Work Plan for Korean Pear

For export of Korean Pear, *Pyrus pyrifolia*National Plant and Animal Health, Food Safety and Quality

Services, the United Mexican States

&

Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency, the Republic of Korea





WORK PLAN FOR THE EXPORT OF KOREAN PEAR (Pyrus pyrifolia) TO MEXICO UNDER A SYSTEMS APPROACH

1. OBJECTIVE

To ensure that Pear (Pyrus pyrifolia) exported from the Republic of Korea to Mexico is free from the quarantine pests defined by Mexico.

To establish uniform procedures among participants (growers, packagers, exporters and importers) interested in exporting Pear to Mexico and National Plant Protection Organizations (ONPF, Organizaciones Nacionales de Protección Fitosanitaria) of both countries.

To facilitate the export of Pear meeting the phytosanitary regulations in Mexico, so pear shipments shall be free from any pests posing a quarantine threat to Mexico.

The following are considered by Mexico as quarantine pests:

insects and mites: Grapholita molesta, Acrobasis pyrivorella, Carposina sasakii, Spilonota ocellana, Amphitetranycus viennensis, Dysmicoccus wistariae, Planococcus kraunhiae, Rhynchites heros, Adoxophyes orana, Archips breviplicanus, Ceroplastes japonicus, Crisicoccus matsumotoi, Prociphilus kuwanai and Pseudolaucaspis pentagona.

Pathogens: Alternaria gaisen, Botryoshpaeria dothidea, Gymnosporangium asiaticum, Monilinea fructigena and Botryosphaeria berengeriana f. sp. pyricola.

In case of detecting any live pests which are not considered in this Work Plan or in the listing notified to the International Plant Protection Convention, either in the origin or destination site, the Directorate General of Plant Health will carry out the analysis of the corresponding quarantine status and will report to the Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency of Korea (QIA) about the obtained result and the action to be taken. If the pest is a quarantine one, it will be included in the listing of quarantine pests stated in this Work Plan.





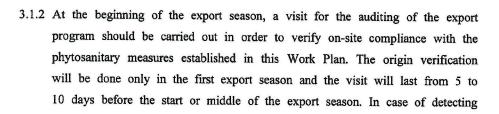
2. PARTICIPANTS

- 2.1 The Directorate General of Plant Health (DGSV, Dirección General de Sanidad Vegetal) belonging to the National Plant and Animal Health, Food Safety and Quality Services (SENASICA, Servicio Nacional de Sanidad, Inocuidad y Calidad Agroalimentaria) from the Secretariat of Agriculture, Livestock, Rural Development, Fisheries and Food of the United Mexican States (SAGARPA, Secretaría de Agricultura, Ganadería, Desarrollo Rural, Pesca y Alimentación).
- 2.2 The Directorate-General for Phytozoosanitary Inspection (DGIF, Dirección General de Inspección Fitozoosanitaria) belonging to SENASICA SAGARPA of Mexico
- 2.3 The Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency of Korea (QIA)
- 2.4 The Rural Development Administration of Korea (RDA)
- 2.5 Exporting Companies
- 2.6 Packing houses
- 2.7 Growers
- 2.8 Importers and their Organizations

3. PARTICIPANTS' ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- 3.1 For DGSV
- 3.1.1 Designate a counterpart in charge of this program for QIA.





any phytosanitary problems, the origin verification visit may resume.

- 3.1.3 The following will be verified during the visit: field phytosanitary handling, fruit packaging, phytosanitary inspection, protection of the fruit brought from the field, protection of the packaged fruit and traceability thereof. The inspection includes the field records and logs. Although it will not be necessary for the Mexican inspector to stay in Korea throughout the export season, the verification will include the harvesting and packing of the first shipments.
- 3.1.4 The personnel from DGSV assigned to Korea will be allowed to participate with QIA on a joint basis in any of the activities described in this Work Plan and which are carried out during his/her stay in Korea.
- 3.1.5 Inform QIA of any problem or non-compliance detected in the course of the activities; QIA will analyze the situation and implement corrective measures according to its normative and the provisions of this Work Plan.
- 3.1.6 Inform QIA of administrative non-compliance (documentary) or quarantine pest detections at entry points, so the corresponding corrective actions are taken, which will be defined in this work plan.
- 3.1.7 Send to DGIF the information provided by QIA about shipment departures to Mexico, indicating the container number and/or seal or strap number of each container.

3.2 For DGIF

3.2.1 Verify at the entry point whether the information of the Phytosanitary Certificate (CF, Certificado Fitosanitario) agrees with the containers (container number and/or seal or strap number) imported into Mexico.





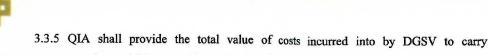


- 3.2.2 Verify the listing of packing houses authorized by QIA and/or their codes for exporting to Mexico.
- 3.2.3 Where applicable, check the packaging, transportation (container) and appropriate phytosanitary condition of each shipment in accordance with the provisions of this Work Plan.
- 3.2.4 Allow the entrance for importation to Mexico of all shipments that comply with the provisions of this Work Plan, issuing the corresponding Import Phytosanitary Certificate (CFI, Certificado Fitosanitario de Importacion).
- 3.2.5 Carry out the specific procedures for the withholding or rejection of any shipment that does not fully comply with the provisions of this Work Plan.
- 3.2.6 Inform DGSV of any anomaly in the activities during the official inspection at point of entry which requires a corrective action.
- 3.2.7 Notify DGSV of any detection of pests during the phytosanitary inspection of the fruit from the Pear shipment, and notify also of any withholding or rejection due to documentation deficiencies.

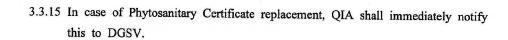
3.3 For QIA

- 3.3.1 Designate a Counterpart in charge of conducting the program before DGSV.
- 3.3.2 Coordinate, supervise and execute all the activities considered in this Work Plan in which its participation is indicated.Register and approve the growers or orchards that will participate in the program. Assign a unique numeric code to each orchard or grower.
- 3.3.3 Authorize the packing houses that will participate in the program. Assign a unique numeric code to each packing house.
- 3.3.4 Provide DGSV with the listing of packing houses that wish to participate in the Program for export to Mexico, prior to the beginning of the commencement of export season, in order to schedule the activities of the verification visit to the origin site carried out in the first export season.





- out the activities considered in this Work Plan which shall be carried out in the origin site (Korea).
- 3.3.6 Supervise growers' monitoring of pests in field and their phytosanitary management of pests. Provide instructions or take corrective actions in case failures are discovered. This shall be established in QIA's Production Manual.
- 3.3.7 Supervise that the pallets packaged for Mexico shall be protected in a cold room which shall be identified as being fruit destined for Mexico. The mix of packaged fruit for Mexico with fruit for other markets is not allowed.
- 3.3.8 Supervise the packaging of fruit carried out by the packing houses in order to ensure compliance with the actions for risk mitigation contained in this Work Plan and in the Production Manual. Provide instructions or take corrective actions in case failures are discovered.
- 3.3.9 Notify DGSV of the detections of quarantine pests in the inspections carried out in field and in the packing houses.
- 3.3.10 Inspect pears in order to verify their phytosanitary condition regarding quarantine pests for Mexico, as well as to verify this in the packages, containers, vegetable residuals and soil.
- 3.3.11 Carry out the taxonomic identification, at species level whenever this is possible, of the quarantine pests found during the inspection of Pears and report the results to DGSV.
- 3.3.12 Only certify Pear shipments approved by means of a phytosanitary inspection conducted by QIA which comply with the requirements in this work plan.
- 3.3.13 Supervise the consolidation of shipments or containers under protected conditions.
- 3.3.14 Send to DGSV the information of shipment departures to Mexico, indicating the container number and/or seal or strap number for each container.



- 3.3.16 Inform the participants of the terms for the Work Plan Program, as well as of any amendment or clarification agreed upon by DGSV - QIA to be made thereof.
- 3.3.17 Inform the Program participants of the corrective actions they shall take in those cases indicated by QIA when facing the detection of a problem or non-compliance related to the Work Plan, during the development of the activities.
- 3.3.18 During the production season, supervise the phytosanitary management systems used by the producing-exporting sector to control quarantine pests.
- 3.3.19 Take appropriate actions and check results regarding the measures implemented to correct the non-compliances that have been found. Inform DGSV of the actions and results, if related with the detection of quarantine pest or requested by DGSV.
- 3.3.20 Participation of QIA in the diverse activities considered in this Work Plan:

Field:

- a. Orchard. Monitoring of pests in orchards. Supervision of the phytosanitary management of pests and during the season.
- b. Supervision for growers to carry out the bagging of pears within the appropriate time according to QIA's indications, considering the phenology of the crop and its variety.
- c. The previously described activities are carried out based on the Production Manual.

Packing houses:

- a. Upon reception of the fruit that comes from the field to the packing houses, supervise that the product complies with the specifications of this Work Plan.
- b. Supervise the packaging of the fruit, especially the traceability of the orchard and the variety.

c. Supervise the application of phytosanitary risk mitigation actions: selection of rotten fruits or fruits with any kind of visible damage, that the fruits inside torn bags or without bags are excluded from export to Mexico, that the peduncle cut

is properly made, and that the blasting of fruit is made on the calicinal and

- peduncular areas.
- d. Ensure that the identity of the fruit is kept throughout the export process: field, packaging, pallet formation and stacking, that the information stamped or printed on the boxes agrees with or corresponds to the information of the grower for which the packaging process takes place.

Phytosanitary inspection:

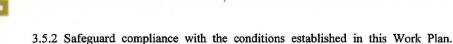
Carry out the phytosanitary inspection of fruit batches according to QIA procedures and the specifications provided below.

3.4 For the Industry Association

- 3.4.1 Cooperate with QIA and DGSV for compliance with this Work Plan.
- 3.4.2 Duly spread this Work Plan among all its associates that export Pear to Mexico.
- 3.4.3 Provide QIA with the listing of packing houses and growers authorized by QIA which will participate in this Work Plan during the season.
- 3.4.4 Inform the exporters of any amendment to the Work Plan.
- 3.4.5 Keep record of the exporting companies incorporated into the Program for Export to Mexico.
- 3.4.6 Submit to QIA the list of orchards that are candidates to export Pear to Mexico.

3.5 For Exporting Companies

3.5.1 Be registered with the Industry Association.



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3.6 For Packing houses

- 3.6.1 Packing houses that carry out packaging activities or in which phytosanitary inspections of Pear for Mexico are conducted shall be registered with QIA.
- 3.6.2 They shall have a unique numeric code assigned by QIA.
- 3.6.3 Packing houses shall have the listings of orchards and/or growers authorized by QIA that will process fruits in their facilities, which shall be available for verification by QIA or DGSV.
- 3.6.4 Packing houses shall have a Counterpart, which will be responsible before QIA for applying the quarantine safety measures considered in this Work Plan and with which the matters related to the application of such measures will be addressed.
- 3.6.5 Have trained technical personnel to carry out or apply the risk mitigation measures that shall be applied by the company: traceability, fruit reception and dispatch, selection of damaged fruit, blasting of fruit (calicinal and peduncular areas) and fruit packaging.
- 3.6.6 Notify QIA of the date and time to carry out the following activities:

Pear packaging
Pear phytosanitary inspection
Dispatch of pear shipments or containers

In case any of the activities is annulled or suspended, the Counterpart shall inform QIA by e-mail or other means of communication.

3.6.7 The boxes shall be new and clean; the information of the fruit shall be printed on the packaging boxes using an inkjet printer or on a label or stamps including the following information:

Species Variety ¥



Orchard (Unique numeric code assigned by QIA).

Packing date

Unique numeric code of the packing houses assigned by QIA (the information shall be identical to that in the listing of authorized packing houses established by QIA).

In case of using labels, all the information required above shall be included in a single label. A minimum font size of 1 centimeter is recommended.

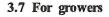
The commercial information, for example, name and address of the exporting company, caliber, commercial codes, or other information required by the exporting company may be established on another label, the format of which will be established by the company and QIA, if another label is established, it shall be made known to DGSV as a reference.

The reprinting or relabeling of boxes that causes traceability issues is not allowed.

- 3.6.8 When the phytosanitary inspection takes place, keep available for QIA and DGSV the results of the monitoring of pests indicated in this Work Plan and the statement of application of pesticides or phytosanitary management applied for each orchard.
- 3.6.9 Have an inspection room or area isolated from other areas in the company, if applicable; this shall be large, clean, and with enough natural and/or artificial light for the correct visual inspection of fruits. This room or area shall be duly identified and for exclusive use by official personnel, and have a large counter and a 45X stereoscopic microscope with enough room under the header allowing to have a detailed observation of fruits. (In the vicinity of the room or area, there shall also be hygiene services for washing hands, a desk and chair, lock file cabinets, office supplies, etc.). A numbered log for the recording of activities, issues or remarks made to the company.
- 3.6.10 Notify QIA of the days and times for the packaging of Pear.
- 3.6.11 Submit to QIA the inspection request. The details of the batch companying the inspection request shall include the information per orchard and packaging date.



- 3.6.12 Ensure each field bin or harvesting box is identified with its corresponding unique Numeric Code assigned for the orchard by QIA.
- 3.6.13 For the packaging verification carried out by QIA, the packing houses shall provide the following information during supervision: the orchards and field bins or harvesting boxes that are being packaged and the amount scheduled for processing on that day.
- 3.6.14 Pallets packaged for Mexico shall be protected in a cold room which shall be identified as being fruit destined for Mexico. The mix of packaged fruit for Mexico with fruit for other markets is not allowed.
- 3.6.15 Pears inspected and approved by QIA for export to Mexico shall be stored in a cold room until they are exported to Mexico.
- 3.6.16 The dispatch of pear shipments of containers shall be made in a protected area in order to avoid potential contamination by other pests. There shall be no space between load trucks or containers and the loading precinct which makes connection to external areas or shall be taken appropriate actions such as using air curtain, rubber curtain or insect-proof net, etc. The packing houses shall implement a maintenance plan that allows ensuring the protection conditions are always kept well preserved.
- 3.6.17 In case it is necessary to transport the Pear, already inspected and approved, from one packing house to another, this shall only be done in a cooling and/or airtight container.
- 3.6.18 Submit the batch details. These shall include: the name of the company, the number of the batch to inspect, the species and variety, the date and time, the identity of the orchards that compose the batch and the number of boxes per orchard and variety, as well as the packaging dates per orchard and variety.
- 3.6.19 Have enough personnel for the extraction of sample boxes from the pallets, and their transportation to the inspection room or area, the repackaging of sample boxes, if applicable, and the reincorporation of the boxes into the pallets once the inspection has concluded, and for some other support activities requiring the intervention of such personnel.



3.7.1 Register with QIA all the orchards that will participate in Mexico program; they can do this through their association, exporting company, packing houses or register with QIA on a particular (individual) basis according to the calendar specified by QIA.

Identify the orchard with the Unique Numeric Code assigned by QIA, the variety and the surface. The notice shall be placed on an area easy to locate, have a visible size and be fixed.

- 3.7.2 As established in QIA's Production Manual, conduct or apply the quarantine pest phytosanitary management programs for Mexico recommended by QIA. Keep available the product application statements for verification by QIA or DGSV.
- 3.7.3 Carry out monitoring and control of Cydia molesta in the orchard according to the recommendations issued by QIA. Growers should send the records on monitoring to the relevant packing houses and let them keep the records for their verification by QIA and DGSV when requested. The absence of monitoring and phytosanitary management of pests is ground for unregistration of the orchard form the Program, as indicated in the QIA's Production Manual.
- 3.7.4 Keep a field log where the events related to this Work Plan are recorded, such as: pest monitoring, pest detected, pesticide application, QIA state visit, actions taken in case of pest detection or problems, etc.; log shall be available for QIA and DGSV verification when requested.
- 3.7.5 The person responsible of the orchard shall be present when QIA or DGSV conduct field verifications and shall provide the orchard information requested for verification.

3.8 Importers and their Organizations

3.8.1 Acquaint the provisions of this Work Plan.



3.8.2 Comply and promote the compliance with that established in the Work Plan herein, particularly with point 5. INSPECTION AT MEXICO'S ENTRY POINT, and the subscripts thereof.

3.9 Custom Brokers and their Associations.

- 3.9.1 Acquaint the provisions of this Work Plan.
- 3.9.2 Comply and promote the compliance with that established in the Work Plan herein, particularly with point 5. INSPECTION AT MEXICO'S ENTRY POINT, and the subscripts thereof.

4. RISK MITIGATION MEASURES

4.1 Production Areas

Definition of orchard: Lang surface continuously planted with pear (Pyrus pyrifolia).

The orchard must be permanently identified with a sign (weather resistant material, legible letter and located in a visible place when entering to it) with its Unique Numeric Code assigned by QIA. Orchards with two or more fruit species or plants can participate in the program of Mexico, only in case fruit species or plant aside from pear cultivated separately in orchards.

- 4.1.1 Field log (log) where the orchard phytosanitary management is registered.
- 4.1.2 Be provided with a monitoring system (trapping) for Cydia molesta, according to the specifications in QIA's Production Manual.
- 4.1.3 Conduct pear fruit bagging on the scheduled date, according to QIA's Production Manual, the bags to be used shall be authorized by QIA.
- 4.1.4 Conduct phytosanitary management for all the quarantine pests listed in this Work Plan, according to the specification of the "Information on pest incursion per growing seasons", published by the Rural Development Administration of Korea", as well as QIA recommendations for weed control.









4.1.5 Take one field sampling during the season aimed to detect quarantine pests. Sampling shall be conducted by technical personnel coordinated by QIA, the intensity thereof shall be such that it allows a timely detection of quarantine pests. In case of pest detection, these shall be sent to an official laboratory for identification.

All the application statements shall be available for QIA and DGSV for verification when deemed convenient.

4.2 Packing houses

- 4.2.1 Packing houses will only pack fruit from orchards registered in QIA and which comply with the QIA's Production Manual.
- 4.2.2 Keep pear traceability; bins and harvested boxes shall be identified with the orchard Unique Numeric Code from the orchard.
- 4.2.3 The fruit shall be received in the control area or in case it is received in open areas it shall stay there as little as possible prior packing.
- 4.2.4 Every packing house shall have a numbered book (log) for Mexico program where the observations of the QIA inspectors during supervisions and phytosanitary inspections are recorded.
- 4.2.5 Fruit packed for Mexico shall be kept in a cold room duly identified. Mixture with Pear for other markets or with other fruit species or vegetables is not allowed. Pallets shall be clearly identified with text that indicates it is for Mexico.
- 4.2.6 Pallets or boxes with fruit that do not comply with the prior paragraph cannot be exported to Mexico.
- 4.2.7 Keep traceability of the fruit during all the processes conducted in the packing houses until shipment to Mexico.
- 4.2.8 Once pear is packed, by no means the boxes or pallets or stowage shall be exposed.



- 4.2.9 Provide a protected shipment loading area for containers or trucks or in such a way the truck rear is well fitted to the area where it is placed. No gaps shall be left that allow the entrance of pests to the internal loading area or it shall be taken appropriate actions such as using air curtain, rubber curtain or insect-proof net, etc.
- 4.2.10 Trucks or containers shall leave the packing houses sealed or strapped.

4.3 Export inspection

- 4.3.1 Inspection of pears destined to Mexico shall be conducted in packing houses authorized by QIA.
- 4.3.2 The Pear destined to Mexico shall be inspected per independent batches. Inspections shall not be conducted together with fruit for other markets and the inspection room or area shall not have remains of fruit of other markets previously inspected. Inspection shall start and conclude with pear for Mexico only.
- 4.3.3 Phytosanitary inspections shall be conducted with daylight, in an inspection room or area conditioned for such purpose.
- 4.3.4 Prior inspection, inspector shall ensure the packing houses are registered and authorized by QIA.

Furthermore:

Check the orchard or orchards of the batch are duly registered and have complied with the corresponding phytosanitary management of pests.

- 4.3.5 The batch sample shall represent all the orchards, varieties and packing dates that confirm so, which shall be physically verified by the inspectors on the pallets that conform the batch.
- 4.3.6 The sample size for phytosanitary inspection shall be 2% of the total of batch boxes; in case the batch is under than 1000 boxes, 19 boxes shall be inspected.

When calculating the sample size, in case the result is a fraction, the number shall be the nearest higher whole number. The total number of sample boxes shall be proportionally distributed among the orchards and the packing dates marked on the batch.

Inspection shall consider the detailed observation of each fruit of the sample box. A 20X hand magnifying glass shall be used to look for quarantine pests in the calicinal and peduncular cavities of the pear. In addition, if any wormhole is observed or infection of quarantine pest is suspected, the calicinal and peduncular areas of the relevant fruits shall be observed under stereoscopic microscope. The inspector may cut those fruits deemed necessary that show damage signs of pests with internal eating habits.

All the team inspectors participating in the inspection shall have a 20X hand magnifying glass to observe the fruit.

4.3.7 The batches where the presence of quarantine pests alive (in any development stage: egg, larva, pupa, adult or nymph when applicable) included in this Work Plan is identified shall be rejected, in which case the orchard shall be out of the program for the export to Mexico for the remainder of the export season.

Pest species that cannot be identified in the inspection site shall be sent to an official QA laboratory for identification. In this case the batch is pending until the result from the laboratory is obtained. In case of non-quarantine pest, the batch shall be approved. QIA shall provide DGSV with the results of the pest identification.

In case of objection or batch rejection due to administrative (documents) factors or presence of sheets, the separation of pallets of the affected orchard from the rest of the batch may be authorized in order to conclude the batch inspection and approve the pallets of the orchards that did not have inconvenience.

Pears shall be free of plant remains (remains of any vegetable different from Pear) free from soil (zero tolerance).



In case of batch rejection due to quarantine pest detection affecting an orchard, the fruit previously approved from that orchard and that still in the packing houses cannot continue the export process to Mexico. In case fruit is in transit to Mexico, QIA shall give notice to DGSV of the ship identity, container number and Phytosanitary Certificate of the shipment with the orchard where the pest has been detected. That fruit shall be subject to an inspection at the Entry Point of 3% of the shipment boxes.

In case of detection of quarantine pest alive during the phytosanitary inspection of a batch, the relevant orchards are excluded from the Mexico program for the remainder of the export season.

Any detection of quarantine pest alive during the phytosanitary inspection shall be immediately informed to DGSV.

4.3.8 Pear batches approved by QIA for export to Mexico shall be kept in a cold room until dispatch to Mexico. Under no circumstances the fruit may be in contact with the exterior or mixed (pallets) with fruit for other destination.

Once inspection is concluded, the packing houses counterpart shall supervise shipping in the presence of the QIA inspector.

In case of losing the quarantine pest sample sent to the laboratory for identification, the batch shall be rejected and QIA shall take actions on these cases so they do not occur again.

In case that during phytosanitary inspection any quarantine pest is detected (insect, pathogen mite or weed seed) it shall be identified to specie level.

4.4 Shipment ports

- 4.4.1 Phytosanitary inspections to pear for Mexico shall not be conducted in the shipment ports.
- 4.4.2 The fruit transfer from refrigerated truck to containers, if required, shall be conducted under strict control conditions.





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4.4.3 Approved shipments shall include a Phytosanitary Certificate issued by QIA, with the following additional statement:

"This product meets the Work Plan agreed between SAGARPA and QIA, being free of quarantine pests alive."

On each Phytosanitary Certificate, the number of container (s) covered shall be noted, declaring it (them) in the corresponding section of the Phytosanitary Certificate.

For the purposes of this Work Plan, Shipment corresponds to the amount of fruit covered by one Phytosanitary Certificate.

5. INSPECTION AT MEXICO'S ENTRY POINT

5.1 General Criteria

At the entry point the following activities shall be carried out:

- a. Verify each shipment has its corresponding Phytosanitary Certificate issued by QIA.
- b. 100% phytosanitary inspection of shipment.
- c. Verify cleanliness of the conveyor (container).
- d. Verify the packing houses (Unique Numeric Code) are registered.
- e. Ports of entry: Manzanillo, Colima; Veracruz, Veracruz; Tuxpan, Veracruz; Lázaro Cárdenas, Michoacán

5.2 Import inspection

- 5.2.1 Verify each shipment has the Phytosanitary certificate.
- 5.2.2 Verify the container number corresponds to the one on the Import Phytosanitary Certificate.





- 5.2.3 The inspection shall consider a sampling level equal to 2% of the total of the shipment boxes, inspecting all the fruits form the boxes selected seeking pests or damage or their symptoms.
- 5.2.4 For the specific pest search (insects, mites, weed seeds) in the calicinal and peduncular cavities, the cavities of two fruits per sample box shall be checked. In case fruits with evidence of pest damage are detected, these may be cut in slices or in small pieces to the extent possible to follow the tunnel made by the pest. Fruits shall not be unnecessarily cut.
- 5.2.5 If during the phytosanitary inspection of shipment alive pests are detected, the shipment shall be hold until quarantine status is defined. In case of quarantine pest for Mexico, shipment shall be destroyed or sent back or re-export and the sanctions established in this Work Plan shall be applied.
- 5.2.6 If during the phytosanitary inspection of shipment the presence of leaves of Pear, vegetable remains (parts of vegetables different to the fruit specie imported) or soil is detected, shipment shall be rejected.

In case of detecting a quarantine pest alive, the DGSV shall officially inform QIA on the interception, in which case shipment shall be rejected for entry to Mexico; therefore it may be sent back, destroyed or re-exported.

In the first detection of a quarantine pest alive, the orchards are excluded from the program for the export to Mexico for the remainder of the export season.

If a second quarantine pest is detected in import inspection, DGSV may request QIA for the review of the work plan. Meanwhile the exports of pear will be suspended. QIA will send to DGSV the list of shipments in transit. Those shipments will be inspected by DGIF at point of entry.

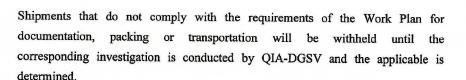
5.3 Withholding and Rejection Procedures

5.3.1 Shipment withholding.

In case any live pest is detected, the shipment shall be withheld until its quarantine status is defined by DGSV. Importer may decide to wait for the result or to send the shipment back.





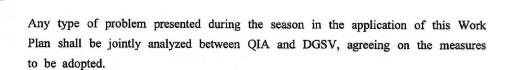


- 5.3.2 Shipment rejection.
- 5.3.3 The conveyor (containers) with leaves, vegetable remains or soil shall be rejected.
- 5.3.4 If as a result of the inspection conducted in the entry point, quarantine pests alive are detected, DGIF shall inform DGSV. The latter shall immediately inform QIA.
- 5.3.5 The notice shall include the following information: Number of Phytosanitary Certificate; Number of Container, when applicable; Identification of packing houses and the orchard that corresponds to the box where the detection was made.
- 5.3.6 QIA shall investigate the pest detection case and apply the corresponding sanction to the company and the grower according to the Work Plan herein. If live quarantine pest is detected or if applicable, QIA shall inform DGSV the conclusions and corrective measures applied.
- 5.3.7 DGIF shall keep available the information on the inspections conducted to fruit shipments from Korea for DGSV review.
- 5.3.8 All shipments that complies with the provisions of this Work Plan and that complies with all the other import requirements, issuing the corresponding Import Phytosanitary Certificate shall be allowed for importation to Mexico.

6. DURATION AND REVISION

This Work Plan has indefinite validity and any intent of modification shall be noticed in writing for its joint analysis and resolution thereon between QIA and DGSV.





Any change or modification shall be agreed between the two parties

7. VALIDITY PERIOD

- · This Work Plan is valid as of the date of signature.
- DGSV and QIA reserve the right of terminate or suspend the program, prior justification and shall give a 30 days notice in writing to the other participants.

This Work Plan has been approved:

Date: October 29, 2014

FOR THE SECRETARIAT OF AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FISHERIES AND FOOD OF THE UNITED MEXICAN STATES

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FOR THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND RURAL AFFAIRS OF THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA

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