lane Two arterial connections via Alignments B and E.	Lane Two arterial connections via Alignments C and E.	Lane Two arterial connections via Alignments B and E.				
West Connection / Flexibility to Meet Needs Beyond the	Provides easterly	connection to TH 3	No	Two arterial connections via Alignments B and E.	Two arterial connections via Alignments C and E.	Three arterial connections via Alignment B, D and E.				
Study Area	Can accommodat connection to TH	te long-term future 52	No	One contiguous connection via Alignment E/CSAH 50.	One contiguous connection via Alignment E/CSAH 50.	Two contiguous connection via alignment D/CSAH 66 and Alignment E/CSAH 50.				
Summary of Performance ———			Unacceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Best of Three Scenarios; provides best 4-lane minor arterial connectivity to TH 3 and beyond.				
Accommodate Forecasted Traffic	intercommunity (indicated by scre	tem Plan Scenario to serve arterial) traffic demand as enline assessment results.	Screenline assessment indicates 5 lane deficiency.	Screenline assessment indicates 5 lane surplus	Screenline assessment indicates 7 lane surplus	Screenline assessment indicates 7 lane surplus.				
	Implications on e roadway system	xisting/planned surrounding	Unacceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable				
Sun	nmary of Perfor	mance								
Minimize Potentially	parcels affected)	ty takings (number of	None		256					
Adverse Social and Economic	(number of parcels	ndustrial property takings s affected) I and planted farmland taken	None		46 388					
Impacts Sun	mary of Perfor	mance	No Impacts	Right-of-w ay preservation as 150' preservation corridor re- scenario.	sumes equal taking impacts w gardless of facility type include	ith each scenario assuming a ed in the transportation plan				
Minimize	Number of stream	crossings	None		34					
Potentially Adverse	Acres of national wimpacts	vetland inventory (NWI)	None		26					
Environmental Impacts	Acres of floodplair	-	None	55						
	Acres of woodland	-	None	29						
	Impacts to sensitiv	ve environmental features?	None	Yes – wildlife corridor crossing; 5 acres biodiversity significant area; 2 acres wildlife management area						
Sun	nmary of Perfor	mance	No Impacts	Right-of-way preservation assumes equal impacts with each scenario assuming a 150' preservation corridor regardless of facility type included in the transportation plan scenario						
Consider feasibility and	Uses existing right	-	No	25 miles o	n existing facility, 21 miles on new	v alignment				
cost /Minimize Additional	alignment	ovement on existing	None		25 21					
Infrastructure	Number of bridges	3	None	38 combined bridge structure overpasses of north branch of Vermillion River or separate crossings of CP Rail.						
Sun	nmary of Perfor	mance	No Impacts	preservation corridor regard scenario	Right-of-way preservation assumes equal feasibility with each scenario assuming a 150' preservation corridor regardless of facility type included in the transportation plan scenario					
Consistent with regional, county and local	Alignments considered by Comprehensive Plans	Dakota Co.	No	Yes						
government Comprehensive		Lakeville	No		Yes					
Plans		Farmington	No		Yes					
	Achieves Motron	Empire Twp. olitan Council Spacing	No		Yes					
	Guidelines Compatibility wit	h existing/proposed land use	Inconsistent		<u>ت</u>					
Sun	development	mance	Inconsistent with comprehensive	Generally consistent with comprehensive planning	Generally consistent with comprehensive planning	More consistent with planning goals than				
			planning			Scenarios 1 & 2				
Alternative System Plan Performance Summary And Recommendations		Fails to achieve majority of project goals. Retain this system plan alternative as a basis of comparison only.								

Alignment Identification	Conceptual Opinion of Cost (2003 Millions of Dollars)
Alignment B	\$29.7
Alignment C	30.2
Alignment D	10.0
Alignment E	_23.9
Total System Plan	\$93.9

Refer to the table and figure in Appendix A for details on the improvement assumptions for each alignment.

The best use of the opinion of cost contained in this study may be for an order of magnitude comparison between alignments. The costs should not be used for programming purposes.

12.0 Identification of Preferred System Plan

The TAC used the performance evaluation to agree that the preferred system preservation plan would be Scenario 2.

Scenario 2 provides the greatest flexibility to accommodate future land use patterns and provides east-west connection potential beyond the study area via Alignments D and E.

The preferred system plan is shown in Figure 1 of the Executive Summary. As indicated, Alignments B, C, and E will consist of 150-foot wide preservation corridors for ultimate development of four-lane divided arterial facilities. Alignment A will be preserved as a two-lane collector facility using its existing right-of-way. Alignment D will be preserved as a two-lane collector facility with a 100-foot right-of-way.

Figure 14 provides a flow chart summary of how the relationships between key study process elements resulted in the preferred system plan.

Figure 14 – Process Flow Chart Summary

13.0 Corridor Preservation Implementation Plan

The implementation plan for the preferred East-West Corridor Study System Plan is focused on corridor preservation and has been developed in conformance with the existing plat review processes used by Dakota County and study area local units of government.

The corridor preservation approach for the East-West System Plan has been selected because it provides a very low cost method based on existing review mechanisms of preserving land for future development of the transportation system needed to serve this area of Dakota County. Limited funding availability and competing needs throughout the region are key reasons for the selection of corridor preservation as the selected approach for the East-West System Plan.

Preservation plan goals are summarized as follows:

- Preserve land for future important continuous arterial roadway facilities needed to support future land use conditions.
- Minimize taxpayer cost over the long-term by avoiding costly right-of-way acquisition of future developed property.
- Support an integrated approach to land use and transportation planning such that the development vision for the area can be fully realized in compatibility with the transportation system.
- Consensus on a preferred transportation system plan by all affected communities and agencies through comprehensive plan adoption.
- Ongoing commitment to the preferred transportation system plan through plat review activities by all affected local communities and Dakota County.

Preservation activity mechanisms, implications on current property owners, and risks are discussed below. Section 14.0 discusses steps beyond corridor preservation that may be considered.

13.1 Plat Review Mechanisms

13.1.1 Plat Review

The City of Farmington, the City of Lakeville, Empire Township, Eureka Township, and Dakota County actively utilize plat review responsibilities for development proposals. Plat review will be the key mechanism for preservation of the transportation system plan.

Plat review characteristics for Dakota County include the following.

- The Dakota County Board of Commissioners must approve all plats that are contiguous to a county road before a building permit is issued.
- The plat review is for factors of countywide significance for plats that are contiguous to existing and proposed county roads. Factors of countywide significance include:
 - Ingress and egress to and from county roads
 - Approach grade intersection with county roads

- Drainage
- Safety standards
- Right-of-way requirements of county roads
- Local road system integration with county road system
- Land use impact of development on county road system

13.2 Implications on Existing Property Owners/Land Use

Land use restrictions are a common, valid concern for property owners. For this reason, preservation plan implications on existing property owners/land use is summarized in the following bullet points:

- No impacts on existing use of land or property taxes.
- Land stays in private ownership with current land use until needs clearly arise.
- Development proposals/changes in current use may be subject to limitations in preservation areas.
- The preservation plan will typically be addressed with building permit application or plat review application.
- As the area nears maximum development build-out, land may be acquired through undeveloped areas to make critical roadway connections independent of the plat review process.

13.3 Risks

Exclusive use of the plat review process has some risks, especially for new alignments that do not follow existing section lines or other known survey control. As indicated previously, the system plan has 21 miles of future east-west roadway facility on new alignment and includes curves for transitions to avoid areas of impact.

Individual development plats can accommodate the 150-foot wide preservation corridors subject to review and approval of responsible agencies. Problems can occur as reviewers need to identify the alignment location for individual development plats over time with no definitive alignment information. The risk is that the aggregate preservation corridor may be disjointed, and the design of the future transportation system can be compromised.

14.0 Supplemental Steps Beyond Preservation Plan

14.1 Interim Use of Preservation Areas

Because of the long-term nature of the transportation system plan and the desire to preserve a 150-foot width continuously along three of the east-west corridors, interim use of these preservation corridors has been identified as a potential issue.

Dakota County currently provides direction on preservation areas on a case-by-case basis through its plat needs/plat review process working directly with developers and study area communities.

Given the magnitude of the system plan and the variability in facility sizing that may be warranted with the type of land use development that actually occurs and competing needs of other transportation modes that may develop (i.e., trails, transit, etc.), a list of potential corridor preservation plan treatments was developed.

- 1. Development plats will dedicate preservation corridor needs as directed through the plat review process.
- 2. Preservation areas may be used for landscaping, trails, and parking.
- 3. No building structures or major utilities should be allowed within the preservation area. Utility crossings of the preservation corridor may be allowed.
- 4. For corridors that may result in the need for a two-lane facility with 150 feet of corridor preservation width, implementation should be approached with flexibility in mind. For example, building a two-lane facility to one side of the right-of-way can allow efficient expansion to a four-lane facility. In addition, the reserved space adjacent to the two-lane facility can be effectively used for an interim use, such as landscaping, parking, trails, or transit, etc.
 - Such flexibility provides that two-lane roadway construction be designed such that four-lane expansion can be done in an efficient manner (i.e., build to one side of the row envelope).
 - The preservation corridor could be used for a variety of things that are compatible with an ultimate four-lane improvement plan: recreational trail, parking, site landscaping, berm area.
 - A number of things may be identified that would not be allowed: building structures, major utilities (crossings at right angles would be acceptable).
 - An access management guideline should be identified for system plan alignments to provide guidance for future development access.

14.2 Design Level Activities

It may be desirable to set the alignment of a preservation corridor for critical segments where development is being proposed and there is little known survey control information to assist in defining the preservation corridor. This may occur in the curve transition areas along proposed four-lane arterial facility alignments.

The goal should be to conduct enough preliminary design activities to set the centerline of the future facility from which offsets can be made to establish the preservation corridor envelope.

15.0 Future Functional/Jurisdictional Issues

As implementation of the preferred system plan progresses, functional and jurisdictional issues will need to be addressed. This will include the determination of the functional/jurisdictional classifications of the five proposed east-west alignments, as well as other roadways in the transportation system that may change function as new facilities are implemented.

Figure 2 in the Executive Summary shows one scenario of how functional classifications may change with the system plan inplace. The intent of this map is to show the magnitude of changes to the functional/jurisdictional classification system over time rather than a definitive functional plan of the roadway system.

As functional classifications are determined, the jurisdictional classifications of area roadways will need to be reviewed. Generally, Mn/DOT and Dakota County are responsible for arterials and some collector roads, while municipalities are responsible for collector roads and the local roadway system.

Functional/jurisdictional changes will be part of an ongoing transportation system plan management by Metropolitan Council, Mn/DOT, Dakota County and study area communities. Some of the potential functional/jurisdictional changes that are likely to be considered include:

- Turnback of County Road 9 (Dodd Road) from Dakota County to the City of Lakeville.
- Turnback of Highway 50 from Mn/DOT to Dakota County.
- Upgrade Highway 3 to principal arterial functional classification.
- Consider preferred system plan in the context of a future principal arterial study for southern edge of the metropolitan area. The need for this study has been identified and is on hold due to funding constraints. Based on planning guidelines of 3 to 6-mile spacing between principal arterials in developed areas, Alignments C or E may need to be considered as principal arterial candidates.

16.0 Next Steps

Preliminary engineering and environmental documents are needed, especially for new alignment segments where land use development is eminent, to ensure that land is reserved in the proper location for future roadway implementation.

That project partners continue to meet periodic basis to create and refine an implementation plan over time as development continues to occur and needs continue to evolve.

Dakota County will take the lead in more detailed study of Alignment C that currently includes five options for the transition segment between 185th Street and 195th Street.

As Alignment B is implemented, it is recommended that County Road 9 (Dodd Road) be considered for turnback from Dakota County to the City of Lakeville.

As Alignment E is implemented, it is recommended that Highway 50 be considered for turn back from Mn/DOT to Dakota County.

A change in the current preservation status of Highway 50 in correlation with the preferred system plan has also been considered. A change in the preservation status of Highway 50 would occur if it were upgraded to a principal arterial facility. Based on its current function, Mn/DOT does not expect a change in the status of this facility. Responsible agencies should monitor this facility in the future as development growth continues to occur, and the system plan is implemented.

It is recommended that Highway 3 be reclassified from a minor arterial to a principal arterial as part of the preferred system plan. This correlates with the Highway 3 Corridor Study that recommends right-of-way preservation for improvement to a four-lane divided facility.

All responsible agencies are requested to adopt the preferred system plan as part of plan updates and to continued commitment to goals of the study. As referenced earlier, the Cities of Farmington and Lakeville have passed a joint resolution in support of the preferred system plan. As development plats are submitted for review, all responsible agencies will need to consider more detailed alignment studies as necessary.

Access management guidelines should be identified for system plan alignments to provide guidance for future development access.

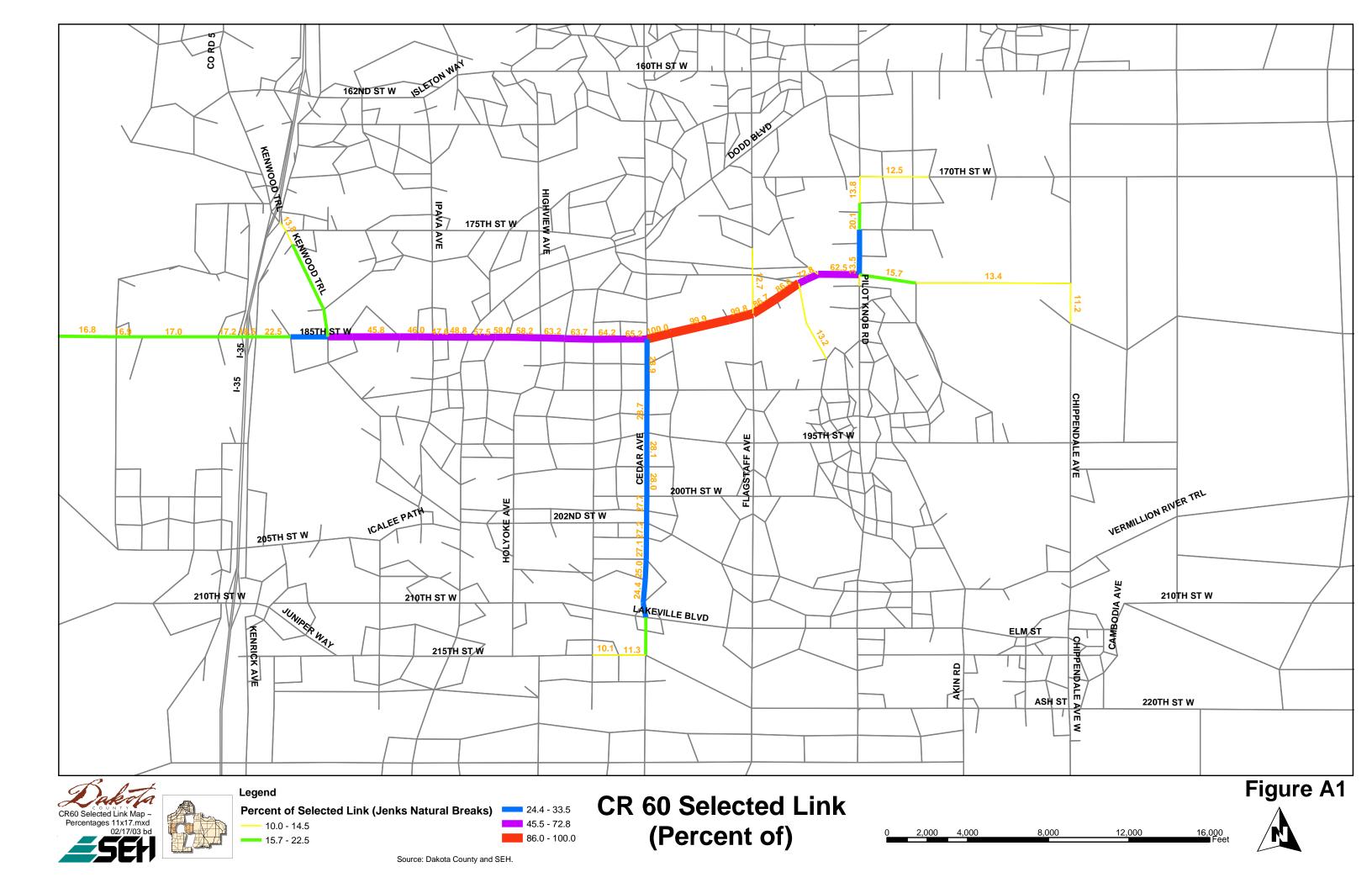
Local jurisdictions will continue to develop the local street system to provide additional street system continuity in compatibility with the preferred system plan.

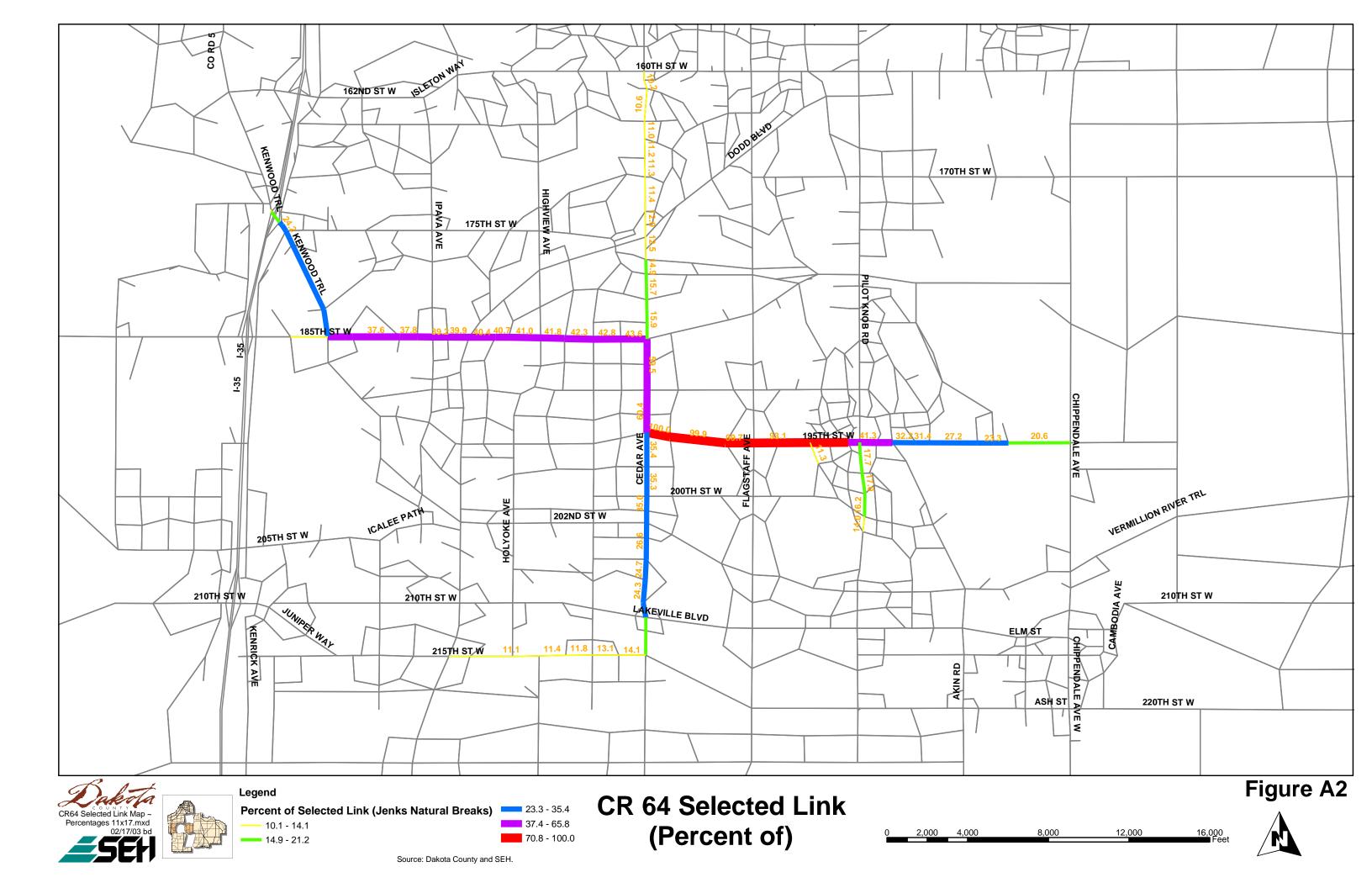
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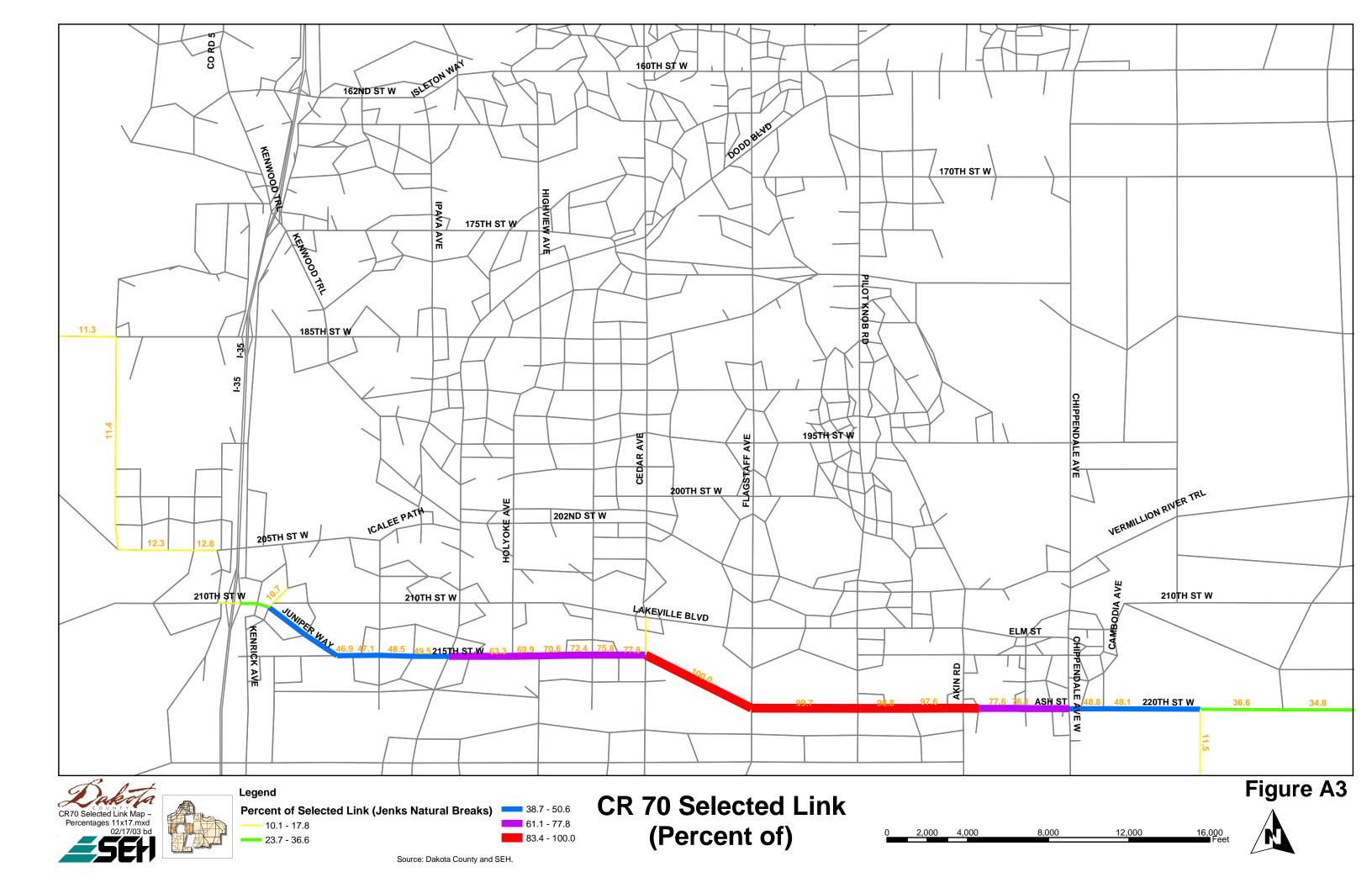
Appendix A

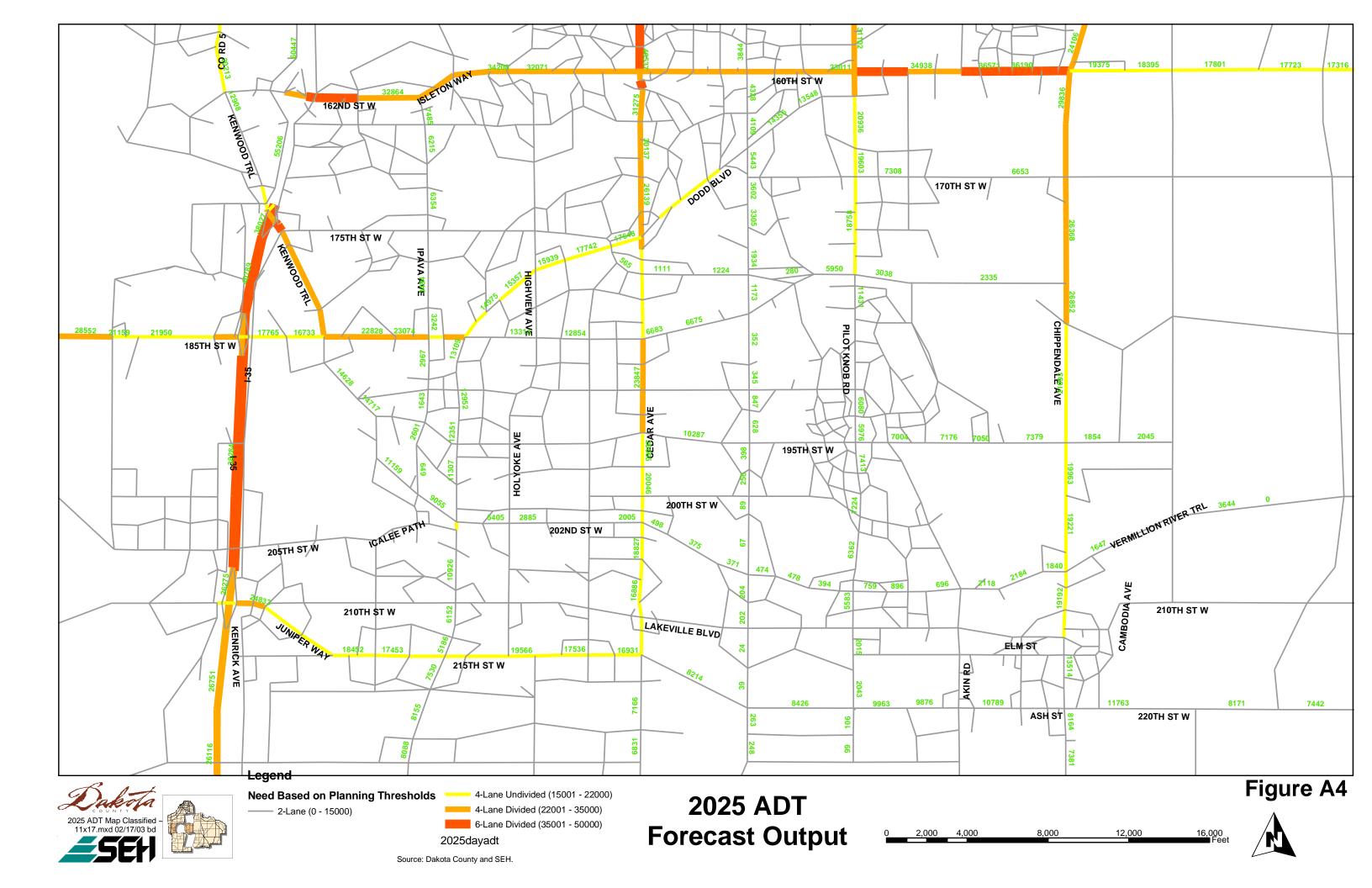
List of Figures and Table

Figure A1 – County Road 60 Selected Link Assignment Graphic Figure A2 – County Road 64 Selected Link Assignment Graphic Figure A3 – County Road 70 Selected Link Assignment Graphic Figure A4 – 2025 ADT Forecast Output Figure A5 – 2025 ADT Forecast Output from Crossroads and Seed/Genstar Developments Figure A6 – High Level Screenline Traffic Forecast Assessment Figure A7 – System Plan Scenario 1 Figure A8 – System Plan Scenario 2 Figure A9 – System Plan Scenario 3 Figure A10 – Opinion of Cost Improvement Assumptions Table A1 – Conceptual Construction Cost Estimate Summary









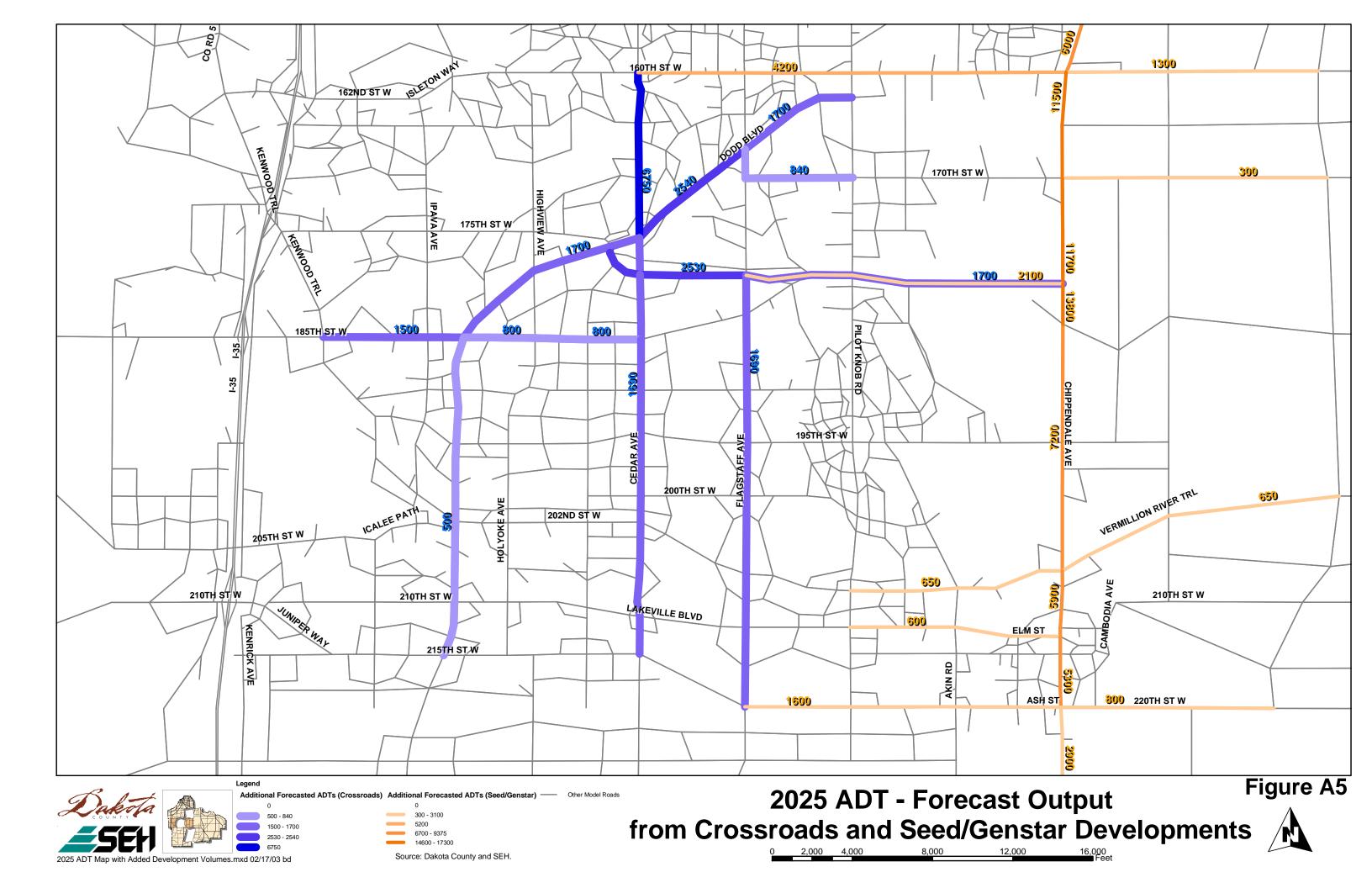
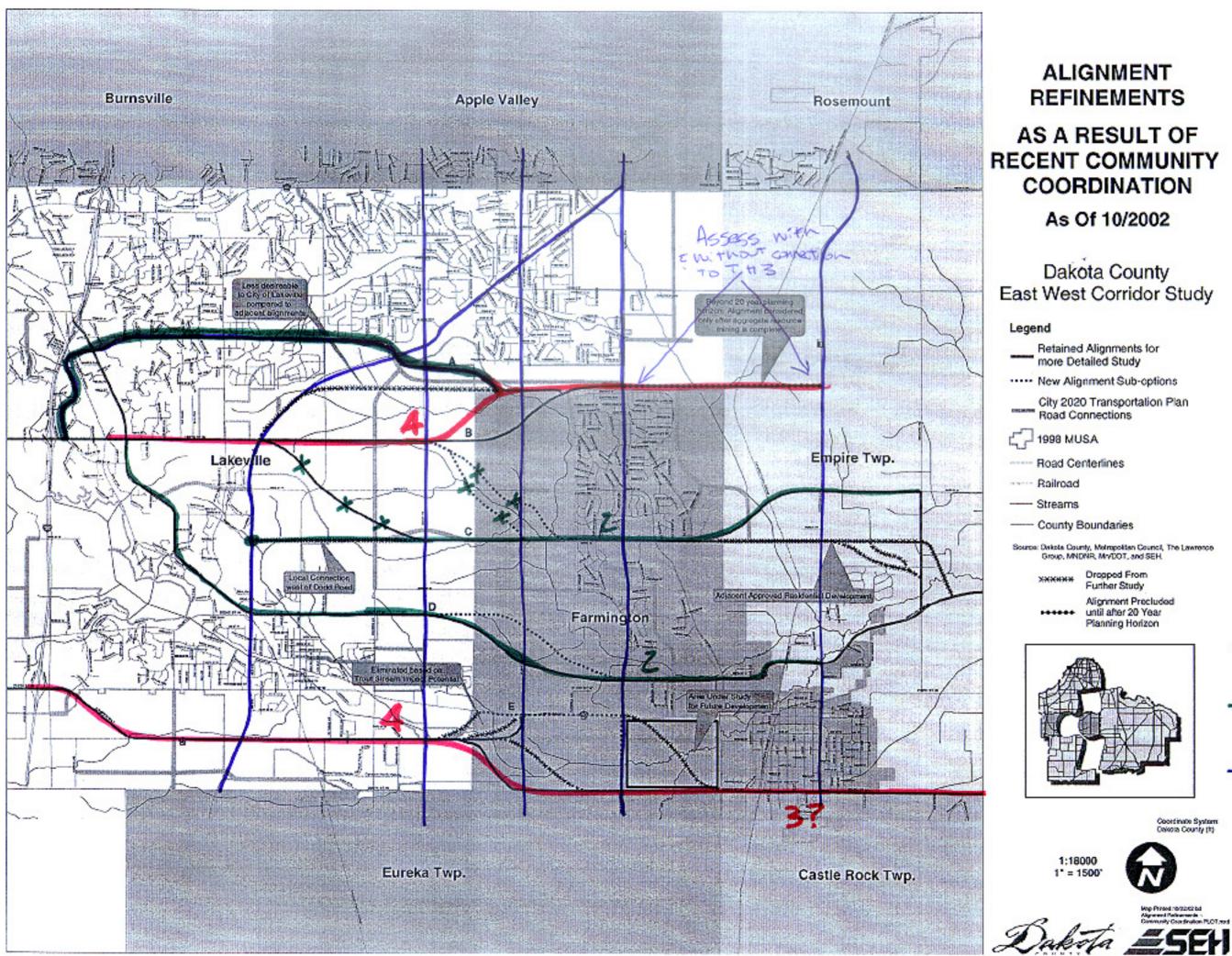


		Figure A6			
Dak	ota County		t Corrido	Study	
	H LEVEL SCREEN				
mgr	I LEVEL SCREEN		FURECASI ASSE	2991416141	
Location	2025 ADT West of Cedar Avenue	2025 ADT East of Cedar Avenue			
CR 46	38,613				
Dodd	19,348				
connector 175th	1,835	3,758			
connector	0	1,111			
connector	1.335	,			
Align B	13,166				
190th	340	803			
Align C	2,005				
connector	519				
connector	153				
Align D	2,005				
CR 50 Align E	3,210 16,931	,			
Total	10,931				
	100,027	33,130			
STEP 2: REPRESENTATIVE	ADT LANE CAPA	CITY			
Planning Level capacity Thresholds		Capacity	Lane Capacity		
	2 lane undivided	15,000			
	4 lane undivided	22,000			
	4 lane divided	35,000	8,750		
	6 lane divided	50,000			
Representative ADT lane capacity			7,250		
			D O		
STEP 3: SCREENLINE ASSE	SSMENT EAST-V	VEST LANE NEE	DS		
Lane Needs to serve capacity demand Lane Needs assuming Volume	14	14			
Forecast to capacity ration of 0.80 for design.	r 17	17			
STEP 4: NEEDS COMPARIS	ON WITH EXISTIN	G CONDITIONS	CURRENT SYST	EM PLAN SCEN	ARIOS
Location		Number of through lanes existing conditions	Number of through lanes System Plan Scenario 1	Number of through lanes System plan Scenario 2	Number of through lanes System Plan Scenario 3
CR 46		4			
Dodd		2			
connector					
175th		2	0	0	0
connector					
connector					
Align B 190th		0		2	4
Align C		0		4	2
connector		0	2	4	2
connector					
Align D		0	2	4	4
CR 50		4	4	4	4
Align E		0			
Total Projected Need		12	22	24	24
Comnparison with Need of					
16 Lanes based on		5 lane	5 lane	7 lane	7 lane
screenline assessment	1	deficiency	surplus	surplus	surplus



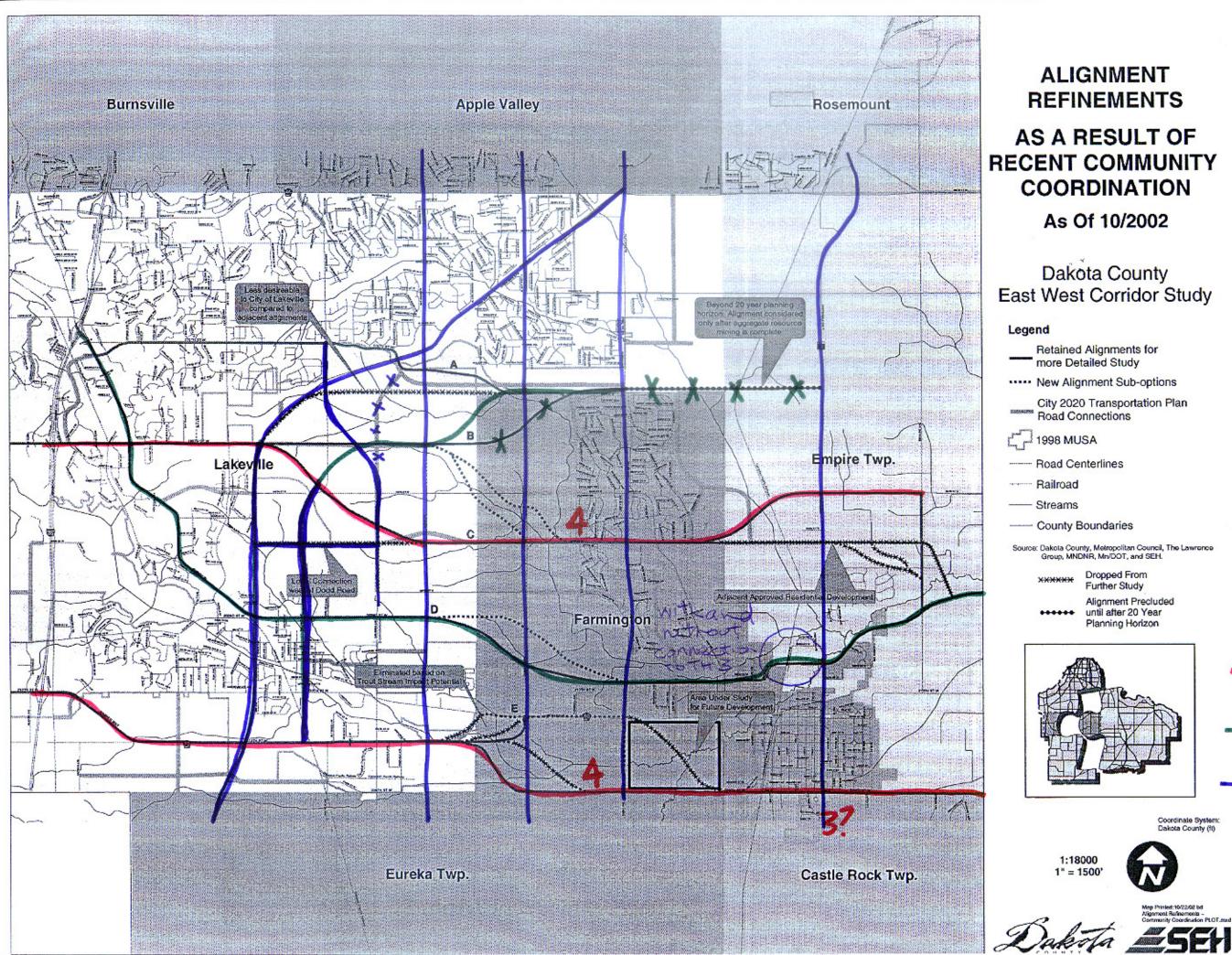
System Plan Scenario 1

Potential E-W Arterial - 4 lane

Potential E-W collector z lane

other important system routes

Figure A7



System Plan

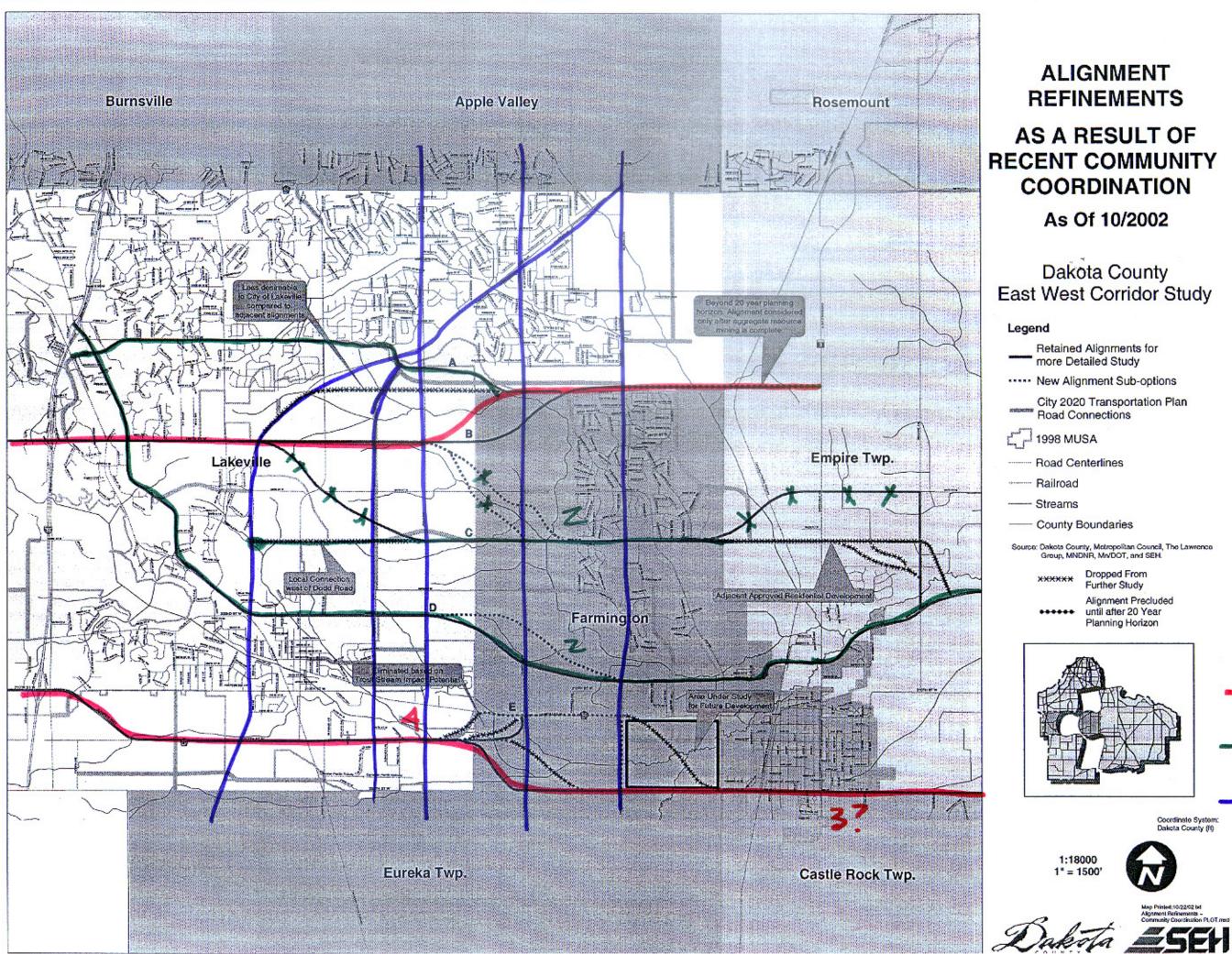
Scenario Z

Potential E.N Arterial 4-lake

Potential E-N collector Z lane

other important system rates

Figure A8



System Plah Scenario 3

Arterial 5-W Potential E-12 collector zlane other important system vortes

Figure A9

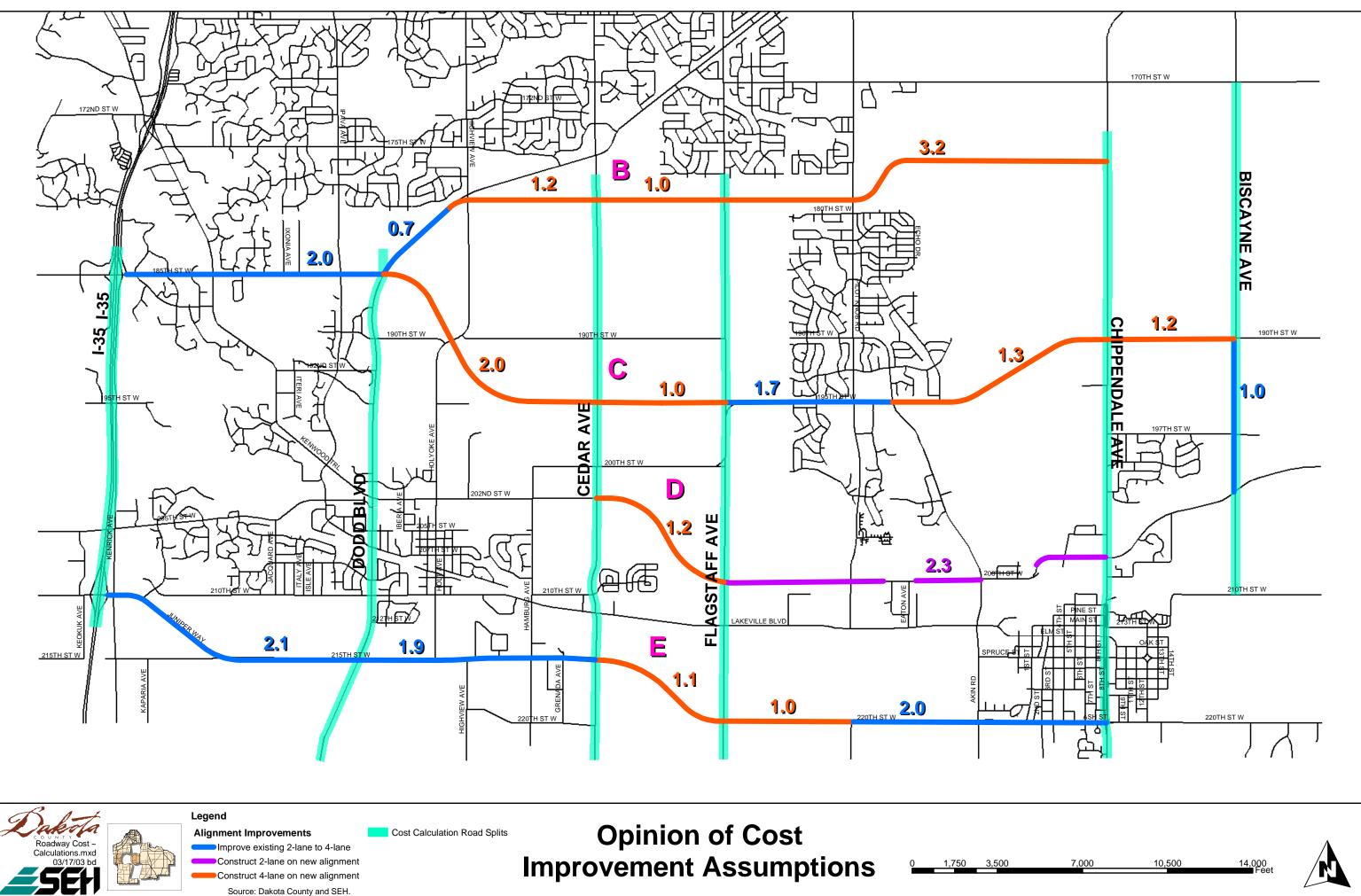


TABLE A1 DAKOTA COUNTY EAST WEST CORRIDOR STUDY PREFERRED SYSTEM PLAN CONCEPTUAL CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE SUMMARY*

Alignment Identifica	ation	I	3	(2	I)	1	E		А
Recommended Facil	lity Type	4 Lane Divi		4 Lane Divi		2 Lane Undi		4 Lane Div		Total Construction	
		Length(Miles)	Cost(2003 Millions of Dollars)**	Cost For Preferred System Plan	Maintain Existing Facility						
I	I-35 to Dodd Road										
	Improve Existing Facility	2.0	\$3.9	0.0	\$0.0	0	\$0.0	2.1	\$4.1	\$7.9	
	Construct New Alignment	0.0	\$0.0	0.0	\$0.0	0	\$0.0	0	\$0.0	\$0.0	
	Dodd Road to Cedar Avenue										
	Improve Existing Facility	0.7	\$1.4	0.0	\$0.0	0	\$0.0	1.9	\$3.7	\$5.0	
	Construct New Alignment	1.2	\$4.6	2.0	\$7.7	0	\$0.0	0	\$0.0	\$12.3	
Segment/	Cedar Avenue to Flagstaff Avenue										
Improvement	Improve Existing Facility	0.0	\$0.0	0.0	\$0.0	0	\$0.0	0	\$0.0	\$0.0	
Condition	Construct New Alignment	1.0	\$3.9	1.0	\$3.9	1.2	\$2.5	1.1	\$4.2	\$14.4	No Cost Extimate Associate with Alignment A-
	Flagstaff Avenue to Highway 3										175th Street to be preserved as two lane facility.
	Improve Existing Facility	0.0	\$0.0	1.7	\$3.3	0	\$0.0	2	\$3.9	\$7.1	
	Construct New Alignment	3.2	\$12.3	1.3	\$5.0	2.3	\$4.7	1	\$3.9	\$25.9	
	Bridge Structures***		\$4.4		\$6.9		\$1.7		\$2.2	\$15.2	
	Highway 3 to Biscayne Avenue										
	Improve Existing Facility	0.0	\$0.0	0.0	\$0.0	0	\$0.0	0	\$0.0	\$0.0	
	Construct New Alignment	0.0	\$0.0	1.2	\$4.6	0	\$0.0	0	\$0.0	\$4.6	
	Totals	8.1	\$30.4	7.2	\$31.4	3.5	\$8.9	8.1	\$21.9	\$92.5	
Representative Cos	t Per Mile (2003 Millions Dollars)	\$3.		\$4.		\$2			.70	ψ	

* Does not include right-of-way acquisition costs, major wetland mitigation, major drainage elements/ponds, major utility relocations, retaining walls, traffic control signals.

Assumes rural-type construction (no curb and gutter).

** Unit Cost Derived using Mn/DOT LWD Method assuming 8" pavement and 6" shoulders.		2003 Representative Construction Cost Per Mile (2003 Millions of Dollars)							
	Widen Existing Two lane to Four Lane Facility	\$1.9	3						
	Construct Two Lane Facility on New Alignment	\$2.0	5						
	Construct Four Lane Facility on New Alignment	\$3.8	5						
		Alignment		Assuumed Bridge Leng (feet)	th Assumed Bridge Widt (Feet)			Unit Cost (2003 Dollars Per	
	Assume one structure on each alignment for combined River/ Railroad	Alignment	Assume 500' long crossing of Vermillion River to avoid trout stream and 100' crossing		(reel)	Area (Square Fee	et)	Square Foot) C	Cost(2003 Millions of Dollars)
*** Bridge Structure Cos			of railroad.		00	86	51,600	\$85	\$4.39
		С	Assume combined Bridge Crossing of River and Railroad	9	50	86	81,700	\$85	\$6.94
		D	Assume 400 foot crossing of river to avoid trout stream impacts and 100' railroad crossing.	5	00	40	20,000	\$85	\$1.70
		E	Assume 300 foot crossing of River, Railroad Crossing remains at-grade.		00	86	25,800	\$85	\$2.19

Appendix B

City of Lakeville/Farmington Joint Resolution Dakota County Board of Commissioners Adoption of East-West Corridor Study Comment Cards

CITY OF LAKEVILLE AND CITY OF FARMINGTON RESOLUTION

CITY OF LAKEVILLE

DATE _____April 7, 2003 RESOLUTION NO. ____03-60 MOTION BY _____Rieb _____SECONDED BY _____Wulff CITY OF FARMINGTON

DATE April 7, 2003

MOTION BY Soderberg

	and ton		
I	RESOLUTION NO.	R23-03	
5	SECONDED BY	Fogarty	1

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, the City Councils and staff representatives of the cities of Lakeville and Farmington have reviewed the proposed Corridors B, C, D, E identified in the Dakota County East West Corridor Study located in the cities of Lakeville and Farmington during a joint meeting held on March 10, 2003; and

WHEREAS, the cities of Lakeville and Farmington have concluded that the proposed -corridors B, C, D, E are generally consistent with their respective Transportation or Thoroughfare Plans for the cities of Lakeville and Farmington; and

WHEREAS, the cities of Lakeville and Farmington further support the following positions or clarifications regarding the proposed corridors:

Corridor B

The City of Lakeville does not support the extension of Corridor B east of the Lakeville City Limits until the mining activities in Lakeville and the adjacent areas in Empire Township have been completed.

Based on the County's 2025 Traffic Forecasts, Corridor B would appear to be more appropriately classified as a Major Collector rather than a Minor Arterial and thus 100 feet of proposed right-of-way plus additional 10 foot trail easements from Cedar Avenue to Pilot Knob Road would be sufficient. The City of Lakeville would consider acceptance of the turn-back of Dodd Boulevard from Cedar Avenue to Pilot Knob Road contingent on it being upgraded to a three-lane roadway from Gerdine Avenue to Pilot Knob Road.

The City of Farmington asserts the necessity of several future connections from developments in the City of Farmington through Lakeville to Corridor B.

Corridor C

The cities of Lakeville and Farmington support the potential designation of Corridor C as a Minor Arterial and with a four-lane divided roadway design and concur that the transition of the alignment of the Corridor C alignment at 185th Street on the east to 195th Street should occur in the area identified as the Study Area on the Lakeville / Farmington – Work Session – Planned Land Use Map.

Corridor D

The cities of Lakeville and Farmington support the potential future designation of Corridor D as a Collector and acknowledge that this corridor would remain a city streat in both cities.

Corridor E

The cities of Lakeville and Farmington support the Corridor E (Ash Street) alignment to be constructed as a three-lane roadway between Denmark and TH 3 as an interim design until such time that traffic volumes indicate the necessity of four lanes and Dakota County programs further improvements to the roadway. Further the cities of Lakeville and Farmington support long-range consideration of the designation of Corridor E as an Arterial.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Lakeville City Council and Farmington City Council support the Dakota County East-West Corridor Study as prepared subject to the positions and clarifications contained in this resolution.

APPROVED AND ADOPTED this day 7th of April , 2003.

CITY OF LAKEVILLE

Robert Johnson, Mayor

Charlene Friedges

APPROVED AND ADOPTED this day 2th of Cipric 2003.

CITY OF FARMINGTON

By: _ ald 0 Mayor Attested to the 107 day of Ceril 2003 **Oity Administrator**

STATE OF MINNESOTA)

CITY OF LAKEVILLE

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. <u>03-60</u> is a true and correct copy of the resolution presented to and adopted by the City Council of the City of Lakeville at a duly authorized meeting thereof held on the <u>7th</u> day of <u>April</u> 2003, as shown by the minutes of said meeting in my possession.

Charlene Friedges City Clerk

(SEAL)

STATE OF MINNESOTA)

CITY OF FARMINGTON

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. $\frac{1}{223-03}$ is a true and correct copy of the resolution presented to and adopted by the City Council of the City of Farmington at a duly authorized meeting thereof held on the $\frac{2^{+1}}{2^{+1}}$ day of $\frac{2^{-1}}{2^{-1}}$ 2003, as shown by the minutes of said meeting in my possession.

City Cler

(SEAL)

- MAY, 29, 2003 9:18AM

DAKOTA COUNTY PHYS DEV ADMIN

NO. 7393 P. 2

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA

May 20, 2003

Motion by Commissioner Turner

Resolution No. 03-285 Second by Commissioner Harris

Adoption of East West Corridor Study

WHEREAS, the Dakota County East West Corridor Study is a transportation sub-area study to identify future eastwest local and County roadway system alignments in the City of Farmington, the City of Lakeville, and Empire Township between I-35 and Trunk Highway 3; and

WHEREAS, on August 6, 2001, Dakota County entered into an agreement with Short Elliott Hendrickson Inc. to provide consultant planning services to develop and implement a public participation process, facilitate technical advisory committee functions, assist in identifying and evaluating potential roadway system alignments, and develop a final study report and implementation plan; and

WHEREAS, the East West Corridor Study has been completed as directed by the Dakota County Board of Commissioners; and

WHEREAS, representatives of Dakota County, Empire Township, City of Farmington, City of Lakeville, Metropolitan Council, the Minnesola Department of Transportation, and Scott County have participated as members of a technical advisory committee and have reviewed study findings and recommendations; and

WHEREAS, the City of Farmington and the City of Lakeville have signed a joint resolution supporting the Dakota County East-West Corridor Study as prepared, subject to positions and clarifications contained within said resolution.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the Dakota County Board of Commissioners hereby adopts the Dakota County East West Corridor Study as presented to the Physical Development Committee of the Whole on May 13, 2003.

STATE OF MINNESOTA

County of D	Jakota		
	YES		NO
Harris	X	Harris	
Gaylord	_ <u>X</u>	Gaylord	
Balaglia	Absent	Bataglia	
Schouweller	X	Schouweller	
Turner	X	Turner	
Krause	x	Krause	
Branning	x	Branning	

I, Mary S. Scheide, Clerk to the Board of the County of Dakota, State of Minnesola, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing copy of a resolution with the original minutes of the proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners, Dakota County, Minnesota, at their session held on the 20th day of May 2003, now on file in the County Administration Department, and have found the same to be a true and correct copy thereof.

Witness my hand and official seal of Dakota County this 23rd day of May 2003.

Mary J

October Open House

Dakota County East-West Corridor Study **October Open House** 1599 Name: Address: City/State/Zip: Phone: I think it's a mistake to examine ESOW Comments: in this area of Dakota and not include a segment 10 52. while having the cooridar required for a minor and the tion B for an E-W rante, falls short I mo by best Potential stopping is nots Considering the Egilman tacq. costs in th 3 Johan A 66 (a Corr. has always made sense as a minor, 70 pricipal Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House 1344 Name: Address: City/State/Zip: Phone: Comments: believe the 185 th St/195 th St WOWL LOR priority oulv between Chinesendale & +1105 teritare Development not raving lots pading up to DINCE in order neve apt course lots us ots bading we to a The 2nd priority would be (E) road. This way there 2 option would divide things equal south 0F 160th St

Dakota 1349	Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House
Name:	
Address:	
City/State/Zip:	
Phone:	
Comments:	I am concerned with Option D which would soute
trathic	m 201th St. to which our backyard is adjoned.
we have	under 2) (under
as a dead	end and school zone, exceed levels that O am comfortable
_ with. H	This becomes the option of choice, I will push husband
to more +	This becomes the option of choice. I will push husband pessibly out of the tarmington district. I do not want to live thoroughtare.
is the second second	"a a regi, nec.
Dakota	Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House
1349	
Name:	
Address:	
City/State/Zip:	
Phone:	
Comments:	THE EASTEAN ALTERNATIVE NEW ALIGNMENT WHICH WOULD
RUN FROM 1857	4. ST. TO 195TH. ST. IN THE AREA WHERE IT GROSSES 190TH. ST.
+ FLAGSTAFF AV	E. WOULD BE IN THE BACKYARD OF 5 HOMES & LOOKS ON THE
MAP AS IF IT RU	INS RIGHT OVER AT LEAST 3 OF THOSE HOMES,

Sakeville Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House 1844 Name: Address: City/State/Zip: Phone: For 1755 live - houses Comments: 7 IN NO lead 20 1 M Spil MA a here main wus DSO ta Wohn Q who 00 schools ementary. MARY WIA WO he incred 10 fron (SSUR) MANY , a 0 long UG Safe 61 Lakeville Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House 1349 Name: Address: City/State/Zip: Phone: Comments: les

Lakeville Dakota County East-West Corridor Study **October Open House** 1849 Name: Address: City/State/Zip: Phone: Comments: we have to have & lanes on 1859 median please make it attractive Lakeville Dakota County East-West Corridor Study **October Open House** 1844 to Kenwood arge 50 Name: 35 i-change Address: 60 i-change still bad City/State/Zip: Not makes most sense Phone: 46!!! TH 3/ O Signal at Comments:

Dakota 1349	Lateville Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House
Name:	
Address:	
City/State/Zip:	
Phone:	
Comments:	Argument E - 70 to SO E of
they 3	makes good sense
_ Chohage	the name of 70 to 50.
- Keep on	planning-very important
the Blignment	B recommend thist connection the
Etto INE 20	such to connect to pligh C thing Del
Dakota	Lateville Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House
Name:	
Address:	
City/State/Zip:	
Phone:	I had all later a in my we do not
Comments:	We lived along 195th for 12 years. We do not
	th is a good choice as a major arterial due to sidential. In our opinion, 185th seems a more
Viable optio	
vice opero	

Lakeville Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House . To ditch r/w wetland issue near(s) of new HS(N) of Name: drainage issues/easements clean out Address: · 74 extend beyond Dodd to Cedar, City/State/Zip: · purchasing/paying for property (when Phone: · purchase The new through Comments: ind · 86-15-35 notes from Scott P. Labeville Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House 1844 Name: Address: City/State/Zip: Phone: the hipe salk was created running along Comments: along north I are concerned the exiting + Aug Property. our prope to more ould Dany more cereeble) the newer connection at Nor Huy 50 to homes Johns 175th what about the Delementary schools along that strip and the say of children? The 125th Strip is very voisy at the present time

Lakeville Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House Name: Address: City/State/Zip: Phone: Comments: Plesse Consider as A doccine road Dorders 18042 Fransmith duce it plandy G Bamentin perit to & the Tunsh, AT Bord do put would al a medicing with a dow 1802 clase Enters would be a quick theme the & turn - 13 reand for people who used a where frem of Bilot Knob- gloce the ross further north in the equiculation field. Thentify it was to coming redsalental - harmon build up to with 0 kulting coul an ace is nest to to be non pl a ~ Thereas reconnect orea. Othat need Ø there. Topak you. I - housing begin addetaint information. of anau SCOTT PETERS DAKOTA COUNTY OFFICE OF PLANNING PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT DIVISION 14955 GALAXIE AVENUE APPLE VALLEY MN 55124

Dakota	U Dakota County East-West Corrido October Open House	r Study
Name:		
Address:		
City/State/Zip:		
Phone:		
Comments:	Ighijew go stericht To 1951 street 1951 street go weet To 1	No.eth Should highview
		,

	Farming ton
Dakota	Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House
Name:	
Address:	
City/State/Zip:	
Phone:	
Comments:	REWE B IS NEEDED SOON WITH A COMMETION AFEW YEARS BEHIND
to C	AFEW YEARS BEHOND

Dukata 1349	Jarmington Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House	
Name:		-
Address:		_
City/State/Zip:		
Phone:		_
Comments:	"D" ROUTE SEEMS TO BE THE	
Bist	ROUTE TO CONCENTRATE ON AND	
UNLIKE	"C", IT GAN CONNECT 35 + 52. 5!	
TAAA K	<u>s!'</u>	

Dukota	Jarmington Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House
Name:	
Address:	
City/State/Zip:	
Phone:	
Comments:	140 ST & FLAGSTAFF ALTERNATES WILL
TAKE SQ	VERAL HOMES, ARE IN A FLOUP PLAIN
AND ANE	NOT DESIKEABLE.

	Farmington
Dakota 1849	Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House
Name:	
Address:	
City/State/Zip:	
Phone:	
Comments:	East-west conidor conditation between
_ county an	l'a Vected comminties is desirable -
	understandable although it will be
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190th are	not acceptable - they would involve
too hang b onvironne	rouses and landowners as well as being

Dukota 1349 Name:	Hw Dakota County East-West Corrid October Open House	nington or Study	
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City/State/Zip:			
Phone:			
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	be a mix of road ways		
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<u>need</u> to be CrossRoads	at least one direct road	way with I	lonoted
Dakota 1349 Name:	Dakota County East-West Corrido October Open House	formington or Study	
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Address: City/State/Zip: Phone:	Dakota County East-West Corrido October Open House	or Studý	addhoss

Peters, Scott

From:

Sent: Saturday, November 16, 2002 9:02 AM

To: scott.peters@co.dakota.mn.us

Subject: east/west corridor study

16 November 2002

Dear Mr. Peters,

I am writing in response to the information that my husband and I received at the October meeting in Lakeville. We have been talking about the potential routes that the County is considering for future roads. Here are our comments:

1)The expansion of 185th Street (route C) seems the most useful and logical given the development in Scott County. We would use this route if it were available.

 The development of Co. Rte 70 is also a good idea given the way the south part of Lakeville is developing.

3)We use Co. Rte. 50 a lot to get to Farmington. Co. 50 needs to be realigned to get around downtown Farmington to get to Highway 3. 4)We use 175th St. to get to the Interstate 35 junction, and to the shops in that area (Fleet Farm, the dentist, etc.) Connecting 175th to Co. 3 doesn't make much sense since Co 46 is so close by. Reconfiguring the junction of Hwys 35, 50 and 5 is really necessary to fix that"disfunction junction!"

Please let us know of any further meetings or if you would like us to give any further input. The best best way to reach us is:

11/18/02

Scott Peters Dakota County Office of Planning Physical Development Division 14955 Galaxie Avenue Apple Valley MN 551241

Dear Scott Peters:

The purpose of this letter is to raise some concerns and provide an alternative to the proposed extension of Co.Rd. 70 to 220th St. West/Ash St. (Plan E). My main objection to this proposal is the routing of traffic down Ash St. in the town of Farmington. Ash St. is a mostly residential area of Farmington, with the majority of houses built in the 1950's and 60's. Farmington Elementary 's schoolyard borders Ash St. Also Saint Michael's Catholic Church is at the corner of Denmark and Ash St. The only business buildings on Ash St. are Dakota County Electric, whose building is set back from the street, and its parking lot is shielded from residences by an earthen berm. There is also a Uof M extension office, and of course the county fairgrounds, which lends a park like feel to the 3rd and Ash St. area.

I feel transportation needs would be better served by a connection of Co.Rd. 70 to 225th eastward to re-connect with Hwy. 50 1 to 2 miles east of Hwy. 3. In the notice that was mailed to my house, it speaks of "accommodates mobility needs into the future" and the need to "preserve east-west roadway corridors now before development patterns limit the range of roadway improvements connections that can be feasibly considered". I submit that by building a by-pass around Farmington via 225th St. you will be accommodating mobility needs into the future. Building free flowing county roads only to funnel them through choke points does not do the traveling public any favors, nor does it benefit the residents of Farmington and Castle Rock Township that live on Ash St. This street is already used at very high rates during the morning/evening rush hours and by truck traffic during the workday. Make no mistake about it; this will be a truck route connecting Hwy.52 to the Farmington/Airlake industrial parks and commercial activities along 1-35.

The planning Offices' desire to preserve east-west corridors before development patterns limit options is an admirable goal. Unfortunately that time has past for the Ash St. section of Plan E. By building the road south of Farmington via 225th St. West you would be fulfilling the goal of planning a roadway "before development pattern limit your options".



DAKOTA COUNTY SOIL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Dakota County Extension and Conservation Center 4100 220[®] Street West, Suite 102 Farmington, MN 55024 Phone: (651) 480-7777 FAX: (651) 480-7775

DATE:	April 3, 2002
TO:	Kristine Elwood, Transportation
	John Mertens, Office of Planning
FROM:	Brian Watson, SWCD
	David Holmen, SWCD
RE:	Potential Natural Resource Impacts

East West Cross County Corridor Study

Thanks for meeting with our office to discuss the East West County Cross County Corridor Study south of County Road 46. We have reviewed the potential impacts to natural resources within the study area based on the five recommended connectors from the August 8, 2002 memo provided. Potential adverse impacts to wetlands and other natural resources along with recommendations to reduce impacts are summarized below.

175th Street from I-35 on the west to Highway 3 on the east

Potential Impacts: 1.) Alignment within Transportation Department's wetland restoration project and wetland bank 2.) North Creek Vermillion River and adjacent wetlands 3.) Wetland located at Highway 3 terminus.

Natural Resources: Dakota County created a wetland to offset impacts associated with improvements to CSAH 31 and excess acres will be used for future wetland replacement needs. This 16-acre restored wetland is located in Lakeville adjacent to North Creek Vermillion River just north of the Farmington City limits. North Creek is a designated DNR Protected Watercourse, an important greenway corridor for the Vermillion River Watershed, and includes a wet meadow wetland (Type 2) with high floral diversity that has been identified on the County Biological Survey at this location. There also is a wetland located just east of Highway 3.

Recommendations: 1.) Evaluate the option of shifting the road to the north of the Transportation Department's 16-acre wetland (Apple Valley Compost Facility) and connecting roadway with future collectors from CSAH 58. Reestablishing roadway to connect with Hwy 3 may create a better skew at railroad crossing and at Hwy 3 terminus to avoid wetland. 2.) Evaluate shown alignment option that would best avoid Transportation Departments 16-acre restored wetland, the storm water pond for Dakota Estates Development, and the wet meadow shown on County Biological survey (Field review would be needed to locate. 3.) Bridge North Creek if feasible as it is an important greenway corridor within the County. This option may also avoid impacting the adjacent high quality wetland on the County Biological Survey once field located.

CSAH 60 (185th Street) from Scott County 21 on the west to Highway 3 on the east

Potential Impacts: 1.) Small wetlands scattered along existing 185th Street in Lakeville 2.) Wooded area and wetlands just cast of Dodd Boulevard 3.) Unnamed creek located east of Flagstaff Avenue.

Natural Resources: There are several small wetlands located near the r/w of existing 185th street from 1-35 east to Dodd Boulevard. There also appears to be (Field review needed) some wetland areas east of Dodd Boulevard scattered among a large tract of woods. The creek east of Flagstaff is a DNR Protected Watercourse. **Recommendations:** 1.) Keeping 185th Street primarily on the half-section line east of Dodd Boulevard to connect with 175th Street would appear to have the least amount of wetland impact. Minor skews may be needed. 2.) Moving 185 Street to the south at Dodd Boulevard to connect with CSAH 64 would likely involve a greater amount of wetland impact for the first half-mile. Additional evaluation is needed to determine actual extent of wetland 3.) The DNR Watercourse located east of Flagstaff currently has limited flow and adjacent wetland areas due to agricultural drainage but flow will increase significantly as upstream area develops 4.) Alignment may provide wetland restoration opportunities for the Transportation Department to consider due to presence of hydric soils near Dodd Avenue and Flagstaff Avenue

 County Road 64 in Farmington (195th Street) making connection to CSAH 50 on the west and making connection to County Road 66 to Highway 52 on the east

Potential Impacts: 1.) Unnamed Creek East of Dodd Avenue 2.) Wetland between Dodd Boulevard and Holyoke Avenue 3.) Small wetlands scattered along half-section line 4.) Wetland located west of Flagstaff Avenue prior to connection with existing 195th Street. 5.) North Creek and adjacent wetlands 6.) Vermillion River and adjacent floodplain forest.

Natural Resources: The unnamed Creek East of Dodd Avenue is a DNR Protected watercourse (however it is currently drained for crop production). There is a wetland located just north of the half section line between Dodd Boulevard and Holyoke Avenue and several smaller wetlands scattered along the vicinity of proposed alignment. There also is a wetland located north of the half section line just west of Flagstaff Avenue. Both the North Branch and Vermillion River are designated DNR Protected Watercourses.

Recommendations: 1.) Due to current agricultural practices within and along DNR Protected watercourse at Dodd Boulevard limited wetland impacts would occur to this creek – however there may be restoration potential. 2.) Moderate to minor skews along half section line should minimize or avoid wetlands throughout new roadway sections. 2.) Bridge North Creek as it is an important greenway corridor. Again, this option would also reduce impacts to adjacent wetland and should be evaluated in association with railroad crossing. One bridge located at shortest distance between railroad and wetland, as proposed alignment indicates, may be a feasible alternative. 3.) Connection to County Road 66 should be from existing roadway alignment (Biseayne Avenue) rather than establishing new Vernillion River Crossing through the Met Council property and floodplain forest.

County Road 64 in Lakeville or 202^{od} Street connecting to I-35 via CSAH 50 on the west and with a new alignment connecting to CSAH 66 on the cast

Potential Impacts: 1.) Wetlands located adjacent to Middle Creek between Flagstaff Avenue and Denmark Avenue 2.) Vermillion River at County Road 66.

Natural Resources: There is a large wetland complex associated with Middle Creek that would be involved in this proposed alignment. Middle Creek is a DNR Protected Watercourse as is the Vermillion River at County Road 66. Floodplain wetlands adjacent to Vermillion River

Recommendations: 1.) This is a very difficult alignment and would appear to be nearly impossible to avoid wetlands between Flagstaff Avenue and Denmark Avenue. 2.) A wetland delineation and subsequent field survey should be completed as early as possible if this alignment is a strong consideration so better accuracy can be obtained. 3.) Skews to the roadway should be evaluated to avoid wetlands but subsequent property and business conflicts are likely. 4.) Bridge Vermillion River and adjacent wetlands at County Road 66 to extent feasible 5.) The City of Farmington has continued to discuss the potential of holding water future water flow on Middle Creek by using CSAH 31 as a berm due to residential flooding east of Denmark Avenue. This status of this should be evaluated to determine potential impacts to proposed roadway corridor.

CSAH 70 connecting to Scott County 8 on the west and connecting to State Highway 50 and 52 on the east

Potential Impacts: 1.) South Creek and adjacent wetlands east of Cedar 2.) Wetlands associated with connection from State Highway 50 to proposed CSAH 64 alignment 3.) Two unnamed creeks and adjacent wetlands east of Cedar Avenue 4.) Vermillion River and adjacent wetlands

Natural Resources: South Creek is a DNR Protected Watercourse and a designated trout stream. Wetlands are located west of Denmark Avenue and north of State Hwy 50 (behind Enron). Two unnamed creeks are DNR Protected Watercourses and designated trout streams. There also may be a limited amount of wetland adjacent to these creeks between Cedar Avenue and connection to CSAH 74.

Recommendations: 1.) Transportation Department participated in moving and restoring South Creek (trout stream) as part of the Cedar Avenue improvements in 2000. Impacts should be greatly reduced and any skews to the north to connect with State Highway 50 should occur beyond the area where the stream improvements occurred 2.) Connection to State Highway 50 or to CSAH 74 will both involve unnamed creek crossings and designated trout streams. However, there are little if any adjacent wetlands and no suitable alternatives that would appear to avoid these crossings (it is interesting to note that DNR Protected Waters Inventory map from 1996 shows the future extension of CSAH 70 to State Highway 50 across two designated trout streams 3.) Routing to CSAH 74 would involve crossing the Vermillion River (trout stream section) but would occur on existing 220th Street. 4.) Routing State Highway 50 to connect with future CSAH 64 will involve considerable wetland impacts near Denmark and use of existing CSAH 31 or Denmark Avenue to make connections should be evaluated.

Summary: The major natural resource issue associated with East West Cross County Corridor connections is the numerous stream crossings over the Vermillion River and tributaries. Use of existing roadways were available should be evaluated to the extent feasible. Bridges that span shortest distances over wetlands and streams should also be evaluated at North Creek and Vermillion River crossings to keep these large greenway corridors open and "free flowing" to the extent possible. Sensitivity to troot issues will need to be evaluated during the design of CSAH 70 connection and actual construction. Skews that avoid wetlands and minimize impacts can hopefully be incorporated on all collector streets where speed limits are reduced and on minor arterial to the extent feasible and within standards. Keeping rondways on straight half-section or section lines will increase wetland impacts. Wetland delineations and field reviews will further refine wetland locations and identify the quality of natural areas through study area. There appears to be good opportunities for the Transportation Department to conduct wetland restoration projects to offset associated if considered necessary and willing landowners are encountered.

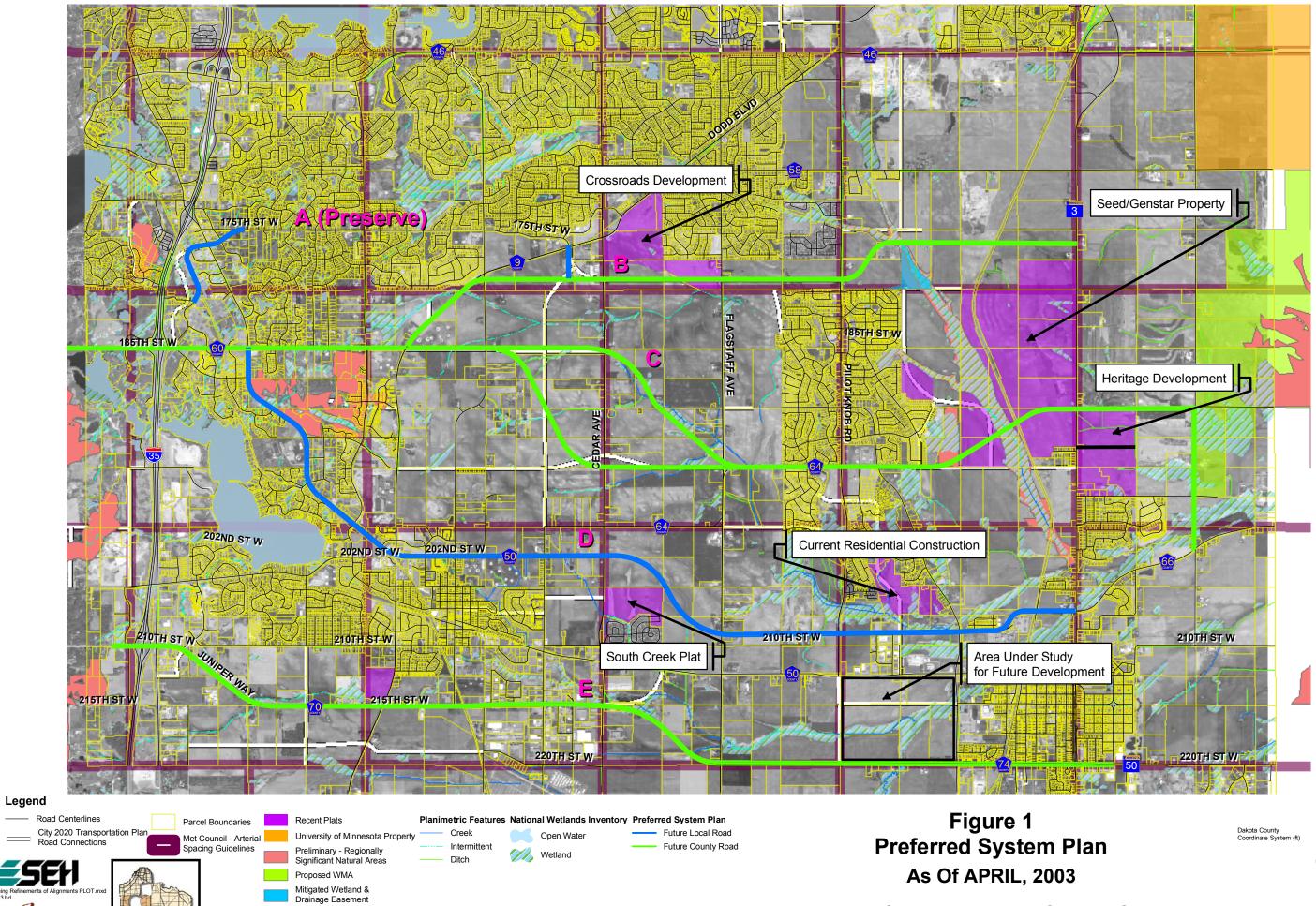
April Open House

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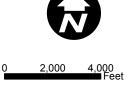
Dakota	Dakota County East-West Corridor Study
Name:	
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Comments:	The county when they build roads
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Like The	Town and range survey system was
designed	TO do DON'T build roads Like The
European	s1

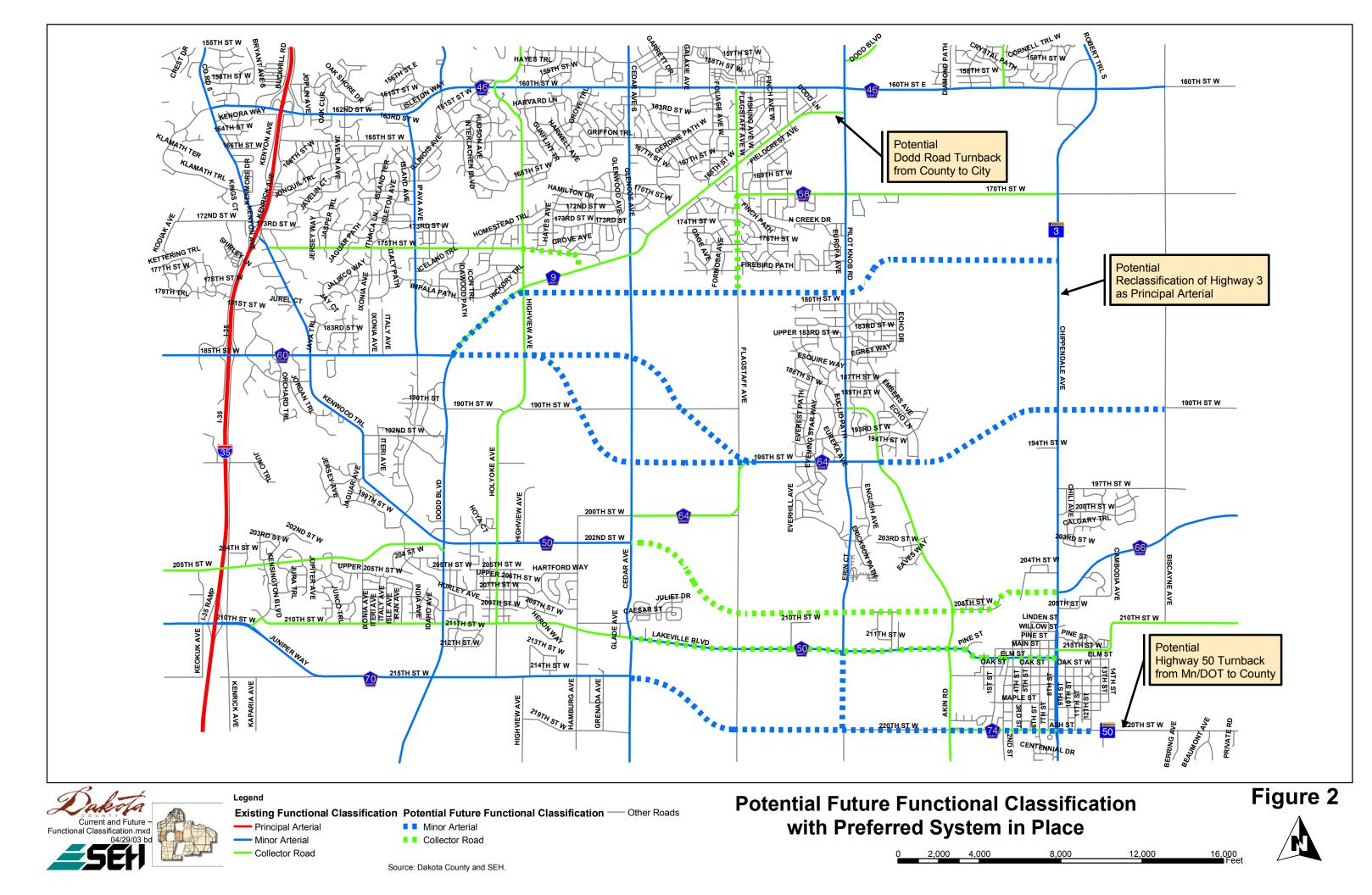
Dakota County East-West Corridor Study October Open House 1844 Name: feeters auto Address: City/State/Zip: address -mail abliess: -> Appariate that you will not coute a Comments: new X- routy highway flory & ofle weigh bor Go and (75th St. in Carceribe. A major len, world blast & eventually destroy fle fle in trace neighborthan life 85th 5% low te matter will gove Ru unury leany.



Source: Dakota County, MNDNR, UofM, and SEH.

Dakota County East West Corridor Study





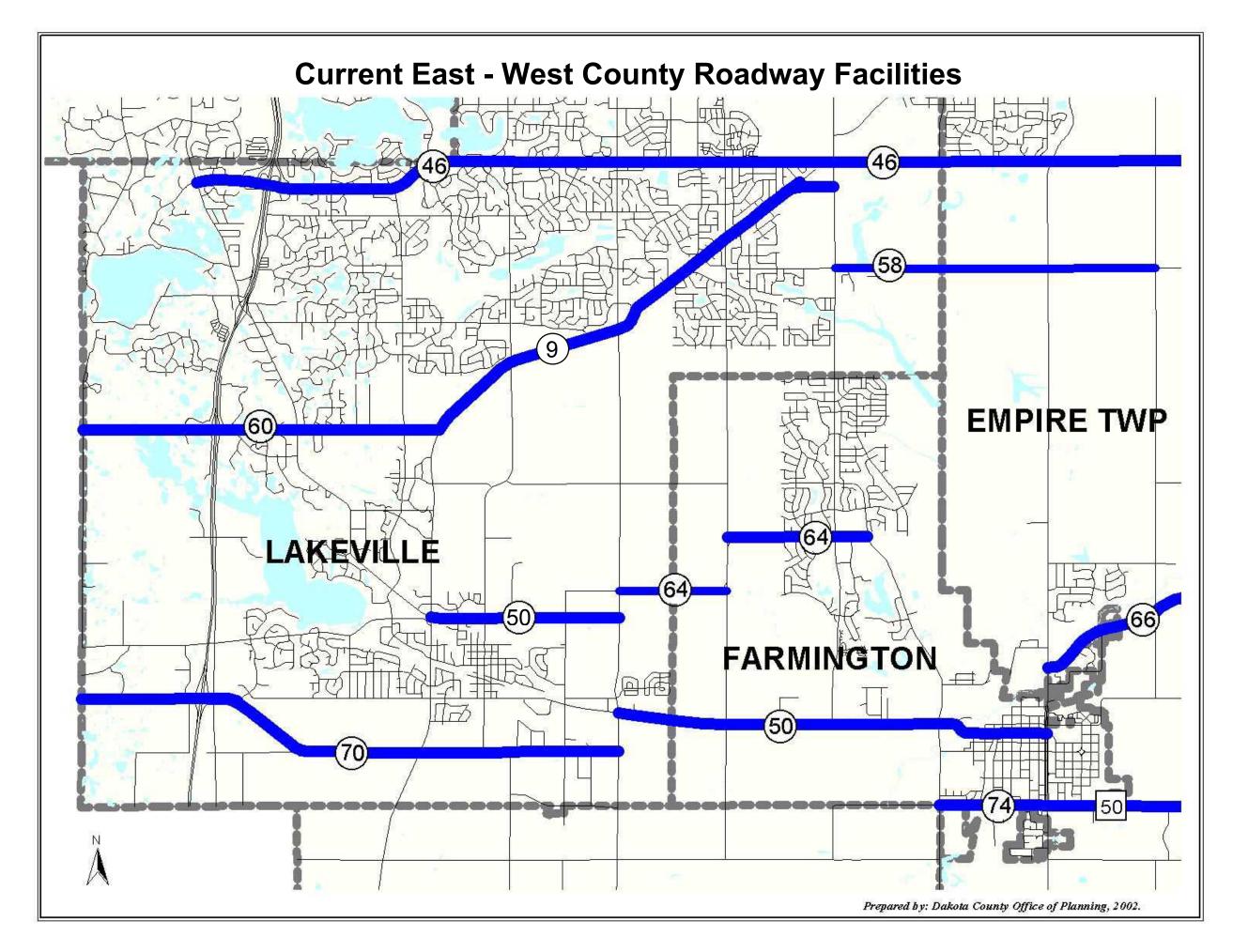
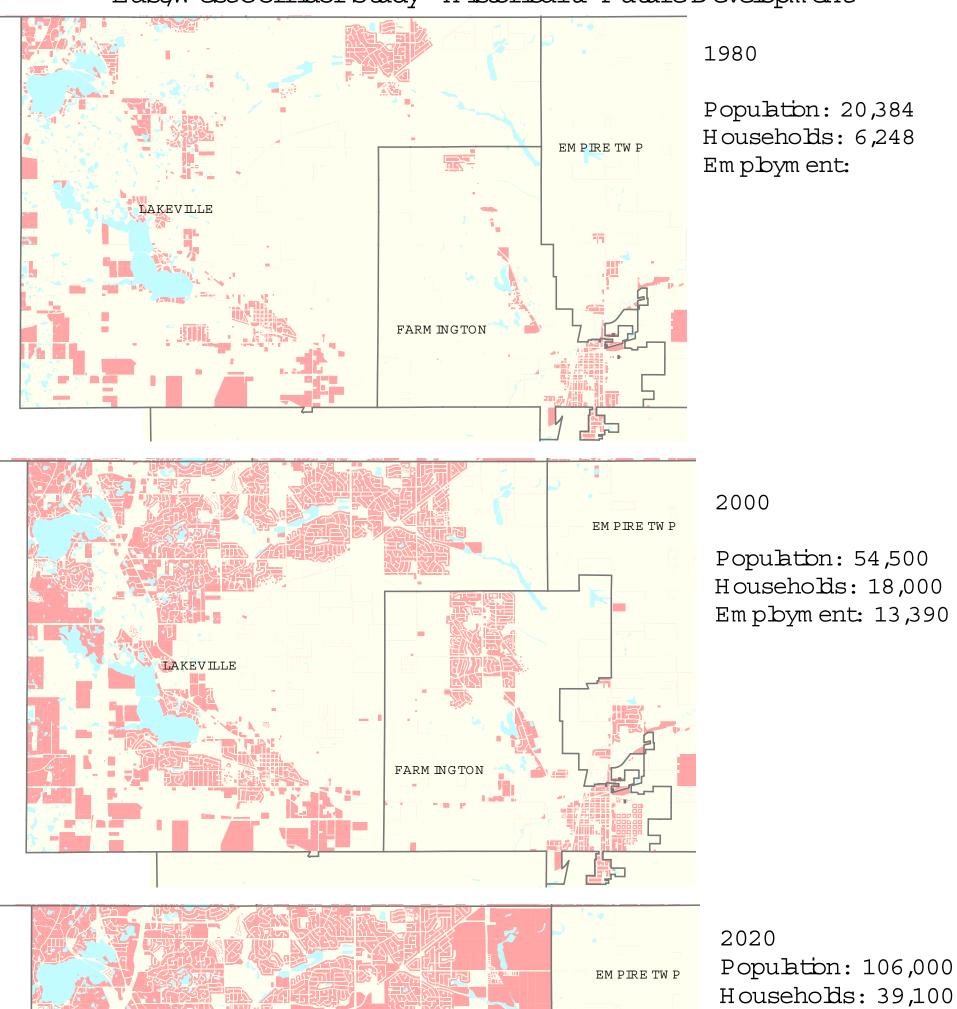
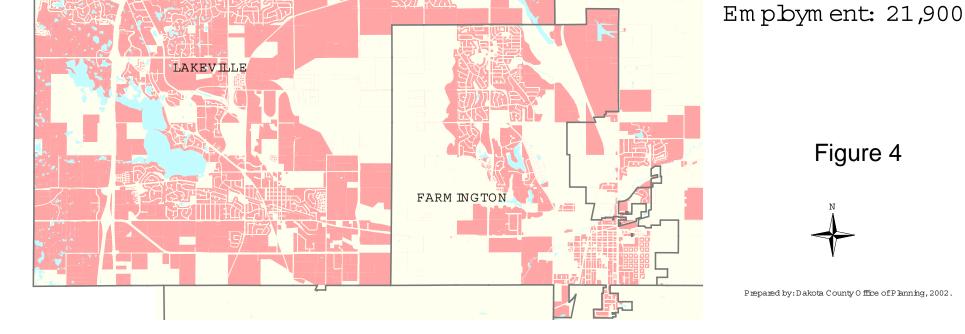


Figure 3



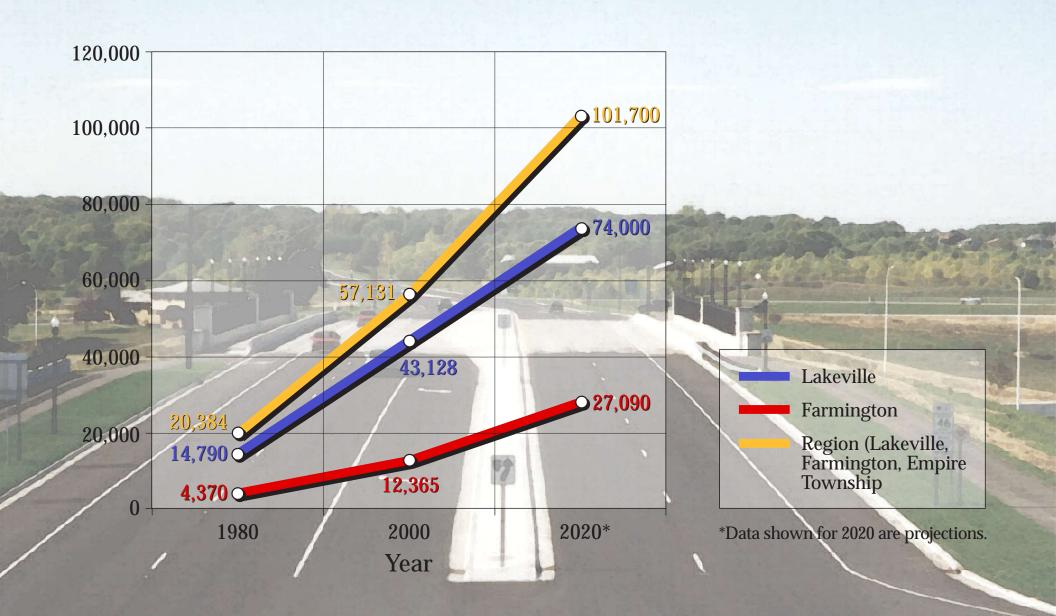
East/WestCorridorStudy-Historical&FutureDevelopment







Prepared by: Dakota County Office of Planning, 2002.

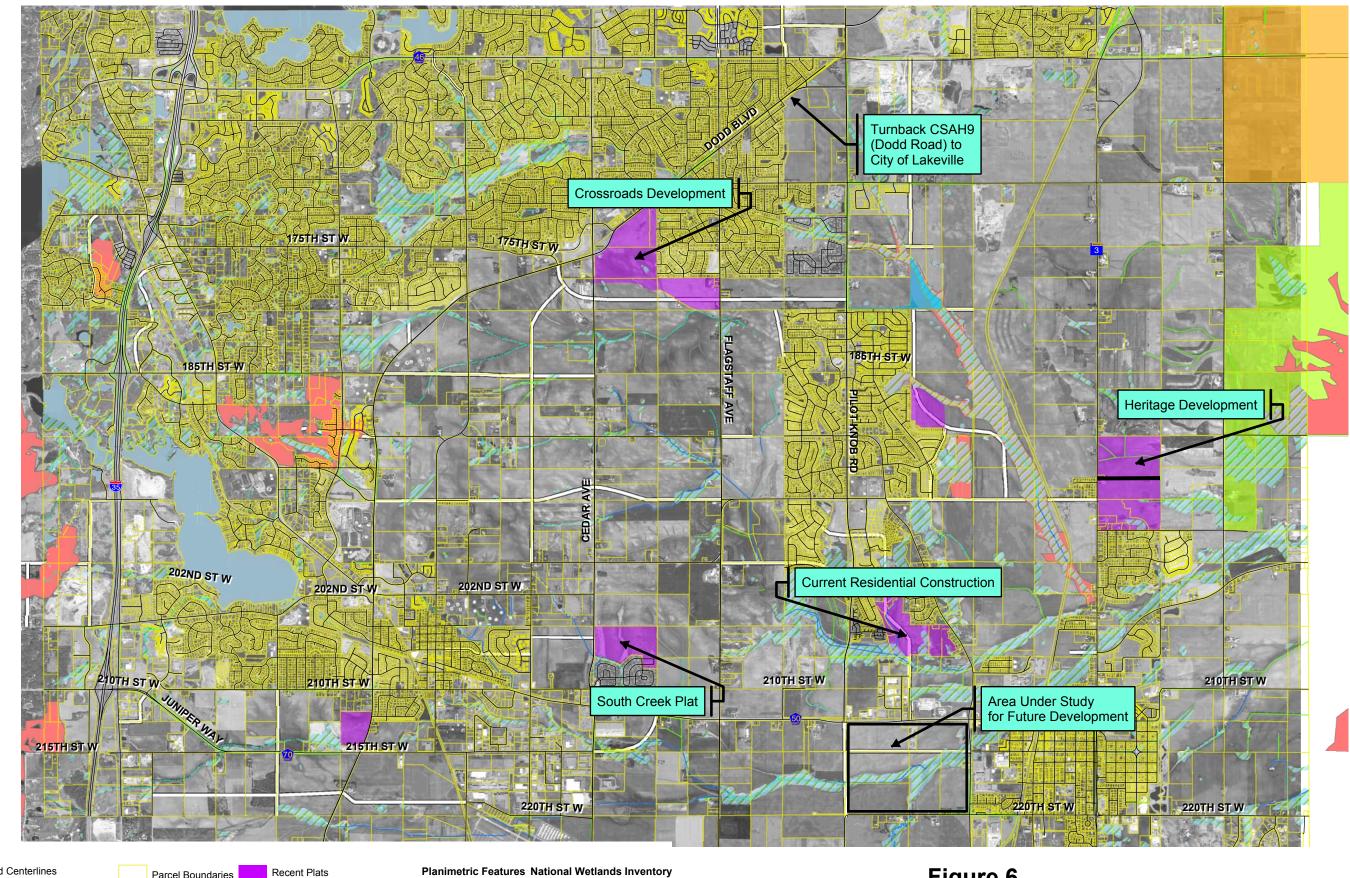


Dakota County East-West Corridor Study

Figure 5



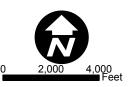
Population Growth (1980-2020)

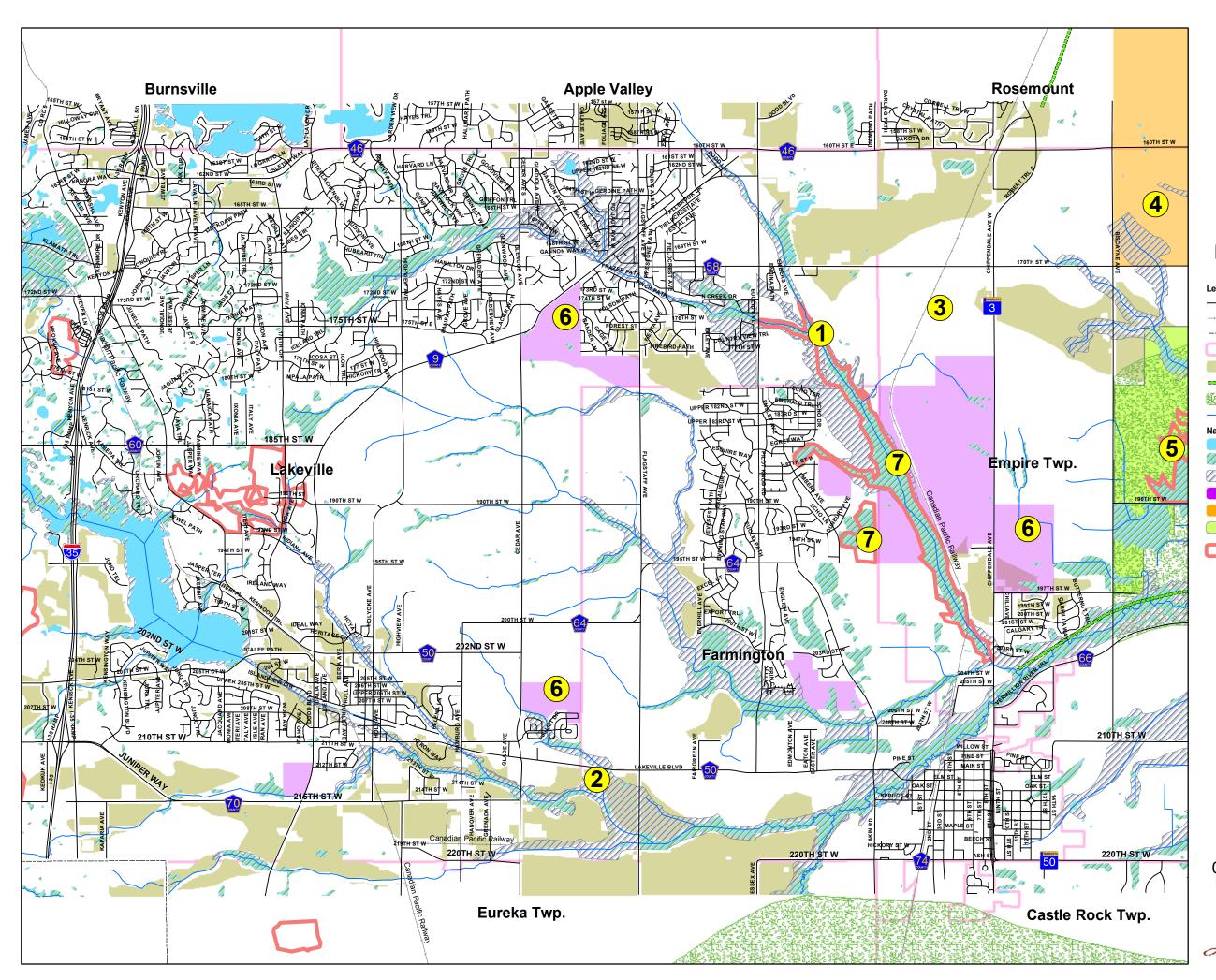




Legend

Dakota County Coordinate System (ft)





POTENTIALLY AFFECTED ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

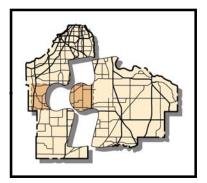
Figure 7

Dakota County East West Corridor Study

Legend

── Road Centerlines ── Railroad		Barriers to Implementation		
County Boundaries	1	North Branch		
Municipal/Civil Divisions	\bigcirc	(North Creek) Vermillion River		
Aggregate Resource Areas				
Wildlife Corridors	2	South Creek Trout Stream		
🔀 Habitat Patches	3	CP Railroad		
- Streams	~			
ational Wetlands Inventory	4	UofM Research Facility		
Open Water	5	Future Wildlife		
// Wetland	9	Management Area		
// Floodplains	6	Recent Plats		
Recent Plats	(7)	Significant		
University of Minnesota Property	•	Natural Areas		
Proposed WMA				
Preliminary - Regionally Significant Natural Areas				

Source: Dakota County, Metropolitan Council, The Lawrence Group, MNDNR, Mn/DOT, FEMA, USFWS, University of Minnesota, and SEH.

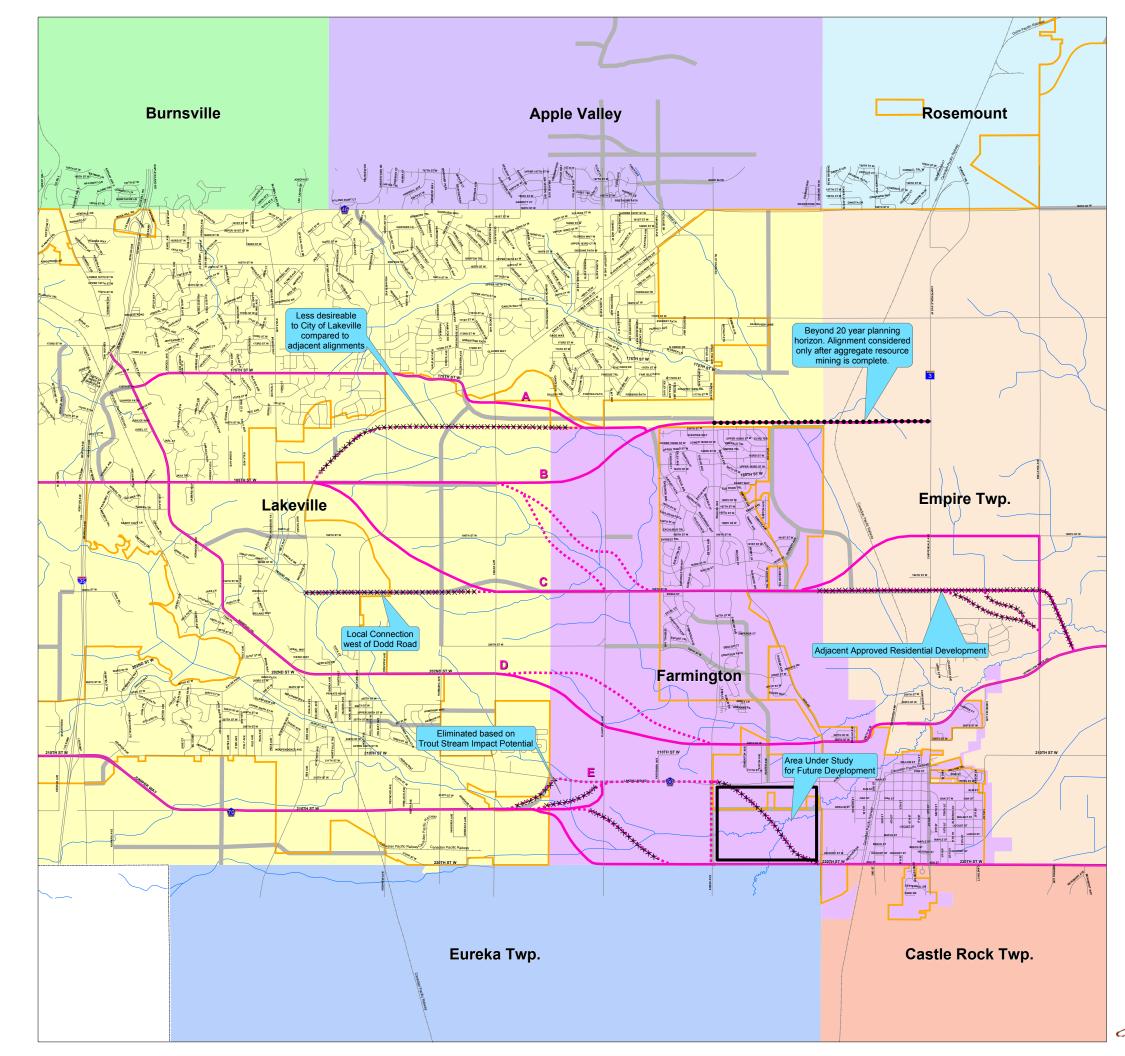


Coordinate System: Dakota County (ft)







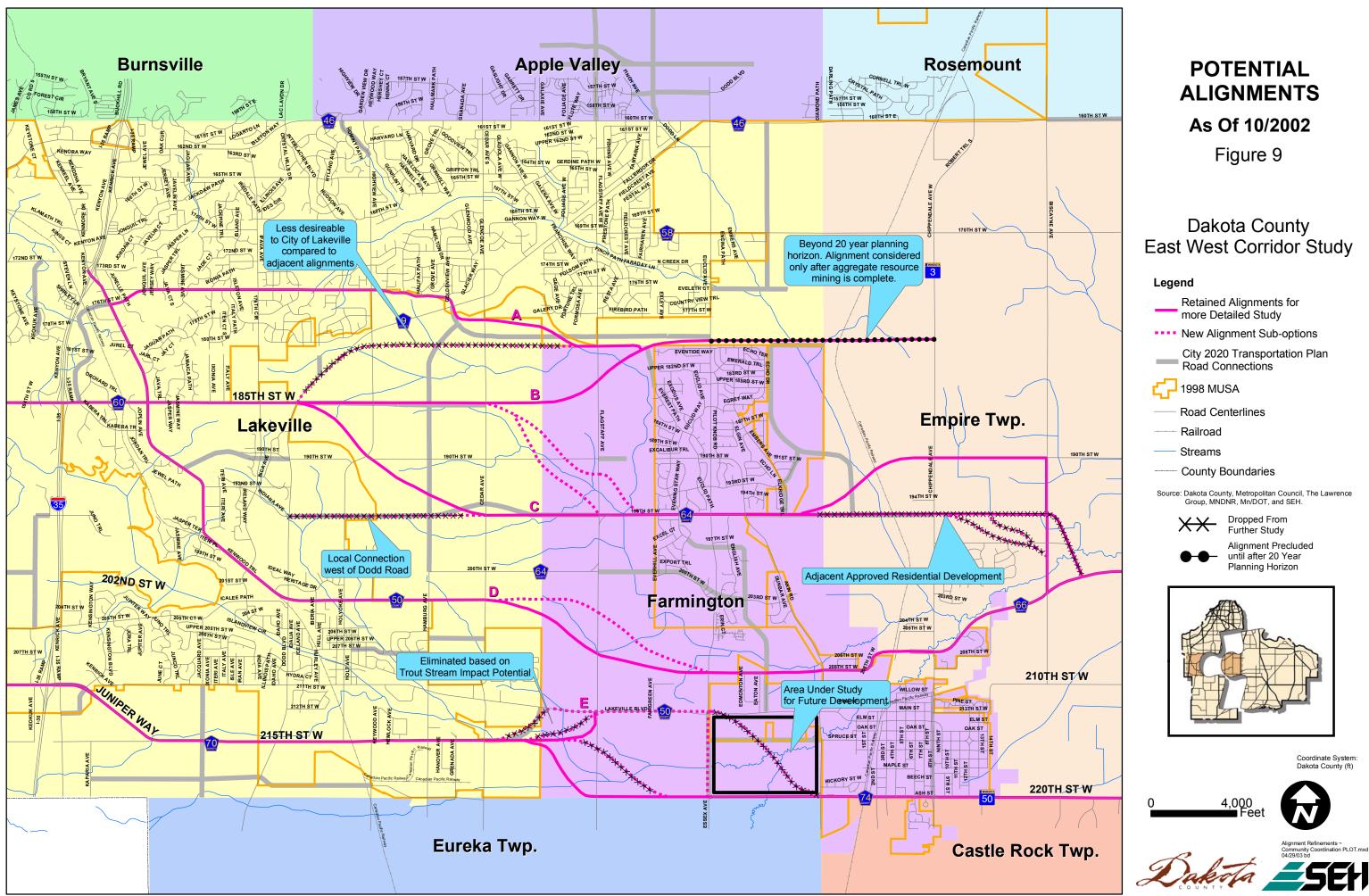


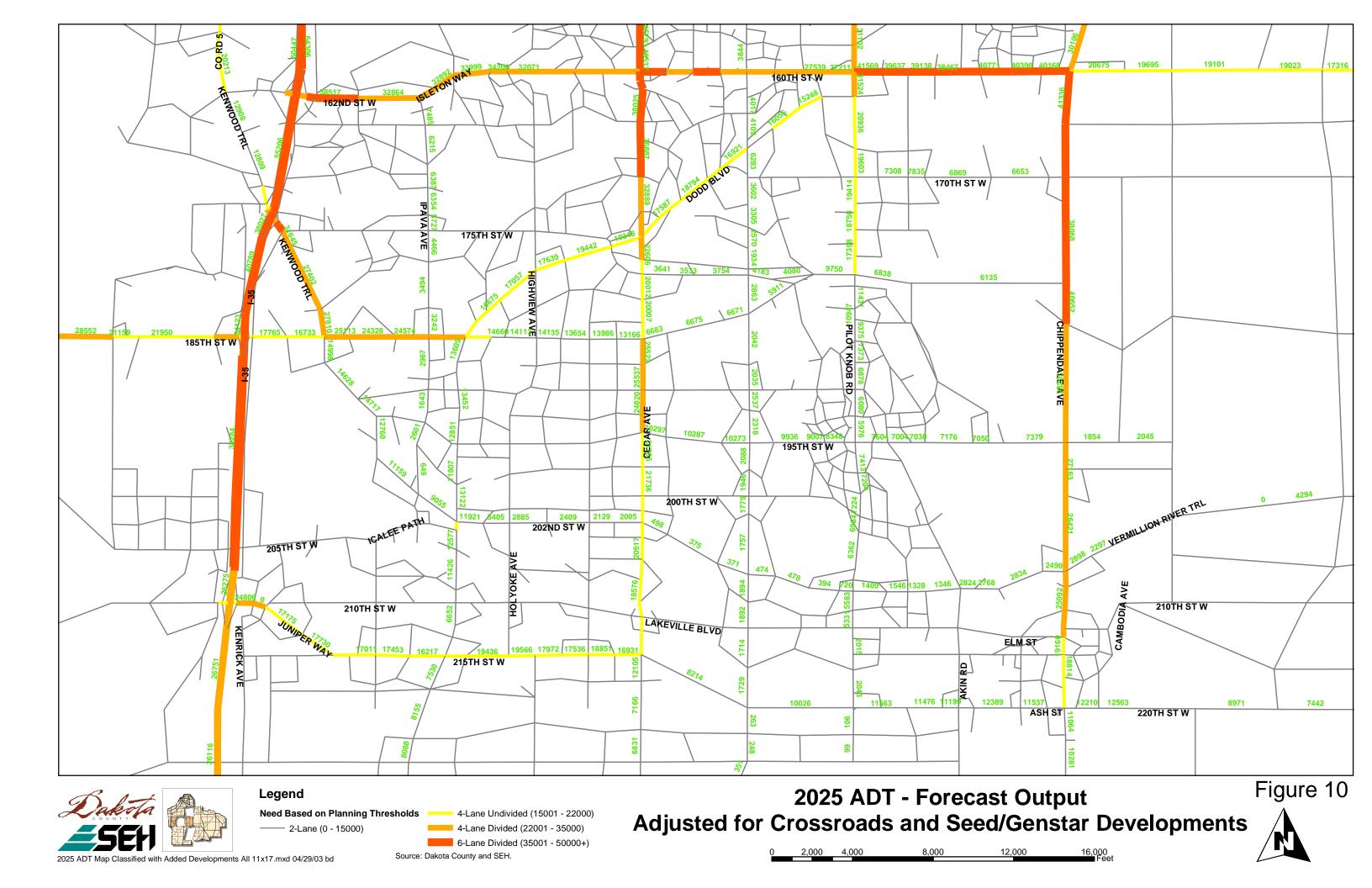
POTENTIAL ALIGNMENTS As Of 10/2002 Figure 8	
Dakota County	
East West Corridor Study	
Legend	
Retained Alignments for more Detailed Study	
••••• New Alignment Sub-options	
City 2020 Transportation Plan Road Connections	
Road Centerlines	
Railroad	
Streams	
County Boundaries	
Source: Dakota County, Metropolitan Council, The Lawrence Group, MNDNR, Mn/DOT, and SEH.	
xxxxxx Further Study	
Alignment Precluded until after 20 Year Planning Horizon	
Coordinate System: Dakota County (ft)	









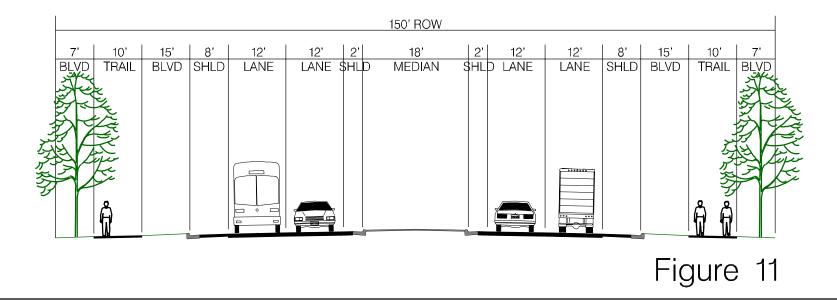




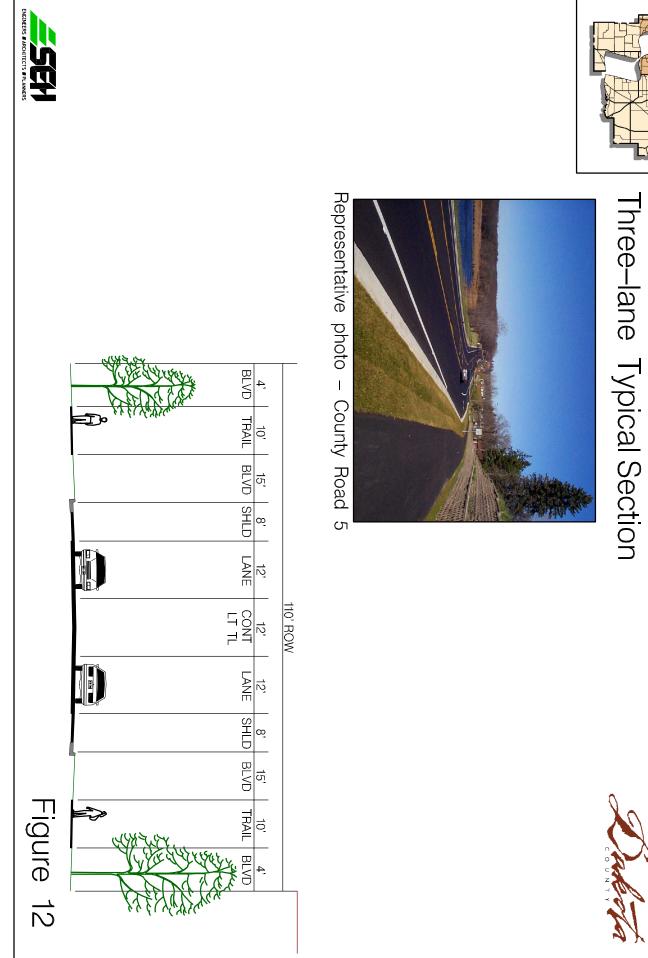
ENGINEERS # ARCHITECTS # PLANNEE



Representative photo



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Dakota County East West Corridor Study



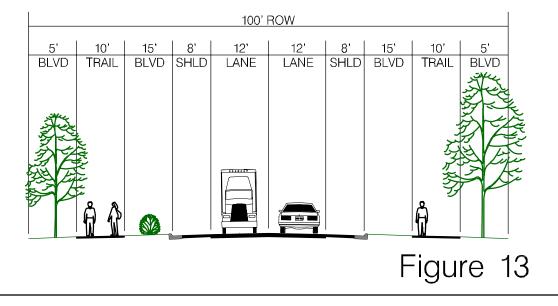
Dakota County East West Corridor Study

Two-lane Collector Typical Section



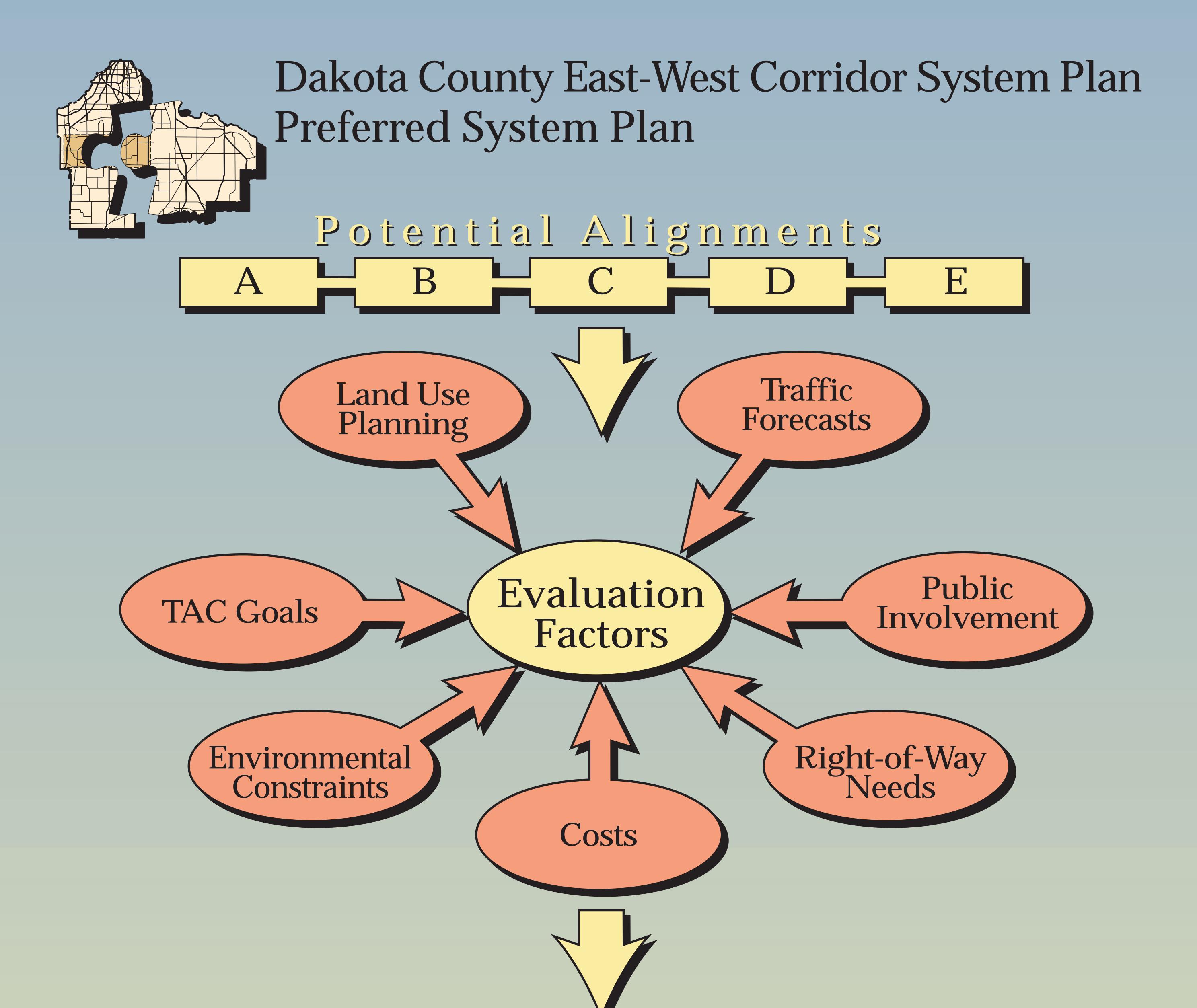


Representative photo - 170th Street

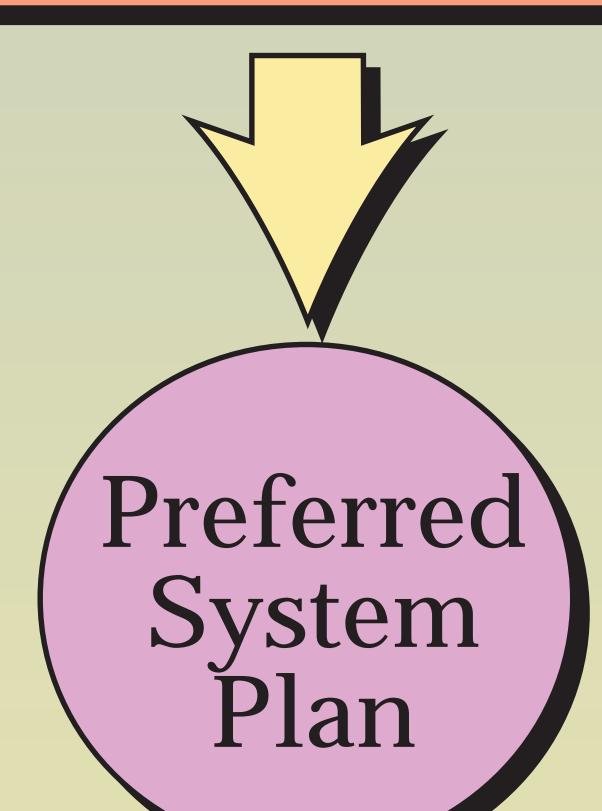




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Develop System Plan Alternative Scenarios









CITY OF LAKEVILLE AND CITY OF FARMINGTON RESOLUTION

CITY OF LAKEVILLE

DATE _____April 7, 2003 RESOLUTION NO. ____03-60 MOTION BY _____Rieb _____SECONDED BY _____Wulff CITY OF FARMINGTON

DATE April 7, 2003

MOTION BY Soderberg

RESOLUTION NO.	R23-03	
SECONDED BY	Fogarty	
	S	

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, the City Councils and staff representatives of the cities of Lakeville and Farmington have reviewed the proposed Corridors B, C, D, E identified in the Dakota County East West Corridor Study located in the cities of Lakeville and Farmington during a joint meeting held on March 10, 2003; and

WHEREAS, the cities of Lakeville and Farmington have concluded that the proposed -corridors B, C, D, E are generally consistent with their respective Transportation or Thoroughfare Plans for the cities of Lakeville and Farmington; and

WHEREAS, the cities of Lakeville and Farmington further support the following positions or clarifications regarding the proposed corridors:

Corridor B

The City of Lakeville does not support the extension of Corridor B east of the Lakeville City Limits until the mining activities in Lakeville and the adjacent areas in Empire Township have been completed.

Based on the County's 2025 Traffic Forecasts, Corridor B would appear to be more appropriately classified as a Major Collector rather than a Minor Arterial and thus 100 feet of proposed right-of-way plus additional 10 foot trail easements from Cedar Avenue to Pilot Knob Road would be sufficient. The City of Lakeville would consider acceptance of the turn-back of Dodd Boulevard from Cedar Avenue to Pilot Knob Road contingent on it being upgraded to a three-lane roadway from Gerdine Avenue to Pilot Knob Road.

The City of Farmington asserts the necessity of several future connections from developments in the City of Farmington through Lakeville to Corridor B.

Corridor C

The cities of Lakeville and Farmington support the potential designation of Corridor C as a Minor Arterial and with a four-lane divided roadway design and concur that the transition of the alignment of the Corridor C alignment at 185th Street on the east to 195th Street should occur in the area identified as the Study Area on the Lakeville / Farmington – Work Session – Planned Land Use Map.

Corridor D

The cities of Lakeville and Farmington support the potential future designation of Corridor D as a Collector and acknowledge that this corridor would remain a city streat in both cities.

Corridor E

The cities of Lakeville and Farmington support the Corridor E (Ash Street) alignment to be constructed as a three-lane roadway between Denmark and TH 3 as an interim design until such time that traffic volumes indicate the necessity of four lanes and Dakota County programs further improvements to the roadway. Further the cities of Lakeville and Farmington support long-range consideration of the designation of Corridor E as an Arterial.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Lakeville City Council and Farmington City Council support the Dakota County East-West Corridor Study as prepared subject to the positions and clarifications contained in this resolution.

APPROVED AND ADOPTED this day 7th of April , 2003.

CITY OF LAKEVILLE

Robert Johnson, Mayor

Charlene Friedges

APPROVED AND ADOPTED this day 2th of Cipric 2003.

CITY OF FARMINGTON

By: _ ald 0 Mayor Attested to the 107 day of Ceril 2003 **Oity Administrator**

STATE OF MINNESOTA)

CITY OF LAKEVILLE

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. <u>03-60</u> is a true and correct copy of the resolution presented to and adopted by the City Council of the City of Lakeville at a duly authorized meeting thereof held on the <u>7th</u> day of <u>April</u> 2003, as shown by the minutes of said meeting in my possession.

Charlene Friedges City Clerk

(SEAL)

STATE OF MINNESOTA)

CITY OF FARMINGTON

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. $\frac{1}{223-03}$ is a true and correct copy of the resolution presented to and adopted by the City Council of the City of Farmington at a duly authorized meeting thereof held on the $\frac{2^{+1}}{2^{+1}}$ day of $\frac{2^{-1}}{2^{-1}}$ 2003, as shown by the minutes of said meeting in my possession.

City Cler

(SEAL)

- MAY, 29, 2003 9:18AM

DAKOTA COUNTY PHYS DEV ADMIN

NO. 7393 P. 2

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA

May 20, 2003

Motion by Commissioner Turner

Resolution No. 03-285 Second by Commissioner Harris

Adoption of East West Corridor Study

WHEREAS, the Dakota County East West Corridor Study is a transportation sub-area study to identify future eastwest local and County roadway system alignments in the City of Farmington, the City of Lakeville, and Empire Township between I-35 and Trunk Highway 3; and

WHEREAS, on August 6, 2001, Dakota County entered into an agreement with Short Elliott Hendrickson Inc. to provide consultant planning services to develop and implement a public participation process, facilitate technical advisory committee functions, assist in identifying and evaluating potential roadway system alignments, and develop a final study report and implementation plan; and

WHEREAS, the East West Corridor Study has been completed as directed by the Dakota County Board of Commissioners; and

WHEREAS, representatives of Dakota County, Empire Township, City of Farmington, City of Lakeville, Metropolitan Council, the Minnesola Department of Transportation, and Scott County have participated as members of a technical advisory committee and have reviewed study findings and recommendations; and

WHEREAS, the City of Farmington and the City of Lakeville have signed a joint resolution supporting the Dakota County East-West Corridor Study as prepared, subject to positions and clarifications contained within said resolution.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the Dakota County Board of Commissioners hereby adopts the Dakota County East West Corridor Study as presented to the Physical Development Committee of the Whole on May 13, 2003.

STATE OF MINNESOTA

County of Dakota			
	YES		NO
Harris	X	Harris	
Gaylord	_ <u>X</u>	Gaylord	
Balaglia	Absent	Bataglia	
Schouweller	X	Schouweller	
Turner	X	Turner	
Krause	x	Krause	
Branning	x	Branning	

I, Mary S. Scheide, Clerk to the Board of the County of Dakota, State of Minnesola, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing copy of a resolution with the original minutes of the proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners, Dakota County, Minnesota, at their session held on the 20th day of May 2003, now on file in the County Administration Department, and have found the same to be a true and correct copy thereof.

Witness my hand and official seal of Dakota County this 23rd day of May 2003.

Mary J