

# A phylogenetic study of NZ wax-caps (Mycological Notes 42)

Jerry Cooper, April 2021

(A presentation at the FUNNZ colloquium)

With photos/collections from numerous forays, individuals and iNat observers

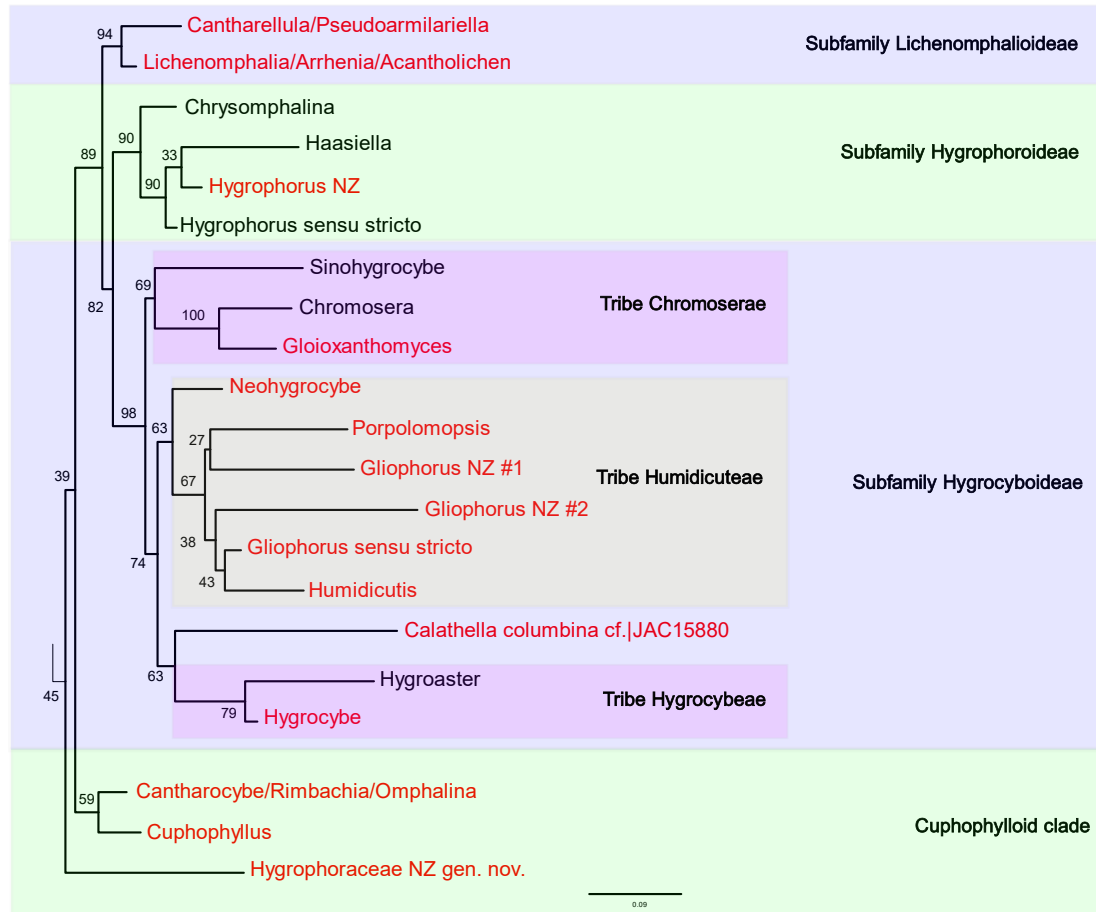
Sequencing mostly by Duckchul Park

Analysis and errors of interpretation entirely by me

# Historical work on NZ Wax-Caps

- 1962 Greta Stevenson tackled '*Hygrophorus sensu lato*' (Agaricales of NZ IV)
  - She included 25 species of which 22 survive
- 1973 Egon Horak 1<sup>st</sup> revision (Fungi Agaricina Novaezelandiae)
  - He added 26 taxa
- 1990 Egon Horak monograph
  - He re-organised, resurrected, merged and added 6 taxa. Then 57 taxa in total
- 2014
  - Lodge, Padamsee et al establish a modern global phylogenetic treatment
- 2021 changes since 1990?
  - Added 4 introductions from Europe/North America (*Hygrocybe conica*, *H. singeri*, *Cuphophyllus virgineus*, *Gliophorus psittacinus*)
  - Added 2 indigenous described Australian species (*'Hygrocybe' cheelii*, *Porpolomopsis lewelliniae*)
  - Uncovered lots of undescribed species in current sequence data, lots of uncertain identifications, several described species still need sequences
  - Horak's generic placements need updating
  - Some 'wax-caps' moved to the Clavariaceae – *Hodophilus*, *Camarophylloopsis sensu stricto*
  - Probably ~100 true wax-cap species present in NZ, with 64 currently named (some are complexes) and 18 'tagged'

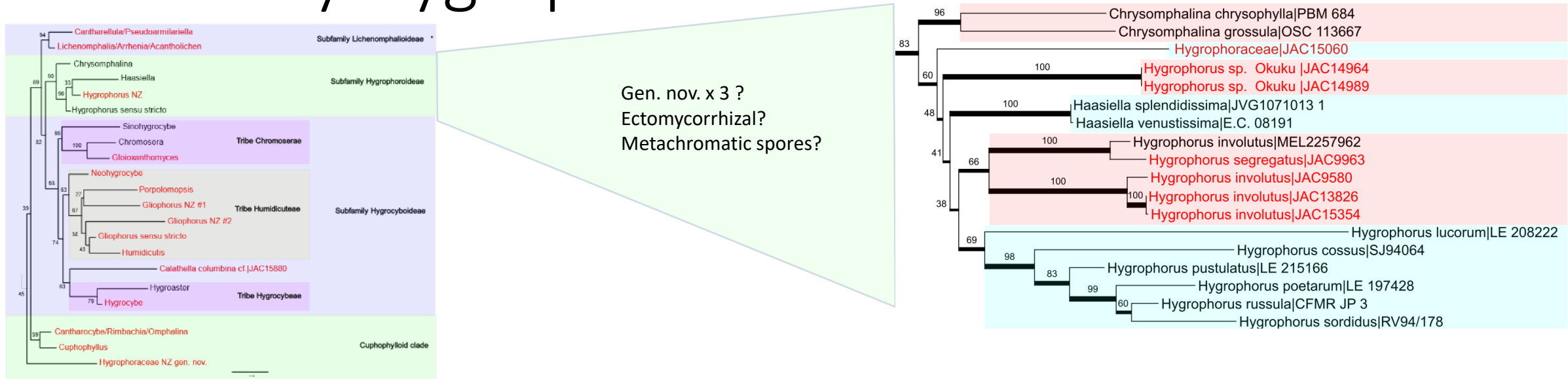
# Phylogeny of NZ Hygrophoraceae



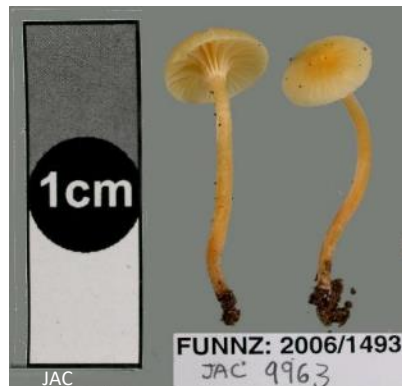
ITS+LSU+SSU+RPB2

- Genera with NZ representatives are in RED
- Here not considering the moss/lichen associated species
- *Cantharellula/Pseudoarmillariella* in NZ but not seen recently (please find them)
- Some unfamiliar genera – the NZ taxa in them are currently included in inappropriate genera
- *Hygrocybe* is a mess
- There's some weird stuff

# Subfamily Hygrophoroideae



*Hygrophorus involutus*



*Hygrophorus segregatus*

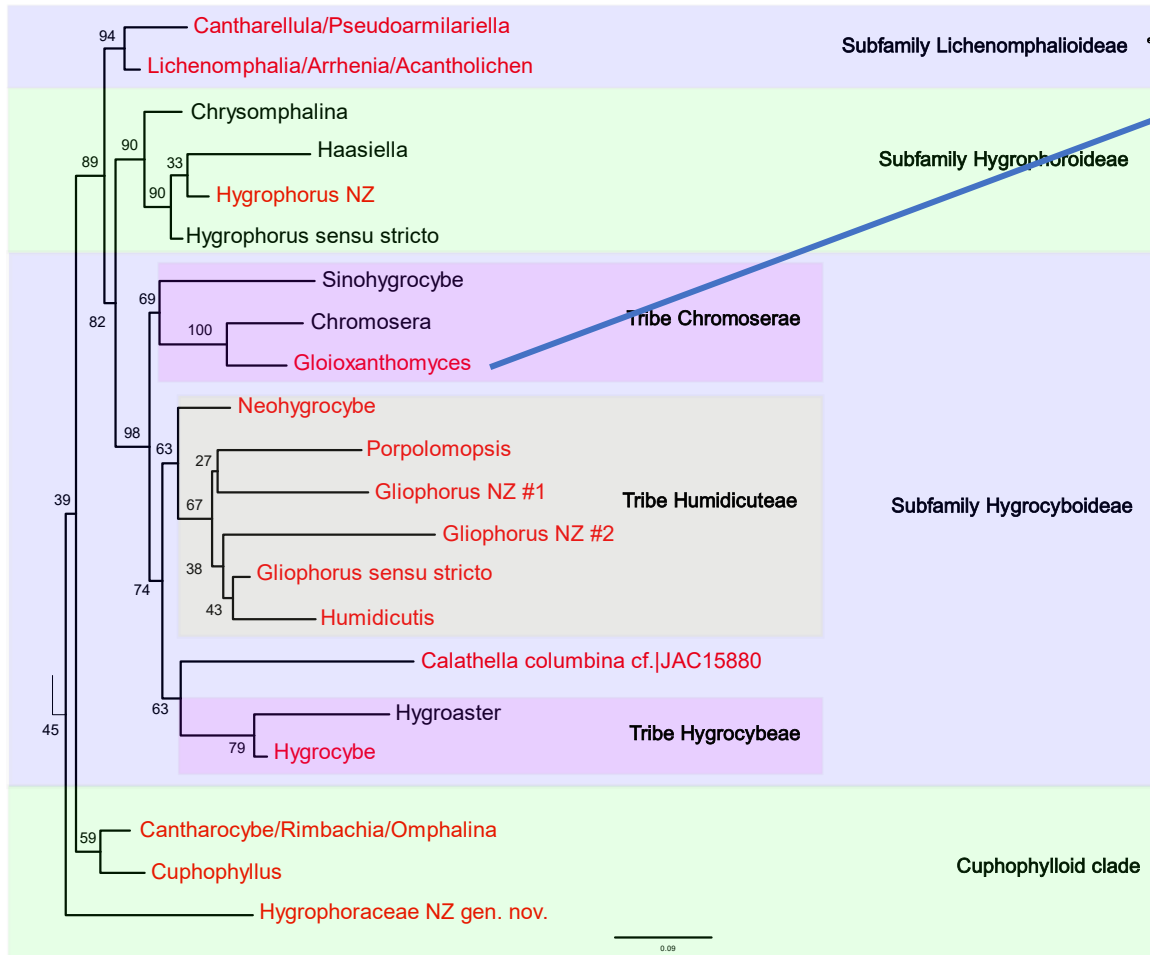


*Hygrophorus* sp. 'Okuku'  
(see also '*Camarophyllus*' *muritaiensis*)



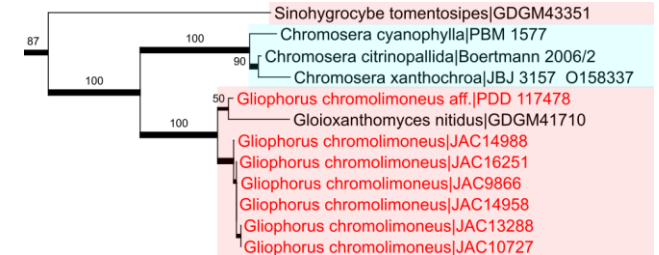
'*Hygrophorus*' sp. JAC15060

# Phylogeny of NZ Hygrophoraceae



## Subfamily Hygrocyboideae – Tribe Chromoserae

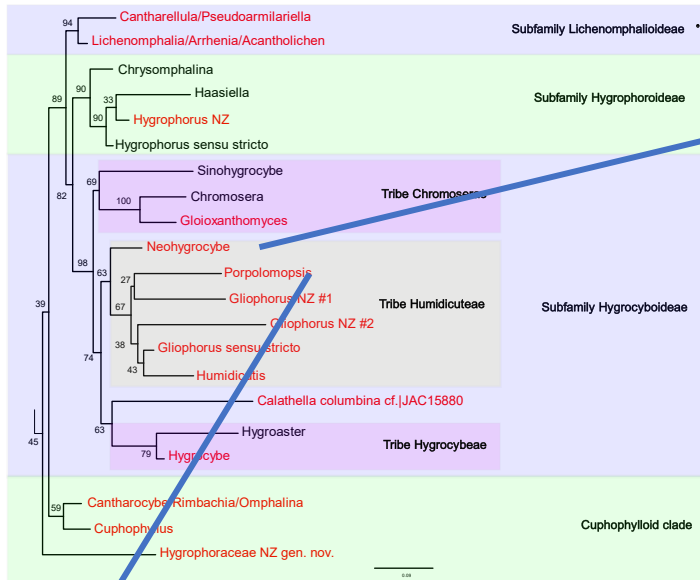
### *Gloioxanthomyces*



*'Gliophorus' chromolimoneus*

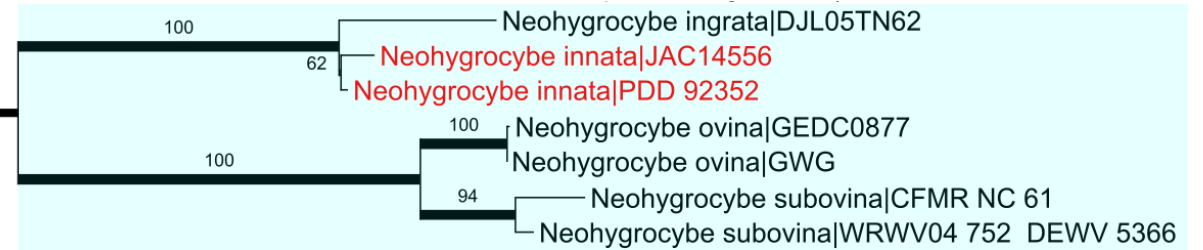
- If it's a yellow '*Gliophorus*' then it probably belongs in *Gloioxanthomyces*
- *Gliophorus luteoglutinosus* & *G. sulfureus* belong here?

# Subfamily Hygrociboideae – Tribe Humidicuteteae



*Neohydrocybe*

76



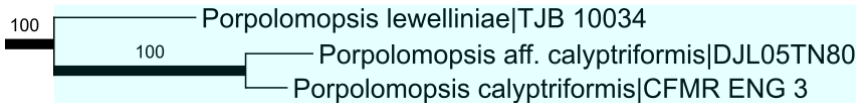
*Neohydrocybe innata*



*Neohydrocybe squarrosa*

- Horak described 2 NZ species of *Neohydrocybe*.
- They are hard to recognise as 'wax caps'.
- Very similar to a number of Tricholomataceae.
- *N. innata* is close to European *N. ingrata*
- *N. squarrosa* no convincing material sequenced
- *H. lawsonensis* of Au – a *Neohydrocybe*?

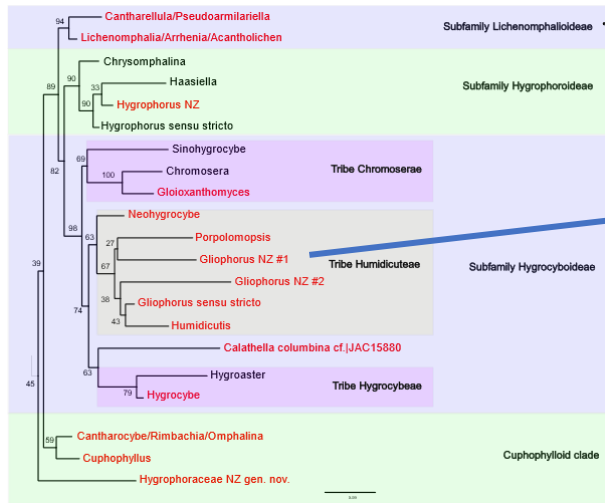
*Porpolomopsis*



*Porpolomopsis 'lewelliniae'*

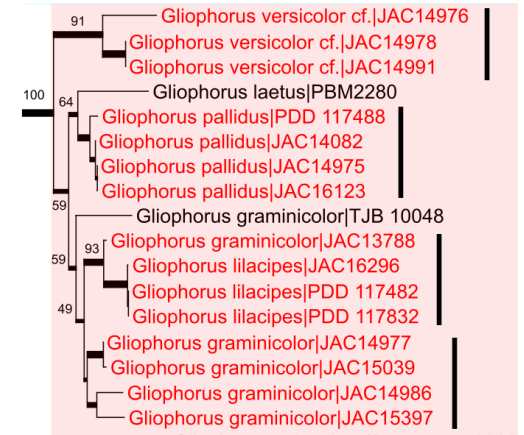
- A recent addition to the NZ list
- Described from Australia and it has yet to be demonstrated the NZ taxon is identical
- Sequencing of NZ collections failed – twice

# Subfamily Hygrocyboideae – Tribe Humidicuteteae



*Gliophorus* NZ #1

*Gliophorus* is very poorly sampled for multiple loci so not much is certain



*Gliophorus* NZ #1 corresponds to *Gliophorus* section *Glutinosa* and has high Australasian diversity

This group often has a granular appearance, cheilocystidia and a separable thread on the gill edge

- *G. pallidus* is a good separate species and not a synonym of *G. graminicolor*
- *G. graminicolor* is however a diverse species complex with broad colour variants
- *G. versicolor* is another species complex
- *G. viscauranti* perhaps does not belong in this group (= *Hygrocybe*?)



*Gliophorus pallidus*



*Gliophorus graminicolor* s.l.



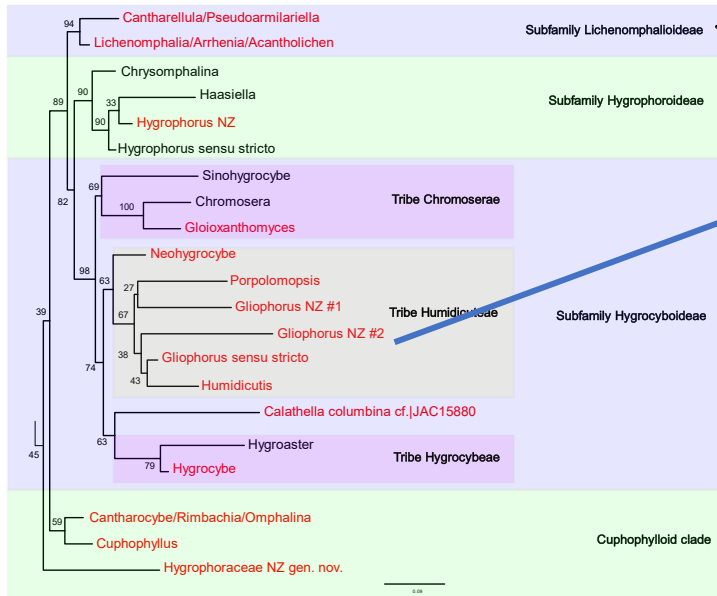
*Gliophorus lilacipes*



*Gliophorus versicolor* cf.

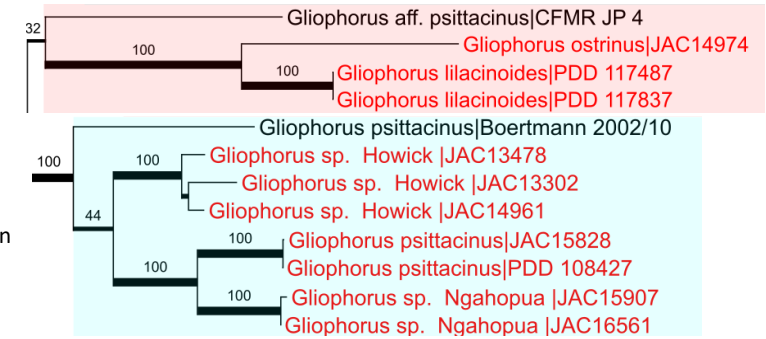


# Subfamily Hygrocyboideae – Tribe Humidicuteteae



*Gliophorus* NZ #2 & SS

*Gliophorus* is very poorly sampled for multiple loci so not much is certain



*Gliophorus psittacinus* aff.

*Gliophorus* sp. 'Ngahopua'

*Gliophorus* sp. 'Howick'

*Gliophorus* NZ #2 (lilacinoides) is part of *Gliophorus* section *Gliophorus* (sensu stricto)

This group lacks cheilocystidia and a separable thread on the gill edge.

- *G. psittacinus* aff. is introduced from somewhere – but is not the European version
- The *G. lilacinoides/ostrinus* group needs more sampling
- There is no sequenced material of *G. viridis* (that hasn't come out in the *G. graminicolor* group)
- The yellow species in Horak's group are now recognised as *Gloioxanthomyces*
- The bright red *G. subheteromorphus* (Chile) **maybe** belongs in *Hygrocybe* where it was placed originally
- *G. fumosogriseus* is also not a *Gliophorus* – although I'm not sure where it belongs. Sequences fail.



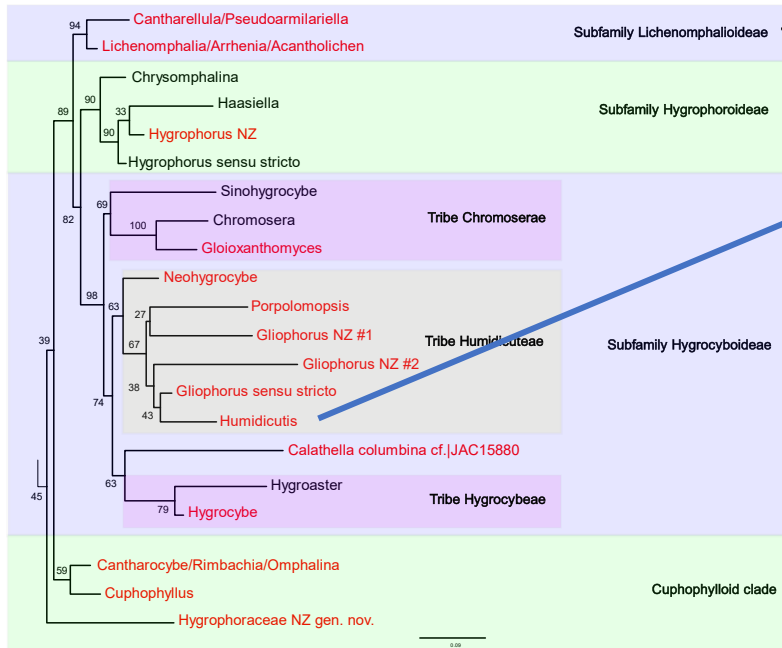
*Gliophorus ostrinus*



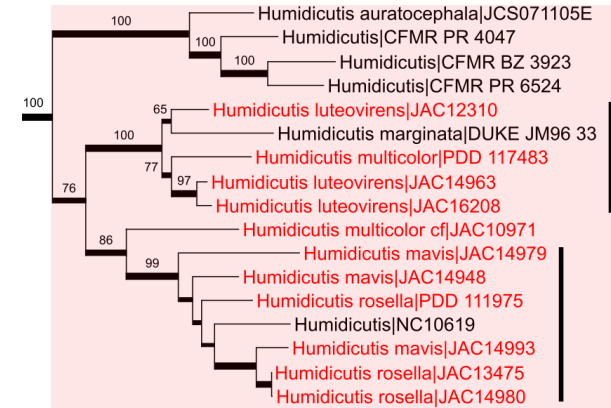
*Gliophorus lilacinoides*



# Subfamily Hygrociboideae – Tribe Humidicutiteae



*Humidicutis*



*Humidicutis mavis*



*Humidicutis rosella*



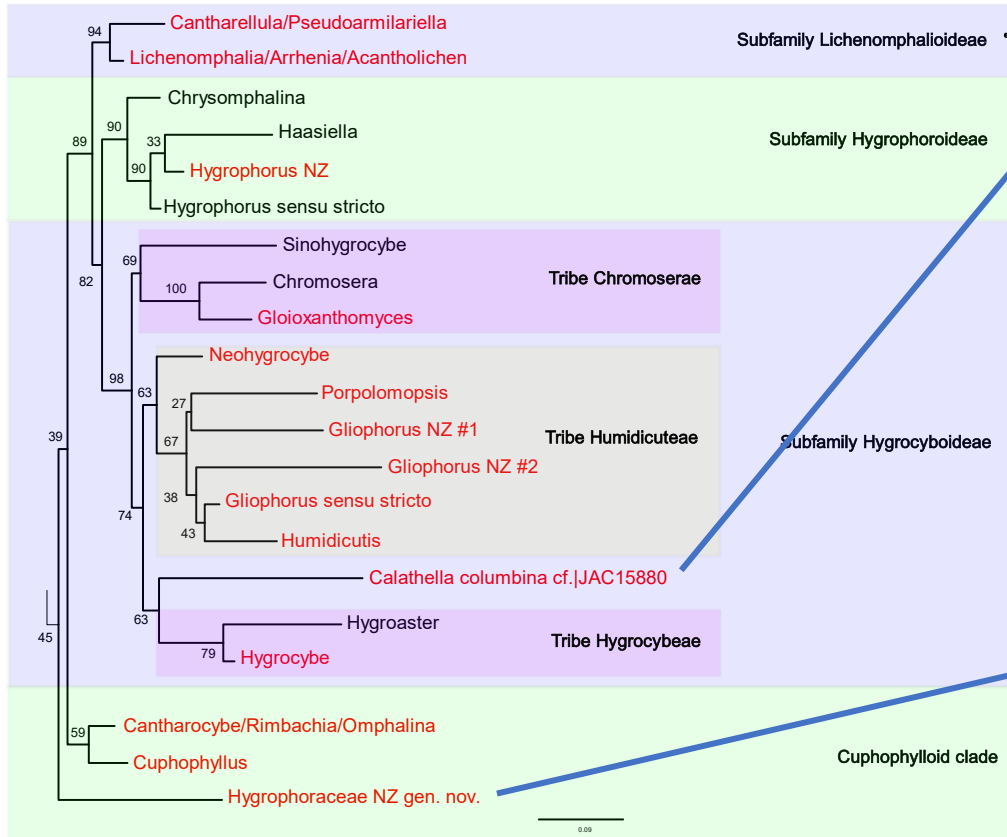
*Humidicutis multicolor cf.*



*Humidicutis luteovirens*

- All species are without clamp connections – and most other NZ Hygrophoraceae have them. Also usually with a splitting cap
- *H. mavis/rosella* form a species complex with white/pink variable colour
- *H. multicolor/luteovirens* form a species complex. More sampling needed
- *H. multicolor* was described from Sri Lanka and will not be the correct name for the NZ taxon
- *H. conspicua* was described with 'aborted clamps' and may not be *Humidicutis*

# Odd stuff



Calathella

100 Calathella columbiana|AY571028|Colombia  
 Calathella columbina cf. |JAC15880|NZ



*Calathella columbina* cf.

- One of Noah Siegel's contributions
- An unlikely member of the Hygrophoraceae!
- The genus is probably polyphyletic

Hygrophoraceae unplaced

100 Hygrophoraceae|JAC16203  
 'Camarophyllus' sp. |PDD 72853

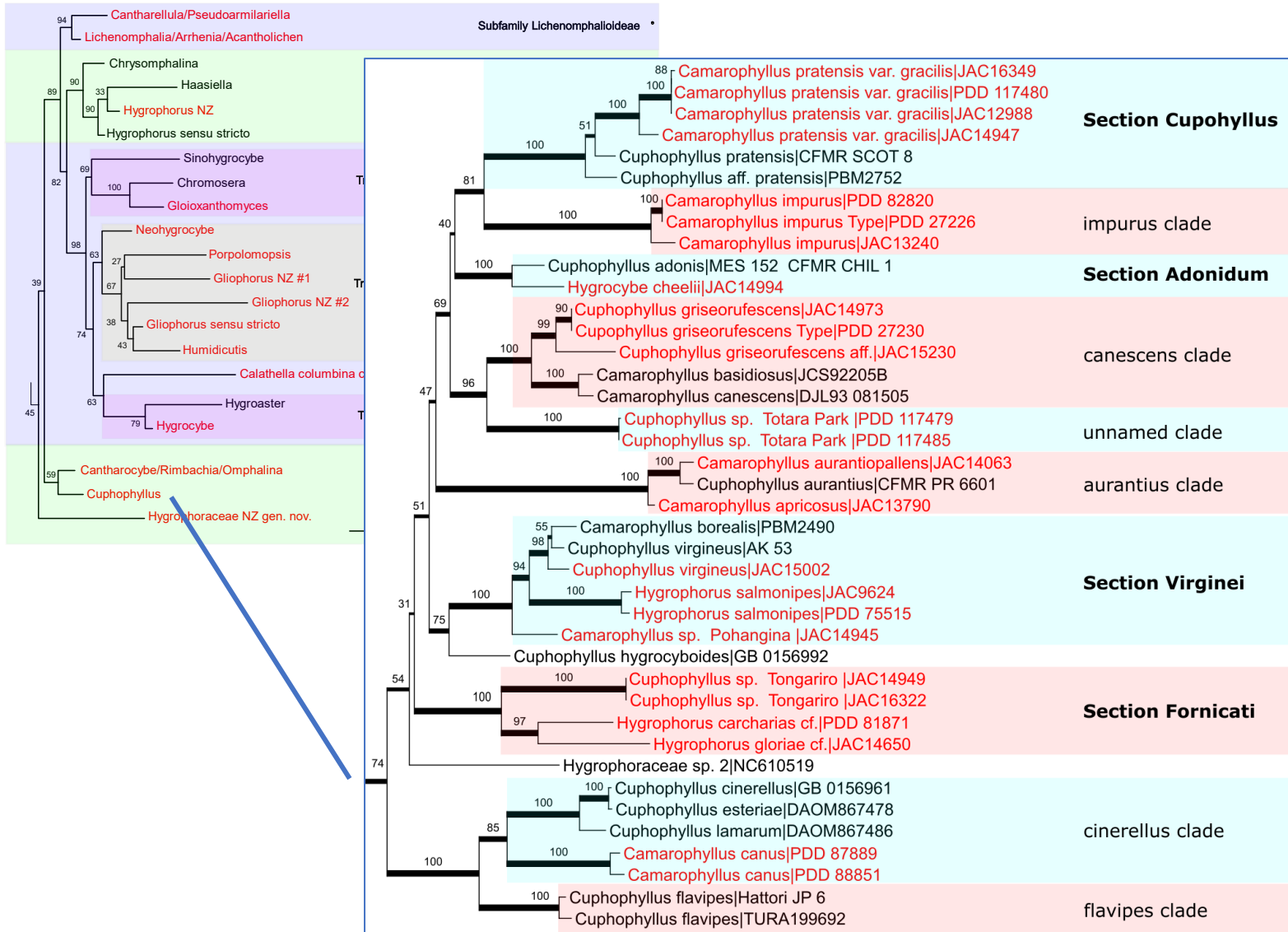


PDD 72853



JAC16203

# The Cuphophylloid clade



- Irregular trama (regular in most groups)
- Most of Horak's *Camarophyllus* species belong here in *Cuphophyllus*
- '*Hygrophorus*' *salmonipes* is a *Cuphophyllus*
- '*Camarophyllus*' *impurus* includes '*Camarophyllus*' *patinicolor*
- We have the Australian '*Hygrocybe*' *cheelii* and the introduced European *Cuphophyllus virgineus*
- *Cuphophyllus austropratensis* should be the correct name for *C. pratensis* var. *gracilis*
- '*Camarophyllus*' *muritaiensis* not found recently (= *C. austropratensis*? Or *Hygrophorus* sp. 'Okuku'?)

# The Cuphophylloid clade – Section Virginei



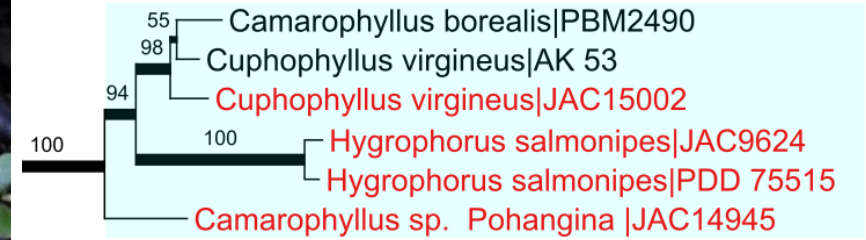
*Cuphophyllus virgineus*



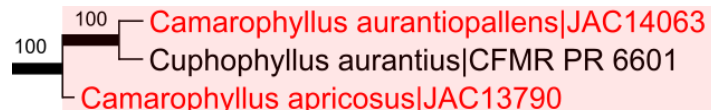
*'Hygrophorus' salmonipes*



*Cuphophyllus* sp. *'Pohangina'*



## – aurantius clade



Not typical for the genus  
Australia interpretation = *Hygrocybe*

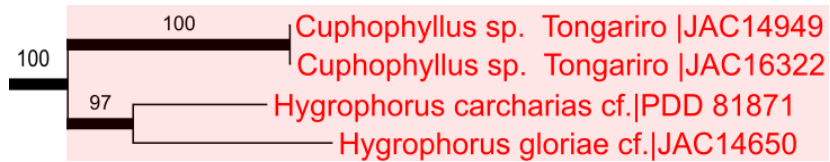


*'Camarophyllus' apricosus*



*'Camarophyllus' aurantiopallens?*

# The Cuphophylloid clade – Section Fornicati



*Cuphophyllus* sp. 'Tongariro'

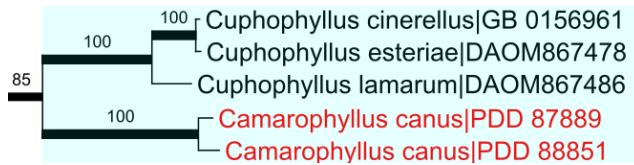


'*Hygrophorus*' *carcharias*?



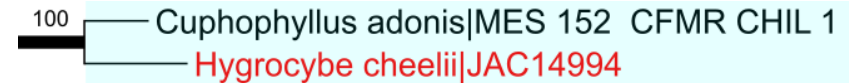
'*Hygrophorus*' *gloriae* (sensu Horak)

## – cinerellus clade



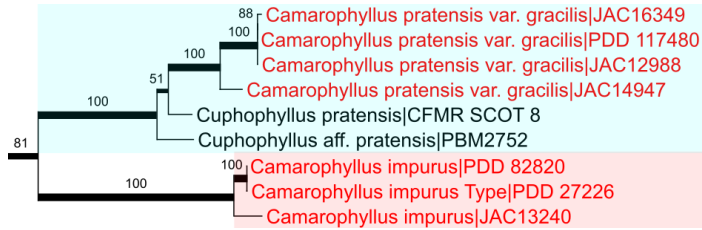
'*Camarophyllus*' *canus* (cf. *H. griseoramosa/watangensis*)

## – Section Adonidum



'*Hygrocybe*' *cheelii* = '*Camarophyllus*' *lilacinus*

# The Cuphophylloid clade – Section Cuphophyllus



'Camarophyllus' *impurus*



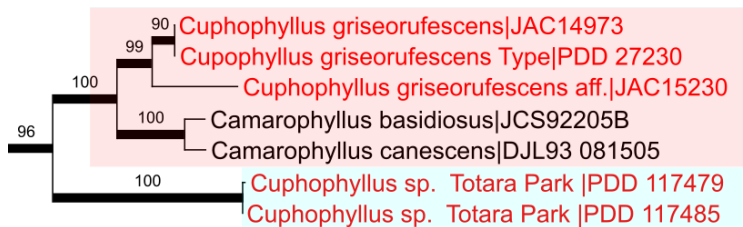
= 'Camarophyllus' *patinicolor*



'Camarophyllus' *pratensis* var. *gracilis* = '*Hygrocybe*' *austropratensis*

Var. *gracilis* is rarely gracile!

Description based on 1 collection



## – canescens clade



*Cuphophyllus* sp. 'Totara Park'

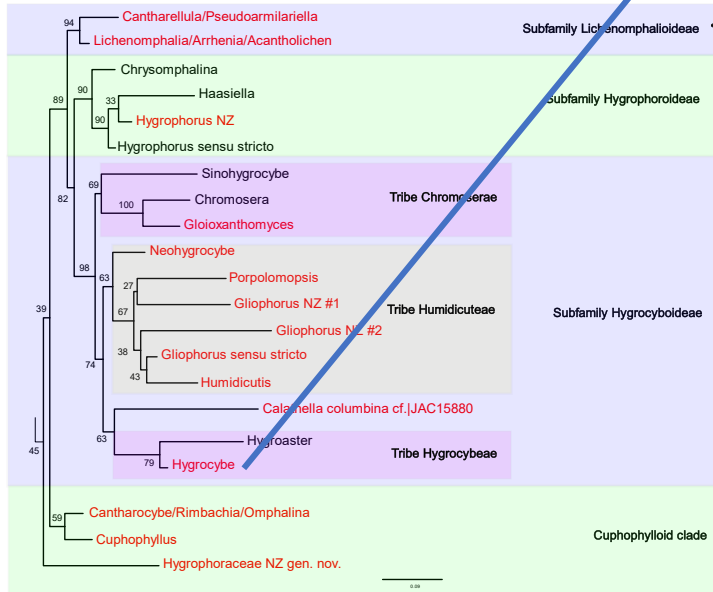


*Cuphophyllus* *griseorufescens* aff.

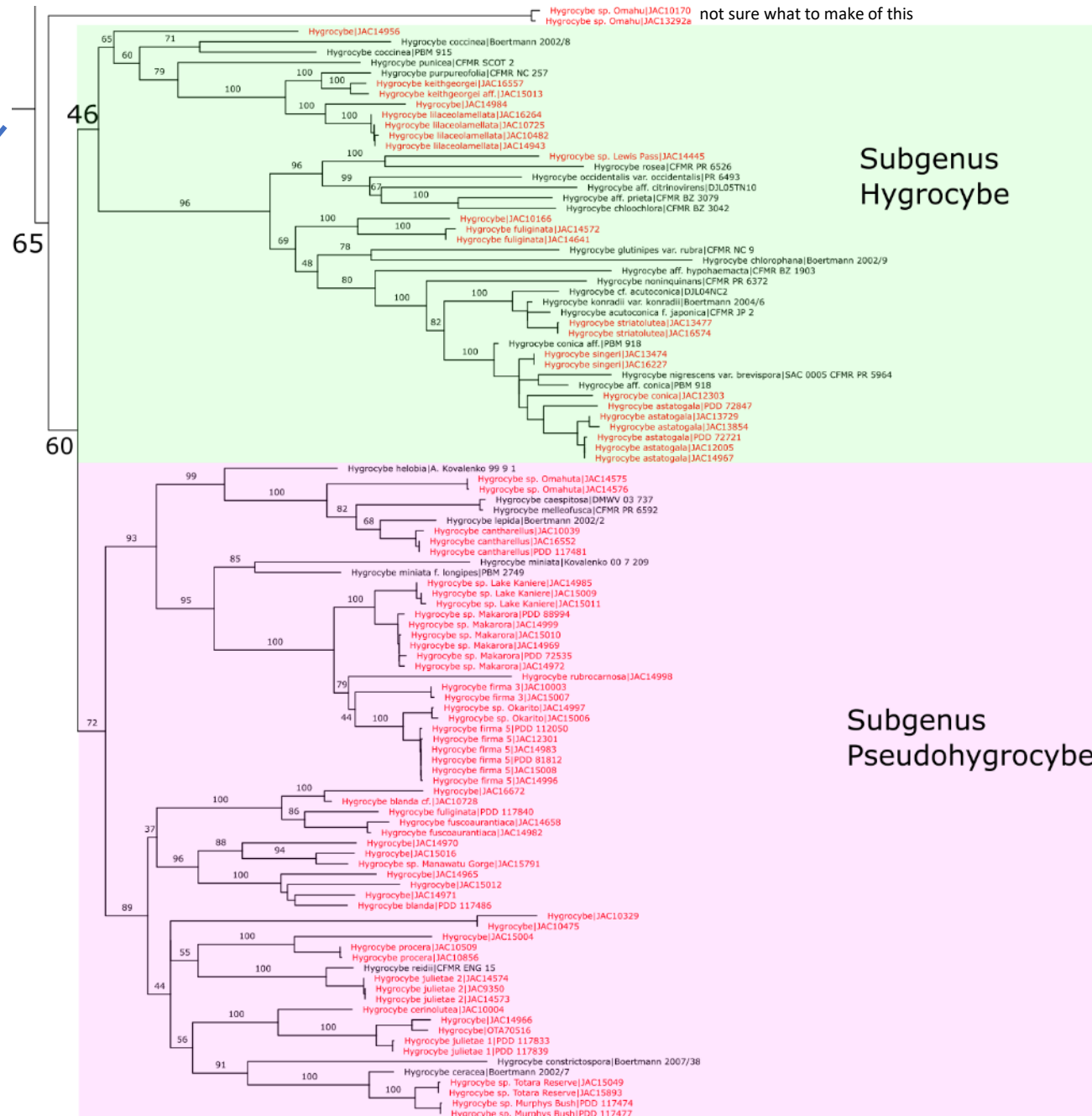


*Cuphophyllus* *griseorufescens*

# Hygrocybe



*H. sp. 'Omahu' ... huh?*



Two subgenera and numerous sections are recognised

But ...

The subgeneric classification remains phylogenetically dodgy and the sub-clades move around in analyses

Many infrageneric sections do not have robust morphological separators

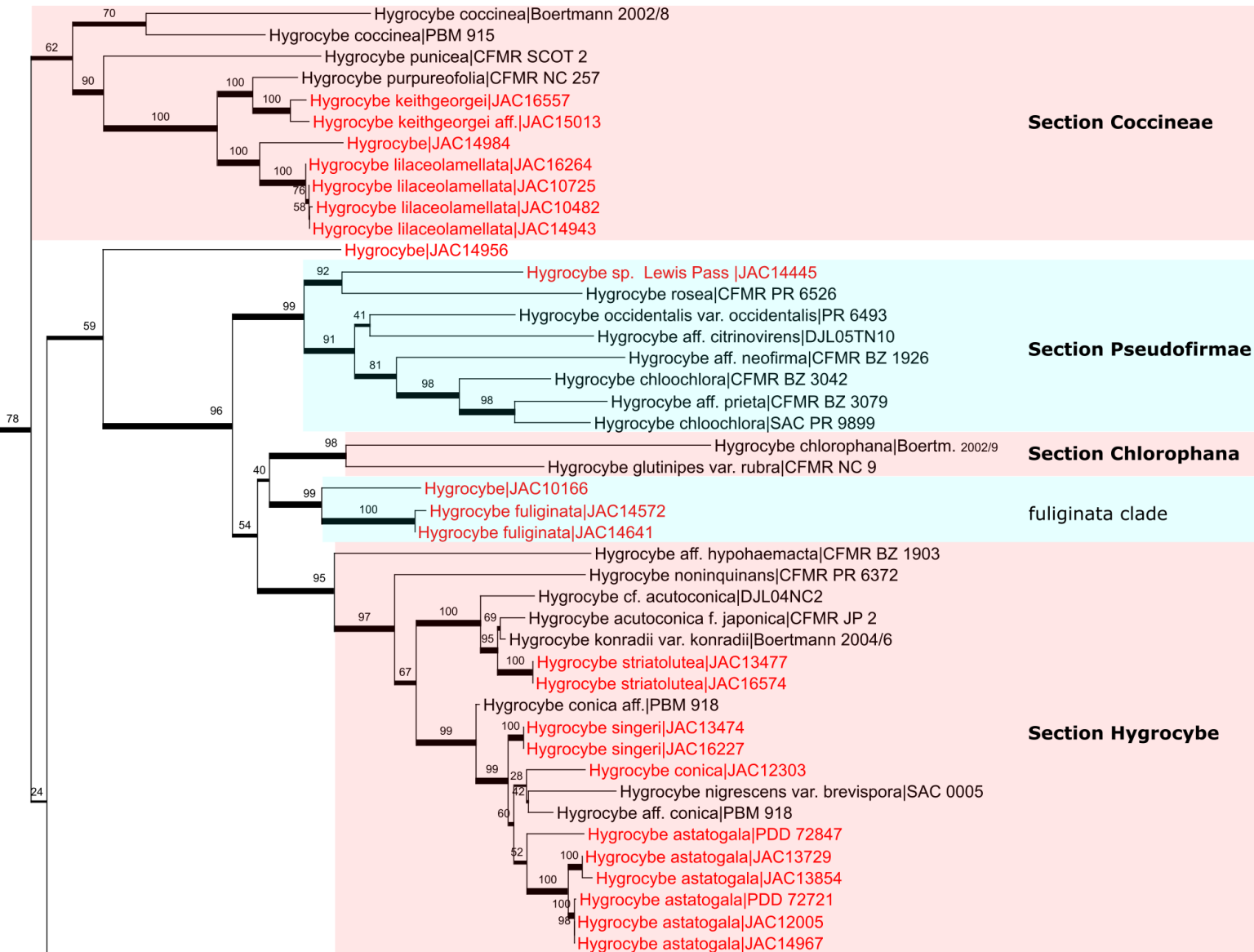
## Subgenus Pseudohygrocybe

The group contains the noticeable/attractive red/yellow waxcaps (DOPA pigments)

Many NZ species were described from just 1 or 2 collections and not sufficiently pinned-down

There are many undescribed species in NZ

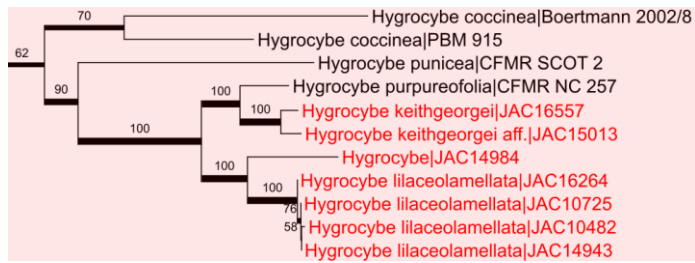
# Hygrocybe subgenus Hygrocybe



- Section Coccinea is traditionally considered part of *Pseudohygrocybe*. Here supported at separate at subgenus level – but barely
- The traditional subsections of Coccineae appear in *Pseudohygrocybe*



## Section Coccineae ?

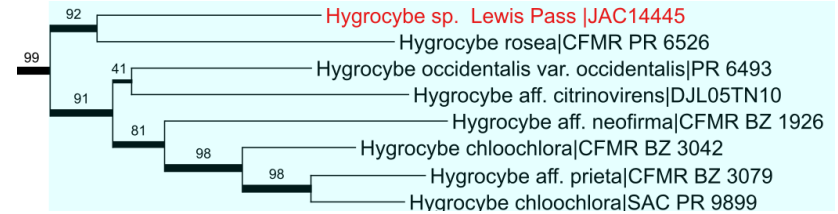


*H. keithgeorgii*  
= *H. lilaceolamellata* auct Au



*H. lilaceolamellata*  
non auct Au

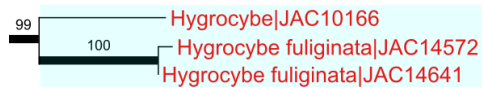
## Section Pseudofirmae



*H. sp. 'Lewis Pass'*

One of several slimy red NZ wax-cap candidates for '*Gliophorus*' *subheteromorphus* in *Hygrocybe*. That species was described from Chile and probably correctly originally assigned as *Hygrocybe subheteromorpha*.

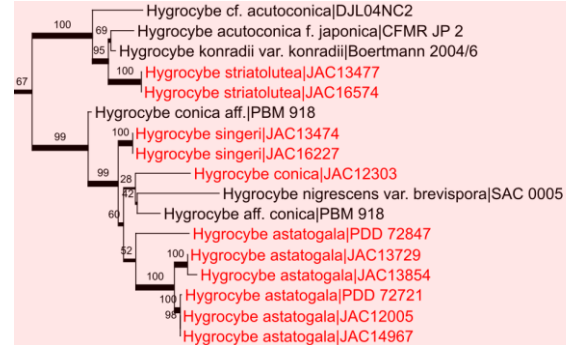
## fuliginata clade



*H. fuliginata*



JAC10166  
another  
*subheteromorpha*  
candidate



## Section Hygrocybe



*H. striatolutea*



*H. singeri*



*H. conica*



*H. astatogala*  
(greenish)



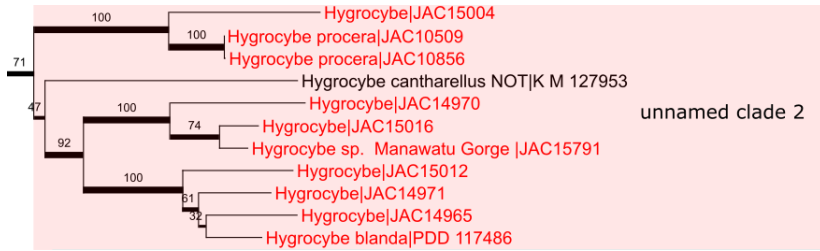
*H. astatogala*  
(orangey)

# Hygrocybe subgenus Pseudohygrocybe



- Many phylogenetic species are not reconciled with existing NZ names and sampling will no doubt uncover more
- Subsection-level northern hemisphere clades not supported with NZ taxa included
- Five species in Section Firmae have dimorphic basidia but *H. rubrocarnosa* does not
- *H. sp. 'Omahuta'* in the Squamulosae also has dimorphic basidia
- Species in the Siccae-related clades have variably sized basidia, spore number and spore size (but do not have dimorphic basidia)
- *H. blanda* and *H. procera* are names used very broadly in NZ
- Many collections globally of *H. miniata/helobia* are misapplied. Nothing so far in the miniata clade
- *H. elegans*, *H. miniceps* and *H. cavipes* belong here somewhere, but without consistent and convincing sequenced material

# unnamed clades 1 & 2



JAC15004



*H. procera*



JAC14970



JAC5016



JAC15012



JAC14971



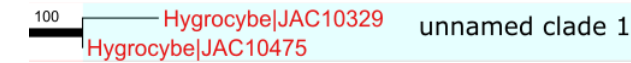
JAC14965



*H. sp. 'Manawatu Gorge'*



*H. blanda*



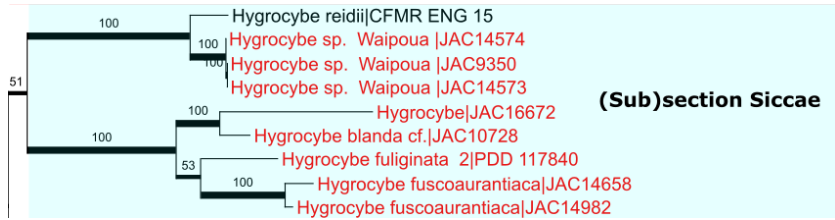
JAC10329



JAC10475

High diversity and similar species – multiple candidates for Horak's taxa.  
 Convincing collections of *H. elegans*, *cavipes* and *miniceps* are not yet sampled or incorrectly assigned

# Subsection Siccae and unnamed clade 3



*H. sp. 'Waipoua'*



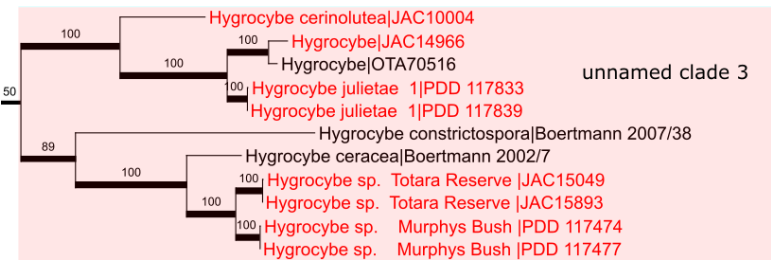
JAC16672 - Raoul



*H. blanda cf.*



*H. fuscoaurantiaca*



Multiple candidates for *H. cerinolutea*, *procera* and *julietae*



*H. cerinolutea*



JAC14966



*H. julietae*

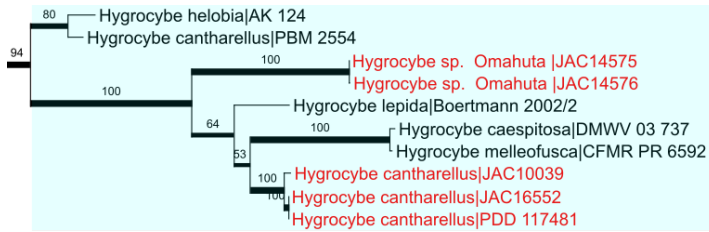


*H. sp. 'Totara Reserve'*

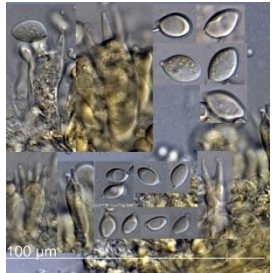


*H. sp. 'Murphy's Bush'*

## (Sub)section Squamulosae

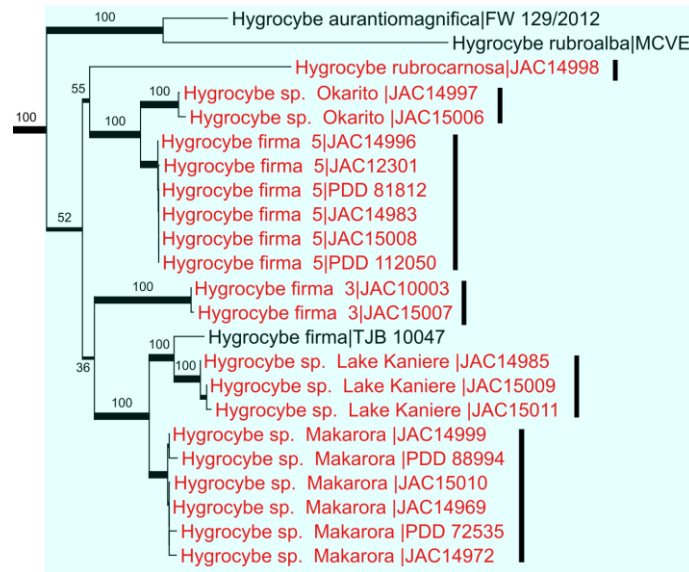


*H. sp. 'Omahuta'*



*H. 'cantharellus'*

## (Sub)section Firmae



*H. sp. 'Lake Kaniere'*



*H. sp. 'Makarora'*



*H. rubrocarnosa*



*H. firma #3*



*H. sp. 'Okarito'*



*H. firma #5*

- *H. 'cantharellus'* NZ is not the same species as the Jamaican original but is within the *cantharellus/lepida/turundae* clade
- All these species have dimorphic basidia except *H. cantharellus* and *H. rubrocarnosa*
- None of the NZ species in the firmae clade will be the same as the original *H. firma* from Sri Lanka
- *H. firma* #3 & #5 correspond to Horak's concept
- Section Firmae is said to be tropical – yeh right

# Where are we going next?

- One of many diverse NZ groups that needs much more sampling
- Perennial problem of unambiguously linking modern material to old species concepts, especially when based on 1 or 2 collections
- Multiple candidates for Horak's species – agreeing both macroscopically and microscopically but phylogenetically unique
- Lots of new species for (someone) to describe, but probably unrecognised cross-Tasman species. Very few named Australian sequences for comparison – as usual
- The infra-generic classification of *Hygrocybe* needs more work at the global level

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