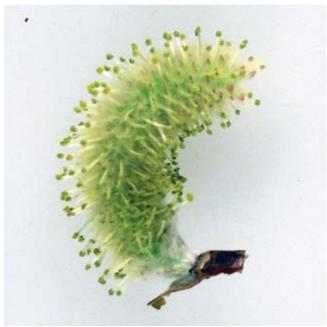
## Salix sachalinensis × S. miyabeana 'Canastota'



The State University of New York College of Environmental Science and Forestry (SUNY-ESF) presents 'Canastota' shrub willow from their willow breeding program. 'Canastota' is a high-yielding shrub willow that is disease resistant, produces multiple small stems, and is aesthetically appealing. It is well suited for biomass plantings, privacy hedges, snowfences, and ornamental plantings.









Photos by Laura Wayne and Kimberly Cameron

## Salix sachalinensis × S. miyabeana 'Canastota'



Botanical Name: Salix sachalinensis × S. miyabeana 'Canastota'

(Family: Salicaceae) U.S. Plant Patent 17,724

issued May 15, 2007

Hardiness: U.S.D.A. Zones 4 - 6

**Development:** 'Canastota' was produced through controlled willow breeding in 1999 as part of a research project to produce new willow cultivars that generate high biomass yields on a variety of sites, display resistance to diseases and pests, and possess agronomic traits suitable for mechanical planting, harvesting, and post-harvest processing. 'Canastota' was produced by crossing *Salix sachalinensis* 'SX61' with *S. miyabeana* 'SX64'.

**Significance:** 'Canastota' is a shrub willow cultivar displaying exceptionally rapid growth, producing greater than 15% more woody biomass than its parent ('SX61') in a selection trial, with low incidence of rust disease or damage by beetle or sawfly. Woody stems can be harvested every three to four years, and new shoots will re-sprout the following season. Repeated harvesting of shrub willow plantations can be sustained for at least 15 years.

## **Description:**

**Height and Width:** 15-20 feet tall, 3-5 foot crown spread at 3 years when grown at 2 x 3 foot spacing.

**Habit:** Fast-growing, upright, deciduous shrub with multiple small-diameter, vertical stems.

**Foliage:** Green oblong leaves, typically 3.5-5 inches long, 0.5-1 inches wide, with foliage April through October in Zone 5.

**Bark:** Grey-orange when young, turning yellow-green with slightly cracked bark with age; dark red dormant buds in winter.

**Flowers:** Male, early spring. **Seeds:** No seeds produced.

**Culture:** Adaptable to a wide range of soil and moisture conditions. Prefers maximum sunlight.

**Propagation:** Roots easily from dormant stem cuttings.

**Uses:** Excellent for bioenergy plantations, living snowfences, privacy hedges, and ornamental plantings.

**Availability:** Available from Double A Willow (**www.doubleawillow.com**) beginning Spring 2007.

For information on the SUNY-ESF Willow Biomass Program go to www.esf.edu/willow.

Fact sheet prepared by Kimberly Cameron, Lawrence Smart, Timothy Volk, and Lawrence Abrahamson.

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