

Conservation Action Plan

Border mallee (Eucalyptus microcodon)

This plan has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of s.78C of the National Parks and Wildlife Regulation 2019 (Reg.) in relation to an Asset of Intergenerational Significance (AIS) as declared under s.153G of the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974*.

Site details

AIS site	AIS-E0-034
Site location	An area of 344 hectares in Border Ranges National Park
NPWS contact	Project Officer, Threatened Species, North Coast Branch

Environmental values

This table sets out the environmental values for which the land was listed as an AIS (Reg. 78C(3)(a)).

Identified value(s)	Value description
Important habitat for Border mallee	The endangered border mallee is a multi stemmed mallee with smooth stems and white, pale grey or pale brown bark that sheds in long ribbons. The border mallee is restricted in NSW to Mount Glennie in Border Ranges National Park. This site is critical for the survival of this species as it is the only known extant population of the species in NSW.

Key risks to environmental values

This table sets out the key risks to the environmental values of the land (Reg. 78C(3)(b)).

Key risk(s)	Description	
Inappropriate fire regimes	Inappropriate fire frequency and intensity that kills sub-adult plants and limits recruitment may lead to a decline or extinction of the border mallee population at the site.	
	This risk is exacerbated by the restricted distribution and small population size.	
Anthropogenic climate change	Changes to weather patterns and climatic conditions as a result of anthropogenic climate change that increases the frequency, intensity or extent of fire may exceed the adaptive capacity and reduce survivorship of border mallee at the site. This risk is exacerbated by the restricted distribution and small population size.	

Conservation activities

This table sets out the conservation activities required to:

- 1. Control, abate or mitigate the key risks and
- 2. maintain, restore and remediate the environmental values of the land (Reg. 78C(3)(c)).

Key risk(s)	Impacted site(s)	Conservation activities
Inappropriate fire regimes	All sites	 Develop guidance on the appropriate fire management for the habitat of the Border Mallee within 12 months of adoption of this plan and update as required. This guidance must provide for:
		 maintenance of the appropriate fire regimes by developing and implementing a site-specific burn plan for the declared areas. implementation of any required fire protection and response measures in the declared areas integration of site-specific requirements into NPWS and NSW Government bushfire planning, risk management and operational response arrangements.
		 Implement fire management consistent with the guidance.
All risks	All sites	 Maintain ex-situ seedbank from a genetically representative sample of the population. If required, augment the existing population or establish a new population with ex-situ material.

Other land management activities

Within the declared land there are existing assets and infrastructure of NPWS and other external service providers, including public utilities.

Maintenance operations (including inspection, emergency works and routine and standard maintenance) that are exempt development in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, and which are performed on and around existing assets and infrastructure, are authorised under this conservation action plan (CAP) provided such

operations are undertaken in a manner that aims to minimise the risk to the declared environmental values of the land and with any other required consents or approvals.

All maintenance operations on the declared land are to be undertaken in accordance with this CAP.

Measuring and reporting

This table sets out the requirements for measuring and reporting on health and condition (Reg. 78C(3)(d)).

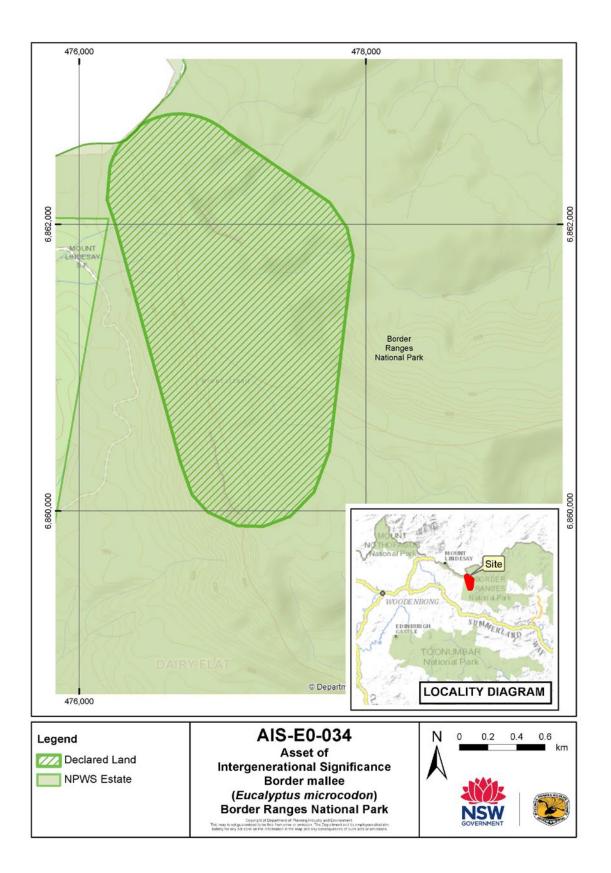
Attribute	Metric	Method
Health and condition of the Border mallee population	Population estimate	Design, and implement every five years, monitoring to generate an estimate of the number of mature plants and seedlings in the population.
	Reproductive success / recruitment	Design and implement every three years, monitoring to generate an estimate of border mallee recruitment at the site.

A report on the health and condition of the value for which this AIS was declared will be prepared and published on the Department of Planning and Environment website: <u>www.environment.nsw.gov.au</u>. The report will summarise the baseline and current health and condition of the values of the declared land and its overall trajectory.

Evaluation of conservation action plans

This CAP will be amended or replaced as new information becomes available that helps improve our management of the identified asset (Reg. 78H).

The Secretary must appoint a scientist, or a panel of scientists, to conduct a review, as soon as possible after the period of five years from the first approval of a CAP, to examine whether CAPs have been effectively implemented (Reg. 78J(1)).



Border mallee (*Eucalyptus microcodon*) Conservation Action Plan

Date prepared	August 2022
Date approved	17 December 2022
Approved by	Atticus Fleming, Acting Coordinator General, Environment and Heritage
Due for review	August 2027

Environment and Heritage, Department of Planning and Environment, Locked Bag 5022, Parramatta NSW 2124 Phone: 1300 361 967; email: <u>info@environment.nsw.gov.au</u>; <u>www.environment.nsw.gov.au</u> ISBN 978-1-922975-14-0; EHG 2023/0020; January 2023.