Potentilla jepsonii Ertter

synonym: Potentilla rubricaulis Lehm., Potentilla quinquefolia (Rydb.) Rydb., Potentilla nivea L. var. pentaphylla Lehm.

Jepson's cinquefoil

Rosaceae - rose family

status: State Review group 1 - rank: GNR / SNR

General Description: Perennial herb with a small branched crown; stems ascending to erect, usually grayish-woolly, 1-2 dm long. Upper leaf surfaces greenish, hairy with coarse to long, silky, slender hairs; lower surfaces covered with grayish-woolly hairs. Basal leaves numerous, mostly with 3 leaflets, but often with 5 leaflets, usually palmate, sometimes nearly pinnate. Leaflets oblong, $(0.5)\ 1-2\ (3)\ cm$ long, with oblong-rounded teeth, extending about halfway to the midvein. Stem leaves usually 1-2, not much reduced and often glandular as well as hairy.

Floral Characteristics: Cymes closely several-flowered, with conspicuous bracts. Calyx bowl-shaped, barely 1 cm wide even in fruit, covered with long, silky, slender, appressed hairs; lobes lanceolate, 3-4 mm long. Petals yellow, heart-shaped, slightly longer than the sepals. Stamens usually 20; pistils numerous. Style slender, glandular-thickened, warty-papillose at the base, longer than the achene.

Fruits: Smooth achenes, about 1.5 mm long. Identifiable June to July.

Identification Tips: *P. jepsomii* is less than 2 dm tall; its leaves have 3-5 leaflets (never more than 5), which are cleft about halfway to the midrib. *Potentilla pensylvanica* is 2-5 dm tall, with 5-11 leaflets per leaf. *P. nivea* has only 3 coarsely toothed leaflets per leaf.

Range: B.C. to Sask., southward in the Rocky Mts. to CO and UT. Also in southcentral OR, and disjunct in WA.

Habitat/Ecology: Alpine and subalpine moist to dry gravelly meadows and river bars. In WA this taxon occurs along a summit ridge at 2400 m (7800 ft), and roadside in a valley bottom at 1000 m (3500 ft). Associated species include ponderosa pine (Pinus ponderosa), grand fir (Abies grandis), common juniper (Juniperus communis), sedge (Carex spp.), moss campion (Silene acaulis), slender mountain sandwort (Arenaria capillaris), tufted fescue (Festuca brachyphylla), milk-vetch (Astragalus spp.), cutleaf daisy (Erigeron compositus), and white arctic mountain heather (Cassiope tetragona).

Comments: Appropriate habitat in Okanogan Co. should be systematically surveyed for additional populations. This taxon is also rare in B.C., Sask., and MT.





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