ATTACHMENT SS2

REGION 2 SENSITIVE SPECIES EVALUATION FORM

Species: Senecio indecorus / Plains Ragwort (S. pauciflorus var. fallax; Packera indecora)

Criteria	Rank	Rationale	Literature Citations			
Distribution within R2	A	Region 2 is at the southern edge of Plains Ragwort's distribution. Within Wyoming, it is known only from the Clarks Fork Valley in the foothills of the Beartooth Range in Park County on the Shoshone National Forest. It is not known from any other Region 2 state. In Wyoming, this taxon is found at approximately 6,900 to 7,200 feet in elevation in moist woodlands, mossy bogs with <i>Equisetum</i> and <i>Carex</i> , wet areas along creeks and meadows. Its range in the state is very limited. Confidence in Rank High	 Cronquist 1955 Dorn 2001 Fertig 1998 NatureServe 2002 University of Wyoming 1998 			
2 Distribution outside R2	С	Outside of Region 2, Plains Ragwort is known from British Columbia to Quebec and south to Washington, northern California, Idaho, and Wyoming.	Cronquist 1955NatureServe 2002			
		Confidence in Rank High				
3 Dispersal Capability	CD	It may be inferred that the bristly pappus is appropriate for wind dispersal across unsuitable habitat.	Cronquist 1955			
		Confidence in Rank High				
4 Abundance in R2	A	In Wyoming, Plains Ragwort is known only from 1-2 locations, (separated by ca 2-3 miles) last observed in 1980. Population estimates are not available for these populations, but the total area of occupied habitat appears to be small. This taxon is ranked "S1" in Wyoming.	 Fertig 1998 NatureServe 2002 University of Wyoming 1998 USDA Forest Service 2001 WYNDD 2002 			
		Confidence in Rank High				
5 Population Trend in R2	D	Not known.	• -			
		Confidence in Rank High				

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Species: Senecio indecorus / Plains Ragwort (S. pauciflorus var. fallax; Packera indecora) Literature Citations Rank Rationale Criteria Not known. D 6 Habitat Trend in R2 Confidence in Rank High Plains Ragwort may be impacted by grazing or logging. It occurs on lands managed 7 BD Fertig 1998 for multiple use by the Shoshone National Forest. University of Wyoming 1998 Habitat **WYNDD 2002** Vulnerability Modification Confidence in Rank High Plains Ragwort is a perennial forb. Flowering and fruiting occur from July through Cronquist 1955 8 D August. Life History and Additional information on the species, including life history stages, population Demographics structure, longevity, mortality, pollination biology and seed biology, are not available. Confidence in Rank High Initial Evaluator(s): Date: July 11, 2002 Joy Handley, Bonnie Heidel and Scott Laursen

National Forests in the Rocky Mountain Region where species is KNOWN (K) or LIKELY(L)¹ to occur:

¹ Likely is defined as more likely to occur than not occur on the National Forest or Grassland. This generally can be thought of as having a 50% chance or greater of appearing on NFS lands.

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Colorado NF/NG		Kansas NF/NG			Nebraska <u>NF/NG</u>			South Dakota			Wyoming NF/NG		
	Known		Known	Likely		Known	Likely	<u>NF/NG</u>	Known	Likely		Known	Likely
Arapaho-Roosevelt NF		Cimmaron NG			Samuel R.McKelvie NF			Black Hills NF			Shoshone NF	X	
White River NF					Halsey NF			Buffalo Gap NG			Bighorn NF		
Routt NF					Nebraska NF			Ft. Pierre NG			Black Hills NF		
Grand Mesa,					Ogalala NG						Medicine Bow NF		
Uncompahgre,													
Gunnison NF													
San Juan NF											Thunder Basin NG		
Rio Grande NF													
Pike-San Isabel NF													
Comanche NG													

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