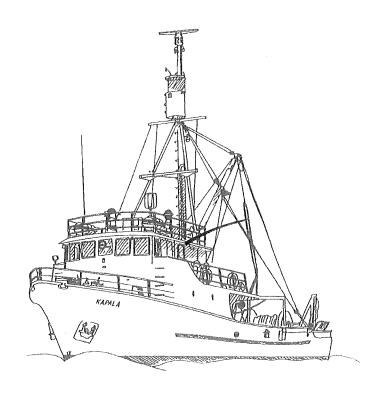
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## Fisheries Research Report Series: 2

Trawl fish length-weight relationships from data collected during FRV *Kapala* surveys

K. J. Graham



April 1999

ISSN 1442-0147



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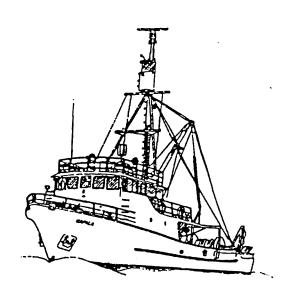
Enquiries:

NSW Fisheries Research Institute PO Box 21, Cronulla NSW 2230 Telephone (02) 9527 8411 Facsimile (02) 9527 8576

# Fisheries Research Report Series: 2

### Trawl fish length-weight relationships from data collected during FRV *Kapala* surveys

K. J. Graham



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#### **Abstract**

Length-weight data were collected for 70 species of fishes during research trawling off the NSW coast. There were sufficient data to compute length-weight relationships for 65 species. Graphs and regression coefficients are presented for 20 species of sharks and rays, and 45 species of teleosts. Raw data for all species are contained in a separate Data Report.

#### Introduction

Between 1972 and 1997, the NSW Fisheries Research Vessel *Kapala* completed numerous exploratory and resource assessment trawling surveys. These surveys were done in NSW continental shelf and slope waters across a depth range of 10 to 1200 m. During the course of these studies, length-weight data were collected for over seventy species of fishes. Most data were collected opportunistically and accumulated over time. For some species, in particular sharks and mid-slope teleosts, length-weights were extracted from datasets of biological information which included breeding condition (gonad weight and stage).

This report presents graphically the length-weight relationships for 45 teleosts and 20 species of sharks and rays. Separate male and female length-weight relationships are also given for 17 of the teleosts (principally SEF Quota species), and for most species of sharks and rays.

#### Methods

Almost all fish were weighed and measured ashore. All measurements were made to the centimetre below (except for redfish <10 cm which were measured to the nearest mm). The length category (total, fork, standard) is shown on each graph; eagle rays were measured for total width, and ghost sharks were measured from the snout to the posterior of the second dorsal fin.

The degree of accuracy of weights varied with the size of the fish. In general, weights of fish greater than 50 cm (mainly sharks) were recorded to the nearest 100 g, those between 20 and 50 cm to the nearest 10 g, and fish smaller than 20 cm to the nearest 5 g.

Unsexed data and/or aggregated sexed data were used to calculate the length-weight relationships for each species. Separate male and female relationships were also computed for those species where sufficient sexed data were available. The relationships were computed and graphed using Sigma Plot 4.0.

Data were fitted to the non-linear model of the form:

Weight = a. (length) b

#### Results

Figures 1-65 show graphically the length-weight relationships for each species. Observed values and fitted regression lines are shown on the graph. Regression coefficients, adjusted  $R^2$  value, length range and number of observations are shown below each graph.

Sufficient data were collected for 45 species of teleosts, 16 sharks, 3 rays and a holocephalon (ghost shark) to compute and graph length-weight relationships. Separate male and female length-weight relationships were also calculated for 17 of the teleosts (principally South East Fishery Quota species), and for most species of sharks and rays.

Small numbers of observations were collected for five teleosts (alfonsino Beryx splendens, imperador Beryx decadactylus, oilfish Ruvettus pretiosus, rudderfish Centrolophus niger and tarwhine Rhabdosargus sarba) and these data are included in the Data Report.

The size range of observed data for each species was representative of the catches during the period the length-weight data were recorded. For some species, the data may not cover the known maximum size range.

The length-weight relationships for greeneye dogshark are derived from data now known to represent two very similar species (Squalus sp. F and Squalus mitsukurii) only recently distinguished by Last and Stevens 1994 (Sharks and Rays of Australia). The maximum size of Squalus sp. F is about 65 cm for males and 75 cm for females. Data for males >65 cm and females >75 cm almost certainly represent only S. mitsukurii; data from specimens below these sizes are for both species.

The graphs are presented in the usual taxonomic order of fish families. For cross referencing, Table 1 lists the species in alphabetic order of common names. Table 2 lists the species by family (in taxonomic order).

Taxonomic and most common names for sharks and rays follow "Sharks and Rays of Australia". The recommended marketing name, where applicable, is used for teleosts (ref. Marketing Names for Fish and Seafood in Australia 1995).

#### **Data Report**

The raw data from which the relationships were calculated are in Tables 1-65 in Fisheries Data Report No. 1 (Graham 1999 *Trawl fish length-weight data collected during FRV Kapala surveys*), and also electronically on disk. The Data Report and disk are deposited in the NSW Fisheries Research Institute library.

Table 1. List of species in alphabetic order of common names (with figure no.).

Sharks and Rays		Figure No.
Dogshark-bareskin	Centroscyllium kamohari	5
Dogshark-brier	Deania calcea	9
Dogshark-Endeavour	Centrophorus moluccensis	3
Dogshark-golden	Centroscymnus crepidater	7
Dogshark-greeneye	Squalus sp.F & S. mitsukurii	13
Dogshark-Harrissons	Centrophorus harrissoni	2
Dogshark-lantern	Etmopterus sp.B (unicolor)	11
Dogshark-longsnout	Deania quadrispinosa	10
Dogshark-Owstons	Centroscymnus owstoni	8
Dogshark-Portuguese	Centroscymnus coelolepis	6
Dogshark-southern	Centrophorus uyato	4
Dogshark-spiked	Squalus megalops	12
Ghostshark-silver (Ogilbys)	Hydrolagus ogilbyi	20
Ray-eagle	Myliobatus australis	19
Ray-east. banjo (fiddler)	Trygonorrhina sp.A	18
Ray-east. shovelnose	Aptychotrema rostrata	17
Shark-east. angel (offshore)	Squatina sp.A	16
Shark-east, anger (orishore)	Pristiophorus sp.A	14
Shark-gummy	Mustelus antarcticus	1
Shark-sthn angel (inshore)	Squatina australis	15
Teleosts		Figure No.
Blue-eye	Hyperoglyphe antarctica	59
Boarfish-giant	Paristiopterus labiosus	53
Bream-Cape Moreton	Allotaius spariformes	51
Bream-yellowfin	Acanthopagrus australis	50
Dory-john	Zeus faber	30
Dory-king	Cyttus traversi	28
Dory-mirror	Zenopsis nebulosus	29
Dory-silver	Cyttus australis	27
Flathead-east. bluespot	Platycephalus caeruleopunctatus	41
Flathead-marbled	Platycephalus marmoratus	42
	Ratabulus diversidens	43
Flathead-spikyhead	Addabatas atterstaeris	
• •	Hoplichthys haswelli	44
Flathead-spiny		44 40
Flathead-spiny Flathead-tiger	Hoplichthys haswelli	
Flathead-spiny Flathead-tiger Flounder-bigtoothed	Hoplichthys haswelli Neoplatycephalus richardsoni	40
Flathead-spiny Flathead-tiger Flounder-bigtoothed Flounder-smalltoothed	Hoplichthys haswelli Neoplatycephalus richardsoni Pseudorhombus arsius	40 62
Flathead-spiny Flathead-tiger Flounder-bigtoothed Flounder-smalltoothed	Hoplichthys haswelli Neoplatycephalus richardsoni Pseudorhombus arsius Pseudorhombus jenynsii	40 62 63
Flathead-spiny Flathead-tiger Flounder-bigtoothed Flounder-smalltoothed Flounder-smoothback	Hoplichthys haswelli Neoplatycephalus richardsoni Pseudorhombus arsius Pseudorhombus jenynsii Pseudorhombus tenuirastrum	40 62 63 64 58 22
Flathead-spiny Flathead-tiger Flounder-bigtoothed Flounder-smalltoothed Flounder-smoothback Gemfish	Hoplichthys haswelli Neoplatycephalus richardsoni Pseudorhombus arsius Pseudorhombus jenynsii Pseudorhombus tenuirastrum Rexea solandri	40 62 63 64 58 22 37
Flathead-spiny Flathead-tiger Flounder-bigtoothed Flounder-smalltoothed Flounder-smoothback Gemfish Grenadier-blue	Hoplichthys haswelli Neoplatycephalus richardsoni Pseudorhombus arsius Pseudorhombus jenynsii Pseudorhombus tenuirastrum Rexea solandri Macruronus novaezelandiae	40 62 63 64 58 22

Table 1 (cont.). List of species in alphabetic order of common names (with figure no.).

Teleosts		Figure No.
Leatherjacket-velvet	Meuschenia scaber	65
Ling	Genypterus blacodes	23
Mackerel-jack	Trachurus declivis	49
Morwong-jackass	Nemadactylus macropterus	55
Morwong-rubberlip/blue	Nemadactylus douglasii	54
Mullet-red (goatfish)	Upeneichthys lineatus	52
Perch-deepsea	Trachyscorpia capensis	36
Perch-inshore ocean	Helicolenus percoides	35
Perch-ocean	Helicolenus barathri	34
Perch-orange	Lepidoperca pulchella	45
Oreo-smooth	Pseudocyttus maculatus	33
Oreo-spiky	Neocyttus rhomboidalis	32
Oreo-warty	Allocyttus verrucosus	31
Redfish	Centroberyx affinis	26
Ribaldo	Mora moro	21
Roughy-blackfin	Hoplostethus atlanticus	24
Roughy-orange	Hoplostethus melanopus	25
Tilefish-serrate	Branchiostegus serratus	47
Trevally-silver	Pseudocaranx dentex	48
Stargazer-green	Gnathagnus innotabilis	56
Stargazer-speckled (yellow)	Kathetostoma canaster	57
Warehou-blue	Seriolella brama	60
Warehou-spotted	Seriolella punctata	61
Whiting-redspot (school)	Sillago flindersi	46

Table 2. List of species in taxonomic order with family name.

Family	Species	Common Name
Sharks and Rays		
Triakidae	Mustelus antarcticus	Shark-gummy
Squalidae	Centrophorus harrissoni	Dogshark-Harrissons
Squalidae Squalidae	Centrophorus moluccensis	Dogshark-Endeavour
Squalidae Squalidae	Centrophorus uyato	Dogshark-southern
-	Centroscyllium kamohari	Dogshark-bareskin
Squalidae	Centroscymnus coelolepis	Dogshark-Portuguese
Squalidae	Centroscymnus crepidater	Dogshark-golden
Squalidae	Centroscymnus owstoni	Dogshark-Gowstons
Squalidae	Deania calcea	Dogshark-brier
Squalidae		Dogshark-longsnout
Squalidae	Deania quadrispinosa	Dogshark-lantern
Squalidae	Etmopterus sp.B (unicolor)	Dogshark-spiked
Squalidae	Squalus megalops	Dogshark-greeneye
Squalidae	Squalus sp.F & S. mitsukurii	Shark-east, saw
Pristiophoridae	Pristiophorus sp.A	
Squatinidae	Squatina sp.A	Shark-east. angel (offshore) Shark-sthn angel (inshore)
Squatinidae	Squatina australis	Ray-east. shovelnose
Rhinobatidae	Aptychotrema rostrata	•
Rhinobatidae	Trygonorrhina sp.A	Ray-east. banjo (fiddler)
Myliobatidae	Myliobatus australis	Ray-eagle Ghostshark-silver (Ogilbys)
Chimaeridae	Hydrolagus ogilbyi	· - ·
Chimaeridae	Hydrolagus ogilbyi	Ghostshark-silver (Ogilbys)
Teleosts		
Moridae	Mora moro	Ribaldo
Merluciidae	Macruronus novaezelandiae	Grenadier-blue
Ophidiidae	Genypterus blacodes	Ling
Trachichthyidae	Hoplostethus atlanticus	Roughy-blackfin
Trachichthyidae	Hoplostethus melanopus	Roughy-orange
Berycidae	Beryx decadactylus	Imperador
Berycidae	Beryx splendens	Alfonsino
Berycidae	Centroberyx affinis	Redfish
Zeidae	Cyttus australis	Dory-silver
Zeidae	Cyttus traversi	Dory-king
Zeidae	Zenopsis nebulosus	Dory-mirror
Zeidae	Zeus faber	Dory-john
Oreosomatidae	Pseudocyttus maculatus	Oreo-smooth
Oreosomatidae	Neocyttus rhomboidalis	Oreo-spiky
Oreosomatidae	Allocyttus verrucosus	Oreo-warty
Scorpaenidae	Helicolenus barathri	Perch-ocean
Scorpaenidae	Helicolenus percoides	Perch-inshore ocean
Scorpaenidae	Trachyscorpia capensis	Perch-deepsea
Triglidae	Chelidonichthys kumu	Gurnard-red
Triglidae	Pterygotrigla andertoni	Gurnard-spotted
Triglidae	Pterygotrigla polyommata	Latchet

Table 2 (continued). List of species in taxonomic order with family name.

<b>Family</b>	Species	Common Name
Platycephalidae	Neoplatycephalus richardsoni	Flathead-tiger
Platycephalidae	Platycephalus caeruleopunctatus	Flathead-east. bluespot
Platycephalidae	Platycephalus marmoratus	Flathead-marbled
Platycephalidae	Ratabulus diversidens	Flathead-spikyhead
Hoplichthyidae	Hoplichthys haswelli	Flathead-spiny
Serranidae	Lepidoperca pulchella	Perch-orange
Sillaginidae	Sillago flindersi	Whiting-redspot (school)
Malacanthidae	Branchiostegus serratus	Tilefish-serrate
Carangidae	Pseudocaranx dentex	Trevally-silver
Carangidae	Trachurus declivis	Mackerel-jack
Sparidae	Acanthopagrus australis	Bream-yellowfin
Sparidae	Allotaius spariformes	Bream-Cape Moreton
Sparidae	Rhabdosargus sarba	Tarwhine
Mullidae	Upeneichthys lineatus	Mullet-red (goatfish)
Pentacerotidae	Paristiopterus labiosus	Boarfish-giant
Cheilodactylidae	Nemadactylus macropterus	Morwong-jackass
Cheilodactylidae	Nemadactylus douglasii	Morwong-rubberlip/blue
Uranoscopidae	Gnathagnus innotabilis	Stargazer-green
Uranoscopidae	Kathetostoma canaster	Stargazer-speckled (yellow)
Gempylidae	Rexea solandri	Gemfish
Centrolophidae	Hyperoglyphe antarctica	Blue-eye
Centrolophidae	Seriolella brama	Warehou-blue
Centrolophidae	Seriolella punctata	Warehou-spotted
Paralichthyidae	Pseudorhombus arsius	Flounder-bigtoothed
Paralichthyidae	Pseudorhombus jenynsii	Flounder-smalltoothed
Paralichthyidae	Pseudorhombus tenuirastrum	Flounder-smoothback
Monacanthidae	Meuschenia scaber	Leatherjacket-velvet

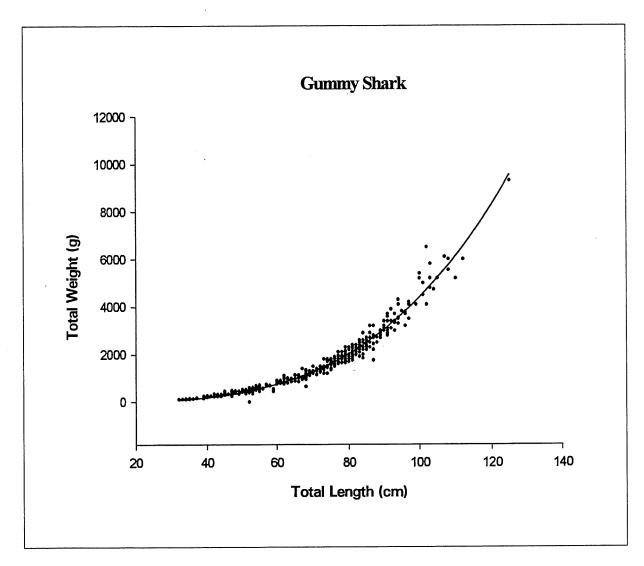


Figure 1.1: Length-weight relationship for gummy shark (Mustelus antarcticus).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9691
a	0.0005	0.0001	Length range: 32-125 cm
b	3.4701	0.0342	n = 401

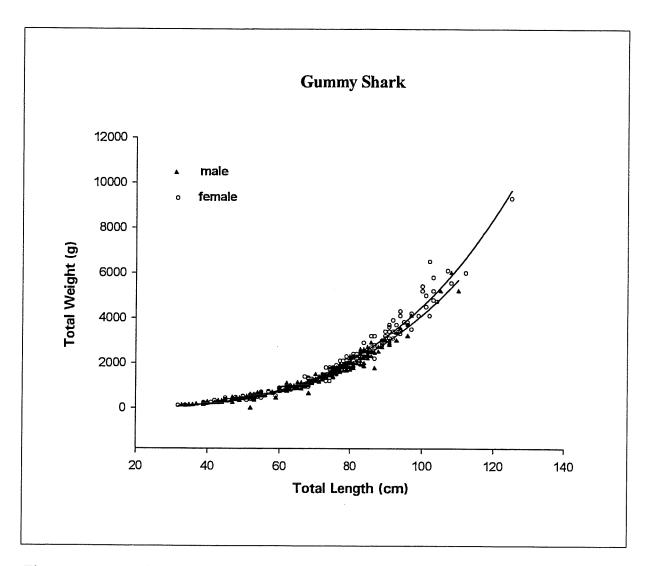


Figure 1.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female gummy shark (Mustelus antarcticus).

Maies:				
		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9724
	a	0.0008	0.0002	Length range: 33-110 cm
	b	3.3615	0.0454	n = 216
Females:				
		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9716
	a	0.0007	0.0002	Length range: 32-125 cm
	b	3.4054	0.0486	n = 185

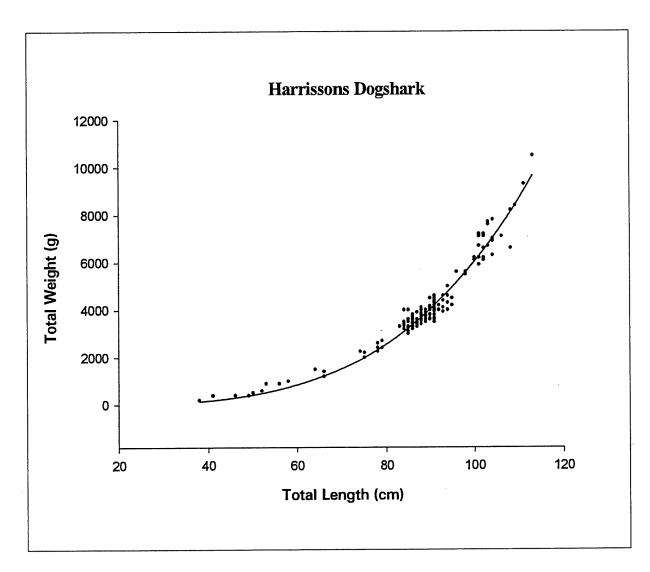


Figure 2.1: Length-weight relationship for Harrissons dogshark (Centrophorus harrissoni).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9601
a	0.0001	0	Length range: 38-113 cm
b	3.8558	0.0783	n = 146

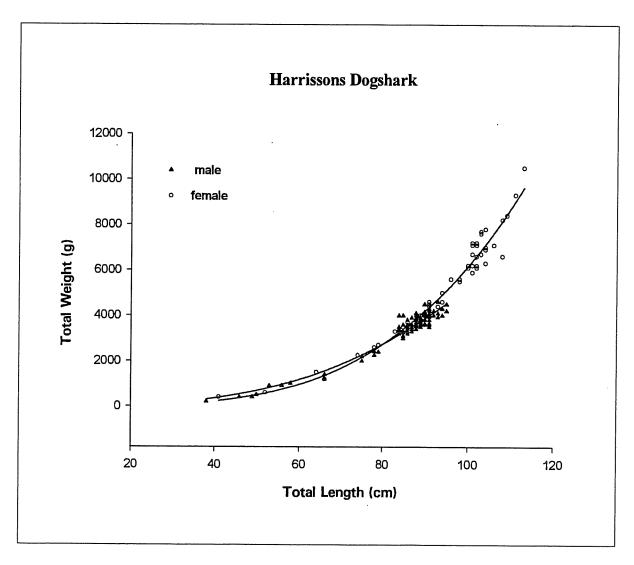


Figure 2.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female Harrissons dogshark (Centrophorus harrissoni).

Males:	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9425
	<b>a</b> 0.0069	0.0042	Length range: 38-95 cm
	<b>b</b> 2.9432	0.1308	n = 96
Females:	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9592
	a 0.0003	0.0002	Length range: 41-113 cm
	<b>b</b> 3.6494	0.1488	n = 50

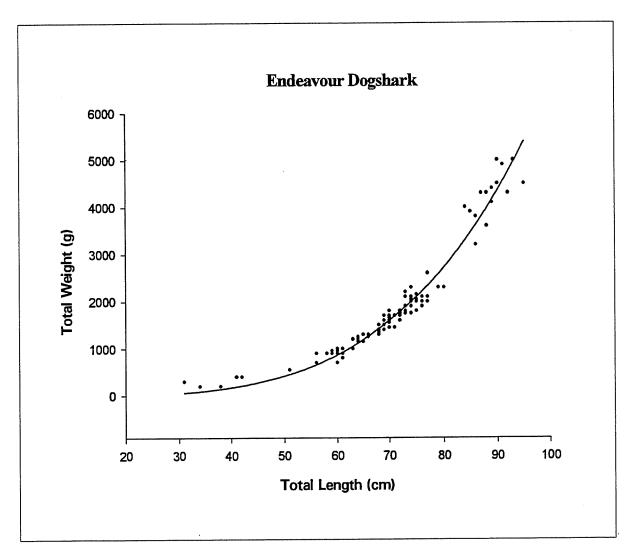


Figure 3.1: Length-weight relationship for Endeavour dogshark (Centrophorus moluccensis).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9636
a	0.0001	0	Length range: 31-95 cm
b	3.9901	0.079	n = 113

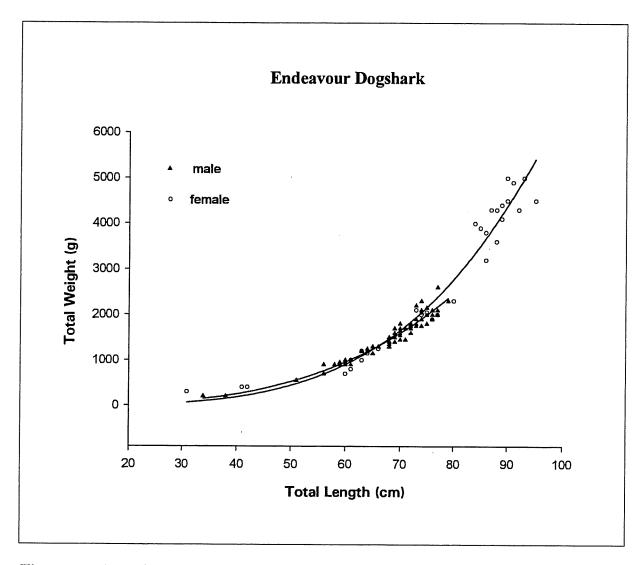


Figure 3.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female Endeavour dogshark (Centrophorus moluccensis).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9302
	a	0.0014	0.0009	Length range: 34-79 cm
	b	3.2763	0.1354	n = 77
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9584
	a	0.0001	0.0001	Length range: 31-95 cm
	b	3.8889	0.2196	n = 36

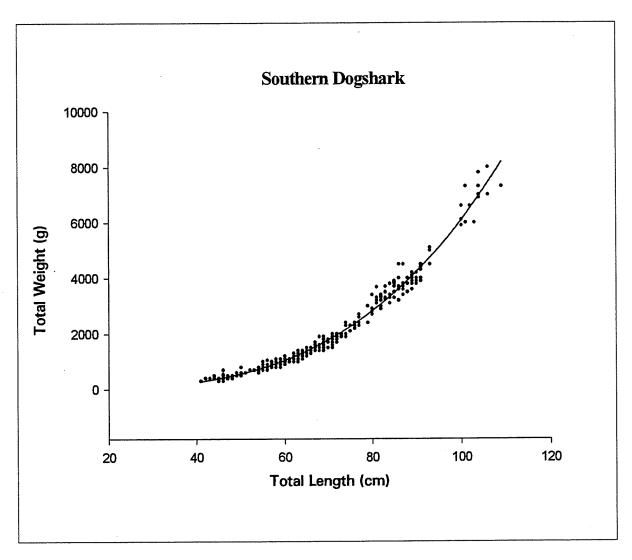


Figure 4.1: Length-weight relationship for southern dogshark (Centrophorus uyato).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9821
a	0.0008	0.0001	Length range: 41-109 cm
b	3.4443	0.0294	n = 316

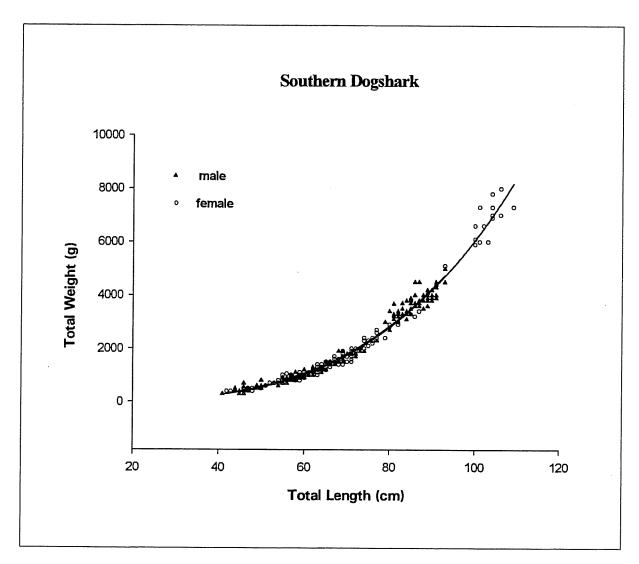


Figure 4.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female southern dogshark (Centrophorus uyato).

Males:	a b	Coefficient 0.001 3.3977	Std. Error 0.0003 0.0614	Adj Rsqr = 0.9755 Length range: 41-93 cm n = 162
Females:	a b	Coefficient 0.0007 3.4777	Std. Error 0.0001 0.035	Adj Rsqr = 0.9865 Length range: 42-109 cm n = 153

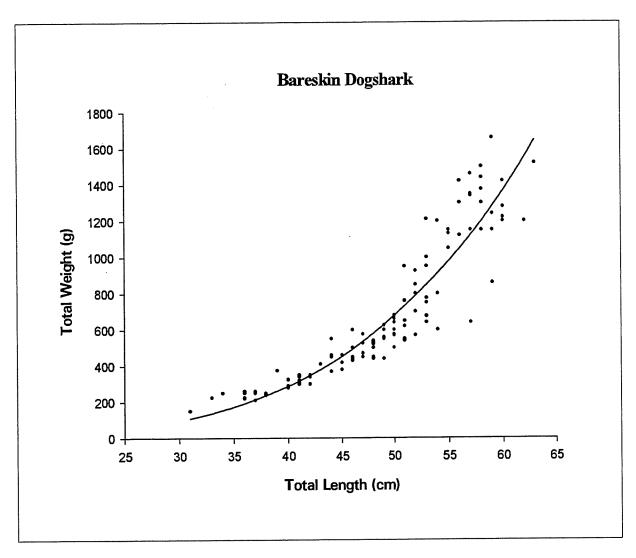


Figure 5.1: Length-weight relationship for bareskin dogshark (Centroscyllium kamohari).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.8442
a	0.0002	0.0002	Length range: cm
b	3,8429	0.1833	n = 116

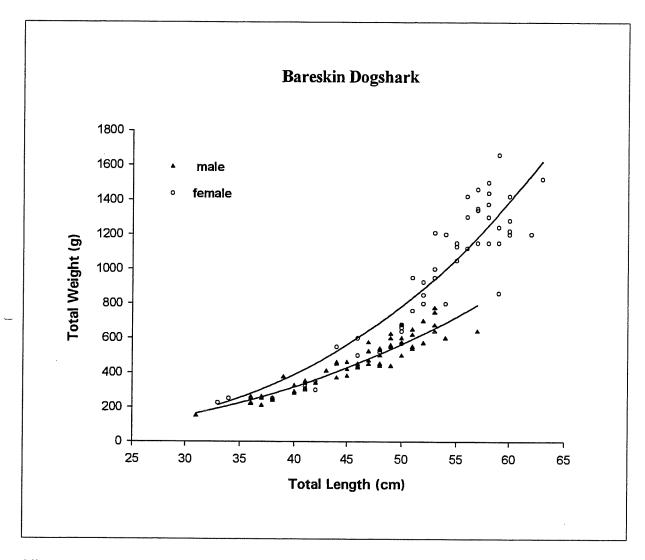


Figure 5.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female bareskin dogshark (Centroscyllium kamohari).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.8763
	a	0.0225	0.0122	Length range: 31-57 cm
	b	2.5898	0.14	n = 62
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.7934
	a	0.0035	0.0042	Length range: 33-63 cm
	b	3.1472	0.2805	n = 54

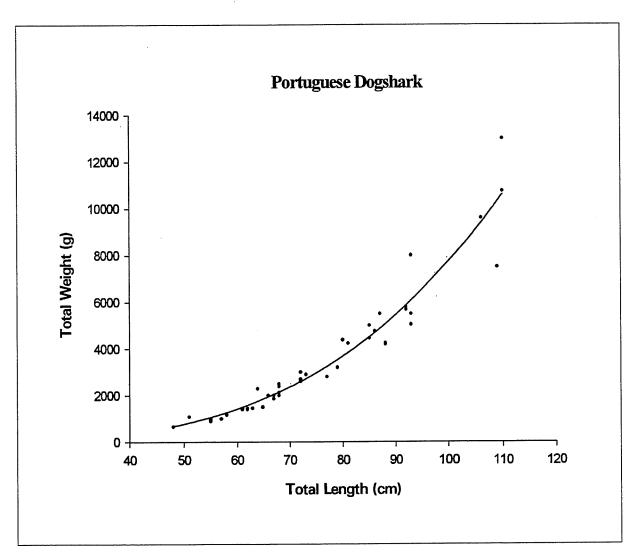


Figure 6: Length-weight relationship for Portuguese dogshark (Centroscymnus coelolepis).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	
a	0.0017	0.0012	Adj Rsqr = 0.9294
b	3,3268	0.1572	Length range: 32-110 cm
			n = 44

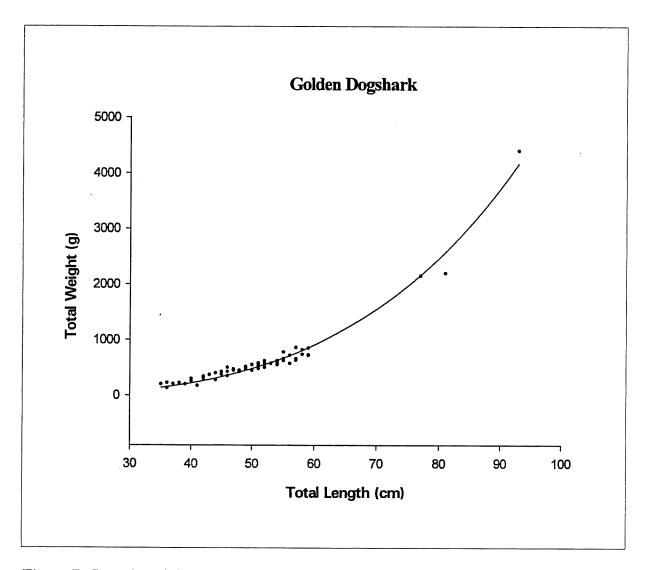


Figure 7: Length-weight relationship for golden dogshark (Centroscymnus crepidater).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9798
a	0.0006	0.0001	Length range: 38-93 cm
b	3.477	0.0466	n = 71

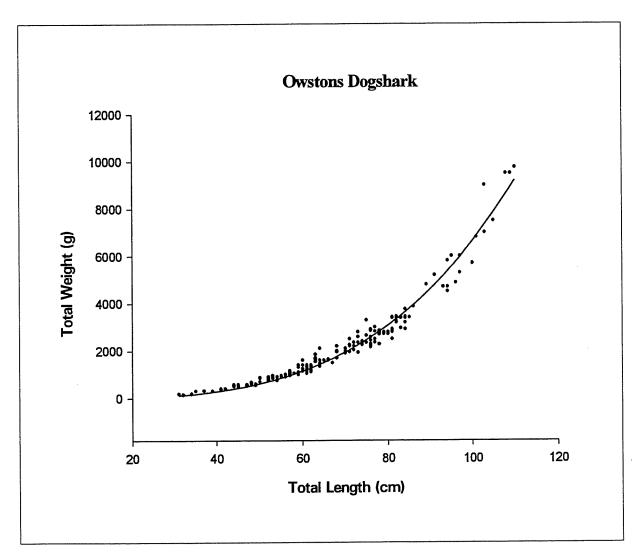


Figure 8.1: Length-weight relationship for Owstons dogshark (Centroscymnus owstoni).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9707
a	0.0009	0.0002	Length range: cm
b	3.4426	0.0499	n = 170

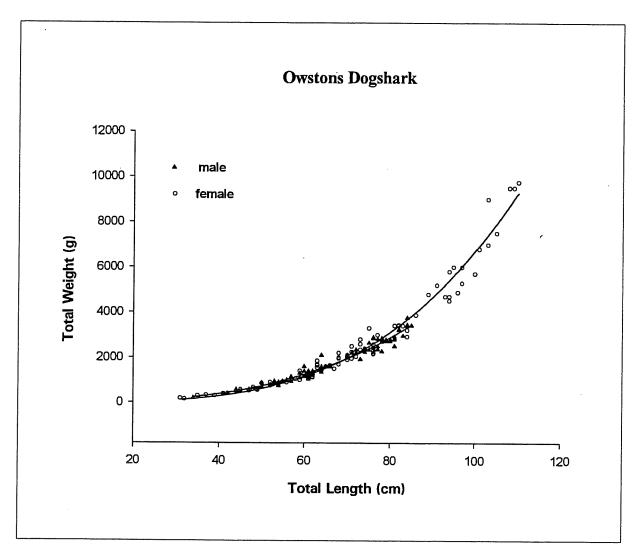


Figure 8.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female Owstons dogshark (Centroscymnus owstoni).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9624
	a	0.009	0.0033	Length range: 34-85 cm
	b	2.8941	0.0844	n = 77
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9735
	a	0.0009	0.0003	Length range: 31-110 cm
	b	3.4254	0.0728	n = 93

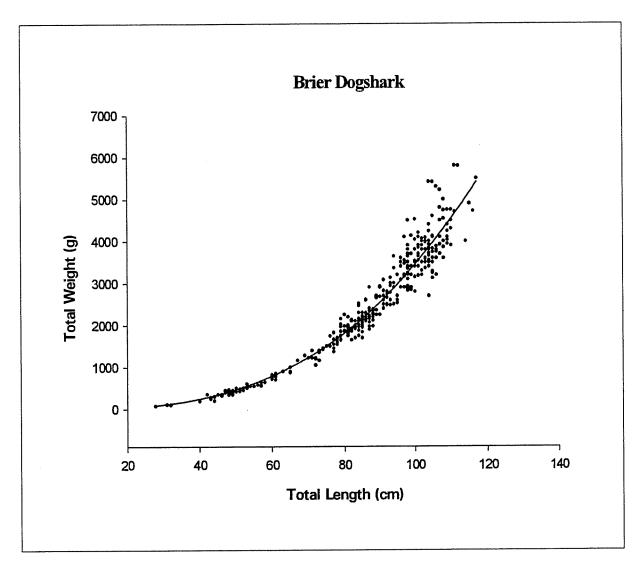


Figure 9.1: Length-weight relationship for brier dogshark (Deania calcea).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9307
a	0.0058	0.0016	Length range: cm
b	2.8854	0.0572	n = 363

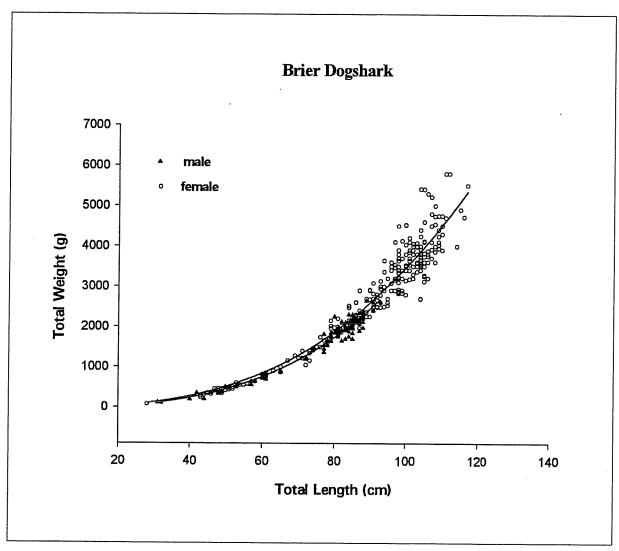


Figure 9.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female brier dogshark (Deania calcea).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9657
	a	0.0059	0.0023	Length range: 31-93 cm
	b	2.8741	0.0886	n = 111
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9047
	a	0.0104	0.004	Length range: 28-117 cm
	b	2.7609	0.0828	n=252

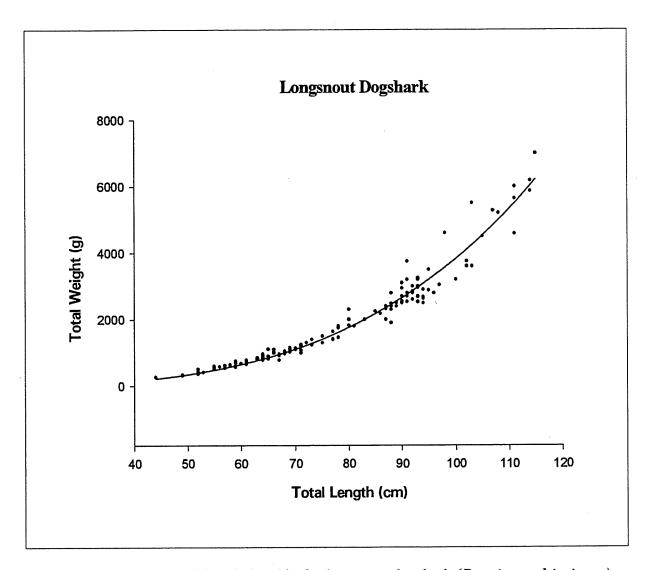


Figure 10.1: Length-weight relationship for longsnout dogshark (Deania quadrispinosa).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9613
a	0.0004	0.0001	Length range: 44-115 cm
b	3.4761	0.0692	n = 148

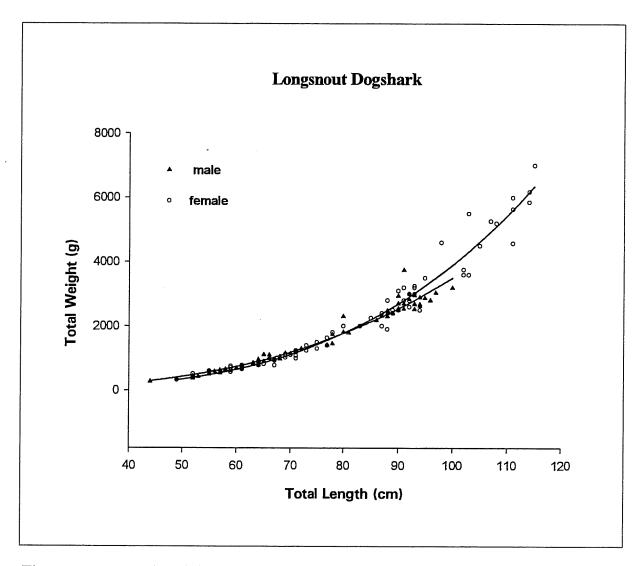


Figure 10.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female longsnout dogshark (Deania quadrispinosa).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9603
	a	0.003	0.0013	Length range: 44-100 cm
	b	3.036	0.0983	n = 72
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9641
	a	0.0004	0.0002	Length range: 49-115 cm
	b	3.506	0.0974	n = 76

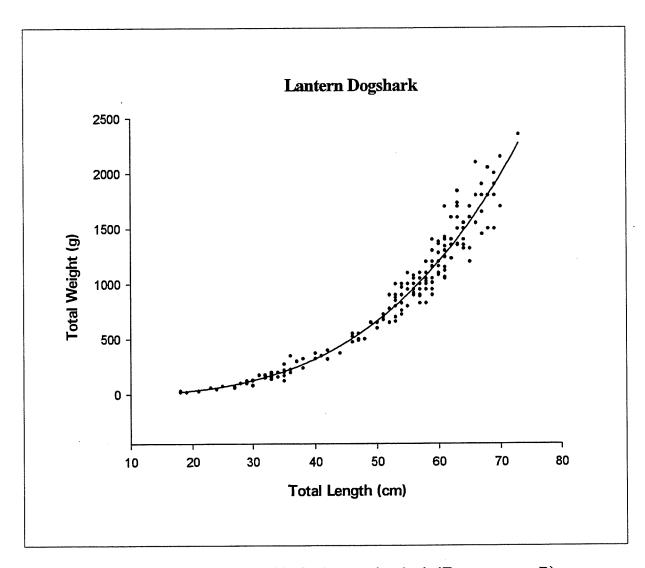


Figure 11.1: Length-weight relationship for lantern dogshark (Etmopterus sp.B).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9484
a	0.002	0.0007	Length range: 18-73 cm
b	3.2518	0.0831	n = 195

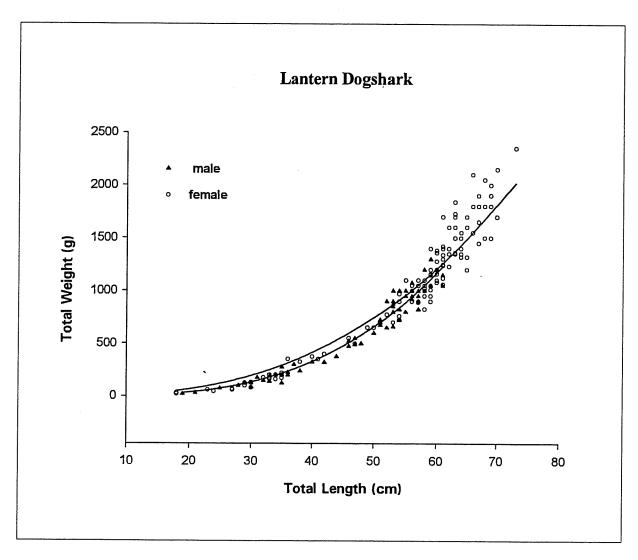


Figure 11.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female lantern dogshark (Etmopterus sp.B).

Males:	a b	Coefficient 0.0032 3.1295	Std. Error 0.0018 0.1388	Adj Rsqr = $0.9526$ Length range: 19-61 cm n = 71
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9043
	a	0.025	0.0158	Length range: 18-73 cm
	b	2.6343	0.1214	n = 124

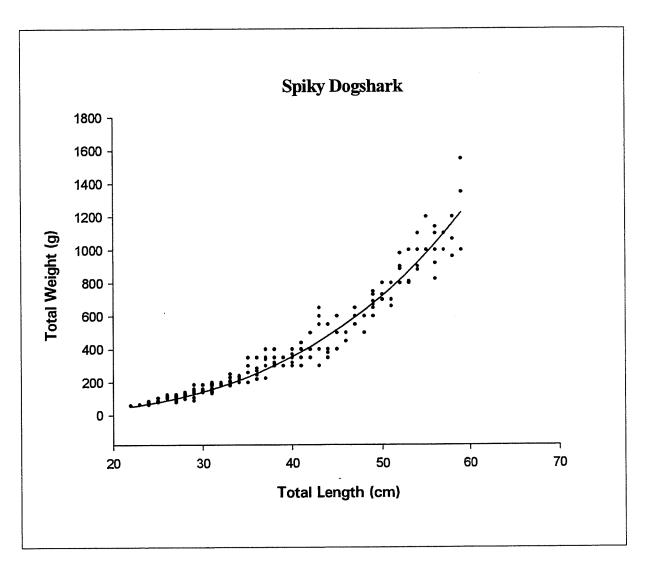


Figure 12.1: Length-weight relationship for spiky dogshark (Squalus megalops).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9504
a	0.0027	0.0006	Length range: cm
b	3.1928	0.053	n = 294

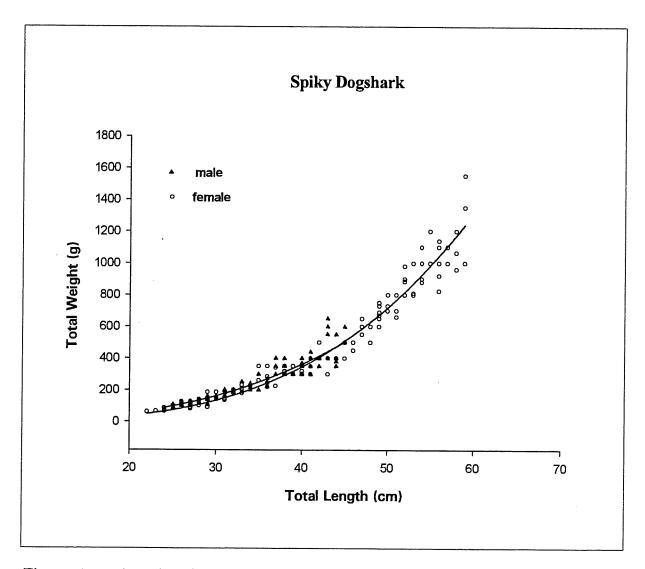


Figure 12.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female spiky dogshark (Squalus megalops).

Males:	a b	Coefficient 0.0126 2.784	Std. Error 0.0088 0.1558	Adj Rsqr = 0.8202 Length range: 24-45 cm n = 104
Females:	a b	Coefficient 0.0018 3.2913	Std. Error 0.0005 0.0731	Adj Rsqr = $0.9550$ Length range: 22-59 cm n = $190$

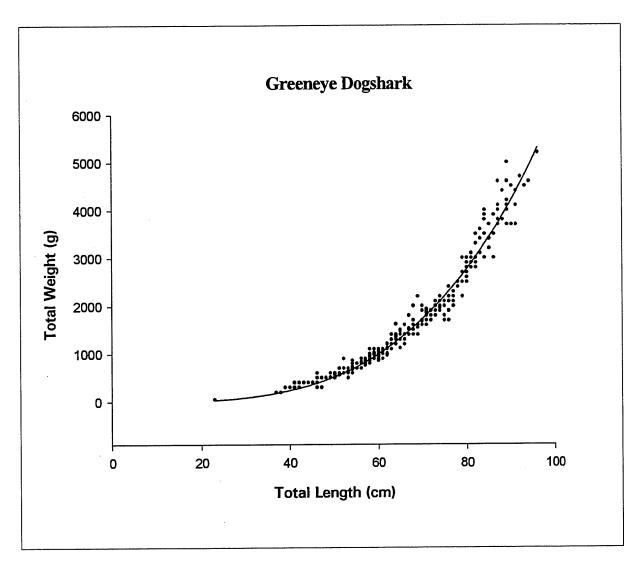


Figure 13.1: Length-weight relationship for greeneye dogsharks (Squalus sp. F & Squalus mitsukurii); both species combined.

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9719
a	0.0005	0.0001	Length range: 23-96 cm
b	3.5613	0.0379	n = 356

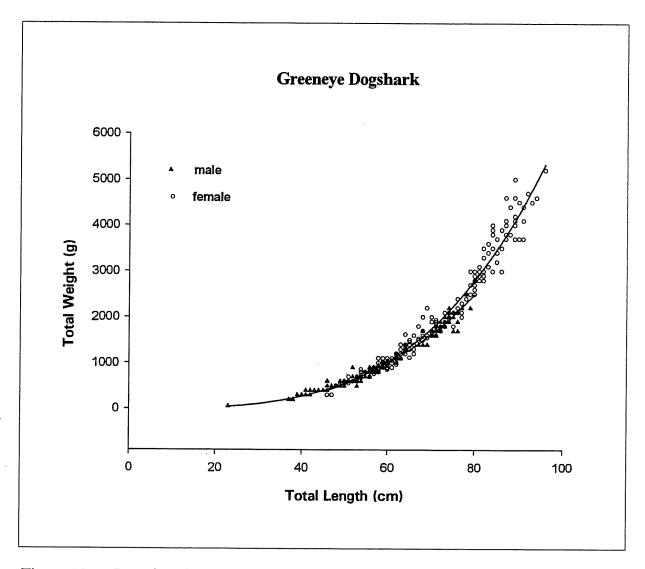


Figure 13.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female greeneye dogshark (Squalus sp.F and S. mitsukurii); two species combined.

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9754
	a	0.0021	0.0005	Length range: 23-80 cm
	b	3.1967	0.0531	n = 138
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9689
	a	0.0006	0.0001	Length range: 46-96 cm
	b	3.5167	0.051	n = 218

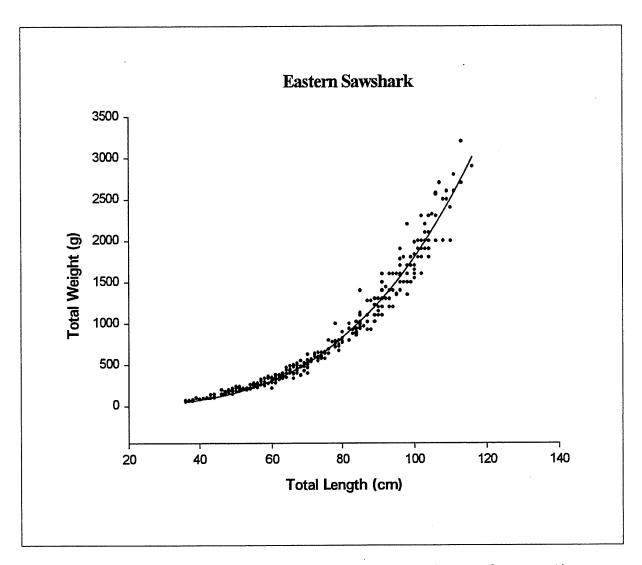


Figure 14.1: Length-weight relationship for eastern sawshark (Pristiophorus sp.A).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9745
a	0.0002	0	Length range: 36-116 cm
b	3.4617	0.0446	n = 323

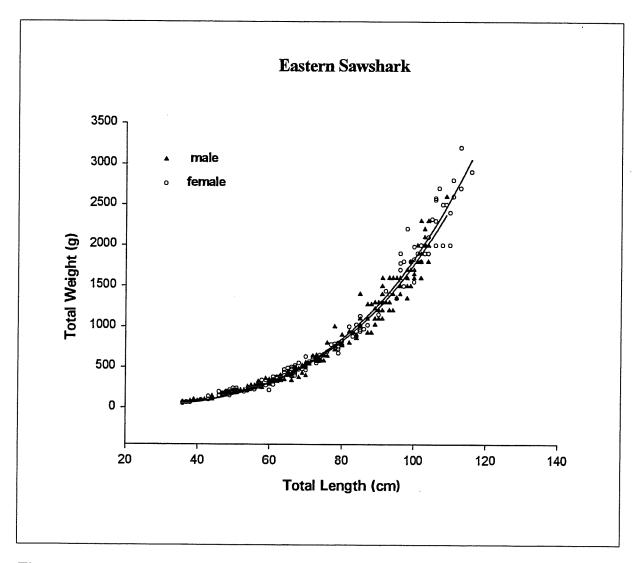


Figure 14.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female eastern sawshark (*Pristiophorus* sp.A).

Males:	a b	Coefficient 0.0003 3.4195	Std. Error 0.0001 0.0699	Adj Rsqr = 0.9714 Length range: 36-109 cm n = 168
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9776
	a	0.0002	0.0001	Length range: 36-116 cm
	b	3.4383	0.0589	n = 155

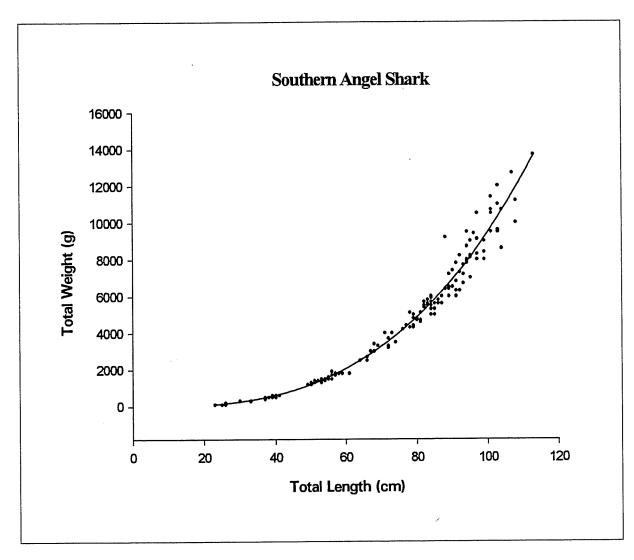


Figure 15.1: Length-weight relationship for southern (inshore) angel shark (Squatina australis).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9686
a	0.0104	0.0032	Length range: 23-113 cm
b	2.9787	0.068	n = 146

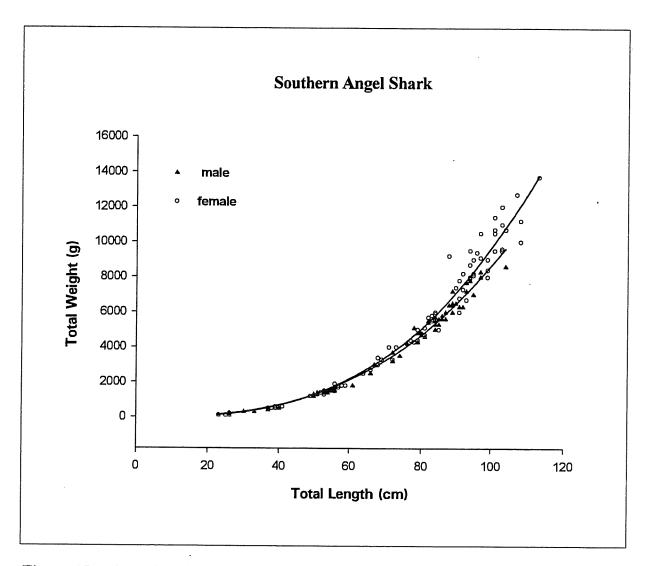


Figure 15.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female southern (inshore) angel shark (Squatina australis).

Males:	a b	Coefficient 0.0278 2.7469	Std. Error 0.0086 0.0694	Adj Rsqr = $0.9838$ Length range: $23-104$ cm n = $63$
Females:	a b	Coefficient 0.0149 2.9061	Std. Error 0.0065 0.0951	Adj Rsqr = 0.9676 Length range: 23-113 cm n = 83

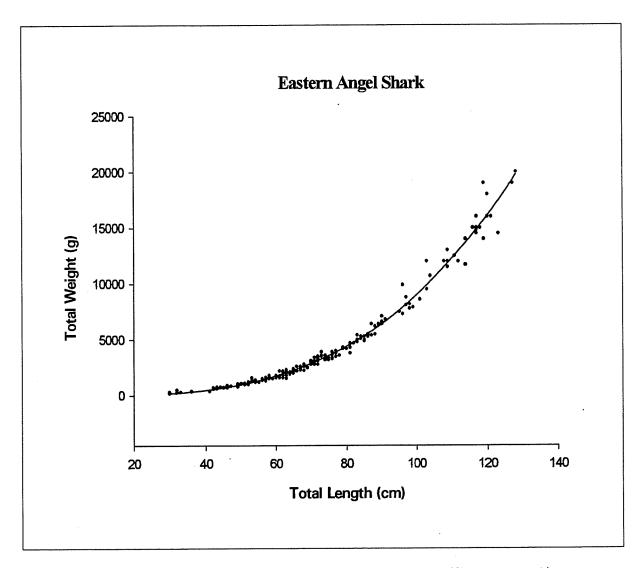


Figure 16.1: Length-weight relationship for eastern angel shark (Squatina sp.A).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9871
a	0.0036	0.0005	Length range: 30-128 cm
b	3.2004	0.0289	n = 228

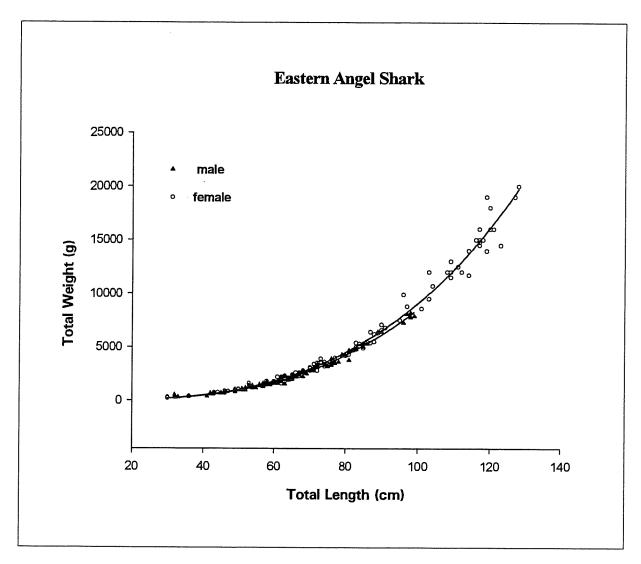


Figure 16.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female eastern angel shark (Squatina sp.A).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9914
	a	0.0045	0.0006	Length range: 32-99 cm
	b	3.1375	0.0313	n = 109
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = $0.9851$
	a	0.0048	0.0011	Length range: 30-128 cm
	b	3.1398	0.0484	n = 119

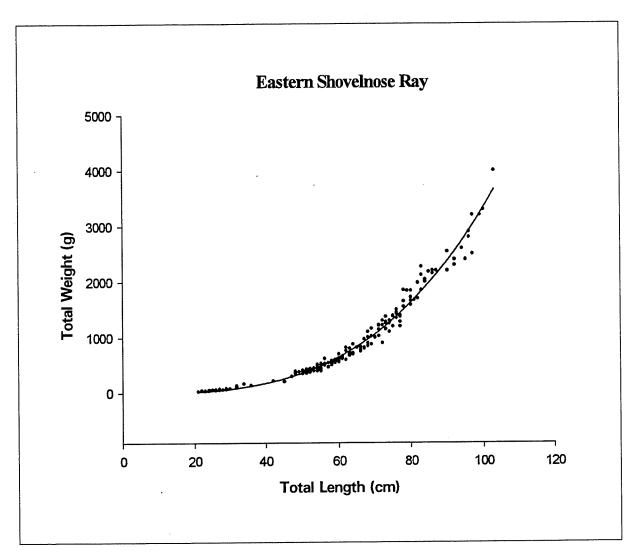


Figure 17.1: Length-weight relationship for eastern shovelnose ray (Aptychotrema rostrata).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9812
a	0.0013	0.0002	Length range: 21-103 cm
b	3,2097	0.0386	n = 200

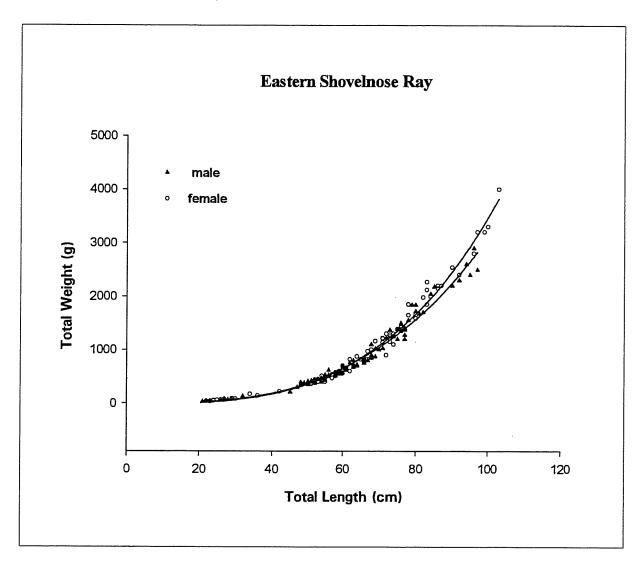


Figure 17.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female eastern shovelnose ray (Aptychotrema rostrata).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9790
	a	0.0024	0.0006	Length range: 21-97 cm
	b	3.0595	0.0539	n = 101
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9872
	a	0.001	0.0002	Length range: 22-103 cm
	b	3.2765	0.0474	n = 99

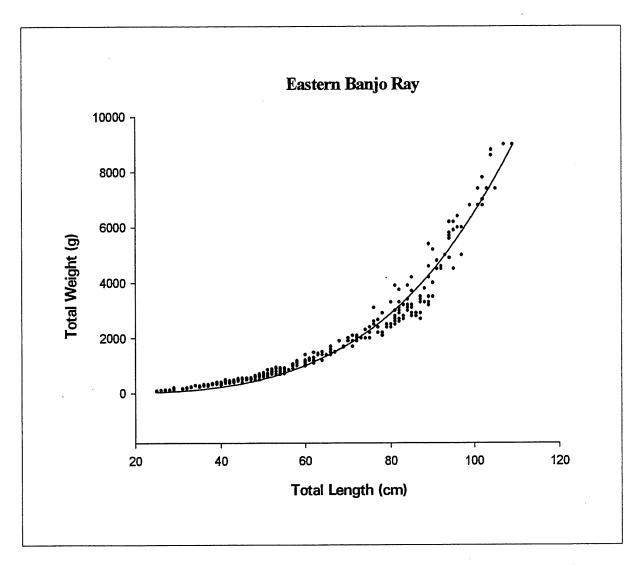


Figure 18.1: Length-weight relationship for eastern banjo ray (Trygonorrhina sp.A).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = $0.9715$
a	0.0003	0.0001	Length range: 25-109 cm
b	3.654	0.0493	n = 336

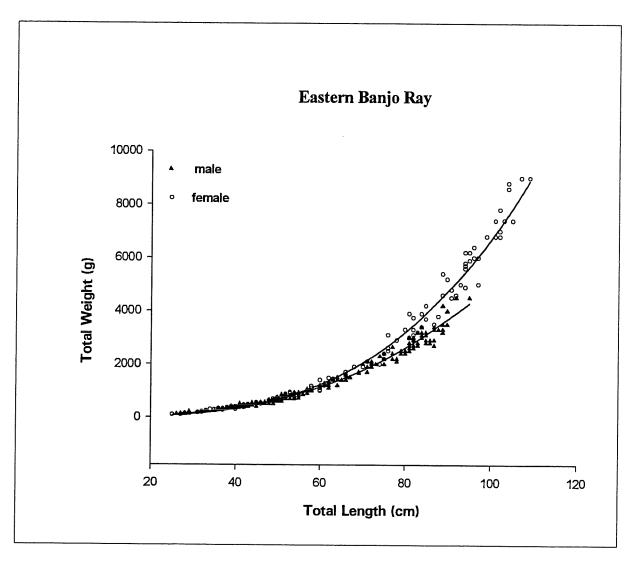


Figure 18.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female eastern banjo ray (*Trygonorrhina* sp.A).

Males:	a b	Coefficient 0.0084 2.887	Std. Error 0.0015 0.0408	Adj Rsqr = 0.9817 Length range: 26-95 cm n = 191
Females:	a b	Coefficient 0.0016 3.3079	Std. Error 0.0005 0.0548	Adj Rsqr = 0.9860 Length range: 25-109 cm n = 145

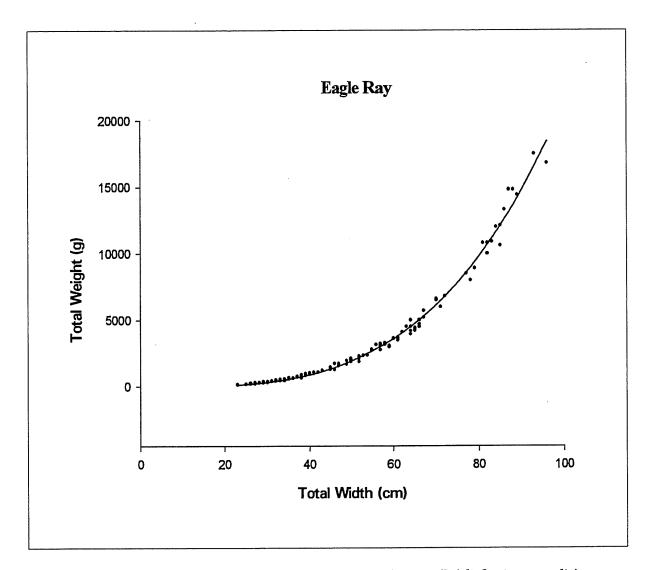


Figure 19.1: Size (width) - weight relationship for eagle rays (Myliobatis australis).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9917
a	0.0023	0.0004	Length range: 32-96 cm
b	3.4812	0.035	n = 152

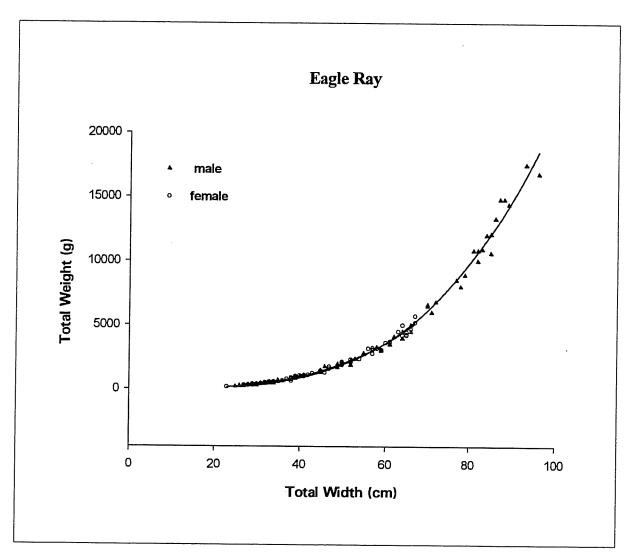


Figure 19.2: Size (width) - weight relationships for male and female eagle rays (Myliobatis australis).

Males:	a b	Coefficient 0.0022 3.4977	Std. Error 0.0006 0.0638	Adj Rsqr = $0.9916$ Length range: 25-96 cm n = $80$
Females:	a b	Coefficient 0.0061 3.2437	Std. Error 0.0015 0.0591	Adj Rsqr = $0.9883$ Length range: 23-67 cm n = 72

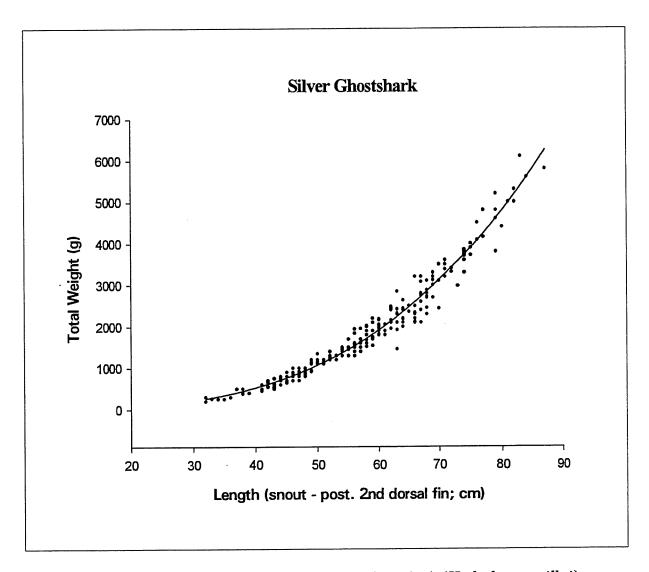


Figure 20.1: Length-weight relationship for silver ghost shark (Hydrolagus ogilbyi).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9685
a	0.0042	0.0007	Length range: 32-87 cm
b	3.1826	0.0411	n = 246

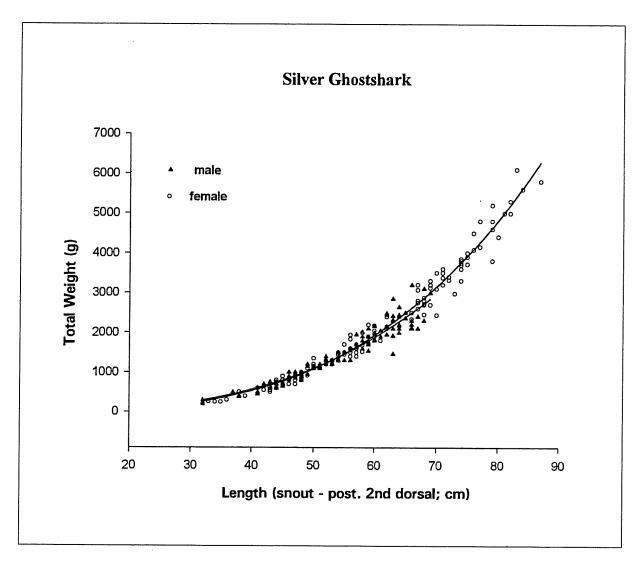


Figure 20.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female silver ghost shark (*Hydrolagus ogilbyi*).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9132
	a	0.0108	0.0045	Length range: 32-69 cm
	b	2.9485	0.1009	n = 115
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9748
	a	0.0045	0.0011	Length range: 32-87 cm
	b	3.1689	0.0571	n = 131

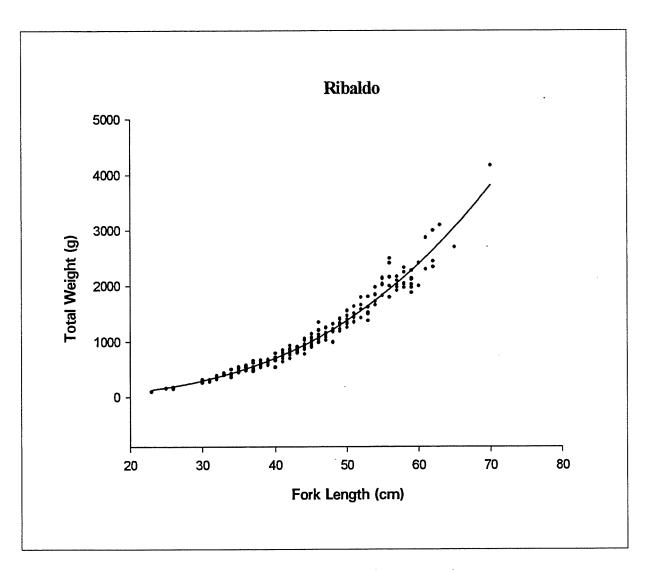


Figure 21.1: Length-weight relationship for ribaldo (Mora moro).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9642
a	0.0101	0.0017	Length range: 23-70 cm
b	3.0232	0.0417	n = 234

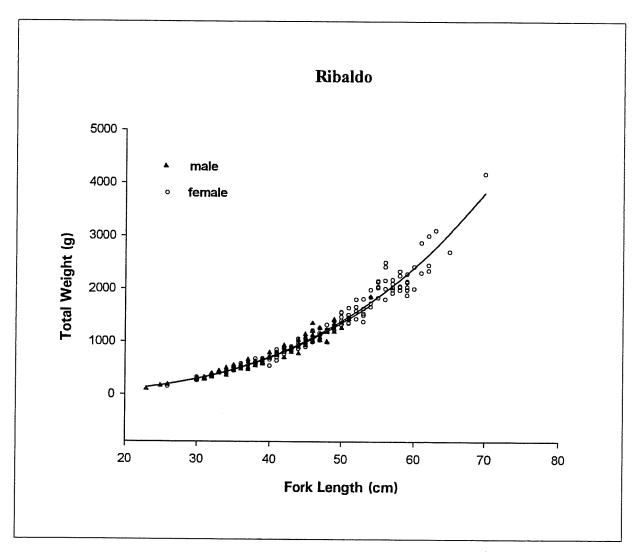


Figure 21.2: Length-weight relationship for male and female ribaldo (Mora moro).

Males:	a b	Coefficient 0.0124 2.9658	Std. Error 0.0038 0.0705	Adj Rsqr = $0.9569$ Length range: cm n = $104$
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9521
	a	0.0107	0.0029	Length range: cm
	b	3.0084	0.0679	n = 130

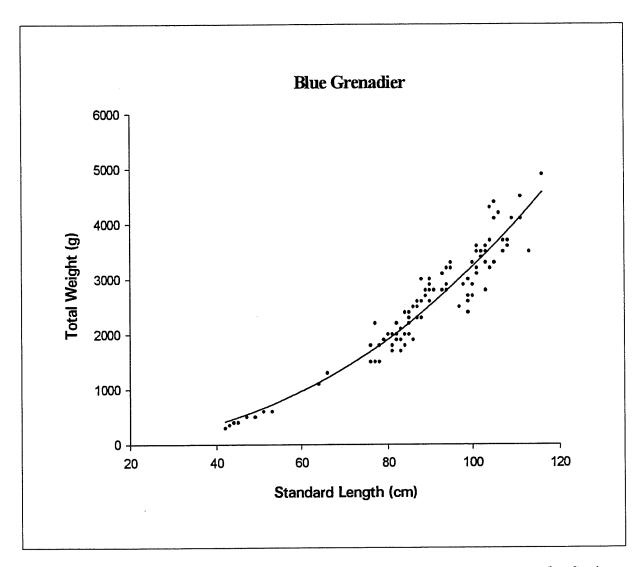


Figure 22: Length-weight relationship for blue grenadier (Macruronus novaezelandiae).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9155
a	0.0623	0.0261	Length range: 42-116 cm
b	2.3572	0.0908	n = 109

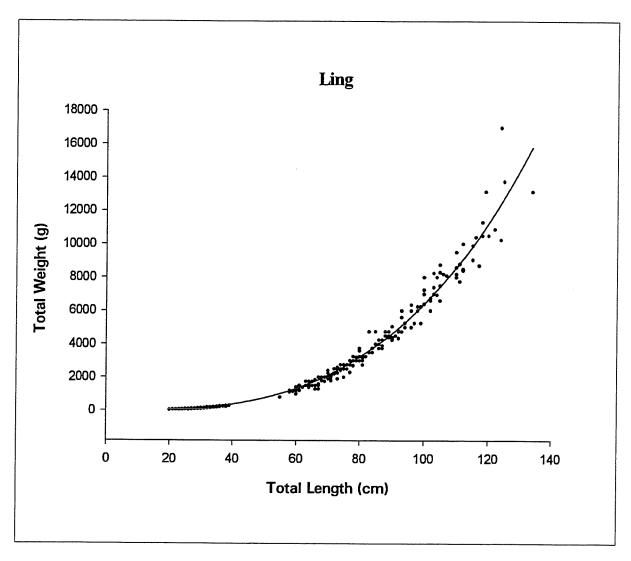


Figure 23: Length-weight relationship for ling (Genypterus blacodes).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9713
a	0.0043	0.001	Length range: 20-134 cm
b	3.0887	0.0481	n = 238

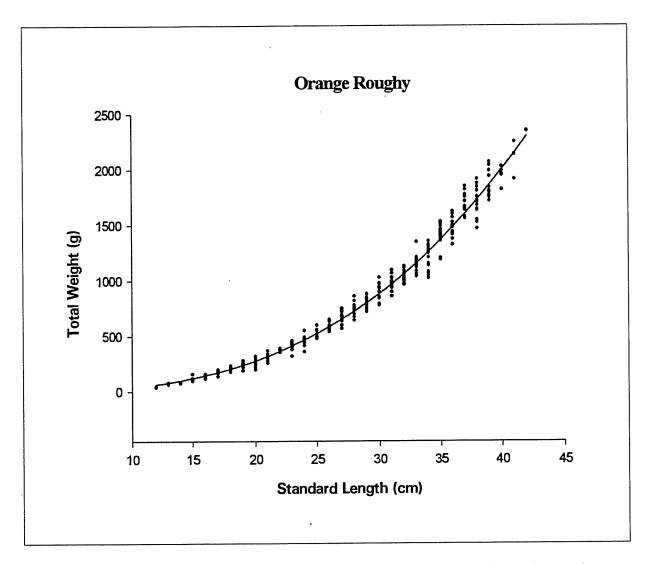


Figure 24.1: Length-weight relationship for orange roughy (Hoplostethus atlanticus).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9822
a	0.0543	0.0058	Length range: 12-42 cm
b	2.8507	0.0299	n = 300

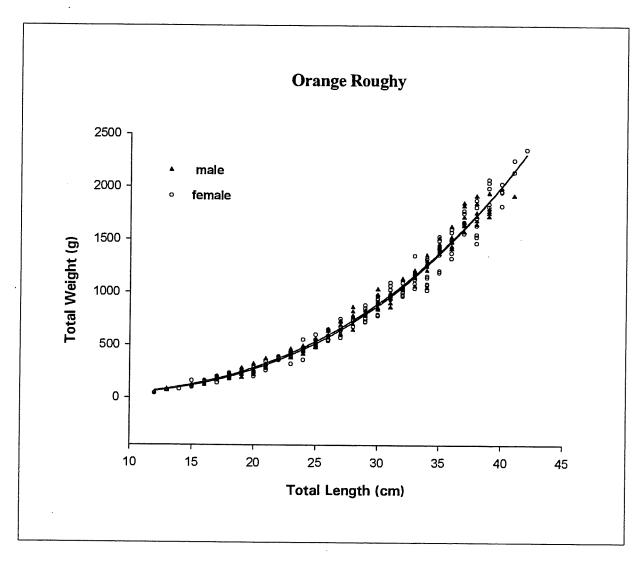


Figure 24.2: Length-weight relationship for male and female orange roughy (Hoplostethus atlanticus).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9860
	a	0.0627	0.0085	Length range: 12-41cm
	b	2.8118	0.038	n = 148
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9788
	a	0.0471	0.0077	Length range: 12-42 cm
	b	2.8894	0.0456	n = 152

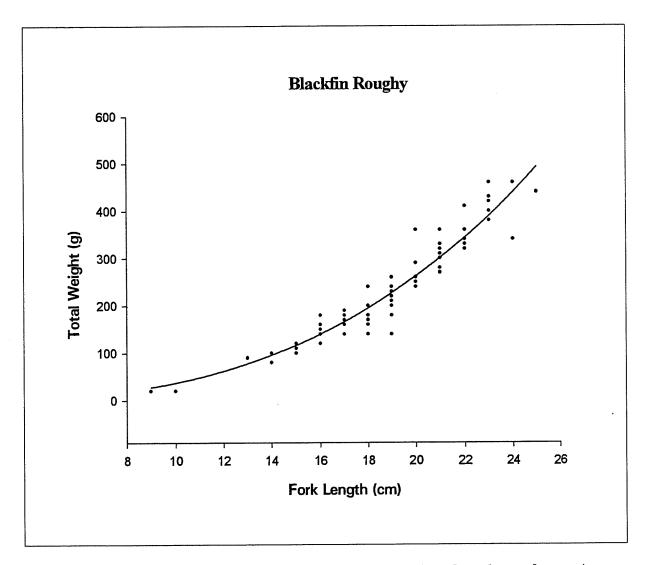


Figure 25: Length-weight relationship for blackfin roughy (Hoplostethus melanopus).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9219
a	0.0549	0.0148	Length range: 13-25 cm
b	2.8279	0.0893	n = 100

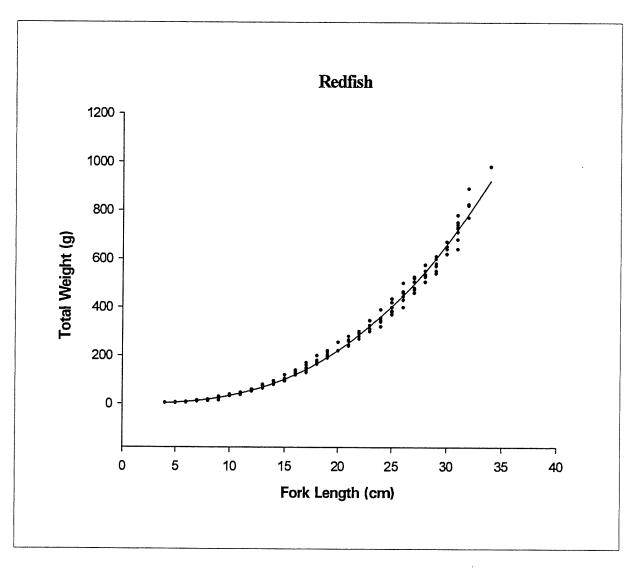


Figure 26.1: Length-weight relationship for redfish (Centroberyx affinis).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9926
a	0.0699	0.0063	Length range: 4-34 cm
b	2.6905	0.0269	n = 187

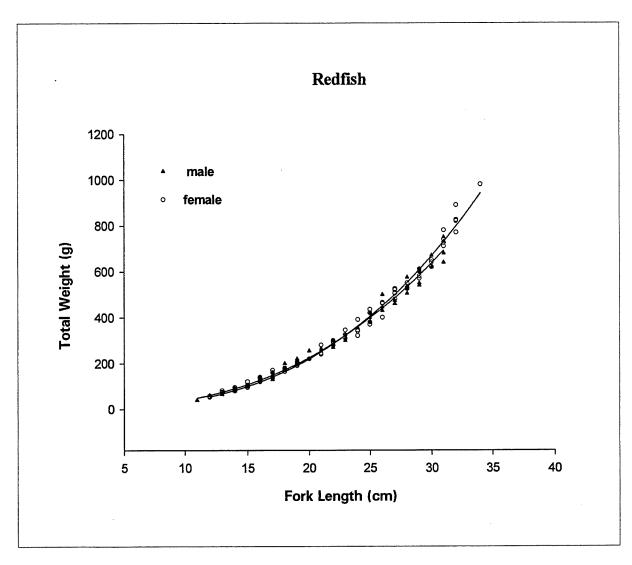


Figure 26.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female redfish (Centroberyx affinis).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9893
	a	0.1039	0.0146	Length range: 11-31 cm
	b	2.5644	0.0428	n = 68
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = $0.99078$
	a	0.059	0.0081	Length range: 12-34 cm
	b	2.7447	0.041	n = 77

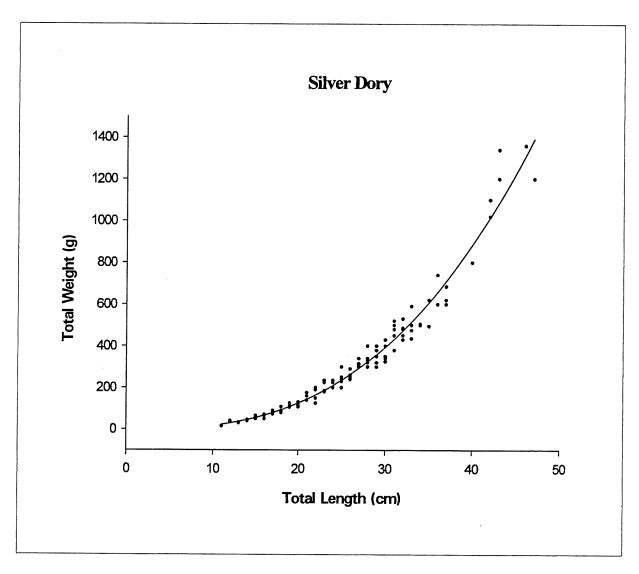


Figure 27: Length-weight relationship for silver dory (Cyttus australis).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9697
a	0.0278	0.0048	Length range: 11-47 cm
b	2.8106	0.0476	n = 130

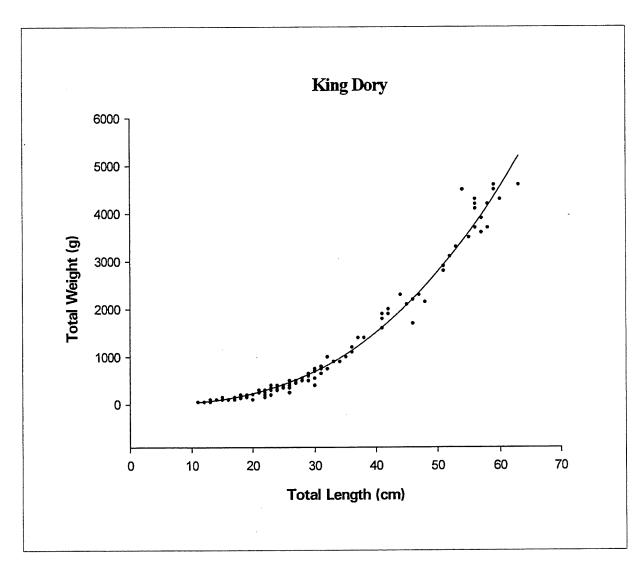


Figure 28: Length-weight relationship for king dory (Cyttus traversi).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsq=0.9825
a	0.0672	0.0131	Length range: 11-63 cm
b	2.7171	0.0491	n = 131

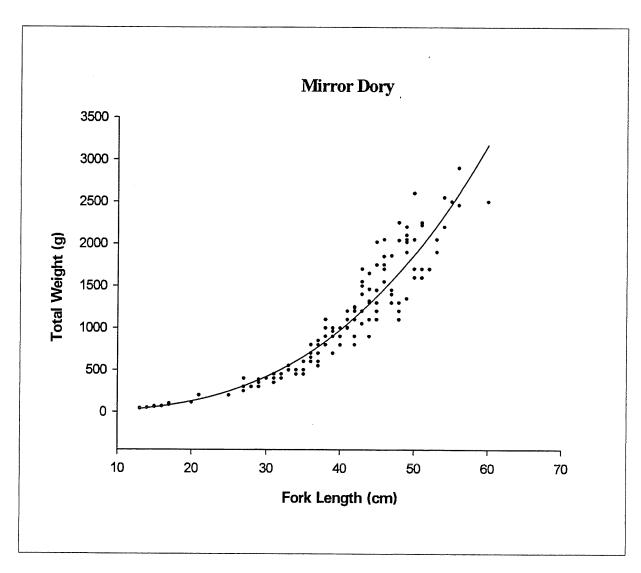


Figure 29: Length-weight relationship for mirror dory (Zenopsis nebulosus).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.8931
a	0.0211	0.0083	Length range: 13-60 cm
b	2.9113	0.1008	n = 157

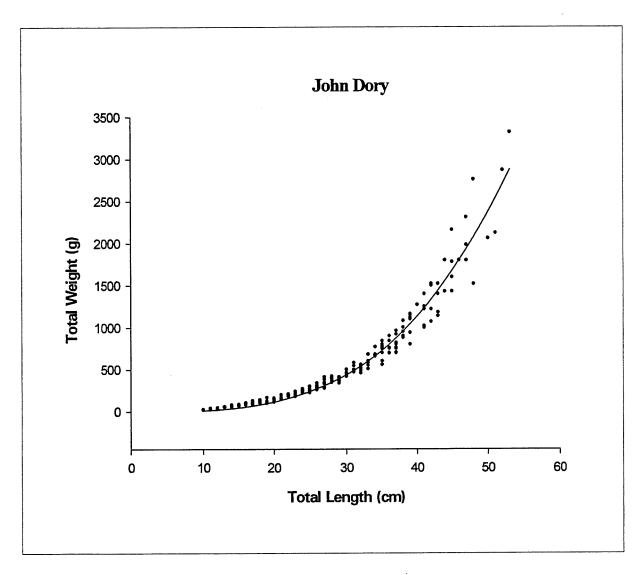


Figure 30.1: Length-weight relationship for john dory (Zeus faber).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9613
a	0.0056	0.0012	Length range: 10-53 cm
b	3.3128	0.0574	n = 225

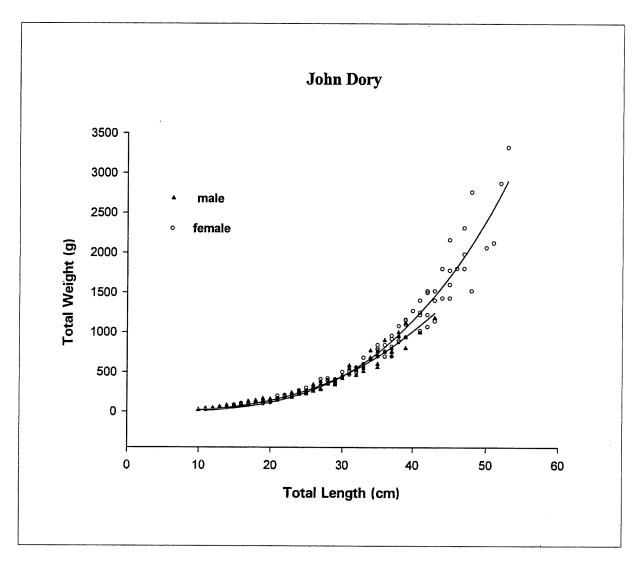


Figure 30.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female john dory (Zeus faber).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9704
	a	0.0287	0.0073	Length range: 10-43 cm
	b	2.8391	0.0714	n = 102
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9582
	a	0.0062	0.0021	Length range: 11-53 cm
	b	3.2867	0.0883	n = 123

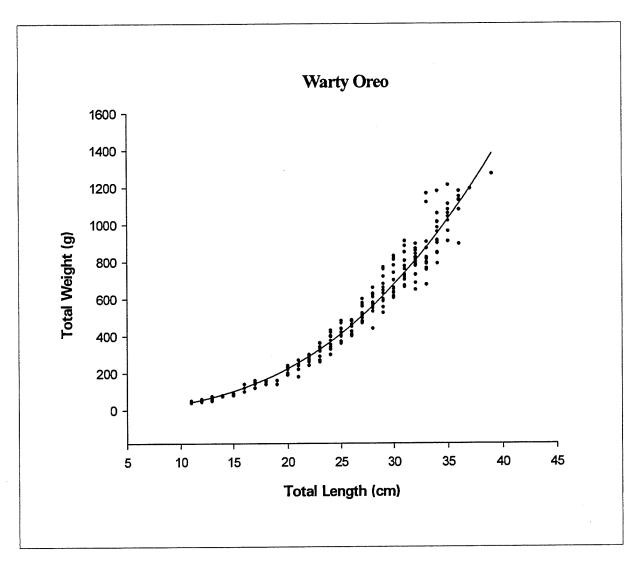


Figure 31.1: Length-weight relationship for warty oreo (Allocyttus verrucosus).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9574
a	0.0644	0.0114	Length range: 11-39 cm
b	2.723	0.0514	n = 240

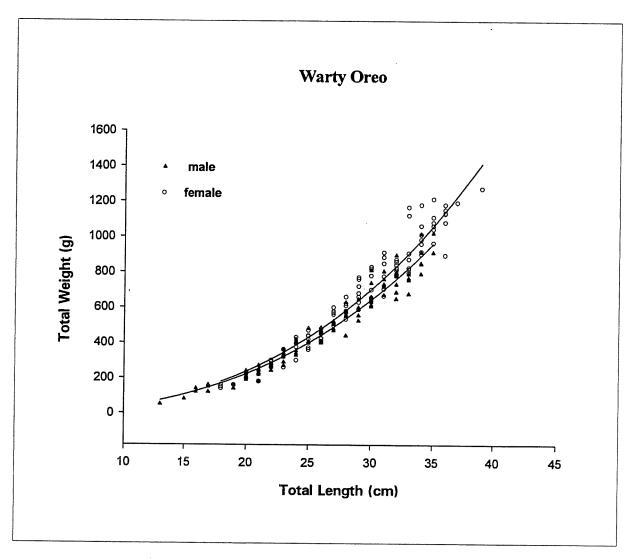


Figure 31.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female warty oreo (Allocyttus verrucosus).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9540
	a	0.0911	0.0219	Length range: 13-35 cm
	b	2.6053	0.0703	n = 100
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9394
	а	0.08	0.0216	Length range: 18-39 cm
	b	2.6695	0.0771	n = 111

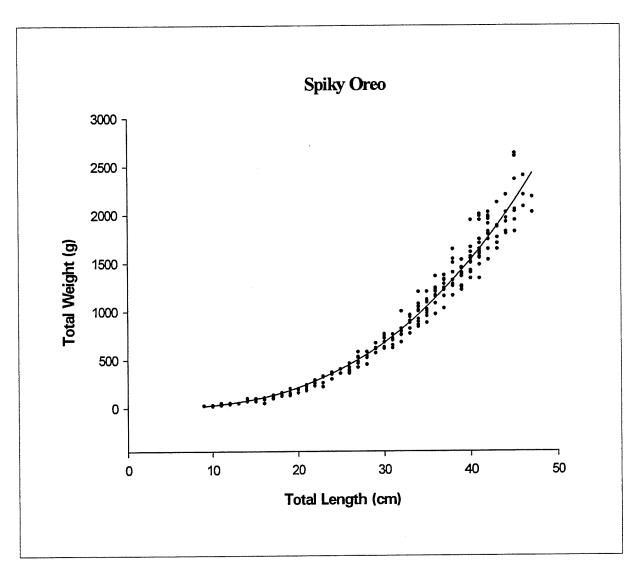


Figure 32.1: Length-weight relationship for spiky oreo (Neocyttus rhomboidalis).

	Coefficient '	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9678
а	0.0422	0.0076	Length range: 9-47 cm
b	2.8467	0.049	n=256

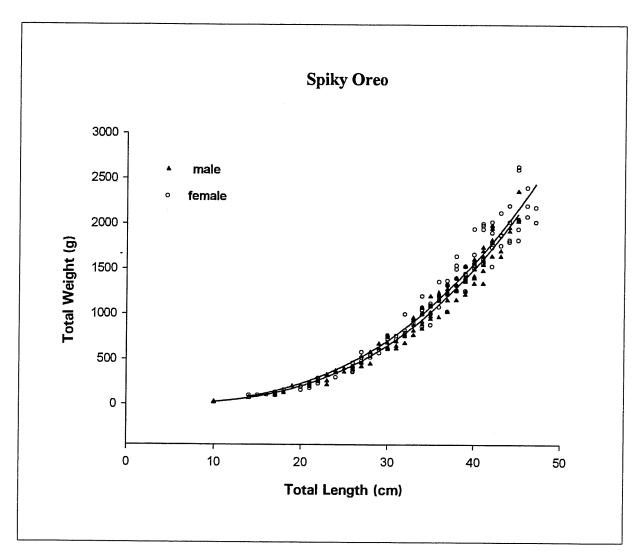


Figure 32.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female spiky oreo (*Neocyttus rhomboidalis*).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9743
	a	0.0352	0.0083	Length range: 10-45 cm
	b	2.8893	0.0637	n = 111
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9533
	a	0.0585	0.0168	Length range: 14-47 cm
	b	2.763	0.0774	n = 121

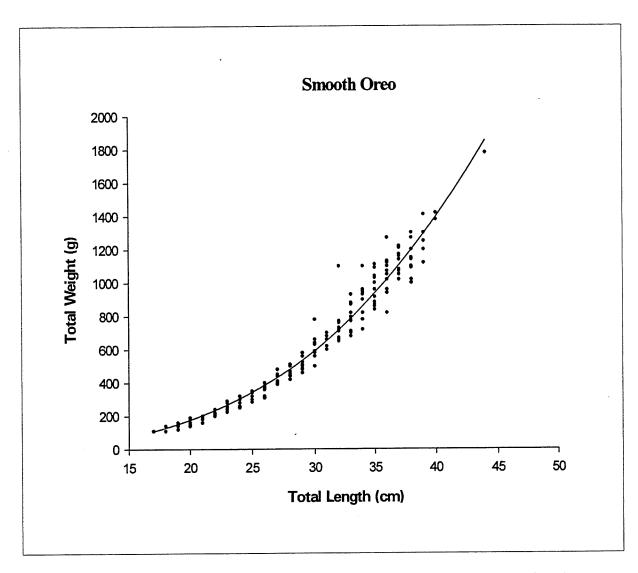


Figure 33.1: Length-weight relationship for smooth oreo (Pseudocyttus maculatus).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9616
a	0.0232	0.0043	Length range: 17-44 cm
b	2.9837	0.0526	n = 205

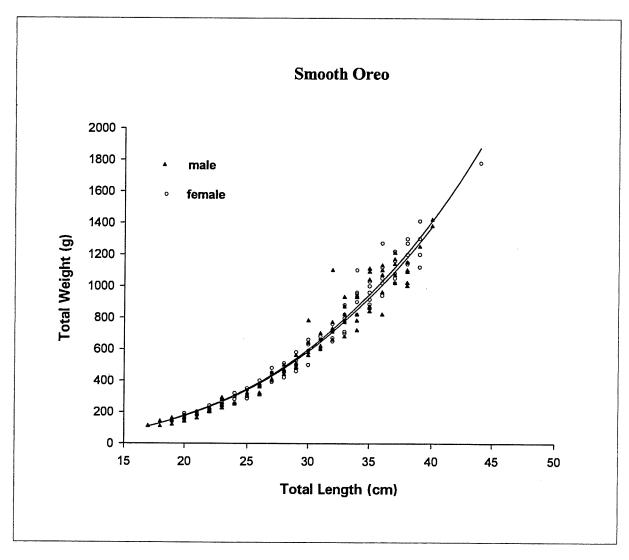


Figure 33.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female smooth oreo (*Pseudocyttus maculatus*).

Males:	a b	Coefficient 0.0244 2.9658	Std. Error 0.007 0.0812	Adj Rsqr = 0.9532 Length range: 17-40 cm n = 109
Females:	a b	Coefficient 0.0234 2.9835	Std. Error 0.0056 0.0672	Adj Rsqr = 0.9694 Length range: 19-44 cm n = 96

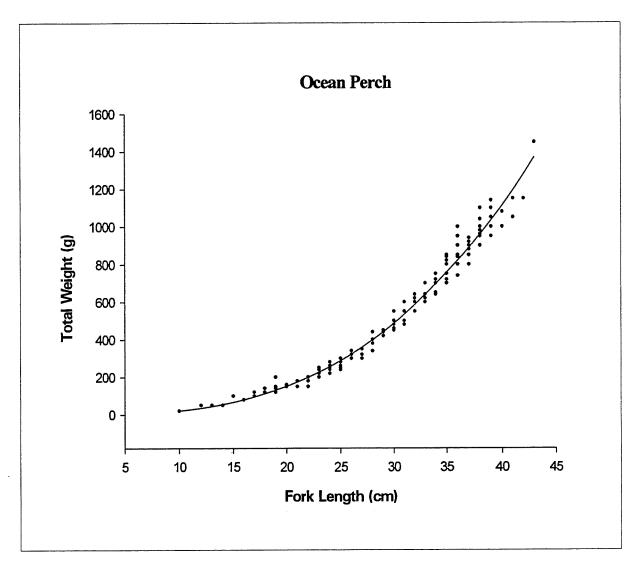


Figure 34: Length-weight relationship for ocean perch (Helicolenus barathri).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = $0.9798$
a	0.0274	0.0037	Length range: 10-43 cm
b	2.877	0.0376	n = 203

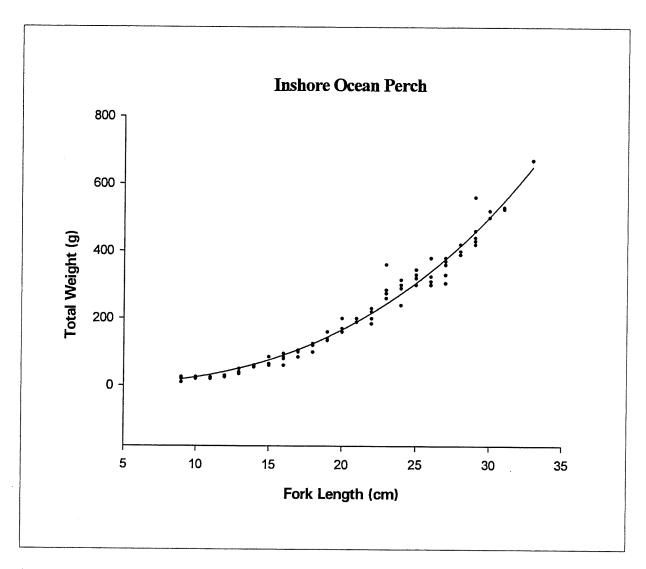


Figure 35: Length-weight relationship for inshore ocean perch (Helicolenus percoides).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9736
a	0.0485	0.0105	Length range: 9-33 cm
b	2.718	0.0655	n = 95

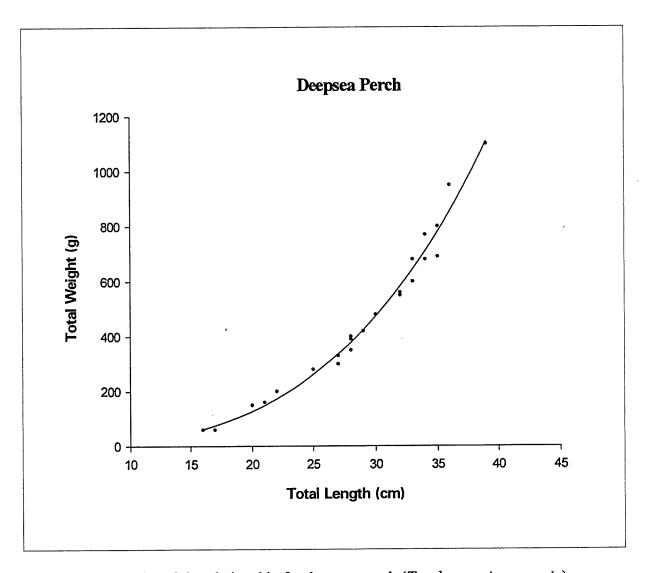


Figure 36: Length-weight relationship for deepsea perch (Trachyscorpia capensis).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9814
a	0.0076	0.0031	Length range: 16-39 cm
b	3.2465	0.1173	n = 25

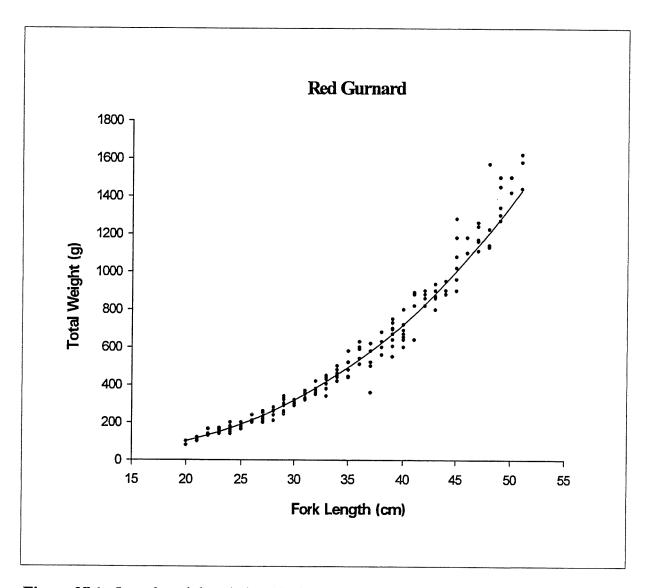


Figure 37.1: Length-weight relationship for red gurnard (Chelidonichthys kumu).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9669
a	0.0214	0.0045	Length range: 20-51 cm
b	2.8253	0.0442	n = 193

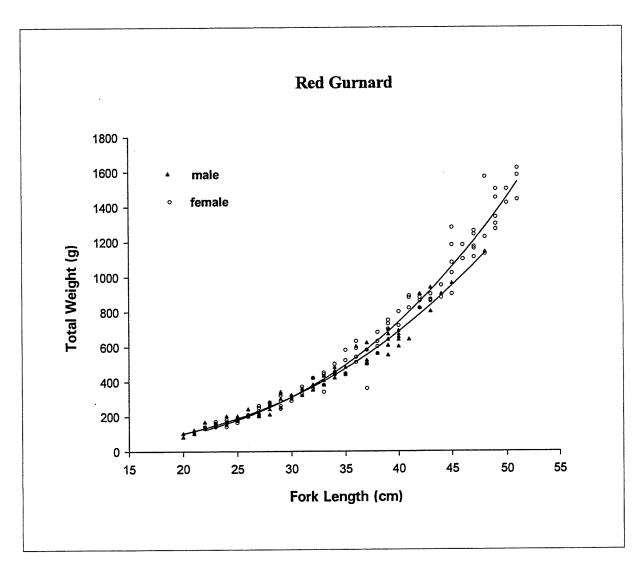


Figure 37.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female red gurnard (C. kumu).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9768
	a	0.0264	0.0052	Length range: 20-48 cm
	b	2.7558	0.0536	n = 84
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9765
	а	0.0109	0.0025	Length range: 22-51 cm
	b	3.0172	0.0595	n = 109

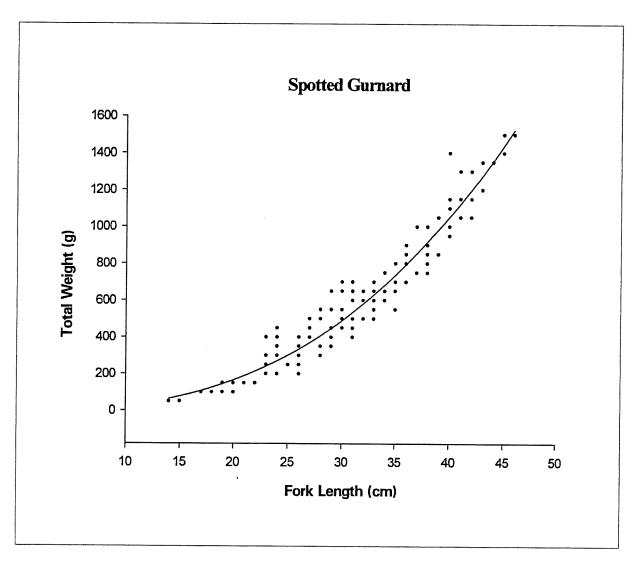


Figure 38: Length-weight relationship for spotted gurnard (Pterygotrigla andertoni).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9386
а	0.0575	0.0138	Length range: 14-46 cm
b	2.6603	0.0652	n = 156

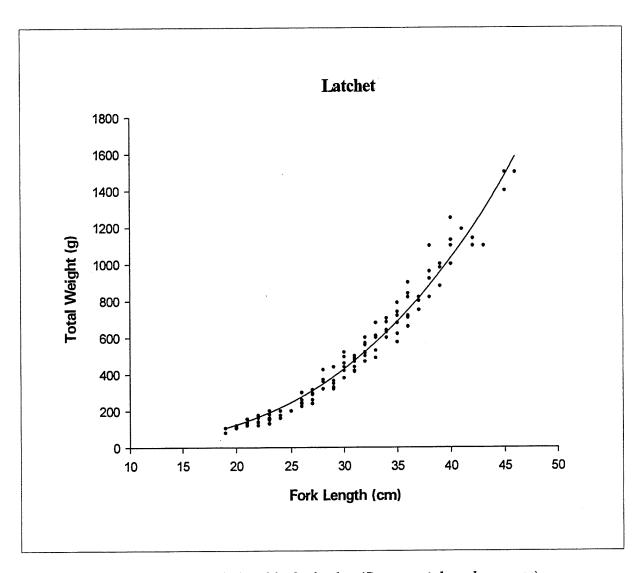


Figure 39.1: Length-weight relationship for latchet (Pterygotrigla polyommata).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9687
а	0.0131	0.0026	Length range: 14-46 cm
b	3.0574	0.0544	n = 131

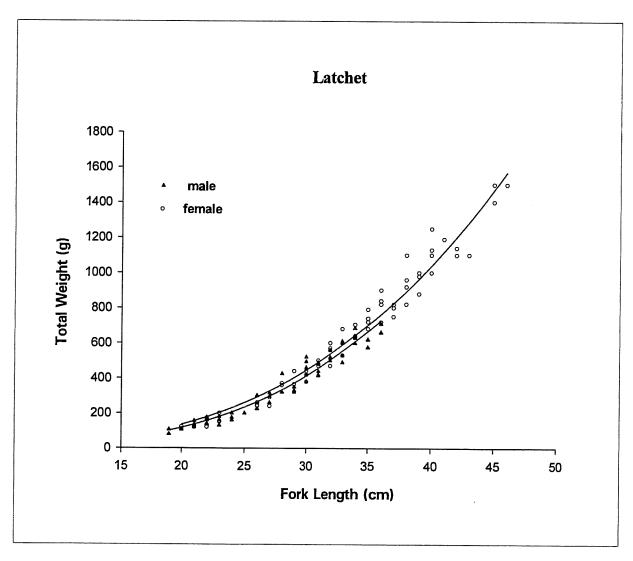


Figure 39.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female latchet (*Pterygotrigla polyommata*).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9485
	а	0.0107	0.0043	Length range: 19-36 cm
	b	3.1049	0.117	n = 60
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9669
	а	0.0199	0.0058	Length range: 20-46 cm
	b	2.9447	0.0788	n = 71

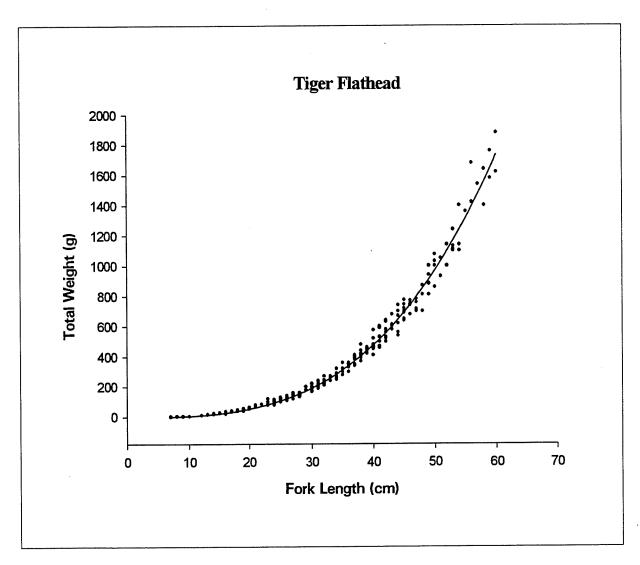


Figure 40.1: Length-weight relationship for tiger flathead (Neoplatycephalus richardsoni).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9868
a	0.0036	0.0004	Length range: 7-60 cm
b	3.1951	0.0301	n=274

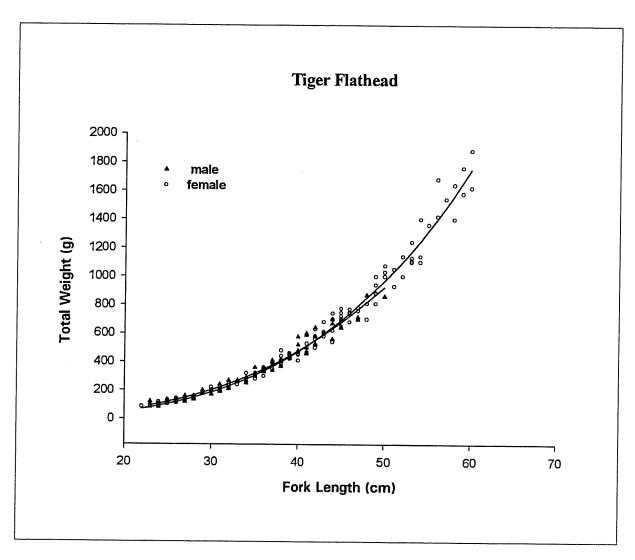


Figure 40.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female tiger flathead (Neoplatycephalus richardsoni).

Males:	a b	Coefficient 0.0082 2.9738	Std. Error 0.0019 0.0619	Adj Rsqr = 0.9748 Length range: 23-50 cm n = 88
Females:	a b	Coefficient 0.0031 3.2335	Std. Error 0.0006 0.0512	Adj Rsqr = 0.9813 Length range: 22-60 cm n = 123

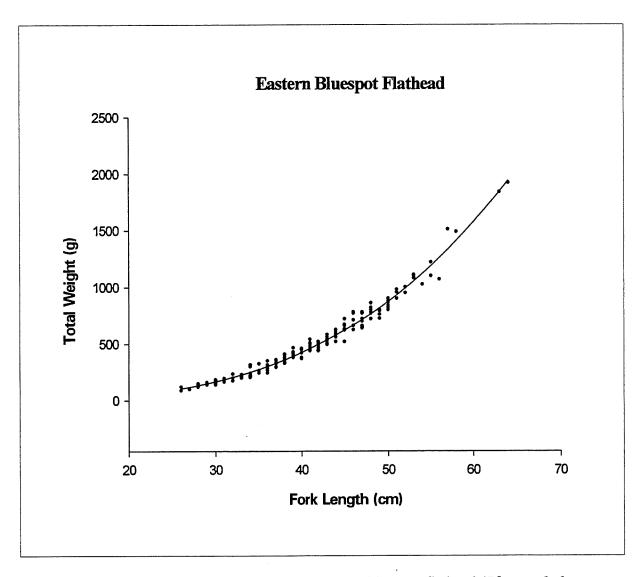


Figure 41.1: Length-weight relationship for eastern bluespot flathead (*Platycephalus caeruleopunctatus*).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9823
a	0.0028	0.0004	Length range: 26-64 cm
b	3.236	0.0336	n = 175

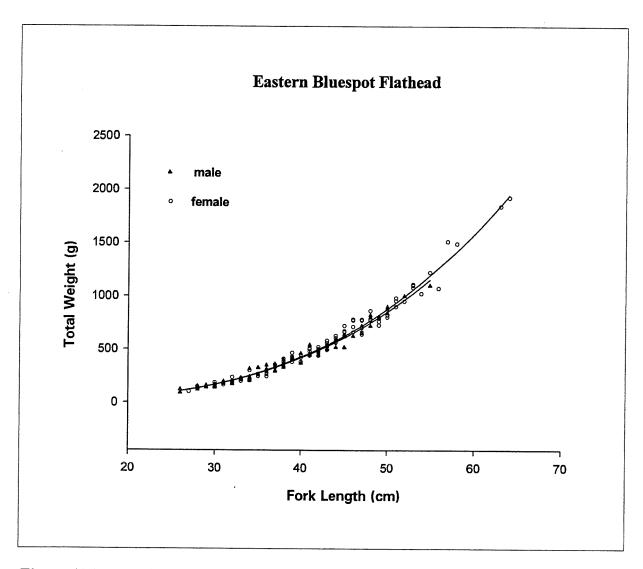


Figure 41.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female eastern bluespot flathead (*Platycephalus caeruleopunctatus*).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9812
	a	0.0035	0.0007	Length range: 26-55 cm
	b	3.1694	0.0547	n = 77
Females:	a b	Coefficient 0.0029 3.2239	Std. Error 0.0005 0.0472	Adj Rsqr = 0.9809 Length range: 27-64 cm n = 98

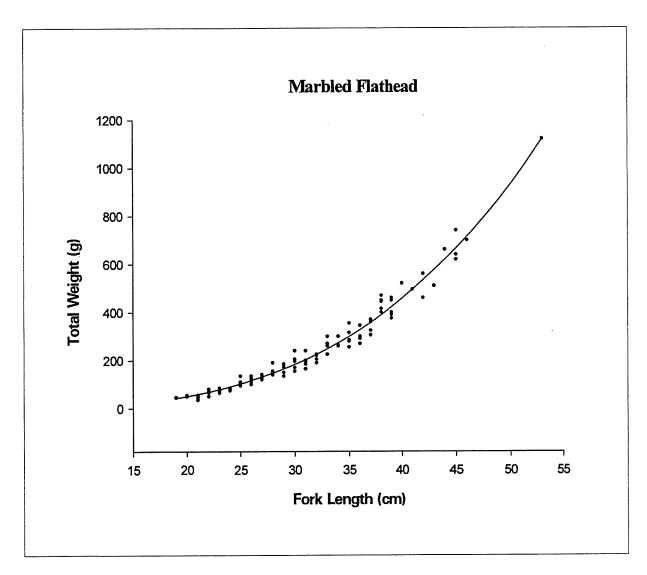


Figure 42: Length-weight relationship for marbled flathead (Platycephalus marmoratus).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9767
а	0.0037	0.0007	Length range: 19-53 cm
b	3.1791	0.049	n = 111

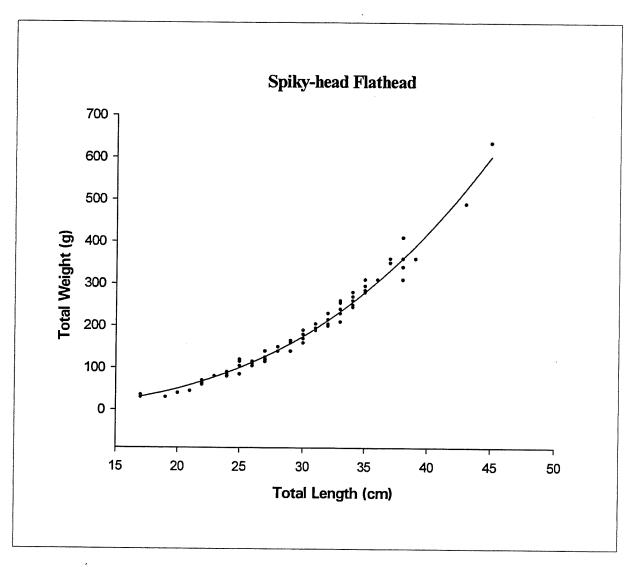


Figure 43: Length-weight relationship for spiky-head flathead (Ratabulus diversidens).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9799
а	0.0056	0.0011	Length range: 17-45 cm
b	3.046	0.0546	n = 81

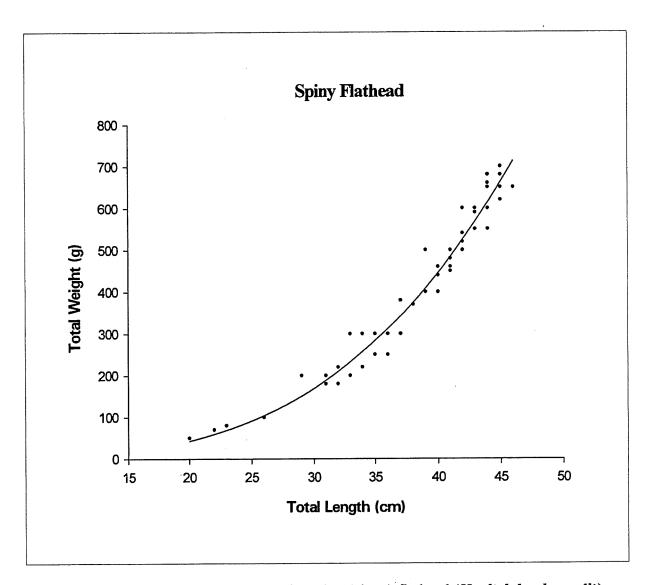


Figure 44: Length-weight relationship for spiny (ghost) flathead (Hoplichthys haswelli).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9556
а	0.0017	0.0008	Length range: 20-46 cm
b	3.3752	0.1271	n = 62

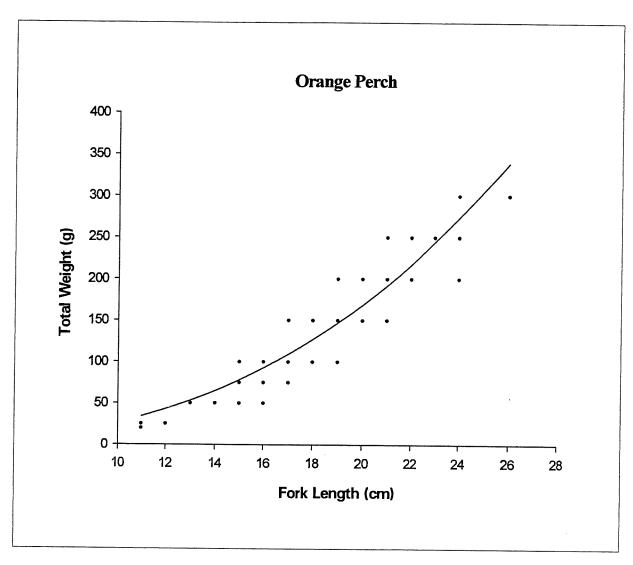


Figure 45: Length-weight relationship for orange perch (Lepidoperca pulchella).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.8330
a	0.0571	0.0199	Length range: 11-26 cm
b	2.6671	0.0966	n = 190

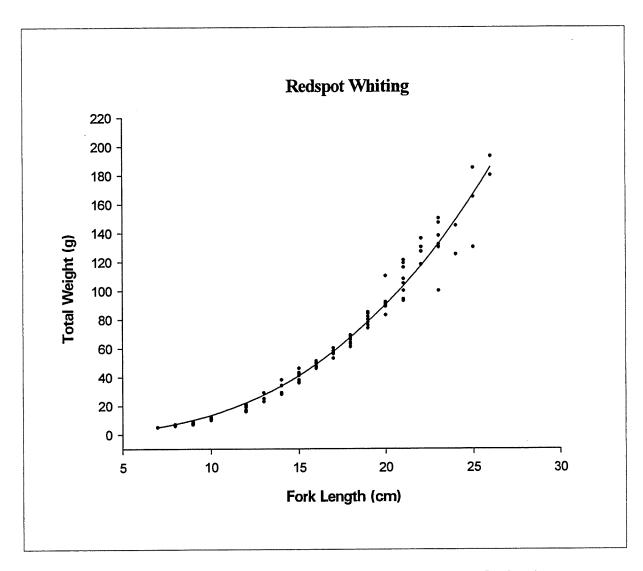


Figure 46.1: Length-weight relationship for redspot whiting (Sillago flindersi).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9658
а	0.024	0.005	Length range: 7-26 cm
b	2.748	0.067	n = 96

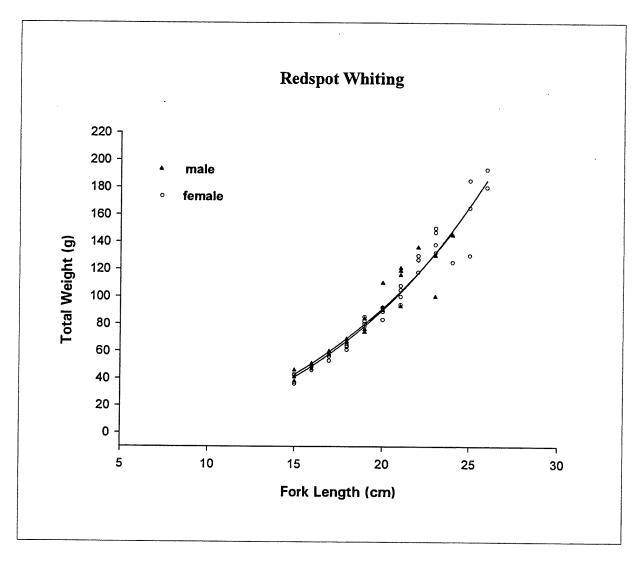


Figure 46.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female redspot whiting (Sillago flindersi).

Males:	a b	Coefficient 0.0353 2.6236	Std. Error 0.0173 0.1629	Adj Rsqr = $0.8993$ Length range: $15-24$ cm n = 32
Females:	a b	Coefficient 0.0247 2.7383	Std. Error 0.0086 0.1114	Adj Rsqr = $0.9500$ Length range: $15-26$ cm n = 40

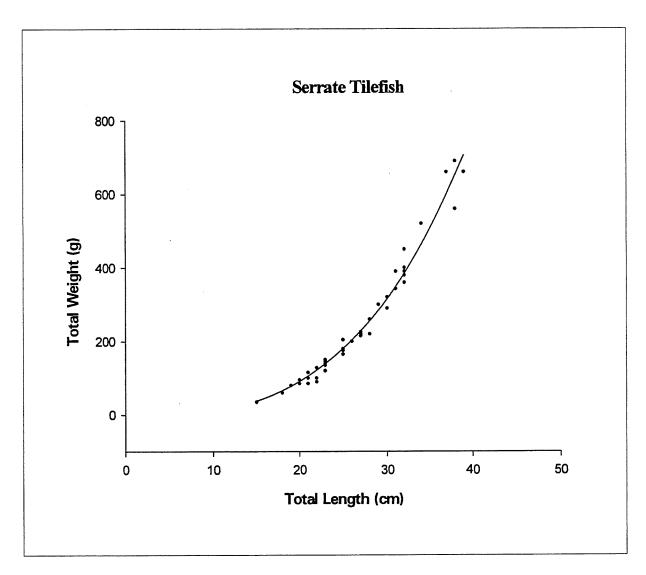


Figure 47: Length-weight relationship for serrate tilefish (Branchiostegus serratus).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9736
a	0.0093	0.0029	Length range: 15-32 cm
b	3.0662	0.0886	n = 42

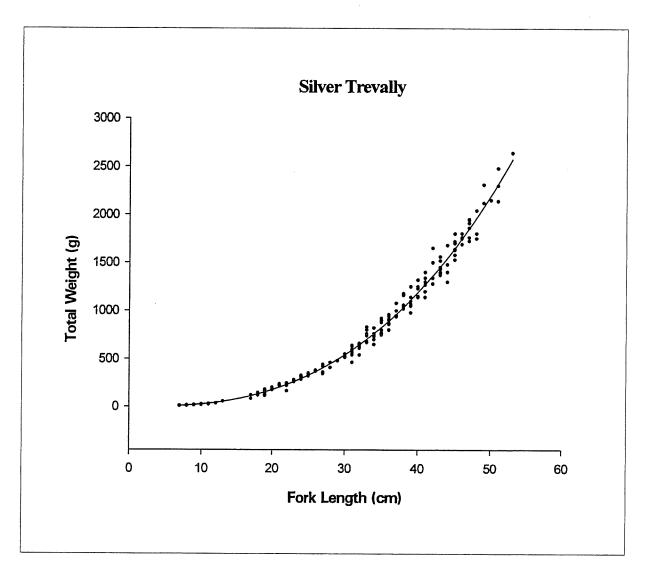


Figure 48.1: Length-weight relationship for silver trevally (Pseudocaranx dentex).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9887
a	0.0486	0.0054	Length range: 7-53 cm
b	2.7398	0.0296	n = 211

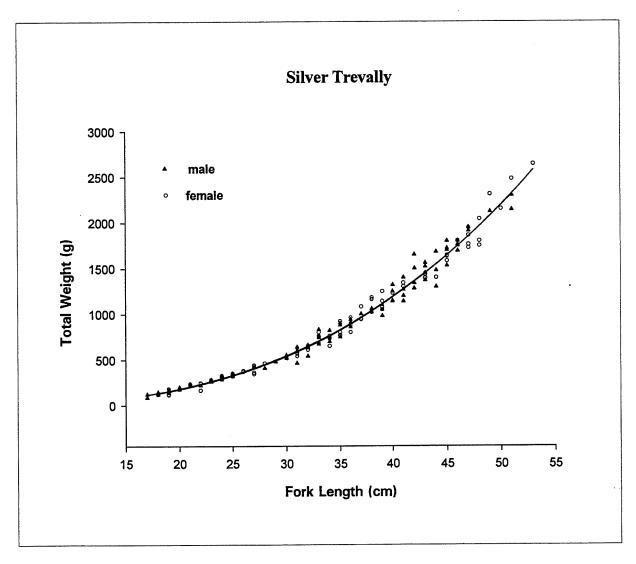


Figure 48.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female silver trevally (*Pseudocaranx dentex*).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9846
	a	0.0531	0.0097	Length range: 17-51 cm
	b	2.7169	0.0485	n = 96
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = $0.9877$
	a	0.0452	0.007	Length range: 18-53 cm
	b	2.7588	0.0413	n = 92

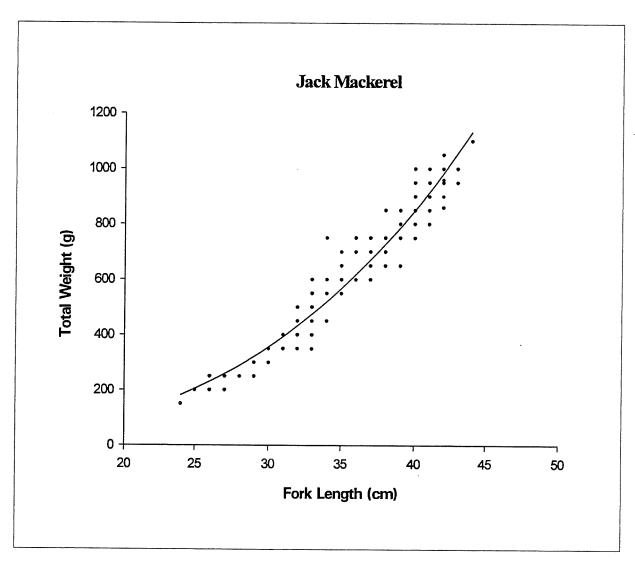


Figure 49: Length-weight relationship for jack mackerel (Trachurus declivis).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9305
a	0.0124	0.0042	Length range: 24-44 cm
b	3.019	0.0934	n = 111

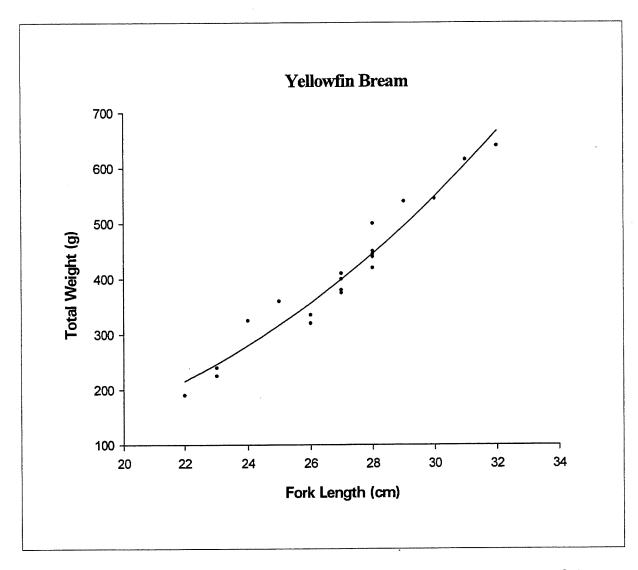


Figure 50: Length-weight relationship for yellowfin bream (Acanthopagrus australis).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9448
a	0.0193	0.0113	Length range: 22-32 cm
b	3.0148	0.1748	n = 20

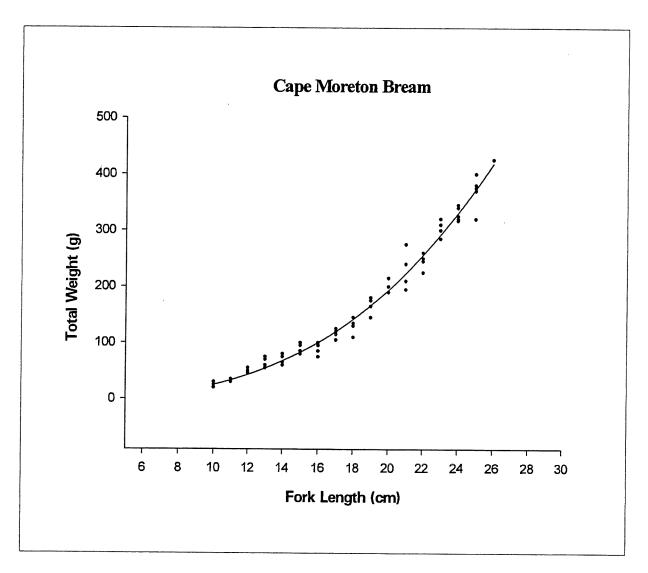
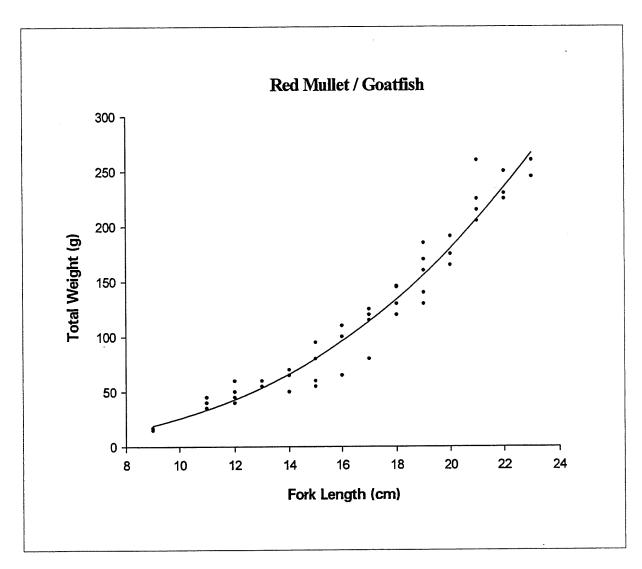


Figure 51: Length-weight relationship for Cape Moreton bream (Allotaius spariformis).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.982
а	0.029	0.0055	Length range: 10-26 cm
b	2.9392	0.0611	n = 80



 $\textbf{Figure 52:} \ Length-weight \ relationship \ for \ red \ mullet \ (\textit{Upeneichthys lineatus}) \ .$ 

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9544
a	0.0395	0.0117	Length range: 9-23 cm
b	2.8126	0.0986	n = 58

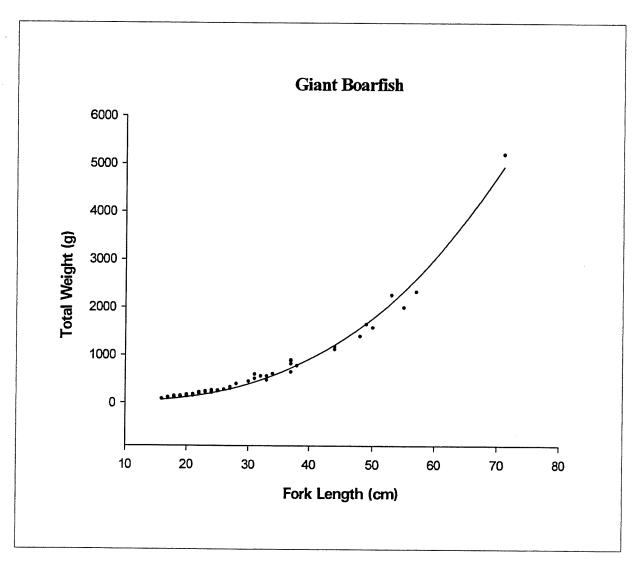


Figure 53: Length-weight relationship for giant boarfish (Paristiopterus labiosus).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9873
a	0.0185	0.0036	Length range: 16-71 cm
b	2.9308	0.0475	n = 65

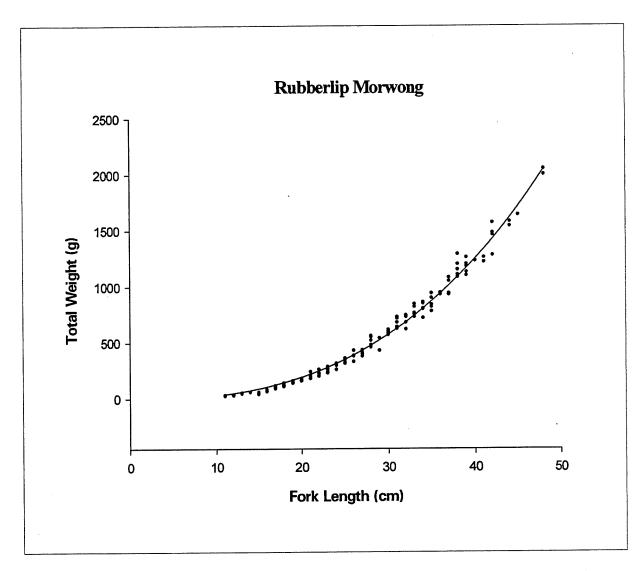


Figure 54: Length-weight relationship for rubberlip morwong (Nemadactylus douglasii).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9882
а	0.0584	0.0069	Length range: 11-48 cm
b	2.7033	0.0323	n = 141

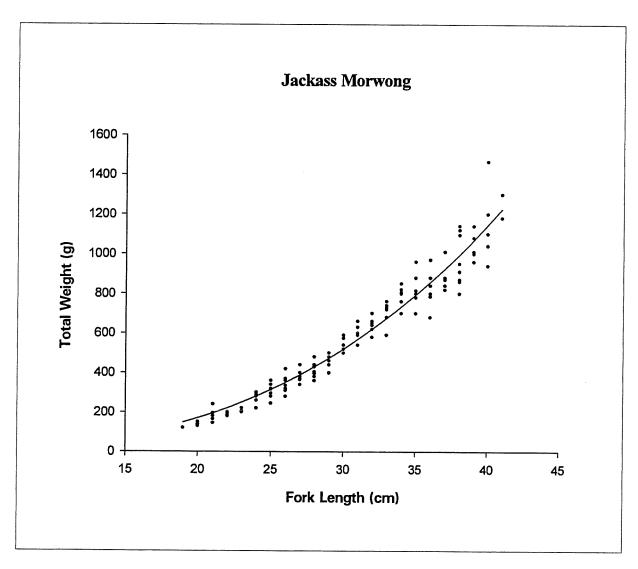


Figure 55.1: Length-weight relationship for jackass morwong (Nemadactylus macropterus).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = $0.9487$
a	0.0452	0.0102	Length range: 19-41 cm
b	2.7491	0.0634	n = 142

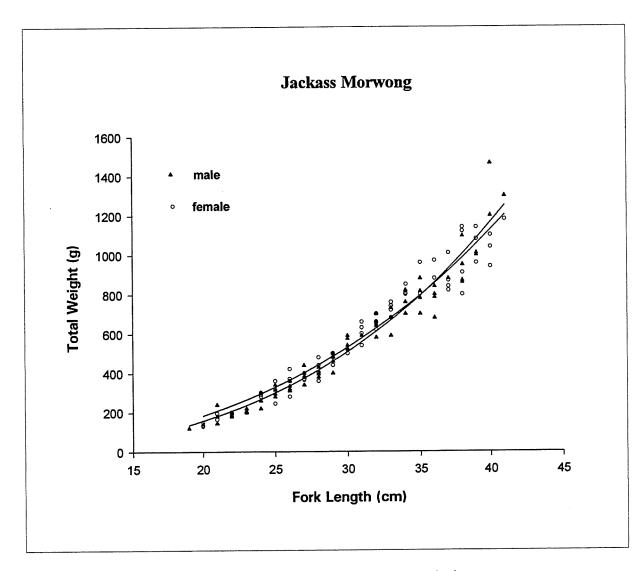


Figure 55.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female jackass morwong (Nemadactylus macropterus).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9542
	a	0.0279	0.0089	Length range: 19-41 cm
	b	2.8841	0.0887	n = 73
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9443
	a	0.0719	0.023	Length range: 20-41 cm
	b	2.6189	0.0896	n = 69

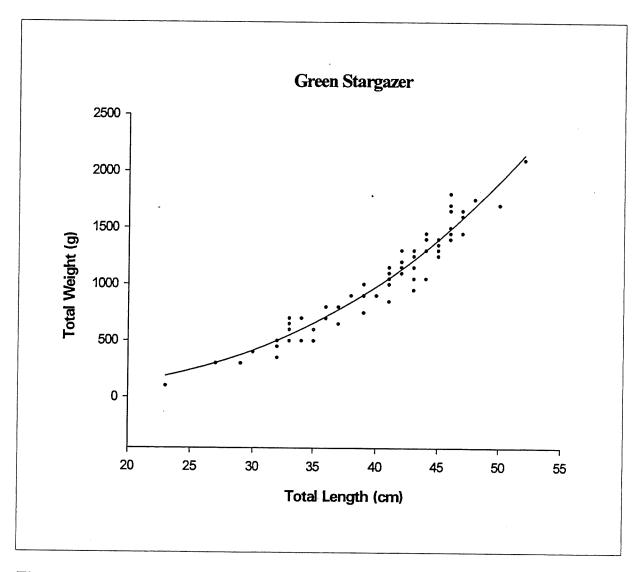


Figure 56: Length-weight relationship for green stargazer (Gnathagnus innotabilis).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.933
a	0.0162	0.0064	Length range: 23-52 cm
b	2.9857	0.1034	n = 86

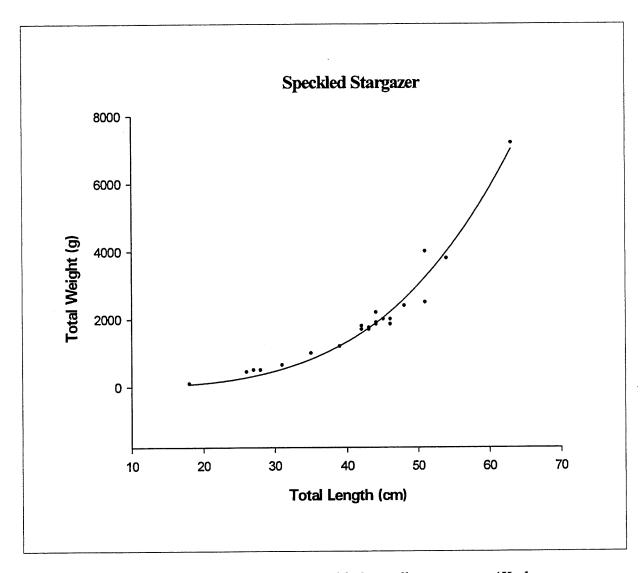


Figure 57: Length-weight relationship for speckled or yellow stargazer (Kathetostoma canaster).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9661
a	0.0018	0.0011	Length range: 18-63 cm
b	3.6655	0.1524	n=24

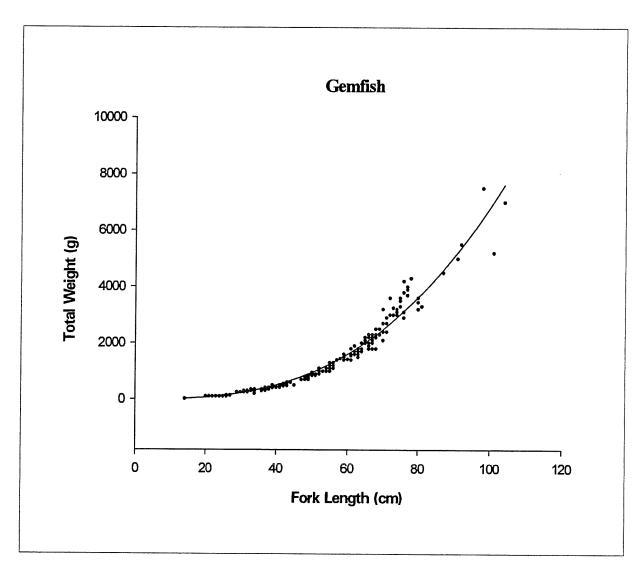


Figure 58: Length-weight relationship for gemfish (Rexea solandri).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9575
a	0.0147	0.0029	Length range: 14-104 cm
b	2.834	0.0454	n = 212

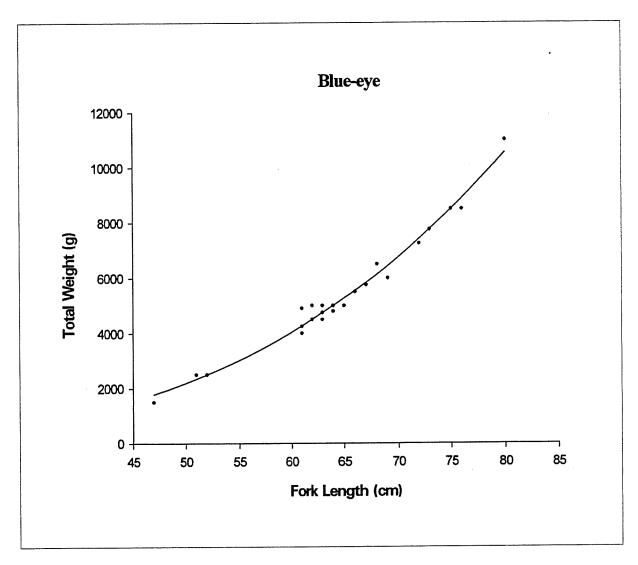


Figure 59: Length-weight relationship for blue-eye (Hyperoglyphe antarctica).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9772
а	0.0047	0.002	Length range: 47-80 cm
b	3.3374	0.0998	n=28

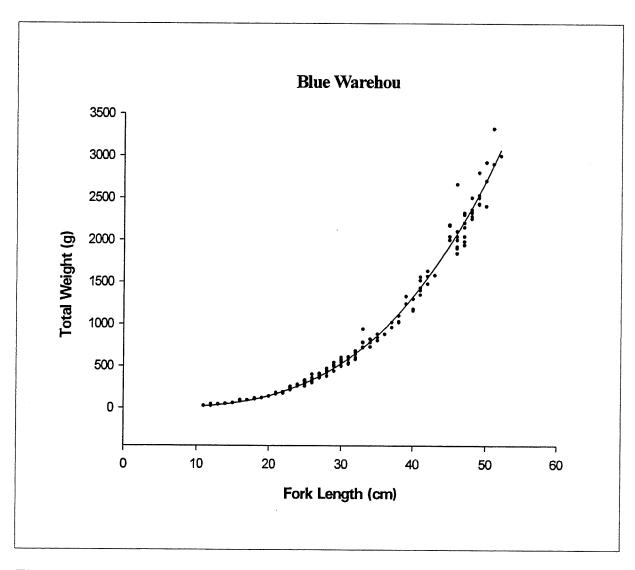


Figure 60.1: Length-weight relationship for blue warehou (Seriolella brama).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9873
a	0.01	0.0016	Length range: 11-52 cm
b	3.1965	0.0413	n = 174

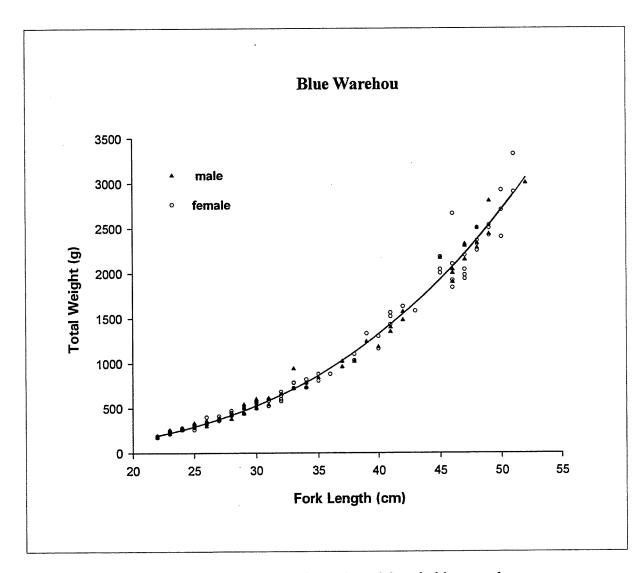


Figure 60.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female blue warehou (Seriolella brama).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9908
	а	0.0102	0.002	Length range: 22-52 cm
	b	3.1923	0.0516	n = 64
Females:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9802
	а	0.0098	0.0027	Length range: 22-51 cm
	b	3.2031	0.0708	n = 83

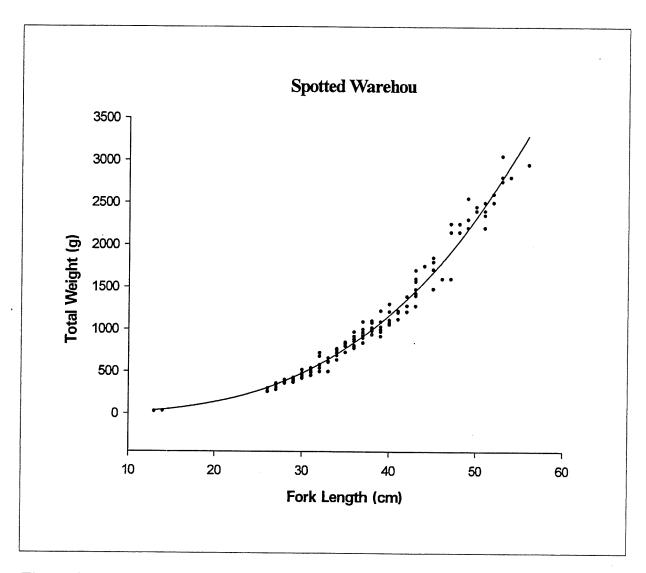


Figure 61.1: Length-weight relationship for spotted warehou (Seriolella punctata).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9788
a	0.0137	0.0021	Length range: 13-56 cm
b	3.0772	0.0404	n= 154

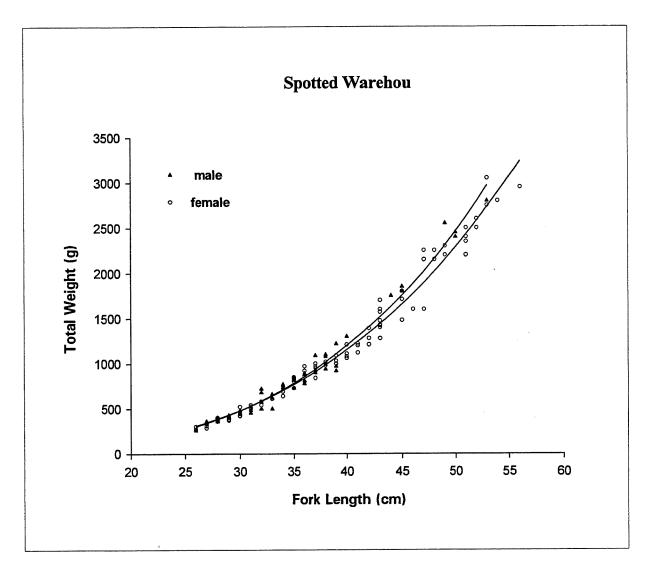


Figure 61.2: Length-weight relationships for male and female spotted warehou (Seriolella punctata).

Males:		Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9806
	a	0.0086	0.0018	Length range: 26-53 cm
	b	3.2116	0.0555	n = 60
Females:				
	а	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9785
	b	0.0144	0.003	Length range: 26-56 cm
		3.062	0.0549	n = 92

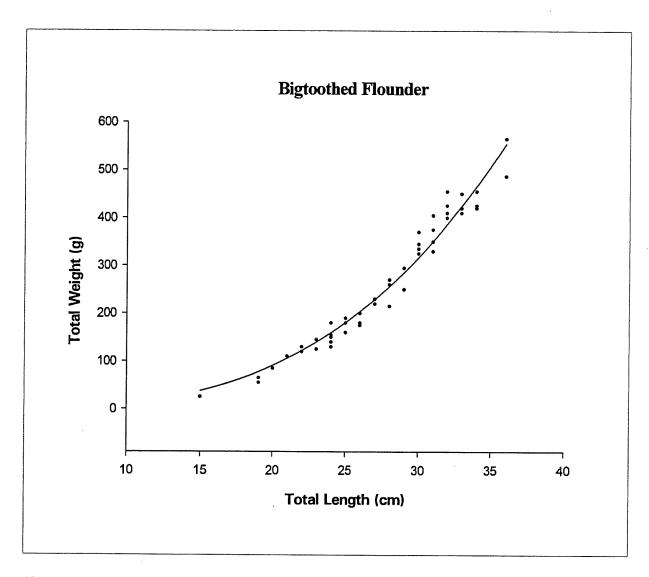


Figure 62: Length-weight relationship for bigtoothed flounder (Pseudorhombus arsius).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = $0.9613$
a	0.0092	0.0034	Length range: 15-36 cm
b	3.0705	0.1076	n = 50

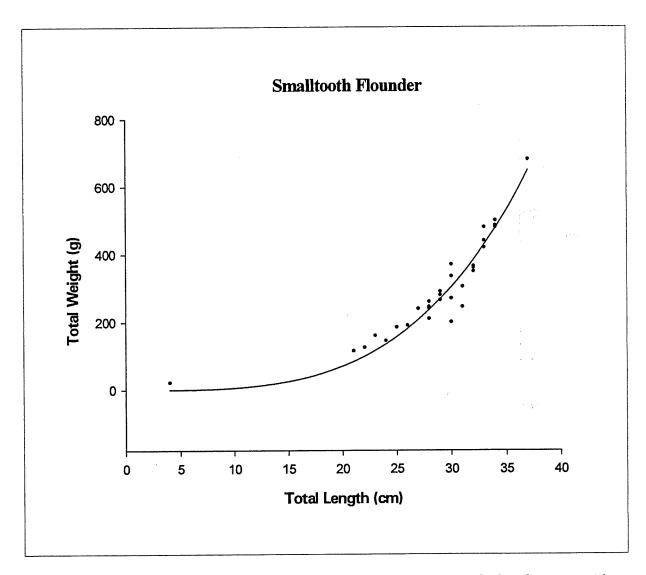


Figure 63: Length-weight relationship for smalltooth flounder (Pseudorhombus jenynsii).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9367
а	0.0014	0.001	Length range: 4-37 cm
b	3.6222	0.1995	n = 35

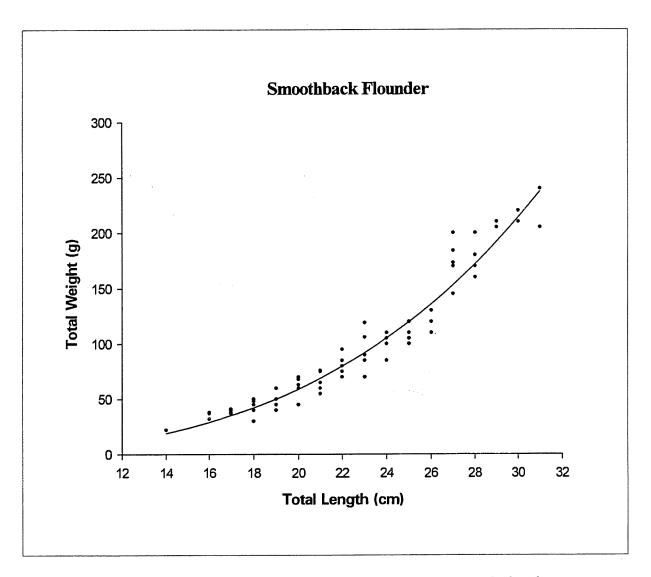


Figure 64: Length-weight relationship for smoothback flounder (*Pseudorhombus tenuirastrum*).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9431
a	0.0043	0.0016	Length range: 14-31 cm
b	3.1769	0.1087	n = 72

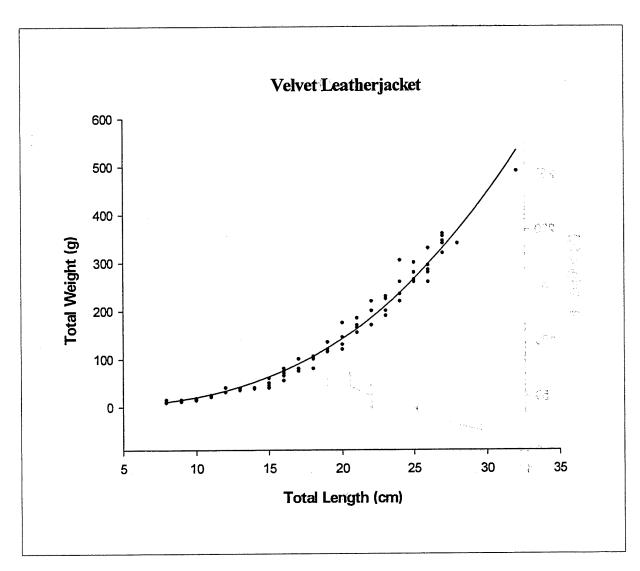


Figure 65: Length-weight relationship for velvet leatherjacket (Meuschenia scaber).

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Adj Rsqr = 0.9773
a	0.0309	0.0062	Length range: 8-32 cm
b	2.8153	0.0621	n = 88

## Other titles in this series:

## ISSN 1442-0147

- No. 1 Otway, N.M. and Parker, P.C., 1999. A review of the biology and ecology of the grey nurse shark (*Carcharias taurus*) Rafinesque 1810.
- No. 2 Graham, K.J., 1999. Trawl fish length-weight relationships from data collected during FRV *Kapala* surveys.

