Trichilia triacantha (bariaco)

Threatened

This notice also announces our active review of two species that are currently listed as threatened:

Fish and Wildlife

Guajon (Elaphoglossum serpens)

Plants

Harrisia portoricensis (Higo chumbo)

What information do we consider in our review?

A 5-year review considers the best scientific and commercial data that have become available since the current listing determination or most recent status review of each species, such as:

- A. Species biology, including but not limited to population trends, distribution, abundance, demographics, and genetics;
- B. Habitat conditions, including but not limited to amount, distribution, and suitability;
- C. Conservation measures that have been implemented to benefit the species:
- D. Threat status and trends (see five factors under heading "How do we determine whether a species is endangered or threatened?"); and
- E. Other new information, data, or corrections, including but not limited to taxonomic or nomenclatural changes, identification of erroneous information contained in the List, and improved analytical methods.

New information will be considered in the 5-year review and ongoing recovery programs for the species.

Definitions

- A. Species means any species or subspecies of fish, wildlife, or plant, and any distinct population segment of any species of vertebrate which interbreeds when mature.
- B. Endangered means any species that is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range.
- C. Threatened means any species that is likely to become an endangered species within the foreseeable future throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

How do we determine whether a species is endangered or threatened?

Section 4(a)(1) of the Act establishes that we determine whether a species is endangered or threatened based on one or more of the following five factors:

A. The present or threatened destruction, modification, or curtailment of its habitat or range;

- B. Overutilization for commercial, recreational, scientific, or educational
 - C. Disease or predation;
- D. The inadequacy of existing regulatory mechanisms; or
- Ĕ. Other natural or manmade factors affecting its continued existence.

Request for New Information

To do any of the following, contact the Service's Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office, Road 301, Km. 5.1, P.O. Box 491, Boquerón, PR 00622; fax 787-851-7440, or the specific person at that office associated with the species you are interested in below:

A. To get more information on a species;

B. To submit information on a

species; or

C. To review information we receive, which will be available for public inspection by appointment, during normal business hours at the Caribbean Ecological Services Field Office at the address above.

Birds

 Yellow-shouldered blackbird (Agelaius xanthomus), and Puerto Rican plain pigeon (Patagioenas inornata wetmorei): For information on these species, contact José Cruz-Burgos, by phone at 787-851-7297, ext. 218, or by email at josé cruz-burgos@fws.gov.

Reptiles

 Puerto Rican boa (Epicrates *inornatus*): For information on this species, contact Jan P. Zegarra, by phone at 787-851-7297, ext. 220, or by email at jan zegarra@fws.gov.

• Virgin Islands boa (Epicrates monensis granti): For information on this species, contact Carlos Pacheco, by phone at 787-851-7297, ext. 221, or by email at carlos pacheco@fws.gov.

Amphibians

• Guajón (Eleutherodacytlus cooki): For information on this species, contact Jan Zegarra (see contact information above).

Plants

- Auerodendron pauciflorum and Bariaco: For information on these species, contact José Martínez, by phone at 787-851-7297, ext. 219, or by email at jose martinez@fws.gov.
- Catesbea melanocarpa: For information on this species, contact Maritza Vargas by phone at 787-851-7297 ext. 215 or by email at maritza vargas@fws.gov.
- Mitracarpus maxwelliae and M. polycladus: For information on these species, contact Carlos Pacheco (see contact information above).

 Elaphoglossum serpens, Polystichum calderonense, Tectaria estremerana, and Harrisia portoricensis (higo chumbo): For information on these species, contact Xiomara Labiosa, by phone at 787–851–7297, ext. 213, or by email at Xiomara labiosa@fws.gov.

We request any new information concerning the status of any of these 14 species. See "What information do we consider in our review?" heading for specific criteria. Information submitted should be supported by documentation such as maps, bibliographic references, methods used to gather and analyze the data, and/or copies of any pertinent publications, reports, or letters by knowledgeable sources.

Public Availability of Comments

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that the entire comment-including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Authority

We publish this document under the authority of the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

Dated: August 15, 2016.

Mike Oetker,

Acting Regional Director, Southeast Region. [FR Doc. 2016-19940 Filed 8-19-16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-55-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

[167 A2100DD/AAKC001030/ A0A501010.999900]

Indian Gaming; Approval of **Amendment to Tribal-State Class III** Gaming Compact in the State of Wyoming

AGENCY: Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Eastern Shoshone Tribe of the Wind River Reservation and State of Wyoming entered into a compact replacing and superseding an existing Tribal-State compact governing Class III gaming. This notice announces approval of the new compact.

DATES: Effective August 22, 2016. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Paula L. Hart, Director, Office of Indian

Gaming, Office of the Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs, Washington, DC 20240, (202) 219-4066.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 11 of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (IGRA) requires the Secretary of the Interior to publish in the Federal Register notice of approved Tribal-State compacts that are for the purpose of engaging in Class III gaming activities on Indian lands. See Public Law 100-497, 25 U.S.C. 2701 et seq. All Tribal-State Class III compacts, including amendments, are subject to review and approval by the Secretary under 25 CFR 293.4. In addition to various miscellaneous changes, the term of the compact runs until April 19, 2046. The compact is approved. See 25 U.S.C. 2710(d)(8)(A).

Dated: August 12, 2016.

Lawrence S. Roberts,

Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.

[FR Doc. 2016-19877 Filed 8-19-16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4337-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[16X LLUTW000000 L14400000.FR0000 UTU-089791 24 1A]

Notice of Realty Action: Rosebud Parcel-Recreation and Public Purposes Act Classification for Conveyance of Public Lands in Box Elder County, UT

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management,

Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) has examined and found suitable for classification under Section 7 of the Taylor Grazing Act, and conveyance under the provisions of the Recreation and Public Purposes (R&PP) Act, as amended, 0.36 acres of public land in Box Elder County, Utah. The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources proposes to assume ownership of a 70 ft. wide by 221.56 ft.-long parcel of land with an existing building that has been used as field quarters for personnel and cooperators working in northwestern Box Elder County, Utah.

DATES: Comments regarding the proposed classification for conveyance of public land must be submitted to the Field Manager, Salt Lake Field Office, at the address below on or before October 6, 2016.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be addressed to the Bureau of Land Management, Field Manager, Salt Lake Field Office, 2370 South Decker Lake

Blvd., West Valley City, UT 84119. Comments may also be submitted by email at blm ut sl comments@blm.gov or fax (801)977–4397. Please reference "Rosebud Parcel-Conveyance of Public Land to the State of Utah, Division of Wildlife Resources" on all correspondence.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mary Higgins, Realty Specialist, Salt Lake Field Office, by phone (801) 977-4327, or by email at: mhiggins@blm.gov. Persons who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1-800-877-8339 to contact the above individual during normal business hours. The FIRS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to leave a message or question with the above individual. Replies are provided during normal business hours.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following described public land has been examined and found suitable for classification for conveyance under the provisions of Section 7 of the Taylor Grazing Act 43 U.S.C., Sec. 315f, and the provisions of the R&PP Act as amended:

Salt Lake Meridian, Utah

T. 10 N., R. 15 W.,

Sec. 6, Lot 10.

The area described contains 0.36 acres.

The land is not needed for any Federal purpose and is not of national significance. Conveyance is consistent with the BLM Box Elder Resource Management Plan-May 1986, and would be in the public interest. The BLM conducted a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment in May 2014, and no hazardous substances, petroleum products, or recognized environmental conditions were identified on the parcel. The BLM posted the Environmental Assessment (EA) DOI-BLM-UT-W010-2014-0018-EA and an unsigned Finding of No Significant Impact on January 29, 2016, for a 30-day comment period. Comments will be considered before a final decision on the action is made. The conveyance document, if issued. would convey the surface estate of the United States, subject to the provisions of the R&PP Act and applicable regulations of the Secretary of the Interior and would contain the following reservations, terms and conditions:

1. A right-of-way thereon for ditches or canals constructed by authority of the United States pursuant to the Act of August 30, 1890, 43 U.S.C. 945.

2. An appropriate indemnification clause protecting the United States from claims arising out of the patentee's use, occupancy, or occupations on the patented lands.

3. The land conveyed shall revert to the United States upon a finding, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, that, without the approval of the Secretary of the Interior or his delegate, the patentee or its successor attempts to transfer title to or control over the lands to another, the lands have been devoted to a use other than that for which the lands were conveyed, the lands have not been used for the purpose for which the lands were conveyed for a 5-year period, or the patentee has failed to follow the approved development plan or management plan.

4. Any other terms or conditions that the Authorized Officer determines appropriate to ensure public access and proper management of the Federal land and interests therein. Detailed information concerning this proposed project, including, but not limited to documentation relating to compliance with applicable environmental and cultural resource laws, is available for review at the BLM-Utah Salt Lake Field Office at the address above.

The surface estate of the land described above was acquired by the United States in 1973 in an exchange pursuant to the Taylor Grazing Act, and the land has not been opened to

appropriation under the public land laws. Publication of this notice serves to open the lands to disposition under the R&PP Act only.

Classification Comments: Interested parties may submit comments involving the suitability of the land for the proposed use. Comments on the classification are restricted to whether the land is physically suited for the proposal, whether the use will maximize the future use (or uses) of the land, whether the use is consistent with local planning and zoning, or whether the use is consistent with State and Federal programs.

Application Comments: Interested parties may submit comments regarding the specific use proposed in the application and management plan, and whether the BLM followed proper administrative procedures in reaching the decision to convey under the R&PP Act. The BLM-Utah State Director will review any adverse comments and may sustain, vacate or modify this realty action. In the absence of any adverse comments, the classification will become effective on October 21, 2016. The land will not be available for conveyance until after the decision becomes effective.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other