| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | abatement | /ə'bātmənt/ | n | L > F | the act or process of reducing in degree or intensity. | The city council passed a law allowing periodic bans on the burning of wood, paving the way for further pollution abatement. |
| 2 | aberration | /,abə'rāshən/ | n | L | deviation from the natural state or from a normal type. | Jane's outburst at the meeting was a shocking behavior aberration, for her manner is usually so reserved. |
| 3 | abeyance | /ə'bāən(t)s/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\mathrm{F}+ \\ & \mathrm{Ecf} \end{aligned}$ | [has homonym: obeyance] cessation or suspension (as of a customary practice). | Use of the swimming pool was put in abeyance until a new lifeguard could be hired. |
| 4 | abhorred | /əb'hŏ(ə)rd/ | v | L | detested extremely : loathed. | In the 60s many young people abhorred the thought of going to war. |
| 5 | abience | /'abēən(t)s/ | n | L | [has near homonym: adience] tendency to withdraw from a stimulus object or situation. | Claudia's painfully shy brother gave a perfect illustration of abience at the school assembly. |
| 6 | abstemious | /abz'tēmēəs/ | adj | L | sparing in eating and drinking. | Evelyn is abstemious by nature and never orders dessert. |
| 7 | acanthus | /ə'kan(t)thəs/ | n | Gk | [Note: Could be confused with adjective acanthous.] any plant of a genus of prickly herbs of the Mediterranean region whose broad leaves are frequently represented in sculptured architectural ornaments. | The column's capital featured ornamentation representing the leaves of an acanthus. |
| 8 | acarian | /ə'ka(a)rēən/ | adj | Gk > L | of, relating to, caused by, or having the characteristics of a mite or tick. | Acarian parasites have saclike bodies unbroken by segments. |
| 9 | acceded | /ak'sēdəd/ | v | L | [has near homonym: exceeded] expressed approval or gave consent. | Jan was glad when Mrs. Taft readily acceded to the proposal that the two parties attend the event together. |
| 10 | accession | /ik'seshən/ | n | L > F | the act of attaining or coming to high office or a position of honor or power. | The best seller chronicled the accession of the new prince. |
| 11 | accipiter | /ak'sipəd.ə(r)/ | n | L | any hawk of the genus Accipiter (as the Cooper's hawk, sharp-shinned hawk, goshawk). | Calvin spotted an accipiter darting among the trees. |
| 12 | accosted | /ə'kŏstə̇d/ | v | L | approached and spoke to. | Mr. Weston immediately accosted Emma with questions about her health. |
| 13 | acerbity | /ə'sərbəd.ē/ | n | L | acidity of temper or tone : astringency or sharpness of manner. | Rosemary remarked with acerbity that her son's chores hadn't been done in days. |
| 14 | acescent | /ə'ses̊nt/ | adj | L | turning sour or tending to turn sour. | Natalie spit out the acescent milk. |


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| 15 | acetic | /ə'sēd.ik/ | adj | $L>F$ | [Note: One of alternate pronunciations has homonym: ascetic.] relating to or producing a colorless liquid acid with a pungent odor constituting the chief acid of vinegar. | Morris enjoyed teasing his mom by accusing her of putting acetic acid in his food. |
| 16 | aciniform | /ə'sinə,fŏrm/ | adj | L + Ecf | shaped like a cluster of grapes. | At the top of each column there was a crude, aciniform pattern. |
| 17 | acrocyanosis | /,akrō,sīə'nōsə̇s/ | n | Gk | a disorder of the arterioles of the exposed parts of the hands and feet intensified by exposure to cold and resulting in bluish mottled skin. | Jane had acute acrocyanosis after being stranded on the snowy hiking trail for hours. |
| 18 | acrolect | /'akrə,lekt/ | n | Gk + Gk | the most prestigious language variety of a community. | The British acrolect is defined by the speech of the royal family. |
| 19 | aculeate | /ə'kyülēə̀t/ | adj | L | marked by incisiveness : stinging, pointed. | No actor was spared in the reviewer's aculeate criticisms. |
| 20 | adenoidal | /,ad²'ŏid¹/ | adj | Gk | typical or suggestive of one affected with abnormally enlarged glands in the back of the throat. | The critics panned the tenor, whose voice was terribly adenoidal and breathy. |
| 21 | adminicle | /ad'minə̇kəl/ | n | L | support, auxiliary. | Shelly enjoyed serving as an adminicle of the local Girl Scout troop. |
| 22 | adobe | /ə'dōbē/ | n | Copt > $A r>S p$ | building material of sun-dried earth and straw. | The hut made of adobe sagged sideways in the middle of the field. |
| 23 | adustiosis | /ə,dəstē'ōsə̇s/ | n | L + Gk | a physiological breakdown of the rind of citrus fruit causing a reddish discoloration-called also "red blotch." | All the oranges in the crisper suffered from one stage or another of adustiosis. |
| 24 | aeroplankton | /'a(ə)rə,playktən / | n | Gk + Gk | small airborne organisms (as flying insects). | The backyard barbecue was almost spoiled by pesky aeroplankton. |
| 25 | affability | /,afə'biləd.ē/ | n | L | sociability. | Miss Smith was delighted with the affability with which Miss Woodhouse had treated her all the evening. |
| 26 | affenpinscher | /'afən,pinchə(r)/ | n | G | a small dog having a stiff red, gray, or black coat; pointed ears; and bushy eyebrows, chin tuft, and mustache. | Erica's affenpinscher escaped when she opened the door. |
| 27 | affianced | /ə'fïən(t)st/ | v | $L>F>E$ | solemnly promised (oneself or another) in marriage : betrothed. | The ruler of Austria affianced his daughter to the king of France. |
| 28 | agape | /ä'gä,pā/ | n | Gk | spontaneous self-giving love expressed freely without calculation of cost or gain to the giver or merit on the part of the receiver. | The question "What's in it for me?" is unheard of in agape. |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 29 | alchemy | /'alkəmē/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{Ar} \\ & >\mathrm{L}>\mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ | the medieval chemical science and speculative philosophy whose aims were the transmutation of base metals into gold. | The wizard's apprentice was determined to learn enough alchemy to turn lead into gold. |
| 30 | aleatoric | /,ālēə'tŏrik/ | adj | L | characterized by chance or random elements. | By digitizing thunder and traffic noises, Georgia was able to compose aleatoric music. |
| 31 | alegar | /'aligə(r)/ | n | $E+L>F$ | sour ale or vinegar made of ale. | While studying in England as an exchange student, Judith developed a taste for fried potatoes with salt and alegar. |
| 32 | alias | /'ālēəs/ | n | L | an assumed name. | To avoid publicity the movie star used an alias when registering at the hotel. |
| 33 | aliphatic | /,alə'fad.ik/ | adj | Gk | of, relating to, or derived from fat. | Alison's science fair project was a study of the effectiveness of the aliphatic compounds used in soap. |
| 34 | alliteration | /ə,lid.ə'rāshən/ | n | L + Ecf | the repetition usually initially of a sound that is usually a consonant in two or more neighboring words or syllables (as in "daring deed"). | Poor writers rely on alliteration when lacking ideas. |
| 35 | allusion | /ə'lüzhən/ | n | L | [has homonym: illusion] an implied indication or indirect reference. | Gwen's essay made much of the author's use of biblical allusion. |
| 36 | almoner | /'almənə(r)/ | n | $L>F>E$ | one who distributes charitable gifts, often for another. | In his role as the king's almoner, Jared tossed a few pennies to the audience. |
| 37 | alopecia | /,alə'pēsh(ē)ə/ | n | Gk | loss of hair, wool, or feathers : baldness. | Prescription drugs such as minoxidil have had limited success in treating alopecia. |
| 38 | altocumulus | /,al(,)tō'kyümyal əs/ | n | L + L | a fleecy cloud or cloud formation consisting of large whitish globular cloudlets with shaded portions. | The altocumulus consisted mostly of small, supercold water droplets. |
| 39 | alveolate | /al'vēəlȯt/ | adj | L + Ecf | pitted like a honeycomb. | The porous sandstone had an alveolate surface. |
| 40 | amalgam | /ə'malgəm/ | n | Ar? > L > | an alloy of mercury with another metal. | Because mercury will form an amalgam with most other metals, it can be used to extract them from ore. |
| 41 | amanuensis | /ə,manyə'wen(t) sə̇s/ | n | L | one who is employed to write from dictation or to copy what another has written. | During the six weeks that Chrissie's arm was in a cast, she completed her homework with her mother as her amanuensis. |
| 42 | amblyopia | /,amblē'ōpēə/ | n | Gk | dimness of sight without apparent change in the eye structures associated especially with the toxic effects of certain drugs or chemicals or with dietary deficiencies. | The doctor told Henry to quit smoking if he wanted his amblyopia to improve. |


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| 43 | amenable | /ə'mēnəbəl/ | adj | $L>F$ | readily brought to yield or submit : responsive, tractable. | Horst is amenable to any ideas for the prom's theme. |
| 44 | amercement | /ə'mərsmənt/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F}>\mathrm{AF}> \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | the infliction of a penalty at the discretion of the court; also : the penalty thus imposed. | For the officer's neglect of duty the court imposed an amercement of two weeks' pay. |
| 45 | amethysts | /'aməthəsts/ | n pl | $\begin{aligned} & G k>L> \\ & F>E \end{aligned}$ | [Note: Could be confused with singular form.] specimens of a clear purple or bluish violet variety of crystallized quartz much used as a jeweler's stone. | The jeweler emptied a small bag of amethysts on a velvet pad, and Anna selected the one she liked best. |
| 46 | anabibazon | /,anə'bibə,zän/ | n | Gk | the ascending node of the Moon's orbit with the ecliptic. | Lars waited for the Moon to reach its anabibazon so he could confirm his findings. |
| 47 | anacoluthon | /,anəkə'lü,thän/ | n | Gk | syntactical inconsistency or incoherence within a sentence. | Anacoluthon can make dialogue sound more natural. |
| 48 | anadiplosis | /,anəḋ̇'plōsə̇s/ | n | Gk | repetition of a prominent word, usually the last in a phrase, clause, sentence, or verse, at the beginning of the next phrase, clause, sentence, or verse. | Anne read the second member of the anadiplosis louder than the first for emphasis. |
| 49 | anadromous | /ə'nadrəməs/ | adj | Gk | of fish : ascending rivers from the sea at certain seasons for breeding. | The anadromous salmon is a wonder of nature. |
| 50 | anagnorisis | /,a,nag'nōrəsə̀s/ | n | Gk | an incident or solution of plot in tragedy in which the main character recognizes his or her own or some other character's true identity or discovers the true nature of his or her own situation. | The moment of anagnorisis occurs when the boy finds out he is actually the king's son. |
| 51 | anagogic | /,anə'gäjik/ | adj | Gk > L | having a spiritual meaning or a sense referring to the heavenly life. | Terrance recited anagogic poems by a Greek mystic. |
| 52 | anamnesis | /anəm'nēsə̇s/ | n | Gk | a recalling to mind : reminiscence. | The musical comedy was based on an anamnesis of the author's days on a South Pacific island. |
| 53 | Ananias | /,anə'nīəs/ | n | Christian name | liar. | The little boy who cried "Wolf!" is a famous Ananias. |
| 54 | anaphora | /ə'naf(ə)rə/ | n | Gk | repetition of a word or words at the beginning of two or more successive clauses or verses. | "The voice of the Lord" occurred three times in anaphora in the psalm Julie read. |
| 55 | anastomosis | /ə,nastə'mōsə̇s/ | n | Gk | a joining of the parts of a branched system. | Hal pointed out the anastomosis in the veined mulberry leaf. |
| 56 | anastrophe | /ə'nastrə()ffē/ | n | Gk | inversion of the usual syntactical order of words for rhetorical effect. | In the poem "Jabberwocky," the line "So rested he by the TumTum tree" is an example of anastrophe. |


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| 57 | ancillary | /'ansə,lerē/ | adj | L | serving to aid or assist : auxiliary : supplementary. | Electronic media usually include radio, film, and television, as well as the ancillary industries of audio and video recording. |
| 58 | androgynous | /an'dräjənəs/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Gk + Gk } \\ + \text { Ecf } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | having the characteristics of both sexes. | This fall's androgynous fashions don't appeal to Sharon. |
| 59 | anemometer | /,anə'mäməd.ə(r )/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > F + } \\ & \text { Gk > Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | an instrument for measuring and indicating the force or speed of the wind. | The anemometer spun furiously as the hurricane approached. |
| 60 | anemotropism | /,anə'mätrə,pizə m/ | n | Gk + Gk | an involuntary reaction by an insect to a current of air in its environment. | An example of anemotropism is when flies poise for flight facing the wind. |
| 61 | anglaise | /än'glāz/ | adj | Gmc > F | boiled and served without sauce. | Carrots anglaise are not very tasty. |
| 62 | angstroms | /'aŋztrəmz/ | n pl | Sw name | units of wavelength, each equal to a 10-billionth of a meter. | Sandy determined that the laser's wavelength measured 5,200 angstroms. |
| 63 | angwantibo | /aŋ'(g)wäntə,bō/ | n | Efik | a small lemur of western Africa having a rather long snout and a rudimentary tail. | The angwantibo feeds mainly on caterpillars. |
| 64 | anhedonia | /,anhē'dōnēə/ | n | Gk | incapacity for experiencing happiness. | Soren's anhedonia might be the result of a miserable childhood. |
| 65 | ankylosaur | /'aŋkəlō,sŏ(ə)r/ | n | Gk + Gk | any of a suborder of heavily armored Cretaceous dinosaurs somewhat resembling immense horned toads in shape. | The ankylosaur, a herbivore, fed on low shrubbery. |
| 66 | annularity | /,anyə'larəd.ē/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\mathrm{F}+ \\ & \mathrm{Ecf} \end{aligned}$ | the state or form of a ring. | Photographs of the solar eclipse showed the halo-like annularity of the Sun's disk. |
| 67 | anon | /ə'nän/ | adv | E | in a little while : soon, presently. | Anon he arrived at his destination. |
| 68 | anosmic | /ə'näzmik/ | adj | Gk > L | of or characterized by loss or impairment of the sense of smell. | Anesthesia can leave a patient temporarily anosmic. |
| 69 | ansa | /'ansə/ | n | L | part of a celestial body having the appearance of a handle (as the projecting part of Saturn's rings). | Photographs from Voyager 2 revealed the planet's ansa in striking detail. |
| 70 | ante | /'antē/ | n | L | [has homonyms: anti, auntie, aunty] a poker stake usually arbitrarily fixed and usually put up before the deal to build the pot. | Each player in the lunchtime poker game put a nickel on the table as an ante. |
| 71 | antennae | /an'tenē/ | n pl | L | the paired movable sensory appendages of the head of certain arthropods. | The bug stopped and wiggled both of its antennae. |
| 72 | anthesis | /an'thēsə̇s/ | n | Gk | the action or period of opening of a flower. | Time-lapse photography can show the complete anthesis of a rose in a few seconds. |
| 73 | anthophorous | /an'thäfərəs/ | adj | Gk | flower-bearing. | Amy selected several anthophorous plants to decorate her office. |


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| 74 | anthropologist | /,an(,)(t)thrə'päl әjə̇st/ | n | Gk | a specialist in the study considering man's physical character, historical and present geographical distribution, racial classification, group relationships, and cultural history. | The anthropologist Margaret Mead spent many years studying Pacific Island societies. |
| 75 | anthropophago us | /,an(t)thrə'päfəg əs/ | adj | Gk + Gk | [Note: Could be confused with noun anthropophagus.] feeding on human flesh : maneating : cannibal. | The class was fascinated by the story of Christopher Columbus's encounter with the Caribs, a supposed anthropophagous people. |
| 76 | antipasto | /,antē'pastō/ | n | L > It | any of various savory foods usually served as appetizers : hors d'oeuvre. | Herbert ordered antipasto for the table. |
| 77 | antipodal | /an'tipəd¹/ | adj | Gk | situated at the opposite sides of the earth. | Regina imagined that she could reach an antipodal town somewhere in China if she continued digging in her garden. |
| 78 | aphelion | /a'fēlyən/ | n | Gk | the point of a planet's or comet's orbit most distant from the Sun. | Earth generally reaches aphelion around July 4. |
| 79 | apocrypha | /ə'päkrəfə/ | n pl | Gk > L | quasi-scriptural books of doubtful authorship and authority. | The Sunday school teacher shared with her students some stories from the Old Testament apocrypha. |
| 80 | apocryphal | /ə'päkrəfəl/ | adj | Gk | of doubtful authenticity : fictitious, spurious, untrustworthy. | The historian thought the story about the cemetery apocryphal. |
| 81 | apogee | /'apə(,)jē/ | n | Gk | the point in the orbit of a satellite of Earth (as the Moon or an artificial body) at the greatest distance from the center of Earth. | The transmission delay was longest when the spacecraft reached apogee. |
| 82 | Apollonian | /,apə'lōnēən/ | adj | Gk | of, relating to, or resembling the god Apollo, the Greco-Roman god of manly beauty, of poetry and music, and of the wisdom of oracles. | Reggie's Apollonian temperament led him to an admiration of classical art and literature. |
| 83 | Apollyon | /ə'pälyən/ | n | Biblical name | [Note: Might be confused with Apollonian.] devil. | Like Christian in the book Pilgrim's Progress, everyone eventually faces his or her personal Apollyon. |
| 84 | aposiopesis | /,apə,sīə'pēsə̇s/ | n | Gk | the leaving of a thought explicitly incomplete in writing or speaking often by a sudden breaking off and shifting of grammatical construction. | Gail answered with an aposiopesis when she replied, "His problem is-how shall I say?" |
| 85 | apotropaic | /apətrə'pāik/ | adj | Gk + Ecf | designed to avert or turn aside evil. | The native costume included a pouch of apotropaic herbs worn around the neck. |


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| 86 | appurtenant | /ə'pərt ${ }^{( }{ }^{\text {² }}$ nənt/ | adj | F | annexed or belonging legally to some more important thing. | The property insurance covers any additions to the building and to private structures appurtenant to the building. |
| 87 | apsidal | /'apsəd²/ | adj | Gk > L | of or relating to the point of a celestial body's orbit at which it is farthest from the center of attraction. | Laura researched apsidal ocean tidal levels. |
| 88 | apterygote | /ap'terə,gōt/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to a subclass of insects that are presumed never to have developed wings. | Silverfish, firebrats, and bristletails are apterygote insects. |
| 89 | apteryx | /'aptə(,)riks/ | n | Gk + Gk | a flightless New Zealand bird that is about the size of a domestic chicken. | The eggs of the apteryx, which are as large as one fourth its weight, are incubated by the male. |
| 90 | aquarellist | /,akwə'relə̇st/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\mathrm{It}>\mathrm{F} \\ & + \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | one who draws or paints in watercolor, especially transparent watercolor. | Duncan showed great promise as an aquarellist. |
| 91 | arbitrariness | /,ärbə'trerēnə̇s/ | n | L + Ecf | the quality or state of arising from unrestrained exercise of the will, caprice, or personal preference. | The report indicated that the ghetto residents had been subjected to the arbitrariness of the authorities. |
| 92 | arboreal | /är'bōrēəl/ | adj | L | inhabiting or frequenting trees. | The arboreal fauna of Madagascar are endangered by logging. |
| 93 | archivalia | /,ärk̇̇'vālēə/ | n pl | Gk > L | material preserved in or suitable for preservation in rooms for the exhibition of a collection. | Included in the library's archivalia is a copy of the first edition of The Adventures of Tom Sawyer. |
| 94 | aretalogy | /,arə'taləjē/ | n | Gk | a narrative of the miraculous deeds of a god or hero. | Owen was fascinated by the aretalogy of Hercules' labors. |
| 95 | argali | /'ärgəlē/ | n | Mongoli an | a large wild sheep having immense horns and widely distributed in mountainous central and eastern Asia. | The argali may weigh over 300 pounds and stand four feet high at the shoulders. |
| 96 | argot | /'ärgət/ | n | F | the special vocabulary and idiom (as slang) of a particular social group or class. | Nowadays the argot of many teenagers includes the word cool. |
| 97 | arithmocracy | /,a(,)rith'mäkrəs è/ | n | Gk + Gk | rule of the majority. | The United States is an arithmocracy as well as a republic. |
| 98 | armadillo | /,ärmə'di(,)lō/ | n | $L>5 p$ | any of several burrowing chiefly nocturnal mammals having body and head encased in an armor of small bony plates. | Using its long, sticky tongue to extract ants from their nests, the armadillo may eat up to 40,000 ants at a sitting. |
| 99 | armiger | /'ärmə̇jər/ | n | L | [has near homonym: armature] armor-bearer, squire. | The knight summoned his armiger so he could choose a sword. |
| 100 | armistice | /'ärmə̇stə̇s/ | n | $L>F$ | temporary suspension of hostilities as agreed upon by those engaged in the hostilities. | Fortunately, the armistice that ended World War I turned out to be permanent. |


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| 101 | arnica | /'ärnika/ | n | L | the dried flower head of an herb used in a tincture for bruises, sprains, and swellings. | The herbalist used arnica to make a paste for healing bumps and bruises. |
| 102 | arrearage | /ə'ririj/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & L>F>E \\ & + \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | an obligation that has not been on time or is unfinished, especially : something that remains unpaid and overdue after previous payment of a part. | Mr. Olson's medical bills remained in arrearage until the insurance claims were settled. |
| 103 | artichoke | /'ärd.ə,chōk/ | n | Ar $>$ It | the flower head of a tall herb that resembles a thistle and is cooked as a vegetable. | Norm demonstrated the proper way to eat an artichoke. |
| 104 | aryl | /'arə̀l/ | n | G? > ISV | a univalent aromatic radical (as phenyl or tolyl) derived from an arene by removal of one hydrogen atom from a carbon atom of the nucleus. | Natty wrote down that any member of a group that contains one or more fused benzene rings is an aryl, but he remained confused about the concept. |
| 105 | ascetic | /ə'sed.ik/ | adj | Gk | [has near homonym: acetic] refraining from selfindulgence : self-denying, self-disciplined, austere. | Ricky's lavish lifestyle contrasts sharply with his brother's ascetic existence. |
| 106 | ascribable | /ə'skrïbəbəl/ | adj | L | capable of being attributed to a supposed cause, source, or author. | Dad explained that the two books were ascribable to the same author under different pen names. |
| 107 | askance | /ə'skan(t)s/ | adv | unk | with a side look : sideways, obliquely. | Juan's cat has a habit of looking askance at a toy for a long while before pouncing on it. |
| 108 | askew | /ə'skyü/ | adv | $E+F>E$ | out of line : to one side. | Jared's house was leaning because one of the joists had gone askew. |
| 109 | aspartame | /'aspə(r),tām/ | n | L > ISV | a noncarbohydrate crystalline compound that is formed from the amino acids phenylalanine and aspartic acid and is used as a low-calorie sweetener. | Since Bertha began her diet, she prefers foods that are sweetened with aspartame. |
| 110 | asphyxiated | /a'sfiksē,ād.ə̇d/ | v | Gk | killed or made unconscious by obstruction of normal breathing. | When the volcano erupted, many of the town's inhabitants were asphyxiated by the dust and ashes. |
| 111 | assassination | /ə,sas̊ ${ }^{\text {²āshən/ }}$ | n | Ar > L | act of murdering (a usually prominent person) violently. | Theodore Roosevelt assumed the presidency following the assassination of President William McKinley. |
| 112 | assonance | /'as²nən(t)s/ | n | L + Fcf | relatively close juxtaposition of similar sounds especially of vowels. | "Zip your lips" was the teacher's favorite example of assonance. |
| 113 | assuage | /ə'swāj/ | v | $L>F>E$ | reduce to a state of peace, calm, or quiet : mollify, pacify. | No one could assuage Bertina after she dropped her icecream cone. |
| 114 | asterial | /a'stirēal/ | adj | L or Gk | of or relating to stars. | The movie theater's ceiling is dotted with an asterial design. |


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| 115 | astragalomancy | /ə'stragəlō,man( t)sē/ | n | Gk + Gk | divination by means of small bones or dice. | The committee decided to have a booth devoted to astragalomancy rather than the usual palm readings at the fair. |
| 116 | astuciously | /ə'st(y)üshəslē/ | adv | $L>F$ | shrewdly, cleverly. | The movie details the methods of the detective who astuciously solves the murder mystery. |
| 117 | asunder | /ə'səndə(r)/ | adv | E | into parts : into different pieces. | The wind was so violent that Justin feared his tent would be torn asunder. |
| 118 | asyndeton | /ə'sində,tän/ | n | Gk | omission of the conjunctions that ordinarily join words or clauses. | Anyone who has taken Latin should know the famous asyndeton in Caesar's words, "I came, I saw, I conquered." |
| 119 | atavistic | /,ad.ə'vistik/ | adj | L | marked by recurrence in an organism or in any of its parts of a trait typical of ancestors more remote than the parents. | Even though Marie considered herself a city girl, visiting her great-grandparents' farm ignited an atavistic desire to dig in the dirt. |
| 120 | auburn | /'ŏbə(r)n/ | adj | $L>F$ | of a moderate brown color that is redder, lighter, and slightly stronger than chestnut brown. | Rita Hayworth and Greer Garson were famous actresses who had auburn hair. |
| 121 | Augean | /ŏ'jēən/ | adj | Gk name | extremely difficult and usually very distasteful. | Cleaning the rat-infested shed was an Augean task indeed. |
| 122 | aureate | /'ŏrēə̀t/ | adj | L | marked by a rhetorical style that is affected, grandiloquent, and heavily ornamental. | Many students today have little appreciation of the aureate language of English Renaissance poetry. |
| 123 | aureity | /ŏ'rēəd.ē/ | n | L + Ecf | the distinctive properties of gold. | Pyrite's apparent aureity has fooled many a prospector. |
| 124 | auriferous | /ŏ'rifərəs/ | adj | L + Ecf | gold-bearing-used of gravels and rocks. | The auriferous quartz veins sparkled in the sunlight. |
| 125 | aurora | /ə'rōrə/ | n | L | the redness of the sky just before the Sun rises. | As the aurora began to brighten the sky, the airline passengers eagerly looked out their windows to see the rising Sun. |
| 126 | austausch | /'aůs,taůsh/ | n | G | an effect of turbulent motion that is manifested by an exchange of air and water vapor molecules from one layer to another. | The meteorologist ran a computer simulation to show atmospheric austausch. |
| 127 | Australopithecu s | /ŏ,strā(,)lō'pithik əs/ | n | L + Gk | a genus of extinct generalized anthropoid apes known chiefly from skulls from the middle Pleistocene deposits of southern Africa. | Justine's heart skipped a beat as she unearthed the skull of an Australopithecus. |
| 128 | auteur | /ō'tər/ | n | F | [has homonym: hauteur] a film director who is the primary creative force in a motion picture. | The auteur was not very receptive to the actors' suggestions. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 129 | autobahn | /'aůd.ō,bän/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{G}+ \\ & \mathrm{G} \end{aligned}$ | a road in Germany with double traffic lanes in each direction separated by a parkway. | Klaus pulled his Mercedes over to the side of the autobahn to read the map. |
| 130 | avuncular | /ə'vəŋkyələ(r)/ | adj | L | acting or speaking with the familiarity, kindness, or indulgence of an uncle. | Morris took an avuncular tone with Susan when he advised her on her college plans, even though he was her elder by only three years. |
| 131 | awry | /ə'rī/ | adv | E | wrong, amiss. | Gayle's plans for the victory parade went hopelessly awry. |
| 132 | axunge | /'ak,sənj/ | n | L | fat or grease usually of pigs or of geese. | Suzanne's cookbook of home remedies recommended axunge to soothe minor burns. |
| 133 | azure | /'azhə(r)/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per }>\mathrm{Ar} \\ & >\mathrm{Sp}>\mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ | resembling the color of the unclouded sky. | Sarah prefers to call her eyes "azure" instead of "blue." |
| B |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 134 | babouche | /bə'büsh/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per }>\mathrm{Ar} \\ & >\mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ | a chiefly oriental slipper made without heel or quarters. | The babouche on display had a maroon silk upper and colorful beadwork. |
| 135 | bacciferous | /bak'sif(ə)rəs/ | adj | L + Ecf | bearing berries. | Sylvia took care not to park her car under any bacciferous trees. |
| 136 | bacillary | /'basə,lerē/ | adj | L | shaped like a rod : consisting of small rods or rodlike bodies. | Roger did not know which bacillary parasite he was viewing under the microscope. |
| 137 | balaclava | /,balə'klävə/ | n | Crimean geog name | a hoodlike knitted cap covering the head, neck, and part of the shoulders and worn especially by soldiers and mountaineers. | Every climber wore a balaclava for protection from the cold air. |
| 138 | balalaika | /,balə'līkə/ | n | Russ | an instrument of the guitar kind having a triangular wooden body and from two to four strings. | Vladimir strummed the balalaika and sang a Ukrainian folk song. |
| 139 | balkanize | /'bŏlkə,nīz/ | v | ```geog name + Ecf``` | break up (as a region) into smaller ineffectual and frequently conflicting units. | The candidate charged her opponent with attempting to balkanize society by emphasizing ethnic tensions. |
| 140 | balletomane | /ba'led.ə,mān/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\mathrm{It}>\mathrm{F} \\ & + \text { Ecff + } \\ & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | one who takes extraordinary delight in artistic dance performances. | The well-known balletomane took roses to every performance. |
| 141 | balneation | /,balnē'āshən/ | n | L | the act or action of bathing. | Alicia uses a sponge to assist in her daily balneation. |
| 142 | balneotherapy | /,balnēō'therəpē / | n | L + Gk | the treatment of disease by baths. | In the early 1900s a small town in Tennessee was known as the ultimate place for balneotherapy. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 143 | balustrade | /'balə,strād/ | n | It > F | a row of short supports topped by a rail to serve as an open parapet. | Juliet leaned on the balustrade and gazed down at Romeo with adoring eyes. |
| 144 | banausic | /bə'nŏsik/ | adj | Gk | moneymaking, breadwinning : vocational. | Brandon showed no inclination toward banausic pursuits. |
| 145 | banderilla | /,bandə'rē(y)ə/ | n | Gmc > Sp | a decorated barbed dart that is thrust into the neck or shoulder of the bull in a bullfight. | The animal rights protesters displayed a bloodstained banderilla. |
| 146 | banquette | /ban'ket/ | n | Gmc > Prov > F | [has homonym: banket] a raised way or foot bank along the inside of a parapet on which soldiers are posted to fire upon the enemy. | The battle plan called for the archers to stand on the banquette and fire upon the approaching enemy. |
| 147 | barathrum | /'barəthrəm/ | n | Gk > L | a bottomless pit or abyss : a place or state of misery or torment. | The motivational speaker said that her early life was a barathrum which she was fortunate to have survived. |
| 148 | bariolage | /'barēō,läzh/ | n | F | a special effect in violin playing obtained by playing in rapid alternation upon open and stopped strings. | Bjorn's deft bariolage during the third movement thrilled the audience. |
| 149 | barognosis | /,ba,räg'nōsə̇s/ | n | Gk > L | the perception of weight by the cutaneous and muscle senses. | The loss of barognosis is a symptom of some muscle diseases. |
| 150 | baronet | /,barə'net/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gmc}>\mathrm{F} \\ & >\mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | the holder of a dignity or degree of honor ranking immediately below a baron and above a knight. | The baronet swaggered among the knights but quailed before the baron. |
| 151 | baroque | /bə'rōk/ | adj | It <br> name? > <br> F | of, relating to, or having the characteristics of a style of artistic expression prevalent especially in the 17th century, marked by elaborate and sometimes grotesque ornamentation. | The baroque style in art and architecture was marked by the use of curved figures. |
| 152 | barratry | /'barətrē/ | n | $F>E$ | the persistent incitement of litigation. | Barratry has overloaded our country's courts. |
| 153 | barrister | /'barə̇stə(r)/ | n | E | a counsel admitted to plead at the bar and undertake the public trial of causes in an English superior court. | Tim's role of barrister in the school play requires that he don a powdered wig and speak with a British accent. |
| 154 | bathyal | /'bathēəl/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to the deeper parts of the ocean, especially those parts between 100 and 1000 fathoms: deep-sea. | In the bathyal zone photosynthesis cannot occur because light doesn't penetrate that deep. |
| 155 | bathyseism | /'bathə̇,sīzəm/ | n | Gk + Gk | an earthquake of deep origin recordable the world over. | In Carleen's story, tidal waves caused by a bathyseism destroyed everything within 20 miles of coastlines. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 156 | batik | /bə'tēk/ | n | Javanese <br> > Malay | [has near homonym: boutique] an Indonesian method of hand-printing textiles by coating parts of the fabric with wax to resist dye and dipping in a cold dye solution. | Sheila used both batik and tie-dye in her T-shirt creations. |
| 157 | battledore | /'bad.®,dō(ə)r/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}> \\ & \text { OProv? } \\ & >\mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | a light flat bat or racket that is used in striking a shuttlecock. | Alfonso dusted off the old battledore and went to the badminton court. |
| 158 | bavardage | /,bavə(r)'däzh/ | n | $L>F$ | small talk, chitchat. | After a stressful math class, Cora welcomed the opportunity for bavardage with her friends in the cafeteria. |
| 159 | beatific | /,bēə'tifik/ | adj | L | marked by an appearance of complete bliss or utter benignity. | The hockey player appeared beatific as he related how he made the winning goal. |
| 160 | bedizen | /bà ${ }^{\text {dīz}}{ }^{\text {n/ }}$ | v | D | dress or adorn with gaudy and showy vulgarity. | Angelina decided to bedizen herself with jewelry and scarves and go to the costume party as a fortuneteller. |
| 161 | beelzebub | /bē'elzə,bəb/ | n | Heb | a devil. | When the police appeared, the thieves left all their loot behind and ran as though a beelzebub were after them. |
| 162 | Beethovenian | /,bā,tō'vēnēən/ | adj | G name + Ecf | of, relating to, or characteristic of Ludwig van Beethoven or his musical style or works. | The opening movement of Hubert's new symphony is clearly Beethovenian in style. |
| 163 | beguiling | /ḃ̇'gīlin/ | adj | E | provoking pleased interest and diverting from concern or vexation. | Todd blamed the beguiling influence of TV for his low grades. |
| 164 | beguine | /bȧ'gēn/ | n | F | [close homonym: begin] a vigorous popular dance of the islands of Saint Lucia and Martinique somewhat like the rumba. | Cole Porter's song "Begin the Beguine" started the beguine on the road to popularity in this country. |
| 165 | behemoth | /bə̇'hēməth/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Heb > L } \\ & >\mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | something of oppressive or monstrous size or power. | Anwar's wrestling opponent was a behemoth of a man. |
| 166 | belemnoid | /'beləm,nŏid/ | adj | Gk | shaped like a dart. | The museum's collection included belemnoid carvings of unknown origin. |
| 167 | bellicosely | /'belə̇,kōslē/ | adv | L + Ecf | in a warlike, aggressive, combative manner. | Vinny reacts bellicosely to conflict and has been suspended several times for fighting. |
| 168 | beloid | /'bē,lŏid/ | adj | Gk + Ecf | having a shape like that of an arrow. | Whenever the cursor on the computer screen reached a significant word or icon, it became beloid. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 169 | beneficent | /bə̇'nefəsənt/ | adj | L + Ecf | performing acts of kindness and charity. | Thanks to the generosity of a beneficent contributor, the symphony will be funded for another season. |
| 170 | beneficiate | /,benə'fishē,āt/ | v | L > Sp | process (as a raw material) so as to improve the physical and chemical properties. | To prepare clay for ceramic uses, it is first necessary to beneficiate it by crushing and separating out impurities such as sand and mica. |
| 171 | beseech | /ḃ̇'sēch/ | v | E | address oneself earnestly to. | Margaret put on her most dejected look to beseech her father to give her the car keys. |
| 172 | bethesda | /bə̇'thezdə/ | n | Gk <br> biblical <br> geog <br> name | a hallowed place : chapel. | Dorcinda attended services at the bethesda. |
| 173 | bezique | /bȧ'zēk/ | n | F | a card game similar to pinochle that is played with a pack of 64 cards and in which the points are made chiefly by winning tricks. | Clyde claimed he was playing bezique with friends the night his business partner's house was robbed. |
| 174 | bibliotaphic | /,biblēə'tafik/ | adj | Gk > F | characteristic of one who hides away or hoards books. | Hazel devotes her entire basement to the accommodation of her bibliotaphic desires. |
| 175 | bijouterie | /bē'zhütə,rē/ | n | F | jewelry in which delicate or intricate metalwork contributes more to the value than do the constituent materials. | Marge scoured the display case in the antique shop for an addition to her collection of bijouterie. |
| 176 | bildungsroman | /'bil,důn(k)srō,m än/ | n | G | a novel about the usually early development or spiritual education of the main character. | Wilson called the bildungsroman an experiment in living for the hero. |
| 177 | bilirubin | /,bilə'rübə̇n/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & L>F+L \\ & +I S V \end{aligned}$ | a reddish yellow crystalline pigment occurring in bile, blood, urine, and gallstones. | If a newborn is jaundiced because of a high level of bilirubin, phototherapy is the common treatment. |
| 178 | birdie | /'bərdē/ | n | E | [has homonym: birdy] a golf score of one stroke less than par on a hole. | Eleanor putted well on the 18th hole and got a birdie. |
| 179 | bishopric | /'bishə(,)prik/ | n | Gk | the administrative area under the jurisdiction of a clergyman of the highest order in Christian churches usually charged with a function such as the supervision of a diocese. | Priests throughout the bishopric were required to attend the meeting. |
| 180 | blague | /'bläg/ | v | F | talk pretentiously and usually inaccurately or boastfully. | Politicians who blague generally alienate their audiences. |
| 181 | blepharospasm | /'blefə(,)rō,spazə m/ | n | Gk | spasmodic winking from the involuntary contraction of the orbicular muscle of the eyelids. | Blepharospasm can usually be relieved by injecting small doses of botulinum toxin directly into the muscles involved. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 182 | blitzkrieg | /'blits,krēg/ | n | G | war conducted with great speed and force; specifically : a violent surprise offensive by massed air forces and mechanized ground forces in close coordination. | The French forces were roundly defeated by the Germans' blitzkrieg. |
| 183 | blouson | /'blaů,zän/ | n | F | a garment (as a dress or blouse) having a close waistband with material falling over it in loose folds. | Serena wore a white blouson and long black skirt to the audition for Hedda Gabler. |
| 184 | bocage | /bō'käzh/ | n | F | countryside or landscape marked by intermingled patches of woodland and heath, small fields, tall hedgerows, and orchards. | The charming bocage of rural France presents a variety that delights travelers. |
| 185 | bodkin | /'bädkə̇n/ | n | E | a small slender instrument with a sharp point for making holes in cloth and leather and for picking out bastings. | The church spire seemed from a great distance like a bodkin. |
| 186 | boiserie | /'bwäzə,rē/ | n | Gmc > F | carved wood paneling. | In Louis's living room painted boiserie provides a backdrop for a melange of upholstered armchairs. |
| 187 | boniface | /'bänəfذ̇s/ | n | name in an Irish play | the proprietor of a hotel, nightclub, or restaurant. | The boniface of the Red Horse Inn loves to have his picture taken with visiting celebrities. |
| 188 | borealization | /,bōrēəl̇̇'zāshən / | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > L + } \\ & \text { Ecff } \end{aligned}$ | adaptation (as of plants) to life in more northerly regions. | In the far North, borealization is a primary factor in the evolution of different plant species. |
| 189 | boswellize | /'bäzwə,lī/ | v | Scot + <br> Ecf | write of in the manner of one who writes with love for and intimate knowledge of any subject. | It would be difficult for anyone to boswellize America's favorite pastime better than Ken Burns did in his documentary Baseball. |
| 190 | botuliform | /'bächələ,fŏrm/ | adj | L + Ecf | shaped like a sausage. | Cattails have botuliform flower heads. |
| 191 | bouchon | /bü'shän/ | n | F | a bushing pressed into a bridge or plate of a timepiece. | The only thing wrong with Adam's pocket watch was a broken bouchon. |
| 192 | bourgeois | /'bürzh,wä/ | adj | F | of, belonging to, or characteristic of the townsman or the social middle class. | The senator said that he espoused the bourgeois virtues of thriftiness, forethought, and a serious attitude toward life. |
| 193 | bourgeoisie | /,bưrzh,wä'zē/ | n | F | the social and economic middle class. | Dillon went to college to, as he put it, "escape from the throes of the bourgeoisie." |
| 194 | bowdlerize | /'bōdlə,rīz/ | v | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E name } \\ & + \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | remove matter considered indelicate or otherwise objectionable from. | When the publisher chose to bowdlerize the novel, the school librarian refused to order it. |
| 195 | brachylogy | /bra'kiləjē/ | n | Gk | conciseness of expression. | A successful poet is a master of imagery and brachylogy. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 196 | braggadocio | /,bragə'dōshē,ō/ | n | name in English poem | empty boasting or bragging. | Shelly was sure that Keith's claim to have received ten speeding tickets was mere braggadocio. |
| 197 | Brahmsian | /'brämzēən/ | adj | G name | of or relating to Johannes Brahms or his musical compositions. | Ulla thought she knew the whole Brahmsian oeuvre, but she could not recognize the piece that Mirga played. |
| 198 | brecciated | /'brechē,ād.ə̀d/ | adj | It | marked by sharp fragments of rock embedded in a fine-grained matrix of clay or sand. | The countertop was made of a beautifully polished slab of brecciated stone. |
| 199 | breton | /'bret ${ }^{\text { }} \mathrm{n} /$ | n | $L>F$ | a woman's hat made on a basic pattern of round crown and wide even brim that is curved upward all around. | Before putting on her breton, Emily trimmed it with a bright red peony. |
| 200 | brevet | /brȯ'vet/ | n | $F>E$ | an official document from a government granting a privilege, title, or dignity. | Dominic found a brevet signed by President Fillmore among his grandfather's papers. |
| 201 | brindisi | /'brinḋ̇(,)zē/ | n | $\mathrm{G}>\mathrm{lt}$ | a drinking or toasting song. | The bride and groom were wished good health and happiness in a traditional brindisi. |
| 202 | brisque | /'brisk/ | n | F | [has homonym: brisk] an ace or a ten in certain card games in which the ten ranks between the ace and the king. | Emily needed a brisque to take the trick and win the game. |
| 203 | brogan | /'brōgən/ | n | IrGael | a heavy shoe; especially : a coarse leather work shoe reaching to the ankle. | Just after getting out of bed, Cal tripped over a brogan and fell on the sleeping dog. |
| 204 | brontometer | /brän'täməd.ə(r) / | n | Gk | an instrument for measuring the phenomena of thunderstorms. | In 1888 meteorologists began using a brontometer to record the details of thunderstorms. |
| 205 | brouhaha | /'brü'hä,hä/ | n | Hebrew? $>F$ | publicity, attention, or excitement far beyond the merits or importance of its cause. | Sean dropped his tray in the cafeteria, causing quite a brouhaha. |
| 206 | brujo | /'brü,hō/ | n | Sp | sorcerer, witch doctor; especially : one that works black magic. | The character of the brujo in the ballet was played by a dancer who scowled through the entire first act. |
| 207 | brummagem | /'brəmə̇jəm/ | adj | E geog name | spurious especially in a cheap and showy way : phony, sham. | Irene usually wears brummagem jewelry when she dines at fancy restaurants. |
| 208 | brunneous | /'brənēəs/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gmc > L } \\ & + \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | dark brown-used chiefly scientifically. | Hatchery officials were worried about brunneous spots on the fish eggs. |
| 209 | buccaneer | /,bəkə'ni(e)r/ | n | Tupi > F | one of the pirates preying upon Spanish ships and settlements especially in the West Indies in the 17th century. | While on the "Pirates of the Caribbean" ride at Disneyland, Maria thought she saw the eyes of the nearest buccaneer move. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 210 | buccolingual | /,bəkō'ling(yə)w əl/ | adj | L | relating to or affecting the cheek and the tongue. | Pipe smoking can harm the buccolingual tissue. |
| 211 | buffa | /'büfə/ | n | It | a woman singer of comic roles in opera. | Lorelei admired the beautiful voice of the buffa in the Metropolitan Opera production of Cosi Fan Tutte. |
| 212 | bugaboo | /'bəgə,bü/ | n | E | something that causes fear or distress often out of proportion to its actual importance in a situation. | Failing the geometry test was Kara's bugaboo. |
| 213 | bugia | /'b(y)üj(ē)ə/ | n | Algerian geog name > L | a low candlestick with a short handle. | Marlo keeps a bugia on her bedside table. |
| 214 | bullionist | /'bůlyənə̇st/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F}>\mathrm{E}+ \\ & \mathrm{Ecf} \end{aligned}$ | an advocate of a metallic medium of exchange. | The bullionist proposed a return to the gold standard. |
| 215 | bulwarks | /'bůlwə(r)ks/ | n pl | $G>D>E$ | imposing safeguards. | Elizabeth fought tirelessly to counter the opposition of those entrenched behind the bulwarks of custom and authority. |
| 216 | Bunraku | /bůn'rä(,)kü/ | n | Jpn | Japanese puppet theater featuring large costumed wooden puppets, onstage puppeteers, and a chanter who speaks all the lines. | Bunraku features four-foot-high dolls adroitly manipulated by black-clad puppeteers in full view of the audience. |
| 217 | Bunyanesque | /,bənyə'nesk/ | adj | Amer name | of or befitting the tales of Paul Bunyan; especially : of fantastically large size. | No amount of food can satisfy Raymond's Bunyanesque appetite. |
| 218 | bureaucracy | /byü'räkrəsē/ | n | F | a system of administration marked by lack of initiative and flexibility, by indifference to human needs or public opinion, and by a tendency to defer decisions to superiors or to impede action with red tape. | Helga blamed the bureaucracy for the six-week delay in getting her passport. |
| 219 | burglarious | /,bər'gla(a)rēəs/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & G m c>L \\ & >A F \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | of or suitable for the use of one who breaks into a building illegally especially with intent to steal. | The prosecutor asked the defendant to explain why he had burglarious tools in his automobile. |
| 220 | burgonet | /'bərgənə̇t/ | n | F geog name | a light 16th-century helmet having cheekpieces and sometimes a nosepiece. | The French commander checked to see that every footsoldier was carrying a pike and was wearing a burgonet. |
| 221 | bursitis | /,bər'sīd.ə̇s/ | n | L + Ecf | inflammation of a fluid-filled cavity in a joint of the body. | Pain during the tennis game was Brett's first symptom of bursitis. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 222 | Byzantine | /'bizən,tēn/ | adj | Gk | of, relating to, or characteristic of the eastern Roman Empire. | Byzantine bureaucracy has become a byword for cumbersome, complicated, inefficient, and inflexible administration. |
| C |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 223 | cabaletta | /,kabə'led.ə/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}> \\ & \text { OProv > } \\ & \text { It } \end{aligned}$ | the lively conclusion of an aria or duet. | The tenor ended the cabaletta on a high C , inspiring the audience to respond with a standing ovation. |
| 224 | caballero | /,kabə'le(ə)(,)rō/ | n | L > Sp | knight, cavalier. | For Halloween Kenny dressed as a Spanish caballero and rode his pony from house to house. |
| 225 | cabotinage | /'kabətə̇,näzh/ | n | F name $+ \text { Fcf }$ | behavior befitting a second-rate actor : theatricality. | To fit the tone of a 19th-century melodrama, the actors indulged in a good deal of deliberate cabotinage. |
| 226 | cachinnation | /,kakə'nāshən/ | n | L | the act or action of laughing loudly or convulsively. | The cachinnation of the comedy club's audience convinced the comedian that he was on his way to becoming a star. |
| 227 | cacophony | /ka'käfənē/ | n | Gk | harsh or discordant sound. | Spot's encounter with the skunk was accompanied by a burst of cacophony. |
| 228 | caffeinic | /ka'fēnik/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Turk > } \\ & \text { F> G } \end{aligned}$ | of or containing caffeine. | Cindy relied on the caffeinic effects of coffee to energize her in the morning. |
| 229 | calash | /kə'lash/ | n | Czech > $G>F$ | a large hood worn by women in the 18th century. | Priscilla's calash was made of green silk and was supported by whalebone hoops. |
| 230 | calceiform | /'kalsēə,fŏrm/ | adj | L | shaped like a slipper. | Fictional detective Nero Wolfe cultivated certain orchids for the calceiform lip in their flowers. |
| 231 | calico | /'kal̇̇,kō/ | n | Indian geog name | any of various cheap cotton fabrics with figured patterns. | Molly's dress was made of a bold orange and yellow checked calico. |
| 232 | caliginous | /kə'lijənəs/ | adj | F or L | dark, obscure. | A caliginous sky foreshadowed the approaching storm. |
| 233 | Calinago | /kalə'nä(,)gō/ | n | Carib > <br> Sp | a native of the Lesser Antilles. | The guide for the couple's island tour was a Calinago. |
| 234 | calisthenics | /,kaləs'theniks/ | n pl | Gk + Ecf | systematic exercises performed usually in rhythm and often in a group to improve the strength, suppleness, balance, and health of the body. | Aunt Julia does calisthenics twice a week in a program called "Body Recall." |
| 235 | calligrapher | /kə'ligrəfə(r)/ | n | Gk | one that writes a beautiful, ornamental, or stylized hand. | Joni and William had their wedding invitations inscribed by a calligrapher. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 236 | Callisaurus | /,kalə'sŏrəs/ | n | Gk | a small genus of lizards (family Iguanidae). | The gridiron-tailed lizard is a member of the genus Callisaurus living in the southwestern United States. |
| 237 | calvities | /kal'vishē,ēz/ | n | L | baldness. | Larry's calvities is intentional: He shaves his head every morning. |
| 238 | cameline | /'kamə,lēn/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sem > } \\ & \text { Gk }>\mathrm{L} \end{aligned}$ | a twilled camel's-hair fabric. | Jordan bought a new overcoat made of cameline to wear with his dress suits. |
| 239 | camisa | /kə'mēsə/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Gmc }>L \\ >S p \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | a woman's embroidered blouse with loose sleeves. | Jeri practiced her Spanish while bargaining for a colorful camisa. |
| 240 | campanile | /,kampə'nēlē/ | n | L > It | [Note: Plural form can be pronounced identically.] a bell tower usually freestanding. | From the hilltop Obin could just spot the great campanile of Christ Church in Oxford. |
| 241 | campanologist | /,kampə'näləjə̇st / | n | L + Gk | maker of bells. | The campanologist beamed with pride every time he heard the cathedral carillon. |
| 242 | campesino | /,kampə'sē(,)nō/ | n | $L>5 p$ | a native of a Latin-American rural area; especially : a Latin-American Indian farmer or farm laborer. | The elderly campesino was the village's historian, weather forecaster, and mediator. |
| 243 | campodeiform | /kam'pōdēe,fŏr m/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}+\mathrm{Gk} \\ & +\mathrm{L} \end{aligned}$ | having an elongated and flattened shape-used especially of larvae of some beetles and other higher insects. | Cybelle identified one of the five campodeiform larvae. |
| 244 | cancelli | /kan'se,lī/ | n pl | L | screens or rails typically of latticework or stone grating used to enclose or separate a part of a church. | From the style of the church's cancelli, the church was built in the 16th century. |
| 245 | cantillate | /'kant̊,āt/ | v | L | recite with musical usually improvised tones (as in synagogues and highly liturgical churches) : chant. | The congregation knelt as the choir began to cantillate the 23rd Psalm. |
| 246 | canvasser | /'kanvəsə(r)/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > L > } \\ & \text { F > E + } \\ & \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | one that takes or counts votes. | Helga voluntered as a canvasser for the upcoming election. |
| 247 | caparison | /kə'parəsən/ | n | Sp > F | an ornamental covering for a horse. | The king's horse wore an elaborately decorated caparison. |
| 248 | capriccio | /kə'prē(,)chō/ | n | It | an instrumental piece in free form usually lively in tempo and brilliant in style. | When feeling depressed, Kate plays a recording of a capriccio to lift her spirits. |
| 249 | carcass | /'kärkəs/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per }>\mathrm{Ar} \\ & >\mathrm{L}>\mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ | a dead body of a human being or an animal : corpse. | Kasey found the fresh carcass of one of his cows and knew that the wolves were back. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 250 | carcinogenic |  / | adj | Gk + Gk | producing or tending to produce cancer. | Thorald pointed out to his daughter Sam that thousands of naturally occurring chemicals have carcinogenic effects. |
| 251 | cardiomegaly | /,kärdēō'megəlē / | n | Gk | enlargement of the heart. | Severe anemia can result in cardiomegaly. |
| 252 | carditis | /kär'dīd.ə̇s/ | n | L | inflammation of the heart muscle. | Carditis is one of the manifestations of rheumatic fever. |
| 253 | careen | /kə'rēn/ | V | $L>\mathrm{It}>\mathrm{F}$ | cause (a boat) to lean over on one side (as on a beach) making the other side accessible for repairs below the waterline. | The crew decided to haul the boat onto the beach and careen it so that they could repair the hull. |
| 254 | caricatured | /'karàkə,chů(ə)r d/ | v | L > It | represented in exaggeration by means of deliberate simplification and often ludicrous distortion of parts or characteristics. | Those who inaugurated the movement for women's enfranchisement were initially censured and caricatured by the press. |
| 255 | Carolingian | /,karə'linj(ē)ən/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{G}> \\ & \mathrm{L} \end{aligned}$ | of or relating to a Frankish family that was founded about A.D. 613 and including among its members the rulers of France from 751 to 987, of Italy from 774 to 961, and of Germany from 752 to 911. | Charles the Fat, a Carolingian monarch, ruled in Italy until A.D. 887. |
| 256 | casein | /'kā,sēn/ | n | $L>F$ | [Note: Could be confused with casing.] the principal protein of cheese. | Arlene saved the company thousands of dollars by lowering the proportion of casein used in its mozzarella. |
| 257 | casserole | /'kasə,rōl/ | n | Gk > L > OProv > <br> F | a vessel usually having a cover and a handle and in which food may be baked and served. | Laura baked the chicken and broccoli in a casserole. |
| 258 | cassock | /'kasək/ | n | Per $>$ F | a long close-fitting garment reaching to the feet that is worn by the clergy of certain churches often during divine service and by choristers and vergers. | The acolyte's mother gasped as her eyes traveled from her child's cassock to his basketball shoes. |
| 259 | castellan | /'kastələn/ | n | $L>F>E$ | a governor or warden of a castle or fort. | Richard played the part of the castellan during the medieval fair. |
| 260 | casuistry | /'kazhəwə̇strē/ | n | L > Sp | the study of or the doctrine that deals with cases of conscience. | To complete her degree in philosophy, Tisha had to take a semester of casuistry. |
| 261 | catachresis | /,kad.ə'krēsə̇s/ | n | Gk | the misuse of words. | When Monica used the word infer to mean "imply" in her essay, her English teacher wrote catachresis in the margin. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 262 | catalepsy | /'kad.I,epsē/ | n | Gk | a condition of suspended animation and loss of voluntary motion associated with hysteria and schizophrenia. | Doctors were confounded by Juan's catalepsy. |
| 263 | catamnesis | /,kad.am'nēsə̇s/ | n | Gk | the follow-up medical history of a patient. | Once the patient's catamnesis was complete, the records were placed in long-term file storage. |
| 264 | catastasis | /kə'tastəsə̇s/ | n | Gk | the dramatic complication immediately preceding the climax of a play. | During the catastasis the audience wondered how the hero would resolve his predicament. |
| 265 | cate | /'kāt/ | n | $L>F>E$ | [has homonym: kate] a dainty or choice food : delicacy. | Some consider caviar a cate; others disdainfully refer to it as "fish eggs." |
| 266 | catenate | /'kad.ə,nāt/ | v | L | connect in a series of links or ties. | "The ability of carbon to catenate is discussed on page 743 of your textbook," the lab technician said condescendingly. |
| 267 | Catullian | /kə'təlēən/ | adj | L name | of, relating to, or like the Roman poet Catullus or his lyric poems. | The great felicity of language and intense personal feeling of Randolph's poem made it Catullian. |
| 268 | caulicolous | /kŏ'likələs/ | adj | L | growing on the stems of other plants. | During our hike Mom pointed out the caulicolous fungi on the trees. |
| 269 | cavort | /kə'vŏ(ə)rt/ | V | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L? > F > } \\ & \text { It } \end{aligned}$ | bound, prance, or frisk about. | In Bosch's painting Garden of Earthly Delights, horses and giant birds cavort in a surreal landscape. |
| 270 | cayenne | /kī'en/ | n | French <br> Guiana <br> geog <br> name | a very hot and pungent powder made by drying and grinding the whole fruits or the seeds of several hot peppers. | Paolo's chili was too mild, so he sprinkled some cayenne on it. |
| 271 | celesta | /ṡ̇'lestə/ | n | $L>F$ | [Note: Could be confused with celeste.] a keyboard instrument having an action like that of a piano with hammers that strike steel plates suspended above wooden resonance boxes and producing a tone similar to that of a glockenspiel. | For the talent competition Trish performed a medley of Gershwin tunes on the celesta. |
| 272 | cephalalgia | /,sefə'lalj(ē)ə/ | n | Gk | pain inside the head : headache. | Mortimer's cephalalgia made him irritable and shorttempered. |
| 273 | ceraunograph | /sə̇'rŏnə,graf/ | n | Gk + Gk | an instrument for recording chronologically by pen the occurrence of thunder and lightning. | Marie set up a ceraunograph to monitor the latesummer storms. |
| 274 | cerebellum | /,serə'beləm/ | n | L | a large lower back part of the brain that is concerned especially with the coordination of muscles and the maintenance of equilibrium. | Sheila's vertigo results from damage to her cerebellum. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 275 | cerebrate | /'serə,brāt/ | v | L + Ecf | use the mind : think. | Sharon went to the library so that she could cerebrate without interruptions from her brothers. |
| 276 | cerography | /sȧ'rägrəfē/ | n | Gk | the art of making characters or designs in or with wax. | The maps in the old book were originally made by the process of cerography, in which beeswax was used. |
| 277 | cerumen | /ṡ̇'rümən/ | n | L | the yellow waxlike secretion from the glands of the external ear-called also "earwax." | The doctor irrigated Ariel's ear to remove impacted cerumen. |
| 278 | cetacean | /sē'tāshən/ | n | Gk > L | any of an order of aquatic mostly marine mammals including the whales, dolphins, porpoises, and related forms that have a tapered nearly hairless body, paddle-shaped forelimbs, no hind limbs, and a flattened tail. | Moby Dick is the most famous cetacean in American literature. |
| 279 | chagrin | /shə'grin/ | n | F | vexation, disquietude, or distress of mind brought on by humiliation, hurt pride, disappointment, or consciousness of failure or error. | Pete tried to conceal his chagrin when his younger brother beat him at chess. |
| 280 | chameleonic | /kə,mē̄ē'änik/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{F}>\mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | like a chameleon in changeability; assuming varying hues. | The military hopes to develop chameleonic suits so soldiers can blend in with different backgrounds. |
| 281 | chamfer | /'cham(p)fə(r)/ | v | $L>F$ | cut off corners or edges (as of timber columns or beams). | Gordon decided to chamfer the ceiling beams of his cottage. |
| 282 | chancel | /'chan(t)səl/ | n | $L>F>E$ | the part of a church in which is located the altar or communion table, the pulpit, and the lectern and which is customarily on a higher level than the nave. | Fitting 75 choir members in the chancel will be an almost impossible task. |
| 283 | chandlery | /'chandlərē/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L>F }>E E \\ & + \text { Ecf } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | a place where candles are kept. | The altar boy spent the afternoon reorganizing the chandlery. |
| 284 | chanoyu | /,chänō'yü/ | n | Jpn | an elaborate Japanese tea ceremony. | Mariko performed the chanoyu for her guests with serene grace. |
| 285 | charcuterie | /(,)shär,küd.ə'rē/ | n | $L>F$ | a delicatessen in France specializing in dressed meats and meat dishes (as cold cuts and sausages). | Loraine stopped at the charcuterie and bought a smoked chicken for supper. |
| 286 | Charybdis | /kə'ribdə̇s/ | n | Gk > L | a destructive peril-usually used as the alternative to Scylla. | Whether to tell the truth or to lie is sometimes a choice between Scylla and Charybdis. |
| 287 | chasmophyte | /'kazmə,fit/ | n | Gk | a plant that grows in the crevices of rocks. | There was just enough soil for the chasmophyte to grow in the chinks between rocks on the cliff. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | 100 | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 288 | chastise | /'cha,stīz/ | v | $L>F>E$ | censure severely in an attempt to correct or improve. | Ms. Stanton protested a form of government that she believed gave a man the power to chastise and imprison his wife. |
| 289 | chastisement | /cha'stīzmənt/ | n | $L>F>E$ | punishment. | Hazel's mother required her to spend an hour in her room as chastisement for disobeying. |
| 290 | chatelaine | /'shad.ə, ān/ | n | $L>F$ | [has homonym: chatelain] an ornamental chain or clasp usually worn at a woman's waist to which trinkets, keys, a purse, or other articles are attached. | Melissa has an antique chatelaine that her greatgrandmother used to hold her needle case, magnifying glass, and a small pair of scissors. |
| 291 | cheka | /'chā(,)kä/ | n | Russ | secret police (as of the former U.S.S.R.) having virtually unrestrained power over life and death. | The dissidents were detained and tortured for months by the cheka. |
| 292 | chelate | /'kē,lāt/ | v | Gk | combine with (a metal) so as to form a ring of usually five or six atoms in which a central metallic ion is held in a coordination complex by one or more groups, each of which can attach itself to the central ion by at least two bonds. | Lead poisoning is usually treated with agents such as EDTA or BAL that chelate with lead to form a stable complex of ions. |
| 293 | chernozem | /'chernəz,yŏm/ | n | Russ | any of a group of dark-colored zonal soils with a deep rich humus horizon found in regions (as the grasslands of central North America) of temperate to cool climate. | The rich chernozem of Ukraine has helped it earn a reputation as "the breadbasket of Eastern Europe." |
| 294 | chiaroscurist | /,kyärə'sk(y)ůrə̇s t/ | n | L > It | an artist who uses the arrangement or treatment of the light and dark parts in a pictorial work of art. | The chiaroscurist deftly conveyed the mood in black and white. |
| 295 | Chicano | /chi'känō/ | n | Sp | [Note: Could be confused with Chicana.] a male American of Mexican descent. | Rodrigo is proud to be a Chicano. |
| 296 | chiffonade | /,shifə'nād/ | n | F | shredded or finely cut vegetables used in soup or salad dressing. | Lettuce and sorrel are often made into chiffonade to garnish soups. |
| 297 | Chihuahua | /chȯ'wä(,)wä/ | n | Mex <br> geog <br> name | a very small round-headed large-eared short-coated dog reputed to antedate Aztec civilization. | A popular fast food restaurant chain has used a talking Chihuahua in its advertisements. |
| 298 | chilblains | /'chil,blānz/ | n pl | $E+E$ | instances of redness and swelling of toes, fingers, nose, or ears or sometimes cheeks in cold weather accompanied by itching and burning of skin. | The children stayed out in the snow too long and ended up suffering from chilblains. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 299 | chiliastic | /,kilē'astik/ | adj | Gk + Ecff | relating to belief in the millennium of Christian prophecy. | Leonard listened with interest to the fiery chiliastic sermon of the street preacher. |
| 300 | chiragra | /kī'ragrə/ | n | Gk | pain in the hand. | Aunt Molly's chiragra keeps her from writing many letters. |
| 301 | chiromegaly | /,kīrə'megəlē/ | n | Gk | abnormal increase in the size of the hands. | The distraught parents called the pediatrician with the claim that their daughter had a case of chiromegaly. |
| 302 | chiropractor | /'kīrə,praktər/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk + Gk } \\ & + \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | a practitioner of a system of healing based upon the theory that disease results from a lack of normal nerve function and employing treatment by scientific manipulation and specific adjustment of body structures (as the spinal column). | Joanne scheduled a visit to the chiropractor after a flareup of her back pain. |
| 303 | chivalrous | /'shivalrəs/ | adj | $F>E$ | marked by especial courtesy and high-minded disinterested consideration to women. | Chivalrous behaviors of previous generations are less common in today's atmosphere of equal rights for women. |
| 304 | chlorella | /kla'relə/ | n | Gk > L | any of the nonmotile unicellular green algae of the genus Chlorella. | In the ponds studied, the chlorella proved to be the most efficient photosynthetic organism. |
| 305 | chopine | /chō'pēn/ | n | Sp > F | a woman's shoe of the 16th and 17th centuries having a high often stiltlike sole to increase stature and protect the feet from mud and dirt. | While the chopine elevated a lady's stature, it often led to her downfall. |
| 306 | choreographer | /,kōrē'ägrəfə(r)/ | n | Gk > F | one engaging in the composing and often the teaching of stage dancing. | Martha Graham was a celebrated choreographer of modern dance. |
| 307 | chrematistic | /,krēmə'tistik/ | adj | Gk | of, relating to, or occupied in the gaining of wealth. | Chrematistic industrialists cared little about the living conditions of their employees. |
| 308 | chrestomathy | /kre'stäməthē/ | n | Gk | a selection of passages from various authors compiled as an aid to learning a language. | At the end of each chapter of the textbook was a chrestomathy illustrating a particular rule of grammar. |
| 309 | chrismatory | /'krizmə,tōrē/ | n | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ \mathrm{E} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | a vessel or a place in which consecrated oil is kept. | The museum's collection of religious relics included a 500-year-old chrismatory. |
| 310 | chromatin | /'krōmətə̇n/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > ISV } \\ & >\text { G } \end{aligned}$ | the part of a cell nucleus that stains intensely with basic dyes. | The microbiologist stained the bacteria cells with various dyes to show the chromatin. |
| 311 | chromatosis | /,krōmə'tōsə̇s/ | n | Gk | pigmentation; specifically : deposit of pigment in a normally unpigmented area or excessive pigmentation in a normally pigmented area. | The condition called "liver spots" is one kind of chromatosis. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 312 | chromosphere | /'krōmə,sfi(ə)r/ | n | Gk + Gk | the lower part of the atmosphere of the Sun that is thousands of miles thick and is composed predominantly of hydrogen gas. | The Sun's rosy color is a manifestation of the chromosphere. |
| 313 | chronograph | /'kränə,graf/ | n | Gk | an instrument for measuring time. | The chronograph in Dr. Jekyll's lab needs calibrating. |
| 314 | chrysalis | /'krisəlı̇s/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sem > } \\ & \text { Gk }>\mathrm{L} \end{aligned}$ | an insect (as a butterfly or moth) in the pupal stage of its development in which it is enclosed in a firm case. | Bob and Sam put the chrysalis in a dry container and kept it in the hope that a butterfly would later emerge. |
| 315 | chrysanthemu m | /krə̀'san(t)thəmə m/ | n | Gk > L | any plant or flower of a large genus of perennial herbs that are widely distributed in the Old World and that are cultivated for their showy often double and brightly colored flower heads. | Orlando's chrysanthemum won first prize at the flower show. |
| 316 | chylocaulous | /,kīlə'kŏləs/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > G + } \\ & \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | having fleshy or succulent stems. | Many desert plants are chylocaulous. |
| 317 | cicada | /sə̇'kādə/ | n | L | any insect of the family Cicadidae—called also "locust." | The male cicada produces sound by vibrating miniature "drumheads" on the lower surface of its abdomen. |
| 318 | Ciceronian | /,sisə'rōnēən/ | adj | L name | resembling the Roman orator Cicero in oratorical or literary qualities. | Beulah's Ciceronian bombast about Destiny and Youth impressed the audience. |
| 319 | cinctured | /'sin(k)chə(r)d/ | v | L | girded, encircled. | The valley, cinctured with mountains, is home to about 25 families who lead a lifestyle reminiscent of yesteryear. |
| 320 | circusiana | /,sərkəsē'änə/ | n pl | L | materials or objects relating to circuses or circus life. | Maya's collection of circusiana fetched a surprisingly high price at auction. |
| 321 | cirque | /'sərk/ | n | $L>F$ | a deep steep-walled basin high on a mountain usually shaped like half a bowl and often containing a small lake, caused especially by glacial erosion, and usually forming the blunt head of a valley. | Justine climbed down the cirque and set up camp. |
| 322 | cislunar | /sis'lünə(r)/ | adj | L+L | of or relating to the space between Earth and the Moon or the Moon's orbit. | The space enthusiast talked often about the practicalities of setting up a colony in the cislunar region. |
| 323 | claque | /'klak/ | n | F | [has homonym: clack] an opera hat with a collapsible crown. | As the gentleman entered the opera house, he doffed and flattened his claque. |
| 324 | clepsydra | /'klepsədrə/ | n | Gk > L | an instrument designed to measure time by the flow of a quantity of water. | For his science project Kerry designed and built a clepsydra. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 325 | cloven | /'klōvən/ | adj | E | divided or split especially to a certain depth. | According to folklore, the devil cannot appear without his cloven feet. |
| 326 | cnemial | /'nēmēəl/ | adj | Gk + E | relating to the shin or shinbone. | Bud suffered a cnemial injury while quarterbacking in the game last night. |
| 327 | coacervate | /,kōə'sərv̇̇t/ | n | L | an aggregate of colloidal droplets held together by electrostatic attractive forces. | The chemist referred to the aggregation of liquid particles in an emulsion as a coacervate. |
| 328 | coadjutor | /,kōə'jüd.ə(r)/ | n | $L>F>E$ | one who works together with another usually in a somewhat subordinate position : assistant. | Offended by being called a "lackey," Marcus prefers to be called a "coadjutor." |
| 329 | coaration | /,kōə'rāshən/ | n | L | cooperative tilling of soil as practiced by early village communities. | The villagers found that coaration was the most efficient system for cultivating the land. |
| 330 | coarse | /'kō(ə)rs/ | adj | E | [has homonym: course] roughly or crudely formed. | Modern coarse imitations lack the original fineness of authentic Navajo rugs. |
| 331 | coati | /kə'wäd.ē/ | n | Tupi > Pg | a mammal of tropical America that is related to the raccoon but with a longer body and tail and a long flexible snout. | When foraging, the coati often climbs trees for fruit. |
| 332 | cochleariform | /,kōklē'a(a)rə̇,fŏr m/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}+ \\ & \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | shaped like a spoon. | Jacques theorized that the cochleariform bone was used in prehistoric times as a spoon. |
| 333 | coeval | /kō'ēvəl/ | adj | L + Ecf | of the same or equal age or antiquity. | Nearly the same in mass and brightness, the stars were thought to be coeval. |
| 334 | cogitate | /'käjə,tāt/ | v | L | ponder on or meditate upon. | Greta liked to cogitate on the tricks she could play on her big brother. |
| 335 | colcannon | /kəl'kanən/ | n | IrGael | potatoes and cabbage or other greens boiled and mashed together. | Deirdre's mother serves a different meat every night of the week, but the side dish is always colcannon. |
| 336 | collabent | /kō'lābənt/ | adj | L | sunken or falling in : collapsing in the middle. | Orville poked the collabent anthill with a stick. |
| 337 | collage | /kə'läzh/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > LF } \\ & + \text { Fcf } \end{aligned}$ | an artistic composition of fragments of printed matter and other materials pasted on a picture surface. | Sabrina spent weeks finishing a large collage of a Paris street scene. |
| 338 | colonelcy | /'kərn¹sē/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\mathrm{It}>\mathrm{F} \\ & + \text { Ecf } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | the office, rank, or commission of a colonel. | Nathan announced that he was being considered for a colonelcy in the infantry. |
| 339 | colonnaded | /,kälə'nādə̇d/ | adj | L $>$ It $>$ F | having a series of columns placed at regular intervals. | The colonnaded royal palace was the city's shining architectural jewel. |
| 340 | colossal | /kə'läsəl/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{F} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | characterized by extremely great bulk, extent, force, strength, power, or effect. | The new stadium is a colossal building seating about a hundred thousand people. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 341 | colugo | /kə'lügō/ | n | Malay? | either of two arboreal nocturnal mammals that are about the size of a cat and that have a broad fold of skin extending from the neck to the tail on each side that forms a parachute used in making long sailing leaps. | The colugo lives in the rain forest and feeds on the leaves, buds, shoots, and flowers of trees. |
| 342 | commemoratio n | /kə,memə'rāshə n/ | n | L | something that calls to remembrance (as by speech, statue, or ceremony). | The city council voted to have a parade in commemoration of the city's 150th anniversary. |
| 343 | commensal | /'kə'men(t)səl/ | adj | L | of or relating to those who habitually eat together. | Having pizza on Friday night is a commensal tradition among Carrie and her friends. |
| 344 | commiseration | /kə,mizə'rāshən/ | n | L | the feeling or showing of sorrow or the expression of condolence for the wants or distresses of another. | Aunt Betsy sighed and moralized with true and steady commiseration. |
| 345 | commodious | /kə'mōdēəs/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L>F>E } \\ & + \text { Lcf }+ \\ & \text { Ecf } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | large or roomy and convenient. | Leo and his family rented a modest but commodious villa in Spain. |
| 346 | communard | /'kämyə,närd/ | n | F | an adherent of a principle or system of organization in which the major social or political units are local self-governing communities. | A communard is an individual who wishes for an extreme development of local government. |
| 347 | compendium | /kəm'pendēəm/ | n | L | a work treating in brief form the important features of a whole field of knowledge or subject matter category. | Eileen is writing a compendium of investment information for small company shareholders. |
| 348 | Compositae | /kəm'päzə,tē/ | n pl | L | a very large family of herbs, shrubs, and trees considered to constitute the most highly evolved plants and characterized by florets arranged in dense heads that resemble single flowers. | Plants in the Compositae can be as small as a dandelion and as large as a sunflower. |
| 349 | compunction | /kəm'pən(k)shən / | n | L | normal human regret, pity, or anxiety : remorse. | The children showed no compunction about having eaten the entire cake before dinner. |
| 350 | conceited | /kən'sēd.ə̇d/ | adj | E + Ecf | entertaining an excessively or unjustifiably high opinion of oneself. | Dennis is so conceited that he would rather have stones thrown at him than not be noticed. |
| 351 | conceitedness | /kən'sēd.ədnə̇s/ | n | E | the quality or state of entertaining an excessively or unjustifiably high opinion of oneself. | The diva had trouble with her fellow singers because of her boundless conceitedness. |
| 352 | concerto | /kən'cherd.(,)ō/ | n | L > It | a virtuoso piece for solo instrument or voice and orchestra that usually has three contrasting movements. | A violin concerto by Vivaldi concluded the orchestra's program. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 353 | conchiform | /'käŋkə,fŏrm/ | adj | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Gk > L > } \\ \text { ISV } \end{array}$ | shell-shaped. | Mom keeps her jewelry in a conchiform box. |
| 354 | conchitic | /kän'kid.ik/ | adj | Gk | composed of shells. | The professor brought in a piece of conchitic limestone so students could examine the mollusk shells in it. |
| 355 | concierge | /kōn'syerzh/ | n | $L>F$ | an attendant at the entrance of a building : doorkeeper. | The concierge took note of the mysterious man's comings and goings at the hotel. |
| 356 | concomitant | /kən'käməd.ənt/ | adj | L | occurring along with or at the same time as and with or without causal relationship. | Mr. Simmons noted that his son's poor grades in algebra were concomitant with the start of the basketball season. |
| 357 | confluence | /'kän,flüən(t)s/ | n | L | the place of meeting of two streams. | Martina agreed to meet Lynn at the confluence of Rogers Creek and the Little Red River. |
| 358 | congelation | /,känjə'lāshən/ | n | L | the action or process of alteration (as by freezing) from a fluid to a solid or semisolid state. | Ice is the result of the congelation of water. |
| 359 | conjunctivitis | /kən,jən(k)tə'vīd .j̇s/ | n | L | inflammation of the mucous membrane that lines the inner surface of the eyelids. | In common parlance, conjunctivitis is known as "pinkeye." |
| 360 | conniption | /kə'nipshən/ | n | unk | a fit of rage, hysteria, or alarm. | Dad had a conniption when he discovered that someone had stolen the radio from his car. |
| 361 | connoisseur | /,känə'sů(ə)r/ | n | $L>F$ | one who is an expert in a subject; especially : one who understands the details, technique, or principles of an art and is competent to act as a critical judge. | The connoisseur who judged the culinary creations is a chef at a five-star restaurant. |
| 362 | connote | /kə'nōt/ | v | L | arouse as an inseparably associated idea or feeling : imply, suggest. | Eli wonders if sending a dozen long-stemmed roses to Gretchen might connote what he finds difficult to say. |
| 363 | connubial | /kə'n(y)übēəl/ | adj | L | of or relating to marriage or the marriage state. | Susan and Stuart spent their honeymoon in a state of connubial contentment. |
| 364 | consanguineous | /,känsaŋ'gwinēə s/ | adj | L | descended from the same person (as a father) or the same ancestor. | Although Ron and Bill have different mothers, they have the same father, and are therefore consanguineous. |
| 365 | consecrate | /'känṡ̇,krāt/ | v | L | make or declare sacred or holy. | The bishop will consecrate the new chapel next Sunday. |
| 366 | constellation | /,känztə'lāshən/ | n | L | any one of 88 arbitrary configurations of stars or an area of the celestial sphere covering one of these configurations. | Rani found it difficult to see a scale in the constellation Libra. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 367 | consternation | /,känztə(r)'nāshə n/ | n | L | grievous exasperation or distraction. | The two, father and son, stared at each other in consternation, and neither knew what to do. |
| 368 | consummate | /'kän(t)səmə̇t/ | adj | L | of the very highest or finest : supremely excellent. | Marie was worried that her son would ruin the party, but he behaved like a consummate gentleman. |
| 369 | contemptible | /kən'tem(p)təbəl / | adj | L | meriting scorn and condemnation as paltry, mean, base, or vile. | Though most people viewed the accused man as a contemptible being, Sister Agatha pitied him and tried to reach out to him. |
| 370 | contortion | /kən'tŏrshən/ | n | L | a twisting into abnormal or grotesque shape. | When the demon appeared on stage, the hero assumed a position of painful contortion. |
| 371 | contumacy | /kən't(y)üməsē/ | n | $L>E$ | stubborn resistance to authority; specifically : willful contempt of court. | In the Middle Ages contumacy could be punished by excommunication and the loss of civil rights. |
| 372 | contumely | /kən't(y)üməlē/ | n | $L>F>E$ | the suffering of insult : humiliation. | Dan's ability to ignore insults gave him an endless capacity for bearing contumely. |
| 373 | conundrums | /kə'nəndrəmz/ | n pl | unk | riddles based on some fanciful or fantastic resemblance between things quite unlike and forming a puzzling question whose answer is or involves a pun. | Mr. Elton was invited to contribute any really good conundrums to Emma's collection of riddles of every sort. |
| 374 | convivial | /kən'vivēəl/ | adj | L | fond of good company and festivity. | The convivial lodge owners enjoyed socializing with their guests. |
| 375 | convivially | /kən'vivēəlē/ | adv | L + Ecf | in a manner that is fond of good company and festivity. | Though the hostess felt ill and wanted to leave the party, she behaved convivially. |
| 376 | corduroy | /'kŏ(r)də,rŏi/ | n | $F>E$ <br> name | a cut-pile fabric with vertical ribs or wales, usually made of cotton. | His worn trousers of corduroy were three inches too short. |
| 377 | corgi | /'kŏrgē/ | n | W | a short-legged long-backed dog with foxy head belonging to either of two Welsh varieties. | The Pembroke Welsh corgi in the photo with Queen Elizabeth II is one of four such dogs she owns. |
| 378 | cormorant | /'kŏrm(ə)rənt/ | n | $L>F>E$ | any of various dark-colored web-footed seabirds. | In parts of eastern Asia the cormorant is domesticated by fishermen. |
| 379 | coronation | /,kŏrə'nāshən/ | n | L | the ceremony of investing a sovereign or consort with the royal crown. | The prince and his consort rode to their coronation in a gilded carriage. |
| 380 | corporeal | /kŏ(r)'pōrēəl/ | adj | L | having, consisting of, or relating to a physical material body : not spiritual. | It's very difficult for Mrs. O'Connor to think in a corporeal way. |
| 381 | corpulent | /'kŏ(r)pyələnt/ | adj | L | having a large bulky body. | Mike and Edie laughed at the corpulent gorilla as it stuffed bananas into its mouth. |
| 382 | corroborate | /kə'räbə,rāt/ | v | L | provide evidence of the truth of : confirm. | Without a witness to corroborate his alibi, Zorba remained the chief suspect in the robbery case. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 383 | cortege | /kŏr'tezh/ | n | L > It > F | a procession of mourners at a funeral. | Representatives of various charities the princess had supported made up her official cortege. |
| 384 | coruscate | /'kŏrə,skāt/ | v | L | gleam with intermittent flashes : glitter, sparkle. | The flickering light from Trudy's lantern made the cave walls coruscate. |
| 385 | coruscated | /'kŏrə,skātə̇d/ | v | L | gleamed with intermittent flashes : glittered, sparkled. | The leaves shimmered and the grass coruscated in the early morning sunlight. |
| 386 | corybantic | /,kŏrə̇'bantik/ | adj | Gk | like or in the spirit of the attendants or priests of the nature goddess Cybele noted for wildly emotional processions and rites; specifically : wild, frenzied. | At the rock concert many fans engaged in corybantic dancing. |
| 387 | cosmopolite | /käz'mäpə,līt/ | n | Gk | one that is at home in every country. | Although she considered herself a cosmopolite, Sharon still couldn't get used to driving on the left side of the road. |
| 388 | cotyledon | /,käd. ${ }^{\text {I }}$ 'ēd ${ }^{\text {² }} \mathrm{n} /$ | n | Gk > L | the first leaf or one of the first pair or whorl of leaves developed by the embryo in seed plants and in ferns and related plants. | Mr. Pittman drew a fern cotyledon on the blackboard. |
| 389 | couchant | /'kaůchənt/ | adj | F | lying down with the head up. | The coat of arms depicted a couchant lion. |
| 390 | coulis | /kü'lē/ | n | F | [has near homonyms: coolie, cooly, coolly, coulee, coulie] a thick sauce made with pureed vegetable or fruit and often used as a garnish. | For dessert, Kathy ordered a chocolate torte with raspberry coulis. |
| 391 | coulisse | /kü'lēs/ | n | F | a side scene of the stage in a theater or the space between the side scenes. | The path depicted in the coulisse led the eyes to the center stage. |
| 392 | couloir | /kül'wär/ | n | L > F | a deep gorge. | Lance hiked along the stream at the bottom of the couloir. |
| 393 | counterfeiter | /'kaůntə(r),fid.ə( <br> r)/ | n | $L>F>E$ | one that forges or makes fraudulent imitations of current money. | Special paper, ink, and watermarks are used for making currency to foil the counterfeiter. |
| 394 | courser | /'kōrsər/ | n | $F>E$ | [has homonym: coarser] a swift or spirited horse : war-horse. | The foaming courser threw his rider headlong to the ground. |
| 395 | couture | /kü'tů(ə)r/ | n | L > F | the business of designing, making, and selling fashionable expensive custom-made women's clothing. | At the Paris fashion shows Carolyn talked to several young designers who were just starting out in couture. |
| 396 | couturiere | /kü'tůrē,e(ə)r/ | n | F | [Note: Could be confused with unisex couturier.] a female proprietor of or designer for an establishment engaged in designing, making, and selling fashionable expensive custom-made women's clothing. | The couturiere Coco Chanel is considered by many to be the 20th century's single most important arbiter of fashion. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 397 | covenant | /'kəvənənt/ | n | $L>F>E$ | an agreement that is usually formal, solemn, and intended as binding. | The book of Genesis describes Noah's covenant with God that saved his family from the Great Flood. |
| 398 | cozened | /'kəz${ }^{\text {² }}$ // | v | L > It | obtained by artful wheedling or tricky dishonesty. | The crooked lawyer cozened the life's savings of several of his clients. |
| 399 | cranioscopy | /,krānē'äskəpē/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > L + } \\ & \text { Gk }>\mathrm{L} \end{aligned}$ | observations on or examination of the human skull. | The team's physician advised a cranioscopy for the batter who had been beaned by a wild pitch. |
| 400 | crenate | /'krē,nāt/ | adj | L | having the margin cut into rounded scallops. | The crenate leaves on Freda's specimen gave her a clue as to its classification. |
| 401 | creophagy | /krē'äfəjē/ | n | Gk | the use of flesh as food. | After visiting a slaughterhouse, Stephanie was repulsed by creophagy and became a vegetarian. |
| 402 | crepitant | /'krepəd.ənt/ | adj | L | having or making a crackling sound : crackling. | The boys rolled and tumbled in the pile of crepitant leaves. |
| 403 | crescograph | /'kreskə,graf/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L + Ecf + } \\ & \text { Gk } \end{aligned}$ | an instrument for making perceptible the growth of plants. | The crescograph can magnify small plant movements as much as ten million times. |
| 404 | crocheting | /krō'shāin/ | v | $F+E c f$ | working with needlework consisting of the interlocking of looped stitches formed with a single thread and a hooked needle. | Marie sat nearby crocheting and tried to take a friendly interest in the game. |
| 405 | cronyism | /'krōnē,izəm/ | n | Gk + Ecf | partiality to familiar friends especially as evidenced in the appointing of political hangers-on to office without due regard for their qualifications. | When the mayor appointed his best friend head of the police department, he was accused of cronyism. |
| 406 | croquembouch e | /krŏkänbüsh/ | n | F | a cone-shaped stack of cream puffs coated with caramelized sugar. | A croquembouche is a traditional type of French wedding cake. |
| 407 | crotalid | /'krōd.̇ə̇d/ | adj | Gk > L | typical of a pit viper. | Crotalid venom, while not usually fatal, can cause severe discomfort. |
| 408 | cruciform | /'krüsə,fŏrm/ | adj | L + Ecf | forming or arranged in a cross. | The cruciform blossom of the dogwood has inspired a well-known legend. |
| 409 | cruciverbalist | /,krüsə'vərbələ̇st / | n | L | a person skillful in creating or solving crossword puzzles. | Angela was named Cruciverbalist of the Month by her crossword club. |
| 410 | cryonics | /krī'äniks/ | n pl | Gk | the practice of freezing a dead diseased human being in hopes of restoring life at some future time when a cure for the disease has been developed. | The premise of Rudolph's movie script involved an experiment in cryonics gone awry. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 411 | cryptographer | /krip'tägrəfə(r)/ | n | Gk | one that practices the art of preparing or reading messages in a form intended to prevent their being read by those not privy to secrets of the form. | An inveterate cryptographer, Rico enjoys searching ordinary writing samples for hidden messages. |
| 412 | culminant | /'kəlmənənt/ | adj | L | being at greatest altitude or on the meridian. | The Sun casts the shortest shadows when it is culminant. |
| 413 | culottes | /'k(y)ü,läts/ | n pl | F | a garment having a divided skirt. | When bell-bottom jeans came back into style, Janine was afraid that culottes would, too. |
| 414 | culturati | /,kəlchə'räd.(,)ē/ | n pl | Gk + Lcf | people intensely interested in the artistic and intellectual aspects or content of human activity. | The scheduled performance by "The Three Tenors" generated excitement among the city's culturati. |
| 415 | curie | /'kyůrē/ | n | F name | a unit of radioactivity equal to 37 billion disintegrations per second. | While studying nuclear engineering, Melissa learned to use the curie to quantify radioactive decay. |
| 416 | cutigeral | /kyü'tijərəl/ | adj | L + L | bearing skin. | Starbuck was limping because of the infection in the cutigeral cavity of his left front hoof. |
| 417 | cybernetics | /,sībə(r)'ned.iks/ | n pl | Gk | the comparative study of the automatic control system formed by the nervous system and brain and by mechanical-electrical communication systems and devices (as computers or thermostats). | Bertha's new robotics software promised to revolutionize cybernetics. |
| 418 | Cycladic | /sà'kladik/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to the pre-Mycenaean culture that prevailed in the Cyclades islands. | The peoples of the Cycladic civilization were seafarers who developed maritime trade with Asia Minor and North Africa before 1000 B.C. |
| D |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 419 | dactylic | /dak'tilik/ | adj | Gk | of or consisting of a metrical foot of three syllables, the first being stressed and the last two being unstressed. | Homer's two epics are written in dactylic meter. |
| 420 | dactylion | /dak'tilē,än/ | n | Gk | the tip of the middle finger. | As Ruth was restitching a seam, she ran the sewing machine needle through the dactylion of her left hand. |
| 421 | dactylogram | /dak'tilə,gram/ | n | Gk + Gk | an impression taken from a finger : fingerprint. | Calvin used a magnifying glass to examine the loops and whorls in a dactylogram of his index finger. |
| 422 | dactyloscopy | /,daktə'läskəpē/ | n | Gk | identification by comparison of fingerprints. | Dactyloscopy indicated that the suspect's fingerprints are indeed on the murder weapon. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 423 | daedal | /'dēd¹/ | adj | Gk | ingeniously formed or working : like a maze : intricate. | The children's quiz show led its contestants through a daedal journey of stunts and questions. |
| 424 | daguerreotypes | /də'gerə,tīps/ | n pl | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F name } \\ & + \text { Gk }>\text { F } \end{aligned}$ | photographs produced on a silver plate or silvercovered copper plate. | Ike treasured the daguerreotypes of his great grandparents. |
| 425 | damascened | /'damə,sēnd/ | adj | Syrian geog name > Gk > L | decorated with inlaid work of precious metals. | Francine admired the delicate scrollwork on the damascened chest in the Museum of Decorative Arts. |
| 426 | Daphnean | /'dafnēən/ | adj | Gk | shy, bashful. | Sally's Daphnean personality causes her to look away from the camera whenever her picture is being taken. |
| 427 | daven | /'dävən/ | v | Yiddish | recite the prescribed prayers in the daily and festival Jewish liturgies. | Shmuel watched his father daven and tried to copy him exactly. |
| 428 | debenture | /də̀'benchə(r)/ | n | L | a writing or certificate signed by a public officer as evidence of a debt or of a right to demand or receive a sum of money. | Uncle John treasures the debenture issued by the Confederate government, even though it is actually worthless. |
| 429 | deciliter | /'desə,lēd.ə(r)/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\mathrm{F}+ \\ & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ | a metric unit of capacity equal to $1 / 10$ liter. | At fashionable Paris boutiques, some brands of perfume are sold by the deciliter. |
| 430 | deciphered | /ḋ̀'sīfə(r)d/ | v | $\begin{aligned} & L+A r> \\ & L>F>E \end{aligned}$ | made out, read, or interpreted despite obscuration. | When one considers the variety of handwriting, and of bad handwriting, too, that must be deciphered, it increases the wonder that so seldom a letter is delivered to the wrong person. |
| 431 | declivate | /də̇'klī,vāt/ | adj | L | inclining downward : sloping. | Mary Ann slid down the declivate roof of the playhouse. |
| 432 | decussate | /'dekəsət/ | adj | L | shaped like an X. | Each wing of the moth had a decussate marking. |
| 433 | defalcation | /(,)dē,fal'kāshən / | n | L | misappropriation of money in one's keeping. | The treasurer was charged with defalcation when it was learned that he was diverting funds for his personal use. |
| 434 | deglaciation | /,dē,glās(h)ē'āsh ən/ | n | L | the process whereby a glacier or ice sheet shrinks to disappearance. | The deglaciation period at the end of the Ice Age lasted for several years. |
| 435 | deipnosophist | /dīp'näsəfə̇st/ | n | Gk | a person skilled in table talk. | Clint's reputation as a deipnosophist makes him an ideal dinner guest. |
| 436 | deixis | /'dīksə̇s/ | n | Gk | the specifying action of some words (as definite articles and demonstrative pronouns). | An example of deixis is the word there in the sentence "I left the car over there." |
| 437 | deliquesce | /,delə'kwes/ | v | L | become soft or liquid with age. | After a couple of weeks in the refrigerator, lettuce begins to deliquesce. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 438 | delitescent | /,delə'tesənt/ | adj | L | lying hidden : obfuscated, latent. | The psychiatrist tried to discover the delitescent significance of his patient's dreams. |
| 439 | demagoguery | /'demə,gäg(ə)rē/ | n | Gk + Ecf | the principles or practices of rabble-rousers. | Economic hardship often gives rise to demagoguery. |
| 440 | demotic | /ḋ̇'mäd.ik/ | adj | Gk | of, belonging to, or connected with the form of Modern Greek that is based on colloquial use. | Everyone in Callista's ancestral village spoke demotic Greek except the priest, who usually spoke a more classical form of the language. |
| 441 | demulcent | /dȧ'məlsənt/ | adj | L | soothing, softening. | The pharmacist told Boris that a demulcent syrup would be best for his sore throat. |
| 442 | demurs | /dȧ'mərz/ | n pl | L | difficulties in making up one's mind : indecisions. | Harriet's message was unequivocal, containing no doubts or demurs. |
| 443 | dendrochronol ogy | /,den(,)drōkrə'nä ləjē/ | n | Gk | the science of dating events, intervals of time, and variations in environment in former periods by study of the sequence of and differences between rings of growth in trees and aged wood. | Jennifer's biology class attempted to use dendrochronology to chart climactic changes. |
| 444 | denier | /dà'ni(ə)r/ | n | $L>F>E$ | a unit of fineness for silk, rayon, or nylon yarn equal to the fineness of a yarn weighing 0.05 gram for each 450 meters of length. | Silk is usually quite strong, resisting breakage even when subjected to weights of about 4 grams per denier. |
| 445 | denigration | /,denə̇'grāshən/ | n | L | a sullying of reputation or character. | The candidate's denigration of her opponent backfired in the election. |
| 446 | denouement | /,dānü'mä $/$ | n | $L>F$ | the final outcome, result, or unraveling of the main dramatic complication in a play or other work of literature. | The loose ends of the plot were neatly tied up in the surprising denouement. |
| 447 | depilatory | /dȧ'pilə,tōrē/ | n | $L>F$ | a cosmetic for the temporary removal of undesired hair. | Hank mixed a depilatory into his sister's shampoo. |
| 448 | depravity | /dà'pravəd.ē/ | n | $L>F>E$ | the quality or state of being marked by debasement, corruption, perversion, or deterioration. | The young man spent his college years making a concentrated study of depravity. |
| 449 | deprecated | /'deprà,kād.ə̇d/ | v | L | sought to avert. | When a very thick letter from Mr. Churchill was brought to Emma, she guessed what it must contain and deprecated the necessity of reading it. |
| 450 | derisible | /ḋ̇'rizəbəl/ | adj | L | worthy of ridicule, mockery, or scorn. | Fans were appalled at the boxer's derisible behavior in the ring. |
| 451 | dermatology | /,dərmə'täləjē/ | n | Gk + Gk | a branch of science that is concerned with the skin, its structure, functions, and diseases. | The cosmetics company employed only individuals knowledgeable in dermatology to assist in its laboratory. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 452 | dermatophyte | /(,)dər'mad.ə,fit/ | n | Gk + Gk | a fungus parasitic upon the skin or skin derivatives (as hair or nails) of humans or lower animals. | The skin disease ringworm is caused by a dermatophyte. |
| 453 | derogation | /,derə'gāshən/ | n | L | disparagement : detriment. | While the word childlike is usually used in a favorable sense, the word childish is usually used in derogation. |
| 454 | desacralize | /dē'sākrə,līz/ | v | L | divest ceremonially of supernatural qualities or a taboo and render nonsacred. | The reformers wanted to desacralize much of the church's traditional liturgy. |
| 455 | desecration | /,desà'krāshən/ | n | L | the act or an instance of violating the sanctity of something by diverting from sacred purpose, by contaminating, or by defiling. | Congress debated a bill to ban the desecration of the American flag. |
| 456 | deserts | /'dezə(r)ts/ | n pl | L | regions in which the vegetation is so scanty as to be incapable of supporting any considerable population. | The class included Antarctica in its study of deserts. |
| 457 | desolate | /'desələ̀t/ | adj | L | charactized by abandonment, isolation, or barrenness. | The irrigation project revived the once desolate farming community. |
| 458 | despair | /ḋ̀'spa(a)(ə)r/ | n | L | utter loss of hope. | Despair overcame Gerald as he stared at his French exam. |
| 459 | desuetude | /'deswē,tüd/ | n | L | discontinuance from use, practice, exercise, or functioning : a state of protracted suspension or of apparent abandonment. | In some schools the practice of memorizing great poems has fallen into desuetude. |
| 460 | diaphanous | /dī'afənəs/ | adj | GK > L | characterized by such fineness and delicacy of texture as to permit seeing through. | The jellyfish were so diaphanous that you could be next to them in the water and never know they were there. |
| 461 | diastrophe | /dī'astrəfē/ | n | Gk | a deformation of Earth's crust. | Part of Anita's master's thesis in geology deals with the different causes of diastrophe. |
| 462 | diatessaron | /dīə'tesərən/ | n | Gk | the interval of a fourth in ancient Greek music. | While practicing with her high school choir for the Classics Festival, Louise had problems singing the diatessaron in her solo correctly. |
| 463 | dicerous | /'disərəs/ | adj | Gk | having two antennae. | Because most insects have a pair of antennae, they are dicerous. |
| 464 | dichondra | /dī'kändrə/ | n | Gk | a chiefly tropical perennial herb with tiny leaves and flowers that is commonly used as a ground cover in the southern United States. | Mr. Dupree doesn't like to mow, so he planted his yard with dichondra instead of grass. |
| 465 | dichotomy | /dī'käd.əmē/ | n | Gk | the phase of the Moon or an inferior planet in which just half its disk appears illuminated. | The Moon had just reached dichotomy when Amos began planting. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 466 | Dickensian | /di'ken(t)sēən/ | adj | E name | characteristic of or having the qualities of the writings of Charles Dickens with respect to humor and pathos in the portrayal of character types. | The Dickensian slums of London were perfectly portrayed in the television movie. |
| 467 | dijudicate | /dī'jüdȧkāt/ | v | L | make a judicial decision. | Judge Flanders will dijudicate in the civil case between Victoria and her insurance company. |
| 468 | dilapidated | /ḋ̇lapə,dād.əd/ | adj | L | decayed, deteriorated, injured, or fallen into partial ruin. | Only birds and bats resided in the dilapidated old house. |
| 469 | diminution | /,dimə'n(y)üshə n/ | n | L | the act, process, or an instance of diminishing : decrease. | By controlling his appetite and exercising, Frank hoped to see a diminution in his weight. |
| 470 | diphyllous | /dī'filəs/ | adj | Gk | having two leaves. | In her description of the flower, the botanist noted that its calyx was diphyllous. |
| 471 | discalced | /di'skalst/ | adj | L | unshod, barefooted. | The discalced runner became a celebrity at the Olympics. |
| 472 | discerptible | /ḋ̇'sərptəbəl/ | adj | L + Ecf | capable of being torn to pieces or pulled apart. | Al's pet dog made short work of his discerptible stuffed animals. |
| 473 | discombobulate | /,diskəm'bäb(y)ə lāt/ | v | L + unk | upset, confuse, or disconcert. | Changing the rules just before the game was bound to discombobulate the team. |
| 474 | discomfiture | /dà'skəmfə,chů( <br> ə)r/ | n | $L>F>E$ | the state of being disconcerted or abashed : confusion, embarrassment. | The bright lights added to Verne's discomfiture as he stood behind the lectern. |
| 475 | disembogue | /,disə̇m'bōg/ | v | $L>5 p$ | discharge water from an outlet or mouth. | Many streams disembogue into the river along its course. |
| 476 | dissentient | /də'sench(ē)ənt/ | adj | L | not concurring : disagreeing. | There was not a dissentient voice on the subject. |
| 477 | dissevered | /də̇'sevə(r)d/ | v | L | disunited. | If the group dissevered, it could not hope to win the campaign. |
| 478 | dissonantly | /'disənəntlē/ | adv | L | in a manner marked by a mingling of discordant sounds. | When the table was overturned, the plates and silverware crashed dissonantly to the floor. |
| 479 | distichous | /'distə̇kəs/ | adj | Gk | divided into two distinct segments. | The entomology student was puzzled over insects with distichous antennae. |
| 480 | divertimento | /də̇,vərd.ə'men(, <br> )tō/ | n | $L>F>I t$ | an instrumental musical composition having from four to ten movements that is written as a chamber work. | The conductor chose a divertimento by Mozart for the evening's performance. |
| 481 | docilely | /'däsə̇l(I)ē/ | adv | L | in an obedient or submissive manner. | Greg's pet dog docilely follows his every command. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 482 | doctrinaire | /,däktrə̀'na(a)(ə) r/ | n | $L>F$ | one who attempts to put into effect some especially political theory with little or no regard for practical difficulties. | Benito described his opponent as an ivory-tower doctrinaire. |
| 483 | dodecarchy | /'dōdə,kärkē/ | n | Gk | a ruling body of 12. | The rebels overthrew the dodecarchy and established an independent kingdom. |
| 484 | dolcissimo | /dōl'chēsə,mō/ | adv | L > It | very sweet or soft-used as a direction in music. | The composer and the conductor argued over whether the passage should be played dolcissimo. |
| 485 | dolomite | /'dōlə,mīt/ | n | F name | a limestone or marble rich in magnesium carbonate. | Geologists suspected a deposit of dolomite lay just beneath the next rock layer. |
| 486 | dolorifuge | /də'lŏrə,fyüj/ | n | $L>F>E$ | something that banishes or mitigates grief. | Martina was so heartbroken when her dog died that her dad brought home a new puppy as a dolorifuge. |
| 487 | dolorous | /'dōlərəs/ | adj | L | expressive of sorrow or affliction. | In a dolorous voice the reporter described the scene of the disaster. |
| 488 | doughiness | /'dōēnə̇s/ | n | E | the quality or state of being not thoroughly baked. | The doughiness of the cake mortified Mrs. Cavendish. |
| 489 | drepaniform | /drə'panə,fŏrm/ | adj | Gk + Ecf | hooked or curved like a sickle. | As Cliff walked home, the drepaniform Moon did little to light his way. |
| 490 | drumlin | /'drəmlə̇n/ | n | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { IrGael + } \\ \text { E } \end{array}$ | an elongate or oval hill of glacial drift. | Last summer the cousins built a bonfire atop the drumlin on Granddad's farm. |
| 491 | drupaceous | /drü'pāshəs/ | adj | Gk > L | of or relating to a one-seeded indehiscent fruit having a hard bony endocarp, a usually fleshy mesocarp, and a thin exocarp that is either like a skin or dry and almost leathery. | Cherries, plums, and almonds are drupaceous fruits. |
| 492 | dubiety | /d(y)ü'bīəd.ē/ | n | L | the quality or state of being doubtful or skeptical : uncertainty. | There was dubiety in his voice and a hint of uncertainty in his eye. |
| 493 | dulcamara | /,dəlkə'märə/ | n | L | a sprawling Old World poisonous plant that is common as a weed in America and has purple flowers and oval coral-red berries and that has a taste at first sweetish and then bitter. | The dried stems of the dulcamara were once used in pharmaceutical preparations as a sedative. |
| 494 | dundrearies | /,dən'drirēz/ | n pl | E name | long flowing side whiskers. | Dundrearies were a popular adornment of men in the latter half of the 19th century. |
| 495 | dungarees | /,dəŋgə'rēs/ | n pl | Hi | heavy cotton work clothes made usually of heavy, coarse, durable, blue cotton twill. | Greg preferred his faded dungarees to any other pants in his wardrobe. |
| 496 | duodenary | /,d(y)üə'denərē/ | adj | L | containing 12. | The radical new government planned to hold its elections on a duodenary cycle of years. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 497 | duodenitis | /,d(y)üə,dē'nīd.ə̀ s/ | n | L | inflammation of the first part of the small intestine. | George's cramps were diagnosed as duodenitis. |
| 498 | duress | /d(y)ə'res/ | n | $L>F>E$ | [has near homonym: dress] stringent compulsion by threat of danger, hardship, or retribution. | Contracts signed under duress are not valid. |
| 499 | duumvirate | /d(y)ü'əmvərə̇t/ | n | L | two people associated in high office or position. | The rebellion's leader and the army colonel formed a powerful duumvirate that controlled all traffic to and from the capital. |
| 500 | dynamitard | /'dīnəmə̇,tärd/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > Sw } \\ & + \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | one that uses explosives for anarchistic or other political acts of violence. | Police agents seized the dynamitard in an old warehouse. |
| 501 | dyne | /'dīn/ | n | Gk > F | [has homonym: dine] the unit of force in the centimeter-gram-second system equal to the force that would give a free mass of 1 gram an acceleration of 1 centimeter per second per second. | Mr. Hill tried to give examples illustrating the force of 1 dyne, but the students were still confused. |
| 502 | dyspeptic | /də'speptik/ | adj | Gk | gloomy or negative. | The editor's dyspeptic views on the election irritated many readers. |
| E |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 503 | ebullient | /ذ̇'bůlyənt/ | adj | L | characterized by enthusiasm or exuberance. | Angela tried to be as ebullient as possible during the cheerleading tryouts. |
| 504 | ecce | /'e(,)chā/ | interj | L | interjection used to call attention often to one persecuted unjustly. | At the end of his speech the defense attorney screamed "Ecce" and pointed at his client. |
| 505 | echinacea | /,ekə'nāshēə/ | n | Gk | the dried rhizome, roots, or other parts of any of three composite herbs used in folk medicine and some patent medicines especially for a supposed beneficial effect on the immune system. | Some people take echinacea to prevent colds and flu. |
| 506 | echolalia | /,ekō'lālēə/ | n | Gk + Gk | the often pathological repetition of what is said by other people as if imitating them. | The speech of autistic persons is sometimes characterized by echolalia. |
| 507 | echolocation | /,e(,)kōlō'kāshən / | n | Gk + L | a process of animal orientation and navigation that involves emission of high-frequency sounds that are reflected back from environing surfaces and thus indicate the relative distance and direction of such surfaces. | Contrary to popular fiction, Erin learned that bats never get tangled in people's hair because their system of echolocation is so accurate. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 508 | ectocanthion | /,ektō'kan(t)thēə n/ | n | Gk + Gk | the point at which the outer ends of the upper and lower eyelids meet. | Plastic surgery was needed to repair an injury to the patient's face at the ectocanthion. |
| 509 | ectoparasite | /'ektō,parə,sīt/ | n | Gk | a parasite that lives on the exterior of its host. | The flea is a common ectoparasite on dogs and cats. |
| 510 | eczematous | /ig'zēməd.əs/ | adj | Gk | relating to or having the characteristics of an inflammatory skin condition characterized by redness, itching, and lesions. | Eczematous skin eruptions may be due to allergies to certain foods, drugs, or cosmetics. |
| 511 | edaphic | /ə̇'dafik/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to the soil. | Kate's research project on the effects of local edaphic variations on agriculture won a silver medal in the state science fair. |
| 512 | edaphon | /'edə,fän/ | n | Gk > ISV | the animal and plant life present in soils. | Stephanie is studying the edaphon of the river delta. |
| 513 | edelweiss | /'ād²l,wīs/ | n | G | a small perennial herb growing high in the Alps. | Eva recognized the edelweiss by its distinctive white petals. |
| 514 | edulcorate | /ə̇'dəlkə,rāt/ | v | L | free from harshness (as of attitude) : make pleasant. | Ben is under the mistaken impression that his flattery will edulcorate the stern judge. |
| 515 | effervescent | /,efə(r)'ves²nt/ | adj | L | impossible or difficult to restrain or suppress : bubbling, exuberant. | Sean's effervescent personality caught the attention of the job recruiter. |
| 516 | effleurage | /,eflə'räzh/ | n | $L>F$ | a light stroking movement used in massage. | Abdominal effleurage is a technique used in prepared childbirth. |
| 517 | eiderdown | /'īdə(r),daůn/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{ON}> \\ & \mathrm{I} \text { cel }>\mathrm{G} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | the small fluffy under feathers of any of several large northern sea ducks. | The price tag on the sleeping bag stuffed with eiderdown shocked Kevin's parents. |
| 518 | elaterid | /̇̇lad.ərə̇d/ | n | Gk > L | click beetle. | Sandy was surprised to hear a clicking noise when the elaterid flipped itself to an upright position. |
| 519 | electorate | /ə̇'lekt(ə)rə̇t/ | n | L | a body of people entitled to vote. | The electorate favored allowing the independent candidate to participate in the presidential debates. |
| 520 | electroretinogr aph | /əં,lektrō'ret²nə, graf/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}+\mathrm{L}+ \\ & \mathrm{Gk} \end{aligned}$ | an instrument for recording electrical activity in the retina. | The security device in the sci-fi film involved an electroretinograph, but the details were vague. |
| 521 | elegiac | /,el̇̀'jīək/ | adj | Gk | consisting of two dactylic hexameter lines the second of which is often felt to be pentameter. | Gonda could not figure out how to scan the elegiac couplet. |
| 522 | elegy | /'eləjē/ | n | Gk > L | a poem expressing sorrow or lamentation. | The English poet Thomas Gray wrote perhaps the most famous elegy. |
| 523 | elision | /ذ'lizhən/ | n | L | [has near homonym: elysian] the use of a speech form that lacks a final or initial sound that a variant speech form has. | Today's French class concentrated on when to use elision. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 524 | eloge | /ā'lōzh/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk }>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ | a panegyrical funeral oration. | Mourners wept at the rabbi's moving eloge. |
| 525 | eluvium | /ē'lüvēəm/ | n | L | rock debris produced by weathering. | After many years the wind and water made eluvium of the limestone. |
| 526 | elysium | /ə̇'liz(h)ēəm/ | n | Gk > L | the dwelling place of happy souls after death as conceived by the ancient Greeks and Romans. | Greek tales about the afterlife seem to focus more on Hades than on elysium. |
| 527 | emanometer | /,emə'näməd.ə(r )/ | n | L + Gk | any of various devices designed to measure quantities or intensity of a heavy gaseous element produced by radioactive disintegration. | The emanometer detected dangerous amounts of radon in Theo's basement. |
| 528 | emblazon | /̇̇m'blāz̊n/ | v | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lcf > Ecf } \\ & +\mathrm{F}>\mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | set off conspicuously (as by rich or brilliant decorations). | Andrea asked the seamstress to emblazon the sweater with embroidered flowers. |
| 529 | embosser | /ə̇m'bäsə(r)/ | n | F | a punch used for striking metal on the reverse side to raise the relief. | Mandy used an embosser to form a design on a thin piece of copper sheeting. |
| 530 | embrasure | /̇̇m'brāzhə(r)/ | n | F | an opening with sides flaring outward in a wall or parapet of a fortification usually for allowing the firing of cannon. | Bobby and Jackie amused themselves during the castle tour by climbing into every embrasure to look out the windows. |
| 531 | embrocation | /,embrə'kāshən/ | n | Gk > L | liniment. | The fact that Della's throat is so much better can be attributed to the excellent embrocation her mother applied regularly. |
| 532 | emeritus | /ə̇'merəd.əs/ | adj | L | retired from an office after gaining recognition. | Our summer school teacher, Dr. Benteen, is Professor Emeritus of history from Dartmouth University. |
| 533 | emigrant | /'emə̇grənt/ | n | L | [has near homonym: immigrant] a person who leaves a country or region to establish permanent residence elsewhere. | Sidney's great-great-grandfather was an Irish emigrant during the potato famine. |
| 534 | empleomania | /,emplēō'mānēə / | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F > Sp + } \\ & \text { Gk > L } \end{aligned}$ | an excessive desire for holding public office. | Otis's empleomania drove him to squander his fortune on political campaigns. |
| 535 | empyrean | /,em, pī'rēən/ | n | Gk > L | the highest heaven or heavenly sphere in ancient and medieval cosmology usually described as a sphere of fire or light. | According to Ptolemy, there are five heavens, the last of which is called the "empyrean," from the Greek word meaning "fiery." |
| 536 | enalid | /'en²ə̇d/ | n | Gk + ISV | [has near homonym: annelid] a submerged marine plant. | Eelgrass is a common enalid found along the North Atlantic coast. |
| 537 | enatic | /ē'nad.ik/ | adj | L + Ecf | descended from the same mother : related on the mother's side. | George and Isabel are enatic cousins. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 538 | encaustic | /ə̇n'kŏstik/ | n | Gk | a paint mixed with melted beeswax and after application fixed by heat. | Encaustic gave Gerard's painting an appealing texture. |
| 539 | enceinte | /än'sant/ | n | $L>F$ | a line of fortification enclosing a castle or town. | The attacking army used artillery to breach the town's enceinte. |
| 540 | encephalitis | /ə̇n,sefə'līd.̇̇s/ | n | Gk | inflammation of the brain, especially when due to infectious agents or their toxins. | The symptoms of encephalitis usually include fever, headache, and tremors. |
| 541 | encephalon | /ə̇n'sefə,län/ | n | Gk | the vertebrate brain. | The encephalon is divided into the hindbrain, the midbrain, and the forebrain. |
| 542 | encomiastic | /̇̇n,kōmē'astik/ | adj | Gk | of, belonging to, or bestowing praise. | The opera's composer wrote an encomiastic letter to the conductor commending his performance. |
| 543 | encomium | /̇̇n'kōmēəm/ | n | Gk | an often formal expression of warm or high praise : eulogy. | At the dedication of the war memorial, the president offered an encomium for the fallen heroes. |
| 544 | endemic | /en'demik/ | adj | Gk | peculiar to a locality or region. | Despite its name, Rocky Mountain spotted fever is not endemic to the western United States. |
| 545 | endoradiosond e | /,en,dō'rādēō,sä nd/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}+\mathrm{L}+ \\ & \mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ | a microelectronic device introduced into the body to record physiological data. | Dr. Lennon warned Tonya not to use a portable telephone while her endoradiosonde was in place. |
| 546 | endorphin | /en'dŏrfàn/ | n | Gk > ISV | any of a group of proteins with potent pain-killing properties that occur naturally in the brain. | In long-distance runners, elevated blood levels of endorphin can prevent the pain of sustained exertion. |
| 547 | endotracheal | /,endō'trākēəl/ | adj | Gk | placed within or passed inside of the windpipe. | The physician had to insert an endotracheal tube to help the patient breathe. |
| 548 | enervated | /'enə(r),vād.ə̇d/ | adj | L | lacking physical, mental, or moral vigor. | After the 15-mile mountain hike, Marsha found herself completely enervated. |
| 549 | enneastyle | /'enēə,stīl/ | adj | Gk + Gk | marked with columniation with nine columns across the front. | The new monument has an enneastyle arrangement with Corinthian columns. |
| 550 | enraptured | /ə̇n'rapchə(r)d/ | v | L | filled with delight : gratified completely. | As Timmy entered the room, he was enraptured by the sight of the tree and the many presents. |
| 551 | entente | /än'tänt/ | n | $L>F$ | a written or unwritten international understanding usually less formally binding than an alliance. | The president decided that her government's policy of isolationism would not be broken by an entente. |
| 552 | entomogenous | /,entə'mäjənəs/ | adj | Gk | growing on or in the bodies of insects. | Some scale insects that feed on trees have entomogenous fungi. |
| 553 | entrechat | /,äntrə'shä/ | n | $L>\mathrm{It}>\mathrm{F}$ | a leap during which a ballet dancer repeatedly crosses the legs. | The audience watched in fascination as Nureyev performed a seemingly effortless entrechat. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 554 | eohippus | /,ēō'hipəs/ | n | Gk + Gk | an animal or fossil of a genus of small primitive 4toed horses of the Lower Eocene of the western United States. | Modern horses are descended from the eohippus. |
| 555 | epexegesis | /,e,peksə'jēsə̇s/ | n | Gk + Gk | an explanation following a word or larger part of a text that limits its application or clarifies its meaning. | An epexegesis is often set off from the rest of a sentence by commas or parentheses. |
| 556 | epicardia | /,epə'kärdēə/ | n | Gk | the short part of the esophagus extending from the diaphragm to the stomach. | The medical student was asked to identify the patient's epicardia during surgery. |
| 557 | epidermis | /,epə'dərmə̇s/ | n | Gk | the outer layer of the skin of a vertebrate. | The paper cut, though painful, barely broke Kayla's epidermis. |
| 558 | epiglottis | /,epə'gläd.ə̇s/ | n | Gk | the fold of tissue that covers the airway during the act of swallowing. | Breathing opens the epiglottis and allows free passage of air to the lungs. |
| 559 | epigonism | /ə̇'pigə,nizəm/ | n | Gk + Ecf | artistic, literary, or intellectual imitation especially by a later generation. | The Pre-Raphaelite movement in the mid-19th century arose from epigonism of the artistic principles of the 14th century. |
| 560 | epipelagic | /,epżṗ̇lajik/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to the part of the oceanic zone into which enough light for photosynthesis penetrates. | Creatures living below the epipelagic zone are often blind. |
| 561 | epiphany | /ə̇'pifənē/ | n | Gk | an appearance or revelatory manifestation of a divine being or a god. | Apuleius's Metamorphoses includes a description of an epiphany of the goddess Isis. |
| 562 | epiphora | /ə̇'pifərə/ | n | Gk + Gk | a watering of the eyes due to excessive secretion of tears or to obstruction of the lacrimal passages. | Blocked tear ducts were determined to be the cause of the patient's epiphora. |
| 563 | epiphyte | /'epə,fit/ | n | Gk | a plant that derives its moisture and nutrients from the air and rain and grows usually on another plant. | Spanish moss is a ubiquitous epiphyte on trees in the South. |
| 564 | episode | /'epə,sōd/ | n | Gk | the part of a radio, television, or motion-picture serial presented at one performance. | The ending of each episode of the soap opera left one wanting to see the next episode. |
| 565 | epistemic | /,epə'stēmik/ | adj | Gk | of, having the character of, or relating to knowledge or knowing as a type of experience. | Sol thought the self-evidence of it all was epistemic justification enough for his belief that the world existed. |
| 566 | epistemology | /̇̇,pistə'mäləjē/ | n | Gk | the study of the method and grounds of knowledge especially with reference to its limits and validity; broadly : the theory of knowledge. | The middle books of Plato's Republic are the key to his epistemology. |
| 567 | epistolary | /ə̇'pistə,lerē/ | adj | L | written in the form of a series of letters. | Evan read four epistolary novels last summer. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
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| 568 | epitaphs | /'epə,tafs/ | n pl | Gk | inscriptions on or at tombs or graves in memory of those buried there. | For amusement the children like to read the epitaphs in the old church cemetery. |
| 569 | epitasis | /̇̇'pid.əsə̇s/ | n | Gk | the part of a play developing the main action and leading to the catastrophe. | During the epitasis the characters developed relationships that would complicate their lives. |
| 570 | eremic | /̇̇'rēmik/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to deserts or sandy regions. | Georgia O'Keeffe painted several famous eremic landscapes. |
| 571 | ergonomist | /(,)ər'gänəmə̇st/ | n | Gk | a specialist in biotechnology. | David ordered a desk chair specially designed by an ergonomist to prevent discomfort from prolonged sitting. |
| 572 | ersatz | /'er,zäts/ | adj | G | substitute, synthetic : simulated. | Because copper was needed for armaments, pennies were made with an ersatz material during World War II. |
| 573 | erubescent | /,er(y)ə'bes²nt/ | adj | L | becoming red : reddening. | Eufemia's erubescent complexion made her embarrassment obvious. |
| 574 | erudition | /,eryə'dishən/ | n | L | an extensive knowledge acquired chiefly from books. | The schoolmaster was esteemed as a man of great erudition. |
| 575 | erythrophobia | /ə̇,rithrə'fōbēə/ | n | Gk | fear of blushing. | Marvin's erythrophobia is so severe that speaking in public is torture for him. |
| 576 | erythropsia | /,erə'thräpsēə/ | n | Gk | a visual disturbance in which all objects appear reddish. | Cyrus erroneously thought that the expression "seeing the world through rose-colored glasses" had something to do with erythropsia. |
| 577 | escarole | /'eskə,rōl/ | n | $L>\mathrm{It}>\mathrm{F}$ | an annual or biennial herb widely cultivated as a salad plant. | Helga tossed a salad of escarole, mushrooms, and tomatoes. |
| 578 | eschewal | /ə̇s(h)'chüəl/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gmc>F } \\ & >E \end{aligned}$ | shunning, avoidance. | Peter's eschewal of anything containing peanuts or peanut oil is a matter of life and death. |
| 579 | espaliers | /̇̇'spalyərz/ | n pl | $L>\mathrm{It}>\mathrm{F}$ | fruit trees or other plants trained to grow flat against a building, wall, railing, trellis, or other support. | Harriet walked up the broad and neat gravel walk, which led between rows of espaliers to the front door. |
| 580 | estaminet | /eståmēnā/ | n | Gmc > F | a small café : bistro. | While driving through Belgium, Jeff and Linda stopped at a charming estaminet for lunch. |
| 581 | estimable | /'estəməbəl/ | adj | L | worthy of esteem or respect. | The statesman had a tarnished youth but is now, in many ways, an estimable figure. |
| 582 | estrepement | /̇̇'strēpmənt/ | n | $F>A F$ | waste or needless destruction of lands; especially : damage wrought by a tenant for life. | The tenant's estrepement of the farm had made the land almost useless. |
| 583 | etymon | /'ed.ə,män/ | n | Gk | the word in a foreign language that is the source of a particular loanword. | The etymon of the English word cantata is the same word in Italian. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 584 | eucalyptus | /,yükə'liptəs/ | n | Gk | a tree or shrub native to western Australia. | Brad planted a eucalyptus in the vain hope of attracting koalas. |
| 585 | Eucharist | /'yük(ə)rə̇st/ | n | Gk | a central rite in many Christian churches in which bread and wine are consecrated by the officiating member of the clergy and consumed as symbols for the realization of a spiritual union between Christ and communicant or as the body and blood of Christ. | The Eucharist is considered by most Christian churches to be the central act of the worship service. |
| 586 | eucharistic | /,yükə'ristik/ | adj | Gk > L | manifesting or expressing praise and thanksgiving. | Bianca composed a eucharistic poem for the festival. |
| 587 | eudiometer | /,yüdē'äməd.ə(r) / | n | Gk | an instrument for the volumetric measurement and analysis of gases that involves the explosion of one of the components of the mixture by the passage of an electric spark. | Rodney managed to set the chemistry lab on fire because he did not understand how to use the eudiometer. |
| 588 | euphenics | /yü'feniks/ | n pl | Gk + Gk | a science that deals with the biological improvement of human beings after birth. | Many people believe that euphenics will be as common as dentistry in the next century. |
| 589 | eurytherm | /'yůrəthərm/ | n | Gk + Gk | an organism that tolerates a wide range of temperature. | Whereas some animals hibernate during the winter, a eurytherm is active throughout the cold months. |
| 590 | eustachian | /yü'stāshən/ | adj | It name | of or relating to the bony and cartilaginous tube connecting the cavity of the middle ear with the nasopharynx. | As he began his dive, John pinched his nose, closed his mouth, and attempted to blow out to allow his eustachian tubes to equalize the pressure in his ears. |
| 591 | evanescent | /,evə'nes ${ }^{\text {² }} \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{t})$ / | adj | L | of short life or duration : fleeting. | The joy and moral stimulation of work is often forgotten in the mad chase of evanescent profits. |
| 592 | evection | /̇̇'vekshən/ | n | L | perturbation of the Moon's motion in its orbit due to the attraction of the Sun. | Herman's tidal calculations didn't account for evection; as a result, he was left high and dry. |
| 593 | evidentiary | /,evə'dench(ə)rē / | adj | L + Ecf | being, relating to, or affording evidence. | Because he is not an expert in forensics, Harvey's opinion has no evidentiary value. |
| 594 | eviscerate | /̇̇'visə,rāt/ | v | L | take out the entrails of : disembowel, gut. | The chef showed his apprentice how to eviscerate a fish. |
| 595 | evocative | /̇̇'väkəd.iv/ | adj | L | tending to call forth an emotional response. | Kathy sang an evocative ballad about her emigrant grandparents. |
| 596 | exacerbate | /ig'zasə(r)bāt/ | v | L | make more violent or bitter : intensify the bad qualities of. | Cindy learned how name-calling could exacerbate an already violent argument. |


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| 597 | execrable | /'eksə̇krəbəl/ | adj | L | deserving to be declared evil or detestable. | For his execrable cruelty to the victim, the assailant was given the maximum prison sentence. |
| 598 | exhilarated | /ig'zilə,rād.ə̇d/ | v | L | made cheerful : enlivened. | The sailor felt exhilarated as his boat headed into the wind. |
| 599 | exostosis | /,ek,sä'stōsə̇s/ | n | Gk | a spur or bony outgrowth from a bone or the root of a tooth. | The exostosis on Bertha's big toe had to be surgically removed. |
| 600 | expurgate | /'ekspə(r),gāt/ | v | L | cleanse of something morally harmful, offensive, or erroneous. | Before publishing the manuscript the editors will expurgate it of any slanderous material. |
| 601 | exsiccate | /'ekṡ̇, kāt/ | v | L + L | drive moisture from (as by the action of heat). | Sara wants to exsiccate the plums she picked to see if they will really turn into prunes. |
| 602 | exsuccous | /ek(s)'səkəs/ | adj | L + L | devoid of all juices or sap : dried up. | The exsuccous orange in Tamra's locker must have been left there months ago. |
| 603 | extirpate | /'ekstə(r),pāt/ | v | L | pull up or out by or as if by the roots or stem. | Fay made it her mission to extirpate every weed in the lawn. |
| 604 | extirpation | /,ekstə(r)'pāshən / | n | L | the act of destroying totally : extermination. | Expanding settlements have resulted in the extirpation of vast forests. |
| 605 | exuberant | /ig'züb(ə)rənt/ | adj | L | joyously unrestrained and enthusiastic. | The students at Payton Middle School gave the visiting astronaut an exuberant welcome. |
| 606 | exuviate | /ig'züvē,āt/ | v | L | molt. | When a snake begins to exuviate, it rolls over several times to loosen the skin covering its head. |
| F |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 607 | facetiosity | /fə,sēshē'äsəd.ē / | n | L + Ecf | the quality or state of being jocular in an often clumsy or inappropriate way. | Mrs. Foster did not appreciate Barney's facetiosity during her history class. |
| 608 | Fahrenheit | /'farən,hīt/ | adj | G name | relating or conforming to a thermometric scale on which under standard atmospheric pressure the boiling point of water is at 212 degrees and the freezing point at 32 degrees. | Nathan knew it was hot outside, but he was astonished to learn that the temperature was 100 degrees Fahrenheit. |
| 609 | faja | /'fä(,)hä/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & L>\text { Catal } \\ & >S p \end{aligned}$ | a wide bright sash worn around the waist. | Don Roberto wore his lucky faja every time he ran with the bulls. |
| 610 | falcate | /'fal,kāt/ | adj | L | hooked or curved like a sickle-used also of the Moon or an inferior planet when less than half its disk is illuminated. | The Moon's falcate form loomed above the horizon. |
| 611 | falter | /'fŏltə(r)/ | v | Scand? $>E$ | [has homonym: faulter] speak brokenly or weakly : hesitate, stammer. | Stefan recited seven verses of the poem before he began to falter. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 612 | farouche | /fə'rüsh/ | adj | $L>F$ | lacking social graces and experience : marked by shyness and lack of polish. | As a teenager, Inez was rather farouche, hesitant to make eye contact with strangers. |
| 613 | fatuously | /'fachəwəslē/ | adv | L | in a foolish, stupid, absurd, or silly manner. | The clown performed fatuously to the children's delight. |
| 614 | Fauntleroy | /'fŏntlə,rŏi/ | adj | E <br> literary name | characterized by a short tailored jacket, knee-length trousers, rather frilly shirt, wide collar with rounded corners, or large loose bow. | Lulu's masterpiece was a painting of her little brother dressed in a Fauntleroy costume, holding their basset hound by its collar. |
| 615 | faveolate | /fə'vēələ̇t/ | adj | L | honeycombed. | The tiny chapel had a faveolate ceiling. |
| 616 | fealty | /'fē(ə)Itē/ | n | $L>F>E$ | faithfulness, allegiance. | One by one, the nobles knelt before the queen and swore fealty to the crown. |
| 617 | febrifugal | /fə'brif(y)ə̇gəl/ | adj | L | mitigating or removing fever. | Aspirin is well known for its analgesic and febrifugal properties. |
| 618 | febrility | /fò'briləd.ē/ | n | L | feverishness. | As her febrility increased, the patient became delirious. |
| 619 | feint | /'fānt/ | v | F | make a pretense of. | George broke his hand when he attempted to feint a punch at the wall but overshot his target. |
| 620 | feliform | /'fēlə,fŏrm/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L + Lcf > } \\ & \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | resembling a cat. | Eric found a feliform stone in a cave. |
| 621 | femoral | /'femərəl/ | adj | L | [has homonym: femerell] of, relating to, or located near the thigh. | The femoral artery supplies blood to the abdomen and lower extremities. |
| 622 | fenestrated | /'fenə,strād.ə̇d/ | adj | L | provided with or characterized by windows. | Symmetrically fenestrated buildings characterize Georgian architecture. |
| 623 | fenster | /'fenztə(r)/ | n | L > G | an erosional opening down through overthrust rock exposing the underlying rock. | Gabe took a long hike in the national park to find the large fenster mentioned in his guidebook. |
| 624 | feral | /'ferəl/ | adj | L | [has near homonym: ferrule] lacking a human personality due to being reared in isolation from all or nearly all human contacts. | The television executive rejected the idea of another series about a feral child trying to adjust to modern culture. |
| 625 | ferriferous | /fə'rif(ə)rəs/ | adj | L | containing iron. | Hematite and magnetite are ferriferous minerals. |
| 626 | ferrotype | /'ferə,tīp/ | n | L + Gk | a positive photograph made by a collodion process on a thin iron plate and having a darkened surface. | A 19th-century ferrotype depicting Supreme Court Justice Levi Woodbury sold at auction for \$24,000. |
| 627 | ferrule | /'feral/ | n | $L>F>E$ | [has homonym: feral] a band or cap usually of metal enclosing the end of a cane, tool handle, table leg, or similar object to strengthen it or prevent splitting and wearing. | Both the knob and the ferrule of Mr. Benson's walking stick were made of finely engraved silver. |
| 628 | ferruminate | /fə'rümə,nāt/ | v | L | join together (as metals) : solder. | Fortunately, Tom's dad was able to ferruminate the broken parts of the metal toy. |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 629 | festinate | /'festə,nāt/ | adj | L | hasty. | Jeremy had a hard time keeping up with Noah's festinate gait as the two boys neared the movie theater. |
| 630 | festucine | /'fest(y) z ,sīn/ | adj | L | of the color straw yellow. | Dorothy's blue eyes suited her festucine hair. |
| 631 | fetidness | /'fed.ə̇dnə̇s/ | n | L + Ecf | the state or condition of having an offensive smell. | For some people, Limburger cheese's fetidness is directly proportional to its tastiness. |
| 632 | fianchetto | /,fēən'ched.(,)ō/ | v | F + It | move (a bishop) in a chess game to the position Knight 2. | The analysts correctly predicted that Evangeline would fianchetto her bishop. |
| 633 | fibrillation | /,fibrə'lāshən/ | n | L | very rapid irregular contractions of the muscle fibers of the heart resulting in a lack of synchronism between heartbeat and pulse beat. | Ventricular fibrillation is a condition in which the heart twitches haphazardly instead of propelling blood forward in an organized way. |
| 634 | fibrinogen | /fí'brinəjə̇n/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}+\mathrm{ISV}+ \\ & \mathrm{Gk} \end{aligned}$ | a globulin that is produced in the liver and is converted into a protein during clotting of blood. | Proteins in the blood include albumin, hemoglobin, and fibrinogen. |
| 635 | fiends | /'fēn(d)z/ | n pl | E | infernal beings : demons. | The fiends portrayed in the painting represented greed and ambition. |
| 636 | filasse | /fò'las/ | n | L > F | a vegetable fiber prepared for manufacture. | At the mill, sisal plants are processed into filasse. |
| 637 | filibuster | /'filəbəstə(r)/ | n | $F>S p$ | the use of extreme delaying tactics (as speaking merely to consume time) in an attempt to prevent action by the majority in a deliberative assembly. | The Senate effectively killed the bill with a filibuster. |
| 638 | fimbrillate | /'fimbrə,lāt/ | adj | L | [Note: Could be confused with fibrillate.] bordered with a minute fringe. | Deb examined the fimbrillate petals under the microscope. |
| 639 | firnification | /,firnəfə'kāshən/ | n | $\mathrm{G}+\mathrm{L}>\mathrm{E}$ | the process whereby snow becomes partially compacted and forms the surface part of the upper end of a glacier. | Solid ice is the end product of firnification. |
| 640 | fissiparous | /fi'sipərəs/ | adj | L + L | tending to break up into parts or to disintegrate : divisive, factional. | Strong leadership is needed to keep the fissiparous tendencies of the political party in check. |
| 641 | flaccidity | /flak'sidəd.ē/ | n | L | the quality or state of yielding to pressure for want of firmness and stiffness. | As George entered his forties, he found that he had to exercise regularly to combat muscular flaccidity. |
| 642 | flagitiously | /flə'jishəslē/ | adv | $L>E$ | in a grossly wicked manner. | The criminal was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment for his flagitiously cruel assault. |
| 643 | flailing | /'flālin/ | v | E | moving, swinging, or beating as though wielding a threshing implement. | The novice skier tumbled down the hill, his arms flailing desperately in the air. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
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| 644 | flamboyantly | /flam'bŏi(y)əntlē / | adv | F | in a showy and unrestrained manner. | At the pep rally the students flamboyantly demonstrated their support for the football team. |
| 645 | flammiferous | /fla'mif(ə)rəs/ | adj | L + Ecf | producing flame or bright with flame. | The flammiferous volcano was an awesome spectacle to behold. |
| 646 | florisugent | /,flōrə'süjənt/ | adj | L + L | sucking nectar from flowers. | The honeysuckle attracted the florisugent hummingbird. |
| 647 | floscular | /'fläskyələ(r)/ | adj | L | composed of florets. | A daisy bears floscular flower heads. |
| 648 | fluoridation | /,flůrə'dāshən/ | n | L + Ecff | the adding of a binary compound of fluorine to drinking water. | Fluoridation has been proven to deter tooth decay. |
| 649 | fluorocarbon | /'flů(ə)rō,kärbən / | n | L + L | any of a class of chemically inert compounds (as tetrafluoroethylene) composed entirely of carbon and fluorine and used chiefly as lubricants and in making resins and plastics. | Fluorocarbon is used to make the nonstick coatings for pots and pans. |
| 650 | fodient | /'fōdēənt/ | adj | L | fitted for digging or burrowing. | The aardvark is a well-known fodient animal in South Africa. |
| 651 | foliiform | /'fōlēə,fŏrm/ | adj | F | having the shape of a leaf. | In October, Rhoda and Lamar decorated the classroom windows with foliiform cutouts. |
| 652 | folliculitis | /fə,likyə'līd.ə̇s/ | n | L | inflammation of one or more small cavities in the skin. | An ingrown hair on Bo's cheek resulted in folliculitis. |
| 653 | fontinal | /'fänt${ }^{\text {² }}$, $/$ | adj | L | growing in or near springs. | Cottonwoods are well-known fontinal trees throughout the American Southwest. |
| 654 | forgeability | /,fō(ə)rjə'biləd.ē / | n | $L>E$ | suitability for being formed by heating and hammering. | Some alloys exhibit greater forgeability than others. |
| 655 | formicary | /'fŏrmə,kerē/ | n | L | an ant hill or ant nest. | Junior made the mistake of sitting on a formicary of red ants. |
| 656 | forsythia | /fə(r)'sithēə/ | n | Brit name | any plant of a small genus of ornamental shrubs that have bright yellow flowers which appear before the leaves in early spring. | The gardener planted forsythia along the entire outer edge of the yard. |
| 657 | frabjous | /'frabjəs/ | adj | unk | wonderful. | Vonda thought happily that her graduation party was the final event of a simply frabjous day. |
| 658 | franchisee | /,franchī'zē/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\mathrm{F}+ \\ & \mathrm{Ecf} \end{aligned}$ | one who is granted a right to operate a unit in a chain of business establishments. | The franchisee agreed to pay the franchisor an initial fee and a percentage of gross sales. |
| 659 | frangibility | /,franjə'biləd.ē/ | n | L + Ecff | the quality or state of being breakable. | Winnie appreciates the beauty of glass ornaments so much that their frangibility does not discourage her from buying them. |
| 660 | frenetically | /frà'ned.ə̀k(ə)lē/ | adv | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{F}>\mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | in a frenzied, hectic manner. | Four dancers moved frenetically around the stage. |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 661 | Freudian | /'frŏidēən/ | adj | Austrian name + Ecf | of, relating to, or according with the theories of Austrian neurologist Sigmund Freud and his system of psychoanalysis. | A Freudian slip of the tongue may reveal the speaker's deep-seated concerns and reasons for action. |
| 662 | friable | /'frīabal/ | adj | $L>F$ | easily crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder. | The sand sculpture was so friable that it crumbled in Carl's hands when he tried to pick it up. |
| 663 | frigorific | /,frigə'rifik/ | adj | L | causing cold. | Michael was curious about how the frigorific device for wine bottles could possibly work. |
| 664 | friseur | /frē'zər/ | n | F | [Note: Could be confused with freezer.] hairdresser. | Fernando plans to name his beauty shop "Fernando the Fantastic Friseur." |
| 665 | frisson | /frē'sōn/ | n | $L>F$ | shudder, quiver, chill; especially : a pleasurable sensation of fright or gloom : thrill. | Amy suddenly awakened from a nightmare and felt a frisson of terror. |
| 666 | frivolity | /frə̀'väləd.ē/ | n | L > F | the quality or state of being not serious : playfulness. | The Mardi Gras celebration was marked by boisterousness and frivolity. |
| 667 | frivolous | /'friv(ə)ləs/ | adj | $L>E$ | of little weight or importance. | Mr. Peterson offered only frivolous remarks at the hearing. |
| 668 | frugivorous | /frü'jivərəs/ | adj | L + L | feeding on fruit. | Monkeys and apes are among the best-known frugivorous mammals. |
| 669 | frumentaceous | /,frümən'tāshəs/ | adj | L | made of or resembling wheat or other grain. | The seeds of many frumentaceous plants such as corn and oats can be ground into meal. |
| 670 | fughetta | /f(y)ü'ged.ə/ | n | It | a short or condensed musical piece in which one or two melodic themes are repeated by successively entering voices. | The Vienna Boys' Choir performed a fughetta in their concert at St. Paul's Cathedral. |
| 671 | fulgurant | /'fůlg(y)ərənt/ | adj | L | flashing like lightning : dazzling. | Emily's fulgurant diamond brooch attracted many eyes at the dinner party. |
| 672 | funipendulous | /,fyünə'penjələs / | adj | L | suspended by a rope or cord. | Daniel jokingly called his tire swing a "funipendulous recreational facility." |
| 673 | furcate | /'fər,kāt/ | adj | L | branching like a fork. | The toddler held the furcate twig up to his mom and whispered the letter y . |
| 674 | furfuraceous | /,fərf(y)ə'rāshəs/ | adj | L | consisting of or covered with flaky particles : scaly, scurfy. | The dermatologist recommended a dandruff-removing shampoo to treat Linda's furfuraceous scalp. |
| 675 | fustigate | /'fəstə,gāt/ | v | L | criticize severely. | Many restaurants withdrew their advertising when the newspaper's food critic began to fustigate them. |
| 676 | futilitarian | /(,)fyü,tilə'terēə n/ | adj | L | exhibiting or based on an attitude of uselessness. | The futilitarian worker doesn't try to improve his status because he can't see any chance of success. |


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| G |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 677 | gadroon | /gə'drün/ | n | F | an ornament produced by notching or carving a rounded molding. | Lucy examined the intricate gadroon on the entry door. |
| 678 | Galahad | /'galə,had/ | n | E name | a man marked by unusual purity and self-sacrificing devotion to a noble cause. | A true Galahad, Jim has spent his entire life trying to find solutions to the problem of poverty. |
| 679 | galbulus | /'galbyələs/ | n | L | a spherical closed fleshy cone of thickened or fleshy peltate scales (as in the cypress). | As we moved through the swamp, an occasional galbulus fell into our canoe. |
| 680 | galena | /gə'lēnə/ | n | Gk | a mineral consisting of native lead sulfide occurring in cubic or octahedral crystals, bluish gray in color with metallic luster. | Paul gave his brother a near-perfect cube of galena for his mineral collection. |
| 681 | galenical | /gā'lenə̇kəl/ | n | Gk name | a standard medicinal preparation (as extract, tincture) containing usually one or more active constituents of a plant and made by a process that leaves the inert and other undesirable constituents of the plant undissolved. | A galenical was a common type of medicine in the Middle Ages. |
| 682 | Galilean | /,galə'lāən/ | adj | Ital name | of or relating to Galileo Galilei, founder of experimental physics and astronomy. | Opera glasses are a modified version of the Galilean telescope. |
| 683 | Gallinazo | /,gä(y)ē'nä(,)sō/ | adj | L > Sp | of or relating to an ancient culture of northern Peru characterized especially by negative-painted pottery, irrigation, and textiles. | Patty applied for a grant to study Gallinazo pottery at an excavation in Peru. |
| 684 | gamut | /'gamət/ | n | Gk > L | an entire range from one extreme to another. | The gamut of fall fashions included micro-miniskirts as well as ankle-length dresses. |
| 685 | gardenesque | /,gärdn'esk/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & G m c>F \\ & >E+E c f \end{aligned}$ | resembling or relating to a plot of land devoted to the growing of herbs, fruits, flowers, or vegetables. | Rosita turned her balcony into a gardenesque area with vines and potted plants. |
| 686 | garibaldi | /,garə'bŏldē/ | n | It name | a woman's blouse copied from the red shirt worn by the Italian patriot Garibaldi. | Antonio followed his mother through the crowded market, keeping a sharp eye on her bright garibaldi. |
| 687 | garnishee | /,gärnə̇'shē/ | v | $\begin{aligned} & G m c>F \\ & >E+E c f \end{aligned}$ | take by legal writ the wages or other property of a debtor. | Norton was afraid the court would garnishee his entire salary to pay his back taxes. |
| 688 | garrulity | /gə'rüləd.ē/ | n | L | the quality or state of being talkative or long-winded. | Paul talks so much that his teacher calls him a "geyser of garrulity." |
| 689 | gasconade | /,gaskə'nād/ | v | F name | boast or bluster especially to excess. | Mr. Clay could gasconade at such length that his listeners became bored. |
| 690 | gastriloquist | /ga'striləkwə̇st/ | n | Gk + L | ventriloquist. | Lanny hired a gastriloquist to entertain at Betsy's birthday party. |


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| 691 | gastronomy | /ga'stränəmē/ | n | Gk > F | the art or science of good eating : epicurism. | Chef Bernie specializes in French gastronomy. |
| 692 | gastrostomy | /ga'strästəmē/ | n | Gk | the surgical formation of an opening through the abdominal wall into the stomach to serve for the introduction of food. | The doctor recommends a gastrostomy as the best solution to keeping Alice alive during her coma. |
| 693 | gavage | /gə'väzh/ | n | F | introduction of material (as nutrients) into the stomach by means of a stomach tube. | Gavage is a common method of feeding babies who are unable to swallow enough for good nutrition. |
| 694 | gazetteer | /,gazə'ti(ə)r/ | n | Venetian dialect $>$ It > F | a geographical dictionary in which names and descriptions of places are usually given in alphabetical order. | Chandra consulted her gazetteer to find the capital of Sri Lanka. |
| 695 | gazpacho | /gå'spå(,)chō/ | n | Sp | a soup made of uncooked chopped tomatoes, cucumbers, peppers, onion, garlic with vinegar, oil, and condiments, and served cold. | The restaurant was famous for its gazpacho. |
| 696 | gelid | /'jelə̇d/ | adj | L | extremely cold : icy. | When Frank was in Finland, he took a memorable swim in gelid water. |
| 697 | geniture | /'jenə,chů(ə)r/ | n | L | nativity, birth. | The geniture of the prince was an event of national importance. |
| 698 | genocide | /'jenə,sīd/ | n | Gk + L | the use of deliberate systematic measures calculated to bring about the extermination of a racial, political, or cultural group. | What stands between civilization and genocide is the respect for the rights and lives of all human beings. |
| 699 | genotype | /'jənə,tīp/ | n | Gk + Gk | the totality of specific transmitters of hereditary characters possessed by an individual or group. | Because Richard's blood type is O , he knows that his genotype is recessive. |
| 700 | geostrophic | /,jēō'sträfik/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to deflective force due to the rotation of Earth. | Geostrophic winds in the upper troposphere often reach high velocities. |
| 701 | gerontology | /'jerən'täləjē/ | n | Gk | a scientific study of the phenomena of aging and of the problems of the aged. | Kathy's research in gerontology was complemented by weekly visits with retirement center residents. |
| 702 | geyserite | /'gīzərīt/ | n | ON > Icelandic | a hydrous silica that constitutes one variety of opal and is deposited around some hot springs and geysers in white or grayish concretions. | While at Yellowstone National Park, Kyle took several pictures of the gray mounds of geyserite. |
| 703 | ghastly | /'gastlē/ | adj | E | giving rise to terror : frightening. | The gnarled trees appeared ghastly in the moonlight. |
| 704 | ghoulish | /'gülish/ | adj | Ar | of, resembling, or suggestive of an evil being held to rob graves and feed on corpses. | Tricia favors rather ghoulish nail colors like green and black. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 705 | gigahertz | /'gigə,hərts/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > ISV } \\ & + \text { G } \\ & \text { name } \end{aligned}$ | a unit of frequency equal to 1 billion cycles per second. | A radio signal with a frequency of 1 gigahertz lies in the microwave range. |
| 706 | gigue | /'zhēg/ | n | F | [Note: Could be confused with jig.] a lively dance movement having compound triple rhythm and consisting of two sections, each of which is repeated. | The gigue is a major part of several European folk dances. |
| 707 | gingivitis | /,jinjə'vīd.ə̇s/ | n | L | inflammation of the gums. | To prevent gingivitis Beth has her teeth cleaned regularly. |
| 708 | glioma | /glī'ōmə/ | n | Gk | a tumor arising from the tissue which supports the essential elements of nervous tissue. | An examination by our veterinarian revealed that the problems our dog was having were caused by a glioma. |
| 709 | glockenspiel | /'gläkən,s(h)pēl/ | n | Celt > G | a percussion musical instrument consisting of a series of graduated metal bars tuned to the chromatic scale and played with two hammers. | The glockenspiel tinkled to life as its player joined in a rendition of Beethoven's "Ode to Joy." |
| 710 | glutinous | /'glüt( ${ }^{( }$)nəs/ | adj | L | having the physical properties of glue. | When Matthew's mother told him to eat his stewed okra, he dropped his fork in the glutinous mass and burst into tears. |
| 711 | gneiss | /'nīs/ | n | G | [has homonym: nice] a laminated or foliated metamorphic rock corresponding in composition to granite. | The geologist easily identified the rock sample as a form of gneiss. |
| 712 | gnu | /'n(y)ü/ | n | Bushma <br> n | [has homonym: new] any of several large African antelopes with a head like that of an ox, short mane, long tail, and horns that curve downward and outward and then up. | The brindled gnu, sometimes called a wildebeest, is one of the fastest animals in southern Africa. |
| 713 | Goldwynism | /'gōldwə̇,nizəm/ | n | US name | a phrase or expression (as include me out) involving a grotesque use of a word. | One well-known Goldwynism is the saying "A verbal contract isn't worth the paper it's printed on." |
| 714 | golem | /'gōləm/ | n | Heb > <br> Yiddish | an artificial figure constructed to represent a human being and endowed with life. | Some people believe that Mary Shelley based her story of Frankenstein on the ancient Jewish tradition of the golem. |
| 715 | golgotha | /gäl'gäthə/ | n | Heb > <br> Aram> <br> Gk > L | a place of burial : cemetery. | A chill ran down Henrietta's spine as she walked through the old golgotha. |
| 716 | gopher | /'gōfə(r)/ | n | unk | any of several burrowing rodents. | "The old man was as spry as a gopher," said his grandson. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 717 | gourami | /gü'rämē/ | n | Malay | any of several small brightly colored Asian fishes often kept in the tropical aquarium. | Jonathan bought a colorful gourami for his new aquarium. |
| 718 | gracilis | /'grasələ̀s/ | n | L | the most superficial muscle of the inside of the thigh. | At the bodybuilding contest the judges were so critical that they insisted on seeing if every muscle, including the gracilis, was developed. |
| 719 | gracility | /gra'siləd.ē/ | n | L | the quality of being pleasing in movement. | David's youthful gracility was one of his chief assets as a dancer. |
| 720 | Grandisonian | /,grandə'sōnēən / | adj | E name | of, relating to, or befitting a model gentleman of the 18th century. | In a wig and knee britches, Jonathan played the part of the Grandisonian earl perfectly. |
| 721 | graupel | /'graůpzl/ | n | Slav? > G | granular snow pellets. | Peter calls graupel "tapioca snow" because of its shape and color. |
| 722 | Graustarkian | /graů'stärkēən/ | adj | fictional name | of or relating to an imaginary place of high romance. | Dr. Furter's castle was far from the Graustarkian ideal. |
| 723 | graveolent | /grə'vēələnt/ | adj | L | having a rank smell. | Elaine quickly disposed of the rotten, graveolent egg. |
| 724 | greffier | /'grefē,ā/ | n | $L>F$ | registrar, recorder. | The office of the greffier is lined with ledgers. |
| 725 | grievances | /'grēvən(t)sə̇z/ | n pl | $F>E$ | causes of uneasiness or distress felt to afford rightful reason for reproach, complaint, or resistance. | During his new-employee orientation, Stan was briefed on the procedure for filing grievances. |
| 726 | grievous | /'grēvəs/ | adj | $F>\mathrm{E}$ | causing, characterized by, or indicative of severe physical pain or suffering. | Jason screamed as if the scratch on his leg were a grievous wound. |
| 727 | grimthorpe | $\qquad$ | v | E name | remodel (an ancient building) without proper knowledge or care to retain its original quality and character. | Darryl is afraid the developers will grimthorpe the old mill. |
| 728 | griot | /'grē(,)ō/ | n | F | any of a class of musician-entertainers of West Africa whose performances include tribal histories and genealogies. | While doing research for his book Roots, Alex Haley was stunned to meet a griot who was able to tell the story of how Haley's ancestors were captured by slavers and sent to America. |
| 729 | groundsel | /'graůn(d)səl/ | n | E | an herb of the genus Senecio sometimes used for medicinal purposes. | Groundsel is found in swamps and meadows from Newfoundland to Ontario. |
| 730 | grunion | /'grənyən/ | n | L > Sp | a small silver-striped fish of the California coast notable for the regularity with which it comes inshore to spawn at the time of a nearly full moon. | Jose caught a grunion with his bare hands when it came to spawn on the beach. |
| 731 | gudgeon | /'gəjən/ | n | $L>F>E$ | an iron pin for fastening together blocks of stone. | The stoneworker selected a heavy gauge of iron for the gudgeon that would hold together the parts of the granite park bench. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 732 | gules | /'gyülz/ | n | $F>E$ | the heraldic color red. | One is never allowed to change a coat of arms, since even the use of gules has a certain meaning. |
| 733 | gurry | /'gərē/ | n | unk | [has homonym: ghurry] the refuse from cutting up a whale and extracting the oil. | The captain ordered the younger crewmen to clear the deck of gurry. |
| H |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 734 | halal | /hə'läl/ | v | Ar | slaughter for food according to Muslim law. | To halal an animal, the slaughterer must be Muslim and must follow specific rituals. |
| 735 | halieutics | /,halē'(y)üd.iks/ | n pl | Gk | the art or practice of fishing. | Izaak Walton's The Compleat Angler is the most famous book on halieutics. |
| 736 | hamate | /'hā,māt/ | adj | L | hooked. | Elliott examined the hamate hairs on the insect's forelegs. |
| 737 | harpsichord | /'härpsə,kŏrd/ | n | L > It | a keyboard instrument resembling the grand piano in shape and producing tones by the plucking of wire strings with quills or leather points. | Kristin heard the jangling tones of the harpsichord through the practice room door. |
| 738 | harrumph | /hə'rəm(p)f/ | v | imit | make a pompous throat-clearing sound. | Monique wished that Mr. Nickels wouldn't harrumph directly into the microphone. |
| 739 | hebephrenia | /,hēbə'frēnēə/ | n | Gk | a form of schizophrenia that is characterized by silliness, delusions, hallucinations, and regression and that has an early insidious onset. | The prognosis for hebephrenia, which presents itself initially during youth, is unfavorable. |
| 740 | heinousness | /'hānəsnə̇s/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & G m c>F \\ & >E+E c f \end{aligned}$ | the quality or state of being hatefully or shockingly evil. | Even the police were appalled by the heinousness of the crime. |
| 741 | heleoplankton | /,helē(,)ō'playkt ən/ | n | Gk | plankton typical of small bodies of still fresh water. | Dozens of species gathered at the south end of the lake to feed on heleoplankton. |
| 742 | heliacal | /hə̇'līəkəl/ | adj | Gk | relating to or near the Sun—used especially of the last setting of a star before and its first rising after invisibility due to conjunction with the Sun. | The Egyptian rural year was determined by the heliacal rising of Sirius. |
| 743 | heliocentric | /'hēlēō,sentrik/ | adj | Gk | having or relating to the Sun as the center. | Copernicus proposed in the 16th century a heliocentric theory of planetary arrangement. |
| 744 | hematochrome | /'heməd.ō,krōm / | n | Gk | an orangish or reddish coloring matter found in various algae (as red snow). | Red snow seen in arctic and alpine regions indicates a presence of algae that contain hematochrome. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 745 | hemera | /'hemərə/ | n | Gk | a stratigraphic zone comprising the time range of a particular fossil species. | Work on the excavation stopped when the workers accidentally unearthed a wide, rich hemera. |
| 746 | heresy | /'herəsē/ | n | Gk | dissent from a dominant theory or opinion in any field. | Much of what used to be considered scientific heresy is now regarded as truth. |
| 747 | hermitage | /'hərmə̇d.ij/ | n | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Gk + L > } \\ & \mathrm{F} \end{aligned}\right.$ | a secluded residence or private retreat. | Dave's father has always dreamed of living in the city during the week and escaping to some country hermitage on the weekends. |
| 748 | hew | /'hyü/ | v | E | [has homonym: hue] shape, form, create, or bring into being with or as if with hard rough blows or efforts. | Dr. King told his listeners that with faith they would be able to "hew out of the mountain of despair a stone of hope." |
| 749 | hierarchy | /'hīə,rärkē/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{F}>\mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | a form of government administered by an authoritarian group. | Michelle's study of hierarchy made her appreciate living in the United States. |
| 750 | hippopotamian | /,hi(,)pōpə'tāmē ən/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > L + } \\ & \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | unwieldy because of massive size. | Uncle Lon's hippopotamian armchair takes up half the living room. |
| 751 | hirsutism | /'hər,süt,izəm/ | n | L | excessive growth of hair of normal or abnormal distribution. | Hirsutism is often the result of a hormonal imbalance in the body. |
| 752 | hirundine | /hə̇'rəndə̇n/ | adj | L | of, relating to, or resembling the swallow. | The hirundine population in near-equatorial countries rises sharply when autumn returns to the northern hemisphere. |
| 753 | histogeny | /hi'stäjənē/ | n | Gk | the formation and differentiation of tissues. | The 19th-century physiologist Theodor Schwann was renowned for his pioneering study of histogeny. |
| 754 | hoary | /'hōrē/ | adj | E | gray or white; specifically : gray or white with age. | Tilting his hoary head to one side, the storyteller began his tale. |
| 755 | Hollerith | /'hälə,rith/ | n | name | a code for representing alphanumeric information on punch cards. | Billy started programming back when mainframe computers still had special readers for Hollerith. |
| 756 | hombre | /'äm(,)brā/ | n | L > Sp | [has homonym: ombre] man, fellow, guy. | Tex was too fast to let that hombre get the drop on him. |
| 757 | homeostasis | /,hōmēō'stāsə̇s/ | n | Gk | a tendency toward maintenance of a relatively stable internal environment in the bodies of higher animals through a series of interacting physiological processes. | Panting is the primary means of achieving homeostasis for dogs. |
| 758 | homogeneous | /'hōmə,jēnēəs/ | adj | Gk | relating to, occurring in, or being a system that contains no internal physical boundaries. | Roger's lecture was about the homogeneous catalytic role that chlorine plays in the depletion of the ozone layer. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 759 | homophone | /'hämə,fōn/ | n | Gk | one of two or more words pronounced alike but different in meaning or derivation or spelling. | When Andrew's mom was in school, a homophone was called a "homonym." |
| 760 | hosanna | /hō'zanə/ | n | Heb > $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | an expression of enthusiastic praise : acclamation. | Mr. Wong greeted Katya with a loud hosanna. |
| 761 | humaniora | /(h)yü,manē'ōrə / | n pl | L | the branches of learning regarded as having primarily a cultural character and usually including languages, literature, history, mathematics, and philosophy. | Mateo received his degree in general studies or, as he likes to call it, "humaniora." |
| 762 | humus | /'(h)yüməs/ | n | L | [Note: Could be confused with adjective humous. Also, has near homonym: hummus.] the organic portion of soil. | Mario's compost heap provides an annual supply of humus for his garden. |
| 763 | hyetometer | /,hīə'täməd.ə(r)/ | n | Gk | rain gage. | Ambrose set up a hyetometer in the front yard as part of his science fair project. |
| 764 | hygienic | /,hījē'enik/ | adj | Gk | of, relating to, or conducive to health or the science which deals with the establishment and maintenance of health in the individual and the group. | The minister reported that better hygienic conditions had reduced infant mortality significantly over the past ten years. |
| 765 | hygrometer | /hī'gräməd.ə(r)/ | n | Gk | any of several instruments for measuring the humidity of the atmosphere. | Eileen wondered what would happen if she took the hygrometer into the shower with her. |
| 766 | Hymenoptera | /,hīmə'näptərə/ | n pl | Gk > L | an extensive order of highly specialized insects that includes bees, wasps, and ants. | The order Hymenoptera is perhaps the most beneficial to man of all insect groups. |
| 767 | hyperbole | /hī'pərbə(,)lē/ | n | Gk | extravagant exaggeration that represents something as much greater or less, better or worse, or more intense than it really is or that depicts the impossible as actual. | To say that life as we know it will never be the same after the next election is hyperbole. |
| 768 | hypercritical | /,hīpə(r)'krid.ə̀kə I/ | adj | Gk | meticulously or excessively inclined to notice faults and imperfections. | Ellen's skating coach was hypercritical of her technique the day before a competition. |
| 769 | hyperglycemia | /,hīpə(r)glī'sēmē ə/ | n | Gk | excess of sugar in the blood. | Since diabetes runs in her family, Carla is regularly tested for hyperglycemia. |
| 770 | hypochlorite | /,hī(,)pō'klōr,īt/ | n | Gk | a salt or ester of a weak acid used chiefly as an oxidizing agent, bleaching agent, disinfectant, and chlorinating agent. | Sodium hypochlorite is the primary ingredient in commercial laundry bleaches. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 771 | hypochondria | /,hīpə'kändrēə/ | n | Gk | extreme depression of mind or spirits often centered on imaginary physical ailments. | Having found nothing physically wrong with her, Sylvia's doctor noted that her persistent complaints about her health are probably due to hypochondria. |
| 772 | hypocrisy | /hə̇'päkrəsē/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{F}>\mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | the act or practice of pretending to be what one is not or to have principles or beliefs that one does not have. | The abominable proceeding was nothing but a system of hypocrisy and deceit, espionage and treachery. |
| I |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 773 | Icarian | /i'ka(a)rēən/ | adj | Gk name | [has near homonym: acarian] inadequate for or incapable of bringing about an ambitious project. | William's problem-solving methods are usually Icarian, but this time his approach provided the perfect solution. |
| 774 | ichneumon | /ik'n(y)ümən/ | n | Gk | any member of the insect family Ichneumonidae. | The ichneumon burrowed into the caterpillar larva, providing a natural check on the destructive insect. |
| 775 | idiosyncratic | /,idēō,sin'krad.ik / | adj | Gk | marked by a peculiarity of physical or mental constitution or temperament. | In his autobigraphy Andrew described the idiosyncratic behavior of his zany upper-class family. |
| 776 | ikebana | /,ikə̇'bänə/ | n | Jpn | the Japanese art of flower arranging that emphasizes form and balance. | Hana is trained in ikebana, and her arrangements are displayed in many restaurants throughout the city. |
| 777 | impetigo | /,impa'tī(,)gō/ | n | L | an acute contagious skin disease transmitted by contact between persons or between healthy and infected skin. | Impetigo can quickly make the rounds in a kindergarten class. |
| 778 | impetrated | /'impə,trād.əd/ | v | L | obtained by request or entreaty : procured. | Lisa impetrated a bottle of Dijon mustard from the couple at the next table and spread some on her sandwich. |
| 779 | imprecation | /,imprò'kāshən/ | n | L | [Note: Could be confused with imbrication.] curse : malediction. | Jerod did not realize that the microphone was on when he uttered an imprecation under his breath. |
| 780 | indicia | /ə̇n'dish(ē)ə/ | n pl | L | indications, signs, tokens, criteria. | The reporter used many different indicia of public sentiment to obtain a reliable rating of the leader's popularity. |
| 781 | indictment | /ə̇n'dītmənt/ | n | $L>A F$ | an official written statement charging a person with an offense. | The grand jury's indictment of the seven men charges that they conspired to smuggle guns into the country. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 782 | inorganic | /,inŏ(r)'ganik/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}+\mathrm{Gk}> \\ & \mathrm{L} \end{aligned}$ | [Note: Could be confused with enorganic.] being, containing, or relating to a chemical substance or substances not relating to or derived from living organisms. | Clarice uses no inorganic fertilizers in her garden. |
| 783 | internecine | /,intər'ne,sēn/ | adj | L | marked by great slaughter : deadly. | Many areas of the former Soviet Union have been plagued with internecine struggles. |
| 784 | internecion | /,intər'neshən/ | n | L | [Note: Could be confused with internecine.] mutual destruction : massacre. | The Civil War Battle of Antietam is the bloodiest singleday battle in American history, an internecion that claimed more than 23,000 lives. |
| 785 | intrados | /'intrə,däs/ | n | $L+F$ | the interior curve of an arch. | Maryanne believed that the arched doorway of her new home needed some decoration, so she stenciled the intrados. |
| 786 | inveigh | /̇̇n'vā/ | v | L | protest bitterly or violently. | When the suspect was arraigned, he began to inveigh against what he claimed was police brutality. |
| 787 | involucre | /'invə,lükə(r)/ | n | L | a rosette of bracts surrounding a composite flower head. | The florist pointed out the involucre around the daisy's flower head. |
| 788 | ipsedixitism | /,ipsē'diksə̇d.,izə m/ | n | L | dogmatic assertion or assertiveness. | Martine's ipsedixitism tired her friends and put off strangers. |
| 789 | iridesce | /,irə'des/ | v | Gk | show colors like those of the rainbow especially in shifting patterns of hues and shades that vary with a change of light or point of view. | Fini sat on the dock watching the gasoline spill iridesce on the water. |
| 790 | iridize | /'irədīz/ | v | L + Ecf | make to show colors like those of the rainbow. | Mohandas proceeded to iridize the polished metal surface by applying heat to it. |
| 791 | isochronal | /ī'säkrən²] | adj | Gk | uniform in time : recurring at regular intervals. | Even early humans realized that sunrise was isochronal and not randomly recurring. |
| 792 | isometrics | /,īsə'metriks/ | n pl | Gk + Gk | exercise or a system of exercises involving contraction of the muscles against resistance. | On January first, Maggie began an ambitious program of isometrics. |
| 793 | isomorphic | /,īsō'mŏrfik/ | adj | Gk | being of identical or similar form or shape or structure. | English spelling is difficult because of the frequent lack of isomorphic correspondence between the spoken word and the written word. |
| 794 | isosceles | /ī'säsə,lēz/ | adj | Gk > L | having two equal sides-used of a triangle. | Zola counted 16 isosceles triangles on the playground equipment. |
| 795 | Isthmian | /'ismēən/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to the Isthmus of Corinth or the games anciently held there. | Pindar's victory odes celebrate the victors in Olympic, Nemean, Pythian, and Isthmian games. |



| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 807 | kaleidoscope | /kə'līdə,skōp/ | n | Gk + E | an instrument that contains loose fragments of colored glass confined between two flat plates and two plane mirrors placed so that changes of position exhibit its contents in an endless variety of forms. | Raj received a fancy brass kaleidoscope for a birthday present. |
| 808 | Kallikak | /'kalə,kak/ | n | Gk > US literary name | a stupid person. | Andrea's brother teased her by calling her a Kallikak. |
| 809 | kamelaukion | /,kämə'laůk,yŏn/ | n | Gk | a tall brimless hat worn by priests and monks in some Eastern rites. | When Kathy visited Crete, a bearded priest in a tall black kamelaukion asked her if she was from Chicago. |
| 810 | kanji | /'kän(,)jē/ | n | Jpn | [has near homonym: congee] a Japanese system of writing based on the Chinese one and composed principally of characters borrowed or adapted from Chinese. | Evan was awarded the university linguistics prize for his paper on the history of kanji. |
| 811 | karyotype | /'karēə,tīp/ | n | Gk + Gk | the sum of the specific characteristics of a cell nucleus including chromosome number, form, size, and points of spindle-fiber attachment. | Most male children are of the 46-XY karyotype, which means they have 46 chromosomes including one XY pair. |
| 812 | kathakali | /,käd.ə'kälē/ | n | Skt > Malayala <br> n | a spectacular lyric dance drama of southern India performed with acrobatic energy and highly stylized pantomime. | The dancers in the kathakali had painted faces and stylized costumes and headwear. |
| 813 | kaumographer | /kŏ'mägrəfə(r)/ | n | Gk | a worker who transfers designs, trademarks, or other printed material to cloth articles with a hot iron. | The sweatshirt store employs a kaumographer to decorate shirts with designs chosen by the customer. |
| 814 | keratoplasty | /'kerəd.ō,plastē/ | n | Gk | plastic surgery on the cornea. | Keratoplasty, especially corneal grafting, has improved the vision of many people. |
| 815 | kibbutz | /ki'bůts/ | n | Heb | a collective farm or settlement in Israel. | Meredith's pen pal lives on a kibbutz. |
| 816 | kibitzer | /'kibə̇tsə(r)/ | n | Yiddish | an outsider or nonparticipant who looks on and may offer unwanted advice or comment. | Officer Morrow ordered the kibitzer to stand back and get out of the way of the rescue squad. |
| 817 | kikepa | /kē'kāpə/ | n | Hawaiia n | a sarong worn by Hawaiian women with the top under one arm and over the shoulder of the opposite arm. | During the Hawaiian culture celebration known as Makahiki, males must wear a malo and females must wear a kikepa. |
| 818 | Kilroy | /'kil,rŏi/ | n | Amer name | an inveterate traveler. | Most of Lyra's postcard collection comes from her uncle Thor, who is quite a Kilroy. |
| 819 | kinesiology | /k̇̇,nēsē'äləjē/ | n | Gk | the study of the principles of mechanics and anatomy in relation to human movement. | All physical therapy students are required to take a course in kinesiology. |



| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 833 | laparoscopy | /,lapə'räskəpē/ | n | Gk + Gk | visual examination of the interior of the abdomen by using a long slender optical instrument inserted through the abdominal wall. | Modern-day surgeons are well trained in the techniques of laparoscopy. |
| 834 | laparotomy | /,lapə'räd.əmē/ | n | Gk + Gk | surgical cutting of the abdominal wall. | Kevin's appendix was removed via a laparotomy. |
| 835 | lapidarian | /,lapə'da(a)rēən/ | adj | L+E | of, relating to, or inscribed on stone. | Janice enjoyed reading the lapidarian epitaphs in the old cemetery. |
| 836 | lapideous | /lə'pidēəs/ | adj | L | of the nature of stone. | Lapideous concretions that form in the bladder or kidneys can cause extreme pain. |
| 837 | larghetto | /lär'ged.(,)ō/ | adv | It | in a somewhat slow manner-used as a direction in music. | In the second movement, which is played larghetto, Beethoven unfolds one melodic idea after another. |
| 838 | larghissimo | /lär'gēsə,mō/ | adv | L > It | in as slow a manner as possible--used as a direction in music. | During the dream scene the orchestra was told to play larghissimo. |
| 839 | lariat | /'larēət/ | n | L > Sp | a long light but strong rope used with a running noose for catching livestock. | Jonathan watched in fascination as the cowboy demonstrated his skill with the lariat. |
| 840 | larmoyant | /lär'mŏiənt/ | adj | $L>F$ | given to tears or weeping : tearful. | Even Jorge, who is not usually larmoyant, had to wipe his eyes during the eulogy. |
| 841 | larrigan | /'larə̇gən/ | n | unk | an oil-tanned moccasin with legs that is used especially by loggers and trappers. | The statue of Paul Bunyan depicted him with an ax over his shoulder and a hole in one larrigan. |
| 842 | laryngitic | /,larə̇n'jid.ik/ | adj | Gk | affected with an inflammation of the upper part of the trachea containing the vocal cords. | After a long day of pitching his merchandise, the salesman returned home exhausted and laryngitic. |
| 843 | $\operatorname{larynx}$ | /'larin(k)s/ | n | Gk > L | the modified upper part of the respiratory passage of air-breathing vertebrates bounded above by the glottis and continuous below with the trachea. | The vocal cords are situated within the larynx. |
| 844 | lase | /'lāz/ | v | E backformatio n | [has near homonym: laze] emit coherent light. | When excited by an electric current, the rube crystal began to lase. |
| 845 | latitudinous | /,lad.ə'tüdnəəs/ | adj | L | having breadth especially of thought or interpretation. | Poetry is a latitudinous category, ranging from the moralistic to the nihilistic. |
| 846 | lederhosen | /'lādə(r),hōz²n/ | n pl | G | knee-length leather trousers worn especially in Bavaria. | All the men who volunteered to work at Oktoberfest were asked to wear lederhosen. |
| 847 | legerdemain | /,lejə(r)də'mān/ | n | F | skill and dexterity in the performance of juggling or conjuring tricks. | The performer's legerdemain included making a coworker disappear from an enclosure. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 848 | legerity | /là'jerəd.ē/ | n | $L>F$ | mental or physical agility and quickness. | The gymnast performed on the balance beam with remarkable legerity. |
| 849 | leisurable | /'lēzh(ə)rəbəl/ | adj | $L>F>E$ | proceeding deliberately without haste. | The bikers made a leisurable tour of the campus. |
| 850 | leptocercal | /,leptə'sərkəl/ | adj | Gk + Gk | tapering off to a long slender point—used of the tail of a fish. | The scuba diver showed Jane his scar from a wound he received when whipped by the leptocercal tail of a stingray. |
| 851 | Lethean | /'lēthēən/ | adj | Gk | of, relating to, or causing forgetfulness. | Blake said that the Lethean nature of the novel was to blame for his poor grade on the literature quiz. |
| 852 | lieutenancy | /lü'tenənsē/ | n | $L>F>E$ | the term of a commissioned officer in the army, air force, or marine corps ranking below a captain. | During his lieutenancy, Lionel served in Guam. |
| 853 | Limoges | /lē'mōzh/ | n | F geog name | a superior variety of china. | On Thanksgiving Mother set the table with Limoges. |
| 854 | lipogram | /'lipə,gram/ | n | Gk | a writing composed of words not having a certain letter. | Samantha used the search function of her word processing program to ensure that her lipogram was accurately constructed. |
| 855 | lipogrammatis m | /,lipə'gramə,tizə m/ | n | Gk | the practice of writing something composed of words not having a certain letter. | As an exercise in lipogrammatism, the writer wrote a novel without once using a word with an e in it. |
| 856 | lipolytic | /,līpə'lid.ik/ | adj | Gk + Gk | of, relating to, causing, or resulting from the hydrolysis of fat. | The taste of rancid butter is caused by the action of lipolytic microorganisms. |
| 857 | liquefaction | /,likẇ̇'fakshən/ | n | L | the process of making or becoming liquid : conversion of a solid into a liquid by heat or of a gas into a liquid by cold or pressure. | Much earthquake damage results from the liquefaction of soil on which buildings stand. |
| 858 | litotes | /'līd.ə,tēz/ | n | Gk | understatement in which an affirmative is expressed by a negative of the contrary (as in "He's not a bad ball player"). | Rupert loved to use the litotes "not bad" to convey high praise. |
| 859 | lochetic | /lō'kēd.ik/ | adj | Gk | lying in wait for prey-used especially of insects. | Josh claimed that the ants in the nest next to his porch must be lochetic, because they always seemed to know when he was barefoot. |
| 860 | logorrhea | /,lŏgə'rēə/ | n | Gk | pathologically excessive and often incoherent talkativeness. | The patient's logorrhea was indicative of deep emotional problems. |
| 861 | louse | /'laůs/ | n | E | [has homonym: Laos] any of various small wingless usually flattened insects that are parasitic on warmblooded animals. | The sucking louse has piercing and sucking mouthparts and lives on blood and tissue fluids of mammals as an external parasite. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 862 | lucarne | /lü'kärn/ | n | OFrk > F | dormer window. | Violette waved to her father before closing the lucarne. |
| 863 | luciform | /'lüsə,fŏrm/ | adj | L | of, relating to, or having the characteristics of light. | Some Platonists held that the soul is luciform. |
| 864 | lucigen | /'lüsəjə̇n/ | n | L + Gk | a lamp or torch giving a bright light by burning a mixture of oil mixed with hot air. | Mr. Hannay of Glasgow invented the lucigen, which can be used to light large, open spaces. |
| 865 | lucubrate | /'lük(y)ə,brāt/ | v | L | discourse learnedly in writing. | Abraham had the opportunity to lucubrate in several journals before he turned away from scholarship. |
| 866 | luftmensch | /'lůft,mench/ | n | G > Yiddish | an impractical contemplative person having no definite trade, business, or income : dreamer. | Every large family seems to have at least one luftmensch among its members. |
| 867 | luger | /'Iü,zhə(r)/ | n | F | [has near homonym: loser] one who coasts on a small sled. | Ron likes Nordic skiing, but Arthur fancies himself a luger. |
| 868 | lugubrious | /Iə'gübrēəs/ | adj | $L>E$ | expressive of, marked by, or giving rise to grief or sorrow. | The funeral director spoke in lugubrious tones as she explained the arrangements. |
| 869 | lumpen | /'lůmpən/ | adj | G | of, relating to, or being an amorphous group of dispossessed and uprooted individuals set off by their inferior station from the economic and social class with which they are identified. | Though he was a member of the Communist Party, Jerome considered himself an intellectual, not one of the lumpen proletariat. |
| 870 | luscious | /'ləshəs/ | adj | E | having a delicious taste or smell. | The waiter pointed to cakes and pastries, each more luscious than the last, as he told us about them. |
| 871 | lusciously | /'ləshəslē/ | adv | E | in a manner that is richly luxurious or highly appealing to the senses. | The colors of the silk carpet glowed lusciously in the firelight. |
| 872 | lutaceous | /lü'tāshəs/ | adj | L + Ecf | formed from or having the fine texture of mud : clayey-used of conglomerate rock. | Nina dug a fossil shell out of the lutaceous river bluff. |
| 873 | lymphatic | /lim'fad.ik/ | adj | Gk > L | conveying a pale fluid that bathes the tissues of an organism. | The lymphatic system is vital in removing harmful bacteria from tissues. |
| 874 | lymphocyte | /'lim(p)fə,sīt/ | n | Gk | a colorless weakly motile cell that is produced in lymphoid tissue. | When a lymphocyte recognizes a virus in a cell, it will attempt to kill that cell. |
| 875 | lysis | /'līs ${ }^{\text {a }}$ / | n | Gk | the gradual decline of a disease process. | The lysis of Hugh's fever was swifter than Dr. Quinley expected. |
| M |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 876 | macarize | /'makə,rīz/ | v | Gk | pronounce happy or blessed : felicitate, laud. | After the wedding ceremony various friends will give speeches to macarize the happy couple. |
| 877 | maceral | /'masə,ral/ | n | L? | a fragment of plant debris in coal. | Penny examined the maceral under a microscope. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 878 | Machiavellian | /,makēə'velēən/ | adj | It name | of or relating to Machiavelli or his political theory that any means however lawless or unscrupulous can justifiably be used in achieving political power. | The Machiavellian politician was accused of wheeling and dealing, backstabbing, and creating fall guys and cover-ups. |
| 879 | machicolation | /mə,chikə'lāshən / | n | $F>L+L$ | an opening on a parapet of a battlement for the purpose of dropping missiles upon assailants attacking from below. | Whenever a castle gets stormed in the movies, the defenders are shown pouring boiling oil through a machicolation onto the enemy attacking the gates. |
| 880 | madarosis | /,madə'rōsə̇s/ | n | Gk > L | loss of the eyelashes or of the hair of the eyebrows. | Dorothy suffered from madarosis during chemotherapy, but her eyelashes eventually grew back even thicker than before. |
| 881 | magnanimous | /,mag'nanəməs/ | adj | L | showing or suggesting nobility of feeling and generosity of mind. | Simone's magnanimous attitude toward the homeless wasn't shared by her sister. |
| 882 | magnate | /'mag,nāt/ | n | L > E | [Note: Alternate pronunciation has homonym: magnet.] a person prominent in the management of a large industry or enterprise. | The oil magnate bequeathed his fortune to the local university. |
| 883 | maieutic | /mā'yüd.ik/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to the dialectic method practiced by Socrates in order to elicit and clarify ideas of others. | Instead of giving lectures, Professor Ewing used maieutic dialogs to get students to think for themselves. |
| 884 | majuscule | /'majə,skyül/ | adj | $L>F$ | written in large letters (as capitals). | Dr. Jenkins could see immediately that the majuscule scripts of the two letters were identical and deduced that the same scribe had written both. |
| 885 | malediction | /,malə'dikshən/ | n | L | curse, execration. | The villain's last words were a malediction on the entire royal family. |
| 886 | malefactor | /'malə,faktə(r)/ | n | L | one who commits an offense against the law. | The state's correctional program was designed to rehabilitate as well as punish the malefactor. |
| 887 | malloseismic | /,malō'sīzmik/ | adj | Gk | of, relating to, or being a region subject to frequent destructive earthquakes. | Chris refuses to move to any of the malloseismic areas of California. |
| 888 | mandorla | /'mändōr,lä/ | n | L > It | a panel or contour in the shape of an almond. | At the top of the altarpiece Christ is depicted seated within a mandorla full-face and holding a book. |
| 889 | marcottage | /'mär,käd.ij/ | n | $L ?>F$ | a form of plant propagation in which the rooting medium is bound to the plant rather than enclosed in a pot or other container. | Philip's nursery is widely known for its successful marcottage using sphagnum. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 890 | margaritaceous | /,märgərə'tāshəs <br> / | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{F}>\mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | having a satiny iridescence like that of pearl or mother-of-pearl : pearly. | The tabletops at the diner have a margaritaceous finish. |
| 891 | marmoset | /'märmə,set/ | n | $F>E$ | any of numerous small soft-furred South and Central American monkeys with claws instead of nails on all the digits except the great toe. | The chisel-like incisors of the marmoset are used for gouging trees to obtain gums and saps. |
| 892 | marotte | /mə'rät/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F name } \\ & + \text { Fcf } \end{aligned}$ | a pet idea or notion. | Katrina's marotte is that she is really too good for life as a bookkeeper and should be a company vice-president. |
| 893 | marten | /'märt̊n/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & G m c>F \\ & >E \end{aligned}$ | [has homonym: martin] any of several slender semiarboreal carnivorous mammals chiefly of the Northern Hemisphere that are larger than the related weasels. | The marten is an opportunistic hunter, thriving on mice, squirrels, rabbits, and grouse. |
| 894 | martinet | /'märt${ }^{\text {a }}$,et/ | n | F name | one who lays stress on a rigid adherence to the details of forms and methods. | A true-born martinet never thinks he is at all severe. |
| 895 | martyr | /'märd.ər/ | n | Gk | one who voluntarily suffers death as the penalty of witnessing to and refusing to renounce his or her religion or a tenet, principle, or practice belonging to it. | St. Stephen, who was stoned to death, is believed to have been the first Christian martyr. |
| 896 | martyrology | /,märd.ə'räləjē/ | n | Gk | an official catalog of martyrs and saints of the Roman Catholic Church. | Keith bought an old martyrology at the rummage sale. |
| 897 | martyrs | /'märd.ərz/ | n pl | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | those who sacrifice their life, station, or what is of great value for the sake of principle. | Many early Christians became martyrs in the Roman Coliseum. |
| 898 | masochistic | /,masə'kistik/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { G name } \\ + \text { Ecf } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | relating to, marked by, or given to taking pleasure in physical or mental suffering inflicted on one by oneself or by another. | Runners have long endured derisive comments from nonrunners about their apparently masochistic tendencies. |
| 899 | masseuse | /ma'sə(r)z/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Ar}>\mathrm{F}+ \\ & \mathrm{Fcf} \end{aligned}$ | a woman who practices massage and physiotherapy. | Delia spent an hour with the club's masseuse working out the kinks in her back. |
| 900 | matriculate | /mə'trikyə,lāt/ | v | L | become admitted to membership in a body, society, or institution (as a college or university) and have one's name officially registered after having previously met entrance requirements. | Meredith received a letter inviting her to matriculate at MIT. |
| 901 | matutine | /'machə,tīn/ | adj | L | of a star : rising in or just before the dawn. | For centuries those who live outdoors have used matutine stars as a kind of alarm clock. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 902 | maudlin | /'mŏdlı̇n/ | adj | Biblical <br> Gk <br> name > $L>F>E$ | tearfully or weakly emotional : effusively sentimental. | Brian allowed himself to become maudlin only on St. Patrick's Day. |
| 903 | Mediterranean | /,medətə'rānēən / | adj | L | of, relating to, characteristic of, or situated near the Mediterranean Sea. | The Mediterranean island of Malta has been the location for the filming of several movies. |
| 904 | megalopolis | /,megə'läpələ̇s/ | n | Gk | a very large city. | Without community growth guidelines, a moderately sized city could become a megalopolis like Los Angeles in just a few decades. |
| 905 | megaton | /'megə,tən/ | n | Gk + E | an explosive force equivalent to that of a million tons of TNT. | The latest military creation is a bomb that will deliver 1 megaton of explosive force directly to the target specified without any error whatsoever. |
| 906 | megohmmeter | /'me,gōm,mēd.ə $(r) /$ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}+\mathrm{G} \\ & \text { name + } \\ & \text { Gk } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | an instrument for the measurement of large electrical resistances. | Professor Allen designed a laboratory session to acquaint students with the use of the megohmmeter. |
| 907 | meiobars | /'mīə,bärz/ | n pl | Gk | regions of low barometric pressure. | On most weather maps, meiobars are indicated by the letter L. |
| 908 | melancholy | /'melən,kälē/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > L > } \\ & \text { F > E } \end{aligned}$ | depressed in spirits : mournful. | The melancholy chirp of a cricket was the only sign of life near him. |
| 909 | melanoma | /,melə'nōmə/ | n | Gk > L | a malignant skin tumor that starts as a black mole and metastasizes rapidly. | People who have black moles are encouraged to check them regularly for signs of a melanoma. |
| 910 | melittologist | /,melə'täləjə̇st/ | n | Gk | an entomologist specializing in the study of bees. | It was a big breakthrough for the melittologist who discovered how bees communicate with each other. |
| 911 | mellifluous | /me'lifləwəs/ | adj | L | sweetly flowing : smooth, honeyed. | The soprano's mellifluous voice lulled Frank to sleep. |
| 912 | memoriter | /mə̇'mŏrə,te(ə)r / | adv | L | by or from memory : by heart. | Much to her surprise, Sue was able to recite the soliloquy that 20 years ago she had learned memoriter. |
| 913 | menagerie | /mə̇'naj(ə)rē/ | n | F | a collection of wild or foreign animals in cages or enclosures. | The eccentric billionaire's menagerie includes two pandas and a white rhino. |
| 914 | mercerize | /'mərsə,rīz/ | v | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E name } \\ & + \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | give (cotton yarn or cloth) luster, strength, and receptiveness to dyes by treatment under tension with caustic soda. | English cloth manufacturers began to mercerize cotton in the 1860s. |
| 915 | merganser | /mər'gan(t)sər/ | n | L | any of various fish-eating diving ducks with a slender bill and usually a crested head. | Many people consider the red-breasted merganser one of the most beautiful ducks. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 916 | mesomorph | /'mezō,mŏrf/ | n | Gk | an intermediate or average type of human body. | Students classified the mummy as a mesomorph. |
| 917 | mesoseismal | /,mezō'sīzmal/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to the center of an area of earthquake disturbance. | The town in the mesoseismal area suffered the most damage from the earthquake. |
| 918 | Messiah | /mə̀'sīə/ | n | Heb\&Ara <br> m | the expected king and deliverer of the Jews. | Messianic Jewish congregations believe that Jesus was the promised Messiah, but they also observe Jewish holidays. |
| 919 | metacarpal | /med.ə'kärpal/ | adj | Gk + Gk | of or relating to the part of the hand or forefoot between the wrist and the digits or fingers. | When the car door slammed shut on her hand, Sara suffered an injury to one of her metacarpal bones. |
| 920 | metachrosis | /,med.ə'krōsə̇s/ | n | Gk | the power of some animals (as many fishes and reptiles) to change color voluntarily by the expansion of special pigment cells. | Metachrosis helps octopi blend with their environments to avoid being easy prey. |
| 921 | metallurgy | /'med.ə ${ }^{\text {®, }}$ ®rjē/ | n | Gk > L | a science and technology that deals with the extraction of metals from their ores, refining them, and preparing them for use and includes processes and the study of the structure and properties of metals. | Several experts in metallurgy testified in the lawsuit regarding the failure of welds at the steam plant. |
| 922 | metamorphose | /,med.ə'mōr,fōz / | V | Gk > F ? | change into a different physical form. | The witch had a potion which could metamorphose a man into a mouse. |
| 923 | metathesis | /mə̀'taJəsə̇s/ | n | Gk | a chemical reaction between two compounds in which part of the first compound becomes united with part of the second and the remainder of the first compound becomes united with the remainder of the second. | Metathesis between an aqueous solution of barium chloride and an aqueous solution of sodium sulfate produces a white precipitate of barium sulfate. |
| 924 | metoposcopy | /,med.ə'päskəpē / | n | Gk | the art of reading character or telling fortunes from the markings of the forehead. | Gerald has a high, bumpy forehead that would provide a truly interesting study in metoposcopy. |
| 925 | metropolitan | /,metrə'pälət²n/ | adj | Gk | of, relating to, or characteristic of an important city. | One advantage of living in a metropolitan area is the abundance of cultural offerings. |
| 926 | mezzanine | /'mezn,ēn/ | n | $L>\mathrm{It}>\mathrm{F}$ | the lowest balcony in a theater. | Melinda says that she enjoys the view from the mezzanine better than the view from the orchestra. |
| 927 | micaceous | /mī'kāshəs/ | adj | L | consisting of or containing any of a group of minerals that crystallize in monoclinic forms readily separating into very thin leaves. | The class divided into small groups to examine the micaceous minerals under the microscope. |
| 928 | micrurgy | /'mī(,)krərjē/ | n | Gk > ISV | the practice of using minute tools in a magnified field. | Lorraine's excellence at micrurgy helped her greatly with her model making. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 929 | mignonette | /,minyə'net/ | n | F | an annual plant native to North Africa that has long racemes of fragrant yellow or greenish white flowers. | Lord Bateman sent seeds of mignonette to England in 1742 and called it mignonette, although it was not known by that name in France at the time. |
| 930 | mihrab | /'mērəb/ | n | Ar | a niche or chamber in a mosque indicating the direction of Mecca and usually containing a copy of the Koran. | A rich mosaic decorates the mihrab of the mosque that Mahmoud attends. |
| 931 | minareted | /,minə'red.ə̇d/ | adj | $\mathrm{Ar}>$ <br> Turk > F | having or characterized by a slender lofty tower such as that attached to a mosque. | The outline of a large minareted palace appeared as the train approached Istanbul. |
| 932 | minatory | /'minə,tōrē/ | adj | L | having a menacing quality : expressive of or conveying a threat. | In a minatory tone, Mrs. Sampson asked the boys what they planned to do about her broken window. |
| 933 | minstrels | /'min(t)strəlz/ | n pl | $L>F>E$ | professional musical entertainers of a kind originating in medieval times. | Off to one side a group of minstrels sang songs that delighted both the young and old. |
| 934 | minyan | /'minyən/ | n | Heb | [Word has homonym: minion. Also, word might be confused with mignon.] the number of participants necessary for conducting Jewish public worship, defined by the rules of Mishnah as not fewer than ten males above the age of 13 . | Until Mr. Green arrived at the synagogue, not enough people were present to constitute a minyan. |
| 935 | mitigative | /'mid.ə,gād.iv/ | adj | L | tending to make less severe : alleviating. | Mariko's herbal tea had a mitigative effect on Raga's headache. |
| 936 | mitochondrion | /,mīd.ə'kändrēə n/ | n | Gk + Gk | any of various round or long cellular organelles that are found outside the nucleus, produce energy for the cell through cellular respiration, and are rich in fats, proteins, and enzymes. | Gabrielle easily found the mitochondrion in the image projected by the electron microscope. |
| 937 | mittimus | /'mid.əməs/ | n | L | a warrant committing the person specified to prison. | In this state no person can be committed to a correctional facility without a mittimus from a judge. |
| 938 | mnemonically | /nē'mänə̇k(ə)lē/ | adv | Gk + Ecff | in a manner assisting or intended to assist memory. | The word homes is often used mnemonically to name the Great Lakes. |
| 939 | mnestic | /'nestik/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to memory or the persistent effect of past experience of the individual. | Granny spends much of her time reminiscing and performing other mnestic activities. |
| 940 | momus | /'mōməs/ | n | Gk name | a carping critic : faultfinder. | People might enjoy Molly's company more if she were not such a momus. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 941 | mononucleosis | /,mänō,n(y)üklē' ōsə̇s/ | n | Gk + L | an acute infectious disease associated with EpsteinBarr virus and characterized by fever, swelling of the lymph nodes, and an increase in the number of lymphocytes in the blood. | Morgan had to spend several weeks in bed after contracting mononucleosis. |
| 942 | monotonous | /mə'nätnəs/ | adj | Gk | having no change or variety : wearisomely uniform. | The lecturer's monotonous tone put half the audience to sleep. |
| 943 | moraine | /mə'rān/ | n | F | an accumulation of earth and stones carried and finally deposited by a glacier. | A push moraine is carried ahead of an advancing glacier, whereas a lateral moraine is deposited at the side of a glacier as it moves. |
| 944 | morigeration | /mə,rijə'rāshən/ | n | L | servile obedience : obsequiousness. | The judge expected morigeration from everyone in the courtroom. |
| 945 | mortadella | /,mŏ(r)d.ə'delə/ | n | L > It | a smoked sausage made of chopped beef, pork, and pork fat and seasoned with pepper and garlic. | Barbara made a sandwich of Italian bread, provolone cheese, and sliced mortadella. |
| 946 | motitation | /,mōd.ə'tāshən/ | n | L | a quivering movement. | Laurie could tell by the motitation of her brother's lower lip that he was about to start sobbing. |
| 947 | Mozarabic | /mō'zarəbik/ | adj | Ar > Sp | of, relating to, or used by Spanish Christians in the period of Muslim domination of Spain. | The talk on Mozarabic poetry at seven o'clock interfered with Mica's dinner plans. |
| 948 | mufti | /'məftē/ | n | Ar | civilian dress when worn by one in military service. | The general ambled down the street unrecognized in mufti. |
| 949 | mugient | /'myüjēənt/ | adj | L | making a lowing sound : bellowing. | In mid-April the mugient herds of cattle are turned out to pasture. |
| 950 | mulct | /'malkt/ | v | L | defraud especially of money : swindle. | The con artist will mulct Mrs. Crawford of her savings if she falls for his story. |
| 951 | muliebral | /,myülē'ebral/ | adj | L + Ecf | of, relating to, or characteristic of women. | The artist captured the essence of muliebral beauty in his portrait of Venus. |
| 952 | murenger | /'myůrənjə(r)/ | n | $L>F>E$ | one in charge of the wall of a town and its repairs. | When city walls served as fortresses, the murenger was responsible for the security of the citizens. |
| 953 | musciform | /'məsə,fŏrm/ | adj | L | resembling moss. | Rosa's new hat has a musciform texture. |
| 954 | Mustelidae | /,mə'stelə,dē/ | n pl | L | a large family of rather small lithe active carnivorous mammals including many important furbearers and some destructive predators and varying greatly from the weasel to the wolverine. | Karen thinks that of all the Mustelidae, the otter is the most fascinating to watch. |
| 955 | mutchkin | /'məchkə̇n/ | n | E | [has near homonym: munchkin] a Scotch unit of liquid capacity equal to 0.9 pint. | Mrs. Calderwood ordered a mutchkin of lemon juice from the grocer. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 956 | mycetismus | /,mīsə'tizməs/ | n | Gk | mushroom poisoning. | In the Babar series of children's books, Babar succeeds the King of the Elephants, who has died from a case of mycetismus. |
| 957 | mycophagous | /mī'käfذ̇gəs/ | adj | Gk | feeding on fungi. | Because they are mycophagous, ladybugs are good for gardens. |
| 958 | myocarditis | /,mīə,kär'dīd.ə̇s/ | n | Gk > L | inflammation of the middle muscular layer of the heart wall. | A severe case of myocarditis could result in heart failure. |
| 959 | myopia | /mī'ōpēə/ | n | Gk | nearsightedness. | Kyle's myopia was first apparent when he had trouble reading what was on the chalkboard at school. |
| 960 | myotonia | /,mīə'tōnēə/ | n | Gk | tonic spasm of one or more muscles; also : a condition characterized by such spasms. | The crash victim will be kept in the emergency room until the doctors know what is causing the myotonia. |
| 961 | myriameters | $\qquad$ | n pl | Gk > F | metric units of length, each equal to 10,000 meters. | The surveyors calculated that a bridge over the narrowest part of the lake would shorten the route between the towns by several myriameters. |
| 962 | myringitis | /,mirən'jīd.ə̇s/ | n | Gk > L | inflammation of the tympanic membrane. | Dr. Croke explained that Amy's myringitis was caused by a bacterial infection in her ear. |
| 963 | mystic | /'mistik/ | adj | Gk | baffling or incomprehensible to the understanding. | Reason cannot traverse the mystic gulf between god and man. |
| 964 | myxomatosis | /mik,sōmə'tōsə̇s / | n | Gk | a severe virus disease of rabbits that is marked by fever and subcutaneous tumors, is transmitted by mosquitoes, and has been used in biological control of rabbits in plague areas. | The warren of rabbits was decimated by an outbreak of myxomatosis. |
| N |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 965 | nacelle | /nə'sel/ | n | $L>F$ | an enclosed shelter on an aircraft for an engine or sometimes for the crew. | The cramped, stifling nacelle gave Rico an attack of claustrophobia. |
| 966 | naiad | /'nāəd/ | n | Gk | one of the nymphs believed by the ancient Greeks and Romans to live in and give life to lakes, rivers, springs, and fountains. | Glenda came upon a statue of a naiad by the lake. |
| 967 | napoleon | /nə'pōlyən/ | n | F name | a man's high boot worn especially in the 19th century. | The artist asked the huntsman to wear a black napoleon as his boot for the painting. |
| 968 | narcoticism | /när'käd.ə,sizəm / | n | Gk | addiction to habit-forming drugs. | The police sergeant lectured Zakia's class about the dangers of narcoticism. |
| 969 | naricorn | /'na(a)ra,kŏrn/ | n | L | the horny covering protecting the nostrils of albatrosses and some other birds. | The naricorn is an irregularly convoluted little scroll, very thin and delicate in texture. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 970 | nascent | /'nās ${ }^{\text {² }}$ nt/ | adj | L | undergoing the process of being born : beginning to exist. | The Boston Tea Party revealed nascent revolutionary tendencies among the American colonists. |
| 971 | naumachia | /nŏ'mākēə/ | n | Gk | an ancient Roman spectacle representing a naval battle. | To celebrate the naval victory the emperor ordered an elaborate naumachia. |
| 972 | Neapolitan | /,nēə'pälət${ }^{\text {² }}$ / | adj | Gk > L | of, relating to, or characteristic of Naples, Italy, or its residents. | Merri enjoys going to an Italian restaurant where the waiters sing Neapolitan folk songs. |
| 973 | necromancy | $\qquad$ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{F}>\mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | the art or practice of magically conjuring up the souls of the dead. | Abraham Lincoln was interested in necromancy, and his wife held séances in the White House. |
| 974 | nectarivorous | /,nektə'riv(ə)rəs/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}+ \\ & \mathrm{L} \end{aligned}$ | feeding on nectar. | Samantha's colorful flower garden attracts many nectarivorous birds and insects. |
| 975 | nemoral | /'nem(ə)rəl/ | adj | L | of, relating to, or inhabiting a wood or grove. | Doris collected a basketful of nemoral mushrooms. |
| 976 | neophyte | /'nēə,fīt/ | n | Gk | a new convert; especially : a convert to the Christian faith in the early church. | In just three years St. Cyprian of Carthage went from being a neophyte to being the bishop of Carthage. |
| 977 | neoprene | /'nēə,prēn/ | n | Gk + ISV | a synthetic rubber characterized by resistance to the elements. | To waterski on the chilly lake, Susan and Ed wore wetsuits made of neoprene. |
| 978 | nephelognosy | /,nefə'lägnəsē/ | n | Gk + Gk | scientific observation of clouds. | Satellite photos of cloud formations and movements have been a great aid in the field of nephelognosy. |
| 979 | nephritic | /nə̇'frid.ik/ | adj | Gk | arising from, originating in, or affecting the kidneys. | Al's nephritic inflammation alarmed the doctor. |
| 980 | nepotism | /'nepə,tizəm/ | n | $L>\mathrm{It}>\mathrm{F}$ | favoritism shown to relatives (as by giving them positions because of their relationship rather than on their merits). | Most employees resent nepotism because it reduces motivation for advancement via hard work. |
| 981 | nescient | /'nesh(ē)ənt/ | adj | L | exhibiting or characterized by lack of knowledge or awareness : ignorant. | George's nescient response to the question about the plot demonstrated that he had not read the book. |
| 982 | netsuke | /'netskē/ | n | Jpn | a small object carved in wood or ivory or wrought in metal, pierced with holes, and used by the Japanese as a toggle to fasten a small pouch or purse to the kimono sash. | Hiroko cherished her grandmother's ivory netsuke. |
| 983 | neurasthenic | /, n(y)ůras'thenik | adj | Gk | affected with a syndrome characterized by easy fatigability, by worrying and depression, and often by headache and digestive and circulatory problems. | The neurasthenic patient complained of being bored, neglected, and depressed. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 984 | neurological | /,n(y)ůrə'läjə̇kəl/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to the scientific study of the nervous system. | Dr. Will is a specialist in the treatment of neurological disorders. |
| 985 | neuroticism | /n(y)ü'räd.ə,sizə m/ | n | Gk > L | a condition, character, or trait related to nervous dysfunction. | The critic observed that narcissism and neuroticism are the trademarks of many TV sitcoms. |
| 986 | nidificate | /'nidəfə̀,kāt/ | v | L | build a nest. | While recuperating, Jan watched the robin gather bits of string and small twigs to nidificate in the maple tree outside the bedroom window. |
| 987 | nihilism | /'nīə,lizəm/ | n | L + Ecf | a viewpoint that all traditional values and beliefs are unfounded and that all existence is consequently senseless and useless. | The rock star's lyrics were criticized for advocating a bleak nihilism. |
| 988 | nimiety | /ni'mīəd.ē/ | n | L | excess, redundancy. | Usually Caleb's writing is concise, but his most recent essay is a glowing example of nimiety. |
| 989 | nitrogenous | /nī'träjənəs/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{F} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | of, relating to, or containing nitrogen in combined form (as in nitrates or proteins). | Every year farmers add nitrogenous fertilizers to the soil for better crop production. |
| 990 | niveous | /'nivēəs/ | adj | L | of, relating to, or resembling snow. | The niveous landscape looked most inviting to the crosscountry skiers. |
| 991 | noctilucent | /,näktə'lüs²nt/ | adj | L | visible or glowing at night. | Noctilucent clouds are thin sheets of ice crystals that form so high that the Sun can illuminate them at night when it is well below the horizon. |
| 992 | noisettes | /nwə'zets/ | n pl | $L>F$ | small rounded morsels of food. | The noisettes of lamb are the local French restaurant's specialty of the house. |
| 993 | noisome | /'nŏisəm/ | adj | E | offensive to the senses : noxious, harmful, unwholesome, destructive. | A noisome odor emanated from the plastics factory. |
| 994 | nomocracy | /nō'mäkrəsē/ | n | Gk | government in accordance with a system of law. | Several Middle Eastern countries are governed according to Muslim nomocracy. |
| 995 | nomographer | /nō'mägrəfə(r)/ | n | Gk | a writer of laws. | During his term as a state senator, Wilbur became an experienced nomographer. |
| 996 | nonagesimal | /,nänə'jesəməl/ | adj | L | being number 90 in a countable series. | The party for the queen mother's nonagesimal birthday paled in comparison with the celebration honoring her hundredth birthday. |
| 997 | nonpareil | /,nänpə'rel/ | adj | $L>F$ | having no equal : peerless. | Tom's lack of common sense overshadowed his nonpareil intellect. |
| 998 | nosocomial | /,näsə'kōmēəl/ | adj | L | originating or taking place in a hospital. | Since implementing its new disinfection protocol, the hospital has seen a 40 percent drop in nosocomial infections. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 999 | nostalgia | /nə'stalj(ē)a/ | n | Gk > L | homesickness. | Theo was overcome with nostalgia at the sight of a McDonald's in Istanbul. |
| \#\#\#\# | noumenal | /'nümənəl/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to an object of purely rational apprehension as opposed to an object of perception. | Philosophy deals with noumenal concepts, while science deals with phenomenal concepts. |
| \#\#\#\# | novella | /nō'velə/ | n | L | a story with a compact and pointed plot. | "The selection is not a major work of fiction, but as a novella it is a gem,," wrote Newsweek. |
| \#\#\#\# | novenary | /'nävə,nerē/ | adj | L | of or relating to the number nine : based on the number nine. | Mischievous Buttons did not attain the novenary life expectation associated with her species. |
| \#\#\#\# | nubilous | /'n(y)übələs/ | adj | L | cloudy, foggy, misty. | Trade wind clouds are constantly piling up in nubilous traffic jams. |
| \#\#\#\# | nuciform | /'n(y)üsə,fŏrm/ | adj | L | like a nut in shape. | Preston gave Anna a box of nuciform chocolate candies. |
| \#\#\#\# | nugatory | /'n(y)ügə,tōrē/ | adj | L | having little or no consequence : worthless. | The prize Jeff won at the carnival was just a nugatory plastic trinket. |
| 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#\#\#\# | obnubilate | /äb'n(y)übə,lāt/ | v | L | cover or obscure by or as if by clouds : becloud. | Strong emotions can often obnubilate sound reasoning. |
| \#\#\#\# | obstreperous | /əbz'trep(ə)rəs/ | adj | L | stubbornly defiant : resisting control or restraint often with a show of noisy disorder. | The noisy diner was asked to leave but became obstreperous and had to be escorted out of the restaurant. |
| \#\#\#\# | obvelation | /,äbvə'lāshən/ | n | L | [Note: Could be confused with obligation.] an act or instance of covering with or as if with a veil : concealment. | A prophecy is often an obvelation as well as a revelation. |
| \#\#\#\# | occision | /äk'sizhən/ | n | L | an act or instance of slaughtering. | Ecologists are protesting the wholesale occision of sea turtles within national boundaries. |
| \#\#\#\# | oceanography | /,ōshə'nägrəfē/ | n | Gk | a science that deals with the whole body of salt water that covers nearly three-fourths of the surface of the globe. | Recent advances in oceanography include the use of electronic echo sounders to monitor the structure and movement of currents. |
| \#\#\#\# | octahedron | /,äktə'hēdrən/ | n | Gk | a solid bounded by eight plane faces. | Tanya bought a music box in the form of an octahedron for her new grandson. |
| \#\#\#\# | odograph | /'ōdə,graf/ | n | Gk | an instrument for automatically plotting the course and distance traveled by a vehicle. | Now that Carlos has a car equipped with a Global Positioning System receiver, an odograph is the logical next step. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | oersted | /'ər,sted/ | n | Dan name | the centimeter-gram-second electromagnetic unit of magnetic intensity equal to the intensity of a magnetic field in a vacuum in which a unit magnetic pole experiences a mechanical force of 1 dyne in the direction of the field. | The oersted is used to measure magnetic induction. |
| \#\#\#\# | oeuvre | /'Hv(r ${ }^{\text {a }}$ )/ | n | $L>F$ | a substantial body of work constituting the lifework of a writer, an artist, or a composer. | The poet won the award not for any particular work, but for his oeuvre. |
| \#\#\#\# | oleaginous | /,ōlē'ajənəs/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ | characterized by smooth courteousness or sickly sentimentality. | Grandpa was too smart to be taken in by oleaginous salesmen. |
| \#\#\#\# | oleiferous | /,ōlē'if(ə)rəs/ | adj | L + L | producing oil. | The oleiferous castor beans are the source of castor oil. |
| \#\#\#\# | olfactory | /äl'fakt(ə)rē/ | adj | L | of, relating to, or connected with the sense of smell. | Humans have relatively weak olfactory abilities compared to many other animals. |
| \#\#\#\# | oligemia | /,älə'gēmēə/ | adj | Gk > L | a condition in which the total volume of the blood is reduced. | One of the health seminar sessions explores the relationship between oligemia and migraine headaches. |
| \#\#\#\# | omnilegent | /äm'niləjənt/ | adj | L | reading or having read everything : characterized by encyclopedic reading. | The omnilegent student was a valued member of the academic team. |
| \#\#\#\# | omnipotence | $\begin{aligned} & \text { /äm'nipəd.ən(t)s } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | n | L | almighty or unlimited power. | With an attitude of omnipotence, the government presumed that it could take any land it wanted. |
| \#\#\#\# | omniscient | /äm'nishənt/ | adj | L | having infinite awareness, understanding, and insight : knowing all things. | In most monotheistic religions, God is understood to be both omniscient and all-powerful. |
| \#\#\#\# | oncology | /,än'käləjē/ | n | Gk | the study of tumors. | Ed is focusing on oncology in his medical studies and is particularly interested in pancreatic cancer. |
| \#\#\#\# | ontogeny | /än'täjənē/ | n | Gk + Gk | the biological development or course of development of an individual organism. | The role of brain ontogeny in Alzheimer's disease requires that an autopsy be performed to obtain a definitive diagnosis. |
| \#\#\#\# | opaline | /'ōpəlīn/ | adj | Skt > L | resembling especially in appearance a mineral that is less dense than quartz and typically with definite and often marked iridescent play of colors. | The fish's opaline scales glimmered softly in the aquarium. |
| \#\#\#\# | orismology | /,ŏrə̇z'mäləjē/ | n | Gk + Gk | the science of defining technical terms. | At the conference of botanists, problems relating to orismology were discussed with reference especially to terms used in plant pathology. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | orogeny | /ŏ'räjənē/ | n | Gk | the process of mountain making especially by folding of Earth's crust. | Mrs. Scott was demonstrating orogeny when she used a piece of carpet to show how mountains form. |
| \#\#\#\# | orthodox | /'ŏ(r)thə,däks/ | adj | Gk + Gk | marked by conformity to doctrines or practices especially in religion that are held as right or true by some authority, standard, or tradition. | In orthodox Jewish synagogues, men and women are seated separately. |
| \#\#\#\# | orthorhombic | /,ŏ(r)Jə'rämbik/ | adj | Gk | of, relating to, or characterized by the crystal system characterized by three unequal axes at right angles. | Josquin did not understand the difference between an orthorhombic and a tetragonal crystal until he saw an illustration of the crystal system. |
| \#\#\#\# | ortstein | /'ŏrt,stīn/ | n | G | a cemented or compacted and often clayey layer in soil that hampers root penetration and may be caused by repeated plowing to the same depth. | The local soil contains so much clay that the farmers have had to use special techniques to avoid turning their fields to ortstein. |
| \#\#\#\# | oryx | /'ōriks/ | n | Gk > L | any of a genus of large heavily built African and Arabian antelopes that have a light-colored coat with dark conspicuous markings especially on the face. | The adaptations of the Arabian oryx to the desert include its predominantly white coat to reflect heat and its splayed hooves for walking on sand. |
| \#\#\#\# | oscillatory | /'äsələ,tōrē/ | adj | L | characterized by the action of swinging or moving backward and forward like a pendulum. | The oscillatory motion of the airplane caused Deborah to become airsick. |
| \#\#\#\# | oscilloscope | /ə'silə,skōp/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}+\mathrm{Gk}> \\ & \mathrm{L} \end{aligned}$ | an instrument in which the variations in a fluctuating electrical quantity appear as a visible wave form on the fluorescent screen of a cathoderay tube. | The technician used an oscilloscope to help him pinpoint the problem. |
| \#\#\#\# | osmoscope | /'äzmə,skōp/ | n | Gk | an instrument for detecting and measuring odors. | The inspector used an osmoscope to find the gas leak in the basement. |
| \#\#\#\# | osteopath | /'ästēə,path/ | n | Gk | a practitioner of a system of medical practice based on the theory that diseases are due chiefly to a loss of structural integrity in the tissues. | If Dr. Fletcher can't cure Reba's headaches, she plans to consult an osteopath. |
| \#\#\#\# | otalgia | /ō'talj(ē)ə/ | n | Gk | pain in the ear : earache. | Otalgia is more common in children than in adults. |
| \#\#\#\# | otiosity | /,ōshē'äsəd.ē/ | n | $L>F$ | the quality or state of lacking use, effect, or function. | Mr. Simmons advised that complaining about the power outage would be an exercise in otiosity, because nothing could be done about it. |



| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | Pantagruelism | /,pantə'grüə,lizə m/ | n | F name | buffoonery or coarse humor with a satirical purpose : cynical humor. | Josh's cynical humor is tiring to everyone except those who enjoy Pantagruelism. |
| \#\#\#\# | pantheon | /'pan(t)thē,än/ | n | Gk | a temple dedicated to all the gods. | The pantheon in Rome has survived remarkably intact since ancient times. |
| \#\#\#\# | pantometer | /pan'täməd.ə(r)/ | n | Gk > F | a device for measuring all angles. | The pantometer can be used to measure all sorts of angles, lengths, and heights. |
| \#\#\#\# | parallax | /'parə,laks/ | n | Gk > F | the apparent displacement or the difference in apparent direction of an object as seen from two different points not on a straight line with the object. | Sujata carefully allowed for the parallax when framing the picture in her viewfinder. |
| \#\#\#\# | paralogism | /pə'ralə,jizəm/ | n | Gk | a reasoning contrary to logical rules or formulas. | The debate team was defeated once its paralogism was exposed. |
| \#\#\#\# | paralogize | /pə'ral̇̇,jīz/ | v | Gk | reason falsely : draw conclusions not warranted by the premises. | Although James tends to paralogize, he is so eloquent that his listeners often overlook his faulty reasoning. |
| \#\#\#\# | parandrus | /pə'randrəs/ | n | Gk | a mythical stag being able to change colors like the chameleon. | When Vera learned what a parandrus was, she immediately thought about the horse who pulled the carriage in Oz. |
| \#\#\#\# | parapsychology | /,parəsī'käləjē/ | n | Gk | a science concerned with the investigation especially by experimental means of events that are considered to be evidence of mental telepathy, clairvoyance, and psychokinesis. | Those claiming to be experts in parapsychology find it easy to gain attention in the tabloid press. |
| \#\#\#\# | parasol | /'parə,sŏl/ | n | L > It > F | a lightweight umbrella used as a sunshade. | Georgina decided to splurge on an antique parasol even though she knew she'd never actually use it. |
| \#\#\#\# | parmesan | /'pärmə̀,zän/ | n | It geog name | a very hard dry cheese with a sharp flavor that is cured for several years and used grated to season other foods (as spaghetti and sauces). | Clem sprinkled a mound of parmesan atop his vermicelli. |
| \#\#\#\# | paroemia | /pə'rēmēə/ | n | Gk > L | a rhetorical proverb. | Coach Morgan's favorite paroemia is "A rolling stone gathers no moss." |
| \#\#\#\# | paronomasia | /,parənō'māzh(ē )ə/ | n | Gk > L | a play upon words in which the same word is used in different senses or words similar in sound are set in opposition : pun. | Harold is usually quite clever with his puns, but this time his paronomasia was purely silly. |
| \#\#\#\# | parterre | /pär'te(ə)r/ | n | $L>F$ | the part of the floor of a theater behind the orchestra. | For the season premiere, the seats in the parterre were reserved for the stockholder of the opera company. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | paskha | /'päsKə/ | n | Gk > Russ | a molded Russian dessert made of cheese, cream, raisins, candied fruit, and nuts and traditionally served at Easter. | Basking in the admiration of her family, Tatiana proudly brought the paskha to the table. |
| \#\#\#\# | passerine | /'pasərə̇n/ | adj | L | of or relating to the largest order of birds including more than half of all living birds and consisting chiefly of songbirds of perching habits. | Mr. Perrault, an avid birder, told us that passerine birds have a maximum life-span of about ten years in the wild. |
| \#\#\#\# | pathogeny | /pə'thäjənē/ | n | Gk | the origination and development of a disease. | Much research has been done on the factors involved in the pathogeny of muscular dystrophy. |
| \#\#\#\# | pathology | /pə'thäləjē/ | n | Gk | the study of diseases; their essential nature, causes, and development; and the structural and functional changes produced by them. | Carla, a second-year medical student, was considering choosing pathology as her specialty. |
| \#\#\#\# | patriarchally | /,pātrē'ärkəlē/ | adv | Gk + Ecf | in a manner characteristic of or suggestive of a man regarded as father or founder (as of a race, science, religion, or class of people). | After listening to his advisers, the president patriarchally delivered his decisions to be carried out. |
| \#\#\#\# | patrician | /pə'trishən/ | adj | L | of, relating to, or characteristic of gentle or noble birth or of breeding and cultivation. | Escorting Cassie to her debutante ball is a patrician experience Rob will never forget. |
| \#\#\#\# | patzer | /'pätsə(r)/ | n | G | an inept chess player. | When Drew won the chess game so easily, he jokingly called his opponent a "patzer." |
| \#\#\#\# | peccavi | /pe'kä(,)vē/ | n | L | a humble acknowledgment of sin or error : confession. | The leader stood in front of his followers and uttered a tearful peccavi, hoping that they would forgive and forget. |
| \#\#\#\# | pedagogist | /'pedə,gäjə̇st/ | n | Gk | a specialist in education. | It didn't take a pedagogist to know the school was overcrowded. |
| \#\#\#\# | pedestrian | /pȧ'destrēən/ | adj | L | marked by drabness or dullness : commonplace. | The critic wrote the play off as a pedestrian imitation of Shakespeare. |
| \#\#\#\# | peerage | /'pirij/ | n | $L>F>E$ | the rank or dignity of nobility. | The war hero's name was submitted to the king for a peerage. |
| \#\#\#\# | peirastic | /pī'rastik/ | adj | Gk | fitted for trial : experimental. | The new drug has been approved only for peirastic use with patients who volunteer to take it. |
| \#\#\#\# | penicillin | /,penə'silə̇n/ | n | L | a mixture of antibiotic relatively nontoxic acids produced especially by molds of the genus Penicillium. | When penicillin did not cure Frankie's ear infection, the doctor prescribed a different antibiotic. |
| \#\#\#\# | penne | /'pen,ā/ | n | $\mathrm{L}>\mathrm{It}$ | short thick diagonally cut tubular pasta. | Penne is a sturdy pasta that is often served with thick, hearty sauces. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | peony | /'pēənē/ | n | E | any of a genus of perennial often double-flowered plants with large pink, white, red, or yellow showy flowers. | Ben placed a brightly colored peony in a tall vase. |
| \#\#\#\# | percolate | /'pərkə,lāt/ | v | L | prepare by causing (a liquid) to pass through (as coffee) in order to extract the essence. | Sal did not allow enough time to percolate his coffee before he had to go to work. |
| \#\#\#\# | peregrinate | /'perəgrə̀,nāt/ | v | L | travel on foot : walk, tour. | Nicki hopes to peregrinate across England in the fall. |
| \#\#\#\# | perennate | /'perə,nāt/ | v | L | live over from season to season : persist. | Ornamental banana trees will seldom perennate outdoors north of the subtropics. |
| \#\#\#\# | pergelisol | /pər'jelə,sŏl/ | n | L | permanently or perennially frozen ground : permafrost. | Chan's theory is that there are large oil deposits beneath the pergelisol. |
| \#\#\#\# | periodontal | /,perēō'dänt¹/ | adj | Gk | of or affecting the tissues or regions surrounding a tooth. | The closeup photographs of advanced periodontal disease made Kara want to floss her teeth. |
| \#\#\#\# | peripheral | /,pə'rif(ə)rəl/ | adj | Gk | located away from a center or a central portion. | Although Kerry's main interest lies in literature, she has peripheral interests in art history and psychology. |
| \#\#\#\# | periphery | /pə'rif(ə)rē/ | n | Gk | the external boundary or surface of any body or area. | Many villages dotted the periphery of the extinct volcano. |
| \#\#\#\# | periphyton | /pə'rifə,tän/ | n | Gk | organisms that live attached to underwater surfaces. | Periphyton, such as certain algae, live on submerged plant stems and leaves. |
| \#\#\#\# | perishable | /'perə̇shəbəl/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & L>F>E \\ & + \text { Ecf } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | subject to quick deterioration or spoilage except under proper conditions (as of temperature or moisture content). | The advent of refrigeration changed the way perishable foods are packaged. |
| \#\#\#\# | permeability | /,pərmēə'biləd.ē / | n | L + Ecff | the quality or state of being passable, penetrable, or pervious—used especially of a substance that allows the passage of fluids. | The permeability of Larry's tent to the rain resulted in a wet evening for the campers. |
| \#\#\#\# | permeate | /'pərmē,āt/ | v | Gk | spread or diffuse through. | Igor wiped up the spill immediately, lest the smell of formaldehyde permeate the room. |
| \#\#\#\# | perseverance | /,pərsə'virən(t)s/ | n | L | continued or steadfast pursuit or prosecution of an undertaking or aim. | After much perseverance, Frank induced the most upright female mind in creation to stoop in charity to a secret engagement. |
| \#\#\#\# | persevered | /,pərsə'vi(ə)rd/ | v | $L>F>E$ | persisted in spite of counter influences, opposition, or discouragement. | Winston persevered at his post in accordance with his duty. |
| \#\#\#\# | persiflage | /'pərsə,fläzh/ | n | F | frivolous bantering talk : a frivolous and somewhat derisive manner of treating a subject. | As the teams moved up and down the court, both benches kept up a constant stream of persiflage. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | persillade | /,persē'äd/ | adj | F | dressed with or containing parsley. | Marina's dinner guests enjoyed a flavorful sea bass in a persillade sauce. |
| \#\#\#\# | pertinacious | /,pərtn'āshəs/ | adj | L | stubbornly unshakable. | There was something mysterious in the moody and dogged silence of this pertinacious companion. |
| \#\#\#\# | pertussis | /pə(r)'təsذ̇s/ | n | L | whooping cough. | In the United States, babies are routinely immunized against pertussis. |
| \#\#\#\# | petechial | /pə̇'tēkēal/ | adj | L > It | marked by minute reddish or purplish spots containing blood that appear in skin or mucous membranes especially in some infectious diseases. | Dr. Owens told Boris to let him know if the petechial rash on his hand did not disappear in a couple of days. |
| \#\#\#\# | petrolage | /'petrəlij/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\mathrm{F}+ \\ & \mathrm{Ecf} \end{aligned}$ | the treatment of stagnant water with mineral oil so as to exterminate mosquitoes. | The health department was advised to use petrolage every spring to eliminate the mosquitoes. |
| \#\#\#\# | petronella | /,petrə'nelə/ | n | name? | a Scottish country dance of the 19th century. | Fiona and Brian learned the petronella on the Isle of Skye. |
| \#\#\#\# | phalangeal | /fə'lanjēəl/ | adj | Gk > L | of or relating to the digital bones of the hand or foot of a vertebrate. | Gert's phalangeal joints were swollen with rheumatism. |
| \#\#\#\# | pharmaceutical s | /färmə'sůd.ə̇kəlz / | n pl | Gk > L | medicinal drugs. | Congress reviewed the laws governing the importation of experimental pharmaceuticals. |
| \#\#\#\# | philogynous | /fذ'läjənəs/ | adj | Gk | [Note: Base word could be confused with philogeny/phylogeny.] fond of women. | The philogynous James Bond always seems to have a beautiful woman at his side. |
| \#\#\#\# | phlegmatic | /fleg'mad.ik/ | adj | Gk | calm, composed, undemonstrative. | Phlegmatic game-show contestants are usually not as entertaining as those who show excitement. |
| \#\#\#\# | phoresy | /'fŏrəsē/ | n | Gk > L | the nonparasitic association of one kind of animal with another in order to obtain transportation. | Feather lice accomplish phoresy by clinging to the body hairs of blood-sucking flies. |
| \#\#\#\# | photobiology | /,fōd.ō,bī'äləjē/ | n | Gk > ISV | a branch of biology that deals with the effects on living beings of light and other forms of radiant energy. | Part of Prof. Sanford's grant was to study the photobiology of aquatic plants. |
| \#\#\#\# | photochromic | /,fōd.ə'krōmik/ | adj | Gk | capable of changing color on exposure to radiant energy (as light). | Gail doesn't need sunglasses anymore because her new prescription lenses are photochromic. |
| \#\#\#\# | photoflood | /'fōd.ō,fləd/ | n | Gk + E | an electric lamp using excess voltage to give intense sustained illumination for taking photographs. | The photoflood blew the fuse in the old house. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | photosynthesis | /,fōd.ō'sin(t)thəs ə̀s/ | n | Gk + Gk | synthesis of chemical compounds with the aid of light. | Photosynthesis in plants provides them with necessary carbohydrates. |
| \#\#\#\# | phraseology | /,frāzē'äləjē/ | n | Gk > L | choice of words : vocabulary. | The candidate's careful phraseology avoided any hint of controversy. |
| \#\#\#\# | phreatic | /frē'ad.ik/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to a well-used of underground waters reachable by drilling. | Kathryn's data indicate that there is a large phreatic source of water six miles northeast of the city. |
| \#\#\#\# | Phrygian | /'frijēən/ | adj | Gk geog name | of, relating to, or characteristic of the ancient country of Phrygia. | In Rome the Phrygian cap was worn by emancipated slaves as a symbol of their freedom. |
| \#\#\#\# | phyllophorous | /fəં'läf(ə)rəs/ | adj | Gk + Gk | producing leaves: leaf-bearing. | Softwoods come from coniferous trees, while hardwoods come from phyllophorous trees. |
| \#\#\#\# | phytoplankton | /,fìd.ə'plaŋktən/ | n | Gk | the floating plant life of a body of water consisting largely of minute plants (as diatoms and blue-green algae). | Phytoplankton are at the bottom of the ocean's food chain, which means that they are vital to all marine animals. |
| \#\#\#\# | piedmont | /'pēd,mänt/ | adj | It geog name | lying or formed at the base of mountains. | Alma thinks that North Carolina's piedmont region is heaven on Earth. |
| \#\#\#\# | pierrot | /'pēə,rō/ | n | F name | a standard comic character of old French pantomime usually with a whitened face and loose white clothes. | Hanna studied the painting of the pierrot to get an idea for her pantomime costume. |
| \#\#\#\# | piloncillo | /,pēlōn'sē(,)(y)ō/ | n | Sp | unrefined sugar especially when molded into cones or sticks. | Rosita grated piloncillo into a bowl of custard. |
| \#\#\#\# | pinion | /'pinyən/ | v | $F>E$ | [has homonym and near homonym: pinyon and pinyin] disable or restrain by binding the arms usually to the body. | The police officer struggled to pinion the suspect and radio for help at the same time. |
| \#\#\#\# | pitchblende | /'pich,blend/ | n | G | a brown to black mineral that has a distinctive luster, contains radium, and is the chief ore-mineral source of uranium. | A German chemist discovered uranium in pitchblende in 1789. |
| \#\#\#\# | pleonasm | /'plēə,nazəm/ | n | Gk | iteration or repetition in speaking or in writing : the use of more words than those necessary to denote mere sense. | Mr. Miller gave the phrase true facts as an example of a pleonasm to be avoided. |
| \#\#\#\# | plumbery | /'pləmərē/ | n | L | the business or work of one who installs, repairs, and maintains piping, fittings, and fixtures involved in the distribution and use of water in a building. | While Paul was in vocational school, he demonstrated a strong aptitude for plumbery. |
| \#\#\#\# | plumicorn | /'plümə,kŏrn/ | n | L | one of the tufts of lengthened feathers on the head of various owls. | Paul's cat's hair is so long that it looks like she has a plumicorn in front of each ear. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | pneumectomy | /n(y)ü'mektəmē / | n | Gk | the surgical removal of lung tissue. | The surgeon happily announced that the pneumectomy was completely successful. |
| \#\#\#\# | pneumonic | /n(y)ü'mänik/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to the lungs. | Pneumonic diseases like asthma and bronchitis are more prevalent in heavily polluted areas. |
| \#\#\#\# | poimenics | /pŏi'meniks/ | n pl | Gk | the study or application of pastoral theology. | Rather than compete with traditional theology programs, the university has started a graduate program in poimenics. |
| \#\#\#\# | poises | /'pwäż̇z/ | n pl | F name | centimeter-gram-second absolute units of viscosity, each equal to 1 dyne-second per square centimeter. | After melting and conditioning, glass is delivered to a forming machine in a manageable shape at a viscosity of approximately 10,000 poises. |
| \#\#\#\# | polarimeter | $\begin{aligned} & \text { /,pōlə'riməd.ə(r) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | n | L + Gk | an instrument for determining the amount of polarization of light. | Cagney required a very accurate polarimeter for his experiments. |
| \#\#\#\# | poliomyelitis | /,pōlēō,mīə'līd.à s/ | n | Gk | an acute infectious viral disease characterized by fever, motor paralysis, and atrophy of skeletal muscles often with permanent disability and deformity. | Up to about 40 years ago, poliomyelitis often meant a lifetime on crutches or in an iron lung. |
| \#\#\#\# | polychromatic | /,pälēkrō'mad.ik / | adj | Gk | showing a variety or a change of colors : multicolored. | It is not unusual for people to drive by Sarah's house simply to admire its polychromatic brickwork. |
| \#\#\#\# | polygonal | /pə'ligən¹/ | adj | Gk | having many sides. | Mr. Ewing taught his math class how to find the areas of polygonal figures. |
| \#\#\#\# | polymer | /'pälə̇mə(r)/ | n | Gk | a natural or synthetic chemical compound or mixture of compounds consisting essentially of repeating structural units. | Fascinated by the polymer they had created, the students tossed it from one side of the lab to the other. |
| \#\#\#\# | polypropylene | /,pälē'prōpz,lēn/ | n | Gk + ISV | a polymer of propylene; especially : such a polymer used chiefly in making fibers, films, and molded and extruded products. | Much of today's indoor-outdoor carpeting is made of woven polypropylene. |
| \#\#\#\# | polysyllabic | /,pälēṡ̀'labik/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > L + } \\ & \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | having three or usually four or more units of spoken language. | Martha often uses polysyllabic words to impress her teachers. |
| \#\#\#\# | polysyndeton | /,pälē'sində,tän/ | n | Gk | repetition of conjunctions in close succession. | "We have our passports and our money and our tickets and our luggage, and the tank is full of gas," said Mother Gazda in unconscious polysyndeton. |
| \#\#\#\# | ponceau | /pän'sō/ | n | $L>F$ | a strong red to reddish orange. | The artificial poppies worn on Veterans' Day are of the distinct color ponceau. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | poncelet | /'pän(t)slȯt/ | n | F name | a unit of power in physics equal to the amount of power obtained from an output of 100 kilogrammeters per second. | Kristin's advanced physics class spent an entire week learning about units of measurement such as the poncelet, the rankine, and the barn. |
| \#\#\#\# | porphyry | /'pŏ(r)fərē/ | n | Gk > L | an Egyptian rock consisting of feldspar crystals embedded in a dark red or purple groundmass much used by the ancient Romans. | At the archaeological dig Carlo unearthed a broken urn made of porphyry. |
| \#\#\#\# | posology | /pə'säləjē/ | n | Gk | a branch of medical science concerned with dosage. | Derek took several classes in posology for his pharmacy degree. |
| \#\#\#\# | posthumous | /'päschəməs/ | adj | L | published after the death of the author. | Ironically, the novelist's posthumous works were his most popular. |
| \#\#\#\# | postmortem | /pōs(t)'mŏrtəm/ | n | L + L | an examination of a body after death to determine the cause of death or the character and extent of changes produced by disease. | The postmortem revealed that the cause of death was asphyxiation. |
| \#\#\#\# | posttension | /pōs(t)'tenchən/ | v | L + L | apply stress to (reinforcing steel) after concrete has set. | The construction crew will posttension the steel in the columns. |
| \#\#\#\# | precedent | /'presədənt/ | n | L | something done or said that may serve as an example or rule to authorize or justify a subsequent act of the same or an analogous kind. | As far as Sasha knew, the decision to allow a girl to play on the football team was without precedent. |
| \#\#\#\# | Presbyterian | /,prezbə'tirēən/ | adj | Gk | of, relating to, or constituting a Protestant church that is governed by a graded system of representative ecclesiastical bodies and is traditionally Calvinistic in doctrine. | While in college, William grew interested in becoming a Presbyterian minister. |
| \#\#\#\# | pridian | /'pridēən/ | adj | L | of or relating to a previous day or to yesterday; also : former. | As the bills accumulated, Gina began to doubt her plan to restore the Victorian mansion to its pridian glory. |
| \#\#\#\# | primordial | /prī'mŏ(r)dēəl/ | adj | L | existing at or from the beginning : first created or developed : earliest, primeval. | Blake's story depicted a creature emerging from the primordial ooze. |
| \#\#\#\# | privet | /'privə̇t/ | n | unk | an ornamental Eurasian and northern African shrub that is used extensively for hedges and has halfevergreen leaves and small white flowers. | Oliver planted privet along the edge of his front yard. |
| \#\#\#\# | proboscis | /prō'bäsə̇s/ | n | Gk > L | the flexible conspicuously long snout of some animals; especially : the trunk of an elephant. | An elephant's proboscis can support great weight. |
| \#\#\#\# | proclivity | /prō'klivəd.ē/ | n | L | an inclination or predisposition toward something. | After spending a couple of days in Las Vegas, Conan decided he had no proclivity for gambling. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | prodromal | /prō'drōməl/ | adj | Gk | precursory; especially : of, relating to, or marked by warning symptoms of a disease. | Half of the people who have heart attacks have had prodromal symptoms ranging from nausea and dizziness to chest pressure. |
| \#\#\#\# | prolepsis | /prō'lepsə̇s/ | n | Gk | a figure in which a matter is set forth in summary before being stated in detail. | Putnam begins with a prolepsis, but that does nothing to ruin the suspense as the plot unfolds. |
| \#\#\#\# | proliferate | /prō'lifa,rāt/ | v | $L>F$ | grow by rapid or repeated production of new parts or of buds or offspring. | Blackberry vines will proliferate very quickly if they are not cut back. |
| \#\#\#\# | Promethean | /prə'mēthēən/ | adj | Gk > L | daringly original. | Daryl's success as an inventor is largely the result of his Promethean approach to problem solving. |
| \#\#\#\# | proneur | /prō'nər/ | n | F | flatterer, eulogist. | Mr. Dirking was a convincing proneur and succeeded in obtaining the most votes. |
| \#\#\#\# | prosciutto | /prō'shüd.(,)ō/ | n | L > It | dry-cured spiced ham. | Melon slices wrapped in prosciutto make a classic appetizer. |
| \#\#\#\# | proselyte | /'präsə,līt/ | n | Gk > L | one who has been converted from one religious faith to another. | Edith Stein, canonized in 1998 as Saint Teresa Benedicta of the Cross, was a proselyte to Catholicism. |
| \#\#\#\# | proselyting | /'präsə,l̄̄tin/ | v | Gk | recruiting members for an institution, team, or group especially by the offer of special inducements. | Though it does not engage in proselyting, the college usually turns out fine basketball teams. |
| \#\#\#\# | protagonist | /prō'tagənə̇st/ | n | Gk | one who takes the leading part in a drama. | The protagonist was portrayed with his faults as well as his virtues. |
| \#\#\#\# | protoplasm | /'prōd.ə,plazəm/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Gk + } \\ & \mathrm{Gk})>\mathrm{G} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | organized living matter : the more or less fluid colloidal complex making up each cell. | Under a microscope protoplasm exhibits a variety of appearances. |
| \#\#\#\# | protrusile | /prō'trüsil/ | adj | L | so made that it can be thrust out. | Only in slow motion could we see the frog's protrusile tongue snatch the insect. |
| \#\#\#\# | protuberance | /prō't(y)üb(ə)rən (t)s/ | n | L | the quality or state of being thrust forward or out. | The protuberance on the plank of wood was easily sanded down. |
| \#\#\#\# | pruritus | /prů'rīd.əs/ | n | L | localized or generalized itching due to irritation of sensory nerve endings. | Alice applied an ointment on the rash to relieve the pruritus. |
| \#\#\#\# | pschent | /'(p)skent/ | n | Egypt > <br> Gk | the headdress of the later Egyptian pharaohs formed of the two crowns worn by the respective pharaohs of Upper Egypt and Lower Egypt before the union of the country under one rule. | The pharaoh's statue stood 66 feet high from the feet to the pschent covering his head. |
| \#\#\#\# | psychokinesis | /,sī(,)kōkə̇'nēsə̇s/ | n | Gk + Gk | the production or alteration of motion by influence of the mind without use of physical means. | The psychologist told of a gambler who claimed he could influence the fall of dice by psychokinesis. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | psyllium | /'silēəm/ | n | Gk | [has homonym: cilium] an Old World plantain having seeds that swell and become gelatinous when moist and that are used as a mild laxative. | When a laxative is needed, health professionals recommend products that contain psyllium, a natural fiber. |
| \#\#\#\# | puissant | /'pyüəsnt/ | adj | F | strong, powerful. | Enduring Adria's piano practice called on all of her mother's puissant patience. |
| \#\#\#\# | pumice | /'pəmə̇s/ | n | L | [has homonyms: pomace and pumace] hardened volcanic froth. | Ground pumice is sometimes used as an abrasive ingredient in soap. |
| \#\#\#\# | pumicite | /'pəmə,sīt/ | n | L | a type of volcanic dust used for abrasive purposes. | The instructions recommended using pumicite to smooth the metal. |
| \#\#\#\# | purloin | /pə(r)'lŏin/ | v | $L>F>E$ | appropriate wrongfully and often under circumstances that involve a breach of trust. | The district manager was fired when he was caught trying to purloin company earnings. |
| \#\#\#\# | purloiner | /pə(r)'lŏinə(r)/ | n | $L>F>E$ | thief. | The purloiner was apprehended as soon as he left the store. |
| \#\#\#\# | pusillanimous | /,pyüsə'lanəməs / | adj | L | lacking or showing a lack of courage, manly strength, and resolution : marked by mean-spirited and contemptible timidity. | Edgar never forgave his brother's pusillanimous desertion during the war. |
| \#\#\#\# | pyrography | /pī'rägrəfē/ | n | Gk | the art or process of producing designs or pictures by burning or scorching with hot instruments. | Bone and ivory form good grounds for fine pyrography. |
| Q |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#\#\#\# | quattrocento | //,kwätrō'chen(,)t ō/ | n | L > It | the 15th century; specifically : the 15th-century period in Italian literature and art. | Lorenzo De Medici was one of the chief supporters of Italian art during the quattrocento. |
| \#\#\#\# | quern | /'kwərn/ | n | E | a primitive mill for grinding grain consisting of two circular stones with the upper one being turned by hand. | Some Tibetan villagers still grind wheat into flour by using a quern. |
| \#\#\#\# | quila | /'kēlə/ | n | Araucan $>S p$ | [has near homonym: chela] a grass of the southern part of South America that resembles bamboo, is used as forage, and has a fiber used in making paper. | Josefina knows how to make paper from quila. |
| \#\#\#\# | quintessence | $/{ }^{\text {win'tes }}{ }^{\text {² }} \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{t}) \mathrm{s} /$ | n | L | the most typical example or representative : the consummate instance (as of a quality or class). | To be steadfast in the face of mortal danger is the quintessence of courage. |
| \#\#\#\# | quire | /'kwī(ə)r/ | n | L | four sheets (as of paper) folded together into eight leaves. | The teacher showed the second-graders how to make a book from a quire of paper. |



| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | refocillate | /rē'fäsə,lāt/ | v | L | refresh, revive. | Mom hopes that a good watering will refocillate her drooping ferns. |
| \#\#\#\# | regatta | /rə̇'gäd.ə/ | n | It | an organized series of rowing, speedboat, or sailing races. | The famous rowing regatta at Henley-on-Thames has been held each year since 1839. |
| \#\#\#\# | relevancy | /'reləvənsē/ | n | L | relation to the matter at hand. | The search engine ranked the Web sites according to the relevancy to the word being searched. |
| \#\#\#\# | remora | /'remərə/ | n | L | any of a family of marine fishes that have the front upper fin modified into a suctorial disk by means of which they cling especially to other fishes. | While receiving a free ride on the shark, the remora rid it of the parasites on its skin. |
| \#\#\#\# | reniform | /'renə,fŏrm/ | adj | L | resembling a mammalian kidney in shape; specifically : bean-shaped in outline. | Highest on the preschool teacher's wish list was a reniform table. |
| \#\#\#\# | repoussage | /rə̇,pü'säzh/ | n | F | the art or process of hammering out or pressing thin metal from the reverse side. | Fiona bought a brass box decorated with repoussage at the antique shop. |
| \#\#\#\# | rescission | /rə̇'sizhən/ | n | L | an act of annulling or of cancelling. | Bob's comment about his mom's rescission of his restrictions is wishful thinking. |
| \#\#\#\# | resipiscence | /,resə'pis ${ }^{\text {² }} \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{t}) \mathrm{s} /$ | n | L | change of mind or heart; often : return to a sane, sound, or correct view or position. | The soldier's severe war experience brought about in him a resipiscence marked by much regret for shortcomings in his personal life. |
| \#\#\#\# | resorcinol | /ṙ̇z'ŏrṡ̇,nŏl/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{L}+\mathrm{It} \text { ? + } \\ & \text { Lcf + L?) } \\ & >\text { ISV } \end{aligned}$ | a soluble crystalline acidic compound obtained from various resins or artificially and used especially in making dyes, pharmaceuticals, and resins. | Resorcinol is now commonly used in making adhesives for wood. |
| \#\#\#\# | restauratrice | /,restərə'trēs/ | n | L | a woman who operates or owns a public eating place. | While Ted and Sue were dining, the restauratrice came to their table to ask for their comments on the food and service. |
| \#\#\#\# | retrocedence | /,retra'sēdn n (t)s/ | n | L | the act of ceding back typically by treaty. | In 1997 the British government completed the retrocedence of Hong Kong to China. |
| \#\#\#\# | revelry | /'revəlrē/ | n | E | boisterous merrymaking. | The revelry at campaign headquarters began after the arrival of the winning candidate. |
| \#\#\#\# | revenant | /'revənənt/ | adj | F | coming back : recurring. | The more Rachel tries to put the revenant dream out of her mind, the more often it recurs. |
| \#\#\#\# | rhabdomancy | /'rabdə,man(t)sē / | n | Gk | divination by rods or wands. | Harry Potter tried throwing a handful of rods on the floor, but he didn't know enough about rhabdomancy to read the pattern. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | rhadamanthine | /,radə'man(t)thə̇ n/ | adj | Gk name | rigorously just. | Though the students did not always like Mrs. Moss's decisions, they respected her rhadamanthine judgment. |
| \#\#\#\# | rhapsodic | /rap'sädik/ | adj | Gk | extravagantly emotional : rapturous. | The singer grew rhapsodic as he sang of the virtues of his beloved. |
| \#\#\#\# | rhinitis | /rī'nīd.̇̇s/ | n | Gk | common cold. | The doctor diagnosed rhinitis and prescribed rest. |
| \#\#\#\# | riant | /'rīənt/ | adj | L | pleasingly mirthful. | The riant hostess spread good cheer from guest to guest throughout the evening. |
| \#\#\#\# | rinkafadda | /'riykə'fäthə/ | n | IrGael | an Irish dance resembling the Virginia reel. | Brendan loved to step dance, but he refused to even try the rinkafadda. |
| \#\#\#\# | risorgimento | /(,)rē,sŏ(r)j̇̀'me n(,)tō/ | n | L > It | a time of renewal or renaissance : revival. | During the Victorian Age the English novel experienced a risorgimento. |
| \#\#\#\# | ronquil | /'ränk̇̇l/ | n | Sp | any of several fishes of the northwest coast of North America that resemble the jawfishes. | Sheila caught a ronquil while fishing off the Alaskan coast. |
| \#\#\#\# | rotogravure | /,rōd.əgrə'vyů(ə) r/ | n | $L+F$ | a photogravure process in which the impression is produced by a rotary press. | Rotogravure is used to print the magazine section of the Sunday paper. |
| \#\#\#\# | rottweiler | /'rät,wī,lə(r)/ | n | G geog name | a dog of the breed of tall vigorous black cattle dogs having short hair, tan or brown markings, a short tail, and small drooping ears. | Sam's rottweiler was an imposing guard dog. |
| \#\#\#\# | roux | /'rü/ | n | F | [has homonyms: roo, rue] a mixture of flour and fat cooked sometimes until the flour browns and used to thicken soups and sauces. | After deglazing the pan with white wine, Graham added a roux made of flour and butter. |
| \#\#\#\# | rowel | /'raů(ə)!/ | V | $F>E$ | goad with a revolving disk at the end of a spur. | After she rounds the bend, Gabrielle will rowel her horse to a fresh burst of speed. |
| \#\#\#\# | Rubicon | /'rübə,kän/ | n | L | a bounding or limiting line; especially : one that when crossed commits a person to an irrevocable change or decision. | Alta put off choosing a college major because she felt that to do so would be crossing the Rubicon. |
| S |  |  |  | F $\quad$F <br> malicious destruction of or damage to property with <br> the intention of injuring a business or impairing the <br> economic system or weakening a government or <br> nation in time of war or national emergency. |  |  |
| \#\#\#\# | sabotage | /'sabə,täzh/ | n |  |  | When a drug enforcement agency airplane crashed, sabotage was suspected and an investigation was launched. |
| \#\#\#\# | saccharinity | /,sakə'rinəd.ē/ | n | Skt > <br> Pali > Gk <br> > L+ Ecf | the quality or state of being sweet : sweetness. | Amy said that she couldn't finish her chocolate dessert because its saccharinity was too much for her taste. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | sachem | /'sāchəm/ | n | Narraga nset\&Pe quot | the leader of a political party; specifically : one of the 12 governors of the Tammany Society. | William Tweed was a sachem of the political organization known as Tammany Hall. |
| \#\#\#\# | salsilla | /sal'silə/ | n | L | a tropical American plant with edible roots sometimes used as a substitute for potatoes. | In the West Indies we had our first taste of salsilla. |
| \#\#\#\# | samizdat | /'sämēz,dät/ | n | Russ | the system in the former U.S.S.R. by which government-suppressed literature was clandestinely printed and distributed; also : such literature. | After the fall of communism, numerous small publishers of samizdat found their place in the open market. |
| \#\#\#\# | samphire | /'sam,fi(ə)r/ | n | F name | a fleshy European coastal plant that is sometimes pickled. | Daphne ordered the salad of samphire and other greens. |
| \#\#\#\# | sanguinolent | /saŋ'gwinlənt/ | adj | L | of, containing, or tinged with blood. | Theo's phlegm became sanguinolent for a while from bronchitis. |
| \#\#\#\# | saponin | /'sapənə̇n/ | n | $L>F$ | any of numerous glycosides that occur in many plants (as soapbark, soapwort) that are characterized by their properties of foaming in water. | The hiker found some soapbark, pounded it underwater with a rock to release the saponin, and used the resulting suds for a satisfying bath. |
| \#\#\#\# | saprogenous | /sə'präjənəs/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Gk + Gk } \\ + \text { Ecf } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | capable of producing decay or putrefaction. | Saprogenous bacteria aid in the decomposition of dead organic matter. |
| \#\#\#\# | sashimi | /'säshəmē/ | n | Jpn | raw fish served as an appetizer and usually accompanied by a condiment. | At the reception, waiters in black tie passed trays of sashimi and other hors d'oeuvres. |
| \#\#\#\# | sauntered | /'sŏntə(r)d/ | v | E | walked about idly and in a leisurely manner. | Count von Saurau sauntered along the shore with not a care in the world. |
| \#\#\#\# | scent | /'sent/ | v | L > F > E | [has homonyms: cent, sent] use the olfactory organ in seeking or tracking prey. | A hound will jump at the opportunity to scent squirrels and rabbits. |
| \#\#\#\# | schefflera | /'sheflərə/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { G name } \\ & >L \end{aligned}$ | any of several shrubby tropical plants that are cultivated for their showy foliage. | When frost was predicted, Demont covered the schefflera with a blanket. |
| \#\#\#\# | schnitzel | /'shnitsəl/ | n | G | a veal cutlet variously seasoned and garnished. | The Bavarian restaurant's menu included sauerbraten, sausages, and schnitzel. |
| \#\#\#\# | scintillation | /,sint ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 'āshən/ | n | L | rapid changes in the brightness of a celestial body caused by turbulence in Earth's atmosphere. | The stars' scintillation is less pronounced at higher altitudes. |
| \#\#\#\# | sciolistic | /,sīə'listik/ | adj | L | of or relating to superficial knowledge or to one whose knowledge is superficial. | The students' sciolistic conversation amused Professor Pickett. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | sclerosis | /sklə̇'rōsə̇s/ | n | Gk | pathological hardening of tissue produced by overgrowth of fibrous tissue and other changes or by increase in interstitial tissue. | Sclerosis is often a consequence of old age. |
| \#\#\#\# | scullion | /'skəlyən/ | n | $L>F>E$ | a kitchen helper. | Dru's first job was working as a scullion in a local restaurant. |
| \#\#\#\# | scythestone | /'sīth,stōn/ | n | $E+E$ | a whetstone for sharpening a scythe. | The scythestone was cut from a fine-grained porous sandstone. |
| \#\#\#\# | semantics | /sə̇'mantiks/ | n pl | Gk > F | the study dealing with the relations between signs and what they refer to, the relations between the signs of a system, and human behavior in reaction to signs. | A student survey revealed that the topic of body language was the most interesting aspect of the course in semantics. |
| \#\#\#\# | seminary | /'semə,nerē/ | n | L | an institution for the training of candidates for the priesthood, ministry, or rabbinate. | The pulpit committee's first choice is a young person who has just completed seminary. |
| \#\#\#\# | senescent | /sà'nes̊nt/ | adj | L | growing old. | The town's senescent infrastructure struggled under the burden of a growth spurt. |
| \#\#\#\# | senility | /sə̀'niləd.ē/ | n | L | the loss of mental faculties associated with old age. | Grandpa Wilson's confused mental state and lapses of memory were taken to be signs of encroaching senility. |
| \#\#\#\# | septennial | /sep'tenēəl/ | adj | L | continuing or lasting for seven years. | Since legislation in 1716 the British government has had septennial parliaments; previously they were triennial. |
| \#\#\#\# | septicization | /,septəsə̇'zāshən / | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > L + } \\ & \text { Ecff } \end{aligned}$ | treatment of sewage by bacterial action. | Engineers found a way to utilize the gases produced by the septicization of sewage. |
| \#\#\#\# | Septuagint | /sep't(y)üəjə̇nt/ | n | L | a Greek translation of the Jewish Scriptures prepared in the third and second centuries B.C. by about 70 Jewish scholars. | The Septuagint was intended to satisfy the needs of the Greek-speaking Jews of Egypt whose knowledge of Hebrew was inadequate. |
| \#\#\#\# | sepulchral | /ṡ̇'pəlkrəl/ | adj | L | having a funereal quality. | Dusk and a vase of gardenias gave the parlor a sepulchral air. |
| \#\#\#\# | seraphic | /ṡ̇'rafik/ | adj | Heb > L | of, relating to, or befitting an angel of the highest order especially in beauty or ecstatic adoration. | The choir's hymn of praise sounded sublimely seraphic. |
| \#\#\#\# | serendipitous | /,serə̇n'dipəd.əs / | adj | Ar geog name + Ecf | obtained or characterized by unexpected but fortunate discovery. | Mickey's serendipitous discovery of five quarters and two dimes on the sidewalk made his day. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | serval | /'sərvəl/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\mathrm{Pg}> \\ & \mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ | [has homonym: servile] a long-legged African wildcat having large ears and a tawny black-spotted coat. | The serval is a nocturnal hunter, preying on birds, rodents, and hares. |
| \#\#\#\# | seston | /'se,stän/ | n | Gk > G | minute material moving in water and including both living organisms (as plankton and nekton) and nonliving matter (as plant debris or suspended soil particles). | The high concentration of seston in the lagoon gave it a cloudy appearance. |
| \#\#\#\# | sextant | /'sekstənt/ | n | L | an instrument for measuring altitudes of celestial bodies from a moving ship. | Chaucer was an expert in the use of the sextant. |
| \#\#\#\# | shanghai | /'shay,hī/ | v | Chin geog name | to put by trickery into an undesirable position. | Winona won't allow the condominium board to shanghai her into serving as its president. |
| \#\#\#\# | Shavian | /'shāvēən/ | adj | Latinized E | of, relating to, or characteristic of the British writer George Bernard Shaw or his writings. | Lucinda's acting in the role of a Shavian heroine amazed her parents. |
| \#\#\#\# | shiatsu | /shē'ät(,)sü/ | n | Jpn | a massage with the fingers applied to those specific areas of the body used in acupuncture. | Ramona's acupuncturist recommended regular sessions of shiatsu to keep her neck muscles relaxed. |
| \#\#\#\# | shogi | /'shōgē/ | n | Jpn | Japanese chess played on a board of 81 squares with 40 pieces to the set. | Alexander's grandparents like to play shogi on the handmade set they bought in Kyoto. |
| \#\#\#\# | sialoid | /'sīə,lŏid/ | adj | Gk > L | resembling saliva. | The many snails in the garden have left a map of sialoid trails across the walkway. |
| \#\#\#\# | siamang | /'sēə,man/ | n | Malay | a black gibbon of Sumatra that is the largest of the gibbons and has the second and third toes partially united by a web. | A remarkable feature of the siamang is its expandable throat sac that is used to produce a resonant, booming call. |
| \#\#\#\# | sibilant | /'sibələnt/ | adj | L imit | having, containing, or producing the sound of or a sound resembling that of the $s$ or the sh in sash. | "She sells sea shells. . . ." is a sibilant tongue twister. |
| \#\#\#\# | sicklocyte | /'sik(ə)lə,sīt/ | n | E + Gk | an abnormal red blood cell of crescent shape. | The patient with sickle-cell anemia wanted to see a sicklocyte under the microscope. |
| \#\#\#\# | siffilate | /'sifə,lāt/ | v | $L>F$ | whisper. | The diners began to siffilate when the celebrity entered the restaurant. |
| \#\#\#\# | sinfonietta | /,sinfən'yed.ə/ | n | It | an orchestral musical composition of less than standard length or for fewer instruments. | While the audience was returning to their seats we encouraged them with a brief sinfonietta. |
| \#\#\#\# | sinistral | /'sinə̇strəl/ | adj | L | of or relating to the left. | The sorcerer's mask was ripped away, revealing terrible scars on the sinistral side of his face. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | sinology | /sī'näləjē/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Chin? > } \\ & \text { Ar > Gk } \\ & >\text { L > F + } \\ & \text { Gk > Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | [has homonym: cynology] the study of the Chinese especially with reference to their language, literature, history, and culture. | Kim's graduate work in sinology led her to spend a semester at Heidelberg University's Institute of Chinese Studies. |
| \#\#\#\# | sirenian | /sī'rēnēən/ | n | L | [has homonyms: cyrenaean, cyrenian] any of an order of aquatic herbivorous mammals including the manatee, dugong, and Steller's sea cow. | The future of the sirenian in Florida is in doubt because of the increasing boat traffic. |
| \#\#\#\# | skedaddle | /sk̇̇'dad¹/ | v | unk | run away : leave hastily. | A sudden shower caused Karen to skedaddle from the bazaar. |
| \#\#\#\# | skirret | /'skirə̇t/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Ar} ? ~>~ F ~>~ \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | an Asiatic herb cultivated in Europe for its sweet edible tuberous roots. | After foraging for an hour, Yang happened on a skirret, the roots of which he would boil and eat. |
| \#\#\#\# | slalom | /'släləm/ | n | Norw | skiing in a zigzag or wavy course between upright obstacles. | Tully did the slalom down the moutainside. |
| \#\#\#\# | smithereens | /,smithə'rēnz/ | n pl | IrGael | bits, fragments. | Elden's mother refuses to allow him to play video games in which people or things are blown to smithereens. |
| \#\#\#\# | smorgasbord | /'smŏrgəs,bŏrd/ | n | Sw | a luncheon or supper buffet offering a variety of foods and dishes. | Nita's smorgasbord included turkey and smoked salmon. |
| \#\#\#\# | sobriety | /sə'brīəd.ē/ | n | L | the quality or state of being free from the influence of intoxicating beverages. | At times the drunkard wished he could lead a life of sobriety. |
| \#\#\#\# | sociocracy | /,sōs(h)ē'äkrəsē/ | n | L + Gk | the application of scientifically determined principles promoting the interests of society as a whole. | Graham insisted that sociocracy was the answer to most of modern society's problems, while Melissa argued that increased philanthropy would accomplish more faster. |
| \#\#\#\# | Socratic | /sə'krad.ik/ | adj | Gk name | of or relating to the philosopher Socrates or his philosophy or his followers. | The Socratic method of instruction, simply put, enables the learner to express what he already knows. |
| \#\#\#\# | soiree | /swä'rā/ | n | $L>F$ | an evening party or reception. | When the band's new album was released, the record company sponsored a soiree to celebrate the occasion. |
| \#\#\#\# | solenoid | /'sōlə,nŏid/ | n | Gk | a coil of wire commonly in the form of a long cylinder that carries a current. | It took a long time to trace the power failure to a faulty solenoid. |
| \#\#\#\# | solfatara | /,sälfə'tärə/ | n | L > It | a volcanic area or vent that yields sulfur gases and hot vapors and represents a late stage of volcanic activity. | Harry noticed a rotten-egg odor coming from a solfatara on the north side of the previously inactive volcano. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | sombra | /'sämbrə/ | n | L > Sp | the shady side or section of a bullfight arena. | Richard was glad he had a seat in the sombra. |
| \#\#\#\# | sommelier | /,sŏmal'yā/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\text { Prov } \\ & >\mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ | a waiter in a restaurant who has charge of wines and their service. | The sommelier at L'Escoffier is famous for his knowledge of rare and unusual European wines. |
| \#\#\#\# | somnambulant | /säm'nambyələn t/ | adj | L+L | walking or addicted to walking while asleep. | Sheila could remember nothing of her somnambulant activities when she was told of them the next morning. |
| \#\#\#\# | sonobuoy | /'sänə,büi/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & L+G m c \\ & >F>E \end{aligned}$ | a float equipped with a hydrophone for detecting underwater sounds and an automatic radio transmitter for transmitting the sounds. | The airman dropped a sonobuoy over the submarine's last known location. |
| \#\#\#\# | sophomoric | /,säf(ə)'mōrik/ | adj | Gk | exhibiting a firm and often aggressive conviction of knowledge and wisdom and being unaware of limitations and lack of maturity. | Cora's sophomoric analysis irritated the other board members. |
| \#\#\#\# | sorrel | /'sŏral/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gmc}>\mathrm{F} \\ & >\mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | [has homonyms: saurel, soral, sorel] a light bright chestnut horse often with white mane and tail. | Ken promised to take good care of the sorrel his dad had bought for him. |
| \#\#\#\# | soubise | /sü'bēz/ | n | F geog name | a white or brown sauce containing onions or onion puree. | A sauceboat of soubise accompanied the roast. |
| \#\#\#\# | spectrometer | /spek'träməd.ə(r )/ | n | L + Gk | an instrument designed for the examination and measurement of chemical compounds. | The mass spectrometer is used to sort atoms and molecules according to their atomic masses. |
| \#\#\#\# | sphagnum | /'sfagnəm/ | n | Gk > L | any plant of a large genus of atypical mosses that grow only in very wet acid areas where their accumulated remains become compacted with other plant debris to form peat. | A large patch of sphagnum grew in the bog by the police station. |
| \#\#\#\# | spherometer | /sfà'räməd.ə(r)/ | n | Gk | an instrument for measuring the curvature of a spherical object. | The invention of the spherometer substituted the sense of sight for that of touch in the measurement of curved objects. |
| \#\#\#\# | sphygmic | /'sfigmik/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to the circulatory pulse. | An instrument measured the patient's sphygmic changes during the operation. |
| \#\#\#\# | sphygmomano meter | /,sfig(,)mōmə'nä məd.ə(r)/ | n | Gk | an instrument for measuring blood pressure and especially arterial blood pressure. | The nurse-practitioner checked Siggie's blood pressure with a sphygmomanometer. |
| \#\#\#\# | spirograph | /'spīrə,graf/ | n | L + Gk | an instrument for recording respiratory movements commonly consisting of a spirometer together with a suitable recording device. | Dr. Martinez scanned the spirograph for any irregularities before making his diagnosis. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | spirogyra | /,spīrə'jīrə/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\mathrm{Gk}> \\ & \mathrm{L} \end{aligned}$ | any plant of a genus of freshwater green algae forming slimy masses in still water and slow streams. | The shallow pool was completely covered with spirogyra. |
| \#\#\#\# | spondylitic | /,spändə'lid.ik/ | adj | Gk | affected with inflammation of the vertebrae. | The spondylitic patient was treated with antiinflammatory drugs. |
| \#\#\#\# | spondylitis | /,spändə'līd.ə̇s/ | n | Gk > L | inflammation of the vertebrae. | Jewel's back pain was caused by spondylitis. |
| \#\#\#\# | spontaneity | /,späntə'nēəd.ē/ | n | L | the quality or state of being unconstrained or impulsive. | Brian has always liked to stick to a schedule, but lately he has shown more spontaneity than usual. |
| \#\#\#\# | spontaneous | /spän'tānēəs/ | adj | L | proceeding from natural feeling or native tendency without external constraint. | His employee's spontaneous obedience made Tim's job pleasant. |
| \#\#\#\# | sporadic | /spə'rad.ik/ | adj | Gk | occurring occasionally, singly, or in scattered instances. | Mr. Gifford warned Katie that completing her homework could not be a sporadic activity if she wanted to pass the class. |
| \#\#\#\# | squeamish | /'skwēmish/ | adj | AF $>\mathrm{E}$ | inclined to become nauseated : queasy. | Pat is squeamish when it comes to rides at the fair. |
| \#\#\#\# | squibbery | /'skwibərē/ | n | unk | the utterance or composition of short, humorous, satiric, or lampooning writing or speech. | The opponents exchanged squibbery as if throwing darts at each other. |
| \#\#\#\# | stagnant | /'stagnənt/ | adj | L | having undergone physical changes while standing; especially : impaired in flavor, odor, or texture by such changes. | Josh stood still in disbelief after Kevin pushed him into the stagnant water of the ditch. |
| \#\#\#\# | stanniferous | /sta'nif(ə)rəs/ | adj | Celt > L | containing tin. | In Spain, Italy, and the Middle East pottery is sometimes covered with a white stanniferous glaze as a base for other decoration. |
| \#\#\#\# | stannous | /'stanəs/ | adj | L | of, relating to, or containing tin-used especially of compounds in which this element is bivalent. | In geology class Syadi was surprised to learn that cassiterite, the principal ore of tin, is not considered stannous. |
| \#\#\#\# | staphyloma | /,stafə'lōmə/ | n | Gk | a protrusion of the cornea or sclera of the mammalian eye. | The ophthalmologist surgically removed the staphyloma in Stella's left eye. |
| \#\#\#\# | stenographer | /sṫ̇'nägrəfə(r)/ | n | Gk + Gk | one who is employed chiefly to take and transcribe dictation. | Sergeant Fitzpatrick called in a stenographer to record the suspect's confession. |
| \#\#\#\# | stereognosis | /,sterēäg'nōsə̀s/ | n | Gk + Gk | ability to perceive or the perception of material qualities (as form, weight) of an object by handling or lifting it : tactile recognition. | To test his stereognosis after his head injury, Barry was blindfolded and handed different shapes to fit into a form board. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | stereophonic | /,sterēə'fänik/ | adj | Gk + Gk | giving, relating to, or constituting a threedimensional effect of perspective attained or experienced through hearing. | Most television sets now are equipped with stereophonic speakers. |
| \#\#\#\# | stereotomist | /,sterē'äd.əmə̇st / | n | Gk | a practitioner of the art of stonecutting. | A stereotomist will carve a gargoyle for the new library. |
| \#\#\#\# | sterilant | /'sterələnt/ | n | L | a sterilizing agent; especially : an herbicide designed to completely eliminate a kind of plant and to have a rather persistent residual effect in the soil. | A sterilant was sprayed on the brick walk to prevent the growth of weeds. |
| \#\#\#\# | sthenic | /'sthenik/ | adj | Gk | marked by excessive vitality or nervous energy. | Fido's sthenic symptoms finally subsided. |
| \#\#\#\# | stockade | /stä'kād/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (Gmc + } \\ & \text { L) }>\mathrm{Sp} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | an enclosure usually surrounded by barbed wire in which prisoners are kept. | The insubordinate soldier was sent to the stockade for the rest of his enlistment. |
| \#\#\#\# | strepitous | //'strepəd.əs/ | adj | L | characterized or accompanied by much noise. | The playoff game was a strepitous event. |
| \#\#\#\# | stridulated | /'strijə,lād.ə̇d/ | v | L | made a shrill often vibrating noise. | The locusts stridulated so loudly that the campers could hardly hear each other without raising their voices. |
| \#\#\#\# | stridulatory | /'strijələ,tōrē/ | adj | L + Ecff | used in the act of producing a shrill often vibrating noise. | Most crickets tune up their stridulatory organs at about twilight and keep them going all night. |
| \#\#\#\# | strongylosis | /,stränjə'lōsə̇s/ | n | Gk | infestation with or disease caused by any of a family of parasitic roundworms. | An outbreak of strongylosis caused the deaths of thousands of game birds. |
| \#\#\#\# | strudel | /'s(h)trüd¹/ | n | G | a sheet of paper-thin dough rolled up with any of various fillings and baked. | The flight attendant served the coach passengers a light breakfast of coffee, juice, and strudel. |
| \#\#\#\# | stygian | /'stij(ē)ən/ | adj | Gk name | characteristic of death. | A black robe, a papier-mâché sickle, and some grayish makeup completed Sean's stygian Halloween costume. |
| \#\#\#\# | stymie | /'stīmē/ | v | E | block, check, thwart. | Brock's negative attitude will stymie his ability to maximize his potential. |
| \#\#\#\# | suave | /'swäv/ | adj | L | smoothly affable or polite though often without deep interest or sincerity. | José had a suave way of treating his guests. |
| \#\#\#\# | subboreal | /səb'bōrēəl/ | adj | L | very cold : approaching the frigid. | Hope grew up in Florida and finds it very difficult to live in what she calls the "subboreal climate" of Minnesota. |
| \#\#\#\# | subito | /'sübēd.(,)ō/ | adv | L > It | immediately, suddenly-used as a direction in music. | It was the desire of the composer-not the director-to play the passage subito forte. |
| \#\#\#\# | submersible | /səb'mərsəbəl/ | adj | $L+E c f$ | capable of functioning under water. | The earliest designs for submersible vehicles date to antiquity. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | subrident | /,sə'brīdnt/ | adj | L | wearing or offered with a smile. | Eilene's subrident answer belied the furious feelings she had toward the questioner. |
| \#\#\#\# | succedaneum | /,səksə'dānēəm/ | n | L | one that comes next after or replaces another in an office, position, or role. | If the president and the vice-president of the United States die while in office, the Speaker of the House of Representatives is their succedaneum. |
| \#\#\#\# | succinctly | /sək'sin(k)tlē/ | adv | L + Ecf | with concise and precise brevity. | The English teacher stressed the importance of expressing ideas clearly and succinctly. |
| \#\#\#\# | succorance | /'səkə(r)rən(t)s/ | n | $L>F>E$ | dependence. | Harold took measures to reduce his succorance on nasal decongestants. |
| \#\#\#\# | succulent | /'səkyələnt/ | adj | L | full of juice : juicy. | Perry wiped his mouth with his sleeve after he bit into the succulent peach. |
| \#\#\#\# | succumb | /sə'kəm/ | v | L | yield and cease to resist or contend before a superior strength, overpowering appeal or desire, or inexorable force. | Joanie found it impossible not to succumb to her drowsiness. |
| \#\#\#\# | sudoriferous | /,südə'rif(ə)rəs/ | adj | L | producing or conveying sweat. | Cycling and running are sudoriferous forms of exercise. |
| \#\#\#\# | suffocate | /'səfə,kāt/ | v | L | die from being unable to breathe. | It was so hot and stuffy in the classroom that Mark thought he would suffocate. |
| \#\#\#\# | superannuated | /,süpə'ranyə,wā d.ə̇d/ | adj | L | rated no longer fully or passably efficient in one's job because of age : incapacitated or disqualified for active duty by advanced age. | The superannuated file clerk held little hope of finding a job in the near future. |
| \#\#\#\# | supercilious | /,süpə(r)'silēəs/ | adj | L | arrogantly superior : haughty, disdainful. | The supercilious senior ignored the first-year student. |
| \#\#\#\# | surmise | /sə(r)'mīz/ | v | $L>F>E$ | form a notion of on slight proof : guess, suppose. | It was not hard to surmise from Pedro's evasive answer that he had not completed the report. |
| \#\#\#\# | surreptitious | /,sərə̇p'tishəs/ | adj | L | done, made, or acquired in secret or by stealth. | Denise was embarrassed when her surreptitious note to Steve was intercepted by the teacher. |
| \#\#\#\# | suspicion | /sə'spishən/ | n | L | mistrust, doubt. | President Kennedy called for cooperation with our adversaries to "push back the jungle of suspicion" and allow the preservation of peace. |
| \#\#\#\# | sustenance | /'səstənən(t)s/ | n | $L>F$ | something that gives support, endurance, or strength. | Tyrone drew sustenance from the letters his girlfriend wrote him while he was overseas. |
| \#\#\#\# | susurration | /,süsə'rāshən/ | n | L | a whispering sound : murmur. | A mild susurration could be heard in the study hall despite the teacher's "no talking" mandate. |
| \#\#\#\# | swindleable | /'swind( ${ }^{\text {² }}$ ) əəbəl/ | adj | G + Ecf | capable of being deprived of money or property by fraud or deceit. | The circus owner maintained that the majority of people are gullible and swindleable. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | sychnocarpous | /,siknə'kärpəs/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & G k+G k \\ & >L>E \end{aligned}$ | able to produce fruit repeatedly. | The apple and pear are sychnocarpous trees. |
| \#\#\#\# | sympathetically | /,simpə'thed.ə̀k( <br> ə)lē/ | adv | Gk + Ecff | in a manner marked by compassion, kind friendly feeling, and sensitivity to others' emotions. | Roald wrote sympathetically of the migrant workers' plight. |
| \#\#\#\# | symphonette | /,sim(p)fə'net/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > L > } \\ & \mathrm{F}+\mathrm{Ecf} \end{aligned}$ | a symphony orchestra reduced in personnel and typically playing ensemble and salon music in addition to the standard orchestral literature. | The symphonette was just the right size to play the baroque pieces. |
| \#\#\#\# | synchronism | /'siŋkrə,nizəm/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk > L + } \\ & \text { Ecf } \end{aligned}$ | concurrence of acts, events, or developments in time : simultaneousness. | Motion-picture cameras are devised to ensure good synchronism between sound and picture. |
| \#\#\#\# | synecdoche | /sà'nekdə(,)kē/ | n | Gk | a figure of speech by which a part is put for the whole or vice versa. | Fifty sail is a synecdoche for fifty ships. |
| \#\#\#\# | synergize | /'sinər,jīz/ | v | Gk | exhibit cooperative action such that the total effect of discrete agencies is greater than the sum of the two or more effects taken independently. | The pharmacist explained that a muscle relaxant and an anti-inflammatory could synergize to reduce Arnold's shoulder pain more effectively. |
| \#\#\#\# | synod | /'sinəd/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | an ecclesiastical council : a formal meeting to consult and decide on church matters. | Karl is an active participant in the regional Presbyterian synod. |
| \#\#\#\# | synoptic | /sə̇'näptik/ | adj | Gk | relating to or displaying atmospheric and weather conditions as they exist simultaneously over a broad area. | Synoptic meteorologists study information on air pressure, temperature, humidity, and wind velocity in preparing weather forecasts. |
| \#\#\#\# | syrphid | /'sərfäd/ | n | Gk > L | a fly of the family Syrphidae : syrphus fly. | The syrphid is also known as the "flowerfly" because it is so active in pollinating flowers. |
| \#\#\#\# | syssarcosis | /,sisär'kōsə̇s/ | n | Gk | the junction of two or more bones by means of attached muscles. | The dentist explained that there was an abnormality in the way the syssarcosis of Thomas's jaw functioned. |
| T |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#\#\#\# | tabard | /'tabə(r)d/ | n | $F>E$ | a tunic with or without short sleeves worn by a knight over his armor and emblazoned with his arms. | At the Renaissance Fair, the knight wearing the white tabard won the jousting contest. |
| \#\#\#\# | tabetisol | /tə'bed.ə,sŏl/ | n | L + Ecf | unfrozen ground above, within, or below the permanently frozen ground. | Arctic wildflowers are able to survive in areas of tabetisol. |
| \#\#\#\# | tachycardia | /,takə̇'kärdēə/ | n | Gk | relatively rapid heart action whether physiological or pathological. | Cardiologists have successfully used electrical shocks to treat severe ventricular tachycardia. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | Tacitean | /,tasə'tēən/ | adj | L name | of or relating to the Roman historian Tacitus or resembling his style of writing. | The biting Tacitean brevity of the Senator's speech had more impact than the rambling casual style of his opponent. |
| \#\#\#\# | tagliatelle | /,tälyä'tel(,)ā/ | n | L > It | pasta in the shape of noodles. | Last night's dinner was a simple tagliatelle with pesto. |
| \#\#\#\# | talaria | /tə'la(a)rēə/ | n pl | L | winged shoes fastened to the ankles and chiefly used as an attribute of the god Hermes or Mercury of classical mythology. | The talaria symbolize the speed with which Hermes acts as the messenger of the gods. |
| \#\#\#\# | talipot | /'talə,pät/ | n | Skt > <br> Beng | a showy fan palm bearing a crown of gigantic fanshaped leaves that are used as umbrellas and fans and when cut into strips as a substitute for writing paper. | The illustrator's beautiful collages made of talipot earned the book the Caldecott Medal. |
| \#\#\#\# | Talmud | /'täl,můd/ | n | Heb | the authoritative body of Jewish law and tradition developed on the basis of the scriptural law after the closing of the Pentateuchal text about 400 B.C. | Benjamin studied Torah and Talmud at the yeshiva. |
| \#\#\#\# | taphonomy | /ta'fänəmē/ | n | Gk | the study of the processes (as burial, decay, and preservation) that affect animal and plant remains as they become fossils. | The archaeology department frequently calls upon a consultant whose expertise is in taphonomy. |
| \#\#\#\# | tarpaulin | /tär'pŏl̇̇n/ | n | E + E | a piece of material (as durable plastic) used for protecting exposed objects or areas. | When rain began during the second inning of the baseball game, the ground crew rolled out the tarpaulin to protect the field. |
| \#\#\#\# | tatami | /tə'tämē/ | n | Jpn | a straw matting used as a floor covering in a Japanese home. | The Japanese restaurant had a special room in which patrons could sit on a tatami while dining. |
| \#\#\#\# | tautology | /tǒ'täləjē/ | n | Gk | an instance of needless or meaningless repetition in close succession of an idea, statement, or word. | The phrase a beginner who has just started is a tautology. |
| \#\#\#\# | tawny | /'tŏnē/ | adj | E | of a brownish orange to light brown color. | In the well-known children's story, the tawny scrawny lion loves carrot stew. |
| \#\#\#\# | teknonymy | /tek'nänəmē/ | n | Gk + Gk | the custom of naming the parent after the child. | Some cultures employ teknonymy, while in the United States children are often named for their parents. |
| \#\#\#\# | telemark | /'telə,märk/ | n | Norw geog name | a turn in which the ski that is to be on the outside of the turn is advanced considerably ahead of the other ski and then turned inward at a steadily widening angle until the actual turn. | Jason, still a novice skier, marveled at the beautiful form of Astrid's telemark. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | telepathic | /,telə'pathik/ | adj | Gk + Gk | of or relating to apparent communication from one mind to another other than through the channels of sense. | The twins seemed to have some sort of telepathic mode of communication. |
| \#\#\#\# | telos | /'tē,läs/ | n | Gk | an ultimate end or object. | Finding the Holy Grail was the telos of Sir Galahad's quest. |
| \#\#\#\# | temerarious | /,temə'ra(a)rēəs / | adj | L | rashly or presumptuously daring : reckless. | Mrs. Jasper punished Tim for his temerarious behavior by withholding certain privileges. |
| \#\#\#\# | temerity | /tə'merəd.ē/ | n | L | unreasonable or foolhardy contempt of danger or opposition. | The private with the temerity to speak up against the sergeant's bullying was assigned to KP indefinitely. |
| \#\#\#\# | tenacious | /ṫ̇'nāshəs/ | adj | L > E | holding fast or tending to hold fast. | Marjorie is tenacious in her belief that her cousin was abducted by aliens and replaced by an impostor. |
| \#\#\#\# | tenacity | /ṫ̇'nasəd.ē/ | n | L | the quality or state of holding fast : determination, firmness, persistence. | Randy's tenacity often made him seem stubborn. |
| \#\#\#\# | tendril | /'tendral/ | n | $L ?>\mathrm{F}$ | a portion or the whole of a leaf or stem that is modified into a slender spirally coiling sensitive organ serving to attach a plant. | The tendril of the grapevine wrapped itself so tightly around the gate's lock that it was difficult to open the gate. |
| \#\#\#\# | tenebrific | /,tenə'brifik/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & L+E c f+ \\ & L>E c f \end{aligned}$ | causing gloom or darkness. | Tenebrific rain clouds overshadowed the entire region. |
| \#\#\#\# | tenebrosity | /,tenə'bräsəd.ē/ | n | L | darkness. | Nocturnal animals moved silently through the tenebrosity of the forest. |
| \#\#\#\# | ternary | /'tərnərē/ | adj | L | [has homonyms: ternery, turnery] containing, consisting of, or relating to three different parts (as elements, atoms, radicals, or components). | Dave listed sulfuric acid, which consists of hydrogen, sulfur, and oxygen, as an example of a ternary acid. |
| \#\#\#\# | terpsichorean | /,tərp,sikə'rēən/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to dancing or choreography. | Geoffrey is interested in the terpsichorean arts and wants to major in dance when he goes to college. |
| \#\#\#\# | terraceous | /,te'rāshəs/ | adj | L | made of earth : earthen. | Bulldozers hurriedly built up a terraceous dam to prevent further flooding. |
| \#\#\#\# | terrapin | /'terəpə̇n/ | n | Alg | any of various North American turtles living in fresh or brackish water. | Murray awoke from his lakeside nap to find a terrapin sunning on the blanket. |
| \#\#\#\# | terraqueous | /ter'ākwēəs/ | adj | L | consisting of land and water. | Global pollution threatens Earth's terraqueous environment. |
| \#\#\#\# | testaceous | /te'stāshəs/ | adj | L | having a shell. | The oyster is a testaceous marine animal. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO |  | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\# \# \# \#$ | tetrapodous | /te'trapədəs/ | adj | Gk +Gk | having four feet or walking appendages. |  |
| \#\#\#\# | thalassic | /thə'lasik/ | adj | Gk | of or relating to the sea or ocean. | Tetrapodous animals are usually referred to as |
| "quadrupeds." |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | Thyestean | /thī'estēən/ | adj | Gk name | cannibal. | The 1992 film about a Thyestean doctor known as "Hannibal the Cannibal" won five Academy Awards. |
| \#\#\#\# | tilak | /'tilək/ | n | Skt | an ornamental spot worn on the forehead chiefly by Hindus as a sectarian mark. | After three months of travel Lana returned home clad in a sari and wearing a tilak. |
| \#\#\#\# | timorously | /'tim(ə)rəslē/ | adv | L | in a manner showing fear or apprehension. | Pam timorously responded to her name and said that she had not finished her book report. |
| \#\#\#\# | tinnient | /'tinēənt/ | adj | L | having a clear or ringing quality. | Grandmother's old silver knives made a tinnient sound in the sink as we rinsed them after Thanksgiving dinner. |
| \#\#\#\# | titan | /'tīt ${ }^{\text {a }} \mathrm{n} /$ | n | Gk | [has homonym: tighten] one that stands out among others of a group especially for greatness of stature or achievement. | Frank Lloyd Wright was and is a titan in furniture design and architecture. |
| \#\#\#\# | toluene | /'tälyə,wēn/ | n | ISV | a liquid aromatic hydrocarbon that is used as a solvent, in organic synthesis, and as an antiknock agent in gasoline. | Toluene is used as a raw material for organic compounds such as TNT and some dyes and pharmaceuticals. |
| \#\#\#\# | tonitruous | /tə'nitrəwəs/ | adj | L + Ecf | thundering, fulminating. | The tonitruous artillery guns had been shelling the enemy positions for several hours. |
| \#\#\#\# | tonsillitis | /,tän(t)sə'līd.ə̇s/ | n | L | inflammation of the tonsils. | Dr. Graham treated Erica's tonsillitis with antibiotics. |
| \#\#\#\# | topography | /tə'pägrəfē/ | n | Gk | the art or practice of graphic delineation in detail usually on maps or charts of selected natural and man-made features of a region especially in a way to show their relative positions and elevations. | Identifying the enemy's rocket sites will require an expert in topography. |
| \#\#\#\# | toreador | /'tŏrēə,dŏ(ə)r/ | n | L > Sp | bullfighter. | The toreador posed for the crowd in his suit of lights. |
| \#\#\#\# | torero | /tə're(,)rō/ | n | $L>5 p$ | a bullfighter. | Pepe dreamed of being a famous torero like his uncle Luis. |
| \#\#\#\# | toreutics | /tə'rüd.iks/ | n pl | Gk | the art or process of working in metal especially by embossing or engraving. | Archaeological artifacts attest to the ancient Celts' excellence in toreutics. |
| \#\#\#\# | torporific | /,tŏ(r)pə'rifik/ | adj | L | producing mental or spiritual sluggishness or apathy. | Ben's allergy medicine had a torporific effect, robbing him of energy. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | torr | /'tŏ(ə)r/ | n | It name | [has homonyms: tor, tore] a unit of pressure equal to $1 / 760$ of an atmosphere and very nearly equal to the pressure of a column of mercury 1 millimeter high at 0 degrees Celsius and standard gravity. | Jill learned that 1 torr is an extremely small amount of pressure. |
| \#\#\#\# | torrone | /tə'rōnē/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\mathrm{Sp}> \\ & \mathrm{lt} \end{aligned}$ | a candy made of honey and almonds. | For the holidays the catalog offers a variety of Italian confections, including panettone and torrone. |
| \#\#\#\# | tortoni | /tǒ(r)'tōnē/ | n | It name | an ice cream made of heavy cream, minced almonds, chopped maraschino cherries, or other flavorings. | Tortoni is definitely not the dessert for someone on a low-fat, low-calorie diet. |
| \#\#\#\# | traineau | /trā'nō/ | n | F | [has near homonym: traineaux] sledge, sleigh. | During the winter, guests at the lodge are met at the station by a long, horse-drawn traineau. |
| \#\#\#\# | transcendental | /,tran,sen'dent¹ / | adj | L | extending or being beyond the limits of ordinary experience. | Edward's transcendental meditation guru also instructs him in yoga. |
| \#\#\#\# | transistor | /tran'zistə(r)/ | n | L | a tiny electronic device that amplifies, oscillates, or switches the flow of current. | If the transistor had not been invented, today's handheld electronic devices would not exist. |
| \#\#\#\# | transitory | /'tranzə,tōrē/ | adj | L | marked by the quality of passing away : evanescent, transient. | Last week's homily emphasized the transitory nature of material wealth. |
| \#\#\#\# | transmissible | $\begin{aligned} & \text { /tran(t)'smisəbəl } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | adj | L | capable of being sent or conveyed to another person or place. | Poison ivy is transmissible through the air to those who are very sensitive to it. |
| \#\#\#\# | transmittal | /tran(t)'smid. ${ }^{\text {² }}$ / | n | L | an act, process, or instance of giving or conveying (a disease or infection) to another person or organism. | Washing one's hands is an effective method of preventing the transmittal of germs. |
| \#\#\#\# | transposable | /tranz'pōzəbəl/ | adj | L | capable of being interchanged. | In the early 1950s geneticists discovered that transposable genes may change their position on the chromosome. |
| \#\#\#\# | treacle | /'trēkəl/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gk}>\mathrm{L}> \\ & \mathrm{F}>\mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | a blend of molasses, sugar, and corn syrup used as a table syrup. | Put a small amount of treacle or a bit of sugar on your porridge. |
| \#\#\#\# | tremolo | /'tremə,lō/ | n | L > It | a perceptible rapid variation of pitch in the voice especially in singing. | Tremolo in vocal music and vibrato in instrumental music are similar sound effects. |
| \#\#\#\# | trepak | /trə'päk/ | n | Russ | a fiery Ukrainian folk dance performed by men and featuring an extension of the legs alternately from a squatting position. | Olga's favorite characters in The Nutcracker are the Cossacks who dance the trepak. |
| \#\#\#\# | trespass | /'trespəs/ | v | $F>E$ | make an unwarranted or uninvited incursion. | The rock salt from farmer Brown's shotgun taught Wally a painful lesson: Don't trespass. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | triceratops | /trī'serə,täps/ | n | Gk | any animal or fossil of the huge herbivorous dinosaurs having a skull with two large horns above the eyes, a median horn on the nose, and a great bony hood or transverse crest over the neck. | Of all Angela's stuffed dinosaurs, the triceratops is her favorite. |
| \#\#\#\# | trichogenous | /,trə̇'käjənəs/ | adj | Gk | producing hair. | Trichogenous cells produce the tiny hairs on insect bodies and limbs. |
| \#\#\#\# | trichology | /trə̇'käləjē/ | n | Gk | the scientific study of hair. | Several experts in trichology manned booths at the cosmetology fair. |
| \#\#\#\# | trichotillomania | /,trikə,tilə'mānē ə/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gk + Gk } \\ & + \text { Gk } \end{aligned}$ | abnormal desire to pull out one's hair. | Susan has been diagnosed with trichotillomania, which explains her lack of eyebrows and eyelashes. |
| \#\#\#\# | trifecta | /trī'fektə/ | n | L + L | a betting pool in which the bettor must pick the first, second, and third finishers in a specified race or contest in the correct order. | Grandmother liked to bet the trifecta on her weekly visit to the racetrack. |
| \#\#\#\# | triquetra | /trī'kwētrə/ | n | L | a triangle-shaped figure or decoration. | Murray stenciled a leafy triquetra in each corner of the kitchen ceiling. |
| \#\#\#\# | triskaidekaphob ia | /,tri,skī,dekə'fōb ēə/ | n | Gk | fear of the number 13. | Because of his triskaidekaphobia, Alton called the front desk and asked to be moved from Room 1313. |
| \#\#\#\# | triste | /'trēst/ | adj | L > F > E | sad, dismal, dull, depressing. | A triste quartet could be heard from the window. |
| \#\#\#\# | trocheameter | /,träkē'aməd.ə(r )/ | n | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Gk? + } \\ & \text { Gk > E } \end{aligned}\right.$ | an instrument used to count the revolutions of a wheel. | According to the trocheameter attached to one of the wagon wheels, the wagon train had traveled 30 miles. |
| \#\#\#\# | troposphere | /'trōpə,sfi(ə)r/ | n | Gk | the portion of the mass of air around Earth that extends outward about seven to ten miles from Earth's surface. | The temperature of the troposphere decreases with altitude. |
| \#\#\#\# | truttaceous | /,trə'tāshəs/ | adj | L | of, relating to, or resembling a trout. | Truttaceous fish are highly esteemed as sport fish because of their spiritedness. |
| \#\#\#\# | trypanosomiasi <br> s | /trə̈'panəsō'mīəs ə̀s/ | n | Gk > L | an infectious disease spread by certain bloodsucking insects. | American trypanosomiasis occurs primarily in the Central and South American tropics. |
| \#\#\#\# | tutelage | /'t(y)üd. ${ }^{\text {¹ij/ }}$ | n | L | instruction; especially : individual instruction accompanied by close personal attention and a conscious attempt at guidance. | Evan made astounding progress under the tutelage of his new trumpet teacher. |
| \#\#\#\# | tyrannical | /ṫ̇'raṅ̇kəl/ | adj | Gk | exhibiting imperious and usually oppressive exercise of absolute power : despotic. | Patrick Henry spoke fervently about the urgent need to arrest the tyrannical hands of the British ministry and Parliament. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#\#\#\# | ubiquitous | /yü'bikwəd.əs/ | adj | L | existing or being everywhere at the same time : omnipresent. | The drum is a ubiquitous instrument in world music. |
| \#\#\#\# | ultramarine | /,əltrəmə'rēn/ | n | L | a vivid blue. | The ultramarine of Billy's eyes is enhanced by tinted contact lenses. |
| \#\#\#\# | ultraviolet | /,əltrə'vīələ̇t/ | adj | $\begin{aligned} & L+L>F \\ & >E \end{aligned}$ | situated beyond the visible spectrum at the violet end and having a wavelength shorter than visible light and longer than $X$ rays. | Arthur purchased sunglasses that provide some protection against ultraviolet radiation. |
| \#\#\#\# | umbilical | /,əm'bilə̇kəl/ | adj | L | attached by or as if by a cord arising at the navel that connects a fetus with the placenta. | Important medical research is being done with stem cells obtained from umbilical cords. |
| \#\#\#\# | umbrageous | /,əm'brājəs/ | adj | $L>F>E$ | providing protection from heat and light : shady. | Sherwood Forest was the umbrageous domain of the legendary Robin Hood and his outlaw band. |
| \#\#\#\# | undiscerned | /,ənḋ̀'sərnd/ | adj | Ecf + L | unseen. | Many circumstances had passed undiscerned, but the two latest occurrences were witnessed by several individuals. |
| \#\#\#\# | unlaureled | /,ən'lŏrəld/ | adj | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \text { Ecf }+\mathrm{L}> \\ \mathrm{F}>\mathrm{E}+ \\ \text { Ecf } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | having no acclaim or reward. | Philo T. Farnsworth, a pioneering researcher in television, went mainly unlaureled after selling the rights to his work. |
| \#\#\#\# | unmitigable | /ən'mid.ə̇gəbəl/ | adj | Ecf + L | not causing to make less severe, violent, cruel, intense, painful. | The traffic jam caused unmitigable anger and frustration in Mr. Nelson. |
| \#\#\#\# | unobtrusively | /,ənəb'trüsə̇vlē/ | adv | E + L | in a manner that is not blatant, immodest, or overly aggressive. | The Italian film had English subtitles placed unobtrusively near the bottom of the frame. |
| \#\#\#\# | unpersuadable | /,ənpə(r)'swādə bal/ | adj | L | not capable of being induced by argument, entreaty, or expostulation into some mental position : adamant. | Both the Mr. Knightleys were as unpersuadable on that matter as Emma. |
| \#\#\#\# | urceolate | /'ər,sēələ̇t/ | adj | L | shaped like an urn. | At the end of the drive stood a pair of urceolate boxwoods. |
| \#\#\#\# | urticant | /'ərd.ə̇kənt/ | adj | L | producing itching or stinging. | Strawberry nettles are notorious for their urticant effect on human skin. |
| \#\#\#\# | uveitis | /,yüvē'īd.̇̇s/ | n | L + Ecf | inflammation of the portion of the eye composed of the iris and ciliary body together with the choroid coat. | Uveitis in horses is sometimes called "moon blindness." |
| V |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#\#\#\# | valorous | /'valərəs/ | adj | L | brave, courageous. | Carrie's valorous behavior during the flood earned her a medal. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | vasodilator | /,vā(,)zō'dīılād.ə( r)/ | n | L | an agent (as a parasympathetic nerve fiber or a drug) that induces or initiates widening of the lumen of blood vessels. | Red wine contains tyramine, a vasodilator that can cause flushing and headaches. |
| \#\#\#\# | vassalage | /'vasəlij/ | n | $L>F>E$ | a position of subordination or submission (as to a political power or a detrimental influence). | After unifying China, Kublai Khan sent envoys to neighboring kingdoms, obliging them to accept vassalage. |
| \#\#\#\# | vaticination | /və,tis̊ ${ }^{\text {n'āshən/ }}$ | n | L | something foretold : prediction. | The doomsayer's woeful vaticination fell on deaf ears. |
| \#\#\#\# | vehemence | /'vēəmən(t)s/ | n | $L>F$ | the quality or state of being expressive of strong emotion or conviction. | Norm's impetuosity and vehemence of temper made him his own worst enemy. |
| \#\#\#\# | vellication | /,velə'kāshən/ | n | L | the act of twitching or of causing to twitch. | While dissecting a frog in biology class, Sam noticed vellication of the legs. |
| \#\#\#\# | velveteen | /,velvə'tēn/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & L>F>E \\ & + \text { Ecf } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | a clothing fabric usually of cotton in twill or plain weaves made with a short close weft pile in imitation of velvet. | Jenny can't wait to wear her holiday dress made of dark green velveteen. |
| \#\#\#\# | vendaval | /,vendə'val/ | n | $F>S p$ | an autumnal thundersquall on the coast of Mexico. | A recent vendaval damaged the banana grove. |
| \#\#\#\# | venire | /v̇̇'nīrē/ | n | L | an entire panel which is drawn for jury duty and from which a jury is to be selected. | On reporting for jury duty, Astrid was directed to join the venire in courtroom 17. |
| \#\#\#\# | venom | /'venəm/ | n | $L>F>E$ | poisonous matter normally secreted by some animals (as snakes, scorpions, or bees). | The snake's venom paralyzed its prey. |
| \#\#\#\# | ventilate | /'vent¹,āt/ | v | L | cause fresh air to circulate through and contaminated air to be simultaneously withdrawn from. | To ventilate her kitchen, Margo set a fan in the doorway and opened the windows. |
| \#\#\#\# | ventriloquist | /ven'trilə,kwə̇st/ | n | L | one who is skilled in the art of speaking in such a manner that the voice appears to come from some source other than the vocal organs of the speaker. | A ventriloquist entertained at Rebecca's birthday party. |
| \#\#\#\# | verbatim | /və(r)'bād.ə̇m/ | adv | L | word for word : in the same words. | Marcelle can recite the entire Gettysburg Address verbatim. |
| \#\#\#\# | verbena | /və(r)'bēnə/ | n | L | any of numerous garden plants that are widely cultivated for their showy spikes of white, pink, red, or blue flowers which are borne in profusion over a long season. | Marcy noticed tiny flower buds on her verbena in early April and anxiously awaited its full bloom. |
| \#\#\#\# | verbomania | /,vərbə'mānēə/ | n | L + Gk | excessive use of or obsession with words. | Frances was accused of verbomania by her classmates, who didn't understand why she liked to study spelling. |


| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | verboten | /və(r)'bōt${ }^{\text {² }}$ / | adj | G | forbidden; especially : prohibited by dictate. | Speaking English in the German language-immersion program is verboten. |
| \#\#\#\# | verdolaga | /,vərdə'lägə/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}>\mathrm{Ar}> \\ & \mathrm{Sp} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | an annual herb with fleshy leaves. | Latin American cooks use verdolaga in soups and salads. |
| \#\#\#\# | veridical | /v̇̇'ridȧkəl/ | adj | L | conforming to the truth : truthful. | The therapist tried to help the patient distinguish veridical perceptions from illusory ones. |
| \#\#\#\# | verisimilitude | /,verəsə̇'milə,tüd / | n | L + L | the quality or state of having the appearance of truth. | The artist's scrupulous attention to detail provided an impressive degree of verisimilitude. |
| \#\#\#\# | vermicelli | /,vərmə'selē/ | n | L > It | alimentary paste made in long thin solid strings smaller in diameter than spaghetti. | The restaurant's five-way chili started with a base of vermicelli. |
| \#\#\#\# | versus | /'vərsəs/ | prep | L | [has near homonym: verses] against. | The landmark court case "Brown versus Board of Education of Topeka" paved the way for school desegregation. |
| \#\#\#\# | verticil | /'vərd.ə,sil/ | n | L | a circle or whorl of similar body parts (as flowers about a point on an axis). | A verticil of flowers grew at the tip of the plant's stem. |
| \#\#\#\# | vesicant | /'vesə̇kənt/ | n | $L+E$ | an agent (as a drug or a plant substance) that induces blistering. | Brittany wore thick gloves in order to avoid contact with the vesicant. |
| \#\#\#\# | vespacide | /'vespa,sīd/ | n | L | one that kills wasps. | Mindy waved the can of vespacide threateningly at the nest of yellow jackets. |
| \#\#\#\# | vespertine | /'vespə(r),tīn/ | adj | L | setting with or just after the Sun. | Venus is the most prominent vespertine planet. |
| \#\#\#\# | vexillary | /'veksə,lerē/ | n | L | standard-bearer. | If the appointed vexillary fell in battle, it was the duty of the nearest soldier to rescue the standard. |
| \#\#\#\# | vicissitudes | /və'sisə,tüdz/ | n pl | L | fluctuations in condition (as of wealth, prosperity, or happiness). | One could not have imagined the extreme vicissitudes the Great Depression brought our nation's populace. |
| \#\#\#\# | vigneron | /,vēnyə'rōn/ | n | F | one who cultivates a vineyard and makes wine from the grapes. | The American vigneron was delighted that the French judges chose his wine as being among the world's best. |
| \#\#\#\# | vinaceous | /vī'nāshəs/ | adj | L | of the color wine red. | The vinaceous liquid in the three-foot-high bottle at the restaurant is not really wine. |
| \#\#\#\# | vindaloo | /'vində,lü/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{Pg}> \\ & \text { Indo-Pg } \\ & > \\ & \text { Konkani } \end{aligned}$ | a curried meat dish made with garlic and wine or vinegar. | Sweet chutney is a delicious counterpoint to spicy vindaloo. |
| \#\#\#\# | violaceous | /,vīə'lāshəs/ | adj | L | of the color violet. | The prism cast a violaceous band across Sally's face. |




| No. | Word | Pronunciation | POS | LOO | Definition | Sentence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#\#\#\# | zetetic | /zà'ted.ik/ | adj | Gk | proceeding by inquiry. | The class government has its own zetetic justice system. |
| \#\#\#\# | zillionaire | /'zilyə,na(a)(ə)r/ | n | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E}>\mathrm{L}>\mathrm{It} \\ & >\mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ | one whose wealth is of unspecified millions (as of dollars, pounds, or francs). | Nancy wants to start a software company and be a zillionaire, just like Bill Gates. |
| \#\#\#\# | zoomorphic | /,zōə'mŏrfik/ | adj | Gk > L | having an animal form that often conforms to a style of expression that is extreme in character, not true to the appearance of nature. | The Mayan ruins included altars carved with zoomorphic figures. |
| \#\#\#\# | zwieback | /'swē,bak/ | n | G | a usually sweetened bread enriched with eggs that is first prepared and baked and then sliced and toasted until dry and crisp. | Liza placed a slice of zwieback on the baby's tray. |
| \#\#\#\# | zymoscope | /'zīmə,skōp/ | n | Gk > ISV | an apparatus for determining the fermenting power of yeast by measuring the amount of carbon dioxide evolved from a given quantity of sugar. | The brewer used a zymoscope to assess the yeast varieties. |

