

# Xylophis deepaki

### Why in News

A tiny snake "Xylophis deepaki" has been named in honour of Indian herpetologist Deepak Veerappan for his contribution in erecting a new subfamily Xylophiinae to accommodate wood snakes.

• The common name suggested for the species is 'Deepak's wood snake'.



## **Key Points**

- About Xylophis deepaki:
  - It is a tiny snake of just 20 cm length with iridescent scales.
  - It was first found on a coconut plantation in Kanyakumari.
  - It is now reported to be an endemic species of Tamil Nadu and also been sighted in some parts of the southern Western Ghats.
    - It is found in the drier regions and in lower altitudes around Agasthyamalai hills.

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- About Xylophis:
  - It is a small genus of snakes in the family Pareidae.
  - It has five species, all of which are endemic to the Western Ghats in southern India.
    - **Five Species:** Xylophis Captaini, Xylophis deepaki, Xylophis Mosaicus, Xylophis Perroteri and Xylophis Stenorhynchus.
  - These five species constitute the **monotypic subfamily Xylophiinae.** 
    - They are the **only pareidae** snakes found in India and the only snakes in the family found outside Southeast Asia.
- About Wood Snakes:

- These are **harmless (non-venomous), sub-fossorial** and often found while digging soil in farms and under the logs in the **Western Ghat forests.**
- They feed on **earthworms** and possibly other **invertebrates.**
- Their close relatives are found in **Northeast India** and **Southeast Asia** and are known to be **arboreal** (living in trees).
- Related Information :
  - According to the <u>IUCN Red List</u> of Threatened Species, 12% of assessed snake species are listed as threatened and their populations are in decline.
  - Each year, 2.7 million people around the world suffer a serious snakebite envenomation. The World Health Organization (WHO) classified snakebite as a neglected tropical disease to reduce snakebite in developing countries.
  - Save The Snakes is a dedicated initiative exclusively for snake conservation and human-snake conflict mitigation.

### Agasthya Hills

- Agasthya hill is a 1,868-metre tall peak within Neyyar Wildlife Sanctuary, in the Western Ghats of Kerala. The peak lies on the border of Kerala and Tamil Nadu. This peak is a part of the Agasthyamala Biosphere Reserve.
- The peak is named after Hindu sage Agastya, who is considered to be one of the seven rishis (Saptarishi) of Hindu Puranas. It is a pilgrimage centre for devotees.
- The **Thamirabarani River** is a **perennial river** which originates from the eastern side of the range and flows into the Tirunelveli district of Tamil Nadu.
- Agasthyamala Biosphere Reserve is listed on <u>UNESCO World Network of Biosphere Reserves</u> (2016).

#### Source: TH

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