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INTRODUCTION

A team of 25 people from the University of Alaska Fairbanks and other organizations worked at Isachsen, Ellef Ringnes Island during July 2005, as part of the "Biocomplexity associated with biogeochemical cycles in arctic frost-boil ecosystems" project. The field party consisted of 14 research scientists, 4 graduate students, 4 students in an Arctic Field Ecology course, 2 native hunters from the village of Sachs Harbor, and a cook (see Participant List and Contact Information).

This year's work was the fourth in a 5-year project. The main objective of the research is to investigate the properties of small-patterned-ground ecosystems along a climate gradient from the coldest parts of the Arctic to the northern boreal forest (Fig. 1). We are studying earth hummocks, non-sorted circles, small non-sorted polygons, and turf hummocks – how they form, how they vary with climate and substrate, and their role in total ecosystem functions. The project is examining five subzones of the circumpolar Arctic (Subzone A is the coldest, and Subzone E is the warmest). In 2002, the project examined non-sorted circles and earth hummocks along the Dalton Highway in Northern Alaska (Subzones C-E). The second year focused on Green Cabin on Banks Island (Subzone C); the third year focused on Mould Bay on Prince Patrick Island (Subzone B); in this year the team worked at Isachsen (Subzone A). In subzone A, B, and C, turf hummocks, and small non-sorted polygons are dominant on zonal sites.

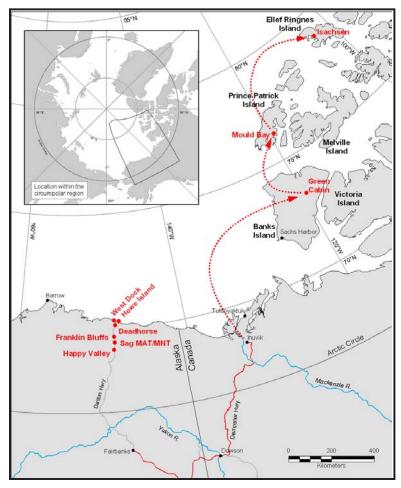


Fig. 1: Map of patterned-ground study sites along climate gradient.

The team is investigating the complex interactions between climate, permafrost, geomorphology, soils, vegetation, and soil invertebrates within these unique ecosystems. One goal is to examine how these systems might change in different parts of the Arctic as the climate warms. This year the project established three new 10 x 10-m grids at Isachsen. We mapped the vegetation and thaw-layer depth within the grids, and characterized the vegetation of the patterned ground by collecting vegetation, site, and soil information from 52 relevé sites in the vicinity of the grids. We also established a climate station near one of the grids and heave instruments.

Students are a major part of the project. Four graduate students participated in the project this summer, and four undergraduate students were involved from the Arctic Field Ecology course organized by Dr. Bill Gould. The first two weeks of the course were mainly spent at Isachsen. The second two weeks were spent at Bathurst. A report of the student research is at the end of this document.

DESCRIPTION OF ISACHSEN

Ellef Ringnes Island (situated in the Canadian Arctic Archipelago) is north of Banks Island and Prince Patrick Island (Figs. 1 -3), and is 12,940 km² (Foscolos & Kodama, 1981) in size. Isachsen is the site of a Canadian weather station on the northwestern coast of Ellef Ringnes Island, at 78° 47' N latitude, 103° 35' W longitude.

Ellef Ringnes Island is a low relief island. The northwestern fifth of the island is a nearly flat plain. South of this lies a belt of highly dissected plateau. South of the plateau, the remaining part of the island - about two thirds - is lowland, except for distinct clusters of hills and ridges that rise with locally rugged topography, above the general level to form local uplands. The most distinctive of these uplands are developed on dome structure associated with gypsum intrusions (Fortier,1963). The preponderance of exposed bedrock consists of a conformable succession of nine, marine and nonmarine, clastic formations ranging in age from early Jurassic to early Tertiary. Jurassic rocks are represented by four marine formations which, in ascending order, are the Borden Island, Savik, Jaeger, and Deer Bay. The cretaceous beds are subdivided into five formations which, in ascending order, are Isachsen, Christopher, Hassel, Kanguk, and Eureka Sound. Finally, the Beaufort Formation is the youngest formation consisting of non-marine sands and gravel of late Tertiary to Pleistocene age. (Foscolos & Kodama, 1981). Diapirs occur in major anticlines. A system of northeasterly trending normal faults is best developed in the northern part of the island. In this region also, the Deer Bay Formation is intruded extensively by dykes and sills of diabase, basalt, and gabbro. Similar rocks intrude the Isachsen, Christopher, and Hassel Formations but on a smaller scale (Stott, 1969).

In the plains of the Isachsen research area shale, is the dominant rock with minor amounts of limestone and poorly consolidated sandstone (Heywood, 1957). According to Everett (1968) a single soil association (polar desert soils, see Tedrow, 1966 and Tedrow & Cantlon, 1958) occurs in the Isachsen area, composed of four drainage categories: category I (wet), category II (very poorly drained), category III (poorly drained to somewhat poorly drained), category IV (well drained).

Isachsen is in the Tundra Bioclimate Zone, in Subzone A (CAVM Team, 2003). Mean July temperature for 2005 was 2.7 °C and the SWI for 2005 was 3.7 °C (www.climate.weatheroffice.ec.gc.ca). For further climate information visit the web sites www.weatherbase.com and www.climate.weatheroffice.ec.gc.ca/Welcome e.html.

Continuous vegetation in the Isachsen area occurs in moist to wet areas. Even under the best of local conditions, the height of the vegetation is approximately 10 cm. The only woody shrub is the prostrate dwarf shrub, *Salix arctica*, which is rare.



Fig. 2: Isachsen camp and crew. Crew from left to right: Bill Gould, Greta Lewanski, Jordan Okie, Corinne Vonlanthen, Gary Michaelson, Corinne Munger, Vlad Romanovsky, Alexia Kelley, Maria Rivera (kneeling), Ina Timling, Manny Kudlak, Nadya Matveyeva, Skip Walker (kneeling), Fred Daniels, Rae Spain (kneeling), Charles Tarnocai, Tako Raynolds, Olga Makarova, Trevor Lucas. Missing: Howie Epstein, Grizelle Gonzalez, Anja Kade, Chien-Lu Ping, Constance Laureau, Robin Austin.

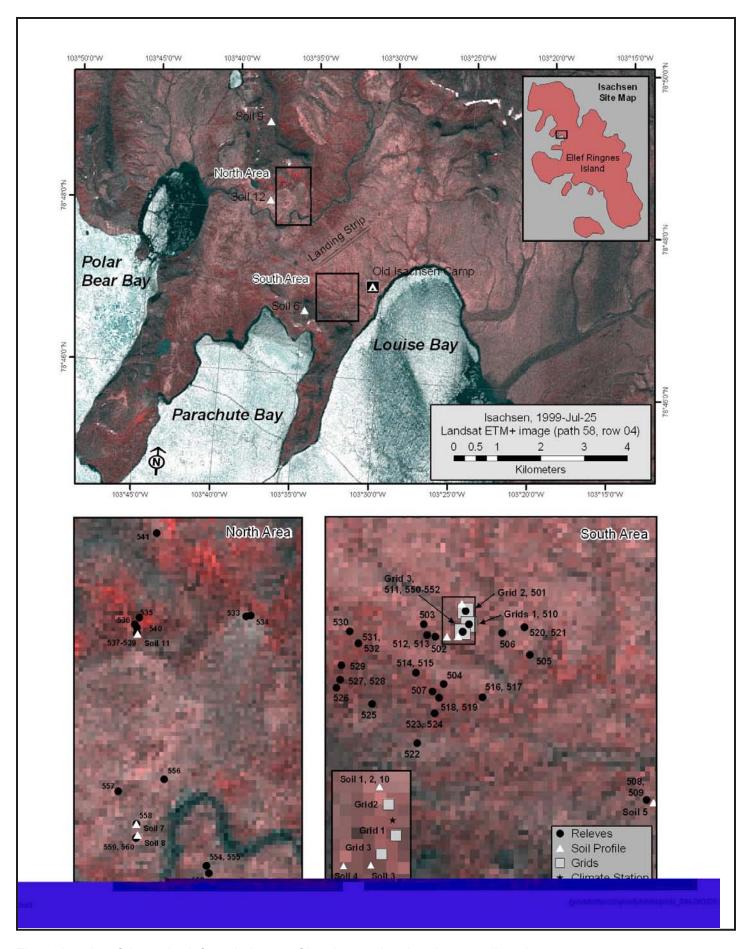


Fig. 3: Landsat false color infrared picture of Isachsen: showing the sampling sites.

METHODS & TYPES OF DATA COLLECTED

CLIMATE AND PERMAFROST

Instruments were installed near Grid 1 (Figs. 3 and 4) to measure air temperature, ground surface temperature and ground temperature. Standard Campbell Scientific L107 thermistors were used for air and ground surface temperature, and MRC thermistor rods for ground temperature. Two sets of ground temperature sensors were installed six meters apart, one in a hummock and another in an inter-hummock area. After pre-installment calibration, the precision of the sensors is better than 0.02 °C. Ground temperatures are collected at ten different depths down to 106 cm (roughly every 10 cm), measured every 5 minutes, and averaged and saved every hour.



Fig. 4: Climate station and heave scribers.

Ground moisture (including the unfrozen water content in winter) is measured at two different depths within the hummock and at two different depths in the inter-hummock area. VITEL volumetric water content sensors (based on TDR technique) were used. Each of the VITEL sensors was paired with an additional L107 temperature probe. Moisture content is recorded hourly during the entire year. Two Campbell Scientific heat flux probes were also installed at 8 cm depth, one within the hummock and another in the inter-hummock area.

Snow depth is continuously recorded at the site (at hourly intervals) using a CSC Ultrasonic Distance Sensor. A Campbell Scientific CR10-X logger operates the station and saves the data. A 20-watt regulated solar panel coupled with a 12 v battery is used for power supply. The air temperature sensor, the ultrasonic snow sensor and the solar panel are mounted on a 3 m tripod.

Three heave scribers were set up near Grid 1 (zonal Grid). Two more heave scribers were installed at the Grid 3. The heave scribers consist of a 2 m-long 1.5 cm-diameter solid copper grounding rod, with a steel scriber. The copper rod was driven 1.5 m into the ground, anchoring it in the permafrost. The steel plate and sleeve were placed on the rod, with the plate resting on the ground. The steel plate slides freely on the rod, rising with the frost heave in the fall, and falling back down with the spring thaw. A sharp spring steel scriber is attached to the sleeve by hose clamps. Its tip scratches the copper rod. The steel plate was rotated to make a complete circular scratch around the copper rod, marking the initial position. Any heaving of the ground during the winter raises the plate, causing the scribe to scratch the rod. The length of this vertical scratch is measured in following years to determine the amount of heave.

GRIDS

Grids

Three 10 x 10-m grids were marked by 1-m rebar and 1.5m PVC pipe at the four corners, and labeled with aluminum tags (Fig. 5). Labeled pin-flags were placed every meter within the grid. Grid 1 (zonal vegetation) was located on a gentle slope, and was composed of small non-sorted polygons. The top of the polygons was covered with lichens (such as Rinodina terrestris, Ochrolechia inaequatula, Megalaria jemtlandica, and Fuscopannaria praetermissa) and Puccinellia cf. andersonii. The interpolygon areas had more mosses (especially Aulacomnium turgidum, Hypnum subimponens, Pohlia cruda, Pohlia drummondii, Racomitrium lanuginosum, Tomentypnum nitens), Saxifraga caespitosa and Luzula nivalis. Grid 2 (dry site) was located at the top of a saddle, and had small non-sorted polygons, with little micro-relief. The polygons were sparsely vegetated (Rinodina terrestris, Ochrolechia inaequatula, Megalaria jemtlandica, and Fuscopannaria praetermissa, Puccinellia cf. andersonii, Poa abbreviata). Grid 3 (mesic site) was located on the toeslope, and was composed of small turf hummocks. The hummocks were covered with lichens, such as Pertusaria octomela, Rinodina turfacea, and Stereocaulon alpinum. The interhummock areas had more mosses (especially Aulacomnium turgidum, Pohlia cruda, Racomitrium lanuginosum, Tomentypnum nitens), Saxifraga caespitosa and Luzula nivalis.

Vegetation mapping

Maps were made of the vegetation types within the three grids. First the different vegetation communities were identified, then their location within the marked grid was mapped by hand on a 15-cm paper grid (Grid 1 and 2: 1:66.7 scale, Grid 3: 1:33.3 scale). The vegetation patterns in Grid 1 and 3 were at such a fine scale that only 1/4 of the grid was mapped. In addition, maps were made of 1 m² within each grid, using the same forms, but at larger scale (1:6.7), to show the cracking patterns and polygons which occur on the centimeter scale. The maps were hand-digitized as ARC/INFO polygon coverages.

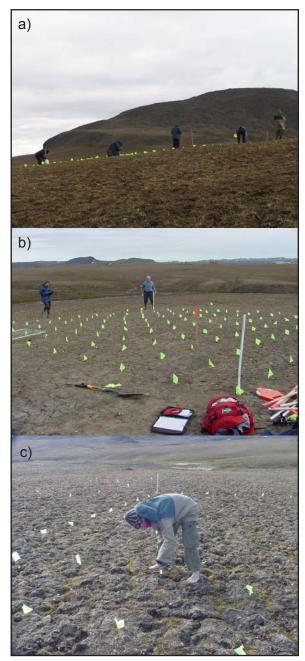


Fig. 5: Grids. a) Grid 1 (zonal), b) Grid 2 (dry), c) Grid 3 (hummocky).

Thaw depth

Thaw depths were sampled every half-meter (every meter Grid 2) within the grids with a metal probe. Vegetation community was noted at each point. The data were summarized by vegetation type. The data were also used to create maps of thaw depth on the grids, using Transform software. Ten thaw depth measurements were also taken at each relevé site.

VEGETATION

Vegetation relevés

52 relevés were sampled at Isachsen, from the grids and other sites (Fig. 3). Sites were chosen to represent the zonal vegetation and other major plant community types in the Isachsen area. Up to seven replicates were collected for each plant community described in the Isachsen vicinity. Relevé location and environmental site descriptions were collected, as well as cover data for all growth forms and species.

Nonvascular plant identification was verified by Mikhail Zhurbenko,Olga Afonina, and Alexei Potemkin at the Komarov Botanical Institute, St. Petersburg, Russia. Nomenclature followed Porsild (1955) and Porsild & Cody (1980) for vascular plants. A complete plant species list was compiled for the relevés. Soil samples were collected at each relevé, at the top of the mineral horizon. These were analyzed for chemical and physical properties.

Plant Biomass

Biomass was collected at each of the relevés. All above-ground vegetation within a 20 x 50-cm frame was clipped. Mosses were clipped at the base of the green portion. The samples were frozen for storage and then sorted by major plant functional type (moss, lichen, forb, horsetail, graminoid) and into live and dead categories. Dry weights of each component biomass sample are reported. Biomass was also collected along two 50-m transects adjacent to each grid, with three randomly placed 20 x 50-cm samples collected for each transect.

NDVI

The Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI) was measured using an Analytical Spectral Devices Field-Spec spectro-radiometer every meter along the two 50-m transects adjacent to each grid; grids are indicated as being in either dry (D), mesic (M), or wet (W) topographic positions. The sensor was held 0.9 m above the ground to include a ground footprint of ~0.125 m². Ground cover at each point was noted as vegetated (V), bare (B), or mixed (M). In addition NDVI measurements were taken for ~35 relevés identified at Isachsen. For each of these relevés, five NDVI measurements were taken at a height of 0.5 m (footprint of ~0.04 m²). Last, spectra were taken from five replicates of seven individual species; measurements were taken with the sensor just a few cm above the plant so as to avoid spectral contamination from surrounding vegetation. Since the sky was not always clear at Isachsen, a test of NDVI sensitivity to cloud conditions was performed on a day with mixed sun and clouds, where direct sun was highly variable over the time scale of minutes. Measurements were taken of incoming Red and Near Infrared, and NDVI every 5 minutes for 1 hour; prior to each measurement a "white reference" was taken to provide the baseline reflectance conditions. The simple test suggested that NDVI was not sensitive to variable incoming radiation conditions, provided that a white reference is taken before each measurement.

N-factor

At each releve, we buried one temperature logger (iButton, Maxim Integrated Products) at 1 cm depth in the mineral soil to represent the mineral soil surface. In addition, we installed one temperature logger at the interface of the live moss mat and the soil organic horizon at well-vegetated releves of the stable tundra. The data loggers will record soil temperatures every 4 hours during September 2005 until August 2006. For each releve, we recorded the depth of the live moss and, if present, the soil organic layer, and we took thaw depth and soil moisture measurements. We will calculate the modified n-factor, which is a quantitative index of the energy balance at the ground surface, by calculating the ratio of seasonal thawing degree-day sums at the soil surface to that in the air (Carlson 1952). We will compare the modified n-factor between frost-heave features and adjacent stable tundra and examine changes along the climate gradient.

SOILS

Soil pits

A 1.5 x 1-m soil pit was dug at the three grid sites to 1 m depth. Furthermore, nine other soil pits were dug in the Isachsen research area. A jackhammer was used to dig the frozen portion of the soil pit. Cross-sections of the pits were drawn and the soil profiles described. Samples taken from these pits were analyzed for pH, bulk density, P, C, and N. Soils were described according to U.S. soil Taxonomy.

All soil samples were shipped to the University of Alaska Fairbanks Palmer Soil and Plant Analysis Laboratory for analysis. Bulk density and volumetric soil moisture were calculated by drying field samples at 105 °C for 72 hours and determining percentage weight loss. All other analyses were completed on air-dried samples. Particle size was determined using the hydrometer method, taking readings at 40 seconds and 2 hours (Gee & Bauder, 1986). Soil pH values were measured using the saturated paste method with a glass electrode pH meter (Jackson, 1958). Total carbon and nitrogen were determined by dry combustion using a LECO CNS 2000 analyzer at 1350° C (Robertson et al., 1999). The availability of cations (K⁺, Na⁺, Ca²⁺, Mg²⁺) was determined with Mehlich-3 extractions (Mehlich, 1984).

Biogeochemistry

Three representative patterned-ground features were selected at the zonal site. At each sample site, several soil samples were collected within the feature and also between the features to determine the nitrogen and carbon content of the first 5 cm of soil in each area. The samples were then analyzed for percent carbon and nitrogen using a Carlo Erba elemental analyzer.

In order to determine the differences in nitrogen cycling, several processes were measured, including net nitrogen mineralization and nitrogen fixation. Nitrogen mineralization was measured using the buried bag method (Eno 1960) over a period of 7 days. At four locations within each frost feature and between the features, a soil core (2 cm in diameter and 5 cm in depth) was taken, and 10 g of the soil were extracted in 50 mL of 0.5 M K_2SO_4 . Another soil core was taken as close as possible to the original core. This soil core was placed into a polyurethane plastic bag and incubated in the soil for seven days. A 10 g sub-sample of the core was then extracted in 50 mL of 0.5 M K_2SO_4 . The samples were then mixed on a shaking table for 2 hours. The extracts were filtered and then analyzed for NO_3^- and NH_4^+ with a Lachat/Hach autoanalyzer.

Nitrogen fixation was assessed via the acetylene reduction assay (Knowles, 1980). A small core (approximately 2 cm in diameter and 0.5 cm deep) was removed from the surface of two locations within each frost feature: bare soil, crust, and between the features. The soil was placed in an incubation chamber and 10% of the gas volume was replaced with acetylene (generated from calcium carbide and water). The incubation vials were incubated for 48 hours and then a sample of gas was removed from the incubation vial and placed in a sample vial. The samples were then analyzed for ethylene with a gas chromatograph. Calculations of nitrogen fixation were made based on a standard conversion from acetylene reduction to nitrogen reduction.

Measurements of NDVI were made at three points within each frost feature and between the frost features at each site, following the methods described above. Above ground biomass clippings were also taken, at each sample location. These samples were sorted by plant functional type, dried at 50 °C and the dry weight was taken of each sample.

Physical properties of these areas were measured, including gravimetric soil moisture and thaw depth. These measurements were made at four points within sample site.

Mycorrhizae

Soil samples, fungal fruiting bodies, and roots of vascular plants present in frost feature ecosystems and surroundings, were collected in order to assess their mycorrhizal status. The assessment will include ectomycorrhizal, arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi and dark septate fungi.

Plants were chosen with respect to their presence in the 10 x 10-m grids. For each plant species, six individuals were chosen randomly in the area surrounding the grids. Plants were dug up and their root systems washed in water. Foreign roots were removed with tweezers to assure the identity of the root. Roots from each individual plant were divided into two sample sets, one for microscopy and the other for molecular analysis. All root samples were frozen in liquid nitrogen. Woody species and species which were known to be ectomycorrhizal were transported back alive to the lab. Here three individuals of each species were sampled per site. Root systems were washed and all fine roots were sampled for morphotyping under a dissection scope (Agerer, 1987- 2002). After morphotyping, root tips from each morphotype were frozen at -80 °C for further molecular analysis and also stored in ethanol for morphological description.

Turf hummocks in the Isachsen area

Turf hummocks represent a unique ecosystem, providing a nutritious and warm soil environment for plant growth, and a habitat and readily available food source for small mammals and insects.

Turf hummocks are small, 11–20 cm high, 18–50 cm diameter mounds. They commonly occur on gently to steeply sloping Arctic terrain (Table 1, Fig. 6). The purpose of the turf hummock project is to study characteristics and genesis of turf hummocks in Arctic Bioclimate subzones A, B, and C.

The objectives of this turf hummock sub-study are:

- 1. To examine the internal and external characteristics of turf hummocks on the basis of soil analytical data and of moisture and temperature measurements.
- 2. To determine their age and genesis.
- 3. To establish the role they play in the Arctic ecosystems.

During this fieldwork turf hummocks were studied at 14 locations in the Isachsen area of Ellef Ringnes Island in Arctic Bioclimate Subzone A (Table 1).

Table 1: Locations of turf hummock study sites in the Isachsen area of Ellef Ringnes Island.

| Site no. | Lat. (N) | Long. (W) | Slope (%) | Dominant vegetation |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| ER-1 | 78° 47' 17" | 103° 32' 07" | 8 | Moss-lichen |
| ER –2 | 78° 47' 42" | 103° 31' 26" | 10 | Moss-lichen |
| ER-3 | 78° 47' 16" | 103° 31' 57" | 8 | Mosses |
| ER-4 | 78° 47' 16" | 103° 31' 56" | 5 | Moss (60% unvegetated) |
| ER-5 | 78° 47' 12" | 103° 31' 47" | 5 | Mosses (80% unvegetated) |
| ER-6 | 78° 47' 11" | 103° 31' 47" | 5 | Mosses (60% unvegetated) |
| ER-7 | 78° 47' 29" | 103° 37' 10" | 4 | Mosses-grasses (80% unvegetated) |
| ER-8 | 78° 47' 29" | 103° 37' 10" | 4 | Mosses-grasses (80% unvegetated) |
| ER-9 | 78° 48' 25" | 103° 28' 38" | 2 | Lichen-moss |
| ER-10 | 78° 48' 25" | 103° 28' 39" | 3 | Lichen-moss |
| ER-11 | 78° 48' 25" | 103° 28' 48" | 3 | Lichens (70% unvegetated) |
| ER-12 | 78° 48' 25" | 103° 28' 49" | 3 | Lichens |
| ER-13 | 78° 48' 24" | 103° 28' 48" | 4 | Moss-lichen |
| ER-14 | 78° 48' 25" | 103° 28' 55" | 3 | Mosses-grasses |

Methods:

Pits were dug diagonally across the hummock to the adjacent inter-hummock troughs to expose the internal morphology. Detailed cross section diagrams were prepared and the various soil horizons and layers were identified. Soil samples were collected for laboratory analysis to determine their chemical and physical properties. Additional samples were collected for bulk density determinations.

At each site, the heights and diameters of five hummocks were measured. In addition, soil temperature measurements were taken at depths of 2.5 and 5 cm on the tops of three hummocks and under the adjacent interhummock troughs. Soil and bulk density samples are being analyzed in Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada's soil laboratory.

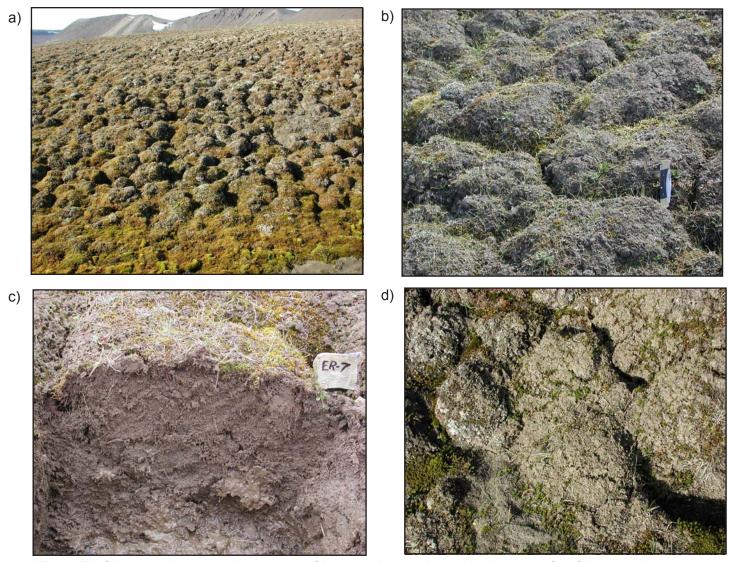


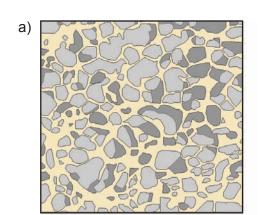
Fig. 6: Turf hummocks at Isachsen. a) turf hummocks on slope, b) close-up of turf hummocks, c) cross section of a turf hummock at site ER-7, d) newly-deposited mineral materials on the top of the hummocks. Note the mosses rapidly breaking through this new layer and incorporating the material into the hummocks.

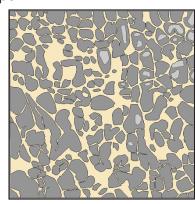
RESULTS

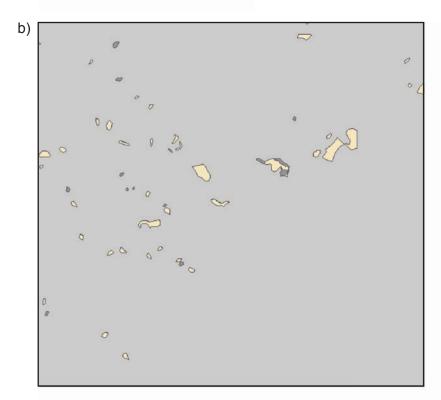
GRIDS

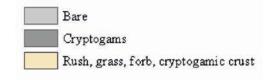
Vegetation maps

c)









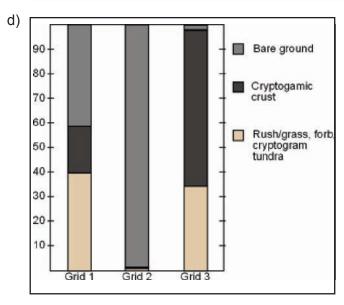
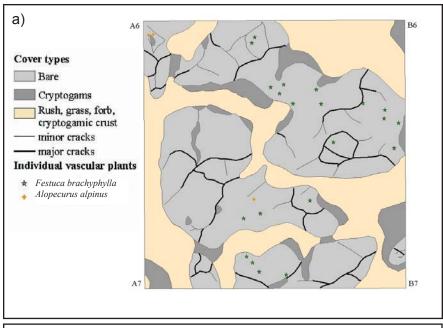
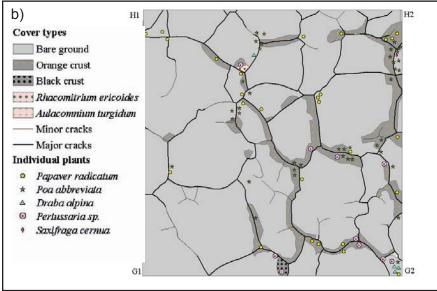


Figure 7: Vegetation maps at Isachsen.
a) grid 1 (zonal site, 5x5m), b) grid 2 (dry site, 10x10m)
c) grid 3 (hummocky site, 5x5m), d) chart of percent area of each vegetation unit.





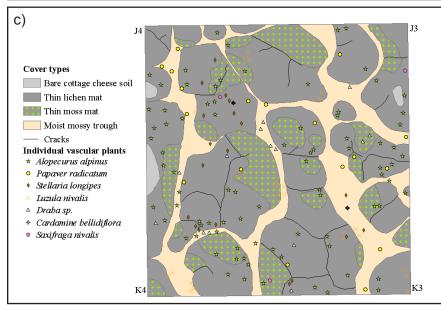


Fig. 8: Maps of 1x 1 m plots, showing polygonal cracking and vegetation: a) 1m² within Isachsen Grid 1, b) 1m² within Isachsen Grid 2, c) 1m² within Isachsen Grid 3.

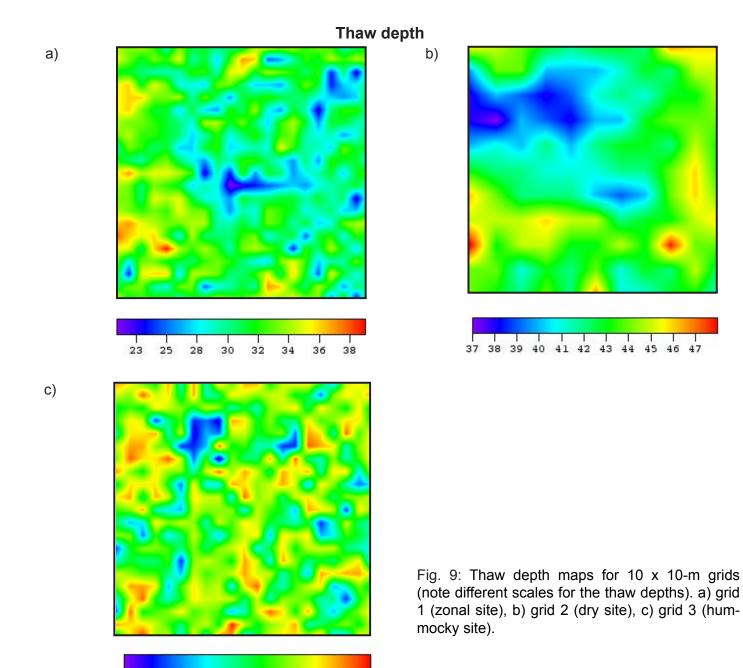


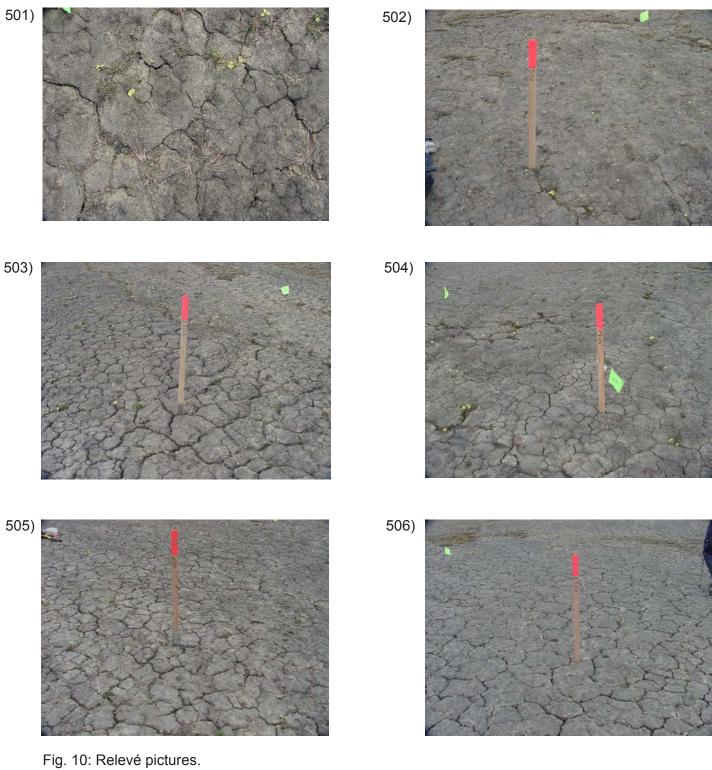
Table 2: Grid thaw depth data.

0.14

| Isachsen (Grid 1 - zoi | nal) | • | Isachsen (Grid 2 - dry |) | • | Isachsen (Grid 3 - hummock) | / site) | • |
|------------------------|------------|--------|------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------------------|-----------|--------|
| bare (b) | Mean = | 32.75 | bare (b) | Mean = | 42.70 | bare mound top (b) | Mean = | 32.08 |
| | S.D. = | 2.25 | . , | S.D. = | 2.26 | | S.D. = | 1.37 |
| | n = | 104.00 | | n = | 120.00 | | n = | 40.00 |
| | s.e. = | 0.22 | | s.e. = | 0.21 | | s.e. = | 0.22 |
| cryptogamic (c) | Mean = | 31.42 | vegetated crack (v) | one | 43.00 | cryptogamic on mounds (c) | Mean = | 30.93 |
| | S.D. = | 2.49 | | | | | S.D. = | 1.84 |
| | n = | 142.00 | | | | | n = | 222.00 |
| | s.e. = | 0.21 | | | | | s.e. = | 0.12 |
| vegetated crack (v) | Mean = | 29.41 | Total | Mean = | 42.70 | vegetation between mounds (v | /) Mean = | 26.43 |
| | S.D. = | 2.97 | | S.D. = | 2.25 | | S.D. = | 2.39 |
| | n = | 195.00 | | n = | 121.00 | | n = | 179.00 |
| | s.e. = | 0.21 | | s.e. = | 0.20 | | s.e. = | 0.18 |
| bare & cryptogamic cru | ıst Mean = | 31.98 | | | | Total | Mean = | 29.21 |
| ,, , | S.D. = | 2.47 | | | | | S.D. = | 3.09 |
| | n = | 246.00 | | | | | n = | 441.00 |
| | s.e. = | 0.16 | | | | | s.e. = | 0.15 |
| Total | Mean = | 30.85 | | | | | | |
| | S.D. = | 2.99 | | | | | | |
| | n = | 441.00 | | | | | | |

VEGETATION

Relevés



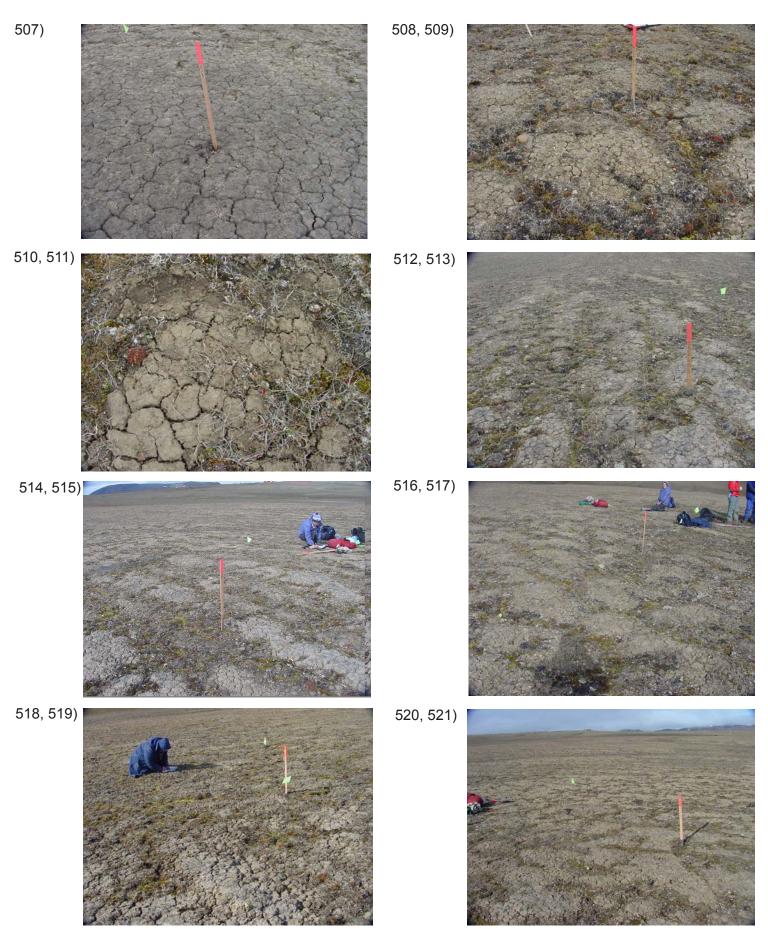


Fig. 10 - continued. 508-521: even numbers = interpolygon areas, uneven numbers = bare top of polygons.

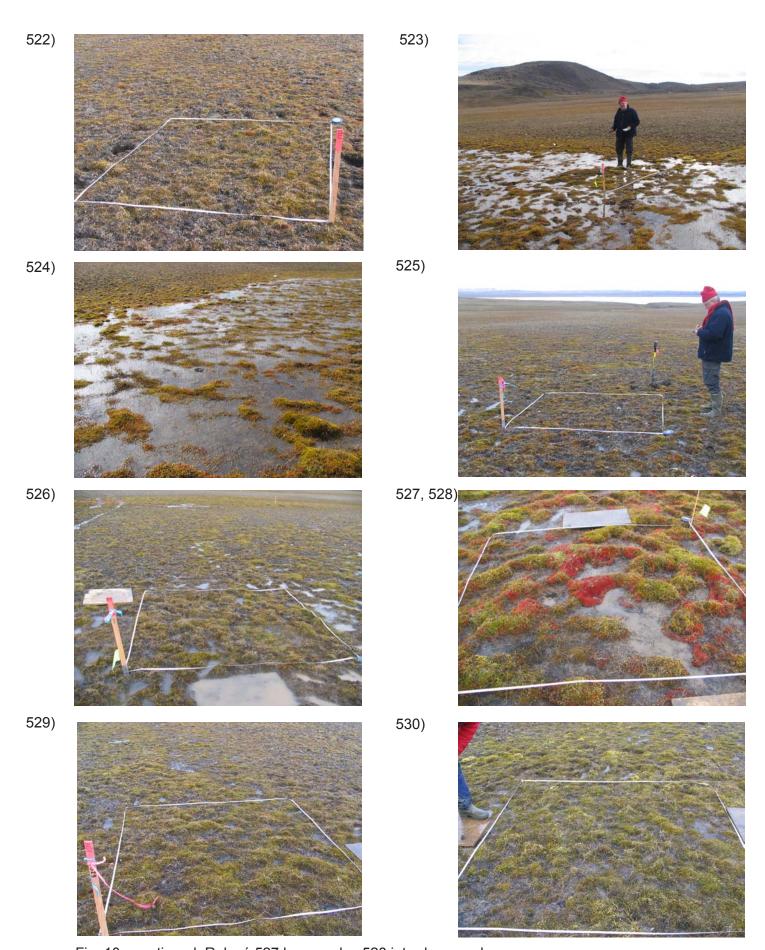


Fig. 10 - continued. Relevé 527 hummocks, 528 inter-hummocks.

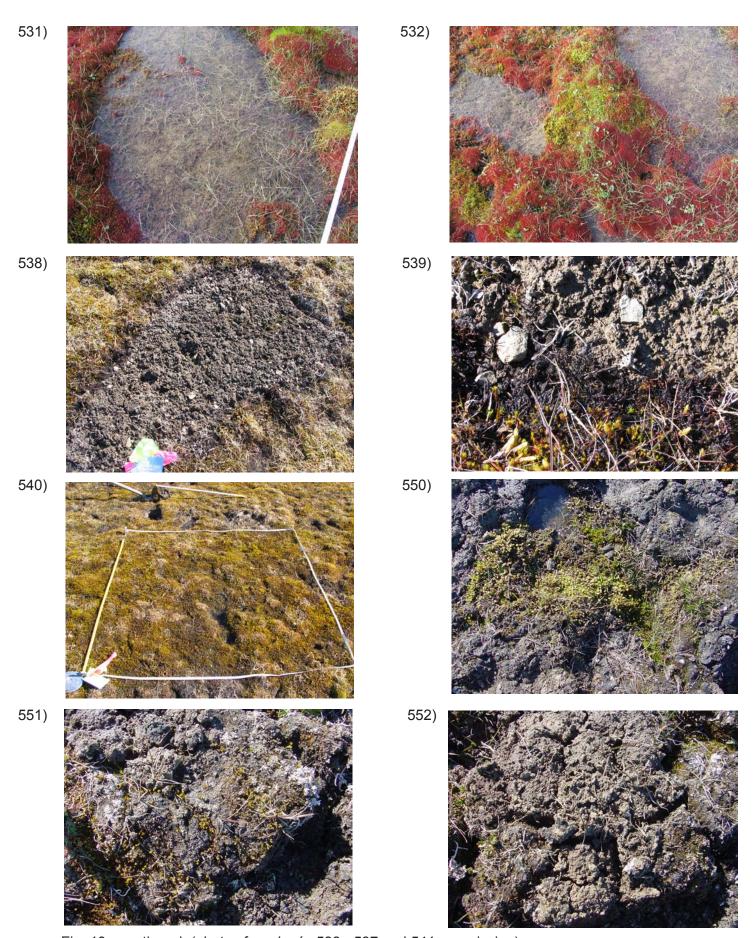


Fig. 10 - continued. (photos for relevés 533 - 537 and 541 are missing).

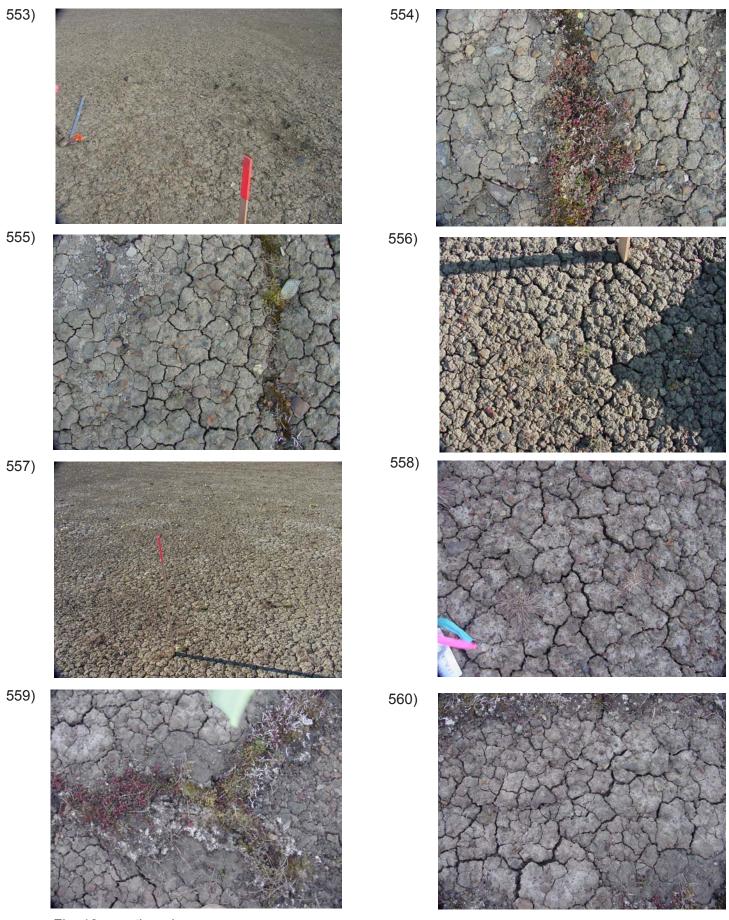


Fig. 10 - continued.

Table 3: Relevé site characteristics form.

| Sti | udy Site: | | | | Site Description |
|----------|---|--------|--|---------|--|
| Rele | evé No.: Date: | | Recording personnel: | Weather | |
| Stuc | ly area description: | | | | |
| Slop | oc (dcg): | Th | aw depth (cm): A: | | |
| Asp | ect: | | B: | | |
| | vation: | | C: | | |
| | ord numbers for all microsites. | | | | all Timita |
| | dforms Hills (including kames and moraines) | 1 | crosites Frost-scar element | 1 | oil Units Pergelic Cryorthent, acid |
| | Talus slope | 2 | Inter-frost scar element | 2 | |
| | Colluvial basin | 3 | Strang or hummock | 3 | 8 |
| | Glaciofluvial and other fluvial terraces | 4 | Flark, interstrang, or interhummock area | 4 | |
| 5 6 | Marine terrace Floodplains | 5 6 | Polygon center Polygon trough | 5 | |
| 7 | Drained lakes and flat lake margins | 7 | Polygon rim | 7 | |
| 8 | Abandoned point bars and sloughs | 8 | Stripe element | 8 | |
| 9 | Estuary | 9 | Inter-stripe element | 9 | |
| | Lake or pond Stream | 10 | Point bar (raised element) Slough (wet element) | | Pergelic Cryaquept, nonacid Pergelic Cryochrept |
| 11 | Sea bluff | 12 | Slough (wet element) | | 2 Pergelic Cryumbrept |
| | Lake bluff | 13 | | | 3 Ruptic-Lithic Cryumbrept |
| 14 | Stream bluff | 14 | | | 4 Pergelic Cryaquoll |
| 15 | Sand dunes | 15 | | | 5 Histic Pergelic Cryaquoll 6 Pergelic Cryoboroll |
| | Beach Disturbed | Sit | e Moisture (modified from Komárková 1983) | | 7 |
| 18 | Disturbed | 1 | Extremely xeric - almost no moisture; no plant growth | 1 | 8 |
| 19 | | 2 | Very xeric - very little moisture; dry sand dunes | | 9 |
| 20 | | 3 | Xeric - little moisture; stabilized sand dunes, dry ridge tops | | 0 |
| 21 | | 5 | Subxeric - noticeable moisture; well-drained slopes, ridges Subxeric to mesic - very noticeable moisture; flat to | | Exposure Scale |
| Sur | ficial Geology (Parent Material) | , | gently sloping | | Protected from winds |
| 1 | Glacial tills | 6 | Mesic-moderate moisture; flat or shallow depressions | 2 | Moderate exposure to winds |
| 2 | Glaciofluvial deposits | 7 | Mesic to subhygric - considerable moisture; depressions | 3 | - |
| 3 | Active alluvial sands | 8 | Subhygric - very considerable moisture; saturated but with < 5% standing water < 10 cm deep | 4 | Very exposed to winds |
| 5 | Active alluvial gravels Stabilized alluvium (sands & gravels) | 9 | Hygric - much moisture; up to 100% of surface under water | r I | Estimated Snow Duration |
| 6 | Undifferentiated hill slope colluvium | | 10 to 50 cm deep; lake margins, shallow ponds, streams | | Snow free all year |
| 7 | Basin colluvium and organic deposits | 10 | | r 2 | Snow free most of winter; some snow cover |
| 8 | Drained lake or lacustrine organic | | 50 to 150 cm deep; lakes, streams | | persistsafter storm but is blown free soon |
| 9 | deposits Lake or pond organic, sand, or silt | So | il Moisture (from Komárková 1983) | 3 | afterward Snow free prior to melt out but with snow |
| | Undifferentiated sands | 1 | Very dry - very little moisture; soil does not stick together | | most of winter |
| | Undifferentiated clay | 2 | Dry - little moisture; soil somewhat sticks together | | Snow free immediately after melt out |
| | Roads and gravel pads | 3 | Damp - noticeable moisture; soil sticks together but crumb | | |
| 13 14 | | 5 | Damp to moist - very noticeable moisture; soil clumps Moist - moderate moisture; soil binds but can be | 7 | |
| 15 | | ,, | broken apart | 8 | |
| 16 | | 6 | Moist to wet - considerable moisture; soil binds and sticks | | Very short snow free period |
| _ | | _ | to fingers | 1 | 0 Deep snow all year |
| Sur 1 | ficial Geomorphology Frost scars | 7 | Wet - very considerable moisture; water drops can be squeezed out of soil | | Animal and Human Disturbance |
| 2 | Wetland hummocks | 8 | Very wet - much moisture can be squeezed out of soil | |) No sign present |
| 3 | Turf hummocks | 9 | Saturated - very much moisture; water drips out of soil | 1 | Some sign present; no disturbance |
| 4 | Gelifluction features | 10 | Very saturated - extreme moisture; soil is more liquid | | 2 Minor disturbance or extensive sign |
| 5 | Strangmoor or aligned hummocks | | than solid | 2 | 3 Moderate disturbance; small dens or light grazing |
| 7 | High- or flat-centered polygons Mixed high- and low-centered polygons | | Glacial Geology | 4 | 4 Major disturbance; multiple dens or |
| 8 | Sorted and non-sorted stripes | 1 | Till 4 | | noticeable trampling |
| 9 | Palsas | 2 | Outwash 5 | | Very major disturbance; very extensive |
| 10 | Thermokarst pits | 3 | Bedrock 6 | | tunneling or large pit |
| 11 | Featureless or with less 20% frost scars Well-developed hillslope water tracks | | 7 | | Stability |
| 12 | and small streams > 50 cm deep | | Topographic Position | | l Stable |
| 13 | Poorly developed hillslope water tracks, | 1 | Hill crest or shoulder 5 Drainage channel | | 2 Subject to occasional disturbance |
| | < 50 cm dccp | | Side slope 6 Depression | : | 3 Subject to prolonged but slow |
| | Gently rolling or irregular microrelief | | Footslope or toeslope 7 Lake or pond | | disturbance such as solifluction Annually disturbed |
| | Stoney surface Lakes and ponds | 4 | Flat | | 5 Disturbed more than once annually |
| | Disturbed | O | ther notes: | | |
| 18 | | | | | |
| 19 | | _ | | | |
| 20 | | _ | | | |

Table 4: Relevé type and location.

| | | | | | Date | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------|------------|-------|-------|--------|
| Releve # | Location | Туре | Characteristic species | Study site | species data collected | Observer | Photo (site,soil) | Plot size (m2) | GPS north | GPS west | Elev. | Slope | Aspect |
| 501 | Isachsen | dry barren | Pucang, Poaabr, Papdah | Grid 2 | 22. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR, DW | 47, 48/49 | 5x5 | 78 47.139 | 103 33.081 | 41 | 5 | . ш |
| 505 | Isachsen | dry barren | Pucang, Poaabr, Papdah | SW Grid 2 | 22. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR,DW | 51,52/50 | 4x4 | 78 47.095 | 103 33.308 | 40 | 10 | н |
| 503 | Isachsen | dry barren | Pucang, Poaabr, Papdah | SW Grid 2 | 22. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR, DW | 53,54/56 | 4x4 | 78 47.113 | 103 33.412 | 45 | ∞ | Ħ |
| 504 | Isachsen | dry barren | Pucang, Poaabr, Papdah | SW Grid 2 | 22. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR,DW | 82/28/ | 4x4 | 78 47.022 | 103 33.214 | 35 | 2 | SE |
| 505 | Isachsen | dry barren | Pucang, Poaabr, Papdah | E Grid 2 | 22. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR, DW | 60,62/61 | 4x4 | 78 47.078 | 103 32.536 | 35 | 2 | Щ |
| 909 | Isachsen | dry barren | Pucang, Poaabr, Papdah | E Grid 2 | 22. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR,DW | 64,65/66 | 5x5 | 78 47.109 | 103 32.774 | 42 | S | SE |
| 205 | Isachsen | dry barren | Pucang, Poaabr, Papdah | SW Grid 2 | 23. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR, DW | 56/06'68 | 5x5 | 78 47.009 | 103 33.300 | 38 | 2 | SE |
| 80\$ | Isachsen | mesic - area between polygons | Luzniv, Saxcae, Aloalp | 500 m NW of ocean | 23. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR | 88/88-62 | 5x5 | 78 46.865 | 103 31.503 | 29 | _ | 1 |
| 609 | Isachsen | mesic -polygon | Rinter, Tetins, | 500 m NW of ocean | 23. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR | 80-82/86, 87 | 5x5 | 78 46.865 | 103 31.503 | 29 | _ | |
| 510 | Isachsen | mesic - area between polygons | Luzniv, Saxcae, Aloalp | Grid 1 | 24. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR | 112,114/116 | 5x5 | 78 47.119 | 103 33.047 | 39 | | 1 |
| 511 | Isachsen | mesic -polygon | Rinter, Tetins, | Grid 1 | 24. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR | 112,113/115 | 5x5 | 78 47.119 | 103 33.047 | 39 | _ | |
| 512 | Isachsen | mesic - area between polygons | Luzniv, Saxcae, Aloalp | W Grid 1 | 24. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR | 117,118/121 | 5x5 | 78 47.097 | 103 33.376 | 47 | 33 | п |
| 213 | Isachsen | mesic -polygon | Rinter, Tetins, | W Grid 1 | 24. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR | 117,119/120 | 5x5 | 78 47.097 | 103 33.376 | 47 | 3 | ы |
| 514 | Isachsen | mesic - area between polygons | Luzniv, Saxcae, Aloalp | W Grid 1 | 24. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR | 122,123/126 | 5x5 | 78 47.036 | 103 33.444 | 32 | - | 1 |
| 515 | Isachsen | mesic -polygon | Rinter, Tetins, | W Grid 1 | 24. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR | 122,124/125 | 5x5 | 78 47.036 | 103 33.444 | 32 | 1 | 1 |
| 516 | Isachsen | mesic - area between polygons | Luzniv, Saxcae, Aloalp | S Grid 2 | 26. Jul. 05 | NM, CV, MR | 4,5/8 | 5x5 | 78 47.006 | 103 32.891 | 30 | 5 | SE |
| | | | | | | 2 | 23 | | | | | | |

Table 4 - continued.

| | | - | | 1 | | Т | | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | | | | | \neg | \Box | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----|
| Aspect | SE | S | S | Э | Е | | 1 | ı | | Z | ı | ı | ' | | Щ | Щ | S | S | |
| Slope | 5 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | | - | 1 | - | 2 | 2 | 10 | 20 | |
| Elev. (m) | 30 | 45 | 45 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 45 | 40 | 40 | 20 | 50 | |
| GPS west | 103 32.891 | 103 33.241 | 103 33.241 | 103 32.596 | 103 32.596 | 103 33.390 | 103 33.269 | 103 33.269 | 103 33.780 | 103 34.075 | 103 34.052 | 103 34.052 | 103 34.051 | 103 34.004 | 103 33.926 | 103 33.926 | 103 35.622 | 103 35.575 | |
| GPS north | 78 47.006 | 78 47.000 | 78 47.000 | 78 47.121 | 78 47.121 | 78 46.926 | 78 46.975 | 78 46.975 | 78 46.982 | 78 47.003 | 78 47.016 | 78 47.016 | 78 47.039 | 78 47.093 | 78 47.075 | 78 47.075 | 78 48.374 | 78 48.376 | |
| Plot size (m2) | 5x5 | 5x5 | 5x5 | 5x5 | 5x5 | 2x2 | 1x2 | 1x2 | 2x2 | 2x2 | 1x2 | 1x2 | 2x2 | 2x2 | 1x2 | 1x2 | 1.5x1.5 | 2x2 | |
| Photo (site,soil) | 4,6/7 | 10,11/13 | 10,12/9 | 15,16/14 | 15,17/18 | 525-527/528 | 529,532,533/535 | 530,531,534/535 | 536-538/539 | 545-548/544 | 549-551,553/554 | 549-551,552/554 | 555-557/558 | 560-562/559 | 563,565/566 | 563,564/566 | | | 24 |
| Observer | NM, CV, MR | NM, CV, MR | NM, CV, MR | NM, CV, MR | NM, CV, MR | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | 2 |
| Date species data collected | 26. Jul. 05 | 26. Jul. 05 | 26. Jul. 05 | 26. Jul. 05 | 26. Jul. 05 | 24. Jul. 05 | 24. Jul. 05 | 24. Jul. 05 | 24. Jul. 05 | 25. Jul. 05 | 25. Jul. 05 | 25. Jul. 05 | 25. Jul. 05 | 25. Jul. 05 | 26. Jul. 05 | 26. Jul. 05 | 26. Jul. 05 | 26. Jul. 05 | |
| Study site | S Grid 2 | S Grid 2 | S Grid 2 | E Grid 2 | E Grid 2 | SW of camp | SW of camp | SW of camp | SW of camp | SW of camp | SW of camp | SW of camp | SW of camp | SW of camp | SW of camp | SW of camp | NW of camp | NW of camp | |
| Characteristic species | Rinter, Tetins, | Luzniv, Saxcae, Aloalp | Rinter, Tetins, | Luzniv, Saxcae, Aloalp | Rinter, Tetins, | Luzniv, Saxten, mosses | Drerev, Calgig | Aultur, Brycry | Luzniv, Saxten, mosses | Luzniv, Saxten, mosses | Drerev, Calgig | Aultur, Brycry | Luzniv, Saxten, mosses | Luzniv, Saxten, mosses | Drerev, Calgig | Aultur, Brycry | Antjur, Racspe | Raclan, Stealp | |
| Туре | mesic - top of polygon | mesic - area between polygons | mesic -polygon | mesic - area between polygons | mesic -polygon | wet | wet - interhummock | wet - hummock | wet | wet | wet - interhummock | wet - hummock | wet | wet | wet - interhummock | wet - hummock | snowbed | snowbed | |
| Location | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | |
| Releve # | 517 | 518 | 519 | 520 | | | 523 | | 525 | 526 | 527 | 528 | 529 | 530 | 531 | 532 | | | |

Table 4 - continued.

| | ابر | | | | Γ | | Г | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Aspect | S | S | | | - | | $_{ m SE}$ | SE | SE | SE | MN | NW | MN | ' | ' | ' | SE | SE |
| S | © | 20 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| Elev. | (m) | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 100 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 30 | 30 | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| | GPS west | 103 36.664 | 103 36.700 | 103 36.674 | 103 36.673 | 103 36.673 | 103 36.681 | 103 36.559 | 103 33.091 | 103 33.091 | 103 33.091 | 103 35.785 | 103 35.818 | 103 35.818 | 103 36.295 | 103 36.733 | 103 36.530 | 103 36.526 | 103 36.526 |
| | GPS north | 78 48.355 | 78 48.342 | 78 48.326 | 78 48.324 | 78 48.324 | 78 48.336 | 78 48.518 | 78 47.106 | 78 47.106 | 78 47.106 | 78 47.881 | 78 47.895 | 78 47.895 | 78 48.053 | 78 48.023 | 78 47.964 | 78 47.937 | 78 47.937 |
| Plot size | (m2) | 2x2 | 1.5x1.5 | 2x2 | 1x0.3 | 1x0.04 | 1.5x1.5 | 1.5x1.5 | 1x5 | 1x5 | 1x5 | 5x5 | 5x5 | 5x5 | 5x5 | 5x5 | 2x2 | 4 | 12 |
| | Photo (site,soil) | | | | 708-710/713 | 711-712/713 | 715-717/714 | | 34,37/38 | 35,37/39 | 36,37/40 | 61,62/60 | 57,59/55 | 58,59/56 | 49,50/51 | 46,47/48 | 63, 64 | 99,59 | 65,67 |
| | Observer | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | DW, FD | CV, MR, NM | CV, MR, NM | CV, MR, NM | CV, MR, NM | CV, MR, NM | CV, MR, NM | CV, MR, NM | CV, MR, NM | DW, MR | DW, MR | DW, MR |
| Date species data | collected | 27. Jul. 05 | 27. Jul. 05 | 27. Jul. 05 | 28. Jul. 05 | 28. Jul. 05 | 28. Jul. 05 | 28. Jul. 05 | 28. Jul. 05 | 28. Jul. 05 | 28. Jul. 05 | 28. Jul. 05 | 28. Jul. 05 | 28. Jul. 05 | 28. Jul. 05 | 28. Jul. 05 | 29. Jul. 05 | 29. Jul. 05 | 29. Jul. 05 |
| | Study site | NW of camp | NW of camp | NW of camp | NW of camp | NW of camp | NW of camp | NW of camp | Grid 3 | Grid 3 | Grid 3 | W of camp (river) | W of camp (river) | W of camp (river) | W of camp (river) | W of camp (river) | W of camp (river) | W of camp (river) | W of camp (river) |
| Characteristic | species | Raceri | Phialg, Calsar | Dupfis, Aultur | Junbig, Antjur | Drerev | Poaalp, Luzniv | Luzniv, mosses | Aloalp, Raceri, Aultur | Aloalp, Polpil, Perspe | Aloalp, Papdah, Perspe | Papdah, Pucang | Saxopp, Grimspe | Papdah, Pucang | Papdah, Pucang | Papdah, Pucang | Papdah, Pucang | Saxopp, Grimspe | Papdah, Pucang |
| | Type | snowbed | snowbed | pedwous | pedwous | pedwous | pedwous | pedwous | interhummock | vegetated hummock | bare hummock | bare cracks | stripes (vegetated) | bare ground between stripes | bare cracks | bare cracks | bare cracks | stripes (vegetated) | bare ground between stripes |
| | Location | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen | Isachsen |
| Releve | # | 535 | 236 | 233 | 888 | 539 | 540 | 541 | 550 | 551 | 552 | 253 | 554 | 255 | 955 | 257 | 558 | 655 | 995 |

Table 5: Relevé life form percent cover.

| Section Sect | | 1 | | I | I | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | I | 1 | ı |
|--|----------|---|---------|---------|---|---|---|----------|---------------------|----------------------|-------|----|--------------------------|-------|---|
| 591 | Releve # | | cushion | tussock | | | | | carpous bryophyt | carpous bryo./Liv | ails/ | | soil/marl crust/algal | depth | |
| Soc 1 | | _ | | 1 | - | | | | | | | | | 0 | + |
| SoS + 0 | | | | 1 | _ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sold + 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Soft 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | |
| 506 | | | | | | | | . | | | | | | | |
| 507 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 508 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| 559 | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5510 15 2 2 5 0 20 3 + 10 400 00 0 0 00 0 + 511 5 5 5 5 0 15 3 10 5 450 00 0 0 00 0 + 512 5 5 5 5 0 15 3 10 5 450 00 0 0 0 0 + 513 + + + + + 0 + + + 10 0 20 0 0 2 900 0 + 514 5 3 5 0 20 2 10 5 450 00 0 2 900 0 + 515 + + 1 0 + + + 10 + 50 000 0 950 0 + 516 + 1 5 0 10 5 5 15 550 00 0 | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 511 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| 512 S S S S O 115 3 3 10 S 45/0 00 0 0 0 0 0 + 513 + + + + + + O + + + + 10 O 2/0 0/0 2/0 0/0 2 90/0 O + 514 S S S S O 20 2 10 S 45/0 0/0 + 0/0 O + 515 + + + 1 1 O + + + 10 O + 5/0 0/0 O 95/0 O + 516 + 1 S O 10 S 5 15 55/0 0/0 O 0/0 O O O 517 + + 2 O 10 3 10 + 3/0 0/0 S 70/0 O O 517 + + 1 O + + + 10 O + 5/0 0/0 O O O O O 518 + 3 4 O 15 2 5 4 60/0 O O O O O O O 519 1 + 1 O + + + 10 O + 5/0 0/0 O O O O O 519 1 + 1 O + + + 10 O + 5/0 0/0 O O O O 522 2 4 S O 100 S 110 Z 80/0 0/0 O O O O 521 + + + O + + 1 10 O 5/0 O O 3 85/0 O + 522 7 7 7 O + + + 25 25 25 30/0 0/0 3 85/0 O + 523 + O 2 O O O O O O O O | | | | | | | | . | | | | | | | |
| 513 | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 515 + + 1 0 + + 100 + 500 0 0 95/0 0 + 516 + 1 5 0 10 3 10 + 35/0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| 517 + + 2 0 10 3 10 + 3.0 00 5 700 0 1 518 + 3 4 0 15 2 5 4 600 00 0 0 0 1 519 1 + 1 0 + + 10 + 500 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 502 2 4 5 0 10 5 10 2 800 00 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 850 0 + 4 20 0 0 0 0 5 5 10 0 0 0 5 5 25 305 0 10 0 0 0 | | _ | | | | | | . | | | | | | | |
| 518 + 3 4 0 15 2 5 4 600 00 0 00 0 1 519 1 + 1 0 + + + 10 + 500 00 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - |
| 520 2 4 5 0 10 5 10 2 800 0.0 0 0.0 0 2 521 + + + + 1 10 0 500 00 3 8500 0 + 522 7 7 7 0 + + 25 25 3005 05 + 20 0 0 0 0 50 5/1 0/1 0 400 100/4 3 523 + 0 2 0 0 0 0 55 35/2 0/1 0 0 0 0 0 5 52 7 0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 521 + + + + 1 10 0 5/0 0/0 3 85/0 0 + 522 7 7 7 0 + + 2.5 30/5 0/5 + 2.0 0 3 523 + 0 2 0 0 0 0 5/1 0/1 0 40/0 100/4 3 524 5 2 7 0 0 0 0 65 35/2 0/1 0 0 0 5 526 4 + 10 0 2 + + 5 25 30/10 0/1 0 2/0 11/2 3 528 4 2 20 0 0 + + + 5 25 30/10 0/1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <td< td=""><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 522 7 7 7 0 + + 2.5 2.5 30/5 0/5 + 2.0 0 0 0 0 50 5/1 0/1 0 400 100/4 3 523 + 0 2 0 0 0 50 5/1 0/1 0 00 0 5 525 4 + 10 0 2 + 5 2.5 30/10 0/1 0 2/0 1/2 3 526 4 2 20 0 + + 110 33 35/20 0/1+ 0 +/0 15/1 5 527 + 0 7 0 0 0 0 100 11/2 3 3 528 5 2 10 0 + + 0 0 20 80/+ 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 523 + 0 2 0 0 0 0 50 5/1 0/1 0 40/0 100/4 3 524 5 2 7 0 0 0 0 665 35/2 0/1 0 0/0 0 5 525 4 + 10 0 2 + + 5 25 30/10 0/1 0 20 1/2 3 528 4 2 20 0 + + 10 35 35/20 0/+ 0 +/0 15/1 5 527 + 0 7 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 525 4 + 10 0 2 + 5 25 30/10 0/1 0 2/0 1/2 3 526 4 2 20 0 + + 10 35 35/20 0/1 0 +/0 15/1 5 527 + 0 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 10/0 0 11/0 80/2 3 528 5 2 110 0 + 0 0 20 80/1 0/0 0 0 0 7 529 3 1 7 0 + + 2 20 80/2 3 0 0 0 3/1 5 530 1 + 4 0 1 1 2 20 80/2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | |
| 526 4 2 20 0 + + 10 35 35/20 0/+ 0 +/0 15/1 5 527 + 0 7 0 0 0 0 50 1/0 0/3 0 110/0 80/2 3 528 5 2 110 0 + 0 0 20 80/+ 0/0 0 0 0 7 529 3 1 7 0 + + 2 20 80/5 0/3 0 0/0 3/1 5 530 1 + 4 0 1 1 2 20 60/20 0/0 0 0/0 3/1 2 531 0 0 8 0 0 0 0 65 5/0 0/1 0 0 0 2 2 533 1 + 1 0 + 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | _ | |
| 527 + 0 7 0 0 0 0 50 1/0 0/3 0 10/0 80/2 3 528 5 2 110 0 + 0 0 20 80/5 0/3 0 0/0 0 7 529 3 1 7 0 + + 2 20 80/5 0/3 0 0/0 3/1 5 530 1 + 4 0 1 1 1 2 20 60/20 0/0 0 0/0 3/1 2 531 0 0 8 0 0 0 0 65 5/0 0/+ 0 +/0 85/5 5 532 7 6 12 0 0 0 0 25 75/0 0/1 0 0/0 0 2 2 533 1 + 1 0 + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 528 5 2 10 0 + 0 0 20 80/+ 0/0 0 0/0 0 7 529 3 1 7 0 + + 2 20 80/5 0/3 0 0/0 3 /1 5 530 1 + 4 0 1 1 2 20 60/20 0/0 0 0/0 3 /1 5 531 0 0 8 0 0 0 0 66/20 0/0 0 0/0 3/1 5 531 7 6 12 0 0 0 0 25 75/0 0/1 0 0/0 0 2 533 1 + 1 0 + 3 15 20 7/25 0/0 30 0/0 0 0 534 1 0 + 3 1 93 2/+ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 529 3 1 7 0 + + + 2 20 80/5 0/3 0 0/0 3/1 5 530 1 + 4 0 1 1 2 20 60/20 0/0 0 0/0 3/1 2 531 0 0 8 0 0 0 0 655 5/0 0/+ 0 +/0 85/5 5 532 7 6 12 0 0 0 0 25 75/0 0/1 0 0/0 0 2 533 1 + 1 0 + 3 15 20 7/25 0/0 30 0/0 0 4 534 1 0 + 4 0 + 1 + 7/25 0/0 30 0/0 0 0 0 0 536 + 0 0 0 | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | |
| 530 1 + 4 0 1 1 2 20 60/20 0/0 0 0/0 3/1 2 531 0 0 8 0 0 0 0 65 5/0 0/+ 0 +/0 85/5 5 532 7 6 12 0 0 0 0 25 75/0 0/1 0 0/0 0 2 533 1 + 1 0 + 3 15 20 7/25 0/0 30 0/0 0 + 534 1 0 + 0 + 1 + 75 +/+ 0/0 4 0/0 0 0 535 + + + + 0 + 1 + 75 +/+ 0/0 20 5/0 0 0 536 + 0 1 0 0 < | | _ | | | | - | | | | | | _ | | | |
| 531 0 0 8 0 0 0 65 5/0 0/+ 0 +/0 85/5 5 532 7 6 12 0 0 0 0 25 75/0 0/1 0 0/0 0 2 533 1 + 1 0 + 3 15 20 7/25 0/0 30 0/0 0 + 534 1 0 + 4 0 + 3 1 93 2/+ 0/0 4 0/0 0 </td <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 532 7 6 12 0 0 0 25 75/0 0/1 0 0/0 0 2 533 1 + 1 0 + 3 15 20 7/25 0/0 30 0/0 0 + 534 1 0 + 0 + 3 1 93 2/+ 0/0 4 0/0 0 0 0 535 + + + 0 + 1 + 75 +/+ 0/0 20 5/0 0 0 0 0 5/0 2 30/0 2/1 + + 537 + 0 20 0 0 0 0 65 20/25 0/0 0 0 | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 533 1 + 1 0 + 3 15 20 7/25 0/0 30 0/0 0 + 534 1 0 + 0 + 3 1 93 2/+ 0/0 4 0/0 0 0 535 + + + + 0 + 1 + 75 +/+ 0/0 20 5/0 0 0 536 + 0 1 0 0 + 0 65 +/+ 0/0 2 30/0 2/1 + 537 + 0 20 0 0 0 65 20/25 0/0 0 0 2 5 538 + 0 1 0 0 0 0 7 0 0 0 0 20/0 0 + 539 0 0 7 0 0 0 | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 534 1 0 + 0 + 3 1 93 2/+ 0/0 4 0/0 0 0 535 + + + + 0 + 1 + 75 +/+ 0/0 20 5/0 0 0 536 + 0 1 0 0 + 0 65 +/+ 0/0 2 30/0 2/1 + 537 + 0 20 0 0 0 0 65 20/25 0/0 0 0/0 0 2/1 + 538 + 0 1 0 0 0 0 + 1/+ 0/0 3 97/0 0 + 539 0 0 7 0 0 0 0 75 3/2 0/0 0 20/0 0 + 540 1 + 6 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 535 + + + 0 + 1 + 75 +/+ 0/0 20 5/0 0 0 536 + 0 1 0 0 + 0 65 +/+ 0/0 2 30/0 2/1 + 537 + 0 20 0 0 0 0 65 20/25 0/0 0 0/0 0 25 538 + 0 1 0 0 0 0 + 1/+ 0/0 3 97/0 0 + 539 0 0 7 0 0 0 0 75 3/2 0/0 0 20/0 0 + 540 1 + 6 0 + + + 0 80 10/10 0/+ 0 0/0 +/1 + 541 + + 25 0 + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 536 + 0 1 0 0 + 0 65 +/+ 0/0 2 30/0 2/1 + 537 + 0 20 0 0 0 0 65 20/25 0/0 0 0/0 0 25 538 + 0 1 0 0 0 0 + 1/+ 0/0 3 97/0 0 + 539 0 0 7 0 0 0 0 75 3/2 0/0 0 20/0 0 + 540 1 + 6 0 + + 0 80 10/10 0/+ 0 0/0 +/1 + 541 + + 25 0 + + 0 35 50/15 0/0 1 1/0 3/1 20 550 + + 1 0 + + | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | |
| 537 + 0 20 0 0 0 65 20/25 0/0 0 0/0 0 25 538 + 0 1 0 0 0 0 + 1/+ 0/0 3 97/0 0 + 539 0 0 7 0 0 0 0 75 3/2 0/0 0 20/0 0 + 540 1 + 6 0 + + 0 80 10/10 0/+ 0 0/0 +/1 + 541 + + 25 0 + + 0 35 50/15 0/0 1 1/0 3/1 20 550 + + 1 0 + + 2 10 50/20 0/0 0 0/0 0 + 551 + + 1 0 + + 25 | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | _ |
| 538 + 0 1 0 0 0 + 1/+ 0/0 3 97/0 0 + + 539 0 0 7 0 0 0 0 75 3/2 0/0 0 20/0 0 + 540 1 + 6 0 + + 0 80 10/10 0/+ 0 0/0 +/1 + 541 + + 6 0 + + 0 80 10/10 0/+ 0 0/0 +/1 +/1 + 541 + + 25 0 + + 0 35 50/15 0/0 1 1/0 3/1 20 550 + + 1 0 + + 2 10 50/20 0/0 0 0/0 0 + 551 + + 1 0 0 + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 539 0 0 7 0 0 0 0 75 3/2 0/0 0 20/0 0 + 540 1 + 6 0 + + 0 80 10/10 0/+ 0 0/0 +/1 + 541 + + 25 0 + + 0 35 50/15 0/0 1 1/0 3/1 20 550 + + 1 0 + + 2 10 50/20 0/0 0 0/0 0 + 551 + + 1 0 + + 2 10 50/20 0/0 0 0/0 0 + 551 + + 1 0 + + 25 + 40/10 0/0 0 0 0 + 552 + 0 1 0 0 + | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | |
| 540 1 + 6 0 + + + 0 80 10/10 0/+ 0 0/0 +/1 + 541 + + 25 0 + + 0 35 50/15 0/0 1 1/0 3/1 20 550 + + 1 0 + + 2 10 50/20 0/0 0 0/0 0 + 551 + + 1 0 + + 2 10 50/20 0/0 0 0/0 0 + 551 + + 1 0 + + 25 + 40/10 0/0 0 0 0 + 552 + 0 1 0 0 + 10 0 5/+ 0/0 0 90/0 0 0 553 1 + + 0 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 541 + + 25 0 + + 0 35 50/15 0/0 1 1/0 3/1 20 550 + + 1 0 + + 2 10 50/20 0/0 0 0/0 0 + 551 + + 1 0 + + 25 + 40/10 0/0 0 10/0 0 + 552 + 0 1 0 0 + 10 0 5/+ 0/0 0 90/0 0 + 552 + 0 1 0 0 + 10 0 5/+ 0/0 0 90/0 0 0 553 1 + + 0 0 0 + 0 0/0 60/0 0/0 5 0/0 0 + 554 1 5 2 0 5 | - | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 551 + + 1 0 + + 25 + 40/10 0/0 0 10/0 0 + 552 + 0 1 0 0 + 10 0 5/+ 0/0 0 90/0 0 0 553 1 + + + 0 0 0 + 0 0/0 0/0 60 39/0 0 + 554 1 5 2 0 5 + 3 20 60/0 0/0 5 0/0 0 + 555 r r r r r r r r r r r r 0 + </td <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 552 + 0 1 0 0 + 10 0 5/+ 0/0 0 90/0 0 0 0 5/+ 0/0 0 90/0 0 0 0 + 0 0/0 0/0 0/0 60/0 39/0 0 + + 554 1 5 2 0 5 + 3 20 60/0 0/0 5 0/0 0 + + 555 r r r r r 0 + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 553 1 + + 0 0 + 0 0/0 0/0 60 39/0 0 + 554 1 5 2 0 5 + 3 20 60/0 0/0 5 0/0 0 + 555 r r r r r 0 + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 554 1 5 2 0 5 + 3 20 60/0 0/0 5 0/0 0 + 555 r r r r r 0 + < | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 555 r r r r 0 + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 556 + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 557 + 0 + 0 0/0 0/0 60 40/0 0 + 558 2 0 3 0 + 0 2 + +/0 0/0 45 50/0 0 1 559 5 25 10 0 15 5 15 5 30/0 0/0 + 0/0 0 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 558 2 0 3 0 + 0 2 + +/0 0/0 45 50/0 0 1 559 5 25 10 0 15 5 15 5 30/0 0/0 + 0/0 0 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 559 5 25 10 0 15 5 15 5 30/0 0/0 + 0/0 0 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 560 | + | + | 5 | 0 | + | + | 1 | + | +/0 | 0/0 | 30 | 65/0 | 0 | 1 |

Table 6: Relevé site characteristics.

| $\overline{}$ | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | С С | expo- | ო | ო | ო | က | ო | က | ო | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | 467 | oran- | - | - | - | _ | <u></u> | _ | _ | _ | 4 | _ | 4 | 7- | 4 | - |
| | Distur- | type | - | | 1 | | | | | | | | | , | | |
| | Distur- | degree | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Estim. snow | ation | 7 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | | Soil unit | hypergelic Typic Haplorthel | hypergelic Glacic Aquiturbel |
| Site Information | Topo- graphic | position | _ | 1 | _ | 7- | ~ | - | - | - | - | - | - | ← | — | - |
| Site Ir | Gla- cial | logy | က | 3 | 3 | က | က | က | က | က | က | 3 | က | က | က | 3 |
| | Soil | moist. | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | က | 8 | 80 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 80 | 4 | 8 |
| | Site | moist. | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | က | 3 | 7 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 7 |
| | Micro- | site | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| | Surficial | phology | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 1 | 1 | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7- |
| | Sur- ficial geo- | logy | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| | Land- | form | _ | _ | 1 | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| | Mean | depth | 44 | 14 | 41 | 14 | 39 | 40 | 40 | 32 | 39 | 27 | 34 | 27 | 30 | 30 |
| | | relief | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 5 | က | 5 |
| Height (cm) | A hori- | zon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | ო | 0 | ~ |
| Heig | o. | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30f | 0 | 25 | 0 | 2 | 0 | - |
| | | Moss | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 80 | 0 | 7- | 0 | က |
| | Veg. can- | | ~ | - | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | - | ~ | - | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| | | Rel.# | 501 | 502 | 503 | 504 | 505 | 506 | 507 | 508 | 509 | 510 | 511 | 512 | 513 | 514 |

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Table 6 - continued.

| П | | | ٦ | | | | | | | | г | Г | | | | \neg | \neg | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------|----------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | sure | 7 | က | ო | က | က | က | က | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | | 2 |
| | | Stab- | ility | 4 | _ | 2 | - | 2 | 1 | 2 | ~ | 2 | 2 | ٢ | 7 | 4 | 4 | ~ | ~ | 4 | 4 | 3 | ~ |
| | i | Distur- bance | type | 1 | દ | ო | , | , | 3 | က | , | | 1 | , | | 1 | , | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| | i | Distur- bance | degree | 0 | - | _ | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Estim. | snow dur- | ation | 2 | | က | က | က | | က | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 6 9 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 5 |
| | | | Soil unit | hypergelic Glacic Aquiturbel | | 1 | - | • | | | | 1 | 1 | | - | hypergelic Typic Aquorthel | hypergelic Typic Aquorthel |
| Site Information | | Topo- graphic | position | - | _ | - | _ | - | ~ | ~ | 2,4 | 2 | 2 | 2,4 | 2,4 | 2 | 5 | 2,4 | 2,4 | 5 | 5 | 3 | ~ |
| Site Ir | -e E | cial geo- | logy | 3 | ღ | က | က | က | က | က | ن | ن | خ | خ | خ | خ | خ | خ | خ | ? | خ | 5 | خ |
| | | Soil | moist. | 4 | ω | 4 | ω | 4 | ω | 4 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 |
| | | Site | moist. | 3 | 7 | က | 7 | ဗ | 2 | က | 8 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 80 | 6 | 8 | 2 | 5 |
| | | Micro- | site | - | 2 | ~ | 2 | ~ | 2 | ~ | | 4 | 3 | - | - | 4 | 3 | | - | 4 | 8 | - | |
| | : | Surficial geomor- | phology | 7 | ~ | 7- | 7- | 7- | - | - | 11 | 2 | 2 | 11 | 11 | 5 | 5 | 11 | 11 | 20 | 9 | 19 | 19 |
| | Sur- | ficial geo- | logy | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 16 |
| | | Land- | form | 7 | - | _ | _ | _ | - | - | 1 | 11 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 11 | ~ | - |
| | ; | Mean | depth | 37 | 33 | 38 | 32 | 38 | 35 | 30 | 34 | 32 | 37 | 34 | 34 | 30 | 35 | 33 | 33 | 32 | 35 | ذ | خ |
| | | Micro- | relief | 2 | ო | 5 | 5 | Ŋ | 2 | ιc | 2 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 10 | 5 | 10 |
| Height (cm) | | A hori- | zon | 0 | 7- | 0 | 9 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Heig | | | ganic | 0 | 2 | 0 | ဗ | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 |
| | | | Moss | 0 | - | 0 | - | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 12 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| | ; | | opy | ~ | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | ~ | 7 |
| | | | Rel.# | 515 | 516 | 517 | 518 | 519 | 520 | 521 | 522 | 523 | 524 | 525 | 526 | 527 | 528 | 529 | 530 | 531 | 532 | 533 | 534 |

Table 6 - continued.

| _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | О 3 3 1 | expo- | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| | 4040 | otap- ility | 1 | 5 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| | Distur- | type | ı | 1 | | 1 | | ı | | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | | 1 |
| | Distur- | bance degree | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Estim. snow | ation | 9 | 7 | 9 | 4 | 4 | 6.5 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| | | Soil unit | hypergelic Typic Aquorthel | hypergelic Typic Aquorthel | hypergelic Typic Aquiturbel, hypergelic Typic Historthel | hypergelic Typic Aquorthel | hypergelic Typic Aquorthel | hypergelic Typic Aquorthel | hypergelic Typic Aquorthel | hypergelic Glacic Aquiturbel | hypergelic Glacic Aquiturbel | hypergelic Glacic Aquiturbel | hypergelic Typic Haplorthel | hypergelic Typic Haploturbel | hypergelic Typic Haploturbel |
| Site Information | Topo- | graphic position | 2 | 3 | က | 3 | က | ذ | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Site Ir | Gla- cial | geo- logy | 5 | 5 | خ | خ | <i>د</i> . | ن | <i>د.</i> | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| | io | soli moist. | 5 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| | S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S | orte moist. | 5 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 7.5 | 8 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| | Cacim | site | 1 | 1 | 1 | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 13 | 8 | 6 |
| | Surficial | geomor- phology | 19 | 19 | 11 | 1 | - | 19 | 17 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 11 | 8 | 8 |
| | Sur- ficial | geo- logy | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| | 700 | Lang- form | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | _ | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | _ |
| | Mean | depth | ٤ | خ | 25 | 34 | د | 36 | ذ | 24 | 33 | 33 | 38 | 32 | 35 |
| | , s | relief | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 | က | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | - | 2 | 5 | 3 |
| Height (cm) | , , | A nori- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Heig | ć | or- ganic | 2 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | Moss | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | _ | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | Veg. | | | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | Rel.# | 535 | 536 | 537 | 538 | 539 | 540 | 541 | 550 | 551 | 552 | 553 | 554 | 555 |

Table 6 - continued.

| | sure | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
|------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| Stab- | ility | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Distur- bance | type | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - |
| Distur- bance | degree | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Estim. snow dur- | ation | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| | Soil unit | nypergenc Typic Haplorthel | nypergelic Typic Haplorthel | nypergenc Typic Haplorthel | nypergelic Typic Haploturbel | nypergenc Typic Haploturbel |
| | | 4 | 1 | - | - | ~ |
| Gla- cial geo- | logy | - | - | Ċ. | خ | خ |
| lios | moist. | 3 | 3 | က | 4 | က |
| Site | moist. | 3 | က | က | 4 | ო |
| Micro- | site | 13 | 13 | 13 | ∞ | တ |
| Surficial geomor- | phology | 11 | 11 | 11 | 8 | 8 |
| Sur- ficial geo- | logy | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Land- | form | - | - | - | - | - |
| | depth | 39 | 43 | 40 | 35 | 40 |
| Micro- | relief | က | 2 | _ | Ω | 2 |
| A hori- | zon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ģ | ganic | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| | Moss | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Veg. can- | opy | - | ~ | - | 2 | |
| | Rel. # | 556 | 557 | 558 | 559 | 560 |
| | Sur- Rhori- Micro- thaw Land- geo- geomor- Micro- Site Soil geo- graphic Barrer Bance Stab- | Sur- Mean Ricro- thaw Land- geo- Geomor- Moss ganic zon relief depth form logy phology site moist. Moss ganic and relief depth form logy phology site moist mois | Veg.Or- A hori- Banic A boriMean A hori- A bori- Banic | Veg. Or- A hori- Micro- thaw Land- geomor- Micro- Site Soil geo- graphic graphic Typer-genral mit Aduration ation Distur- Distur- | Veg. can. by Moss Cor. a Anori and Can. by Moss Sur. ficial and Can. by Micro. | Veg. can. by 69. Or. A hori- and relief and by by 60. Sur. ficial and ficial surficial and by by 60. Sur. ficial and ficial surficial and by by 60. Sur. ficial and ficial surficial and by by 60. Sur. ficial and ficial surficial and by by 60. Site and by by 60. Sur. ficial and by by 60. Site and by 60. Sur. ficial and by 60. Site and by 60. Sur. ficial and by 60. Site and by 60. Suri and by 60. Sur. ficial and by 60. Site and by 60. Suri and by 60. Sur. ficial and by 60. Site and by 60. Suri and by 60. Sur. ficial and by 60. Site and by 60. Suri and by 60. Sur. ficial and by 60. |

Table 7: Relevé soil moisture and soil nutrients.

| | | _ | | | | | Γ | Г | Т | Π | Π | Г | | l | l | l | Γ | Γ | Π | | Г | Г | Т | | Г | | Γ | | | | | 1 | | | Γ | |
|---------|--------|-----------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|---------------|-------|---------------|----------|-------|-------|---------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-------|
| | bulk | density | (g/cm3) | 1.41 | 1.42 | 1.40 | 1.22 | 1.24 | 1.34 | 1.29 | 0.90 | 1.35 | 1.23 | 1.27 | 1.02 | 1.21 | 1.34 | 1.32 | 1.13 | 1.09 | 0.84 | 1.44 | 1.13 | 1.35 | 1.54 | 1.40 | 0.79 | 1.46 | 1.32 | 1.15 | 1.08 | 1.12 | 1.02 | 1.20 | 1.09 | |
| | gravi- | metric | moisture | 12.70 | 14.90 | 16.41 | 14.59 | 15.28 | 14.64 | 15.95 | 47.02 | 20.45 | 30.33 | 20.12 | 33.41 | 22.32 | 27.23 | 14.77 | 23.59 | 30.57 | 49.83 | 19.64 | 36.94 | 17.46 | 27.78 | 30.75 | 96.78 | 34.25 | 36.56 | 47.75 | 38.92 | 44.37 | 51.05 | 43.79 | 45.22 | 41.53 |
| | -nlov | metric | moisture | 17.78 | 20.94 | 22.78 | 17.72 | 18.78 | 19.50 | 20.33 | 41.67 | 27.50 | 36.78 | 25.39 | 33.67 | 26.72 | 36.28 | 19.28 | 26.50 | 33.22 | 41.17 | 28.06 | 40.94 | 23.33 | 41.83 | 41.50 | 99.99 | 48.44 | 47.00 | 53.00 | 39.22 | 47.28 | 50.17 | 51.11 | 46.78 | |
| | | Inorganic | Carbon | <.01 | na | <.01 | <.01 | na | na | <.01 | <.01 | <.01 | <.01 | <.01 | na | na | <.01 | <.01 | <.01 | <.01 | na | 0.01 | <.01 | <.01 | na | na | na | na | na | na | na | na | na | na | na | na |
| % | | : | z | 0.18 | 0.21 | 0.18 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.29 | 0.20 | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.23 | 0.20 | 0.22 | 0.16 | 0.17 | 0.23 | 0.32 | 0.20 | 0.24 | 0.21 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.31 | 0.19 | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0.21 | 0.22 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.21 | 0.24 |
| | | (| ပ | 2.68 | 2.71 | 2.60 | 2.80 | 2.46 | 2.73 | 2.52 | 4.11 | 2.57 | 2.87 | 2.68 | 2.83 | 2.54 | 2.86 | 2.75 | 2.55 | 3.08 | 4.31 | 2.89 | 3.05 | 2.70 | 2.75 | 2.51 | 5.41 | 2.55 | 2.80 | 3.10 | 2.77 | 2.91 | 2.98 | 2.71 | 2.68 | 3.18 |
| | | i | Clay | 52.80 | 50.80 | 54.80 | 50.80 | 54.80 | 56.80 | 62.80 | 44.80 | 52.80 | 49.80 | 52.80 | 54.80 | 08.09 | 50.80 | 53.80 | 60.80 | 46.80 | 44.80 | | \vdash | | - | 42.80 | 52.80 | 30.20 | 45.20 | 46.20 | 43.20 | 45.20 | 51.20 | 46.20 | 43.20 | 41.20 |
| | | į | Silt | 28.00 | 34.00 | 26.00 | 26.80 | 33.80 | 27.80 | 29.80 | 33.80 | 28.80 | 33.80 | 35.80 | 33.80 | 30.80 | 32.80 | 37.80 | 38.80 | 36.80 | 32.80 | 34.80 | 35.80 | 34.80 | 34.80 | 36.80 | 27.80 | 61.40 | 36.40 | 37.40 | 25.40 | 32.40 | 34.40 | 39.40 | 40.80 | 13.80 |
| | | - | | 19.20 | 15.20 | 19.20 | 22.40 | 11.40 | 15.40 | 7.40 | 21.40 | 18.40 | 16.40 | 11.40 | 11.40 | 8.40 | 16.40 | | 0.40 | _ | - | 15.40 | 11.40 | | _ | \dashv | ᆿ | - | \rightarrow | \dashv | - | \dashv | \dashv | \dashv | _ | 45.00 |
| | | C | 2 Zmm | | 1.93 | 1.10 | 4.95 | 1.31 | 6.17 | 2.87 | <.01 | 5.79 | <.01 | 1.98 | 5.37 | 1.81 | 0.87 | 1.79 | 0.53 | 0.36 | <.01 | 1.82 | <.01 | 8.71 | 20.18 | 1.50 | 3.99 | 0.40 | 0.25 | 1.84 | 2.97 | 0.31 | <.01 | 1.82 | <.01 | 6.47 |
| | | | Na | 0.07 | 90.0 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.28 | 0.44 | 0.11 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.16 | 0.30 | 0.16 | 0.32 | 0.23 | 0.28 | 0.18 | 0.25 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.09 | 0.13 | 0.18 | 0.19 | 0.17 | 90:0 |
| | | M | Mg, | 4.42 | 5.15 | 5.67 | 4.67 | 5.50 | 5.14 | 90.9 | 8.62 | 8.33 | 6.42 | 6.27 | 6.48 | 6.26 | 6.91 | 6.50 | 9.45 | 7.86 | 7.28 | 6.03 | 7.88 | 6.28 | 5.55 | 5.35 | 7.12 | 4.89 | 5.75 | 5.42 | 5.21 | 6.16 | 6.21 | 5.83 | 5.40 | 5.17 |
| meq/100 | | ć | Ca 7,71 | 11.1/ | 8.73 | 10.77 | 10.16 | 8.07 | 9.35 | 9.62 | 11.67 | 9.12 | 10.05 | 9.22 | 9.40 | 8.55 | 10.60 | 9.29 | 9.95 | 10.39 | 12.01 | 9.14 | 12.94 | 8.81 | 9.92 | 7.39 | 11.73 | 7.38 | 8.65 | 8.21 | 7.76 | 8.50 | 8.19 | 7.58 | 7.50 | 11.87 |
| | | ۷ | 2 3 | 0.61 | 0.55 | 0.70 | 0.56 | 0.51 | 0.67 | 99.0 | 0.71 | 0.72 | 0.56 | 0.55 | 0.61 | 0.57 | 0.57 | 0.57 | 0.67 | 0.53 | 0.55 | 0.53 | 0.70 | 0.56 | 0.38 | 0.34 | 0.45 | 0.29 | 0.40 | 0.37 | 0.33 | 0.43 | 0.46 | 0.43 | | 0.23 |
| | | Ċ | ֓֞֞֜֜֜֜֝֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓ | 17.02 | 17.08 | 17.80 | 17.70 | 18.47 | 18.64 | 17.79 | 21.41 | 18.31 | 20.95 | 18.70 | 19.92 | 19.08 | 19.16 | 17.93 | 18.89 | 18.89 | 22.78 | 15.71 | 20.97 | 17.49 | 19.48 | 18.68 | 25.45 | 18.51 | 19.90 | 18.96 | 17.50 | 18.88 | 20.33 | 18.09 | 17.49 | 22.82 |
| | | 2 | 5 | 0.32 | 5.92 | 6.34 | 6.01 | 5.49 | 5.75 | 00.9 | 6.54 | \rightarrow | \rightarrow | \rightarrow | 5.50 | 5.70 | 6.59 | 6.54 | 7.26 | 6.98 | 5.86 | \rightarrow | \rightarrow | _ | \rightarrow | - | - | 5.19 | _ | _ | \dashv | 5.62 | \dashv | 5.39 | 5.32 | 5.43 |
| | | # 070100 | | 202 | 202 | 503 | 504 | 505 | 206 | 507 | 208 | 509 | 510 | 511 | 512 | 513 | 514 | 515 | 516 | 517 | 518 | 519 | 520 | 521 | 522 | 523 | 524 | 525 | 526 | 527 | 528 | 529 | 530 | 531 | 532 | 533 |

Table 7 - continued.

| Na > 2mm |
|-------------|
| 0.05 <.01 |
| 0.08 24.24 |
| 0.09 <.01 |
| 0.07 0.21 |
| 3.48 |
| 32.30 |
| 99.8 |
| 3.49 |
| 1.61 |
| 0.79 |
| 6.24 |
| 20.51 |
| 6.83 |
| 10.09 |
| 5.30 |
| 32.96 |

na=not applicable

Table 8: Isachsen plant species list.

Vascular species

Alopecurus alpinus Cardamine bellidifolia Cerastium arcticum Cerastium regelii Draba oblongata

Draba sp.

Draba subcapitata
Dupontia fisheri
Festuca brachyphylla
Juncus biglumis
Luzula confusa
Luzula nivalis
Minuartia sp.
Minuartia rubella
Papaver radicatum
Phippsia algida

Poa abbreviata

Poa alpigena

Potentilla hyparctica Puccinellia cf. andersonii

Ranunculus nivalis
Ranunculus sabinei
Ranunculus sulphureus
Sagina intermedia
Saxifraga caespitosa
Saxifraga cernua
Saxifraga flagellaris
Saxifraga foliolosa
Saxifraga nivalis
Saxifraga oppositifolia
Saxifraga rivularis

Saxifraga tenuis

Stellaria longipes

Bryophyte species

Anastrophyllum minutus

Aneura pinguis Anthelia juratzkana Apomarsupella revoluta Arctoa anderssonii

Arctoa sp.

Aulacomnium turgidum Barbilophozia atlantica Barbilophozia hyperborea Barbilophozia quadriloba Bartramia ithyphylla

Blepharostoma trichophyllum

Brachythecium sp.

Bryoerythrophyllum recurvirostrum

Bryum arcticum
Bryum argenteum
Bryum cryophilum

Bryum pseudotriquetrum

Bryum sp. Bryum teres

Callialaria curvicaulis
Campylium arcticum
Campylium stellatum
Cephaloziella bicuspidata
Cephaloziella grimsulana
Cephaloziella varians
Ceratodon heterophyllus
Ceratodon purpureus
Cinclidium cf. subrotundum

Cirriphyllum cirrosum
Conostomum tetragonum
Cryptocolea imbricata
Dichodontium pellucidum

Dicranella sp.

Dicranum acutifolium
Dicranum elongatum
Dicranum laevidens
Didymodon icmadophyllus
Dicranoweisia crispula
Distichium capillaceum

Distichium inclinatum
Ditrichum flexicaule

Drepanocladus brevifolius

Encalypta alpina Encalypta rhaptocarpa Eurhynchium pulchellum Fissidens arcticus

Grimmia sp.

Gymnomitrion concinnatum Gymnomitrion corallioides Hygrohypnum polare Hylocomium splendens Hymenostylium recurvirostre Hypnum cupressiforme

Table 8 - continued.

Bryophyte species (continued)

Hypnum hamulosum Hypnum holmenii

Hypnum revolutum Hypnum subimponens

Hypnum vaucheri

Isopterygiopsis pulchella Jungermannia obovata Jungermannia polaris Kiaeria cf. blyttii

Leiocolea heterocolpos var. harpanthoides Leiocolea heterocolpos var. heterocolpos

Leiocolea neterocolpo Limprichtia revolvens Loeskypnum badium Lophozia excisa Lophozia jurensis Lophozia polaris Lophozia ventricosa Marsupella arctica Meesia longiseta

Mnium marginatum

Myurella tenerrima

Myurella julacea

Nostoc commune Odontoschisma macounii Oncophorus virens

Oncophorus wahlenbergii

Orthocaulis sp.

Orthothecium chryseon Orthothecium strictum Orthotrichum speciosum Philonotis caespitosa

Philonotis sp.

Philonotis tomentella

Plagiochila asplenioides ssp. porelloides

Plagiothecium berggrenianum

Pogonatum urnigerum

Pohlia cruda Pohlia drummondii Pohlia nutans

Polytrichastrum alpinum
Polytrichum piliferum
Polytrichum juniperinum
Pseudocalliergon brevifolium

Psilopilum cavifolium Pterygoneurum ovatum

Ptilidium cilare

Racomitrium canescens Racomitrium ericoides/panshii Racomitrium lanuginosum Saelania glaucescens Sanionia uncinata

Scapania cf. zemliae Scapania crassiretis Scapania kaurinii

Scapania mucronata ssp. praetervisa

Scapania obcordata Scapania perssonii

Schistidium andreaeopsis Schistidium frigidum Schistidium holmenianum

Schistidium papillosum Syntrichia ruralis Timmia austriaca Tomentypnum nitens Tortula mucronifolia

Tritomaria quinquedentata Warnstorfia exannulata Warnstorfia sarmentosa

Lichen species

Agonimia gelatinosa Alectoria nigricans Alectoria ochroleuca Anaptychia bryorum Arctocetraria nigricascens

Arctocearana migricasce Arctomia delicatula Bacidia bagliettoana Biatora subduplex Bryocaulon divergens Bryodina rhypariza Bryonora castanea Bryoria nitidula Caloplaca ammiospila

Caloplaca cerina
Caloplaca jungermanniae
Caloplaca phaeocarpella
Caloplaca tetraspora
Caloplaca tiroliensis

Caloplaca tornoënsis Candelariella placodizans

Candelariella sp.
Candelariella terrigena
Catapyrenium cinereum
Catapyrenium sp.

Cetraria aculeata
Cetraria islandica
Cetrariella delisei
Cetrariella fastigiata
Cladonia amaurocraea
Cladonia chlorophaea
Cladonia coccifera
Cladonia gracilis
Cladonia pocillum
Cladonia pyxidata

Cladonia pyxidata (cf. libifera)

Cladonia scabriuscula Cladonia trassii Collema ceraniscum

Collema sp.

Table 8 - continued.

Lichen species (continued)

Collema tenax Collema undulatum Dactylina ramulosa

Dermatocarpon arnoldianum

Endocarpon pusillum Flavocetraria cucullata Fuscopannaria praetermissa Hypogymnia subobscura Japewia tornoënsis Lecanora cf. geophila Lecanora epibryon Lecanora hagenii Lecidea ramulosa Lecidella wulfenii

Lepraria sp. Leptogium gelatinosum Leptogium lichenoides

Lepraria cf. vouauxii

Lepraria neglecta

Leptogium sp.

Lopadium pezizoideum Megalaria jemtlandica Megaspora verrucosa Micarea incrassata Mycoblastus sanguinarius Myxobilimbia lobulata Ochrolechia cf. inaequatula

Ochrolechia species

Ochrolechia inaequatula

Parmelia omphalodes ssp. glacialis

Peltigera canina Peltigera didactyla Peltigera frippii Peltigera leucophlebia Peltigera malacea Peltigera rufescens Peltigera scabrosa Peltigera venosa Pertusaria atra

Pertusaria geminipara Pertusaria glomerata Pertusaria octomela Pertusaria oculata Phaeorrhiza nimbosa Physconia muscigena Placopsis gelida Polychidium muscicola Protopannaria pezizoides Psoroma hypnorum

Rinodina mniaraea var. mniaraea Rinodina mniaraea var. mniaraeiza

Rinodina olivaceobrunnea

Rinodina roscida Rinodina terrestris Rinodina turfacea Shadonia fecunda Solorina cf. bispora Solorina crocea

Sphaerophorus fragilis Sphaerophorus globosus Stereocaulon groenlandicum

Stereocaulon alpinum Stereocaulon depressum Stereocaulon glareosum Stereocaulon rivulorum

Sticta arctica

Tetramelas insignis Tetramelas papillata

Thamnolia vermicularis var. subuliformis Thamnolia vermicularis var. vermicularis

Species found outside of our relevés

Bryophyte species (outside of our relevés)

Andreaea rupestris

Blindia acuta

Dicranoweisia crispa Didymodon asperifolius

Leicolea heterocolpos var. arctica Polytrichum cf. hyperborean

Scapania sp.

Lichen species (outside of our relevés)

Arthrorhaphis sp. Cetraria cucculata Cetraria nivalis

Cladina arbuscula ssp. arbuscula

Cladonia arbuscula Cladonia cf. stygia Cladonia squamosa Cvstocoleus ebeneus Flavocetraria nivalis Lecanora leptacinella Lopadium corallioides Ochrolechia grimmiae Pertusaria panyrga Physcia dubia

Pseudephebe pubescens Stereocaulon botryosum Tetramelas (Buellia) sp.

Umbilicaria lyngei

Umbilicaria proboscidea

Xanthoria sp.

| | 501 | 502 | 503 5 | 504 5 | 505 506 | 6 507 | 7 508 | 209 | 510 | 511 5 | 512 5 | 513 5 | 514 515 | 5 516 | 5 517 | 518 | 519 | 520 | 521 | 522 5 | 523 52 | 524 52 | 525 526 | 9 |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|-------|-----|-----|----------------|-----|-------|--------|--------|---------|---|
| Agonimia gelatinosa | ٠ | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | + | | | | |
| Alectoria nigricans | | | | | | • | + | | + | | + | | + | • | | + | | + | | | | | | |
| Alectoria ochroleuca | | | | | | • | + | | + | | + | | + | <u>_</u> | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Alopecurus alpinus | + | + | | _ | <u> </u> | + | _ | + | _ | _ | _ | _ | ← | | _ | ~ | _ | _ | + | _ | , _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Anaptychia bryorum | ٠ | | | | | • | + | | + | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | |
| Anastrophyllum minutus | ٠ | | | | | • | _ | | + | | | | + | • | • | | | | | | | + | + | |
| Aneura pinguis | • | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | |
| Anthelia juratzkana | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | + | + | _ | _ | |
| Apomarsupella revoluta | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | • | | | | | | + | | |
| Arctoa anderssonii | - | | | | | | • | + | | | | | | | | | | | | · | | | | |
| Arctoa sp. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| Arctocetraria nigricascens | | | | | | | | | + | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | | |
| Arctomia delicatula | + | | | | | | | + | | + | | | . + | | | | . + | | | | | | | |
| Aulacomnium turgidum | + | + | | | | | 7 | | 7 | | _ | . 1 | رن | 7 | • | 7 | + | · - | | . 4 | . + | . ~ | | |
| Bacidia bagliettoana | • | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Barbilophozia atlantica | • | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | | |
| Barbilophozia hyperborea | • | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | . + | | • | . + | |
| Barbilophozia quadriloba | | | | | | | | | | | | | | . , | | | | | | + | | | + | |
| Bartramia ithyphylla | + | | | | | ٠ | + | • | + | | | | | + | | + | | + | | + | | | | |
| Biatora subduplex | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | |
| Blepharostoma trichophyllum | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | + | | Т. | + | |
| Brachythecium sp. | | + | | | | • | | | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| Bryocaulon divergens | | | | | • | | + | | + | | + | | | + | | _ | + | + | | | | | | |
| Bryodina rhypariza | | | | | | • | + | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | |
| Bryoerythrophyllum recurvirostrum | | | | | | • | + | | + | | + | | | • | | | | | | + | | + | | |
| Bryonora castanea | | | | | | • | + | | + | | + | | | • | | | | | | | | ٠ | ٠ | |
| Bryoria nitidula | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | |
| Bryum arcticum | | | | | | • | | | _ | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | + | _ |
| Bryum argenteum | | | + | | | • | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | |
| Bryum cryophilum | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | ٠ | | | • | |
| Bryum pseudotriquetrum | | | | | • | • | + | | + | | + | | | + | | | | | | + | + | + | | |
| <i>Bryum</i> sp. | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | + | | • | + | _ |
| Bryum teres | | | + | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | | + | | | | | | + | | |
| Callialaria curvicaulis | | | | | | • | | | | | | | • | • | | | | + | | | | + | | |
| Caloplaca ammiospila | + | + | + | + | ٠ | + | + | | + | | + | | ٠. | + | | + | | + | | | | • | • | |
| Caloplaca cerina | + | + | + | | + | + | + | | | | + | ٠. | بر | • | | + | | + | | | | • | • | |
| Caloplaca jungermanniae | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | | |
| Caloplaca phaeocarpella | + | + | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | |
| Caloplaca tetraspora | | | | | • | • | + | | + | | + | | ٠. | | | + | | + | | | | • | • | |
| Caloplaca tiroliensis | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | | + | | + | ٠. | _ | + | ٠ | + | | + | | | | • | • | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 501 | 502 5 | 503 5 | 504 50 | 505 50 | 506 507 | 7 508 | 8 509 | 9 510 | 511 | 512 | 513 | 514 | 515 | 516 5 | 517 51 | 518 51 | 519 520 | 0 521 | 1 522 | 2 523 | 524 | 525 | 526 | |
|----------------------------------|-----|-------|-------|--------|--------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|--------------|--------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|--|
| Caloplaca tornoënsis | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | + | | | | | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | |
| Campylium arcticum | | | + | | | • | • | • | • | | | | | | | | į | + | | + | + | _ | + | + | |
| Campylium stellatum | | | | | | • | • | • | • | + | | | | | | | i | • | • | • | • | • | | | |
| Candelariella placodizans | | | | | | · | • | | | + | | + | | + | | | | • | + | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | | |
| Candelariella sp. | | | | | | • | • | + | | | _ | | _ | | + | | | + | | • | ٠ | ٠ | + | | |
| Candelariella terrigena | + | + | + | + | Τ. | + | | • | • | | | | | | + | Ť. | · | + | | • | • | | ٠ | | |
| Cardamine bellidifolia | _ | | | | | _ | + | + | _ | | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | Τ. | + | | | + | + | + | |
| Catapyrenium cinereum | | | | | | • | • | | | + | | | | + | | | | | • | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | | |
| Catapyrenium sp. | | | + | | | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | | | + | | • | • | ٠ | | |
| Cephaloziella bicuspidata | | | | | i | • | • | • | • | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | |
| Cephaloziella grimsulana | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | | | • | • | + | ٠ | • | | |
| Cephaloziella varians | | | | | | • | ٠ | • | | | | | | | | | | | • | + | • | + | + | + | |
| Cerastium arcticum | + | + | | | | | + | + | _ | + | + | + | _ | + | + | + | · + | + | + | | | ٠ | + | + | |
| Cerastium regelii | | | | | | • | ٠ | • | • | | | | | | | | | | • | _ | • | _ | + | ~ | |
| Ceratodon heterophyllus | + | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | | • | | | |
| Ceratodon purpureus | + | + | + | | | | • | + | • | | | | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | | |
| Cetraria aculeata | + | | | | + | _ | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | | | |
| Cetraria islandica | + | | | | | · | Т | + | + | • | + | | + | | + | + | + | + | + _ | ٠. | | • | + | | |
| Cetrariella delisei | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | | | |
| Cetrariella fastigiata | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | ٠ | | |
| Cinclidium cf. subrotundum | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | • | | |
| Cirriphyllum cirrosum | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | + | | | + | + | • | + | ٠ | | |
| Cladonia amaurocraea | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | |
| Cladonia chlorophaea | | | | | | • | + | | + | • | | | | | | | | T. | | • | • | ٠ | _ | + | |
| Cladonia coccifera | | | | | | • | + | | + | ٠ | + | | + | | + | | + | • | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | |
| Cladonia gracilis | | | | | | • | • | • | + | | | | | | + | | | • | • | _ | • | ٠ | ٠ | + | |
| Cladonia pocillum | + | + | + | + | + | Ť. | | + | + | | + | | + | | + | | + | + | | • | • | ٠ | + | + | |
| Cladonia pyxidata | | | | | | | т | + | + | + | + | + | + | | + | + | + | + | _ | | • | ٠ | ٠ | | |
| Cladonia pyxidata (cf. libifera) | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | | | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | • | | |
| Cladonia scabriuscula | | | | | | | • | • | + | • | | | | | | | | | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | • | | |
| Cladonia trassii | | | | | | | • | • | + | | + | | | | + | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | • | | |
| Collema ceraniscum | _ | | + | | | | • | • | | + | | | | + | | + | | | + | | • | ٠ | _ | _ | |
| Collema sp. | | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | · _ | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | |
| Collema tenax | | | | | | | • | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | |
| Collema undulatum | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | |
| Conostomum tetragonum | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | + | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | • | | |
| Cryptocolea imbricata | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | • | | |
| Dactylina ramulosa | | | | | | | _ | | _ | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | | | |
| Dermatocarpon arnoldianum | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | |
| Dichodontium pellucidum | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | | | • | | • | • | • | | |

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|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-------|--------|---------|-------|-------|--------------|-----|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Dicranella sp. | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Dicranoweisia crispula | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Dicranum acutifolium | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | + | | | | | | | |
| Dicranum elongatum | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Dicranum laevidens | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | |
| Didymodon icmadophyllus | + | + | + | | | + | + | | + | | | | + | + | | + | | | | | | | | |
| Distichium capillaceum | | | | | | • | + | + | + | | + | | + | _ | + | + | + | + | + | + | | + | + | + |
| Distichium inclinatum | + | + | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Ditrichum flexicaule | + | + | + | | | • | _ | + | _ | | + | | + | | + | + | + | _ | + | 7 | | + | + | + |
| Draba oblongata | + | + | + | + | | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | | + | + | | | | | |
| Draba sp. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Draba subcapitata | + | + | | | | + | + | + | | | + | + | _ | + | + | + | + | + | + | | | | | |
| Drepanocladus brevifolius | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | + | | | _ | |
| Dupontia fisheri | ٠ | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Encalypta alpina | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | + | + |
| Encalypta rhaptocarpa | | | | | | • | | + | | | | | ٠. | ٠ | + | | + | | ۷ | | | | | |
| Endocarpon pusillum | | | + | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Eurhynchium pulchellum | | | | | | • | | + | | | | | | • | • | | + | | | | | | | |
| Festuca brachyphylla | | | | | | | + | | + | | _ | + | + | _ | + | _ | + | + | + | + | | | | |
| Fissidens arcticus | ٠ | | | | | • | | + | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | |
| Flavocetraria cucullata | | | | | | • | | | + | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Fuscopannaria praetermissa | + | + | + | + | + | + | | + | | + | | + | <u>-</u> | • | + | | + | | + | | | | | |
| <i>Grimmia</i> sp. | + | | + | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Gymnomitrion concinnatum | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | + | | | + | _ |
| Gymnomitrion corallioides | | | | | | | | ٢ | | + | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | | |
| Hygrohypnum polare | | | | | | • | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | + | | | | |
| Hylocomium splendens | | | | | | • | | | + | | + | | • | • | ٠ | | | + | | | | + | | |
| Hymenostylium recurvirostre | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | + | |
| Hypnum cupressiforme | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | | |
| Hypnum hamulosum | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | + | | | | |
| Hypnum holmenii | | | | | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Hypnum revolutum | + | + | + | + | · + | + | _ | - | _ | _ | + | + | + | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | | | | | |
| Hypnum subimponens | + | | | | • | | + | | + | | + | ٠ | | • | • | + | | + | | | | | | |
| Hypnum vaucheri | + | | | | • | | + | | + | | | ٠ | | + | • | + | | | | | | | | |
| Hypogymnia subobscura | + | | | | _ | • | _ | | ۰ | | | | • | _ | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Isopterygiopsis pulchella | ٠ | | | | • | | | | | + | | | • | • | | | | | | + | | | | |
| Japewia tornoënsis | | | | | • | | | + | | + | ٠. | _ | + | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | | | |
| Juncus biglumis | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | + | + | _ | + | + |
| Jungermannia obovata | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | | | + |

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| Jungermannia polaris | | | | | | • | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | + | | | + | + |
| Kiapria of hlyttii | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| יאפטום כו. טוץ ננוו | | | | | | • | - | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | • | | | |
| Lecanora cf. g eophila | ٠ | | | + | | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | + | ٠ | | | + | | | • | • | | | |
| Lecanora epibryon | + | | | | | • | + | | + | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | • | • | | ٠ | |
| Lecanora hagenii | + | + | + | | + | | | | | | | • | • | | + | | + | Τ. | | • | | | |
| Lecidea ramulosa | | | | | | • | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | _ | + |
| Lecidella wulfenii | + | + | + | + | + | + | | + | | + | + | | • | | + | | + | Τ. | | • | | | |
| Leiocolea heterocolpos var. harpanthoides | | | | | | • | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | • | | | |
| Leiocolea heterocolpos var. heterocolpos | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | · | + | | | | , |
| Lepraria cf. vouauxii | | | + | | | | | + | | + | . + | | + | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lepraria neglecta | | | | | | | | + | | | | • | • | • | | | | | • | • | | | |
| Lepraria sp. | | + | | | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | • | • | | | |
| Leptogium gelatinosum | + | | + | | | • | | + | | + | | • | + | • | | | + | | • | • | • | | |
| Leptogium lichenoides | | | + | ٠ | + | • | | | | + | | | + | | | | + | | | • | | | |
| Leptogium sp. | | | | | | • | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | • | • | | | |
| Limprichtia revolvens | | | | | | • | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | + | <u>ო</u> | _ | + | _ |
| Loeskypnum badium | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | • | • | | | |
| Lopadium pezizoideum | | | | | | | | | + | | | • | • | | | | | | • | • | | | |
| Lophozia excisa | | | | | | • | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | • | • | • | | |
| Lophozia jurensis | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | + | | |
| Lophozia polaris | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | + | | | + | _ |
| Lophozia ventricosa | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | • | | | |
| Luzula confusa | | | | | | | ٦ | | ٦ | | | • | • | _ | | ۰ | | + | • | • | | | |
| Luzula nivalis | | | | | | | - | | + | | + | + | | + | | + | | + | _ | • | _ | 7 | က |
| Marsupella arctica | | | | | | • | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | + | | | + | + |
| Meesia longiseta | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | • | • | | | |
| Megalaria jemtlandica | + | + | + | | + | + | ٠ | + | | + | + | | + | | + | | | + | · | • | • | | |
| Megaspora verrucosa | + | + | + | + | + | + | | | | _ | | • | + | + | + | | + | · + | · + | • | ٠ | | |
| Micarea incrassata | | | | | | | | | | + | | | • | | | | | | • | • | | | |
| Minuartia rubella | | | | | | • | + | + | + | + | + | | • | + | + | | _ | | • | • | | | |
| Minuartia sp. | | | | | | ٠ | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | • | • | | | |
| Mnium marginatum | | | | | | | | | + | | | • | • | + | | | | | ٠ | • | | | |
| Mycoblastus sanguinarius | | | | | | | | | | + | | | • | | | | | | • | • | | | |
| Myurella julacea | <u>_</u> | | | | | | _ | | + | | | + | • | + | | | | | + | | | + | + |
| Myurella tenerrima | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | | + | |
| Myxobilimbia lobulata | | | | | | ٠ | + | + | | ۰ | | • | _ | | | | | | • | • | | | |
| Nostoc (film) | | | | | | | ٠ | | | | | • | • | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | |
| Nostoc commune (algae) | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | N | _ | + | + | + |
| Ochrolechia cf. inaequatula | + | + | + | · + | + | + | | | | | | • | • | | | | | + | | • | | | |
| Ochrolechia inaequatula | + | + | + | + | + | • | | + | | + | + | | + | | + | | + | + | | • | | ٠ | |

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|---|-----|--------------|-----|--------------|---------|-------|-----|----------|--------------|-----|--------------|-------|--------|---------|-------|----------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-----|
| Ochrolechia species | | | | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | • | | | | - | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Odonioscnisma macounii | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | | | + | | | | |
| Oncophorus virens | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | | | | + | | + | + |
| Oncophorus wahlenbergii | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | | | | | + | | | 7 | + |
| Orthocaulis sp. | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | | |
| Orthothecium chryseon | | | | | | • | | | _ | | | | _ | | • | • | • | | | _ | + | _ | + | _ |
| Orthothecium strictum | | | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orthotrichum speciosum | | | | | | | | | + | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | |
| Papaver radicatum | _ | - | + | - | | . + | . + | . + | + | . + | . + | . + | | . + | . + | . + | . + | . + | . + | . — | | | . + | . + |
| Parmelia omphalodes ssp. qlacialis | + | + | | | | + | < | _ | ^ | ^ | ^ | | | | | | + | ~ | + | - | | | | |
| Peltigera canina | | + | _ | | | | + | | + | | + ر | | ı + | 1 + | | - + | | 1 + | | | | | | |
| Peltigera didactyla | + | + | + | _ | + | | + | | + | + | + | | | . + | . + | | | + | . + | | | | | |
| Peltigera frippii | | | | | | • | | | _ | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Peltigera leucophlebia | | | | | | | + | | + | | + | | + | + | | | | + | | ۔ ۔ | | | | . + |
| Peltigera malacea | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Peltigera rufescens | + | + | + | | | | + | | + | | . + | | . + | | . + | . + | | . + | | | | | | . + |
| Peltigera scabrosa | | | | | | | + | | | | + | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Peltigera venosa | | | | | | | _ | | | _ | | | _ | _ | | | _ | | | | | | | |
| Pertusaria atra | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pertusaria geminipara | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pertusaria glomerata | | | | | | • | | | | + | | | | | | | | | + | | | | | |
| Pertusaria octomela | + | + | + | + | | + | _ | — | | + | — | . + | . + | . + | . 0 | · - | · - | . ~ | + | | | | | |
| Pertusaria oculata | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | ٠ | • | | | | | | | | |
| Phaeorrhiza nimbosa | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | | |
| Philonotis caespitosa | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | + | | |
| Philonotis sp. | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | + | | | |
| Philonotis tomentella | | | | | | • | ٠ | | + | | | | | • | ٠ | • | | | | + | | | + | + |
| Phippsia algida | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Physconia muscigena | + | | | | | • | + | | + | | | | | + | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Placopsis gelida | | | + | | | • | | | | | | | + | • | • | • | | + | | | | | | |
| Plagiochila asplenioides ssp. porelloides | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | i | • | ٠ | | | | | + | | | | |
| Plagiothecium berggrenianum | | | | | | | | | | | | | · | • | | • | | | | | | | | |
| Poa abbreviata | _ | + | _ | + | _ | + | | | | | | | | | | | ۷ | | _ | | | | | |
| Poa alpigena | | | | | | • | _ | + | _ | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | | | | | |
| Pogonatum urnigerum | | | | | | • | | | | ۷ | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | |
| Pohlia cruda | _ | + | + | | | • | 7 | | _ | + | _ | | + | _ | + | + | | + | + | + | | 7 | + | _ |
| Pohlia drummondii | + | | | | | • | + | | + | | + | | | + | • | + | | + | | | | | | + |
| Pohlia nutans | | | + | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | |
| Polychidium muscicola | | | | | | • | | | + · | | | | | | • | + | | | | | | | | |
| Polytrichastrum alpınum | + | + | | | | • | + | + | - | + | - | + | + | _ | + | 7 | + | + | + | _ | _ | 2 | α | CI |

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| Polytrichum juniperinum | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | • | • | | + | | | | 7 |
| 0 cl. deit britten will com | - | | | | | | | | | + | | + | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Polytricharn piliterarn | ۲ | | | | | | - | • | | ŀ | | ŀ | | | | | • | • | | | | | | |
| Potentilla hyparctica | <u>_</u> | | | | | | _ | ٠ | _ | | + | ے | + | | + | + | + | + | + | | | | + | |
| Protopannaria pezizoides | | | + | | | | + | • | ٠ | + | + | | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | ٠ | | | + | _ |
| Pseudocalliergon brevifolium | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | + | + | + | + | + |
| Psilopilum cavifolium | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | |
| Psoroma hypnorum | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | | + | + | + | | + | | + | + | + | + | + | | | | | |
| Pterygoneurum ovatum | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | + | | | • | | | | | |
| Ptilidium cilare | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Puccinellia cf. andersonii | _ | _ | + | _ | _ | _ | • | + | | | | | | + | | + | + | | + | | | | | |
| Racomitrium canescens | | | | | | | • | • | + | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Racomitrium ericoides/panshii | + | + | + | + | + | Τ. | + | | + | | - | | _ | | + | | + | | + | + | | | + | |
| Racomitrium lanuginosum | ٠ | | | | | | _ | + | 7 | | 7 | | + | | + | Τ. | · _ | + | + | + | | | + | |
| Ranunculus nivalis | • | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Ranunculus sabinei | <u>_</u> | | | | | | + | + | + | _ | + | | + | _ | + | + | + | + | + | | | + | | + |
| Ranunculus sulphureus | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | + | |
| Rinodina mniaraea var. mniaraea | | + | | | | | • | • | + | | | | + | | | | • | | | | | | | |
| Rinodina mniaraea var. mniaraeiza | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Rinodina olivaceobrunnea | + | + | | | + | | • | • | + | | + | | | | + | + | _ | + | • | | | | | |
| Rinodina roscida | | | + | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Rinodina terrestris | _ | 7 | + | _ | | 1 | | + | + | _ | + | + | | + | | <u> </u> | 2 | + | • | | | | | |
| Rinodina turfacea | + | + | + | | | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | | | | |
| Saelania glaucescens | | | | | | | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | |
| Sagina intermedia | | | | | | | ٠ | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | | ٠ | | | | | + |
| Sanionia uncinata | + | + | + | | | | ٠ | • | + | | + | | + | | + | Ť. | | + | | + | + | + | | + |
| Saxifraga caespitosa | | | | | | | _ | | _ | | - | | _ | + | + | <u> </u> | + | + | ٠ | + | | | + | + |
| Saxifraga cernua | + | | | | | _ | + | + | + | | + | + | + | + | + | + | _ | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Saxifraga flagellaris | | | | | | | _ | ٠ | + | | + | + | + | _ | | | • | + | | + - | | | | |
| Saxifraga foliolosa | | | | | | | • | | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | ٠ | • | _ | | _ | + | + |
| Saxifraga nivalis | | + | | | | | + | + | - | | - | + | + | + | + | + | _ | + | + | + | | | + | + |
| Saxifraga oppositifolia | | | | | | | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Saxifraga rivularis | | | | | | | _ | | ٠ | | | | | | _ | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Saxifraga tenuis | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | + | | | + | + |
| Scapania cf. zemliae | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Scapania crassiretis | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | + | | | | |
| Scapania kaurinii | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Scapania mucronata ssp. praetervisa | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | + | |
| Scapania obcordata | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | + | + | + |
| Scapania perssonii | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | |

| | 501 | 501 502 503 | | 504 | 505 5 | 506 5 | 507 5 | 508 5 | 509 5 | 510 5 | 511 512 | 12 513 | 3 514 | 4 515 | 5 516 | 6 517 | 7 518 | 3 519 | 9 520 | 521 | 522 | 523 | 524 | 525 | 526 | |
|--|-----|-------------|---|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|--|
| Schistidium andreaeopsis | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | • | | | + | | |
| Schistidium frigidum | + | | | | | | | | | + | + | 2 | + | + | + | | 7 | + | 7 | + | • | • | | + | + | |
| Schistidium holmenianum | | | | | + | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | _ | • | + | က | + | |
| Schistidium papillosum | + | + | | | + | | | + | | + | Τ. | · _ | + | | + | • | + | + | + | ٠ | ٠ | + | | ٠ | + | |
| Shadonia fecunda | | | | | | | | | | | i | · | + | | • | • | • | • | ٠ | • | • | | | | | |
| Solorina cf. bispora | + | | | | | | | | + | | + | · | • | _ | + | | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | • | | | | + | |
| Solorina crocea | | | | | | | | | | + | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | • | • | | | | | |
| Sphaerophorus fragilis | | | | | | | | + | | | | • | • | • | + | • | • | • | ٠ | • | • | ٠ | | | | |
| Sphaerophorus globosus | | | | | | | | _ | | + | | + | • | • | _ | • | + | • | | | • | ٠ | | | | |
| Stellaria longipes | + | + | | | | | | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | _ | | + | + | + | |
| Stereocaulon groenlandicum | | | | | | | | + | | | | | • | • | • | • | | • | | | • | | ٠ | | | |
| Stereocaulon alpinum | | | | | | | | + | + | + | ` + | _ | + | + | · | • | _ | • | _ | + | • | • | | ٠ | | |
| Stereocaulon depressum | | | | | + | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | • | ٠ | | | | |
| Stereocaulon glareosum | | | + | + | | + | + | | | | | + | Т | | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | • | • | • | | | | |
| Stereocaulon rivulorum | + | + | + | + | | | + | | | | Ť. | · | + | | + | | + | • | + | | + | • | ٠ | + | + | |
| Sticta arctica | | | | | | | | 7 | _ | _ | | + | + | | + | | + | • | _ | • | • | • | ٠ | | | |
| Syntrichia ruralis | + | + | + | | _ | _ | + | + | + | + | + | + | _ | + | | + | α. | + | _ | + | • | • | | | | |
| Tetramelas insignis | + | + | | + | | | | | + | | + | + | · | + | • | + | • | + | • | + | • | • | | | | |
| Tetramelas papillata | | | | | | | | | | | + | | • | + | • | + | | • | | + | • | • | | | | |
| Thamnolia vermicularis var. subuliformis | | + | + | | | | | + | + | + | · - | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | • | • | | | | |
| Thamnolia vermicularis var. vermicularis | | | | | | | | | | + | | | Т | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | ٠ | | ٠ | | |
| Timmia austriaca | + | + | | | | | | 7 | + | _ | `. | _ | т | | 7 | + | | • | _ | + | + | • | + | | + | |
| Tomentypnum nitens | + | | | | | | | | | + | | + | т | | • | • | • | ٠ | + | • | _ | + | 7 | + | - | |
| Tortula mucronifolia | + | | + | | | | | | + | | | | • | + | Ċ | • | • | + | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | | ٠ | | |
| Tritomaria quinquedentata | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | + | + | + | + | + | |
| Warnstorfia examinuata Warnstorfia sarmentosa | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • + | . w | ٠ ٥ | • + | . + | |
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| | 527 | 528 | 529 | 530 | 531 5 | 532 53 | 533 534 | 34 535 | 5 536 | 537 | 538 | 539 | 540 | 541 | 550 5 | 551 552 | 52 553 | 3 554 | 4 555 | 556 | 557 | 558 | 559 | 260 |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------|----------|----------|--------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----|
| Agonimia gelatinosa | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Alectoria nigricans | • | | | | | | + | | • | | | | | | _ | | • | • | | | | | | |
| Alectoria ochroleuca | | | | | | | Τ. | | | • | | | | | _ | _ | | | | | | | + | + |
| Alopecurus alpinus | 2 | _ | - | - | 7 | α. | | • | | _ | _ | 7 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | + | + | + | | | ~ | _ |
| Anaptychia bryorum | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Anastrophyllum minutus | ٠ | | | | | | <u> </u> | _ | | | | | | + | | | • | • | | | | | | |
| Aneura pinguis | ٠ | | | | | | | • | | 7 | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Anthelia juratzkana | ٠ | + | + | 7 | | ٧. | ↔ | _ | + | + | _ | + | 7 | _ | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Apomarsupella revoluta | ٠ | | | | | | | • | ٠ | + | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Arctoa anderssonii | • | | | | | | | • | • | | + | | | | | | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| Arctoa sp. | ٠ | | | | | | _ | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Arctocetraria nigricascens | • | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | |
| Arctomia delicatula | ٠ | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | + | | • | + | + | | | | | |
| Aulacomnium turgidum | ٠ | 7 | _ | က | + | | + | ٠. | + | 4 | | + | _ | က | _ | + | • | + | | | | | + | |
| Bacidia bagliettoana | ٠ | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | + | + | | | | | |
| Barbilophozia atlantica | • | | | | | | + | | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| Barbilophozia hyperborea | ٠ | | + | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | + | • | • | | | + | + |
| Barbilophozia quadriloba | • | + | + | + | | | + | | | က | | | _ | _ | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Bartramia ithyphylla | • | | + | + | | + | · _ | + | + | | | | + | + | + | | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| Biatora subduplex | • | | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | + | + |
| Blepharostoma trichophyllum | • | | + | | | ٠. | ٠. | • | ٠ | _ | | | + | + | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Brachythecium sp. | • | + | + | + | | | | • | • | | | | | + | | | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | |
| Bryocaulon divergens | | | | | | | T. | | | | | | | | _ | | • | • | • | | | | + | + |
| Bryodina rhypariza | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | |
| Bryoerythrophyllum recurvirostrum | ٠ | | + | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | + | • | ٠ | | | | |
| Bryonora castanea | • | | | + | | т | | • | | | | | | | | + | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | |
| Bryoria nitidula | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | | | • | • | | ٠ | | | | |
| Bryum arcticum | ٠ | | | | | | | • | ٠ | | + | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | |
| Bryum argenteum | ٠ | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | |
| Bryum cryophilum | + | 4 | | + | + | | | • | + | | _ | + | + | _ | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Bryum pseudotriquetrum | ٠ | | + | | | <u> </u> | | • | ٠ | + | | | + | | | | • | + | • | | | | | |
| Bryum sp. | | | + | + | | | | • | | + | + | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Bryum teres | ٠ | | | | | | | • | | | | | + | | | | • | • | | | | | | |
| Callialaria curvicaulis | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | |
| Caloplaca ammiospila | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | + | • | + | + | ٠ | | | + | + |
| Caloplaca cerina | | | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | + | + | + | | + | + | + |
| Caloplaca jungermanniae | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | | + | | | | |
| Caloplaca phaeocarpella | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | |
| Caloplaca tetraspora | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | + | + | ٠ | | | | |
| Caloplaca tiroliensis | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | + | • | + | + | + | | + | + | + |

| | 527 | 528 | 529 5 | 530 5 | 531 532 | 32 533 | 3 534 | 532 | 536 | 537 | 538 5 | 539 5 | 540 541 | 1 550 | 551 | 552 | 553 | 554 5 | 555 5 | 556 557 | 7 558 | 559 | 260 |
|---|-----|--------------|--------------|-------|---------|--------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|---------|-------|-----|-----|-----|------------|----------|---------|-------|-----|-----|
| Caloplaca tornoënsis | • | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Campylium arcticum | + | ď | + | _ | 7 | | | | + | | | | . + | | | | | | | | • | • | |
| Campylium stellatum | |) | | - | _ | | | | . + | | | | . " | ٠. | | | | | | | • | | |
| Candelariella placodizans | | | | | | • | | | • | | | | | • + | | | | | | | • | | |
| Candelariella so | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | ٠ . | ٠ . | | ٠. | | | | | ٠ + | ٠ + |
| Candelariella terricena | • | | | | | | | . + | | | | | | - | - | | - + | . 4 | - + | | ٠ + | - | - |
| Cardamine hellidifolia | | | . + | . 4 | | ٠ + | | - + | | | | | | . + | . + | | ٠ | - + | - - + | | ۲ | | |
| Catabyrenium cinereum | | | + | + | | + | • | ۲ | | | | | _ | ٢ | ŀ | | | + + | + + | | • | + | + |
| Cataly Common Camp | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | |
| Catabylement sp. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | + | + | | • | • | |
| Cephialoziella bicuspidata | | | | | | + - | | | | + | | + | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| Cephaloziella grimsulana Cephaloziella voriena | . 4 | | | ٠ , | | + - | + - | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ceprialoziena Variaris | + | + | + | V | | + | + | | + | + | + | + | + | | | | | + | | • | • | + | + |
| Cerastium arcticum | • | | + | | | • | + | ٠ | | | | | | _ | | | | + | + | | ٠ | + | |
| Cerastium regelii | | - | _ | + | . 7 | + | | | | | | ٠. | | | | | | | | | • | • | |
| Ceratodon heterophyllus | | | | | + | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | • | | | | | ٠. | · _ | • | ٠ | |
| Ceratodon purpureus | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | + | | ٠. | | • | | |
| Cetraria aculeata | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | | |
| Cetraria islandica | | | | | | + | + | _ | | | | | + | + | + | | | + | + | • | | + | + |
| Cetrariella delisei | | | | + | | + | | + | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Cetrariella fastigiata | | | | | | • | | | | | | | + | | + | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Cinclidium cf. subrotundum | | | | | | • | | | | + | | | | | | | | | | • | | | |
| Cirriphyllum cirrosum | | | + | | | • | | | | + | | | + | | | | | + | | | | • | |
| Cladonia amaurocraea | • | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cladonia chlorophaea | | | | | | • | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Cladonia coccifera | | | | | | + | + | | | | | | | • | + | | | | | | | • | |
| Cladonia gracilis | | | | + | | _ | + | + | | | | | + | | + | | | | | • | ٠ | + | |
| Cladonia pocillum | ٠ | | | | | | | | | | | | | + | + | | | + | + | | ٠ | + | + |
| Cladonia pyxidata | | | L | + | | ٠ | | | | | | | + | + | + | + | | + | + | • | • | + | |
| Cladonia pyxidata (cf. libifera) | ٠ | | | | | + | + | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | |
| Cladonia scabriuscula | ٠ | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | |
| Cladonia trassii | | | | | | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | • | • | | |
| Collema ceraniscum | ٠ | | - | + | | | • | | | | | | | • | • | | | + | + | • | + | + | + |
| Collema sp. | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | • | + | | |
| Collema tenax | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | + | + | • | • | | |
| Collema undulatum | | | | | | ٠ | • | | | | | | ٠ | • | | | | + | + | • | | | |
| Conostomum tetragonum | | | | | | • | | | | + | | ` . | + | | | | | | | • | • | | |
| Cryptocolea imbricata | | | | | | • | | | | + | | | | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | |
| Dactylina ramulosa | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | |
| Dermatocarpon arnoldianum | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | <u>.</u> | | | ٠ | |
| Dichodontium pellucidum | | | | | | • | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | • | ٠ | | |

| | 527 5 | 528 529 | 29 530 | 531 | 1 532 | 533 | 534 | 535 | 536 | 537 5 | 538 53 | 539 540 | 0 541 | 550 | 551 | 552 | 553 | 554 | 555 5 | 556 557 | 37 558 | 8 559 | 9 560 | _ |
|-----------------------------|-------|---------|--------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|--------|---------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|---------|--------|-------|-------|---|
| Dicranella sp. | | | | • | • | • | | | | | Τ. | | + | • | | + | | | | | | | | |
| chiasino cisiomoacnoiO | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | + | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Dicrarioweisia crispuia | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | • | • | | | + | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Dicranum acutifolium | | | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | |
| Dicranum elongatum | | | | • | • | | _ | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | |
| Dicranum laevidens | | | | • | • | • | | | | + | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | + | • | |
| Didymodon icmadophyllus | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | • | | | | | | + | | | • | + | • | |
| Distichium capillaceum | | | + ~ | | + | + | | + | | | Ċ. | | • | _ | _ | + | | + | _ | | • | + | + | |
| Distichium inclinatum | | ΄. | + | • | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | + | | _ | • | + | + | |
| Ditrichum flexicaule | | | + | | + | + | | | | | | + | + | _ | _ | | | + | _ | + | | + | + | |
| Draba oblongata | | | | • | • | | + | | | | | • | | + | + | | + | ے | L | ٠ | _ | + | + | |
| Draba sp. | | | _ | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Draba subcapitata | | | | • | • | + | | + | | | | • | + | _ | | | + | ے | _ | _ | | + | • | |
| Drepanocladus brevifolius | | `. | _ | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Dupontia fisheri | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | က | | ٠ | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Encalypta alpina | | Τ, | + | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | ٠ | • | |
| Encalypta rhaptocarpa | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | | | _ | | + | | | • | • | • | |
| Endocarpon pusillum | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | ٠ | • | |
| Eurhynchium pulchellum | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Festuca brachyphylla | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | + | | | | + | | | • | + | • | |
| Fissidens arcticus | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | + | • | |
| Flavocetraria cucullata | | | | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | |
| Fuscopannaria praetermissa | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | + | + | + | • | + | + | |
| <i>Grimmia</i> sp. | | | • | • | | ٠ | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | ٠ | ٠ | |
| Gymnomitrion concinnatum | | | + | • | ٠ | + | | | | | Ċ | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | ٠ | • | |
| Gymnomitrion corallioides | | | • | • | • | + | + | + | | | i | • | • | + | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Hygrohypnum polare | | | • | • | | | | | + | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | ٠ | • | |
| Hylocomium splendens | | | • | • | ٠ | | + | | | _ | | + | • | _ | | | | | | | • | • | | |
| Hymenostylium recurvirostre | | | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Hypnum cupressiforme | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | • | + | + | |
| Hypnum hamulosum | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Hypnum holmenii | | | • | • | • | | | | | + | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Hypnum revolutum | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | + | | | | _ | | | • | + | + | |
| Hypnum subimponens | | Τ. | | • | | | | | | | | + | _ | + | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Hypnum vaucheri | | | • | • | | ٠ | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | + | | + | + | |
| Hypogymnia subobscura | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | • | _ | + | |
| Isopterygiopsis pulchella | | | | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | |
| Japewia tornoensis | | | • | • | • | | + | | | | | • | • | • | | | | + | + | | • | • | • | |
| Juncus biglumis | + | + | + | • | + | | | | | | _ | + | | ٠ | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | |
| Jungermannia obovata | | + | + | • | • | | | | | | Ť | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | |

Table 9 - continued.

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| Jungermannia polaris | + | | + | + | | ٠ | | | | | ٠ | | | | • | | | | | • | | |
| Kiaeria of blyttii | | | | | | + | | | | 2 + | | | | | • | | | | | • | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lecanora ct. geopnila | | | | | | • | | | | | • | | | | • | ٠ | | | | • | | |
| Lecanora epibryon | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | | | | | • | | ٠ |
| Lecanora hagenii | | | | | | ٠ | | | | | • | | | | • | | + | + | | + | | |
| Lecidea ramulosa | | | + | | | | | | | | • | _ | | | • | | | | | • | | |
| Lecidella wulfenii | | | | | | • | | | | | • | | | | • | + | + | + | | + | + | + |
| Leiocolea heterocolpos var. harpanthoides | | | + | | | • | | | | | • | + | | | • | • | | | | • | | |
| Leiocolea heterocolpos var. heterocolpos | | | | | | • | | | | | • | | | | • | • | | | | • | | |
| Lepraria cf. vouauxii | | | | | | • | | | | | • | | | + | • | | | | | • | + | + |
| Lepraria neglecta | | | | | | ٠ | | | | | • | | | | • | | | | | • | | |
| Lepraria sp. | | | | | | • | | | | | • | | | | • | | | | | • | | |
| Leptogium gelatinosum | | | | | | • | | | | | • | | | | • | | + | + | | • | + | + |
| Leptogium lichenoides | | | | | | • | + | | | | | | | + | • | | + | + | | • | | ٠ |
| Leptogium sp. | | | | | | • | | | | | • | | | | • | • | + | + | | • | | ٠ |
| Limprichtia revolvens | က | _ | + | + | + | + | | | _ | <u> </u> | 2 | + | _ | | • | • | | | | • | ٠ | |
| Loeskypnum badium | | | | | | | | | | | ٠ | + | | | • | | | | | • | | |
| Lopadium pezizoideum | | | | | | က | | | | | • | | | | • | | | | | • | • | ٠ |
| Lophozia excisa | | | | | | • | + | | | | • | + | | | • | • | | | | • | ٠ | |
| Lophozia jurensis | | | | | | • | | | | | • | | | | • | | | | | • | | ٠ |
| Lophozia polaris | | + | + | _ | | + | + | | | + | • | _ | + | | • | • | | | | • | + | + |
| Lophozia ventricosa | | | | | | • | + | | | | • | | | | | ٠ | | | | • | ٠ | |
| Luzula confusa | | | | | | • | | | | | • | ٠ | _ | | • | • | | | | • | ٠ | |
| Luzula nivalis | | _ | _ | _ | _ | + | + | + | | <u>←</u> | • | 7 | က | + | · + | ٠ | | | | ٠ | _ | ٠ |
| Marsupella arctica | | | | | | • | | | | + | • | _ | | | • | • | | | | ٠ | ٠ | |
| Meesia longiseta | | | | | | • | | | | + | • | | | | • | ٠ | | | | ٠ | • | ٠ |
| Megalaria jemtlandica | | | | | | • | | | | | • | | | + | | ٠ | + | + | | + | + | + |
| Megaspora verrucosa | | | | | | • | | | | | • | | | | | ٠ | + | _ | _ | + | + | + |
| Micarea incrassata | | | | | | + | | | | | + | ٠ | | + | | ٠ | | | | | | |
| Minuartia rubella | | | | | | • | • | | | | • | | | | | ٠ | _ | ۰ | | • | + | + |
| Minuartia sp. | | | | | | • | + | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | | |
| Mnium marginatum | | | | | | • | • | | | | • | ٠ | | | | ٠ | | | | • | ٠ | ٠ |
| Mycoblastus sanguinarius | | | | | | • | + | | | | • | ٠ | | | | ٠ | | | | • | | ٠ |
| Myurella julacea | + | | + | | | ٠ | | | | | • | ٠ | | _ | | | _ | | | | + | ٠ |
| Myurella tenerrima | | | + | | | ٠ | • | | | | • | | | | | • | | | | • | ٠ | • |
| Myxobilimbia lobulata | | | | | | • | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | ٠ | | | | • | | ٠ |
| Nostoc (film) | | | | | | | ٠ | | | | • | ٠ | | | | • | | | | + | ٠ | ٠ |
| Nostoc commune (algae) | ~ | _ | _ | _ | | + | ٠ | | | | • | + | | | | ٠ | | | | • | ٠ | ٠ |
| Ochrolechia cf. inaequatula | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | • | | | | | ٠ | + | + | | + | + | + |
| Ochrolechia inaequatula | | | | | | + | + | | | | • | | | + | | | + | + | | • | + | + |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 527 | 528 | 529 | 530 | 531 5 | 532 53 | 533 534 | 4 535 | 536 | 537 | 538 | 539 | 540 5 | 541 5 | 550 551 | 1 552 | 2 553 | 554 | . 555 | 556 | 557 | 558 | 559 | 260 |
|---|-----|-----|----------|-----|-------|--------|---------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|----------|---------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Ochrolechia species | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | |
| Odontoschisma macounii | | | + | | | | • | • | | | | + | | | | • | • | | | | | | | |
| Onconhorus virens | | | + | | | | | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | • | | | | | | . , | | | • | | • | | | | | | |
| Oricopriorus warrieribergii | | | | | | • | | • | | + | | + | _ | - | | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | ٠ | | | | |
| Orthocaulis sp. | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | + | 7 | | • | • | | | | | | | |
| Orthothecium chryseon | | _ | ~ | | | + | • | • | | | | | + | + | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orthothecium strictum | | | | | | , | | | | į | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | |
| Other tisk | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | | ٠ | ٠ | | | | |
| Orthotrichum speciosum | | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | ٠ | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | |
| Papaver radicatum | | | + | | | ٠ | + | + | | | | | | + | | + | + | + | _ | + | + | _ | + | + |
| Parmelia omphalodes ssp. qlacialis | • | | | | | | | | | | + | | | | • | _ | | + | + | _ | | + | C | _ |
| Peltigera canina | | | | + | | | | | | | | | . + | . + | + | • | • | | | • | • | | 1 + | - + |
| Peltigera didactyla | . , | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | . + | • | | . + | | ٠ ـ | | | | |
| Doltinora frincii | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | - | | | | |
| Dolling in Inpul | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | + | • | • | | | | | | | |
| Peltigera leucophiebia | | | + | + | | | • | • | | | | | + | | + | • | ٠ | + | | ٠ | | | | |
| Peltigera malacea | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | <u>_</u> | | | | | | |
| Peltigera rufescens | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | + | | | • | | + | + | + | | | + | |
| Peltigera scabrosa | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | · | • | • | | | | • | • | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | |
| Peliigera venosa | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | • | • | | | | | + | + |
| Pertusaria atra | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | |
| Pertusaria geminipara | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | |
| Pertusaria glomerata | | | | | | | • | | • | | | | | | , | | | | | | | | | |
| Pertusaria octomela | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | . ~ | . ~ | • | . + | . + | ٠ ـ | | . + | ٠ - | . + |
| Pertusaria oculata | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | - | - | | - 4 | . 4 | - | | • | - | - |
| | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | • | | | - | | | | | |
| Pnaeorniza nimbosa | • | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | • | • | • | + | + | ٠ | | | | |
| Philonotis caespitosa | | | | | + | · + | • | • | | | | | + | + | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | |
| Philonotis sp. | | | | | | | • | • | + | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | |
| Philonotis tomentella | | | + | + | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | |
| Phippsia algida | | | | | | + | | • | _ | | | | + | | • | • | • | • | | | | | | |
| Physconia muscigena | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | · | , | | | | | | | | + | + |
| Placopsis aelida | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | |
| Plagiochila asplenioides ssp. porelloides | | | + | | | | • | • | | . + | | | | · · + | | | | | | | | | . + | . + |
| Plaaiothecium beraarenianum | | | | | | | • | | | + | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | |
| Poa abbreviata | | | • | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | | ٠ ـ | | | . + | . + | . + | | |
| | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | | - | | | - | + | - | | |
| roa alpigeria | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | ٠ | | | | | + |
| Pogonatum urnigerum | | | | + | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | | • | + | ٠ | | ٠ | | | | | |
| Pohlia cruda | | _ | + | _ | + | _ | + | + | | + | | | + | · + | + | | ٠ | | ٠ | | | | + | |
| Pohlia drummondii | | | + | + | | + | | + | + | + | + | _ | | _ | • | • | • | | | | | | | |
| Pohlia nutans | | | | | | | + | • | | + | | | + | | Т. | | • | | | | | | | |
| Polychidium muscicola | | | | | | | + | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | |
| Polytrichastrum alpinum | + | _ | 7 | 4 | | ~ | + | + | + | _ | + | + | 2 | 4 | + | | | _ | | | | | + | + |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 527 | 528 5 | 53 | 530 53 | 531 532 | 2 533 | 3 534 | 532 | 536 | 537 | 538 | 539 8 | 540 5 | 541 5 | 550 551 | 1 552 | 2 553 | 3 554 | . 555 | 556 | 222 | 558 | 559 | 260 |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-------|--------------|--------|---------|----------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|--------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Polytrichum juniperinum | | _ | က | _ | | • | • | | | | | | _ | | | • | • | | | | | | | |
| Polytrichum niliferum | | | | | | + | + | | | | | | | | + | + | | • | | | | | | |
| Dotontillo himomitica | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | + | |
| Totalitina riyparctica | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | . + | . + | | | | 4 | . + |
| Protopannaria pezizoides | | | | + | | + | + | + | | | + | | | + . | - | - | | ۲ | ۲ | | | | + | + |
| Pseudocalliergon brevifolium | | | + | | | • | • | | + | | | | + | + | | • | • | • | | | | | | |
| Psilopilum cavifolium | ٠ | | | | | + | | + | | | | | + | | | • | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Psoroma hypnorum | | | | | | + | + | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | · + | + | | + | + | | | | + | + |
| Pterygoneurum ovatum | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | | |
| Ptilidium cilare | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | + | | | + | | Ċ | • | • | ٠ | | ٠ | | | | |
| Puccinellia cf. andersonii | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | + | + | | + | + | _ | | + |
| Racomitrium canescens | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | |
| Racomitrium ericoides/panshii | | | + | | | 7 | | 4 | + | | + | | + | | | | • | _ | _ | ٠ | | | _ | |
| Racomitrium lanuginosum | | | + | + | | + | ٠. | • | | + | | | | | + | | • | • | | ٠ | | | _ | |
| Ranunculus nivalis | | | | | | + | | • | | | | | + | | | • | • | ٠ | | ٠ | | | | |
| Ranunculus sabinei | | + | + | + | | • | • | • | | | | | | | + | • | • | • | | ٠ | _ | | + | + |
| Ranunculus sulphureus | | | | | `- | _ | • | • | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | ٠ | | | | |
| Rinodina mniaraea var. mniaraea | | | | | | • | • | • | | | | | | | | • | _ | _ | <u>_</u> | ٠ | | | | |
| Rinodina mniaraea var. mniaraeiza | | | | | | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | • | • | | ٠ | | | | |
| Rinodina olivaceobrunnea | | | | | | • | + | ٠ | | | | | | | + | | • | + | ٠ | ٠ | | + | + | + |
| Rinodina roscida | | | | | | ٠ | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | | • | + | | + | | + | | |
| Rinodina terrestris | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | |
| Rinodina turfacea | | | | | | • | + | | | ٠ | | | | | + | + | | + | + | _ | | + | + | + |
| Saelania glaucescens | + | | | | | | • | ٠ | | | | | | | + | • | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Sagina intermedia | | | | | | ٠ | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | | • | | ٠ | | | | | |
| Sanionia uncinata | + | + | + | + | ٠. | т — | + | 0 | + | + | | | + | + | + | | • | - | ٠ | | | | + | |
| Saxifraga caespitosa | | | + | + | | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | _ | | • | _ | + | ٠ | | | | |
| Saxifraga cernua | + | _ | + | + | . 1 | ~ | + | + | + | + | + | | | + | _ | | • | + | + | _ | _ | | + | + |
| Saxifraga flagellaris | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | • | ٠ | _ | | | | | |
| Saxifraga foliolosa | | + | | | | · _ | • | • | + | + | | | + | + | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Saxifraga nivalis | ٠ | | + | + | | + | + | • | | ٠ | | | | | + | | • | _ | + | | | | + , | |
| Saxifraga oppositifolia | | | | | | • | • | • | | ٠ | | | | | | | • | + | • | | | | 7 | + |
| Saxifraga rivularis | | | | | | + | | | ٠ | | | | + | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | |
| Saxifraga tenuis | | | - | + | | ⊤ | | + | | + | | | + | | | | • | • | | ٠ | | | | |
| Scapania cf. zemliae | | | | | | | • | + | | | | | | + | | | • | | | | | | | |
| Scapania crassiretis | | | | + | | • | • | • | | _ | | + | _ | + | | | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | |
| Scapania kaurinii | • | | | | | | • | ٠ | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | + | + |
| Scapania mucronata ssp. praetervisa | | | | | | | • | • | ٠ | | | | | | | | • | • | • | ٠ | | | | |
| Scapania obcordata | + | + | + | + | | + | | • | ٠ | | | + | | + | | | • | • | | | | | | |
| Scapania perssonii | | | | | | | • | • | | | | | | + | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 9 - continued.

Plant biomass

Table 10: Relevé biomass (g/0.1 m^2). Note: Moss and lichen values are high and are being corrected - numbers are going to be checked again.

| | live | dead | | | | | total |
|----------|-----------|-----------|------|-------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Releve # | graminoid | graminoid | forb | moss | lichen | algae | (g/0.1m2) |
| 501 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 |
| 502 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 1.0 |
| 503 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| 504 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| 505 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 |
| 506 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| 507 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| 508 | 3.1 | 14.6 | 4.4 | 37.9 | 11.9 | 0.0 | 71.9 |
| 509 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 |
| 510 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 141.5 | 11.0 | 0.0 | 156.6 |
| 511 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 2.5 |
| 512 | 0.6 | 6.5 | 2.8 | 39.2 | 4.2 | 0.0 | 53.3 |
| 513 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.1 |
| 514 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 8.9 | 72.4 | 14.4 | 0.0 | 96.9 |
| 515 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 |
| 516 | 2.2 | 0.7 | 8.5 | 147.7 | 20.9 | 0.0 | 180.0 |
| 517 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 |
| 518 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 7.2 | 75.2 | 17.4 | 0.0 | 104.2 |
| 519 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 5.1 | 10.8 | 0.0 | 16.7 |
| 520 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 4.8 | 91.7 | 8.9 | 0.0 | 106.6 |
| 521 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 3.2 | 0.0 | 5.0 |
| 522 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 36.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 38.4 |
| 523 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 30.6 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 31.3 |
| 524 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 58.0 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 61.7 |
| 525 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 33.5 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 40.4 |
| 526 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 0.7 | 38.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 41.7 |
| 527 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 18.5 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 22.8 |
| 528 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 45.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 47.3 |
| 529 | 18.7 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 68.7 | 3.2 | 0.2 | 91.7 |
| 530 | 2.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 66.8 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 71.2 |
| 531 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 14.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 15.6 |
| 532 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 48.6 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 49.2 |
| 550 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 43.1 | 24.6 | 0.0 | 71.5 |
| 551 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 12.4 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 16.6 |
| 552 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1.9 |

NDVI

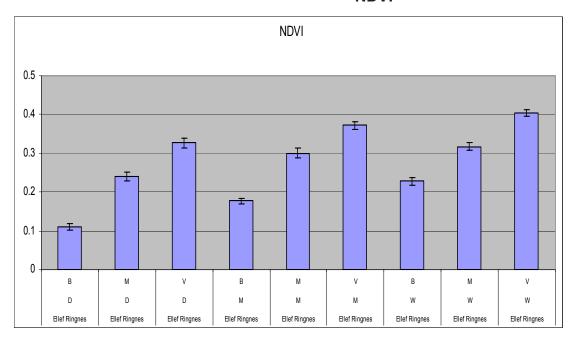
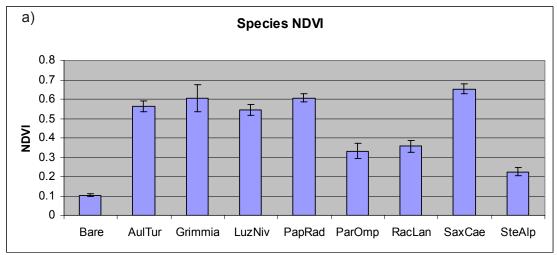


Fig. 11: Mean NDVI of transects. Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI) every meter along the two 50-m transects adjacent to each grid. Grids: grid 2 - dry (D), grid 1 - mesic (M), or grid 3 - hummocky site (W). Ground cover: vegetated (V), bare (B), or mixed (M).



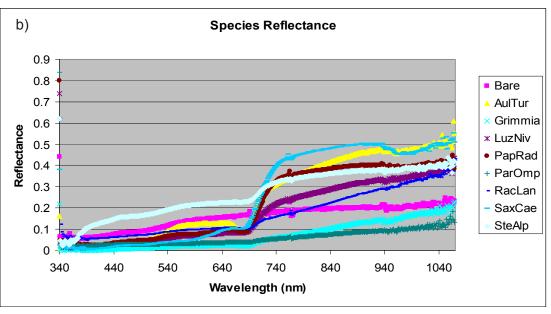


Fig. 12: Species NDVI (a) and reflectance spectra (b). Five NDVI measurements were taken at a height of 0.5 m (footprint of ~0.04 m²) from seven individual species.

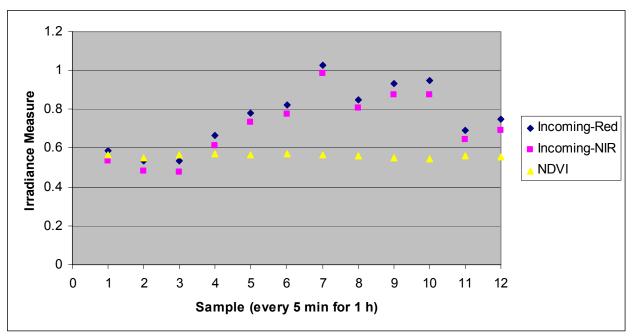


Fig. 13: NDVI sensitivity to cloud conditions.

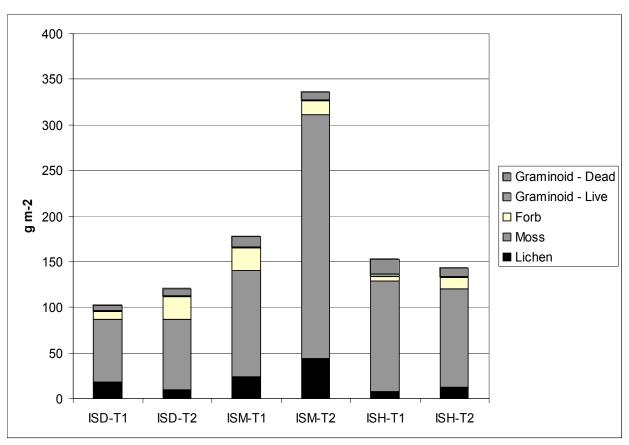


Fig. 14: Aboveground plant biomass for two 50 m transects at the dry (ISD), mesic (ISM), and hummocky (ISH) sites at Isachsen.

SOILS

Soil descriptions

Isachsen 1 - Barren Dry Grid Site

Date: July 21, 2005

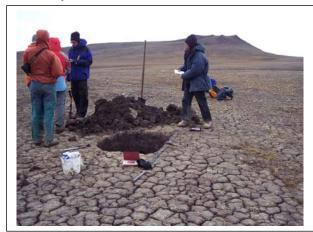




Fig. 15: Soil profile (Isachsen 1)

Location: Ellef Ringnes Island, Queen Elizabeth Islands Nunavut, Canada

GPS position: 78°47.150'N; 103°33.116'W

Elev. 35 m asl

Landform: piedmont, dissected.

Local: head of the saddle

Micro relief: cracked polygon (frost and shrink and swell), dia. 10-20 cm

Slope: 2% SSW

Parent material: glaciomarine deposit over weathered shale Climate: Arctic, MAAT -19.2C, MSAT 1.2C, MAP 127 mm

Surface stone: none

Landcover: Barren, vegetation coverage: <1% Vegetation: scattered *Papaver radicatum*

Sampled by: C.L Ping, G. J. Michaelson, Jordan Okie, Robin Austin, Constance Laureau, Greta

Lewansky

Classification: Very fine, mixed, active, hypergelic Typic Haplorthel

- A1: 0-18 cm; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) clay; strong hard crust with columnar structure-like top breaking into strong coarse angular and subangular block structure; very firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; few fine roots; soft thin shale particles on crust surface; abrupt smooth boundary (0- 21 cm) (008)
- Bw: 18-39 cm; very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2) clay; moderate fine subangular structures; firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; 20% volcanic rock fragments and 40% soft thin shale particles disintegrating into fines upon rubbing; few very fine and fine roots; clear smooth boundary (16-20 cm) (009)
- C: 39 50 cm; very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2) clay; strong medium lenticular breaking into moderate fine subangular structure; firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; 45% soft thin shale particles; clear smooth boundary (010)
- Crf: 50 85 cm; very dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) extremely gravelly silt loam; 70% fine (<6 mm long) soft fractured shale; strong medium lenticular structure; 45% ice; extremely firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic. (11)

Remarks: At edge of ice wedge, est. ice wedge width 5-7 m amid polygon 10-17 m across. 40% of total area not underlain by ice wedge (Romanovsky)

Isachsen 2 - Mesic Site

Date: July 22, 2005

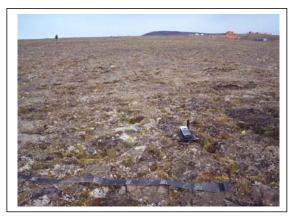




Fig. 16: Soil profile (Isachsen 2)

Location: Ellef Ringnes Island, Queen Elizabeth Islands Nunavut, Canada

GPS position: 78°47.150'N; 103°33.116'W

Elev. 35 m asl

Landform: piedmont, dissected.

Local: backslope

Microrelief: small pattern ground made up of frost polygons (dia. 10-20 cm)

Slope: 5% S slightly convex vertically and horizontally

Parent material: glaciomarine deposit over weathered shale over ice wedge

Climate: Arctic, MAAT -19.2C, MSAT 1.2C, MAP 127 mm

Surface stone: 0.1 % glacial erratics

Landcover: mesic

Vegetation: Luzula sp., Papaver radicatum; Alopecurus alpinus

Drainage: poor

Active layer at time of sampling: 55 cm

Classification: Fine, mixed, active, hypergelic Glacic Aquiturbel

Sampled by: C.L Ping, G. J. Michaelson, A. Kade

- Bw1: 0 7 cm; in cracked nonsorted circle and stripes; brown (10YR4/3) clay; strong very coarse columnar breaking into strong fine crumbs and granular structures; extreme firm as columnar but firm as crumbs and granular, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; surface 3-5 mm as crust, weak thin platy structure; common fine roots; abrupt irregular boundary (0 9 cm) (012)
- A1: 0-7 cm; under lichen in inter-circles; dark grayish brown (10YR 3.5/2) clay; strong fine granular structure; slightly firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; many very fine and fine roots; clear irregular boundary (0 8 cm) (013)
- A2: 4 -12 cm; under moss in inter-circle; brown (10YR4/3) clay; strong fine granular structure; slightly firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; many very fine and fine roots; abrupt irregular boundary (0 13 cm) (014)
- A3: 7 15 cm; under circles and lichen; (sampled as AB); very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) clay; moderately medium granular and weak medium subangular structure; firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots; clear irregular boundary (0 10 cm) (015)
- Bw2: 15 34 cm; under circles and lichen; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/1.5) clay; moderately fine lenticular breaking into moderately fine subangular structures; 2% 2-5 cm angular volcanic rock fragment; firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; clear irregular boundary (0 8 cm) (016)
- Bw3: 12 30 cm; under moss; dark yellowish brown (10YR4/4) clay; saturated; moderately sticky and moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots; abrupt irregular boundary (0 20 cm) (017)
- Bg: 34 37 cm; across the cycle; very dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) clay; strong medium lenticular structure; firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; weakly reactive to α , α -dipyridyl; abrupt smooth boundary (0 11 cm) (018)
- Cf: 37 56 cm; across the cycle; very dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) clay; 40% fine (<6 mm long) soft fractured shale strong medium lenticular structure; 55% ice; firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; abrupt smooth boundary (019)
- Wf: 56 110 cm; across the whole pedon; ground ice; 3 % scattered shale particles.

Isachsen 3 - Hummocky Wet Grid Site

Date: July 23, 2005





Fig. 17: Soil profile (Isachsen 3)

Location: Isachsen, Ellef Ringnes Island, Inuvut, NWT, Canada

GPS position: 78°47.098'N; 103°33.125'W

Elevation: 32 m.

Landform: piedmont, dissected.

Local: toeslope

Microrelief: small hummocks (dia. 15-22 cm)

Slope: 2% SSE slightly concave vertically and plane horizontally

Parent material: glaciomarine deposit over weathered shale over ice wedge

Landcover type: lichen-moss hummocks

Surface stone: 0.1% angular volcanic rock and 0.5% volcanic cobblestone

Drainage: Poorly drained

Climate: Arctic, MAAT -19.2C, MSAT1.2C, MAP 127 mm

Vegetation: Saxifraga cernua; Papaver radicatum, Alopecurus alpinus (fox tail), Luzula nivalis

(rush), Polytrichum alpinum; P. piliferum; and lichens.

Active layer at time of sampling: 57 cm

Classification: Fine, mixed, active, hypergelic Glacic Aquiturbel

Sampled by: C.L Ping, G. J. Michaelson, A. Kade

Ajj1: 0-10 cm; very dark brown (10YR 3/2) clay; strong fine granular structure; friable, very sticky and very plastic; many very fine and fine roots; clear irregular boundary (0 - 11 cm) (021)

Ajj2: 10-18 cm; brown (10YR4/3) clay; saturated; slightly very sticky and very plastic; many very fine and fine roots; clear smooth boundary (4 – 10 cm) (022)

Bw: 18–34 cm; brown (10YR 4/3) clay; saturated to 30 cm then season frozen to 34 cm; strong medium lenticular structure; 10% angular volcanic rock fragment in cobble and gravel sizes; extremely firm when frozen(40% ice as lens), very sticky and very plastic; few fine roots; 2 pointed rock; abrupt smooth boundary (14 - 18 cm) (023)

Wf /Bgf: 34- 40 cm; dark grayish brown (10YR4/2) clay; ataxitic, strong lenticular structure (3 mm), 60% ice lens (0.5-1.2mm); very firm, very sticky and very plastic; moderate reaction to α,α-dipyridyl; 8% angular volcanic rock fragment; abrupt smooth boundary (024)

Wf: 40-42 cm: continuous ice lens across the pedon; segregated ice; abrupt smooth boundary Wf/Cf: 42–57 cm; dark grayish brown (10YR4/2) clay; ataxitic, strong medium lenticular and reticulate structures; 60% ice; frozen, extremely firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; weakly reactive to α,α-dipyridyl; 8% angular volcanic cobble stones; abrupt smooth boundary (025)

Wf: 57–110 cm; ice wedge across the whole pedon; vertical ice layers of 1-1.2 cm thick separated by brownish color and soils; 3 % scattered shale particles.

Isachsen 4 - Moss-Snow bed below wet grid site

Date: July 25, 2005

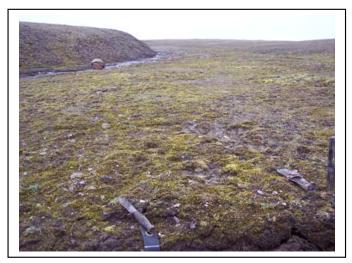




Fig. 18: Soil profile (Isachsen 4)

Location: Ellef Ringnes Island, Queen Elizabeth Islands Nunavut, Canada

GPS position: 78°47.096'N; 103°33.216'W

Elev. 32 m asl

Landform: piedmont, dissected.

Local: river terrace

Slope: 0% S

Parent material: alluvium and colluvium over weathered bedrock

Climate: Arctic, MAAT -19.2C, MSAT 1.2C, MAP 127 mm

Surface stone: 0.5 % glacial erratics (volcanic)

Landcover: moss-snowbed

Vegetation: Luzula nivalis; Papaver radicatum; Cerastium regelli; Saxifraga nivalis; S. cernua; S. rivularis; Stellaria sp.; Polytrichum alpinum; Aulacomnium turgidum;

Peltigera sp.; Stereocaulon sp.

Drainage: very poor

Active layer at time of sampling: 37 cm

Classification: Fine, mixed, active, shallow, hypergelic Typic Aquorthel

Sampled by: C.L Ping, G. J. Michaelson

A: 0-8 cm; very dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) cobbly clay loam; 15% angular volcanic cobble stone and 5% channers; strong fine granular structure; friable, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots; clear smooth boundary (026)

Bw: 8-30 cm; very dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) stony clay; 15% angular volcanic stone and 5% channers; strong fine subangular blocky structure; firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; abrupt smooth boundary (027)

Bwf: 30-38 cm: very dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) stony silty clay; 15% angular volcanic stone and 10% angular gravel and shale particles; strong medium lenticular structure, ice lens 2-3mm thick, 30% ice; very firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; abrupt smooth boundary (028)

Crf: 38-60+ cm; very dark gray (10YR3/1) extremely gravelly clay loam in fractured shale bedrock; frozen, extremely firm; 65% shale particle; 10% ice. (029)

Isachsen 5 - Releve 508 and 509 (duplicate of No. 2)

Sampling date: July 20, 2005

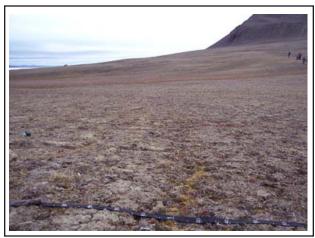




Fig. 19: Soil profile (Isachsen 5)

Physiographic Region: High Arctic Islands Location: Ellef Ringnes Island, Canada

GPS position: 78°46.861' N; 103°31.445'W

GPS elev. 72ft

Landform: piedmont, dissected.

Local: backslope

Microrelief: stripes and non-sorted circles Slope: 6% S slightly convex vertically and horizontally

Parent material: glaciomarine deposit over weathered shale over ice wedge

Climate: Arctic, MAAT -19.2C, MSAT 1.2C, MAP 127 mm

Surface stone: 0.1 % glacial erratics

Landcover: mesic

Vegetation: Luzula sp., Papaver radicatum; Alopecurus alpinus

Drainage: somewhat poor

Active layer at time of sampling: 40 cm

Classification: Fine, mixed, active, hypergelic Glacic Aquiturbel

Sampled by: C.L Ping, G. J. Michaelson, A. Kade

Bwjj1: 0–15 cm; crust; brown (10YR4/3) clay; strong very coarse angular blocky breaking into strong medium angular blocky structures; very firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; no roots; abrupt irregular boundary (0 – 15 cm) (001)

Ajj: 0-32 cm; dark grayish brown (10YR 3.5/2) clay; strong fine granular structure; slightly firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; many very fine and fine roots; clear irregular boundary (0 - 25 cm) (0 02)

Bwjj2: 15-30 cm; brown (10YR4/3) clay; moderate fine granular structure; slightly firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots; clear irregular boundary (0 – 20 cm) (003)

Bgjj: 30–40 cm; dark olive brown (2.5Y 3/2) clay; moderately medium subangular structure; firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; few very fine roots; abrupt smooth boundary (7 – 17 cm) (004)

Bgf: 40–48 cm; dark olive brown (2.5YR3/2) clay loam; strong medium lenticular structure; frozen (60% ice), very firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; weakly reactive to α,α-dipyridyl; abrupt smooth boundary (005)

Bg/Ojjf: 48–55 cm; dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) clay loam; strong medium lenticular structure; 45% ice; extremely firm, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; abrupt smooth boundary (006)

Wf: 55–110 cm; ice wedge across the whole pedon; 5 % scattered shale particles in pockets. (007).

Isachsen 6 - Talus Slope Racomitrium Site

Date: July 24, 2005





Fig. 20: Soil profile (Isachsen 6)

Location: Ellef Ringnes Island, Queen Elizabeth Islands Nunavut, Canada

GPS position: 78°46.803'N; 103°34.809'W

Elev. 376' Landform: hills.

Local: talus slope (volcanic, daibase)

Microrelief: steep talus slope with angular boulders

Slope: 55% S undulating

Parent material: organic over aeolian

Climate: Arctic, MAAT -19.2C, MSAT1.2C, MAP 127 mm

Surface stone: 100 % fractured volcanic rock

Landcover: barren, moss cover 2% Vegetation: *Racomitrium lanuginosum*

Drainage: excessive

Active layer at time of sampling: n/a

Classification: Dysic, pergelic Terric Cryofibrist Sampled by: C.L Ping, G. J. Michaelson

Oi1: 0-5 cm; live moss roots; clear smooth boundary (30)

Oi2: 5-14 cm; dead moss roots; clear irregular boundary (31)

Oe: 14-21 cm; peaty muck; partially decomposed moss roots; abrupt irregular boundary (32)

Bw: 21-25 cm; loam; (33)

R: 25 cm: fractured volcanic rock.

Remarks: Sorted circles on ridges above and toe slopes below.

Isachsen 7 - Poppy Barrens Relevé 559, 560

Date: July 26, 2005



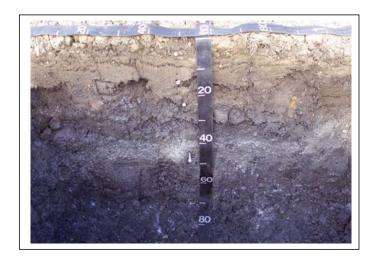


Fig. 21: Soil profile (Isachsen 7)

Location: Ellef Ringnes Island, Nunavut, Canada GPS Position: 78°47.963'N: 103°36.530'W

Elev. 127' Landform: Broad valley Local: Terrace

Micro features: frost polygons (10-20 cm)

Slope: 2% SE; slope shape: slightly convex vertically and horizontally

Parent material: weathered argillite over fractured shale

Surface material contains both angular and rounded gravel

Surface rocks: 0.2% glacial erratics, angular argillite; surface gravel pavement, 35% gravel, sunbaked, highly oxidized argillite and trace of round guartz pebbles.

Land cover type: barren, 2% veg. cover. Vegetation: *Papaver radicatum, Luzula nivalis*

Sampled by: C.L. Ping, G.J. Michaelson, V.E. Romanovsky

Classification: Clayey, mixed, superactive, hypergelic Typic Haplorthel

A: 0-7 cm; dark grayish brown (2.5Y4/2) gravelly clay; top 2 cm hard crust, strong fine and medium angular blocky and strong medium granular structure 5-7 cm; very firm, very sticky and very plastic; few very fine and fine roots; abrupt broken boundary (6-8 cm) (034)

AB: 7-14 cm; olive brown (2.5Y4/3) clay; strong fine granular structure; firm, very sticky and very plastic; few very fine and fine roots; clear smooth boundary (035)

Bw: 14-24 cm; grayish brown (2.5Y4/2) cobbly clay; weak medium lenticular structure; firm, very sticky and very plastic; few very fine and fine roots along ped surface and cracks; 10% cobbles, 15% shale particle and 5% angular gravel; clear wavy boundary (036)

Bg: 24-45 cm; dark gray (2.5Y 3.5/1) stony clay; 20% stony, angular argillite with sharp edge up, 15% shale particles; saturated, frozen 32-45 cm; very sticky and very plastic; very few very fine roots; clear smooth boundary (037)

Cf1: 45-67 cm; very dark gray (2.5Y3/1) stony clay; 25% fractured argillite; moderate fine and medium lenticular structure; frozen, extremely firm, very sticky and very plastic; 40% ice; clear smooth boundary (038)

Wf/Cf2: 67-84 cm; dark gray (2.5Y 3.5/1) very channery clay; 30% shale particle; moderate medium reticulate and fine lenticular structure; frozen, extremely firm, very sticky and moderately plastic; 60% ice. (039)

Isachsen 8 - Stripes Relevé 554, 555

Date: July 26, 2005





Fig. 22: Soil profile (Isachsen 8)

Location: Ellef Ringnes Island, Nunavut, Canada GPS Position: 78°47.943'N; 103°36.512'W

Elev. 127'
Landform: Broad valley
Local: terrace

Microrelief: nonsorted stripes and frost cracked polygons

Slope: 2% SE; slope shape: slightly convex vertically and horizontally

Parent material: weathered argillite over fractured shale

Surface mental contains both angular and rounded gravel

Surface rocks: 0.2% glacial erratics, angular argillite; surface gravel pavement, 35% gravel, sunbaked, highly oxidized argillite and trace of round quartz pebble.

Land cover type: barren, 2% veg. cover.

Vegetation: Papaver radicatum, Luzula nivalis

Sampled by: C.L. Ping, G.J. Michaelson, V.E. Romanovsky

Classification: Clayey, mixed, supergelic, hypergelic Typic Haploturbel

Ajj1: 0-9 cm; very dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) gravelly clay; top 2 cm hard crust, strong medium angular blocky structure below; very firm, very sticky and very plastic; few very fine and fine roots; 20% gravel and 15% on surface; abrupt broken boundary (0-10 cm) (040)

Ajj2: 0-14 cm; brown (10YR4/3) clay; moderate fine granular structure; firm, very sticky and very plastic; common very fine and fine roots; 12% pebble; clear irregular boundary (041)

Bwjj1: 9-20 cm; grayish brown (2.5Y4/2) clay; strong fine subangular structure; firm, very sticky and very plastic; few very fine and fine roots; 10% angular gravel; clear wavy boundary (042)

Bwjj2: 14-30 cm; dark grayish brown (10YR4/2) clay; moderate very fine granular structure; firm, very sticky and very plastic; common very fine roots; clear irregular boundary (043)

Bgjj: 12-33 cm; very dark gray (2.5Y3/1) clay; saturated; firm, very sticky and very plastic; abrupt smooth boundary (044)

2Cf1: 33-40 cm; very dark grayish brown (2.5Y3/2) extremely gravelly clay; 70% angular and round gravel; frozen, extremely firm, very sticky and very plastic; 40% ice; abrupt smooth boundary (045)

Wf/Cf: 40-60 cm: ataxitic horizon, strong medium reticulate structure, 60% ice

Wf/Cf2: 67-84 cm; dark gray (2.5Y 3.5/1) very channery clay; 30% shale particle; moderate medium reticulate and fine lenticular structures; frozen, extremely firm, very sticky and moderately plastic; 60% ice. (039)

Isachsen 9 - Ridgetop Barren/Lichen Patches

Date: July 27, 2005





Fig. 23: Soil profile (Isachsen 9)

Location:

GPS position: 78°49.101'N; 103°37.856'W

Elev. 648' Landform: summit

Microrelief: lichen stripes

Local: rubble land

Surface stone: 60% with pea sized gravel pavement with iron coatings

Parent material: Gruss, weathered granite/granodiorite

Vegetation: lichens and moss

Active layer depth: 42 cm at time of sampling

Classification: Fragmental, mixed, low active, shallow, pergelic Lithic Dystrogelept

Sampled by: C.L. Ping, G.J. Michaelson

A: 0-4 cm; brown (10YR4/3) extremely stony sand; dry; single grained; loose, nonsticky and nonplastic; many very fine and fine roots under lichen mat and few under barren surface; lichen cover 30%; 55% stone, 20% cobble and 15% gravel; clear smooth boundary (046)

AC: 4-8 cm; dark yellowish brown (10YR4/4) extremely stony sand; moist; single grained; loose, nonsticky and nonplastic; few very fine roots; 60% stone, 20% cobble and 10% gravel; gradual smooth boundary (047)

C: 8-42 cm; dark brown (10YR3/3) extremely stony sand; moist; single grained; loose, nonsticky and nonplastic; 55% stone, 10% cobble and 10 % gravel (048)

Rf: 42 cm: frozen fractured bedrock with some sand grains in cracks.

Sampled a moist swivel below a big boulder and the surface soil under the lichen mat is very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) with loamy sand texture.

Isachsen 10 - A and Bw Horizon Examination, Hummock Grid Site

Re-examination of Isachsen #3 for A horizon verification

Date: 07/28/05





Fig. 24: Soil profile (Isachsen 10)

Hummocks: lichen-Alopecurus

Interhummocks: *Polytrichum alpinum* (wet site) Hummock size: 18-20 cm polygon and subrounded

Interhummock: 5-15 cm in irregular shape

Pit excavated to 35cm above seasonal frost table; photographed and horizons delineated in drawing.

- A1 0-14 cm: 10YR4/3; clay; strong fine granular structure; very sticky and moderately plastic; many very fine and fine roots (49)
- A2 0-16 cm: 10YR3/2.5; clay; strong medium and fine granular and fine crumb structures; very sticky and moderately plastic; many very fine and fine roots (50)
- A3 0-16 cm: 10YR3/3; clay; strong fine granular structure; very sticky and moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots (51)
- A4 0-12 cm: 10YR4/3; silty clay loam saturated; very sticky and moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots (52)
- A5 0-12 cm: 10YR3/3; clay; strong fine granular structure; very sticky and moderately plastic; many very fine and common fine roots (53)
- A6 0-14 cm: 10YR3/2.5; clay; strong medium and fine granular structures; very sticky and moderately plastic; many very fine and fine roots (54)
- Bw1 10-30+ cm: 10YR4/3; clay; saturated; very sticky and moderately plastic; many very fine and fine roots (55)
- Bw2 10-30 cm: 10YR3/2.5; clay; saturated; very sticky and moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots (56)
- Bw3 10-30 cm: 10YR3/3; clay; saturated; very sticky and moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots (57)
- Bw4 12-30+ cm: 10YR4/3; clay; saturated; very sticky and moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots (58)
- Bw5 15-30+ cm: 10YR3/2.5; clay; saturated; very sticky and moderately plastic; many very fine and fine roots (59)
- Bw6 12-30+ cm: 10YR3/2.5; clay; saturated; very sticky and moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots (60)
- Bw7 10-30+ cm: 10YR3/2; clay; saturated; very sticky and moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots (61)
- Bw8 15-30+ cm: under A6 dry micro high (62)

Isachsen 11 - Daniels' Snow Bank Relevé 537

Date: 07/28/05

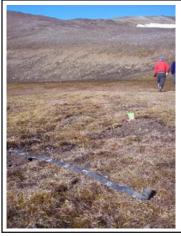




Fig. 25: Soil profile (Isachsen 11)

Location: Ellef Ringnes Island of Queen Elizabeth Islands, Nunavut, Canada

GPS position: 78°48.324'N; 103°36.666'W

Elev.: 87ft

Physiography: broad valley

Local: fan

Micro surface features: nonsorted circle (frost boil)

Slope: 1% S-facing

Parent material: colluvium (volcanic rock) and alluvium (mixed)

Drainage: very poor, standing surface water and runoff, liverwort/moss layer saturated to

surface

Surface stone: none but fractured bedrock fragment mixed with subrounded gravel on the surface of frost boil, ca. 35% of the surface area

Landcover type:

Vegetation: Dupontia fisheri; Aulacomnium sp.; Hypnum sp.; liverworts

Active layer depth: 19cm at time of sampling

Classification:

Boil (40%): Fine loamy, mixed, superactive, hypergelic Typic Aquiturbel Interboil (60%): Fine loamy, mixed, superactive, hypergelic Typic Historthel Described and sampled by: C.L. Ping and G.J. Michaelson

Interboil

Oi: 0-3 cm; dark brown (7.5YR3/2) peat; many very fine and fine roots; abrupt boundary (2-4 cm) (063)

OA: 3-8 cm: very dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) mucky loam; saturated; moderately sticky and moderately plastic; many very fine and fine roots; pH5.8; clear boundary (064)

A: 8-14 cm; very dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) loam; saturated; moderately sticky and moderately plastic; many very fine and common fine roots; clear boundary (065)

Bg: 14-18 cm; very dark gray (5Y3/1) loam; saturated; moderately sticky and moderately plastic; very few very fine roots; pH6.2; abrupt boundary (066)

Bgf: 18 cm; not sampled

Boil:

A3: 0-2 cm; crust; very dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) loam; moderate fine and medium granular and crumb structures; friable, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; few fine roots; abrupt (broken) smooth boundary (067)

Bw: 2-15 cm; very dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) loam; saturated, moderately sticky and moderately plastic; few fine roots; abrupt wavy boundary (068)

Bg: 15-19 cm; very dark gray (5Y3/1) loam; saturated; moderately sticky and moderately plastic; few very fine roots (069)

Bgf: 19 cm; not sampled

Isachsen 12 - Salt Flat

Date: 07/28/05





Fig. 26: Soil profile (Isachsen 12)

Location: Ellef Ringnes Island of Queen Elizabeth Islands, Nunavut, Canada

GPS position: 78°48.133'N; 103°37.502'W

Elev.: 99ft

Physiography: broad valley

Local: fan

Micro surface features: frost cracks

Slope: 1% SW-facing Parent material: alluvium (mixed) Drainage: somewhat poor

Surface stone: none

Landcover type: Barren, vegetation cover 0.5%

Vegetation:

Active layer depth: 44 cm at time of sampling

Classification: Fine, mixed, active, hypergelic Salic Haplorthel Described and sampled by: C.L. Ping and G.J. Michaelson

A1: 0-3 cm; black (10YR3/2) clay; strong coarse angular blocky crust breaking to strong fine granular and subangular structures; firm, very sticky and very plastic; common very fine roots; abrupt smooth boundary (070)

A2: 3-10 cm; black (10YR3/2) clay; strong fine granular and subangular structures; firm, very sticky and very plastic; common very fine roots; abrupt smooth boundary (071)

AC: 10-23 cm; black (10YR3/2) clay; strong fine subangular structures; firm, very sticky and very plastic; few very fine roots; abrupt smooth boundary (072)

C: 23-44 cm; black (10YR3/2) clay; strong medium subangular structures; firm, very sticky and very plastic; few very fine roots; abrupt smooth boundary (073)

Wf/Cf: 44+ cm; black (10YR3/2) clay; ataxitic, 55% ice; strong fine reticulate structures; very firm (frozen layer soft, can be easily chipped by knife), very sticky and very plastic (074)

Table 11: Chemical and physical properties of the soil profiles.

Biocomplexity Isachsen 2005 Expedition Soil Characterization samples

| | | | | | | V | < 2mm Fraction | | | | Total | Total |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------|------|------------|------|----------------|------|-----------|----------------------|-------|-------|
| Site | | depth | Paste | E.C. | USDA | Sand | Silt | Clay | < 2mm | [H ₂ O]wt | ပ | z |
| O | Horizon | cm | ЬΗ | dS m | Texture | % | % | % | % | % | % | % |
| Isachsen 1 | A1 | 0-18 | 6.22 | 0.26 | Clay | 18.4 | 28.8 | 52.8 | 2.6 | 11.3 | 2.46 | 0.20 |
| Barren Dry Grid Site | Bw | 18-39 | 6.45 | 0.23 | Clay | 18.0 | 29.2 | 52.8 | 0.1 | 16.0 | 2.59 | 0.19 |
| | O | 39-20 | 09.9 | 0.42 | Clay | 18.4 | 32.8 | 48.8 | 0.2 | 16.5 | 2.60 | 0.19 |
| | Crf | 20-85 | 3.77 | 5.82 | Silt Loam | 25.4 | 8.69 | 4.8 | 1.9 | 51.3 | 2.33 | 0.16 |
| Isachsen 2 | Bw1 | 2-0 | 5.80 | 0.28 | Clay | 11.0 | 34.2 | 54.8 | 0.5 | 16.6 | 2.52 | 0.21 |
| Mesic Site | A 1 | 2-0 | 5.37 | 0.21 | Clay | 20.0 | 30.8 | 49.2 | 0.2 | 24.3 | 3.28 | 0.24 |
| | A2 | 4-12 | 99.5 | 0.22 | Clay | 20.0 | 32.8 | 47.2 | 9.0 | 25.3 | 4.43 | 0.29 |
| | A3 | 7-15 | 5.58 | 0.13 | Clay | 12.0 | 30.8 | 57.2 | 0.3 | 20.7 | 2.53 | 0.22 |
| | Bw2 | 15-34 | 6.28 | 0.17 | Clay | 11.0 | 32.8 | 56.2 | 2.7 | 21.7 | 2.50 | 0.17 |
| | Bw3 | 12-30 | 6.10 | 0.21 | Clay | 0.6 | 30.8 | 60.2 | 1.1 | 28.5 | 2.55 | 0.20 |
| | Bg | 34-37 | 6.27 | 0.27 | Clay | 11.0 | 32.8 | 56.2 | 2.0 | 25.5 | 2.56 | 0.21 |
| | Ċ | 37-26 | 6.85 | 1.29 | Clay | 25.0 | 29.8 | 45.2 | 9.7 | 51.4 | 2.96 | 0.19 |
| | Wf | 56-110 | , | , | ı | | • | • | | ı | , | |
| Isachsen 3 | Ajj1 | 0-10 | 4.95 | 0.27 | Clay | 18.0 | 36.8 | 45.2 | <.01 | 32.1 | 3.17 | 0.24 |
| Hummocky Wet Grid Site | Ajj2 | 10-18 | 4.88 | 0.25 | Clay | 16.0 | 36.8 | 47.2 | 0.1 | 33.0 | 2.71 | 0.25 |
| | Bw | 18-34 | 5.03 | 0.27 | Clay | 14.0 | 38.8 | 47.2 | 0.1 | 33.3 | 2.70 | 0.23 |
| | Wf/Bgf | 34-40 | 4.86 | 0.58 | Clay | 16.0 | 38.8 | 45.2 | <.01 | 78.8 | 2.69 | 0.22 |
| | Wf/Cf | 42-57 | 4.89 | 0.42 | Clay | 20.0 | 36.8 | 43.2 | 6.0 | 79.1 | 2.77 | 0.21 |
| Isachsen 4 | ٧ | 8-0 | 5.32 | 0.35 | Clay Loam | 27.6 | 34.2 | 38.2 | 7.5 | 29.0 | 2.46 | 0.15 |
| Moss-Snow bed below wet grid site | Bw | 8-30 | 5.86 | 0.42 | Clay | 17.6 | 37.2 | 45.2 | 7.8 | 18.5 | 2.24 | 0.15 |
| | Bwf | 30-38 | 6.51 | 1.06 | Silty Clay | 8.0 | 42.8 | 49.2 | 1.8 6. | 33.9 | 2.86 | 0.19 |
| | Crf | 38-60+ | 7.58 | 2.36 | Clay Loam | | 24.8 | 34.2 | 43.8 | 18.4 | 3.43 | 0.17 |
| Isachsen 5 | Bwjj | 0-15 | 09.9 | 0.32 | Clay | | 30.8 | 9'29 | 9.0 | 11.7 | 2.57 | 0.20 |
| Releve 508 and 509 | Αjj | 0-32 | 6.13 | 0.35 | Clay | | 34.8 | 49.6 | 0.1 | 32.5 | 3.31 | 0.25 |
| | Bwjj2 | 15-30 | 89.9 | 0.32 | Clay | | 34.8 | 58.8 | 0.2 | 26.3 | 2.78 | 0.23 |
| | Bgjj | 30-40 | 6.54 | 0.33 | Clay | | 34.8 | 54.8 | 1.2 | 22.0 | 2.74 | 0.19 |
| | Bgf | 40-48 | 6.56 | 2.96 | Clay Loam | | 28.8 | 34.8 | 1.9 | 22.7 | 2.88 | 0.19 |
| | Bg/Ojjf | 48-55 | 7.08 | 4.78 | Clay Loam | | 22.8 | 36.8 | 3.4 | 61.2 | 3.01 | 0.19 |
| | Wf(min/ice) | 55-110 | 90'. | 8.78 | Clay | 23.4 | 29.8 | 46.8 | 1.9 | 458.5 | 2.70 | 0.19 |
| | ice | 55-110 | | | 1 | | 1 | | | - | | |
| Isachsen 6 | Oi1 | 9-0 | 4.34 | 60.0 | 1 | | 1 | i | <.1 | 181.6 | 34.03 | 0.40 |
| Talus Slope Racomitrium Site | Oi2 | 5-14 | 4.45 | 0.11 | i | , | 1 | i | <u>۸</u> | 194.1 | 25.95 | 0.40 |
| | Oe | 14-21 | 4.55 | 0.17 | İ | | 1 | i | <u>۸</u> | 187.8 | 24.74 | 0.40 |
| | Bw | 21-25 | 4.48 | 0.11 | Loam | 20.0 | 42.8 | 7.2 | <u>۸</u> | 98.1 | 15.48 | 0.52 |
| | rock | 25+ | ı | ı | i | , | 1 | i | , | • | , | , |
| | loess | | 5.00 | 0.15 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 9.7 | 45.2 | 5.81 | 0.38 |
| | | | | | 65 | | | | | | | |

Table 11 - continued.

| | | | | | | | < 2mm Fraction | u | | | Total | Total |
|---|------------|--------|-------|--------------------|---------|------------|----------------|------|----------|----------------------|-------|-------|
| Site | | depth | Paste | E.C. | USDA | Sand | Silt | Clay | < 2mm | [H ₂ O]wt | ပ | z |
| OI | Horizon | cm | рН | dS m ⁻¹ | Texture | % | % | % | % | % | % | % |
| Isachsen 7 | A | 2-0 | 6.38 | 0.49 | Clay | 1 . | 14.8 | 85.2 | 3.0 | 21.5 | 0.73 | 0.14 |
| Poppy Barrens Releve 559, 560 | AB | 7-14 | 5.11 | 0.68 | Clay | <u>^.</u> | 25.8 | 74.2 | ۸. ۲. | 26.4 | 98.0 | 0.14 |
| | Bw | 14-24 | 4.68 | 0.91 | Clay | 1.0 | 24.8 | 74.2 | 6.0 | 28.0 | 0.81 | 0.15 |
| | Bg | 24-45 | 92.9 | 4.13 | Clay | 11.0 | 25.8 | 63.2 | 10.2 | 24.9 | 1.04 | 0.13 |
| | C£ | 45-67 | 7.99 | 5.04 | Clay | 9.6 | 27.2 | 63.2 | 4.5 | 84.9 | 1.40 | 0.16 |
| | Wf/Cf2 | 67-84 | 8.30 | 6.57 | Clay | 3.6 | 27.2 | 69.2 | 10.2 | 73.5 | 1.16 | 0.14 |
| Isachsen 8 | Ajj1 | 6-0 | 6.11 | 0.28 | Clay | 3.6 | 21.2 | 75.2 | 6.0 | 22.2 | 1.13 | 0.18 |
| Stripes Releve 554, 555 | Ajj2 | 0-14 | 6.14 | 0.32 | Clay | 9.6 | 19.2 | 71.2 | 9.9 | 32.4 | 1.33 | 0.17 |
| | Bwjj1 | 9-20 | 6.13 | 0.38 | Clay | 9.9 | 19.2 | 75.2 | 1.0 | 32.6 | 1.33 | 0.16 |
| | Bwjj2 | 14-30 | 6.07 | 0.45 | Clay | 16.2 | 24.6 | 59.2 | 5.9 | 25.1 | 1.07 | 0.14 |
| | Bgjj | 12-33 | 6.29 | 0.58 | Clay | 13.2 | 24.6 | 62.2 | 1.9 | 24.4 | 1.09 | 0.13 |
| | 2Cf1 | 33-40 | 6.95 | 1.26 | Clay | 19.6 | 24.8 | 9:52 | 54.9 | 16.6 | 1.03 | 0.12 |
| Isachsen 9 | A | 0-4 | 5.12 | 0.15 | Sand | 97.6 | 4.2 | 3.2 | 28.8 | 8.0 | 2.58 | 0.05 |
| Ridgetop Barren/Lichen Patches | AC | 4-8 | 96.5 | 0.13 | Sand | 90.2 | 9.9 | 3.2 | 39.7 | 2.3 | 0.15 | 0.01 |
| | С | 8-42 | 6.01 | 0.20 | Sand | 95.2 | 1.2 | 3.6 | 64.2 | 3.1 | 0.10 | 0.01 |
| Isachsen 10 | A1 | 0-14 | 4.72 | 0.32 | Clay | 21.2 | 35.2 | 43.6 | 9.0 | 34.0 | 3.48 | 0.24 |
| A and Bw Horizon Examination, Hummock Grid Site | A2 | 0-16 | 4.86 | 0.32 | Clay | 18.2 | 33.2 | 48.6 | 0.2 | 28.6 | 2.74 | 0.25 |
| | A3 | 0-16 | 4.87 | 0.30 | Clay | 21.2 | 31.2 | 47.6 | 1.1 | 32.0 | 3.33 | 0.32 |
| | A4 | 0-12 | 4.97 | 0.40 | Clay | 20.2 | 32.2 | 47.6 | 0.2 | 44.1 | 3.71 | 0.31 |
| | A5 | 0-12 | 4.95 | 0.30 | Clay | 18.2 | 34.2 | 47.6 | 0.2 | 34.2 | 2.93 | 0.25 |
| | A6 | 0-14 | 5.04 | 0.28 | Clay | 15.2 | 33.2 | 51.6 | 0.2 | 26.4 | 2.81 | 0.27 |
| | Bw1 | 10-30+ | 4.96 | 0.38 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 32.6 | 2.82 | 0.24 |
| | Bw2 | 10-30 | 4.96 | 0.43 | | | 1 | • | 2.9 | 29.4 | 2.75 | 0.24 |
| | Bw3 | 10-30 | 5.10 | 0.40 | | 1 | 1 | • | 4.0 | 32.0 | 2.79 | 0.25 |
| | Bw4 | 12-30+ | 5.05 | 0.38 | | | 1 | • | 1.7 | 30.0 | 2.71 | 0.24 |
| | Bw5 | 15-30+ | 4.95 | 0.40 | | 1 | 1 | • | 5.6 | 29.5 | 2.74 | 0.25 |
| | Bw6 | 12-30+ | 5.01 | 0.34 | | 1 | 1 | • | 1.2 | 29.4 | 2.73 | 0.24 |
| | Bw7 | 10-30+ | 4.99 | 0.38 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4.0 | 36.4 | 2.81 | 0.23 |
| | Bw8 | 15-30+ | 5.15 | 0.28 | • | - | 1 | • | 6.0 | 30.2 | 2.78 | 0.22 |
| Isachsen 11 | Oi intbl | 0-3 | 4.86 | 0.30 | | | 1 | | 1.0 | 312.1 | 21.67 | 1.08 |
| Daniels' Snow Bank Releve 537 | OA intbl | 3-8 | 4.78 | 0.15 | , | ı | 1 | 1 | 4. | 126.1 | 9.28 | 0.81 |
| | A intbl | 8-14 | 5.12 | 0.15 | | 1 | | • | 3.5 | 33.5 | 2.81 | 0.26 |
| | Bg intbl | 14-18 | 4.98 | 0.28 | | | 1 | • | 3.5 | 35.1 | 2.62 | 0.24 |
| | A3 boil | 0-5 | 4.80 | 0.13 | | | 1 | • | 3.0 | 39.0 | 2.78 | 0.26 |
| | Bw boil | 2-15 | 4.62 | 0.10 | | 1 | 1 | • | 3.0 | 29.1 | 2.69 | 0.23 |
| | Bg boil | 15-19 | | ı | | | - | • | | | | |
| Isachsen 12 | A 1 | 0-3 | 4.51 | 9.41 | | 1 | 1 | • | 0.3 | 9.3 | 1.41 | 0.16 |
| Salt Flat | A2 | 3-10 | 4.51 | 4.19 | | | • | • | 0.0 | 27.1 | 1.43 | 0.16 |
| | AC | 10-23 | 4.57 | 5.03 | | | • | • | 0.1 | 15.6 | 1.44 | 0.15 |
| | ပ | 23-44 | 6.16 | 7.92 | | 1 | 1 | • | 1.2 | 25.5 | 1.35 | 0.14 |
| | Wf/Cf | 44+ | 7.07 | 7.58 | | | | • | ۰. ۲. | 53.7 | 1.38 | 0.15 |
| | | | | | 99 | | | | | | | |

Table 11 - continued.

| Site ID | Inorganic Carbon % | [H2O]vol. % | Field Bulk Den. g cm-3 | OC-Stores Active Layer kgOC m-2 | OC-Stores Permfrost kgOC m-2 | OC-Stores Total 100cm kgOC m-3 |
|--|--------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Isachsen 1 | <.01 | 20.0 | 1.70 | 21.9 | 9.5 | 31.5 |
| Barren Dry Grid Site | 0.02 | 27.3 | 1.72 | 21.0 | 0.0 | 01.0 |
| • | <.01 | 29.4 | 1.78 | | | |
| | <.01 | 47.6 | 1.17 | | | |
| sachsen 2 | <.01 | 20.9 | 1.69 | 14.2 | 1.0 | 15.2 |
| Mesic Site | <.01 | 41.7 | 1.28 | | | |
| | <.01 | 33.4 | 1.03 | | | |
| | <.01 | 32.1 | 1.67 | | | |
| | <.01 <.01 | 31.9 38.4 | 1.55 1.06 | | | |
| | <.01 | 29.5 | 1.37 | | | |
| | 0.14 | 67.5 | 1.20 | | | |
| | - | - | - | | | |
| sachsen 3 | <.01 | 47.0 | 1.46 | 14.3 | 5.6 | 19.8 |
| Hummocky Wet Grid Site | <.01 | 60.7 | 1.80 | | | |
| | <.01 | 50.2 | 1.58 | | | |
| | <.01 | 69.3 | 0.94 | | | |
| | <.01 | 69.9 | 0.95 | | | |
| sachsen 4 | <.01 | 27.5 | 1.35 | 7.7 | 6.6 | 14.3 |
| Moss-Snow bed below wet grid site | <.01 | 33.1 | 1.42 | | | |
| | <.01 0.27 | 35.3 36.6 | 1.08 1.94 | | | |
| sachsen 5 | <.01 | 36.6 27.9 | 1.94 | 15.8 | 2.5 | 18.3 |
| Releve 508 and 509 | <.01 <.01 | 43.3 | 1.42 | 13.0 | 2.5 | 10.3 |
| 13.5.5 500 und 600 | <.01 | 43.3 35.3 | 1.44 | | | |
| | <.01 | 32.3 | 1.56 | | | |
| | 0.05 | 51.7 | 1.32 | | | |
| | 0.15 | 62.8 | 1.12 | | | |
| | 0.04 | - | - | | | |
| | - | - | - | | | |
| sachsen 6 | 0.01 | - | 0.22 | 26.2 | 0.0 | 26.2 |
| Γalus Slope Racomitrium Site | 0.01 | - | 0.40 | | | |
| | <.01 | - | 0.40 | | | |
| | <.01 | - | 0.50 | | | |
| | - | - | - | | | |
| sachsen 7 | <.01 | - | - | 4.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 |
| | <.01 | 25.3 | 1.11 | 4.4 | 2.4 | 6.8 |
| Poppy Barrens Releve 559, 560 | <.01 <.01 | 36.8 41.4 | 1.45 1.51 | | | |
| | 0.23 | 38.4 | 1.56 | | | |
| | 0.08 | 77.7 | 0.67 | | | |
| | 0.05 | 80.1 | 0.73 | | | |
| sachsen 8 | <.01 | 41.2 | 1.56 | 5.6 | 0.4 | 6.0 |
| Stripes Releve 554, 555 | <.01 | 48.8 | 1.24 | | | |
| | <.01 | 45.4 | 1.43 | | | |
| | <.01 | 43.6 | 2.05 | | | |
| | <.01 | 41.1 | 1.66 | | | |
| | 0.01 | - | 1.66 | | | |
| sachsen 9 | <.01 | - | 1.30 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.3 |
| Ridgetop Barren/Lichen Patches | <.01 | - | 1.30 | | | |
| acabaan 10 | <.01 | - | 1.30 | | | |
| sachsen 10 A and Bw Horizon Examination, Hummock Grid Site | <.01 | - | - | - | - | - |
| A and Day Tronzon Examination, Mullimock Glid Sile | <.01 <.01 | - | - | | | |
| | <.01 | - | - | | | |
| | <.01 | - | - | | | |
| | <.01 | _ | - | | | |
| | <.01 | - | - | | | |
| | <.01 | - | - | | | |
| | <.01 | - | - | | | |
| | <.01 | - | - | | | |
| | <.01 | - | - | | | |
| | <.01 | - | - | | | |
| | <.01 | - | - | | | |
| | <.01 | - | - | | | |
| sachsen 11 | 0.01 | 89.5 | 0.18 | 5.2 | 0.0 | 5.2 |
| Daniels' Snow Bank Releve 537 | 0.01 | 80.3 | 0.42 | | | |
| | 0.01 | 50.0 | 1.28 | | | |
| | <.01 | - | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | <.01 | 43.1 | 1.10 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.6 |
| | <.01 - | - | - | | | |
| sachsen 12 | - <.01 | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | 7.9 | 4.9 | 12.8 |
| Salt Flat | <.01 | 13.8 | 1.48 | ד. ז | ₹.5 | 12.0 |
| | | | | | | |
| | < 01 | 36.1 | 1.3.3 | | | |
| | <.01 <.01 | 36.1 21.6 | 1.33 1.38 | | | |

Biogeochemistry

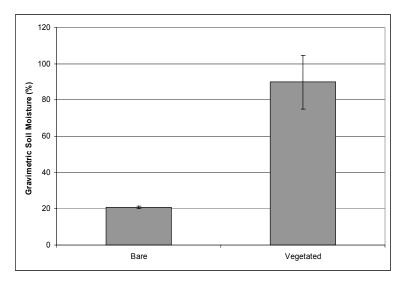


Fig. 27: Soil Moisture (mean ± 1 SE) of bare and vegetated areas at the Isachsen mesic site.

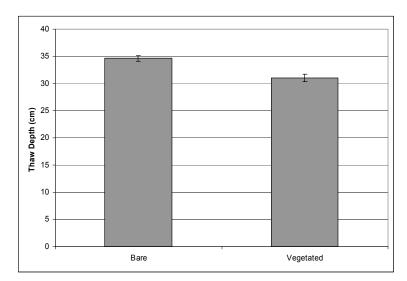


Fig. 28: Thaw depth (mean \pm 1 SE) of bare and vegetated areas at the Isachsen mesic site.

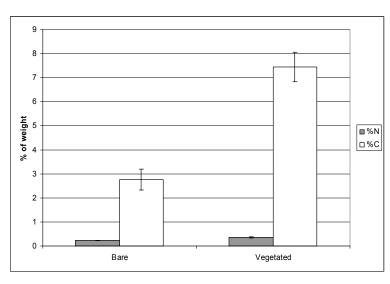


Fig. 29: Percent total carbon (including inorganic and organic carbon) and percent nitrogen of the soil (mean \pm 1 SE) of bare and vegetated areas at the Isachsen mesic site.

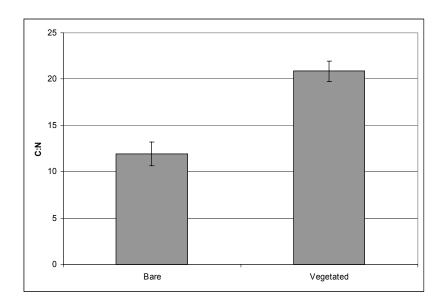


Fig. 30: Carbon to nitrogen ratios (mean \pm 1 SE) of the soil from bare and vegetated areas at the Isachsen mesic site.

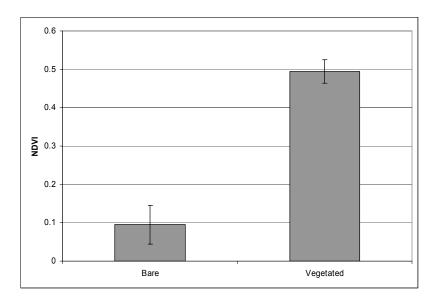


Fig. 31: Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (mean ± 1 SE) of bare and vegetated areas at the Isachsen mesic site.

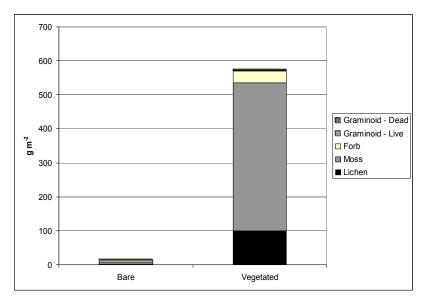


Fig. 32: Aboveground biomass (mean \pm 1 SE) of bare and vegetated areas at the Isachsen mesic site.

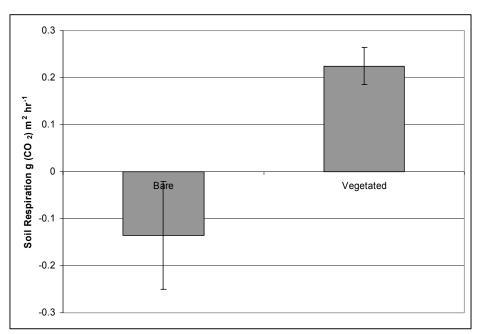


Fig. 33: Soil respiration (mean \pm 1 SE) of bare and vegetated areas at the lsachsen mesic site.

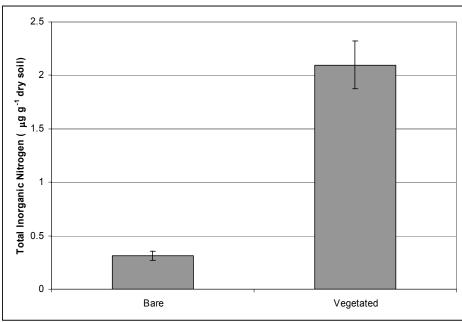


Fig. 34: Total inorganic nitrogen (mean \pm 1 SE) of bare and vegetated areas at the Isachsen mesic site.

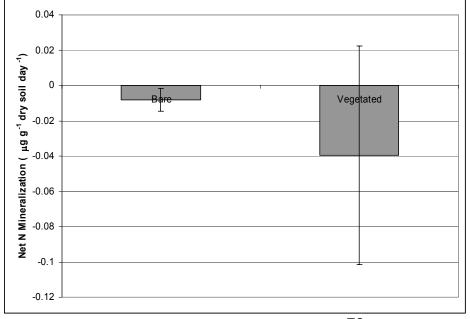


Fig. 35: Rate of net nitrogen mineralization (mean \pm 1 SE) of bare and vegetated areas at the Isachsen mesic site, as measured over a 7 day period in July of 2005.

Turf hummocks

Table 12: Soils and bulk density of turf hummock samples collected.

| Site no. | Soil | Bulk Density | New deposition* |
|----------|------|---------------------|-----------------|
| ER-1 | 3 | 2 | _ |
| ER –2 | 4 | 2 | - |
| ER-3 | 3 | 2 | _ |
| ER-4 | 3 | 1 | _ |
| ER-5 | 3 | 2 | _ |
| ER-6 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| ER-7 | 2 | _ | 1 |
| ER-8 | 2 | _ | 1 |
| ER-9 | 2 | 1 | _ |
| ER-10 | 2 | 1 | _ |
| ER-11 | 3 | 1 | _ |
| ER-12 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| ER-13 | 3 | 1 | _ |
| ER-14 | 4 | 1 | _ |

indicates no sample collected new deposit on the hummock surface

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Report on integration of research and education in the Biocomplexity of Small-Featured Patterned Ground Ecosystems study

W. Gould and G. González

Arctic Field Ecology/Biocomplexity of Small-Featured Patterned Ground Ecosystems, 2005: Integrating research and education in an investigation of climate-permafrost-vegetation interactions in the Arctic (supported by NSF OPP-0120736).



Locations:

Canadian High Arctic

- 1. Isachsen, Ellef Ringnes Island, NU (bioclimatic subzone A);
- 2. Mould Bay, Prince Patrick Island, NT (bioclimatic subzone B).
- 3. Green Cabin, Aulavik National Park, Thomsen River, Banks Island, NT (bioclimatic subzone C).

Canadian Low Arctic

4. Hiukitak River, Bathurst Inlet, NU (bioclimatic subzone D/E).

Canadian Subarctic

- 5. Inuvik, NT, logistics and laboratory work.
- 6. Yellowknife, NT, logistics.

Field dates: July 16 to August 12, 2005.

Biocomplexity research and educational project

The goal of this project is to understand the linkages between biogeochemical cycles, vegetation, disturbance, and climate across the full summer temperature gradient in the Arctic in order to better predict ecosystem responses to changing climate. We focus on frost-boils because:

- 1) The processes involved in the self-organization of these landforms drive biogeochemical cycling and vegetation succession of extensive arctic ecosystems.
- 2) These ecosystems contain perhaps the most diverse and ecologically important zonal ecosystems in the Arctic and are important to global carbon budgets.
- 3) The complex ecological relationships between patterned-ground formation, biogeochemical cycles, and vegetation and the significance of these relationships at multiple scales have not been studied.
- 4) The responses of the system to changes in temperature are likely to be nonlinear, but can be understood and modeled by examining the relative strengths of feedbacks between the components of the system at several sites along the natural arctic temperature gradient.

One of the fundamental goals of our national science policy is to better integrate research and education. There is strong national interest to improve this integration at the graduate and undergraduate levels, with the general public, and (in the Arctic in particular) with indigenous people. The *Biocomplexity of Small-Featured Patterned Ground Ecosystems* project integrates research and education by including the field course Arctic Field Ecology in many aspects of the project. Arctic Field Ecology is offered for credit through the University of Minnesota Itasca Field Biology Program.

Educational goals and overview

The Arctic Field Ecology course is designed introduce undergraduate and graduate students to field studies in the Arctic to gain an understanding of the structure and function of arctic ecosystems and the current state of Arctic research. This is accomplished through daily seminars on diverse aspects of arctic ecology,

examination and discussion of important publications of Arctic research, integration of student activities with the Biocomplexity of Small-Featured Patterned Ground Ecosystems research team, integration with native elders and wildlife experts, and through active participation in field sampling and analyses for ongoing biodiversity and decomposition studies which are a part of the biocomplexity research.

The course had two components in 2005: Interacting with the full research team investigating small patterned ground features during a two week field season on Ellef Ringnes, Prince Patrick, and Banks Islands in the High Arctic, and integrating the study of patterned ground features with indigenous knowledge during a two week youth-elder-science camp with local Inuit students and elders on Bathurst Inlet. Four North American and European students and nine Inuit students participated in the course. Additionally we had 2 instructors, one staff assistant, and three collaborating scientists working in the high Arctic component with the Biocomplexity team (26 in total). There were nine Inuit elders and an additional 9 Inuit staff and participants involved in the youth-elder-science camp (33 in total). Field class participants were from US, France, Russia, Germany, Canada, and Puerto Rico and conducted research and coursework along the complete climatic gradient of the Arctic.

2005 Participants (53)

Instructors and staff:

Bill Gould, International Institute of Tropical Forestry (wgould@fs.fed.us)

Grizelle González, International Institute of Tropical Forestry (ggonzalez@fs.fed.us)

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Constance Laureau, Pierre et Marie Curie University, Paris (leafhoppers@hotmail.com)

Inuit staff coordinators:

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Sandra Eyegetok, Department of Education, Cambridge Bay, NU (seyegetok@gov.nu.ca).

Inuit students and additional youth:

Jason Akoluk, Joseph Jr. Tikhak, Stephanie, Rosemarie, Kyle, Helena, Gilbert, Ivor, Kakak, Nathan, Becky, Michael, Syreena, and Ohak.

Inuit elders:

Mary Kaniak, Ella Panegyuk, Mary Kilaodluk, Tommy Kilaodluk, Jesse, Charlie Klengenberg, Lena Kamoayok, Bernard, and John Paneyuk.

Inuit and KIA staff:

George Paneyuk, Eileen Kakolak, Martha Kaniak and Goeff.

Collaborating Scientists

Olga Makarova, Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow (lsdc@genome.eimb.relarn.ru)

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Sharon Rae Spain, Veco Field support (larrae2920@yahoo.com)

Manny Kudlak, Sachs Harbour resident (Manny Kudlak @nt.simpatico.ca)

Trevor Lucas, Sachs Harbour resident

2005 Activities

Between July 16 and July 30 the class took place on Ellef Ringnes, Banks and Prince Patrick Islands where we set up transects to measure plant and insect diversity patterns associated with frost boil patterning, prepared and placed litterbags for decomposition experiments, held seminars and discussions, and interacted with the biocomplexity team members.

Between August 1 and August 12 the students participated in a Youth-Elder-Science camp at the Hiukitak River near Bathurst Inlet. The students investigated vegetation and soil characteristics in frost boils along a toposequence, set up a climate monitoring station, participated in class with Inuit youth, and learned a variety of traditional information about the region from Inuit elders. This ranged from discussing changes in hunting and climate patterns, to study of traditional uses of plants, skinning a caribou, sewing skills, singing, drumming, and other traditional arts and games.

The class offered seminars on the following topics:

The Arctic landscape: Climate, geochemistry, and topography – hierarchical controls on landscape patterns.

The Arctic ecosystem: The role of temperature, light, nutrients, disturbance, and organisms in above and belowground ecosystems.

Vegetation ecology: Landscape patterns and ecological controls on community composition.

Cryoturbation: The influence of glaciers, permafrost, snow cover, and freeze/thaw cycles on landforms, soils, vegetation, and ecosystem processes.

Soil ecology/biology: Soil development and classification, ecosystem processes and soil organisms.

Traditional Ecological Knowledge: Understanding "Nuna" (the land) from Inuit/Inuvialuit/Inupiaq perspectives.

Global change research: Climate and land-use, detecting environmental change.

Arctic transitions: Extrapolating in space and time – from field measures to modeling.

Biocomplexity: Understanding complex biological systems in the Arctic.

Vertebrate ecology: Behavioral and physiological adaptations to the arctic environment.

Human history and current affairs: Inuit land use, archaeological sites, mining, oil, recreation.

Additional seminars were offered by the participants of the Biocomplexity Research Team each evening on the following topics:

- July 19 Skip Walker, Anja Kade Project Overview and vegetation summary.
- July 20 Charles Tarnocai Geology and soils of Isachsen, hummocks of Mould Bay and Green Cabin.
- July 21 Chien-lu Ping Overview of Frostboil soils and results from Mould Bay and Green Cabin.
- July 21 Gary Michaelson Biogeochemistry of frost boil cryptogamic crusts.
- July 22 Vladimir Romanovsky Climate and permafrost studies: latest results.
- July 23 Alexia Kelley and Howie Epstein Plant community and Nitrogen cycling in frost boil ecosystems with results from Mould Bay and Green Cabin.
- July 24 Bill Gould Educational Component and
- July 24 Grizelle Gonzalez Results from decomposition and invertebrate studies.
- July 25 Nadya Matveyeva Russian High Arctic vegetation.
- July 25 Olga Makarova Russian High Arctic invertebrates.
- July 26 Fred Daniels Greenland arctic plant studies.

These are available as powerpoint presentations at http://geobotany.uaf.edu

Additional Biocomplexity Research Team interaction with the class included:

- 1. Discussions with Charles Tarnocai about his work on hummocks and his many years of work in the Canadian Arctic.
- 2. Participation in digging and analyzing soil pits with Chien-lu Ping and Gary Michaelson.
- 3. Discussions with Vladimir Romanovsky of the equipment, set up, and sampling of snow depths and permafrost, active layer, and air temperatures.
- 4. Discussions of LAI and NDVI sampling with Howie Epstein.
- 5. A seminar on identification of mosses and lichens by Fred Daniels.
- 6. Demonstrations of invertebrate sampling and identification by Olga Makarova.
- 7. Discussion with local Sachs Harbour Inuvialuit residents and Parks Canada employees Manny Kudlak and Trevor Lucas.

8.

Research activities

The field class has been addressing the question of how biodiversity patterns vary between boil and interboil areas within a given site and along the climatic gradient from the southern to northern arctic (subzones E through A). We have also initiated a series of decomposition experiments, led by Grizelle González, to link ecosystem pattern and process in frost-boil ecosystems. We have conducted the research at nine sites, spanning the complete climatic gradient in the Arctic (Fig. 1).

The class is conducting the following research:

Frost-boil morphology. We are investigating boil and interboil differences in thaw depth and vegetation cover along the arctic climatic gradient.

Litter decomposition experiments: We are investigating the linkage of ecosystem pattern and process in frost-boil ecosystems by studying how litter decay rates vary between boil and interboil areas, above and belowground, and along a toposequence.

Biodiversity transects: We are investigating how plant biodiversity patterns vary between boil and interboil areas within a given site and along the arctic climatic gradient. Beta diversity (plant compositional differences) between boil and interboil areas is greatest in subzone D, where plant diversity is relatively high and barren frost boil surfaces are distinct from vegetated interboil areas.

Phytosociology studies and vegetation mapping. We are investigating variation in plant communities along climatic and topographic gradients. We have investigated vegetation zonation within snow beds on Banks Island and the conducted relevés in dry and zonal vegetation with Nadya Matveyeva and in a set of 7 riparian sites near Isachsen, Ellef Ringnes Island. We are conducting vegetation mapping of field sites using field observations and recent Landsat ETM+ satellite imagery.

Microbial biomass studies. We are investigating variation in microbial biomass related to boil/interboil soils along climatic gradients as well as toposequences.

Soil invertebrate studies. We are investigating invertebrate diversity, functional groups, and biomass variation between boils and interboils and along the climatic gradient in surface-active and subsurface-active soil invertebrates.

Biodiversity and patterned ground feature morphology. Over the last four summers we have established a series of transects at the following Biocomplexity research sites: Subzone E - Happy Valley and Sagwon Moist Acidic Tundra (MAT) sites; subzone D – Sagwon Moist Nonacidic Tundra (MNT), Franklin Bluffs, and Deadhorse sites; subzone C – Banks Island Green Cabin site; subzone B – Mould Bay, Prince Patrick Island;, and subzone A – Isachsen, Ellef Ringnes Island. There are three 20 meter transects at each site, adjacent to the mesic site 10 x 10 meter biocomplexity grid (Fig. 2). Each transect was selected to bisect at least 5 frost boils. Boil/interboil transitions (noted as shifts in vegetation cover) were flagged along the transect and 5 boil and 5 interboil areas were selected for soil sampling, soil invertebrate sampling, and vegetation sampling (Fig 3). Soil samples are being analyzed at the International Institute of Tropical Forestry (IITF) and other laboratories for pH, C:N ratio, percent organic matter, soil chemistry, and microbial biomass (fungal and bacterial estimates). Pitfall traps using funnels and vials with ethanol were set out to sample surface active invertebrates on the boil and interboil areas, and soil samples were taken in order to extract subsurface active insects. Vegetation was sampled within 25 x 25 cm grids and species presence and abundance were recorded. Additionally, we measured thaw depth, micro relief, and vegetation cover type as vascular, moss, cryptogamic crust, or bare soil every 10 centimeters along each transect. These measures will be used to develop profiles of typical frost boils along the climatic gradient,

and to look at differences in plant and insect community composition and diversity on boil and interboil areas. We predict that the maximum differences in community composition (*beta* diversity) will be greatest at an intermediate point of high habitat differentiation (bare soil versus vegetated surfaces) and warmer climates (higher regional diversity) (Fig. 4).

Decomposition experiments and soil invertebrate sampling. We established a series of decomposition experiments to look at decay rates of graminoid species on boil and interboil areas along the climatic gradient and along a toposequence at Green Cabin, Mould Bay, and Isachsen.

Experiment 1. In 2002 we collected recently senesced litter of Luzula nivalis from Satellite Bay, Prince Patrick Island and created 20 mesh litter bags (2x2 mm) for placement in the field. These were placed in the field in 2003 at Mould Bay, Prince Patrick Island on a series of boil and interboils within a 4 x 4 meter quadrat. A set of controls was retrieved and weighed. These will be analyzed for litter chemistry the IITF chemistry lab. The remaining litterbags were retrieved in 2004 and 2005 to determine boil and interboil variation in percent of mass loss, decay rate, and change in litter chemistry.

Experiment 2. In 2003 we collected freshly senesced litter of *Carex misandra* at the Green Cabin site on Banks Island (subzone C) and created 60 mesh litterbags (2x2 mm). We took field weights and placed these along our biodiversity transects on boil and interboil surfaces and at 4 cm depths. A set of controls was retrieved will be analyzed in the IITF chemistry lab. Bags have been collected for analyses in 2004 and 2005 to determine mass loss, decay rates and changes in litter chemistry. Additional litterbags of *Luzula nivalis* were prepared and placed at the Mould Bay site in 2004, and of *Alopecuris alpinus* in Isachsen in 2005. These will be collected for analyses in 2006.

Experiment 3. We prepared 107 additional litterbags of *Carex misandra* for placement in boil and interboil areas along a toposequence at the Green Cabin site. Three replicate litter bags were placed on the surface and belowground at 4 cm depths within 3 replicate boils and interboils at ridge, slope and valley positions. These are at the same sites being used for nitrogen mineralization experiments by Alexia Kelly and Howie Epstein. Bags have been collected for analyses in 2004 and 2005 to determine mass loss, decay rates and changes in litter chemistry. Additional litterbags of *Luzula nivalis* were prepared and placed at the Mould Bay site in 2004, and of *Alopecuris alpinus* in Isachsen in 2005. These will be collected for analyses in 2006.

Soils were sampling at Green Cabin, Mould Bay, and Isachsen in 2006 in a set of replicated samples of boils and interboils as well as along a toposequence in order to extract soil insects and to measure microbial biomass. Soil insects were extracted in Inuvik and are being identified at the Russian Academy of Sciences.

Phytosociology and mapping. We have conducted relevés at a number of sites along the transect and will utilize this and other information in classification of Landsat satellite imagery for Ellef Ringnes, Prince Patrick, and Banks Island. These datasets will form a hierarchical link between the plot scale investigations of the biocomplexity team and the circumpolar mapping efforts of the CAVM.

Important outcomes and results

Twenty-nine students from the United States, Canada, France, Brazil, Germany, Nunavut Canada, and Puerto Rico have been involved in the research. Two graduate teaching assistants and 40 Inuit people. Village elders from Omingmaktok, Kugluktuk, Cambridge Bay, and Kingaok Canada have participated in the project. The class has visited the Alaskan Inupiaq village of Nuiqsut, established a remote camp with local Inuit in the Bathurst Inlet area of Canada, and a youth-elder-science camp near Bathurst Inlet (Figs. 5-14). Publications regarding the integration of research and education are planned or in progress.

Seven posters have been presented by students or instructors at national and international meetings, three students have been invited to present research results at scientific meetings, three students have been asked to participate with the research team as graduate and postdoctoral students or as field assistants.

Decomposition experiments are finding significant differences in decay of graminoid species over time, and trends but not yet significant differences along the climatic gradient and between boil and interboil positions. These differences may take more than one year to become apparent. Publications are planned or in progress.

Microbial studies have indicated no significant differences in total microbial biomass between Green Cabin and Mould Bay, but significant differences in bacterial counts, indicating a possible shift in functional groups along the climatic gradient. Publications are planned or in progress.

Biodiversity transects indicate higher beta diversity (compositional differences between boils and interboils) in the region where barren boil surfaces are most abundant and vegetation is relatively diverse: Subzone D. Frost boil patterning leads to greater local diversity in some sites by partitioning a significant portion of the landscape into either exposed surfaces (boils) or sheltered hollows (interboils) that collect snow, water, organic material and aeolian deposits. In the southern bioclimatic subzones (E, D) boils create a microsite better suited to those species less well adapted to heavily vegetated surfaces and thick organic mats. In less well vegetated northern subzones (A, B, C), interboils provide environmental microsites that a number of species take advantage of.

Acknowledgements

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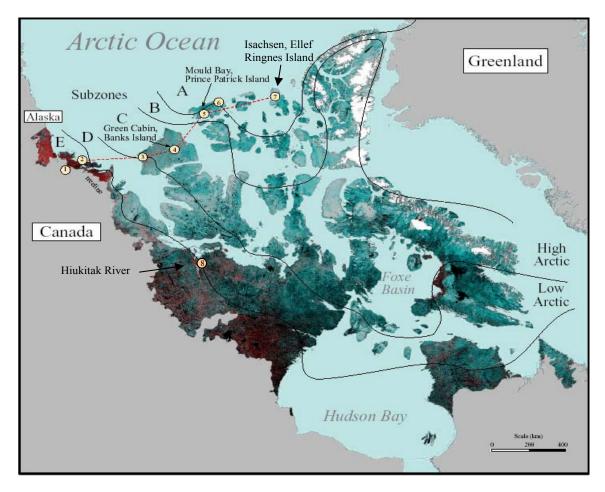


Figure 1. Study sites in Canada include: 1. Inuvik, 2. Tuktuyuktuk, 3. Sachs Harbour, Banks Island 4. Green Cabin. 5. Mould Bay, Prince Patrick Island, 6. Satellite Bay, 7. Isachsen, Ellef Ringnes Island, and 8. Hiukitak River, Bathurst Inlet.

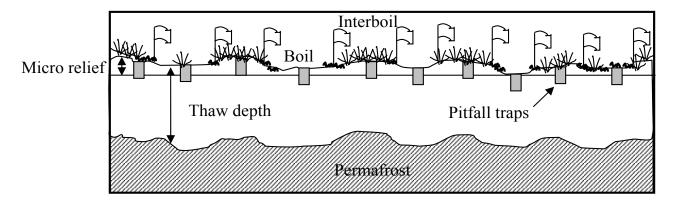


Figure 2. Transect sampling scheme. Thaw depth, micro releif, and vegetation cover were sampled at 10 cm intervals along the 20 meter transect. Ten soil samples were taken to 10 cm depths in boil and interboil areas and invertebrates were sampled using 10 pitfall traps in boil and interboil areas. Three replicate transects were sampled at 9 biocomplexity sites in subzones A, B, C, D, and E representing a climatic gradient with mean July temperatures ranging from 0-12 degrees C.

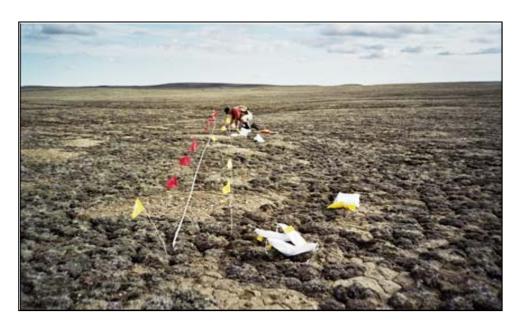


Figure 3. Biodiversity transect boils and interboils flagged in red and pitfall traps in yellow.

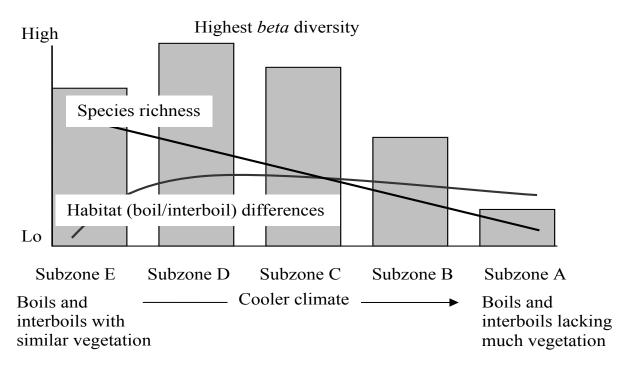


Figure 4. Expected relationships between *alpha* diversity (species richness), climate, habitat heterogeneity, and *beta* diversity (between-habitat compositional differences). The pool of species decreases from subzone E to A due to climatic constraints, and remaining species tend to have broader niches and the ability to colonize both boil and interboil habitats. Interboil habitats become more completely vegetated in subzone E, dampening habitat and compositional differences between boil and interboil areas.



Figure 5. Dr. Gonzalez looking at soil invertebrates with Inuit students Jason and Kyle.



Figure 6. Single small patterned ground feature (frost boil) near Bathurst Inlet.

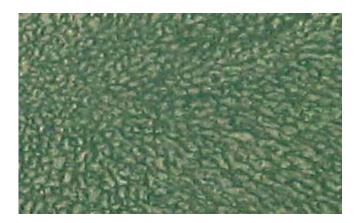


Figure 7. Region of small patterned ground features (frost boils) near Bathurst Inlet.



Figure 8. Bernard (one of the elders) keeping in touch with family by radio.



Figure 9. Student Greta Lewanski digging a soil pit at the Hiukitak site.



Figure 10. Elders demonstrating traditional skills, stretching a caribou hide.



Figure 11. Younger and older members of the youth-elder-science camp.



Figure 12. Elder Tommy Kilaodluk building a drum for drum dancing.



Figure 13. Digging a soil pit at Isachsen.

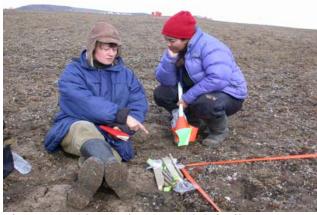


Figure 14. Olga Makarova and Grizelle Gonzalez planning invertebrate sampling at Isachsen.

Isachsen-1 Dry Grid Site

Isachsen-2 Mesic Grid Site



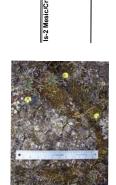








| BD acm ² | 40 | 69 | 53 | 43 | 06 | 26 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| [H ₂ O] _{vol.} B | Ш | | | | | |
| [H ₂ O] _{wt} | 1 | | | | | |
| Depth | 0-1 | 1-3 | 3-5 | 2-2 | 6-2 | 9-11 |
| | Is-2 Mesic/Bare | | | | | |



Field BD g cm⁻³ 1.67 1.92 2.23 1.96 2.40 1.82

[H₂O]_{vol.} % 11.6 18.8 25.9 24.7 32.4 27.4

[H₂O]_{wt.} % 6.9 9.8 11.7 12.6 13.6 15.0

cm 0-1 1-3 3-5 5-7 7-9 9-11

Is-1 Dry Grid

| | | | | Field |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|------|-------|
| | Depth | [H ₂ O] _{wt} | | B |
| | сш | % | % | |
| Is-2 Mesic/Crust | 0-1 | 21.2 | 19.6 | |
| | 1 -3 | 22.4 | 28.2 | |
| | 3-5 | 21.0 | 30.0 | |
| | 2-2 | 21.8 | 37.0 | |
| | 6-2 | 21.0 | 31.0 | |
| | 9-11 | 25.4 | 48.4 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |



| | Deptu | Z C | | 9 |
|-----------------|-------|------|------|------|
| | cm | % | % | g cm |
| Is-2 Mesic/moss | 0-2 | 25.5 | 26.4 | 1.22 |
| | 2-4 | 25.6 | 34.9 | 1.39 |
| | 4-6 | 24.6 | 33.6 | 1.36 |
| | 8-9 | 24.3 | 44.7 | 1.84 |
| | 8-10 | 24.5 | 39.1 | 1.63 |
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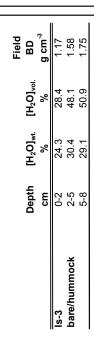
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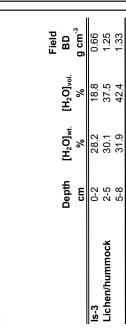


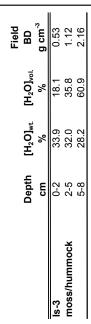
Isachsen-3 Wet/Hummock Site

Isachsen-7 Poppy Barren Site

















BD BD 0.31 0.90 0.90

[H₂O]_{Wt.} [H₂O]_{Vol.} % % 89.6 28.2 60.1 54.2 68.0 61.4

Cm 0-2 2-5 5-8

Is-3 moss/interhummock

| | | | | Field |
|------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|
| | Depth | [H ₂ O] _{wt.} | [H ₂ O] _{vol.} | BD |
| | cm | % | % | g cm |
| s-7 Poppy Barren | 0-1 | 7.1 | 10.6 | 1.49 |
| 1 | 1-3 | 13.8 | 18.1 | 1.31 |
| | 3-5 | 20.4 | 24.2 | 1.18 |
| | 2-7 | 25.7 | 34.1 | 1.33 |
| | 4-6 | 27.6 | 50.3 | 1.82 |
| | 9-11 | 26.7 | 34.4 | 1.29 |