

PROPOSALS OF THE 2023 ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Chemical Works of Gedeon Richter Plc. Headquarters: H–1103 Budapest, Gyömröi út 19–21., Hungary • Postal address: H–1475 Budapest 10., Pf. 27., Hungary Phone: +36 1 431 4000 • Fax: +36 1 260 6650, +36 1 260 4891 • Company Court of Budapest-Capital Tribunal Reg. No. Cg. 01-10-040944 EU Community VAT Identification No: HU 10484878 • Internet: www.richter.hu



The Chemical Works of Gedeon Richter Plc. (Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Nyilvánosan Működő Rt.) (H-1103 Budapest, Gyömrői út 19-21.)

Agenda of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") shall be held on Tuesday, April 25, 2023 at 2.00 p.m. (Budapest time)

(CAPS COAF ID: HU20230320009607)

The method of holding the general meeting: personal attendance

The venue of the AGM shall be at Mátyás u. 8, H-1093 Budapest (Budapest Music Center).

Agenda of the AGM

- 1. Report on the 2022 business activities of the Richter Group and presentation of the Richter Group's draft Consolidated Annual Report pursuant to the IFRS
- 2. Report of the Statutory Auditor on the Richter Group's draft 2022 Consolidated Annual Report pursuant to the IFRS
- 3. Report of the Supervisory Board including the report of the Audit Board on the Richter Group's draft 2022 Consolidated Annual Report pursuant to the IFRS
- 4. Approval of the Richter Group's draft 2022 Consolidated Annual Report pursuant to the IFRS
- 5. Report of the Board of Directors on the 2022 business activities of the Company (on the management, the Company's financial situation and business policy) and presentation of the Company's draft 2022 individual Annual Report prepared pursuant to the IFRS
- 6. Report of the Statutory Auditor on the Company's draft 2022 individual Annual Report prepared pursuant to the IFRS
- 7. Report of the Supervisory Board including the report of the Audit Board on the Company's draft 2022 individual Annual Report prepared pursuant to the IFRS
- 8. Approval of the Company's draft 2022 individual Annual Report pursuant to the IFRS
- 9. Resolution on the determination and allocation of the after-tax profit and the rate of dividends
- 10. Corporate Governance Report
- 11. Advisory vote on the amended remuneration policy of the Company
- 12. Advisory vote on the remuneration report of the Company on the financial year 2022
- 13. Amendments to the Company's Statutes
- 14. Report of the Board of Directors on the treasury shares acquired by the Company based upon the authorization in resolution of the General Meeting No.20/2022.04.12.
- 15. Authorization to the Board of Directors for the purchase of own shares of the Company
- 16. Election of members of the Board of Directors
- 17. Election of member of the Supervisory Board
- 18. Resolution on the remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors
- 19. Resolution on the remuneration of the members of the Supervisory Board
- 20. Election of statutory auditor
- 21. Resolution on the remuneration of the Company's statutory auditor
- 22. Miscellaneous

Chemical Works of Gedeon Richter Plc.

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Agenda item No.1.

Report on the 2022 business activities of the Richter Group and presentation of the Richter Group's draft Consolidated Annual Report pursuant to the IFRS The Company makes available the proposal concerning Agenda item No.1 in the framework of separate publication (jointly with proposal concerning Agenda item No.5)

Agenda item No.2.

Report of the Statutory Auditor on the Richter Group's draft 2022 Consolidated Annual Report pursuant to the IFRS DocuSign Envelope ID: C1F0C617-814D-4651-B132-F48BDFA77770



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Plc.

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Plc. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year 2022 included in the digital files 549300J6ZJW5IH4WEE46-2022-12-31-en.zip¹, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022 – which shows a total assets of mHUF 1,340,289 –, and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income – which shows a total comprehensive income for the year of mHUF 179,250 –, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (the "EU IFRS"), and the consolidated financial statements were prepared in all material respects in accordance with the provisions of the effective Hungarian Act C of 2000 on Accounting (the "Accounting Act") relevant to the entities preparing consolidated financial statements in accordance with EU IFRS.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Hungarian National Standards on Auditing and the effective Hungarian laws and other regulations on audits. Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the "*The Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements*" section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in compliance with the relevant effective Hungarian regulations and the "Rules of conduct (ethical rules) of the auditor profession and the disciplinary process" of the Chamber of Hungarian Auditors and, in respect of matters not regulated therein, the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (the IESBA Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the same ethical requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

¹ Digital identification of digital file with SHA 256 HASH algorithm:

⁰⁷⁶c231ee303a81481c36a2579b60065bbc44ebc57f5c062fb44caf84adde398

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the matter	
Valuation of sales rights		
(See note 14 to the consolidated financial statements for the details) As described in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, the Group reported intangible assets in the amount of mHUF 141,542 as at 31 December 2022. As required by the applicable accounting standards, Management conducts regular impairment test to assess whether there is a need to record impairment with respect to the intangible assets based on the existing indicators. The identification of the triggering events and impairment tests are considered a key audit matter, as it requires application of professional judgement and use of subjective assumptions by management.	The relevant audit procedures performed by u included the following: - evaluating design and implementation of key controls related to identification of triggering events and performing appropriate impairment testing -challenging the key market related assumptions in the valuation models against external sources and budgets approved by the Management. Assessing the Management estimation method by back- testing of prior year's estimates. - involving valuation experts where it was considered necessary to assist us in re-performing the calculation of the impairment test and independently assessing the appropriateness of the assumptions used, the methodologies and policies applied, - Assessing the appropriate identification of impairment triggers, the accounting and the accuracy of impairment loss based on a selected sample, - assessing the adequacy of the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.	
Fair value measurement of liabilities from issue (See Note 32. and 39. to the consolidated financial statements for the details) As of December 31, 2022, the Entity recognized liabilities from the issuance of bonds in a	The relevant audit procedures performed by us included the following: - evaluating design and implementation of key controls related to the liabilities from bond issuance.	
regulated market under the Bond Scheme approved by the National Bank of Hungary in the amount of mHUF 41,068.	 obtaining external confirmation from the organization that had issued the bonds in respect of the number of bonds issued, as well as their nominal value, assessing whether the recognized balance of liabilities from the issuance of bonds which are measured at fair value was appropriate, 	

The Group opted for measuring the liability from	- examining whether the accounting standards were
issued bonds at fair value, as allowed by IFRS,	applied appropriately and the accounting statements
which we have identified as a key audit area.	and disclosures were accurate

Other Information

Other information comprises the information included in the "Management report" and the consolidated business report of the Group for 2022, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for the other information and for the preparation of the consolidated business report in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Accounting Act and other regulations. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements provided in the section of our independent auditor's report entitled "Opinion" does not apply to the other information.

Our responsibility in connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements is to read the consolidated business report and, in doing so, consider whether the consolidated business report is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Furthermore, in accordance with the Accounting Act, our responsibilities also include assessing whether the consolidated business report was prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Accounting Act and other regulations, and to express an opinion on the above and on whether the consolidated business report is consistent with the consolidated financial statements. Furthermore, in accordance with the Accounting Act we shall make a statement whether the consolidated business report contains the non-financial statement provided for in Section 134. (5).

In fulfilling this obligation, for the purpose of formulating our opinion on the consolidated business report we considered Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/815 of 17 December 2018 ("ESEF Regulation") as other regulation stipulating additional requirements pertaining to consolidated business reports.

In our opinion, the consolidated business report the Group for 2022 corresponds to the consolidated financial statements of the Group for 2022 and the relevant provisions of the Accounting Act in all material respects. The business report contains the non-financial statement provided for in Section 134. (5) of the Accounting Act. As the Group is not subject to additional requirements under any other regulation in connection with the consolidated business report, we have not formulated an opinion on this matter.

In addition to the above, based on the information obtained about the Group and its environment, we must report on whether we became aware of any material misstatements in the consolidated business report and, if so, on the nature of such material misstatements. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with EU IFRSs and for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with provisions of the Accounting Act relevant to entities preparing financial statements in accordance with EU IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

The auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives during the audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue, on the basis of the above, an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Hungarian National Standards on Auditing and the effective Hungarian laws and other regulations on audits will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error, and they are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Hungarian National Standards on Auditing and the effective Hungarian laws and other regulations on audits, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to

the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the Group's internal control that we identify during the audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In compliance with Article 10 (2) of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council, we provide the following information in our independent auditor's report, which is required in addition to the requirements of International Standards on Auditing:

Appointment of the Auditor and the Period of Engagement

We were appointed as the auditors of the Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Plc. by the General Meeting of Shareholders on April 28, 2020, and our uninterrupted engagement has lasted since our appointment.

Consistence with the Additional Report to the Audit Committee

We confirm that our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements expressed herein is consistent with the additional report to the Audit Committee of the Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Plc., which we issued on March 8, 2023, in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council.

Provision of Non-audit Services

We declare that no prohibited non-audit services referred to in Article 5 (1) of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council were provided by us to the Group. In addition, there are no other non-audit services which were provided by us to the Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Plc. and its controlled undertakings, and which have not been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is the signatory of the report.

Report on compliance of the presentation of consolidated financial statements with the requirements set out in the regulation on the single electronic reporting format

We have undertaken a reasonable assurance engagement on compliance of the presentation of consolidated financial statements of the Group included in the digital files 549300J6ZJW5IH4WEE46-2022-12-31en.zip ("ESEF format consolidated financial statements") with the requirements set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 of 17 December 2018 supplementing Directive 2004/109/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on the specification of a single electronic reporting format. ("ESEF Regulation").

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for ESEF format consolidated financial statements

The management is responsible for the presentation of the ESEF format consolidated financial statements in accordance with the ESEF Regulation. This responsibility includes:

- the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in XHTML format;
- the selection and application of appropriate iXBRL tags using judgement where necessary; including application of relevant tags and creation and anchoring of extensions;
- the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the application of the ESEF Regulation.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process, including compliance with the ESEF Regulation.

Our responsibility and summary of the work performed

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on whether, in all material respects, the presentation of ESEF format consolidated financial statements complies with the ESEF Regulation, based on the evidence we have obtained. We conducted our reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with the Hungarian National Standard on Assurance Engagements (Revised), Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information (ISAE 3000).

A reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with ISAE 3000 involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about compliance with the ESEF Regulation. The nature, timing and extent of procedures selected depend on the practitioner's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material departures from the requirements set out in the ESEF Regulations, whether due to fraud or error. Our reasonable assurance engagement included obtaining an understanding of tagging, obtaining an understanding of the internal controls relevant for the application of the ESEF Regulation, checking the appropriateness of Group's use of the XHTML format, evaluating the completeness of Group's tagging of the consolidated financial statements using the XBRL markup language, evaluating the appropriateness of Group's use of iXBRL elements selected from the ESEF taxonomy and the creation of extension elements and evaluating the use of anchoring in relation to the extension elements.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the ESEF format consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022 included in the digital files 549300J6ZJW5IH4WEE46-2022-12-31-en.zip, is presented, in all material respects, in compliance with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation.

Budapest, March 24, 2023

-DocuSigned by:

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Horváth Tamás on behalf of Deloitte Auditing and Consulting Ltd. and as a statutory registered auditor

Deloitte Auditing and Consulting Ltd. 1068 Budapest, Dózsa György út 84/C. Registration number: 000083

Registration number of statutory registered auditor: 003449

Agenda item No.3.

Report of the Supervisory Board including the report of the Audit Board on the Richter Group's draft 2022 Consolidated Annual Report pursuant to the IFRS The Supervisory Board of Gedeon Richter Plc.

Report

to the 2023 Annual General Meeting of Gedeon Richter Plc.

on the 2022 Consolidated Annual Financial Statements

of Richter Group

The Supervisory Board has reviewed the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements of Richter Group prepared by Richter Gedeon Plc. - as parent company - for the year 2022. In the course of the presentation of the quarterly reports by the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board also familiarised with the consolidated interim financial statements.

Gedeon Richter Plc. has performed the consolidation in accordance with the applicable regulations, as attested by the audited Consolidated Annual Financial Statements.

Based on the Company's audited Annual Financial Statements for 2022, reporting the Company's activity, submitted to the Annual General Meeting, the analysis and Auditor's Statement issued by the auditor Deloitte Auditing and Consulting Limited, and the Supervisory Board's own analysis, the Supervisory Board proposes that the distinguished members of the Annual General Meeting approve the following:

- The Annual Financial Statements for 2022 submitted to the AGM (with total assets and total liabilities in the Balance Sheet being equally HUF 1,340,289 million), duly audited in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.
- The after-tax profit specified in the audited Profit and Loss Statement for 2022 being HUF 157,255 million.

Budapest, 9 March 2023

Dr. Attila Chikán Chairman of the Supervisory Board

Agenda item No.4.

Approval of the Richter Group's draft 2022 Consolidated Annual Report pursuant to the IFRS

<u>Proposal to Item No.:4</u> <u>on the Agenda of the AGM</u>

Resolution of the Board of Directors No.: 39/2023

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the Richter Group's draft 2022 consolidated annual report pursuant to the IFRS.

The Board of Directors passed the resolution unanimously, with no dissenting votes and no abstentions.

Agenda item No.5.

Report of the Board of Directors on the 2022 business activities of the Company (on the management, the Company's financial situation and business policy) and presentation of the Company's draft 2022 individual Annual Report prepared pursuant to the IFRS The Company makes available proposal concerning Agenda item No.5 in the framework of separate publication (jointly with proposal concerning Agenda item No.1)

Agenda item No.6.

Report of the Statutory Auditor on the Company's draft 2022 individual Annual Report prepared pursuant to the IFRS DocuSign Envelope ID: C1F0C617-814D-4651-B132-F48BDFA77770



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Plc.

Report on the audit of the separate financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the separate financial statements of Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Plc. (the "Company") for the year 2022 included in the digital files 549300J6ZJW5IH4WEE46-2022-12-31-en.zip¹, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022 – which shows a total assets of mHUF 1,223,723 –, and the related statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income – which shows a total comprehensive income for the year of mHUF 172,194–, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2022 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (the "EU IFRS"), and the separate financial statements were prepared in all material respects in accordance with the provisions of the effective Hungarian Act C of 2000 on Accounting (the "Accounting Act") relevant to the entities preparing financial statements in accordance with EU IFRS.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Hungarian National Standards on Auditing and the effective Hungarian laws and other regulations on audits. Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the "*The Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the separate financial statements*" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in compliance with the relevant effective Hungarian regulations and the "Rules of conduct (ethical rules) of the auditor profession and the disciplinary process" of the Chamber of Hungarian Auditors and, in respect of matters not regulated therein, the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (the IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the same ethical requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Registered by the Capital Court of Registrtation Company Registration Number: 01-09-071057

¹ Digital identification of filename.xhtml financial statements with SHA 256 HASH algorithm: 076c231ee303a81481c36a2579b60065bbc44ebc57f5c062fb44caf84adde398

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the matter	
Valuation of sales rights		
 (See note 14 to the standalone financial statements for the details) As described in the notes to the standalone financial statements, the Company reported intangible assets in the amount of mHUF 141,542 as at 31 December 2022. As required by the applicable accounting standards, Management conducts regular impairment test to assess whether there is a need to record impairment with respect to the intangible assets based on the existing indicators. The identification of the triggering events and impairment tests are considered a key audit matter, as it requires application of professional judgement and use of subjective assumptions by management. 	The relevant audit procedures performed by unincluded the following: - evaluating design and implementation of ker controls related to identification of triggering event and performing appropriate impairment testing -challenging the key market related assumptions in the valuation models against external sources and budgets approved by the Management. Assessing the Management estimation method by back- testing of prior year's estimates involving valuation experts where it was considered necessary to assist us in re-performing the calculation of the impairment test and independently assessing the appropriateness of the assumptions used, the methodologies and policie applied, - Assessing the appropriate identification o impairment triggers, the accounting and the accuracy of impairment loss based on a selected sample, - assessing the adequacy of the disclosures in the standalone financial statements.	
Fair value measurement of liabilities from issued b	oonds	
(See Note 32. and 39. to the standalone financial statements for the details)	The relevant audit procedures performed by us included the following: - evaluating design and implementation of key	

As of December 31, 2022, the Company recognized liabilities from the issuance of bonds in a regulated market under the Bond Scheme approved by the National Bank of Hungary in the amount of mHUF 41,068.

controls related to the liabilities from bond issuance, - obtaining external confirmation from the organization that had issued the bonds in respect of the number of bonds issued, as well as their nominal value,

The Company opted for measuring the liability from issued bonds at fair value, as allowed by IFRS, which we have identified as a key audit area.	 assessing whether the recognized balance of liabilities from the issuance of bonds which are measured at fair value was appropriate, examining whether the accounting standards were applied appropriately and the accounting statements and disclosures were accurate
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Other Information

Other information comprises the information included in the "Management Report" and the business report of the Company for 2022, but does not include the separate financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for the other information and for the preparation of the business report in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Accounting Act and other regulations. Our opinion on the financial statements provided in the section of our independent auditor's report entitled "Opinion" does not apply to the other information.

Our responsibility in connection with our audit of the separate financial statements is to read the business report and, in doing so, consider whether the business report is materially inconsistent with the separate financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Furthermore, in accordance with the Accounting Act, our responsibilities regarding the business report also include reviewing the business report to assess whether the business report was prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Accounting Act and other regulations, if any, including the assessment whether the business report complies with the requirements of Section 95/B. (2) e) and f) of the Accounting Act, and to express an opinion on the above and on whether the business report is consistent with the separate financial statements. Furthermore, in accordance with the Accounting Act we shall make a statement whether the information referred to in Section 95/B. (2) a)-d), g) and h) has been provided in the business report and whether the business report contains the non-financial statement provided for in Section 95/C.

In fulfilling this obligation, for the purpose of formulating our opinion on the business report we considered Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/815 of 17 December 2018 ("ESEF Regulation") as other regulations stipulating additional requirements pertaining to business reports.

In our opinion, the business report of the Company for 2022 corresponds to the separate financial statements of the Company for 2022 and the relevant provisions of the Accounting Act and other relevant regulations listed above in all material respects. The information referred to in Section 95/B. (2) a)-d), g) and h) of the Accounting Act has been provided and the business report contains the non-financial statement provided for in Section 95/C.

In addition to the above, based on the information obtained about the Company and its environment, we must report on whether we became aware of any material misstatements in the other information and, if so, on the nature of such material misstatements. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the separate financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of separate financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with EU IFRSs and for the preparation of the separate financial statements in accordance with provisions of the Accounting Act relevant to entities preparing financial statements in accordance with EU IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the separate financial statements

Our objectives during the audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue, on the basis of the above, an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Hungarian National Standards on Auditing and the effective Hungarian laws and other regulations on audits will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error, and they are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Hungarian National Standards on Auditing and the effective Hungarian laws and other regulations on audits, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the Company's internal control that we identify during the audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In compliance with Article 10 (2) of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council, we provide the following information in our independent auditor's report, which is required in addition to the requirements of International Standards on Auditing:

Appointment of the Auditor and the Period of Engagement

We were appointed as the auditors of the Company by the General Meeting of Shareholders on April 28, 2020, and our uninterrupted engagement has lasted since our appointment.

Consistence with the Additional Report to the Audit Committee

We confirm that our audit opinion on the separate financial statements expressed herein is consistent with the additional report to the Audit Committee of the Company, which we issued on March 8, 2023, in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council.

Provision of Non-audit Services

We declare that no prohibited non-audit services referred to in Article 5 (1) of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council were provided by us to the Company. In addition, there are no other non-audit services which were provided by us to the Company and its controlled undertakings and which have not been disclosed in the separate financial statements.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is the signatory of the report.

Report on compliance of the presentation of financial statements with the requirements set out in the regulation on the single electronic reporting format

We have undertaken a reasonable assurance engagement on compliance of the presentation of financial statements of the Company included in the digital files 549300J6ZJW5IH4WEE46-2022-12-31-en.zip ("ESEF format financial statements") with the requirements set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2018/815 of 17 December 2018 supplementing Directive 2004/109/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards on the specification of a single electronic reporting format. ("ESEF Regulation").

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the ESEF format financial statements

The management is responsible for the presentation of ESEF format financial statements in accordance with the ESEF Regulation. This responsibility includes:

- the preparation of the financial statements in XHTML format;
- the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the application of the ESEF Regulation.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process, including compliance with the ESEF Regulation.

Our responsibility and summary of the work performed

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on whether, in all material respects, the presentation of ESEF format financial statements complies with the ESEF Regulation, based on the evidence we have obtained. We conducted our reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with the Hungarian National Standard on Assurance Engagements (Revised), Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information (ISAE 3000).

A reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with ISAE 3000 involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about compliance with the ESEF Regulation. The nature, timing and extent of procedures selected depend on the practitioner's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material departures from the requirements set out in the ESEF Regulations, whether due to fraud or error. Our reasonable assurance engagement included obtaining an understanding of the internal controls relevant for the application of the ESEF Regulation and checking the appropriateness of Company's use of the XHTML format.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the ESEF format financial statements of the "Company" for the year ended December 31, 2022 included in the digital files 549300J6ZJW5IH4WEE46-2022-12-31-en.zip, is presented, in all material respects, in compliance with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation.

Budapest, March 24, 2023

DocuSigned by:

-1CF8CB1A0996461.

Horváth Tamás on behalf of Deloitte Auditing and Consulting Ltd. and as a statutory registered auditor

Deloitte Auditing and Consulting Ltd. 1068 Budapest, Dózsa György út 84/C. Registration number: 000083

Registration number of statutory registered auditor: 003449

Agenda item No.7.

Report of the Supervisory Board including the report of the Audit Board on the Company's draft 2022 individual Annual Report prepared pursuant to the IFRS The Supervisory Board of Gedeon Richter Plc.

REPORT

to the 2023 Annual General Meeting of Gedeon Richter Plc.

Budapest, 9 March 2023

Table of contents

1. Report on the Supervisory Board's work for the year

1. 1. Brief presentation of the work performed by Supervisory Board in the year 2022

As in previous years, in 2022 the Supervisory Board (hereinafter: SB) worked in compliance with the provisions of the Hungarian civil Code and the Statutes of Gedeon Richter Plc. (hereinafter: the Company), following its rules of procedure and work plan. There were no changes in the composition of the SB in 2022.

The SB carried out its activities in accordance with its rules of procedure. In addition to discharging its duties in keeping with the relevant statutory provisions the SB worked in the areas identified in its regularly updated annual work plan determined for the period between AGMs. It discussed the topics in its work programme.

It held nine meetings in the interval between the Annual General Meetings with a 87.03% rate of attendance. Most of the meetings were attended in person, but there was always a possibility to use a telecommunications tool (Microsoft Teams) for Members who could not attend in person. All the meetings convened had a quorum, and none of the meetings previously scheduled and announced were cancelled; some of the items on the agenda were reshuffled. The SB's Rules of Procedure allow adaptation to the changing economic environment and flexible management of the changes in the Company and its business – a possibility which the SB fully utilized.

Pursuant to the relevant legal regulations, the Company's Statutes and the Corporate Governance Recommendations of the Budapest Stock Exchange, the key responsibility of the SB as a body of ownership control is to supervise the Company's finance and to examine the risk factors affecting it. By doing so, the SB wishes to help the owners form a judgement of the Executive Management's performance.

The SB finds that during its operation it has never encountered any actions that were in conflict with legal regulations, the Company's Statutes or any AGM Regulation, or with the Company's and the shareholders' interests.

It is to be noted that the Executive Management helped the supervisory activity of the SB in every possible way by providing the requested information in time and fulfilling its statutory obligation under the Civil Code to disclose information regularly. The Executive Management provided all the conditions required for the SB's undisturbed operation.

In addition to overseeing the Company's finance, the Supervisory Board also discussed the Company's and Richter Group's annual Business Plan and the issues affecting their future in the short and long run. It also attached high priority to looking at the main actions that would have to be taken to implement such long term goals.

1. 1. 1. Key issues discussed by the Supervisory Board in 2022

In compliance with the legal regulations, the SB discussed each of the quarterly reports and achievements. It also deliberated on all the significant documents and business policy reports that had been submitted to the AGM. It discussed the 2023 business plans of the parent company and of Richter Group (including the consolidated plans), the Interim Balance Sheet of 31.08.2022, the parent company's Annual Financial Statements and the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for 2022, the parent company's business report and the consolidated business report, as well as the Report on Corporate Governance, the Independent Auditor's Report, and the annual report of the Audit Board.

While discussing the quarterly reports, CEO Gábor Orbán gave an account of not only the relevant past events but also outlined the challenges that the Company would have to face amidst the current global political and economic environment. Assessment of the risks associated with economic events and the Company's responses were highlighted on several occasions. The SB found that the quarterly reports and accounts were informative and of high a standard, and acknowledged them.

In accordance with its work plan prepared for the period between the AGMs, among the many issues that affect the Company's efficiency and future in the short and long run, in 2022 the SB discussed the following issues:

1. Richter's strategy, with special regard to the high added value portfolio (CNS, proprietary, women's healthcare and biotechnology pillars), and to

2. HR strategy, with a focus on transforming the corporate culture to achieve strategic goals and diversity policy.

- 3. Domestic trade of the Company
- 4. Currency management
- 5. Investor relations

6. The Company's logistics system (in particular the problems related to the challenges of the Ukraine-Russia crisis)

7. Newly established Research & Development Directorate

Details of the above topics are contained in the minutes of the SB meetings.

Having listened to the presentations the SB discussed and evaluated the proposals in detail. Responses to the questions were acknowledged, the proposals were approved and the related resolutions were passed, taking into consideration the evaluations and supplementations.

The Chairman of the SB attended the Board of Directors meetings; therefore the SB was always represented.

1. 1. 2. Presentation of the Audit Board's operation

Pursuant to Act V of 2013 on the Civil Code (hereinafter: Civil Code), the Annual General Meeting elected the Audit Board (hereinafter: AB) consisting of three members from among the independent members of the SB.

The AB determined its Rules of Procedure in compliance with the provisions of Section 3:291 of the Civil Code, Section 3:289 of the Civil Code on corporate governance, and Article 16 of the Company Statues.

Under the Civil Code and the Company's Statutes, the competence of the AB includes the following:

- To give an opinion on the annual report prepared pursuant to the Accounting Act,
- to monitor the audits of the annual report prepared pursuant to the Accounting Act,
- to make a recommendation concerning the person and remuneration of the auditor,

- to prepare the contract to be concluded with the auditor,
- to monitor and implement professional requirements and conflict of interest in respect of the auditor,
- to perform duties related to cooperation with the auditor,
- to evaluate the functioning of the financial reporting system,
- to assist the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board so as to exercise proper control of the financial reporting system.

In the period since the last AGM the AB discussed and resolved on the following topics:

- 1. Discussion and approval of the Interim Balance Sheet and Auditor's Report dated 31 August 2022;
- 2. Richter's foundations in the light of good corporate citizenship;
- 3. Discussion and approval of the Report on Corporate Governance;
- 4. Discussion and approval of the 2022 Annual Financial Statements, Business Report, and the Independent Auditor's Report;
- 5. Discussion and approval of Richter Group's 2022 Consolidated Annual Financial Statements, business report, and the Independent Auditor's Report;
- 6. Discussion and approval of the report to the SB on the AB's activities in 2022.

All AB meetings were attended by all AB members and the meetings had a quorum at all times. None of the meetings previously scheduled and announced were cancelled.

Some of the issued addressed and discussed by the AB are also discussed and approved by the SB under its Rules of Procedure. Such issues include the Annual Financial Reports (Parent Company and Consolidated), the related Auditor's Reports and the Interim Balance Sheet and the related Auditor's Report. Given that the same persons are responsible for presenting such reports, it was deemed expedient and practical to discuss them in a joint meeting with the SB.

The Audit Board regularly monitored the auditor's independence in the course of the year. In this context, it approved on numerous occasions for the Company's Independent Auditor or the auditor belonging to the network of auditors of the Independent Auditor to provide services that are not qualified as prohibited services under Regulation 537/2014 of the EU and its Hungarian implementation.

1. 2. Brief evaluation of the Company's performance in 2022 and feedback on the Board of Directors' Report to the Annual General Meeting

The Company's main objectives for 2022 were as follows: to expand sales despite a difficult market environment; to retain and improve market shares; and to strengthen the strategy of standing on multiple legs in the market; based on the strategic principles, to shift business to enhance the contribution of high value added products; to expand the women's healthcare business; to develop a new original CNS product; and to take further steps in the development of biosimilar products.

In 2022 major changes took place including, but not limited to, the following areas: On 23 December 2022 the Hungarian Government decided to levy extraordinary tax on the pharmaceutical industry Pursuant to Decree No. 582 of 2022 (23 December) the extraordinary pharmaceutical tax is levied on the annual net sales of pharmaceutical products and active pharmaceutical ingredients is payable for the years 2022 and 2023.

Under the terms of the decree the Company is expected to pay HUF 27.9 billion in extra profit tax for the year 2022 based on the provisions in force at the time of closing the report. The tax is expected to be accounted under Other expenses thus will proportionally lower the Company's operating profit and free cash-flow for 2022.

In the early days of the armed conflict between Russia and Ukraine, business in Russia suffered temporary delays, but since then the pace of shipments has returned to the average pre-war level. According to data from market researchers, pharmacy sales of medicines in rouble terms increased by approximately 15% in the first eleven months of the year, mainly due to rising prices. People stocking up on medicines also contributed to sales in the first quarter. Wholesale inventories, however, fell significantly by the end of 2022 compared to the beginning of the year. Invoices falling due during the reported year have been settled in full. From March 2022, wholesalers in Russia were supplied exclusively from the warehouse of Richter Gedeon RUS. As in previous periods, invoices to wholesalers are issued in roubles by the Group's local companies. The latter have invoiced the Parent Company in USD from the second quarter of 2022 onwards. About half of their Russian sales are naturally hedged, providing for the costs of local production and marketing activities arising in roubles. Trading activity in Ukraine came to a halt at the end of February 2022 and only resumed in mid-April at a significantly lower level compared to previous periods. A recent change in the Ukrainian legislative environment allows for the withdrawal of marketing authorisations for all products that have manufacturing capacity in Russia and are

taxed there, and for which there are sufficient substitutes on the market. In the case of Richter, 35 such products were found and the procedure to suspend licences was launched in early October. Richter intends to appeal against the decision. The above provision was not implemented in practice in the course of the reported year.

On 19 December 2022 Richter's partner AbbVie announced that the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has approved VRAYLAR® (cariprazine) as an adjunctive therapy to antidepressants for the treatment of major depressive disorder (MDD) in adults. Supported by clinical data demonstrating efficacy and well-established tolerability, this additional indication provides a new option for adults who only have a partial response to the treatment of an antidepressant.

On 20 December 2022 Richter announced that it has signed a Binding Term Sheet with Mithra for the commercialisation of Donesta®, an estetrol-based product candidate for Hormone Replacement Therapy in postmenopausal women. The parties intend to finalise their partnership in an agreement during the first quarter 2023.

1. 2. 1. Summary and the Supervisory Board's recommendation to the Annual General Meeting

The SB reviewed and discussed the documents supporting the 2022 Board of Directors Report to the Annual General Meeting, as well as the Independent Auditor's Report. Based on those and the information gained during the year, the SB was in a position to judge the figures and statements set out in the reports. We hereby present the following summary report, as jointly agreed by the Committee, and a unanimous opinion of the SB to the distinguished members of the General Meeting. Net income from sales totalled HUF 802,755 million in 2022, a HUF 172,160 million, or 27.3%, increase over the 2021 figure.

Operating profit was HUF 153.555 million compared to HUF 135.832 million in the reference year, down from 21.5% to 19.1% year-on-year.

Net financial income/loss was HUF 5,958 million in profit in 2022 compared to HUF 7,633 million in 2021.

Foreign currency translation reserves increased by HUF 18,483 million to HUF 47,846 million primarily as a result of a volatile currency environment.

Retained earnings were up by HUF 116,640 million and amounted to HUF 966,375 million. The increase is due to the profit realised in the period of reporting.

Taxes on income (including business tax and innovation contribution) amounted to HUF 8,408 million.

The 2022 profit before tax amounted to HUF 165,663 million after HUF 146,575 million in 2021.

The Company's after-tax profit for 2022 was HUF 157,255 million as opposed to HUF 141,180 million in 2021.

The above findings are backed by detailed data in the Report of the Board of Directors and the statements in the Auditor's Report. Having studied and duly deliberated these reports, and based on the experiences the SB gained in the course of its work throughout the year, the SB finds the statements in the said report are substantiated and reliable.

The Company always fulfilled its obligations to the State, banks, authorities, and market and other partners in a timely manner, and its financial position remained balanced throughout the year.

The SB agrees with the contents of the Company's Annual Financial Statements for 2022 and the statements made in the Independent Auditor's Report. Accordingly, it proposes the Company's 2022 Balance Sheet, Income Statement, Notes to the Financial Report and Business Report, with their truthfulness and compliance confirmed by the independent auditor, to the distinguished members of the General Meeting for approval.

2. Proposals for the approval of the 2022 Annual Report

2. 1. Proposal for the approval of Gedeon Richter Plc's Balance Sheet and after-tax profit for 2022

Based on the Company's audited Annual Financial Statements for 2022 submitted to the Annual General Meeting, the analysis and Auditor's Statement issued by the auditor Deloitte Auditing and Consulting Limited, and the SB's own analysis, the Supervisory Board proposes that the distinguished members of the Annual General Meeting approve the following:

- The Annual Financial Statements for 2022 submitted to the AGM (with total assets and total liabilities in the Balance Sheet being equally HUF 1,340,289 million), duly audited in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.
- The after-tax profit specified in the audited Profit and Loss Statement for 2022 being HUF 157,255 million.

2. 2. Proposal for the approval of Gedeon Richter Plc.'s 2022 after-tax profit and rate of dividend

The proposal made by the Board of Directors is approved and supported by the Supervisory Board.

Accordingly, the Supervisory Board proposes that the distinguished members of the General Meeting

- approve the establishment of 390% dividend on ordinary shares, and payment of HUF 390 per share in dividend as proposed;
- furthermore, approve the recognition of after-tax profit less the dividend paid as the Company's balance sheet profit, and order such profit to be allocated to retained earnings in accordance with the applicable statutory provisions.

Budapest, 9 March 2023

✓ Dr. Attila Chikán Chairman of the Supervisory Board

Agenda item No.8.

Approval of the Company's draft 2022 individual Annual Report pursuant to the IFRS

<u>Proposal to Item No.:8</u> <u>on the Agenda of the AGM</u>

Resolution of the Board of Directors No.: 43/2023

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the Company's draft 2022 individual annual report pursuant to the IFRS.

The Board of Directors passed the resolution unanimously, with no dissenting votes and no abstentions.

Agenda item No.9.

Resolution on the determination and allocation of the after-tax profit and the rate of dividends

<u>Proposal to Item No.:9</u> <u>on the Agenda of the AGM</u>

Resolution of the Board of Directors No.: 44/2023

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to state the rate of dividend relating to common shares payable after the result of business year 2022 in 40% of the consolidated aftertax profit attributable to the owners of the parent company after impairment related adjustments, which is HUF 390, i.e. three hundred ninety Hungarian Forints per share, and means 46,4% effective payment ratio in proportion to the consolidated after-tax profit.

The Board of Directors passed the resolution unanimously, with no dissenting votes and no abstentions.

Agenda item No.10.

Corporate Governance Report

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Report on Corporate Governance¹

In order to comply with international and domestic legal and regulatory requirements and the highest ethical standards in all of its operations Gedeon Richter Ple. is committed to developing and maintaining a corporate governance system. This commitment is highlighted by the practice of transparent and efficient differentiation of the rights and responsibilities of the General Meeting, the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board, and the Executive Management.

The corporate governance system and practice developed and applied by Richter is in keeping with the Corporate Governance Recommendations of the Budapest Stock Exchange, the stock market regulations currently in force, the provisions of the Civil Code², the Company's Statutes and with Gedeon Richter Plc's characteristics arising from its line of industry and its structure. The Company reviews its corporate governance principles from time to time to keep abreast with continuously evolving international practice. In this aspect, the Company is also considering ESG requirements, which exercise influence on the judgement of corporate governance systems by capital market participants.

General Meeting, rules for the conduct of the General Meeting

The supreme body of the Company is the General Meeting, which consists of all shareholders. The Company's Annual General Meeting is convened no later than by the last day of the fifth month of every business year. The Annual General Meeting addresses, among other points on the agenda, the following subjects:

- the Board of Directors' report on the Company's consolidated annual report for the previous business year pursuant to the International Financial Reporting Standards;
- the Supervisory Board's report on the Company's consolidated annual report for the previous business year pursuant to the International Financial Reporting Standards;
- the Auditor's report on the Company's consolidated annual report for the previous business year pursuant to the International Financial Reporting Standards;
- Approval of the Company's consolidated annual report for the previous business year pursuant to the International Financial Reporting Standards;
- the Board of Directors' report on the Company's individual annual report for the previous business year; on the management, the financial situation and the business policy of the Company;

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¹ The report concerns the 2022 business year. ² Act V of 2013 on the Civil Code

- the Supervisory Board's report on the Company's individual annual report for the previous business year, including also the recommendation regarding the appropriation of after-tax profits;
- the Auditor's report on the Company's individual annual report prepared for the previous business year;
- Approval of the Company's individual annual report for the previous business year, including the resolution on the appropriation of the after-tax profits;
- Board of Directors' report on the practice of corporate governance and on the departures made by the Company in applying the Corporate Governance Recommendations of the Budapest Stock Exchange;
- Resolution on the remuneration of elected officers.

The Annual General Meeting shall be convened by the Board of Directors unless otherwise provided by the Civil Code. The person or organ convoking the General Meeting shall determine its time, venue, and agenda.

The convening of the General Meeting shall be published on the Company's homepage at least 30 days prior to the commencement date thereof pursuant to the provisions applicable to the Company's announcements. The Company may notify shareholders regarding the convocation of the General Meeting in an electronic format, if shareholders have so requested.

The Board of Directors shall have the right to call an extraordinary General Meeting at its discretion. The Board of Directors shall also call an extraordinary General Meeting if persons authorized by the Civil Code or these Statutes request from the Board of Directors that a General Meeting be held. If shareholders holding at least one percent of the votes request for the convening of a General Meeting, stipulating its reason and purpose, such a General Meeting shall be convened.

The announcement (invitation) convening the General Meeting shall indicate the name and seat of the Company, the venue, date, time, agenda and method of holding of the General Meeting, the conditions placed on the exercise of voting rights as specified in these Statutes as well as the time and venue of the reconvened General Meeting. No more than twenty-one days, but at least ten days shall pass between the General Meeting of an insufficient quorum and the reconvened General Meeting. The announcement convening the General Meeting shall contain the information that a shareholder or nominee may participate on the General Meeting if registered in the Share Register at least two working days prior to the beginning date of the General Meeting; and the requirements laid down in these Statutes of exercising the right to supplement the agenda of the General Meeting, as well as the date, place and way of accessing the full and original text of the proposals on the agenda and of the proposed resolutions (including the website of the Company).

The Company shall publish the key data of the Company's draft consolidated annual report for the previous business year pursuant to International Financial Reporting Standards and its draft individual annual report and of the report of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board, the total number (proportion) of shares and voting rights at the date of convening the General Meeting, including separate summaries of the individual share classes, together with a summary of the proposals relating to the items on the agenda, the supervisory board report on these, and draft resolutions, as well as forms for voting by proxy, on the Company's website at least twenty-one days prior to the annual General Meeting.

The General Meeting is chaired by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or another person previously invited by the Board of Directors to take the chair. The General Meeting shall approve

törölt: The Company shall publish the names of the members of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board and all monetary and non-monetary benefits granted to these members in this role, detailed by members and legal title to said benefit simultaneously with the notice convening the General Meeting.

the identity of the chairman of the General Meeting prior to substantive discussion of further items on the agenda and until this has happened the General Meeting cannot make a further substantive decision in respect of the items on the agenda.

Items not listed in the published agenda may only be discussed and valid resolutions concerning these items shall only be passed if all of the shareholders are present at the General Meeting and they give their unanimous consent to the addition of such items to the agenda.

With the exception of cases where the presence of a larger number of shareholders is required in order to constitute a quorum, a quorum exists if shareholders, personally or through their representatives, representing over half of the votes embodied by the voting shares are present at the General Meeting and have duly evidenced their shareholder or representative status. The General Meeting may be suspended once. If the General Meeting is suspended, it shall be continued within thirty days. Existence of the quorum shall be examined at each decision. With respect to the quorum, shareholders or representatives of a shareholders who submit a "yes", "no", or "abstention" vote shall be deemed as the ones being present.

If the General Meeting has no quorum, the General Meeting shall be reconvened. <u>No more than</u> twenty-one days, but at least one hour shall pass between the starting times of a General Meeting of an insufficient quorum and the reconvened General Meeting. With the exception of cases where under the given circumstances the presence of a larger number of shareholders is required in order to constitute a quorum, the reconvened General Meeting shall have a quorum for the purpose of considering items on the agenda of the original General Meeting if the shareholders representing more than 20% of the votes relating to the voting shares issued by the Company are presented personally or via proxy at the reconvened General Meeting and their shareholding or representation right has been duly evidenced.

Shareholders' rights and treatment of shareholders

All shareholders are entitled to participate in the General Meeting, and to request information and to make observations and to submit motions as set out in the Civil Code.

The Board of Directors shall provide every shareholder who makes a written request with information necessary to enable the shareholder to evaluate items on the General Meeting agenda, so that the shareholder making such request at least eight days before the General Meeting shall receive the requested information at least three days prior to the General Meeting.

At the request of a shareholder the Board of Directors shall grant that shareholder access to the relevant documents and data of the Company. The Board of Directors may decide that it will disclose information or grant access to documents on condition that the requesting shareholder makes a written declaration of confidentiality. The Board of Directors may refuse to disclose information or to grant access to documentation or data if its dissemination would compromise the business secrets of the Company, if the shareholder abuses this right or does not make a declaration of confidentiality after being requested by the Board of Directors. If the shareholder finds that the refusal of his request is unfounded, then he may request the Court of Registration to compel the Company to provide the requested information and grant access to documentation.

Shareholders may practise their rights after entitlement verification by way of the identification procedure. No certificate of ownership is required for the practice of shareholders' rights. The date of registration in the Share Register shall be the same as the date of the identification of ownership.

At the General Meeting, shareholders' rights can be exercised by means of the voting card. The voting card shall contain the name of the shareholder or the shareholder's representative and the number of votes to which he is entitled to. The Company shall only issue a voting card to a shareholder or shareholder's representative who is registered in the Share Register as the owner of the shares or as the shareholder's representative, or in case of jointly owned shares, as joint representative.

Shareholders may exercise their rights at the General Meeting through an authorized representative. The representative may be also other person than shareholder. Representatives may obtain voting cards if they present authorization contained in an official deed or private deed of full probative value to the Company at the place and time indicated in the announcement regarding the General Meeting.

The name of a shareholder or shareholder's representative who wishes to participate in the General Meeting shall be recorded in the Share Register by the second working day preceding the first day of the General Meeting.

Only those shareholders may exercise their rights at the General Meeting who are the owners of the shares on the reference date for the identification of ownership and whose names are contained in the Share Register on the second business day before the first day of the General Meeting. The keeper of the Share Register shall ensure the possibility of exercising of the right of registration until 6.00 PM (Budapest time) on the second business day before the first day of the General Meeting.

Every share of nominal value HUF 100 shall entitle its holder to one vote. At general meetings a shareholder may not exercise voting rights on his own account or as a representative of another shareholder, alone or in concert with affiliated persons, in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) of the voting rights attached to the shares by shareholders present or represented at the General Meeting. A shareholder shall not be entitled to exercise voting rights prior to having effected full payment of its contribution in cash.

Shareholders are entitled to receive a share of the Company's profits that are distributable and where a dividend is declared by the General Meeting. Such dividend shall be in proportion to the number of nominal shares held by the shareholder (right to a dividend). However, dividends with respect to treasury shares shall be divided to shareholders entitled to dividends, payable in proportion of the nominal value of their shares. Shareholders that have been registered in the Share Register as a result of the identification of ownership prepared on the reference date established and announced by the Board of Directors regarding the payment of dividends are entitled to dividends. The date relevant with respect to the entitlement to dividends established by the Board of Directors may differ from the date of the General Meeting adopting the resolution for the payment of dividends.

In the event of termination of the Company without legal successor, the shareholder shall be entitled - based on the payments and in-kind contributions made by the shareholder for the shares - to a proportion of any remaining assets of the Company following the satisfaction of creditors. Such proportion of the remaining assets shall be distributed to the shareholder in proportion to the ratio of the nominal value of its shareholding in the Company's registered capital and the total registered capital of the Company (proportional right to liquidation assets).

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The Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of Gedeon Richter Plc. is the ultimate decision making body of the Company in matters other than those that are within the exclusive remit of the General Meeting.

Increasing value for shareholders, profitability, enhancing efficiency and transparency of operation and providing the conditions for environmental protection and safe operation as well as good shareholder relations based on consistent information are priority considerations and goals for the Board of Directors.

The structure, remit and operation of the Board of Directors

Pursuant to the Company's Statutes the Board of Directors is made up of at least three and not more than twelve members. Members of the Board of Directors are elected by the General Meeting for a definite term of not more than five years. Currently the Board of Directors consists of <u>eleven</u>³ members.

To members of the Board of Directors as executive officers the Company applies the same criteria of independence as those stated in the Civil Code⁴ related to the members of the Supervisory Board. With respect to these criteria the definitive majority of the members of the Board of Directors, 73% of them (eight members out of the eleven members of the Board of Directors) are independent. The Company's Chief Executive Officer is a member of the Board of Directors. Separation of the office of Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer is a key aspect of corporate governance. Two different people holding the tasks of the Chief Executive Officer and of the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors elects its Chairman and - if the members find it necessary - Deputy Chairman from among its members. The Board of Directors may withdraw this mandate at any time. If for any reason, the Chairman or the Deputy Chairman cease to be members of the Board of Directors, their mandate as Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall be terminated.

Chairman of the Board of Directors: Erik Bogsch (dependent) Members of the Board of Directors:

Dr. György Bagdy (independent) /<u>until April 12, 2022</u>/ Dr. Péter Cserháti (independent) <u>Ilona Dávid (independent) /from April 12, 2022</u>/ Dr. Gábor Gulácsi (dependent) /<u>until April 12, 2022</u>/ <u>István Hamecz (dependent) /from April 12, 2022</u>/ Dr. Ilona Hardy (independent) Csaba Lantos (independent) Csaba Lantos (independent) Dr. Anett Pandurics (independent) Bálint Szécsényi (independent)

³ On 12 April 2022, the Annual General Meeting of the Company approved the re-election of Mr Csaba Lantos as member of the Board of Directors for a three-year period until the 2025 AGM. However, with effect from November 30, 2022 Mr. Csaba Lantos resigned from his membership in the Company's Board of Directors due to legal conflict of interest consequent to his appointment to minister.
⁴ In case of those public companies limited by shares which do not have one tier system (Board), but where operate a

⁴ In case of those public companies limited by shares which do not have one tier system (Board), but where operate a two tier system - there is an independent Supervisory Board beside the Board of Directors - the Civil Code do not state criteria of independence to the members of the Board of Directors.

törölt: twelve

törölt: 5	
törölt: nine	
törölt: twelve	

Prof. Dr. E. Szilveszter Vizi (independent)	
Dr. Nándor Pál Ács (independent)	 törölt: /from April 15, 2021/
Dr. László Szabó (independent)	 törölt: /from April 15, 2021/

The introduction of the members of the Board of Directors is available on the Company's website at www.gedeonrichter.com.

The business activity of the Company is controlled by the Board of Directors in accordance with the Company's Statutes, the resolutions of the General Meeting and the relevant effective legal regulations. The Board's remit includes review and approval of the Company's future outlook, strategic principles and programmes, and its transactions beyond the boundaries of regular business. It monitors and regularly evaluates the Company's performance and the management's operation. It selects and contracts the Managing Director; it evaluates the Managing Director's performance and determines the Managing Director's remuneration. It ensures compliance with the statutory provisions and the Code of Corporate Ethics.

The Board of Directors acts and passes resolutions as a body. <u>The Board of Directors shall pass its</u> resolutions by a simple majority voice vote. In case of an equality of votes for and against, the Chairman shall have a decisive vote if the Chairman of the Board of Directors is present. If the Chairman is absent and there is an equality of votes, the proposed resolution shall be considered rejected. At the request of any member of the Board of Directors, the Chairman shall order a secret vote. The Board of Directors keeps minutes of its meetings and its resolutions are documented. Besides the recurrent items on its agenda the Board discusses and evaluates the performance of each of the key business segments.

In 2022 the Board of Directors held <u>nine (9)</u> meetings with an average attendance rate of <u>94.37</u> %.

The Board of Directors has the quorum required for decisions on the merit of matters if at least twothirds but at least three of its current members are present. The current number of members shall mean the number of members in office at the given time. If the Board does not have a quorum when it is first called, the Chairman shall call a repeated meeting for a date within three days from the original date. The reconvened meeting shall have a quorum if the majority of, but not less than three, members of the Board are present. The Board of Directors shall pass its resolutions by simple majority.

The honoraria of the members of the Board of Directors are determined by the Annual General Meeting. Pursuant to the resolution of the Annual General Meeting of 12 April, 2022 the remuneration of the Chairman of the Board of Directors was set at HUF <u>792,000</u> per month and that of the members of the Board of Directors at HUF <u>662,000</u> per month, for year 2022 effective as of January 1, 2022. Furthermore, on April 12, 2022, the Annual General Meeting with respect to the outstanding results of the Company in 2021 decided that the chairman and members of the Board of Directors shall receive premium too, the amount of which equals their respective monthly honorarium.

Subcommittees of the Board of Directors

In order to improve efficiency of decision-making processes the Board of Directors set up three subcommittees. The subcommittees consist of at least three Board members. The members of the

törölt: 1	
törölt: eleven	
törölt: 11	
törölt: 94,69	

törölt: Board of Directors - based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of the decree no. 502/2020. (XI.16.) of the Government of Hungary on the re-introduction of deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating organisations during the state of emergency - acting in competence of the

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22	törölt: 730,000.00
11	törölt: 610,000.00
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subcommittees are elected by the Board for a term equal to the member's term on the Board. The duties of the subcommittees are determined by the Board of Directors.

The following subcommittees are in operation:

Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee

The Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee - which exist since 2004 - consist of three independent members not employed by the Company.

Chairman: Prof. Dr. E. Szilveszter Vizi (independent)

Members:

Dr. Ilona Hardy (independent) Dr. György Bagdy (independent) /<u>until April 12, 2022/</u> Dr. Péter Cserháti (independent) /from May 23, 2022/

The introduction of each members of the Subcommittee is available on the Company's website in framework of the introduction of the members of the Board of Directors. The term of mandate of Subcommittee members' equals with their term of mandate as members of the Board of Directors.

Within its sphere of competence the Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee

- makes proposals to the Board of Directors on the number and composition of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board in accordance with needs as they arise, and makes proposals on the requirements of independence, qualification and professional experience of proposed candidates;
- prepares decisions of the Board of Directors on candidates for the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board by recommending suitable candidates and by evaluating candidates proposed by the shareholders' representatives;
- monitors the implementation of the approved principles of corporate governance, prepares annual reports to the Board of Directors, and proposes necessary changes and additions to them.

The Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee acts and makes decisions as a body. The Subcommittee keeps minutes of its meetings and its decisions are recorded.

In the 2022 business year the Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee held one (1)	 törölt: 1
meeting with an average attendance rate of 100%.	
In the 2022 business year the Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee discussed the	 törölt: 1

below subjects:	
- audition of the candidates to the Board of Directors;	

- assessment of the activity of the Board of Directors in 2021;

- Corporate Governance Report for year 2021,

Members of the Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee with respect to their position and activity in the Subcommittee did not get separate remuneration over the honoraria they were entitled to as members of the Board of Directors.

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Remuneration Subcommittee

The Remuneration Subcommittee - which exist since 2004 - consists of three members. The majority of the members of the Subcommittee are independent, not employed by the Company.

Chairman: Csaba Lantos (independent) / until November 30, 2022/

Members:

- Dr. Anett Pandurics (independent) / chairperson of the Subcommittee since December 5, 2022/ Dr. Péter Cserháti (independent)
 - Dr. Nándor Pál Ács (independent) / from December 5, 2022/

The introduction of the members of the Subcommittee is available on the Company's website in framework of the introduction of the members of the Board of Directors. The term of mandate of Subcommittee members' equals with their term of mandate as members of the Board of Directors.

Within its sphere of competence the Remuneration Subcommittee

- evaluates experiences related to the remuneration system of members of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board, and makes proposals as to its amendment taking into consideration the relevant effective legal regulations;
- makes proposals to the Board on the evaluation of the performance of the Managing Director and his remuneration;
- give opinion on the Company's Remuneration policy and its amendments prepared by the Executive Board, before it is discussed by the Board of Directors;
- give opinion on the Company's Remuneration report prepared by the Executive Board, before it is discussed by the Board of Directors.

The Remuneration Subcommittee acts and makes decisions as a body. The Subcommittee keeps minutes of its meetings and its decisions are documented.

n the 2022 business year the Remuneration Subcommittee held three (3) meetings with an average trools 1
tttendance rate of 100%.
n the 2022 business year the Remuneration Subcommittee discussed the below subjects:
amendments to the Remuneration policy approved in 2021;
Remuneration report on year 2021
remuneration of members of the Board of Directors for year 2022;
remuneration of members of the Supervisory Board for year 2022;
reviewing the Chief Executive Officer's basic wage for year 2022;

- assessing the completion of CEO's bonus schedule for year 2021;
- assessing the completion of CEO's EPP schedule for year 2021;
- CEO's bonus schedule for year 2022;
- CEO's EPP schedule for year 2022;

- remuneration of non-executive directors.

Members of the Remuneration Subcommittee with respect to their position and activity in the Subcommittee did not get separate remuneration over the honoraria they were entitled to as members of the Board of Directors.

ESG Subcommittee

The Board of Directors with respect to the strengthening role of the ESG requirements both on the national and international capital markets in the last few years, also set up ESG Subcommittee in December 2021.

Chairman of the Subcommittee:

Members of the Subcommittee:

Bálint Szécsényi (independent) Gábor Orbán (dependent)

Dr. Ilona Hardy (independent),

The ESG Subcommittee is responsible for monitoring the ESG requirements of the national and international capital markets, the changes in these requirements, and furthermore with respect to the Company's industrial and structural characteristics to initiate motions to the Board of Directors so that the Company comply with the ESG requirements.

In the 2022 business year the ESG Subcommittee held one (1) meeting with an average attendance rate of 100%.

In the 2022 business year the ESG Subcommittee discussed the below subjects:

- "Non-financial" aims to the CEO's bonus schedule and EPP schedule for year 2023;

- Rules of Procedure of the Subcommittees established by the Board of Directors.

Members of the ESG Subcommittee with respect to their position and activity in the Subcommittee did not get separate remuneration over the honoraria they were entitled to as members of the Board of Directors.

Division of responsibilities and duties between the Executive Board and the Board of Directors

The Executive Board is responsible for the operative management of the Company's activities directed by the Chief Executive Officer, The Board of Directors shall charge one of its members as Chief Executive Officer for a period determined by the Board of Directors. Except for the rights assigned to the General Meeting, the employer's rights over the Chief Executive Officer shall be exercised by the Board of Directors.

The Executive Board is a forum for the preparation of decisions, where all members have the right and obligation to provide an opinion. Based on the opinions of the members of the Executive Board the final decision shall be made by the Chief Executive Officer or the Board of Directors, depending on their competence.

As set out by the Statutes the Board of Directors shall determine the remit of the Chief Executive Officer and shall approve the Company's Rules of Organization and Procedure. The Board of Directors may assign any of its powers related to day-to-day management to the Chief Executive

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törölt: . The chairman of the Executive Board is		
Ì	törölt: of the Company	
	törölt: with the duty of controlling the operative activities of the Company in the capacity of	

törölt: /from December 6, 2022/

törölt: /from December 6, 2022/

törölt: /from December 6, 2022/

Officer with terms and conditions as its discretion, and may from time to time revoke or change all or any of the powers so assigned; however, the assignation shall not affect the liability of the Board of Directors.

Under the Rules of Organization and Operation the Chief Executive Officer may assign some of his duties relating to the Company's internal administration to the Company's officers and employees by means of job descriptions, or by general or ad hoc orders. The Chief Executive Officer is competent to make decisions on any issues that are not within the sphere of competence of the General Meeting or the Board of Directors.

The Chief Executive Officer may exercise and delegate employer's rights in respect of employees and persons having other kind of legal relation with the Company within the scope of and in such manner as defined in the Company's Rules of Organization and Procedure.

The Chief Executive Officer makes decisions regarding the evaluation and remuneration of the work of the Executive Board in the context of the annual plan and the bonus system. The Board of Directors makes decisions regarding the evaluation and remuneration of the work of the Chief Executive Officer in the context of the annual plan and the bonus system and on the basis of the proposal of the Remuneration Subcommittee.

Within the frameworks of the organisational division of labour, from November 1, 2017, the Company established the role of the Executive Chairman having a focus on the commercial activities as well as international, public and government relations. His main task is to continue implementing the specialty pharma strategy by strengthening the recently established international sales network in Western Europe and overseas, while continuously broadening the high added value innovative product portfolio.

From November 15, 2022 Mr. Erik Bogsch resigned from his position regarding the direct supervision of Commercial, International and Government Relation, and in the followings, he assists the Company's operations as advisor. The direct supervision of Commercial, International and Government Relations is carried out by Mr. Gábor Orbán, Chief Executive Officer from November 15, 2022. Mr. Erik Bogsch continues to be member of the Board of Directors of Gedeon Richter Plc. and will simultaneously serve as Chairman in the body of the Board of Directors, in the capacity of which he takes a relevant role in the strategic management of the Company.

Members of the Executive Board:

Gábor Orbán	- Chief Executive Officer	
Erik Bogsch	- Executive Director responsible for Commercial, for Legal and	
	Global Operations, for PR and Government Relations /until November 15, 2022/	
Dr. Gábor Gulácsi	- Deputy Managing Director of Finance /until April 30, 2022/	
István Hamecz	- Chief Financial Officer /from May 1, 2022/	
Tibor Horváth	- Commercial Director	
Dr. István Greiner	- Director of Research & Development	
Dr. György Thaler - Director of Development /until April 30, 2022/		
Katalin Erdei	- Director of Human Resources /from November 15, 2022/	
Tamás Szolyák	- Director, Global Regulatory Science and Portfolio Managment	
	/from November 15, 2022/	
Attila Szénási	- Director of Pharmaceutical manufacturing /from November 15, 2022/	

From November 15, 2022, the number of members of the Executive Board increased with employees in leadership positions who were previously directly supporting the activities of the Executive Board.

The introduction of the members of the Executive Board is available on the Company's website at <u>www.gedeonrichter.com</u>.

Conflict of interest and independence

In order to avoid conflict of interest of members of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Board in their relations to third parties the employment contract of members of the Executive Board prohibits employment or other legal relationship of a similar nature with an undertaking of a similar profile. Members of the Board of Directors and of the Supervisory Board shall make a declaration of no conflict of interest between their elected position and their other commitments upon their election.

In subject of the conflict of interest, with respect to the modification of the Civil Code effective as of January 1 2022, based on the proposal of the Board of Directors, on April 12, 2022 Company's Annual General Meeting approved such supplement of the Company's Statutes, which circumscribe sources of conflict of interest and define the followable procedure in case of arising suspicion of conflict of interest against members of the Board of Directors and/or members of the Supervisory Board.

In case of those public companies limited by shares which do not have one tier system (Board), but where operate a two tier system - there is an independent Supervisory Board beside the Board of Directors - the Civil Code do not state criteria of independence to the members of the Board of Directors. Apart from this the Company applies the criteria of independence concerning Supervisory Board members stated by the Civil Code in respect of both members of the Board of Directors and of the Supervisory Board.

Supervisory Board

Pursuant to the Company's Statutes the Supervisory Board is made up of at least five and not more than nine <u>natural person</u> members. Members of the Supervisory Board are elected by the General Meeting for a definite term of not more than three years. The present term of mandate of the members of the Supervisory Board is stated in the declaration attached to this report as Annex 1.

Based upon the Statutes, as long as the number of the Company's full time employees exceeds a yearly average of two hundred, employees shall participate in the control of the Company's activities through the Supervisory Board. In such case, one third of the members of the Supervisory Board shall be comprised of the employees' representatives. In the event of a number indivisible by three, such third shall be calculated in such manner as to be more favourable to the employees.

Currently the Supervisory Board consists of six members. The criteria of independence stated in the Civil Code shall be applied to the members of the Company's Supervisory Board. With respect to these criteria the principle of majority of the independent members are fully enforced in respect of the composition of the Supervisory Board. Two of its members represent the employees and the remaining four members are independent (external) persons.

törölt: Employees in leadership position directly supporting the activities of the Executive Board.¶

Katalin Erdei ... - Director of Human Resources¶ Dr. Imre Péter ... - Director of Quality Management¶ Attila Szénási ... - Director of Pharmaceutical manufacturing¶ Tamás Szolyák .- Director, Regulatory and Patient Safety Matters¶

The introduction of employees in leadership position directly supporting the activities of the Executive Board is available in the Company's annual report.¶ Chairman of the Supervisory Board: Dr. Attila Chikán (independent)

Members of the Supervisory Board

d:	: Prof. Dr. Jonathán Róbert Bedros (independent)	
	Dr. Zoltán Matos (independent)	
	Dr. Livia Pavlik (independent)	
	Dr. Krisztina Gál (employees' representative) (dependent	
	Péter Müller (employees' representative) (dependent)	

The introduction of the members of the Supervisory Board is available on the Company's website 'at www.gedeonrichter.com.

The Supervisory Board monitors the operations of the Company. The Supervisory Board holds meetings regularly in accordance with the relevant legal regulations and its agenda, passes resolutions on the topics determined in its work plan, and takes action whenever the Company's operative activity so requires. The Supervisory Board keeps minutes of its meetings and its decisions are recorded.

Within its remit the Supervisory Board submits proposals to the Board of Directors, discusses the Company's strategy, financial results, capital expenditure policies, and internal control, risk management and audit systems. At its meetings the Supervisory Board receives regular and suitably detailed information about the Company's management. The Chairman of the Supervisory Board is entitled to participate in the meetings of the Board of Directors with the right to give advice.

In the 2022 business year the Supervisory Board held nine (9) meetings with an average attendance rate of $\frac{87.03}{\%}$.

The Supervisory Board shall have a quorum if at least each of its members has been duly invited thereto and at least two-thirds, but at least four members are present. The reconvened meeting originally adjourned due to the absence of a quorum shall have a quorum if at least three (3) members of the Supervisory Board - in the ratio defined in Section 16.8 of the Statutes - are present. The Supervisory Board shall pass its resolutions by simple majority of those present. In case of an equality of votes for and against, the Chairman shall have a decisive vote if the Chairman of the Supervisory Board is present. If the Chairman is absent and there is an equality of votes, the proposed resolution shall be considered rejected.

The honoraria of the members of the Supervisory Board are determined by the Annual General Meeting. Pursuant to the resolution of the Annual General Meeting of April 12, 2022, the remuneration of the Chairman of the Supervisory Board was set at HUF <u>662.000</u> per month and that of the members of the Supervisory Board at HUF <u>477.400</u> per month, for year 2022 effective as of January 1, 2022,

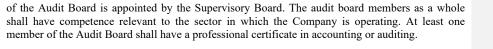
Audit Board

The Company has an Audit Board consisting of three members. Its members are elected by the General Meeting from among the independent members of the Supervisory Board. The Chairman

	törölt: Dr. Zsolt Harmath (independent) /until April 15, 2021/¶ Dr. Éva Kozsda Kovácsné (employees' representative) (dependent) /until April 15, 2021/¶ Mrs. Klára Csikós Kovácsné (employees' representative) (dependent) /until April 15, 2021/¶		
ĺ	formázott: Behúzás: Bal: 2,5 cm, Első sor: 1,25 cm, Jobb: -2,45 cm		
۱	törölt: /from April 15, 2021/		
۱	törölt: /from April 15, 2021/		
۱	törölt: /from April 15, 2021/		
Í	törölt: /from April 15, 2021/		

törölt: 1	
törölt: 94.4	

	törölt: Board of Directors - based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of the decree no. 502/2020. (XI.16.) of the Government of Hungary on the re-introduction of deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating organisations during the state of emergency - acting in competence
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1,1	törölt: 440,000.00
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1	törölt: 1



13

Members of the Audit Board:	Dr. Attila Chikán		
	Dr. Livia Pavlik		törölt: Prof. Dr. Jonathán Róbert Bedros /until April 15, 2021/¶
	Dr. Zoltán Matos_	182	Dr. Zsolt Harmath /until April 15, 2021/¶
	•	N. 11	törölt: /from April 15, 2021/

The introduction of the professional background of members of the Audit Board is available on the Company's website at www.gedeonrichter.com.

The Audit Board is responsible for the supervision of the Company's internal accounting rules. Accordingly, the scope of competences and tasks of the Audit Board includes the following:

- opinion on the consolidated annual report for the previous year pursuant to the IFRS;
- opinion on the individual annual report for the previous business year;

- monitoring the statutory audit of the consolidated and the individual annual report; taking into account any findings and conclusions by the authority in charge of the public oversight of auditors as provided for in Act LXXV of 2007 on the Chamber of Hungarian Auditors, the Activities of Auditors, and on the Public Oversight of Auditors (hereinafter referred to as "Auditors Act") made during the quality assurance review provided for in the Auditors Act;
- recommendation regarding the person and remuneration of the auditor;
- preparation of the agreement to be concluded with the auditor;
- observing the enforcement of the professional, conflict of interest and independency requirements applicable to auditors with special regard to compliance with the requirements in Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on specific requirements regarding statutory audit of public-interest entities and repealing Commission Decision 2005/909/EC, undertaking the duties in connection with the co-operation with the auditor, monitoring other services provided by the auditor or if the auditor is belongs to a network, members of such network to the Company or the companies controlled by the Company besides the auditing of the consolidated and individual annual reports, and in case of need, recommendations to the Supervisory Board regarding the arrangements to be carried out;
- monitoring of the operation of the financial accounting system and submitting recommendations regarding the necessary arrangements where deemed necessary;
- assistance with the work of the Supervisory Board in the interest of the appropriate supervision of the financial accounting system as well as
- monitoring the effectiveness of the company's internal control and risk management systems and submitting recommendations where deemed necessary.

The Audit Board acts and makes decisions as a body. The Board keeps minutes of its meetings and its decisions are recorded.

In the 2022 business year the Audit Board held two (2) meetings with an average attendance rate of 100%.

In the 2022 business year the Audit Board discussed the below subjects:

- examining of individual annual report and consolidated annual report and the business reports;
 reviewing the auditor's reports;
- examining of the Corporate Governance Report for year 2021;
- determination of the annual report of the Audit Board;

1	törölt: 1
1	törölt: three
1	törölt: 3
-	törölt: 1
-{	törölt: - discussion of the contract of the statutory auditor;¶
-{	törölt: 0

törölt: /from April 15, 2021/

törölt: 1

törölt: 1

the Company's interim financial statement regarding the accounting date of August 31, 2022;
services not related to auditing (falling out of the scope of auditing the consolidated and individual report) rendered by the business entity acting as statutory auditor and/or entities connecting to the statutory auditor's net.

Members of the Audit Board with respect to their position and activity in the Audit Board did not get separate remuneration over the honoraria they were entitled to as members of the Supervisory Board.

Introduction to the diversity policy applied to the members of governing bodies

In its operation Richter lays great store by personal values and individual characteristics. According to the Company's creed the exploitation of varying characteristics is the corner stone of innovation and success, and believes that the Company's success is partly based on the diversity of its people. It considers the recognition and appreciation of the individual's personal traits important. It is task for all executives to set an example in the area of handling diversity, tolerance, inclusion and diversity management, furthermore to encourage and within its possibilities to promote the practical expression of the Company's commitment to diversity.

Diversity is a tenet at all levels of Richter's operation. Thus when drafting internal regulations the Company strives to shape the corporate environment to meet this principle.

To implement the Company's views in practice, on 28 May 2018 the Board of Directors adopted the Diversity Policy regarding the Company's governing bodies (Board of Directors, Supervisory Board and Executive Board), which was announced on 21 June 2018. The Diversity Policy accepted for a five-year period, whose implementation is closely tracked by the Board, determines the diversity aspects and objectives applicable for the Company's business management, executive and supervisory bodies.

In the spirit of diversity, when composing the Company's governing bodies priority will be given to knowledge related to Richter's main business, expertise in the economic, social and environmental contexts of the Company's operation, as well as professional and personal reputation. Richter's position is that these diversity considerations are best promoted if the governing bodies have members with qualification and experience in the pharmaceutical industry as well as finance and economics; Richter, therefore, makes an effort to have members with appropriately diverse professional backgrounds serving on its governing boards. The goals formulated in the Policy in conjunction with the governing bodies envision that both sexes should be represented among the members to the extent that the aggregate rate of women should be at least 30%, the age distribution of members should be balanced, and members should also include gifted under 50 year aged persons with appropriate competences.

The Company pays attention to the considerations and goals determined in the Policy when nominating members to the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board and the Audit Board, and when selecting members and planning potential successors to serve on the Executive Board. As a public limited company, Richter has no power other than nominating members on the Company's boards; their election is the exclusive competence of the AGM.

When nominating and electing the members of subcommittees, besides taking in account the appropriate professional and personal competences, the Board of Directors always encourages the participation of women and age diversification of members. Accordingly, among the members of

all subcommittees - including the newly set up ESG Subcommittee in December 2021 - the participation rate of women exceeds 30 %.

As a result of the resolutions regarding the composition of the <u>Board of Directors</u> approved by <u>AGM in 2022</u>, the age distribution of the Board of Directors definitively did not changed. <u>Among non-executive members of the Board of Directors women were represented with 30% ratio</u>, <u>while in the Supervisory Board the 30% as a rate of women related to the full number of Supervisory Board members</u> was provided also without any change in 2022.

The Company considers it important to regularly inform the shareholders about its Diversity Policy in the Annual Report and the Report on Corporate Governance including changes in, and achievements through, the Policy.

Internal control and risk management system of the Company

Richter is committed to long-term value creation for all its stakeholders, including its customers, investors, employees, and to society at large. In order to succeed in this endeavor Richter operates a risk management system which abides by the highest international standards and best industry practices. Richter views Risk Management as one of the tools for effective Corporate Governance. Company attempts to identify, to understand and to evaluate in due time emerging risks and to initiate such successful corporate responses that ensure both a stable and sustainable operation of the Company and the implementation of its corporate strategy.

Elements of the comprehensive risk management model at the Company are as follows

- The Board of Directors is responsible for the supervision and management of risk management activity;
- Directors responsible for each strategic pillar are in charge with the management of strategic pillar risks;
- The Russian-Ukrainian war was a major strategic risk for our Company in 2022. Related challenges, short-term and long-term risks have been continuously managed by the Company's management and the relevant functions since the outbreak of the war;
- Leader of corporate functional units are responsible for the management of operational risks for the management of activity, while Quality Management, Regulatory Affairs and IT manages, for various cross-functional risks;
- The Company continuously develops its integrated operational risk management system. The main elements of the operational risk management system are the assessment of strategic risks, the risk and control self-assessment of all main processes and activities, the continuous development and maintenance of the control environment, building and managing a risk event database, forming a system of key risk indicators, and the building of an integrated business continuity system is also in connection with these efforts;
- Sales related compliance risks are mitigated through a centralized, separate functional unit;
- Financial risks are <u>mitigated in a centralized manner by Financial Directorate</u> with the help of dedicated risk manager, internal regulations, limits and monitoring, risk analyzes and reporting;
- The <u>adequacy of internal risk management procedures is monitored by the Audit Department in accordance with an approved annual plan and reports on the efficiency of the internal controls in place are delivered at least once a year to the Supervisory Board and the Audit Board;</u>
- The internal audit, risk and compliance functions as internal lines of defense cooperate in order to reduce the risk exposures of the Company.

törölt: b

	törölt: the Board of Directors - based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of the decree no. 502/2020 (XI.16.) of the Government of Hungary on the re-introduction of deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating [1]
1	the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating [1]
1	
Έ.	törölt: ¶ [2]
	törölt: 1
1	törölt: s
17	törölt: Richter considers risk management a tool of effective [3]
77	törölt: Our goal is
17	törölt: assess
	törölt: in a timely fashion
	törölt: take steps to manage them, supporting with this the
11	törölt: realization of the company
11	törölt: Evaluation of internal controls is part of risk assessme [4]
11	törölt: Richter's position is that it is impossible to devise a u [5]
Í.	törölt: shall be
1	törölt: overall control and
67	törölt: Richter's
1	törölt: .
6	törölt: In this context, the Board of
$\left \right $	törölt: holds the Executive Management accountable for the [6]
2	törölt: requirements together with the Executive Management
2	törölt: .
1	törölt: The Executive Management shall report to the Board [8]
i_{j}	törölt: <#>Health related risks of the Company's employees [9]
17	törölt: strategic risks is the duty of directors
6	törölt: execution of the certain strategic pillars. ¶ [10]
2	törölt: and
	törölt: direction handling the Company's GxP compliance [11]
	törölt: areas are responsible for operating risk management [12]
1	törölt: .
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6	törölt: managed
1	törölt: by the financial control function
1	törölt: fashion
	törölt: .¶ ([14]
	törölt: main elements of the Company's audit system are th [15]
	törölt: Internal Audit Department executing the
2-	törölt: audit made to be independent conducts independent [[16]
~	törölt:
2.	törölt: shall take into consideration the Company's exposu [17]
~	törölt: .

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τ	 törölt: <#>Risk management, internal controls and corporate governance functions shall be evaluated annually in the context of the Annual Report.¶
In 202 <u>2, new risks or newly mapped risks:</u>	 törölt: 1
 <u>- Risk of Russian-Ukrainian war</u> <u>- The changes in the global world order and geopolitical risks may hinder the achievement of strategic goals</u> 	 törölt: - The risk of a power outage, global energy supply risks
 <u>- Risks in connection with access handling and data management</u> <u>- Risk of corporate acquisition pressure</u> 	 törölt: Security risk of supply of materials and components, global supply chain risks¶
In 2022 from our risks the following risks have emerged: <u>Maintaining the turnover proceeding from branded generic products</u> <u>Difficulties in accessing and retaining qualified staff in the Central and East European companies</u> 	törölt: - Risk related to climate change, sustainability, environmental awareness¶ - Risks of changes of the EU laws and regulations¶ - The risk of improper and not timely answers on the quick global development of digitalization¶ - Product recall risk¶ - Product liability risks
of the Group may make operations more difficult, more expensive and may even result in lost	formázott: Behúzás: Bal: 0 cm, Első sor: 0 cm
business	törölt: 1
 Cyber risk Risks related to the quality of raw materials and active ingredients purchased from suppliers The risk of a power outage could cause plants and Richter in general to shut down. A significant increase of energy prices may cause a profit decrease (direct and indirect effects) and even unprofitability in case of some products Risks related to GDPR regulations Foreign exchange rate risk of cash flows and financial instruments Customer credit risk 	 torolt: - Outstanding contribution of Cariprazine to the turnover and profits of the Company. The new indication (Major Depression Disorder) is an opportunity to increase the income of the Company, but on the other side the increase of the proportion of Cariprazine in the total income results an increase of the concentration risk¶ - Difficulties in accessing qualified staff in the Central and East European companies of the Group ¶
 <u>- Risk of managing financial assets (liquidity-counterparty and interest rate risk)</u> <u>- Inflation risk</u> 	 törölt: ¶
While the risks below have decreased in 2022:	- Foreign exchange rate risk of cash flows and financial instruments
- If the Company would give not the right and timely answers on the quick global development of digitalization, it could be faced with income losses, competitive disadvantages	 törölt: - Employments' health risk and adverse effects of the COVID-19 epidemic on Company operations and the supply chain.¶
 Employee health risks and adverse effects of a pandemic on Company operations and the supply chain Risks of the supply of materials and parts and risk of transport and storage Risk of legal changes and litigation, 	 törölt: - Tax related risks¶ - Lower output and higher costs associated with the implementation of EU serialization and the introduction of Russian serialization.

Statutory Auditor

On 28 April, 2020 the Board of Directors - based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of the decree no. 102/2020 (IV.10.) of the Government of Hungary on the deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating organisations during the state of emergency - acting in the competence of the General Meeting has elected **Deloitte Auditing and Consulting Ltd**. as the Company's statutory auditor for a period of three years expiring on April 30, 2023, but not later than the approval of the 2022 consolidated report.

In 2022, Gedeon Richter Plc.'s statutory Auditor was Deloitte Auditing and Consulting Ltd. The individual auditor in charge appointed by the Auditor company, as responsible for fulfilment of tasks of the Auditor was Mr. Tamás Horváth, member of the Hungarian Chamber of the Auditors.

In accordance with its contract, Deloitte Auditing and Consulting Ltd. audits the Company's individual Annual Report prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards, and the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS, earlier IAS).

The audit of the financial statements mentioned above was conducted in accordance with the Hungarian Auditing Standards, the International Standards of Auditing (ISA) and the Accounting Act and other statutory provisions relevant to auditing.

The Statutory Auditor ensures continuity of auditing through regular on-site work and participation in meetings of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board, and through other forms of consultation. In addition, the Auditor reviews the Company's quarterly reports to BSE.

Pursuant to the resolution of the Annual General Meeting of 12 April, 2022 the remuneration of the Statutory Auditor for the 2022, year is HUF <u>32.3 million</u> + VAT, which includes the fee for the auditing of the 2022 consolidated annual report under IFRS, the fee for examining the consonance between the consolidated annual report and consolidated business report for 2022, the fee for the auditing of the 2022 non-consolidated annual report, the fee for examining the consonance between the non-consolidated annual report and business report for 2022, the fee for auditing of the Company's remuneration report prepared on the year 2022, the fee for reviewing the quarterly reports serving the purpose to inform the investors and sent to the BSE (Budapest Stock Exchange) and the MNB (Central Bank of Hungary), and the fee for auditing the Company's non-consolidated interim financial statement, which shall be completed on the accounting date of August 31, 2022.

With the approval of the General Meeting, the business organization appointed as Auditor has audited the Company's individual financial statements and also audited the Company's consolidated financial statements prepared according to the International Financial Reporting Standards.

The statutory auditor did not perform any activity that might have compromised its independence.

The Audit Board decides on all non-auditing services provided to the statutory auditor and/or to members belonging to the statutory auditor's net and the related contract may only be concluded with the approval of the Audit Board, after the resolution in subject has been passed.

Shareholder relations

The formal contacts with shareholders include the annual reports and financial statements, the quarterly reports published through the Budapest Stock Exchange and other announcements. Shareholders receive additional information on the Company's business, its results and strategy at the Annual General Meeting. The Company organizes roadshows to inform the investor community in the United States, the United Kingdom and in Europe. During the year investors may contact the Company with their inquiries and may put questions and make proposals at the General Meeting.

The Company's Investor Relations Department is coordinating the above activities. The Share Registration Department focuses primarily on small shareholder relations. As an additional

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törölt: Consequent to the restrictive measures implemented by the Hungarian Government in response to COVID-19 pandemic such were organised using roadshows investor meetings and confere virtual channels following March 2020.

information channel the Company's website (www.gedeonrichter.com) includes a specific page which addresses the needs of investor and financial analyst community.

The Company's disclosure practices

In accordance with the statutory provisions in force and the General Terms of Service of the Budapest Stock Exchange, the Company publishes its announcements and disclosures as well as its regular and extraordinary information on the website of the Budapest Stock Exchange (www.bet.hu), the website dedicated to capital market disclosures managed by the National Bank of (https://kozzetetelek.mnb.hu/), the Company's own Hungary and on website (www.gedeonrichter.com), as well as in the Hungarian Companies Journal in case of concrete regulation. The invitation to the General Meeting and the announcement on payments of dividends are also published in The Financial Times in addition to the above. Accordingly, the Company publishes quarterly reports and, following conclusion of the business year, an annual report, and provides extraordinary information in cases where it becomes aware of actual or expected changes in its business that may directly or indirectly affect the value or yield of its shares, or that are material for market players for making investment-related decisions. In addition, the Company's Investor Relations Department contacts the shareholder community on a regular basis.

The Company does not determine own publication policy. The Company in connection with its publications follows the rules of the Statutes, the effective legal regulations, and the regarding regulations of the Budapest Stock Exchange and the National Bank of Hungary.

The Company' policy regarding insider trading

The persons deemed to be insider regarding the Company shall be defined based upon the rules of 596/2014/EU Regulation. The Company has developed regulations on the prohibition of insider trading as provided by law.

The Company does not determine own policy regarding insider trading. The 596/2014/EU Regulation and other regarding legal rules are applicable to the trading of persons deemed to be insider at the Company. The Company's internal regulations - which covering also regulations related to prohibiting of insider trading - states prohibitions related to trading of insider person in compliance with the legal regulations.

The persons deemed to be insider regarding the Company have individual responsibility to comply with the rules related and connected to prohibition of insider trading and with the Company's internal regulations covering previous subjects.

Code of Ethics, Compliance

In the course of 2016, the Company reviewed and amended the Code of Ethics of Gedeon Richter Plc. and its affiliates ("RICHTER") as an elemental part of its Global Compliance Program. The Code of Ethics provides requirements for the conduct expected of the Company's employees in subordinate positions and for the higher levels of conduct demands on executive staff. It also sets guidelines on communications within the Company and on relations between the Company and its business partners. In the course of 2017, the renewed Code of Ethics and the Manuals of the Global

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Compliance Program were localized and implemented in the European affiliates of the Company, where the employees received comprehensive education of their contents.

In 2018, the Global Compliance Program was started to be extended to affiliates and representative offices in Latin American countries and in the CIS member states. In 2019, the Spanish and Russian versions of the compliance materials were completed, with the help of which the local operating procedures were updated, and the employees of the affiliates could be trained.

Global Compliance Programme training is ongoing, supported by centrally prepared training materials and regular feedback from affiliates on the training provided, and an education matrix is used to determine which employees need to receive training.

It is important to mention that the affiliates are obliged to report to the parent company twice a year, through the questionnaire established for this purpose, on violations of the Code of Ethics, the Manuals of the Global Compliance Program, data protection incidents and labour disputes.

In addition to the continuous updates, Richter started a comprehensive revision of the Manuals of the Global Compliance Programme in 2022 to ensure that they contain up-to-date information and are in line with the latest amendments to the Medicines for Europe Code of Conduct.

The EU Directive 2019/1937 on the protection of persons who report breaches of Union law (the "Directive") had to be implemented into the national legal systems of the EU Member States by 17 December 2021. The Directive sets out stricter rules on the handling of whistleblowing reports compared to the current Hungarian rules, which ensure that whistleblowers are provided with a high level of protection. Until 21 December 2021 at the Company it was possible to get in contact with Gedeon Richter Plc. by sending individual report in e-mail to compliance@richter.hu e-mail address concerning questions regarding the Global Compliance Program. In order to comply with the Directive, the Company established a central, confidential, online reporting system (Richter Virtual Compliance Officer - "Richter VCO") which allows the Company's Legal and intellectual property department to investigate and handle the reports of employees and contracted partners related to misconducts, breaches of law and ethical violations. The Richter VCO is available at https://richter.vco.ey.com where anyone can submit a report online in connection with the operation of the Company anonymously, without disclosing personal data. The previous reporting channels are still live (phone: +36 1 431 4700 or e-mail: compliance@richter.hu) besides the Richter VCO. In order to comply with the Directive, the Company has expanded the Richter VCO to group level and all the EU-based affiliates joined the central Richter VCO system.

It can be concluded that since the introduction of Global Compliance Programme, Richter received the highest number of reports from both within the parent company and from foreign affiliates through the Richter VCO and the Compliance Hotline last year. The majority of the reports were filed via the previously introduced Compliance Hotline, which is more widely known to employees at the moment. Richter has repeatedly made employees aware of the contact details for these reporting channels, which has resulted in the number of Compliance related cases more than doubling in 2022 compared to 2021. Overall, both the number and quality of Compliance reports show an increasing trend in Compliance awareness.

The increase and strengthening of compliance awareness are not only important regarding our own employees, but also throughout our entire supply chain. Therefore, all our contracts signed with Third Parties contain anti-corruption clauses, which cover the content of the Anti-Corruption Manual, and which constitute the prerequisite of any contract. The anti-corruption clauses have been revised and updated in 2022.

In 2022, in view of the increased number of sanctions imposed by international organisations and authorities, Richter started to develop sanctions monitoring activities within the parent company.

törölt: The Company continues to hold Global Compliance Program-related training, and as a result, compliance awareness has gathered ground.

This is also shown in the increase of incidents reported through the Compliance Hotline on many different topics, including reports related to conflicts of interest, which resulted in the decision to create an individual Conflict of Interest Policy, which entered into force in HY1 2020. The aim of the policy was to draw the attention of employees to potential conflicts of interests, to share guidance on how to avoid them and to handle already existing ones. The Conflict of Interest Policy was extended to foreign affiliates with related training as a part of the Global Compliance Program.¶

törölt: Global Operations Management

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törölt: The 2021 compliance education theme took into account the decision of the National Institute of Pharmacy and Nutrition of 2020, the changes in pharmaceutical legislation since 2020 and the changes in the codes of the self-regulatory bodies, and presented the rules and best practices for the Company's employees to follow in their activities

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Sanctions monitoring is the tracking of which legal and natural persons and products are placed on sanctions lists by countries, international organisations and authorities. The reasons for inclusion on the sanctions list are the pursuit of illegal activities such as terrorism, the pursuit or financing of cyber-attacks, the proliferation of chemical weapons or the pursuit of conduct that violates human rights. It is important to underline that there are several types of sanctions lists, which impose different obligations on Richter.

The monitoring of sanctions is an obligation for all companies established in the European Union. For this reason, project work to enable the use of an automated sanctions monitoring tool was launched in 2022. The system was activated at Richter at the beginning of 2023.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company has a diverse commitment to its immediate environment and to society at large, and so feels it has a duty to support community goals as much as possible, both independently and together with other organizations. Richter is convinced that it must play a role in the areas in which it is active. The Company is a committed sponsor of health care and education, which includes the training of chemists, pharmacists and doctors. Numerous cooperation agreements provide assistance to the research and educational activities of universities that offer training in the natural sciences. Gedeon Richter Plc. has established various foundations to provide support for Hungarian health care. The Company takes part in programmes in Hungary that help people achieve a greater understanding and awareness of particular health problems. This purpose is also served by the Richter Health City programme begun in 2009, whose "health profit" till the end of 2022 was HUF 500, million donated to 93, Hungarian hospitals, which was allocated for improving their equipment. As a major company in gynaecology, Richter embraces the psychological and social well-being of women as part of its social responsibility, as a result of which it devotes particular attention to supporting programmes that are of value to women. The Company launched its "Richter for Women Programme", now comprising several initiatives, in 2010.

Every year – the last time concerning the year of 2021 – the Company issues a Sustainability_ Report, which describes the environmental and safety activity of Richter's manufacturing subsidiaries as well as their social responsibility.

The Company is committed to making future generations healthier through its activity.

Environmental awareness

Compliance with health, safety and environmental regulations is a priority for Richter, therefore the Company strictly observes the statutory provisions relevant to these areas in all of its operations. Gedeon Richter Plc. is convinced that efficient and successful production is the basis of preserving its employees' health, creating a safe working environment, and protecting the environment.

The Company finds it important to focus on environmental protection as a whole and on its particular areas. In order to protect environmental elements the Company takes care to identifying, assessing and reducing the environmental impact, and potential risks associated with its business, and also to the disposal and recovery of waste generated in accordance with the applicable requirements. In interest of reducing environmental impacts the Company

- constantly upgrades its production technologies and seeks to use the best available techniques;
- modernizes the infrastructure for storage and supply of chemicals in order to reduce the risk of soil and groundwater contamination;

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törölt: 0

- continuously monitoring the condition of the neighboring groundwater and air, the quality of waste water emitted and the noise impact of the site;

<u>-</u> investigates possibilities for reduction amount of wastes, makes an effort to increase the recovery ratio regarding the produced wastes as far as it is possible;

- calculates carbon footprint of Company's activity (or have it calculated) and work out action plan in order to reduce CO_2 issuance and to mitigate the climate change.

We build up our processes and projects based on the sustainability approach and we support our stakeholders – in brief, this is Richter's environmental protection strategy. The Company complies with Hungarian and international environmental laws and regulations and has held an Integrated Pollution Prevention Control (IPPC) licence since 2007. With a view to continuously improving its environmental performance, the Company operates an Environmental Management System according to ISO 14001; its system has been awarded an internationally valid environmental certificate since 2001.

Gedeon Richter Plc. believes it is important to make its environmental efforts and achievements known to everybody interested. From 2001 to 2004 Gedeon Richter Plc. provided information in annual environmental reports. Since 2005 the Company on its website provide these information of public interest in chapter concerning environmental protection in its regularly published Sustainability reports.

 törölt: Economic development and operations which take into consideration the state of our environment and social expectations and are pursued in possession of government permits and in compliance with their provisions

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törölt: April 12, 2022

Budapest, April 25, 2023

Prof. Dr. E. Szilveszter Vizi Member of the Board of Directors, Chairman of the Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee

Erik Bogsch Chairman of the Board of Directors

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Corporate Governance Report on compliance with the Corporate Governance Recommendations

As part of the Corporate Governance Report, the Company makes a statement regarding the extent to which it has implemented in its own corporate governance practice the recommendations and proposals specified in the relevant sections of the Corporate Governance Recommendations issued by the Budapest Stock Exchange Ltd., by completing the following tables.

These tables provide an overview for the investors of the extent of the compliance - by the relevant company - with certain requirements set out in the Corporate Governance Recommendations at glance, and enable easy comparison of the practices of the specific companies.

The Recommendations contain both recommendations that are binding for all issuers and nonbinding proposals. Issuers may derogate both from binding recommendations and non-binding proposals. In the event of derogation from the recommendations, issuers are required to publish and justify the derogation in their corporate governance reports ('comply or explain'). This enables issuers to take industry and company-specific requirements into account. Accordingly, even issuers derogating from the recommendations can comply with corporate governance requirements under specific circumstances. Concerning the proposals, issuers should indicate whether they apply a given guideline or not, and they can also explain any derogation from the proposals.

The basic principle and purpose of the corporate governance report is to have companies give a report of their previous business year and to reveal the measure of their compliance with the Recommendations. The Recommendations may, however, include recommendations and proposals relating to events which did not occur at the issuer in the given period. In accordance with the current practice, these 'event type' questions can be answered with 'YES' also when the relevant event did not occur in the business year (for instance, no dividend was paid, or no shareholders' comments were received for the proposals to be submitted prior to the General Meeting) if the Company would have responded to the occurrences of such events as set forth in the Recommendations, in line with the provisions of its Articles of Association or its practices. In a situation like that, the solution that comes closest to the principle of transparent operation is for the issuer to select YES and also to add an explanation that though the event in question did not occur in the previous business year, there are appropriate mechanisms in place to handle it.

Level of compliance with the Recommendations

The Company indicates whether it follows the relevant recommendation or not, and if not, briefly explains the reasons why it did not follow that specific recommendation.

1.1.1. Does the Company have an organisational unit dealing with investor relationship management, or a designated person to perform these tasks?

Annex 1

Explanation: -

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1.1.2. Are the Company's Articles of Association available on the Company's website?

Yes

Explanation: -

1.1.4. If the Company's Articles of Association allow shareholders to exercise their rights in their absence, did the Company publish the methods and conditions of doing so, including all necessary documents?

Yes

<u>Explanation:</u> The announcement (invitation) convening the general meeting contains information regarding the way and conditions to appoint representative (nominee) and the fact that the forms for voting via proxy will be published by the Company on its website 21 days prior to the general meeting.

1.2.1. Did the Company publish on its website a summary document containing the rules applicable to the conduct of its General Meetings and to the exercise of voting rights by shareholders?

Yes

Explanation: The announcement (invitation) convening the general meeting contains the regarding rules.

1.2.2. Did the Company publish the exact date when the range of those eligible to participate in a given company event is set (record date), and also the last day when the shares granting eligibility for participating in a given company event are traded?

Yes

Explanation: -

1.2.3. Did the Company hold its General Meetings in a manner providing for maximum shareholder participation?

Yes

Explanation: -

1.2.6. The Company did not restrict the shareholders' right to designate a different representative for each of their securities accounts to represent them at any General Meeting. (Answer Yes, if not)

Yes

Explanation: -

1.2.7. For proposals for the agenda items, were the Board of Directors' draft resolution and also the Supervisory Board's opinion disclosed to the shareholders?

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No	törölt: Yes
Explanation: In case of proposals in financial subjects the Supervisory Board's opinion was presented in the Supervisory Board's reports.	törölt: -
1.3.3. The Company did not restrict the right of its shareholders attending a General Meeting to request information, add comments and submit proposals, or set any preconditions for these with the exception of some measures taken to conduct the General Meeting in a correct manner and as intended. (Answer Yes, if not)	
Yes	
Explanation: -	
1.3.4. By answering the questions raised at the General Meeting, did the Company ensure compliance with the information provision and disclosure principles set out in legal and stock exchange requirements?	
Yes	
Explanation:	törölt : There were no such questions.
 1.3.5. Did the Company publish on its website the answers to the questions that the representatives of the Company's boards or its auditor present at the General Meeting could not satisfactorily answer at the meeting within 3 working days following the General Meeting, or an official statement explaining why it refrained from giving answers? No 	toroll: (With respect to the extraordinary situation formed in Hungary in connection with coronavirus epidemic (Covid-19), according to the rules of decree no. 502/2020. (XI.16.) of the Government of Hungary on the re-introduction of deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital- concentrating organisations during the state of emergency (hereinafter Gov. Decree no.: 502/2020.) the Company could not hold its annual general meeting convoked for 15 April 2021 in a way which would require the physical presence of the shareholders. According to Gov. Decree No.: 502/2020 the Board of Directors had the right to decide about any and all issues listed on the published agenda of the general meeting.)
Explanation: There were no such questions. 1.3.7. Did the Chairman of the General Meeting order a recess or suggest that the General Meeting be postponed when a proposal or proposal relating to a particular issue on the agenda was submitted which the shareholders hadn't had a chance to become familiar with before the General Meeting? No Explanation: There were no such suggestions, proposals which would justify ordering a recess or	törölt: (Wih respect to the extraordinary situation formed in Hungary in connection with coronavirus epidemic (Covid-19), according to the rules of decree on. 502/2020. (XI.16) of the Government of Hungary on the re-introduction of deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital- concentrated organisations during the state of emergency (hereinafter Gov. Decree no.: 502/2020.) the Company could not hold its amual general meeting convoked for 15 April 2021 in a way which would require the physical presence of the shareholders. According to Gov. Decree No.: 502/2020 the Board of Directors had the right to decide about any and all issues listed on the published agenda of the general meeting.)
postponing the general meeting.	törölt : (With respect to the extraordinary situation formed in Hungary in connection with coronavirus epidemic (Covid-19),
1.3.8.1. The Chairman of the General Meeting did not use a combined voting procedure for a decision related to electing and recalling executive officers and Supervisory Board members. (Answer Yes, if not)	according to the rules of decree no. 502/2020. (XI.16.) of the Government of Hungary on the re-introduction of deviating regulations related to the operation of patrnerships and capital- concentrating organisations during the period of the state of emergency (hereinafter Gov. Decree no.: 502/2020.) the Company could not hold its annual general meeting convoked for 15 April 2021
Yes	in a way which would require the physical presence of the shareholders. According to Gov. Decree No.: 502/2020 the Board of Directors had the right to decide about any and all issues listed on
Explanation: -	the published agenda of the general meeting.)
1.3.8.2. For executive officers or Supervisory Board members, whose nominations were supported by shareholders, did the Company disclose the identity of the supporting shareholder(s)?	

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Yes

Explanation: The candidates initiated to be re-elected and elected as the members of the Board of Directors were nominated by the Board of Directors with asking the opinion of the major shareholders.

1.3.9. Prior to discussing agenda items concerning the amendment of the Articles of Association, did the General Meeting pass a separate resolution to determine whether to decide on each amendment of the Articles of Association by individual votes, joint votes, or votes combined in a specific way?

No

<u>Explanation</u>: In the proposal to the general meeting it is signed at the agenda item relating to the amendments of the Statutes that the amendments would be proposed in which subjects.

1.3.10. Did the Company publish the minutes of the General Meeting containing the resolutions, the description of the draft resolutions and any important questions and answers related to the draft resolutions within 30 days following the General Meeting?

No

Explanation: The Company fulfill its obligation to deposit the minutes of the general meeting in compliance with the rules of the Civil Code.

1.5.1.1. -1.5.6.6

1.6.1.1. Do the Company's publication guidelines cover the procedures for electronic, online disclosure?

No

<u>Explanation:</u> The Company did not establish publication guidelines. The Company in connection with its publications follows the rules of the Statutes, the effective legal regulations, and the regarding regulations of the Budapest Stock Exchange and the National Bank of Hungary.

1.6.1.2. Does the Company design its by considering the aspects of disclosure and the information of investors?

törölt: The Board of Directors nominated Dr. László Szabó to be the member of the Board of Directors with respect to the minority shareholder's motion submitted by MNV Zrt. (Hungarian National Asset Management Inc.) as representative of the Hungarian State. törölt: other

toroilt: (With respect to the extraordinary situation formed in Hungary in connection with coronavirus epidemic (Covid-19), according to the rules of decree no. 502/2020. (XI.16.) of the Government of Hungary on the re-introduction of deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capitalconcentrating organisations during the period of the state of emergency (hereinafter Gov. Decree no.: 502/2020.) the Company could not hold its annual general meeting convoked for 15 April 2021 in a way which would require the physical presence of the shareholders. According to Gov. Decree No.: 502/2020 the Board of Directors had the right to decide about any and all issues listed on the published agenda of the general meeting.)

⁶ As a result of the review of the BSE Corporate Governance Recommendations (hereinafter: "CG Recommendations") in 2020, the Corporate Governance Committee of BSE (hereinafter: "the Committee") repealed Section 1.5 on Remuneration and recommendations under 1.6.7 regarding remuneration and accordingly amended points 1.6.2, 1.6.9 and 2.2.2 as well as Annex 1 of the CG Recommendations, regarding to that from July 2019 the rules of remuneration matters are governed by the provisions of Act LXVII of on the Encouragement of Long-term Shareholder Engagement and Modification of Certain Acts with the Purpose of Legal Harmonization. Nevertheless, in the future, the Committee intends to give interpretations and guidance to complement these legal provisions to the issuers, but for this it is necessary that relevant experience connecting to the new legal regulations is learnt and gathered. The new recommendations and proposals be approved by the Committee later on and stepping instead of the repealed points will summarize these practical experiences.

Yes

Explanation: -

1.6.2.1. Does the Company have an internal publication policy in place which covers the processing the information listed in Section 1.6.2. of the Recommendations document?

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No

Explanation: The Company formed its internal practice relating to disclosures in compliance with the effective legal regulations, rules of the Statutes, and the regarding regulations of the Budapest Stock Exchange and the National Bank of Hungary.

1.6.2.2. Do the internal regulations of the Company cover the methods for the assessment of events judged to be important for publication?

No

<u>Explanation</u>: The Company formed its internal practice relating to disclosures in compliance with the effective legal regulations, rules of the Statutes, and the regarding regulations of the Budapest Stock Exchange and the National Bank of Hungary.

1.6.2.3. Did the Board of Directors/Governing Board assess the efficiency of the publication processes?

No

Explanation: See as written under Section 1.6.2.1. and 1.6.2.2.

1.6.2.4. Did the Company publish the findings of the efficiency assessment of the publication process?

No

Explanation: See as written under Section 1.6.2.1. and 1.6.2.2.

1.6.3. Did the Company publish its annual company event calendar?

Yes

Explanation: -

1.6.4. Did the Company publish its strategy, business ethics and policies regarding other stakeholders?

Yes

Explanation: -

1.6.5. Did the Company publish the career information of Board of Directors / Governing Board, Supervisory Board and management members in its annual report or on the company website?

Yes

Explanation: -

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1.6.6. Did the Company publish all relevant information about the internal organisation and the operation of the Board of Directors / Governing Board and the Supervisory Board, about the work of the management, the assessments of these and the changes in the current year?

No

<u>Explanation</u>: The Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee assessed the annual work of the members of the Board of Directors. The Supervisory Board reported from its annual work in its report regarding the Company's annual report. Assessing the work of the Chief Executing Officer falls into the competence of the Board of Directors. Assessing the work of other members of the Executive Board falls into the competence of the Chief Executive Officer.

1.6.7.1.-1.6.7.2.7

1.6.8. Did the Company publish its risk management guidelines and information about its system of internal controls, the main risks and the principles for their management?

Yes

Explanation: -

1.6.9.1. Did the Company publish its guidelines relating to the trading of its shares by insiders?

No

<u>Explanation</u>: The Company does not publish own guidelines (policy) relating to the trading of its shares by insiders. The 596/2014/EU Regulation and other regarding legal rules are applicable to the trading of persons deemed to be insider at the Company. The Company's internal regulations - which covering also regulations related to prohibiting of insider trading - states prohibitions related to trading of insider person in compliance with the legal regulations.

1.6.9.2. Did the Company disclose the share of the Board of Directors / Governing Board, Supervisory Board and management members in the securities issued by the Company⁸ in the annual report or in some other way?

Yes

Explanation: -

⁷ See footnote No.6
 ⁸ See footnote No.6

1.6.10. Did the Company publish the relationship of Board of Directors / Governing Board, Supervisory Board and management members may have with third parties which could affect the operation of the Company?

No

Explanation: There was no such case.

2.1.1. Does the Company's Articles of Association contain clear provisions regarding the responsibilities and competences of the General Meeting and the Board of Directors / Governing Board?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.2.1. Does the Board of Directors / Governing Board have a rules of procedure in place defining the organisational structure, the actions for arranging for and conducting the meetings, and the tasks regarding the adopted resolutions, as well as other issues related to the operation of the Board of Directors / Governing Board?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.2.2. Does the Company publish the procedure used for nominating Board of Directors / Governing Board members⁹?

No

<u>Explanation:</u> Draft resolutions regarding the candidates nominated to be the members of the Board of Directors is proposed by the Board of Directors based upon the preliminary motion of the Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee, at the same time providing the curriculum vitae of the candidates.

2.3.1. Does the Supervisory Board provide a detailed description of its operation and duties, as well as the administrative procedures and processes followed by it, in its rules of procedure and work plan?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.4.1.1. Did the Board of Directors / Governing Board and the Supervisory Board hold meetings periodically at a predefined interval?

Yes

Explanation: -

⁹ See footnote No.6

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2.4.1.2. Did the rules of procedure of the Board of Directors / Governing Board and the Supervisory Board provide rules for the conduct of meetings that cannot be planned in advance, and for decision-making using electronic telecommunications means?

Yes

Explanation: There is a possibility to hold extraordinary meetings and passing resolution without session.

2.4.2.1. Did board members have access to the proposals to be presented at the meeting of the respective board at least five days prior to the meeting?

Yes

Explanation: In case of extraordinary convened meetings and in questions put ad hoc on the ______ agenda the Company provided access to the proposals with shorter term.

2.4.2.2. Did the Company arrange the proper conduct of the meetings, the drawing up of the meeting minutes and management of the resolutions made by the Board of Directors / Governing Board and the Supervisory Board?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.4.3. Do the rules of procedure provide for the regular or ad hoc participation of non-board members at respective board's meetings?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.5.1. Were the members of the Board of Directors / Governing Board and the Supervisory Board nominated and elected in a transparent process, and was the information about the candidates made public in due time before the General Meeting?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.5.2. Does the composition and size of the boards comply with the principles set out in Section 2.5.2. of the Recommendations?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.5.3. Did the Company ensure that the newly elected Board of Directors / Governing Board and Supervisory Board members became familiar with the structure and operation of the Company and their tasks were carried out as members of the respective boards?

törölt:

Yes

Explanation: -

2.6.1. Did the Governing Board / Supervisory Board request (in the context of preparing the annual corporate governance report) its members considered to be independent to confirm their independence at regular intervals?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.6.2. Does the Company provide information about the tools which ensure that the Board of Directors / Governing Board assesses objectively the management's activities?

No

<u>Explanation</u>: Assessing the work of the Chief Executive Officer is falling into the competence of the Board of Directors. Assessing the other members of the Executive Board is the competence of the Chief Executive Officer.

2.6.3. Did the Company publish its guidelines concerning the independence of its Governing Board / Supervisory Board members and the applied independence criteria on its website?

No

<u>Explanation</u>: In case of those public companies limited by shares which do not have one tier (Board) system, but where operate a two tier system – there is independent Supervisory Board beside the Board of Directors - the Civil Code do not state criteria of independence to the members of the Board of Directors. Apart from this the Company applies the criteria of independence stated to the Supervisory Board members by the Civil Code in respect of both members of the Board of Directors and of the Supervisory Board.

2.6.4. Does the Supervisory Board of the Company have any members who has held any position in the Board of Directors or in the management of the Company in the previous five years, not including cases when they were involved to ensure employee participation?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.7.1. Did members of the Board of Directors / Governing Board inform the Board of Directors / Governing Board and (if applicable) the Supervisory Board (or the Audit Committee if a uniform governance system is in place) if they, or individuals they have business relations with, or their relatives have interest in any business transactions of the Company (or any subsidiaries thereof) which excludes their independence?

No

Explanation: There was no such transaction.

2.7.2. Were transactions and assignments between members of boards/ members of the management/individuals closely associated with them and the Company/subsidiaries of the Company carried out in accordance with the Company's general business practice but applying more stringent transparency rules compared to general business practice, and were they approved?

No

Explanation: There was no such transaction.

2.7.3. Did board members inform the Supervisory Board / Audit Committee (Nominating Committee) if they had received an appointment for board membership or management position of a company not belonging to the Company Group?

No

Explanation: There was no such case.

2.7.4. Did the Board of Directors / Governing Board develop guidelines for the flow of information and the management of insider information within the Company, and monitor compliance with them?

Yes

<u>Explanation:</u> The Company set up rules related to handling insider information in frameworks of internal regulations.

2.8.1. Did the Company create an independent internal audit function that reports directly to the Audit Committee / Supervisory Board?

No

<u>Explanation</u>: According to the Rules of Organization and Procedure approved by the Board of Directors at the Company there is an internal audit department, operating subordinated to the Chief Executive Officer, which reports regularly to the Board of Directors and also fulfills tasks given by the Supervisory Board.

2.8.2. Does Internal Audit have unrestricted access to all information necessary for carrying out audits?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.8.3. Did shareholders receive information about the operation of the system of internal controls?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.8.4. Does the Company have a function ensuring compliance (compliance function)?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.8.5.1. Is the Board of Directors / Governing Board or a committee operated by it responsible for the supervision and management of the entire risk management of the Company?

Yes

Explanation: The Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board are jointly responsible for the management of the Company's risk management.

2.8.5.2. Did the relevant organisation of the Company and the General Meeting received information about the efficiency of the risk management procedures?

Yes

Explanation: _

2.8.6. With the involvement of the relevant areas, did the Board of Directors / Governing Board develop the basic principles of risk management taking into account the special idiosyncrasies of the industry and the Company?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.8.7. Did the Board of Directors / Governing Board define the principles for the system of internal controls to ensure the management and control of the risks affecting the Company's activities as well as the achievement of its performance and profit objectives?

Yes <u>Explanation:</u>

2.8.8. Did internal control systems functions report about the operation of internal control mechanisms and corporate governance functions to the competent board at least once a year?

Yes

Explanation: -

2.9.2. Did the Board of Directors / Governing Board invite the Company's auditor in an advisory capacity to the meetings on financial reports ?

Yes

Explanation: -

toroilt: With respect to the extraordinary situation formed in Hungary in connection with coronavirus epidemic (Covid-19), according to the rules of decree on. 502/2020. (XI:16). of the Government of Hungary on the re-introduction of deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capitalconcentrating organisations the period of the state of emergency (hereinafter Gov. Decree no.: 502/2020.) the Company could not hold its annual general meeting convoked for 15 April 2021 in a way which would require the physical presence of the shareholders. According to Gov. Decree No.: 502/2020 the Board of Directors had the right to decide about any and all issues listed on the published agenda of the general meeting.

Level of compliance with the Proposals

The Company must state whether it follows the relevant proposal included in the Corporate Governance Recommendations, or not (Yes / No). The Company can also explain any derogation from it.

1.1.3. Does the Company's Articles of Association provide an opportunity for shareholders to exercise their voting rights also when they are not present in person?

Yes

(Explanation: -)

1.2.4. Did the Company determine the place and time of General Meetings initiated by shareholders by taking the initiating shareholders' proposal into account?

No

(Explanation: There was no such case.)

1.2.5. Does the voting procedure used by the Company ensure a clear, unambiguous and fast determination of voting results, and in the case of electronic voting, also the validity and reliability of the results?

Yes

(Explanation: -)

1.3.1.1. Were the Board of Directors/Governing Board and the Supervisory Board represented at the General Meeting?

Yes

(Explanation:

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1.3.1.2. In the event the Board of Directors/Governing Board and the Supervisory Board was absent, was it disclosed by the Chairman of the General Meeting before discussion of the agenda began?

No

(*Explanation:* There was no absence.)

1.3.2.1. The Articles of Association of the Company did not preclude any individuals from receiving an invitation to the General Meetings of the Company at the initiative of the Chairman of the Board of Directors/Governing Board and being granted the right to express their opinion and to add comments there if that person's presence and expert opinion is presumed to be necessary or help provide information to the shareholders and help the General Meeting make decisions.(Answer Yes, if not)

torölt: With respect to the extraordinary situation formed in Hungary in connection with coronavirus epidemic (Covid-19), according to the rules of decree no. 502/2020. (XI.16.) of the Government of Hungary on the re-introduction of deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capitalconcentrating organisations the period of the state of emergency (hereinafter Gov. Decree no.: 502/2020.) the Company could not hold its annual general meeting convoked for 15 April 2021 in a way which would require the physical presence of the shareholders. According to Gov. Decree No.: 502/2020 the Board of Directors had the right to decide about any and all issues listed on the published agenda of the general meeting.

torölt: With respect to the extraordinary situation formed in Hungary in connection with coronavirus epidemic (Covid-19), according to the rules of decree on. 50262020. (K1.16.) of the Government of Hungary on the re-introduction of deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capitalconcentrating organisations the period of the state of emergency (hereinafter Gov. Decree no.: 502/2020.) the Company could not hold its annual general meeting convoked for 15 April 2021 in a way which would require the physical presence of the shareholders. According to Gov. Decree No.: 502/2020 the Board of Directors had the right to decide about any and all issues listed on the published agenda of the general meeting. (*Explanation:* The Statutes does not contain such explicit possibility but it is approved according to the Company's long-years practice.)

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1.3.2.2. The Articles of Association of the Company did not preclude any individual from receiving an invitation to the General Meetings of the Company at the initiative of shareholders requesting to supplement the agenda items of the General Meeting and from being granted the right to express their opinion and to add comments there. (Answer Yes, if not)

No

No

(Explanation: The Statutes does not contain such explicit possibility but with the consent of the Chairman of the Board of Directors it is approved according to the Company's long-years practice.)

1.3.6. Does the annual report of the Company prepared as specified in the Accounting Act contain a brief, easy-to-understand and illustrative summary for shareholders, including all material information related to the Company's annual operation?

Yes

(Explanation: -)

1.4.1. In line with Section 1.4.1., did the Company pay dividend within 10 working days to those of its shareholders who had submitted all the necessary information and documents?

Yes

(Explanation: -)

1.6.11. Did the Company publish its information in English as well, in line with the provisions of Section 1.6.11?

Yes

(Explanation: -

1.6.12. Did the Company inform its investors about its operation, financial situation and assets on a regular basis, but at least quarterly?

Yes

(Explanation: -)

2.9.1. Does the Company have in place internal procedures regarding the use of external advisors and outsourced activities?

No

törölt: ¶

With respect to the extraordinary situation formed in Hungary in connection with coronavirus epidemic (Covid-19), according to the rules of decree no. 502/2020. (X1.16.) of the Government of Hungary on the re-introduction of deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating organisations the period of the state of emergency (hereinafter Gov. Decree no.: 502/2020.) the Company could not hold its annual general meeting convoked for 15 April 2021 in a way which would require the physical presence of the shareholders. According to Gov. Decree No.: 502/2020 the Board of Directors had the right to decide about any and all issues listed on the published agenda of the general meeting. (Explanation: The directorates of the Company are entitled to decide on using external advisors and outsourced activities on ad hoc basis to the debit of their budget. In cases of top priority the decision on using external advisor is falling in competence of the Chief Executive Officer.)

Dated in Budapest, April 25, 2023,

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törölt: April 12, 2022

Prof. Dr. E. Szilveszter Vizi Member of the Board of Directors, Chairman of the Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee Erik Bogsch Chairman of the Board of Directors

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15. oldal: [1] törölt

Richter Gedeon Nyrt.

2023.03.22. 15:29:00

the Board of Directors - based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of the decree no. 502/2020 (XI.16.) of the Government of Hungary on the re-introduction of deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating organisations during the state of emergency - acting in competence of the

15. oldal: [2] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.22. 15:35:00
Ι		
15. oldal: [3] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.22. 17:31:00
Richter considers risk man	nagement a tool of effective corporate go	vernance.
15. oldal: [4] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.22. 17:36:00
	ntrols is part of risk assessment; hence the intaining more efficient internal control n	
15. oldal: [5] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.28. 16:12:00
management; consequentl related decision-making a	it is impossible to devise a uniform systy, y, we rely on the meetings of the Compa nd trust the skills, experience and judgm nternal requirements and rules.	any's various bodies in risk
15. oldal: [6] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.22. 17:41:00
exposure, develops the key	ve Management accountable for the iden y risk	tification of major areas of
15. oldal: [7] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.22. 17:42:00
1 0	ether with the Executive Manageme ciency of related risk management and in	· · · · ·
15. oldal: [8] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.22. 17:43:00
implementation of ris management. The duti development and ma	agement shall report to the Board of sk management procedures and is ultim les and responsibilities of the Executive M intenance of internal controls that en a the Company's operation and help achie	nately responsible for risk Management shall cover the nsure the management of
15. oldal: [9] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.22. 17:44:00
impacts on the busines	f the Company's employees as well as ss in general and on the supply chain in p l by a Pandemic Response Team specific	particular of the COVID-19
15. oldal: [10] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.22. 17:59:00
execution of the certain Total	n strategic pillars.	
15. oldal: [11] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.22. 18:00:00
	Company's GxP compliance risks exten also handled through a centralized orga	

for legal direction.

The

 15. oldal: [12] törölt
 Richter Gedeon Nyrt.
 2023.03.22. 18:01:00

areas are responsible for operating risk management in their particular areas. The heads of the functional areas report to the Executive Management about risks in their particular areas in the context of the Company's internal reporting function

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15. oldal: [13] formázott	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.27. 15:15:00
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15. oldal: [14] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.22. 18:05:00
The		
15. oldal: [15] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.22. 18:08:00
	Company's audit system are the ad controls, the activity of internal a	• •
15. oldal: [16] törölt	Richter Gedeon Nyrt.	2023.03.27. 14:54:00
suitability of the internal con	pendent conducts independent and trols system for efficient risk mar proved annual examining plans. V	nagement. The assessment is

shall take into consideration the Company's exposures (based on importance and rotation) as well as the proposals of the Executive Management

Agenda item No.11.

Advisory vote on the amended remuneration policy of the Company

DRAFT!!!

REMUNERATION POLICY

(Text consolidated with amendments)

PREAMBLE

Gedeon Richter Plc. (hereinafter: the Company) shall develop its remuneration policy pursuant to the relevant effective Hungarian and European Union legislation¹.

The purpose of the Remuneration Policy is to provide an incentive for the Company's senior executives to improve their performance in the interest of the Company's profitable operation.

The Remuneration Policy is compatible with efficient and effective risk management. It does not induce to undertaking risks beyond the Company's limit of exposure, is aligned with the Company's business strategy, long-term interests and sustainability, and promotes their realisation and achievement. Through its Remuneration Policy the Company intends to promote the enhancement of its innovation-based economic performance.

I. PERSONAL SCOPE OF THE REMUNERATION POLICY

1.1. Members of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board, as well as the chief executive officer and the deputy chief executive officer(s) (hereinafter: Directors) fall within the personal scope of the Remuneration Policy.

1.2. The Company's Remuneration Policy distinguishes persons who are employed by the Company as Executives to perform the tasks associated with their job, and in consideration of their status as employees they receive separate remuneration (salary and other benefits) in addition to, or in the absence of, their remuneration as members of the Board of Directors or Supervisory Board.

II. GENERAL REMUNERATION CONCEPT

2.1. Increasing the Company's economic performance is supported by the development of a remuneration system that provides transparent and predictable remuneration, in line with the company's business strategy, to the Executives falling within the scope of the Remuneration Policy.

2.2. Equitable and consistent remuneration based on performance and coordinated with business goals, the Company's sustainability and the interests and values of employees is a fundamental the interest for the Company to contribute to enhancing the commitment to the

¹ primarily, Act LXVII of 2019 on The Promotion of Long-term Shareholder Engagement and The Modification of Certain Legal Acts for Harmonization of the Law; as well as Directive (EU) 2017/828 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017 amending Directive 2007/36/EC as regards the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement

Company and performance of the Executives falling within the scope of the Remuneration Policy with appropriate motivation and incentive.

III. REMUNERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

3.1. The Board of Directors shall be the Company's managing body. It shall represent the Company with third parties, in court and before other authorities. The Board of Directors shall develop and control the Company's operation and shall exercise employer's rights over the Chief Executive Officer. The Board of Directors is competent to take all decisions necessary for the management of the Company which are not the exclusive competence of the General Meeting or any other corporate body by law or the Statutes².

The Board of Directors operates the following subcommittees³:

Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee:

- makes proposals to the Board of Directors on the number and composition of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board in accordance with needs as they arise, and makes proposals on the requirements of independence, qualification and professional experience of proposed candidates;
- prepares decisions of the Board of Directors on candidates for the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board by recommending suitable candidates and by evaluating candidates proposed by the shareholders' representatives;
- monitors the implementation of the approved principles of corporate governance, prepares annual reports to the Board of Directors, and proposes necessary changes and additions to them.

Remuneration Subcommittee:

- evaluates experiences related to the remuneration system of members of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board, and makes proposals as to its amendment taking into consideration the relevant effective legal regulations;
- makes proposals to the Board on the evaluation of the performance of the Managing Director and his remuneration;
- give opinion on the Company's Remuneration policy and its amendments prepared by the Executive Board, before it is discussed by the Board of Directors;
- give opinion on the Company's Remuneration report prepared by the Executive Board, before it is discussed by the Board of Directors.

² Text effective from 9 March 2023. Addition in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report prepared from year 2021 submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote and in relation to the amendment of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote.

³ Amendment effective from 9 March 2023, in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report prepared from year 2021 submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote and in relation to the amendment of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote.

ESG Subcommittee:

- monitors on an ongoing basis the ESG requirements set by domestic and international capital markets and their changes;
- makes proposals to the Board of Directors to ensure the Company's compliance with ESG requirements, taking into account the Company's industrial and organisational specificities and investor feedbacks.

3.2. All members of the Board of Directors receive fixed monthly remuneration for serving on the Board. The fixed remuneration (honorarium) is paid to the members of the Board of Directors monthly in arrears, by the 15th day of the month following the month in question.⁴

3.3. The members of the subcommittees established by the Board of Directors shall receive, in addition to the fixed monthly honorarium, based on meetings⁵ attended, set at the same level for each subcommittee meeting, but with an annually capped amount (hereinafter referred to as the "meeting fee"). The meeting fees payable to subcommittee members for the year in question shall be calculated on the basis of the subcommittee statistics (*number of subcommittee meetings, names of subcommittee members present per meeting*) prepared by the Secretary of the Board of Directors for the year in question and paid in one lump sum by 31 January of the calendar year following the calendar year in question.⁶

3.4. The so-called non-executive members of the Board of Directors who do not have any other legal relationship with the Company other than their membership on the Board of Directors⁷ shall receive, in addition to the fixed monthly remuneration and the so-called meeting fee, a variable number of Richter common shares (hereinafter referred to as "share remuneration"), which shall be dependent on the financial performance of the Company. The share remuneration is paid subsequently, within 30 days of the annual general meeting closing the financial year in question, by crediting the shares to the securities account of the persons concerned.⁸

The annual share remuneration consists of two components and amounts to 1,500 shares per member. 50% of the remuneration is dependent on the annual growth of the sales revenue of the Pharmaceuticals Production in euros, and the other 50% is dependent on the annual growth of the results of operating activities before special items of the Pharmaceuticals Production (Pharmaceuticals Production OPBSI) in euros. For both remuneration

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törölt: Members of the Board of Directors shall receive no remuneration in this capacity that comprises variable components or performance-based remuneration.

⁴ Amended and supplemented text effective from 9 March 2023.

⁵ A meeting shall be a meeting formally convened by the Chairperson of the body by means of a written invitation containing a predetermined agenda, held in the presence of the members simultaneously in person or by video conference or by any other appropriate means of electronic communication which permits the identification of, and the mutual, continuous and direct communication between, the members and the invitees, without any restrictions, and for which a certified record of proceedings has been drawn up, signed at least by the Chairperson of the body.

⁶ Amendment effective from 9 March 2023, in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report prepared from year 2021 submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote and in relation to the amendment of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote.

⁷Members of the Board of Directors who are not employed by the Company shall be considered by the Company as non-executive members of the Board of Directors.

⁸ Amendment effective from 9 March 2023, in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report prepared from year 2021 submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote and in relation to the amendment of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote.

components, the maximum remuneration of 750-750 shares is granted if the annual growth rate is equal to or above 5%. If the 5% growth target in the respective component is not satisfied, the number of shares to which members are entitled is reduced by 150 shares per each 1 percentage point of shortfall (thus, if the Company does not achieve at least 1% annual growth in either performance target, no share remuneration is granted).

3.6. The proposal for the amount of <u>honorarium and the meeting fee and as well as the rate of</u> the share remuneration shall be made in consideration of the Company's financial performance in the previous year and the base salary and wage increase of employees_ envisioned for the current year, as well the practice of domestic blue chip companies and European mid-sized pharmaceutical companies¹⁰.

3.7. The share remuneration is a long-term incentive for non-executive directors as variable remuneration. It is intended to encourage, retain or maintain non-executive directors' long-term incentive to achieve, maintain or increase the share price in line with shareholders' interests and to pay dividends. To this end, the shares granted are subject to a two-year holding obligation (prohibition of alienation).¹¹ This also ensures the interest of non-executive Board members in the increase in the price of Richter shares within the two-year holding period.

3.8. The share remuneration is a net benefit granted by the Company. The Company will ensure that the tax(es), contribution(s) and any other public charges payable by the nonoperative members of the Board of Directors concerned in connection with the acquisition of the shares awarded are paid in accordance with the legislation effective at the time. The Company's coverage of the payment of taxes and contributions (in the form of a cash benefit) does not extend to the payment of any additional tax(es) or costs (*e.g.*, dividend and profit tax) incurred by the non-operative members of the Board of Directors concerned arising upon exercising the rights attached to the shares granted or in connection with the disposal of the shares granted. Accordingly, the share remuneration as incentive includes an additional cash benefit to the non-operative members of the Board of Directors which equals the amount of the gross amount of the tax(es) and contribution(s) payable by the Board of Directors concerned in connection with the acquisition of the shares, based on the legislation effective at the time. The cash benefit related to the share remuneration is paid within 30 days of the annual general meeting closing the financial year in question.¹² . - - **f törölt:** 2

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⁹ Supplemented text effective from 9 March 2023

¹⁰ Amendment and addition effective from 9 March 2023.

¹¹ Addition effective from 9 March 2023, in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report prepared from year 2021 submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote and in relation to the amendment of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote.

¹² Addition effective from 9 March 2023, in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report prepared from year 2021 submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote and in relation to the amendment of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote.

3.9. The monthly remuneration of the chairman of the Board of Directors shall be higher than that of the members of the Board of Directors. Non-executive members of the Board of Directors are awarded identical numbers of shares13.

3,10. If in consideration of the Company's performance in the previous business year a significant shareholder of the Company makes a proposal for a bonus to the members of the Board of Directors in excess of their regular honorarium, meeting fee and the share remuneration, the Board of Directors shall submit such proposal to the Annual General Meeting under the agenda item on the remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors. The proposed bonus may only be a one-off fixed amount remuneration.¹⁴

3.11. Members of the Board of Directors discharge their duties under an agency agreement. The legal relationship of the members of the Board of Directors to the Company shall cover the fixed term set out in the AGM resolution on their appointment. The legal relationship as members of the Board of Directors is created upon acceptance of the appointment. Termination of the legal relationship, including specifically the cases and conditions for termination, are governed by the provisions of Book Three, Part Three of the Civil Code (Act V of 2013). After the termination of their legal relationship as members of the Board of Directors, the former Directors shall not be entitled to any payment in regard of their former directorship, except for the fixed honorarium for the last month of their term of office or, in the case of a fraction of a month, for the pro rata share of the month, the meeting fees payable in arrears by separate settlement in connection with subcommittee membership, and, in the case of a non-executive member of the Board of Directors, the pro rata share of the share remuneration for the calendar year in question. Given the nature of the legal relationship, serving on the Board of Directors in itself shall not entitle the member to pension, supplementary pension or early retirement benefit paid by the Company or any of its subsidiaries15.

3.12. All remuneration of members of the Board of Directors established by resolution shall be in the public domain¹⁶.

IV. REMUNERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE SUPERVISORY BOARD

4.1. Members of the Supervisory Board receive a fixed monthly remuneration for serving on the Supervisory Board. The fixed remuneration (honorarium) is paid to the members of the Supervisory Board monthly in arrears, by the 15th day of the month following the month in question.17

4.2. In addition to the fixed monthly honorarium, the Chairman of the Supervisory Board shall be entitled to additional remuneration based on Board of Directors' meetings18 attended

¹⁸ A meeting shall be a meeting formally convened by the Chairperson of the body by means of a written invitation containing a predetermined agenda, held in the presence of the members simultaneously in person or by video conference or by any other appropriate means of electronic communication which permits the identification of, and the mutual, continuous and direct communication between, the members and the invitees,

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¹³ Addition effective from 9 March 2023.

¹⁴ Amended and supplemented text effective from 9 March 2023.

¹⁵ Addition effective from 9 March 2023.

¹⁶ Addition effective from 9 March 2023. 17 Addition effective from 9 March 2023

by him (hereinafter referred to as "meeting fee"), set at the same level for each meeting of the Board of Directors¹⁹.

4.3. A three-member Audit Board operates at the Company, the members of which are chosen from among the independent members of the Supervisory Board by the General Meeting. The Audit Board is responsible for overseeing the Company's internal accounting procedures. Those members of the Supervisory Board who also serve on the Audit Board, with respect to their membership in the Audit board, shall receive additional remuneration (meeting fee)²⁰ based on meetings²¹ attended, set at the same level in each Audit Board meetings, but with an annually capped amount.

4.4. The meeting fees payable to the Chairman of the Supervisory Board and the members of the Audit Board respectively under Sections 4.2. and 4.3. for the year in question shall be calculated on the basis of the statistics (in respect of the Chairman of the Supervisory Board number of meetings of the Board of Directors attended by the Chairman of the Supervisory Board, and in respect of the members of the Audit Board, the number of Audit Board meetings, names and number of members of the Audit Board present per meetings) prepared by the Secretary of the Board of Directors for the year in question and paid in one lump sum by 31 January of the calendar year following the calendar year in question.²²

4.5. Members of the Supervisory Board shall receive no remuneration that comprises variable components or performance-based remuneration, excluding the meeting fees for the Chairman of the Supervisory Board and the members of the Audit Board in connection with their office23

4.6. After deliberating the proposal of the Remuneration Subcommittee, the Board of Directors shall submit to the Annual General Meeting the proposal for the resolution on the amount of monthly honorarium and the amount of the meeting fee due to the Chairman of the Supervisory Board and the members of the Audit Board due for the current business year²⁴.

4.7. The proposal for the amount of the honorarium and the meeting fee of the Chairman of the Supervisory Board and the members of the Audit Board shall be made in consideration of the Company's financial performance in the previous year and the base salary and wage increase of employees envisioned for the current year and the practice of domestic blue chip companies and European mid-sized pharmaceutical companies²⁵

without any restrictions, and for which a certified record of proceedings has been drawn up, signed at least by the Chairperson of the body.

Addition effective from 9 March 2023.

²⁰ Addition effective from 9 March 2023.

Addition effective from 9 March 2023.

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²¹ A meeting shall be a meeting formally convened by the Chairperson of the body by means of a written invitation containing a predetermined agenda, held in the presence of the members simultaneously in person or by video conference or by any other appropriate means of electronic communication which permits the identification of, and the mutual, continuous and direct communication between, the members and the invitees, without any restrictions, and for which a certified record of proceedings has been drawn up, signed at least by the Chairperson of the body.

4.8²⁶. The monthly remuneration of the chairman of the Supervisory Board shall be higher than that of the members of the Supervisory Board.

4.9. Members of the Supervisory Boards discharge their duties under an agency agreement. The legal relationship of the members of the Supervisory Board to the Company shall cover the fixed term set out in the AGM resolution on their appointment. The legal relationship as members of the Supervisory Board is created upon acceptance of the appointment. Termination of the legal relationship, *including specifically the cases and conditions for termination*, are governed by the provisions of Book Three, Part Three of the Civil Code (Act V of 2013). After the termination of their legal relationship as members of the <u>Supervisory</u> Board, the former <u>Supervisory Board (Audit Board)</u> members shall not be entitled to any payment in regard of their former membership, except for the fixed honorarium for the last month of their term of office or, in the case of a fraction of a month, for the pro rata share of the month, and, in the case of the Chairman of the Supervisory Board and the members of the Audit Board, the meeting fee payable to them by separate settlement. Given the nature of the legal relationship, serving on the Supervisory Board in itself shall not entitle the member to pension, supplementary pension or early retirement benefit paid by the Company or any of its subsidiaries²⁷.

4<u>10</u>, <u>All</u> remuneration of the members of the Supervisory Board and the Audit Board</u> established by resolution shall be in the public domain²⁸.

4,11. The Remuneration Policy does not cover the remuneration of the employee representatives on the Supervisory Board resulting from their employment relationship with the Company (determination, description of the principles, components, amount, etc. of remuneration), given that pursuant to the provisions of Act LXVII of 2019 on the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement and the amendment of certain laws for the purpose of legal harmonization, their Supervisory Board membership qualifies them as Directors.²⁹

V. ELEMENTS OF THE REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS EMPLOYED BY THE COMPANY

Remuneration based on employment may include the following elements:

²⁶ A purely technical amendment (renumbering the sections).

²⁷ Addition effective from 9 March 2023.

²⁸ Addition effective from 9 March 2023.

²⁹ Addition effective from 9 March 2023, in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report prepared from year 2021 submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote and in relation to the amendment of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote.

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törölt: Members of the Audit Board comprising three independent members of the Supervisory Board shall not receive special remuneration for serving on the Audit Board.

törölt: Basic wage
törölt: , <i>e.g.</i> inventor's royalty, long service recognition
award
törölt: <#>Extraordinary premium
törölt: , e.g. Program related to employee share awards
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Amended text effective from 9 Match 2022. The amended and text decadegorisation and fisting of remuneration components is based on the non-binding recommendations issued by the European Commission on the standardised presentation of remuneration reports (See: *COMMUNICATION FROM THE COMMISSION Guidelines on the standardised presentation of the remuneration report under Directive 2007/36/EC, as amended by Directive (EU) 2017/828, as regards the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement).* Taking into account on one hand that the Remuneration Policy was approved - in an advisory format - by the Board of Directors acting in the competence of the AGM, with Resolution No. 13/2020. 04. 28. adopted on 28 April 2020, based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of the decree no. 102/2020 (IV.10.) of the Government of Hungary on the deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capitalconcentrating organisations during the state of emergency, and with regard to the circumstance on the other hand that the respective Remuneration Policy is applicable from 2021 and the first remuneration report of the Company (on year 2021) will be issued in the year 2022, this amendment does not reflect the votes and views of shareholders on the remuneration policy and the remuneration report.

³¹ Clarified text effective from 9 March 2023.
 ³² Clarified text effective from 9 March 2023.

³³ Amended text effective from 9 March 2022. The amended and restructured categorisation and listing of remuneration components is based on the non-binding recommendations issued by the European Commission on the standardised presentation of remuneration reports (See: *COMMUNICATION FROM THE COMMISSION Guidelines on the standardised presentation of the remuneration report under Directive 2007/36/EC, as amended by Directive (EU) 2017/828, as regards the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement). Taking into account on one hand that the Remuneration Policy was approved - in an advisory format - by the Board of Directors acting in the competence of the AGM, with Resolution No. 13/2020. 04. 28. adopted on 28 April 2020, based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of the decree no. 102/2020 (IV.10.) of the Government of Hungary on the deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating organisations during the state of emergency, and with regard to the circumstance on the other hand that the respective Remuneration Policy is applicable from 2021 and the first remuneration report of the Company (on year 2021) will be issued in the year 2022, this amendment does not reflect the votes and views of shareholders on the remuneration policy and the remuneration report.*

³⁴ Clarified text effective from 9 March 2023.

³⁵ Clarified text effective from 9 March 2023

5.1. Fixed elements not linked to performance

Base salary

The base salary is fixed remuneration reflecting mainly the job, position, responsibility and experience within the organisation ensuring that the Company attracts and retains the best professionals taking into consideration the remuneration offered by potential competitors in the labour market. The decision on the chief executive officer's base salary and its yearly increase is made by the Board of Directors of the Company, with regard to the fact that employer's rights over the chief executive officer are exercised by the Company's Board of Directors.

Minimum and maximum of the monthly gross base salary³⁶:

	Minimum (HUF)	Maximum (HUF)
CEO	4,500,000.00	<u>8,000,000.00</u>
Other Directors employed by the Company	<u>2,000,000.00</u>	4.500.000,00

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Honorarium:

Fixed remuneration, paid monthly to the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board and, where subcommittee members are remunerated_- to subcommittee members. Proposals for decisions on the amount of the honoraria to be paid to the members of the Board of Directors each month in a given financial year are submitted by the Board of Directors to the Annual General Meeting of the Company after having received and discussed the proposal of the Remuneration Subcommittee. The amount of the honoraria is proposed by the Board of Directors taking into account the financial performance of the Company in the previous year and the average base salary and wage increase foreseen for the employees in the given financial year. The amount of the monthly fees of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, of the Supervisory Board and, – *if the members of the subcommittees are remunerated* -, of the subcommittees exceeds the amount of the monthly fees of the other members of the respective body.

Fringe benefits:

Employees' Cafeteria benefits:

Under the Company's current Cafeteria Policy, Directors are entitled to receive the Cafeteria allowance according to the same principles and rules as all employees.

³⁶ Addition effective from 9 March 2023, in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report prepared from year 2021 submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote and in relation to the amendment of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote.

Company vehicle and fuel card

The company vehicle and fuel card may be provided in accordance with the Company's Vehicle Use Regulations.

Life and accident insurance

The persons concerned may be provided extensive life and health insurance according to the same principles and rules as those pertaining to every employee.

Corporate health insurance including complex health screening

The persons concerned may have recourse to private health care services offered by a health service provider contracted by the Company according to the same principles and rules as those pertaining to every employee, and after the expiry of their trial period they may participate in the Company's complex screening program aimed at health maintenance and health awareness and early detection of diseases.

Other fringe benefits

Directors may benefit from the Company's extensive fringe benefits scheme (e.g. school-start allowance, Christmas gift package) in accordance with the rules in force at the all times.

Remuneration from subsidiaries

If a person concerned is an executive or a board member at a subsidiary of the Company, they may be entitled to remuneration for no more than three such positions.

Contribution to voluntary pension scheme

The persons concerned may receive the contribution to a voluntary pension scheme benefit according to the same principles and rules as those pertaining to every employee. The fact and amount of the benefit shall be determined through negotiations with the representative advocacies.

Other fixed remuneration

Other elements of remuneration not linked to performance and not listed above include remuneration or cost refund based on future market practices, customs or technological innovation (*e.g.* inventor's royalty, long service recognition award), the aggregate amount of which shall not exceed 10% of the annual base <u>salary</u>.

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5.2. Variable elements linked to performance

<u>One-year:</u>

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Bonus³⁷:

As the persons concerned undertake priority tasks that have material effect on the Company's profits, the company intends to make them interested in improving profitability and maintaining their employment in a longer term. In light of this, the Company rewards work of outstanding importance or effectiveness with a bonus.

The bonus defined as a certain percentage of the <u>base salary</u> (fixed remuneration) shall also be determined on the basis of market-related current wage benchmark data, also in consideration of the Company's individual classification system.

Detailed conditions of bonus allocation are contained in the Company's effective bonus regulations. One part of the bonus (between 70-100% - job-dependent percentage) is related to meeting individual goals, the other part (between 0-30% - job-dependent percentage) is related to meeting corporate targets. Corporate targets are linked to the Company's performance and responsible cost management. The final level of payment will be determined on the basis of the performance evaluation of the directors employed by the Company.

The determination of the chief executive officer's bonus - including its amount set as a percentage of the base salary, and the bonus goals – is made based on the decision of the Board of Directors of the Company, with regard to the fact that employer's rights over the chief executive officer are exercised by the Company's Board of Directors.³⁸

The amount of the bonus as a short-term incentive is based on a fixed percentage of the annual base salary for Directors employed by the Company, determined by the internal Korn Ferry level of the job.

Position	Percentage of annual bonus
CEO	100%
Deputy Managing Director (CFO)	<u>50%</u>

The maximum bonus payout is 100%.

The Directors are responsible for the Company's operating results and other financial, product development and product launch performance indicators, which are set by the Company's Board of Directors for the CEO and by the CEO for the other Directors. Other financial targets may include efficiency, investment and cost-related indicators.

³⁷ Text effective from 9 March 2023. The text of this section has been supplemented in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report for 2021 submitted to the 2022 Annual General Meeting for an advisory vote and in relation to the amendment to the Remuneration Policy to be submitted to the 2022 Annual General Meeting for an advisory vote.

³⁸ Amended text effective from 9 March 2022. It is a completion of a technical nature to the description of the bonus, with regard to the fact that the bonus of the chief executive officer is determined by the Board of Directors. Taking into account on one hand that the Remuneration Policy was approved - in an advisory format - by the Board of Directors acting in the competence of the AGM, with Resolution No. 13/2020. 04. 28. adopted on 28 April 2020, based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of decree no. 102/2020 (10 April) of the Government of Hungary on the deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating organisations during the state of emergency, and with regard to the circumstance on the other hand that the respective Remuneration Policy is applicable from 2021 and the first remuneration report of the Company (on year 2021) will be issued in the year 2022, this amendment does not reflect the votes and views of shareholders on the remuneration policy and the remuneration report.

törölt: basic wage

törölt: basic wage

The Directors are also responsible for non-financial performance indicators. Sustainable development is a priority for the Company and to this end the Board of Directors sets ESG (Environmental, Social and Governance) and other non-financial targets, such as those related to development, for the CEO, which the CEO may also set for the other Directors.

<u>Other premium</u>: Premium paid under the terms and conditions set out in the Company's respective premium regulations, but not detailed above.

Long-term (multi-year):

Employee Participation Program (EPP)³⁹:

The Company has operated an Employee Participation Program (hereinafter: the Program) as a form of remuneration since 2018. Participants in the Program receive financial benefit in cases where the corporate performance criteria set out annually in the remuneration policy or policies (hereinafter: EPP Remuneration Policy) provided for by Act XVIL of 1992 on Employee Participation Programs (hereinafter: the EPP Act) are met. The extent of such remuneration is determined in the EPP Remuneration Policy. Pursuant to the relevant provisions of the EPP Act and Act V of 2013 on the Civil Code, the Company has set up Gedeon Richter Plc. Employee Participation Program Organisation (hereinafter: EPP Őrganisation) for the management of, and benefit payment from, funds that can be acquired in the context of the EPP Remuneration Policy adopted and to be adopted by the Company's Board of Directors. As the supreme powers of the EPP Organisation as a body are not exercised by the Company, it shall be considered independent of the Company pursuant to the provisions of the EPP Act; furthermore, pursuant to the provisions of Act C of 2000 on Accounting, the EPP Organisation shall not be considered as a subsidiary of the Company.

In all cases, the Remuneration Policy of the EPP programmes includes a **corporate performance indicator** relating to the Company's profitability as a condition for the remuneration.

At the end of the program, if the remuneration condition is fulfilled, the EPP Organisation's management will convert the shares into cash in the manner specified in the EPP By-laws, withdraw the shareholdings to which the participants are entitled, and settle accounts with the participants in the program in accordance with the provisions of the EPP By-laws. The Company will transfer Richter shares to the EPP Organisation, but the Directors may receive the payments due to them as individuals not in stock but in cash (by bank transfer). This ensures that the Directors will have an interest in increasing the price of Richter shares during the two-year holding period, just as other participants in the EPP programmes (not classed as Directors) will. So EPP is a share-based benefit, but paid in cash at the end of the vesting period.

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The extraordinary premium serves as an *a posteriori* recognition of employees' outstanding performance in the year to which it refers. The budget available for extraordinary premium is established in consultation with the advocacies in Q4 of the current year, depending on the Company's performance. The amount available annually for variable remuneration is a percentage target of the fixed remuneration. This component of remuneration may be extended to the persons concerned according to the same principles and rules as those pertaining to every employee.¶ The Company's performance indicators are the expected positive value of consolidated operating profit/loss, which is

in the joint interest of evey employee including the persons concerned.

more than 8% of the annual basic wage.¶

³⁹ Text effective from 9 March 2023. The text of this section has been supplemented in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report prepared from year 2021 submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote and in relation to the amendment of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote.

The rate of the EPP as a long-term incentive is based on the job's internal Korn Ferry level for directors employed by the Company. The final level of payment will be determined on the basis of the performance evaluation of the directors employed by the Company.

If the corporate performance criteria set out in the EPP Remuneration Policies are met, 50% of the individual benefit values are paid out, while the other 50% are contingent on individual performance evaluations.

The maximum payout under the EPP plan is 120% for the CEO and 100% for the other Directors.

In addition to the corporate performance criteria, other financial and non-financial targets (*efficiency, investment, cost-related indicators, ESG – Environmental, Social and Governance* <u>– targets</u>) may be set for Directors.

If the statutory provisions do not allow that the EPP Organisation make payments in a given year, the Company may pay a gross amount (payroll cost) premium to participants in the Program with identical terms. Such premium shall be taxed as wage.

Other variable remuneration

Other forms of premium linked to performance and not listed above include premium based on future market practices, customs or technological innovation, the aggregate amount of which shall not exceed 20% of the annual base salary.

Extraordinary items: Remuneration components not fixed in advance above, the total of which may not exceed 20% of the annual <u>base salary</u>.

5.3. The total amount of variable, i.e. performance-linked elements of remuneration shall be no more than 0-80% of the total remuneration⁴⁰. It is to be noted, however, that the amounts

törölt: <u>Other, e.g. Program related to employee share</u> <u>bonuses</u>

This program is a form of remuneration provided for under Section 77C of Act CXVII of 1995 on Personal Income Tax. The framework and basic conditions of this type of remuneration are provided for in the Act cited (e.g. the ceiling of such allocations is HUF 1 million per person per year, a mandatory retention period prescribed for the shares, and senior executives responsible for the preparation of the annual report cannot participate in the program).¶

Once a resolution is passed on the adoption and implementation of the program related to employee share bonuses, the Company's Board of Directors shall adopt separate regulations on the conditions and detailed rules of participation in the program related to employee share bonuses.¶

törölt: basic wage törölt: basic wage

⁴⁰ Text effective from 9 March 2022, amended with respect to the resolution No. 110/2021. adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company unanimously on 9 November 2021. According to the said resolution: "With reference to Section 9.1-9.3 of the Remuneration Policy adopted by the Board of Directors on 23 March 2020 by resolution no. 30/2020. and approved in an advisory competence with Resolution No. 13/2020. 04. 28. of the Board of Directors acting in the competence of the AGM, based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of the decree no. 102/2020 (IV.10.) of the Government of Hungary on the deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating organisations during the state of emergency, the Board of Directors approves the deviation from the requirement in the first sentence of Section 5.3 of the Remuneration Policy with the content that the total amount of variable, i.e. performance-linked elements of remuneration shall be maximised at 0-80% of the total remuneration. In respect of the 2021 remuneration of the affected parties, the Board of Directors accepts the derogation from the referenced section of the Remuneration Policy as a measure serving the purpose of the Company's long-term interests and sustainable operation, meeting the requirements set out in Act LXVII of 2019 on The Promotion of Long-term Shareholder Engagement and The Modification of Certain Legal Acts for Harmonization of the Law. The Board of Directors proposes that by early 2022, the Company shall prepare the comprehensive proposal for the amendment of the Remuneration Policy, which the Board of Directors will discuss and then propose to the general meeting for an advisory vote." Taking into account on one hand that the Remuneration Policy was approved - in an advisory format - by the Board of Directors acting in the competence of the AGM, with Resolution No. 13/2020. 04. 28. adopted on 28 April 2020, based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of Decree No. 102/2020 (10 April) of the Government of Hungary on the deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating organisations during the state of emergency, and with regard

of variable (i.e. performance-linked) remuneration and fixed remuneration upon payment is not constant as such amounts may vary depending on a number of factors not linked to performance (for example vehicle use or health care services used); consequently, a precise rate cannot be determined.

5.4. Allocation of the above variable, i.e. performance-linked remuneration is subject to meeting the financial and other conditions determined in detail for the current period by the Company's Board of Directors and other bodies and officers, taking into consideration the current social, market, legal and taxation environment as well as criteria of corporate social responsibility.

5.5⁴¹. When determining the above conditions, the Company's Board of Directors and other bodies and officers shall take into account the Company's business strategy, long-term interests and sustainability, considerations of corporate social responsibility, as well as the Company's effective rules and regulations.

5.6. When determining whether measurable criteria have been fulfilled, the Company shall consider the percentage of fulfilment. The Company shall consider non-measurable criteria fulfilled if the given criteria are fully met. When determining the above criteria the Board of Directors of the Company may apply other methods of evaluation that are reasonable or recognised and accepted by the market.

5.7. The condition for paying the above premiums is that the employee must be employed by the Company when the fulfilment of criteria is examined. Premium duly paid based on the fulfilment of the prescribed criteria cannot be reclaimed.

VI. TERM AND TERMINATION OF THE CONTRACT, AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS OF **DIRECTORS EMPLOYED BY THE COMPANY**

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6.1. The employment contract of the persons concerned is for an unlimited term and contains no special stipulations regarding retirement; should the contract be terminated by the employer, given the job, position and responsibility of the persons concerned, the contract may contain a competition clause in accordance with the relevant effective labour law regulations.

6.2. In the event of termination by the employer, the period of notice, conditions of termination and severance pay, other payments related to termination shall be determined n accordance with the relevant effective labour law regulations, the employment contract of the person concerned, and the Company's Collective Contract.

6.3. The persons concerned shall be entitled to old-age pension, supplementary pension benefit or disability benefit in accordance with the relevant effective statutory provisions.

to the circumstance on the other hand that the respective Remuneration Policy is applicable from 2021 and the first remuneration report of the Company (on year 2021) will be issued in the year 2022, this amendment does not reflect the votes and views of shareholders on the remuneration policy and the remuneration report. ⁴¹ The amendment is only a correction of technical nature (correction of the numbering of the provisions).

VII. LIABILITY INSURANCE OF THE DIRECTORS

The liability insurance taken out by the Company covers every former, current and future member of the Board of Directors and Supervisory Board including their position at the subsidiaries, as the case may be; furthermore, it covers every pformer, current and future employee of the Company in executive positions.

VIII. THE PROCEDURE OF DETERMINATION AND IMPLEMENTATION THE REMUNERATION POLICY

8.1. Commissioned by the chief executive officer of the Company, the Remuneration Policy shall be drafted by the director of human resources with the support of the deputy managing director for finance and the secretary of the Board of Directors, and shall be submitted to the Board of Directors by the chief executive officer. Based on the proposal of the chief executive officer, the Remuneration Subcommittee of the Board of Directors shall first discuss, appraise, and give an opinion on the draft Remuneration Policy. The Remuneration Subcommittee's appraisal and opinion shall be presented to the Board of Directors by the chairman of the Remuneration Subcommittee. Having heard the appraisal and opinion of the Remuneration on the agenda item on the Remuneration Policy. The Board of Directors shall approve the Remuneration Policy for a fixed term of four (4) years. The Board of Directors shall submit the Remuneration Policy approved by it to the next Annual General Meeting of the Company to advisory vote.⁴² The general rules of conflict of interest shall be applicable for the decision-making.

8.2. In order to take into consideration the wages and terms of employment of its employees when determining the Remuneration Policy, the Company has set up job levels for the entire organisation based on the job evaluation methodology of the internationally renowned human resource consultancy firm Korn Ferry. Building on this basis, the company has created its unique GR (Gedeon Richter)-specific classification which covers every job. Every employee has been classified in the job matrix based on the complexity of their job.

8.3. Participation in the annual income level surveys ensures that base salaries and wages are in harmony with market trends. The Company gathers wage market benchmark data for each job from the income level surveys of Korn Ferry and the internationally renowned consultancy Willis Towers. The annual general base salary and wage rise is determined in consultation with the representative advocacies.

8.4. The Company may pay remuneration to the Directors on the basis of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting to advisory vote.

8.5. In the case of a positive outcome of the advisory vote by the Annual General Meeting, the chief executive officer shall be responsible for the implementation of and supervision of the Remuneration Policy, with the exception of the remuneration of the chief executive officer.

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törölt: ic

⁴² Pursuant to Section 3:268 (2) of Act V of 2013 on the Civil Code: In case of public companies limited by shares, the advisory vote on remuneration policy shall fall within the exclusive competence of the general meeting. The remuneration policy shall be put on the agenda of the general meeting if there is a substantial change to it, but at least once every four years.

Payment of the chief executive officer's remunration shall fall within the executive and supervisory powers of the chairman of the Board of Directors. In the corse of implementation of the Remuneration Policy the secretary of the Board of Directors shall undertake legal control duties; the director of human resources shall provide professional opinuion and operative support in labour issues; and the head of the organisational unit responsible for payroll accounts shall coordinate financial measures based on the instructions of the persons responsible for implementation.

IX. DEROGATION FROM THE REMUNERATION POLICY

9.1. <u>Pursuant to the provisions of Section 17 (5) of Act LXVII of 2019 on the encouragement</u> of long-term shareholder engagement and the amendment of certain laws for the purpose of legal harmonisation, the Company has the right to derogate⁴³ from this Remuneration Policy only in exceptional cases and temporary. <u>Based on the resolution of the Board of Directors</u>, exceptional cases are those cases where derogation from the Remuneration Policy is necessary in order to ensure the Company's long-term interests and sustainable operation or viability, including but not limited to in the event of changes in the market, legislative or tax environment that have a significant impact on the Company's operability, competitiveness and/or profitability. ⁴⁴

9.2. Any derogation from this Remuneration Policy shall be subject to the resolution of the Board of Directors adopted <u>only</u> by a qualified (two-thirds) majority vote. <u>The Board of Directors may resolve to derogate from the Remuneration Policy only on the basis of a written proposal from the Remuneration Subcommittee and only in the cases set out in section $9.1.4^{5}$ </u>

9.3. In the event of derogation the Board of Directors is entitled to depart from any and all elements of the Remuneration Policy.

X. MISCELLANEOUS AND CLOSING PROVISIONS

10.1. The Board of Directors shall review the Remuneration Policy on an annual basis by 31 March of the year following the closing of the business year, and also on an ad hoc basis if any circumstance or change in relevant legislation so requires.

- **törölt:** Any derogation

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⁴³ "Any derogation from this Remuneration Policy may only be exceptional and temporary. Exceptional cases are those cases where derogation from the Remuneration Policy is necessary in order to ensure the Company's long-term interests and sustainable operation or viability. Even in such cases, derogation is only possible if the Remuneration Policy sets out the procedural conditions under which the derogation may be applied and specifies the elements of the Policy from which derogation may be made."

⁴⁴ Text effective from 9 March 2023, amended and supplemented in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report prepared from year 2021 submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote and in relation to the amendment of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote.

⁴⁵ Text effective from 9 March 2023, amended and supplemented in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report prepared from year 2021 submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote and in relation to the amendment of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for advisory vote.

10.2. The Remuneration Policy shall be in the public domain through the Company's web site. The purpose of publication of the Remuneration Policy is to ensure transparency of the remuneration the company extends to the persons within the personal scope of the Remuneration Policy.

10.3 The benefits paid under the Remuneration Policy must not jeopardise the sustainability of the financial position and the effective operation of the Company.⁴⁶

10.4 The introduction of a remuneration element not included in this Remuneration Policy and the amendment of an existing element of the Remuneration Policy may only be made with the approval of the Remuneration Subcommittee of the Board of Directors, for the purpose of the long-term interests and sustainable operation of the Company, based on the proposal of the Board of Directors to the General Meeting for an advisory vote.⁴⁷

10.5 This Remuneration Policy, developed <u>(amended and supplemented)</u> by taking into account Act LXVII of 2019 on the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement and the amendment of certain laws for the purpose of legal harmonisation shall be applicable for four years from 1 January 2021.⁴⁸

The text set out in this document, - also assessed and proposed for adoption by the *Remuneration Subcommittee of the Board of Directors* -, taking into in consideration the opinions expressed orally and in writing by shareholders before and after the 2022 Annual General Meeting and the votes cast by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting of 2022 on the Remuneration Policy⁴⁹ and its amendment⁵⁰ and on the Remuneration Report for 2021,

⁴⁶ Text effective from 9 March 2022. Supplementing provision of principle. Taking into account on one hand that the Remuneration Policy was approved - in an advisory format - by the Board of Directors acting in the competence of the AGM, with Resolution No. 13/2020. 04. 28. adopted on 28 April 2020, based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of Decree No. 102/2020 (10 April) of the Government of Hungary on the deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating organisations during the state of emergency, and with regard to the circumstance on the other hand that the respective Remuneration Policy is applicable from 2021 and the first remuneration report of the Company (on year 2021) will be issued in the year 2022, this amendment does not reflect the votes and views of shareholders on the remuneration policy and the remuneration report.

⁴⁷ Addition effective from 9 March 2023, in the light of the votes cast and opinions expressed by shareholders orally and in writing in relation to the Remuneration Report for the year 2021 submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for an advisory vote and in relation with the amendment of the Remuneration Policy submitted to the Annual General Meeting of 2022 for an advisory vote.

 ⁴⁸ Amended and supplemented text effective from <u>9 March 2023</u>
 ⁴⁹ Remuneration Policy passed by the Board of Directors by Resolution No. 30/2022 on 23 March 2020 and adopted on an advisory basis by Board Resolution No. 13/2020.04.28 adopted within its competence of the general meeting pursuant to Section 5 (1) and Section 9 of Government Decree No. 102/2020 (10 April) on deviation provisions pertaining to the operation of partnerships and capital companies during the state of danger. By Resolution No. 110/2021 passed by unanimous decision on 9 November 2021, the Board of Directors resolved as follows: "With reference to Resolution No. 30/2020 passed by the Board of Directors on 23 March 2020 and Sections 9.1-9.3 of the Remuneration Policy approved on an advisory basis in the framework of Board Resolution No. 13/2020.04.28 adopted within its competence of the general meeting pursuant to Section 5 (1) and Section 9 of Government Decree No. 102/2020 (10 April) on deviation provisions pertaining to the operation of partnerships and capital companies during the state of danger, the Board of Directors hereby approves the deviation from the criterion set out in the first sentence of section 5.3 of the Remuneration Policy to the effect that the total amount of the variable (i.e. performance-dependent) components of the remuneration of those concerned in 2021 shall not exceed 0-80% of the total amount of their remuneration. In respect of the 2021 annual remuneration of those concerned, the Board of Directors approves the deviation from the provisions of the stated section of the Remuneration Policy as a measure intended to serve the goal of supporting the long-term interests and the sustainable operation of the Company in accordance with the **törölt:** and approved - in an advisory format - by the Board of Directors acting in the competence of the AGM, with Resolution No. 13/2020. 04. 28. adopted on 28 April 2020, based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of the decree no. 102/2020 (IV.10.) of the Government of Hungary on the deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating organisations during the state of emergency,

törölt: Remuneration Policy

törölt: Text törölt: 9 March 2022

törölt: Supplementing provision of principle. Taking into account on one hand that the Remuneration Policy was approved - in an advisory format - by the Board of Directors acting in the competence of the AGM, with Resolution No. 13/2020. 04. 28. adopted on 28 April 2020, based on Subsection (1) of Section 5 and Section 9 of the decree no. 102/2020 (IV.10.) of the Government of Hungary on the deviating regulations related to the operation of partnerships and capital-concentrating organisations during the state of emergency, and with regard to the circumstance on the other hand that the respective Remuneration Policy is applicable from 2021 and the first remuneration report of the Company (on year 2021) will be issued in the year 2022, this amendment does not reflect the votes and views of shareholders on the remuneration policy and the remuneration

- report.
 - törölt: 9 March 2022

törölt: A supplement of a general nature, containing a provision on the temporal scope of the Remuneration Policy.

reviewed by the Company in its entirety, amended, clarified and supplemented in terms of the contents of Chapters III, IV and V, presented in a new structure having regard to the nonbinding recommendations issued by the European Commission on the standardised presentation of remuneration reports⁵², consolidated with the amendments, was approved by the Board of Directors on March 9, 2023,

1	törölt: but unchanged in respect of its principles and concept,¶
1	törölt: ¶
1	törölt: 9 March 2022

criteria set out in Act LXVII of 2019 on the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement and the amendment of certain laws for the purpose of legal harmonisation." It proposes further that the Company prepare, for the start of 2022, a general proposal for the amendment of the Remuneration Policy, which the Board shall, after discussing it, put to the General Meeting for an advisory vote. ²³ Sec: COMMUNICATION FROM THE COMMISSION Guidelines on the standardised presentation of the remuneration report under Directive 2007/36/EC, as anended by Directive (EU) 2017/828, as regards the

encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement.
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Agenda item No.12.

Advisory vote on the remuneration report of the Company on the financial year 2022

REMUNERATION REPORT OF GEDEON RICHTER PLC.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2022

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1. INTRODUCTION

Gedeon Richter Plc. (hereinafter the "Company"), pursuant to the provision under Section 21 of Act LXVII of 2019 on the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement and the amendment of certain laws for the purpose of legal harmonisation, herewith publishes the Company's Remuneration Report for the year 2022¹ (hereinafter the **"Report"** or the **"Remuneration Report"**).²

The purpose of the report is to provide a comprehensive overview, in accordance with the Remuneration Policy adopted by Resolution No. 13/2020.04.28 passed by the Company's Board of Directors acting within the competence of the general meeting based on Section 5 (1) and Section 9 of Government Decree 102/2020 (IV.10.) (hereinafter the **"Remuneration Policy"**), to persons falling under the personal scope of the Remuneration Policy, regarding all remuneration awarded in the 2022 financial year or due on the basis of the results of that year, and paid by the Company. The Company's Remuneration Policy is available on the Company website

The Company's Remuneration Policy is available on the Company website.

The quantified data of the Company's Remuneration Report are presented in Chapters 3-6. of the report and the tables set out in those chapters. Values expressed in Hungarian forint (HUF) in the report are gross amounts, unless otherwise stated in the report.

For the Directors whose legal relationship (i.e. whose mandate or board membership) did not cover the entire year of 2022³, the report states the pro rata portion of the annual benefits and honoraria due in line with the period of their mandates.

While the remuneration paid by the Company to the Directors in 2022 under the Remuneration Policy contributed to the achievement of the objectives set out in the Remuneration Policy, it was below the industry average of other domestic blue chip companies and of competing European mid-pharma companies.

¹ According to Section 3:268, Subsection (3) of Act V of 2013 on the Civil Code of Hungary (the "Civil Code"): In the case of public limited companies, the remuneration report for the previous business year shall be placed on the agenda of the general meeting for an advisory vote.

² Although Section 19, Subsection (2), point b) of Act LXVII of 2019 stipulates that the report must also include the following information: "the annual change in remuneration over at least the five most recent business years, the development of the company's performance and the average remuneration of the employees of the company other than directors during that period – on a full-time equivalent basis and presented in a manner that permits comparison," Section 29, Subsection (4) of the same Act contains a transitional provision to the effect that "the public limited company shall fulfil its obligation under Section 19, Subsection (2), point b) in the first five business years of the application of the remuneration policy adopted on the basis of this Act by applying the provision only in respect of remuneration policies already adopted on the basis of this Act." Accordingly, the Remuneration Report for the year 2022 contains comparative information compared to the information provided in the Remuneration Report for the 2021 financial year.

³ A regards changes in the person and numbers falling within the personal scope of the Remuneration Report, changes in 2022 concerned only the Board of Directors.

As of the date of the 2022 Annual General Meeting, the terms of mandate of Dr György László Bagdy and Dr Gábor Gulácsi expired.

The Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 12 April 2022 approved the election of Mr. István Hamecz and Ms. Ilona Dávid to serve as members of the Board of Directors for a three-year term of office until the Annual General Meeting of 2025 and the re-election of Mr. Lajos Csaba Lantos as a member of the Board of Directors for a three-year term of office until the Annual General Meeting of 2025. However, due to a conflict of interest arising from his appointment as Minister, Mr. Lajos Csaba Lantos resigned from his position on the Board of Directors of Gedeon Richter Plc. effective as of 30 November 2022.

The categorisation and list of remuneration components presented in this structure is based on the non-binding recommendations issued by the European Commission on the standardised presentation of the remuneration report (Cf. COMMUNICATION FROM THE COMMISSION Guidelines on the standardised presentation of the remuneration report under Directive 2007/36/EC, as amended by Directive (EU) 2017/828, as regards the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement).

Following the adoption of the revised Remuneration Policy proposed for the 2022 Annual General Meeting with a low rate of votes, written feedback received from investors highlighted to the Company that in respect of the CEO's remuneration, the Company did not report on ESG (Environmental, Social and Governance) as non-financial performance criteria and the Company's report did not provide a sufficiently comprehensive view of the objectives and performance criteria set under the share-based remuneration scheme for the Company's Directors.

In light of this, the Company has enhanced the content of the Remuneration Report for the year 2022 with a number of new content elements (specifically, a presentation of the percentage of bonus award and its maximum payable; the percentage of bonus performance; a detailed presentation of the sharebased remuneration and its terms; a detailed presentation of the performance criteria for the employed Directors; a comparison of the changes in remuneration and in the Company's performance in a table format; and a presentation of the business performance).

The non-financial ESG criteria for the CEO have been set out in the 2023 bonus and 2023 EPP terms, the detailed content of which will be disclosed in the Remuneration Report for 2023.

2. BUSINESS PERFORMANCE AND DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

In 2022, the Richter Group made significant progress in the implementation of its Specialty strategy, successfully adapting to the hectic market environment and achieving record financial performance with HUF 802,755 million in sales (27.3% increase compared to 2021) and HUF 153,555 million in operating profit (13% increase compared to 2021)⁴, also thanks to the positive impact of exchange rate movements.

The essence of the Company's Specialty strategy is to secure its profit margin by applying a complex business model, building on its original research activities, with high added value products in central nervous system and women's healthcare indications, as well as in biotechnology.

In 2022, despite all the external challenges, we achieved a series of new product launches, partnerships, licensing agreements and R&D milestones, demonstrating that we are steadily progressing on our path to join the leading European pharmaceutical companies.

It is important to underline that even excluding the impact of exchange rates we achieved balanced growth in terms of both geographic regions and product portfolio in which the market success of our specialised product range played a key role.

Cariprazine continued to play a dominant role in our results, with sales up by more than 37 percent year-on-year. Our women's healthcare portfolio also delivered a strong performance, with growth of almost 40 percent, driven by oral contraceptives, the Evra patch and the recently launched innovative contraceptive pill Drovelis. Annual sales of our biosimilar product Terrosa, including sales through partners, exceeded EUR 100 million, and our revenue from direct sales of this product increased by almost 60 percent.

In addition to these positive results, some one-off items have worsened our results. These include impairment charges related to research and development and the special tax on pharmaceuticals announced at the very end of last year. As one of the reasons for the introduction of the special tax is the gain on the movements of foreign exchange, we are confident that this tax will only be temporary.

The remuneration of the Directors, which encourages the effective delivery of the corporate strategy, is aligned with the long-term sustainable development of the Company and strongly supports the creation of value for the Company's shareholders for the long term. The Remuneration Report provides transparent, concrete information on compensation for 2022.

⁴ Pursuant to Government Decree No. 582/2022 (23 December) amending Government Decree No. 197/2022 (4 June) on Extra Profit Taxes, published on 23 December 2022, pharmaceutical companies are obliged to assess, declare and pay a special tax based on their net sales for the tax years 2022 and 2023. Excluding the impact of the extra profit tax, in 2022 the Company achieved an operating profit of HUF 181,415 million, 33.5% higher than in the previous year.

3. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS NOT EMPLOYED BY THE COMPANY

3.1. REMUNERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Members of the Board of Directors receive fixed monthly honorarium for serving on the Board.

The amount of the honorarium for the financial year 2022 had been decided by the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 12 April 2022: the Chairman of the Board of Directors received HUF 792,000 per month and the members of the Board of Directors received HUF 662,000 per month per member in 2022. The General Meeting also decided that the Chairman and the members of the Board of Directors shall receive a bonus corresponding to the monthly honorarium for 2021 (Chairman of the Board of Directors: HUF 730,000; members of the Board of Directors: HUF 610,000 per member) in recognition of the outstanding achievements of the Company in 2021.

Accordingly, in 2022 the following payments were made to the members of the Board of Directors not employed by the Company⁵:

		1. Fixed remuneration								Variable r	emuneration			5. Proportion
Annual gross amount (HUF)	Year	salary	Honorarium (fee)	Fringe bene- fits	Remunera- tion from a subsidiary	Voluntary pension fund contri- bution	Other	Total fixed remunera- tion	One- year	Long- term (multi- year)	Total varia- erble remuner- ation	3. Extra- ordinary items	4. Total re- muneration	of total vari- able remu- neration to total remu- neration
Members of the Board of	Direc	tors	n		1							1		
Dr Nándor Pál Ács	2022	-	8 554 000	-		-	4	8 554 000	-	-			8 554 000	0%
Member of the Board of Directors	2021	-	4 880 000	-	-		-	4 880 000	-				4 880 000	0%
Dr György László Bagdy Member of the Board of	2022	-	3 258 000		-			3 258 000	-				3 258 000	0%
Directors until 12 April 2022	2021		8 499 900	-	-		-	8 499 900	-				8 499 900	0%
Dr Péter Cserháti	2022	-	8 554 000	-	-			8 554 000	-				8 554 000	0%
Member of the Board of Directors	2021	-	8 499 900					8 499 900	-				8 499 900	0%
llona Dávid Member of the Board of Directors from 12 April 2022	2022		5 296 000		-		-	5 296 000	-				5 296 000	0%
Dr Ilona Hardy dr Pin-	2022	-	8 554 000	-	-	-	-	8 554 000	-	· -			8 554 000	0%
térné Member of the Board of Directors	2021	-	8 499 900		-	-	-	8 499 900	-	-		-	8 499 900	0%
Lajos Csaba Lantos Member of the Board of	2022	-	7 892 000	-	-	-	-	7 892 000	-				7 892 000	0%
Directors until 30 No- vember 2022	2021	-	8 499 900	-		-	-	8 499 900	-				8 499 900	0%
Dr Anett Pandurics	2022	-	8 554 000	-	-	-	-	8 554 000	-	-			8 554 000	0%
Member of the Board of Directors	2021	-	8 499 900	-		-	-	8 499 900	-				8 499 900	0%
Dr László Szabó Member of the Board of	2022		8 554 000	-	-	-	-	8 554 000	-				8 554 000	0%
Directors	2021	-	4 880 000	-	-	-	-	4 880 000	-	-			4 880 000	0%
Bálint Szécsényi Mambar of the Board of	2022	-	8 554 000	-	-	-		8 554 000	-				8 554 000	0%
Member of the Board of Directors	2021	-	8 499 900	-	-	-	-	8 499 900	-	-			8 499 900	0%
Prof Dr E. Szilveszter Vizi Member of the Board of	2022	-	8 554 000	-	-	-	-	8 554 000					8 554 000	0%
Directors	2021	-	8 499 900	-	-	-	-	8 499 900	-	-			8 499 900	0%

⁵ The remuneration components not included in the table below are presented in Chapter 4 of the report.

Of the fixed components of the remuneration, the members of the Board of Directors received only honoraria.

They did not receive any variable component, i.e. performance-based remuneration or share awards in connection with this position (thus the future long-term performance of the Company had no impact on their remuneration, and reclaiming variable remuneration was not meaningful in their case).

The past performance of the Company had an impact on the remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors in such a way that the Annual General Meeting of 2022 granted the members of the Board of Directors a bonus equivalent to one month's honorarium in view of the Company's outstanding performance in 2021.

The remuneration of the members of Board of Directors who are also employed by the Company and have therefore a parallel relationship with the Company⁶ are contained in Chapter 4 of the Report.

3.2. REMUNERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE SUPERVISORY BOARD

Members of the Supervisory Board receive a fixed monthly honorarium for serving on the Supervisory Board.

The amount of the honorarium for the financial year 2022 had been decided by the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 12 April 2022: the Chairman of the Supervisory Board received HUF 662,000 per month and the members of the Supervisory Board received HUF 477,400 per month per member in 2022.

1. Fixed remuneration									2. Variable remuneration 5. Proport							
Annual gross amount (HUF)	Year	Base salary	Honorar- ium (fee)	Fringe	Remunera- tion from a subsidiary	Voluntary		Total fixed remunera- tion	One- year	Long- term (multi- year)	<u> </u>	Total varia- ble remu- neration	3. Extra- ordinary items		of total vari- able remu- neration to total remu- neration	
Members of the Supervisory Board																
Dr Attila Chikán	2022	-	7 944 000		-	-	1	7 944 000	-					7 944 000	0%	
Chairman of the Super- visory Board	2021		7 320 000	-		-	-	7 320 000	-	-	-		-	7 320 000	0%	
Prof Dr Jonathán Ró- bert Bedros	2022	-	5 728 800	-		-	-	5 728 800	-	-	-	-	-	5 728 800	0%	
Member of the Supervi- sory Board	2021	-	5 280 000	-		-	-	5 280 000	-	-	-	-	_	5 280 000	0%	
Dr Zoltán Matos	2022	-	5 728 800	-	-	-	-	5 728 800	-		-		_	5 728 800	0%	
Member of the Supervi- sory Board	2021	-	3 520 000	-	-	-	-	3 520 000	-	-	-	-	-	3 520 000	0%	
Dr Lívia Pavlik Member of the Supervi-	2022	-	5 728 800	-	-	-	-	5 728 800	-	-	-		-	5 728 800	0%	
sory Board	2021	-	3 520 000	-	-	-	-	3 520 000	-		-	-		3 520 000	0%	
Dr Krisztina Gál Member of the Supervi-	2022		5 728 800	-		-	-	5 728 800		-	-	-		5 728 800	0%	
sory Board / employee representative (from 15 April 2021)	2021	_	3 520 000	-	-	-	-	3 520 000		_	_	-		3 520 000	0%	
Péter Müller Member of the Supervi-	2022	-	5 728 800	-		-	-	5 728 800		_	-			5 728 800	0%	
sory Board / employee representative (from 15 April 2021)	2021	-	3 520 000	-	_	-	-	3 520 000		-	-	-		3 520 000	0%	

Accordingly, in 2022 the following payments were made to the members of the Supervisory Board:

⁶ Gábor Orbán, CEO; Erik Bogsch (Executive Director Responsible for Commercial, International and Governmental Affairs until 14 November 2022, Advisor from 15 November 2022); Dr Gábor Gulácsi (Deputy Managing Director Responsible for Finance until 30 April 2022 and Financial Expert Advisor from 1 May 2022), and István Hamecz (CFO from 1 May 2022).

In the case of employee representatives Dr Krisztina Gál and Péter Müller, the remuneration related to the employee status is not included in the above table, given that pursuant to the provisions of Act LXVII of 2019 on the encouragement of long-term shareholder engagement and the amendment of certain laws for the purpose of legal harmonisation, their Supervisory Board membership qualifies them as Directors.

Of the fixed components of the remuneration, the members of the Supervisory Board received only honoraria.

They did not receive any variable component, i.e. performance-based remuneration or share awards in connection with this position (thus the future long-term performance of the Company had no impact on their remuneration, and reclaiming variable remuneration was not meaningful in their case).

4. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS EMPLOYED BY THE COMPANY

The Company has an internal classification system based on Korn Ferry categories. These internal levels form the basis of the remuneration system. Job evaluation is based on the international Korn Ferry methodology. Korn Ferry job categories and classifications are determined by qualified HR specialists. Three dimensions are assessed in the course of job evaluation: knowledge, problem solving and ownership (responsibility). Each classification category has a guiding total remuneration band. The pay scales are determined and regularly reviewed for each job, on the basis of which the base salary is determined.

The Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and the Executive Director discharge their duties on the basis of employment contracts. The decision on the remuneration of the CEO (including, in addition to the determination of the base salary, the other benefits to which the CEO is entitled in case of the fulfilment of the annual bonus and EPP terms) is taken by the Board of Directors, taking into account the proposal of the Remuneration Subcommittee of the Board of Directors. The decision on the remuneration of the Chief Financial Officer and the Executive Director (including the determination of the fixed and variable components of the remuneration) falls within the sphere of competence of the Chief Executive Officer.

Remuneration based on employment may include the following components:

Fixed components of remuneration (i.e. components not dependent on performance):

- Base salary
- Honorarium
- Fringe benefits
 - o Employee cafeteria benefits
 - o Company car and fuel card benefits
 - o Life and accident insurance

- o Health insurance and comprehensive health screening
- o Other fringe benefits
- Remuneration from a subsidiary
- Voluntary pension fund contribution
- Other variable remuneration

Variable components of remuneration (i.e. elements dependent on performance):

- Relating to one year:
 - o Bonus
 - o Extraordinary reward (only for employee delegates)
 - o Other reward
- Long-term (relating to several years):
 - Benefit through the Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP)
- Other variable remuneration

Remuneration of Directors employed by the Company:

Payments for 2022 based on the above^{7, 8, 9}:

	1. Fixed remuneration									2. Variable re	munerat	ion			5. Propor-
Annual gross amount (HUF)	Year	Base salary	Honorarium (fee)	Fringe ben- efits		Voluntary pension fund contribution		Total fixed remunera- tion	One-year	Long-term (multi-year)	Other	Total varia- ble remuner- ation	3. Extra- ordinary items	4. Total re- muneration	tion of total variable re- muneration to total re- muneration
virectors employed by the Company															
	2022	57 825 006	8 554 000	6 542 961	3 537 090	1 200 000	350 000	78 009 057	52 042 500	132 700 322	-	184 742 822		262 751 878	70%
CEO Member of the Board of Directors	2021	53 280 000	8 499 900	7 286 672	3 229 650	1 004 400	-	73 300 622	53 280 000	130 705 937	-	183 985 937	_	257 286 559	72%
Dr Gábor Gulácsi Deputy Managing Di-	2022	15 700 564	3 258 000	823 671	1 000 226	400 000	116 667	21 299 127	3 523 427	3 350 000	200 000	7 073 427		28 372 555	25%
visor from 1 May 2022 Member of the Board of Directors until 12 April 2022	2021	46 218 774	8 499 900	3 046 221	3 866 040	1 079 600		62 710 535	23 109 385	30 000 000	-	53 109 385	871 400	116 691 320	46%
István Hamecz CFO from 1 May 2022 Member of the Board of Directors from 12 April 2022	2022	31 244 313	5 296 000	2 317 203	2 277 601	938 358	253 543	42 327 018	12 897 531	14 307 087	-	27 204 617		69 531 636	39%
Executive Director for Commercial, Interna-	2022	44 738 561	10 234 000	7 388 188	3 679 280	1 200 000	350 000	67 590 029	21 709 288	30 000 000	-	51 709 288		119 299 316	43%
tional and Govern- mental Affairs until 14 November 2022 Advisor from 15 No- vember 2022		45 649 024	10 177 950	6 226 911	3 343 280	1 004 400	-	66 401 565	22 814 513	30 000 000	-	52 814 513	854 488	120 070 566	44%

⁷ Remuneration from subsidiaries is stated in HUF at the annual average exchange rate.

⁹ For the Directors whose legal relationship (i.e. whose mandate or board membership) did not cover the entire year of 2022, the Report states the *pro rata temporis* portion of the annual benefits and honoraria due in line with the period of their mandates.

⁸ The long-term remuneration vested in 2022 (hence the Total remuneration) also includes a conditional component (contingent on the average sales rate for 2022-2023). The HUF value of the conditionally vested 2022 shares is reported at the closing exchange rate on 30 Dec 2022.

4.1. PRESENTATION OF THE FIXED COMPONENTS OF REMUNERATION

- <u>Base salary</u>: The base salary is fixed remuneration reflecting mainly the job, position, responsibility and experience within the organisation ensuring that the Company attracts and retains the best professionals taking into consideration the remuneration offered by potential competitors in the labour market. The annual change in the base salary of the CEO was decided by the Board of Directors of the Company¹⁰, and the annual pay rise in 2022 of the other Directors employed by the Company was effected in accordance with the rules of the agreement with the Trade Union Committee. The base salary was paid monthly.
- <u>Honorarium</u> Fixed remuneration, which is paid to the members of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board on a monthly basis in the amount described in Chapters 3.1. and 3.2.
- Fringe benefits:
 - Employee Cafeteria benefits Pursuant to the Cafeteria regulations of the Company valid for 2022, the Directors may enjoy Cafeteria benefits in accordance with the same principles and rules as apply to all employees, the annual value of which in 2022 was HUF 402,000 per person. Payments were made in accordance with this, based on the Directors' declarations regarding their Cafeteria plan selections.
 - <u>Company car and fuel card benefits</u>: The company vehicle and fuel card may be provided in accordance with the Company's Vehicle Use Regulations.
 - Life and accident insurance: The Directors were able to benefit from comprehensive life and accident insurance cover during 2022 in accordance with the same principles and rules as applied to all employees, whereby the Company's employees are insured and are beneficiaries together as a group. The sums allocated to each person were calculated by the Company as the per-capita amount of the total cost to the Company (based on the annual average headcount).
 - Corporate health insurance including complex health screening: In accordance with the same principles and rules as apply to all employees, the Directors were able to use the private healthcare services offered by the healthcare provider that is in a contractual relationship with the Company, and were able to participate in comprehensive health screenings provided by the Company in the interests of preserving the health of its employees, strengthening their awareness of health issues, and detecting diseases early on. The Company pays the healthcare provider a flat rate that covers all employees the contract is not for the benefit of the individual Directors alone. The sums allocated to each person were calculated by the Company as the per-capita amount of the total cost to the Company (based on the annual average headcount).
 - <u>Fringe benefits</u>: The Directors were also able to benefit from the Company's extensive range of fringe benefits in accordance with the applicable internal regulations. The aggregate amount of these components may not exceed 5% of the annual base salary.

¹⁰ Given that employer's rights over the CEO are exercised by the Company's Board of Directors.

- <u>Remuneration from subsidiaries</u>: Fixed remuneration; honoraria paid for membership of the board of directors and/or supervisory board of one or more of the Company's subsidiaries. If the Director performs managerial or board membership duties at a subsidiary of the Company, he or she is entitled to a fixed honorarium for anything up to three subsidiary board¹¹ memberships. Payments were made in accordance with this in 2022.
- <u>Contribution to voluntary pension scheme</u>: The Directors were entitled to the Voluntary Pension Fund Contribution (membership fee supplement) in accordance with the same principles and rules as apply to all employees. This benefit was specified in the annual Collective Agreement on Wage Increases concluded with the representative Trade Union Committee in 2022 and its rate was set at 6% of the gross base salary stated in the employment contract. The monthly amount of the employer's contribution for any one person may not exceed 50% of the prevailing national statutory minimum wage (from 1 February 2022, HUF 100,000.00 per person per month). Payments were made accordingly in 2022.
- <u>Other</u>: Fixed components of remuneration not listed among the items above (e.g. Service Longevity Award), the combined amount of which may not exceed 5% of the annual base salary.

4.2. PRESENTATION OF THE VARIABLE COMPONENTS OF REMUNERATION

- <u>Relating to one year</u>:
 - <u>Bonus</u>: As the Directors employed by the Company are persons who have a significant impact on the Company's results and who perform tasks of key importance, the Company wishes to provide them with a vested interest in increasing the profitability of the business and in remaining with the Company for the long term. In light of that, the Company may choose to reward work of outstanding importance or profitability in the form of a bonus or other award. The size of the bonus, determined as a percentage of the base salary (i.e. of fixed remuneration), is determined on the basis of the latest salary benchmarking data, and partly on the Company's own employee rating system.

The detailed terms and conditions applicable to the bonuses are set out in the latest Bonus Policy of the Company. In 2022, 70-100% of the bonus (depending on the job) was tied to the achievement of individual goals, and 0-30% (depending on the job) was linked to the achievement of company-level goals. In 2022, company-level goals were linked to the Company's profitability and to responsible cost management. These goals were fully met.

The CEO's bonus – in terms of both its size as a percentage of the base salary and the actual bonus targets – was determined in a manner different from the above and was based on the decision of the Company's Board of Directors¹².

The amount of the bonus as a short-term incentive is based on a fixed percentage of the annual base salary for directors employed by the Company, determined by the internal

¹¹ Membership of the board of directors, management council, supervisory board, etc.

¹² Given that employer's rights over the CEO are exercised by the Company's Board of Directors.

Korn Ferry level of the job. The final level of payment will be determined on the basis of the performance evaluation of the directors employed by the Company.

Position	Percentage of annual bonus
CEO	100%
Executive Director	50%
Deputy Managing Director (CFO)	50%

The maximum bonus pay-out is 100%.

In the above table showing the remuneration of the Directors employed by the Company, the variable remuneration for one year represents the bonus amount, which is based on the following percentage of bonus performance¹³: the annual bonus targets were cumulatively met to 90% for Gábor Orbán and 100% for the other Directors employed by the Company.

- <u>Other reward</u>: Reward not specified above, paid in line with the terms set out in the Company's effective remuneration regulations. No other payments were made to Directors in 2022.
- Long-term (multi-year) share-based remuneration:
 - <u>Share-based remuneration through the Employee Participation Program (EPP)</u>: The Company has operated an Employee Participation Program (hereinafter: EPP) since 2018 as a form of remuneration of certain officers and key employees. Every year, the company launches a new EPP Remuneration Policy and a consequent new Program with a vesting period of two years. For 2022, the relevant policies were the 4th Remuneration Policy applicable to the years 2021-2022 (to be paid in Q1 of 2023) and the 5th Remuneration Policy applicable to the years 2022-2023 (to be paid in Q1 of 2024) (with 50% each of their annual values).

The rate of the EPP as a long-term incentive is based on the job's internal Korn Ferry level for directors employed by the Company. The final level of payment will be determined on the basis of the performance evaluation of the directors employed by the Company.

¹³ Presented *pro rata temporis* in line with the Directors' relevant status for the purposes of the Remuneration Report.

	The	main conditions	of share-based rem	unaration	Informa	tion regarding	g to the rep	orted year (2022)	
		main conditions			Opening balance	During th	ne year	Closing ba	lance
	EPP Re- munera- tion Pol- icy No. ¹⁵	Perfor- mance (vesting) period	EPP Remunera- tion Policy adop- tion date	EPP Remuner- ation Policy closing date	Shares held at the beginning of the year ¹⁶	Shares awarded during the year	Shared vested	Shares subject to a perfor- mance condi- tion	Shares awarded but un- vested
Gábor Orbán	4th	2021-2022	29 January 2021	March 2023	10,000	-	9,500	10,000	-
CEO Member of the Board of Directors	5th	2022-2023	31 January 2022	March 2024	7,500	-	7,125	7,500	-
Erik Bogsch Chairman of the Board of Directors Until 14 November 2022 Executive Direc-	4th	2021-2022	29 January 2021	March 2023	2,017		2,017	2,017	-
tor Responsible for Commercial, Interna- tional and Governmen- tal Affairs From 15 November 2022 Advisor	5th.	2022-2023	31 January 2022	March 2024	1,723	-	1,723	1,723	-
Dr Gábor Gulácsi Until 12 April 2022 Member of the Board of Directors Until 30 April	4th	2021-2022	29 January 2021	March 2023	2,017	-	673	2,017	1,344
Deputy Managing Di- rector From 1 May 2022 Fi- nancial Expert Advisor	5th	2022-2023	31 January 2022	March 2024	-	-	-	-	-
István Hamecz From 12 April 2022 Member of the Board	4th	2021-2022	29 January 2021	March 2023		426		426	-
of Directors From 1 May 2022 CFO	5th	2022-2023	31 January 2022	March 2024	-	1,149		1,149	-

Share-based remuneration of directors employed by the Company in 2022¹⁴:

In the interest of managing the financial assets acquirable under the EPP Remuneration Policies adopted by the Board of Directors and of disbursing these benefits, the Company established the Gedeon Richter Plc. Employee Participation Program Organisation (hereinafter: EPP Organisation). As the supreme powers of the EPP Organisation as a body are not exercised by the Company, it shall be considered independent of the Company pursuant to the provisions of the ESOP Act¹⁷; furthermore, pursuant to the provisions of Act C of 2000 on Accounting, the EPP Organisation shall not be considered as a subsidiary of the Company.

In all cases, the EPP Remuneration Policy includes a company-level performance indicator relating to the Company's profitability as a condition for the remuneration.

At the end of the program, if the remuneration condition is fulfilled, the EPP Organisation's management will convert the shares into cash in the manner specified in the EPP

¹⁶ Portion of shares for 2022 offered under each Remuneration Policy. The number of shares transferred to the EPP Organisation in respect of the Director as an EPP participant at the time of the adoption of the EPP Remuneration Policy.

¹⁷ Act XLIV of 1992 on Employee Stock Ownership Plans

¹⁴ The HUF value of vested shares is recognised in the aggregation of individual remuneration at the following share prices: In the case of the 2021-2022 EPP, the unweighted arithmetic average of the daily average price of the 20 trading days preceding 15 January 2021 (HUF 7,439.1106); in the case of the 2022-2023 EPP, the unweighted arithmetic average of the daily average price of the 20 trading days preceding 14 January 2022 (HUF 8,705.7924). The parties also bear the risk of changes in the share price until the EPP awards are settled. ¹⁵ The implementation of the 5th EPP Remuneration Policy contains a contingent component (see narrative explanation).

By-laws, withdraw the shareholdings to which the participants are entitled, and settle accounts with the participants in the program in accordance with the provisions of the EPP By-laws. The Company will transfer Richter shares to the EPP Organisation, but the Directors may receive the payments due to them as individuals not in stock but in cash (by bank transfer). This ensures that the Directors will have an interest in increasing the price of Richter shares during the two-year holding period, just as other participants in the EPP programs (not classed as Directors) will. So EPP is a share-based benefit, but paid in cash at the end of the vesting period.

If the company-level performance criteria are met, 50% of the individual benefit values are paid out, while the other 50% are contingent on individual performance evaluations. Corporate and individual performance conditions are listed in the table below.

Under this Remuneration Report, the item specified as EPP remuneration is the sum total of the remunerations that were fully vested in 2022 under the EPP 4th Remuneration Policy and those partially vested in 2022 under the 5th Remuneration Policy. The ESOP Remuneration Policies make the remuneration of participants conditional, besides the fulfilment of the individual performance goals, upon the achievement of a company performance objective valid in respect of all participants. However, under the 5th EPP Remuneration Policy, only the individual performance targets were fully achieved in 2022 as the company-level performance requirement under that policy considers not only the sales for 2022 but also the sales for 2023, and it will only be possible to issue a statement on this in 2024, after the publication of the Q1-4 stock market reports for 2023. Consequently, 50% of the EPP remuneration total (payable for the company-level performance targets) has not yet been fully vested and is still a contingent item.

Performance criteria for Directors employed by the Company in the share-based remuneration plan =EPP) in 2022

	Description of the perfor- mance criteria	Relative weighting of the performance criteria	Minimum target (threshold) performance
all EPP participants un- der the 4th EPP Remu- neration Policy	Consolidated sales in 2021- 2022	25%	Average sales for 2021-2022 should exceed the sales for 2020, after adjusting for exchange rate effects and changes in the scope of compa- nies.
all EPP participants un- der the 5th EPP Remu- neration Policy ¹⁸	Consolidated sales in 2022- 2023	25%	Average sales for 2022-2023 should exceed the sales for 2020, after adjusting for exchange rate effects and changes in the scope of compa- nies.
Gábor Orbán	Operating profit grade 1	10%	Surpassing two thresholds of Cariprazine non-
CEO	Operating profit grade 2	10%	pillar operating profit
Member of the Board of Directors	Women's healthcare product launch targets	10%	Achieve additional revenue from the sale of 5 key women's healthcare products
	Biotechnology product devel- opment targets	10%	Achieve the milestones of 3 key biotechnology development programs by 2022
	Cost savings target achieved through BPR projects to im- prove operations	10%	Achieve pre-defined sustainable cost savings
Erik Bogsch	Operating profit/loss grade 1	10%	Surpassing two thresholds of Cariprazine non-
	Operating profit/loss grade 2	10%	pillar operating profit
of Directors Until 14 November 2022	S/M ratio	20%	Keep the marketing cost/sales ratio
Executive Director Re-		100/	below a pre-defined level
	Transfer of acquired WH	10%	Meet 2022 deadlines of acquired WH product
sponsible for Commer- cial, International and Governmental Affairs From 15 November	product		transfer
2022 Advisor Dr Gábor Gulácsi	On southing a media and a 1	10%	
Until 12 April 2022	Operating profit grade 1 Operating profit grade 2	10%	Surpassing two thresholds of Cariprazine non- pillar operating profit
Member of the Board of Directors	Cost saving	20%	Achieve pre-defined <i>pro rata</i> annual savings through centralised procurement and digitisa-
Until 30 April			tion of accounting
Deputy Managing Di- rector From 1 May 2022 Fi-	Handover	10%	Meet CFO handover task list
nancial Expert Advisor		100/	Summer in a true three helds of Coving and
István Hamecz From 12 April 2022	Operating profit grade 1	10% 10%	Surpassing two thresholds of Cariprazine non- pillar operating profit
Member of the Board of	Operating profit grade 2	20%	
Directors From 1 May 2022 CFO	cost saving	20%	Achieve pre-defined <i>pro rata</i> annual savings through centralised procurement and digitisation of accounting
· ·	ERP system	10%	Prepare feasibility plan for the introduction of a new ERP system

¹⁸ The implementation of the 5th EPP Remuneration Policy contains a contingent component (see narrative explanation).

• <u>Other</u>: The Program Related to Employee Share Bonuses is a type of benefit made allowable under Section 77/C of Act CXVII of 1995 on Personal Income Tax. The limits on the benefit and its basic terms and conditions are determined by the provisions of the said Act. In 2022, following the decision to adopt and implement the program the Board of Directors of the Company, adopted a separate regulations on the conditions and modalities of participation in the program, in which the senior managers responsible for the preparation of the Report were not allowed to participate. Therefore, only Dr Gábor Gulácsi was eligible for this benefit, as he was no longer Deputy Managing Director and member of the Board in November 2022, the date of the benefit¹⁹. As Dr Gábor Gulácsi's legal relationship (mandate or board membership) relevant to the Remuneration Report did not cover the entire year of 2022, the Report states the *pro rata* portion of the benefits due in line with the period of his mandate.

4.3. PRESENTATION OF THE VARIABLE COMPONENTS OF REMUNERATION:

No other payments were made to Directors in 2022.

One of the principles set out in the Remuneration Policy is that the total amount of the variable (i.e. performance-dependent) components of the remuneration of the Directors should not exceed 0-80% of the total amount of their remuneration. The rate of variable pay per individual recorded in the 2022 Remuneration Report ranged from 0-70%, and was therefore in line with the Remuneration Policy.

A condition for payment of the benefits specified above is that the person be an employee of the Company at the time his or her fulfilment of the criteria is assessed.

Any reward (variable remuneration) paid lawfully, based on criteria that has been fulfilled, may not be reclaimed. During 2022, no such claim arose, either from the employer or the employee side.

The Company applied the criteria for the payment of variable, i.e. performance-related, components of remuneration consistently, taking into consideration the Company's best interests. When determining whether measurable criteria have been fulfilled, the Company considered the percentage of fulfilment. The Company considered non-measurable criteria fulfilled if the given criteria had been fully met.

¹⁹ Dr Gábor Gulácsi (Deputy Managing Director Responsible for Finance until 30 April 2022 and Financial Expert Advisor from 1 May 2022).

5. SHARES AND SHARE OPTIONS AWARDED OR OFFERED

Benefits under the Employee Participation Program (EPP) are share-based, but the benefit is paid in cash, so there is no share transfer through the EPP. Due to the two-year vesting period of each EPP Remuneration Policy, each financial year is subject to two half-phases of EPP Remuneration Policy overlapping each other For the financial year 2021, the second phase of the 3rd Remuneration Policy and the first phase of the 4th Remuneration Policy were applicable, while for the financial year 2022, the second phase of the 4th Remuneration Policy and the first phase of the 5th Remuneration Policy were applicable.

In 2022, the Company did not offer any share options to the Directors.

6. COMPARATIVE INFORMATION ON CHANGES IN REMUNERATION AND COMPANY PERFOR-MANCE

In 2022, the Group progressed in the implementation of its Specialty strategy, successfully adapting to the hectic market environment and achieving record financial performance with HUF 802,755 million in sales (27.3% increase compared to 2021) and HUF 153,555 million in operating profit (13% increase compared to 2021),²⁰ also thanks to the positive impact of exchange rate movements.

Comparison of changes in remuneration and Company performance following the adoption of the Remuneration Policy:

	2022	2021	Change
Annual per ca	pita (FTE) remuneration of th	e Directors not employed by the	Company
Members of the Board of Directors	HUF 8,559,701	HUF 7,695,478	111%
A	Annual remuneration of memb	ers of the Supervisory Board	
Chairman of the Supervisory Board	HUF 7,944,000	HUF 7,320,000	109%
Annual per capita (FTE) remunera-	HUF 5,728,800	HUF 5,200,273	110%
tion of the members of the Supervi-			
sory Board			
Annual per o	capita (FTE) remuneration of	the Directors employed by the C	ompany
Gábor Orbán	HUF 262,751,878	HUF 257,286,559	102%
Erik Bogsch	HUF 119,294,678	HUF 120,070,566	99% ²¹
Dr Gábor Gulácsi	HUF 28,372,555	HUF 116,691,320	24% ²²

²⁰ Pursuant to Government Decree No. 582/2022 (23 December) amending Government Decree No. 197/2022 (4 June) on Extra Profit Taxes, published on 23 December 2022, pharmaceutical companies are obliged to assess, declare and pay a special tax based on their net turnover for the tax years 2022 and 2023. Excluding the impact of the extra profit tax, in 2022 the Company achieved an operating profit of HUF 181,415 million, 33.5% higher than in the previous year.

²¹ The decrease is due to a mid-year change in the post of the Director: Executive Director Responsible for Commercial, International and Governmental Affairs until 14 November 2022, Advisor from 15 November 2022.

²² The decrease is due to a mid-year change in the post of the Director: Deputy Managing Director until 30 April 2022, Financial Expert Advisor from 1 May 2022.

Key annual performance indicators of the Company					
Pharmaceutical sales	HUF 656,343 million	HUF 505,019 million	130%		
Consolidated operating profit	HUF 153,555 million	HUF 135,832 million	113%		
Contribution of key specialty prod-	61.4%	57.4%	+4 percentage points		
ucts to pharmaceutical sales					
A	verage annual remuneration (personnel costs) of employees			
Gedeon Richter Plc. employees	HUF 14,165,834	HUF 12,781,438	111%		
Richter Group employees	HUF 14,002,280	11,437,760	122%		

The Richter Group's remuneration system has served the achievement of outstanding performance well, but inflation, which will continue to rise in 2023 after 2022, is expected to put pressure on remuneration in 2023.

The Remuneration Report for the year 2021 was published as part of the proposals to the Annual General Meeting and submitted to the Annual General Meeting on 12 April 2022 for advisory vote. The Annual General Meeting discussed the Company's Remuneration Report for 2021 and approved it with 60.23% of the votes cast. The Company has sought feedback from shareholders who did not support the adoption of the Remuneration Report and, taking into account the comments received, has significantly expanded the content of the Report, as reflected in the Remuneration Report for 2022.

In order to meet the information needs of shareholders in the United States the Company discloses the CEO pay ratio below.

2022	2021			
Group-level calculated median				
personnel o	osts (HUF)			
HUF 12,129,289	HUF 9,056,129			
CEO pay	ratio:23			
21.66	28.41			

²³ Annual remuneration of the CEO / Median annual remuneration of all employees of Richter Group without the CEO . Calculation:

	2022	2021
Gedeon Richter Plc. total wage average (HUF)	9,630,714	8,486,000
Gedeon Richter Plc. total wage median (HUF)	8,342,478	6,719,000
Gedeon Richter Plc. median to average (%)	86.6%	79.2%
Group personnel expenses excluding CEO (HUF '000)	165,664,270	143,240,852
Group average head count	11,850	12,546
Group average personnel expenses (HUF)	14,002,280	11,437,760
Group calculated median personnel expenses (HUF)	12,129,289	9,056,129
CEO's remuneration (HUF)	262,751,878	257,286,559
CEO pay ratio	21.66	28.41

7. SUMMARY

In the financial year 2022, the Company implemented the Remuneration Policy in full compliance with the provisions of the adopted Remuneration Policy applicable from the year 2021. The Company has not deviated from the Remuneration Policy and the possibility of clawback of variable remuneration has not arisen.

The objective of the Remuneration Policy to the effect that it should encourage the Company's top executives to achieve the goals set by the Company and should thus promote the profitable operation of the Company was, in the Company's assessment, achieved in 2022.

Dated: Budapest, March 9, 2023

8. CLAUSE

The Report was discussed at the meeting of Richter Gedeon Plc.'s Board of Directors held on 9 March 2023 and the Board of Directors approved the submission of the report to the General Meeting by Resolution No. 47 for advisory vote, in accordance with the provisions of Section 3:268 (3) of the Hungarian Civil Code.

Agenda item No.13.

Amendments to the Company's Statutes

PROPOSAL for the amendment of the Statutes of the Chemical Works of Gedeon Richter PLC March 2023

Proposal for the deletion of Section 7.12 of the Statutes:

"7.12 (Deleted pursuant to the resolution passed by the General Meeting held on April 25, 2023) Court review of resolutions

Any shareholder of the Company, any member of the Board of Directors or of the Supervisory Board may request the court to annul the resolutions passed by the organs of the Company with reference to the point that such resolution violates the law, or these Statutes.

The action for court annulment of a resolution violating the law shall be initiated against the Company within thirty days after the person initiating the action has obtained knowledge, or should have obtained knowledge of the resolution in question. Following expiration of a one year non-appealable deadline from the date of the passing of the resolution no action shall be initiated. (Sections 3:35-37 of the Civil Code)

Any person who voted in favour of a resolution is not entitled to this right to bring an action against such a resolution, provided that the person's affirmative vote was not procured by mistake, fraud, or unlawful threat."

Reasons:

The rules of Act V of 2013 on the Civil Code (the "Civil Code") applicable to the court review of corporate resolutions change from 1 July, 2023 (*i.e.* only after the General Meeting). Accordingly, the rules in Section 7.12 of the Statutes will become partially incorrect from 1 July, 2023. In our view, the regulation in Section 7.12 of the Statutes does not materially deviate from the current statutory rules, therefore having these rules in the Statutes does not provide any benefit to the Company. Besides that, pursuant to point b) of Section 3:4 (3) of the Civil Code, it is not possible to deviate from the Civil Code even in the Statutes, if such deviation would obviously violate the rights of a minority of the members (shareholders), or it would impede the enforcement of supervision over the lawful operation of legal entities. Any limitation to the framework of court review of resolutions could be such impermissible deviation. Therefore, it is recommended that the General Meeting should delete (repeal) Section 7.12 of the Statutes.

Proposal for the amendment of Section 11.2 of the Statutes:

"11.2 An annual General Meeting shall be held no later than by the last day of the <u>fifth fourth</u> month of every business year. The agenda of such annual General Meeting shall contain the following items without limitation: (...)"

Reasons:

The deadline (of five months) currently in the Statutes is broader than the four-month deadline provided for public issuers for depositing the annual financial statement and publishing the annual report in Section 154 (3) of Act C of 2000 on Accounting and Section 54 (4) of Act CXX of 2001 on the Capital Market. In the interest of consistency, it is recommended to align the Statutes to the laws in force.

STATUTES

of

CHEMICAL WORKS OF GEDEON RICHTER PLC.

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(This consolidated version contains the amendments of the Statutes approved by the General Meeting on April <u>25, 2023.</u>) _____ **törölt:** 12

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törölt: 12

CHEMICAL WORKS OF GEDEON RICHTER PLC.

STATUTES

This document prepared on the basis of Act V of 2013 on the Civil Code (the "Civil Code") is the consolidated version of the statutes ("Statutes") of the mid-sized Chemical Works of Gedeon Richter PLC ("Company"), a leading pharmaceutical company of the Central-Eastern European region with growing presence in Western Europe, that controls a multinational pharmaceutical company group ("Richter Group") with more than one hundred years' experience in the research and development, manufacturing and sale of pharmaceutical products carried out with the support of a number of subsidiaries as well as jointly controlled and affiliated companies.

(1) The name of the Company:

Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Nyilvánosan Működő Rt.

Abbreviated name of the Company: Richter Gedeon Nyrt. The trade name of the Company in foreign languages:

The trade name of the company in	i lorengni languages.
in English:	Chemical Works of Gedeon Richter Plc.
abbreviated name:	Gedeon Richter Plc.
in German:	Chemische Fabrik Gedeon Richter Offene AG.
abbreviated name:	Gedeon Richter AG.
in French:	Fabrique de Produits Chemiques Gedeon Richter S.A.
abbreviated name:	Gedeon Richter S.A.
in Russian:	Otkritoye A.O. Chimichesky Zavod Gedeon Richter
abbreviated name:	Gedeon Richter O.A.O.
in Spanish:	Fábrica de Productos Quimicos Gedeon Richter S.A.
abbreviated name:	Gedeon Richter S.A.

(2) Seat of the Company: 1103 Budapest, Gyömrői út 19-21.
 Branch Offices of the Company:

2510 Dorog, Esztergomi út 27. 4031 Debrecen, Richter Gedeon u. 20. 4031 Debrecen, Kígyóhagyma u.8. 6720 Szeged, Eötvös u. 6 . 7673 Kővágószőlős, 505/2 hrsz.

(3) The Company is the General Legal Successor of Kőbányai Gyógyszerárugyár.

(4) The Company is Established for an Indefinite Period of Time. The Company shall commence its activities on the day of its foundation.

(5) Scope of the Activities of the Company (TEÁOR'08):

The main activity of the Company:

21.20 Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations

Other scope of activities of the Company:

	DATED VERSION OF THE STATUTES, INCLUDING AMENDMENTS APPROVED BY THE GENERAL MEETING ON APRIL 25, 2023	1	töröl	Li	
		200	töröl	t: 12	
0.00		×.	töröl	t: 2	
0.86 0.89	Manufacture of homogenised food preparations and dietetic food Manufacture of other food products n.e.c.			••	
7.22	Manufacture of household and sanitary goods and toilet requisites				
0.13	Manufacture of other inorganic basic chemicals				
0.14	Manufacture of other organic basic chemicals				
0.20	Manufacture of pesticides and other agrochemical products				
0.42	Manufacture of perfumes and toilet preparations				
20.59 21.10	Manufacture of other chemical products n.e.c.				
21.10	Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products Manufacture of irradiation, electromedicinal and electrotherapeutic equipment				
32.50	Manufacture of medicinal and dental instruments and supplies				
35.11	Production of electricity				
35.12	Transmission of electricity				
35.13	Distribution of electricity				
35.14	Trade of electricity				
35.21	Manufacture of gas				
35.22 35.23	Distribution of gas				
35.23 35.30	Trade of gas Steam and air condition supply				
36.00	Water collection, treatment and supply				
37.00	Sewerage				
38.11	Collection of non-hazardous waste				
38.12	Collection of hazardous waste				
38.21	Treatment and disposal of non-hazardous waste				
38.22	Treatment and disposal of hazardous waste				
38.32. 39.00	Recovery of sorted materials Remediation activities and other waste management services				
41.10	Development of building projects				
46.19	Agents involves in the sale of variety of goods				
46.38	Wholesale of other food				
46.44	Wholesale of china and glassware and cleaning materials				
46.45	Wholesale of perfume and cosmetics				
46.46	Wholesale of pharmaceutical goods				
46.47	Wholesale of furniture, carpets, and lighting equipment				
46 49 46.52	Wholesale of other household goods Wholesale of electronic and telecommunications equipment and parts				
46.69	Wholesale of other machinery and equipment				
46.73	Wholesale of wood, construction materials and sanitary equipments				
46.75	Wholesale of chemical products				
46.76	Wholesale of other intermediate products				
46.90	Not specialized wholesale trade				
47.41	Retail sale of computers, peripheral units and software in specialized stores				
47.42 47.53	Retail sale of telecommunication products in specialized stores Retail sale of carpets, rugs, wall and floor coverings in specialized stores				
47.59	Retail sale of furniture, lighting equipments and other household articles in specialized stores				
47.73	Dispensing chemists in specialized stores				
47.78	Other retail sale of new goods in specialized stores				
49.20	Freight rail transport				
49.41	Freight transport by road				
52.10	Storage and warehousing				
52.21	Service activities incidental to land transportation				
52.24 55.20	Cargo handling Holiday and other short-stay accommodation				
55.90	Other accommodation				
56.21	Event catering activities				
56.29	Other food service activities				
54.20	Activities of holding companies				
64.30	Trusts, funds and similar financial activities				
54.99	Other financial service activities, except insurance and pension funding n.e.c.				
68.10	Buying and selling of own real estate				
68.20 68.32	Renting and operation of own or leased real estate Management of real estate on fee or contractual basis				
69.20	Accounting, bookkeeping and auditing activities; tax consultancy				
70.10	Activities of head offices				
70.21	Public relations and communications activity				
70.22	Business and other management consultancy activities				
71.12	Engineering activities and related technical consultancy				
71.20	Technical testing and analysis				
72.11	Research and experimental development on biotechnology				
72.19	Other research and experimental development on natural sciences and engineering				

72.20	

- Research and experimental development on social sciences and humanities Other professional scientific and technical activities n.e.c.

- 72.20 74.90 77.12 77.32 77.33 77.39 77.40 Other protessional scientific and examine a activities n.c.e. Renting and leasing of trucks Renting and leasing of construction and civil engineering machinery Renting and leasing of office machinery and equipment (including computers) Renting and leasing of other machinery, equipment and tangible goods n.e.e. Leasing of intellectual property and similar products, except copyrighted works
- Combined facilities support activities Other cleaning activities

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- 81.10 81.29 82.30 Organization of conventions and trade shows
- 82.92 82.99 Packaging activities
- Other business support service activities n.e.c. Pre-primary education Sports and recreation education
- 85.10 85.51
- General medical practice activities Specialist medical practice activities 86.21
- 86.22
- 91.01 Library and archives activities
- 96.01 Washing and (dry-)cleaning of textile and fur products

(6) The Registered Capital (Subscribed Capital) of the Company:

6.1 The registered capital (subscribed capital) of the Company is: HUF 18,637,486,000, i.e. eighteenbillion-six-hundred-thirty-seven-million-four-hundred-and-eighty-six-thousand Hungarian Forints, of which HUF 6,147,486,000 comprises cash contributions and HUF 12,490,000,000 comprises in-kind contributions.

The in-kind contributions consist of the assets of Kőbányai Gyógyszerárugyár (HUF 11,390,000,000) as determined in its transformation plan, and the in-kind contribution of Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Rt., having been determined to have a value of HUF 100,000,000.

6.2 The in-kind contribution of Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Rt. consists of certain intangible assets of Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Rt. with a value of HUF 100,000,000. The founders shall accept the value of the in-kind contribution of the Company at the above specified value. Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Rt. permits the Company to use the trade name "Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Rt." free of charge.

6.3 (Deleted pursuant to the resolution passed by the General Meeting held on September 28, 1993)

- (7) Shares and Shareholder Rights
- 7.1 The Company's registered capital:

186,374,860, that is one hundred eighty-six million three hundred seventy-four thousand eight hundred sixty dematerialized registered common shares, each with a nominal value of HUF 100 that is one hundred Hungarian forints.

- 7.2 The distribution of shares at foundation of the Company:
 - The Company was established as a closely-held company. By signing the Company's Statutes 7.2.1 and Deed of Foundation, the founders of the Company subscribed for the total registered share capital (HUF 12,417,500,000) of the Company and received all the then issued shares. The shares were alloted in accordance with Act XIII of 1989 and the transformation plan in the following proportions:

The Hungarian State - State Property Agency The Hungarian State - Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Rt. Magyar Hitel Bank Rt. Pharma Haupt GmbH

11,390,000,000 Ft 100,000,000 Ft 917 500 000 Ft 10,000,000 Ft

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- 7.2.2 Pursuant to General Resolution No. 1/1991, the Company converted HUF 806,474,000 of capital assets into registered capital, and accordingly issued 63,950 bearer shares each having a nominal value of HUF 1,000 and 742,524 registered preference shares each having a nominal value of HUF 1,000.
- 7.2.3 Pursuant to Resolution No. 26/1994. 09. 28. of the General Meeting, the Company increased its registered capital by HUF 4,413,512,000 and issued 4,413,512 new registered common shares; thereafter, in accordance with Resolution No. 27/1994. 09. 28. of the General Meeting, 63,950 bearer shares, each having a nominal value of HUF 1,000, were converted into registered common shares, each having a nominal value of HUF 1,000, on a one-by-one basis.
- 7.2.4 Upon request of the shareholders and pursuant to Resolution No. 19/1995.04.27., the General Meeting of the Company transformed one registered preference share into one registered common share.
- 7.2.5 Upon request of the shareholders and pursuant to Resolutions No. 13/1996. 05. 03. and No. 14/1996. 05. 03., the General Meeting of the Company approved the conversion of 517,139 registered preference shares into 517,139 registered common shares.
- 7.2.6 At the request of the shareholders and pursuant to Resolution No. 11/1997. 04. 29. and no. 12/1997. 04. 29., the Annual General Meeting of the Company converted 171,413 registered preference shares into 171,413 registered common shares.
- 7.2.7 The Company's Extraordinary General Meeting held on May 28, 1997 approved to increase the registered share capital by HUF 1,000,000,000 up to HUF 18,637,486,000 in accordance with Resolution No. 7/1997. 05. 28.
- 7.2.8 At the request of the shareholders and pursuant to Resolution No. 11/1998. 04. 28. and No. 12/1998. 04. 28., the Annual General Meeting of the Company converted 16,327 registered preference shares into 16,327 registered common shares.
- 7.2.9 At the request of the shareholders and pursuant to Resolution No. 11/1999. 04. 28. and No. 12/1999. 04. 28., the Annual General Meeting of the Company converted 3,498 registered preference shares into 3,498 registered common shares.
- 7.2.10 At the request of the shareholders and pursuant to Resolutions No. 9/2000. 04. 26. and 10/2000. 04. 26., the Annual General Meeting of the Company converted 16,987 registered preference shares into 16,987 registered common shares.
- 7.2.11 At the request of the shareholders and pursuant to Resolutions No. 9/2001. 04. 26. and 10/2001. 04. 26., the Annual General Meeting of the Company converted 4,066 registered preference shares into 4,066 registered common shares.
- 7.2.12 At the request of the shareholders and pursuant to Resolutions No. 9/2002. 04. 25. and 10/2002. 04. 25., the Annual General Meeting of the Company converted 1,688 registered preference shares into 1,688 registered common shares.
- 7.2.13 At the request of the shareholders and pursuant to Resolutions No. 11/2003. 04. 28. and 12/2003. 04. 28., the Annual General Meeting of the Company converted 1,806 registered preference shares into 1,806 registered common shares.
- 7.2.14 Pursuant to Resolution No. 16/2003. 04. 28., the Annual General Meeting of the Company has approved the conversion of the registered common shares of the Company into dematerialized shares.

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- 7.2.15 At the request of the shareholders and pursuant to Resolution No 12 /2004. 04. 28., the Annual General Meeting of the Company converted 2,570 registered preference shares into 2,570 registered common shares.
- 7.2.16 At the request of the shareholders and pursuant to Resolution No 14 /2005. 04. 27., the Annual General Meeting of the Company converted 2,678 registered preference shares into 2,678 registered common shares.
- 7.2.17 At the request of the shareholders and pursuant to Resolution No 12 /2006. 04. 26., the Annual General Meeting of the Company converted 892 registered preference shares into 892 registered common shares.
- 7.2.18 Pursuant to Resolutions No. 11/2007.04.25, 12/2007.04.25 and 13/2007.04.25, the Annual General Meeting converted 3,459 registered preference shares into 3,459 registered common shares.
- 7.2.19 Pursuant to Resolution No. 10/2013.04.25., the Annual General Meeting transformed 18,637,486 that is eighteen-million six-hundred-and-thirty-seven-thousand four-hundred-eighty-six dematerialized registered common shares, each with a nominal value of HUF 1,000 that is one thousand Hungarian forints into 186,374,860, that is one hundred eighty-six million three hundred seventy-four thousand eight hundred sixty dematerialized registered common shares, each with a nominal value of HUF 100 that is one hundred Hungarian forints; by splitting the nominal value in a ten-to-one ratio.
- The shares of the Company (including the interim shares) are dematerialized shares (Subsection 3:214 (2) of the Civil Code)
- 7.4 Within one category and class of shares, several series may be issued. Shares belonging to one series of shares may not differ as to their face value or method of production.
- 7.5 (This section was deleted in accordance with the resolution of the AGM held on April 24, 2014.)
- 7.6 (This section was deleted in accordance with the resolution of the AGM held on April 25, 2007).
- 7.7 If a resolution is passed at a General Meeting on the conversion of any categories of shares of the Company, the Board of Directors, at cost of the Company, shall provide, in compliance with the legal rules and the regulations of the central depository for the invalidation of the document issued previously relating to the dematerialized shares but which is not deemed to be security, the issuance of a new document and the registration of the converted shares on the securities accounts.
- 7.8 Should the Company's registered capital be increased, the price of the shares to be issued and the due date by which payments for such shares shall be made, shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Civil Code in the resolution on the increase of the Company's registered capital.
- 7.9 If a shareholder fails to provide his contribution undertaken by the date set forth, the Board of Directors shall order such shareholder to provide the contribution within a period of thirty days. Such order shall also note that failure to perform will result in the termination of the shareholder status with respect to the shares concerned, as of the day following the expiry of the deadline. In the event the period of thirty days passes without performance, the shareholder status with respect to the given shares shall terminate on the day following the expiration of such period. The Board of Directors shall inform the shareholder thereof in writing (Subsection 3:98. (2) of the Civil Code).
- 7.10 (Deleted pursuant to the resolution passed by the General Meeting held on April 25, 2007).

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Rights of the shareholder:

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7.11

7.11.1 The shareholder is entitled to receive a share of the Company's profits that are distributable and where a dividend is declared by the General Meeting. Such dividend shall be in proportion to the number of nominal shares held by the shareholder (right to a dividend) however, dividends with respect to treasury shares shall be divided to shareholders entitled to dividends, payable in proportion of the nominal value of their shares. (Subsection 3:225 of the Civil Code). Shareholders that have been registered in the share-register as a result of the identification of ownership prepared on the reference date established and announced by the Board of Directors regarding the payment of dividends are entitled to dividends. The date with relevance with respect to the entitlement to dividend setablished by the Board of Directors may be different than the date of the general meeting adopting the decision for the payment of dividends.

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- 7.11.2 In case of termination of the Company without a legal successor, the shareholder shall be entitled based on the payments and in-kind contributions made by the shareholder for the shares to a portion of any remaining assets of the Company following satisfaction of the Company's creditors. Such portion of the remaining assets shall be distributed to the shareholder in proportion to the ratio between the nominal value of its shareholding in the Company's registered capital and the total registered capital of the Company (proportional right to liquidation assets).
- 7.11.3 Every shareholder has the right to participate in the General Meeting, to request information, to voice its opinion and to submit motions within the limits set forth by the Civil Code Shareholders entitled to vote may vote.
- 7.11.4 The Board of Directors shall provide every shareholder who makes a written request with information necessary to enable the shareholder to evaluate items on the General Meeting agenda, so that the shareholder, who made such a request at least eight days before the General Meeting, shall receive the requested information at least three days prior to the General Meeting.

At the request of a shareholder, the Board of Directors shall grant the shareholder access to the relevant documents and data of the Company.

The Board of Directors may decide that it will disclose information, or grant access to the documents on condition that the requesting shareholder makes a written declaration of confidentiality. The Board of Directors may refuse to disclose information or grant access to documentation or data if its dissemination would compromise business secrets of the Company, the shareholder abuses this right, or does not make a declaration of confidentiality after being requested by the Board of Directors. If the shareholder finds that the refusal of his request is unfounded, then he may request the Court of Registration to oblige the Company to provide the requested information and grant access to documentation (Sections 3:23 and 3:258 of the Civil Code).

- 7.11.5 (Deleted and inserted in Section 11.4 pursuant to the resolution passed by the General Meeting held on April 27, 2005)
- 7.11.6 (Deleted and inserted in Section 11.5.3 pursuant to the resolution passed by the General Meeting held on April 27, 2005)
- 7.12 (Deleted pursuant to the resolution passed by the General Meeting held on April 25, 2023).

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Any shareholder of the Company, any member of the Board of Directors or of the Supervisory Board may request the court to annul the resolutions passed by the organs of the Company with reference to the point that such resolution violates the law, or these Statutes.¶

The action for court annulment of a resolution violating the law shall be initiated against the Company within thirty days after the person initiating the action has obtained knowledge, or should have obtained knowledge of the resolution in question. Following expiration of a one year non-appealable deadline from the date of the passing of the resolution no action shall be initiated. (Sections 3:35-37 of the Civil Code)¶

Any person who voted in favour of a resolution is not entitled to this right to bring an action against such a resolution, provided that the person's affirmative vote was not procured by mistake, fraud, or unlawful threat.

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7.13 A resolution of the General Meeting aiming at the change of the form of operation of the Company comes into effect upon the delisting of the Company's shares. (Subsection 3:211. (3) of the Civil Code)

7.14 Obligations of Certain Shareholders:

- 7.14.1 A shareholder of the Company may not establish, manage, administer or permit the continuance of any depositary arrangement in Hungary or any other country in respect of shares or any other securities convertible into shares of the Company unless provisions having substantially the same purpose and effect as the provisions in Sections 9 and 13 hereof are imposed on investors and any other participants in such depositary arrangement by the agreement(s), conditions and any other instrument(s) constituting or otherwise regulating such depositary arrangement.
- 7.14.2 For the purposes of the present Statutes, a "depositary arrangement" shall mean any arrangement for the holding of shares or convertible securities of a corporate entity by a depositary or any other person (however defined) registered as a shareholder in the Share Register of such entity pursuant to which the persons participating in such arrangement as investors are granted interests in a global certificate, or are issued with securities or certificates, such global certificate or securities or certificates evidencing interests or rights in respect of the shares or convertible securities held by such depositary or other person holding the shares or convertible securities. The Statutes may provide that the depositary or other person holding the shares shall not be subject to the provisions of Articles 9 and 13, or shall be subject only to certain of them, provided, however, that such depositary or other person shall always comply with Section 7.14.1 hereof.

(8) Share Register

- 8.1 The Board of Directors of the Company shall keep a register of shareholders, including holders of interim shares. The Board of Directors of the Company may outsource the administration of its Share Register to a clearing house, a central depository, an investment enterprise, a financial institution, an attorney at law or an auditor (other than the elected auditor) subject to publication of the commission and identity of the consignee in the Cégközlöny (Companies Gazette) and on the Company's homepage. The following shall be recorded in the Share Register: the name (company) and address (registered seat) of the shareholders and the shareholders' representatives (hereinafter referred to jointly as "shareholders"), or in the case of jointly owned shares, the name (company) and address (seat office) of the joint representative, furthermore, the number of shares or interim shares (ownership ratio) of shareholders as per each series of shares, as well as any other data set forth by law and in section 9.3 of the Statutes. (Section 3:245 of the Civil Code)
- 8.2 Anyone whose actual or deleted data is contained in the Share Register may inspect the Share Register, and may request a copy of the section thereof concerning themselves from the keeper of the Share Register, which request the keeper of the Share Register shall satisfy within five days. The first copy of such certificate of shareholding (the extract in the case of digital data carriers) shall be provided free of charge. Any further copies shall be provided at the expense of the shareholder requesting them. The Share Register may be inspected by third parties within the limits of the legal regulations concerning the inherent rights and the protection of data. (Section 3:247 of the Civil Code) While inspecting the Share Register the Company informs the inspecting of inspection on its website.
- 8.3 The securities account keeper of the shareholder files the shareholders' request of registration to the keeper of the Share Register within two working days after the crediting of the shares to the securities account, except if the shareholder explicitly prohibits or does not authorize the securities account keeper to do so. The keeper of the Share Register may refuse to comply with the registration request of shareholder, if such shareholder has acquired his shares in violation of the regulations on the transfer of shares set out by law or the Statutes. A registered shareholder shall be deleted from the Share register upon his request. (Subsections 3:246 (2)-(3))

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8.4 The determination of entitlement to exercise the rights of shareholding takes place by way of identification of ownership. A certificate of ownership is not required for the exercise of shareholding rights (Subsection 3:254 (6) and Section 3:248 of the Civil Code) The date of registration in the Share Register shall be same as the date of the identification of ownership.

(9) Transfer of Shares

A. General

- 9.1 The shares of the Company shall be acquired and transferred by debiting of the securities account of the transferor and crediting of the securities account of the new shareholder with the dematerialized share. The person on whose account the share is registered shall be deemed to be the holder of the share. (Sections 6:577 and 6:578 of the Civil Code)
- 9.2 Shareholders may exercise shareholder rights towards the Company only upon being registered in the Share Register. (Subsection 3:246 (1) of the Civil Code)

B. Entry in the Share Register

- 9.3 In case of persons falling under the obligation of notification pursuant to the provisions of the Capital Market Act, the transfer of registered shares shall be entered by the Company in the Share Register upon evidencing that the report to the Commission relating to the acquisition of shares and the required public disclosure regarding same pursuant to the provisions of the Capital Market Act has been made, and furthermore upon the presentation to the Board of Directors by the transferee of shares, by the shareholder's representative or, in case of jointly owned shares, the joint representative of the information satisfactory to the Board of Directors concerning (a) the circumstances of the acquisition of shares, (b) the identity (in the case of a natural person) or the status and ownership (in the case of a legal entity or other body, incorporated or otherwise) of the transferee of shares Within the framework of the obligation of notification, at least the following documents must be presented to the Board of Directors:
 - (i) in case of shareholders which are legal entities, a recent certificate of incorporation or any
 other official document of equivalent purpose providing detailed information concerning the
 current legal status and ownership structure of the shareholder, and
 - (ii) a statement by the shareholder indicating (a) whether the shareholder is the beneficial owner of the shares to be entered in the Share Register, (b) whether there is any agreement relating to the exercise of voting rights with respect to the shares, and (c) providing in case of shareholders which are legal entities information satisfactory to the Company concerning the name, registered seat and ownership structure of any shareholder, partner, member of, or holder of any interest in, the shareholder holding or controlling 20% (twenty percent) or more of its registered capital or voting rights at its general meetings. The certificate of incorporation or any other official document of equivalent purpose relating to the member of the shareholder holding at least 20% of the voting rights in the shareholder must also be presented to the Board of Directors and furthermore, the notification obligation shall also apply with respect to members holding at least a 20% interest or voting rights in the shareholder;
 - (iii) a statement of the shareholder pursuant to which such shareholder shall undertake to notify, without any delay, the Board of Directors of the Company of any agreement relating to the exercise of voting rights with respect to the shares;
 - (iv) a statement declaring that the shareholder will notify, without any delay, the Board of Directors of the Company of any change in its ownership, where such change is resulting in a

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member or shareholder of such shareholder acquiring or otherwise controlling - directly or indirectly - at least 20% (twenty percent) or more of the registered capital of the shareholder or voting rights at its general meetings.

In each case, a request for registration into the Share Register by a shareholder shall contain an authorization by said shareholder for the cancellation of the registration in case that such request shall - either at the time of the request or subsequently - contain any materially false, fraudulent or misleading statements.

- 9.4 (Deleted on the basis of the resolution of the AGM of April 28, 2003 due to the dematerialization of the common shares.)
- 9.5 (Deleted on the basis of the resolution of the AGM of April 28, 2003 due to the dematerialization of the common shares.)
- 9.6 The Company shall send its notices to the shareholders or shareholders' representatives in case of jointly owned shares, the joint representative registered in the Share Register and to the address indicated in the Share Register, and shall not assume any liability if the actual ownership structure is different from the structure entered in the Share Register.
- 9.7 (a) The Company shall be entitled to refuse registration in the Share Register, and/or the Board of Directors shall be entitled to delete the registered shareholder or the shareholders' representative from the Shareholders' Register even without the consent of the shareholder thereto, if: (i) a shareholder or shareholder's representative fails to provide the documents, certificates and statements set forth in Section 9.3 hereof where such shareholder or shareholder's representative is required by the present Statutes to provide such documents, certificates and statements, or (ii) if a shareholder has failed to fulfill its notification and publication obligation relating to the acquisition of influence or has acquired influence in excess of the threshold in the Capital Market Act, other than as a result of a successful mandatory offer in accordance with the provisions of the Capital Market Act, or (iii) if the request for registration contains illegible or not understandable information. Any registration in the Share Register made on the basis of materially false, fraudulent or misleading statements shall be deemed null and void and may be cancelled by the Board of Directors.

(b) A shareholder (i) whose acquisition or holding of shares is prohibited by applicable law including when the shareholder has failed to fulfill its notification and publication obligation relating to the acquisition of influence; or (ii) whose shareholding has not been registered in or has been deleted from the Company's Share Register, may not exercise its shareholders' rights with respect to the Company (including but not limited to the right to vote and to receive dividends). In case the Board of Directors deletes the shareholder from the Share Register for lack of the required certificates or for non-appropriate certificates, then the resolutions of the General Meeting passed with the participation of such shareholder shall only remain in force if the majority required to pass such resolution was met without the votes of the deleted shareholder.

(c) A shareholder shall be liable for all losses and damages caused to the Company or any other shareholder arising from the provision of materially false, fraudulent or misleading information in documents, certificates or statements in connection with an application for entry into the Share Register, or any material failure to meet its obligations under this Article 9.

C. Publication of the acquisition of influence and Notification to the Company - Thresholds

(Deleted on the basis of the resolution of the AGM held on April 28, 2009.)

(10) Signing on Behalf of the Company

The following persons shall be authorized to sign their names under the stamped, printed, or handwritten name of the Company, and thereby undertake rights and obligations on behalf the Company:

(a) the Chief Executive Officer acting solely, on behalf of the Company,

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	(b)	any two members of the Board of Directors acting jointly,					
	(c)	any member of the Board of Directors of the Company jointly with an employee of the Company vested by the Board of Directors with the authority to sign on behalf of the Company,					
	(d)	any two employees of the Company vested by the Board of Directors with the authority to sign jointly on behalf of the Company.					
(11)	The Ge	neral Meeting					
11.1		neral Meeting is the highest decision-making body of the Company, and shall be comprised of e shareholders.					
11.2		ual General Meeting shall be held no later than by the last day of the <u>fourth month of every</u> s year. The agenda of such annual General Meeting shall contain the following items without on:		törölt: fifth			
	11.2.1	the Board of Directors' report on the Company's consolidated annual report for the previous business year pursuant to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS);					
	11.2.2	the Supervisory Board's report on the Company's consolidated annual report for the previous business year pursuant to the IFRS;					
	11.2.3	the Auditor's report on the Company's consolidated annual report for the previous business year pursuant to the IFRS;					
	11.2.4	approval of the Company's consolidated annual report for the previous business year pursuant to the IFRS;					
	11.2.5	the Board of Directors' report on the Company's individual annual report for the previous business year prepared pursuant to the Accounting Act; on the management; the financial situation and the business policy of the Company. (Section 3:284 of the Civil Code);					
	11.2.6	the Supervisory Board's report on the Company's individual annual report for the previous business year, including also the recommendation regarding the appropriation of after-tax profits;					
	11.2.7	the Auditor's report on the Company's individual annual report for the previous business year;					
	11.2.8	approval of the Company's individual annual report for the previous business year, including the resolution on the appropriation of the after-tax profits;					
	11.2.9	the Board of Director's report on the practice of corporate governance and on the departures made by the Company in applying the Corporate Governance Recommendations of the Budapest Stock Exchange;					
	11.2.10	determination of the remuneration of the elected directors;					
11.3		nual General Meeting shall be convened by the Board of Directors unless otherwise provided Civil Code. The person or organ convoking the General Meeting shall determine its time, venue,					

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11.4 The Board of Directors shall have the right to call an extraordinary General Meeting at its discretion. The Board of Directors shall also call an extraordinary General Meeting if persons authorized by the Civil Code or these Statutes request from the Board of Directors that a General Meeting be held. If shareholders holding at least one percent of the votes request for the convening of a General Meeting, stipulating its reason and purpose, such a General Meeting shall be convened. (Sections 3:103 and 3:266 of the Civil Code) In the cases determined by the Civil Code, the Supervisory Board, and the Court of Registration are entitled to convene an extraordinary General Meeting.

The Auditor shall initiate the convocation of the General Meeting in cases described by Section 3:38 of the Civil Code. If a General Meeting is not convened, or if the decision called for by the legislation is not made, the Auditor notifies the Court of Registration supervising the Company.

A General Meeting may only be convened while an action is pending at the court with respect to the registration of a capital increase, and subscribers to the increased registered capital are unable to exercise their voting rights with respect to the shares subscribed in the capital increase as a result of the pending registration, if extraordinary circumstances justify the convening of such General Meeting. Such extraordinary General Meeting may only discuss and resolve items justified by such extraordinary circumstances.

- 11.5 The convening of the General Meeting shall be published on the Company's homepage at least 30 days prior to the commencement date thereof pursuant to the provisions applicable to the Company's announcements. The Company may notify shareholders regarding the convocation of the General Meeting in an electronic format, if shareholders have so requested. If an extraordinary Meeting is convened due to a shareholder stance rendered in connection with a public offer or following a successful public purchase offer and initiated by the acquirer of influence, the Meeting must be convened at least fifteen days prior to its commencement day.
 - 11.5.1 The members of the Board of Directors and of the Supervisory Board and the auditor shall receive separate invitations to the General Meetings.
 - 11.5.2 The announcement (invitation) convening the General Meeting shall indicate the name and seat of the Company, the venue, date, time, agenda and method of holding of the General Meeting, the conditions placed on the exercise of voting rights as specified in these Statutes as well as the time and venue of the reconvened General Meeting. No more than twenty-one days, but at least one hour shall pass between the starting times of a General Meeting of an insufficient quorum and the reconvened General Meeting. The announcement convening the General Meeting shall contain the information that a shareholder or nominee may participate on the General Meeting if registered in the Share Register at least two working days prior to the beginning date of the General Meeting (Subsection 3:273 (2) of the Civil Code, Section 13.1 of these Statutes); and the requirements laid down in these Statutes (Section 11.5.3.) of exercising the right to supplement the agenda of the General Meeting (Section 3:259 of the Civil Code), as well as the date, place and way of accessing the full and original text of the proposals on the agenda and of the proposed resolutions (including the website of the Company). (Subsection 3:272 (1) of the Civil Code)
 - 11.5.3 If shareholders with at least one percent of the votes inform the Board of Directors in writing at the latest within eight days following the publication of the agenda about their proposal to amend the Agenda in accordance with the provisions on detailing the items of the agenda -, or table draft resolutions for items included or to be included on the agenda , the Board of Directors shall render an opinion on the request and publish a notice on the amended agenda and the tabled draft resolution within eight days. The issue indicated in such notice shall be regarded as added to the agenda. The Board of Directors may reject the shareholders' request if the fulfilment thereof infringed upon the law. If the Board of Directors rejects the shareholder's request, the Board of Directors shall publish a notification to that effect along with the reasons for the rejection. (based on Section 3:259 of the Civil Code)

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11.5.5 Items not listed in the published agenda may only be discussed and valid resolutions concerning these items shall only be passed if all of the shareholders are present at the General Meeting and they give their unanimous consent to the addition of such items to the agenda. The agenda shall be indicated in the invitation or the proposals for resolutions in sufficient detail to enable the persons entitled to vote to formulate an opinion on the subjects to be discussed.(Section 3:17 of the Civil Code).

- 11.5.6 The announcement of the General Meeting shall indicate that the shareholders entitled to participate and vote at such General Meeting shall have the right to be represented in participation and voting at the General Meeting by a duly authorized proxy, pursuant to Article 13.4. Such duly authorized representatives are not required to be shareholders of the Company.
- 11.6 The Company shall publish the key data of its draft consolidated annual report for the previous business year pursuant to the IFRS and its draft individual annual report and of the report of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board, the total number (proportion) of shares and voting rights at the date of convening the General Meeting, including separate summaries on the individual share classes, together with a summary of the proposals relating to the items on the agenda, the supervisory board reports on these, and draft resolutions, as well as forms for voting via proxy, on the Company's homepage at least twenty one days prior to the General Meeting. (Subsections 3:258 (2) and 3:272 (3) of the Civil Code)
- 11.7 With the exception of cases (that might be issues listed under 12.1. d/ii and y/i) where the presence of a larger number of shareholders is required due to the voting proportions set out in article 12.1 in order to constitute a quorum, a quorum exists if shareholders, personally or through their representatives, representing over half of the votes embodied by the voting shares are present at the General Meeting and have duly evidenced their shareholder or representative status. The General Meeting may be suspended once. If the General Meeting is suspended, it shall be continued within thirty days. Existence of the quorum shall be examined at each decision. With respect to the quorum, shareholders or representatives of a shareholders who submit a "yes", "no", or "abstention" vote shall be deemed as the ones being present.
- 11.8 If the General Meeting has no quorum, the General Meeting shall be reconvened in accordance with Section 11.5.2. With the exception of cases (that might be any issues listed under 12.1) where under the given circumstances the presence of a larger number of shareholders is required due to the voting proportions set out in article 12.1 in order to constitute a quorum, the reconvened General Meeting shall have a quorum for the purpose of considering items on the agenda of the original General Meeting if the shareholders representing more than 20% of the votes relating to the voting shares issued by the Company are presented personally or via proxy at the reconvened General Meeting and their shareholding or representation right has been duly evidenced.
- 11.9 The General Meeting shall be chaired by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or by a person called upon in advance by the Board of Directors. The General Meeting shall approve the identity of the president of the General Meeting prior to the substantive discussion of further items of the agenda and until this has happened, the General Meeting cannot make a further substantive decision in respect of the items on the agenda.

(12) Matters Within the Exclusive Competence of the General Meeting:

- 12.1 The following matters shall belong to the exclusive competence of the General Meeting:
 - (a) establishment and unless these Statutes provide otherwise modification of the Statutes (three quarter majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares, except for those decisions requiring a greater majority pursuant to the Statues);

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- (b) decision on the change of the form of operation of the Company (90% majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 45% + 1 vote of all the voting shares), which enters into force upon the delisting of the Company's shares;
- decision on transformation or termination without a legal successor of the Company (90% majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 45% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- (d) (i) the election and removal of the members of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board, the Audit Board and of the Auditor, and the establishment of their remuneration (for election and the establishment of the remuneration, simple majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares; (ii) for the removal of a member of the Board of Directors, a simple majority of those present but at least 35%+1 vote of all the voting shares , and (iii) for the removal of members of the Supervisory Board and of the Audit Board and of the Auditor, three quarter majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 35% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- (e) approval of the consolidated annual report for the previous business year pursuant to the IFRS and of the individual annual report, including the decision on the appropriation of after-tax profits (simple majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- decision unless otherwise stipulated by the Statues to pay interim dividends (simple majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- (g) advisory vote on the remuneration policy (at a material change thereof but in any case at least every four years) and advisory vote on the remuneration report on the previous business year [Subsections 3:268 (2)-(3) of the Civil Code]; decision concerning the approval of the report on corporate governance (Subsection 3:289 (2) of the Civil Code); (in each case above simple majority of those present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- (h) decision with the exception of transactions specified in law, based on the detailed proposal of the Board of Directors, on providing financial aid for third parties to acquire the Company's own shares (Subsection 3:227 (1) of the Civil Code) (upon the approval of at least the three-quarter majority of the voters present, which votes shall represent at least 20%+1 vote of all the voting shares);
- variation of the rights attached to the individual series of shares, and the transformation of categories or classes of shares (three quarter majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- decision unless otherwise stipulated by the Statues on the issue of convertible, selfconverting bonds or bonds with subscription rights (simple majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- (k) decision on the acquisition of own shares, unless otherwise provided for by the Statutes, furthermore, the authorization of the Board of Directors for the acquisition of own shares (simple majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- (I) decisions on the (i) listing or (ii) delisting of Company shares on the Stock Exchange (three quarter majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all

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the voting shares in case of listing, or 35% + 1 vote of all the voting shares in case of delisting, unless the decision would result in the change of the Company's corporate form);

- (m) with the exception of commercial transactions, any resolution concerning financial matters of the Company that involves the distribution of funds, the obtaining of loans, the granting of guarantees, or the creation of any other financial liability the aggregate financial effect of which over one year exceeds fifteen percent (15%) of the Company's total assets (saját vagyon) as determined by the last audited balance sheet (simple majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- decisions on investments and leases which have a financial effect over one fiscal year equalling or exceeding twenty-five percent (25%) of the Company's total assets as determined by the last audited balance sheet (simple majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- (o) decisions on the acquisition of other companies, their share capital, and/or the formation of any other company, if any such transaction has a financial effect over one fiscal year equalling or exceeding thirty percent (30%) of the Company's total assets as determined by the last audited balance sheet (simple majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- (p) decisions which may result, in one or more steps, in a fundamental reduction of the research and development or manufacturing activities of the Company in Hungary (90% majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 45% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- (q) decisions concerning the renaming, or any amendment to the registered and/or trading name, of the Company (90% majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 45% + 1 vote of all the voting shares). (Subsection 3:102 (2) of the Civil Code);
- decisions concerning the changing of the registered seat of the Company (90% majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 45% + 1 vote of all the voting shares). (Subsection 3:102 (2) of the Civil Code);
- (s) decisions concerning the cancelling of the registration of the following classified activities within the Company's scope of activity: in accordance with the classification under the new TEAOR '08 (21.10) Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products; (21.20) Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations; (20.13) Manufacture of other inorganic basic chemicals, or the cessation of any of such activities (90% majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 45% + 1 vote of all the voting shares). (Subsection 3:102 (2) of the Civil Code)
- decision on all matters belonging to the exclusive competence of the General Meeting pursuant to the laws or these Statutes (simple majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares, unless otherwise stipulated by the Statues or by the laws);
- decision unless otherwise stipulated in the Civil Code on the increase of the registered capital of the Company (three quarter majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- decision unless otherwise stipulated in the Civil Code on the decrease of the registered capital of the Company (three quarter majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 35% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);

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- (w) decision on the exclusion of the exercise of preferential subscription rights (three quarter majority of the votes present at the General Meeting, but at least 20% + 1 vote of all the voting shares);
- (X) (The section has been deleted by the AGM held on April 28, 2009.)
- (y) if in any year four or more members of the Board of Directors or three or more members of the Supervisory Board are removed, the removal of the fourth and the subsequent member(s) of the Board of Directors or the third or subsequent member(s) of the Supervisory Board (i) a simple majority of those present in the case of the removal of a member of the Board of Directors, but at least 45%+1 vote of all the voting shares; (ii) 90% majority of the votes present at the General Meeting in the case of the removal of a member of the Supervisory Board, but at least 45% + 1 vote of all the voting shares).
- 12.2 Decisions on matters belonging to the exclusive competence of the General Meeting shall be decided by the majority of votes set forth in Section 12.1.
- 12.3 If the general meeting of the Company decides on the delisting of the shares listed on a regulated market, the shareholder whose shares are directly affected by the delisting except if the shareholder contributed to the approval of the delisting by the general meeting is entitled to demand within a period of 60 days from the publication of such decision (term of preclusion) that the Company buy its shares for the consideration set forth in Section 63/A of the Capital Markets Act. The offer for sale shall not be withdrawn. [Subsection 63(7) of the Capital Markets Act] The share transfer agreement between the Company and the shareholder making the offer for sale shall be deemed concluded on the last day of the period open for the exercise of the right to sell. [Section 63/A (6) of the Capital Markets Act]

(13) Voting

A. General

13.1 Certification of ownership is not required for the exercise of shareholders' rights; the entitlement is verified by way of the identification of ownership procedure. (Subsection 3:254 (6) of the Civil Code) Pursuant to the identification of ownership initiated by the Company, or in the case of a representative, on the basis of the power of attorney, the Board of Directors shall issue a voting card or another certificate containing an entitlement to vote (the "voting card"). At the General Meeting, shareholder rights can be exercised via the voting card. The voting card shall contain the name of and the number of votes entitled to the shareholder or the shareholder's representative.

The Company shall only issue a voting card to a shareholder or shareholder's representative who is registered in the Share Register as the owner of the shares or as the shareholder's representative, or in case of jointly owned shares, as joint representative.

The name of a shareholder, or of a shareholder's representative, who wishes to participate in the General Meeting shall be recorded in the Share Register by the second working day preceding the commencement day of the General Meeting. [Subsection 3:273 (2) of the Civil Code]

In the case of identification of ownership initiated by the Company, if it is in connection with the closing of the Share Register, the keeper of the Share Register delete all the data in the Share Register at the time of identification of ownership and at the same time shall record in the Share Register the data resulting from the identification of ownership. (Section 3:248 of the Civil Code)

Shareholders' rights at the General Meeting may be exercised by the person who is the owner of the shares on the reference date for the identification of ownership and whose name is contained in the Share Register on the second business day before the first day of the General Meeting. (Subsection 3:273 (3) of the Civil Code). The keeper of the Share Register shall ensure the possibility of

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exercising of the right of registration until 6.00 PM (Budapest time) of the second business day before the first day of the General Meeting.

The closing of the Share Register shall not impede the transfer of shares following the closing of the Share Register by a person registered in the Share Register. The transfer of shares prior to the commencement day of the General Meeting does not exclude the right of a person registered in the Share Register to participate in the General Meeting and to exercise the rights to which he is entitled as a shareholder. [Subsection 3:273 (3) of the Civil Code]

- 13.2 Subject to the provisions of Section 13.8 hereafter, every share of nominal value HUF 100 entitles its holder to one vote.
- 13.3 A shareholder shall not be entitled to exercise voting rights prior to having effected full payment of its contribution in cash.
- 13.4 Shareholders may also exercise their rights at a General Meeting through an authorized representative. One representative may represent several shareholders; however, one shareholder may have only one representative. If the shareholder holds shares that are held on more than one securities account, it may authorize different representatives for each securities account. However, with respect to the shareholder are by the same shareholder, the votes cannot be different, otherwise all votes of that shareholder are invalid.

Representatives may obtain voting cards if they present authorization contained in an official deed or a private deed of full probative value to the Company at the time and place indicated in the announcement regarding the General Meeting.

In case of doubt, the power of attorney issued by a shareholder shall be valid for one General Meeting, and applies to any continuations of a suspended General Meeting and also any reconvened General Meetings postponed due to a lack of quorum. Members of the Board of Directors, of the Supervisory Board or the auditor shall not be authorized to represent a shareholder at a General Meeting.

The above provisions do not affect the regulations relating to the "shareholder's nominees".

13.5 If the voting is effected by using voting cards, the Board of Directors shall issue to the shareholders (or to the authorized representatives) entitled to vote such number of voting cards that is equal to the number of items on the agenda of the General Meeting, on which voting is required.

Voting cards shall bear:

- the name of the Company and the class of shares,
- the name of the shareholder,
- the time of the General Meeting,
- the number of votes, and
- clearly indicated spaces for the marking of "yes," "no," and "abstain."

For the calculation of the votes for the adoption of a valid resolution, only the voting cards that are submitted must be taken into account, and only where "yes," "no," and "abstain" (and only one of these) are clearly marked. A voting card marked as "abstain" shall be considered a valid, submitted vote. For the passing of a valid resolution, only voting cards marked "yes" shall be taken into account.

At the General Meeting, the voting shall be effected by handing over the voting cards to the vote counters.

The Board of Directors may decide to implement another method for the vote counting (i.e., using a computer to count votes). In such case, the proper recording of the above mentioned information shall have to be secured.

- 13.6 A three member commission shall be elected at the beginning of the General Meeting for the purpose of counting the votes. The Chairman of the General Meeting shall nominate members for election to the commission. The Chairman of the General Meeting may not be elected as a member of the commission.
- 13.7 The result of each vote shall be presented by the commission in a written report duly countersigned by the members of the commission.

B. Limitation on Voting Rights

13.8 At general meetings, a shareholder may not exercise voting rights, for its own account or as the representative of another shareholder, alone or in concert with affiliated persons, in excess of 25% (twenty five percent) of the voting rights attached to the shares held by shareholders present or represented at the general meeting.

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13.9 (Deleted on the basis of the resolution of the AGM of April 28, 2009.)

(14) The Board of Directors

14.1 The Board of Directors shall be the Company's managing body. It shall represent the Company with respect to third parties, in court and before other authorities. The Board of Directors shall develop and control the Company's operations and shall exercise employer's rights over the Chief Executive Officer. The Board of Directors shall be comprised of 3 (three) but no more than 12 (twelve) members. The General Meeting shall elect from time to time the members of the Board of Directors for a defined period of time that shall not exceed the term of 5 years.

The names and data of the members of the Board of Directors are contained within Annex (A) of these Statutes.

- 14.2 The Chairman and if the members find it necessary the Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be elected from among the members of the Board of Directors by the members of the Board of Directors. The first Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be appointed for a term equal to the term for which the first Board of Directors has been appointed. Subsequently, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be elected for a term, the duration of which shall be decided by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may withdraw the mandate of the Chairman at any time. If for any reason, the Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall be terminated. The Board of Directors shall control the Company's business activities in compliance with the provisions of these Statutes, the resolutions of the General Meeting, and all applicable laws. The remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors shall be determined by the General Meeting.
- 14.3 The convocation and rules of procedure of the meeting of the Board of Directors:
 - 14.3.1 The Board of Directors shall convene ordinary meetings at least four times a year. The venue, date, time and agenda of such meetings shall be determined by the Chairman of the Board of Directors at his discretion. Members of the Board of Directors shall be notified thereof not less than 8 days before the meeting. The invitation to the meeting of the Board of Directors shall be in writing.

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- 14.3.2 The Chairman of the Board of Directors or, if absent, the Deputy Chairman shall convene the meeting of the Board of Directors if requested by the Chief Executive Officer or by any two members of the Board of Directors jointly. The meeting of the Board of Directors shall be chaired by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or, if prevented from attending, the Deputy Chairman.
- 14.3.3 If the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors are not present at the meeting of the Board of Directors, the members present shall elect a Chairman from among the members of the Board of Directors present.
- 14.3.4 Two-thirds of the total number of the members of the Board of Directors, but no less than three members, must be present at the meeting of the Board of Directors to constitute the quorum required to pass valid resolutions. The total number of the members of the Board of Directors shall mean the number of the members of the Board of Directors in office at such time.
- 14.3.5 In lack of a quorum at a Board of Directors' meeting, the Chairman shall convene another meeting to be held within three days from the date of the original meeting. At such second meeting a quorum exists if the majority of the directors in office, but at least three members, are present.
- 14.3.6 Should the number of the members of the Board of Directors fall below three, an extraordinary General Meeting shall be convened in order to elect new directors.
- 14.4 The Board of Directors shall have the competence:
 - to convene an ordinary and extraordinary General Meeting, except in cases defined by the Civil Code;
 - (b) to prepare proposals relating to the matters specified in Section 12 of these Statutes, in case of a prior approval of the Supervisory Board, to approve such proposals and submit them to the General Meeting; in case of proposals not approved by the Supervisory Board in advance or proposals deviating from the one approved by the Supervisory Board, to send the proposal approved by the Board of Directors to the Supervisory Board again and submit it to the General Meeting;;
 - (c) to prepare reports on the management, financial situation and business strategies of the Company, and to submit such reports to the General Meeting once a year, and to the Supervisory Board every three months;
 - to decide on the Company's annual and medium term business plans, to be carried out by the management of the Company;
 - (e) (i) to decide on any financial matters (excluding commercial transactions), involving expenses, borrowing, the granting of guarantees, or the placing of a financial liability on the Company with a value in excess of two percent (2%) but less than fifteen per cent (15%) of the value of the Company's total assets as determined in the Company's last audited balance sheet;

(ii) to decide on investments and lease-purchases not provided for in the Company's annual business plan, the financial effect of which over one year is in excess of two percent (2%) but less than twenty-five percent (25%) of the value of the Company's total assets, as determined by the Company's last audited balance sheet;

(f) to decide on the acquisition of other companies or a part of their registered/share capital, and/or the foundation of new companies not provided for in the Company's annual business

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plan, where such transactions have a financial effect over one year in excess of two percent (2%) but less than thirty (30%) of the Company's total assets as determined in the Company's last audited balance sheet, and to make decisions regarding the acquisition of a share interest in another company exceeding 25%;

- (g) to determine the scope of authority of the Chief Executive Officer entrusted with the management of the Company;
- (h) to approve the Company's internal Organizational and Operational Rules and Regulations and to authorize the Chief Executive Officer to amend parts of the Organizational and Operational Rules and Regulations identified in the resolution of the Board of Directors;
- (i) to determine the employees' right to sign on behalf of the Company;
- (j) to decide on acquisition of the Company's own shares (i) if the Company acquires the shares in a court proceeding aimed at the settlement of a claim to which the Company is entitled, or in a restructuring; (ii) if the shares are acquired in order to avoid an imminently threatening serious damage to the Company, except for the case of a public takeover offer aimed at the acquisition of the shares; or (iii) if approved by the General Meeting; to decide on the sale of treasury shares owned by the Company;
- (k) to ensure that the books of the company are kept according to the rules;
- in the cases set forth in the Civil Code or in the Statues, to accept an interim balance sheet with the prior approval of the Supervisory Board, furthermore to decide on the issuance of bonds, on the increase of the registered capital and on the payment of interim dividends;
- (m) to decide on changing the business sites and branch offices of the Company and (with the exception of the main activity and the activities listed in Section 12.1 (s) hereof) the scope of the Company's activities, and on the related amendment of the Statutes.

The limitations in the value of the transactions as set forth in 14.4 (e) and (f) hereof shall apply to the aggregate value of transactions of the same type carried out within one year.

- 14.5 Any limitation of the right of representation of the Board of Directors according to the above shall be null and void with respect to third persons.
- 14.6 The Board of Directors shall pass its resolutions by a simple majority voice vote. In case of an equality of votes for and against, the Chairman shall have a decisive vote if the Chairman of the Board of Directors is present. If the Chairman is absent and there is an equality of votes, the proposed resolution shall be considered rejected. At the request of any member of the Board of Directors, the Chairman shall order a secret vote.
- 14.7 Members of the Board of Directors shall be liable for any damages caused to the Company by any breach of their obligations in accordance with the provisions of the Civil Code on liability for damages caused by the breach of a contract.
- 14.8 A conflict of interest against a member of the Board of Directors shall mean any reason, fact or circumstance due to which the personal interest or business interest of the respective member of the Board of Directors - by common sense - significantly or durably is contrary or could be contrary to the Company's interest.

The business interest of a member of the Board of Directors is contrary to the interests of the Company, if the Company's interest is contrary to the interest of the employer of the respective member of the Board of Director or the interest of a legal person with the participation of or under control by the respective member of the Board of Directors.

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A legal person with the participation of or under control by the member of the Board of Directors shall include a legal person in which the respective member of the Board of Directors (i) is an executive officer or (ii) directly or indirectly has voting rights or share of at least 25 per cent, or (iii) otherwise has decisive influence over the operation of the legal person (Section 8:2 of the Civil Code).

A conflict of interest arises especially if:

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- the Company or any legal person within the Richter Group initiates a lawsuit against the member of the Board of Directors;
- the member of the Board of Directors initiates a lawsuit against the Company or any legal person within the Richter Group;
- a criminal procedure is initiated against the member of the Board of Directors or against a legal person with the participation of or under control by the member of the Board of Directors (because the personal and/or business integrity of the member by such action, which may affect the reputation of the Company).

If the Board of Directors establishes that a conflict of interest exists in respect of a member of the Board of Directors, the exercise of the rights of the member affected by the conflict of interest will be suspended until the General Meeting adopts a resolution regarding the removal the affected member (in accordance with Section 12.1 (d)). During the suspension, the respective member of the Board of Directors cannot exercise its rights under such mandate (especially, the member cannot receive information related to the operation of the Company, cannot participate and vote at the meetings of the Board of Directors). The suspension shall lapse if the first General Meeting following the establishment of conflict of interest rejects (does not approve) the proposal for resolution on the removal of the entitled to posteriorly receive the remuneration due for the period of suspension if the General Meeting rejected the resolution on the removal of such member.

(15) The Chief Executive Officer

- 15.1. The Board of Directors shall authorize one of its members to control the day-to-day operations of the Company, in any case, for a term of office to be decided by the Board of Directors.
- 15.2 The Chief Executive Officer shall be personally liable for managing the Company's affairs in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, these Statutes, and the resolutions of the General Meeting and Board of Directors.
- 15.3 The Chief Executive Officer may, according to the Company's internal Organizational and Operational Rules and Regulations and within the sphere of the internal administration of the Company, delegate his duties and powers to managers and employees of the Company. Such delegation shall be executed by a formal, written instrument specifying the duties and powers delegated. The Chief Executive Officer's delegation of duties and powers may be general or made on a case-by-case basis. However, any limitation of the Chief Executive Officer's sphere of authority arising out of his membership on the Board of Directors shall be null and void with respect to third persons.
- 15.4 The Chief Executive Officer shall be entitled to decide on any matters that do not belong to the competence of the General Meeting or the Board of Directors.
- 15.5 The employer's rights over the employees of the Company can be exercised by employees of the Company and persons having an other kind of legal relation with the Company in accordance with the rules set forth in the Organizational and Operational Rules and Regulations.
- 15.6 The Chief Executive Officer, acting in the interests of the Company, shall enter into agreements, represent the Company with respect to third persons, before courts and other authorities.

15.7 The Chief Executive Officer shall:

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- prepare the agenda of the General Meeting and the meeting of the Board of Directors, and shall present proposals and motions for decisions at such meetings,
- implement the resolutions and decisions passed at the General Meeting and control the performance of the undertakings falling within the Company's scope of activities.
- 15.8 Except for the rights assigned to the General Meeting, the employer's rights over the Chief Executive Officer shall be exercised by the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer may not vote on decisions regarding these matters and on resolutions affecting his person as a member of the Board of Directors.

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15.9 The Board of Directors may delegate any of its powers related to the day-to-day management of the Company to the Chief Executive Officer under the terms and conditions set forth at the Board of Directors' discretion. The Board of Directors may withdraw or alter any or all of these powers from time to time. Such delegation shall not affect the responsibility of the Board of Directors.

(16) The Supervisory Board and the Audit Board

- 16.1 The Supervisory Board shall be comprised of at least five and not more than nine natural person members. The rules of conflict of interest in respect of the members of the Board of Directors shall be appropriately applicable to the members of the Supervisory Board (Section 14.8 of these Statutes) with the deviation that the existence of the conflict of interest affecting the member of the Supervisor Board shall be established by the Supervisory Board.
- 16.2 The members of the first Supervisory Board shall be appointed by the Founders in the Deed of Foundation for a term of 1 (one) year starting from the date of appointment. Subsequently, the General Meeting shall from time to time appoint the members of the Supervisory Board for a defined period of time that shall not exceed the term of three years. The General Meeting shall not appoint employees of the Company to the Supervisory Board except for the employees' representatives appointed in accordance with Subsection 3:124 (1) of the Civil Code. The members of the Supervisory Board shall elect a chairman from among themselves.

The majority of the members of the Supervisory Board must be independent. A member of the Supervisory Board shall be independent if the member has no other legal relationship with the Company than the membership of the Supervisory Board, or legal relationships which are part of the Company's ordinary activities and aims to fulfill the personal needs of the Board member.

A Member of the Supervisory Board is not independent, if he/she:

- a) is an employee or previous employee of the Company for five years following the termination of such legal relationship;
- b) carries out activities as an expert or in another mandate legal relationship for the Company or its executive officers and their benefit for consideration;
- c) is a shareholder in the Company who directly or indirectly possesses at least thirty percent of the votes or is a close relative [Subsection 8:1 (1) 1. of the Civil Code] or common law spouse of such a person;
- d) is a close relative or common-law spouse of one of the Company's not independent executive officers or executive employees;
- e) is entitled to financial benefits as a member of the Supervisory Board upon the successful
 operation of the Company, or if he is remunerated by the Company, or by a business affiliated with
 the Company, in addition to the fee received as a member of the Supervisory Committee;
- f) is in a legal relationship in a company with a non-independent member of the Board of Directors or the Supervisory Board, based on which the non-independent party has a controlling right;
- g) is the Company's auditor, or is the auditor company's employee or member, for three years following the termination of such legal relationship;

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 h) is an executive officer or executive employee in a company, in which the independent members of board of directors or supervisory board are executive officers in the Company at the same time.

The names and data of the Supervisory Board members are contained in Annex (A) to these Statutes.

- 16.3 The duties of the Supervisory Board shall be:
 - (a) to control the management of the Company;
 - (b) to examine all substantial business strategy reports on the agenda of the General Meeting, as well as any proposals relating to issues falling within the exclusive competence of the General Meeting. If the Supervisory Board examined the General Meeting proposal submitted to the Board of Directors in advance, and the Board of Directors approved that with unchanged content, another examination by the Supervisory Board is not necessary. The General Meeting may pass resolutions on the consolidated annual report for the previous business year pursuant to the IFRS and the individual annual report for the previous business year , including also the appropriation of the after-tax profits, only if in possession of the written report of the Supervisory Board;
 - (c) any other duties prescribed by the Civil Code.
- 16.4 If, in the course of carrying out its duties, the Supervisory Board becomes aware of any measures in contradiction with the laws or these Statutes or the resolutions of the General Meeting, or if in its opinion the business activities of the Company are contradictory to the interests of the Company or its shareholders, the Supervisory Board shall convene a General Meeting without delay and propose its agenda.
- 16.5 On the Supervisory Board, employees' representatives shall have the same rights and same obligations as all other members. If the unified opinion of the employees' representatives differs from the majority standpoint of the Supervisory Board, the minority standpoint of the employees shall be stated at the General Meeting.
- 16.6 The procedural rules (standing orders) governing the Supervisory Board shall be established by the Supervisory Board and approved by the General Meeting.
- 16.7 The Supervisory Board shall have a quorum if each of its members has been duly invited thereto and at least two-thirds, but at least four of the members are present. If there is a lack of quorum, the meeting shall be postponed. The reconvened meeting shall have a quorum if at least three members of the Supervisory Board in the ratio defined in section 16.8 hereafter are present. The Supervisory Board shall pass resolutions by simple majority of those present. In case of an equality of votes for and against, the Chairman shall have a decisive vote if the Chairman of the Supervisory Board is present. If the Chairman is absent and there is an equality of votes, the proposed resolution shall be considered rejected.
- 16.8 As long as the number of the Company's full time employees exceeds a yearly average of two-hundred, the employees shall participate in the control of the Company's activities through the Supervisory Board. In such case, one-third of the members of the Supervisory Board shall be comprised of employees' representatives. In the event of an uneven number, such one-third shall be calculated in such a manner which is more favorable to the employees.
- 16.9 If at the time of adopting the Company's annual report it is determined at the Annual General Meeting that the number of employees dropped below two hundred during the previous financial year, the right of employee representatives to participate in the Supervisory Board shall cease. (Subsection 3:125 (4) of the Civil Code)

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- 16.10 Following a statement of opinion from the trade unions represented at the Company, the employees' delegates on the Supervisory Board shall be nominated by the works council from among the employees. Persons nominated by the works council shall be elected as members of the Supervisory Board by the General Meeting at its first meeting following such nomination, unless statutory grounds for disqualification exist in respect of the nominees. In this case, a new nomination shall be requested. Failure to delegate such person shall have no effect on the Supervisory Board's operation, provided that all other statutory requirements are satisfied. In that case the seats of employee representatives may not be occupied, however, the supreme body is to elect at least three members for the supervisory board nonetheless. (Subsection 3:125 (2) of the Civil Code).
- 16.11 The employees' representative who is a member of the Supervisory Board shall inform the employees of the Company through the works council, of the Supervisory Board's activities, but shall keep the business secrets of the Company.
- 16.12 Membership of an employees' representative on the Supervisory Board shall also terminate if his labor relationship is terminated. Employees' representatives may only be dismissed by the General Meeting upon the proposal of the works council.16.13.
- 16.13 A three-member Audit Board operates at the Company, the members of which are chosen from among the independent members of the Supervisory Board by the General Meeting. The Chairman of the Audit Board is appointed by the Supervisory Board. The audit board members as a whole shall have competence relevant to the sector in which the Company is operating. At least one member of the Audit Board shall have a professional certificate in accounting or auditing. Annex (A) of the present Statutes contains the names and data of the members of the Audit Board.

16.14 The following matters belong in the scope of competences and tasks of the Audit Board:

- a) opinion on the consolidated annual report for the previous year pursuant to the IFRS;
- b) opinion on the individual annual report for the previous business year;
- c) monitoring the statutory audit of the consolidated and the individual annual report; taking into account any findings and conclusions by the authority in charge of the public oversight of auditors as provided for in Act LXXV of 2007 on the Chamber of Hungarian Auditors, the Activities of Auditors, and on the Public Oversight of Auditors (hereinafter referred to as "Auditors Act") made during the quality assurance review provided for in the Auditors Act;
- d) recommendation regarding the person and remuneration of the auditor;
- e) preparation of the agreement to be concluded with the auditor,
- f) observing the enforcement of the professional, conflict of interest and independency requirements applicable to auditors with special regard to compliance with the requirents in Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on specific requirements regarding statutory audit of public-interest entities and repealing Commission Decision 2005/909/EC, undertaking the duties in connection with the co-operation with the auditor, monitoring other services provided by the auditor or if the auditor belongs to a network, members of such network to the Company or the companies controlled by the Company besides the auditing of the consolidated and individual annual reports, and in case of need, recommendations to the Supervisory Board regarding the arrangements to be carried out;
- g) monitoring of the operation of the financial accounting system and submitting recommendations regarding the necessary arrangements where deemed necessary;
- assistance with the work of the Supervisory Board in the interest of the appropriate supervision of the financial accounting system as well as
- monitoring the effectiveness of the company's internal control and risk management systems and submitting recommendations where deemed necessary.

(17) The Statutory Auditor

17.1 The Founders shall appoint an Auditor in the Deed of Foundation for a period of 1 (one) year. Subsequently, the General Meeting shall appoint the Auditor from time to time for a defined period of

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time that shall not exceed the term of five years to the effect that the term of the mandate shall be no less than the time period between the General Meeting that has elected the Auditor and the General Meeting approving the next annual report. If the Auditor is a legal person, the legal person must designate its member, executive officer or employee who shall be personally responsible for the completion of the audit. In the event of such person's prolonged absence, the assistant auditor may be designated to substitute the Auditor who is personally responsible. The name and data of the Auditor is contained in Annex (A) to these Statutes.

- 17.2 A person who is registered in the public registry of auditors pursuant to the applicable legislation may be elected as the Company's Auditor. The Auditor shall not be a shareholder or founder of the Company, nor member of the Board of Directors or Supervisory Board, nor a relative of any such member. An employee of the Company shall not be Statutory Auditor during his mandate or for three years following the termination of his mandate as Auditor.
- 17.3 It is the duty of the Auditor to complete the audit as set forth in the Accounting Act, and primarily to determine, whether the consolidated annual report of the company complies with the International Financial Reporting Standards, whether the individual annual report of the Company complies with the Accounting Act and whether they present a reliable and realistic picture of the Company's financial situation, assets and the results of its operation. The Auditor may not provide services to the Company that could jeopardize the objective and independent completion of above-mentioned public interest tasks. Separate legislation defines the scope of activities that may be pursued by the Company's Auditor, as well as the conditions and limits of services provided. The Auditor may examine the Company's books, documents and accounting records to ensure the completion of the Auditor's tasks, and it may also request information from executive officers, members of the Supervisory Board and the Company's bank accounts, customer accounts, treasury, security and goods inventory, accounting books and agreements.
- 17.4 The Supervisory Board may initiate the Auditor's hearing at a meeting of the Supervisory Board, and at the request of the Supervisory Board, the Auditor is obliged to participate at the meeting of the Supervisory Board. The Supervisory Board shall include an issue on its agenda if that has been recommended by the Auditor. The Auditor may participate with a right of consultation at the meeting of the Supervisory Board. The Auditor may participate with a right of consultation at the meeting of the Supervisory Board. The Auditor may participate with a right of consultation at the meeting of the Supervisory Board. The Auditor may not establish a professional relationship with the management of the Company that may jeopardize the independent and objective completion of the Auditor's tasks. The Auditor shall be invited to the meeting of the Company's highest decision-making body where the annual reports of the Company is discussed. The Auditor shall participate in the meeting, however if the Auditor's absent, the meeting may be held nonetheless. (Section 3:131 of the Civil Code)

(18) Business Year

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- 18.1 The business year shall be the calendar year. The first business year shall commence on the date of the foundation of the Company and shall end on 31 December of the same year.
- 18.2 Subsequent to the closing of the business year, a consolidated and an individual report shall be prepared with regard to the previous business year.

(19) The Books of the Company and Financial Statements

- 19.1 The Company shall keep its books in the Hungarian language. The books and other records of the Company shall be kept at the seat of the Company, and shall be available at any time for inspection for the members of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board, and the Auditor.
- 19.2 The members of the Board of Directors shall bear joint and several liability for the preparation of the consolidated and the individual annual report submitted to the General Meeting in accordance with all applicable laws.

19.3 The Company's after-tax profit shall be allocated according to the following principles:

CHEMICAL WORKS OF GEDEON RICHTER PLC. CONSOLIDATED VERSION OF THE STATUTES, INCLUDING AMENDMENTS APPROVED BY THE GENERAL MEETINGON APRIL 25, 2023

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- the General Meeting shall determine the proportion of the Company's after-tax profit to be allocated for profit reserves and for dividend distribution. The General Meeting shall also determine the amount to be withdrawn from the profit reserves for the purpose of dividend distribution, and the actual amount to be distributed as dividends;
- a shareholder shall be entitled to that part of the Company's after-tax profit determined by the General Meeting as a dividend in proportion to his shareholding in the Company. Any dividend that is payable on the company's own shares shall be divided to shareholders entitled to dividends, payable in proportion of the nominal value of their shares;
- the payment of dividends shall commence at least ten (10) business days after the date of the first publication of the announcement containing also the amount of the dividends and based on the resolutions passed by the General Meeting or the Board of Directors on the amount of the dividends and the commencement date of the payment of dividends.
- 19.4 At the end of each financial year, a consolidated and an individual annual report shall be prepared regarding the Company's assets. The approval of such report shall fall within the exclusive competence of the General Meeting of the Company. The Company's individual interim balance sheet relating to the acquisition of the Company's shares by the Company, the payment of interim dividends and the increase of the registered capital from the Company's assets in excess of its registered capital, may also be approved by the Board of Directors with the prior consent of the Supervisory Board.
- 19.5 During the period between the approval of two consecutive individual financial reports, the General Meeting of the Company may resolve to pay interim dividends, if according to the Company's individual interim balance sheet according to the Accounting Act, the company has funds sufficient to cover such interim dividends; the amount distributed does not exceed the amount of available profit reserves shown in the interim balance sheet supplemented with the after tax profits; and the payment of such interim dividends does not result in the Company's adjusted equity capital to drop below its share capital (Section 3:263 of the Civil Code). Upon the payment of an interim dividend, the content of the interim balance sheet. Within six months after the balance sheet date of the interim dividend may be distributed based on the annual report. Instead of the General Meeting, the Board of Directors shall also be entitled to approve the payment of interim dividends with the prior approval of the Supervisory Board. The rules relating to the payment of dividends shall appropriately apply with the differences set forth in the Civil Code and in the Statues for the payment of interim dividends.

(20) Increase in the Registered Capital of the Company, issuing bonds

20.1 Registered capital may be increased:

a) by the issuance of new shares,b) to the debit of assets in excess of share capital,c) by the issuance of employees' shares,d) by the issuance of convertible bonds, as conditional increase of the share capital.

The Company may increase its registered capital by issuing new shares if the nominal or issue value of all shares issued have been paid and any in-kind contributions have been rendered at the disposal of the Company.

If the Company has issued shares belonging to different types or classes, the General Meeting's resolution on the increase of registered capital shall only be valid if the directly affected shareholders of the differing types and classes of shares have also granted their consent for the increase of the

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registered capital separately for each series, prior to or simultaneously with the resolution on the increase of the registered capital, with a simple majority of the votes present at the General Meeting. In the course thereof, the provisions on any restriction or exclusion of voting rights attached to such shares may not be applied, save where voting rights relating to shares held by the Company are excluded.

20.2 If the registered capital is increased by contributions in cash, the shareholders of the Company, and within this category primarily those shareholders who own shares belonging in the same series of shares as the shares issued, then the owners of convertible bonds and in the same line the owners of bonds with subscription rights - in this order - shall be entitled to a preferential subscription. If the registered capital is increased through a private issuance, the subscription preference right shall be deemed to be a preferential right to receive the shares.

Within 2 (two) days following a resolution on the increase of registered capital by contribution in cash, the Company's Board of Directors shall initiate the publication of an announcement on the Company's homepage to notify the shareholders regarding the possibility to exercise the preferential subscription rights in connection with the registration/receipt of shares, the nominal value and the issue value of the shares to be subscribed, and the starting and closing day of the period of the exercise of such rights, and the way of exercising such preferential rights. The starting date may not be earlier than the day following the publication of such announcement. The Company, in case of a request of a shareholder communicated via e-mail, shall also provide information relating to the conditions of the exercise of the preferential subscription rights via e-mail. In case certain shareholders intend to subscribe for more shares than the number of shares they could actually subscribe for pursuant to their preferential subscription rights, they shall be entitled to subscribe for such further shares in the proportion of the nominal value of their previously owned shares, provided that in case of a fraction - independently of the value of such fraction - the number of the shares any given shareholder may subscribe for, shall be rounded down.

The General Meeting - on the basis of the Board of Directors' written proposal - may exclude the exercise of the preferential subscription rights. In such a case, the Board of Directors shall present, in this proposition, the reasons for the exclusion of the exercise of the preferential subscription rights and the planned issue value of the shares. In its reasoning, the Board of Directors shall present the advantages to the Company arising from the exclusion of the exercise of the preferential subscription rights. The rules relating to the consideration of the proposal are the same as the general rules relating to the consideration of proposals presented to the General Meeting. The General Meeting shall vote regarding the exclusion proposal simultaneously with the vote regarding the proposal relating to the increase of the registered capital. The Board of Directors shall submit to the Court of Registration the resolution of the General Meeting, and shall simultaneously arrange for the publication of an announcement regarding the contents of the resolution in the Company Gazette.

If the increase of the registered capital is carried out through a private issuance of new shares for inkind contribution, the persons entitled to receive such shares shall be indicated in the resolution deciding on the increase of the registered capital. The category and the class, the number, the series, the nominal and issue value of the shares to be received by such persons shall also be indicated in such resolution.

If the increase of the share capital is carried out through a private issuance of new shares for cash contribution, the persons entitled - to the extent the persons entitled to exercise preferential rights to receive shares have not exercised such rights, or the General Meeting has excluded the exercise of such rights - to receive such shares shall be indicated in the resolution. The category and the class, the number, the series, the nominal and issue value of the shares to be received by such persons shall also be indicated in such resolution. (On the basis of Subsection 3:296 (2) of the Civil Code) Upon the public issuance of shares, the resolution of the General Meeting regarding the increase in registered capital shall not specify the group and person of future shareholders taking part in the increase in registered capital. Persons wishing to acquire the new shares shall undertake to pay the consideration

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due for the shares and become entitled to receive the shares pursuant to the registration proceedings as set forth in the legislation applicable to securities.

The Company may increase its registered capital by its assets in excess of registered capital, or a part thereof, if, according to the balance sheet of the individual annual report prepared for the previous financial year or to the interim balance sheet of the year, the Company has sufficient funds in excess of the share capital, which can be used for increasing the share capital, and if the Company's resulting registered capital does not exceed its equity capital shown in the Company's individual balance sheet minus the tied-up reserve and the revaluation reserve. (Section 3:300 of the Civil Code).

20.3 The Board of Directors is, for a period of five (5) years from April 28, 2010 entitled to increase the Company's registered capital by a maximum of twenty-five percent (25%) per year. The largest amount by which the Board of Directors may increase the Company's registered capital within five years shall be HUF 38,239,604,000 that is, thirty-eight billion two hundred and thirty-nine million and six hundred and four thousand Hungarian Forints, thus the amount of the approved registered capital shall be HUF 56,877,090,000 that is, fifty-six billion eight hundred and seventy-seven million and ninety thousand Hungarian Forints.

If the Company has issued shares belonging to different types or classes, the General Meeting's resolution on the temporary transfer of the competence relating to the increase of the registered capital shall be valid only if the shareholders of the differing types and classes directly affected by the increase in the registered capital have also granted their consent for the temporary transfer of such competence separately, prior to or simultaneously with the resolution on the increase of the registered capital, with a simple majority of the votes present at the General Meeting. In the course thereof, the provisions on any restriction or exclusion of voting rights attached to such shares may not be applied, save where voting rights relating to shares held by the Company are excluded.

If an increase of the Company's registered capital is declared and successfully implemented by the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors shall be obliged to amend these Statutes.

(21) Foundation Expenses

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The Founders agree that any costs and stamp duties in connection with the foundation of the Company shall be borne by the Company.

(22) Termination of the Company

- 22.1 The Company shall be terminated if:
 - (a) the General Meeting resolves its termination without legal successor;
 - (b) the General Meeting resolves its termination with legal succession (transformation, merger, demerger);
 - the court of registration terminates it based on the causes set forth in the Act on Company Registration and Winding-up Proceedings);
 - (d) the legislation so provides;
- 22.2 If the Company is terminated without legal successor, the assets of the Company remaining after the claims against the Company have been satisfied, shall be distributed among the shareholders on the basis of the their payments and contributions in kind actually provided, in proportion to the face value of their shares.

(23) Applicable Law, and the Procedure for Settling Legal Disputes

23.1 Matters not provided in these Statutes are governed by the provisions of the Civil Code, the Capital Market Act and Act XXIV of 1988 on Foreign Investments in Hungary (as amended).

CHEMICAL WORKS OF GEDEON RICHTER PLC. Consolidated version of the Statutes, including amendments approved by the General Meetinoon <u>April 25, 2023</u>

- 23.2 The Permanent Court of Arbitration attached to the Hungarian Chamber of Commerce and Industry shall have exclusive jurisdiction and competence to decide any a) all legal disputes based on a company law relationship between the Company and its shareholders, including excluded shareholders or shareholders who have otherwise parted ways with the Company; b) legal disputes in connection with the Statutes or the operation of the Company between shareholders in their legal relationships; c) any dispute between the Company and its executive officers or Supervisory Board members, arising out of their office or membership in the Supervisory Board, and d) the review of resolutions adopted by the General Meeting. The Court of Arbitration shall apply its rules of procedure and appoint a panel comprised of three arbitrators. The members of the panel or its chairman may be foreign individuals. (Subsections 3:92 (1) and (2) of the Civil Code)
- 23.3 The venue of the Court of Arbitration shall be Budapest.
- 23.4 The language of the proceedings of the Court of Arbitration shall be Hungarian.
- 23.5 Throughout the proceedings before the Court of Arbitration, the parties are mutually obliged, at the request of any one of the adverse parties to give the Court of Arbitration and the adverse party copies of the legal documents in both English and Hungarian.
- 23.6 In case of legal dispute, applicable law shall be Hungarian law.

(24) Announcements, Advertisements

24.1 Announcements and advertisements of the Company shall be published on its homepage. Furthermore, if required by law, announcements shall be published in the Cégközlöny (the official gazette of the Hungarian Courts of Registration). In addition thereto, as long as the shares of the Company are traded on the Budapest Stock Exchange (BSE), those announcements required by the BSE shall be published in a manner as set forth by the BSE.

(25) Miscellaneous

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- 25.1 Addresses and notice: The address for receiving notice for every shareholder or shareholder's representative shall be the address listed in the Share Register. The Company bears no responsibility if a shareholder or a shareholder's representative does not communicate a change of address to the Company in a timely manner. In the context of these Statutes, any announcements or notices shall be made in writing and in Hungarian, and in English for those foreign shareholders or shareholder's representatives listed in the Share Register. In the absence of differing provisions in the present Statutes, notice shall be conclusively presumed by the parties to have been made if such notice is delivered personally, sent by courier, registered mail, facsimile, or telegram, and simultaneously, a notice is sent via registered mail with a copy of the registration receipt enclosed. In every case, the sender shall be considered received if sent to a resident recipient at the point in time indicated on the notice of receipt, and in the case of registered mail on the fifth working day following dispatch, in the absence of proof to the contrary.
- 25.2 Headings: The headings contained in this Statute are solely for the purpose of convenience. They are not to be considered as part of these Statutes, and do not control, expand, nor limit the scope or meaning of any term contained in these Statutes.

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CHEMICAL WORKS OF GEDEON RICHTER PLC.	
CONSOLIDATED VERSION OF THE STATUTES, INCLUDING AMENDMENTS APPROVED BY THE GENERAL MEETING APRIL 25, 2023	
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25.3 In cases where these Statutes mention a certain ratio (percentage) of shareholde shares represented by the shareholder(s) shall be understood.	
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<u>I hereby countersign</u> on the basis of Section 51(3) of Act V of 2006 on Public C Company Registration and Winding-up Proceedings the Statutes of Chemical Works of	
which were prepared by me and are consolidated with the amendments of Sections $\frac{7.12}{7.12}$	
Annex (A); provided for by resolutions no. $[]$ and $[]$ passed by the General Meeting of	n April <u>25,</u> 202 <u>3</u> . – – – formázott: Kiemelt
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dr. Szecskay András, attorney-at-law	törölt: 21-23
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Agenda item No.14.

Report of the Board of Directors on the treasury shares acquired by the Company based upon the authorization in resolution of the General Meeting No.20/2022.04.12.

Report of the Board of Directors on the treasury shares purchased based on the authorization granted by Resolution No. 20/2022.04.12. of the AGM

The AGM held on 12 April 2022 resolved that the Company should purchase its own common shares (treasury shares) with an aggregated nominal value not exceeding 10% of the registered capital.

Furthermore, the Board of Directors acting within the competence of the AGM authorized the use of the purchased treasury shares for the following purpose:

- Facilitation of the realization of Richter's strategic objectives, in particular the use of its own shares as means of payment in acquisition transactions,
- Assurance of shares required for Richter's share-based employee and executive incentive systems.

Based on the authorization, to satisfy such needs the Company purchased 153,045 treasury shares on the stock exchange and 288,514 outside the stock exchange in the course of the year.

It has been and is the Company's intention to allocate treasury shares to its executives and employees in the context of its incentive policy.

The Company has been operating two share incentive programmes in 2022 described in detail below. Besides these programmes, further 9,240 shares were transferred during the year to employees showing outstanding performance in promoting the Company's successful operation.

Employee Participation Program (EPP)

The aim of the establishment of the Richter EPP in 2018 is to strengthen the performance and loyalty of officers and key employees of the Company through sharing the success of the Company. In 2022, the Company transferred 8,165 treasury shares to the EPP Organisation under the EPP Organisation's Remuneration Policy IV (expansion), followed by 183,959 treasury shares under Remuneration Policy V.

Programme Related to Employee Share Bonuses

In accordance with its employee share scheme regulated by Section 77/C of the Act on Personal Income Tax, in 2022 the Company allocated 281,392 treasury shares to 4,847 employees. The shares will be deposited until 1 January 2025 in the employees' securities accounts kept with UniCredit Bank Hungary Ltd.

Budapest, 9 March 2023

Gábor Orbán Chief Executive Officer

Agenda item No.15.

Authorization to the Board of Directors for the purchase of own shares of the Company

<u>Proposal to Item No.:15</u> on the Agenda of the AGM

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 50/2023

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to make a resolution regarding the Company purchase its own common shares (i.e. shares issued by Gedeon Richter Plc.) having the face value of HUF 100, by the date of the year 2024 AGM, either in circulation on or outside the stock exchange, the aggregated nominal value of which shall not exceed 10% of the then prevailing registered capital of the Company (that is maximum 18,637,486 registered common shares) and at a purchase price which shall deviate from the trading price at the stock exchange at maximum by +10% upwards and at maximum by -10% downwards.

The purchase of its own shares shall serve the following purposes:

- the facilitation of the realization of Richter's strategic objectives, thus particularly the use of its own shares as means of payment in acquisition transactions,
- the assurance of shares required for Richter's share-based incentive systems for employees and executive employees.

Agenda item No.16.

Election of members of the Board of Directors

<u>Proposal to Item No.:16</u> <u>on the Agenda of the AGM</u>

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 21/2023.

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the **re-election** of **Mr. Attila Erik Bogsch** as Member of the Board of Directors for a period of 5 (five) years expiring on the AGM in 2028.

The Board of Directors passed the resolution unanimously, with no dissenting votes and the abstention of Mr. Erik Attila Bogsch.

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 22/2023.

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the **re-election** of **Mr. Gábor Orbán** as Member of the Board of Directors for a period of 5 (five) years expiring on the AGM in 2028.

The Board of Directors passed the resolution unanimously, with no dissenting votes and the abstention of Mr. Gábor Orbán.

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 23/2023.

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the **re-election** of **Dr. Ilona Hardy dr. Pintérné** as Member of the Board of Directors for a period of 4 (four) years expiring on the AGM in 2027.

The Board of Directors passed the resolution unanimously, with no dissenting votes and the abstention of Dr. Ilona Hardy dr. Pintérné.

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 24/2023

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the **re-election** of **Dr. Elek Szilveszter Vizi** as Member of the Board of Directors for a period of 4 (four) years expiring on the AGM in 2027.

The Board of Directors passed the resolution unanimously, with no dissenting votes and the abstention of Dr. Elek Szilveszter Vizi.

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 25/2023

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the **re-election** of **Dr. Péter Cserháti** as Member of the Board of Directors for a period of 4 (four) years expiring on the AGM in 2027.

The Board of Directors passed the resolution unanimously, with no dissenting votes and the abstention of Dr. Péter Cserháti.

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 52/2023

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the **election** of **Gabriella Balogh** as Member of the Board of Directors for a period of 3 (three) years expiring on the AGM in 2026.

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 53/2023

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the **election** of **Balázs Szepesi** as Member of the Board of Directors for a period of 3 (three) years expiring on the AGM in 2026.

The Board of Directors passed the resolution unanimously, with no dissenting votes and no abstentions.

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 54/2023

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the **election** of **Lászlóné Németh** as Member of the Board of Directors for a period of 3 (three) years expiring on the AGM in 2026.

Argument for item no. 16 on the agenda

The members of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board have always been elected by the Company for a term of three years. However, the mandates of the members of the Board of Directors do not expire all at once in the same year, rather three to five members' mandates expire annually. This solution limits to a certain extent the that up to half of the Board of Directors is changed in a given year, which could disrupt the sustainability and continuity of the Company's operations and hinder the Company in achieving its medium- and long-term objectives.

However, this year, due to the resignation of board members Mr. Csaba Lantos, Ms. Ilona Dávid and Mr. László Szabó, eight seats of the Board of Directors will become vacant, while in 2025 only one additional Board member's mandate will expire.

The Company has always placed a strong emphasis on predictability, stability and continuity, and therefore wishes to avoid this potential threat. The relevant provisions of the Civil Code and the Corporate Governance Recommendations of the Budapest Stock Exchange (with which the Company otherwise complies in all respects) entitle the General Meeting of the Company to determine the duration of the mandate.

In view of the above, the Board of Directors of the Company proposes to further develop the so-called "staggered board" system, specifically that the General Meeting should elect persons key to the Company's continued and sustainable operation and to the achievements of its medium- and long-term objectives (i.e. Mr. Erik Bogsch, the Chairman of the Board of Directors and Mr. Gábor Orbán, the Chief Executive Officer,) as members of the Board of Directors, for a term of 5-5 years, three other members for a term of 4-4 years and three further members for a term of 3-3 years.



Erik Bogsch

Chairman of the Board of Directors

chemical engineer, qualified economic engineer

- He held a number of management positions in Research and Development at Richter between 1970 and 1977.
- Medimpex Director in Mexico from 1977 to 1982.
- Deputy Chief Development Engineer at Richter from 1982 to 1988.
- Managing Director of Medimpex UK from 1988 to 1992.
- Chief Executive Officer of Gedeon Richter from 1992 to November 1, 2017.
- Chairman of the Board of Directors of Gedeon Richter Plc. since January 1, 2017
- Member of the Board of MAGYOSZ, Chairman of MAGYOSZ between 2006 and 2016.
- from November 1, 2017 to November 15, 2022 Director General responsible for Commercial, International and Governmental Affairs.
- Strategy Advisor from November 15, 2022.



Orbán Gábor

Chief Executive Officer

Appointed Chief Executive Officer from November 1, 2017. Began his professional career as an economist for the National Bank of Hungary and the European Central Bank. He later joined Aegon Asset Management where he worked as a fund manager and the head of the fixed income desk. He served as the state secretary in charge of taxation and the financial sector at the Ministry for National Economy for two and a half years, followed by a year spent at Banque Rothschild where he worked as a consultant. He earned his MA degree at the Budapest University of Economics and studied also in the United States. Richter's Director of Corporate Strategy since September 2016, Chief Operating Officer since 2017. Member of the Company's Board of Directors from April 2017.



dr Ilona Hardy dr Pintérné

Lawyer, capital market specialist. Began her career at Hungarian State Development Bank. In 1988-1990 founding Head of Securities Trading Secretariat, which is deemed to be the predecessor of Budapest Stock Exchange. Between 1990 and 1992 founder CEO of the Budapest Stock Exchange and member of Stock Exchange Board. From 1994 to 2004 she leads private praxis as attorney at law.

Between 1993 and 1996 member of the Hungarian National Bank's Monetary Bank Council. From 2004 to 2010 member of the Monetary Council of Hungarian National Bank. During 18 years, from its founding in 1997 chairperson of the Hungarian Investor's Protection Fund. Currently Chairperson of the Board of "Aranykor" Voluntary Pension Fund, which is the biggest independent voluntary pension fund with 28 years of past.

Chairperson of the Budapest Stock Exchange's Advisory Committee. Member previously chairperson - of the Ethical Board of the Hungarian Olympic Committee. Chair of the Supervisory Board of BOM Foundation for Hungarian Sport. Board member of National Association of Voluntary Funds from 2015. Deputy chair of the Hungarian Atlantic Council from 1997. Member of the Company's Board of Directors since April 2017. Member of the Board of Directors' Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee and chairperson of the ESG Subcommittee.

Prof Dr Elek Szilveszter Vizi

Graduated from Semmelweis University of Medicine as medical doctor. Member of the Hungarian and several other academies, Honorary fellow of the British Pharmacological Society. From 1989 to 2002 Director of the Institute of Experimental Medicine (IEM) of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences. President of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences between 2002 and 2008. Currently the emeritus professor of IEM. Joined the Board in 2008. Chairman of the Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee of the Board of Directors.

Dr Péter Cserháti

Doctor of medicine, health care manager. He graduated from Semmelweis University, Faculty of General Medicine. From 1988 to 2007, he worked at the National Institute of Traumatology and Emergency. From 2008 Chief Physician, currently appointed Director of National Institute of Medical Rehabilitation (OORI), which is a branch of National Musculoskeletal Institute (OMINT). Between 2010 and 2013 Deputy State Secretary for Health Policy. From 2013 to 2019, he was Commissioner of the Ministry of Human Capacities. As part of his teaching activities, he has been an assistant professor at the Independent Department of Medical Rehabilitation and Physical Medicine of the University of Pécs since 2015, later an honorary associate professor, as well as a consultant at the Károli Gáspár University. Since 2019 Rector Appointed Commissioner responsible for Rehabilitation at Semmelweis University, in 2019, he was awarded the Batthyány-Strattmann László Prize. He has been a member of the Board since April 2020. Member of the Remuneration Subcommittee and Corporate Governance and Nomination Subcommittee of the Board of Directors.

Curriculum Vitae

Name: Gabriella Balogh

Professional experience:

1993 - 94.	OTP Bank Ltd Zala County Directorate - marketing associate
1994 - 98.	OTP Bank Ltd Marketing Department - marketing associate
1998 - 2005.	OTP Bank Ltd Marketing Department - head of marketing department
2005 - 2008.	OTP Bank Ltd Marketing and Sales Directorate - Managing Director
2008 -	GoodStep Consulting Ltd Managing Director
2010 - 2017	Central European Media and Publishing - Member of the Board of Directors
2016 -	Net Média Zrt co-owner, board member
2021 -	OTP Bank Plc Member of the Board of Directors

Positions held:

Prima Primissima Foundation - Member of the Board of Trustees Bolyai Prize Foundation - member of the Board of Trustees Müpa Zrt. - Chairman of the Supervisory Board

Qualifications:

1984-88 Kölcsey Ferenc High School, Zalaegerszeg 1988-93. University of Veszprém - chemical engineer 1995-97 Budapest University of Economics - marketing economist

Language skills: English, German

Balázs Szepesi



Economist, sociologist, PhD in political science. He graduated at the Budapest University of Economics and at the Central European University. He started his career in 1999 at the Ministry of Economy. He worked for the National Development Office as head of department for Evaluation, Analysis and Modelling between 2003 and 2006 – his unit supported the preparation of national programs utilizing EU development funds. He led the research project '*Report on the State of Capitalism in Hungary*' in 2008-2009. In 2009 he founded the Hétfa Research

Institute with his fellows. He is the founder and editor of an online magazine, the Összkép Magazin since 2015. He worked for the Ministry of Innovation and Technology as Deputy State Secretary for Economic Development between 2018 to 2020 – he was responsible for the SME policy programs of the government, and he coordinated the elaboration of the government's strategy to strengthen small and medium-sized enterprises. From 2020 he is the Head of the School of Economics and the Institute on Entrepreneurship Research at Mathias Corvinus Collegium. He has led several research on the operation and characteristics of Hungarian enterprises and he is one of the founders of the Enterprise Research Network in Hungary. He was teaching throughout his career, he is a permanent teacher at the Rajk College for Advanced Studies, a patron teacher at the Széchenyi István College, and has taught several times at the Debrecen College of Economics. He has two children.

Németh Lászlóné

maiden name Serényi Zsuzsanna

born:

• 16th of July, 1953. Budapest

Education:

• professional qualificaton in foreign trade

Professional background:

- 2022 Magyar Közút Zrt Chairman of the Supervisory Board
- 2021 MAVIR Zrt. Member of the Board of Directors
- 2019 Országos Dohányboltellátó Kft. Chairman of the Supervisory Board
- 2018-2021 Nemzeti Dohánykereskedelmi Zrt. Chairman of the Supervisory Board
- 2016-2018 advisor of the Prime Minister
- **2014-2016** Prime Minister's Office, State Secretary assigned to national financial services and postal affairs
- 2011-2014 Minister of National Development
- 2010-2011 member of the Board of Directors at MVM Zrt.
- **2010-től** Deputy CEO of the Hungarian Development Bank Co. and member of the Board of Directors
- **2008-2010** Special Deputy Head and Head of Customer Relations, OTP Bank Co. Central Branch
- 2005-2008 Deputy Managing Director at the Central Branch of OTP Bank Co.
- **2002-2005** Deputy Managing Director of commercial banking, OTP Bank Co.South-Eastern Region of Budapest,.
- **1998-2002** advisor of the CEO at Hungarian Development Bank Co. later Managing Director supervising the Credit Division
- **1995-1998** Head of the Department of Accounts, later Head of the Credit Department at the Central Branch of OTP Bank Co.
- **1990-1995** Department Head of the Bank Leumi Budapest, later Deputy Division Head, dealing with trade finance
- **1977-1990** export manager, Artex Foreign Trade Company
- 1971-1977 export transactor, Artex Foreign Trade Company

Foreign language:

• English, German

Agenda item No.17.

Election of member of the Supervisory Board

<u>Proposal to Item No.:17</u> <u>on the Agenda of the AGM</u>

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 55/2023

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the **election** of **employee representative Ferenc Sallai** as Member of the Supervisory Board for a period of 1 (one) year expiring on the AGM in 2024.

27-03-2023

Curriculum Vitae

Personal Data:

Name: Ferenc Sallai Date of birth: 15.01.1965 Family status: married E-mail: <u>f.sallai@richter.hu</u>



Education:

2007.	Heller Farkas College of Economic and Tourism Services
	Economist majoring in economics, specializing in logistics
2002.	OKTÁV Further Education Center Ltd.
	Dangerous goods/ADR administrator
1999.	Euro-Contact Business School
	General manager I.
1996.	Euro-Contact Business School
	Middle general manager
1984.	Petrik Lajos Vocational high school of Chemical Industry
	General chemical technician
1983.	Petrik Lajos Vocational high school of Chemical Industry
	High school graduation
Work Experience:	
2002-	Richter Gedeon Ltd., Chemical Plant I.
	Production support team leader
	I lead the two groups that ensure the plant's material flow and production preparation.
	These two groups solve the logistics and inverse logistics tasks necessary to ensure the
	continuous production of the plant. My duties also include reasonable and economical
	management of the plant's indirect costs, optimization of stocks, compliance with
	various regulations and audits (GMP, ADR, SEVESO, official regulations, etc.),
	preparation of reports, statements, SOPs, work instructions. I participate in the
	planning and implementation of LEAN projects.
1984-2002	Richter Gedeon Ltd., Chemical Plant II.
1901 2002	Pharmaceutical base material Manufacturing group leader
	Management of a group of 12-15 people, based on technological specifications,
	supervision of production of active ingredients and intermediates in compliance with
	GMP principles, organization of work, distribution of tasks, control.
Language skills:	own principles, organization of work, distribution of disks, control.
Language skins.	B2 complex language exam
	B2 complex language exam
Other skills:	
Other Skins.	Microsoft Office, SAP PP-, MM-moduls, Internet, driving license "B" category
	Microsoft Office, SAF FF-, Mini-moduls, internet, unving ficelise "D category
Other activities:	
Other activities:	I was a member of the Selection Committee of the Company's Works Council for
	I was a member of the Selection Committee of the Company's Works Council for
	several terms.
	I am an elected representative of the Voluntary Pension Fund operating alongside the
2002,200c	Company.
2003-2006	I was an external expert in the Financial Control Committee of the Town of Tura.

Agenda item No.18.

Resolution on the remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors

<u>Proposal to Item No.:18</u> on the Agenda of the AGM

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 56/2023.

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the remuneration (fixed monthly honoraria) of the members of the Board of Directors of the Company for the year 2023, with effect from January 1, 2023, as follows:

Chairman of the Board of Directors: HUF 945,000/month Members of the Board of Directors: HUF 790,000/month/member

The Board of Directors passed the resolution unanimously, with no dissenting votes and no abstentions.

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 57/2023.

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve a remuneration (meeting fee) for the members of subcommittees established by the Board of Directors of the Company based on meetings attended, set at the same level for each subcommittee meeting, but with an annually capped amount, for the year 2023, as follows:

HUF 150,000 /subcommittee meeting maximum total HUF 900,000/subcommittee member payable in respect of 2023

Meeting fees for subcommittee members for 2023 will be calculated on the basis of the subcommittee statistics (*number of subcommittee meetings, names of subcommittee members present per meeting*) prepared by the Secretary of the Board of Directors for the year in question and paid in one lump sum by January 31 of the calendar year following the calendar year in question.

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 58/2023.

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the granting of a share remuneration to the non-operative members of the Board of Directors of the Company for the year 2023, linked to the Company's performance in 2023, as follows:

The so-called non-operative members of the Board of Directors who do not have any other legal relationship with the Company other than their membership on the Board of Directors shall receive a variable number of Richter common shares (hereinafter referred to as "share remuneration"), which shall be dependent on the financial performance of the Company. The share remuneration is paid subsequently, within 30 days of the annual general meeting closing the financial year in question, by crediting the shares to the securities account of the persons concerned. The annual share remuneration consists of two components and amounts to 1,500 shares per member. 50% of the remuneration is dependent on the annual growth of the sales revenue of the Pharmaceuticals Production in euros, and the other 50% is dependent on the annual growth of the results of operating of Pharmaceuticals activities before special items the Production (Pharmaceuticals Production OPBSI) in euros. For both remuneration components, the maximum remuneration of 750-750 shares is granted if the annual growth rate is equal to or above 5%. If the 5% growth target in the respective component is not satisfied, the number of shares to which members are entitled is reduced by 150 shares per each 1 percentage point of shortfall (thus, if the Company does not achieve at least 1% annual growth in either performance target, no share remuneration is granted).

The share remuneration is a net benefit granted by the Company. The Company will ensure that the tax(es), contribution(s) and any other public charges payable by the non-operative members of the Board of Directors concerned in connection with the acquisition of the shares awarded are paid in accordance with the legislation effective at the time. The Company's coverage of the payment of taxes and contributions (in the form of a cash benefit) does not extend to the payment of any additional tax(es) or costs (*e.g.*, dividend and profit tax) incurred by the non-operative members of the Board of Directors concerned arising upon exercising the rights attached to the shares granted or in connection with the disposal of the shares granted. Accordingly, the share remuneration as incentive includes an additional cash benefit to the non-operative members of the Board of Directors concerned in connection with the acquisition (s) payable by the Board of Directors concerned in connection with the acquisition of the shares, based on the legislation effective at the time. The

cash benefit related to the share remuneration is paid within 30 days of the annual general meeting closing the financial year in question.

Agenda item No.19.

Resolution on the remuneration of the members of the Supervisory Board

<u>Proposal to Item No.:19</u> on the Agenda of the AGM

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 59/2023.

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the remuneration (fixed monthly honoraria) of the members of the Supervisory Board of the Company for the year 2023, with effect from January 1, 2023, as follows:

Chairman of the Supervisory Board: HUF 790,000/month Members of the Supervisory Board: HUF 570,000/month/member

The Board of Directors passed the resolution unanimously, with no dissenting votes and no abstentions.

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 60/2023.

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve a remuneration (meeting fee) for the Chairman of the Supervisory Board of the Company based on meetings of the Board of Directors attended, set at the same level for each meeting of the Board of Directors, for the year 2023, as follows:

HUF 300,000/ meeting of the Board of Directors

The meeting fee payable to the Chairman of the Supervisory Board in respect of 2023 shall be calculated on the basis of the Board statistics (*number of meetings of the board of directors attended by the Chairman of the Supervisory Board*) prepared by the Secretary of the Board of Directors for the year in question and be paid in one lump sum by January 31 of the calendar year following the calendar year in question.

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 61/2023.

The Board of Directors proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve a remuneration (meeting fee) for the members of the Audit Board of the Company based on meetings attended, set at the same level in each Audit Board meetings, but with an annually capped amount, for the year 2023, as follows:

HUF 150,000/Audit Board meeting maximum total 900,000 /Audit Board member payable in respect of 2023

The meeting fee payable to the members of the Audit Board in respect of 2023 shall be calculated on the basis of the Audit Board statistics (*number of Audit Board meetings, names and number of members of the Audit Board attending meetings*) prepared by the Secretary of the Board of Directors for the year in question and be paid in one lump sum by January 31 of the calendar year following the calendar year in question.

Agenda item No.20.

Election of statutory auditor

<u>Proposal to Item No.:20</u> on the Agenda of the AGM

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 62/2023.

The Board of Directors, based on the proposal of the Audit Board, proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve appointing **Deloitte Auditing and Consulting Ltd.** (seat: 1068 Budapest, Dózsa György út 84/C., Hungarian Chamber of Auditors registration number: 000083) as the Company's auditor for one year until April 30, 2024, but not later than the approval of the Company's consolidated financial statements of 2023.

Agenda item No.21.

Resolution on the remuneration of the Company's statutory auditor

<u>Proposal to Item No.:21</u> <u>on the Agenda of the AGM</u>

Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 63/2023.

The Board of Directors, based on the proposal of the Audit Board, proposes to the Annual General Meeting of 2023 to approve the honoraria amounting to HUF 48,500,000 + VAT for Deloitte Auditing and Consulting Ltd. (seat: 1068 Budapest, Dózsa György út. 84/C.) for its performance as auditor of the Company in respect of 2023. The honoraria includes the fee for the auditing of the 2023 consolidated annual report under IFRS, the assessment of the consistency of the 2023 consolidated annual report with the consolidated business report and the so-called Business review for investor information, the fee for the auditing of the 2023 non-consolidated annual report, the fee for examining the consonance between the non-consolidated annual report and business report for 2023, the auditing of the Company's remuneration report prepared on the year 2023, furthermore the fee for reviewing the quarterly reports serving the purpose to inform investors and sent to the BSE (Budapest Stock Exchange) and the MNB (Central Bank of Hungary), and the fee of auditing the Company's consolidated interim financial statement which shall be completed on the accounting date of August 31, 2023. The statutory auditor will receive an additional fee of EUR 15,000 + VAT for auditing the ESEF tagging duties in respect of the 2023 consolidated annual report.

Agenda item No.22.

Miscellaneous