

Annual Paintbrush Castilleja minor ssp. minor Scrophulariaceae (Figwort Family)

Status: Red / Not Assessed

Best Survey Time: July to August

General Habitat: Wetland

RANGE

- In North America, found from south-central British Columbia to New Mexico and east to Texas (USA)
- In B.C., verified recently at six locations in the extreme southern portions of the Okanagan Valley
- One population near Hayne's Point along the west shore of Osoyoos Lake may have been extirpated

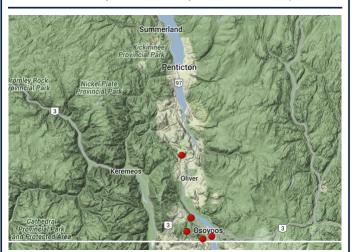


Figure 1 B.C. distribution of Castilleja minor ssp. minor (BC CDC 2013)

HABITAT

- Seasonally moist, sand-rich soils, usually with other tall plants in saline marshes and wet meadows near ponds and lakes in the Ponderosa Pine and Bunchgrass Biogeoclimatic Zones
- Associates include bulrushes (Schoenoplectus spp.), alkali saltgrass (Distichlis spicata) and spikerushes (Eleocharis spp.)



Figure 2 New population discovered in 2013 in wet meadow adjacent to Rattlesnake Lake near Oliver, B.C.



Figure 3 Saline wet meadow habitat near Mahoney Lake, B.C.

LIFE HISTORY

- Annual species that grows each year from seed, blooming from late June into autumn
- Plants die at the end of the growing season and seeds are released into seed bank
- Does not reproduce vegetatively, so population survival depends on seeds and seed bank
- Seed dispersal by water, waterfowl or small mammals
- May be subject to large annual population fluctuations due to varying environmental conditions

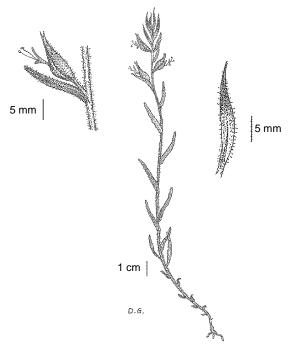


Figure 4 Illustration of Castilleja minor ssp. minor (Douglas et al. 2000)

Castilleja minor ssp. minor (continued)

DESCRIPTION

General

- Tall and narrow, glandular-hairy, annual plant
- Grows from small taproot to over 100 cm tall

Leaves

- Leaves arranged alternately along a mostly unbranched stem
- Leaves narrow and lance-shaped, 3 to 8 cm long, with tapering tips and smooth edges

Flowers

- Stalkless flowers arise at top of stem from axils of bracts (specialized leaves) forming a spike-like inflorescence; upper bracts much longer than flowers and with red or scarlet tips
- Flower corolla (petals) tubular and yellowish, 15 to 25 mm in length, with 2 lips: top lip 5 to 7 mm long and blunt, overarching the 1 to 3 mm lower lip
- Calyx (sepals) green, 15 to 20 mm long, and divided into 2 lobes, which are further divided into 2 sharp segments

Fruits

- 10 to 18 mm long capsules are produced each containing many tiny seeds
- Seed-coats loose and net-veined



Figure 5 Close up of red-tipped bracts at tops of tall, narrow plants

IDENTIFICATION TIPS

- Characterized by its height and thin stature, bright red bracts, and glandular-hairy stems and leaves
- Its flower structure is characteristic of genus Castilleja; however, no other wetland plant resembles this species
- Due to its narrow stature, it is often hidden amongst taller vegetation and may be difficult to locate in dense stands of associated plants



Figure 6 Red-tipped bracts are visible in dense tall vegetation

GENERAL THREATS AND GUIDANCE

- Avoid development in areas with known occurrences of Castilleja minor ssp. minor through project relocation or redesign
- Protect saline marshes and wet meadows near ponds/lakes from disturbance and development, including exclusion of livestock and ATVs through fencing, and consider restoration including invasive plant removal following professional advice
- Ensure roadside maintenance activities do not disturb this species and its habitat
- Provincial methods for when and how to conduct rare plant surveys, as well as guidance on mitigation measures for this species can be found in Guidance for Plant Species at Risk in the Okanagan: Foreshore, Riparian & Wetland Developments
- Report any sightings to the BC Conservation Data Centre (cdcdata@gov.bc.ca) and MFLNRO Ecosystems Section (josie.symonds@gov.bc.ca)

REFERENCES

BC Conservation Data Centre, 2013.

http://a100.gov.bc.ca/pub/eswp/

Douglas et al. (editors). 2000. Illustrated Flora of British Columbia. Vol. 5. BC Min. Environ., Lands and Parks, and Min. For., Victoria, B.C.

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