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# THE AENEID, OF VIRGIL WITH A TRANSLATION BY 

 CHARLES J. BILLSON, M.A. CORPUS CHRISTI COLLEGE, OXFORDIN TWO VOLUMES

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LONDON: EDWARD ARNOLD 41 \& 43 MADDOX STREET, BOND STREET, W.
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## DEDICATED

## TO MY DAUGHTER

## CAMILLA

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## ERRATA

VOL. I.
Page 23, line 343, for "Sichaeus" read "Sychaeus."

$n$ 157, lines 70, 71, read
" A heedless doe some swain in Cretan glens Hath pierced from far, and left the flying steel."
" 171, line 301, for "Thyad" read"Thyiad."
" 217, " 298, ""Acharnanian" " "Acarnanian.
" 247, " 826, " "Thetys" " "Thetis."
n 267, „ 219, " "annoint" "" anoint."
" 303, " 805, " "Nyrsa's" " "Nysa's."

Musa, mihi causas memora, quo numine laeso, Quidve dolens, regina deum tot volvere casus Insignem pietate virum, tot adire labores
Inpulerit. Tantaene animis caelestibus irae?
Urbs antiqua fuit, Tyrii tenuere coloni, Karthago, Italiam contra Tiberinaque longe Ostia, dives opum studiisque asperrima belli; Quam Iuno fertur terris magis omnibus unam Posthabita coluisse Samo; hic illius arma, Hic currus fuit ; hoc regnum dea gentibus esse, Si qua fata sinant, iam tum tenditque fovetque. Progeniem sed enim Troiano a sanguine duci Audierat, Tyrias olim quae verteret arces;

- Hinc populum late regem belloque superbum Venturum excidio Libyae : sic volvere Parcas. Id metuens veterisque memor Saturnia belli, Primá quod ad Troiam pro caris gesserat ArgisNecdum etiam causae irarum saevique dolores
Exciderant animo : manet alta mente repostum Iudicium Paridis spretaeque iniuria formae, Et genus invisum, et rapti Ganymedis honores : His accensa super iactatos aequore toto Troas, reliquias Danaum atque inmitis Achilli,
Arcebat longe Latio, multosque per annos Errabant, acti fatis, maria omnia circum. Tantae molis erat Romanam condere gentem. RMS and the MAN I sing, who first from Troy, A Doom-led exile, on Lavinian shores Reached Italy ; long tossed on sea and land By Heaven's rude arm, through Juno's brooding ire, And war-worn long ere building for his Gods
A Home in Latium : whence the Latin race,
The Lords of Alba, and high-towering Rome.
Tell, Muse, the cause ; how pained, how foiled in Will, The Queen of Gods drove one whom Virtue crowned Such toils to approach, and compass all that woe.
Can Heavenly hearts so unrelenting prove?
An ancient town, by Tyrian settlers held, Far off faced Italy and Tiber mouth, Carthage, well-dowered, and schooled in roughest war. Before all lands, men say, 'twas Juno's haunt, Before e'en Samos. There her chariot stood; There hung her arms; there, ifino Fates forbade, She planned e'en then and nursed a world-wide Throne. But fame had reached her that a race was sprung From Trojan blood, her Tyrian towers to strew ;
From whom a sovran People, proud in arms, Should come to Libya's bane ; so rolled the Doom. Fraught with ch fear, and that remembered feud Once for dear Argos she had waged at Troy ;Though still the smart remained, still deep at heart
Saturnia nursed the Judgment Paris gave, Her beauty's cruel slight, the race abhorred, The honours paid to Heaven-rapt Ganymede ;Thus more inflamed, from Latium far she kept, Tossed o'er all wâves, the Trojans left by Greeks, Achilles' leavings, and for many a year From sea to séa they wandered, pushed by Fate: Such work was wrought to build the Roman Race!

Vix e conspectu Siculae telluris in altum Vela dabant laeti, et spumas salis aere ruebant,
Cum Iuno, aeternum servans sub pectore volnus, Haec secum : Mene incepto desistere victam, Nec posse Italia Teucrorum avertere regem ? Quippe vetor fatis. Pallasne exurere classem Argivom atque ipsos potuit submergere ponto, Unius ob noxam, et furias Aiacis Oilei? Ipsa, Iovis rapidum iaculata e nubibus ignem, Disiecitque rates evertitque aequora ventis, Illum exspirantem transfixo pectore flammas Turbine corripuit scopuloque infixit acuto; Ast ego, quae divom incedo regina, Iovisque Et soror et coniunx, una cum gente tot annos Bella gero. Et quisquam numen Iunonis adorat Praeterea, aut supplex aris imponit honorem?

Talia flammato secum dea corde volutans
Nimborum in patriam, loca feta furentibus austris, Aeoliam venit. Hic vasto rex Aeolus antro
Luctantes ventos tempestatesque sonoras Imperio premit ac vinclis et carcere frenat.
Illi indignantes magno cum murmure montis
Circum claustra fremunt ; celsa sedet Aeolus arce Sceptra tenens, mollitque animos et temperat iras ; Ni faciat, maria ac terras caelumque profundum Quippe ferant rapidi secum verrantque per auras. Sed pater omnipotens speluncis abdidit atris,
Hoc metuens, molemque et montes insuper altos Imposuit, regemque dedit, qui foedere certo Et premere et laxas sciret dare iussus habenas. Ad quem tum Iuno supplex his vocibus usa est :

Aeole, namque tibi divom Pater atque hominum rex Et mulcere dedit fluctus et tollere vento,

Scarce beyond sight of Sicily, they spread All sail, and merry cut the salt sea foam,
When Juno, nursing deep the undying wound,
Thus to herselfi: "Am I to own defeat ?
Not turn from Italy this Prince of Troy?
The Fates forbid me! Could not Pallas burn The Argives' fleet, and drown them in the deep,
For one man's guilt, the madness Ajax wrought ? She, from the clouds down-flinging Jove's own fire,
Shattered their ships, and blew the waters high, Him caught in whirlwind, and his cloven breast Fixed on the pointed rock, outbreathing flames.
Yet I, Jove's Wife and Sister, I who move The Queen of Gods, so many years make war On one poor race! Henceforth shall any bow To Juno, or lay tribute on her shrines?"

So mused her burning spirit, while she sought
The Storm Land, where the raging South is born, Aeolia. Here King Aeolus commands In cavern vast the loud unruly gales, Bridled with chains and bondage, and they roar Indignant round their bars, till all the mount
Howls discord. Throned on high, with sceptered hand, He soothes their spirit, and controls their rage,Else would those raiding coursers sweep away Seas, earth, and heaven's profound ; but, fearing this, The Almighty Father hid them in dark caves,
And piled above them high the mountains' mass, And gave a King, whose chartered rule might know To draw the reins, or loose them, at His word; Whom Juno then, imploring, thus addressed :
"Aeolus, to thee Heaven's Sire and all men's King, To smooth the waves gave charge, the storm to raise.

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Gens inimica mihi Tyrrhenum navigat aequor, Ilium in Italiam portans victosque Penates: Incute vim ventis submersasque obrue puppes, Aut age diversos et disiice corpora ponto.
Sunt mihi bis septem praestanti corpore Nymphae,
Quarum quae forma pulcherrima Deiopea,
Conubio iungam stabili propriamque dicabo,
Omnes ut tecum meritis pro talibus annos
Exigat et pulchra faciat te prole parentem.

Aeolus haec contra: Tuus, o regina, quid optes Explorare labor ; mihi iussa capessere fas est. Tu mihi, quodcumque hoc regni, tu sceptra Iovemque Concilias, tu das epulis accumbere divom, Nimborumque facis tempestatumque potentem.

Haec ubi dicta, cavum conversa cuspide montem Inpulit in latus: ac venti, velut agmine facto, Qua data porta, ruunt et terras turbine perflant. Incubuere mari, totumque a sedibus imis Una Eurusque Notusque ruunt creberque procellis Africus, et vastos volvunt ad litora fluctus. Insequitur clamorque virum stridorque rudentum. Eripiunt subito nubes caelumquediemque Teucrorum ex oculis; ponto nox incubat atra. Intonuere poli, et crebris micat ignibus aether, Praesentemque viris intentant omnia mortem. Extemplo Aeneae solvuntur frigore membra; Ingemit, et duplices tendens ad sidera palmas Talia voce refert : O terque quaterque beati, Quis ante ora patrum Troiae sub moenibus altis Contigit oppetere! o Danaum fortissime gentis Tydide! mene Iliacis occumbere campis Non potuisse tuaque animam hanc effundere dextra, Saevus ubi Aeacidae telo iacet Hector, ubi ingens

A race I love not sail the Tyrrhene Sea, Bearing to Italy Troy's vanquished Gods. Wing all thy Winds with rage! Submerge their ships ! Or widely scattering strew with dead the main!
Twice seven young Nymphs are mine, of faultless form,
Whose fairest, Deiopea, I will join
In wedding bands, and make her all thine own, To live thy life with thee, and make thee sire Ofi beauteous offspring, for such service done."

Then Aeolus: "Thine is the task, O Queen, To choose thy wish, my duty to obey! My realm thou gain'st me, and the grace of Jove; Thou grantest me with the high Gods to feast, To bear dominion over cloud and storm."

This said, he smote the hollow mountain's side With spear reverse, and where a door is given The embattled winds rush out, and scour the land. Down-swooping on the sea, East Wind and South, With Afric's squally blast, the deep abyss
Together rend, and roll vast waves to shore.
The seamen shout ; the cordage screams aloft.
A sudden cloud has snatched from Trojan eyes
Daylight and sky. Black Night invests the sea.
The thunder rolls; the incessant lightnings flash;
And Death stares instant from all sides on all.
Aeneas' limbs relax with sudden chill.
Lifting his palms to Heaven and moaning sore, Aloud he cries: "Thrice, four times happy, they Whom under Troy's high wall their fathers saw
Die happy deaths! O bravest of the Greeks, Tydides! might I but have fallen, my life Yielding to thy right hand, on Ilium's plain, Where Hector by Achilles' spear, where tall


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Sarpedon fell, where Simois rolls deep
Such shields and helms and bodies of the brave!"
While yet he cries, the shrieking Northern storm Strikes back the sail, and heavenward lifts the surge. Oars snap : the prow swings off, and gives the sea The ship's broad side ; down breaks a mount of brine. Some hang on the wave's crest; some see the floor 'Twixt gaping seas; the surges seethe with sand. Three ships the South Wind hurls on ambushed rocks, Rocks named by Latins "Altars," in mid main Bristling immense ; three more on shoals and banks
The East drives landward, piteous to be seen!
And strikes ashore, and heaps them round with sand. One, leal Orontes' and the Lycians' bark, Before Aeneas' eyes, a huge sea smites
Down on her stern. The helmsman, wrenched away
Rolls headlong: but the eddy round and round Thrice spins the ship, and gulfs her in the flood.
Rare show some swimming in the vasty race.
Arms, planks, and Trojan treasures strew the waves. Ilioneus' and bold Achates' ships,
Those which bore Abas and Aletes old, Yield to the storm ; their loosened joints admit The ruinous deluge through each gaping chink.

Meanwhile the discord of the boiling sea, The Storm let loose, the watery deeps up-cast,
Neptune perceived, and, gravely moved, looked forth, Lifting above the wave his tranquil brow. Strewn o'er the sea he saw Aeneas' fleet, He saw the Trojans spent with wind and wave, Nor did he not perceive his sister's guile.
East Wind and West he summons and bespeaks :

Tantane vos generis tenuit fiducia vestri ?
Iam caelum terramque meo sine numine, Venti, Miscere, et tantas audetis tollere moles ?
Quos ego -! Sed motos praestat conponere fluctus.
Post mihi non simili poena commissa luetis.
Maturate fugam, regique haec dicite vestro :
Non illi imperium pelagi saevumque tridentem,
Sed mihi sorte datum. Tenet ille inmania saxa, Vestras, Eure, domos; illa se iactet in aula
Aeolus, et clauso ventorum carcere regnet.
Sic ait, et dicto citius tumida aequora placat,
Collectasque fugat nubes solemque reducit.
Cymothoe simul et Triton adnixus acuto
Detrudunt naves scopulo; levat ipse tridenti ;
Et vastas aperit Syrtes, et temperat aequor,
A tque rotis summas levibus perlabitur undas.
Ac veluti magno in populo cum saepe coorta est Seditio, saevitque animis ignobile volgus,
Iamque faces et saxa volant (furor arma ministrat) ;
Tum, pietate gravem ac meritis si forte virum quem
Conspexere, silent, arrectisque auribus adstant ;
Ille regit dictis animos, et pectora mulcet ;
Sic cunctus pelagi cecidit fragor, aequora postquam
Prospiciens genitor caeloque invectus aperto
Flectit equos curruque volans dat lora secundo.
Defessi Aeneadae, quae proxuma litora, cursu Contendunt petere, et Libyae vertuntur ad oras. Est in secessu longo locus : insula portum Efficit obiectu laterum, quibus omnis ab alto Frangitur inque sinus scindit sese unda reductos; Hinc atque hinc vastae rupes geminique minantur In caelum scopuli, quorum sub vertice late Aequora tuta silent; tum silvis scaena coruscis
" What pride of iancestry hath swoll'n you thus, That heaven and earth you now confound, and raise Turmoil so wild, ye Winds, without my will ? Whom I-but first to smooth the troubled waves.
Not thus again shall you atone your deeds!
Speed instant back ! and tell your King, not his
The Sea's dominion and the Trident stern,
But mine by lot. The craggy halls are his,
Eurus, where ye are lodged : there let him vaunt,
There let him reign, with all his Winds immured !"
More swift than speech, he calms the swollen flood, Chases the gathered clouds, brings back the sun. Cymothoe and Triton, from the rock
Thrust off the ships, by his own trident raised;
He channels the great Sands, the water smoothes, And skims with printless wheels the level sea. As when in some great concourse often springs A tumult, and the rabble herd grow fierce, Till stones and torches fly, the arms of rage, -
If then a man revered for worth and work Face them, they listen, hush'd, with straining ears ; He governs them with words, and cools their heat. So fell all Ocean's uproar, since the Sire Looked o'er his waves, and gave his team the rein, Speeding in cloudless blue his easy car.

The o'erlaboured Trojans, straining now to gain What coast lies nearest, turn to Libya's shore. There lies a haven in a creek retired, Made by an island's arms, on which the sea 160
Breaks, and deep inlets hold the parted wave. On either hand two peaks of towering rock Menace the sky, and underneath wide-spread Sleeps the safe pool, o'er which a scene impends

Desuper horrentique atrum nemus imminet umbra;
Fronte sub adversa scopulis pendentibus antrum,
Intus aquae dulces vivoque sedilia saxo,
Nympharum domus: hic fessas non vincula naves
Ulla tenent, unco non alligat ancora morsu.
Huc septem Aeneas. collectis navibus omni
Ex numero subit ; ac magno telluris amore
Egressi optata potiuntur'Troes harena
Et sale tabentes artus in litore ponunt.
Ac primum silici scintillam excudit Achates
Succepitque ignem foliis atque arida circum
Nutrimenta dedit rapuitque in fomite flammam.
Tum Cererem corruptam undis Cerealiaque arma
Expediunt fessi rerum, frugesque receptas
Et torrere parant flammis et frangere saxo.
Aeneas scopulum interea conscendit et omnem
Prospectum late pelago petit, Anthea si quem Iactatum vento videat Phrygiasque biremes, Aut Capyn, aut celsis in puppibus arma Caici. Navem in conspectu nullam, tres litore cervos Prospicit errantes; hos tota armenta sequuntur
A tergo, et longum per valles pascitur agmen. Constitit hic, arcumque manu celeresque sagittas Corripuit, fidus quae tela gerebat Achates, Ductoresque ipsos primum, capita alta ferentes Cornibus arboreis, sternit, tum volgus, et omnem Miscet agens telis nemora inter frondea turbam ; Nec prius absistit, quam septem ingentia victor Corpora fundat humi et numerum cum navibus aequet. Hinc portum petit, et socios partitur in omnes. Vina bonus quae deinde cadis onerarat Acestes Litore Trinacrio dederatque abeuntibus heros, Dividit, et dictis maerentia pectora mulcet :

Ofishimmering woodland, crowned by forest gloom.
Under the fronting bluff, a. rock-hung cave, With seats of living stone, and waters sweet,
A Sea-Nymphs' home; where the wave-weary bark
Needs not the cable, nor the anchor's tooth.
Here, with seven ships, the relics of his fleet,
Aeneas steers, and Trojans, sick for land,
Leap out at last, and gain the dreamed-of shore,
And on the sand their briny limbs repose.
And first from flint Achates struck a spark,
And caught in leaves, and with dry timber nursed
The flame, and fanned the fuel to a blaze.
Then Ceres' sea-sad grain, and Ceres' arms
They bring, world-wearied, and bestir themselves
To bake and bray with stones their rescued meal.
Meanwhile Aeneas climbs a rock, and scans
All the wide sea, to spy, ifispy he may,
Antheus storm-toss'd, or Capys, or the arms
High on Caicus' stern, or Phrygian sloops.
No ships in sight, but roaming on the land
Three stags he saw ; behind them all the deer,
In one long file, go browsing down the dales.
He paused ; he seized the bow and flying shafts
Which leal Achates bore, and first laid low
The leaders of the herd, who proud bore up
Their branching heads, then aimed the crowd entire, 190
And drove into the glens their broken ranks;
Nor stayed, till seven huge bodies on the ground,-
To match his tale of iships, - the Victor stretched.
Who sought the haven, and divided all,
And shared the wine, which on Trinacria's beach
Acestes gave, a hero's parting boon,
Then thus with words their languish'd hearts consoled :

O socii,—neque enim ignari sumus ante malorumO passi graviora, dabit deus his quoque finem. Vos et Scyllaeam rabiem penitusque sonantes
Accestis scopulos, vos et Cyclopia saxa
Experti : revocate animos, maestumque timorem Mittite : forsan et haec olim meminisse iuvabit.
Per varios casus, per tot discrimina rerum
Tendimus in Latium, sedes ubi fata quietas
Ostendunt ; illic fas regna resurgere Troiae.
'Durate, et vosmet rebus servate secundis.
Talia yoce refert, curisque ingentibus aeger Spem voltu simulat, premit altum corde dolorem. Illi se praedae accingunt dapibusque futuris:
Tergora deripiunt costis et viscera nudant ; Pars in frusta secant veribusque trementia figunt ; Litore aena locant alii, flammasque ministrant. Tum victu revocant vires, fusique per herbam
Inplentur veteris Bacchi pinguisque ferinae.
Postquam exempta fames epulis mensaeque remotae, Amissos longo socios sermone requirunt, Spemque metumque inter dubii, seu vivere credant, Sive extrema pati nec iam exaudire vocatos.
Praecipue pius Aeneas nunc acris Oronti,
Nunc Amyci casum gemit et crudelia secum
Fata Lyci, fortemque Gyan, fortemque Cloanthum.
Et iam finis erat, cum Iuppiter aethere summo Despiciens mare velivolum terrasque iacentes Litoraque et latos populos, sic vertice caeli Constitit et Libyae defixit lumina regnis. Atque illum tales iactantem pectore curas Tristior et lacrimis oculos suffusa nitentes Adloquitur Venus: O qui res hominumque deumque Aeternis regis imperiis, et fulmine terres,
"Co-mates,-for troubles we have known before,-
O worse beset! these too some God will end!
Ye braved wild Scylla, and the rocks that roar
200
Through all their fissures, and the Cyclops' den Ye entered. Cheer your hearts! Abandon fear!
To recollect even this may yet be sweet.
Through many a danger, many a chance and change,
We tend to Latium, where the Gods assure
Peace, and the realm of Troy again shall rise.
Endure ! and keep yourselves for happy days !"
Such words he spake; and, pained with anxious thought Masked under hopeful looks his heart-felt care.
They, hungry for the feast, prepare their prey,
Strip hide from ribs, and bare the inward meat.
Part carve and broach with spits the quivering flesh;
Part fix the brazen pans, and ply the flame.
Then, stretched on grass, recalling strength with food,
Ofi venison and of wine they take their fill;
Till, hunger stayed, they move the boards, and long
In anxious converse mourn their comrades lost,
'Twixt hope and fear surmising ifi they live,
Or lie at rest, and hear no voice that calls.
But good Aeneas mourns at heart the most
For Amycus, Orontes, and sad-starred
Lycus, brave Gyas and Cloanthus brave.
Now came the close, when Jupiter looked down
Over the sail-flecked sea, the lands outspread,
The shores, the peoples wide, and on Heaven's crest
Paused, and his downward gaze on Libya fixed. Him then, thus pondering many an anxious thought, Sadly, with tear-drops in her shining eyes, Venus bespake : "Dread King of Gods and men, Regent ofirule eterne, the Thunder's Lord!

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What wrong can my Aeneas or Troy's sons
Have done thee, that to them, so scourged by Death, For Italy's sole sake, all lands are barred ?
Firm was thy promise, Sire, that circling years
From Troy's replenished blood at last should raise
Romans, commanders, ruling sea and land With sway imperial. What hath changed thy plan?
That pledge consoled me, weighing Doom with Doom, For Troy's sad ruin ; yet a woe not less
Still dogs the suffering heroes: O Supreme!
Where wilt thou place the limit of their pain?
Antenor, scaping through the Achaean hosts,
Might thread Illyrian bays, and make unharmed
Remote Liburnia and Timavus' fount,
Where through nine mouths, out of the roaring rock,
Spouts the loud sea, and drowns the furrowed field.
Yet there he built Patavium, gave a home,
A name to Trojans, hung up arms of Troy,
And now in happy quiet slumbers well.
But we, thy seed, to whom high Heaven thou giv'st,
Our ships all lost, for one heart's spite betrayed,
Far from Italian shores are sundered still.
Is this faith's meed ? Is this our crown restored ?"
On her the Sire of Men and Gods looked down, Smiling as when he calms the fretful sky;
He gently kissed his daughter's lips, and said :
" Fear not, sweet Venus! Know, thy people's doom
Stands changeless : thou shalt see thy promised town,
Lavinium's walls, and bear to Heaven sublime
Great-souled Aeneas. Nought hath changed my plan. 260
Know,-since this trouble gnaws thee, I will speak
More fully, and unroll the leaves of Fate,-
Long shall he fight in Italy, subdue
Fierce tribes, and in wall'd cities school his men,

Tertia dum Latio regnantem viderit aestas,
Ternaque transierint Rutulis hiberna subactis.
At puer Ascanius, cui nunc cognomen Iulo Additur,-Ilus erat, dum res stetit Ilia regno-
Triginta magnos volvendis mensibus orbes
Imperio explebit, regnumque ab sede Lavini
Transferet, et Longam multa vi muniet Albam.
Hic iam ter centum totos regnabitur annos
Gente sub Hectorea, donec regina sacerdos
Marte gravis geminam partu dabit Ilia prolem.
Inde lupae fulvo nutricis tegmine laetus
Romulus excipiet gentem, et Mavortia condet Moenia Romanosque suo de nomine dicet. His ego nec metas rerum nec tempora pono;
Imperium sine fine dedi. Quin aspera Iuno,
Quae mare nunc terrasque metu caelumque fatigat,
Consilia in melius referet, mecumque fovebit Romanos, rerum dominos, gentemque togatam. Sic plaçitum. Veniet lustris labentibus aetas, Cum domus Assaraci Phthiam clarasque Mycenas Servitio premet ac victis dominabitur Argis.
Nascetur pulchra Troianus origine Caesar, Imperium Oceano, famam qui terminet astris, Iulius, a magno demissum nomen Iulo. Hunc tu olim caelo, spoliis Orientis onustum, Accipies secura; vocabitur hic quoque votis. Aspera tum positis mitescent saecula bellis; Cana Fides, et Vesta, Remo cum fratre Quirinus Iura dabunt ; dirae ferro et conpagibus artis Claudentur Belli portae ; Furor impius intus Saeva sedens super arma et centum vinctus aenis
Post tergum nodis fremet horridus ore cruento.
Haec ait, et Maia genitum demittit ab alto, Ut terrae, utque novae pateant Karthaginis arces

Till summers three have seen him Latium's King,
And three long winters crushed the Rutuli.

- Ascanius then, Iulus now sur-named, -

Ilus he was, while Ilium's Kingdom stood, -
With thirty rolling years shall bound his reign,
Then from Lavinium move the royal seat,
270
And strongly fortify Long Alba's walls.
There thrice an hundred years the crown shall stay
In Hector's race, until a Vestal Queen,
Ilia, shall bear twin babes, the seed of Mars.
Then Romulus, proud in the tawny skin
Ofi his wolftnurse, shall follow. He shall build
The Martial City, and stamp his name on Rome.
To her no bounds I give of Space or Time,
But Empire without end. Juno herself,
Who now with fear wears earth and sea and sky,
Will better her designs, and love with me
Romans, the Lords of Earth, the toga'd race.
So is my Will. A day shall come at last,
When Troy's great House beneath their yoke shall bring
Argos, and Phthia, and Mycenae's pride.
A Caesar from their glorious loins shall spring,-
Ocean his realm will bound, his fame the stars,-
Julius, a name from great Iulus drawn.
Him, rich with Orient spoils, shalt thou unvexed
Admit to Heaven, and vows he too shall hear.
Then wars shall cease, and the rude age grow mild.
Quirinus and his Brother, white-stoled Faith,
And Vesta shall give laws, War's iron Gates
Stand closed. Within, upon her savage arms,
Inhuman Rage will sit, by thousand links
Ofi brass chained back, and snarl with bloody fangs."
He spake ; and Maia's Son from Heaven down sent, That Carthage and her rising towers might give

Hospitio Teucris，ne fati nescia Dido
Finibus arceret．Volat ille per aera magnum
Remigio alarum，ac Libyae citus adstitit oris．
Et iam iussa facit，ponuntque ferocia Poeni
Corda volente deo ；in primis regina quietum Accipit in Teucros animum mentemque benignam．

At pius Aeneas，per noctem plurima volvens，
Ut primum lux alma data est，exire locosque Explorare novos，quas vento accesserit oras，
Qui teneant，nam inculta videt，hominesne feraene，
Quaerere constituit，sociisque exacta referre．
Classem in convexo nemorum sub rupe cavata
Arboribus clausam circum atque horrentibus umbris
Occulit ；ipse uno graditur comitatus Achate，
Bina manu lato crispans haseliis：ferro：

Virginis os habitumque gerens ot virginis arma，$\cdots, \cdots, j 15$
Spartanae，vel qualis equos Threisea fatigat
Harpalyce volucremque faga preevertitur Hebrumi i ：： W
Namque umeris de more habilem ouspenderat arcum ．wysh：
Venatrix，dederatque comam diffundere ventis，an
Nuda genu，nodoque sinus collecta fiventes．－．．13 5320

Ac prior，Heus，inquit，iuvenes，monstrate，mearum Vidistis si quam hic errantem forte sororum， Succinctam pharetra et maculosae tegmine lyncis， Aut spumantis apri cursum clamore prementem．

Sic Venus ；et Veneris contra sic filius orsus： Nulla tuarum audita mihi neque visa sororum， O－quam te memorem，virgo ？namque haud tibi voltus Mortalis，nec vox hominem sonat ：o dea certe；
〈An Phoebi soror ？an Nympharum sanguinis una？

Harbour to rojans, lest, unware of Fate,
Dido should purn them. Through the air he oars 300 His rapid vans, and lights on Libyan soil. His task is done: the savage hearts are lulled By God's own Will : but most o'er Dido's soul Steal gentle thoughts, and ruth for Teucer's sons.

Now good Aeneas, tossed all night with care, Those unknown shores, to what strange coast the blasts Had blown them, and who held it, man or beast, Desert it seemed,-and bear true tidings back. Beneath an arching rock, o'er-hung with trees,
He hid his vessels, wrapt in woodland shade,
And with Achates started, in his hand
Shaking two steel-bound spears.
Him in mid-wood
His Mother came to meet, a maid in looks, Bearing the arms and habit of a maid,
Spartan, or like Harpalyce, whose feet Outstrip the horse, outrun the Hebrus stream. For huntress-wise o'er shoulders she had slung The bow to hand, and given the winds her hair, Bare-kneed, her folds up-gathered in a knot.

She first began: "Sirs, have you haply seen One of my sisters wandering this wood, With quiver girt, and spotted lynx's skin, Or pressing clamorous on the foaming boar?"

[^0]Sis felix, nostrumque leves, quaecumque, laborem,
Et, quo sub caelo tandem, quibus orbis in oris Iactemur, doceas : ignari hominumque locorumque Erramus, vento huc et vastis fluctibus acti : Multa tibi ante aras nostra cadet hostia dextra.

Tum Venus: Haud equidem tali me dignor honore,
Virginibus Tyriis mos est gestare pharetram, Purpureoque alte suras vincire cothurno. Punica regna vides, Tyrios et Agenoris urbem ; Sed fines Libyci, genus intractabile bello. Imperium Dido Tyria regit urbe profecta,
Germanum fugiens. Longa est iniuria, longae Ambages; sed summa sequar fastigia rerum.

Huic coniunx Sychaeus erat, ditissimus agri Phoenicum, et magno miserae dilectus amore, Cui pater intactam dederat, primisque iugarat Ominibus. Sed regna Tyri germanus habebat Pygmalion, scelere ante alios inmanior omnes. Quos inter medius venit furor. Ille Sychacum Impius ante aras atque auri caecus amore Clam ferro incautum superat, securus amorum
Germanae ; factumque diu celavit, et aegram, Multa malus simulans, vana spe lusit amantem. Mipsa sed in somnis inhumati venit imago
Coniugis, ora modis attollens pallida miris ;
Crudeles aras traiectaque pectora ferro
Nudavit, caecumque domus scelus omne retexit. Tum celerare fugam patriaque excedere suadet, Auxiliumque viae veteres tellure recludit Thesauros, ignotum aryenti pondus et auri. His commota fugam Dido sociosque parabat.
Conveniunt, quibus aut odium crudele tyranni Aut metus acer erat ; naves, quae forte paratae,
Whoe'er thou art, be gracious, ease our pain ;
And teach us on what shores, beneath what sky,Outcast we wander, ignorant of place
And people, hither driven by storm and sea.Oft at thine altars shall our victims fall."
Then Venus: "Nay, such rites are not for me. ..... 335
To bear the quiver Tyrian maidens use,And the red buskin on the leg bind high.Carthage this realm, Agenor's Tyrian town,But Libyans bound it, tribes intractable.Here reigns, from Tyre and from her brother fled,340
Queen Dido. Long her sorrows, long and dark ;
But I will tread the surface of the tale.
"Sichaeus was her spouse, of Tyrian lords The richest, and loved dearly to her woe. To him her father yoked her still intact,
With virgin rites ; but on Tyre's throne her brother,
Pygmalion, sat, in guilt out-shaming all.
Wrath came between those twain. He, blind with greed
And careless of his sister's love, struck downImpious before the shrine with furtive steel
Unwarned Sichaeus, and long hid the deed,Cheating with empty tales sick Dido's heart.
But in her dreams her lord's unburied shade
Came with a strange wan face, revealing all,
The guilty shrine, the dagger's bosom-thrust, ..... 355
And all the sightless horror of the House.He bad her haste to leave her native shores,Disclosing ancient treasures underground,
Silver and gold unsummed, her journey's aid.
She, thus distract, sought friends to share her flight, ..... 360
And all who loathed the tyrant King, or feared,Muster, and seize what galleys lie to hand,


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And load with gold. Pygmalion's hoarded wealth Flies overseas : a woman rules the hour.
Where now thou see'st New Carthage lifting high
Yon towers they landed, and there bought them ground, So much,-and thence the name of Byrsa sprang,-
As they could compass with one ox's hide.But who are ye, sirs? From what country come? Or whither go ye?"

To her, asking thus,
With sighs he answered, drawing deep his breath :
"O Goddess! Ere from their prime source I traced The annals of our woe, an thou could'st list, Vesper would close heaven-gate, and lull the day. From ancient Troy,-if haply to thine ears Troy's name hath come,-we sailed contrary seas, Till cast on Libya by the wayward storm. I, good Aeneas, famed above the stars, Bear in my ships our House-Gods saved from Greeks. Jove's kin I seek, and Italy, my Home.
With twenty Phrygian barks I climbed the sea, Led by my Goddess-mother, following Doom; Scarce seven survive the ruining wave and wind. I, poor, unfriended, roam these Libyan wastes, From Europe thrust and Asia-" But no more Brooking his moan, she interrupts his grief-
" Whoe'er thou art, not unbeloved of Heaven Thou drawest breath, methinks, who hast arrived This Tyrian city! Hence! On to the Queen's Court! For news I bear, thy comrades are restored,

Turbabat caelo; nunc terras ordine longo
Aut capere aut captas iam despectare videntur :
Ut reduces illi ludunt stridentibus alis,
Et coetu cinxere polum, cantusque dedere, Haud aliter puppesque tuae pubesque tuorum Aut portum tenet, aut pleno subit ostia velo. Perge modo, et, qua te ducit via, dirige gressum.

Dixit, et avertens rosea cervice refulsit, Ambrosiaeque comae divinum vertice odorem Spiravere, pedes vestis defluxit ad imos, Et vera incessu patuit dea. Ille ubi matrem
Adgnovit, tali fugientem est voce secutus: Quid natum totiens, crudelis tu quoque, falsis Ludis imaginibus? cur dextrae iungere dextram Non datur ac veras audire et reddere voces? Talibus incusat, gressumque ad moenia tendit.
At Venus obscuro gradientes aere saepsit, Et multo nebulae circum dea fudit amictu, Cernere ne quis eos, neu quis contingere posset, Molirive moram, aut veniendi poscere causas. Ipsa Paphum sublimis abit, sedesque revisit
Laeta suas, ubi templum illi, centumque Sabaeo Ture calent arae sertisque recentibus halant.

Corripuere viam interea, qua semita monstrat. Iamque ascendebant collem, qui plurimus urbi Imminet adversasque adspectat desuper arces.

Miratur molem Aeneas, magalia quondam, Miratur portas strepitumque et strata viarum. Instant ardentes Tyrii pars ducere muros Molirique arcem et manibus subvolvere saxa, Pars optare locum tecto et concludere sulco.
Iura magistratusque legunt sanctumque senatum.

Chased far and wide : they now, in column long,
Alight, or soaring scorn the earth they trod.
As they restored with clanging wings the sky
Circle in sport, and utter songs of joy,
Not otherwise thy ships and crews now hold
Gladly the port, or cross the bar full-sail.
Go, and step onward where thy path shall lead."
She said, and turned; all rosy flashed her neck; The ambrosial locks a heavenly fragrance breathed, Her vesture flowed to earth, and by her gait The Goddess stood confest.

He, when he knew
His mother, thus pursued her as she fled : "Thou too unkind! Why dost thou with false shapes Mock me so oft? Why may we not clasp hands Together, and with unfeigned lips converse?" Thus he upbraiding paces to the town.
But round them, as they walked, the Goddess shed A screen of mist and cloudy veil obscure, That none might see or touch them, or delay, Inquiring why they came. To Paphos she Flies soaring, and delightedly regains
Her home, her fane, her hundred shrines that glow With Orient gums and with fresh garlands breathe.

Meanwhile they hasten where the pathway points; And climb at last the hill which hangs far-stretched Above the city and on her towers looks down.

At that great town, once hovels, the thronged gates, The clattering streets, Aeneas much admires. Hotly the Tyrians work : some trace the walls, The castle build, and roll up stones by hand. Some trench a site for building. They ordain 425 Laws, magistrates, and senators august.

Hic portus alii effodiunt : hic alta theatri Fundamenta locant alii, inmanesque columnas Rupibus excidunt, scaenis decora alta futuris.
Qualis apes aestate nova per florea rura
Exercet sub sole labor, cum gentis adultos Educunt fetus, aut cum liquentia mella Stipant et dulci distendunt nectare cellas, Aut onera accipiunt venientum aut agmine facto Ignavum fucos pecus a praesepibus arcent: Fervet opus, redolentque thymo fragrantia mella.

O fortunati, quorum iam moenia surgunt ! Aeneas ait, et fastigia suspicit urbis. Infert se saeptus nebula-mirabile dictuPer medios, miscetque viris, neque cernitur ulli.

Lucus in urbe fuit media, laetissimus umbrae, Quo primum iactati undis et turbine Poeni Effodere loco signum, quod regia Iuno Monstrarat, caput acris equi ; sic nam fore bello Egregiam et facilem victu per saecula gentem. Hic templum Iunoni ingens Sidonia Dido Condebat, donis opulentum et numine divae, Aerea cui gradibus surgebant limina nexáeque Aere trabes, foribus cardo stridebat aenis. Hoc primum in luco nova res oblata timorem
Leniit, hic primum Aeneas sperare salutem Ausus et adflictis melius confidere rebus. Namque sub ingenti lustrat dum singula templo, Reginam opperiens, dum, quae Fortuna sit urbi, Artificumque manus inter se operumque laborem Miratur, videt Iliacas ex ordine pugnas Bellaque iam fama totum volgata per orbem, Atridas, Priamumque, et saevum ambobus Achillen. Constitit, et lacrimans, Quis iam locus, inquit, Achate,

Here they are digging harbours; laying here The Theatre's deep base, and hew from rocks Tall columns, to adorn the future stage.
As bees in Springtime, through the flowering fields,
Work 'neath the sun ; and train the nation's youth,
Or press the flowing honey and distend
Their cells with fragrant nectar, or their loads From the new-comers take, or, ranged in line, Drive from their fold the drones, a sluggard flock : Work glows, and sweet with thyme the honey smells.
"O happy men, whose Home is rising now !" Aeneas cries, and scans the towers above: Then enters, screened in mist, most strange to tell ! And mingles with the crowd, himselfiunseen.

Amidst the town a grove spread lavish shade ; Where first the Poeni, tossed by sea and storm, Dug up the Sign Queen Juno had foreshown, A Horse's Head,-so should they be renowned In war, and through the ages live in ease.
Sidonian Dido here to Juno a fane
Designed, magnific and divinely blest.
Steps rose to a bronze threshold, and bronze-bound
The lintels, and the grating doors were bronze.
A wondrous sight first lightened in this grove
Aeneas' fear : here first he dared to hope, And in his fretted fortunes more confide.
For while he looks o'er all the mighty fane,
Waiting the Queen; while at the prospering town
And jealous labours of the craftsmen's hands
He marvels, lo! he sees the Trojan Wars,
Now blown about the world, sees Atreus' sons,
And Priam, and Achilles, foe to both.
He paused, and "O! What place," he sobbed, " what land,

Quae regio in terris nostri non plena laboris? Sunt lacrimae rerum et mentem mortalia tangunt. Solve metus; feret haec aliquam tibi fama salutem.

Sic ait, atque animum pictura pascit inani, Multa gemens, largoque umectat flumine voltum.

Tydides multa vastabat caede cruentus, Ardentesque avertit equos in castra, prius quam Pabula gustassent Troiae Xanthumque bibissent. Parte alia fugiens amissis Troilus armis, Infelix puer atque inpar congressus Achilli, Fertur equis, curruque haeret resupinus inani, Lora tenens tamen; huic cervixque comaeque trahuntur Per terram, et versa pulvis inscribitur hasta. Interea ad templum non aequae Palladis ibant Crinibus Iliades passis peplumque ferebant, Suppliciter, tristes et tunsae pectora palmis ;
Diva solo fixos oculos aversa tenebat.
Ter circum Iliacos raptaverat Hectora muros, Exanimumque auro corpus vendebat Achilles. Tum vero ingentem gemitum dat pectore ab imo,
Ut spolia, ut currus, utque ipsum corpus amici, i Tendentemque manus Priamum conspexit inermes. Se quoque principibus permixtum adgnovit Achivis, Eoasque acies et nigri Memnonis arma. Ducit Amazonidum lunatis agmina peltis
Penthesilea furens, mediisque in milibus ardet, Aurea subnectens exsertae cingula mammae, Bellatrix, audetque viris concurrere virgo.

Achates, is not filled with our distress?
See Priam! Even here Worth finds its meed ; Tears fall, and hearts are touched by mortal things ! Fear not ; this fame will surely bear thee safe."

Thus on the pictured show he feeds his heart, Sighing, and streaming tears bedew his cheek.
For there he saw how, fighting round the walls, Pressed by Troy's chivalry, the Greeks took flight,
Or Phrygians, where Achilles urged his car.
Nor distant Rhesus' snowy tents he knew, Which, in first sleep betrayed, Tydides heaped
With bloody slaughter, and his burning steeds Turned back to camp, or ever they should taste Fodder of Troy, or drink of Xanthus' stream. Elsewhere flies Troilus, his weapons lost,-Ill-doomed, ill-matched to meet Achilles' spear !-
Dragged by his steeds, fallen from the empty car, But grasping still the reins; his neck, his locks Are drawn in dust, where scrawls the inverted spear. And Ilian wives were wending, supplicant, To cruel Pallas' fane, with streaming hair,
And bare the Peplus, sad, and beat the breast :
Fixed on the ground the Goddess kept her eyes.
Thrice had Achilles round the walls of Troy
Dragged Hector, and would sell his corse for gold.
Ah! deeply then Aeneas sighed to view
His comrade's spoils, his car, his very corse,
And Priam stretching out his helpless hands. Himselfitoo, charging through Achaean chiefs, The Eastern troops he knew, and Memnon's arms.
And, burning mid the fray, her Amazons
With moony shields Penthesilea led,
Who, girt with gold beneath her naked breast,
Dared clash with men, a warrior and a maid.

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While all these wonders met the Dardan's eyes, While lost he stood, in one long gaze entranced,
Queen Dido to the remple paced, a train
Oficourtiers pressing round, supremely fair.
As on Eurotas' banks, or Cynthus' hill,
Diana leads the dance; behind her throng A thousand Oreads : she the quiver bears,
And treads the earth, divine above them all.
Latona's heart with silent pleasure thrills.
Even such was Dido: so she passed in joy Amidst them, busied in her city's growth ;
Then in the sacred doors, beneath the dome,
High on a throne she sat, with weapons fenced,
Gave law and judgment, and the appointed task Justly to each assigned, or fixed by lot :
When lo! Aeneas in the crowd discerns
Antheus, Sergestus, and Cloanthus brave,
With many a Trojan, whom the blinding gale Had swept apart, and borne to distant shores.

Struck dumb together, both by fear and joy, He and Achates fain would grasp their hands, Yearning, but ignorance disturbs their minds, And, veiled in hollow mist, they wait to see What fate was theirs, and where they left the ships, And why they came; for, chosen from all the fleet, Clamorous they near the temple, praying grace.

When they had entered, and due audience gained, Ilioneus, their eldest, with calm front
Began:
"O Queen! by Heaven ordained to found
This city, and curb the unruly tribes with law !
Thee we poor Trojans, blown o'er every sea,
Implore. O save our ships from shameless fire !
Spare honest men ; more nearly look on us !

Non nos aut ferro Libycos populare Penates Venimus, aut raptas ad litora vertere praedas; Non ea vis animo, nec tanta superbia victis. Est locus, Hesperiam Graii cognomine dicunt,
Terra antiqua, potens armis atque ubere glaebae ;
Oenotri coluere viri ; nunc fama, minores
Italiam dixisse ducis de nomine gentem.
Hic cursus fuit :
Cum subito adsurgens fluctu nimbosus Orion 535
In vada caeca tulit, penitusque procacibus austris
Perque undas, superante salo, perque invia saxa
Dispulit ; huc pauci vestris adnavimus oris.
Quod genus hoc hominum ? quaeve hunc tam barbara morem
Permittit patria? hospitio prohibemur harenae ;
540
Bella cient, primaque vetant consistere terra.
Si genus humanum et mortalia temnitis arma,
At sperate deos, memores fandi atque nefandi.
Rex erat Aeneas nobis, quo iustior alter,
Nec pietate fuit nec bello maior et armis.
Quem si fata virum servant, si vescitur aura
Aetheria, neque adhuc crudelibus occubat umbris,
Non metus; officio nec te certasse priorem
Paeniteat. Sunt et Siculis regionibus urbes
Armaque, Troianoque a sanguine clarus Acestes.
Quassatam ventis liceat subducere classem,
Et silvis aptare trabes et stringere remos,
Si datur Italiam, sociis et rege recepto,
Tendere, ut Italiam laeti Latiumque petamus,
Sin absumpta salus, et te, pater optume Teucrum, 555
Pontus habet Libyae, nec spes iam restat Iuli,
At freta Sicaniae saltem sedesque paratas,
Unde huc advecti, regemque petamus Acesten.
Talibus Ilioneus; cuncti simul ore fremebant Dardanidae.

We are not come with steel to overthrow
The Libyan's home, or harry prey to shore,-
Not ours, not conquered men's, such insolence!
A Land there is, by Greeks Hesperia named,
An old land, strong in arms and the glebe's fruit,
Where dwelt Oenotrians ; now the younger men,
After their Chiefi have called it Italy.
Thither we took our course,
When stormy Orion rose with sudden swell,
And dashed us on blind shoals, and with bluff winds
O'er desperate seas and rocks unvoyageable
Dispersed us wide, and few have reached your shores.
What race of men is here? What land so rude
Permits this use? The welcome ofithe sand
Refused, they force us from their country's edge.
Ifimen and mortal weapons ye despise,
Look yet for Gods remembering right and wrong!
Aeneas was our King, and none more just
Or righteous, or in battle more renowned.
Whom if Fate still preserves, ifistill he drinks
The air of heaven, nor lies in bitter gloom,
We fear not ; nor shalt thou, ififirst to help,
Repent. Sicilian arms and towns remain,
Acestes too boasts the pure blood of Troy.
Grant us to beach our tempest-shaken ships,
To shape in woods new beams, and trim new oars,
And, if we may, with King and fellows found,
Joyous to Italy our course pursue.
If all is lost, ifithou, great Prince, the seas
Hold, and Iulus' promise is no more,
Then seek we straits Sicilian, whence we came,
A Home now ready, Acestes for our King."
So spake Ilioneus; the Dardans all
Acclaiming roared.

Tum breviter Dido, voltum demissa, profatur :
Solvite corde metum, Teucri, secludite curas. Res dura et regni novitas me talia cogunt
Moliri, et late fines custode tueri.
Quis genus Aeneadum, quis Troiae nesciat urbem,
Virtutesque virosque, aut tanti incendia belli?
Non obtunsa adeo gestamus pectora Poeni,
Nec tam aversus equos Tyria Sol iungit ab urbe.
Seu vos Hesperiam magnam Saturniaque arva,
Sive Erycis fines regemque optatis Acesten, Auxilio tutos dimittam, opibusque iuvabo. Voltis et his mecum pariter considere regnis? Urbem quam statuo, vestra est ; subducite naves Tros Tyriusque mihilnullo discrimine agetur. Atque utinam rex ipse Noto conpulsus eodem Adforet Aeneas! Equidem per litora certos Dimittam et Libyae lustrare extrema iubebo, Si quibus eiectus silvis aut urbibus errat.

His animum arrecti dictis et fortis. Achates Et pater Aeneas iamdudum erumpere nubem Ardebant. Prior Aenean compellat Achates : Nate dea, quae nunc animo sententia surgit? Omnia tuta vides, classem sociosque receptos. Unus abest, medio in fluctu quem vidimus ipsi Submersum ; dictis respondent cetera matris.
Vix ea fatus erat, cum circumfusa repente Scindit se nubes et in aethera purgat apertum. Restitit Aeneas claraque in luce refulsit, Os umerosque deo similis ; namque ipsa decoram Caesariem nato genetrix lumenque iuventae Purpureum et laetos oculis adflarat honores: Quale manus addunt ebori decus, aut ubi flavo Argentum Pariusve lapis circumdatur auro.

Then, casting down her looks, Dido in briefi:
"Put off your anxious fears. To use these means,
And guard my frontiers well, my hard estate Compels me, and the newness of my realm. Who knows not Troy, and good Aeneas' race ?
Their feats, their men, and that great flame of War?
Our hearts are not so dull ; from Tyrian town
The Sun his horses yokes not so remote. Whether Hesperia, Saturn's land, ye choose, Or Eryx' country and Acestes King,
Safe I will send you, and with stores assist. Or will you stay, this realm with me to share? 'Tis yours, this city I build. Here beach your ships. Trojans and Tyrians,-I shall deem them one. Ah! that your King were here himself, compell'd
By that same gale, Aeneas! Up the coast Sure spies will I dispatch to Libya's ends, Lest outcast he in town or forest stray."

Roused by these words, long since Achates bold, And Prince Aeneas were on fire to break
The shrouding mist. And first Achates urged : "O Goddess-born! What purpose stirs thee now? Thou see'st all safe, our ships, our friends restored, Save one, whom in mid sea ourselves beheld Drowned, to thy mother's words all else responds."

Tum sic reginam adloquitur, cunctisque repente Inprovisus ait : Coram, quem quaeritis, adsum,

O sola infandos Troiae miserata labores, Quae nos, reliquias Danaum, terraeque marisque Omnibus exhaustos iam casibus, omnium egenos, Urbe, domo, socias, grates persolvere dignas
Non opis est nostrae, Dido, nec quidquid ubique est Gentis Dardaniae, magnum quae sparsa per orbem. Di tibi, si qua pios respectant numina, si quid Usquam iustitia est et mens sibi conscia recti, Praemia digna ferant. Quae te tam laeta tulerunt Saecula ? qui tanti talem genuere parentes? In freta dum fluvii current, dum montibus umbrae Lustrabunt convexa, polus dum sidera pascet, Semper honos nomenque tuum laudesque manebunt, Quae me cumque vocant terrae. Sic fatus, amicum Ilionea petit dextra, laevaque Serestum, Post alios, fortemque Gyan, fortemque Cloanthum.

Obstipuit primo aspectu Sidonia Dido, Casu deinde viri tanto, et sic ore locuta est :

Quis te, nate dea, per tanta pericula casus
Insequitur? quae vis inmanibus adplicat oris? Tune ille Aeneas, quem Dardanio Anchisae Alma Venus Phrygii genuit Simoentis ad undam? Atque equidem Teucrum memini Sidona venire Finibus expulsum patriis, nova regna petentem Auxilio Beli; genitor tum Belus opimam
Vastabat Cyprum et victor dicione tenebat. Tempore iam ex illo casus mihi cognitus urbis Troianae nomenque tuum regesque Pelasgi.

Then he, thus sudden, unforeseen of all, Addressed the Queen :

> "I whom ye seek am here,

595
Trojan Aeneas, saved from Libyan seas.
O thou sole pitier of Troy's untold woe!
Thou who with us, the leavings of the Greek,
By land and sea outworn, in want of alll,
Would'st share thy city and home! To render thanks 600 Fitly, I cannot, Dido, nor could aught
OfiDardan blood o'er the wide world dispersed.
May Heaven, ifiany Spirits guard the Good,
IfiJustice aught avail, or conscious Worth,
Reward thee fitly! O what glad ages bore,
What mighty parents got thee so benign!
While brooks run seaward, while the shadows move Round mountain vales, and star-flocks graze in heaven, Thy fame, thy name, thy praise shall still endure,
Whatever shores call me."

## And both his hands

Sought dear Serestus and Ilioneus;
Then all, brave Gyas and Cloanthus brave.
Astonished by his looks, then by his plight And sore distress, Sidonian Dido spake:
"What Doom pursues thee, Goddess-born ? what spite 615 Casts thee so peril-tost on barbarous strands?
Art that Aeneas whom sweet Venus bore
Dardan Anchises by the Simois stream ?
I mind how Teucer, from his land expelled,
To Sidon came, and sought to win new realms
By Belus' aid. My father Belus then
Laid Cyprus waste, and swayed the captive isle.
And from that day I knew the fall of Troy,
I knew thy name, and the Pelasgian Kings.


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Thy very foe would give the Trojans praise, And boast himselfi of Teucer's ancient stock. O come, then, Sirs, pass underneath our roof. Me too like fortune through a world of woe Hath tossed, and in this land late rest hath given.
To griefinot strange, I learn to aid distress."
She ended, and Aeneas led within
The regal halls, ordaining sacrifice.
And to his comrades on the beach meantime Sends twenty bulls, an hundred bristled swine, An hundred fatling lambs, their dams beside, And joy the Wine God brings.

But in the centre of the Palace hall A princely feast was set, where broidered cloths Ofiroyal purple on the boards were spread, And massive silver ; and brave deeds of yore Shone, graved in gold, the legendary tale Of all its heroes since the race began.

Aeneas, since a father's love admits No respite, to the ships Achates sends, Ascanius to inform and thither guide,
Ascanius, the centre of all his care.
Gifts too he bids him bring, from Ilium's sack Rescued, a mantle stiff with gold inwrought, A veil with crocus-hued acanthus flowers Bordered, which Argive Helen erst had brought Out from Mycenae, when she came to Troy And unpermitted love, her mother's gift; The sceptre also which Ilione, Eldest of Priam's daughters, bore of old, Necklet of ipearl, and jewell'd golden tiar. Hasting for these Achates seeks the ships.

At Cytherea novas artes, nova pectore versat Consilia, ut faciem mutatus et ora Cupido Pro dulci Ascanio veniat, donisque furentem Incendat reginam, atque ossibus inplicet ignem ; Quippe domum timet ambiguam Tyriosque bilingues; Urit atrox Iuno, et sub noctem cura recursat. Ergo his aligerum dictis adfatur Amorem :

Nate, meae vires, mea magna potentia solus, Nate, Patris summi qui tela Typhoia temnis,
Ad te confugio et supplex tua numina posco. Frater ut Aeneas pelago tuus omnia circum Litora iactetur odiis Iunonis acerbae, Nota tibi, et nostro doluisti saepe dolore. Nunc Phoenissa tenet Dido blandisque moratur Vocibus; et vereor, quo se Iunonia vertant Hospitia; haud tanto cessabit cardine rerum. Quocirca capere ante dolis et cingere flamma Reginam meditor, ne quo se numine mutet, Sed magno Aeneae mecum teneatur amore.
Qua facere id possis, nostram nunc accipe mentem :
Regius accitu cari genitoris ad urbem
Sidoniam puer ire parat, mea maxuma cura, Dona ferens, pelago et flammis restantia Troiae; Hunc ego sopitum somno super alta Cythera
Aut super Idalium sacrata sede recondam,
Ne qua scire dolos mediusve occurrere possit.
Tu faciem illius noctem non amplius unam
Falle dolo, et notos pueri puer indue voltus, Ut, cum te gremio accipiet laetissima Dido
Regales inter mensas laticemque Lyaeum,
Cum dabit amplexus atque oscula dulcia figet,
Occultum inspires ignem fallasque veneno.

But yenus in her heart new purposes,
New schemes designs, that Love shall be transformed To sweet Ascanius' shape, and by his gifts Stir into flame the Queen's impassioned heart.
The doubtful House she fears, the twi-tongued race ; Fierce Juno galls, and care with Night returns : So in these words she speaks to winged Love :
" Dear Son, my strength, my sole effectual might, Son, who dost scorn the Father's thunder-stones
Which slew Typhoeus, to thy knees I fly,
And pray thy godhead. How through Juno's spite Aeneas, thine own brother, roves the world, Thou knowest, often hast thou shared my pain. Him now Phoenician Dido with soft words
Keeps, and I fear how Juno's guest may fare. On such a hinge ofifate she will not sleep. I plan to circumvent her, and the Queen Invest with flame no deity may quench. Love for Aeneas then shall bind her mine. How thou canst compass this, our purpose hear. E'en now the princely Boy, my chiefest care, By his dear Sire's command, the city seeks, With gifts that sea and Trojan flames have spared. Him, sunk in sleep, I on my holy seat,

Paret Amor dictis carae genetricis, et alas Exuit, et gressu gaudens incedit Iuli. At Venus Ascanio placidam per membra quietem Inrigat, et fotum gremio dea tollit in altos Idaliae lucos, ubi mollis amaracus illum Floribus et dulci adspirans conplectitur umbra.

Iamque ibat dicto parens et dona Cupido Cum venit, aulaeis iam se regina superbis Aurea conposuit sponda mediamque locavit. Iam pater Aeneas et iam Troiana iuventus Conveniunt, stratoque super discumbitur ostro.
Dant manibus famuli lymphas, Cereremque canistris
Expediunt, tonsisque ferunt mantelia villis.
Quinquaginta intus famulae, quibus ordine longam
Cura penum struere, et flammis adolere Penates;
Centum aliae totidemque pares aetate ministri,
Qui dapibus mensas onerent et pocula ponant.
Nec non et Tyrii per limina laeta frequentes
Convenere, toris iussi discumbere pictis.
Mirantur dona Aeneae, mirantur Iulum
Flagrantesque dei voltus simulataque verba,
Pallamque et pictum croceo velamen acantho.

Praecipue infelix, pesti devota futurae, Expleri mentem nequit ardescitque tuendo Phoenissa, et pariter puero donisque movetur. Ille ubi conplexu Aeneae colloque pependit
Et magnum falsi inplevit genitoris amorem, Reginam petit. Haec oculis, haec pectore toto Haeret et interdum gremio fovet, inscia Dido, Insidat quantus miserae deus. At memor ille Matris Acidaliae paulatim abolere Sychaeum

Love, at his mother's word, puts off his wings, And walks rejoicing with Iulus' gait.
But o'er Ascanius' limbs the Goddess sheds
Sweet rest, and bears him to Idalian glens,
Lull'd in her lap ; there soft amaracus
Folds him in flowers and fragrance-breathing shade.
Now Love, obedient, by Achates led,
To Carthage gaily brought the regal gifts ;
And coming found the Queen on golden seat
Throned in mid place, and proudly canopied.
There Prince Aeneas and the Lords of Troy
Reclined on purple strewings, and the slaves
Poured water on their hands, and served the bread, And brought the fine-spun napkins; while within
Were fifty maids, whose care it was to keep
The feast replenished, and the fire aflame :
Another hundred, and as many boys,
All of one age, the tables spread with food And wine-cups.

Surging through the festal doors,
The Tyrians bidden to the couches throng, Admire the presents, and admire the Boy, His face divinely flushed, his borrowed speech,
The mantle and veil with gay acanthus wrought.
But most the hapless Queen, to ruin doomed, Her soul can never fill, and gazing burns.
The Boy, the gifts, both take her heart alike.
He, having hung upon Aeneas' neck,
And satisfied his feigned father's love,
Goes then to Dido. She with eyes and heart Hugs him and fondles in her lap, nor knows How great a God there lies. But, minding well His Acidalian Mother, he prepares

Incipit, et vivo temptat praevertere amore. Iam pridem resides animos desuetaque corda.

Postquam prima quies epulis, mensaeque remotae, Crateras magnos statuunt et vina coronant. Fit strepitus tectis, vocemque per ampla volutant
Atria; dependent lychni laquearibus aureis Incensi, et noctem flammis funalia vincunt. Hic regina gravem gemmis auroque poposcit Inplevitque mero pateram, quam Belus et omnes A Belo soliti ; tum facta silentia tectis;

Iuppiter, hospitibus nam te dare iura loquuntur, Hunc laetum Tyriisque diem Troiaque profectis Esse velis, nostrosque huius meminisse minores. Adsit laetitiae Bacchus dator, et bona Iuno ; Et vos, o, coetum, Tyrii, celebrate faventes.

Dixit, et in mensam laticum libavit honorem, Primaque, libato, summo tenus attigit ore; Tum Bitiae dedit increpitans; ille inpiger hausit Spumantem pateram, et pleno se proluit auro ; Post alii proceres.

Cithara crinitus Iopas
Personat aurata, docuit quem maxumus Atlas. Hic canit errantem lunam solisque labores; Unde hominum genus et pecudes; unde imber et ignes; Arcturum pluviasque Hyadas geminosque Triones; Quid tantum Oceano properent se tinguere soles
Hiberni, vel quae tardis mora noctibus obstet. Ingeminant plausu Tyrii, Troesque sequuntur.

Nec non et vario noctem sermone trahebat Infelix Dido, longumque bibebat amorem, Multa super Priamo rogitans, super Hectore multa;

To dim Sichaeus' image, and forestall
That heart long idle with a living love.
Soon as the feast is lull'd, they move the boards, And place great bowls, and wreathe the wine with flowers. Din fills the house, and through the spacious halls
Roll voices. Burning lamps from the gilt roof
Depend, and torches overcome the night.
Then, calling for a jewell'd golden cup,
Pure wine the Queen pours in, after the use Ofi Belus and his House, and silence falls.
"Jove, since to thee the guest-rites are assigned, For Tyrians and for Trojans make this day Glorious, a day our children shall recall ! Come, Bacchus, Joy-giver, and Juno kind, And ye, O Tyrians, give this gathering grace!"

Ending, wine-tribute on the board she shed; And first the cup touched lightly with her lips, Then passed to Bitias, clinking it. Full slow He quaffed the bowl, deep diving in the gold : Then drank the other Chiefs.

> Iopas too

Made sound his golden harp, whom Atlas taught. He sang the wandering Moon, and the Sun's toils, The source of Man and Beast, Lightning and Storm, Arcturus and the rainy Hyades,
And the two Bears; why winter Suns so soon The Tyrians, then the Trojans, shower applause.

Nor less with divers talk the hapless Queen Protracts the night, drinking long draughts of love; Ofi Priam and of Hector asking much,

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Then ofithe armour of Aurora's son, The steeds of Diomede, Achilles' might.
"Nay, tell us all, O Guest ! from first to last, The Danaans' craft," quoth she, "the Trojans' fall, Thy travels; for the seventh summer this That bears thee wandering over lands and seas."

## BOOK II

| ONTICUERE omnes, intentique ora tenebant. Inde toro pater Aeneas sic orsus ab alto: <br> Infandum, Regina, iubes renovare dolorem, |
| :---: |
| Troianas ut opes et lamentabile regnum |
| Eruerint Danai ; quaeque ipse miserrima vidi, |
| Et quorum pars magna fui. Quis talia fando |
| Myrmidonum Dolopumve aut duri miles Ulixi |
| Temperet a lacrimis ? et iam nox umida caelo |
| Praecipitat, suadentque cadentia sidera somnos. |
| Sed si tantus amor casus cognoscere nostros |
| Et breviter Troiae supremum audire laborem, |
| Quamquam animus meminisse horret, luctuque refugit, |
| Incipiam. |
| Fracti bello fatisque repulsi |
| Ductores Danaum, tot iam labentibus annis, |
| Instar montis equum divina Palladis arte |
| Aedificant, sectaque intexunt abiete costas ; |
| Votum pro reditu simulant ; ea fama vagatur. |
| Huc delecta virum sortiti corpora furtim |
| Includunt caeco lateri, penitusque cavernas |
| Ingentes uterumque armato milite conplent. |
| Est in conspectu Tenedos, notissima fama |
| Insula, dives opum, Priami dum regna manebant, |
| Nunc tantum sinus et statio male fida carinis ; |
| Huc se provecti deserto in litore condunt. |
| Nos abiisse rati et vento petiisse Mycenas. |
| Ergo omnis longo solvit se Teucria luctu. |
| Panduntur portae ; iuvat ire et Dorica castra |
| Desertosque videre locos litusque relictum. |
| Hic Dolopum manus, hic saevus tendebat Achilles; |
| Classibus hic locus ; hic acie certare solebant. |

USH'D was each voice, and every face intent, When from his lofty couch the Prince began :
" Unutterable, O Queen, the pain thy words Bid me revive; how Troy's unhappy realm Fell to the Greek ; what piteous scenes I saw
And was great part of. Who, in such a tale, From hard Ulysses' ranks, what Myrmidon Would keep from tears? And dewy Night e'en now Is riding down the sky, the sinking stars
Persuade to sleep. Yet, ifiso strong thy wish
To learn in briefiour woes and Troy's last hour,
Although my memory shudders and recoils,
I will assay.

> "War-shattered, foiled by Fate,

As the long years roll on, the Danaan chiefs,
By Pallas' sacred art, build mountain-high,
Ribbed with sawn fir, a Horse ; a votive gift For safe return, they feign ; so rumour spreads.
Men chosen by lot in its blind flanks are hid In secret, and with armed soldiery
The monstrous cavern ofiits belly filled.
" In sight lies Tenedos, an isle renowned Widely, and rich while Priam's kingdom stood, Now but a bay and faithless anchorage.
They, sailing thither, on the desert coast
Lie hid; but we suppose them on the wind
For Argos bound. All Troy shakes off her griefi;
The Gates are open thrown, the Doric Camp,
The shores forsaken, gaily visited.
Here the Dolopians pitched, Achilles here;
Here lay the ships, here was the battle-field.


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Some at that fatal gift to Pallas gape,
Amazed at the vast Horse. And loudest cried
Thymoetes, ' Draw it inward, to the Keep !'
Traitorous, or so Troy's Doom already swayed :
But Capys, and the men of wiser wit,
Charged them to fling in sea that Danaan snare, Suspicious gift, and burn it over flames,
Or bore and probe the hollow haunts within : Contrary wishes rend the uncertain crowd.
"But foremost there, with a large concourse round, 40 Down from the Keep Laocoon runs hot, Calling, ' O Burghers! What sad frenzy is this? Think ye our foes are fled, or that one gift Ofi Greeks is guileless? Is it thus ye know Ulysses? In this frame lie Argives hid,
Or else this engine for our walls is built,
To spy our homes, and storm us from above.
Some fraud is there! O never trust the Horse!
Though Greeks bear offerings, Ifear them still!'
"So saying, with great force his mighty spear 50 Against the flanks and belly of the beast He hurled : it stood and quivered : at the impact The cavern groaned ; and had not Heaven's decree, Had not our hearts been froward, on his charge We had wrecked that Argive den, and thou, O Troy! O Towers of Priam! ye were standing now!
" But lo! the while with uproar to their King Some Dardan hinds were dragging one fast bound With hands behind him, who, unknown to them, Himselfi had given to work this very deed, And open Troy to Greeks, one stout ofi heart, Doubly prepared, to trick us or to die.

Circumivisa ：uit，ceranicue iniṅere cere．
Accipe s：unc Danamin insijizs，et ニimise ab no
Disce cmnee．
Namque ut conspectu in meino rionors，inemis，


Heu，quae nunc tellus，inquit，quae me aequora possunt Accipere：aut quid iam mise：o mini cenique restat Cui neque apud Danaos usquam locus，et super ipsi Dardanidae infensi poenas cum sanguine poscunt？ ＂••＂
Quo gèmitu conversi animi，compressus et omnis Impetus．Hortamur fari ；quo sanguine cretus；；－：$=\sim$ Quidve ferat，memoret，quae sit fiducia capto． Ille haec，deposita tandem formidine，fatur ：

Cuncta equidem tibi，Rex，fuerit quodcumque，fatebor Vera，inquit；neque me Argolica de gente negabo； Hoc primum ；nec，si miserum Fortuna Sinonem Finxit，vanum etiam meñ́dacemque injifibba finget．
Fando aliquod si forte tuas pervenit ad aures Belidae nomen Palamedis et incluta fama Gloria quem falsa sub proflitione Pelasgi Insôntem infanido indicio quáa bella vetablt， Demisere frici，nunc cissiun lumine lugent mistor Demisere neci，nunc cassum lumine lugent．
Illi me comitem et consanguinitate propinquum Pauper in arma pater primis huc misit ab annis． Dum stabat regno incolumis regumque vigebat Consiliis，et nos aliquod nomenque decusquie ．． Gessimus．Invỉdia postquam pellacis Ulixi－
，Haud ignota loquor－superis concessit ab oris Adflictus vitam in tèfébris luctuque trahebam， Et casum insontis mecum indignabar amici．

The Trojan crowd flow round from every side. Eager to see, and vie in mocking him.
Hear now the Danaans' craft, and from one crime
Learn all the breed.
" For, standing in our midst, confused, unarmed, And looking round the Phrygian ranks, he spoke :
"c Alas! What land, what sea can now receive Me miserable ? What last resort is left ?
No place for me with Greeks, and Dardans too To satisfy their hate demand my blood!'
" His anguish turned our hearts, and all assault Fell checked. We bid him tell us of his birth, His news, the hope on which a prisoner leant. He , when his fear is banished, thus returns :
"، ‘All I will tell thee true, O King! whate'er Befall me, nor mine Argive birth deny. That first : ifi Fortune moulded Sinon's life Joyless, the jade shall never shape him false!
Ifihaply to thine ears hath come the name Ofi Palamedes and his high renown;
Whom, since he blamed the war, Greeks falsely charged,
On witness base doomed innocent to die,
And life-lorn now lament,-his friend was I,
A kinsman of his House, when at my prime My needy father sent me to the wars.
While he stood firm in place, and wielded power
In the Kings' councils, we bore something too
Ofiname and fame ; but when Ulysses' grudge, -
No news I tell, -had thrust him from the light,
In griefi obscure I languished, sore at heart
Resenting my friend's fall ; nor held my peace,

## situ"

Nec tacui demens, et me, fors a'quar tuliseet;
Si patrios umquam réméeaśsen victur ed Argoo, $\quad 95$
Promisi ultorem, et verbis, odia abpera movi.
Hinc mihi prima mali labes, hinc semper Ulixes in -
Criminibus terrere novis, hinc spárgéere voces
In volgüm ambiguas, et quaerere conscius arma.
Nec requievit enim, dónéc Calchante ministro- ... 100
Sed quid ego haec autem neqưự̂̃áam ingrata revolvo ?
Quidve moror, si omnes uno ordine habetis Achivos, Idque audire sat'est ? Iamídúdum síninite poenas ; Hoc Ithacus velit, et magno mercentur Atridae.

Tum vero ardemus scitari et quaerere causas, 105. Ignari scelerum tantorum artisque Pelasgae. Prosequitur pavitans, et ficto pectore fatur :
Saepe fugam Danai Troia cupiere relicta Moliri et longo fessit ©iscedere bello; Fecissentque utin "añ́n! saepe illos aspera ponti
Interclusit hiémps, et terruit Athiter cuntes. Mai-Praecipue, cum iam hic trabisicis contextus acernls Staret equus, toto sonuerunt aethere nimbisform Suspensi Eurypylum sctifitité ing oracula Phoebi Mittimus, isque adytis haec trista dicta reportat :
"Sanguine placastis ventos et virgine caesa, ${ }^{\prime}$ /rin
Cum primum Iliacas, Danai, venistis adoras;
Sanguine quaerendi reditus, animaque litandum savifie Argolica." Volgi quae vox ut venit ad aures, ${ }^{\text {inner }}$ Obstipuere animi, gefídusque per ima cucurrit 120 Ossa tremor, cui fata parent, quem poscat Apollo. Hic Ithacus vatém magno Calchanta tumultu Protrahit in medios ; quae sint ea nümina divom, Flagitat. Et mihi iam multi crudele canebant win Artificis scelus, et taciti ventura videbant.

Infanfate n! but I vowed, ifi Fate were kind, IfiI regained my Greece a conqueror, To avenge him. Thus I stirred relentless hate. Hence first my ruin sprang. Ulysses hence Kept threatening slanders, and among the mean Sowed rumours dark, and sought conspiring arms: Nor rested, till by Calchas' aid- But why Recount the graceless tale ? Why hold you back, If Greeks rank all as one, and 'tis enough That name to hear? Take vengeance now, and sate Ulysses' hope, the Atridae's dearest wish!'
"At that we, strangers to Pelasgian guile 105 And guilt so heinous, burn to ask his tale, And trembling he proceeds with treacherous soul :
"، Fain were the Danaans oft to make retreat From Ilium, wearied of the endless war, O would they had gone! As oft the storm-lashed sea Bound them on shore, and the rude South deterred. And loudest when this Horse stood ready framed With maple beams, all heaven with tempest roared. And when in doubt to Phoebus' shrine we sent Eurypylus, this sad response he brought : "With blood of maiden slain you calmed the gale, When first, O Greeks, you came to Ilium's shore. Seek now return with blood, and sacrifice An Argive life!"

> The message went abroal,

And dazed our wits, and through our marrow shot Cold shudders, who should be the victim doomed. Ulysses then with clamour to our midst Calchas, the Seer, drew, and charged to unfold God's Will.-And many of that bad plot before Warned me, and silently foresaw the end.-

Bis quinos silet ille dies, tectusque recusat
Prodere voce sua quemquam aut opponere morti. Vix tandem, magnis Ithaci clamoribus actus,
Conposito rưmpit vocem, et me destinat arae. 2 lor Adsensere omnes, et, quae sibi quisque timebat,
Unius in miseri exitium conversa choume
Iamque dies infanda aderat; mihi sacra parari, is Et salsae fruges, et circum tempora vittae yeadoan is Eripui, fateor, leto me, et vincula rupi, Limosoque läch per noctem obscurus in ulva
Delitui, dum vèla darent, si forte dedissent.
Nec mihi iam patriam antiquam spes ulla videndi, Nec dulces natos exop̄tatumque parentem;
Quos illi fors et poenas ob nostra reposcent
Effugia, et culpam hanc miserorum morte piabunt.
Quod te per superos et conscia numina veri,
Per, si qua est, quae restat adhuc mortalibus usquam nchi Intemerata fides, oro, miserere laborum

Tantorum, miserere animi non digna ferentis.
His lacrimis vitam damus, et miserescimus ultro.
Ipse viro primus manicas atque arta levari
Vincla iubet Priamus, dictisque ita fatur amicis:
Quisquis es, amissos hinc iam obliviscere Graios;
Noster eris, mihique haec edissere vera roganti :
Quo molem hanc inmanis equi statuere? quis auctor?
Quidve petunt? quae religio? aut quae machina belli ?
Dixerat. Ille, dolis instructus et arte Pelasga,
Sustulit exutas vinclis ad sidera palmas :
Vos, aeterni ignes, et non violabile vestrum
Testor numen, ait, vos arae ensesque nefandi, Quos fugi, vittaeque deum, quas hostia gessi :

Ten days within his tent Calchas is dumb,
Denouncing none, condemning none to death;
At last to loud Ulysses by concert
Scarce breaks a word, and me to the altar dooms.
All gave assent, and on one victim's head
Let fall the ruin each had feared his own.
"، The dreadful day had come; my rites were set;
The salted meal, the bands about my brow :
I broke away from death, I burst my bonds,
I do confess it! and all night lay deep
In darkling sedge, till haply they might sail.
And now no hope is mine to see my land,
Mine own sweet boys, my father dear-desired,
Who even for my escape may pay the cost,
And with their piteous blood my guilt atone!

Stays in the world unspotted, to such woe
Give pity, and to sufferings undeserved !'
" Life to his tears we grant, and pity too.
And Priam first his manacles and bonds
Himselfi bids loose, and thus benignly speaks :

- Whoso thou art, henceforth forget the Greeks !

Ours thou shalt be! Now make me answer true.
This monster Horse, why built they? Who conceived? 150 For what? what holy vow? what craft of war?' He said ; the other, in Pelasgian guile
Well-versed, to Heaven uplifts his unbound hands.
"c © Ye everlasting fires inviolable,
Be witness!' he exclaimed, 'O Shrines, O Knives

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'Tis right to break the oaths I sware to Greeks, Right to abhor those men, and spread abroad Whate'er they hide : nor do my country's laws Bind me. But thou, keep faith, thy saviour save, If speaking truth, O Troy! I well repay.
"c All hope, all heart the Greeks had in their war Stood still on Pallas' aid ; but since unjust Tydides and Ulysses, rich in crimes, From Pallas' holy fane her fateful Sign Adventuring to tear, the sentries slew, Seized the pure image, and with bloody palms Dared touch her maiden chaplets,-since that day The hopes of Greece ebbed refluent, her strength Broke, and the Goddess turned her heart away.
No doubtful portents showed Tritonia wroth. The Statue scarce in camp, a blaze of fire Flashed from her lifted eyes, and o'er her limbs Ran a salt sweat, and thrice, O wondrous tale ! With shield and shivering spear from earth she leapt !
"Fly !" Calchas cried, "Fly back across the main!
Troy cannot fall, unless again you seek
In Greece new omens, and bring back the grace Which once was seated on your seaward keels !"
So now they run toward Argos on the wind
For arms and Gods; and soon remeasuring sea,
Will front you unawares. So taught the Seer :
And on his charge this image they have built
For outraged Pallas, to atone their sin.
This mass immeasurable he bade them rear
With oaken beams, and build it up to heaven,
So that it might not pass within your gates,
And under old religion succour Troy.
For ifi your hand profaned the Goddess' gift,
Ruin and death, he said,-God sooner turn

Convertant !-Priami imperio Phrygibusque futurum ; Sin manibus vestris vestram ascendisset in urbem, Ultro Asiam magno Pelopea ad moenia bello Venturam, et nostros ea fata manere nepotes.

Talibus insidiis periurique arte Sinonis
Credita res, captique dolis lacrimisque coactis, Quos neque Tydides, nec Larissaeus Achilles, Non anni domuere decem, non mille carinae.

Hic aliud maius miseris multoque tremendum Obiicitur magis, atque inprovida pectora turbat. Laocoon, ductus Neptuno sorte sacerdos, Sollemnes taurum ingentem mactabat ad aras. Ecce autem gemini a Tenedo tranquilla per altaHorresco referens-inmensis orbibus angues $a_{4-0}-i s$ - serpent Incumbunt pelago, pariterque ad litora tendunt; 205 Pectora quorum inter fluctus arrecta iubaeque Sanguineae superant undas; pars cetera pontum Pone legit sinuatque inmensa volumine terga ; Fit sonitus spumante salo. Iamque arva tenebant,
Ardentesque oculos suffecti sanguine et igni,
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Sibila lambebant linguis vibrantibus ora.
Diffugimus visu exsangues. Illi agmine certo
Laocoonta petunt ; et primum parva duorum
Corpora natorum serpens amplexus uterque
Inplicat et miseros morsu depascitur artus;
Post ipsum, auxilio subeuntem ac tela ferentem,
Corripiunt, spirisque ligant ingentibus; et iam
Bis medium amplexi, bis collo squamea circum Terga dati, superant capite et cervicibus altis. Ille simul manibus tendit divellere nodos,
Perfusus sanie vittas atroque veneno,
Clamores simul horrendos ad sidera tollit :
Qualis mugitus, fugit cum saucius aram

The curse on him !-would fall on Priam's realm ;
But if your hands should draw it up to Troy,
Asia herselfishould bring a world of war
On Pelops' town, and Doom await our sons.'
"Such lying tales, by Sinon's glozing art,
Gained credence, and a traitor's tears entrapped Whom not Tydides, not Achilles' self, Not ten years mastered, nor a thousand ships.
" Now fell on us accurst a greater woe, More dreadful far, confusing our blind wit.

200 Laocoon, Neptune's allotted Priest, Stood by his shrine, to sacrifice a bull : When lo ! from Tenedos, o'er tranquil sea, I shudder to recall !-with endless coils
Two Serpents pressed together toward the shore.
Their bosoms rose above the wave, their crests Blood-red o'er-topped the surge ; their hinder parts Trailed on the flood in mighty sinuous folds, And lashed the roaring brine. They reach our fields, Their blazing eyes suffused with blood and fire,
And with lithe tongues beslaver mouths that hiss.
Pale at the sight we flee. Unswerving still,
They near Laocoon ; and first enfold,
In snaky coiled embrace, the tiny limbs
Ofi his two sons, and gnaw their piteous flesh.
Him then with weapons running to their aid They seize, and swathe him in hugh spires, and twice Fold in their scales his waist, and twice his throat, And lift above him head and towering necks. He strains his hands the while to burst those knots,
His chaplets sprent with gore and venom black,
And with such roars of anguish fills the sky As when a wounded bull shakes from his neck

Taurus et incertam excussit cervice securim. At gemini lapsu delubra ad summa dracones Effugiunt saevaeque petunt Tritonidis arcem, Sub pedibusque deae clipeique sub orbe teguntur.

Tum vero tremefacta novus per pectora cunctis Insinuat pavor, et scelus expendisse merentem Laocoonta ferunt, sacrum qui cuspide robur Laeserit et tergo sceleratam intorserit hastam.

Ducendum ad sedes simulacrum orandaque divae Numina conclamant.
Dividimus muros et moenia pandimus urbis. Accingunt omnes operi, pedibusque rotarum
Subiiciunt lapsus, et stuppea vincula collo
Intendunt. Scandit fatalis machina muros, Feta armis. Pueri circum innuptaeque puellae Sacra canunt, funemque manu contingere gaudent. Illa subit, mediaeque minans inlabitur urbi.
O patria, o divom domus Ilium, et incluta bello Moenia Dardanidum! quater ipso in limine portae Substitit, atque utero sonitum quater arma dedere; Instamus tamen inmemores caecique furore, Et monstrum infelix sacrata sistimus arce.
Tunc etiam fatis aperit Cassandra futuris
Ora, dei iussu non umquam credita Teucris. Nos delubra deum miseri, quibus ultimus esset Ille dies, festa velamus fronde per urbem.

Vertitur interea caelum et ruit oceano Nox,
Involvens umbra magna terramque polumque Myrmidonumque dolos; fusi per moenia Teucri Conticuere ; sopor fessos conplectitur artus. Et iam Argiva phalanx instructis navibus ibat A Tenedo, tacitae per amica silentia lunae

The uncertain axe, and from the altar flees.
But those twain snakes to the high fanes glide off
On stern Tritonia's mount, and shelter there Beneath the Goddess' feet and orbed shield.
"Fresh terror then through every shuddering heart Creeps, and men say Laocoon hath paid
Due forfeit for his crime, who impious hurled Against that sacred oak his guilty spear.
"" Draw the dread Image home!' so all out-cry, 'Sue we the Goddess' grace !'
We cleave the walls, we lay the fortress bare.
All speed the work; and lay the rolling wheels 235 Beneath its feet, and ropes around its neck Draw tight. The doomful engine, big with arms, Surmounts our wall. Boys and unwedded girls Chant hymns around, and touch the rope with glee. It comes; it glides into the city's heart!
O Fatherland! O Ilium, home of Gods !
O war-famed walls of Troy! Four times it stopped Even at the gate, four times the arms within Clashed, yet we urge it, blind, ill-memoried men ! And store the monster in our hallowed Keep.
Cassandra e'en then her boding lips unclosed,Those lips which Heaven forbade us to believe. We miserable men on our last day
Went wreathing all our fanes with festal green.
"c The sky wheels round, and from the sea springs Night, 250 In her great umbrage wrapping earth and sky And Argive fraud. We through the town lay stretched Silent, while slumber folded the worn flesh.
And now from Tenedos the Greek array
Came sailing through the moonlight's friendly hush,
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Litora nota petens, flammas cum regia puppis Extulerat, fatisque deum defensus iniquis Inclusos utero Danaos et pinea furtim Laxat claustra Sinon. Illos patefactus ad auras Reddit equus, laetique cavo se robore promunt Thessandrus Sthenelusque duces et dirus Ulixes, Demissum lapsi per funem, Acamasque, Thoasque, Pelidesque Neoptolemus, primusque Machaon, Et Menelaus, et ipse doli fabricator Epeus. Invadunt urbem somno vinoque sepultam ; Caeduntur vigiles, portisque patentibus omnes Accipiunt socios atque agmina conscia iungunt.

Tempus erat, quo prima quies mortalibus aegris Incipit et dono divom gratissima serpit : In somnis, ecce, ante oculos maestissimus Hector Visus adesse mihi, largosque effundere fletus, Raptatus bigis, ut quondam, aterque cruento Pulvere, perque pedes traiectus lora tumentes. Hei mihi, qualis erat! quantum mutatus ab illo Hectore, qui redit exuvias indutus Achilli, Volneraque illa gerens, quae circum plurima muros Accepit patrios. Ultro flens ipse videbar Compellare virum et maestas expromere voces :

O lux Dardaniae, spes o fidissima Teucrum, Quae tantae tenuere morae? quibus Hector ab oris Exspectate venis? ut te post multa tuorum Funera, post varios hominumque urbisque labores Defessi aspicimus! quae causa indigna serenos Foedavit voltus? aut cur haec volnera cerno?

Ille nihil, nec me quaerentem vana moratur,

And neared the well-known strand, when the King's ship Uplifted flames. Then, by Fate's malice saved, Sinon by stealth undoes the wooden door,
And frees the captive Greeks. Them the opened Horse
Restores. Thessander first and Sthenelus,
With dire Ulysses, from the hollow oak
Slide down a rope : then Thoas, Acamas,
Machaon, Menelaus, Peleus' seed,
And he who forged the snare, Epeus' selfi
They seize the city, plunged in sleep and wine,
And slay the watch; through open gates admit
All their allies, and join colleaguing bands.
" It was the hour when first o'er suffering men Slumber, the boon of Heaven, most sweetly steals ; When lo! in dreams before mine eyes appeared Hector in anguish, shedding floods ofitears; Torn by the car, as once, with dust and blood Blackened, his swollen feet pierced through by thongs. $O$ in what guise he was! O how unlike Hector returning in Achilles' spoils,
Or on Greek ships from launching Phrygian fire!
A squalid beard he wore, blood-boltered hair,
And all the wounds which round his native walls So thickly scarred him. Weeping too methought I first addressed him, drawing thus my moan :
"c O Light of Dardans! Surest Hope of Troy ! What kept thee hence so long? Whence art thou come, Dear-hoped-for Hector? O for us outworn After thy people's deaths and all our pain, To see thee now! What shamelessness hath marred 285 Thy happy visage? $O$ what scars are these ?'

He nought replies, nor heeds my idle speech,


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But, sighing deeply from the inmost heart,
' Fly, Goddess-born !' he says, 'Escape these flames !
Foes hold the wall. Down falls the pride of Troy!
Enough for King and Country! Ifiman's arm
Had power to save, they had been saved by mine!
Troy gives to thee in charge her sacred Gods;
These take to share thy doom ; for these at last
Build great thy walls across the o'erwandered main!'
He ceased, and from the holy place brought out Vesta, her chaplets and undying fire.
" Meanwhile confusion through the city spreads : Loud and more loud, though far-withdrawn the house My sire Anchises owned and deep in trees,
The clamour rose, and shuddering strife drew near. I start from sleep; I climb the topmost roof; And stand with straining ears. As when a fire Falls on a cornfield from the raging South;
Or when a mountain torrent drowns the land,
Drowns happy crops, and all the oxen's toil, And headlong sweeps the trees; amazed and dumb, From some tall rock, a shepherd hears the roar.
Then truth shone clear ; bare lay the guile of Greeks !
O'ertopped by flames, Deiphobus' great house Falls, and beside it burns Ucalegon.
The broad Sigaean frith reflects the blaze.
Up rise the shouts of men, the trumpets' blare.
Madly I seize my arms, in arms not less
Unpurposed, hot at heart to muster friends,
And seize the Keep. Wild anger thrusts me on, And bright before me gleams a soldier's death.
"c But Panthus lo! escaped from Argive spears, Priest of the Keep and Phoebus, Othrys' son,
Sacra manu victosque deos parvumque nepotem 320 Ipse trahit, cursuque amens ad limina tendit.

Quo res summa loco, Panthu ? quam prendimus arcem? Vix ea fatus eram, gemitu cum talia reddit:

Venit summa dies et ineluctabile tempus Dardaniae. Fuimus Troes, fuit Ilium et ingens 325
Gloria Teucrorum ; ferus omnia Iuppiter Argos Transtulit : incensa Danai dominantur in urbe. Arduus armatos mediis in moenibus adstans Fundit equus, victorque Sinon incendia miscet Insultans. Portis alii bipatentibus adsunt, $33^{\circ}$
Milia quot magnis umquam venere Mycenis;
Obsedere alii telis angusta viarum
Oppositi ; stat ferri acies mucrone corusco Stricta, parata neci ; vix primi proelia temptant Portarum vigiles, et caeco Marte resistunt.

Talibus Othryadae dictis et numine divom In flammas et in arma feror, quo tristis Erinys, Quo fremitus vocat et sublatus ad aethera clamor. Addunt se socios Rhipeus et maxumus armis Epytus, oblati per lunam, Hypanisque Dymasque, 340
Et lateri adglomerant nostro, iuvenisque Coroebus,
Mygdonides. Illis ad Troiam forte diebus Venerat, insano Cassandrae incensus amore, Et gener auxilium Priamo Phrygibusque ferebat, Infelix, qui non sponsae praecepta furentis Audierit.

Quos ubi confertos audere in proelia vidi, Incipio super his: Iuvenes, fortissima frustra Pectora, si vobis audentem extrema cupido

# Clasping his little grandson and his dear Defeated Gods, flew to my door distraught. 

"" Panthus, how goes the day? What fort is held ?" Scarce had I asked when groaning he replied :
"، ' 'Tis the last day, the inevitable hour !
Trojans we are not, Troy is past, and all
That glory gone. To Argos cruel Jove
Takes all. O'er the fired city Danaans rule ; High in our midst the Horse stands pouring out Armed men ; victorious Sinon, hurling fire, Insults us. Some are at the wide-flung Gates, $33^{\circ}$ As many thousands as from Greece e'er came,Some stand to arms across the narrow ways To bar them : edge and glittering point of steel Stand drawn, for slaughter ripe : scarce at the Gates Our Guards give battle, and in blind strife resist !'
"Such words of Panthus, and the Will of Heaven Mid flames and weapons drive me, where the roar The rising shouts and the grim Fury call. Then through the moonlight, prowest Epytus, Rhipeus and Hypanis with Dymas came, Who rallied to our side,-with Mygdon's son, Coroebus, who at such a time to Troy Coming, with wild love for Cassandra fired, Brought a son's aid to Priam and his town,Unhappy that the bodings of his bride He would not hear!
"Them when I saw for battle ranked and bold, Thus I began: ' O Sirs! O hearts in vain Most valiant! If your will be strong to join

Certa sequi, quae sit rebus fortuna videtis:
Excessere omnes, adytis arisque relictis,
Di , quibus imperium hoc steterat ; succurritis urbi
Incensae ; moriamur, et in media arma ruamus.
Una salus victis, nullam sperare salutem.
Sic animis iuvenum furor additus. Inde, lupi ceu 355
Raptores atra in nebula, quos inproba ventris Exegit caecos rabies, catulique relicti Faucibus exspectant siccis, per tela, per hostes Vadimus haud dubiam in mortem, mediaeque tenemus Urbis iter ; nox atra cava circumvolat umbra.

Quis cladem illius noctis, quis funera fando Explicet, aut possit lacrimis aequare labores? Urbs antiqua ruit, multos dominata per annos; Plurima perque vias sternuntur inertia passim Corpora perque domos et religiosa deorum Limina. Nec soli poenas dant sanguine Teucri ; Quondam etiam victis redit in praecordia virtus Victoresque cadunt Danai. Crudelis ubique Luctus, ubique pavor, et plurima mortis imago.

Primus se, Danaum magna comitante caterva,
Androgeos offert nobis, socia agmina credens Inscius, atque ultro verbis compellat amicis: Festinate, viri. Nam quae tam sera moratur Segnities? alii rapiunt incensa feruntque Pergama; vos celsis nunc primum a navibus itis.

Dixit, et extemplo, neque enim responsa dabantur Fida satis, sensit medios delapsus in hostes. Obstipuit, retroque pedem cum voce repressit. Improvisum aspris veluti qui sentibus anguem

A desperate venture, how things are ye see ;
The Gods, through whom we stood, from fane and shrine
Departed all; a burning town to save;
To death ! and charge with me on serried arms !
One chance the conquered have, to hope for none!'
"Thereat their rage waxed fiercer, and like wolves,
Raiding in darkness, whom the belly's lust
Drives blindly forwards, and their whelps at home Wait with dry jaws ; so we through foes, through steel, Make for sure death, and to the city's midst Press on. Around us hover night and gloom.
"Ofithat night's work who could the tale unfold,
Or weep a tear for every murder done?
An ancient city falls, that long held sway.
In streets, in houses, at the Gods' own doors,
Lie unresisting bodies everywhere
Thick-strewn. Not Trojans only pay their blood;
Oft to the conquered too manhood returns,
And the Greek conquerors fall. On every side
Panic and woe, and Death's wide-looming shade.
"There first of Greeks, among a goodly troop,
Androgeus met us, and our ranks unknown Misdeeming friendly, thus bespoke us fair : - Haste, men : what sloth hath kept you back so long? The rest have fired and pillage Troy, but you From the tall ships come hither only now!'
" He spoke, and instant,-for our answer won No credence,-knew him fallen amidst his foes. Amazed he started, checking voice and foot. As when one toiling through a copse of briers,

Pressit humi nitens, trepidusque repente refugit Attollentem iras et caerula colla tumentem; Haud secus Androgeos visu tremefactus abibat. Inruimus, densis et circumfundimur armis, Ignarosque loci passim et formidine captos Sternimus. Adspirat primo fortuna labori.
Atque hic successu exsultans animisque Coroebus,
O socii, qua prima, inquit, fortuna salutis
Monstrat iter, quaque ostendit se dextra, sequamur :
Mutemus clipeos, Danaumque insignia nobis
Aptemus. Dolus an virtus, quis in hoste requirat?
Arma dabunt ipsi. Sic fatus, deinde comantem Androgei galeam clipeique insigne decorum Induitur, laterique Argivum adcommodat ensem. Hoc Rhipeus, hoc ipse Dymas omnisque iuventus Laeta facit ; spoliis se quisque recentibus armat.

Vadimus inmixti Danais haud numine nostro, Multaque per caecam congressi proelia noctem Conserimus, multos Danaum demittimus Orco. Diffugiunt alii ad naves, et litora cursu Fida petunt : pars ingentem formidine turpi Scandunt rursus equum et nota conduntur in alvo.

Heu nihil invitis fas quemquam fidere divis ! Ecce trahebatur passis Priameia virgo Crinibus a templo Cassandra adytisque Minervae, Ad caelum tendens ardentia lumina frustra,

Consequimur cuncti et densis incurrimus armis.
Hic primum ex alto delubri culmine telis
410
Nostrorum obruimur, oriturque miserrima caedes

Treads on a snake unseen, and shuddering shrinks From the blue neck puffed out, and rising hate ; So, scared at us, Androgeus turned to flee. We charge; we gird them with a hedge of isteel, And strew them broadcast, strangers to the ground, And panic-struck. Fate speeds our first assay.
Then, flushed by victory, bold Coroebus cries :
' Come, follow, friends, where Fortune early points
The way to safety, where she shows us grace! Shields let us change, and gird Greek harness on. Courage or craft, who ask which foemen use ?
They, they shall arm us !'
Saying thus, he dons
Androgeus' plumy helm, and blazoned targe, And fastens to his side an Argive brand. Rhipeus and Dymas, all the troop, with glee Do likewise, arming from our spoils new-won.
"Mingling with Greeks, by favour not our own, Through the blind night we press, in many a fray
Closing, and many a Greek to Orcus send. Some to the ships escape, and running seek The trusty shore : some in base panic climb The Horse, and hide in that familiar vault.
"Against God's Will, alas! all faith is vain! Lo! Priam's daughter with dishevelled hair, Cassandra, dragged from Pallas' sacred shrines, Vainly to heaven uplifts her burning eyes,-

But flung himselfiamid the deep array,
Death-doomed. We follow, close our ranks, and charge.
But Trojan missiles from the temple's roofi
O'erwhelm us now : a wretched carnage springs

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From our arms' fashion, our mistaken plumes.
With yells and anger for the rescued maid,
Greeks from all sides attack us, Ajax keen,
Atreus' two sons, all the Dolopian host.
As, when a whirlwind breaks, South Wind and West,
And Eurus, with his orient coursers proud,
Conflicting shock : the forest roars; the sea
Neptune with savage trident stirs to foam.
They too, ifiany in the dark of night
Our craft surprised, and routed through the town,
Show themselves now ; our shields and cozening arms
At once they know, and mark our uncouth tongue.
Numbers o'erwhelm us, and Coroebus first
Before the War-Maid's altar, by the hand
Ofi Peneleus falls dead ; and Rhipeus falls,
Our purest, and of honour most compact,-
The Gods gainsaid !-Dymas and Hypanis
Die, pierced by friends, nor all thy piety Could save thee, Panthus, nor Apollo's crown!
"O Ilian ashes! Death-flames of my kin!
Be witness, that I shunned not at your fall
Greek spear or perilous warfare ; that my hand Earned death, had death been doomed! But sundered thence With Pelias and with Iphitus I pass, -
One Age retards, and one Ulysses' wound,-
Where calls the clamour, straight to Priam's house.
"Here found we battle fierce, as though no fray
Elsewhere, no other carnage filled the town ;
War to the death, our very roofs assailed,
And to beleaguered doors the Tortoise driven.
Their ladders hug the walls; they storm the Gate ; And with their left hand to our shafts oppose Shields, while they grasp the coping with their right.

Dardanidae contra turres ac tecta domorum
Culmina convellunt ; his se, quando ultima cernunt, Extrema iam in morte parant defendere telis ; Auratasque trabes, veterum decora alta parentum, Devolvunt ; alii strictis mucronibus imas Obsedere fores; has servant agmine denso. Instaurati animi, regis succurrere tectis, Auxilioque levare viros, vimque addere victis.

Limen erat caecaeque fores et pervius usus Tectorum inter se Priami, postesque relicti A tergo, infelix qua se, dum regna manebant, Saepius Andromache ferre incomitata solebat Ad soceros, et avo puerum Astyanacta trahebat. Evado ad summi fastigia culminis, unde Tela manu miseri iactabant inrita Teucri.

Turrim in praecipiti stantem summisque sub astra Eductam tectis, unde omnis Troia videri Et Danaum solitae naves et Achaica castra, Adgressi ferro circum, qua summa labantes Iuncturas tabulata dabant, convellimus altis Sedibus, inpulimusque ; ea lapsa repente ruinam Cum sonitu trahit et Danaum super agmina late Incidit. Ast alii subeunt, nec saxa, nec ullum Telorum interea cessat genus.

Vestibulum ante ipsum primoque in limine Pyrrhus
Exsultat, telis et luce coruscus aena;
Qualis ubi in lucem coluber mala gramina pastus, Frigida sub terra tumidum quem bruma tegebat, Nunc, positis novus exuviis nitidusque iuventa, Lubrica convolvit sublato pectore terga Arduus ad solem, et linguis micat ore trisulcis.
Una ingens Periphas et equorum agitator Achillis,

From tower and roofithe Dardans pluck defence; And, since Death meets their gaze, prepare to wield In that last hour such missiles; gilded beams, The stately splendours of their ancient sires, Roll downward. Some behind the doors below Stand with drawn blades, and guard them, closely ranked. 450 Our spirit rose to save this House of Kings, To help such men oppressed, and swell their force!
"A door there was, a way through Priam's house To every room, a blind deserted gate Rearward, whereby, while Ilium's kingdom stood, 455 Oft unattended to her husband's kin
Came sad Andromache, and brought his boy. Hence to the roofi I pass, from whose high top Despairing Trojans cast their bootless spears.
" High toward the stars up-built on the sheer brink 460 A turret stood, from whence they used to scan Troy, and the Achaean camp, and Danaan ships. This we assailed with iron, where loose it joined The roofis high floor, and wrenched it from the base, And forced it forth. With sudden fall it bore A crushing ruin down, which smote the Greeks Wide-spread : yet more come up, nor stones the while, Nor any missiles cease.
"Lo! Pyrrhus at the Gate, who proudly flashed Before the porch in arms of brazen sheen; In wintry earth long hidden, puff'd and cold, Who throws his weeds, and, sleek with youth, involves His slippery length to day, and rears his breast Tall to the sun, and darts his triple tongue. With him huge Periphas, Automedon,

Armiger Automedon, una omnis Scyria pubes Succedunt tecto, et flammas ad culmina iactant.

Ipse inter primos correpta dura bipenni Limina perrumpit, postesque a cardine vellit Aeratos; iamque excisa trabe firma cavavit Robora, et ingentem lato dedit ore fenestram. Adparet domus intus, et atria longa patescunt ; Adparent Priami et veterum penetralia regum, Armatosque vident stantes in limine primo.

At domus interior gemitu miseroque tumultu
Miscetur, penitusque cavae plangoribus aedes Femineis ululant ; ferit aurea sidera clamor. Tum pavidae tectis matres ingentibus errant, Amplexaeque tenent postes atque oscula figunt. Instat vi patria Pyrrhus; nec claustra, neque ipsi Custodes sufferre valent ; labat ariete crebro Ianua, et emoti procumbunt cardine postes. Fit via vi ; rumpunt aditus, primosque trucidant Inmissi Danai, et late loca milite conplent. 495
Non sic, aggeribus ruptis cum spumeus amnis Exiit oppositasque evicit gurgite moles, Fertur in arva furens cumulo, camposque per omnes Cum stabulis armenta trahit. Vidi ipse furentem Caede Neoptolemum geminosque in limine Atridas ; 500 Vidi Hecubam centumque nurus, Priamumque per aras Sanguine foedantem, quos ipse sacraverat, ignes. Quinquaginta illi thalami, spes tanta nepotum, Barbarico postes auro spoliisque superbi, Procubuere ; tenent Danai, qua deficit ignis. 505

Forsitan et, Priami fuerint quae fata, requiras. Urbis uti captae casum convolsaque vidit Limina tectorum et medium in penetralibus hostem,

Who drove Achilles' steeds, and Scyrian hosts
All made the roofiat once, up-hurling fire.
" But Pyrrhus 'mongst the first with two-edged axe
The portals rent, and from their hinges tore
The brass-bound doors, hewed out a plank, and made, Breaching the solid oak, a yawning gap. The house lies open, the long halls revealed, Priam's own chambers, chambers of dead Kings Revealed, and warriors in the doorway massed.
"But in the house lament and woeful din
Confusedly rise : the vaulted mansions wail With women's sobs, and clamour mounts the sky.
Through the vast house mothers run to and fro, And hug the doors, and kiss them, wild with fear.
Fierce as his father, Pyrrhus presses on ;
Nor bolts nor men may hold him. Doors give way Beneath his frequent ram, and fall unhinged. Force finds a road. The Danaans swarming in, Slay those in front, and fill the house with troops.
Not so enraged a river bursts in foam
O'er dyke and dam, and plunges on the fields,
And sweeps o'er champaign wide both flocks and folds.
I saw the ravening Pyrrhus there; I saw
The Atridae in the Gate, and Hecuba
Beside her hundred daughters, and the King,
Staining with blood the flames himself had blest.
The fifty bowers that promised fruit so fair,
Doors proud with plunder and barbaric gold,
In ruin fell. Greeks take what fire hath left.
"'Thou askest me perchance of Priam's fate.
He, when he saw the captured city's fall,
His doors wrenched off, the foe within his home,

Arma diu senior desueta trementibus aevo Circumdat nequiquam umeris, et inutile ferrum Cingitur, ac densos fertur moriturus in hostes.

Aedibus in mediis nudoque sub aetheris axe Ingens ara fuit iuxtaque veterrima laurus, Incumbens arae atque umbra conplexa Penates. Hic Hecuba et natae nequiquam altaria circum, Praecipites atra ceu tempestate columbae, Condensae et divom amplexae simulacra sedebant. Ipsum autem sumptis Priamum iuvenalibus armis Ut vidit, Quae mens tam dira, miserrime coniunx, Inpulit his cingi telis? aut quo ruis? inquit.

Tempus eget ; non, si ipse meus nunc adforet Hector. Huc tandem concede ; haec ara tuebitur omnes, Aut moriere simul. Sic ore effata recepit Ad sese et sacra longaevum in sede locavit.

Ecce autem elapsus Pyrrhi de caede Polites, Unus natorum Priami, per tela, per hostes Porticibus longis fugit, et vacua atria lustrat Saucius: illum ardens infesto volnere Pyrrhus Insequitur, iam iamque manu tenet et premit hasta :
Ut tandem ante oculos evasit et ora parentum, Concidit, ac multo vitam cum sanguine fudit. Hic Priamus, quamquam in media iam morte tenetur, Non tamen abstinuit, nec voci iraeque pepercit.

At tibi pro scelere, exclamat, pro talibus ausis, 535 Di , si qua est caelo pietas, quae talia curet, Persolvant grates dignas et praemia reddant Debita, qui nati coram me cernere letum Fecisti et patrios foedasti funere voltus. At non ille, satum quo te mentiris, Achilles

Old as he was, his long disused arms
Threw on his feeble back, his useless sword
Girt on, and went to die among his foes.
" Amidst the house, beneath the naked sky, Stood a great altar, and a time-worn bay Leant over, and the House-gods wrapped in shade. Here, round the barren shrine, sat Hecuba
And all her daughters, huddled up like doves
In the black tempest, clinging to their Gods.
But when she saw her lord in arms of youth,
' Unhappy spouse! what madness makes thee take
Those arms,' she cried, 'or whither would'st thou go ? 520
Not such the aid, nor such defence the times
Require, not were my ${ }_{5}$ Hector here himselfi
Draw here at last : this shrine will save us all,
Or thou shalt die with us.' And by her side
She placed the age-worn King in holy seat.
"But lo! Polites, one of Priam's sons,
Flying from Pyrrhus' sword, through foes, through spears,
Down the long corridors and vacant halls
Runs wounded. Pyrrhus, burning on the stroke,
Chases, and grasps, and threats him with the spear;
Till, just emerging in his parents' sight, He fell, and shed his life in streaming blood.
Then Priam, though with death now compassed round,
Withheld not, nor his voice or anger spared.
c" ' For such a crime,' he cries, 'for such a feat,
May Heaven, if Pity dwell in Heaven to mark Such deeds, requite thee well, and give the meed Thou earnest, who before mine eyes hast slain My son, and marred his father's sight with death. Not thus Achilles, whom thou feign'st thy sire,


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Dealt with his foeman Priam; he revered
The suppliant's plea, and to the tomb restored
Hector's cold corse, and sent me home to Troy.'
He spake ; and hurled his weak unwarlike spear,
Which, straight recoiling from the raucous bronze,
Hung idly from the buckler's central boss.
" Then Pyrrhus: ' Thou shalt go then with the news
To Peleus' son, my sire! Tell him, be sure,
The wicked deeds of his degenerate son!
Now die!' So saying, to the very shrine
He dragged him trembling, slipping in the blood
Ofi his own son, and held his hair, and flashed
The blade, and hid it in his side hilt-deep.
"So ended Priam's day : such doom he met, Seeing his Troy in flames, and all her towers/ Down-cast ; once Lord of lands and peoples wide, Regent of Asia. Now a mighty trunk Lies headless on the shore, a corpse unnamed.
" Then first wild fear embraced me, and I stood Awe-struck. The form of my dear father rose Before me, as I watched that King like-aged Pant out his life. I saw Creusa left, My house destroyed, the peril ofimy boy. With backward glance I sum the force around. All wearied out have flagged, and on the ground Tumbled, or aching dropt into the flames.
" Now I alone was left ; when, by the shrine Ofi Vesta crouched, silent and close, I saw Tyndareus' daughter, for the fires shone bright

Erranti passimque oculos per cuncta ferenti.
Illa sibi infestos eversa ob Pergama Teucros
Et poenas Danaum et deserti coniugis iras Praemetuens, Troiae et patriae communis Erinys, Abdiderat sese atque aris invisa sedebat.

Exarsere ignes animo; subit ira cadentem
575
Ulcisci patriam et sceleratas sumere poenas. Scilicet haec Spartam incolumis patriasque Mycenas Aspiciet? partoque ibit regina triumpho, Coniugiumque, domumque, patres, natosque videbit, Iliadum turba et Phrygiis comitata ministris?
Occiderit ferro Priamus ? Troia arserit igni ? Dardanium totiens sudarit sanguine litus? Non ita. Namque etsi nullum memorabile nomen Feminea in poena est nec habet victoria laudem, Exstinxisse nefas tamen et sumpsisse merentes Laudabor poenas, animumque explesse iuvabit Ultricis flammae, et cineres satiasse meorum.

Talia iactabam, et furiata mente ferebar, Cum mihi se, non ante oculis tam clara, videndam Obtulit et pura per noctem in luce refulsit Alma parens, confessa deam, qualisque videri Caelicolis et quanta solet, dextraque prehensum Continuit, roseoque haec insuper addidit ore : Nate, quis indomitas tantus dolor excitat iras ? Quid furis ? aut quonam nostri tibi cura recessit? 595 Non prius aspicies, ubi fessum aetate parentem Liqueris Anchisen? superet coniunxne Creusa, Ascaniusque puer? quos omnes undique Graiae Circumerrant acies, et, ni mea cura resistat, Iam flammae tulerint inimicus et hauserit ensis.
Non tibi Tyndaridis facies invisa Lacaenae Culpatusve Paris, divom inclementia, divom,

As to and fro I passed, surveying all.
She, Trojans' hatred for their towers o'erthrown,
The Greeks' revenge, her long-left husband's wrath
Fore-dreading, common Fury ofiGreece and Troy !-
Had hidden, and by the altar lurked unseen.
" My heart burned hot : wrath spurred me to avenge 575
My falling land, and take the price ofisin.
Was she to look on Sparta and her land
Unscathed, and in her triumph walk a Queen,
With Trojań"maids in train, and Phrygian boys,
And see her wedded home, her sons, her kin?
Had Priam died for this, and Troy been burned,
And Dardan blood so often poured like sweat?
Not so. For though no memorable name
Springs from a woman's death, no victor's palm, Yet to quench evil, and repay desert
Shall bring me praise. O sweet to glut my soul With vengeful fire, and sate my slaughtered kin!
"So raving, I advanced with furious heart ; When in my sight, not seen before so clear, And in pure radiance gleaming through the dark, 590 A very Goddess, in such mien, such state
As Gods behold, my gracious mother came.
She caught my hand, her rosy lips unclosed :
'Son, what great anguish stirs thy lawless wrath ?
Whence is this rage? Where lurks thy love for me?
Wilt thou not rather see where, worn with age,
Thou hast left Anchises? ifi Creusa lives,
And young Iulus? All the Grecian hosts
About them range ; and, did my care not shield
Flames and the hostile blade had swept them off.
Not Helen's hateful beauty thou must blame,
Nor Paris: 'tis the Gods, the severe Gods,

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Who wreck this wealth, and raze the pride of Troy. Look! for the cloud which dims thy mortal sight With mist and darkness, I will take away ;-
Whate'er thy mother bids thee, have no fear,
Nor disobey her counsels. Where thou see'st
Yon mighty blocks uptorn, stone rent from stone,
And eddying up together smoke and dust, Neptune is shaking with his trident huge
The walls' foundations, and uprooting all
The City. Here most awful Juno holds,
Steel-girt, the Scaean Gate, and her allies
Calls from their ships with rage.
And lo! Tritonia on the topmost towers
Stands with her lurid cloud and Gorgon dread !
Courage and strength to Greeks the Sire himselfi
Gives; He himself stirs Heaven to cope with Troy. Flee hence, my son, and give thy travail pause. Ne'er absent, I will guide thee safely home.'
She spoke; and hid herselfi in darkest night.
Dread Shapes appear, and, warring against Troy,
The mighty Hosts of Heaven.
"'Then all the city seemed to sink in flame, And Neptune's Troy, uprooted from its base, Fell, like some world-old ash-tree on the hills Smitten with steel, which woodmen try to fell With frequent hatchets : still it threatens long, And nods the tresses on its trembling head, Till, overcome with wounds, with one last groan Torn from its ridge, it drags a ruin low.
" Down, Goddess-led, I haste, through foes, through fire. The spears give passage, and the flames recede.
" But when my home was reached, our ancient house,

Antiquasque domos, genitor, quem tollere in altos
Optabam primum montes primumque petebam, Abnegat excisa vitam producere Troia Exsiliumque pati. Vos o, quibus integer aevi Sanguis, ait, solidaeque suo stant robore vires, Vos agitate fugam.
Me si caelicolae voluissent ducere vitam, Has mihi servassent sedes. Satis una superque Vidimus exscidia et captae superavimus urbi. Sic 0 , sic positum adfati discedite corpus.
Ipse manu mortem inveniam ; miserebitur hostis
Exuviasque petet ; facilis iactura sepulchri.
Iam pridem invisus divis et inutilis annos
Demoror, ex quo me divom pater atque hominum rex Fulminis adflavit ventis et contigit igni.

Talia perstabat memorans, fixusque manebat.
Nos contra effusi lacrimis coniunxque Creusa Ascaniusque omnisque domus, ne vertere secum Cuncta pater fatoque urguenti incumbere vellet. Abnegat, inceptoque et sedibus haeret in isdem.

Rursus in arma feror, mortemque miserrimus opto, Nam quod consilium aut quae iam fortuna dabatur? Mene efferre pedem, genitor, te posse relicto Sperasti, tantumque nefas patrio excidit ore? Sí nihil ex tanta Superis placet urbe relinqui, Et sedet hoc animo, perituraeque addere Troiae Teque tuosque iuvat, patet isti ianua leto, Iamque aderit multo Priami de sanguine Pyrrhus, Gnatum ante ora patris, patrem qui obtruncat ad aras. Hoc erat, alma parens, quod me per tela, per ignes Eripis, ut mediis hostem in penetralibus, utque Ascanium patremque meum iuxtaque Creusam

My father, whom I first desired to bear
High up the hills, and whom I first approached,
Refused, since Troy was shattered, to prolong
His days in exile. ' Ye, O ye whose blood
Runs fresh,' he cried, ' in your own vigour strong,
Turn ye to flight !
Ifithe high Gods had willed that I should live,
They would have spared my home. Enough and more
One sack to see, one conquered town survive!
Here, here my corpse is laid; bid that farewell!
Death mine own hand will find. The pitying foe
Will spoil me soon; a tomb is little loss.
A weary while I linger, banned by Heaven,
Useless, since me Heaven's Sire, and all men's King
Swept with his thunder's blast, and smote with fire!'
"So he kept prating, and unshaken stayed.
With tears we plead, my wife, my little son, And all our house, that he involve not all In ruin, nor press on the insistent doom. Still he says nay, not changing mind nor place.
" Back to the fight I rush, and choose to die,

Most wretched! for what plan, what chance remained ? I to escape, O Father! and to leave Thee! Fell such slander from a parent's tongue? Ifithe Gods will that nought be left of Troy, And thou art firm, and wilt to wreck so large
Add thee and thine, Death's door will gape anon, When Pyrrhus comes, who sheds the father's blood Before the shrine, the son's before his sire.
Was it for this, sweet Mother, me through shafts, Through flames thou barest, in the heart of home
To see my foes, to see my son, my sire,


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My wife, all butchered in each other's blood ?
Arms, men, bring arms! Death calls the conquered on!
Give me again to Greeks! Let me renew
Battle! Not all shall perish unavenged!
" I gird the steel again, and my left arm
Strap to the targe, and step beyond my house :
But on the theshold lo! my wife embraced
My feet, and to his father held my boy.

- Ifideath thou seekest, bear us with thee too!

But if, well-tried, thou hast some hope in arms, Shield first this house! To whom shall we be left, Thy son, thy sire, and I, once called thy wife ?'
"Loudly she cried, and filled the house with moans:
When suddenly a wondrous Sign uprose.
For lo ! between his parents' arms and lips
Above Iulus' head there seemed to glow
A thin peaked light, a harmless flame, that played
About his wavy locks, and licked his brow.
With fear we trembled, and the burning hair
Shook, and with water quenched the holy flames :
But old Anchises to the stars upturns
Joyful his eyes, to Heaven lifts hand and voice.
' Almighty! Ifi any prayers bend thy Will,
Look on us, only look! Ifi worth deserve,
O give us help! Confirm this augury !'
"Scarce had the old man said, when on the left Thunder outcrashed, and, sliding from its sphere, A Star shot through the darkness, trailing light. Above our palace roofi we saw it glide,
And bury its splendour in dark Ida's woods,

Signantemque vias; tum longo limite sulcus Dat lucem, et late circum loca sulfure fumant.
Hic vero victus genitor se tollit ad auras, Adfaturque deos et sanctum sidus adorat.

Iam iam nulla mora est ; sequor, et, qua ducitis, adsum. Di patrii, servate domum, servate nepotem. Vestrum hoc augurium, vestroque in numine Troia est. Cedo equidem, nec, nate, tibi comes ire recuso. Dixerat ille ; et iam per moenia clarior ignis Auditur, propiusque aestus incendia volvunt.

Ergo age, care pater, cervici inponere nostrae ; Ipse subibo umeris, nec me labor iste gravabit; Quo res cumque cadent, unum et commune periclum, Una salus ambobus erit. Mihi parvus Iulus
Sit comes, et longe servet vestigia coniunx. Vos, famuli, quae dicam, animis advertite vestris. Est urbe egressis tumulus templumque vetustum Desertae Cereris, iuxtaque antiqua cupressus Religione patrum multos servata per annos. Hanc ex diverso sedem veniemus in unam. Tu, genitor, cape sacra manu patriosque Penates; Me, bello e tanto digressum et caede recenti, Attrectare nefas, donec me flumine vivo Abluero.

Haec fatus, latos umeros subiectaque colla Veste super fulvique insternor pelle leonis, Succedoque oneri; dextrae se parvus Iulus Inplicuit sequiturque patrem non passibus aequis; Pone subit coniunx. Ferimur per opaca locorum ; Et me, quem dudum non ulla iniecta movebant Tela neque adverso glomerati ex agmine Graii,

Marking a path : the long-drawn furrow glows, And widely spreads around a sulphury fume. Then vanquished quite my father rose erect, Worshipped the holy Star, and prayed to Heaven.
" "No more delay. I follow where you lead.
Save, Guardian Gods! my house ; my grandson save! Yours is this omen; in your hand is Troy!
I yield ; to go with thee I not refuse!'
He ceased ; and now more loud the fire is heard,
More near the conflagration rolls its heat.
"، Then come, dear Father! rest upon my neck;
My shoulders shall sustain thine easy load.
Whate'er befall, one peril there shall be,
One safety for us twain. With me my son
Shall walk ; my wife shall follow far behind. Ye servants, heed my words. A mound there is Beyond the city Gate, an ancient fane Of lonely Ceres, and a cypress nigh, Saved through long years by reverential awe.
To this one spot from divers let us come.
Thou, Father, take our holy Gods of Home. For me, fresh come from battle and from blood, ' T is sin to touch them, till in living streams I wash me clean.'
" Then over my broad shoulders and bent neck
A cloak I spread, a tawny lion's hide,
And lift my load. Iulus clasps my hand, And follows with small steps his father's stride. My wife comes after. Dusky ways we tread; And I, whom late not any shafts dismayed, Not any Greeks in adverse battle ranged,

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Now fear each breeze, and start at every sound, Trembling for both, my burden and my boy.
"Now, drawing near the Gates, I deemed my way $73^{\circ}$ All traversed, when a sound of many feet Springs on our ears, and, peering through the gloom, My father cries, 'Fly, fly! my son, they come! The gleam of brass I see, and glowing shields.'
"Then in my fear some deity unkind
Stole my distracted wit ; for while I tread By-ways, and leave the street's familiar round, Alas! my wife Creusa, rapt by Fate, Or stopped, or lost the way, or sank foredone, Uncertain which, ne'er to my sight restored.
Nor looks for her thus lost nor thoughts I bent, Ere to the mound we came and hallowed seat Ofiancient Ceres. Here, when all were met, She only lacked, and failed both son and spouse. What man, what God did not my fury accuse?
What sight more cruel was in all Troy's sack ? My son, my sire, my Trojan Gods of Home, Hid in a winding glen, I trust to friends, The town regain, and don my shining arms; Firm to renew each risk, and through all Troy Returning, thrust my head on peril again.
" The walls and dusky portals whence I passed First I regain, and follow through the night My foot-prints back, and with close eye peruse. Dread fills my heart ; the very silence daunts. Thence home I turn, ifi haply there she tread, Ifithere! The Greek invader fills the house. The hungry fire is rolling up the roof Wind-swept ; the flames leap up and roar to heaven.

Procedo et Priami sedes arcemque reviso.
Et iam porticibus vacuis Iunonis asylo
Custodes lecti Phoenix et dirus Ulixes
Praedam adservabant. Huc undique Troia gaza
Incensis erepta adytis, mensaeque deorum,
Crateresque auro solidi, captivaque vestis
Congeritur. Pueri et pavidae longo ordine matres Stant circum.

Ausus quin etiam voces iactare per umbram Inplevi clamore vias, maestusque Creusam Nequiquam ingeminans iterumque iterumque vocavi. Quaerenti et tectis urbis sine fine furenti Infelix simulacrum atque ipsius umbra Creusae Visa mihī ante oculos et nota maior imago. Obstipui, steteruntque comae et vox faucibus haesit. Tum sic adfari et curas his demere dictis :

Quid tantum insano iuvat indulgere dolori, O dulcis coniunx? non haec sine numine divom Eveniunt ; nec te hinc comitem asportare Creusam Fas aut ille sinit superi regnator Olympi.
Longa tibi exsilia, et vastum maris aequor arandum, $\quad 780$ Et terram Hesperiam venies, ubi Lydius arva Inter opima virum leni fluit agmine Thybris: Illic res laetae regnumque et regia coniunx Parta tibi. Lacrimas delectae pelle Creusae : Non ego Myrmidonum sedes Dolopumve superbas Aspiciam, aut Graiis servitum matribus ibo, Dardanis, et divae Veneris nurus;
Sed me magna deum Genetrix his detinet oris. Iamque vale, et nati serva communis amorem.

Haec ubi dicta dedit, lacrimantem et multa volentem 790 Dicere deseruit, tenuesque recessit in auras.
"Again I pass to Priam's towered seat.
In the void cloisters, Juno's sanctuary,
Phoenix and dire Ulysses, chosen guards,
Watch o'er the spoil. There Trojan treasures, torn
From blazing shrines, and tables of the Gods, Bowls of pure gold, and captive vestments lie Promiscuous heaped. Around, in long array, Stand boys and trembling mothers.
"Nay more : I dared to pierce the night with cries, Filling the streets with noise ; and vainly again, Again redoubling, called Creusa's name.
Thus storming as I ranged, in ceaseless quest, A Phantom sad, mine own Creusa's Shade, Rose to my sight, greater than her I knew. Spell-bound, my hair uprose, my tongue was tied. She spake, and with these words dispelled my care :
"، Why wilt thou yield thee to such frenzied woe, Sweet Husband ? Not without the Will of Gods
It happens thus. To bear me hence with thee Fate not permits thee, nor Olympus' Lord. Long exile shall be thine, vast seas to plough,
And thou shalt reach Hesperia, where by tilth
And wealth of men smooth-sliding Tiber flows.
There joy and kingship and a royal wife
Are thine. For dear Creusa weep no more.
I shall not see the Myrmidons' proud seats,
Nor go to dwell a slave for Grecian wives,
I of the Dardans, wife of Venus' son!
Nay ; me the mighty Mother of the Gods
Here keeps. Farewell! Love still thy son and mine!'
"Thus when she had said, into thin air diffused,
790
She left me weeping, fain to tell her much.


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Thrice round her neck I tried to throw my arms : Thrice fled the Vision from my empty grasp, As light as wind, and like a flying dream.
" So night was spent, and I rejoined my friends; 795
And wondering there a mighty host I find
Ofi comrades streaming fresh, mothers and men For exile thronged, a piteous group, who met From every quarter, ready to embark Their hearts and fortunes for what lands I chose.
" And now the Day Star rose o'er Ida's crest, Leading the morn ; and still the Danaans held The leaguered gates : no hope of help was given. I turned ; I raised my sire, and sought the hills."

OSTQUAM res Asiae Priamique evertere gentem Inmeritam visum Superis, ceciditque superbum Ilium et omnis humo fumat Neptunia Troia,
Diversa exsilia et desertas quaerere terras
Auguriis agimur divom, classemque sub ipsa
Antandro et Phrygiae molimur montibus Idae,
Incerti, quo fata ferant, ubi sistere detur, Contrahimusque viros. Vix prima inceperat aestas, Et pater Anchises dare fatis vela iubebat ; Litora cum patriae lacrimans portusque relinquo
Et campos, ubi Troia fuit. Feror exsul in altum Cum sociis natoque Penatibus et magnis dis.

Terra procul vastis colitur Mavortia campis, Thraces arant, acri quondam regnata Lecurgo, Hospitium antiquum Troiae sociique Penates, Dum Fortuna fuit. Feror huc, et litore curvo Moenia prima loco, fatis ingressus iniquis, Aeneadasique meo nomen de nomine fingo.

Sacra lionacae matri divisque ferebam Auspicitus coeptorum operum, superaque nitentem
C'aelicolum regi mactabam in litore taurum. Virre fuit iuxta tumulus quo cornea summo Virgulta et densis hastilibus horrida myrtus. Aciessi, viridemque ab humo convellere sitram Conatus, ramis tegerem ut frondentibus aras,
Horrendum et dictu visieo mirabile monstum.
Nam, quae prima solo ruptis racicibus a-ks
Vellitur, huic atro liquuntu: sangiine gi:tae
Et reram tabu maculant. Misi fingise horer
Membra yuatit, seliéueque ovit 末wini:ne singais
Ruasus et siterius leatum conareate vimes

 Falls, and all Neptune's city smokes in dust, To banishment remote and lands forlorn
Gods' voices call us ; and in Ida's shade,
Beneath Antandros' wall, we build a fleet ;
Uncertain to what bourne our fates will lead, And muster men. When summer scarce had sprung, And oft my sire bade spread our sails to Fate,
I left my land with tears, I left the plain
That once was Troy, to sail the homeless seas, With friends and son, with Troy's great Gods and mine.
"Far off, in Mavors' land, the Thracians plough Their vasty plains, where erst Lycurgus reigned; To Troy once friendly, and our Gods allied,
Ere Fortune fled. There landing, on the bay, With fates unkind, my earliest town I trace, And name it from my name Aeneadae.
"Oblations to my mother and the Gods,
To bless our works, I paid ; and to Heaven's King 20
A shining bull would slay. A mound was nigh,
Whereon grew dogwood bushes, and dense spears
Ofi prickly myrtle. Drawing near, I strove
To crop the leafy wood, and wreathe with green Our altars, when behold! an awful sign,
Wondrous to tell! for from the uprooted stem Which first I tore from earth, black drops of blood Gushed forth, and stained the soil. Cold horror shook My limbs; fear froze my blood. Yet once again Out of another tree, I sought to tear
A stubborn shoot, and probe the hidden cause. Black from that other bark forth issued blood.

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" Deep pondering, I prayed the Woodland Nymphs, I prayed Gradivus, Lord of Getic fields, To bless that portent, and all harm remove.
But when with greater effort, 'gainst the sand Pressing my knees, a third green spear I seize-
O shall I speak, or hold my peace ?-a moan
Deep in the mound is heard, a tearful moan,
And a voice meets my ears: 'Why dost thou rend
A wretched man, Aeneas? Spare my grave ;
Spare to pollute. pure hands. Not strange to thee Troy bore me; no strange blood is oozing here; Fly, fly this cruel land, this greedy shore!
For I am Polydorus. Here the steel,
Sown in my flesh, hath sprouted into spears.'
" Then doubt and dread oppressed me, and I stood Spell-bound ; my hair uprose, my tongue was tied. This Polydorus with a weight of gold Once sad-starred Priam sent in secret charge
To Thracia's Prince, mistrusting Dardan arms, Seeing his walls girt close. When Troy was crushed, And Fortune ebbed, to Agamemnon's arms Turning in victory's wake, the Prince breaks through All law, slays Polydorus, and the gold
Grasps. To what acts thou drivest mortal men, Thou impious greed of gold! When fear had fled, To all our chiefest lords, my sire the first, These portents I disclose, and ask their will. One mind have all, to quit that guilty land, Leave treason's home, and give our barks the breeze. So funeral rites we pay, earth high the mound, And altars raise to Polydorus' shade,
Mourning with dusky cypress; and all round Stand Ilian wives with streaming tresses free;
Cups with warm milk afoam, and bowls we bear

Sanguinis et sacri pateras, animamque sepulchro Condimus, et magna supremum voce ciemus.

Inde, ubi prima fides pelago, placataque venti Dant maria et lenis crepitans vocat auster in altum,
Deducunt socii naves et litora conplent.
Provehimur portu, terraeque urbesque recedunt.
Sacra mari colitur medio gratissima tellus
Nereidum matri et Neptuno Aegaeo,
Quam pius Arcitenens oras et litora circum
Errantem Mycono e celsa Gyaroque revinxit, Inmotamque coli dedit et contemnere ventos. Huc feror ; haec fessos tuto placidissima portu Accipit. Egressi veneramur Apollinis urbem. Rex Anius, rex idem hominum Phoebique sacerdos,
Vittis et sacra redimitus tempora lauro,
Occurrit; veterem Anchisen adgnoscit amicum. Iungimus hospitio dextras, et tecta subimus.

Templa dei saxo venerabar structa vetusto:
Da propriam, Thymbraee, domum ; da moenia fessis Et genus et mansuram urbem; serva altera Troiae Pergama, reliquias Danaum atque inmitis Achilli. Quem sequimur ? quore ire iubes? ubi ponere sedes? Da, pater, augurium, atque animis inlabere nostris.

Vix ea fatus eram : tremere omnia visa repente, Liminaque laurusque dei, totusque moveri Mons circum, et mugire adytis cortina reclusis. Submissi petimus terram, et vox fertur ad aures:

[^1]Of sacred blood, and lay his soul to rest, And cry aloud for him the last long cry.
"From thence, when waves are trusted, and the breeze Spreads calm, and South winds whisper to the sea, Launching our ships, my comrades fill the strand. We clear the haven ; lands and towns recede.
" Amid the sea there lies a sacred isle, To Neptune and the Sea-Nymphs' Mother dear, Which, as it roamed the main, the Archer God
To Myconos and Gyaros fast bound,
And bade it lie unmoved, and scorn the gale.
I thither sail ; the unruffled port receives
Our weary crew ; we hail Apollo's town.
King Anius there, men's King and Phoebus' Priest, 80
Crowned with the laurel, met us, and recalled
The friend Anchises whom he loved of yore.
Kind hands we join, and pass beneath his rooft
"Then to the Temple's hoary stones I bend :
'Grant us a home, Thymbraean! Grant us walls,
A biding city and race! O keep and save This second Troy, these leavings of the Greek! Whom follow we ? and whither? where to fix Our Home? Give omens, Lord, our souls inspire !'
"I scarce had said; a sudden tremor stirred The doors, the holy laurel, all the hill Shook, the shrine opened, and the tripod moaned. Prostrate to earth we fell, and heard a voice :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { "c Enduring Dardans! That same land which bore } \\
& \text { Your parent stock, again shall take you home }
\end{aligned}
$$



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To her rich breast. Your ancient Mother seek ! There shall Aeneas' House all nations sway, And sons of sons, till generations fail!'
"'Thus Phoebus; and a joyous uproar rose, And all demanded, to what Home the God Called us, and bade the wanderers return.
"My father then revolves the lore of old.
' Listen, O lords!' he cries, ' and learn your hopes.
Crete lies amid the sea, Jove's island home,
Mount Ida, and the cradle of our race,
An hundred cities fair, luxuriant fields.
Thence our first father Teucer,-if the tale
I well recall,-first sailed to Phrygian shores, And chose his realm. Not then had Ilium raised Her towers to heaven; in sunken dales they dwelt.

IIO
Hence Cybele's Queen, the Corybantic brass,
The Idaean grove, the silence-guarded rites,
And lions yoked beneath their mistress' car. Up, then, and follow where God's bidding leads ;
Appease the winds, and make for Gnossus' realm!
Not far the vessels' course ; ifi Jove be near,
Three days shall bear them to the coasts of Crete.'
A bull to Neptune duly then he slew ;
A bull to thee, fair Phoebus! and two lambs,
One black to Storm, one to boon Zephyrs white. 120
"A rumour flies, Idomeneus hath left
His realm an outcast, and deserted homes
In Crete await us, of all foemen void.
We leave Ortygia's port, and skim the main,
By Naxos' Bacchic ridge, Donusa green,
White Paros, Olearos, o'er straits that foam
Round many a shore of sea-strewn Cyclades.

Nauticus exoritur vario certamine clamor; Hortantur socii : Cretam proavosque petamus. Prosequitur surgens a puppi ventus euntes,
Et tandem antiquis Curetum adlabimur oris.
Ergo avidus muros optatae molior urbis, Pergameamque voco, et laetam cognomine gentem Hortor amare focos arcemque attollere tectis. Iamque fere sicco subductae litore puppes ;
Conubiis arvisque novis operata iuventus;
Iura domosque dabam : subito cum tabida membris,
Corrupto caeli tractu, miserandaque venit Arboribusque satisque lues et letifer annus. Linquebant dulces animas, aut aegra trahebant
Corpora; tum steriles exurere Sirius agros; Arebant herbae, et victum seges aegra negabat. Rursus ad oraclum Ortygiae Phoebumque remenso Hortatur pater ire mari, veniamque precari : Quam fessis finem rebus ferat; unde laborum
Temptare auxilium iubeat ; quo vertere cursus.
Nox erat, et terris animalia somnus habebat : Effigies sacrae divom Phrygiique Penates, Quos mecum a Troia mediisque ex ignibus urbis Extuleram, visi ante oculos adstare iacentis In somnis, multo manifesti lumine, qua se Plena per insertas fundebat luna fenestras; Tum sic adfari et curas his demere dictis : Quod tibi delato Ortygiam dicturus Apollo est, Hic canit, et tua nos en ultro ad limina mittit. Idem venturos tollemus in astra nepotes, Imperiumque urbi dabimus. Tu moenia magnis Magna para, longumque fugae ne linque laborem.

Loud cry the straining mariners, 'To Crete !' Cheerly they urge, 'On to our fathers' home!'
A wind that follows wafts us on our way,
And to those ancient shores we glide at last.
" My long-craved walls I trace, and call the town Pergamea, praying Trojans, who rejoice
In that great name, to love the towers they raise.
And now our vessels on the beach were drawn,
And all on marriage bent, and tillage new ;
Laws, homes I gave; when from the tainted sky
On human limbs a sudden sickness fell,
A blight on trees and crops, a year of death. Sweet life they left, or dragged enfeebled frames,
While Sirius seared the fields, the herbage died,
Sick crops refused their yield. My father then
Bade us remeasure sea, and reach once more
Ortygia, and implore of Phoebus' grace
When pain should end, and whence he bade us try
Our weariness to heal, and whither steer.
" 'Twas night, and sleep held all the living world.
The Holy Shapes, the Phrygian Gods of Home, Whom with me I had borne from Troy and flames, Seemed in my sleep to stand before mine eyes,
Revealed in streaming light, where the full moon Poured through the deep-set windows : who thus spake, Dispelling care. 'What Phoebus hath to say, When thou hast reached Ortygia, here he sounds. He sends us to thy door. When Troy was burned,
We followed thee and thine, measured in ships
The tumbling waves with thee; we too will raise Thy children to the stars, and give thy town Empire. Thy walls build greatly for the great. Nor shun long pain and exile. Thou must rest

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Elsewhere : not hither did the Delian prompt, A pollo called thee to no shores of Crete.
A place there is, by Greeks Hesperia named,
An old land, strong in arms and the glebe's fruit,
Where dwelt Oenotrians; now the younger men
After their Chiefi have called it Italy.
This is our proper seat : hence Dardanus
Sprang, and Iasius, founder of our line.
Up! and thine ancient father tell with joy
No doubtful tidings ; Corythus to seek,
Ausonian lands. Jove doth not give thee Crete.'
"Awed by such vision and the voice of Gods, -
Nor was that sleep, but openly I saw
Their very features and their cinctured hair,
And chilly sweat bedewed my every limb, -
Up from the bed I leap, and raise aloft
Heavenward both hands and voice, and offer gifts
Pure on the hearth. And when my vows were paid All to Anchises I unfold with joy.
He owned the ambiguous line, the rival sires,
His strange confusion of familiar lands.
'O Son!' he said, 'long tried by Ilium's doom!
Cassandra only warned me of this fate.
Now, I recall, thus she foretold our lot,
And named Hesperia oft and Italy.
But who could dream that Trojans should approach Hesperian shores? Whom could Cassandra move?
Now, better counselled, let us own the God.'
He said; we all obeyed his words with joy.
We quit our second home, where few were left,
And spread our sails, and skim great plains of sea.
"Far on the deep, when no more land we saw,-
Sky everywhere, and everywhere the sea, -

| Tum mihi caeruleus supra caput adstitit imber, |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Noctem hiememque ferens, et inhorruit unda tenebris. | 195 |
| Continuo venti volvunt mare magnaque surgunt |  |
| Aequora; dispersi iactamur gurgite vasto ; |  |
| Involvere diem nimbi, et nox umida caelum |  |
| Abstulit; ingeminant abruptis nubibus ignes. |  |
| Excutimur cursu, et caecis erramus in undis. | 200 |
| Ipse diem noctemque negat discernere caelo, |  |
| Nec meminisse viae media Palinurus in unda. |  |
| Tres adeo incertos caeca caligine soles |  |
| Erramus pelago, totidem sine sidere noctes. |  |
| Quarto terra die primum se attollere tandem |  |
| Visa, aperire procul montes, ac volvere fumum. | 205 |
| Vela cadunt, remis insurgimus; haud mora, nautae |  |
| Adnixi torquent spumas et caerula verrunt. |  |
|  |  |
| Servatum ex undis Strophadum me litora primum |  |
| Accipiunt ; Strophades Graio stant nomine dictae, | $\mathbf{2 1 0}$ |
| Insulae Ionio in magno, quas dira Celaeno |  |
| Harpyiaeque colunt aliae, Phineia postquam |  |
| Clausa domus, mensasque metu liquere priores. |  |
| Tristius haud illis monstrum, nec saevior ulla |  |
| Pestis et ira deum Stygiis sese extulit undis. | 215 |
| Virginei volucrum voltus, foedissima ventris |  |
| Proluvies, uncaeque manus, et pallida semper |  |
| Ora fame. |  |

Huc ubi delati portus intravimus, ecce Laeta boum passim campis armenta videmus 220 Caprigenumque pecus nullo custode per herbas. Inruimus ferro, et divos ipsumque vocamus In partem praedamque Iovem; tum litore curvo Exstruimusque toros dapibusque epulamur opimis.At subitae horrifico lapsu de montibus adsunt

Then overhead a blue-black cloud ofirain
Bore night and storm ; the shuddering water gloomed.
Blasts rolled the sea; the mountain billows rose,
And scattered wide our ships : the rainy clouds
Shrouded the day, and hid the darkened sky,
While fire flashed frequent from the riven rack.
Swept from our course, we drift on blinding surge.
E'en Palinurus in the sky confounds
Noontide with night, nor recollects his course.
Three days we drift in doubt and blinding gloom,
As many starless nights, till land at last
Rose the fourth morn, disclosing distant hills
And curling smoke. Down drop the sails; on oars
Rising, our mariners with no delay
Lustily toss the foam, and sweep the blue.
"Saved from the deep, isles of the Ionian main Receive me first, by Greeks named Strophades,
Where weird Celaeno and the Harpies dwell,
From Phineus' house debarred, who fled in fear Their ancient board. No monster boding worse, Not any deadlier plague and wrath ofiHeaven, Rose from the Stygian flood. Winged things, they wear 215 Girls' faces ; foul the droppings of their vent ;
Claws are their hands; their features evermore With famine pale.
" Borne thither, and the haven made, behold!
Rich droves of cattle scattered o'er the leas,
And flocks of goats untended we descry.
We flesh our blades, and Jove himselfiinvite
To share with Gods our spoil, then by the bay,
Pile grassy seats, and feast on goodly cheer.
But sudden from the cliffs, with awful swoop,
Those Harpies fall, and flap their clangorous wings,


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Snatching the feast, and with polluting touch Spoil all ; their shrieks are mixed with odours foul. Once more, far-drawn within a caverned cliff, In shady trees embowered, we spread the board,
And on our altars lay the fire afresh;
Once more from hidden lairs the screaming rout Fly round the prey, with beaks and crooked claws Tainting our meal. My comrades then I charged To take their arms, and fight the grisly tribe ;
And they obeying lay their swords apart,
Buried in grass, and hide their ambushed shields.
Then when they drop, and scream along the shore,
Misenus, from his watch, on hollow brass
Signals; and in strange battle we engage,
Slashing with steel those Ocean Birds obscene. But not one stroke their plumes, their bodies take No wound ; and swift in flight upsoaring high, Halfeaten meat they leave, and traces foul.

## "Only Celaeno, evil-boding Seer,

Lights on a lofty crag, and thus breaks forth :

- War would ye wage for kine and oxen slain?

Sons of Laomedon! with war to drive
Innocent Harpies from their fathers' realm!
Learn then, and fix in heart these words of mine,
Which Jove foretold to Phoebus, he to me,
And I, the Furies' Queen, to you reveal.
To Italy you sail : the summoned winds
Unharmed shall bear you to Italian ports.
But, ere you ring with walls your promised Home,
Fierce famine and this outrage of our blood,
Shall make you champ and gnaw your very boards.'
"She ceased, and to the forest winged her flight.

At sociis subita gelidus formidine sanguis
Deriguit ; cecidere animi, nec iam amplius armis,
Sed votis precibusque iubent exposcere pacem,
Sive deae, seu sint dirae obscenaeque volucres.
Et pater Anchises passis de litore palmis
Numina magna vocat, meritosque indicit honores :
Di, prohibete minas; di, talem avertite casum,
Et placidi servate pios! Tum litore funem
Deripere, excussosque iubet laxare rudentes. Tendunt vela Noti; fugimus spumantibus undis,
Qua cursum ventusque gubernatorque vocabat.
Iam medio adparet fluctu nemorosa Zacynthos
Dulichiumque Sameque et Neritos ardua saxis. Effugimus scopulos Ithacae, Laertia regna,
Et terram altricem saevi exsecramur Ulixi.
Mox et Leucatae nimbosa cacumina montis
Et formidatus nautis aperitur Apollo.
275
Hunc petimus fessi et parvae succedimus urbi ;
Ancora de prora iacitur, stant litore puppes.
Ergo insperata tandem tellure potiti
Lustramurque Iovi votisque incendimus aras,
Actiaque Iliacis celebramus litora ludis.
280
Exercent patrias oleo labente palaestras
Nudati socii ; iuvat evasisse tot urbes
Argolicas mediosque fugam tenuisse per hostes.
Interea magnum sol circumvolvitur annum, Et glacialis hiemps aquilonibus asperat undas.
Aere cavo clipeum, magni gestamen Abantis, Postibus adversis figo, et rem carmine signo : Aeneas haec de Danais victoribus arma. Linquere tum portus iubeo et considere transtris. Certatim socii feriunt mare et aequora verrunt.

Then cold with sudden awe my comrades' blood
Froze, and their spirit fell. No more with arms, 260
With vows and prayers they bid me strive for peace,
Whether divine they be or fowls obscene.
My father on the beach, with palms outspread,
Invokes the Gods, ordaining sacrifice.
' O curb her threats, great Heaven! avert the curse!
With mercy guard the good!' The cable then
He bids us pull from shore, and loose the sheets;
The South winds fill the sails; through foaming waves We skim the track where breeze and pilot call.
" Wooded Zacynthus, and Dulichium
Rise from the sea, and Neritos' tall crags,
And Same, and we skirt Laertes' land, Steep Ithaca, and curse Ulysses' home. Soon too the cloudy peaks of Leucas show, And that Apollo whom the seamen dread.
Wearied we steer to make the little town, Cast anchor from the prow, and beach the stern.
"Thus gaining land unhoped, our lustral dues To Jove we pay, and, kindling altar-fires, With Trojan Games we throng the Actian shore. There, stripped and sleek with oil, my comrades try Their country falls; so many an Argive town Rejoicing to have passed, and fled the foe.
" The Sun rounds all the year, and Winter frore Chafes with North winds the sea. Then on the gates 285 I fix a hollow brazen shield, the wear Ofimighty Abas, with this legend graved : 'These arms Aeneas from victorious Greeks!' I bid the seamen weigh, and man the thwarts : Stoutly they smite the waves, and sweep the sea. And soon we lose Phaeacia's skiey tops,

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Skirt by Epirus' shore, Chaonia's port Enter, and climb to steep Buthrotum town.
" Rumours beyond beliefithere filled our ears, That Helenus, the son of Priam, reigned
O'er those Greek towns, his bride and sceptre won
From Pyrrhus, and Andromache once more Had found no alien spouse. My heart amazed Burned to salute him, and to learn his tale. Forth from the port I wend, from ships and shore, When haply in a grove beyond the town, By some feigned Simois stream, Andromache Was shedding her sad gifts, and called his ghost To Hector's tomb, an empty mound ofiturf, And altars twain she hallowed but for tears. Me coming when she spied, and saw distraught The arms ofiTroy, by such great wonders awed, Even still in gaze she froze, heat left her bones; She swooned, and scarce failed speech recovered late.
" ' Art thou alive, with real face and voice,
O Goddess-born ! or, ifisweet light be fled, Where is my Hector?' Weeping thus, with moans She filled the grove. I hardly in briefireplied To her despair, gasping with broken words.
"c Alive I am, through all extremes I live.
Doubt not, the sight is real.
But $\mathrm{O}!$ what chance hath fallen thee, declined From such a man? What worthy fate hath found Hector's Andromache ? Art Pyrrhus' wife ?'
"She bowed her head, and in low accents spake.
320
' O blest alone of all the maids of Troy;
Before the foeman's tomb, neath Ilium's wall,

Iussa mori, quae sortitus non pertulit ullos,
Nec victoris heri tetigit captiva cubile!
Nos, patria incensa diversa per aequora vectae,
Stirpis Achilleae fastus iuvenemque superbum,
Servitio enixae, tulimus : qui deinde, secutus
Ledaeam Hermionen Lacedaemoniosque hymenaeos,
Me famulo famulamque Heleno transmisit habendam.
Ast illum, ereptae magno flammatus amore
Coniugis et scelerum Furiis agitatus, Orestes
Excipit incautum patriasque obtruncat ad aras.
Morte Neoptolemi regnorum reddita cessit
Pars Heleno, qui Chaonios cognomine campos
Chaoniamque omnem Troiano e Chaone dixit,
Pergamaque Iliacamque iugis hanc addidit arcem.
Sed tibi qui cursum venti, quae fata dedere? Aut quisnam ignarum nostris deus adpulit oris?
Quid puer Ascanius? superatne et vescitur aura, Quem tibi iam Troia-
Ecqua tamen puero est amissae cura parentis? Ecquid in antiquam virtutem animosque viriles Et pater Aeneas et avunculus excitat Hector?

Talia fundebat lacrimans longosque ciebat Incassum fletus, cum sese a moenibus heros
Priamides multis Helenus comitantibus adfert, Adgnoscitque suos, laetusque ad limina ducit, Et multum lacrimas verba inter singula fundit. Procedo, et parvam Troiam simulataque magnis Pergama et arentem Xanthi cognomine rivum
Adgnosco, Scaeaeque amplector limina portae. Nec non et Teucri socia simul urbe fruuntur. Illos porticibus rex accipiebat in amplis ; Aulai medio libabant pocula Bacchi, Impositis auro dapibus, paterasque tenebant.
Bidden to die! who bore no lottery's shame,
Nor captive pressed a conquering master's bed !
We, from our burning town borne oversea,
The pride and insults of Achilles' son
Endured, and the slave's child-bed. Wooing then
Leda's Hermione, the Spartan bride,
To Helenus he passed me, thrall to thrall.
But him Orestes, burning with great love
For his rapt bride, and by Crime's Furies driven,
Took unawares, and at his altars slew.
At Pyrrhus' death, part of his kingdom fell
To Helenus, who named the land entire
Chaonia, after Trojan Chaon's name,
And built this towered Ilian citadel.
" ' But thee what wind, what fate hath driven? What God Thrust thee unweeting on our coast? How fares
Ascanius? Drinks he yet the living air,
Whom once in Troy-
Doth the boy pine for his lost mother still?
Is he to ancient valour by his sire
Aeneas, by his uncle Hector roused?'
"She ended weeping, and long sobbed in vain;
When from the town the hero Helenus
Came, thronged with friends, and recognised his kin,
And gladly led us in, and at each word
Shed many a tear. I go, and round me see
A lesser Troy, dwarf towers like her great,
A dried-up stream named Xanthus, and embrace 350
A Scaean Gate. My Trojans too the while
Enjoy the friendly city ; them the King
Welcomes in spacious cloisters, and they pour
In the Hall's centre votive cups of wine,
And feast on golden plate, and lift the bowl.


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"A day hath passed, and twain ; and now the South Calls to the sails, the canvas swells with wind, When thus imploring I address the Seer :
"c © Troy-born, Interpreter of God, inspired
By bay and tripod and Apollo's Will,
Stars and birds' tongues and auguries of flight !
Tell me,-for holy voices all my course
Named happy, and all the Heavenly Ones advised
To make for Italy and lands remote,-
The Harpy alone Celaeno boded strange
Prodigious things, and told oficruel wrath, And famine foul,-what perils shun I first ? How guided, may I win that hard assay ?'
" Then Helenus the grace of Heaven first sues With oxen duly slain, and from his head
Undoes the holy bands, and leads me himself, O Phoebus, to thy doors, thrilled with the God! Then with prophetic lips the Priest declaims:
c، © Goddess-born! High auspices indeed Direct thy voyage : so the King of Heaven Thy lot awards; so rolls thy ordered course. Few things of many I will set in words, That safer thou may'st sail the homeless seas, And rest in Italy : more Fate conceals From Helenus, and Juno locks his lips.
cc • First ; that Ausonia which thou deemest near, Blind soul! prepared to make a neighbour port!Far hence lies sundered by a pathless road. First in Trinacrian waves the oar must bend, The Ausonian brine be passed, the Aeaean Isle Ofi Circe, and the Infernal Lakes, or e'er

Quam tuta possis urbem conponere terra. Signa tibi dicam ; tu condita mente teneto : Cum tibi sollicito secreti ad fluminis undam Litoreis ingens inventa sub ilicibus sus
Triginta capitum fetus enixa iacebit,
Alba, solo recubans, albi circum ubera nati, Is locus urbis erit, requies ea certa laborum. Nec tu mensarum morsus horresce futuros: Fata viam invenient aderitque vocatus Apollo.
Has autem terras, Italique hanc litoris oram,
Proxuma quae nostri perfunditur aequoris aestu,
Effuge ; cuncta malis habitantur moenia Graiis.
Hic et Narycii posuerunt moenia Locri,
Et Sallentinos obsedit milite campos
Lyctius Idomeneus; hic illa ducis Meliboei
Parva Philoctetae subnixa Petelia muro.
Quin, ubi transmissae sterterint trans aequora classes
Et positis aris iam vota in litore solves,
Purpureo velare comas adopertus amictu,
Ne qua inter sanctos ignes in honore deorum
Hostilis facies occurrat et omina turbet.
Hunc socii morem sacrorum, hunc ipse teneto :
Hac casti maneant in religione nepotes.
Ast ubi digressum Siculae te admoverit orae
Ventus et angusti rarescent claustra Pelori,
Laeva tibi tellus et longo laeva petantur
Aequora circuitu; dextrum fuge litus et undas.
Haec loca vi quondam et vasta convolsa ruina-
Tantum aevi longinqua valet mutare vetustas-
Dissiluisse ferunt, cum protinus utraque tellus
Una foret; venit medio vi pontus et undis
Hesperium Siculo latus abscidit, arvaque et urbes
Litore diductas angusto interluit aestu.
Dextrum Scylla latus, laevum inplacata Charybdis

Thy City thou may'st found on harbouring shores. Signs I will show thee: keep them close at heart. When thou, perplexed, shalt find beneath the holms
That fringe a secret stream one monstrous Sow
Stretched on the ground, with thirty young new-born,
White, and the brood about her udders white,
There shalt thou build, there rest from pain secure.
Nor heed that future gnawing of thy boards, -
Fate shall find means, and Phoebus called be near.
But fly those lands, fly that Italian coast
Washed by our orient tides. In every town
Dwells the bad Greek. Locrians of Naryx there Have built their walls. Idomeneus of Crete Hath poured his warriors o'er Sallentine plains ;
And there that Meliboean chieftain's town, Little Petelia, clinging to her wall.
"، Nay, when thy barks lie stayed across the main,
And vows thou payest, raising on the beach Altars, thine hair with purple covert veil,

Blown, and Pelorus' narrow straits unfold,
Make the left coast, and sail with compass wide
The Southern waters, but the Northern shun.
Those lands long since, by some vast force uptorn,
(So strong to change is the slow lapse of Time,
Were cleft apart, men say, though once the twain Were both one land. The sea broke in between,
Hesperia rent from Sicily, and pours
'Twixt fields and towns divorced a narrow tide.
Scylla the right, Charybdis guards the left

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Insatiate, and thrice sucks the swirling flood Sheer down her gulf, and thrice again upspouts Alternate, lashing the high stars with spume. But Scylla, crouched in her blind cavern's lair, With jaws out-thrust, pulls vessels on the rocks ;
A human face above; a maid's fair breast Down to the waist ; below a monstrous shark, With dolphin's tail to wolfish belly joined. Better to round Pachynum's goal, and fetch
A long and weary compass, than to sight
Scylla but once within her vasty cave,
And hear rocks echo to her sea-green hounds !
" ' Now ifisome prescience, some prophetic fame Pertain to Helenus, ifi Phoebus fill
His soul with truth, this one thing, Goddess-born !
One above all I warn thee, o'er and o'er Repeating, first to mighty Juno pray; To Juno chant thy vows, and win with gifts
The potent Queen ; so, leaving Sicily,
Victor at last, Hesperia thou shalt gain.
"، And when thou drawest near to Cumae town, The mystic pools, Avernus' murmuring grove, There shalt thou see the Prophetess inspired, Who sings the fates ofimen and writes on leaves. Whate'er she writes on leaves she sorteth well,
And in her cave keeps close. There they remain Unchanged, in sequence true. But when the hinge Turns, and a light air stirring through the door Blows the thin leaves about, no care hath she To catch them as they flutter through the cave,
Nor set them right, nor make the verses meet.Men leave unhelped, and hate the Sibyl's den.Here count not thou delay too dearly bought, Though comrades chide, though strongly calls the sea,

| Vela vocet possisque sinus inplere secundos, | 455 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Quin adeas vatem precibusque oracula poscas |  |
| Ipsa canat, vocemque volens atque ora resolvat. |  |
| Illa tibi Italiae populos venturaque bella, |  |
| Et quo quemque modo fugiasque ferasque laborem, |  |
| Expediet, cursusque dabit venerata secundos. | 460 |
| Haec sunt, quae nostra liceat te voce moneri. |  |
| Vade age, et ingentem factis fer ad aethera Troiam. |  |

Quae postquam vates sic ore effatus amico est,
Dona dehinc auro gravia sectoque elephanto Imperat ad naves ferri, stipatque carinis
Ingens argentum, Dodonaeosque lebetas, Loricam consertam hamis auroque trilicem, Et conum insignis galeae cristasque comantes, Arma Neoptolemi. Sunt et sua dona parenti. Addit equos, additque duces;
Remigium supplet; socios simul instruit armis.
Interea classem velis aptare iubebat Anchises, fieret vento mora ne qua ferenti. Quem Phoebi interpres multo compellat honore : Coniugio, Anchise, Veneris dignate superbo,
Cura deum, bis Pergameis erepte ruinis,
Ecce tibi Ausoniae tellus; hanc arripe velis.
Et tamen hanc pelago praeterlabare necesse est ; Ausoniae pars illa procul, quam pandit Apollo. Vade, ait, o felix nati pietate. Quid ultra
Provehor et fando surgentes demoror austros?
Nec minus Andromache, digressu maesta supremo, Fert picturatas auri subtemine vestes Et Phrygiam Ascanio chlamydem, nec cedit honori, Textilibusque onerat donis, ac talia fatur : Accipe et haec, manuum tibi quae monumenta mearum

And thou may'st fill the happy-bosomed sail.
Go to the Prophetess, and beg her sing
Herselfi thine oracles with willing lips.
The tribes of Italy, and wars to come,
How to escape each pain, and how to bear,
She will unfold, and, worshipped, grant success.
So much my voice may warn thee. Forward, then,
And by thy deeds to Heaven uplift great Troy!'
"Thus when the Seer's befriending lips had said,
Gifts to our ships he sent, of heavy gold
And carven ivory, and stowed our hulls
With massive silver, and Dodona's ware,
A coat of mail thrice-wove with rings of gold,
A fair peaked helmet, and a plumy crest,
The arms of Pyrrhus. And my sire hath gifts.
Steeds too he gives, and guides;
And finds us oars, and lends my comrades arms.
" Meanwhile Anchises bade the fleet set sail,
Nor lose the blowing wind. Whom Phoebus' Priest
Thus reverently bespake: 'Anchises, dear
To Heaven, by Venus' glorious nuptials crowned !
475
Twice rapt from Trojan ruins! Lo, for thee
Ausonia waits. Sail hence to yonder shores!
Yet them thou needs must skirt by sea : far off
Lies that Ausonian land Phoebus reveals !
Go, happy in thy son! Why further add,
Or with my talk delay the rising gales ?'
"Andromache, at this last parting sad,
Brings for Iulus too a Phrygian vest,
And robes of golden broidery, nor stints
IHer favour, loading him with woven gifts.
485
' Take these,' she saith, ' memorials ofimy hands,


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Long to attest the love of Hector's wife, Andromache, the last gifts of thy kin. O boy! sole image of my Astyanax
Now left! Such eyes he had, such hands, such face!
And now like-aged were growing up with thee!'
" Leaving, I spoke to them with rising tears;
' Live happy, ye whose blessedness is won,
Won now, while we are called from fate to fate !
Your rest is gained : no sea remains to plough,
Nor those Ausonian ever-fading fields
To chase. A feigned Xanthus you behold,
A Troy your hands have made; a Troy, I pray,
Ofi happier fate, beyond the range of Greeks.
Ifie'er I enter Tiber, and the fields
That Tiber laves, and see our promised Home,
Twin cities there, and peoples closely bound,
Epirus and Hesperia, with one fate,
From Dardanus each sprung, our hearts shall make
One second Troy. Such charge await our sons!'
" Thence onward sailing by Ceraunian cliffs,
Our briefest course towards Italy we steer,
Till the sun sets, and the grey hills grow dim.
In the dear lap of earth we fling ourselves,
Allotting oars, and on the dry sea-sand
Comfort our limbs : sleep bathes the weary flesh.
" Night, driven by the Hours, her arch's crown Not yet had climbed, when Palinurus rose,
Alert, and tried the wind, and on his ear
Caught it, and scanned the stars in the still sky,
Arcturus and the rainy Hyades,
The Bears, and great Orion, armed with gold.
And when he sees all heaven's unclouded calm,

Dat clarum e puppi signum ; nos castra movemus, Temptamusque viam et velorum pandimus alas.

Iamque rubescebat stellis Aurora fugatis,
Cum procul obscuros colles humilemque videmus Italiam. Italiam primus conclamat Achates, Italiam laeto socii clamore salutant. Tum pater Anchises magnum cratera corona
Induit inplevitque mero, divosque vocavit Stans celsa in puppi :
Di maris et terrae tempestatumque potentes, Ferte viam vento facilem et spirate secundi.

Crebrescunt optatae aurae, portusque patescit $53^{\circ}$
Iam propior, templumque adparet in arce Minervae. Vela legunt socii, et proras ad litora torquent.
Portus ab Euroo fluctu curvatus in arcum ;
Obiectae salsa spumant adspargine cautes ;
Ipse latet ; gemino demittunt bracchia muro
Turriti scopuli, refugitque ab litore templum.
Quattuor hic, primum omen, equos in gramine vidi
Tondentes campum late, candore nivali.
Et pater Anchises: Bellum, o terra hospita, portas;
Bello armantur equi, bellum haec armenta minantur.
Sed tamen idem olim curru succedere sueti
Quadrupedes, et frena iugo concordia ferre :
Spes et pacis, ait. Tum numina sancta precamur
Palladis armisonae, quae prima accepit ovantes,
Et capita ante aras Phrygio velamur amictu ;
Praeceptisque Heleni, dederat quae maxuma, rite Iunoni Argivae iussos adolemus honores.

Haud mora, continuo perfectis ordine votis Cornua velatarum obvertimus antennarum, Graiugenumque domos suspectaque linquimus arva. 550 198

He sounds his signal clear ; we move our camp, Launch forth anew, and spread our vessels' wings.
"The stars had fled before the reddening morn,
When far dim hills we saw, and lying low
Italy. ' Italy!' first Achates cries;
And merrily the crews hail 'Italy!'
Then Sire Anchises crowns a mighty bowl,
And fills with wine, and calls upon the Gods, High standing on the stern:
' O Gods, supreme o'er earth and sea and sky !
Waft us with aiding wind, and breathe benign!'
"The wished-for breezes freshen, and the port 530
Widens more near, and on Minerva's Hill
A Temple shines. We, furling sail, our prows Turn shoreward. Hollowed by the Eastern tide, The port lies hid, its jutting horns afoam With the salt spray : twin walls of towered rock
Stretch down, and from the shore the fane recedes.
Four horses, our first omen, here we saw,
Cropping the grassy lea, as white as snow.
Whereat Anchises: ' War, strange Land, thou bearest,
For war the steed is armed; these threaten war.
Yet this same beast will learn the harness' use,
Drawing the car, and bearing concord's yoke; Hope too for peace,' saith he. Invoking then Armed Pallas' might, who first our hail received, Before her sacred shrine we veil our heads;
And duly, upon the Prophet's prime command, To Argive Juno pay the sacrifice.
"On, without stay, when all our vows were made, Turning our sail-yard horns, those Greekish homes, Suspected fields, we leave; and soon descry

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Tarentum's bay, once home, if fame not errs, Ofi Hercules, Lacinia's answering fane,
And Caulon's cliffs, and Scylaceum's strand, Wreck-strewn. Then Aetna rises from the wave ;
And far away we hear the loud sea moan
On beaten crags, and the shore's broken voice.
The surfi leaps high; the sands and surges mix.
Then spake Anchises: ' 'Tis Charybdis, sure,
Those rocks, those awful crags the Seer foretold ! Make off, my friends, rise on the oars in time!'
They straight obey; and Palinurus first
Swings South the roaring prow, and all our host
With oar, with wind, strain South. Now up to heaven The arched wave lifts us; now, the wave drawn in,
We sink to shades below. Thrice roar the rocks 565
Through caverns deep; thrice the showered spray we see,
And stars bedewed with brine. But now the wind
Sinks with the sun, and leaves us weary men,
Who float unknowing to the Cyclops' coast.
" A haven wide there lies, by beating winds
Unstirred, but near it Aetna thundering vents
Terrific deluge. Now a cloud of smoke,
Whirlwinds of pitch, and embers glowing white,
To the frayed stars he flings, and globes of fire.
Now shattered stones and entrails of the mount
He belches forth, and volleys molten rocks,
Roaring, and boiling from his deep abyss. Below that mass, Enceladus, 'tis famed, Lies, scorched by lightning, while above his head Through riven ducts great Aetna blows his flames. And all Trinacria, when he turns his side, Trembles and moans, and shrouds in smoke the sky. That night those uncouth wonders we endure, Hidden in woods, nor see what makes the din.

Nam neque erant astrorum ignes, nec lucidus aethra Siderea polus, obscuro sed nubila caelo, Et Lunam in nimbo nox intempesta tenebat.

Postera iamque dies primo surgebat Eoo, Umentemque Aurora polo dimoverat umbram :
Cum subito e silvis, macie confecta suprema,
Ignoti nova forma viri miserandaque cultu Procedit supplexque manus ad litora tendit. Respicimus. Dira inluvies inmissaque barba, Consertum tegumen spinis; at cetera Graius, Et quondam patriis ad Troiam missus in armis. Isque ubi Dardanios habitus et Troia vidit Arma procul, paulum aspectu conterritus haesit, Continuitque gradum ; mox sese ad litora praeceps Cum fletu precibusque tulit : Per sidera testor, Per superos atque hoc caeli spirabile lumen, Tollite me, Teucri ; quascumque abducite terras; Hoc sat erit. Scio me Danais e classibus unum, Et bello Iliacos fateor petiisse Penates. Pro quo, si sceleris tanta est iniuria nostri, Spargite me in fluctus, vastoque inmergite ponto. Si pereo, hominum manibus periisse iuvabit.

Dixerat, et genua amplexus genibusque volutans Haerebat. Qui sit, fari, quo sanguine cretus, Hortamur ; quae deinde agitet fortuna, fateri. Ipse pater dextram Anchises, haud multa moratus, Dat iuveni, atque animum praesenti pignore firmat. Ille haec, deposita tandem formidine, fatur :

Sum patria ex Ithaca, comes infelicis Ulixi, Nomine Achemenides, Troiam genitore Adamasto Paupere-mansissetque utinam fortuna !-profectus. Hic me, dum trepidi crudelia limina linquunt, Inmemores socii vasto Cyclopis in antro

No planet sheds its fire ; no starry sheen
Brightens the sky ; the louring rack rolls up, And sullen Night holds fast the clouded moon.
"Now morn uprising with her orient star Chased the dun mist, when sudden from the woods Stept a strange shape of man, piteous in guise, With extreme famine spent, who to the beach Stretched forth entreating hands. We turn and gaze. Sad filth, and beard unkempt, a garment held By thorns; yet else a Greek, and one of old Sent armed to Troy. He, when the Dardan dress
The Trojan arms he saw, awhile stopped short, Scared at the sight, but to the beach anon Ran headlong, and with weeping us implored : ' Now by the Stars I adjure you, by the Gods, And by this lucent heavenly air we breathe,
Uplift me Trojans! Take me to what lands Ye seek soe'er. I know that I am Greek ; And own I warred against the Gods of Troy ; For which, ifi wrong so deep my guilt hath done, Sink me in sea, and strew me o'er the flood! Dying, by human hands I fain would die!'
"He ceased, and clasped our knees, and to our knees Clung writhing. Who he is, we bid him tell, Whence born, what fortune drives about his days. With scanty pause Anchises gave the youth His own right hand in pledge, and cheered his heart ; Who, when his fear was banished, thus returned :
"' Ithaca bore me, Achemenides,
Ulysses' mate, whom Adamastus poor, My father, sent to Troy, - woe worth the day !In the vast Cyclops' cave, those cruel doors
Fleeing in dread, my comrades left me here,


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Forgetful. Blood and bloody feasts pollute That great dark house. The Giant-O ye Gods, Take such a pest from earth !-strikes heaven itself; Unfit for sight, unfit for speech ofiman, On wretches' entrails fed and purple blood.
"، Myselfi I saw him seize, with monstrous hand, Stretched in his cave supine, two of our crew, And break them on a rock, and the splashed floor
Ran blood. I saw him champ their gory limbs, And the warm trembling flesh between his teeth!
Yet not unvenged: Ulysses bore not that,
Nor in such straits forgot his native wit.
When, gorged with meat and buried deep in wine,
The Monster bowed his neck, and lay immense
Along the cave, and vomited in sleep
Gobbets with blood and wine, we, casting lots,
And praying the great Gods, together all
Surged round, and with a pointed weapon bored
The one huge eye, which like an Argive shield,
Or the Sun's orb, sank in his glooming brow; And glad at last avenged our comrades' ghosts. But fly, poor wretches, fly; and from this strand Your hawser tear!
Like Polyphemus, in his cave who pens
And milks the woolly flock, so gross and grim An hundred other one-eyed monsters dwell About these bays, and roam the mountain sides. Three moons e'en now have filled their horns with light, 645 While I among the forest haunts and homes Ofithe lone beasts live on, and on the Rock Spy those great giants, and their voice and tread Hear trembling. Branches give me sorry fare, Berries and cornels crude; uprooted herbs Feed me. Far gazing round, at last I saw

## III

Conspexi venientem. Huic me, quaecumque fuisset, Addixi : satis est gentem effugisse nefandam. Vos animam hanc potius quocumque absumite leto.

Vix ea fatus erat, summo cum monte videmus
Ipsum inter pecudes vasta se mole moventem Pastorem Polyphemum et litora nota petentem, Monstrum horrendum; informe, ingens, cuịilumen ădemptum. Trunca manu pinus regit et vestigia firmat; Lanigerae comitantur oves; ea sola voluptas 660 Solamenque mali.
Postquam altos tetigit fluctus et ad aequora venit, Luminis effossi fluidum lavit inde cruorem, Dentibus infrendens gemitu, graditurque per aequor Iam medium, necdum fluctus latera ardua tinxit.
Nos procul inde fugam trepidi celerare, recepto Supplice sic merito, tacitique incidere funem; Verrimus et proni certantibus aequora remis. Sensit, et ad sonitum vocis vestigia torsit. Verum ubi nulla datur dextra adfectare potestas,
Nec potis Ionios fluctus aequare sequendo, Clamorem inmensum tollit, quo pontus et omnes Contremuere undae, penitusque exterrita tellus Italiae, curvisque inmugiit Aetna cavernis.
is At genus e silvis Cyclopum et montibus altis
Excitum ruit ad portus et litora conplent. Cernimus adstantes nequiquam lumine torvo ${ }_{S}$ Aetnaeos fratres, caelo capita alta ferentes, Concilium horrendum : quales cum vertice celso Aeriae quercus, aut coniferae cyparissi. JMMe Constiterunt, silva alta Iovis, lucusve Dianae.

Praecipites metus acer agit quocumque rudentes Excutere, et ventis intendere vela secundis. Contra iussa monent Heleni, Scyllam atque Charybdim Inter, utramque viam leti discrimine parvo,

Your barks, to which I turned, whate'er might hap. Enough for me to escape this cursed crew ; Ye rather take my life howe'er ye will!'
" He scarce hath said, when from the hills we see
The shepherd Polyphemus with his flocks
Moving gigantic to the well-known shore ;
A Monster grim, huge, shapeless, reft of light.
A fir his hand hath lopped supports his steps;
The woolly sheep attend him, sole delight,
660
Sole solace of his pain.
When the deep flood he touched and reached the sea,
There, gnashing loud his teeth, the oozing blood
From his gouged eye he laves, and through the main
Strides to the midst, nor wets his lofty sides.
Far thence in fear we fly, with him that prayed
And earned our grace, in silence cut the rope,
And bend with straining oars, and sweep the sea.
He hears, and turns his footsteps to the sound.
But when he fails to grasp us and to match
The Ionian waves in chase, a great uproar
He raised, whereat each billow of the sea
Shook, and the soil of Italy far down
Trembled, and Aetna's hollow caverns roared.
Then from the woods and mountain sides aroused,
The one-eyed clan down rush, and fill the beach.
Vainly, with angry looks, we see them stand,
Brothers of Aetna, with sky-towering heads,
An awful conclave! as high oaks uplift
Their airy tops, or coned cypresses,
Jove's lofty forest, or Diana's grove.
"Fear urged us then to slacken sheets, and spread
Our canvas to the wind. Far other charge
The Prophet gave us, not to hold our way
'Twixt Scylla and Charybdis, on each hand

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The edge ofiruin : so our sails are backed;
And lo! the North wind from Pelorus' strait
Blows, and Pantagia's living stones I pass, And Megara's gulf, and Thapsus' lowly strand.
Such shores the comrade of Ulysses' pain
Showed us, recoasting where he sailed of yore.
" Off the Sicanian bay, an Island lies,
Against wave-washed Plemyrium, named of old
Ortygia. There Alphaeus, Elis' stream, Stole underseas, men say, by secret paths,
And through thy fount, O Arethusa! pours
Into Sicilian seas : to whom, forewarned,
We pay our vows; then, past the luscious meads
Ofistill Helorus, graze Pachynus' reefs :
Till Camarina, whom the Fates forbade
To move her marsh, shows far, and Gela's plain,
Gela that bears its churlish river's name.
Then Acragas the steep, the getter once
Ofinoble steeds, shows her great walls afar.
Thy palms, Selinus, on the granted gale
I leave, and thread the Lilybaean shoals,
And sunken reefs, till on the joyless strand
Ofi Drepanum I stay. There, tempest-tost So long, ah me! my father, comforter
Ofievery ill, I lose. There me outworn,
Thou leavest, father, rescued all in vain!
Not Helenus, foretelling things of dread,
Told me this sorrow, nor Celaeno grim.
This was my latest woe, my long road's end.
Departed thence, God drove me to your shores."
One before all intent, Aeneas thus
The doom of Heaven retold, and all his ways;
Then hushed, and rested, when the tale was done.

## BOOK IV



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The morrow morn with Phoebus' lamp the earth
Gan traverse, and the dewy shades dispersed, When her twin-hearted sister thus distraught She addressed :

> " What dreams, O Anna! scare my soul!

O what a guest is this to us new-come!
O what a mien, what front, what arms are his!
Not vain my faith that he is Heavenly born.
${ }^{4}$ Fear stamps the baser soul. O how the Fates
Have vext him! How he told of battles waged!
Were not my mind irrevocably fixed
With none to mate in wedlock, since by death
Love, turning traitor, robbed me at the prime;
Were I not tired of bridal torch and bower,
To this one fault perchance I might succumb.
Anna, I own it, since Sychaeus fell;
And by a brother's blood our House was stained,
He only hath moved my heart, or made my will
Falter; I know the marks, the flame of old !
But O! may Earth yawn deep, may Heaven's high Sire
With all his thunders hurl me to the shades,
Pale shades of Erebus, and Night profound,
Ere, Honour, thee I soil,- or break th\$y law! He who first made me his took with him all My heart; still let him keep it in his grave!" She ceased, and rising tears her bosom filled.

Then Anna: "Dearer far than light is dear,
O Sister! wilt thou wither all thy Spring

Nec dulces natos, Veneris nec praemia noris?
Id cinerem aut Manes crèdis curare sepultos?
Esto, aegram nulli quondam flexere mariti,
Non Libyae, non ante Tyro ; despectus Iarbas
Ductoresque alii, quos Africa terra triumphis
Dives alit: placitone etiam pugnabis amori ?
Nec venit in mentem, quorum consederis arvis?
Hinc Gaetulae urbes, genus insuperabile bello,
Et Numidae infreni cingunt et inhospita Syrtis ;
Hinc deserta siti regio, lateque furentes
Barcaei. Quid bella Tyro surgentia dicam,
Germanique minas?
Dis equidem auspicibus reor et Iunone secunda
Hunc cursum Iliacas vento tenuisse carinas.
Quam tu urbem, soror, hanc cernes, quae surgere regna
Coniugio tali! Teucrum comitantibus armis
Punica se quantis attollet gloria rebus!
Tu modo posce deos veniam, sacrisque litatis
Indulge hospitio, causasque innecte morandi, Dum pelago desaevit hiemps et aquosus Orion, Quassataeque rates, dum non tractabile caelum.

His dictis incensum animum flammavit amore, Spemque dedit dubiae menti, solvitque pudorem.
Principio delubra adeunt, pacemque per aras Exquirunt ; mactant lectas de more bidentes. Legiferae Cereri Phoeboque patrique Lyaeo, Iunoni ante omnes, cui vincla iugalia curae. Ipsa, tenens dextra pateram, pulcherrima Dido
Candentis vaccae media inter cornuà fundit, Aut ante ora deum pingues spatiatur ad aras, Instauratque diem donis, pecudumque reclusis Pectoribus inhians spirantia consulit exta. Heu vatum ignarae mentes! quid vota furentem,

Lonely, with no sweet babes, no crown of Love?
Think'st thou the buried ghost heeds aught of that?
What though no lover moved thee in thy grief,
In Tyre, or Libya; not Iarbas scorned,
Nor any Prince of Afric's conquering clime,
Yet wilt thou wrestle with a welcome love?
Hast thou no thought in whose domains we dwell,
Tameless Gaetulians here, and all around
Unreined Numidians and the Syrtes waste ;
There desert drought, and Barce's savage hordes?
What need to tell of wars that spring from Tyre,
Thy brother's menace ?
Guided by Gods I hold and Juno's love
Troy's fleet wäs hither blown. O what a city,
Sister, wilt thou see here, what kingdoms rise
On such a wēdding? To what heights, allied
With-Trojan arms, will Punic glory ascend!
Nay; sue the grace of Heaven with holy vows,
Give entertainment room, and weave excuse
To stay him, while with storms Orion wet
Smites sea añ ship, while heavens refuse a track."

Thus speaking, she made flame her glowing heart, Filled her racked mind with hope, loosed Honour's rein. 55 $\checkmark$ They seek the shrines; they pray for peace, and slay Choice ewes to Ceres, Bearer of the Law,
To Phoebus and Lyaeus, but in chiefi
To Juno, Guardian of the marriage bond.
Dido herself, most fair, with bowl in hand,
Pours o'er a white cow's horns, before the Gods
Paces to their rich altars, and the day
Hallows with gifts, and in the victim's breast
Gazing takes counsel of the breathing heart.
O blind Diviners! How can vow or shrine

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Help passion's slave? The flame is biting deep
E'en then, and dumb within the wound lives on.
Unhappy Dido, burning, through the town
Roams frenzied, like an arrow-stricken doe, 7 , 70
Whom shooting far some hind in Cretan glens : reat 70
Carelessly struck, and left the flying steel
Unknowing. She o'er Dicte's forest lawns
Flies, bearing in her flank the reed of death.
Now through the streets she leads him, and displays
Her Tyrian wealth, her city built and made ;
Begins to speak, and checks the half-spoken word :
Now to the banquet goes at ebbing day,
And asks again to hear the Tale of Troy,
Infatuate! and again hangs on his lips.
But when they part, and the dim moon in turn
Sets, and the sinking stars are urging sleep,
Sole in her halls she mourns, his empty couch
Clasps, and him absent hears far off and sees.
Or, by his father's looks entranced, she hugs
Iulus, to beguile her uńtold love.
No more the towers rise; no more the youth
Exercise arms, nor ports or bulwarks make
Defensive : interrupted hang the works,
The giant threatening walls and engines huge.
Her thus infected when the Wife of Jove
Saw, and to passion yielding up her fame, To Venus thus she spake : "A noble prize, An ample spoil ye win, a glorious name, Thou and thy Boy! One woman by two Gods
Subtly subdued! Nor do I fail to see.
Our town thou fearest, this high Punic House
Holding suspect. But what shall be the end?
What boots our rivalry? Nay, let us make

Quin potius pacem aeternam pactosque hymenaeos
Exercemus? habes, tota quod mente petisti : Ardet amans Dido traxitque per ossa furorem. Communem hunc ergo populum paribusque regamus Auspiciis; liceat Phrygio servire marito, Dotalesque tuae Tyrios permittere dextrae.

Olli—sensit enim simulata mente locutam,
Quo regnum Italiae Libycas averteret orasSic contra est ingressa Venus: Quis talia demens Abnuat, aut tecum malit contendere bello, Si modo, quod memoras, factum fortuna sequatur?
Sed fatis inuodrta feror, si Iuppiter unam
IIO
Esse velit Tyriis urbem Troiaque profectis, Miscerive probet populos, aut foedera iungi. Tu coniunx ; tibi fas animum temptare precando.
Perge ; sequar. Tum sic excepit regia Iuno :
Mecum erit iste labor. Nunc qua ratione, quod instat, II5 Confieri possit, paucis, adverte, docebo.
Venatum Aeneas unaque miserrima Dido In nemus ire parant, ubi primos crastinus ortus Extulerit Titan radiisque retexerit orbem. His ego nigrantem commixta grandine nimbum, 120
Dum trepidant alae, saltusque indagine cingunt, Desuper infundam, et tonitru caelum omne ciebo.
Diffugient comites et nocte tegentur opaca: Speluncam Dido dux et Troianus eandem
Devenient. Adero, et, tua si mihi certa voluntas, . 125 Conubio iungam stabili propriamque dicabo. Hic Hymenaeus erit. 1 Non adversata petenti Adnuit, atque dolis risit Cytherea repertis.

An ever-during peace, a bridal pact.
Thou hast thine heart's desire. Dido with love
Burns, and through every vein draws passion in.
Rule we this people then with equal sway
Jointly, and let her serve a Phrygian lord, And hand to thee for dower her Tyrian men."

To whom thus Venus-for beneath that speech
She marked what craft to Libya would divert The Italian crown : "'Twere madness to prefer A war with thee! Ifiwhen thy plan were done 'Twould issue well! But I am swayed by Fate Uncertain if the Will of Jove intend
One city for the men of Tyre and Troy, Both peoples blent and federate ; but thou, Thou art his wife ; thou may'st his mind essay. Lead, and I follow." Juno then replied:
" Mine be that task. How to achieve our aim,
Hear now, and briefly learn. To hunt the glade Aeneas and the woe-doomed Queen will ride Together, when the morrow's sun new-risen Unveils the radiant world. While ranging scouts Circle the wood with toils, a sleety storm
On them will I pour down, and shake the sky With thunder. Then their train, dispersing wide,
Will vanish into gloom : the selfsame cave Dido shall enter and the Trojan Prince. There I shall be, and, ifithy will be toward,
Joined in firm wedlock I will make her his. There shall her bridal be!"

Assent was given,
And at her plot the Cytherean smiled.


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And when the dawn rose shining from the sea,
Forth from the city flowed the chosen train,
Nets, snares, and steel-bound spears, Massylian horse,
And the shrewd scent of hounds. Before her door
The Tyrian princes wait their Queen, who still
Tarries in bower, while her horse, adorned
With purple and gold, stands chafing the flecked bit.
At last she issues with an ample train,
Wrapped in a Tyrian scarf; and all of gold
Her quiver gleams, with gold her hair is bound,
A golden brooch clasps up her purple cloak.
Phrygians and blithe Iulus pace beside;
And with them joined, above them all most fair,
Aeneas; like Apollo, when he quits
Xanthus and wintry Lycia, and seeks
His mother's Delos. There he leads the dance,
And round his altars Cretans, Dryopes,
And painted Agathyrsi meet with din.
He treads the Cynthian slopes, and with soft green Enwreathes his flowing locks, and binds with gold. Behind him ring the shafts. So lightly trod Aeneas, and so shone his glorious brow.

They climb the mountains, and the pathless wilds ; And lo! the goats, from rocky heights dislodged, Bound down from crag to crag ; and startled deer In dusty masses fleeing from the hills
Scour the broad moor. But down the dales the boy
Iulus glories in his mettled steed,
Out-galloping them all, and longs to see
Among that cattle tame some foaming boar,
Or yellow lion coming down the fells.
Meanwhile the sky, with muttered peals convulsed, Breaks in a storm of sleet. The Tyrians flee :

Et Tyrii comiteš passim et Troiana iuventus Dardaniǔsque nepos Veneris diversa per agros Tecta metu petiere; ruunt de montibus amnes. Speluncam Dido dux ét Troianus eandem Deveniunt. Prima et Tellus et pronuba Iuno Dant signum ; fulsere ignes et conscius aether Conubiis, summoque ulularunt vertice Nymphae.
[ Ille dies primus leti primusque malorum ${ }^{-}$ Causa fuit; neque enim specie famdve movetur Nec iam furtivum Dido meditatur amorem; . Coniugium vocat ; hoc praetexit nomine culpam.

Extemplo Libyae magnas it Fama per urbes, Fama, malum qua non aliud velocius ullum; Mobilitate viget, viresque adquirit eunde: loy goriec 175 Parva metu primo ; mox sese attollit in auras, Ingrediturque solo, et caput inter nubila condit. Illam Terra parens, ira inritata deorum, Extremam, ut perhibent, Coeo Enceladoque sororem Progenuit, 'pedibus celerem et pernicibus alis,
Monstrum horrendum, ingens, cui, quot sunt corpore plumae, Tot vigiles oculi subter, mirabile dictu,
Tot linguae, totidem ora sonant, tot subrigit aures.
Nocte volat caeli medio terraeque per umbram, Stridens, nec dulci declinat lumina somno ; Luce sedet custos aut summi culmine tecti, Turribus aut altis, et magnas territat urbes, Tam ficti prav̌ique tenax, quam nuntia veri. Haec tum multiplici populos sermone replebat Gaudens et pariter facta atque infecta canebat :

The scattered Trojans, and the Dardan child Ofi Venus' son, for shelter scóur the fields. Fearful, while torrents from the mountains plunge. One cave holds Dido and the Trojan Prince.
Primaeval Earth and spousal Juno give
The sign : fires glitter, and the conscious sky
Their bridal lights, and mountain Nymphs cry hail.
Death's earliest day, the primal source was that Ofiall her woes. She heeds nor eye nor tongue,
Nor dreams of secret love, but calls it now Marriage, and with that name would screen her fault.

Forthwith runs Rumour through the Libyan towns; Rumour, the swiftest bane. She thrives on change, And gathers strength by going. Small at first, And timorous, but full soon, to heaven uplift, She treads the earth and hides in clouds her head. Her Earth, infuriate with the Gods, conceived, To Coeus and Enceladus, fame saith,
Last sister born; swift-footed, swift of wing, 180
Grim, monstrous, huge : and every plume she bears Hath under it a glaring eye, a tongue, Wondrous! a speaking mouth, and ears erect. By night she flies from earth and heaven midway, Strident, nor droops her lids in pleasant sleep.
By day she sits on roofi or lofty tower, A sentinel who keeps great towns in fear, Truth's herald, but as oft in falsehood bold.
She now rejoicing fills the people's ears
With wild discourse, and tells both false and true ; 190 How one of Trojan blood, Aeneas, came,
Whom Dido deigns to wed ; all winter long, Delights they share, and both their realms forget, Enthralled by shameful love. Such tales abroad

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The loathly Goddess spreads on every tongue ;
And, speeding straight to Prince Iarbas, him With words she kindles, heaping high his wrath.

He, Ammon's seed by Garamantian nymph, An hundred fanes in his wide realm to Jove, An hundred altars built, and hallowed fire, The Gods' unsleeping sentry, and enriched The soil with victims' blood, and with gay blooms Festooned the courts : who, by that bitter tale Maddened, before his shrines, amidst his Gods, Jove long in prayer besought with uplift hands.
"Almighty Jove! to whom on broidered couch The feasting Mooi now pours Lenaeus' gift, Dost thou behold ? or do we vainly shrink, O Father, from thy bolts, and do thy fires Blindly affright, thy thunders idly roll?
The woman, straying in our bounds, who built
A little purchased town, to whom we gave Ploughland and rights of fief, our hand refused, Now takes Aeneas for her lord, and he,
This Paris, with his eunuch train, his chin
And essenced hair by Phrygian bonnet bound, Takes and enjoys! And yet to fanes of thine We carry gifts, and nurse an idle faith !"

Him, praying thus and clinging to his shrines, The Almighty heard, and on the royal town Looked, and on those who loved forgetting fame, Then thus to Mercury his mandate gave: "Go, Son, the Zephyrs call, and slant thy flight Down to the Dardan Prince, who dallies yet In Carthage, and oficities given by Fate
Heeds nought. To him my words bear swiftly down.

Non illum nobis genetrix pulcherrima talern
Promisit Graiumque ideo bis vindicat armis; Sed fore, qui gravidam imperiis belloque frementem
Italiam regeret, genus alto a sanguine Teucri
Proderet, ac totum sub leges mitteret orbem.
Si nulla accendit tantarum gloria rerum
Nec super ipse sua molitur laude laborem, Ascanione pater Romanas invidet arces ?
Quid struit? aut qua spe inimica in gente moratur,
Nec prolem Ausoniam et Lavinia respicit arva ?
Naviget : haec summa est ; hic nostri nuntius esto.
Dixerat. Ille patris magni parere parabat Imperio ; et primum pedibus talaria nectit, Aurea, quae sublimem alis sive aequora supra
Seu terram rapido pariter cum flamine portant;
Tum virgam capit; hac animas ille evocat Orco
Pallentes, alias sub Tartara tristia mittit,
Dat somnos adimitque, et lumina morte resignat ;
Illa fretus agit ventos, et turbida tranat
$\dagger$ Nubila. Iamque volans apicem et latera ardua cernit
Atlantis duri, caelum qui verticè fulcit,
Atlantis, cinctum adsidue cui nubibus atris
Piniferum caput et vento pulsatur et imbri ;
Nix humeros infusa tegit; tum flumina mento
Praecipitant senis, et glacie riget horrida barba.
Hic primum paribus nitens Cyllenius alis
Constitit ; hinc toto praeceps se corpore ad undas
Misit, avi similis, quae circum litora, circum
Piscosos scopulos humilis volat aequora iuxta. - 255
Haud aliter terras inter caelumque volabat
Litus harenosum ad Libyae ventosque secabat
Materno veniens ab avo Cyllenia proles.

Not such his mother promised him to us, And not for this twice saved him from the Greek ; But o'er the Imperial Mother's warrior sons,
O'er Italy to reign, from Teucer's blood
Prolong the line, and bind the world by law.
Ifino such glory fires him, ifino toil
For his own fame he takes, yet doth he grudge
His son Ascanius the high towers of Rome?
What makes he there with foes? why not regards
Ausonian seed, and fair Lavinium's land ?
To Sea! This sums it. Thus our message bear."

He ceased ; the other, his great Sire's command Obeying, first the golden sandals tied,
That bear him over seas and lands sublime, 240
Winged with the flying gale ; then took the wand,
With which he calls the pallid phantoms forth
From Orcus, or to Tartarus sends down,
Gives sleep and takes away, and the dead eyes
Unseals, and drives the hurricane, and swims
The cloudy rack. Then flying he descried
Worn Atlas' sides and sky-supporting top,
Atlas, whose piney head is ever wreàthed
In cloud and darkness, beat by wind and rain.
Snow cloaks his shoulders ; rivers o'er his chin 250
Plunge downward, and his beard is stiff with ice.
Here first Cyllenius, weighing his spread wings, Paused, and with all his body headlong dived Sea-ward, as when a bird about the shores
And fishy crags flies low, and skims the wave. 255
So flew Cyllene's son, his grandsire left,
Between the earth and sky, and cut the winds
To Libya's sandy shore.


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With his winged feet the land where hovels lay, He spied Aeneas planning towers and town.
His sword shone starry with the yellow sheen
Ofijasper, and a cloak of Tyrian dye
Hung from his shoulders which the sumptuous Queen
Had worked for him, and shot the web with gold.
Prompt rings the challenge : "Is it thou, O Prince! 265
Uxurious! building now this towered town,
This Carthage, ah ! forgetful of thy doom,
Thy Kingdom. Me the Regent ofithe Gods, Whom heaven and earth obey, Himselfi hath sent, To bear this mandate through the buxom air:
' What mak'st thou here, in ease on Libyan soil ?
Ifino such glory fires thee, ifino toil
For thine own fame thou takest, yet regard
Thy rising heir and young Ascanius' hopes,
To whom the crown of Italy is owed,
The Roman world.' " He said, and ended not, Ere mortal eyes he left, and passed from sight Into thin air away.

## Aeneas stood

Perplexed to see, his hair in terror rose, His tongue was tied, and by that warning dread
And Heavenly mandate awed, he burns to fly,
And leave that pleasant clime. Ah! what to do ?
How dare he now approach the impassioned Queen
To tell her? What beginning can he choose ?
On every side dividing the swift mind,
This way and that he casts it, scanning all,
Till in his doubt this counsel overruled.
Mnestheus, Sergestus and Cloanthus brave
He charged to equip the fleet, to call the crews
And furbish arms in secret, and the cause
Disguise, and he the while, since that fond Queen

Nesciat et tantos rumpi non speret amores, Temptaturum aditus, et quae mollissima fandi Tempora, quis rebus dexter modus. Ocius omnes Imperio laeti parent et iussa facessunt.

At regina dolos-quis fallere possit amantem ? Praesensit, motusque excepit prima futuros, Omnia tuta timens. Eadem impia Fama furenti Detulit armari classem cursumque parari.' Saevit inops animi, totamque incensa per urbem 300 Bacchatur, qualis commotis excita sacris Thyias, ubi audito stimulant trieterica Baccho Orgia nocturnusque vocat clamore Cithaeron. Tandem his Aenean compellat vocibus ultro:

Dissimulare etiam sperasti, perfide, tantum 305 Posse nefas, tacitusque mea decedere terra ?
Nec te noster amor, nec te data dextera quondam,
Nec moritura tenet crudeli funere Dido?
Quin etiam hiberno moliris sidere classem,
Et mediis properas aquilonibus ire per altum, 310
Crudelis! Quid? si non arva aliena domosque Ignotas peteres, et Troia antiqua maneret,
Troia per undosum peteretur classibus aequor?
Mene fugis ? Per ego has lacrimas dextramque tuam te-
Quando aliud mihi iam miserae nihil ipsa reliqui- $\quad 315$
Per conubia nostra, per inceptos hymenaeos,
Si bene quid de te merui, fuit aut tibi quicquam
Dulce meum, miserere domus labentis et istam, Oro, si quis adhuc precibus locus, exue mentem. Te propter Libycae gentes Nomadumque tyranni

Hoc solum nomen quoniam de coniuge restat.

Knows not, and dreams not of such love undone, Will try to meet her in her softest hour, And tell when chance is kind. Then all with joy
Speed to obey his bidding.

> But the Queen-

Who can deceive a lover?-she foreknew
His guile, and early caught the coming stir.
She fears when all is safe; and hears distraught The same cold Rumour tell of launching ships.
Helpless she storms, and through the streets incensed
Raves like a Thyad, stirred by holy din,
Whom the triennial orgies of the God
Madden, and all night through Cithaeron shouts.
At last Aeneas she assails with speech.


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Why wait I till my brother raze these walls,
Or Moor Iarbas lead me captive hence ?
Ah! ifi I had but held, before thy flight,
A child of thine! if in my halls might play
A little Aeneas, to bring back thy l8oks,
I should not seem all captured and forlorn."
She ended. He by Jove's command his gaze Kept fixed, and deep at heart suppressed his pain.
At last thus briefly ! " I will not deny,
I owe thee all, O Queen, thy words could tell;
And to remember thee will still be sweet,
While memory lasts, while breath commands my frame.
Words need be few. I did not think to flee
In secret ; feign not so. . I never lit
The bridal torch, nor plighted troth with thee. If Fate allowed me choice, to live my life
And heal my woes at will, I first would honour Troy, and the dear-loved remnant of my race; Priam's tall house would stand, and Ilium's towers $\mathrm{M} \overline{\mathrm{y}}$ hand had for the vanquished built anew.
But Phoebus now and Lycia's oracles
Italy bid me seek, great Italy.
There is my love, my home. If Punic towers, And Libyan city enthrall thee, Tyrian Queen, Why dost thou grudge that Teucer's kin should hold -Ausonian fields? Doom drives us too abroad.
Me , when the world is veiled in dewy night, When staris rise bright, my father's's troubled ghost
Warns oft in sleep, and awes: my little son Haunts mé,"so dear ä head, of destined fields
Wrongly defrauded and the Hesperian crown.
Now the Gods' Herald, sent by Jove himself; (Be witness both !) through the fleet air hath borne
His mandate : yea, I saw him pass the gate, A God, in light revealed, and drank his voice.

Desine meque tuis incendere teque querelis ; Italiam non sponte sequor.

Talia dicentem iamdudum aversa tuetur, Huc illuc volvens oculos, totumque pererrat Luminibus tacitis, et sic accensa profatur :
Nec tibi diva parens, generis nec Dardanus auctor,
Perfide ; sed duris genuit te cautibus horrens
Caucasus, Hyrcanaeque admorunt ubera tigres.
Nam quid dissimulo ? aut quae me ad maiora reservo :
Num fletu ingemuit nostro? num lumina flexit?
Num lacrimas victus dedit, aut miseratus amantem est ? 370
Quae quibus anteferam? Iam iam nec maxuma Iuno,
Nec Saturnius haec oculis pater aspicit aequis.
Nusquam tuta fides. Eiectum litore, egentem
Excepi et regni demens in parte locavi ;
Amissam classem, socios a morte reduxi.
375
Heu furiis incensa feror! Nunc augur Apollo,
Nunc Lyciae sortes, nunc et Iove missus ab ipso
Interpres divom fert horrida iassa per auras.
Scilicet is Superis labor est, ea cura quietos
Sollicitat. Neque te teneo, neque dicta refello; 380
I, sequere Italiam ventis, pete regna per undas. Spero equidem mediis, si quid pia numina possunt, Supplicia hausurum scopulis, et nomine Dido Saepe vocaturum] Sequar atris ignibus absens, Et, cum frigida mors anima seduxerit artus, $\because-\operatorname{par}, \quad l=185$
Omnibus umbra locis adero. Dabis, inprobe, poennas. Audiam, et haec Manes veniet mihi fama sub imos.

His medium dictis sermonem abrumpit, et auras Aegra fugit, seque ex oculis avertit et aüfert, Linquens multa metu cunctantem et multa parantem $\quad 390$
Dicere. Suscipiunt famulae, conlapsaque membra
Marmoreo referunt thalamo stratisque reponunt.

Cease with thy plaints to inflame thyselfiand me: I seek not Italy by choice.

While thus he speaks, she glares at him askance, And with swift rolling eyes surveys him o'er, Silent ; and now, inflamed with anger, cries : " No Goddess bore thee ! . Thine no-Dardan stock !
Traitor! The flinty peaks of Caucasus
Got thee, Hyrcanian tigers gave thee suck ! Why should I mask myselfi? why wait for more? When hath he sighed, or looked upon my tears ? When hath he wept, or pitied her who loved?
Where should my charge begin? Not Juno now, Not Father Jove now looks with righteous eyes. No faith is sure! Wrecked, starved, I bade him hail, Madly with him I shared my realm; I found His missing ships; I saved his friends from death.
Ah, Furies burn me! Now Apollo calls, Now Lycia bids! now, sent by Jove himself, Comes the Gods' Herald with his mandate harsh. What work for Gods! What care to vex their calm!
I hold thee not; I answer not. Away
Pursue thine Italy with wind and wave!--
Yet on the rocks I hope, if Heaven can smite,
Drinking thy doom, on Dido thou wilt call.
There 1 shall reach thee, wrapt in sulphüry flames;
And when cold death hath stript my living flesh
My ghost shall haunt thee! Well shalt thou requite, And I shall hear the rumour in my grave!"

Therewith she breaks off speech, and from the air Turns anguished, and from sight withdrawing leaves Him faltering in his fear and fain to speak.
Her maids uplift her and her fainting limbs Lay on a couch within her marble bower.


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But good Aeneas, though to soothe her pain Sore yearning, and with words to avert her woe, Sighing and fainting with the stress of love,

From all the beach the Trojans launch with toil Their high-built barks: again the smooth keel swims, And oars they fetch yet leafy from the woods, Unshaped, in haste to go.
From all the city you can see them swarm.
As when the ants, remembering winter, spoil
A heap oficorn, and store it in their home. Across the grass they move, a black thin line, Bearing their booty; and with shoulders some
Push heavy grains, while others drill the ranks, And scourge delay : the pathway glows with toil.

Then, Dido, seeing that, what heart was thine? How didst thou sigh, from thy tall tower to see The wide shore glow with men, and all the deep Forced, and again to entreaty, she submits Her humbled pride to love, lest any means Be left untried, and she should vainly die.
"Anna, thou see'st the hurry on all the beach : They gather round ; the canvas calls the breeze : The merry sailors crown the stems with green. Ifi I had strength to look for such a woe, I shall have strength to bear it too. But grant, Sister, this only boon. With none but thee Conversed that traitor, gave his secret thoughts To thee; thou only know'st his softer hours. Go, sue for pity my disdainful foe.

Non ego cum Danais Troianam exscindere gent
Aulide iuravi, classemve ad Pergama misi, Nec patris Anchisae cinerem Manesve revelli,
Cur mea dicta neget duras demittere in aures.
Quo ruit? extremum hoc miserae det munus amanti :
Exspectet facilemque fugam ventosque ferentes.
Non iam coniugium antiquum, quod prodidit, oro, Nec pulchro ut Latio careat regnumque relinquat ;Tempus inane peto, requiem spatiumque furori, Dum mea me victam doceat fortuna dolere.
Extremam hanc oro veniam-miserere sororis-;
Quam mihi cum dederis, cumulatam morte remittam.
Talibus orabat, talesque miserrima fletus Fertque refertque soror. Sed nullis ille movetur Fletibus, aut voces ullas tractabilis audit;
Fata obstant, placidasque viri deus obstruit aures. Ac velut annoso validam cum robore quercum Alp $^{*}$ Alpini Boreae nunc hinc nunc flatibus illinc Eruere inter se certant; it stridor, et altae Consternunt terram concusso stipite frondes; Ipsa haeret scopulis, et, quantum vertice ad auras 445 Aetherias, tantum radice in Tartara tendit : Haud secus adsiduis hinc atque hinc vocibus heros Tunditur, et magno persentit pectore curas ; Mens inmota manet; lacrimae volvuntur inanes.

Tum vero infelix fatis exterrita Dido
Mortem orat ; taedet caeli convexa tueri.
Quo magis inceptum peragat lucemque relinquat,
Vidit, turicremis cum dona inponeret aris-
Horrendum dictu-latices nigrescere sacros
Fusaque in obscenum se vertere vina cruorem.
Hoc visum nulli, non ipsi effata sorori.
Praeterea fuit in tectis de marmore templum

I never swore at Aulis to uproot
The Trojan race: I sent no ships to Troy :
I never tore Anchises from his grave.
Why to my utterance doth he seal his ears ?
Where hastes he? Let him grant his wretched love
This one last boon, and wait till winds be fair.
No more I plead for bridal vows betrayed,
Nor ask him to give up his Latian crown:
For time I pray, rest for my heart and room,
Till Fortune school me to endure defeat.
For pity, O Sister! grant my latest prayer,
And well will I repay thee, when I die!"
$\sim$ Thus she implores: such moans her sister takes,
And takes again: but him no moans affect.
Intractable he hears : Fate bars the way;
And God has sealed his unperturbed ears.
As when the Alpine winds together strive
Some many-wintered oak with veering blasts
To uproot. It creaks, and from the storm-lashed trunk
Leaves strew the ground; yet to the rock it clings,
And high as it uplifts to heaven its head,
So deep to Tartarus its roots extend.
Thus, buffeted by veering voices, stands
Aeneas ; and his mighty heart is wrung.
Firm stands his will; and idly tears roll down.
Then, awed by Doom, unhappy Dido prays 450
For death, and wearies of the vaulted sky.
And more befell to urge her from the light :
For while on incensed shrines she laid her gifts,
The holy lymph turned black before her eyes,
O horrible! the wine was changed to blood!
From all, from Anna's selfi that sight she hid.
And in the Palace stood a marble shrine,

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Sacred to her dead lord, with snow-white wool Lovingly wreathed, and crowned with festal green. Thence, when the world was veiled in gloomy night,
Voices were heard, her husband seemed to call,
And on the roof, with wailing long drawn out,
A solitary owl would chant her dirge.
And many a word of many a prophet old
Scared her with boding fears. In fevered dreams
Aeneas goads her on ; and still she seems
Forsaken, walking one long road alone,
And looking for her kin in lands forlorn.
So raving Pentheus sees the Furies' rout,
Two suns, and double Thebes: so o'er the scene,
Haunted Orestes, Agamemnon's son,
Flees from his mother armed with snakes and fire, While vengeful Terrors on the threshold crouch.

And when, subdued by anguish, she conceived Madness and death, alone she planned the hour,
The method, and sad Anna thus bespake, Masking with hopeful countenance her design :
"O Sister, give me joy! The way is found To bring him back to me, or set me free. Near Ocean's end, beside the setting sun, Lies the far Aethiops' land, where Atlas huge Turns on his back the star-yspangled sky. Thence a Massylian priestess I was shown, The Hesperian temple's guardian, who preserved The sacred boughs, and strewed with honey dews And drowsing poppy-seed the dragon's food. She with her charms can free what hearts she will, Or flood with passion; stay the rivers' flow; Turn back the stars, and wake the ghosts of Night. Earth moans beneath her feet, and down the rocks

Sub pedibus terram, et descendere montibus ornos.
Testor, cara, deos et te, germana, tuumque
Dulce caput, magicas invitam. accingier artes.
Tu secreta pyram tecto interiore sub auras
Erige, et arma viri, thalamo quae fixa reliquit
Impius, exuviasque omnes, lectumque iugalem,
Quo perii, superinponant : abolere nefandi
Cuncta viri monumenta iuvat, monstratque sacerdos.
Haec effata silet; pallor simul occupat ora. Non tamen Anna novis praetexere funera sacris
Germanam credit, nec tantos mente furores Concipit, aut graviora timet, quam morte Sychaei. $\|^{n}$ Ergo iussa parat.

At regina, pyra penetrali in sede sub auras Erecta ingenti taedis atque ilice secta, Intenditque locum sertis et fronde coronat Funerea; super exuvias ensemque relictum Effigiemque toro locat, haud ignara futuri.

Stant arae circum, et crines effusa sacerdos Ter centum tonat ore deos, Erebumque Chaosque Sparserat et latices simulatos fontis Averni, Falcibus et messae ad Lunam quaeruntur aenis Pubentes herbae nigri cum lacte veneni; Quaeritur et nascentis equi de fronte revolsus Et matri praereptus amor.

Ipsa mola manibusque piis altaria iuxta Unum exuta pedem vinclis, in veste recincta, Testatur moritura deos et conscia fati Sidera; tum, si quod non aequo foedere amantes
Curae numen habet iustumque memorque, precatur.
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The rowans dance. By Heaven I swear, I swear By thy sweet life, dear sister, I am loth To don such magic! But in the inner court Raise thou by stealth a pyre beneath the sky : There let them lay the arms he impious left
Hung in my bower, his dress, the bridal bed Where I was slain. All relics of his guilt I fain would cancel, as the Priestess shows."

Thereat she paused, and pallor took her cheek. Yet Anna guessed not those strange rites concealed
Her sister's death, nor dreamed of such despair ;
No worse she fears than when Sychaeus died, And carries out her charge.

But when the pyre rose high with oak and pine Within the inmost court, Queen Dido wreathed
The spot with garlands, and with funeral boughs Crowned it, and laid thereon the sword he left, His dress, his image, mindful of the end.

Around rise altars, where the Priestess calls Three hundred Gods, Chaos and Erebus,
The tri-form Hecat, Dian triple-faced ; And sprinkles water from Avernus feigned. Herbs too are sought, which brazen sickles reaped By moonlight, juicy with black poison's milk. And from the forehead ofia newborn foal
The mother's love is reft.
Then Dido, by the shrine, with one foot bare And robe ungirdled, holds the sacred cake, And dying prays the Gods, the Stars that know Men's doom, the Powers, ifiany Powers there be, Justly regarding hearts that love in vain.
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'Twas Night, and all Earth's weary bodies culled The peaceful sleep. The woods, the savage seas Lay husht, and midway rolled the sliding stars. Each field is still : each beast, each painted bird,
That haunts the liquid mere or tangled brake,
Beneath the silent night in slumber's lap
Heals all its cares, and all its pain forgets.
But not the woeful Queen. She never sinks To sleep ; she draws not into eyes or heart
The quiet night. Her sorrow grows; her love Surges again, on seas of anger tossed ; And thus the thoughts are rolling through her soul :
"Ab! what to do? Shall I derided now
Try my old loves, and beg the marriage bond
From Nomads whom I spurned ? Or shall I track
The Trojans' ships, and serve their utmost will ?
As though they still had thanks, and held my aid To memory dear! And who would grant my wish, Or take to his proud fleet the hated Queen? Know'st thou not yet Laomedon's false sons, O broken heart ? What ? Shall I flee alone With those exulting crews ? or shall I sweep With all my Tyrian guard, and drive again O'ersea, with canvas to the breezes spread,
Whom scarce I tore from Sidon ? Nay; with steel Thy pain avert, and die, as thou hast earned. Won by my tears, thou, sister, thou wert first To heap these ills and give me to my foe. O might I but have lived like free wild things,
That know no bridal curse, nor love like mine!
The faith I swore upon Sychaeus' grave
I have not kept !" Such sorrow wrings her heart.

Aeneas celsa in puppi, iam certus eundi, Carpebat somnos, rebus iam rite paratis. Huic se forma dei voltu redeuntis eodem
Obtulit in somnis, rursusque ita visa monere est, Omnia Mercurio similis, vocemque coloremque Et crines flavos et membra decora iuventa :

Nate dea, potes hoc sub casu ducere somnos, Nec, quae te circum stent deinde pericula, cernis, Demens, nec Zephyros audis spirare secundos? Illa dolos dirumque nefas in pectore versat, Certa mori, variosque irarum concitat aestus. Non fugis hinc praeceps, dum praecipitare potestas? Iam mare turbari trabibus, saevasque videbis Conlucere faces, iam fervere litora flammis, Si te his attigerit terris Aurora morantem. Heia age, rumpe moras. Varium et mutabile semper Femina. Sic fatus nocti se inmiscuit atrae.

Tum vero Aeneas, subitis exterritus umbris, Corripit e somno corpus sociosque fatigat ; Praecipites vigilate, viri, et considite transtris ; Solvite vela citi. Deus aethere missus ab alto Festinare fugam tortosque incidere funes
Ecce iterum instimulat. Sequimur te, sancte deorum, Quisquis es, imperioque iterum paremus ovantes. Adsis o placidusque iuves, et sidera caelo Dextra feras. Dixit, vaginaque eripit ensem Fulmineum, strictoque ferit retinacula ferro.
Idem omnes simul ardor habet, rapiuntque ruuntque ;
Litora deseruere ; latet sub classibus aequor ; Adnixi torquent spumas et caerula verrunt.

Et iam prima novo spargebat lumine terras

Tithoni croceum linquens Aurora cubile.
Regina e speculis ut primum albescere lucem Vidit et aequatis classem procedere velis, Litoraque et vacuos sensit sine remige portus, Terque quaterque manu pectus percussa decorum Flaventesque abscissa comas, Pro Iuppiter ! ibit Hic, ait, et nostris inluserit advena regnis? Non arma expedient, totaque ex urbe sequentur, Deripientque rates alii navalibus ? Ite, Ferte citi flammas, date tela, inpellite remos !
Quid loquor ? aut ubi sum ? Quae mentem insania mutat ? Infelix Dido! nunc te facta impia tangunt?
Tün decuit, cum sceptra dabas. En dextra fidesque,
Quem secum patrios aiunt portare Penates,
Quem subiisse umeris confectum aetate parentem!
Non potui abreptum divellere corpus et undis
Spargere ? non socios, non ipsum absumere ferro
Ascanium, patriisque epulandum ponere mensis? -
Verum anceps pugnae fuerat fortuna. Fuisset ;
Quem metui moritura? Faces in castra tulissem,
Inplessemque foros flammis, natumque patremque
Cum genere exstinxem, memet super ipsa dedissem.

Sol, qui terrarum flammis opera omnia lustras, Tuque harum interpres curarum et conscia Iuno, Nocturnisque Hecate triviis ululata per urbes, Et Dirae ultrices, et di morientis Elissae, Et nostras audite preces. Si tangere portus Infandum caput ac terris adnare necesse est, Et sic fata Iovis poscunt, hic terminus haeret : At bello audacis populi vexatus et armis,
Finibus extorris, conplexu avolsus Iuli,
Auxilium inploret, videatque indigna suorum

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Funera; nec, cum se sub leges pacis iniquae Tradiderit, regno aut optata luce fruatur;
Sed cadat ante diem mediaque inhumatus harena.
Haec precor, hanc vocem extremam cum sanguine fundo.
Tum vos, o Tyrii, stirpem et genus omne futurum
Exercete odiis, cinerique haec mittite nostro
Munera. Nullus amor populis, nec foedera sunto. Exoriare aliquis nostris ex ossibus ultor,
Qui face Dardanios ferroque sequare colonos,
Nunc, olim, quocumque dabunt se tempore vires. Litora litoribus contraria, fluctibus undas Inprecor, arma armis ; pugnent ipsique nepotesque.

Haec ait, et partes animum versabat in omnes,
Invisam quaerens quam primum abrumpere lucem. Tum breviter Barcen nutricem adfata Sychaei ; Namque suam patria antiqua cinis ater habebat :

Annam cara mihi nutrix huc siste sororem; Dic corpus properet fluviali spargere lympha, Et pecudes secum et monstrata piacula ducat ; Sic veniat; tuque ipsa pia tege tempora vitta. Sacra Iovi Stygio, quae rite incepta paravi, Perficere est animus, finemque inponere curis, Dardaniique rogum capitis permittere flammae. Sic ait. Illa gradum studio celerabat anili.

At trepida, et coeptis inmanibus effera Dido, Sanguineam volvens aciem, maculisque trementes Interfusa genas, et pallida morte futura, Interiora domus inrumpit limina, et altos
Conscendit furibunda rogos, ensemque recludit
Dardanium, non hos quaesitum munus in usus. Hic, postquam Iliacas vestes notumque cubile

Unworthy deaths, nor, to unequal peace
Submitting, may he enjoy the wished-for day,
But fall too soon unburied on the sand.
So be it! This last word with my blood I shed.
Thenceforth, O Tyrians, all his seed pursue
With hatred! To my ashes grant this boon!
No love, no league between you. From my bones,
Avenger, rise, and chase with fire and sword
The intruding Dardans, now, hereafter, yea,
Whenever power is thine! May shore to shore
Be adverse, sea to sea, and sword to sword,
For fathers and for children endless war!"

She ceased ; and in her thoughts explored each way
To slit the hateful life : and briefly thus
To Barce spake, Sychaeus' nurse, (for hers
Lay black in ashes in her native land) :
"Fetch me my sister, Nurse, and bid her haste To wash in flowing water, and to bring
The victims and sin-offerings ordained.
Thus let her come. Thou too thy temples veil
With holy bands. The rites of Stygian Jove
Duly commenced fulfilling I will end
My pain, and fire the Dardan's funeral pile."
She said : the Nurse made haste her aged feet.
But Dido, trembling, wild with purpose dread, Rolling her blood-shot eyes, and on her cheeks Bright burning spots, else white with coming death,
Burst through the inner door, and madly climbed
The lofty pyre, and drew the Dardan blade,
Not for such purpose given! Then, when she espied
The Trojan dress, and the familiar bed,

Conspexit, paulum lacrimis et mente morata, Incubuitque toro, dixitque novissima verba:

Dulces exuviae, dum fata deusque sinebat, Accipite hanc animam, meque his exsolvite curis. Vixi, et, quem dederat cursum fortuna, peregi ;
Et nunc magna mei sub terras ibit imago.
Urbem praeclaram statui ; mea moenia vidi;
Ulta virum, poenas inimico a fratre recepi ;
Felix, heu nimium felix, si litora tantum
Numquam Dardaniae tetigissent nostra carinae!
Dixit, et, os inpressa toro, Moriemur inultae ?
Sed moriamur, ait. Sic, sic iuvat ire sub umbras.
Hauriat hunc oculis ignem crudelis ab alto
Dardanus, et nostrae secum ferat omina mortis.

Dixerat ; atque illam media inter talia ferro Conlapsam aspiciunt comites, ensemque cruore Spumantem, sparsasque manus. It clamor ad alta
Atria; concussam bacchatur Fama per urbem. Lamentis gemituque et femineo ululatu Tecta fremunt ; resonat magnis plangoribus aether. Non aliter, quam si inmissis ruat hostibus omnis Karthago aut antiqua Tyros, flammaeque furentes
Culmina perque hominum volvantur perque deorum.

Audiit exanimis, trepidoque exterrita cursu Unguibus ora soror foedans et pectora pugnis Per medios ruit, ac morientem nomine clamat.

Hoc illud, germana, fuit? me fraude petebas?
Quid primum deserta querar? comitemne sororem


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Sprevisti moriens? Eadem me ad fata vocasses ; Idem ambas ferro dolor, atque eadem hora tulisset. His etiam struxi manibus, patriosque vocavi
Voce deos, sic te ut posita crudelis abessem ? Exstinxti te meque, soror, populumque patresque Sidonios urbemque tuam. Date volnera lymphis, Abluam, et, extremus si quis super halitus errat, Ore legam. Sic fata gradus evaserat altos, Semianimemque sinu germanam amplexa fovebat Cum gemitu, atque atros siccabat veste cruores.

Illa, graves oculos conata attollere, rursus Deficit; infixum stridit sub pectore volnus. Ter sese attollens cubitoque adnixa levavit;
Ter revoluta toro est, oculisque errantibus alto Quaesivit caelo lucem, ingemuitque reperta.

Tum Iuno omnipotens, longum miserata dolorem Difficilesque obitus, Irim demisit Olympo, Quae luctantem animam nexosque resolveret artus.
Nam quia nec fato, merita nec morte peribat, Sed misera ante diem, subitoque accensa furore, Nondum illi flavum Proserpina vertice crinem Abstulerat, Stygioque caput damnaverat Orco.

Ergo Iris croceis per caelum roscida pennis, Mille trahens varios adverso sole colores, - Devolat, et supra caput adstitit : Hunc ego Diti Sacrum iussa fero, teque isto corpore solvo.

Sic ait, et dextra crinem secat : omnis et una Dilapsus calor, atque in ventos vita recessit.

Thy death-mate ? To thy doom thou shouldst have called Me too; and let one blow, one hour take both! Have these hañand built it, calling on our Gods,
That I, unkind, might fail thee lying thus ?
Thou hast slain me too, thy people, and thy lords,
Thy Carthage. Give me water; let me wash
The wounds; and ifi one last breath stir, my lips Shall-catch it!"

Saying thus, she climbed the steps,
And to her heart her dying sister pressed,
Moaning, and with her vesture staunched the blood.
She tried to lift her heavy eyes, again
Fell back. The death-wound grated in her breast.
Thrice, leaning on her arm, she raised her head;
Thrice on the bed fell back, with wandering eyes Sought heaven's light, and, when she found it, moaned.

Then mighty Juno pitied her long pain
And hard departure ; and from Heaven sent down
Iris, to loose from flesh the struggling soul.
For since she died not fated nor condemned,
But hapless ere her day, by sudden rage,
Not yet had Proserpine the golden tress Cut, nor to Stygian Orcus doomed her head.

So dewy Iris flew on saffron wings,
Trailing against the sun a thousand tints, And stood above her.
"This thy lock I take,
Sacred to Dis, and thee from flesh release."
She spake, and cut the tress. Then all the warmth Fled, and all life went out upon the wind.

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NTEREA medium Aeneas iam classe tenebat Certus iter, fluctusque atros aquilone secabat, Moenia respiciens, quae iam infelicis Elissae Conlucent flammis. Quae tantum accenderit ignem,
Causa latet; duri magno sed amore dolores
Polluto, notumque, furens quid femina possit, Triste per augurium Teucrorum pectora ducunt.

Ut pelagus tenuere rates, nec iam amplius ulla Occurrit tellus, maria undique et undique caelum, Olli caeruleus supra caput adstitit imber
Noctem hiememque ferens, et inhorruit unda tenebris. Ipse gubernator puppi Palinurus ab alta :
"Heu! quianam tanti cinxerunt aethera nimbi?
Quidve, pater Neptune, paras?" Sic deinde locutus Colligere arma iubet validisque incumbere remis,
Obliquatque sinus in ventum, ac talia fatur:
Magnanime Aenea, non, si mihi Iuppiter auctor Spondeat, hoc sperem Italiam contingere caelo. Mutati transversa fremunt et vespere ab atro Consurgunt venti, atque in nubem cogitur aer.
Nec nos obniti contra, nec tendere tantum Sufficimus. Superat quoniam Fortuna, sequamur, Quoque vocat, vertamus iter. Nec litora longe Fida reor fraterna Erycis portusque Sicanos, Si modo rite memor servata remetior astra.

Tum pius Aeneas: Equidem sic poscere ventos Iamdudum et frustra cerno te tendere contra. Flecte viam velis. An sit mihi gratior ulla, Quove magis fessas optem demittere naves, Quam quae Dardanium tellus mihi servat Acesten, Et patris Anchisae gremio complectitur ossa? Haec ubi dicta, petunt portus, et vela secundi

EANWHILE Aeneas his unwavering way Sailed on, and cut the billows dark with wind ; Yet shoreward gazed, where now the death-flames shone
Ofi woeful Dido. What such blaze hath lit, They know not, but the pangs of blighted love,
What woman's rage can do, these draw their hearts Through sad foreboding.

## Now their vessels held

The open main, and no more land was seen-
Sea everywhere, and everywhere the sky-
When overhead a blue-black cloud of rain
Bore night and storm : the shuddering water gloomed.
The pilot Palinurus from the stern
Himselficried out: "What clouds invest the sky!
What wilt thou, Father Neptune?" Saying thus,
He bade them reefithe sails, and bend the oars,
Sloped to the wind his canvas, and outspake :
"Great-souled Aeneas! Not ifi Jove himselfi
Gave warrant, could I make Italian shores
With such a sky. From the black West the winds Rise roaring adverse ; air is crushed to cloud :
No strength is ours to thwart and stem the gale. Since Fate is mistress, let us turn our course, And follow where she calls. Not far, methinks, Sicilian ports, thy brother Eryx' coast, Ifirightly I recall the stars I watched."

Then good Aeneas: "Yea; long since I marked The winds' exaction and thy vain revolt. Shift the sails' tack! Were any shore more sweet? Where would I sooner beach my sea-worn barks Than on that land which keeps Acestes still, And in its lap enfolds my father's bones?" He ceased. They steer for harbour, while the sails

Intendunt Zephyri ; fertur cita gurgite classis, Et tandem laeti notae advertuntur harenae.

At procul excelso miratus vertice montis
Adventum sociasque rates occurrit Acestes, Horridus in iaculis et pelle Libystidis ursae, Troia Crimiso conceptum flumine mater Quem genuit. Veterum non inmemor ille parentum Gratatur reduces et gaza laetus agresti Excipit, ac fessos opibus solatur amicis.

Postera cum primo stellas Oriente fugarat Clara dies, socios in coetum litore ab omni Advocat Aeneas, tumulique ex aggere fatur :

Dardanidae magni, genus alto a sanguine divom,
Annuus exactis conpletur mensibus orbis, Ex quo reliquias divinique ossa parentis Condidimus terra maestasque sacravimus aras. Iamque dies, nisi fallor, adest, quem semper acerbum, Semper honoratum -sic di voluistis-habebo. Hunc ego Gaetulis agerem si Syrtibus exsul, Argolicove mari deprensus et urbe Mycenae, Annua vota tamen sollemnesque ordine pompas Exsequerer, strueremque suis altaria donis. Nunc ultro ad cineres ipsius et ossa parentis, Haud equidem sine mente reor, sine numine divom, Adsumus et portus delati intramus amicos. Ergo agite, et laetum cuncti celebremus honorem; Poscamus ventos, atque haec me sacra quot annis Urbe velit posita templis sibi ferre dicatis.


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Praeterea, si nona diem mortalibus almum Aurora extulerit radiisque retexerit orbem,
Prima citae Teucris ponam certamina classis;
Quique pedum cursu valet, et qui viribus audax
Aut iaculo incedit melior levibusque sagittis, Seu crudo fidit pugnam committere caestu,
Cuncti adsint, meritaeque exspectent praemia palmae. 70
Ore favete omnes, et cingite tempora ramis.
Sic fatus velat materna tempora myrto.
Hoc Helymus facit, hoc aevi maturus Acestes,
Hoc puer Ascanius, sequitur quos cetera pubes.
Ille e concilio multis cum millibus ibat
75
Ad tumulum, magna medius comitante caterva.
Hic duo rite mero libans carchesia Baccho Fundit humi, duo lacte novo, duo sanguine sacro, Purpureosque iacit flores, ac talia fatur:
Salve, sancte parens, iterum : salvete, recepti
Nequiquam cineres, animaeque umbraeque paternae.
Non licuit fines Italos fataliaque arva,
Nec tecum Ausonium, quicumque est, quaerere Thybrim.
Dixerat haec, adytis cum lubricus anguis ab imis Septem ingens gyros, septena volumina traxit,
Amplexus placide tumulum lapsusque per aras,
Caeruleae cui terga notae maculosus et auro Squamam incendebat fulgor, ceu nubibus arcus Mille iacit varios adverso sole colores. Obstipuit visu Aeneas. Ille agmine longo
Tandem inter pateras et levia pocula serpens Libavitque dapes, rursusque innoxius imo Successit tumulo, et depasta altaria liquit. Hoc magis inceptos genitori instaurat honores, Incertus, Geniumne loci famulumne parentis
Esse putet ; caedit binas de more bidentes,

And should the ninth glad morning lift the light O＇er mortals，and unveil the radiant world ；
First will I frame a race for Teucrian ships； And who is fleet of foot，or brave of thews， Or vaunts his skill with spear and flying shafts， Or with the untanned cestus trusts to fight， Let all attend，and hope for victory＇s palm． Seal every lip，and wreathe your brows with green．＂

He with his mother＇s myrtle crowns his head． Ascanius too is crowned，and Helymus， Age－worn Acestes，and the Lords of Troy． Then from the council to the funeral mound
He passed，the centre of the thronging host， And poured upon the earth two bowls of wine， Two of new milk，and two of hallowed blood， And，showering rosy blossoms，thus he spake ： ＂Hail，Father，hail once more！O sacred dust，
Rescued in vain！Hail spirit of my sire！
Not mine with thee the Ausonian fields of fate， Nor Tiber＇s stream to seek，where＇er it flow！＂

He ceased；when from the grave a slippery snake Drew seven great coils，and with seven spires embraced The tomb in quiet，gliding by the shrine． Blue－spotted was his back，and flecks of gold Shot fire across his scales，as Heaven＇s great Bow Throws in the sun a thousand various hues． Awe－struck Aeneas gazed．With long slow trail 90 Winding among the bowls and burnished cups， He licked the food，then harmless to the tomb Passed back，and left the altars where he fed． More gladly he renews his father＇s rites， Doubting if there his sire＇s familiar went，

Totque sues, totidem nigrantes terga iuvencos; Vinaque fundebat pateris, animamque vocabat Anchisae magni Manesque Acheronte remissos. Nec non et socii, quae cuique est copia, laeti
Dona ferunt, onerant aras, mactantque iuvencos ;
Ordine aena locant alii, fusique per herbam Subiiciunt veribus prunas et viscera torrent.

Exspectata dies aderat nonamque serena Auroram Phaethontis equi iam luce vehebant,
Famaque finitimos et clari nomen Acestae Excierat ; laeto conplebant litora coetu, Visuri Aeneadas, pars et certare parati. Munera principio ante oculos circoque locantur In medio, sacri tripodes viridesque coronae
Et palmae pretium victoribus, armaque et ostro Perfusae vestes, argenti aurique talenta ;
Et tuba commissos medio canit aggere ludos. Prima pares ineunt gravibus certamina remis Quattuor ex omni delectae classe carinae.
Velocem Mnestheus agit acri remige Pristim, Mox Italus Mnestheus, genus a quo nomine Memmi, Ingentemque Gyas ingenti mole Chimaeram, Urbis opus, triplici pubes quam Dardana versu Inpellunt, terno consurgunt ordine remi ;
Sergestusque, domus tenet a quo Sergia nomen, Centauro invehitur magna, Scyllaque Cloanthus Caerulea, genus unde tibi, Romane Cluenti.

Est procul in pelago saxum spumantia contra Litora, quod tumidis submersum tunditur olim

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Hic viridem Aeneas frondenti ex ilice metam Constituit signum nautis pate r , unde reverti Scirent et longos ubi circumflectere cursus. Tum loca sorte legunt, ipsique in puppibus auro Ductores longe effulgent ostroque decori; Cetera populea velatur fronde iuventus Nudatosque umeros oleo perfusa nitescit.
Considunt transtris, intentaque bracchia remis; Intenti exspectant signum, exsultantiaque haurit Corda pavor pulsans laudumque arrecta cupido. Inde, ubi clara dedit sonitum tuba, finibus omnes, Haud mora, prosiluere suis; ferit aethera clamor
Nauticus, adductis spumant freta versa lacertis. Infindunt pariter sulcos, totumque dehiscit Convolsum remis rostrisque tridentibus aequor. Non tam praecipites biiugo certamine campum Corripuere ruuntque effusi carcere currus, Nec sic inmissis aurigae undantia lora Concussere iugis pronique in verbera pendent. Tum plausu fremituque virum studiisque faventum Consonat omne nemus, vocemque inclusa volutant Litora, pulsati colles clamore resultant.

Effugit ante alios primisque elabitur undis Turbam inter fremitumque Gyas; quem deinde Cloanthus Consequitur, melior remis, sed pondere pinus Tarda tenet. Post hos aequo discrimine Pristis Centaurusque locum tendunt superare priorem; Et nunc Pristis habet, nunc victam praeterit ingens Centaurus, nunc una ambae iunctisque feruntur Frontibus et longa sulcant vada salsa carina. Iamque propinquabant scopulo metamque tenebant, Cum princeps medioque Gyas in gurgite victor
Rectorem navis compellat voce Menoeten:

Here Frince Aeneas plants a leafy goal
Ofigreen-sprayed ilex, for the sailors' sign
Homeward from thence their weary course to bend.
They take the allotted places : on each stern
In gold and purple proud their captains shine,
While, crowned with poplar wreaths, the bare-backed crew
Gleam bright with oil. They man the thwarts, their arms 135
Strain to the oar, and straining they await
The signal. Every heart beats fast and faint
With throbbing fear and eager lust of fame.
Loud peals the trumpet; all with no delay
Spring from their posts; the sailors' shouts resound.
Under their swinging arms the water foams.
In time they cleave the furrows; all the sea
Gapes to the rending oar and trident prow. Less swift the racing chariots seize the course,
And from the barriers plunge : less fiercely fly
The bounding horses when the charioteer
Bends o'er his lash, and shakes the streaming reins.
Then cries ofimen and tumults of applause
Fill all the grove : the embosomed shores roll back
Shouts, and the hills rebound, by clamour beat.

Gyas before the rest the throng and stir
Cleaves, shooting first: Cloanthus follows nard ; More skilled his oarsmen, but his weight of pine Retards. Behind, at equal distance, Shark And Centaur for the foremost lead contend.
Now the Shark holds it ; now the Centaur huge Wins past her ; now together both abreast Move, and the brine with long keels furrow through.
They near the rock ; the goal is in their grasp ;
When Gyas, victor in the midway surge,
160
Menoetes thus his helmsman stern upbraids :

Quo tantum mihi dexter abis? huc dirige gressum ; Litus ama, et laevas stringat sine palmula cautes; Altum alii teneant. Dixit; sed caeca Menoetes Saxa timens proram pelagi detorquet ad undas.
Quo diversus abis? iterum, Pete saxa, Menoete! Cum clamore Gyas revocabat ; et ecce Cloanthum Respicit instantem tergo, et propiora tenentem. Ille inter navemque Gyae scopulosque sonantes Radit iter laevum interior, subitoque priorem Praeterit et metis tenet aequora tuta relictis.

Tum vero exarsit iuveni dolor ossibus ingens, Nec lacrimis caruere genae, segnemque Menoeten, Oblitus decorisque sui sociumque salutis, In mare praecipitem puppi deturbat ab alta; Ipse gubernaclo rector subit, ipse magister, Hortaturque viros, clavumque ad litora torquet. At gravis, ut fundo vix tandem redditus imo est, Iam senior madidaque fluens in veste Menoetes Summa petit scopuli siccaque in rupe resedit. Illum et labentem Teucri et risere natantem, Et salsos rident revomentem pectore fluctus.

Hic laeta extremis spes est accensa duobus, Sergesto Mnestheique, Gyan superare morantem. Sergestus capit ante locum scopuloque propinquat,
Nec tota tamen ille prior praeeunte carina; Parte prior ; partem rostro premit aemula Pristis. At media socios incedens nave per ipsos Hortatur Mnestheus: Nunc, nunc insurgite remis, Hectorei socii, Troiae quos sorte suprema
Delegi comites; nunc illas promite vires, Nunc animos, quibus in Gaetulis Syrtibus usi Ionioque mari Maleaeque sequacibus undis. Non iam prima peto Mnestheus, neque vincere certo,


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Quamquam o !-Sed superent, quibus hoc, Neptune, dedisti;
Extremos pudeat rediisse ; hoc vincite, cives, Et prohibete nefas. Olli certamine summo Procumbunt ; vastis tremit ictibus aerea puppis, Subtrahiturque solum ; tum creber anhelitus artus Aridaque ora quatit ; sudor fluit undique rivis.

Attulit ipse viris optatum casus honorem. Namque furens animi dum proram ad saxa suburguet Interior spatioque subit Sergestus iniquo,
Infelix saxis in procurrentibus haesit.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Concussae cautes, et acuto in murice remi } & 205 \\ \text { Obnixi crepuere, inlisaque prora pependit. } & \\ \text { Consurgunt nautae et magno clamore morantur, } & \\ \text { Ferratasque trudes et acuta cuspide contos } & \\ \text { Expediunt, fractosque legunt in gurgite remos. } & \\ \text { At laetus Mnestheus successuque acrior ipso } & \\ \text { Agmine remorum celeri ventisque vocatis } & 210 \\ \text { Prona petit maria et pelago decurrit aperto. } & \end{array}$
Qualis spelunca subito commota columba,
Cui domus et dulces latebroso in pumice nidi, Fertur in arva volans, plausumque exterrita pennis
Dat tecto ingentem, mox aere lapsa quieto Radit iter liquidum, celeres neque commovet alas: Sic Mnestheus, sic ipsa fuga secat ultima Pristis Aequora, sic illam fert impetus ipse volantem. Et primum in scopulo luctantem deserit alto Sergestum brevibusque vadis frustraque vocantem Auxilia et fractis discentem currere remis. Inde Gyan ipsamque ingenti mole Chimaeram Consequitur ; cedit, quoniam spoliata magistro est. Solus iamque ipso superest in fine Cloanthus:

But O !-though those may win whom Neptune crowns, -
Last to return were shame. O win but this, O shun disgrace!"

They, straining every nerve, Shake with their mighty strokes the brazen poop. Back sweep the seas: their limbs and parching lips Quiver and pant, and sweat flows streaming down.

Chance brings the prize they seek ; for, wild at heart Sergestus inward to the rocks his prow Turning, and entering on a perilous way, Strikes on a jutting reef. The splintered oars Crash on the flint ; embedded hangs the prow. Up spring the hindered crew, and shouting use Their iron-shod pikes and sharply pointed poles, While from the swirling water they collect Their broken oars. But Mnestheus in delight, And by success enlivened, plying fast His ordered oarage, with the winds at call, Runs down the open shoreward-sloping sea.

As when a dove, that makes in crannied rock Her home and pleasant nest, is startled forth, And flies afield. She, from her dwelling scared, 215 Flaps loud her feathers, then in quiet air Skims with unmoving wings her liquid way. So Mnestheus, so the Shark her final path Cuts, so her impulse bears her floating on. He leaves Sergestus struggling in the crags
And shallow seas, who vainly cries for aid, Still studying how to row with broken oars. Then Gyas, and the huge Chimaera's mass, He holds in chase, who, of her helmsman robbed, Yields, and Cloanthus now alone is left.

Quem petit, et summis adnixus viribus urguet. Tum vero ingeminat clamor, cunctique sequentem Instigant studiis, resonatque fragoribus aether. Hi proprium decus et partum indignantur honorem Ni teneant, vitamque volunt pro laude pacisci ; Hos successus alit : possunt, quia posse videntur.

Et fors aequatis cepissent praemia rostris, Ni palmas ponto tendens utrasque Cloanthus Fudissetque preces, divosque in vota vocasset :
Di , quibus imperium est pelagi, quorum aequora curro, 235
Vobis laetus ego hoc candentem in litore taurum
Constituam ante aras, voti reus, extaque salsos Porriciam in fluctus et vina liquentia fundam. Dixit, eumque imis sub fluctibus audiit omnis Nereidum Phorcique chorus Panopeaque virgo, Et pater ipse manu magna Portunus euntem Inpulit ; illa Noto citius volucrique sagitta Ad terram fugit, et portu se condidit alto.

Tum satus Anchisa, cunctis ex more vocatis, Victorem magna praeconis voce Cloanthum
Declarat, viridique advelat tempora lauro; Muneraque in naves ternos optare iuvencos Vinaque et argenti magnum dat ferre talentum. Ipsis praecipuos ductoribus addit honores:
Victori chlamydem auratam, quam plurima circum
Purpura Macandro duplici Meliboea cucurrit.
Intextusque puer frondosa regius Ida
Veloces iaculo cervos cursuque fatigat, Acer, anhelanti similis, quem praepes ab Ida Sublimem pedibus rapuit Iovis armiger uncis;
Longaevi palmas nequiquam ad sidera tendunt
Custodes, saevitque canum latratus in auras. At qui deinde locum tenuit virtute secundum,

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Levibus huic hamis consertam auroque trilicem Loricam, quam Demoleo detraxerat ipse
Victor apud rapidum Simoenta sub Ilio alto,
Donat habere viro, decus et tutamen in armis. Vix illam famuli Phegeus Sagarisque ferebant Multiplicem, connixi umeris; indutus at olim Demoleos cursu palantes Troas agebat. Tertia dona facit geminos ex aere lebetas, Cymbiaque argento perfecta atque aspera signis.

Iamque adeo donati omnes opibusque superbi Puniceis ibant evincti tempora taenis, Cum saevo e scopulo multa vix arte revolsus, 270 Amissis remis atque ordine debilis uno, Inrisam sine honore ratem Sergestus agebat. Qualis saepe viae deprensus in aggere serpens, Aerea quem obliquum rota transiit, aut gravis ictu Seminecem liquit saxo lacerumque viator,
Nequiquam longos fugiens dat corpore tortus, Parte ferox, ardensque oculis, et sibila colla Arduus attollens; pars volnere clauda retentat Nexantem nodis seque in sua membra plicantem. Tali remigio navis se tarda movebat; Vela facit tamen, et velis subit ostia plenis. Sergestum Aeneas promisso munere donat, Servatam ob navem laetus sociosque reductos. Olli serva datur, operum haud ignara Minervae, Cressa genus, Pholoe, geminique sub ubere nati.

Hoc pius Aeneas misso certamine tendit Gramineum in campum, quem collibus undique curvis Cingebant silvae, mediaque in valle theatri Circus erat ; quo se multis cum millibus heros Consessu medium tulit exstructoque resedit. Hic, qui forte velint rapido contendere cursu,
A hauberk won, with gold and polished rings Triply inwove, which under Troy's high wallFrom Demoleus he stripped by Simois stream,A glory and guard in war ; and scarce the slaves,Phegeus and Sagaris, on bended backsCould bear the many links, though DemoleusWore it of old, and chased the flying foe.265
Two brazen cauldrons, and two silver bowlsWere the third gifts bestowed.
Thus all had nowTheir prizes, and in wealthy pride went forth
Flouting the scarlet ribbands on their brows ;When, from the cruel rock scarce torn by skill,270
With oars all lost, and one tier crippled, homeSergestus sailed, inglorious, amid jeers.Most like a serpent on the highway caughtWhich some brass wheel hath crushed, or with a stoneSome wayfarer hath struck, and left half-dead.275
Vainly to escape it twists its body's length ;One halfi is fierce with burning eyes, and lifts
A hissing neck : one halfi the maiming woundClogs, and its knots upon themselves recoil.So, with her oarage maimed, the ship moved slow, 280Yet spreading canvas crossed the bar full-sail.Rejoicing then in ship and crew restored,Aeneas to Sergestus gave his prize,A Cretan slave, in weaving not unversed,Pholoe, that bare two boys below her breast.285

This contest o'er, towards a lawny mead Aeneas bent his steps, where, girt by woods And winding hills, within a valley's lap, A circus lay. There he, with thousands round, Sits in their midst enthroned, and now invites

Invitat pretiis animos, et praemia ponit.
Undique conveniunt Teucri mixtique Sicani,
Nisus et Euryalus primi,
Euryalus forma insignis viridique iuventa,
Nisus amore pio pueri ; quos deinde secutus
Regius egregia Priami de stirpe Diores;
Hunc Salius simul et Patron, quorum alter Acarnan,
Alter ab Arcadio Tegeaeae sanguine gentis ;
Tum duo Trinacrii iuvenes, Helymus Panopesque,
Adsueti silvis, comites senioris Acestae ;
Multi praeterea, quos fama obscura recondit.
Aeneas quibus in mediis sic deinde locutus :
Accipite haec animis, laetasque advertite mentes :
Nemo ex hoc numero mihi non donatus abibit.
Gnosia bina dabo levato lucida ferro
Spicula caelatamque argento ferre bipennem ;
Omnibus hic erit unus honos. Tres praemia primi
Accipient, flavaque caput nectentur oliva.
Primus equum phaleris insignem victor habeto,
Alter Amazoniam pharetram plenamque sagittis
Threiciis, lato quam circum amplectitur auro
Balteus, et tereti subnectit fibula gemma;
Tertius Argolica hac galea contentus abito.
Haec ubi dicta, locum capiunt, signoque repente
Corripiunt spatia audito, limenque relinquunt,
Effusi nimbo similes, simul ultima signant.
Primus abit longeque ante omnia corpora Nisus
Emicat, et ventis et fulminis ocior alis ;
Proxumus huic, longo sed proxumus intervallo, 320
Insequitur Salius; spatio post deinde relicto
Tertius Euryalus ;
Euryalumque Helymus sequitur ; quo deinde sub ipso Ecce volat calcemque terit iam calce Diores, Incumbens umero ; spatia et si plura supersint,


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Transeat elapsus prior, ambiguumque relinquat. Iamque fere spatio extremo fessique sub ipsam Finem adventabant, levi cum sanguine Nisus Labitur infelix, caesis ut forte iuvencis Fusus humum viridesque super madefecerat herbas.
Hic iuvenis iam victor ovans vestigia presso Haud tenuit titubata solo, sed pronus in ipso Concidit inmundoque fimo sacroque cruore, Non tamen Euryali, non ille oblitus amorum ; Nam sese opposuit Salio per lubrica surgens;
Ille autem spissa iacuit revolutus harena.
Emicat Euryalus, et munere victor amici
Prima tenet, plausuque volat fremituque secundo.
Post Helymus subit, et nunc tertia palma Diroes.
Hic totum caveae consessum ingentis et ora
Prima patrum magnis Salius clamoribus inplet,
Ereptumque dolo reddi sibi poscit honorem.
Tutatur favor Euryalum, lacrimaeque decorae,
Gratior et pulchro veniens in corpore virtus.
Adiuvat et magna proclamat voce Diores,
Qui subiit palmae, frustraque ad praemia venit Ultima, si primi Salio reddantur honores.
Tum pater Aeneas, Vestra, inquit, munera vobis Certa manent, pueri, et palmam movet ordine nemo ; Me liceat casus miserari insontis amici.

Sic fatus tergum Gaetuli inmane leonis
Dat Salio, villis onerosum atque unguibus aureis.
Hic Nisus, Si tanta, inquit, sunt praemia victis,
Et te lapsorum miseret, quae munera Niso
Digna dabis ? primam merui qui laude coronam,
Ni me, quae Salium, fortuna inimica tulisset.
Et simul his dictis faciem ostentabat et udo
Turpia membra fimo. Risit pater optumus olli,
Et clipeum efferri iussit, Didymaonis artes,

He had shot ahead, and passed the doubtful man.
Exhausted near the end, their final bourne
Almost they reach, when Nisus, evil-starred,
Slips in some blood as on the ground by chance
Shed from slain steers it soaked the herbage green.
He in the hour of triumph could not keep
His feet from stumbling, but amid the filth
And sacrificial blood to earth fell prone.
Not then, not once Euryalus his love
Forgetting, he uprose in Salius' path,
And tripped, and rolled him on the slippery field.
Victorious through his friend, Euryalus
Flies flashing first, mid tumults of applause.
Next him comes Helymus, Diores third.
The whole wide concourse and the fronting ranks
Ofi Elders then with clamour Salius fills,
Claiming the prize snatched from him by a trick.
But tears and favour for the other plead,
And worth, more pleasing in a pleasing form.
Loudly for him Diores too appeals;
Who the last prize hath reached, but reached in vain,
Should the first meed to Salius be returned.
Then spoke Aeneas: "Your rewards shall stay
Unchanged, and none their order shall disturb.
Be mine to pity my unlucky friend."
So said, to Salius a great lion's hide
Heavy with hair he gives and gilded claws. "Ifi such the guerdons for defeat," exclaims Nisus, " and thou canst pity those who fell, What prize may Nisus claim? The first were mine,
Had I not been, like Salius, Fortune's foe."
And with his words he showed his face and limbs Foul with the slime. Then laughed the gentle Prince, And bade them bring a targe, from Neptune's fane

Neptuni sacro Danais de poste refixum．
Hoc iuvenem egregium praestanti munere donat．
Post，ubi confecti cursus，et dona peregit ：
Nunc，si cui virtus animusque in pectore praesens， Adsit，et evinctis attollat bracchia palmis． Sic ait et geminum pugnae proponit honorem，
Victori velatum auro vittisque iuvencum， Ensem atque insignem galeam solatia victo．

Nec mora ；continuo vastis cum viribus effert Ora Dares，magnoque virum se murmure tollit ； Solus qui Paridem solitus contendere contra， Idemque ad tumulum，quo maxumus occubat Hector， Victorem Buten，inmani corpore qui se Bebrycia veniens Amyci de gente ferebat， Perculit et fulva moribundum extendit harena．
Talis prima Dares caput altum in proelia tollit，
Ostenditque umeros latos，alternaque iactat Bracchia protendens，et verberat ictibus auras． Quaeritur huic alius；nec quisquam ex agmine tanto Audet adire virum manibusque inducere caestus． Ergo alacris，cunctosque putans excedere palma，
Aeneae stetit ante pedes，nec plura moratus
Tum laeva taurum cornu tenet，atque ita fatur：
Nate dea，si nemo audet se credere pugnae， Quae finis standi？quo me decet usque teneri？
Ducere dona iube．Cuncti simul ore fremebant
Dardanidae，reddique viro promissa iubebant．
Hic gravis：Entellum dictis castigat Acestes， Proxumus ut viridante toro consederat herbae ： Entelle，heroum quondam fortissime frustra， Tantane tam patiens nullo certamine tolli

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Nequiquam memoratus Eryx ? ubi fama per omnem Trinacriam, et spolia illa tuis pendentia tectis? Ille sub haec : Non laudis amor, nec gloria cessit Pulsa metu; sed enim gelidus tardante senecta
Sanguis hebet, frigentque effetae in corpore vires.
Si mihi, quae quondam fuerat, quaque inprobus iste
Exsultat fidens, si nunc foret illa iuventas,
Haud equidem pretio inductus pulchroque iuvenco Venissem, nec dona moror. Sic deinde locutus
In medium geminos inmani pondere caestus
Proiecit, quibus acer Eryx in proelia suetus
Ferre manum duroque intendere bracchia tergo.
Obstipuere animi : tantorum ingentia septem
Terga boum plumbo insuto ferroque rigebant.
Ante omnes stupet ipse Dares, longeque recusat ;
Magnanimusque Anchisiades et pondus et ipsa
Huc illuc vinclorum inmensa volumina versat.
Tum senior tales referebat pectore voces :
Quid, si quis caestus ipsius et Herculis arma
Vidisset tristemque hoc ipso in litore pugnam ?
Haec germanus Eryx quondam tuus arma gerebat;-
Sanguine cernis adhuc sparsoque infecta cerebro ;-
His magnum Alciden contra stetit ; his ego suetus,
Dum melior vires sanguis dabat, aemula necdum
Temporibus geminis canebat sparsa senectus.
Sed si nostra Dares haec Troius arma recusat,
Idque pio sedet Aeneac, probat auctor Acestes,
Aequemus pugnas. Erycis tibi terga remitto;
Solve metus; et tu Troianos exue caestus.
Haec fatus duplicem ex umeris reiecit amictum, Et magnos membrorum artus, magna ossa lacertosque Exuit, atque ingens media consistit harena.
Tum satus Anchisa caestus pater extulit aequos,
Et paribus palmas amborum innexuit armis.

Thy boasted Eryx? Where the spoils hung up
On all thy walls, thy wide Sicilian fame?"
Then he: "No fear hath beaten off the love
Ofi praise and glory ; but my blood runs cold
With loitering age ; my waning strength is numb.
Had I what once I had, what yonder knave
Exults in, had I now that youth ofimine,
No need of prize or ox to lead me on,
I count not the reward." He spake, and threw 400
Two gauntlets in their midst, of monstrous weight,
Wherein fierce Eryx, binding on his arms
The toughened hide, oft entered on the fray.
Amazement reigns; such mighty bulls were those
Whose seven huge hides are stiff with lead and steel
But Dares, most amazed, far back recoils.
And great Aeneas felt their weight, and turned
Over and over the large twisted thongs,
While thus the veteran : "What ifiany here
Had seen the gloves of Hercules himself $_{3}$
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And that grim battle on this very shore!
These arms thy brother Eryx bore of old,
Stained yet with blood, thou see'st, and scattered brain ;
With these he fought Alcides; these I used
While fresher blood gave strength, ere niggard age
Sprinkled my brows with white. Yet if these arms
Dares declines, ifiso Aeneas wills,
And so Acestes sanctions, let us fight
An equal match ; I waive thee Eryx' hides;
Take heart, and doff thy Trojan gauntlets too."
So saying, from his back he threw the cloak, His mighty limbs, his mighty shoulder-blades Bared, and amidst the ring gigantic stood.
Then gauntlets fairly matched the Prince brought forth, And bound with equal gloves the hands of both.

Constitit in digitos extemplo arrectus uterque, Bracchiaque ad superas interritus extulit auras. Abduxere retro longe capita ardua ab ictu, Inmiscentque manus manibus, pugnamque lacessunt. Ille pedum melior motu, fretusque iuventa, Hic membris et mole valens; sed tarda trementi Genua labant, vastos quatit aeger anhelitus artus. Multa viri nequiquam inter se volnera iactant, Multa cavo lateri ingeminant et pectore vastos Dant sonitus, erratque aures et tempora circum
Crebra manus, duro crepitant sub volnere malae.
Stat gravis Entellus nisuque inmotus eodem, Corpore tela modo atque oculis vigilantibus exit. Ille, velut celsam oppugnat qui molibus urbem, Aut montana sedet circum castella sub armis,
Nunc hos, nunc illos aditus, omnemque pererrat Arte locum, et variis adsultibus inritus urguet. Ostendit dextram insurgens Entellus et alte Extulit : ille ictum venientem a vertice velox Praevidit, celerique elapsus corpore cessit:
Entellus vires in ventum effudit, et ultro Ipse gravis graviterque ad terram pondere vasto Concidit : ut quondam cava concidit aut Erymantho, Aut Ida in magna, radicibus eruta pinus. Consurgunt studiis Teucri et Trinacria pubes;
It clamor caelo, primusque accurrit Acestes, Aequaevumque ab humo miserans attollit amicum. At non tardatus casu neque territus heros Acrior ad pugnam redit, ac vim suscitat ira. Tum pudor incendit vires et conscia virtus,
Praecipitemque Daren ardens agit aequore toto, Nunc dextra ingeminans ictus, nunc ille sinistra;
Nec mora, nec requies: quam multa grandine nimbi Culminibus crepitant, sic densis ictibus heros Creber utraque manu pulsat versatque Dareta.


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Tum pater Aeneas procedere longius iras Et saevire animis Entellum haud passus acerbis; Sed finem inposuit pugnae, fessumque Dareta Eripuit, mulcens dictis, ac talia fatur : Infelix, quae tanta animum dementia cepit ?
Non vires alias conversaque numina sentis?
Cede deo. Dixitque et proelia voce diremit. Ast illum fidi aequales, genua aegra trahentem, Iactantemque utroque caput, crassumque cruorem, Ore eiectantem mixtosque in sanguine dentes,
Ducunt ad naves; galeamque ensemque vocati Accipiunt ; palmam Entello taurumque relinquunt.

Hic victor, superans animis tauroque superbus: Nate dea, vosque haec, inquit, cognoscite, Teucri, Et mihi quae fuerint iuvenali in corpore vires, Et qua servetis revocatum a morte Dareta. Dixit, et adversi contra stetit ora iuvenci, Qui donum adstabat pugnae, durosque reducta Libravit dextra media inter cornua caestus, Arduus, effractoque inlisit in ossa cerebro. Sternitur exanimisque tremens procumbit humi bos. Ille super tales effundit pectore voces: Hanc tibi, Eryx, meliorem animam pro morte Daretis Persolvo ; hic victor caestus artemque repono.

## Protinus Aeneas celeri certare sagitta

Invitat qui forte velint, et praemia dicit, Ingentique manu malum de nave Seresti Erigit, et volucrem traiecto in fune columbam, Quo tendant ferrum, malo suspendit ab alto. Convenere viri, deiectamque aerea sortem Accepit galea; et primus clamore secundo Hyrtacidae ante omnes exit locus Hippocoontis; Quem modo navali Mnestheus certamine victor Consequitur, viridi Mnestheus evinctus oliva.

Then Prince Aeneas would no further brook
The bitter madness of Entellus' rage ;
But set an end to strife, and took away
Exhausted Dares, and with words consoled:
"Unhappy man! What madness seized thy soul?
Know'st thou not altered strength and Heaven estranged ? To the Gods yield!" He spake, and stayed the fight.
But Dares to the ships his faithful friends
Lead, dragging his weak knees, and to each side Swaying his head, while from his mouth the blood Pours mixed with teeth. They take the helm and sword, But to Entellus leave the palm and bull.

Proud of the bull, and high of heart, then spake The victor: "Goddess-born, and Trojans! Learn What might was in me in my prime of youth,

Who now were fain to match the flying shaft
Aeneas summons, and their meed proclaims; And with his mighty hand Serestus' mast Uprears, and from it hangs a fluttering dove, By twining cords tied fast, the arrows' mark. All muster; and a brazen helm receives The lots cast in : and first leaps out ere all Amidst applauding cries Hippocoon's name : Whom follows Mnestheus, in the galleys' race Triumphant, Mnestheus still with olive crowned;

Tertius Eurytion, tuus, o clarissime, frater,
Pandare, qui quondam, iussus confundere foedus, In medios telum torsisti primus Achivos. Extremus galeaque ima subsedit Acestes, Ausus et ipse manu iuvenum temptare laborem.

Tum validis flexos incurvant viribus arcus
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Pro se quisque viri, et depromunt tela pharetris. Primaque per caelum nervo stridente sagitta Hyrtacidae iuvenis volucres diverberat auras;
Et venit, adversique infigitur arbore mali.
Intremuit malus, timuitque exterrita pennis
Ales, et ingenti sonuerunt omnia plausu. Post acer Mnestheus adducto constitit arcu, Alta petens, pariterque oculos telumque tetendit. Ast ipsam miserandus avem contingere ferro Non valuit ; nodos et vincula linea rupit,
Quis innexa pedem malo pendebat ab alto ;
Illa notos atque atra volans in nubila fugit. Tum rapidus, iamdudum arcu contenta parato Tela tenens, fratrem Eurytion in vota vocavit, Iam vacuo laetam caelo speculatus, et alis
Plaudentem nigra figit sub nube columbam.
Decidit exanimis, vitamque reliquit in astris Aetheriis, fixamque refert delapsa sagittam. Amissa solus palma superabat Acestes ;
Qui tamen aerias telum contendit in auras,
Ostentans artemque pater arcumque sonantem. Hic oculis subitum obiicitur magnoque futurum Augurio monstrum ; docuit post exitus ingens, Seraque terrifici cecinerunt omina vates. Namque volans liquidis in nubibus arsit arundo,
Signavitque viam flammis, tenuesque recessit
Consumpta in ventos; caelo ceu saepe refixa
Transcurrunt crinemque volantia sidera ducunt.

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Attonitis haesere animis, Superosque precati Trinacrii Teucrique viri ; nec maxumus omen
Abnuit Aeneas; sed laetum amplexus Acesten Muneribus cumulat magnis, ac talia fatur : Sume, pater ; nam te voluit rex magnus Olympi Talibus auspiciis exsortem ducere honorem. Ipsius Anchisae longaevi hoc munus habebis, Cratera inpressum signis, quem Thracius olim Anchisae genitori in magno munere Cisseus Ferre sui dederat monumentum et pignus amoris. Sic fatus cingit viridanti tempora lauro,
Et primum ante omnes victorem appellat Acesten.
Nec bonus Eurytion praelato invidit honori,
Quamvis solus avem caelo deiecit ab alto.
Proxumus ingreditur donis, qui vincula rupit, Extremus, volucri qui fixit arundine malum.

At pater Aeneas, nondum certamine misso,
Custodem ad sese comitemque inpubis Iuli Epytiden vocat, et fidam sic fatur ad aurem : Vade age, et Ascanio, si iam puerile paratum Agmen habet secum, cursusque instruxit equorum, Ducat avo turmas, et sese ostendat in armis,
Dic, ait. Ipse omnem longo decedere circo Infusum populum, et campos iubet esse patentes.

Incedunt pueri, pariterque ante ora parentum Frenatis lucent in equis, quos omnis euntes Trinacriae mirata fremit Troiaeque iuventus.
Omnibus in morem tonsa coma pressa corona; Cornea bina ferunt praefixa hastilia ferro ; Pars leves umero pharetras: it pectore summo Flexilis obtorti per collum circulus auri. Tres equitum numero turmae, ternique vagantur Ductores ; pueri bis seni quemque secuti

Spellbound in wonder to the Heavenly Gods
Trinacrians pray and Trojans ; and the Prince
Scorns not that omen, but embracing loads
With gifts the happy veteran, and bespeaks : "Take these, O Father! for Olympus' King
Wills by these signs that thou this added prize
Shouldst draw, this gift of old Anchises' self,
A bowl embossed with figures, which of yore For guerdon rich Cisseus the Thracian gave My sire, a pledge and memory of his love."
He spoke; and with green laurel wreathed his brow; And named Acestes victor before all.
Nor did Eurytion grudge the prize preferred, Though he alone had brought the bird to earth.
Next, he who brake the fetters wins reward;
Last, who with flying reed the mast transfixed.
But Prince Aeneas, ere that match was o'er,
Called to his side Iulus' guardian friend,
Epytides, and told his trusted ear :
" Go, tell Ascanius, ifi his troop ofiboys
Be ready now, and all his horse drawn up,
To lead the squadron in his grandsire's praise,
And show his arms." Then all the invading throng He bids withdraw, and the long course leave free.

Forth come the lads, and ranked before their sires Shine on curbed steeds; and, as they pass, the hosts OfiTroy and Sicily admiring shout.
Trim garlands bind their hair : two cornel spears, Pointed with steel, they wield, or quivers bright Across their shoulders; and the bended gold Entwines the throat, and falls upon the breast. Three troops of horse are there ; and captains three Ride to and fro, and twelve boys follow each,

Agmine partito fulgent paribusque magistris. Una acies iuvenum, ducit quam parvus ovantem Nomen avi referens Priamus, tua clara, Polite, Progenies, auctura Italos; quem Thracius albis Portat equus bicolor maculis, vestigia primi Alba pedis frontemque ostentans arduus albam. Alter Atys, genus unde Atii duxere Latini, Parvus Atys, pueroque puer dilectus Iulo. Extremus, formaque ante omnes pulcher, Iulus
Sidonio est invectus equo, quem candida Dido
Esse sui dederat monumentum et pignus amoris. Cetera Trinacriis pubes senioris Acestae Fertur equis.

Excipiunt plausu pavidos, gaudentque tuentes
Dardanidae, veterumque adgnoscunt ora parentum.
Postquam omnem laeti consessum oculosque suorum
Lustravere in equis, signum clamore paratis
Epytides longe dedit insonuitque flagello.
Olli discurrere pares, atque agmina terni
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Diductis solvere choris, rursusque vocati
Convertere vias infestaque tela tulere.
Inde alios ineunt cursus aliosque recursus Adversi spatiis, alternosque orbibus orbes Inpediunt, pugnaeque cient simulacra sub armis ;
Et nunc terga fuga nudant, nunc spicula vertunt
Infensi, facta pariter nunc pace feruntur.
Ut quondam Creta fertur Labyrinthus in alta
Parietibus textum caecis iter, ancipitemque Mille viis habuisse dolum, qua signa sequendi
Falleret indeprensus et inremeabilis error ;
Haud alio Teucrum nati vestigia cursu
Inpediunt, texuntque fugas et proelia ludo,
Delphinum similes, qui per maria umida nando
Carpathium Libycumque secant luduntque per undas.


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Hunc morem cursus atque haec certamina primus Ascanius, Longam muris cum cingeret Albam, Rettulit et priscos docuit celebrare Latinos, Quo puer ipse modo, secum quo Troia pubes ; Albani docuere suos ; hinc maxuma porro Accepit Roma, et patrium servavit honorem ; Troiaque nunc pueri, Troianum dicitur agmen.

Hac celebrata tenus sancto certamina patri. Hic primum Fortuna fidem mutata novavit. Dum variis tumulo referunt sollemnia ludis, Irim de caelo misit Saturnia Iuno Iliacam ad classem, ventosque adspirat eunti, Multa movens, necdum antiquum saturata dolorem. Illa, viam celerans per mille coloribus arcum, Nulli visa cito decurrit tramite virgo.
Conspicit ingentem concursum, et litora lustrat, Desertosque videt portus classemque relictam. At procul in sola secretae Troades acta Amissum Anchisen flebant, cunctaeque profundum Pontum adspectabant flentes. Heu tot vada fessis
Et tantum superesse maris! vox omnibus una. Urbem orant ; taedet pelagi perferre laborem. Ergo inter medias sese haud ignara nocendi Coniicit, et faciemque deae vestemque reponit ; Fit Beroe, Tmarii coniunx longaeva Dorycli, Cui genus et quondam nomen natique fuissent; Ac sic Dardanidum mediam se matribus infert : O miserae, quas non manus, inquit, Achaica bello Traxerit ad letum patriae sub moenibus! o gens Infelix, cui te exitio Fortuna reservat?
Septuma post Troiae exscidium iam vertitur aestas, Cum freta, cum terras omnes, tot inhospita saxa Sideraque emensae ferimur, dum per mare magnum Italiam sequimur fugientem, et volvimur undis.

These sports, this mode ofiriding, when he built Long Alba's walls, Ascanius first revived, And taught the pristine Latins to observe, As he had learned them and the youth of Troy. The Albans taught their sons; thence mighty Rome
Received them, and the ancestral use preserved. "Troy" now the boys are named, "The Trojan troop."

So sped the contests to that hallowed sire,
Till Fortune changed, and broke at last her faith.
While at his tomb they held those solemn Games,
Saturnian Juno to the Trojan ships
Sent Iris down, and breathed a speeding wind, Much scheming, and her ancient pain unslaked. She by the many-coloured Bow her way Runs quickly down, a maiden seen of none,
Scans the vast crowd, and, as she tracks the coast, Sees ports abandoned and forsaken ships.
But Ilian wives, far on the lone sea-bank, Wept for Anchises; and all weeping viewed
The unfathomed main. "Ah! voyage-worn, what seas 615
Await us still !"-on every lip one cry.
Tired of the toiling waves, they crave a Home.
So in their midst, in mischiefinot unschooled,
Lighting, she doffed her Heavenly mien and dress,
Transformed to Beroe, the age-struck wife
OfiDoryclus, who once had race and name And sons; so came she to the Dardan dames. Achran. tand "Oh hapless ye," she cries, "whom warring Greeks
Dragged not to death beneath your native walls!
Unhappy race! what bane hath Fate in store?
Now, since Troy fell, the seventh summer wanes,
Whilst we o'er seas and lands outwatch the stars
By crags unharboured, and through rolling waves
Chase those Italian shores which ever fly.

Hic Erycis fines fraterni, atque hospes Acestes:
Quis prohibet muros iacere et dare civibus urbem?
O patria et rapti nequiquam ex hoste Penates, Nullane iam Troiae dicentur moenia? nusquam Hectoreos amnes, Xanthum et Simoenta, videbo ?
Quin agite et mecum infaustas exurite puppes.
Nam mihi Cassandrae per somnum vatis imago Ardentes dare visa faces : Hic quaerite Troiam ; Hic domus est, inquit, vobis. Iam tempus agi res, Nec tantis mora prodigiis. En quattuor arae Neptuno ; deus ipse faces animumque ministrat.

Haec memorans prima infensum vi corripit ignem, Sublataque procul dextra connixa coruscat, Et iacit. Arrectae mentes stupefactaque corda Iliadum. Hic una e multis, quae maxuma natu, Pyrgo, tot Priami natorum regia nutrix :
Non Beroe vobis, non haec Rhoeteia, matres,
Est Dorycli coniunx ; divini signa decoris Ardentesque notate oculos; qui spiritus illi
Qui voltus, vocisque sonus, vel gressus eunti. Ipsa egomet dudum Beroen digressa reliqui Aegram, indignantem, tali quod sola careret Munere, nec meritos Anchisae inferret honores. Haec effata.
At matres primo ancipites, oculisque malignis Ambiguae spectare rates miserum inter amorem
Praesentis terrae fatisque vocantia regna :
Cum dea se paribus per caelum sustulit alis Ingentemque fuga secuit sub nubibus arcum. Tum vero attonitae monstris actaeque furore Conclamant, rapiuntque focis penetralibus ignem ; Coniiciunt. Furit inmissis Volcanus habenis Transtra per et remos et pictas abiete puppes.

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Nuntius Anchisae ad tumulum cuneosque theatri Incensas perfert naves Eumelus, et ipsi
Respiciunt atram in nimbo volitare favillam. Primus et Ascanius, cursus ut laetus equestres Ducebat, sic acer equo turbata petivit Castra, nec exanimes possunt retinere magistri.

Quis furor iste novus? quo nunc, quo tenditis, inquit, Heu miserae cives? non hostem inimicaque castra Argivom, vestras spes uritis. En, ego vester Ascanius! galeam ante pedes proiecit inanem, Qua ludo indutus belli simulacra ciebat. Adcelerat simul Aeneas, simul agmina Teucrum.
Ast illae diversa metu per litora passim
Diffugiunt, silvasque et sicubi concava furtim Saxa petunt ; piget incepti lucisque, suosque Mutatae adgnoscunt, excussaque pectore Iuno est. Sed non idcirco flammae atque incendia vires Indomitas posuere ; udo sub robore vivit Stuppa vomens tardum fumum, lentusque carinas Est vapor et toto descendit corpore pestis, Nec vires heroum infusaque flumina prosunt. Tum pius Aeneas umeris abscindere vestem, Auxilioque vocare deos, et tendere palmas :

Iuppiter omnipotens, si nondum exosus ad unum Troianos, si quid pietas antiqua labores Respicit humanos, da flammam evadere classi Nunc, Pater, et tenues Teucrum res eripe leto. Vel tu, quod superest, infesto fulmine morti, Si mereor, demitte, tuaque hic obrue dextra.

Vix haec ediderat, cum effusis imbribus atra Tempestas sine more furit, tonitruque tremescunt Ardua terrarum et campi ; ruit aethere toto

Turbidus imber aqua densisque nigerrimus austris ; Implenturque super puppes; semiusta madescunt Robora ; restinctus donec vapor omnis, et omnes, Quattuor amissis, servatae a peste carinae.

At pater Aeneas, casu concussus acerbo
Nunc huc ingentes, nunc illuc pectore curas
Mutabat versans, Siculisne resideret arvis,
Oblitus fatorum, Italasne capesseret oras.
Tum senior Nautes, unum Tritonia Pallas
Quem docuit multaque insignem reddidit arte ;
Haec responsa dabat, vel quae portenderet ira
Magna deum, vel quae fatorum posceret ordo ; Isque his Aenean solatus vocibus infit :
Nate dea, quo fata trahunt retrahuntque, sequamur ; Quidquid erit, superanda omnis fortuna ferendo est.
Est tibi Dardanius divinae stirpis Acestes :
Hunc cape consiliis socium et coniunge volentem ;
Huic trade, amissis superant qui navibus, et quos
Pertaesum magni incepti rerumque tuarum est ;
Longaevosque senes ac fessas aequore matres,
Et quidquid tecum invalidum metuensque pericli est,
Delige, et his habeant terris sine moenia fessi ;
Urbem appellabunt permisso nomine Acestam.
Talibus incensus dictis senioris amici,
Tum vero in curas animo diducitur omnes :
Et Nox atra polum bigis subvecta tenebat.
Visa dehinc caelo facies delapsa parentis Anchisae subito tales effundere voces: Nate, mihi vita quondam, dum vita manebat, Care magis, nate, Iliacis exercite fatis,
Imperio Iovis huc venio, qui classibus ignem
Depulit, et caelo tandem miseratus ab alto est. Consiliis pare, quae nunc pulcherrima Nautes

With driving South winds dark, from all the sky, And filled the ships, and soaked the half-burnt wood, Till every flame was quenched, and all the ships, Save four that perished, from the bane were saved.

But Prince Aeneas, by that sad mischance 700 Sore stricken, rolls the burden of his thoughts This way and that. There should he make his Home, Heedless of Fate, or grasp Italian shores ?
Whereon old Nautes, he whom more than all Pallas had taught, and given wondrous skill,
And how to answer what the Gods' stern wrath
Threatens, and what the course of Fate demands,
He thus consoling to Aeneas spake:
"Follow we, Goddess-born, Fate's ebb and flow. Whate'er befall, we conquer when we bear:
Dardan Acestes is of Heavenly birth!
Him take a ready co-mate in thy plans;
To him give all whose ships are lost, and all Who of thy mighty purpose faint and tire; The aged men, the mothers worn with sea,
Whate'er is weak, whate'er is timorous
Search out, and here let those faint-hearted dwell. Acesta they shall call their city's name."

So spake his ancient friend, and cheered his heart Racked yet with care, while darkling o'er the sky Night drove her steeds. Then sudden on his sight Falling from heaven the semblance of his sire Anchises came, and uttered thus his voice : "Son, dearer far than life, while life was mine!
Son, tried by Ilium's doom! I hither come
By Jove's command, who from thy ships hath driven These flames, and pitied thee from Heaven at last. Obey the counsel aged Nautes gives


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Most seemly. Bear thy chosen bravest hearts To Italy. A people rude and rough
There wait thy quelling. But the infernal halls
Ofi $\mathrm{Dis}^{\text {is first enter, and, Avernus passed, }}$
Meet me, my son! Me no sad shades enfold,
Nor Tartarus; but converse of the pure,
Elysian bliss is mine. There shall the Maid,
The Sibyl, lead thee with black victims' blood. There shalt thou learn thy promised race and home.
Farewell! The night rolls midway ; and I feel The savage panting ofithe steeds of Morn!"

He ceased ; and fled like smoke into thin air.
"O whither, whither now?" Aeneas cried, "Whom dost thou fly? Who keeps thee from our arms?" So saying, he aroused the sleeping fire,
And with blest meal and incense paid the vow To Trojan Lares, and white Vesta's shrine.

Forthwith he calls his friends, Acestes first, Jove's mandate teaches, and the precepts given By his dear father, and his own firm will. Nor halt his plans, nor doth the King refuse. The mothers are enrolled, and those who will
Debarked, poor souls who nought of glory crave. The rest their thwarts renew, replace the wood Eaten by flames, fix oars and cordage fresh; Few by the count, but hearts of living fire.

Meanwhile Aeneas with a plough marks out
The town, allotting homes: makes here a Troy, An Ilium here. Acestes reigned content, Stablished a court, and gave a Senate laws; And near the stars upreared, on Eryx' crest, A Fane for Venus, and to Anchises' tomb A Priest assigned, and widely hallowed grove.

Iamque dies epulata novem gens omnis, et aris Factus honos : placidi straverunt aequora venti, Creber et adspirans rursus vocat Auster in altum. Exoritur procurva ingens per litora fletus;
Conplexi inter se noctemque diemque morantur. Ipsae iam matres, ipsi, quibus aspera quondam
Visa maris facies et non tolerabile nomen, Ire volunt, omnemque fugae perferre laborem.
Quos bonus Aeneas dictis solatur amicis,
Et consanguineo lacrimans commendat Acestae. Tres Eryci vitulos et Tempestatibus agnam Caedere deinde iubet, solvique ex ordine funem. Ipse, caput tonsae foliis evinctus olivae, Stans procul in prora pateram tenet, extaque salsos Porricit in fluctus ac vina liquentia fundit. Prosequitur surgens a puppi ventus euntes. Certatim socii feriunt mare et aequora verrunt.

At Venus interea Neptunum exercita curis Adloquitur, talesque effundit pectore questus : Iunonis gravis ira nec exsaturabile pectus Cogunt me, Neptune, preces descendere in omnes; Quam nec longa dies, pietas nec mitigat ulla, Nec Iovis imperio fatisque infracta quiescit. Non media de gente Phrygum exedisse nefandis
Urbem odiis satis est, nec poenam traxe per omnem :
Reliquias Troiae, cineres atque ossa peremptae Insequitur. Causas tanti sciat illa furoris. Ipse mihi nuper Libycis tu testis in undis Quam molem subito excierit : maria omnia caelo
Miscuit, Aeoliis nequiquam freta procellis, In regnis hoc ausa tuis.
Per scelus ecce etiam Troianis matribus actis
Exussit foede puppes, et classe subegit
Amissa socios ignotae linquere terrae.

Nine days had all men feasted, and each shrine Honoured, and quiet winds had calmed the main. Again the South blew up and called to sea.
Then on the hollow shores lament was loud;
And fond embraces stayed the night and day. The mothers and the men who lately shrank From sight of sea, and shuddered at its name, Now fain would go and bear their travail out ; Whom good Aeneas soothes with words benign,
And to their King and kinsman trusts with tears. Three calves to Eryx, to the Storms a lamb He bids them slay, and cast the cable loose; Then, wreathed with leaves of olive, on the prow Standing afar, he holds the cup, and sheds Entrails upon the flood, and flowing wine. A wind that follows wafts them, and they dip Stoutly their rival oars, and sweep the sea.

But Venus in the meanwhile, racked with care, Addressing Neptune, thus her trouble breathed : "Juno's great wrath, O Neptune! Juno's heart Insatiate, make me stoop to every prayer. Nor time nor goodness cure her ; not Jove's Will, Nor Fate, have stilled her rage. 'Tis not enough From Phrygia's heart with hate to have devoured Troy town, and dragged her through all pain and woe. Troy's remnant still, her very bones and ash, She hunts; I pray she knows what makes her wrath ! Thyself iart witness what a coil she stirred On Libyan waters, mingling sea and sky,
In vain reliance on Aeolian storms.
This in thy realm she dared.
And lo! to crime the Trojan dames she hath driven, Burning his vessels, and, his ships all lost, Forced him to leave his friends on alien shores.

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Let what remains, I pray, in safety sail Thy waves: O! let them reach the Tiber's stream, If Fate permit, if there she grant their Home :"

To whom the Lord of Ocean, Saturn's son : " Venus, 'tis very right to trust my realm,
Whence thou art sprung. And I deserve it ; oft
I quelled such ravings of the sky and sea.
Nor less on land, Xanthus and Simois know, I cared for thine Aeneas. When Troy's ranks Achilles on their ramparts breathless hurled,
And dealt a thousand deaths; when every stream Roared choking, nor could Xanthus find his way, And roll to sea, then from Pelides bold When Gods nor strength were matched in hollow mist I rapt Aeneas, though I longed to raze
Those walls of perjured Troy mine hands had wrought.
Now too that purpose holds ; dispel thy fear.
Safe, as thou wilt, Avernus he shall gain :
One only shalt thou look for, lost in sea ;
One life for many shall be paid."
He with such words the Goddess' heart made glad : Then yoked his steeds with gold, the foamy bits Fixed, and the reins let slacken in his grasp, While in his sea-blue car he skimmed the main.
The waves sink down; beneath his thundering wheels
Rough seas are smoothed; aloft the storm-clouds fly.
Strange shapes are in his train ; unwieldy whales,
Old Glaucon's choir, Palaemon, Ino's child,
Swift Tritons, Phorcus' host, and on his left,
Nesaee, Spio, Panopea fair,
Thalia and Thetys and Cymodoce.
With peace and joy Aeneas' anxious heart

Gaudia pertemptant mentem ; iubet ocius omnes Attolli malos, intendi bracchia velis.
Una omnes fewere pedem, pariterque sinistros,
Nunc dextros, solvere sinus; una ardua torquent Cornua detorquentque ; ferunt sua flamina classem. Princeps ante omnes densum Palinurus agebat Agmen ; ad hunc alii cursum contendere iussi.

Iamque fere mediam caeli Nox umida metam
Contigerat ; placida laxabant membra quiete Sub remis fusi per dura sedilia nautae :
Cum levis aetheriis delapsus Somnus ab astris Aera dimovit tenebrosum et dispulit umbras, Te, Palinure, petens, tibi somnia tristia portans Insonti ; puppique deus consedit in alta, Phorbanti similis, funditque has ore loquelas :

Iaside Palinure, ferunt ipsa aequora classem ;Aequatae spirant aurae ; datur hora quieti. Pone caput, fessosque oculos furare labori.
Ipse ego paulisper pro te tua munera inibo. Cui vix attollens Palinurus lumina fatur : Mene salis placidi voltum fluctusque quietos Ignorare iubes? mene huic confidere monstro ? Aenean credam quid enim fallacibus auris Et caeli totiens deceptus fraude sereni ?

Talia dicta dabat, clavumque affixus et haerens Nusquam amittebat, oculosque sub astra tenebat. Ecce deus ramum Lethaeo rore madentem Vique soporatum Stygia super utraque quassat Tempora, cunctantique natantia lumina solvit. Vix primos inopina quies laxaverat artus: Et superincumbens cum puppis parte revolsa Cumque gubernaclo liquidas proiecit in undas

Again is thrilled. He bids them raise the masts;
And spread the arms with sail. Together all
They set the sheet ; together left and right
They slacken sails; together twist and turn
The soaring horns. Fair breezes blow the ship.
But Palinurus first the close array
Leads, and by him the rest obedient steer.
Now dewy Night to the mid goal of heaven
Was drawing near. On benches by their oars,
With limbs unbent, the laboured crews lay still ;
When Slumber, lightly parting the dun air,
Slid from the starry sky, and came to thee,
O Palinurus! bringing thee sad dreams,
Guiltless ! and on the high-built stern the God In Phorbas' semblance sate, while thus he spake :
"Pilot! the sea itself bears on the ship.
Fair blows the wind : the hour to rest is given.
Lie down, and steal thy wearied eyes from toil.
I, in thy stead, will ply thy task awhile."
With eyes scarce raised, the pilot answered him.
" And am not I to know the sleek sea's face?
Am I to trust this monster, and shall I
Confide Aeneas to the fickle winds,
I, by the false fair heavens so often duped ?"
So saying, to the helm he clung, nor lost His hold, but kept his eyes upon the stars. When lo! the God shook o'er his brows a branch Sleepy with Stygian drench, and wet with dews
Ofi Lethe, and declined the lingering lids.
Scarce had the stealing peace unbent his limbs,
When Slumber stooped, and him to weltering seas
Flung headlong down, with helm and halfi the stern


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# Shattered, oft calling on his mates in vain. <br> Then to the viewless winds he winged his way. 

Not less the ships speed safely, undismayed In Neptune's promise o'er the watery track ; Until they neared the Sirens' cliffs, of yore Perilous, and white with many a sailor's bones. 86; Still the hoarse sea was moaning round the rocks. Then, when he saw his ship, with helmsman lost, Drifting, Aeneas, in the midnight seas, Steered her himself; and mourned his friend's mischance: " Dupe of fair skies and sea, thy corpse shall lie 870 Bare, Palinurus, on an alien shore!"

BOOK VI

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EEPING he spake, and gave his fleet the rein ; And touched at last Euboean Cumae's shore. Seaward they turn the prows; the anchor's tooth Holds fast each galley ; and the beach is fringed With curving sterns. A band of hope-flushed men
Leap on Hesperia's soil ; and part from flint Strike hidden seeds of fire ; part scour the woods, The wild beasts' home, and point to streams new-found.

But towards the hill which high Apollo rules 7 Aeneas hastens, where the Sibyl's cave Lies vast and lone, on whom the Delian breathes An ampler soul, unfolding things to come. The Trivian Grove they reach, the House of Gold.
'Tis famed that Daedalus, from Minos' realm, Trusting the air with wings, to the cold North
Fled, swimming far his unaccustomed way :
Till, lightly dropping on Chalcidian cliffs, To thee, O Phoebus! safe on land, he vowed His oary pens, and built thy mighty fane. Androgeus' death he graved upon the doors,
And Cecrops' sons atoning year by year
With seven young lives; the urn, the lots new-drawn
And opposite Crete standing out of sea ; Pasiphae's passion, to the cruel bull Joined by deceit, the mingled birth that told
Ofimonstrous love, the twiform Minotaur,
The House of toil, the maze which none might flee,
Till Daedalus, in pity for the love
Ofithe King's daughter, broke the snare himselfy Guiding blind steps by thread. Thou too hadst shone 30 Icarus! in that great work, had griefi allowed;
Twice he essayed to grave thy fate in gold;
Twice fell the father's hands.

Perlegerent oculis, ni iam praemissus Achates Adforet atque una Phoebi Triviaeque sacerdos, Deiphobe Glauci, fatur quae talia regi :

Non hoc ista sibi tempus spectacula poscit; Nunc grege de intacto septem mactare iuvencos Praestiterit, totidem lectas de more bidentes. Talibus adfata Aenean-nec sacra morantur
Iussa viri-Teucros vocat alta in templa sacerdos.
Excisum Euboicae latus ingens rupis in antrum, Quo lati ducunt aditus centum, ostia centum ; Unde ruunt totidem voces, responsa Sibyllae. Ventum erat ad limen, cum virgo, Poscere fata
Tempus, ait ; deus, ecce, deus! Cui talia fanti Ante fores subito non voltus, non color unus, Non comptae mansere comae ; sed pectus anhelum Et rabie fera corda tument ; maiorque videri, Nec mortale sonans, adflata est numine quando
Iam propiore dei. Cessas in vota precesque, Tros, ait, Aenea? cessas? neque enim ante dehiscent Attonitae magna ora domus. Et talia fata Conticuit. Gelidus Teucris per dura cucurrit Ossa tremor, funditque preces rex pectore ab imo :
Phoebe, graves Troiae semper miserate labores,
Dardana qui Paridis direxti tela manusque
Corpus in Aeacidae, magnas obeuntia terras Tot maria intravi duce te penitusque repostas Massylum gentes praetentaque Syrtibus arva,

Vos quoque Pergameae iam fas est parcere genti, Dique deaeque omnes, quibus obstitit Ilium et ingens

## And all the tale

Their eyes had read, but now Achates came,
Returning, with the Priestess of the Grove,
Deiphobe, who thus the Prince bespake :
" This hour asks no such shows : 'twere better now
Out of a herd ne'er yoked to sacrifice
Seven oxen, and as many chosen ewes."
She ended; and, her sacred charge performed,
Within the high-built temple bade them pass.
A hundred avenues, a hundred doors
Lead to the cavern, hewn in Cumae's cliff, Whence, hundred-voiced, the Sibyl's answers ring.
The threshold reached, "Now," cried the Maid, "'tis time 45
To ask thy fate! The God! ah me! the God!" ل ل
And suddenly her face, her colour changed,
Her locks disordered fell, her bosom gasped,
Her wild heart swelled, her stature grew, her voice Seemed more than human, as the God, drawn near,

Aeneas, spar'st thou? These alone will breach The mighty portals of this spell-bound hall!" She ended. Horror through the Trojans' bones
Ran cold, and from his heart Aeneas prayed :
" Phoebus, still pitiful to Troy's long woe! Who to Achilles' heel didst guide the shaft And hand of Paris ; who hast led me on To seas that wash great countries, to remote Massylian tribes, beyond the Syrtes' sand !
Those fleeting shores of Italy at length
We grasp : no further may Troy's fate pursue !
Ye too, O Gods and Goddesses, whom Troy
And all her glory vexed, you now may spare


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The Dardan race. And thou, most holy Seer,
Foreknowing things to come !-I ask no crown Unpledged by Fate-O grant in Latium yet
Troy's sons may rest, and all her wayworn Gods !
To Phoebus then and Trivia will I build
A marble fane, and name his holy days.
Thee also in our realm great shrines await, Where I will place thy mystic words of doom Told to my race, O Holy! and ordain
Thy chosen Priests. But trust them not to leaves, To fly disordered on the frolic winds,
Chant them thyself!!" He ceased, and spake no more.
But in her cave, impatient of the God,
The frenzied Seer would shake him from her breast.
So much the more he tires her rabid mouth,
Tames her fierce heart, and moulds her with his hand,
Till all the hundred doors with one accord
Fly open, and her answers thrill the air.
"O scaped at last from perils of the sea!
Yet worse remain on shore! Lavinium's land
Dardans shall reach-put from thy soul this care-
But they shall rue the day. Wars, awful wars, I see, and Tiber foaming streams ofiblood!
Xanthus nor Simois nor Doric camp
Shall fail thee. There another Goddess-born
Achilles waits: there Juno shall not leave
The Trojans' track, while in thy need what tribes,
What towns ofi Italy shalt thou not sue!
A foreign love once more Troy's bane shall be,
Once more an alien bride!
But yield not thou! Meet care with bolder step
Than Fate concedes! The path of Hope shall rise,
Where least thou dreamest, in a Grecian town!"

Talibus ex adyto dictis Cymaea Sibylla
Horrendas canit ambages antroque remugit, Obscuris vera involvens: ea frena furenti
Concutit, et stimulos sub pectore vertit Apollo.
Ut primum cessit furor et rabida ora quierunt,
Incipit Aeneas heros: Non ulla laborum,
O virgo, nova mi facies inopinave surgit ;
Omnia praecepi atque animo mecum ante peregi.
Unum oro: quando hic inferni ianua regis
Dicitur et tenebrosa palus Acheronte refuso,
Ire ad conspectum cari genitoris et ora Contingat ; doceas iter et sacra ostia pandas.
Illum ego per flammas et mille sequentia tela
Eripui his umeris, medioque ex hoste recepi ;
Ille meum comitatus iter maria omnia mecum
Atque omnes pelagique minas caelique ferebat,
Invalidus, vires ultra sortemque senectae.
Quin, ut te supplex peterem et tua limina adirem,
Idem orans mandata dabat. Gnatique patrisque,
Alma, precor, miserere : potes namque omnia, nec te Nequiquam lucis Hecate praefecit Avernis.
Si potuit Manes arcessere coniugis Orpheus,
Threicia fretus cithara fidibusque canoris,
Si fratrem Pollux alterna morte redemit,
Itque reditque viam totiens-quid Thesea magnum, Quid memorem Alciden ? et mi genus ab Iove summo.

[^2]Thus Cumae's Sibyl from her shrine declaims
Dread mysteries, and, moaning through the cave, Wraps truth in darkness : so in her mad mouth Apollo shakes the reins, and goads her breast.
When frenzy fell, and raving lips were still, Aeneas spoke : "No face of grief, O Maid! Springs strange on me or sudden : all I scanned, And in my soul ere now have traversed all.
One boon I ask. Since here the Gates are famed Of nether Dis, and Acheron's dull sluice,
O let me see the face of him I love,
My father! Teach the way! the gates unfold! Him on these shoulders through the flames I bore
Through thousand bolts, and saved from swarming foes.
O'er all the seas he shared my path, and braved, Though weak, each threat of Ocean and of Sky, Beyond the strength and destiny of Age.
He too, entreating, bade me seek thy doors,
And sue thy grace. O pity son and sire! All things thou canst, O Holy! Not in vain O'er dark Avernus Hecat gave thee rule! If Orpheus with his lyre's melodious strings Might call his wife from Hell ; if, to and fro
Passing so oft, Pollux, by death's exchange,
Redeems his brother-why of Theseus tell, Or Hercules?-I too am Heavenly born!"

Such pleas he uttered, and the altar clasped. When thus the Seer began: "O seed of Gods! Easy, great Trojan! is the downward path. All night and day Hell Gates stand open wide. But to return, to reach the air of Heaven, There is the task and toil! A few had power, Whom Jove hath loved, or manly zeal upraised
Heavenward, the sons of God. Woods lie between,

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And winding black Cocytus flows all round.
Yet ifiso strong thy passion and thy will
Twice over Styx to swim, twice to behold
Dark Tartarus, on such mad errand bent,
Hear what must first be done.

## A bough there is,

Golden in leaf and stem, and consecrate
To Stygian Juno. On a shadowy tree
It lurks, deep-folded in the sunless dells.
But none may tread the secret ways of Earth,
Ere from that tree he tear the golden tress.
This for her tribute Proserpine ordains.
When one is plucked, another doth not lack,
Golden, and burgeoning with leaves of gold.
Search throughly then; and, when thine eyes have found, 145
Pull off the branch, for freely will it come
If Fate be calling thee; else all thy strength
Will fail to pluck it, or to shear with steel.
Moreover the dead body of thy friend
Lies-ah, thou know'st not !-tainting all the fleet, I 50
While thou for counsel laggest at our door.
Him first entomb, and carry to his rest ;
And lead black ewes, thy first peace-offerings ;
So shalt thou visit Styx, and walk the road
None walk alive." She ceased, and locked her lips.
Aeneas then, with downcast visage sad,
Wends from the cavern, pondering in his heart
The hidden things of Fate. Nor troubled less
The leal Achates paces at his side.
And many a word they wove, surmising each 160
Ofi what dead friend she spake, what body lay
For burial, when on coming they beheld
Misenus on the beach, unduly slain,
Misenus, son of Aeolus, most skilled

Acre ciere viros, Martemque accendere cantu.
Hectoris hic magni fuerat comes, Hectora circum
Et lituo pugnas insignis obibat et hasta.
Postquam illum vita victor spoliavit Achilles,
Dardanio Aeneae sese fortissimus heros
Addiderat socium, non inferiora secutus.
Sed tum, forte cava dum personat aequora concha,
Demens, et cantu vocat in certamina divos, Aemulus exceptum Triton, si credere dignum est, Inter saxa virum spumosa inmerserat unda. Ergo omnes magno circum clamore fremebant,
Praecipue pius Aeneas. Tum iussa Sibyllae, Haud mora, festinant flentes, aramque sepulchri Congerere arboribus caeloque educere certant. Itur in antiquam silvam, stabula alta ferarum, Procumbunt piceae, sonat icta securibus ilex, Fraxineaeque trabes cuneis et fissile robur Scinditur, advolvunt ingentes montibus ornos.

Nec non Aeneas opera inter talia primus Hortatur socios, paribusque accingitur armis. Atque haec ipse suo tristi cum corde volutat, Adspectans silvam inmensam, et sic voce precatur : Si nunc se nobis ille aureus arbore ramus Ostendat nemore in tanto! quando omnia vere Heu nimium de te vates, Misene, locuta est. Vix ea fatus erat, geminae cum forte columbae
Ipsa sub ora viri caelo venere volantes,
Et viridi sedere solo. Tum maxumus heros Maternas adgnoscit aves, laetusque precatur : Este duces, o, si qua via est, cursumque per auras Dirigite in lucos, ubi pinguem dives opacat
Ramus humum. Tuque, o, dubiis ne defice rebus, Diva parens. Sic effatus vestigia pressit, Observans, quae signa ferant, quo tendere pergant.

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To wake the war-flame with his sounding brass;
Great Hector's comrade, who by Hector's side Won glory both with bugle and with spear. Him when Achilles slew, no lesser lord
The dauntless hero followed, to the train
Of great Aeneas joined : who, blowing late,
Madman! across the seas his hollow shell,
Challenged the Gods with music, and was seized
By jealous Triton, ifi the tale be true,
And in the rocks and foaming waters drowned.
So all around him mourn with loud lament,
And most Aeneas. Then with tears they ply
The Sibyl's charge, and heavenward pile with trees
The altar of his Tomb. Primaeval woods,
The wild beasts' lairs, are entered ; the pine falls ;
The smitten ilex rings; the ashen beams
Are cleft with wedges and the splintered oak, And lofty rowans from the hills are rolled.

Amid such work, Aeneas cheers them on, Foremost, and wielding weapons like their own. But with his own sad heart he communes thus, Scanning the boundless wood, and prays aloud : "O to discover here in this green world That Golden Bough! for all was true, too true, Misenus, which the Sibyl spake ofithee !" He scarce had said, when from the sky two doves
Before his very eyes came flying down,
And on the green turfilit. His mother's birds The mighty hero knew, and prayed in joy :
" $O$ be my guides, ifiany way there be,
Fly straight to dingles where that sumptuous bough
Imbrowns the lawn! O fail me not in need, My Goddess Mother !" Thus he spake, and paused, Noting what signs they bore, and whither sped.


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They feed and fly as far as following eyes
Can keep them still in ken; but when they come 200 To foul Avernus' jaws, rise swiftly up,
Skim through the liquid air, and side by side
Alight upon a tree, that wished-for goal,
Through whose dun branches shoots a gleam of gold.
As, sown on some strange tree, in winter woods
The mistletoe with alien leafage blooms,
With yellow fruit enfolding the smooth stem :
So on that shadowy oak the leafy gold
Glimmered, and tinkled in the rustling air.
Forthwith Aeneas grasped the clinging bough,
And plucked, and bare it toward the Sibyl's cell.
Meanwhile the Trojans on the beach still wept
Misenus, honouring the thankless dead.
And first with firs and oaken logs they piled
His mighty pyre, and wove about its sides
Dark boughs, and set before it cypresses,
The trees ofideath, and on it shining arms.
And some heat water, leaping to the flame, In braziers, and annoint the cold man's corpse, Moaning, and lay him on the bed, and there
Spread his gay raiment, the familiar dress.
Some, with sad ministry, the heavy bier
Raised, with averted heads, as custom bade,
Holding the torch below. Then blazed the pile,
Incense, and meats, and bowls of flowing oil.
But when the fire slept, and the ashes fell,
With wine they soaked the thirsty embers left,
And Corynaeus in an urn of brass
Hid the gleaned bones, and sprinkled thrice around
Pure water with a prospering olive's bough,
And cleansed the men, and spake the last farewell.
But good Aeneas made a high-built tomb,

Inponit, suaque arma viro remumque tubamque, Monte sub aerio, qui nunc Misenus ab illo Dicitur, aeternumque tenet per saecula nomen.

His actis propere exsequitur praecepta Sibyllae. Spelunca alta fuit vastoque inmanis hiatu, Scrupea, tuta lacu nigro nemorumque tenebris, Quam super haud ullae poterant inpune volantes Tendere iter pennis : talis sese halitus atris
Faucibus effundens supera ad convexa ferebat :
Unde locum Graii dixerunt nomine Avernum.
Quattuor hic primum nigrantes terga iuvencos
Constituit frontique invergit vina sacerdos, Et summas carpens media inter cornua saetas
Ignibus inponit sacris, libamina prima, Voce vocans Hecaten, Caeloque Ereboque potentem.
Supponunt alii cultros, tepidumque cruorem
Succipiunt pateris. Ipse atri velleris agnam
Aeneas matri Eumenidum magnaeque sorori
Ense ferit, sterilemque tibi, Proserpina, vaccam.
Tum Stygio regi nocturnas inchoat aras,
Et solida inponit taurorum viscera flammis, Pingue super oleum fundens ardentibus extis. Ecce autem, primi sub lumina solis et ortus
Sub pedibus mugire solum, et iuga coepta moveri Silvarum, visaeque canes ululare per umbram, Adventante dea. Procul o, procul este, profani, Conclamat vates, totoque absistite luco ; Tuque invade viam, vaginaque eripe ferrum ;
Nunc animis opus, Aenea, nunc pectore firmo. Tantum effata, furens antro se inmisit aperto ; Ille ducem haud timidis vadentem passibus aequat.

Di , quibus imperium est animarum, Umbraeque silentes, Et Chaos, et Phlegethon, loca nocte tacentia late,

And laid thereon his trumpet and his oar, Under a skyey hill which bears his name, Misenus, and preserves it ever green.

This done, he hastens on the Sibyl's charge.
A pebbled cave there was, with yawning mouth,
Safe screened by forests and a sombre mere,
O'er whose great chasm no flying thing unharmed
Might wing its way, such breath from those black jaws 240
Issued and streamed to heaven ; and hence the Greeks Avernus named it, or The Birdless Place.
Here first the Priestess four black bullocks set,
And on their brows poured wine, between their horns
Cropping the topmost bristles, which she laid,
The first burnt-offerings, on the sacred fire,
Invoking Hecat, Queen in Heaven and Hell.
Others draw knives beneath, and the warm blood
Receive in bowls. Aeneas with his sword
To Night, and Night's great Sister, a black lamb
Slays, and to Proserpine a barren cow,
Dark altars raises to the Stygian King,
And, laying on the flame great bulls entire, Pours on their burning flesh rich streams of oil. And lo! toward sunrise and the prime of light, Earth underfoot fell moaning, and the woods Were stirred, and dogs seemed howling through the dark, As the Divine One came. "Far hence, Unclean! O hence," the Priestess cries. "Leave all the grove ! And thou, march on, and draw the steel. Now needs, 260 Aeneas, all thy prowess, all thy strength!" She spake, and passed in frenzy to the cave. He not with timid steps beside her paced.

O Gods that rule the Dead! O silent Shades !
Chaos and Phlegethon, dumb fields of Night!

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Let what I heard be told ; O grant me grace Things deep in Earth to unbare and gulfed in gloom!

Darkling they fared, in desolate dim night,
Through ghostly homes and shadowy realms of $\operatorname{Dis}$;
Like men in forests, when the inconstant moon
270
Throws peevish rays, and God has darkened heaven, And sombre Night despoiled the hues ofi Earth.

Before the Porchway, in Hell's very throat, Lay Grief, and pale Diseases, and Remorse, And sad old Age, and Want, that counsels ill,
Fear, and gaunt Famine-dreadful shapes to see !And Death, and Pain, and Death's twin-brother Sleep, And sinful Lusts of Soul. And full in face Right in the gateway lay the Slaughterer, War, The Furies' iron cells, and Discord wild With blood-stained fillets round her snaky hair.

And in their midst an immemorial Elm Spreads shadowing arms, where idle Dreams are lodged, That cling beneath each leaf. And many forms Ofimonstrous Beasts are there : within the gate
There stable Centaurs, Scyllas double-shaped, Briareus, the hundred-fold, and Lerna's Worm, Dire-hissing, and Chimaera, armed with flame, Gorgons, and Harpies, and the tri-form Ghost.

In sudden dread, Aeneas seized his blade, 290
And turned its naked edge to bar their way ;
And had his Guide not warned him all were frail
And flitting Ghosts, the semblances of life, His sword had leapt and cleft the shades in vain.

> Hence leads a road to Acheron, whose wild



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Aenear mirates exim motusque twaitu
Dic，ait，o virgo，quid rolt concarsor aid aman？
Quidre petunt animae：ved guo discrimire ripas Hae linquant，ithe remis rača livida retant ${ }^{\hat{N}}$
Olli sic breviter fata est longarva sacerios：
Anchisa generate，deam certissima proles， Cocyti stagna alta vides Strgiamque paludem， Di cuius iurare ciment et tallere numen． Hzec omnis，quam cernis，inops inhamataque tarba est， 325 Portitor ille Charon；hi，quos rehit unċa，sepulti． Nec ripas datur horrendas et rauca fluenta Transportare prius，quam seciibus ossa quierant．

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And whirling torrent spews its slimy sand
On slow Cocytus; and as ferryman
Guarding the stream in awful squalor grim
Stands Charon ; on whose chin the hoarness lies
Untrimmed and thick ; his eyes are staring flame.
Foul from the shoulder hangs his knotted garb.
Himself he poles the boat, and tends the sail,
And bears the bodies in his dusky barge,
Ageing, but hearty with a God's green age.
All crowding to those banks the Phantoms streamed ;
Mothers and Men, and bodies done with life
Ofigreat-souled Heroes; boys, and maids unwed,
And sons on biers before their parents' eyes :
As many as leaves at Autumn's earliest cold
Falling to earth, or birds that landward flock,
O'er ocean routed, when the frozen year
Sends them to sunny lands. They stand, and plead
First to be ferried o'er, with hands outspread,
Craving for that far bank ; but in his boat
The surly mariner takes these or those,
And keeps the rest far driven from the shore.

To whom the Ancient Priestess brief replied :
"Anchises' son, true seed of Heaven! thou seest
Cocytus' stagnant deep, the pools of Styx,
By which Gods swear, and fear to break their vow.
All this poor crowd thou seest due burial lack :
Yon ferryman is Charon : those who cross
Were buried : none that bellowing awful stream
Pass, till their bones are laid in quiet rest.


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A hundred years they flutter round this shore, Till, chosen at last, the wished-for pools they gain."

Aeneas paused, and in his pensive soul Pitied their cruel lot. Leucaspis there, Robbed of death's dues, he saw, and him who led The Lycian barks, Orontes, both in woe ; Whom o'er the windy waters bound from Troy,
One storm had wrecked, engulfing ships and men.
And lo! the pilot Palinurus there!
Who, while he watched the stars by Libya's coast, Late from the stern fell prone, and sank in sea.
Him woeful scarce amid the dusk he knew, 340
Then thus accosted : " O, what God from us
Hath torn thee and sunk beneath the shoreless sea ?
O tell me ! for Apollo, ne'er before
Found false, herein hath prophesied amiss.
Saved from the deep, he said that thou shouldst reach 345
Ausonian shores. Keeps he that promise thus?"
But he: "Apollo's tripod rang not false,
Anchises' son! for me no God hath drowned.
While clinging to my helm I ruled our course,
By chance I fell, and strongly wrenched it off,
And with me dragged. By the rude sea I swear,
Not for myselfisuch fear as for thy ship
Seized me, lest she, with helm and pilot lost,
Might fail and founder in the leaping seas.
Me the wild South o'er leagues of ocean tossed
Three winter nights : scarce, as the fourth day dawned,
From the waves' crest I sighted Italy.
Slowly to land I swam ; and now were safe,
But, heavy with dank weeds, when as I clutched
The splintered cliff, some savage men with steel
Assailed me thus, a prize to their dull wit.

Nunc me iuverus habet, versantque in litore venti. Quod te per caeli iucuncium lumen et auras, Per genitorem oro, per spes surgentis Iuli, Eripe me his, invicte, malis : aut to mihi terram Iniice, namque potes, portusque require Velinos; Aut tu, si qua via ex, si quam tibi diva creatrix Ostendit-neque enim, creio, sine numine dirom Flumina tar:a paras Strgiamque innare paludemDa dextam misero, et recum me tolle per undas, Sedibus ut salten placieis in morte quiescam.

Taliz farus e:zi, coepit cuan talia vates:
Unce haec. o Palinure, tibi am eiza cupicio?
Tu Sirgias inhumatus aquas amnemque sererum Eumenicum aspicia, ripamre iniusw acibis?
Devine fata deum zecti sperare precancio. Sed cape dicta memor, suri solacia caras. Vam tua ninitimi, longe lateque per urber Procigiis acti caelestibus, ans piabunt, Et statueat tumulum, et tumulo sollemnia mittent, Aetenumque locus Palinuri nomen habebit. His dictis curae emorae, pulsusque parmper Corde dolor tristi ; gauder cogromine ter:2.

Ergo iter inceptum peragunt iuvioque propinquant. Navita quos iam ince ut Strgia prosperit ab unda
Per tacitum nemus ire peciemque adivertere ripae, Sic prior ajgreditur dictis, atque increpat ultro: Quisquis es, armatus qui nostia aci dumina tendis, Fare age, quid renias, iam istinc, et comprime gressum. Umbrarum hic locus ese, Somai Noctisque soporae; Corpora viva neris Stegia vectare carion. Vec vero Alciden me sum heratus euntem Accepisie lacu, nec Thesea Pirithoumq̣ue, Dis quamquam geniti atque invicti viribus asent.

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Now billows roll me, and winds cast ashore. But O, by heaven's sweet air! O, by thy Sire, And by Iulus' rising hope, I pray, Save me, Unconquered! Throw, for throw thou canst, 365 Earth on my corpse, and Velia's port regain !
Or ifisome way thy Heavenly Mother show-
For not, methinks, these streams and Stygian pools
Without Gods' aid thou'lt swim-O give thy hand
To me unhappy! take me o'er the waves!
That I may rest at least when I am dead."
He ended ; and the Priestess thus began :
" Whence, Palinurus, is that wild desire ?
Shalt thou, unburied, see the Stygian flood,
The Furies' stream, or reach the bank unbid?
375
Hope not by prayer to bend the doom of God!
Yet heed my words, to heal thy sorry plight, For cities near and far to lay thy ghost
Portents from Heaven shall urge, and they shall raise
A Tomb, and pay the Tomb a yearly vow.
There Palinurus' name shall last for aye."
Such words awhile drove sorrow from his heart, And cheered him with the land that bears his name.

So, wending on their way, they near the stream.
Then from the Stygian wave the boatman saw
Them pacing thither through the silent wood, And thus accosted : "Whosoe'er thou art, Our stream in arms approaching, halt! and there Say why thou comest to this land of Shades,
Ofi Sleep and slumbering Night. My Stygian boat 390 May not convey the living. 'Twas no joy,
In sooth, I won, Alcides o'er the lake,
Nor Theseus bearing and Pirithous,
Though born of Gods, and great victorious men!

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He sought the Guard of Tartarus to bind,
And drew him trembling from the throne of Dis: They from his bower our Mistress strove to steal !"

Whom thus the Amphrysian Priestess answered brief:
" But no such guile is ours. Be calm : our arms No onslaught bear. Let that great gaoler bark For ever in his den, to scare the ghosts ! Let Proserpine keep, chaste, her Uncle's home ! Trojan Aeneas, great in worth and war, His father seeks, descending to the Shades. If thee no image of such love can move,
Yet know this Bough!" And, hidden in her robe,
She showed the Bough. Then all his anger fell,
Nor spake he more, but that dread gift admired,
The mystic Branch, for many a year unseen.
He turns his dusky barge, and nears the shore;
And, thrusting from the thwarts all other souls, He makes the gangways clear, and takes aboard Large-limbed Aeneas, with whose weight the boat Groans leaking, and admits the streaming fen.
At last he lands them both, in sea-green weed
And hideous slime, unharmed, across the stream.

Here, with his three-mouthed bark, great Cerberus Roars, lying huge within his counter den. To whom the Maid, when on his neck she saw The bridling worms, a drowsing honey cake Threw down. He, wild with hunger, opened large His triple throat, and caught it ; then to earth Sank his vast back, and sprawled o'er all the den. The ward asleep, Aeneas gained the approach, And left in haste the irremeable stream.

Continuo auditae voces vagitus et ingens Infantumque animae flentes in limine primo, Quos dulcis vitae exsortes et ab ubere raptos Abstulit atra dies et funere mersit acerbo. Hos iuxta falso damnati crimine mortis.
Nec vero hae sine sorte datae, sine iudice, sedes :
Quaesitor Minos urnam movet ; ille silentum Conciliumque vocat vitasque et crimina discit. Proxuma deinde tenent maesti loca, qui sibi letum Insontes peperere manu, lucemque perosi
Proiecere animas. Quam vellent aethere in alto Nunc et pauperiem et duros perferre labores! Fas obstat, tristique palus inamabilis unda Alligat, et noviens Styx interfusa coercet.

Nec procul hinc partem fusi monstrantur in omnem 440 Lugentes campi ; sic illos nomine dicunt. Hic, quos durus amor crudeli tabe peredit, Secreti celant calles et myrtea circum Silva tegit: curae non ipsa in morte relinquant. His Phaedram Procrimque locis, maestamque Eriphylen, 445 Crudelis nati monstrantem rolnera, cernit, Euajnenque et Pasiphaen; his Laodamia It comes et iurenis quondam, nunc femina, Caeneus, Runus et in veterem fats revoluta iguram. Inter quas Phoenisia recens a volsere Disio
Erratuat silva in magna : quam Troius beros I't primum iuxta stetit adseoritque per umbras Ohicuram, qualem primo qui surgere mease Aut videt, aut vivisie furat fer nubila Lunam, Demisit lacrimas dulciq̧ue ajíatus amore ert:

Infelix Diso, verus miai suntius e-so Venerat exstinctam, itriveue extema seratam?


Then on their ears a sound of wailing rose, Where babies' souls were crying in the gate, Life's joyless outcasts, whom the dismal day Plucked from the breast unripe, and gulfed in gloom.
Near these are they on false accusal slain ;-
Here, too, the Lots are drawn, the Verdict given.
Minos presiding shakes the urn, and cites
The silent Court, and learns each lifetime's plea.And next are those sad souls who to themselves Dealt death unguilty, and threw away their lives
Hating the light. Ah! now how fain were they
In open day to suffer want and toil!
But Fate withstands, and that unlovely pool, And Styx enfolds them, flowing nine times round.

And not far hence lie, spreading near and far, The Fields of Mourning, for such name they bear, Where in blind alleys lost and myrtle bowers They shun the light, whom Love's unpitying wound Wasted ; in death itselfitheir pain remains. Phaedra is there, and Procris ; there he sees, Sad Eriphyle, with her mad son's scars ; Evadne, and Pasiphae ; and with these Laodamia, and who once was man, Caeneus, to woman's form again restored. And there was Dido, roaming a great wood, Fresh from her wound; whom when the Trojan Prince Knew standing near, dim-seen in dusk, as when At the month's prime, one sees, or thinks he sees, The rising misty moon, then, dropping tears, With loving blandishment he thus began :
"Unhappy Dido! Ah!'twas truly told
That thou wert dead, and sought the end with steel ! Was I the cause? O, by the stars I swear,


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By Heaven, and all the sanctities of Hell! Unwillingly, O Queen, I left thy shores!
But God's own word, which through this shadowy place Now drives me, and these festering fields of Night, Imperious thrust me forth ; nor could I deem My going thence would bring thee so much woe. Stay! Turn not from my gaze! O, who is this Thou shunnest ? 'Tis my last permitted word!"

He with such speech and many a tear essayed To soothe her fiery spirit, glowering wrath. Fixed on the ground she kept her eyes averse. No more her visage by his speech was moved
Than if she stood all flint or Parian stone.
At last in scorn she fled, and refuge found In that green umbrage, where her former lord Shared all her pain, and gave her love for love. But still Aeneas, stricken by her woes, Pursued her far with pity and with tears.

Thence toiling on their path, they gain at last The outer fields, where mighty warriors dwell. There met him Tydeus; there, renowned in arms, Parthenopaeus, pale Adrastus' shade ;
And Dardans slain in war, long wept above, Stood in one long array. With sighs he marked Glaucus, and Medon, and Thersilochus, Antenor's sons, and Polyphoetes, vowed To Ceres, and Idaeus, holding still

Ceu quondam petiere rates; pars tollere vocem Exiguam : inceptus clamor frustratur hiantes.

Atque hic Priamiden laniatum corpore toto Deiphobum vidit, lacerum crudeliter ora, Ora manusque ambas, populataque tempora raptis Auribus, et truncas inhonesto volnere nares. Vix adeo adgnovit pavitantem et dira tegentem Supplicia, et notis compellat vocibus ultro:

Deiphobe armipotens, genus alto a sanguine Teucri,
500
Quis tam crudeles optavit sumere poenas?
Cui tantum de te licuit? Mihi fama suprema Nocte tulit fessum vasta te caede Pelasgum Procubuisse super confusae stragis acervum. Tunc egomet tumulum Rhoeteo litore inanem Constitui, et magna Manes ter voce vocavi. Nomen et arma locum servant ; te, amice, nequivi Conspicere et patria decedens ponere terra.

Ad quae Priamides: Nihil o tibi amice relictum ;
Omnia Deiphobo solvisti et funeris umbris.
Sed me fata mea et scelus exitiale Lacaenae His mersere malis ; illa haec monumenta reliquit. Namque ut supremam falsa inter gaudia noctem Egerimus, nosti ; et nimium meminisse necesse est. Cum fatalis equus saltu super ardua venit Pergama et armatum peditem gravis attulit alvo, Illa, chorum simulans, euantes orgia circum Ducebat Phrygias ; flammam media ipsa tenebat Ingentem, et summa Danaos ex arce vocabat. Tum me, confectum curis somnoque gravatum, 520
Infelix habuit thalamus, pressitque iacentem Dulcis et alta quies placidaeque simillima morti. Egregia interea coniunx arma omnia tectis

As to the ships of old, some lifted up
Thin cries of war from throats that vainly gasped.
There Priam's son, with all his body shent, Deiphobus he saw, his shattered face,
Face and both hands, and earless, mangled head, And nostrils by a wound inglorious lopped.
Him, cowering to conceal those grisly scars,
He scarcely knew, then thus familiar spoke :
"O great in arms! of Teucer's lofty line! 500
Who took such fell revenge? Who wrought on thee
Such licence? Rumour told me thou hadst sunk, Spent with much carnage, on that final night,
Upon a heap of dead; and I myselfi
On the Rhoetean shore an empty tomb
Raised, and thrice called upon thy ghost aloud.
Thy name and weapons keep the spot, but thee I found not in thy native earth to lay !"

Then he: " O friend, in nothing didst thou fail !
To him, and his dead shade, thou gavest all.
Doom, and the Spartan Woman's heinous crime Plunged me in woe ; these memories she left!
For that last night we spent in false delight,
Thou mindest all too well. When o'er our walls
The fatal Horse leapt down, and in its womb
Bore fruit of mailclad men, she, in feigned dance, With songs and orgies, led the Phrygian wives, And from the Keep a mighty firebrand held, And called the Greeks. I in my bower unblest
Lay, worn with care, and sunk in slumber deep ;
Deep sleep and sweet, Death's very image, weighed
My body down, while from our house my wife,
O peerless wife! bore every weapon out,

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Drew from beneath my head the trusty sword, Called Menelaus, and the door flung wide,
With such a gift in store to win his love,
And quench the fame of her nefarious past!
Why linger? In they burst ; and with them came Crime's counsellor, Ulysses. Do as much, Just Gods, to them, if pure these lips that pray !
But tell me in thy turn what brings thee here
Living. Dost come from roaming of the seas, Or charged by God? What fortune drags thee thus
To lands perplext and sunless homes ofiwoe?"
But while they talked, the Dawn in rosy car
Beyond mid-pole had made her heavenly way ; And thus the allotted time had all been spent, Did not the guiding Sibyl warn him briefi: " Night speeds, O Prince! in tears we waste the day.
Here lies the place where twofold paths diverge.
One leads to Pluto's halls, by which we gain
Elysium ; but the left to evil souls
Works woe, and brings them to the wrath of Hell."
To whom Deiphobus: "Dread Maid, forbear !
I go to fill the tale, and sink in gloom.
Pass on, our Pride ! and happier prove thy fate !" He said, and speaking bent away his steps.

Aeneas turned, and 'neath the leftward cliff
A fortress saw, girt wide by triple walls,
Round which fierce Phlegethon poured out a flood
Ofitorrent fire, and tumbled thundering stones.
A gate in front, huge doors of adamant,
No might ofiman, not all the embattled hosts
Off Heaven might shake ; high soars its iron tower,
Where, wrapt in bloody pall, Tisiphone
The entrance guards, nor sleeps by night or day.


Sei me cun ：


Tisipicae quatitTum demsm icrisen seieer：x ca－ize sacraePancuma porze Cemis casceiz conis575
Quinquaginta 2tis inminis biseizar Hoizz
Saerior intw haier secien．Tame Tziaras ipseBis patet in praccepr tartam teaniryee sab umbras，Quantus ad zetineion caeii sapectus Otrmpum．Hic genus antiquum Terme，Tirinia Fabes，Fulmine deiecti runco relrunter in imo．Hic et Alloitas gemincos inmaniz riaiCorpora，qui manibus magnum rerciaiere cacumAdgresi，superisque Iorem cieruiere regnisVidi et cručeles éantem Silmines preas；Quattuor hic invectus aquis er lampaia yuassensPer Graium praulos meinizeque pe Eijis urbemIbat orans，diromque sibi poscebar honorem，Demens！qui nimbos et asa imitabie fulmen

And wailing rose therefrom, and cruel sounds, Thongs, and the clank ofiiron, and dragging chains.

He stopped, and o'er that noise in terror hung. "What shapes of guilt, O Maid! what penal scourge, What loud lament is this assailing heaven ?" Thus spake the Sibyl: "Glorious Prince of Troy! None pure in heart may tread these courts of sin ; But Hecat, when she throned me Queen of Hell, Taught me God's punishments, and showed me all. Here Rhadamanthus reigns with iron sway, And chastens fraud, and hears and makes confess Their poor fond secrets who on earth put off Till death's late hour their unrepented sin. Then, leaping on them with avenging lash,
The scourging Fury in the left hand shakes Her grisly worms, and calls her sisters grim. At last, on hideous hinges grating harsh, The Infernal Doors fly open. Mark who sits To watch the gate! what Shape the threshold guards!

575
Yet more abhorred within the Hydra lurks,
With fifty gaping throats. Then Hell itself Yawns sheer, and twice as far through darkness drops
As sight can travel to the Olympian height.
Here, in the nethermost Abyss, hurled down
By lightnings, roll the eldest born of Earth,
The Titans. Here the giant twins I saw,
Aloeus' sons, whose hands essayed to thrust Jove from his throne, and rend the vast of Heaven.
Salmoneus too I saw in throes atone,
Who mimicked Jove's own thunders and his fire.
Drawn by four steeds through the Greek Elis town Exultingly he rode, with brandished torch,
Claiming the honours of a God. O Fool !
Who thought with brass and trampling hoofs to match


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The storm-cloud and the inimitable bolt!
But him the Almighty Father, through dense air Launching his shaft,-no smoking torch of pine,Hurled headlong in the raging whirlwind's blast. There Tityos, nursling of great Mother Earth,
Lay stretching nine full roods, and with her beak A monstrous vulture pecks for evermore His liver, and his anguish-breeding heart.
She banquets shrewdly, in his bosom lodged,
And gives no respite to the new-born flesh.
Why name Ixion and Pirithous
Or Lapithae? o'er whom the impending rock
Seems slipping, slipping still. Before them gleam
Gold genial couches, and the feast is spread
With regal pomp: fast by the Furies' Queen
Crouches and guards the tables from their touch,
Rising with torch uplift and thundering tones.
Here they who hated brothers, or in life
A parent struck, or wronged a client's trust,
Or brooded over wealth in solitude
And shared it not,- there is the largest crowd,Those for adultery slain, and those who drew
The sword ofitreason, or their lords betrayed,
All wait their doom immured. Seek not to know What doom, what shape of suffering falls on them.
Some roll a ponderous stone, or hang outstretched On whirling wheels. There sits, and aye shall sit, Unhappy Theseus : Phlegyas, most in woe, Gives warning wide, and testifies through gloom :
'Learn to be just! Be warned, and fear the Gods!' 620
One to a tyrant lord his country sold,
Made laws for gold, and for a bribe unmade ;
One forced a daughter's unpermitted bed.
All dared great guilt, and reaped their daring's fruit.
Had I a hundred tongues, a hundred mouths,

Ferrea vox, omnes scelerum conprendere formas, Omnia poenarum percurrere nomina possim.

Haec ubi dicta dedit Phoebi longzera sacerdos: Sed iam age, carpe viam et susceptum perfice munus; Adceleremus, ait; Cyclopum educta caminis
 Moenia conspicio atque adverso fornice portas, Haec ubi nos praecepta iubent deponere dona. Dixerat, et pariter gressi per opaca viarum Corripiunt spatium medium, foribusque propinquant. Occupat Aeneas aditum, corpusque recenti Spargit aqua, ramumque adverso in limine figit.

His demum exactis, perfecto munere divae, Devenere locos laetos et amoena virecta Fortunatorum nemorum sedesque beatas. Largior hic campos aether et lumine vestit
Purpureo, solemque suum, sua sidera norunt. Pars in gramineis exercent membra palaestris, Contendunt ludo et fulva luctantur harena; Pars pedibus plaudunt choreas et carmina dicunt. Nec non Threicius longa cum veste sacerdos
Obloquitur numeris septem discrimina vocum, Iamque eadem digitis, iam pectine pulsat eburno. Hic genus antiquum Teucri, pulcherrima proles, Magnanimi heroes, nati melioribus annis, Ilusque Assaracusque et Troiae Dardanus auctor. Arma procul currusque virum miratur inanes. Stant terra defixae hastae, passimque soluti Per campum pascuntur equi. Quae gratia currum Armorumque fuit vivis, quae cura nitentes Pascere equos, eadem sequitur tellure repostos. Conspicit, ecce, alios dextra laevaque per herbam Vescentes laetumque choro Paeana canentes
Inter odoratum lauri nemus, unde superne

A voice of iron, I could not compass all
Their crimes, nor tell their penalties by name."
So spake Apollo's Priestess, old and hoar. "On, now," she adds, "perform the unfinished task!
On let us haste! Cyclopian walls I see ;
And lo! in front yon archway, where 'tis charged To lay our gift." She ceased, and side by side Threading the darkness they o'erleap the gap, And reach the gate. Aeneas, hastening in, His body sprinkles with fresh lustral dews, And on the fronting threshold lays the Bough.

When thus at last the Goddess' gift was paid, They came within a region green and fair, Fortunate fields and groves, the homes of bliss. An ampler ether decks those meads with light :
Another sun is theirs, and other stars.
There on the sward some vie in sportive bouts,
Or wrestle on the sand. Others their feet
Beat in the dance with songs. And there, long-robed, The blessed Thracian to the measure sounds
His seven sweet notes; and now his fingers strike
The music out, and now his ivory quill.
And there is Teucer's old and stately race,
Great-hearted heroes, born in happier years,
Ilus, Assaracus, and Dardanus,
Troy's Founder. At their arms and shadowy cars
He marvels; fast in earth their lances stand,
Their steeds are pasturing free : their living joy
In car and weapons, all the love that fed
Their glossy steeds, still follow them below.
Others to right and left on grassy turfi
Feasting he saw, and quiring Paeans glad,
Mid odorous laurels, whence Eridanus

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Rolls up to Earth, full-brimmed, his woodland wave. And there are those who for their country bled, Priests who were pure in earth, and gentle Bards Whose words were worthy of Apollo's choir, Inventors rare whose arts have polished life, And who by serving made their memory dear : All these are crowned with bands of snowy white.

Them thus reposed the Sibyl then bespeaks, Musaeus first, for him they most regard Towering amidst their throng with shoulders tall : "Say, happy Souls! and thou, O Bard most blest ! Where dwells Anchises, for whose sake we came, And I will lead you by an easy path." And, walking first, he shows them spread below The glittering plains, and they descend the hill.

There lay Anchises, in a far green vale,
And musing scanned the imprisoned souls that soon 680 Would rise to daylight, and the cherished line Ofiall his offspring numbered, and reviewed Their fates, their lives, their prowess, and their worth. But when advancing o'er the sward he saw Aeneas, eagerly both hands he stretched, And raining down his tears, the silence broke :
"Art thou then come? and hath the love I hoped Subdued the hard way? O may I see thy face, And hear thee, Son, and answer, as of old? Yet in my thoughts I deemed that this would be,

Tempora dinumerans, nec me mea cura fefellit. Quas ego te terras et quanta per aequora vectum Accipio! quantis iactatum, nate, periclis! Quam metui, ne quid Libyae tibi regna nocerent!

Ille autem : Tua me, genitor, tua tristis imago, Saepius occurrens, haec limina tendere adegit; Stant sale Tyrrheno classes. Da iungere dextram, Da , genitor, teque amplexu ne subtrahe nostro. Sic memorans largo fletu simul ora rigabat. Ter conatus ibi collo dare bracchia circum, Ter frustra conprensa manus effugit imago, Par levibus ventis volucrique simillima somno.

Interea videt Aeneas in valle reducta Seclusum nemus et virgulta sonantia silvis, Lethaeumque, domos placidas qui praenatat, amnem. Hunc circum innumerae gentes populique volabant; Ac velut in pratis ubi apes aestate serena Floribus insidunt variis, et candida circum Lilia funduntur ; strepit omnis murmure campus.

Horrescit visu subito, causasque requirit Quive viri tanto conplerint agmine ripas. Tum pater Anchises: Animae, quibus altera fato Corpora debentur, Lethaei ad fluminis undam Securos latices et longa oblivia potant. Has equidem memorare tibi atque ostendere coram, Iampridem hanc prolem cupio enumerare meorum, Quo magis Italia mecum laetere reperta.

O pater, anne aliquas ad caelum hinc ire putandum est Sublimes animas, iterumque ad tarda reverti Corpora? quae lucis miseris tam dira cupido?

Counting the days, nor was my longing vain. What lands, what wastes of water, O my Son, Hast thou not traversed! by what perils tossed ! Ah! how I feared lest Libya worked thee woe!".

Then he: "O Father, 'twas thy phantom sad That came to me so oft and hither urged! My vessels ride the Tyrrhene Sea. O give Thine hand, O Father, go not from these arms!" He spoke, while streaming tears bedewed his face. Thrice round his neck he tried to throw his arms; Thrice fled the vision from his empty grasp, As light as wind, and like a flying dream.

Meanwhile within a far ravine he saw A glen of rustling foliage, and the stream Ofi Lethe flowing before homes of peace. Light on the damasked flowers, and stream around White lilies, and the murmurous meadow hums.

Thrilled by that sudden sight, Aeneas asks
In wonder, what that distant river is,
And what great host is crowding all its marge. Anchises then : "The Soul to which Fate owes Another flesh, from yonder Lethe drinks A lulling draught and long forgetfulnesst. These have I wished to show thee many a day, And count my children's children, to increase Thy joy with mine, when Italy is found."
"O Father! May we think that any Souls Pass upwards, and return to irksome flesh ? What is this strange sad longing for the light?"


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" Son, I will hold thee in suspense no more."
And thus his Sire unfolds the gradual tale.
"Know first that Heaven and Earth and flowing Sea,
The Moon's far-shining orb, and Titan's stars
An inner Soul sustains; a Spirit infused
Moves in the mass, and sways the mighty frame.
Thence men are born, and beasts, and flying fowl,
And shapes that swim the deep : their seeds of life
Have fiery vigour, and celestial source,
Save for the fleshly taint, the numbing weight
Ofi earthy limbs, and bodies made to die.
Hence spring their fears, their love, and pain, and joy ;
And, pent in gloom, the light they never see
From that blind dungeon. Nay, when life's last ray
Departs, not yet all evil, not all taint
Oficarnal disappears ; so long ingrained
Needs must that inward growth be wondrous deep.
Therefore they suffer chastisement, and purge
Past sins by penance. Some are stretched and hung 740

- In the void winds, or under monstrous seas

Their guilt is washed away, or burnt by fire.
Each his own Doom we bear, (ere sent to dwell,
A happy remnant, in Elysian meads,)
Till Time fulfils the cycle, and takes out 745
That inbred flaw, and unpolluted leaves
The etherial sense and Heaven's authentic fire.
Rolled through a thousand years, God summons all
Yon Souls to Lethe, that remembering nought
The vault of Heaven they may behold once more
Resuming wistfully the mortal flesh."

He ceased, and drew through all that humming throng

Conventus trahit in medios turbamque sonantem, Et tumulum capit, unde omnes longo ordine posset Adversos legere, et venientum discere voltus.

Nunc age, Dardaniam prolem quae deinde sequatur Gloria, qui maneant Itala de gente nepotes, Inlustres animas nostrumque in nomen ituras, Expediam dictis, et te tua fata docebo.

Ille, vides, pura iuvenis qui nititur hasta,
Proxuma sorte tenet lucis loca, primus ad auras Aetherias Italo commixtus sanguine surget,', Silvius, Albanum nomen, tua postuma proles, Quem tibi longaevo serum Lavinia coniunx Educet silvis regem regumque parentem,
Unde genus Longa nostrum dominabitur Alba. Proxumus ille Procas, Troianae gloria gentis, Et Capys, et Numitor, et qui te nomine reddet Silvius Aeneas, pariter pietate vel armis Egregius, si umquam regnandam acceperit Albam.
Qui iuvenes! quantas ostentant, aspice, vires, Atque umbrata gerunt civili tempora quercu! Hi tibi Nomentum et Gabios urbemque Fidenam, Hi Collatinas inponent montibus arces, Pometios Castrumque Inui Bolamque Coramque. Haec tum nomina erunt, nunc sunt sine nomine terrae,
Quin et avo comitem sese Mavortius addet
Romulus, Assaraci quem sanguinis Ilia mater Educet. Viden', ut geminae stant vertice cristae, Et pater ipse suo superum iam signat honore?
En, huius, nate, auspiciis illa incluta Roma Imperium terris, animos aequabit Olympo, Septemque una sibi, muro circumdabit arces, Felix prole virum $\downarrow$ qualis Berecyntia mater Invehitur curru Phrygias turrita per urbes, "

Aeneas and his Guide, and chose a mound, Whence he might scan the vast confronting ranks, And recognise their faces as they came.
" Now will I tell what gloriés shall pursue
The long Italian line of Dardan blood,
Illustrious souls, in distant years to bear
Our name! and teach what Fate hath stored for Thee!
" Look, yonder, leaning on his maiden spear,
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Nearest the light, is he who first shall rise,
Blent with Italian blood, to living day,
Silvius, the Alban name, thy youngest son,
Whom in green woods Lavinia late shall bear
To thee grown old, a King and Sire of Kings.
Through him our House o'er Alba shall bear sway.
Procas is next, our pride, and Numitor,
Capys, and he who shall renew thy name,
Silvius Aeneas, great in worth, as great
In prowess, should he gain the Alban throne.
What men are they! $O$ what puissant fronts!
Behold the civic oak that shades their brows!
Nomentum they shall found, Fidenae's town, Gabii, Pometii, and Collatia's fort, Bola, and Cora and the Inuan Camp.
These shall be names which now are nameless land !
And there, beside his grandsire, Ilia's son, Sprung from Troy's royal blood, the seed of Mars, Lo, Romulus! O see the double plume, His father's badge that marks him for the skies ! 780 Beneath his auspices great Rome shall fill Earth with her power, and with her glory Heaven, Blest in her hero brood, and seated sole
On seven walled hills, even as through Phrygian towns
The towered Berecynthian rides her car,

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Clasping a hundred sons, all denizens
Ofi Heaven, all tenants of ithe lofty skies !
Bend hither now thy sight. Behold thy sons!
Thy race of Romans! Caesar lo! and all
Iulus' seed, heirs of the heavenly day.
This, this is he so long thou hear'st foretold
Divine Augustus Caesar, who once more
Shall build, where Saturn reigned in Latian fields,
The Golden Age! O'er Garamant and Ind
His sway shall spread, beyond the stars, beyond
The range of Year and Sun, where on his back
Great Atlas turns the star-yspangled sky.
Ere his approach e'en now at Heaven's decree
The Caspian shudders, and Maeotia shrinks,
And Nile's seven mouths with terror are perplexed.
Yea, so much earth Alcides never passed
To pierce the brass-hoofed stag, or quell with shafts
Lerna, or silence Erymanthian brakes;
Nor conquering Liber, when with vine-clad reins
He drives his tigers from high Nyrsa's top. -
And doubt we still to give our prowess room?
Or shrink we in fear from that Ausonian land ?-
"But who is this, that, crowned with olive, bears
The sacrifice? I know the hoary beard,
The Roman King, who first shall bind the State
By laws, from little Cures' needy soil
Sent forth to Empire. After whom shall come,
Ignoble peace to rend, and wake to war
The flagging State, to triumphs long disused,
Tullus. And next the braggart Ancus comes,
Even now too doting on the People's breath.
Wilt see the Tarquins? the avenging pride
Ofi Brutus, and the lictors' rods resumed ?
He first the Consul's awful axe shall take,

Accipiet, natosque pater nova bella moventes,
Ad poenạm pulchra pro libertate vocabit, Infelix! Utcumque ferent ea facta minores, Vincet amor patriae laudumque inmensa cupido.
Quin Decios Drusosque procul saevumque securi
Aspice Torquatum et referentem signa Camillum.

Descendens, gener adversis instructus Eois. Ne , pueri, ne tanta animis adsuescite bella, Neu patriae validas in viscera vertite vires; Tuque prior, tu parce, genus qui ducis Olympo, Proiice tela manu, sanguis meus !Ille triumphata Capitolia ad alta Corintho Victor aget currum, caesis insignis Achivis. Eruet ille Argos Agamemnoniasque Mycenas, Ipsumque Aeaciden, genus armipotentis Achilli, Ultus avos Troiae, templa et temerata Minervae.

Quo fessum rapitis, Fabii? tu Maxumus ille es,
Unus qui nobis cunctando restitui, rem.
Excudent alii spirantia molliús aera,
Credo equidem, vivos ducent de marmore voltus,
Orabunt causas melius, caelique meatus
Describent radio et surgentia sidera dicent :
Tu regere imperio populos, Romane, memento ; Hae tibi erunt artes; pacisque inponere morem,
-Parcere subiectis, et debellare superbos.

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And, when his sons provoke impetuous strife, 820
Doom them to death in Freedom's glorious name.
O Man of Grief! Howe'er thy tale be told,
Large honour there shall glow and patriot love!
Decii and Drusi see! Torquatus' axe!
Camillus see, who bears the banners home!
But those who shine like-armed, souls now at peace In Death's dark durance, when they reach the light, What wars between them, O what fields of blood
Will they awake! Across the barrier Alps
One from Monoecus' stronghold shall descend 830
To front his son-in-law's embattled East!
My sons, O cleave not to a strife like this !
Save Rome's own bosom from the swords of Rome!
Thou first, O seed of Heaven, thou first forgive!
Blood of my veins, cast down thine arms!-
Lo! who from Corinth to the high Capitol
Shall drive in triumph, flown with Grecian blood,
And yonder who shall lay Mycenae low,
Achilles' very seed, and vengeance take
For Trojan sires, and Pallas' outraged fane.


Thee, Cossus, thee, great Cato, who could pacchi, or the Scipios, Afric's bale,
The Gract
Twin thunderbolts of war, Fabricius, strong
In penury, or Serranus on his glebe?
Spare my spent breath, ye Fabii! Great indeed
Thou by whose sole delay the State is saved!
" Some with more grace may mould the breathing brass, And draw from stone, I trow, the living form, Plead causes better, map the heavenly paths, And tell the rising stars. Roman! be thine To sway the world with Empire! These shall be Thine arts, to govern with the rule of Peace, To spare the weak, and subjugate the proud !"


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He ceased, and, while they marvelled, added more : "See how Marcellus, bright with splendid spoils,
In march triumphal above all men towers !
Rome, shaken by the invader, he shall stay, Ride down the Poeni and the rebel Gaul, And to Quirinus the third spoils hang up !"

And here Aeneas, seeing by his side
A graceful form, in shining armour clad,
But sad his brow, and downcast were his eyes :
"O Father! who is he, beside him thus?
His son, or one of his illustrious stock?
How the crowd hums about! How great he stands !
865 Yet round his head Night hovers dark and sad !"

Anchises then with rising tears began : "Son, ask not ofithy people's mighty grief! !
Him Fate shall show to Earth, but not permit Longer to live. Too great your Roman brood

What moan ofimen shall fill the Field of Mars
By the great city! What a funeral train
Shall Tiber see, and wash the new-made grave!
No boy of Ilian birth so high shall raise
His fathers' hopes; no Roman earth shall boast
So dear a nursling. $O$ for love and faith !
O for the hand invincible in war!
Him none confronting in the shock ofiarms
Had met unscathed, or if he charged afoot,
Or if he spurred the horse's foaming flanks.
Ah, boy, the pity! Could'st thou sunder Fate, Thou wert Marcellus! Give me purple flowers,
Handfuls of lilies : let me strew at least
O'er his dear Shade these unavailing dues!"

Münere..- Sic tota passim regione vagantur
Aeris in campis latis, atque omnia lustrant. Quae postquam Anchises natum per singula duxit, Incenditque animum famae venientis amore, Exin bella viro memorat quae deinde gerenda, Laurentesque docet populos urbemque Latini, Et quo quemque modo fugiatque feratque laborem.

Sunt geminae Somni portae, quarum altera fertur Cornea, qua veris facilis datur exitus Umbris ; Altera candenti perfecta nitens elephanto, Sed falsa ad caelum mittunt insomnia Manes. His ibi tum natum Anchises unaque Sibyllam Prosequitur dictis, portaque emittit eburna: Ille viam secat ad naves sociosque revisit ; Tum se ad Caietae recto fert litore portum. 900 Ancora de prora iacitur ; stant litore puppes.

Thus o'er those misty fields they wandered wide, Surveying all : and through each several scene Anchises led his son, and with the love Oficoming glory made his spirit burn : Then told of wars thereafter to be waged, Laurentum's peoples, and Latinus' town, And how to shun the toil, and how to bear.

Two are the Gates of Sleep, one fabled horn, Through which true visions pass; the other shines Polished, of ivory white, but false the dreams To heaven sent upward from the shades of Hell. With such discourse, the Sibyl and his Son Anchises through the ivory Gate dismissed. He with all haste regaining ships and men, Steers straight by coastline for Caieta's port, 900 Casts anchor from the prow, and grounds the stern.


[^0]:    Thus Venus, and thus answered Venus' son : "None of thy sisters have I heard or seen, O-how to call thee, Maid ? No mortal face, No human voice is thine,-O Goddess, sure ! Art thou Apollo's sister, or some Nymph ?

[^1]:    Dardanidze duri, quae vos a stirpe parentum Prima tulit tellus, eadem vos ubere laeto

[^2]:    Talibus orabat dictis, arasque tenebat,
    Cum sic orsa loqui vates : Sate sanguine divom,
    Tros Anchisiade, facilis descensus Averno ;
    Noctes atque dies patet atri ianua Ditis,
    Sed revocare gradum superasque evadere ad auras, Hoc opus, hic labor est. Pauci, quos aequus amavit Iuppiter, aut ardens evexit ad aethera virtus,
    Dis geniti potuere. Tenent media omnia silvae,

