

This collection was made entirely from different locales along the Fleming Creek Trail (FCT). Some locations are specified in terms of metre-posts set along the trail.

Ascomycota

Sphaeriales

Xylariaceae

Carbon Balls

Daldinia concentrica

EW/FCT

Basidiomycota

Aphyllphorales

Clavariaceae

"Crown Coral"

Clavicornia pyxidata

HW

Corticiaceae

Red Tree Brain

Peniophora rufa

FCT/200m

Hymenochaetaceae

"Brown Crust"

Hymenochaete sp.
[*H. tabacina* ?]

EW/FC

Polyporaceae

Resinous Polypore

Ischnoderma resinosum

FCF/LM

Blushing Bracket

Daedaleopsis confragosa

HW

Stereaceae

Crowded Parchment

Stereum complicatum

HW

Agaricales

Coprinaceae

Tippler's Bane

Coprinus atramentarius

FCT/120m

Crepidotaceae

Flat Crep

Crepidotus applanatus

TH

Tricholomataceae

"Owls Eyes"

Clitocybula ocula

HW/FCT

Wire Mushroom

Crinipellis setipes

FCT/300m

"Tiny Dunce"

Marasmius [olidus]

FCT/300m

Fairy Ring Mushroom

Marasmius oreades

LM/FCF

Bleeding Mycena

Mycena haematopus

FCT/200m

Orange Mycena

Mycena leiana

NCF

Netted Rhodotus

Rhodotus palmatus

HW

Unidentified Fungi

“Accordion Fungus”

FCT/200m

Possibly a fragment: fertile surface folded into tiers or wrinkles, reminiscent of a fleshy, grey accordian. Attached directly to dead wood. Pores black on grey surface, tiny, well-spaced. About 2 cm x 3 cm. No cap, stalk, or other regular part

“Red-dot Slime” (Jar 2)

FCT/300m

An undoubted slime mold with red sporangia (0.5 mm) on short, pale yellow stalks.

“Stilt Brownie”

FCT/150m

A mushroom I should be able to identify, but cannot. Cap: light brown, darker toward the centre, radially lined, about 2 cm in dia. Gills: light buff, distant, attached, stem: 2mm x 20 mm widening near apex, dk brown, lighter toward apex.

“Rusty Bracket”

HW

Could this be the polypore that was recorded as having a “yellow edge?” If so, our specimen lost that colour and became a uniform rusty brown during its 48 hours in cold storage. This was an old specimen, in any case. 10 cm x 4 cm x 1.5 cm (thick), it had a sharp, somewhat wavy margin and a crusty, warted, irregular upper surface, except near the margin, where it became smoother and somewhat zoned, short radial wrinkles near the edge. Fertile surface: pores exceptionally tiny and close-packed, a dull grey-brown over all.

“Brown Crust” (See above)

The presence of numerous bristles on the upper surface of this crust makes it a Hymenochaete, but the bristles are confined to irregular channels that divide the fertile surface into regions. Pores irregular, mostly polygonal, a few toothlike.